

Seven Proposed Amendments To State Constitution, To Be Voted On Aug. 24

Secretary Of State Outlines Provisions Of Each

NOTE—The following articles, designed to give the facts and to clarify the provisions of each of the seven constitutional amendments to be submitted to the voters at a special election August 24, were prepared by Secretary of State Gerald C. Mann. The secretary does not attempt to endorse or oppose any of the amendments but has prepared this material to assist voters in forming their own conclusions regarding the proposals.

Proposed Amendment No. 1 Old Age Pensions

The first proposition to be found on the ballot in the August 24th Special Election on Constitutional Amendments is the so-called Old-Age Pension Amendment. This year, for the first time, the amendments will be numbered according to Secretary of State Gerald C. Mann.

The Old Age Pension Amendment proposes to give the Legislature the authority to pay these pensions to persons over the age of 65, who are not habitual drunkards nor habitual criminals, nor inmates of any State Supported Institution. Those who are eligible must have lived in Texas at least 5 years, during the nine immediately preceding application and in the State continuously for one year.

All other restrictions and limitations would have to be set up by the Legislature.

The Amendment authorizes the Legislature to accept money from the Federal government for the same purpose. It is presumed that Federal funds would match State funds. The maximum amount to be paid by the State would be \$15 per person per month. It is presumed that the Federal government would match State Funds. The total pension per person per month in this case it is presumed would be \$30. The amount might be smaller, however, but not larger.

It is estimated that the cost of this pension to the State would run between forty and fifty million dollars annually. No provision is made for the income. It would be up to the Legislature to determine where the money would come from. The Legislature would have to enact such laws as it deemed proper to utilize the right granted by the amendment. The

Legislature might do this at once, or some time later—or for that matter not at all. The amendment is permissive and not mandatory, though few doubt that some form of old age pensions would be enacted if the amendment is adopted in August.

Proposed Amendment No. 2 Temporary Commitment of Insane

Proposition No. 2 on the August 24th special election ballot has to do with the temporary commitment of insane persons, preliminary to a trial by jury.

Under the present Constitution whereby everyone is guaranteed a jury trial, it is impossible to commit a mentally ill person to an institution for treatment or observation without the necessity of a jury trial. It has been pointed out that this is often very inconvenient and embarrassing.

The proposal, according to Secretary of State Gerald C. Mann, if passed, would authorize the Legislature to pass such laws as would permit mentally ill persons to be confined by County Courts in institutions, presumably, or under the care of physicians or experts for a period of ninety days prior to a jury trial. It is presumed that the ninety day period of confinement would be for the purpose of observing such person.

The provisions would apply only to persons not charged with a criminal offense.

The Amendment specifically sets out that the right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate, but that in the particular case of insane persons a confinement period of ninety days for observation may be prescribed without the necessity of a jury trial. At the end of that time a jury trial would be had.

Proposed Amendment No. 3 Repeal of Liquor Prohibition

Probably chief interest in the August 24th election on the seven proposed Constitutional Amendments will center on Proposition Number 3 on the ballot—the repeal of Prohibition, according to Secretary of State Gerald C. Mann. The Constitution, at present, prohibits the sale, manufacture and transportation of alcoholic liquors (except 3.2 beer). This prohibition would be stricken out by adoption of the Repeal Amendment.

The proposed amendment specifically prohibits the return of the open saloon—and it would be up to the Legislature to define the term "open saloon."

No machinery is set up for the sale of liquor. The Legislature would have the authority to determine just who and just how liquor is to be sold. This could be done by State monopoly or through private channels. The Legislature would have the authority to pass laws regulating local option elections.

If the amendment is adopted all counties, cities and precincts that were dry in 1919 when statewide prohibition was adopted would be dry now—at least until local option elections were held to determine otherwise.

It is well to remember, Secretary Mann points out, that there will be an election next year in November to determine whether the State shall sell liquor through a State Monopoly system. If the repeal amendment is adopted in August the State MAY establish a state control and monopoly system. If the repeal amendment is defeated in August, it will in effect be submitted again in November, 1936, in the State Monopoly Amendment which says the State SHALL have a liquor monopoly. To retain the present dry status both the August 24th Amendment and the November, 1936 Amend-

RULES CHERRY FETE



Genevieve Pepera, Manistee blond, was chosen from western Michigan's fairest to reign as queen over the national cherry festival at Traverse City, July 17, 18 and 19.

ment must be defeated. Passage of either will repeal the present prohibition section of the Constitution.

