


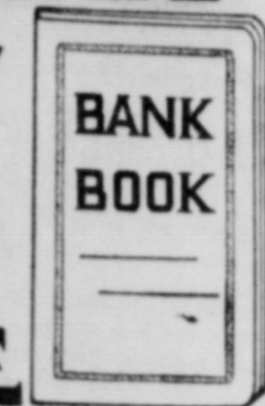
The McLean News

TENTH YEAR

McLEAN, GRAY COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, AUGUST 21, 1914



TWO WAYS OF TELLING A FORTUNE



Astrology, Palmistry or resorting to the occult as to what the future will bring are merely guesswork, but there is a sure way to fortune, combining frugality, industry and a bank account

BANK WITH US, A CONSERVATIVE INSTITUTION.

CITIZENS STATE BANK
"GUARANTY FUND BANK"

D. N. Massay, President W. E. Ballard, Vice Pres.
Clay E. Thompson, Cashier, J. L. Crabtree, Vice-Pres
DIRECTORS
J. M. Noel. L. H. Weeb. J. T. Close.

The Panhandle State Fair

In view of the fact that the Panhandle State Fair will open at Amarillo the 25th of next month, it behooves us to arrange as soon as possible the placing of an exhibit if the McLean country is to be represented. We have never had finer crops of all kinds in this section and the opportunity of gathering together a display of farm and garden products that will compare favorably with any ever assembled is ours.

Reports come from all over the Panhandle that the crops are enormous and it is believed that every section will have displays at the fair. If our community is to be known among the rest and enjoy a share of the publicity that will obtain from placing a collection of our products for the inspection of the hundreds of visitors at this big Panhandle meet it is high time that steps were being taken in that direction.

The following letter from the Fair Association to R. E. Dorsey of this city will explain itself:

How And When To Fill The Silo.

Many men will fill silos for the first time this year, and some information as to when and how to fill a silo may not be out of place.

The greater part of the silage this year, in the Panhandle, will be made from kafir, milo, feterita and sweet sorghum. The proper time to cut this feed for silage is when the seed are in the stiff dough stage and the bottom leaves begin to turn brown, for at this stage the plant will have its maximum nutritive value and yet be green enough to keep well in the silo.

The feed should be cut with a row binder, as this the most economical method when one has a large amount to cut.

In hauling the feed from the field to the silo, a wagon with a low-down bed is much better than one with a regular hay frame, as the green bundles are rather heavy to lift.

Enough wagons should be used to keep the feed hauled

In replying to your favor of the 10th inst., I am mailing you under separate cover one dozen of catalogs and premium list. You can use what you want and distribute the others among your friends.

We are anxious to have a good exhibit from your county. From the present information we are going to have a large exhibit from the entire Panhandle and are anxious that your section be well represented. We would greatly appreciate it if you would work up a good exhibit in your locality, but if you are too busy to attend to this personally, please give us the names of some of your progressive citizens who would take an interest working up an exhibit for the Fair both in livestock and farm products as it is necessary for us to erect more buildings to take care of every person this year.

We are very anxious to get applications for space and how much space each person will want as soon as possible.

out of the field as fast as it is cut. Do not leave the feed in the field to wilt and become partly cured before putting into the silo, as a part of the nutritive value may be lost, and if dry it will not keep as well. It is especially advisable to take as large a load as possible each trip, for as the feed is green loads of large bulk can not be handled, and if a wagon is only partly loaded each time the expense of filling the silo will be greatly increased. If one has strong wagons and good drivers, four-horse teams may be used to advantage.

Silage should be cut into one-half inch lengths, as it packs in much closer than when left longer, thus crowding out the air, and the silage keeps better. The capacity of the silo is also increased and there is less waste in feeding, as all will be eaten.

The power required to run the silage cutter, with blower attached, is ordinarily figured at one horse power for each inch of cutter—that is, a 15 inch cutter will require a 15 horse power gasoline engine, but in filling a pit silo where no blower is required, only about half this power is needed.

One of the most, if not the most, important part in filling a silo is the packing of the silage. The silage must be packed well if it is to keep, for this packing forces out the air and the essential things in making silage is the exclusion of air. If air spaces are left in the silo, large amounts of silage will be lost. In a silo 12 feet in diameter and with a small cutter, use two or more men. In large silos and filling with large cutters, keep three or more men in the silo and see that they tramp all the time. Pack the edges next to wall; the middle will take care of itself.

When the feed is green no water need be added in making silage, but if the feed has begun to dry or cure in the field some water should be run into the silo with the cut feed. This is done to bring the moisture content of the feed nearer to its natural

GET THE HA

The painting habit is what we me.

Don't let your neighbor get ahead of you we are selling lots of paint now. And now is the best time to paint. No sand blowing to cover up the fresh painted house.

We sell the

LOWE BROTHERS PAINT

GUARANTEED to be as good as any paint sold.

We also have a good stock of Lumber, Sash, Doors, Wire, Nails and Bois'darc posts.

Don't forget us when you are in need of what we have, we are anxious to serve you.

Cicero Smith Lumber Co.

McLean, Texas Phone 3

Old Settlers' Day at Fair

Editor Daily News, Amarillo.

It has been decided that the old settlers of the Panhandle who came here as early as 25 years ago will meet at the Panhandle State Fair in Amarillo on Wednesday, September 30, 1914. This is the day that has been selected by the women of the Panhandle for their meeting and at the suggestion of those ladies having the matter in charge we have decided to meet with them. It is desired that the widest publicity be given of this meeting so that all those who are interested may know what date to come. A very interesting program of entertainment has been provided by the fair management for that date, and we trust a large number of the old timers will be here.

Thos. F. Turner,
Chairman of Com.

Wanted—A girl for general housework. Phone 102.

Watermelon Market Opens

Watermelon shipping is now the order of the day and hundreds of wagons loaded with this delicious product have been pouring in from every direction. The market opened up the first of the week and while the price is not up to standard it is believed a better figure will be realized a little later when the south Texas crop has been exhausted.

The first car to be loaded was shipped by S. O. Cook to Sour Lake parties netting the growers from thirty to forty-five cents per hundred. Half of the car was loaded from the J. M. Anderson field and the melons averaged around forty pounds each. This is probably the best car of melons ever shipped from here.

Farmers report that the crop was never better and when the South and East Texas market opens strong it is expected that new records will be made in melon shipping.

Service and Solidity The Banking Requisites

The satisfactory bank—the only bank which can be of real benefit to the business public—is that which, while assuring absolute security, is prepared to give expert and courteous service not only to depositors but to the public generally.

The success of the AMERICAN STATE BANK has been built upon this winning combination of Service and Solidity. Your account is solicited.

CAPITAL \$25,000.00
SURPLUS \$10,000.00

American State Bank

(GUARANTY FUND BANK)
McLean, Texas

D. B. VEATCH, PRESIDENT W. H. HOLT, CASHIER
GEO. W. SITTER, VICE PRES. A. G. RICHARDSON, ASST. CASHIER
A. P. CLARK, JR., J. T. FOSTER,
DIRECTORS.
INDIVIDUAL WORTH OF STOCKHOLDERS \$1,750,000.00

Watch

for date of Millinery Opening. Will have an up-to-date stock.

Miss Hedges

Exploring the Center of the Earth

by Robert H. Moulton

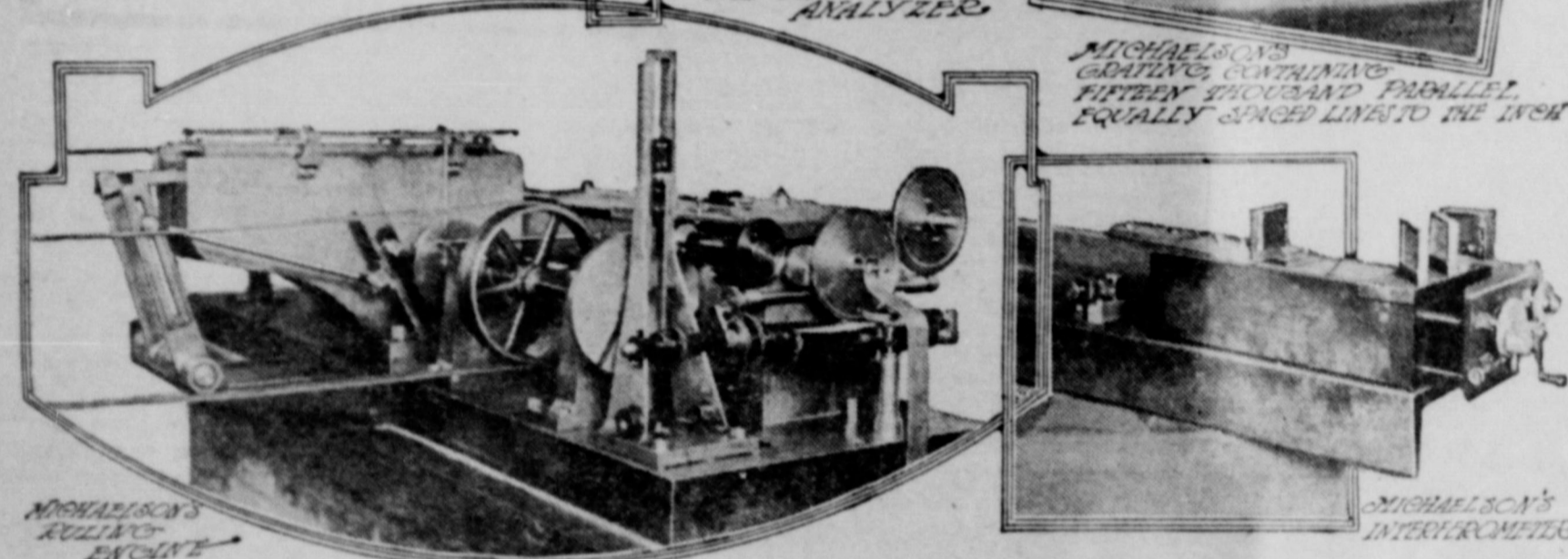
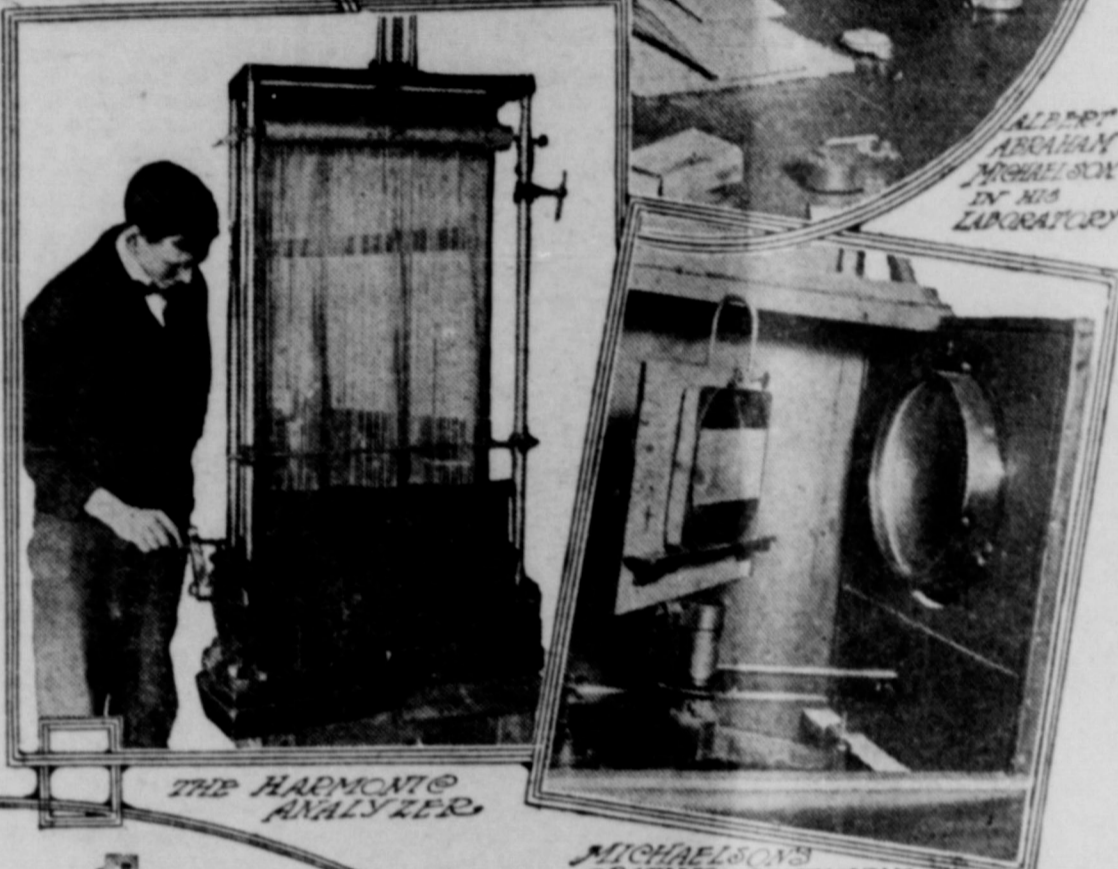


THERE is a man in Chicago who can measure one-five-millionth of an inch—a distance amounting to one-fiftieth of the smallest distance revealed by a theoretically perfect microscope. He can rule on a piece of polished glass, one inch wide, 50,000 straight, parallel lines, equally spaced.

He has determined the length of the standard meter so accurately that his figures cannot be subject to a fault exceeding more than one part in 2,000,000. He has measured the rate at which light travels with a possibility of error not more than one-fourtieth of one per cent of the quantity measured—and light flies 186,330 miles a second—and, as a crowning achievement, he has determined the rigidity of the earth.

This man is the first American to receive the Nobel prize in science and the only American who has ever received the Copley medal of the Royal Society of London. Despite achievements that are staggering in their significance, this man's name is little known outside of scientific circles. He is Albert Abraham Michelson, Ph. D., Sc. D., LL.D., professor and head of the department of physics at the University of Chicago.

Professor Michelson's experiments to deter-



mine the rigidity of the earth are intensely interesting. Science has long needed to know the physical properties of this globe. It is impossible to learn this directly, as the deepest mines yet sunk penetrate less than two miles below the surface, a distance proportionately no greater than the thickness of the varnish on a two-foot globe. The interior of the earth is believed to be intensely hot. This theory is based on the fact that molten lava is thrown forth by erupting volcanoes. Also, in descending a mine, there is a rise in temperature, amounting to 50 degrees per mile of descent. If this rate of increase is constant, the temperature at only 100 miles down is above the melting point of all substances under conditions as they exist on the surface of the earth. However, despite the high temperature, the interior of the earth may be held in solid state by the tremendous pressure to which it is subjected.

Under the now accepted theory of the celestial mechanics, scientists assume that a heavenly body is held in its course by the attractive force exerted by the other heavenly bodies on all sides of it. In this way is determined the earth's course around the sun and the motion of the entire solar system through space. Assuming that the earth is not a solid mass, scientists have long struggled to discover how it resisted the attractive forces exerted by other planets and stars—whether as a viscous mass or as a perfectly elastic body.

They have long known that the earth did resist these forces in some degree. The ocean tides which sweep our shores twice daily are proof of this. It has long been known that the tides are caused by the attraction of the sun and the moon. If the earth offered no resistance to this attraction, the whole earth would respond quickly to it and there would be no tides. On the other hand, if the earth were a perfectly rigid body, it would resist this attraction completely; and the tides would reach their maximum height. The amount that the tides fall short of their theoretical maximum height would measure the degree of rigidity which the earth possesses.

The next step was to determine the actual height of the tides. This long proved the stumbling block. If shore lines were perfectly straight and the floor of the ocean perfectly level, the height of the tides could be measured directly; but crooked shore lines and shelving beaches resist the motion of the tides and make it impossible to determine their height with the accuracy demanded by science.

Sir George Darwin made elaborate experiments to determine the height of the tides, but was obliged to give up the problem in despair. Professor Michelson solved this difficulty by laying two lengths of pipe, each five hundred feet long, and measuring the rise and fall of the water in them. One length of pipe was laid north and south, and the other length east and west, in order to measure the tides in both directions. The pipes were buried six feet under ground to obtain a uniform temperature.

At both ends of the pipes tees were inserted having glass windows for observatory purposes. The pipes were half filled with water; and the changes in the height of the water were obtained by measuring through a microscope the distance between a pointer inserted just under the surface of the water and the image of the pointer reflected above the water.

The maximum tides in these pipes did not exceed one-thousandth of an inch; but so perfect was the apparatus and so accurate the readings by Professor Michelson that all the variations in the tides were accurately determined. Tides are complex things. Their height varies with the position and distance of both the sun and the moon and, therefore, is never the same two days in succession.

Professor Michelson's experiments revealed 30 of these variations, which corresponded almost exactly with the variations obtained theoretically by computing the variations in the attractive forces exerted by the sun and the moon. The practical correspondence of the actual height of the tides with the theoretical height proved that the earth through and through is as rigid as steel and that it yields to outside forces as a perfectly elastic body and not as a viscous mass.

This experiment reveals the imagination and the striking originality of Professor Michelson. The first achievement to bring his name to the attention of the scientific world was his accurate determination of the velocity of light, accomplished also after overcoming tremendous experimental difficulties. Light is the fastest thing in nature; it represents the absolute limit of speed. After four years of work and study, Professor Michelson announced that light travels with a velocity of 186,330 miles per second. The maximum error in this figure does not exceed one-fourth of one per cent.

On the subject of spectrum analysis, Professor Michelson has devoted many of the best years of his life. Spectrum analyses are obtained by means of the spectroscopic. Every substance when heated emits a characteristic light. By means of the spectroscopic this light is analyzed and the elements giving off the light are thereby revealed. The spectroscopic has enabled scientists to determine the elements in far distant stars. It has made possible tremendously important discoveries concerning the nature of atoms, the minute particles of which all matter is composed.

The difficulties of spectrum analysis will be realized when it is learned that a single atom of sodium emits 800,000,000,000 vibrations per second of two slightly different kinds of light. Professor Michelson was engaged in spectrum analysis very long before he improved the spectroscopic, calling the improved type an echelon spectroscopic. This wonderful machine divides light into its various constituents and makes possible their separate analysis.

The echelon spectroscopic uses a glass grating—a piece of highly polished glass on which is ruled from 15,000 to 50,000 straight equally-spaced lines to the inch. To make these gratings Professor Michelson invented a ruling engine that is the most accurately constructed mechanical device in the world. It is operated in a room the temperature of which is kept constant to within one-hundredth of a degree.

To assist in analyzing the lines of the spectrum into their fundamental constituents, Professor Michelson invented the "harmonic analyzer," a machine as complicated and as delicate as the linotype machine. By its use an assistant can in a few minutes make calculations that would take a skilled computer weeks to accomplish.

Scientists have long endeavored to determine the absolute motion of the earth through space. It is known that the earth swings around the sun

and that the entire solar system is moving toward the constellation Hercules at the rate of 12 miles per second, or 400,000,000 miles per year. However, as scientists have not yet been able to measure the motion of Hercules, they still do not know the absolute motion of the earth. In 1880 Professor Michelson attacked the problem of determining the motion of the earth with reference to the ether, the all-pervading medium that fills interstellar space.

All of us have noticed that, when walking through the rain, although it is actually falling vertically, it seems to be falling at an angle, the degree of this apparent deflection depending upon the speed with which we have moved. Looking out the window of a fast-moving train, scientists have noticed a similar deflection in the angle of the light coming to the earth from some far distant star. As the medium that carries the light between heavenly bodies is the ether, scientists argue that the deflection is due to the relative motion of the earth through the ether.

Professor Michelson eventually overcame the tremendous experimental difficulties in connection with this problem; but no motion of the earth with respect to the ether was found. This result came as a profound surprise to the entire scientific world.

In order to solve this problem Professor Michelson invented a most marvelous instrument, which he called the "interferometer." This instrument is 50 times more powerful than an absolutely perfect microscope would be. The microscope's power is limited by the length of a light wave; and the smallest distance it can reveal is one-half a wave length, or one hundred-thousandths of an inch. By utilizing the properties of light in another manner, the interferometer can reveal distances equivalent to one five-millionth of an inch. The microscope has been of immense value both in scientific work and in practical life; and the invention of the interferometer, an instrument 50 times more powerful, is in itself an achievement that should win for Professor Michelson undying fame.

He used this instrument to aid him in measuring the standard meter, the foundation of the metric system, in terms of infinite exactitude and in a manner that will make this unit perpetual. The original meter length is carefully preserved at Paris; but scientists have long worried over the possibility of its destruction. In 1893 an international commission on weights and measures asked Professor Michelson to devise some method by which the meter length could be accurately reproduced. The meter is theoretically one forty-millionth of the earth's circumference; but this definition is not accurate enough for scientific purposes. Professor Michelson announced the length of the meter in terms of cadmium light waves, with a maximum error of one part in two million. This definition will always enable scientists to reproduce the meter accurately, as long as the earth exists.

These are the most striking achievements of America's greatest scientist. Any one of them is sufficient to perpetuate a man's name in the annals of science. The result of Professor Michelson's experiments with reference to the motion of the earth has raised questions that it will take scores of years to answer satisfactorily; and his determination of the rigidity of the earth has a possible further and more wonderful prospect in the sphere of celestial mechanics.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Lucky Congressman Receives \$12,500 Back Salary

WASHINGTON—There probably has never been a man who looked upon \$12,500 with quite the same emotions as those which filled the breast of Michael J. Gill of St. Louis when he saw that amount chucked up to his credit in the office of the sergeant-at-arms of the house. Gill, be it known, is the man who journeyed here from St. Louis, and after months of desperate work succeeded in prying L. C. Dyer from his seat in the house.

The money is the salary due him as a congressman from the beginning of this congress. Dyer received the same amount in monthly payments, and the government loses by it.

Gill was a plumber, and all he had when he came here was a house and \$2,500 in the bank. They cleaned him out before he got through with his case.

When a person contests a seat in the house he has to bring charges and sustain them before an election committee. He has to get witnesses and go over and over again all the ragtag and bobtail testimony, stand up under cross-examinations that had their origin in Gehenna, and pay for the stenographer at the same time. Stenographers collect by the word.

One of Gill's witnesses made a statement which resulted in a cross-examination which cost Gill just \$200. It was the plainest refutation of that old lie "talk is cheap" that you could find in a day's journey. Talk wasn't cheap to Gill, who would sit there and see his \$3,500 running out like the sand in an hour glass. He had the thing down so fine that he knew the very word which drained the last cent from his bank account and made him mortgage his home.

When that tragic word was spoken, Gill went out and got a job. The job was in a glass works in or near Alexandria. Also his son, Joe, went out and hooked a job playing a violin in a cheap theater. Joe is a natural musician, yet the best he could do was to snatch a dollar or two now and then.

That's why many of the men in the house voted for Gill. They knew about the glass works, the mortgage home and the boy playing at 50 cents a throw in moving picture theaters. That's why that \$12,500 looked like the pot of gold at the end of the rainbow to the elder Gill.

How a Western Senator "Ruined" His Silk Hat

A WESTERN senator, who is serving his first term in congress, came to Washington well-informed upon matters of politics and of general interest, but rather green when it came to questions of conventional attire. He visited a tailor and ordered a new outfit of clothes, which included a full dress suit and a dinner coat, both of them articles of apparel which up to that time had never graced his figure. The tailor fixed him up with a proper outfit, advised him as to the cut of the vests and coats and told him that with the full dress suit he must wear a silk hat.

In the senator's home town a high silk hat worn on the main street would have excited widespread comment and probably would have served as the target for the town marksmen. But realizing that he must adapt himself to the new conditions and must uphold his dignity as a senator, he proudly added the hat to his wardrobe. At the next White House reception the senator appeared in full regalia. None of the duce-spot statesmen from the effete East had anything on him when it came to conventional attire. His coat was right, he had the proper kind of vest and his ready-made white tie looked as good as anyone's. But on his way home—he walked instead of taking a cab—it began to rain and before he reached his house his fine silk hat was a bedraggled and sorry-looking affair. The next day he stopped to tell the tailor his troubles.

"Well, I ruined that fine silk hat last night," he said. "I went to the White House reception and on my way home the hat was entirely spoiled."

"What happened to it?" asked the tailor.

"It got wet," said the senator, "thoroughly drenched. It looks like the Dickens and the fur is all rubbed the wrong way."

"Well, call up the hatter and have him send after it and iron it out, and it will be all right," said the tailor.

"Why, can it be fixed up? It can? I thought if it got wet it was gone for good. Sure, I'll have it fixed, for I want to get ready for the next reception." And the western statesman went away happy.

Senator Kern of Indiana Loses His Pay Check

SENATOR KERN of Indiana the other day called at the office of the senate disbursing clerk, there to cash his monthly pay-check. He reached into his right-hand, lower vest pocket, and the check was not there.

"Look in your other pockets," suggested the clerk.

"No use," groaned Mr. Kern. "I am a dead fool enough to carry all my valuables in that pocket. Up to this time it has cost me \$300 to carry my money and keys there, and now it has cost me \$1,000."

"We can stop payment on this check—" began the clerk, but the senator did not hear him.

"I had to make a special trip to Indianapolis, costing \$60, because I lost my safety vault key out of this pocket," continued the sorrowful Kern. "Then I lost \$240 in bills and change out of it. Now my pay check—amount \$700—is gone, too."

"I'll teach me a lesson, though. I'll buy a purse and have a pocket for it made in my underwear."

The clerk broke in here to assure the disconsolate senator that payment on the check could be stopped and a new voucher issued. Kern thanked him; the voucher was issued and the money pushed across the counter. The senator pocketed it and wandered away.

"Holy Moses!" said the disbursing clerk to his assistant. "Did you see that?"

"See what?"

"Where Senator Kern put all that money?"

"Where'd he put it?"

"In his right-hand, lower vest pocket," replied the disbursing clerk.