Proposed Amendment No. 4 Submission of Amendments at Special Sessions of Legislature

At present the Legislature can submit proposed changes in the Constitution only at regular sessions—held every 2 years.

Proposal Number four on the ballot for the August 24th election would revise the Constitution to permit the submission of amendments at special sessions. It is pointed out that in emergency cases, particularly on relief matters, that it might be necessary for Texas voters to vote on an emergency measure at a time, when the regular session of the Legislature is quite far distant in the future.

The original purpose of the provision which makes submission possible only at regular sessions was to make the fundamental law hard to amend and change. Two schools of thought are at variance here. The one believing that the Constitution should be easy to change—particularly in emergency cases, and the other that every safeguard should be placed around it to make it difficult to change.

If the proposed amendment is adopted the legislature in any special session can submit proposed amendments to the voters—provided such amendments are submitted by the Governor for the Legislature's consideration. If the amendment is rejected the present system will obtain; that is, constitutional amendments can be submitted to the people only at the regular sessions of the legislature.

The 44th Legislature submitted thirteen amendments to the voters—seven in August of this year and six in November of 1936. These were all submitted during the regular session. Under the proposed change the 44th might yet submit additional amendments for the voters' consideration.

Proposed Amendment No. 5 Suspended Sentence or Probation Amendment

Proposition Number 5 on the ballot of the August 24th special election reads: "For (and against) the Amendment to the State Constitution authorizing the Courts to place defendants on probation."

Proponents claim that if this amendment is passed, many who are now sent to the penitentiary for first offenses will be permitted to enjoy suspended sentences under restrictions of the court.

The only restriction under the present suspended sentence law is the fact that the defendant must not be convicted of a felony—that is, a crime punishable by confinement in the penitentiary. The judge or court has no control nor can it set up or impose any other restrictions.

It is the understanding of those who have studied the amendment that if passed it would permit the courts the right to suspend sentences and place defendants on such probation as the court might deem proper. In other words the court could suspend sentences subject to certain limitations. If those restrictions or limitations were not observed the Court would have the authority to have the defendant committed to the penitentiary without further ado. Many courts now refuse to grant suspended sentences for the reason that they have no control over the defendant after the same is granted. It is pointed out that this would prevent many first offenders from having to go to the penitentiary and reclaim many of

them for society.

If a suspended sentence is given under the present law the only limitation is that the defendant must not be convicted of a felony. The court has no control over him nor can it impose other conditions.

Proposed Amendment No. 6 Abolishing Fee System for Paying Officials

Two years ago Senate investigating committee discovered a number of flagrant abuses of the fee system as practiced in Texas for recompensing certain public officials. The fee system was established and written into the Texas Constitution at a time when it was impossible to pay salaries and the theory was that an official was entitled to "all he could make." Since the Senate committee discovered and revealed the malpractices existing under the system there has been a demand for a Constitutional change on this score, according to Secretary of State Gerald C. Mann.

Proposed Amendment No. 6 on the ballot provides that the fee system as a method of paying certain precinct, county and district officials shall be abolished in counties having 20,000 or more population according to the last Federal census. The Legislature will, if the amendment is adopted, set the salaries for officials now receiving fees in such counties. In counties of under 20,000 the Commissioners Courts may put their county and precinct officials on a salary basis if they so desire. The Amendment does not specifically state who shall set the salaries of such officials in this case.

If this amendment is adopted all district officers must be compensated on a salary basis.

The amendment provides that fees shall continue to be collected as at present but they will go to the county instead of the officer. The evident purpose of this amendment is to place as many public officials on straight salaries as is possible and thus abolish, insofar as is possible the payment of officials through the present fee system.

Proposed Amendment No. 7 Free Text Books for Private and Parochial Schools

The Texas Constitution at the

present time provides that the State is without authority to furnish free text books to other than public schools. Proposed Amendment number seven on the ballot for the August 24th election would permit the State to supply free textbooks to all schools, private and parochial. Such textbooks, it is presumed, to be the same as used in the public schools.