Wilson Dodges Sleuths to Go on Shopping Trip

SHORTLY after ten o'clock the other morning a distinguished looking person with a carefree expression came out of the White House and for a moment on the portico at the main entrance. He was attired in a linen suit and carried a small bundle of papers under his arm. Soon he swung into a brisk walk toward the east front gate, nodding pleasantly to those whom he met on the way. Many turned to watch him as he strode along, probably being impressed with the air of freedom which he seemed to breathe and his utter independence.

It was, of course, the president of the United States. But where were the secret service guards?

Suddenly there was sound of a commotion in the vicinity of the east front gate. Two husky men of the secret service ranks were then seen running across the lawn. The president quickened his pace, appeared to be about to run, and then gave up the race. As the men, out of breath, caught up to him, he said: "I came very near getting away that time."

The president was out on a little personally conducted shopping expedition. He stopped at his bank, inquired about his balance, just as many other American citizens might do, and then looked over some summer

PLAN OF REALLY ARTISTIC HOME

Architectural Beauty Secured Without Going to Extremes for Effect.

EVERYTHING IN GOOD TASTE

Many Pleasing Features Which Give Building a Homelike Yet Distinctive Appearance—Artistic Color Combinations That Might Be Employed.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD. Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 127 Prairie avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

A residence should not be too plain and unornamented in its appearance; yet at the same time there is no need of going to extravagant lengths in the pursuit of architectural beauty.

Many try so hard in their desire for an artistic home and in their abhorrence of the plain, box-like houses that the designs they finally work out and follow in building remind one of a Chinese pagoda, or of a pavilion at the county fair.

It is a good thing to look after the artistic in house designs, but always with moderation.

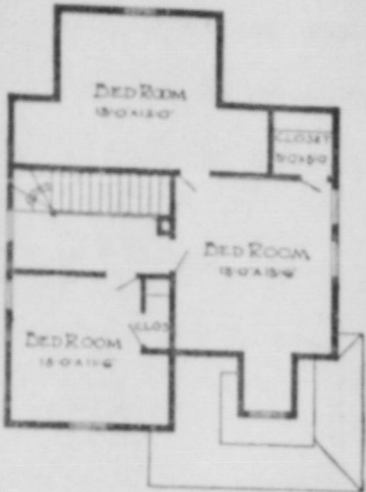
The little house illustrated in the accompanying perspective sketch and floor plans is of a very attractive design that is very popular. In this house there are a number of very pleasing features which give the building a distinctive appearance; yet these are in good taste and the dwelling has a sensible, homelike appearance.

With a good brick or solid concrete foundation, the first story of this house is covered with clapboards, while the second story is finished with cement plaster stucco, divided into panels in the English half-timber style. The second story also projects slightly beyond the line of the first, in that way keeping true to the English Elizabethan models.

With the woodwork painted a soft brown and with the stucco panels a yellowish tint, an exceptionally attractive appearance is secured. There are a number of other artistic color combinations that suggest themselves

provida for oak floors for the living room and dining room, maple floors for the kitchen and pantry, and first quality yellow pine edge grain flooring on the second floor. The living room and dining room should be finished in red oak, stained, the interior trim to be of a square-cut fashion to harmonize with the general character of the design of the house. For the second floor no material is superior to birch, either the red or the white. This can be finished in any color and produces a beautiful appearing hardwood trim. For the bedrooms a combination of mahogany and white enamel is the most popular, and it is, without doubt, as attractive a style of finishing for such rooms as can be devised.

A warm-air furnace of proper size placed very nearly in the center of the basement will heat this house both upstairs and down very satisfactorily.



Second Floor Plan.

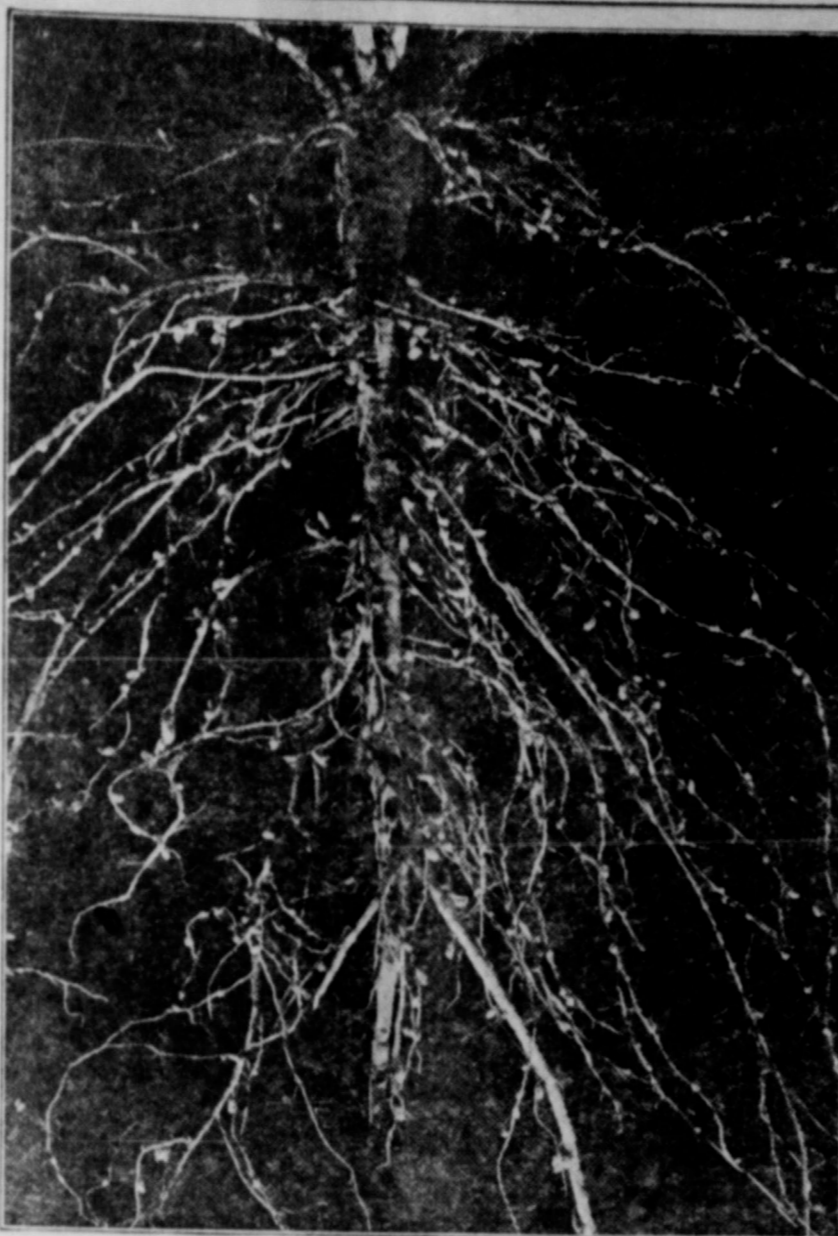
No one who has any appreciation of convenience or economy would think of building a new house of this kind and not provide a central heating plant, not relying on stoves for heat. These have shown themselves to be not only costly and inefficient, but dangerous as well. With a good waterproof cemented basement, as called for in the plans of this house, a very satisfactory heating plant can easily be installed.

WAS A PROPER SUBSTITUTE

Senator Cassius P. Gink Felt He and Manager of His Campaign Were One.

It is no mere trifling matter, we learn from a German friend of ours who read it in a German paper, to be a person in high official place in America. The trouble is that everybody thinks he is entitled to shake hands with you upon all sorts of occasions. The sad case of Cassius P. Gink is cited in evidence. Mr. Gink had been elected senator from a western state. He arrived in the capital

FALL SEEDING OF CLOVER IS PREFERABLE



Nitrogen Nodules Upon Clover Root.

(By W. H. UNDERWOOD.) Some farmers think that fall is the best time in which to sow clover seed, while others are equally sure that spring is the best. If the right kind of seed is provided and the seed bed properly prepared, the seeding may be successfully done either in the spring or in the fall. If, however, poor seed is sown and the ground is not properly prepared, there is liable to be a failure, no matter when the work is done.

I have had success in sowing both in the fall and in the spring. I cannot see much difference. Fall sowing is generally preferable, because it can be done at a time when there is not so much rush work on the farm. This being true, a better job can be done, and consequently a better stand will be the result.

When I intend to sow clover in the fall, I plow the ground about the middle of August. About ten days after being plowed it is harrowed thoroughly and leveled with a long float. This float is made similar to a road-drag and in passing over the field, it levels the ground very smoothly. Either in the spring or fall seeding this float should be used.

In about a week after the ground has been harrowed and leveled with the float, it is worked again with the

harrow, followed by a light plunger. Then I sow the plot to rye, placing on about three pecks to the acre, and harrow the ground twice, once each way. After this is done I sow the clover seed at the rate of 15 pounds to the acre, and give the ground one light harrowing.

The next year the rye is cut for hay just after it is going out of the bloom, or is cut for green feed for the stock. The clover rarely fails to come on rapidly and generally produces a good second crop.

Another plan that I have followed with very good success is to plow the ground about the middle of September, harrow it thoroughly and the following spring, about the time the frost is going out of the ground, harrow it again and level with the float, then sow 20 pounds of clover to the acre. The settling of the water will carry the seed sufficiently into the soil to cover it so that it will sprout more readily.

I am very particular about preparing a good seed bed. I believe the failure to do this is one of the greatest reasons why some farmers fail in securing a satisfactory stand of clover. I use nothing but the best plum seed, running all that I sow through the fanning mill to insure the removal of all weed seed and impurities.

STORE SOIL MOISTURE

NEBRASKA STATION STUDIES "DRY FARMING" QUESTION.

Term Leads Many Farmers to Believe It Means Growing Crops With Small Amount of Water—Cultivation Prevents Evaporation.

Water rather than plant food is the limiting factor in crop production throughout the middle West. This has been especially noticeable during the past few years and the farther west of the Missouri one goes the more it is true that lack of soil moisture is responsible for short crops more than any other one thing, not excepting such important matters as seed selection and cultivation. West of the 99th meridian in Nebraska as well as in the Dakotas there is a scarcity of moisture almost every year, hence methods of moisture conservation are of prime importance to the farmers of that territory at all times.

Realizing this, the Nebraska experiment station established a substation at North Platte many years ago where for a number of years experiments have been conducted with a view of learning as much as possible about the movement of water in the soil, how to conserve it for the use of crops, and how to store it in the soil from one year to another. In other words, this station has been studying what has come to be referred to as "dry farming."

The term "dry farming" is a misnomer to some extent. It has led many farmers to suppose that it represents growing crops without moisture, or rather with a small amount, which it does not. Crops grown in the semi-arid regions need just as much water as those grown in the humid sections; in fact, they need more because of the drying winds that prevail which increase transpiration, that is the exhalation of moisture by the plants. Summer fallowing, that is cultivation of the soil at intervals of one to two weeks during the summer season, is the principle made use of in the drier sections of our territory to conserve moisture. Some farmers have assumed, it seems, that frequent cultivation of the soil during the summer season increases in some mysterious way the amount of water in that soil, but this is a mistake. There is only one way of increasing the water content of a soil and that is by rain. What surface cultivation can do, and does do, is to prevent the water in the soil from escaping into the atmosphere. It is impossible to conserve all the moisture of a season by surface cultivation but a certain percentage of it can be stored in the soil through this method.

The substation at North Platte found that during a series of years they were able to store from 10 to 33 per cent of a season's rainfall by cultivating frequently enough to keep the surface three or four inches of soil loose, and by preventing weed growth. In other words, from a 15-inch season's rainfall they were able to store and retain in the soil for the use of crops the succeeding year about five inches, but sometimes not more than 4.5 inches, or ten per cent of the total rainfall. The variation in the amount of water stored in different years was found to depend upon a number of conditions. In order to retain as much of that water as possible the surface must be broken up with a disk or harrow or other suitable pulverizing implement immediately after the rain.

Since the mulch has to be from three to four inches deep it can readily be seen that the moisture in only about two inches of this soil can be conserved, because that stored in the top mulch is lost in a very few days. Then, too, a very dry soil does not absorb moisture so readily as a wet soil.

According to the Nebraska investigations, such crops as spring wheat, oats, barley and corn draw their moisture supply from a soil depth of only four inches, whereas winter wheat, which has a longer period of growth, and therefore attains greater root development, draws moisture from the soil to a depth of six and seven inches. Legumes, by reason of their being deep-rooted plants, draw moisture from still greater depths; and alfalfa, the deepest-rooted agricultural plant we have, frequently draws moisture from a depth of 20 to 30 feet below the surface. This is one of the main reasons why alfalfa is such a valuable crop in semi-arid sections. Once alfalfa is thoroughly established it is practically certain to produce something even under very adverse conditions in semi-arid sections.

Mulch for Potatoes. Irish potatoes grown under a mulch produced about forty-five cent more than the same acreage given ordinary culture at the Nebraska experiment station. The mulch was four to five inches of straw of any kind or hay or leaves. Of course, no cultivation whatsoever was given. The mulching of these potatoes cost less than would the cultivation, yet the mulching heavily increased the yield.