Advocates of this Amendment state that this would entail no additional expense because the State now purchases more books than are necessary. However, this point is merely one of the claims made and has not been substantiated by the Secretary of State. Advocates point out that they pay taxes to support public schools but that if they choose to send their children to private or parochial schools the least the State can do is to supply the textbooks free. Probably the most important and less publicized provision of this Amendment is the fact that it proposes to rewrite Section 5 of Article Seven of the Constitution so as to permit the apportionment of school funds on some other basis than scholastic population.

For many years there has been considerable agitation in certain

quarters to abolish the "school census" or scholastic population system of apportioning school funds and substitute in lieu thereof the "average attendance" basis or some other basis. The Legislature would determine just how this was to be done, if this Amendment is adopted.

If adopted this proposed Amendment Number seven would mean, in effect: (1) that the State would furnish free textbooks to pupils in all the schools of Texas; and (2) that a new basis for apportioning school funds other than the scholastic census basis, could be set up.

An inquiring reporter asks: "What kind of a husband does a wife miss most?" Well, the little fellows are harder targets to hit.

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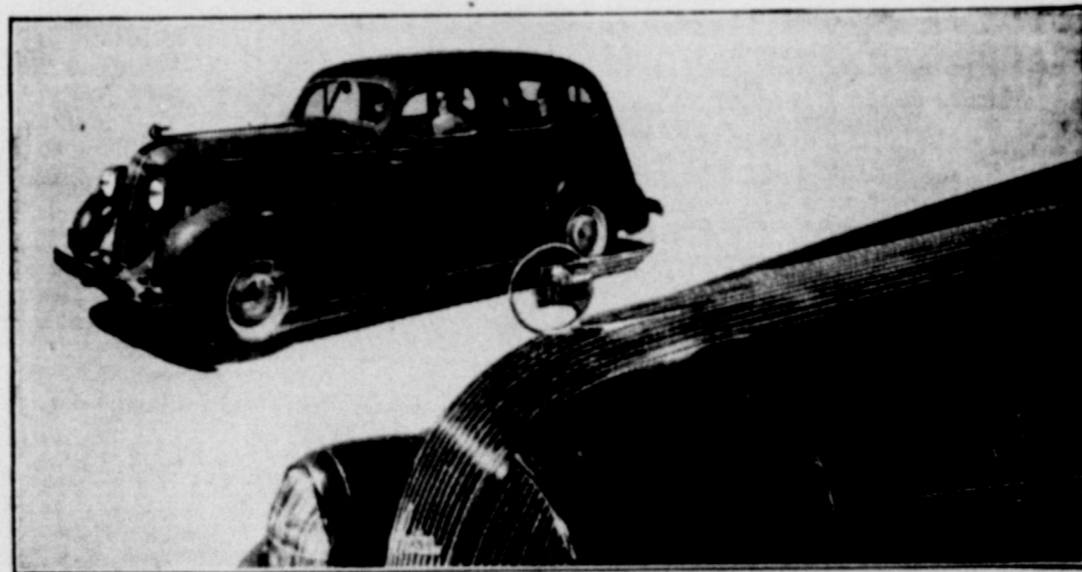


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Spanish Mobilized To Resist Napoleon's Plan of Seizing Spain and of Fostering Revolution in Mexico and Early Texas

Bezar Archives Tell a Dramatic Story Of Defense Moves

AUSTIN, Texas, July 17—In the summer of 1808 the entire Spanish nation began to mobilize for resistance to Napoleon's plans both for seizing the Spanish Peninsula and for stirring revolution in America. A hastily organized government at Mexico City to represent Charles IV and Ferdinand VII, the captive rulers of Spain, issued an order for the arrest of all French agents venturing upon Spanish soil and enjoined the strictest precautions to prevent any intrigues in Louisiana or other parts of the west. It was the intention of this body to uphold the dignity of the Spanish crown to secure the help of England in conquering Napoleon in Europe, to avoid any misunderstandings

with the United States, above all, to prevent the spread of the revolutionary spirit in the Americas. The brunt of the burden, so far as Texas was concerned, fell upon Nemesio Salcedo, the commandant general, and his nephew, Manuel de Salcedo, the Governor of Texas. To guard against Napoleon's wiles, the commandant general ordered precautions taken to prevent the sending of seditious papers into Texas. He was, likewise, alert to the danger from the Americans who were anxious to push their frontiers still further westward.