Drought Resistant Crop. Rape resists drought fairly well, but as a rule it is best to sow seed early enough to get the plants well started before dry weather sets in, as during a long dry period the plants are often attacked by a kind of plant louse which causes them to wilt and become valueless as a forage.



Alsike Clover.

POULTRY NOTES

The Chinese geese make good sitters.

Grit enables the gizzard to prepare the food for digestion. If possible only infertile eggs should be sent to market. Abundance without variety will wear the breeding stock out quickly. Fertile eggs deteriorate rapidly in warm weather and are the cause of much loss.

Good feeding sometimes consists more in utilizing waste products and cheap feeds than in getting larger results.

FARMER MAKES TWO PROFITS

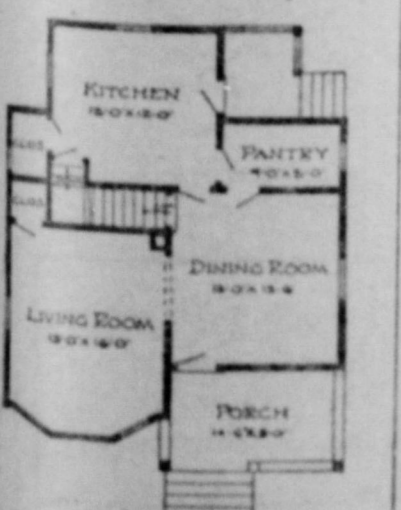
Need for Making Special Study of Combining Feeding Crops to Realize Increased Returns.

We need to make a special study of combining our feeding crops if we would realize an increased profit from feeding them out on our own farms. To make a fetish of our manure crop and conduct unprofitable stock feeding can never work out as a safe principle in farm management. The man who grows crops at less cost than they sell for and feeds them out on his farm and realizes more for them than the market price is making two profits.



for this house. All of them are on the dark order, in shades of green, brown and red. The white, pale yellow and French gray paints that have been so popular for the finishing of colonial houses are not best to use with a design such as this.

A glance at the floor plans will show the interior of this house arranged conveniently, with good light and air in every room. The first floor has a large living room 13 by 16 feet in size, a dining room 13 by 13 feet 8 inches, and a kitchen 13 by 12 feet.



First Floor Plan.

There is also a pantry of generous dimensions, conveniently located with respect to both kitchen and dining room. Two closets are also provided on the first floor. Upstairs there are three comfortable bedrooms. Two of them seem to be somewhat cut up going to the way the roof is formed; but these extra spaces are by no means disadvantageous. The small balcony over the front porch and opening from the large dormer window is a feature that is both ornamental and useful. The cost of this comfortable dwelling is estimated at \$1,200. This would

and held a reception. A thousand people came to shake hands with him. After he had shaken hands with every one of the thousand there was a let-up and the new senator stepped to the window for a breath of air. Outside in the street he saw 2,000 people more people waiting to be admitted.

He was in despair. He flew from the window saying, "By heck," a very strong expression indeed. Then suddenly he laid hold of the young man who had managed his campaign and who was now installed as his secretary. He marched that young man into the middle of the reception room. "Stand right here, George," he said. Then he went to his desk, on which stood a vase of roses and writing materials. With eager hands he snatched a sheet of paper and scrawled something upon it in large letters. He pinned the sheet of paper upon the lapel of his secretary's immaculate morning coat. This was what the placard said:

"Please be so good as to shake hands with this fellow just as much as ever you wish. He's really my right hand anyway."
"CASSIUS P. GINK."

Novelties of Old Fleet Street.

Fleet street was formerly the wonder place of London, where all that was novel, bizarre and marvelous was exhibited by enterprising showmen. Ben Jonson alludes to a new notion of the city of Ninereh, with Jonah and the Whale, at Fleet bridge; and at the "Eagle and Child" was exhibited a collection of freaks and monstrosities in that set the whole town apace. In 1710, too, were advertised as on exhibition at Fleet bridge, "two strange, wonderful and remarkable monstrous creatures, an old she dromedary, seven feet and ten inches long, lately arrived from Tartary, with her young one, being the greatest wonder, rarity and novelty ever seen in the three kingdoms."—London Chronicle.

Libby's Luncheon Delicacies

Dried Beef, sliced water thin, luscious smoked and with a choice flavor that you will remember. Vienna Sausage—just right for Red Hot, or to serve cold. Try them served like this: Cut rye bread in thin slices, spread with creamed butter and remove crusts. Cut Libby's Vienna Sausage in half, lengthwise, lay on bread. Place on top of the sausage a few thin slices of Libby's Midget Pickles. Cover with other slice of bread, press lightly together.



Throw Away

your complexion troubles with your powder puff—no need of either when you use pure, harmless

Zona Face Pomade "The ALL DAY BEAUTY POWDER" At all dealers or by mail 50c.

Zona Co., Wichita, Kansas.

University of Notre Dame

NOTRE DAME, INDIANA Thorough Education, Moral Training. Twenty-one courses leading to degrees in Classics, Modern Letters, Journalism, Political Economy, Commerce, Chemistry, Biology, Pharmacy, Engineering, Architecture, Law. Preparatory School, various courses. For Catalogues address

BOX H, NOTRE DAME, INDIANA

DEFIANCE STARCH

is constantly growing in favor because it does NOT stick to the iron and it will not injure the finest fabric. For laundry purposes it has no equal. 16 oz. package 10c. 1-3 more starch for same money. DEFIANCE STARCH CO., Omaha, Nebraska

Jerusalem has no developed commerce or industries.

DICKKEY'S OLD RELIABLE EYE WATER once used, always wanted. Doesn't hurt. Ask.

Mean Observation. "Miss Oldgirl has such raven hair." "Yes, but it doesn't match her crows'-feet."

These June Brides. "Ma'am, here's a man at the door with a parcel for you." "What is it, Bridget?" "It's a fish, ma'am, and it's marked C. O. D."

"Then make the man take it straight back to the dealer. I ordered trout." —Kansas City Star.

Women Change Subject Too Often? In the Woman's Home Companion Margaret Busbee Shipp, writing a love story entitled "Sweet Margaret," presents a character who comments, as follows, on women's conversation:

"I never had a sister, and I have never known how to talk to women. They embarrass me; they—er—change the subject so often, I never seem quite to catch up."

Absurd Comment. Theodore Dreiser, the realist, said of an idealist at the Players' club in New York:

"The man's comments on life are ludicrous and absurd. They remind me of the old lady's comment on the work of the militant suffragettes.

"After the suffragettes in London had slashed a Valesquez, a Bellini and a Gentile, the old lady said, with a kind of saintly expression: "But, thank goodness, they're all old pictures that are being slashed."

PRIZE FOOD. Palatable, Economical, Nourishing.

A Nebr. woman has outlined the prize food in a few words, and that from personal experience. She writes:

"After our long experience with Grape-Nuts, I cannot say enough in its favor. We have used this food almost continually for seven years.

"We sometimes tried other advertised breakfast foods but we invariably returned to Grape-Nuts as the most palatable, economical and nourishing of all.

"When I quit tea and coffee and began to use Postum and Grape-Nuts, I was almost a nervous wreck. I was so irritable I could not sleep nights, had no interest in life.

"After using Grape-Nuts a short time I began to improve and all these ailments have disappeared and now I am a well woman. My two children have been almost raised on Grape-Nuts, which they eat three times a day.

"They are pictures of health and have never had the least symptom of stomach trouble, even through the most severe stage of whooping cough they could retain Grape-Nuts when all else failed.

"Grape-Nuts food has saved doctor bills, and has been, therefore, a most economical food for us."

Name given by Postum. Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Well-Ville," in pkgs. "There's no Well-Ville." Ever read the above? They are genuine, true, and interest.



You'll
LOOK

Better

Sempre Giovine



ERWIN DRUG COMPANY
THE REXALL STORE

THE PINK COMPLEXION CAKE

One application of Sem-pre will demonstrate to your complete satisfaction that it possesses the meritorious qualities which you have long sought for in a toilet preparation.

We sell it and recommend it.

Miss Violet
MacMillan
The charming little
Cameo

After Purchasing a Cake of

Financed
SEM-PRAY TO-FE-NAY
Meaning Always Young

School Opens August 31st

We are informed by the board of trustees that the announcement in the paper a few weeks ago to the effect that the local school would open about the middle of September was a mistake, as arrangements have been made to commence the 1914-15 term on the 31st of August instead.

As has been previously announced, everything is in readiness for the opening and bright promises are in evidence for a more successful term. Prof. and Mrs. Potts arrived the first of the week and are busily engaged rounding out the final arrangements. It is expected that the attendance this year will far exceed that of any previous year and parties living at a distance who have not satisfactory school facilities should investigate the standing of this institution before sending their children elsewhere.

Mrs. J. F. Watkins left yesterday for her home in San Diego, Cal., after spending several months here with her son, C. A. Watkins. She was accompanied home by her grand-daughter, Miss Ruth Bell, also of San Diego, who has been spending the summer here with relatives. Mrs. C. A. Watkins accompanied them as far as Amarillo.

Press Meeting

On Friday and Saturday of last week the hospitable city of Amarillo entertained the Northwest Texas Press Association, which is made up of newspaper men from all over this section of the state. There was a fairly good attendance and the interest manifested in the proceedings and the splendid program rendered by the different contributors made it one of the most successful meetings the association has enjoyed during the twenty-five years of its history.

Amarillo's citizens contributed to the amusement of the visitors with a sumptuous banquet at the Harvey House, a line party at a local theatre and an auto ride over the city and surrounding country. Mrs. Richardson of the News and Miss Ethel McCurdy were among the invited guests and were made honorary members.

The next meeting of the association will be held at Henrietta, where it was originally organized twenty-five years ago.

Announcement

I expect to begin my meeting at Heald School house next Sunday, August 23, at 11 A. M.

Let everyone who is interested make preparations to attend, and invite all your friends to come with you.

J. T. HOWELL, Pastor.

Forty two Party.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Mayfield entertained a few of the young people at their home on last Monday evening with a progressive forty-two party in honor of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Truscott of Maud, Okla., and Miss Monta Walker of Electra, Texas.

After an enjoyable two hours playing, talking and joking at each other's expense, refreshments of lemon ice and cake were served. The guests all had a very pleasant evening and on leaving expressed their appreciation of Mrs. Mayfield's unique idea of entertainment.

Mr. and Mrs. Truscott returned to their home Wednesday.

—A Guest.

Fancy Work Party.

On Tuesday evening of this week the home of Mrs. George Garner was the scene of a very enjoyable gathering of ladies at a fancy work party given by the hostess in honor of Mrs. G. E. Meisnheimer of Ava, Ill., who is her guest. A most pleasurable afternoon was spent at fancy work and a splendid two-course luncheon was served.

Besides the honoree there were present Mesdames Fast, Veatch, Dorsey, S. O. Cook, Patterson, Wall, Holt, Sugg, McCombs, Wolfe, W. M. Massay, D. N. Massay and Richardson.

B. Y. P. U. Program.

Subject—Eve, the first woman.

President in charge. Report of Bible Readers' course.

Secretary's report. Leader—Grace Francis. Song—Female voices. Scripture reading as follows: Gen. 2:18-24—Ruby Newton. Gen. 3:1-6—Frankie Mae Upham.

The creation of Eve—Edith Stockton.

Why Eve was created—Ethel Cash.

Eve's failure (Psa. 3)—Pearl Newton.

Song—Female voices.

Eve's punishment (Psa. 4)—Minnie Foster.

Eve's hope (Psa. 5)—Grace Hamilton.

Description of a worthy woman, Prov. 31:10-31—Mrs. Brewer.

What the gospel is doing to uplift woman throughout the world—Mrs. Isabel Petty.

Song—Send the Light.

Notice.

I am anxious to close up my millinery business and take this method of asking all who owe me to please settle their account at once. You can either come to my house or leave the amount at the American State Bank. Kindly attend to this NOW.

Mrs. J. B. Paschall.

J. M. Davis is Dead

J. M. Davis died at his home in Alanreed Tuesday night at 2 o'clock after a lingering illness of three or four weeks.

In the passing away of this great man words are inadequate to express my heartfelt feelings. We have ever been companions as well as he has been a father to me. He has always been my counselor, always given me good advice and helped me in time of need. When I was married to his daughter, Samantha J. Davis, in 1875 I was a very poor boy, at which time he gave me a helping hand. In 1893 my wife died leaving nine children. The same night of her death my home was burned leaving my dear children with no mother or home. In the hours of my deepest grief this good man was a father to me, caring for my loved ones until I could make other arrangements. By his continuous kind advice helped me in many ways.

He has always been a good man, kind and affectionate to his family and friends and helping many poor people. In his passing he has a home in heaven, as he obeyed from the heart that form of doctrine that was delivered to the Saints.

W. R. Hext,

Guild With Mrs. Holland.

The Ladies Guild of the Episcopal church met at the home of Mrs. D. R. Holland in the Rush Addition Thursday afternoon of last week. The meeting was informal in nature and as there was no business of moment to be transacted the ladies spent a very pleasant social hour. During the afternoon refreshments were served and a delicious salad course luncheon was enjoyed.

The out-of-town guests were Mesdames S. O. Cook of Dallas and W. H. Pitts of Fort Worth.

Alanreed Locals.

Grandpa Davis died on the night of the 17th. His remains will be carried to Brady, Texas, where his companion is buried and where he spent the greater part of his life. We join the people of Alanreed in extending sympathy to his sorrowing relatives.

Grandpa Mangum is still very feeble but hopes are still entertained for his recovery.

Miss Dora Agee is able to sit up a little now and we think she will soon recover from a lingering spell of typhoid fever.

Prof. Shultz, our next school superintendent, has arrived and moved into the Lee Butler building, or the house formerly occupied by S. L. Ball.

Mr. Powell has moved into the house formerly occupied by Wm. McKnight.

Still there are no vacant houses in Alanreed.

H. W. Melton, one of our successful stockmen, is making arrangements to build a residence in our town and will move here in the near future.

On account of the immense crop that is to be harvested the opening of our public school has been postponed until the last of

PEP!

Not an abbreviation for pepper, but a very desirable ingredient which we put into our service. People want that class of grocery service that indicates a live appreciation of their patronage; they want quick and efficient service as well as price and quality in their groceries—they want pep! We are ever on the alert to render just such a service and if you are a customer of this store we believe you are getting it. If you are not phone us—phone us anyway, for we have just what you need in the grocery line.

PHONE 67

W. R. VEALE'S FOODSTUFFERY

The McLean Shoe Store

has just received a line of new

SHOES

For Men, Women, Boys and Girls

Call and see them. My prices are reasonable. I am prepared to do fine shoe repairing.

JOHN MERTEL

Expresses Thanks.

J. W. Kibler, proprietor of the local telephone exchange, desires us to express his sincere thanks to the public for assistance rendered during the fire that destroyed the pole on Main street and put so many lines out of commission, and also to many patrons who so patiently bore with the crippled service until could be repaired. Every line is once more in good shape and the splendid service is back to its normal condition.

REUBEN.

Watermelon Feast.

At the hospitable Christian home in the northwest part of town on Friday evening of last week, Mr. and Mrs. Bethel Christian entertained a number of friends with a watermelon feast, the affair being given in honor of Miss Fannie Swain of Arlington, Texas, who is Mrs. Christian's guest. Thirty-five young people were in the party and report a most enjoyable evening.

Posted.

The public is hereby warned that hunting, fishing or any trespassing or depredation of any kind is absolutely prohibited on my place northwest of town. Anyone violating this notice will be prosecuted to the extent of the law.

J. L. Crabtree.

Our aluminum is going fast. Come in and let us show you or sell you—you can't go wrong when you buy aluminum ware. Overton Hardware Co.

The State of Texas, County of Gray, in County Court Gray County, Texas, J. T. Close vs. A. A. Hunt and C. M. Hunt.

Whereas, by virtue of an execution issued out of the County Court of Gray County, Texas, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 15th day of May A. D. 1914, in favor of the said J. T. Close and against the said A. A. Hunt and C. M. Hunt, No. 99, on the docket of said court, I did, on the 27th day of June A. D. 1914, at 3 o'clock P. M. levy upon the following described tracts and parcels of land situated in the County of Gray and State of Texas, and belonging to the said C. M. Hunt, said land being described as all of lots number Eleven to Fifteen (11-15) inclusive in Block No. 112, in the townsite of McLean, Gray County, Texas, according to the duly recorded map or plat of said townsite, same being a part of Section number Twenty-Two in Block R. Alfred Howe Original Grantee. The amount of the judgment herein referred to is for the sum of \$1143.14.

On the 6th day of October A. D. 1914, being the first Tuesday of said month, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M. on said day, at the court house door of said county, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction for cash, all the right, title and interest of the said C. M. Hunt and A. A. Hunt in and to said property.

Dated at LeFors, Texas, this 7th day of August A. D. 1914.
J. S. DENSON,
Sheriff of Gray County, Texas.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Part of our goods are here and we will begin opening them the first of the week. We invite you to come in and see them.

WATCH FOR FUTHER ANNOUNCEMENT.

T. J. COFFEY

YOU MIGHT BE PLEASED

To know that we have on the road one of the most extensive shipments of dry goods that has ever been brought to McLean at one time and we expect to have it opened up by

TOMORROW

For your inspection. We are going to keep a dry goods stock second to none in this section of the Panhandle the shipment now in is but the fore-runner of other and larger shipments. If you will call and inspect our stock and keep in touch with the new arrivals we believe you will find this store the logical place to do your trading.

DRY GOODS

Is only a part of our business. We have a complete stock of groceries and general merchandise on hand at all times and our service is the kind you will appreciate.

C. A. CASH & SON

Local Happenings

Items of Interest About
Town and County

Fresh bread at the Eagle Cafe.
Flags and fans at Wolfe's.
Twister will call for and deliver your laundry. Phone 159.
D. N. Massey was a visitor to Jericho Sunday.
Ben Moore has the thanks of the News for a subscription renewal.
Everything is new and clean at the Eagle Cafe.
A. J. Mayfield made a business trip to Kansas this week.
We are making a specialty of chili and Irish stew. Eagle Cafe.
W. H. Holt spent the first of the week at Kansas City and Wichita.
PURE FOOD DRINKS. Earps Confectionery.
Chester Crabtree has returned from a visit to Wellington.
Trunks and suit cases at C. C. Cook's.
S. R. Loftin was here from Alameda Wednesday on business.
A car of salt coming. C. C. Cook.
Wanted—Good gentle young milk cow with calf. Phone 121.
T. J. Prock of Alameda was a visitor here the latter part of last week.
Let us furnish you with your wiring wire. McLean Hardware Co.
J. I. Bones of Ramsdell was among the business visitors here Monday.
We are especially prepared to finish your kodak pictures. Wolfe Bros.
W. W. Marx has been here from Worth this week looking after business matters.
N. T. Hodges of the Naylor community was transacting business in the city Wednesday.
We have the real seal batteries best made—none excepted. Overton Hdw. Co.
W. D. Biggers is home again after spending the summer in different parts of Oklahoma.
Map-A-Lac makes old furniture look new; we have it. McLean Hardware Co.
Geo. W. Sitter was a visitor to Oklahoma City the first of the week.

Matinee tomorrow (Saturday) from 2 to 4. Admission five and ten cents. Electric Theatre.
Miss Ruby Cook returned Saturday of last week from a several week's sight seeing in Colorado.
Come to the Electric Theatre and have a good laugh—it will do you good.
Will Garner has returned to his home in Wichita Falls after a visit here with his brother, George.
If your summer suit gets all mussed up take it to Twister for repairs.
T. C. Merrill of Dallas is visiting in the city, the guest of his sister, Mrs. J. T. Howell.
We want your trade—we serve the best "eating" in town. Eagle Cafe.
Mrs. LeFors and Miss Molita are visiting friends at Shamrock and Sayre this week.
J. A. Erwin and family left the first of the week for an extended visit with relatives in Oklahoma.
Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Wilson are the happy parents of a baby girl born Sunday.
Yes, we have the Belle of Wichita flour—it is the best. C. C. Cook.
If your neighbor don't take the News, let us know we want to send him a sample copy.
H. F. Mathews shipped a car of cattle to the Oklahoma City market Saturday.
Miss Ethel McCurdy is in Amarillo for a two weeks visit with friends.
Protect your interest by buying your flour and get the best—it is Belle of Wichita. C. C. Cook.
Mrs. A. G. Richardson visited at Amarillo the latter part of last week.
I have put in a new line of beads of all kinds and also jewelry. Ask to see it. Wolfe's Drug Store.
Hubert Wilkins and wife and Miss Fannie Wilkins of Alameda visited with the T. J. McClain family Sunday.
For Sale—Buff Orpington Cockerels for \$1.00 if taken at once. Come and get first choice. Phone 127. Mrs. W. T. Wilson 2tp.
Mrs. F. M. Faulkner left Sunday night for Rogers, Ark., where she goes for a visit with relatives.

Ask For It

- Silo
- Lumber
- Doors
- Windows
- Screen Doors
- Nails
- Lime
- Cement
- Brick
- Hog Fence
- Barb Wire
- Bois'darc Posts
- Oak Posts
- Cedar Posts
- Fence Stays
- Shingles
- Iron Roofing
- Asphalt Roofing
- House Paint
- Barn Paint
- Floor Paint
- Roof Paint
- Linseed Oil
- Varnish Stains
- Buggy Paint
- Wagon Paint
- Red Picket Cnbbing
- Coal to burn

Come and see, we appreciate your business.

Western Lumber Company

Miss Sallie Smith returned to her home in Erick last Saturday after a visit here with the J. L. Collier family.

We have our shipment of short burner stoves. Come in and get your's, everybody's doing it. Overton Hdw. Co.

Taks one of our Morning Glory washing machines home with you. If it don't do the act bring it back. Overton Hdw. Co.

Mrs. W. C. Collier has returned to her home in Amarillo after a pleasant visit here with relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Meisheimer returned to their home in Ava, Ill. after a week's visit with their friends, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Garner.

You will soon need that Row Binder, come in and let us figure with you on your needs. McLean Hardware Co.

J. F. Harbert of Canadian, formerly a citizen of McLean, was visiting with friends here Monday and Tuesday.

Don't worry about your stock water, let us build you a tank. All work done on short notice. McLean Hardware Co.

Mrs. A. C. Crump and three children of Amarillo are guests at the J. L. Collier home south of town.

COMING—One or two car loads of The celebrated national Tablets and school supplies. Send the children after them. Earps Confectionery.

A few pair of men's low-quarter shoes left. Positively AT COST. Bundy-Hodges Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Siler Faulkner were over from LeFors the latter part of last week.

Do you want a tombstone or marble work? Call on S. A. Cobb at Northfork, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. Clay E. Thompson returned Sunday from a delightful wedding journey to Colorado. They will make their home for the present at the Hindman Hotel.

For Aermotor wind mills, the most durable and lightest running mill on the market, see S. R. Loftin, the Alameda Lumberman.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Truscott who have been visiting at the C. J. Cash and A. J. Mayfield homes, left for their home at Maude, Okla., Wednesday.

Just received a wash tub full of pocket knives from 50 cents up. Every one guaranteed—all you have to do is to bring it back if not satisfied. Overton Hdw. Co.

W. B. Skaggs of Wichita Falls, formerly a citizen of the McLean country, was here this week shaking hands with friends.

Remember that we are still in business and are prepared to take care of the trade. Don't forget the number. Earps.

Mrs. W. A. Stubbs and children returned Sunday from a short visit at Canadian with her sister, Mrs. W. L. Caldwell.

Mrs. Frank Gardenhire desires us to announce that she will teach instrumental music in the public school commencing with the opening of the school term.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Callahan left Thursday for Glenwood, Texas, where they will visit with relatives and enjoy an outing for six weeks.

Don't forget that we have the largest Magazine and Cigar Store in the WORLD—for its size. Earps Confectionery.

Evan Sitter, Elynn McClain, Guy and Roy O'Dell and Charlie Cooke spent the first of the week on the Palo Duro near Canyon City.

I wish to announce that I have opened up a horse shoeing shop at the Watkins Livery Barn and am prepared to do first class work. Give me a trial. Carl Heffner.

Mrs. W. L. Caldwell and little daughter of Canadian arrived here Sunday and will spend a month with her parents.

Dr. C. E. Donnell and family have been enjoying a trip over the south plains this week, visiting relatives at Silverton and other points. They went through the country in their car.

We have just received a shipment of Queensware direct from Germany, call and see it, price from 5c to 35c per piece. McLean Hardware Co.

T. N. Holloway and family and J. A. Taylor left the first of the week for an overland trip to Eastland county, going in the Taylor car.

We are running the very best commercial pictures. You see the same pictures with us as you would see in the large cities. Electric Theatre.

Stubbs and Foster sold a car of cattle to Smith and Harrington Saturday. These gentlemen also bought a car of good stuff from Standfield and Cox, which they shipped to Kansas city.

R. H. Collier, Mrs. W. B. Hedrick and Mrs. Dick Hedrick were down from Amarillo in the Collier car Sunday for a visit with Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Dorsey and W. A. Hedrick.

Do you need a pair of spectacles? I can sell you either a pair of speck or nose glasses (gold alloy rims) for 50 cents per pair. If you can find a pair they are just as good as the high price lenses. Wolfe Drug Store.

I want to call your attention to the fact that this is the time of year to have that old buggy made over. I am better prepared than ever to do you a first class job and my prices are right. Don't wait till fall, now is the time. Lee Turner, blacksmith.

FURNITURE BARGAINS

To make room for our furniture we are offering special bargains in that department. If the "other fellow" gets the bargains and you don't, it's your fault.

Bundy-Hodges Mercantile Company

Miss Nettie Biggers and Mr. Charlie Turley were united in marriage at the Methodist Parsonage Monday evening, Rev. J. T. Howell officiating. Both young people are well known here and have many friends who wish them well.