During 1809, owing to rumors of continued activity on the part of the United States induced the commandant general to carry his policy of excluding foreigners from Texas to its extreme and thus all plans for development suddenly came to an end.

The tenaciousness of the situation is

shown by an order issued on March 1, 1809, by Martin Garay, secretary to the Supreme Central Council of Spain and the Indies, and by the commandant general on June 22, 1809. A translation of the first of these documents in the Bezar Archives in the Library of The University is as follows:

"Certain information has been received from which it appears that the Emperor of the French, having lost the hope of overcoming the Spanish Americas through the ordinary means of seduction and deceit, has conceived the design of forcing the royal parents to embark for America with the object of dividing it into factions and of triumphing over it after it is thus divided.

"You are already aware and it is known to the whole world, that Charles IV voluntarily and freely abdicated in favor of his eldest son, the sworn heir, Ferdinand VII, who at once ascended the throne amidst the rejoicings, acclamations and well-founded hopes of his faithful vassals. It is well known, too, that all subsequent acts, protestations, and renunciations have been null because they have been the result of violence and the most tyrannical oppression. It is known, also, that our king, Don Ferdinand VII, has been solemnly proclaimed in both continents; that, for his liberty, honor, and rights as well as for the freedom, honor, and independence of the nation, the Spaniards have taken up arms and death alone can wrest these arms from them; that, consequently, our king, Don Ferdinand VII, alone is the sovereign of Spain and her colonies; and that, as long as his unjust captivity continues and until his liberty is restored in full splendor and grandeur, the supreme central governing junta of the Kingdom of Spain and the Indies exercise sovereignty in his royal name throughout the dominions which compose the kingdoms of his Majesty. Consequently, even though the above mentioned rumor is not sufficiently authentic to deserve our unqualified credence, nevertheless, since the oppressor of our beloved King and our country is as skillful in planning the most unheard of and unjust projects as he is ruthless in the selection of means for carrying his plans into execution, the supreme central junta has thought it proper to give this information to you and to all officials of both America.

Forewarned—Forearmed

"This is done in order that you may avoid any possible surprise and in order that, if it should happen that our ambitious enemy should try such a project, you will have taken all effective measures, under the prudent reserve which your well known zeal in the service of our legitimate King and our country shall dictate, to prevent the landing of the royal parents or of any other person who is their representative in any port within the limits of the general commandancy upon any pretext whatever; for it is evident that such attempts are not authorized by our King, Don Ferdinand, since he is not free, nor by the supreme central junta. Therefore, it can only be for the purpose of introducing dissensions into these dominions and of preparing for their seizure or their separation from the Mother Country."

Upon receipt of this warning the commandant general wrote to Bernardo Bonavia, on duty in Texas, as follows:

"I send you this order so that you may be informed of the situation and so that, under the strictest caution, you may see to the exact fulfillment of the royal decision herein contained, you must rest assured that, because of your earnest zeal in the just cause the nation defends, I do not doubt that you will not only proceed in the case with the proper vigor and force, but that you will take all precautionary measures you can to avoid a surprise both along the coast of Texas and across the frontier of Louisiana. To this important end, it is absolutely necessary for you to close the door entirely to the immigration of individuals who have lived in a foreign country, whatever may be the evidence they may submit to support their pretensions. Carrying into execution the idea clearly conveyed in my previous orders concerning the apprehension of persons crossing the said frontier, you must not, under any circumstances, permit the introduction of any person into the said province or consent to any communication through it, since you well know, that, under the present conditions, no precaution is superfluous when the great number of deceitful enemies which the coun-

try already has within its confines is realized."

Thus the door was theoretically closed but the seeds of rebellion had already been sown and additional revolutionary agents secured entry under one pretext or another. Events moved rapidly.

Friend Or Enemy, Wind Remains a Mystery to Man

Columbus Dispatch: Of all nature's forces the wind is perhaps the most intangible. Where it comes from and whither it goes no one knows. It can be a kindly friend or a ruthless enemy. It brings showers, clouds or sunny hours; it caresses with a delicate touch or strikes a devastating blow.

Writers of great literature have recognized the wind and its place in the scheme of things since Bible times, for we find in Genesis 3:8, "the cool of the day," marginally to mean the winds of the day.