Miss Lena James passed through here Monday enroute from Colorado where she had been visiting. She was accompanied to points in Oklahoma by her aunt, Mrs. C. C. Cook and son, Bob, who will visit relatives there.

At Mrs. Watkins.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Watkins was the scene on Thursday night of last week of a most enjoyable social affair when these hospitable people entertained about thirty five guests, young and old mingling in the merriment of the evening with equal zest. Progressive forty-two and many other interesting games were indulged to the delight of all present.

At the conclusion of the evening's pleasure delicious refreshments consisting of ice cream and cake were served. There was also a very enjoyable impromptu musical program rendered by Misses Maude Thompson and Maude Gardenhire.

\$50.00 Reward.

We will give a reward of fifty dollars for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any persons found crossing any of the fences or in any manner trespassing upon our land in Gray or Wheeler counties. The public is cautioned to take warning that we will vigorously prosecute any violation of the law covering the crossing of fences so far as it affects our properties.

Boatman Bank, By A. B. Gardenhire.

Senior League Program.

- Subject—(Missionary) Brazil, a great opportunity. 1 Cor. 16: 9.
- Song.
- Scripture reading.
- Prayer.
- Song.
- Talk on lesson—Leader.
- Brazil—Lula Faulkner.
- Opportunities thrust upon the church—Frank Stockton.
- The gratifying results—Ruby Newton.
- Song.
- Leader—Edith Stockton.

Dr. and Mrs. R. L. Rogers entertained Byron Kibler and Mr. Neville Hearne and Miss Ethel McCurdy, Orma Kibler, McGee and Glass at the Palo Duro Club yesterday. Amarillo News.

Miss Ethel McCurdy, of McLean, is the guest of Miss Frances Morgan and Miss Mary Rogers. Her friends are taking great pleasure in her visit. Miss McCurdy being an exceptionally fine musician. Amarillo News.

Wanted—A girl for general housework. Phone 102.

Round Trip

Summer Tourist Fares

VIA



TO

United States, Canada and Mexico

Effective May 15th. Tickets on sale daily to September 30th, with final return limit October 31st. Optional routes.

ALSO—Very low summer excursion fares to various destinations in California and the Northwest effective June 1st to September 30th; final return limit October 31st. Stop-overs and all up-to-date accommodations. For particulars call on

D. H. NUNN
Local Agent.

TERRY W. HUDGINS

Expert Watch Repairing

Best Engraver in Oklahoma

ERICK OKLAHOMA

Send me your work by Parcel Post

If any one is visiting you (or your neighbor), or you are going anywhere, please phone 47 or 54. We want ALL the local news.

Leave your orders for all kinds of JEWELRY and

WATCH REPAIRING

with me I am representing H. S. Taylor of Shamrock. All work guaranteed.

WILLIS BROTHERS

Drug Co

MR. FARMER

Don't forget that we have the best twine made, the celebrated

Fittler

Also the Johnson binder, we sell castor machine oil 35c per gallon. Just received a shipment of harness. Let us figure with you

On Your Bills

OVERTON HARDWARE CO.

The Land of Broken Promises

By DANE COOLIDGE

A Stirring Story of the Mexican Revolution

Author of 'THE FIGHTING FOOL,' 'HIDDEN WATERS,' 'THE TEXICAN,' etc.

Illustrations by DON J. LAVIN

(Copyright, 1914, by Frank A. Munsey.)

A story of border Mexico, vivid, intense, such as has never before been written...

CHAPTER I.

The slow-rolling winter's sun rose boldly, far to the south, riding up from behind the saw-toothed Sierras of Mexico...

It was a big city, for the West, and swarming with traffic and men. Its broad main street, lined with brick buildings and thronging with automobiles...

That line which marked the sudden end of growth and progress was the border of the United States; the desert was Mexico. And the difference was not in the land, but in the government.

As the morning air grew warm and the hoar frost dripped down from the roofs the idlers of the town crept forth, leaving chill lodgings and stale saloons for the street corners and the sun.

Against the dead wall of a big store the Mexicans gathered in shivering groups, their blankets wrapped around their necks and their brown ankles bare to the wind.

In this dun stream which flowed under the morning sun there were mining men, with high-laced boots and bulging pockets; gray-beards, with the gossip of the town in their cheeks; hoboes, still wearing their eastern caps and still rustling for a quarter to eat on; somber-eyed refugees and soldiers of fortune from Mexico—but idlers all, and each seeking his class and kind.

If any women passed that way they walked fast, looking neither to the right nor to the left; for they, too, being so few, missed their class and kind.

Gadsden had become a city of men, hunched and powerful and with a queering look in their eyes; a city of adventurers gathered from the ends of the world. A common calamity had driven them from their mines and ranches and glutted the town with men, for the war was on in Mexico and from the farthest corners of Honora they still came, but from some new scene of murder and pillage, to add to the general discontent.

As the day wore on the crowd on the bank corner, where the refugees made their stand, changed its complexion, grew big, and stretched far up the street. Men stood in shifting groups, talking, arguing, gazing moodily at those who passed.

Here were hawk-eyed Texas cattle-men, thinking of their scattered herds at Mahabi or El Tigre; mining men, with idle prospects and deserted mines as far south as the Rio Yaqui; millmen, ranchers and men of trade; all driven in from below the line and all chafing at the leash. While a hundred petty chiefs stood out against Madero and lived by ransom and loot, they must cool their heels in Gadsden and wait for the end to come.

Into this seething mass of the dispossessed, many of whom had lost a fortune by the war, there came two more, with their faces still drawn and red from hard riding through the cold. They stepped forth from the marble entrance of the big hotel and swung off down the street to see the town.

They walked slowly, gazing into the strange faces in the vague hope of finding some friend; and Gadsden, not so to be outdone, looked them over curiously and wondered whence they had come.

The bunch of cowboys, still loitering on the corner, glanced scornfully at the smaller man, who sported a pair of puttees—and then at the big man's feet. Finding them encased in prospector's shoes they stared dumbly at his wind-burned face and muttered among themselves.

He was tall, and broad across the shoulders, with far-seeing blue eyes and a mop of light hair; and he walked like a man on horseback. The comment rose up again as he passed and then a cowboy called out:

"He's a cow-punch!"

"That's all right!" called Bud, coming to an instant conclusion, "give 'im his sandwich; I'll pay for it!"

"Here," called Bud, coming to an instant conclusion, "give 'im his sandwich; I'll pay for it!"

"All right," answered the waiter, who was no other than Sunny Jim, the proprietor, and, whisking up a sandwich from the sideboard, he set it before the old man, who glanced at him in silence.

"Well, he's that, too," conceded Sunny Jim, with a smile. "But lemme tell you, pardner, if you had half the rocks that old boy's got you wouldn't need to punch any more cows."

"Huh!" grunted Bud, "he sure don't look it! Say, why didn't you put me wise? Now I've got to hunt him up and apologize."

"Oh, that's all right," assured the proprietor; "he won't take any offense. That's just like old Henry—he's kinder queer that way."

"Well, I'll go and see him, anyway," said Bud. "He might think I was butting in."

And then, going about his duty with philosophical calm, he ambled off, stiff-legged, down the street.

CHAPTER II.

It was not difficult to find Henry Kruger in Gadsden. The barkeepers, those efficient purveyors of information and drinks, knew him as they knew their thumbs, and a casual round of the saloons soon located him in the back room of the Waldorf.

"Say," began Bud, walking bluffly up to him, "the proprietor of that restaurant back there tells me I made a mistake when I insisted on paying for your meal. I just wanted to let you know—"

"Oh, that's all right, young man," returned Old Henry, looking up with a humorous smile; "we all of us make our mistakes. I knowed you didn't"

"That's right," observed Bud, the big man, with a reminiscent grin, "I begin to think them fellows would get us, for a while!"

"Mining men?" inquired the old prospector politely.

"Working on a lease," said the little man briefly. "Owner got scared out and let us in on shares. But no more for me—this will hold me for quite a while, I can tell you!"

"Here, too," agreed the big man, turning to go. "Arizona is good enough for me—come on, Phil!"

"Where to?" The little man drew back half resentfully, and then he changed his mind. "All right," he said, falling into step, "a gin fizz for mine!"

"Not on an empty stomach," admonished his partner; "you might get lit up and tell somebody all you know. How about something to eat?"

"Good! But where 're you going?" The big man was leading off down a side street, and once more they came to a halt.

"Jim's place—it's a lunch-counter," he explained laconically. "The hotel's all right, and maybe that was a breakfast we got, but I get hungry waiting that way. Gimme a lunch-counter, where I can wrop my legs around a stool and watch the cook turn 'em over. Come on—I been there before."

An expression of pitying tolerance came over the little man's face as he listened to this rhapsody on the quick lunch, but he drew away reluctantly.

"Aw, come on, Bud," he pleaded. "Have a little class! What's the use of winning a stake if you've got to eat at a dog-joint? And besides—say, that was a peach of a girl that waited on us this morning! Did you notice her hair? She was a pippin!"

The big man wagged his hand resignedly and started on his way.

"All right, pardner," he observed; "if that's the deal she's probably looking for you. I'll meet you in the room."

"Aw, come on!" urged the other, but his heart was not in it, and he turned gallily away up the main street.

Left to himself, the big man went on to his lunch-counter, where he ordered oysters, "A dozen in the milk." Then he ordered a beefsteak, to make up for several he had missed, and asked the cook to fry it rare. He was just negotiating for a can of pears that had caught his eye when an old man came in and took the stool beside him, picking up the menu with trembling hand.

"Give me a cup of coffee," he said to the waiter, "and"—he gazed at the bill of fare carefully—"and a roast-beef sandwich. No, just the coffee!" he corrected, and at that Bud gave him a look. He was a small man, shabbily dressed, and with scraggy whiskers, and was very red.



"We All of Us Make Our Mistakes."

their boots and overalls, the better to attend to their shipping; mining men, just as they had come from the hills; and others more elegantly dressed—but they all had a nod for Henry Kruger.

They were sitting together in a friendly silence when Phil came out of the dining room, but as he drew near the old man nodded to Bud and went over to speak to the clerk.

"Who was that old-timer you were talking to?" inquired Phil, as he sank down in the vacant chair. "Looks like the morning-after with him, don't it?"

"Um," grunted Bud; "reckon it is. Name's Kruger."

"That's the mining man?"

"Well, he's a mining man?"

"Um-m," grunted Kruger, tugging at his beard, but he did not come out with his proposal.

"I tell you," he said at last, "I'm not doing much talking about this proposition of mine. It's a big thing, and somebody might beat me to it. You know what I am, I guess. I've pulled off some of the biggest deals in this country for a poor man, and I don't make many mistakes—not about mineral anyway. And when I tell you that this is rich—you're talking with a man that knows."

He fixed his shrewd, blue eyes on the young man's open countenance and waited for him to speak.

"That's right," he continued, as Bud finally nodded non-committally; "she's sure rich. I've had an eye on this proposition for years—just waiting for the right time to come. And now it's come! All I need is the man. It ain't a dangerous undertaking—leastwise I don't think it is—but I got to have somebody I can trust. I'm willing to pay you good wages, or I'll let you in on the deal—but you'll have to go down into Mexico."

"Nothin' doing!" responded Bud with instant decision. "If it's in Arizona I'll talk to you, but no more Mexico for me. I've got something pretty good down there myself, as far as that goes."

"What's the matter?" inquired Kruger, set back by the abrupt refusal; "scared?"

"Yes, I'm scared," admitted Bud, and he challenged the old man with his eyes.

"Must have had a little trouble, then?"

"Well, you might call it that," agreed Bud. "We been on the dodge for a month. A bunch of revolutionists tried to get our treasure, and when we skipped out on 'em they tried to get us."

"Well," continued Kruger, "this proposition of mine is different. You was over in the Sierra Madre, where the natives are bad. These Sonora Mexicans ain't like them Chihuahua fellers—they're Americanized. I'll tell you, if it wasn't that the people would know me I'd go down after this mine myself. The country's perfectly quiet. There's lots of Americans down there yet, and they don't even know there is a revolution. It ain't far from the railroad, you see, and that makes a lot of difference."

He lowered his voice to a confidential whisper as he revealed the approximate locality of his bonanza, but Bud remained unimpressed.

"Yes," he said, "we was near a railroad—the Northwest—and seemed like them red-leggers did nothing else but burn bridges and ditch supply trains. When they finally whipped 'em off the whole bunch took to the hills. That's where we got it again."

"Well," argued Kruger, "this railroad of ours is all right, and they run a train over it every day. The concentrator at Fortuna—he lowered his voice again—"hasn't been shut down a day, and you'll be within fifteen miles of that town. No," he whispered; "I could get a hundred Americans to go in on this tomorrow, as far as the revolution's concerned. It ain't dangerous, but I want somebody I can trust."

"Nope," pronounced Bud, rising ponderously to his feet; "if it was this side the line I'd stay with you till the hair slipped on anything, but—"

"Well, let's talk it over again some time," urged Kruger, following him along out. "It ain't often I get took with a young feller the way I was with you, and I believe we can make it yet. Where are you staying in town?"

"Up at the Cochise," said Bud. "Come on with me—I told my pardner I'd meet him there."

They turned up the broad main street and passed in through the polished stone portals of the Cochise, a hotel so spacious in its interior and so richly appointed in its furnishings that a New Yorker, waking up there, might easily imagine himself on Fifth avenue.

It was hardly a place to be looked for in the West, and as Bud led the way across the echoing lobby to a pair of stuffed chairs he had a vague feeling of being in church. Stained-glass windows above the winding stairways let in a soft light, and on the towering pillars of marble were embossed prickly-pears as an emblem of the West. From the darkened balconies above, half-seen women looked down curiously as they entered, and in the broad lobby below were gathered the prosperous citizens of the land.

There were cattlemen, still wearing

IN SUCH PAIN WOMAN CRIED

Suffered Everything Until Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Florence, So. Dakota.—"I used to be very sick every month with bearing down pains and backache, and had a headache a good deal of the time and very little appetite. The pains were so bad that I used to sit right down on the floor and cry, because it hurt me so and I could not do any work at those times. An old woman advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I got a bottle. I felt better the next month so I took three more bottles of it and got well so I could work all the time. I hope every woman who suffers like I did will try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. P. W. LANSEN, Route No. 1, Florence, South Dakota.



Why will women continue to suffer day in and day out or drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (consultant) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

THEY HAD TO BE "SEBENS"

Bena's Method of Reasoning in Matter of Slippers Quite Plain to Those Who Understand.

"Bena was much excited over the prospects of camp meeting that was about to take place in her neighborhood. For weeks she had been preparing gay and gaudy feathers for the array, and now her outfit was complete, save a pair of much-desired patent leather slippers. She approached her mistress.

"Mis' Ford," she said, "I sho' wants to git a pair o' slippers fo' de meetin' commences, an' I ain't got a single cent left."

"What else do you wear, Bena?" asked her mistress.

"Mah right numbuh is fo'," she replied, "but I has to wash sebens, 'cause fo's hurts me dat had I jes' natcherly caint hardly walk"—We man's Home Companion.

Carelessness Cause of Fires. More than 50 per cent of all fires are caused by simple carelessness, which is unnecessary and criminal.

Repairs to dilapidated buildings, the removal of all fire breeding material, care in burning weeds and rubbish, the placing of engines at a safe distance from buildings, the removal of oily waste, proper ventilation—in brief, plain common sense, will minimize the danger from this class of fires.

Can't Find This Perfect Woman. Belgium has been trying to discover the perfect woman. According to a symposium in Brussels, she must possess the figure of an American, the complexion of a Frenchwoman, the elegance of an English girl, the hair of an Austrian, the eye of an Italian and the profile of a Spaniard. So far the creature has eluded discovery.

Delays Sometimes Expensive

Business or social engagement—just a few minutes for lunch—can't wait for service. What can be had quickly?

Order

Post Toasties

with fresh berries or fruit and cream. They will be served immediately, they are nourishing and taste mighty good, too.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

A MUCH of our races, is a snapshot here. It is longest of and a color same color verse order satin with at the rit meets for costumes f things. The nodes and form the greater for the pu The ha caused so tice and so ers or plie after a olting figure. For this tu distinctly u sweeping d lines enclom tom. Th cleverly ou and they, and other t came-lik black satin.

Where New Styles Are Launched



A MUCH sketched and much talked of costume, worn at the Chantilly races, is pictured at the left of the snapshot photograph which appears here. It is in black satin with the longest of white lace tunics over it and a black satin coat. With the same color combination, used in reverse order, is a costume of white lace with overdrape of black lace, at the right of the picture. A throng of people attend these meets for the sole purpose of staging costumes in the most effective of settings. These people demonstrate the modes and launch new styles. They form the centers of attraction for that greater throng that is in attendance for the purpose of looking at them. The handsome costume which caused so many modistes to take notice and so many artists to level camera or pencil, is chiefly remarkable for the oddity of the lace of which the tunic is made. Patterned after an old idea, modern lace, showing figures on a net ground, was used for this tunic. But the figures are distinctly up to date, showing girls in sweeping draperies and graceful outlines encircling the tunic near the bottom. The figures and draperies are cleverly outlined with run-in threads and they, with the garlands of flowers and other figures, are brought out in a cameo-like relief by the underskirt of black satin.

To Control Health

The stomach is the controlling power in all matters pertaining to health. This important organ often needs help in its daily work and it is then you should try

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

RHEUMATIC PAINS

Every last one of them leave. The hurting is gone almost the instant Hunt's Lightning Oil is used. The aching stops so quickly it is really surprising.

PAIN VANISHES

Hunt's Lightning Oil is especially compounded to relieve pain. For Neuralgia and Headaches it is a boon to humanity. For burns, cuts, bruises and sprains it acts as a healing oil, soothing the hurting parts and preventing soreness. Nothing better for chilblains. Rubbed on chest, relieves sore lungs, often preventing pneumonia. Excellent for acute sore throat. Sold in 25c and 50c bottles by all reputable druggists everywhere. Manufactured by A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Texas.



Outspoken.

Mrs. Smith's four sons made the life of her old colored servant a burden. One day Uncle Andy was busy in the garden hoeing corn, and for half an hour Tom, the most mischievous of the quartet, had amused himself throwing clods of dirt at him. At last Andy threw down his hoe and stamped indignantly down to the house. "Miss Ella," he said, to the little culprit's mother, "Ah jes' has to tell you dat dat boy Tawn am de meane's 'chile yu got—an' Ah tells you fo' yo' face and tells you behine yo' back!"

ECZEMA ON CHILD'S FACE

Marpleton, W. Va.—"When my little boy was one year old he broke out in little fine pimples all over his face. At times they would dry up and get scaly and peel off, then they would break out fresh again. He would scratch them until his face would be raw. The eczema looked angry and ran blood and corruption. His face was red and disfigured. He seemed restless and I had to be up with him the greater part of the nights. "I applied various remedies without result. He continued to break out with the eczema until I sent for some Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I used them and the first application eased him. In ten days he was completely cured." (Signed) Mrs. Lizzie Mollohan, Jan. 2, 1914. Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Late, but Good.

Miss Jinks—And where's your little brother today, Jimmy? Jimmy (pointing to the snow-ball)—That's 'im, miss. He fell down at the top of the hill, and rolled down to the bottom.

Be happy. Use Red Cross Ball Blue; much better than liquid blue. Delights the laundress. All grocers. Adv.

You Never Can Tell.

Hicks—You never can tell about a woman. Wicks—You shouldn't, anyhow.

Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure. The worst cases, no matter of how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

It's all right to take things easy, provided they don't belong to some one else.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Washable Tango Girdles.

Have you seen the new washable tango girdles? They are made of mercerized poplin, embroidered in white or colors, if preferred. They are passed twice around the waist and finished with two embroidered ends which hang at the side.

Peacock feathers are now being glued before they are poised on hats.

Coming Changes in Hairdressing Styles



HAT brims are growing wider and modistes foretell a vogue for large hats, to begin with the fall season. Large hats and small, simple coiffures do not harmonize, and already the light puff for filling out the coiffure has made its appearance. We have also to consider small hair rolls or pads for supporting the hair, and coiffures are quite generally dressed in waves. These are the wavylets that are breaking upon a new shore-line in hairdressing, speaking figuratively; they are foretelling a rising tide of favor for more display in the management of the hair. The coiffure shown here pictures the hair parted at one side and waved in smooth, regular undulations. There is a short lock at the front arranged in a light curl. Some of the new styles show two very precise ringlets, one on each side of a middle part. For this style the hair is also waved, but more loosely, and the coil is arranged lower on the neck. Long, light puffs help out in building up a coiffure and a few of them, arranged about a coil, make the new styles easy to accomplish. The coiffure arranged on top of the head, with the combed back from

IN NO POSITION TO PREACH

Stranger Lost the Confidence of Truthful Fisherman When He made His Inquiry.

Representative Frank Clark, Representative Howard of Georgia, and Superintendent George W. Hess of the botanic gardens, were having a friendly argument at Washington. "Howard," said Clark, banteringly, "I just want to illustrate to you in a story how little you know about this. There is in my district in Florida an attractive village named Callahan. "One day a stranger walking along a road in the country near a creek saw a youth fishing. "Young man," said the ministerial-looking individual, "can you tell me the way to Callahan?" "Yes," replied the boy, "take the first road to your right." "Instead of proceeding on his journey, the stranger gazed intently at the boy a few moments and said: 'My young friends, don't you know you are wasting your time in a way that is dreadful to contemplate? You are fishing, just fishing, when you ought to be a studyin' of books to prepare yourself for life's struggle. My boy, you're sure on the road to perdition.'" "Road to perdition," replied the indignant youth. "What in blazes do you know about roads? You don't even know the road to Callahan."

SPUR FARM LANDS

Many farmers are making a hard or doubtful living on high-priced lands in localities cursed with insect pests, or floods, or drought, or weed plagues, or other enemies to successful farming. The end of each year finds time and energy practically wasted—no progress made. Spur Farm Lands offer relief from these conditions. The tenant on the high-priced lands further east can make a payment and be master of his own acres here. Any good farmer can pay for them from the products thereof. The Spur Farm Lands offer productive, virgin lands—easily cultivated—at low prices and on easy terms. Splendid crops are raised without irrigation. No boll weevil ever known here. Altitude 2,000 to 2,600 feet. Considering the reliable production of these lands, prices are lowest in Texas; new country, settling fast; splendid climate, no malaria, chills or fever; good churches and schools. We offer the homeseeker a wide range for selection and are selling direct—no commission to anyone. The purchaser receives full value in his lands in dealing direct with the owner as opposed to paying a middleman several dollars per acre. Stock Farms and Small Ranch Tracts. We also offer fine grazing tracts, perfectly adapted to this purpose—one section to fifty—at prices from \$5.00 per acre up. Free illustrated booklet, giving all particulars, on application to Chas. A. Jones, Manager for S. M. Swenson & Sons, Spur, Dickens County, Texas.—Adv.

Musical Note.

"Why is the scholarly-looking man slamming down his windows so hard?" "I will tell you why, the scolarly-looking man is slamming down his windows so hard." "The scholarly-looking man is slamming down his windows so hard because the hurdy-gurdy out in front is playing the same tunes that he paid five dollars to hear last night at grand opera."—Judge.

Mole Trap the Best.

The best way to exterminate the ground mole is to use a mole trap. A good trap will probably be successful eventually.

It isn't until a man approaches the top that the world is anxious to give him a boost.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

A Mere Toy.

Silas—That city fellow follows his vocation closely and yet he spends all of his time at play. Hez—How does he manage that? Silas—He leads a string orchestra.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Your druggist will refund money if FAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Prolapsing Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives Ease and Rest. 50c.

But Not to Eminence.

"Pa, what is a sheepskin?" "It's a diploma, and a diploma is a passport to the Land of Work."

How To Give Quinine To Children FERRILINE is the trade-mark name given to an improved Quinine. It is a Tasteless Syrup, pleasant to take and does not disturb the stomach. Children take it and never know it is Quinine. Also especially adapted to adults who cannot take ordinary Quinine. Does not nauseate nor cause nervousness nor ringing in the head. Try it the next time you need Quinine for any purpose. Ask for source original package. The name FERRILINE is blown in bottle. 25 cents.

Bohemia employs 875,000 persons in factories.

Coca-Cola advertisement featuring the classic logo and the text: 'Drink Coca-Cola' and 'And feel your thirst slip away. You'll finish refreshed, cooled, satisfied.' It also includes the slogan 'Demand the genuine by full name' and 'Nicknames encourage substitution.' THE COCA-COLA CO. ATLANTA, GA.

NO EXPERT WITNESS NEEDED

Quite Evident Mr. Miggs Was Right When He Testified as to the Handwriting.

"Libel, indeed!" Old Miggs repeated the words to himself dully and uncomprehendingly, as he tramped along to the court, where he was to appear as witness in a local libel suit. Nervously he entered the witness box. The fierce looking lawyer eyed him calculatingly. "Do you swear," he asked, "that this is not your handwriting?" "I don't think so," stammered Miggs. "Now, be careful," insinuated the lawyer. "Are you prepared to swear that this handwriting does not resemble yours?" "Yes," answered Miggs trembling. "You take your oath that this does not in any way resemble your handwriting?" solemnly queried the learned man. "Y-yes, sir," stammered the witness, now thoroughly frightened. "Well, then, prove it!" denounced the lawyer, triumphantly, as he thrust his head toward the witness. This action woke the last spark of drooping courage in poor Miggs, and, thrusting forth his head, he yelled: "Cos I can't write!"

Law's Uncertainties.

"When you poke a toad," said old Farmer Hornbeck, philosophically, "you can't tell which way he will jump, nor how far; an' it is jest about the same way with a jury." "That so?" returned young Jay Green in a noncommittal way. "Yep. For instance, in the case of Plunk Jarvis, who has jest been tried over at Kickyhasset courthouse for pullin' out his brother-in-law's whiskers by the roots in a fight, the jury discharged Plunk an' fined his brother-in-law 10 cents, the regular price of a shave."—Puck.