The Athenians gave names to their winds. There was Boreas, the north wind with an icy breath Apheliotis, the wind from the east; Notis, the breath of the south, and Zephyros, the west wind. By these names the winds from the four quarters were personalized, and in Athens, near the Acropolis, there is still standing a temple built 22 centuries ago known as the Tower of the Winds.

Shakespeare, who drew so large a ly from nature, makes more than 200 allusions to the wind in his writings. Dickens in more modern times said in one of his stories, "I am always conscious of an uncomfortable sensation now and then when the wind is blowing in the east." And George Elliot writes, "but certain winds make men's tempers bad." Emerson, the American classicist, among his numerous allusions to this force, referred to the "pious wind . . . forgetting . . . prophetic," and in other ways.

The terrible force of the wind is best described by Conrad, verile writer of the sea, in "Typhoon," when he says, "a furious gale attacks him like a personal enemy, tries to grasp his limbs, fastens on his mind, seeks to rout his very spirit out of him."

To the effects of a terrible wind in the West Indies we owe the fact that Alexander Hamilton was brought into American history. Born on the little island of Neval, a British possession in the West Indies, his youth was spent on the island of St. Croix, a Danish possession. Not yet 16, he wrote a description of a violent wind before the terrors had worn off and while its effects were still visible. Printed in the island paper the story made such an impression upon the governor that the anonymous writer was discovered. This incident was the peg upon which his career turned.

Typewriter ribbons at the Stockman office.

MRS. AUGUSTINE'S SISTER NIECE ARE VISITORS HERE

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. George and daughter, Georgeanne of Fort Worth, were guests of Mrs. George's sister, Mrs. W. H. Augustine, Friday night. They were en route home after a long auto tour to California and the western states. It was the first time Mrs. Augustine had seen her sister in seven years.

Governor Marland of Oklahoma has told State employes that if they are unfavorable to the New Deal program they will be discharged. That's putting it farley and squarely.—Edinburg Valley Review.

Charter No. 7748 Reserve District No. 11

REPORT OF CONDITION OF OZONA NATIONAL BANK OF OZONA

In the State of Texas, At the Close of Business on June 29, 1935. Published in response to call made by Comptroller of Currency, under Section 5211, U. S. Revised Statutes

ASSETS	
1. Loans and discounts	\$611,373.18
2. Overdrafts	1,779.98
3. United States Government obligations, direct and/or fully guaranteed	111,575.00
4. Other bonds, stocks, and securities	3,925.00
6. Banking house, \$9,500.00 Furniture and fixtures \$2,500.00	12,000.00
7. Real estate owned other than banking house	6,001.00
8. Reserve with Federal Reserve bank	42,017.14
9. Cash in vault and balances with other banks	52,258.08
10. Outside checks and other cash items	726.00
11. Redemption fund with United States Treasurer and due from United States Treasurer	3,750.00
14. Other assets	1,035.80
Total Assets	\$846,441.18
LIABILITIES	
15. Demand deposits, except United States Government deposits, public funds, and deposits of other banks	422,484.81
16. Time deposits, except postal savings, public funds, and deposits of other banks	50,930.50
17. Public funds of States, counties, school districts, or other subdivisions or municipalities	109,195.35
18. United States Government and postal savings deposits	46.81
19. Deposits of other banks, including certified and cashiers' checks outstanding	
Total of items 15 to 19:	
(b) Not secured by pledge of loans and/or investments	\$582,657.47
(c) Total Deposits	582,657.47
20. Circulating notes outstanding	75,000.00
32. Capital account:	
Common stock, 1000 shares, par \$100.00 per share	\$100,000.00
Surplus	25,000.00
Undivided profits—net	63,783.71
TOTAL CAPITAL ACCOUNT	188,783.71
TOTAL LIABILITIES	846,441.18

MEMORANDUM: Loans and Investments Pledged to Secure Liabilities

33. United States Government obligations, direct and/or fully guaranteed 75,000.00
36. TOTAL PLEDGED (excluding rediscounts) 75,000.00
37. Pledged:

(a) Against circulating notes outstanding 75,000.00
(1) TOTAL PLEDGED 75,000.00

STATE OF TEXAS, COUNTY OF CROCKETT, ss:

I, Scott Peters, Cashier of above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

SCOTT PETERS, Cashier.

CORRECT—Attest: J. W. Young, W. W. West, W. R. Baggett, Directors.