Long-Lived Family.

The record for longevity is held by the Garrett family of Stranraer, Scotland, the oldest member of which, Mr. James Garrett, has just passed away. Mr. Garrett claimed to be the oldest fisherman in Scotland. A native of Stranraer, he was almost a hundred years old. His mother and father, who were also natives of the district, lived until they were one hundred and one hundred and three years respectively. His oldest surviving son is now well over seventy years of age.

Hard to Stand.

Skids—It's not every one that can stand prosperity. Skittles—Particularly, if it's some one else's.—Judge.

Works Itself.

"How do you suppose 'his craze for motors comes to possess people?'" "I guess it's automatic."

Being minus the price of a haircut isn't the only thing that makes a bohemian.

Occasionally you meet a man who is so chivalrous toward women that he is actually polite to his own wife.

Tuscany cultivates 1,486,554 acres of grapes.

Advertisement for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. 'LINES IN THE FACE Make Women Look Old' and they show the effect of unnatural sufferings—of headaches, back-ache, dizziness, hot flashes, pains in lower limbs, pains in groins, bearing-down sensations. These symptoms indicate that Nature needs help. Overwork, wrong dressing, lack of exercise, and other causes have been too much for nature—and outside aid must be called upon to restore health and strength. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The Vegetable Remedy for Women's Ills that relieves nervous exhaustion and irritability and removes other distressing symptoms due to disturbed conditions of the delicate feminine organism. For over forty years it has been used with more than satisfaction by the young, middle-aged and the elderly—by wives, mothers and daughters. You will find it of great benefit. Sold by Medicine Dealers in liquid or tablet form, or send Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 50 one-cent stamps for trial box by mail. DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS Relieve constipation, regulate the liver, and bowels. Easy to take as candy.

insultate. She—I notice that the suffragettes are getting after George V. He—Yes, and when they get him they will not be satisfied until they have the remaining four-fifths.

Ten smiles for a nickel. Always buy Red Cross Ball Blue; have beautiful clear white clothes. Adv.

The people who are satisfied to put it off till tomorrow generally put it off indefinitely.

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Freckle ask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

For Sprains, Strains or Lameness Always Keep a Bottle In your Stable

HANFORD'S Balsam of Myrrh For Galls, Wires, Cuts, Lameness, Strains, Bunches, Thrush, Old Sores, Nail Wounds, Foot Rot, Fistula, Bleeding, Etc. Etc. Made Since 1846. Ask Anybody About It. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00. All Dealers G. C. Hanford Mfg. Co. SYRACUSE, N. Y.

The Wretchedness of Constipation Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Head-ache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature. Acute Food. DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies, mosquitos, house-flies, etc. Made of metal, can't rust or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. All dealers or send express paid for \$1.00. HAROLD BOMER, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c, and \$1.00 at Druggists.

Death Lurks In A Weak Hearing If Yours is fluttering or weak, use RENOVINE. Made by Van Vleet-Manfield Drug Co., Memphis, Tenn. Price 50c

The Land of Broken Promises

A new serial story full of adventure, intermingled with a thread of romance begins in this issue of the News.

If you are not already a subscriber to the News we want you to give us a trial subscription. This story alone is worth more than the price of the paper for a year and we run several such stories in that length of time.

In order not to miss the next installment of this story send us your subscription at once.

The McLean News

The Butcher Law

Several years ago the Cattle Raisers Association of Texas was instrumental in having the Legislature of Texas pass what is known as the butcher law, the provisions of which may be found in Title 17, Chapter 12 of the penal code of Texas. This law contains many wholesome features. In the first place it requires all regular butchers to enter into bond to be filed with the county judge, obligating himself to comply with the terms of the law, and providing a penalty for carrying on the business without entering into such bond. The law requires that a butcher on purchasing an animal for slaughter shall take a bill of sale describing the animal and its appearance. It further requires that each butcher shall make a report to each regular term of the Commissioners' Court giving a list of all of the animals which he has slaughtered since his last report and give the color, age sex and brands of every animal slaughtered, and accompany same with proper bill-of-sale to each animal.

It further requires that a butcher shall supply himself with a book in which he shall keep a record of all animals

slaughtered and a description thereof, and from whom purchased and that he shall have the hides inspected, and shall keep the hides of all animals slaughtered subject to inspection, within twenty days after the slaughter, which said book shall be open to the inspection of the public; and providing a penalty for refusing to permit its inspection. Where there are no inspectors, the law provides that any justice of the peace may inspect such hides. Among other things the law provides as follows:

ART. 880.

"If any butcher or other person engaged in the slaughter of animals shall kill or cause to be killed any unmarked or unbranded animal for market, or shall purchase and kill or cause to be killed any animal without having taken a bill of sale or a written transfer from the person selling the same, he shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than three hundred dollars. This article shall not apply to the slaughter of an animal raised by the person slaughtering the same."

This last section of the law has recently been interpreted by an opinion of the Attorney General rendered to the county attorney of Nueces county.

Unfortunately and for some strange reason not in the inter-

est of honest business, different members of the Legislature have from time to time secured exemptions of their respective counties from this law, until at present the list of exempt counties in the cattle raising district is larger than the counties not exempt. Recently the Executive Committee of the Cattle Raisers Association passed a resolution instructing the attorneys of the Association to go before the next Legislature and have these exempt counties put back under the provisions of this law.—The Cattleman.

READ THIS

McLean Texas August 14-12, We the undersigned Druggist of McLean are selling Hall's Texas Wonder and recommend it to be the best Kidney Bladder and Rheumatic remedy we have ever sold,

ARTHUR ERWIN
T. M. WOLFE.

A TEXAS WONDER

The Texas Wonder cures kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and irregularities in both men and women; regulates bladder trouble in children. If not sold by your druggist it will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1.00. One small bottle is two months treatment and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Dr. E. W. Hall, 2926 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by Druggists.

Home From China.

Homer L. Faulkner has returned from Siam, South China. He is in Tulla with his brother today, and will come to Plainview tomorrow. Mr. Faulkner will preach at the Pentecostal mission tomorrow at 11 o'clock and at night. Everyone is cordially invited.

Homer is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Faulkner of Plainview. He has been in South China as a missionary for some time.—Plainview Herald.

Mr. Faulkner is a nephew of F. M. Faulkner of this city.

Posted.

All persons are warned that the J. N. Phillips place, southeast of the town section, is posted and anyone caught in any way trespassing will be vigorously prosecuted.

J. N. Phillips.

For first class photos see Willis Bros.

Announcements

We are authorized to make the following announcements for office in this county, subject to the action of the November election.

FOR DISTRICT JUDGE:

F. P. GREEVER.

FOR SHERIFF:

W. S. COPELAND

FOR CLERK:

C. L. UPHAM.

FOR ASSESSOR:

A. H. DOUCETTE.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE:

SILER FAULKNER.

FOR TREASURER:

HENRY THUT.

FOR COMMISSIONER:

J. R. HINDMAN

Church Directory

Methodist Church.

Cordially invites you to all its services. Sunday school at 10 a. m. every Sunday. Preaching at McLean 3rd, 1st and 5th Sundays morning and night; Groom 4th Sunday, morning and night; Alameda 2nd Sunday, morning and night; Heald 3rd Sunday, 3:30 p. m.; Eldredge 2nd Sunday, 3:30 p. m.; Junior and Senior Epworth Leagues at 2:30 and 3:30 p. m., respectively, ever Sunday. Woman's Missionary Society 2:30 p. m. every Tuesday. Prayer meeting ever Wednesday night.

J. T. HOWELL, Pastor.

Holiness Services.

Conducted by S. R. Jones, at McLean Presbyterian Church 2nd and 4th Sunday nights of each month. Cottage prayer meeting Thursday night of each week. The 1st Sunday of each month at the Heald school house at 3 p. m. Third Sunday at the Back school house at 11 a. m. Public invited to attend all services.

Baptist Church.

Preaching second and fourth Sundays in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. every Sunday, C. S. Rice, superintendent. B. Y. P. U. at 6 p. m. every Sunday, Reep Landers, president. Ladies Aid meets on Tuesdays at 2 p. m. Mrs. Myrtle Hamilton, president. Church conference on Saturday before the second Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. R. F. Hamilton, Pastor.

Notice to the Public.

Miss Pearl Newton is an authorized agent for the McLean News. Any favors shown her will be appreciated by us.

THE McLEAN NEWS.

A Fortune's Foundation.

A fortune's foundation is laid in the days of Business Training. Start right, keep at it, and the result is certain. A young man or young lady can do anything they desire to do.

We help lay the foundation for future fortunes—train you to work accurately, swiftly, understandingly in all business branches.

Then we help you put in the cornerstone of your success by placing you in the best position you are competent to fill, and we stand behind you while you work toward the top.

The call for really good stenographers and accountants is never supplied. Our students command the highest salaries—gain the highest eminence.

You can make the success in business that hundreds of young men and women are making every day.

Let us start you now. Literature which will tell you how we help lay the foundation for you in our office waiting for you to call for it—it is free. Ask for it.

BOWIE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
Bowie, Texas.

Notice.

Evangelist E. H. Rogers of Collinsville, Texas, will begin a series of meetings at the Church of Christ on Saturday night before the second Lord's Day in September.

Everybody is invited to attend the services. Remember the date.

\$25.00 REWARD

I will pay a twenty-five dollar reward for the arrest and conviction of any party guilty of tying down any telephone wire or in any other manner tampering with the lines. The state law on the subject is as follows:

Penal code, Art. 784: If any person shall intentionally break, cut, pull or tear down, misplace, or in any other manner injure any telegraph or telephone wire, post, machinery or other necessary appurtenance to any telegraph or telephone line, or in any way willfully obstruct or interfere with the transmission of any messages along such telegraph or telephone line, he shall be punished by confinement in the penitentiary not less than two nor more than five years, or by fine not less than one hundred nor more than two thousand dollars.

McLEAN TELEPHONE EXCHANGE

Elite Barber Shop

W. M. MASSAY, Prop.

EVERYTHING NEW

But The Barbers

Agents for that GOOD Laundry—Panhandle Steam
Next Door To The Postoffice

HOTEL HINDMAN

Rates \$2.00 Per Day

Best Accommodations in the City
Special Rates to Weekly Boarders
All Meals 50c—Children 25c

J. R. Hindman, Proprietor

Why dont you

BATHE

Our Bath Tub is at your disposal

We are the real Tonsorial Artasts. Try us.

City Barber Shop

BEE EVERETT, Prop.

W. R. PATTERSON

ABSTRACTER
AND
CONVEYANCER

Fire and Tornado Insurance

McLean, Texas

WANT A DRAY

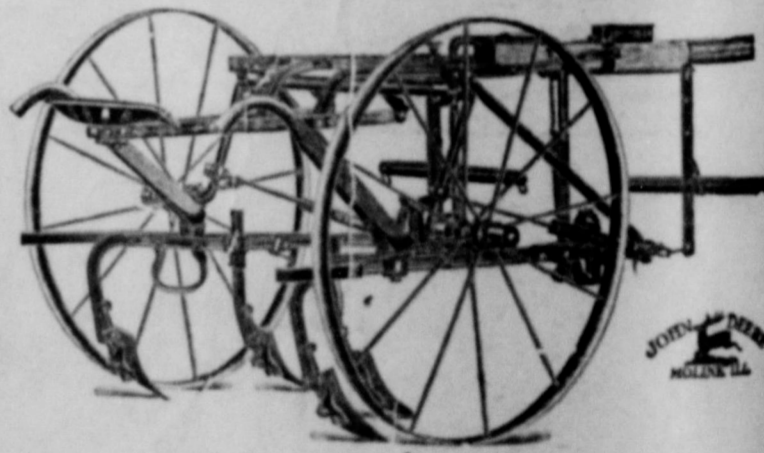
See W. D. Sims when you want anything moved. Careful handling of everything entrusted to our care.

PHONE 126

Posted.

All parties are hereby warned not to hunt, fish or otherwise trespass on the property of the undersigned. Violation of this notice will be vigorously prosecuted.

Henry Thut,
George Thut,
Clem Davis,
W. H. Bates & Son,
J. E. Williams,
C. A. Price,
G. H. Saunders.



A man needs good tools in order to do good work

Get The Best

We have John Deere one and two row Go-devils, four and six shovel Cultivators. They can't be beat.

McLean Hardware Company

News \$1.00 Per Year

HERE IT IS

Having decided to move to Clarendon for a couple of years I shall offer my home place for sale on that will interest anyone wishing to buy a home. Have a twelve acre tract joining the town section on the east (easy walk-distance from the business part of town) and is well improved for a modern home. An eight room house conveniently arranged and nicely fitted, a large barn and garage, well and windmill, a splendid young orchard with all kinds of bearing fruit trees, in fact every convenience you might want. Will make the price and terms sell this place if you have any idea of buying a home. Can give possession by first of September. Have a fifteen acre tract adjoining this on which I expect to build when I return from Clarendon.

Someone is going to buy this home and it is going to happen suddenly. If you are interested better see me at once.

A. B. Gardenhire
McLean, Texas