(SEAL)

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 9th day of July 1935. DOLLYE COATES, Notary Public, Crockett, County, Texas.

Report of Affiliate of a National Bank Made in Compliance with the Requirements of the Banking Act of 1933

Report as of June 29th, 1935, of

OZONA LOAN COMPANY

OZONA, TEXAS

Charter No. 7748 Federal Reserve District No. 11

Function or type of business:

The Ozona Loan Company was organized for the purpose of making livestock loans and has re-discount privileges with the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank of Houston, Texas.

Manner in which above-named organization is affiliated with national bank, and degree of control:

Each corporation has the same officers and directors and the shareholders of each are identical.

Financial relations with bank:

Stock of affiliated bank owned None
Stock of other banks owned None
Amount on deposit in affiliated bank \$717.33
Loans to affiliated bank None
Borrowings from affiliated bank \$1,500.00

Other information necessary to disclose fully relations with bank: None

I, Scott Peters, Secretary-Treasurer of Ozona Loan Company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

SCOTT PETERS.

(SEAL)

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 9th day of July, 1935. DOLLYE COATES, Notary Public, Crockett, County, Texas.

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Although your electric range gives you cool "Kitchen Comfort", its automatic features make it possible for you to leave home for the afternoon and return to a dinner—cooked while you're away enjoying yourself or engaged in some other household task.

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West Texas Utilities Company

West Point
Famous Picture For Showing July 28

Hollywood "Join when a large com featured player com were sent to Rand on, famous \$10,000 for scenes in "Wee Air." Wallace Beer Goldwin-Mayer stat be shown Sunday July 28 and 29 at Theater under au Lions Club.

The regiment of men, director's ai cording experts, ners, was the larges sent out to a single studio.

For aerial photos was shot from th worked from a pla in the air on top tower, famous 4.1 power airplane be in planes in the ai with camera "cove rack roofs.

The first days duded two difficu nevers flown by ng one of their Searly one hundre

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"West Point of the Air," Air Thriller, Filmed at Randolph Field, San Antonio

**Famous Picture Coming
For Showing Here
July 28-29**

Hollywood "joined the army" when a large company of stars, featured players and technicians were sent to Randolph Field, Texas, famous \$10,000,000 air school for scenes in "West Point of the Air." Wallace Beery's new Metro-Goldwin-Mayer starring picture to be shown Sunday and Monday, July 28 and 29 at the Ozona Theater under auspices of the Lions Club.

The regiment of seventy camera men, director's aides, sound-recording experts, and other workers was the largest number ever sent out to a single location by the studio.

For aerial photography two cameras shot from the ground; two worked from a platform 168 feet in the air on top of Randolph tower, famous 4,000,000 candle power airplane beacon; two were in planes in the air, while a seventh camera "covered" from barracks roofs.

The first days shooting included two difficult training maneuvers flown by army aces during one of their regular flights. Nearly one hundred ships in per-

fect flying formation created the letters "U. S. A." and formed a triple chevron mark.

While Beery flew from Hollywood in his six passenger Bellanca monoplane with his pilot Charles LaJotte, other members of the company travelled by train. With them they carried over eight tons of cameras, sound and electrical equipment which was unpacked at the field.

It was one of the most complete "miniature studios" ever set up on a location, and included apparatus for developing and printing film so that the director could see the "tests" of scenes right on the flying field.

Famed Globe Trotter

Heading the camera crew was M-G-M's famed Clyde De Vinna, globe trotting lens expert, who has filmed pictures in Africa, the Arctic, and South Seas, with Charles Marshall, aerial camera expert and a staff of ten assistants. The company made its headquarters in San Antonio, Texas, twenty miles from the famous Army training field during filming of the picture.

Notable supporting players who appeared in location scenes with Beery included Robert Young, Maureen O'Sullivan Lewis Stone, James Gleason, Rosalind Russell, Russell Hardie, Henry Wadsworth Robert Livingston and Robert Taylor.

The picture is based on an original story by John Monk Saunders Richard Rosson, who scored with his work as co-director of "Tiger Shark" and "Roar of the Crowd," directed.

Hugh Boyd, employe on the Joe Davidson ranch, with his brother, Leonard, left yesterday for Comanche. After visiting there for a few days, he will return with his mother, who has been visiting with her mother there the past few days.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. West, who are touring the west coast and northwestern states, were in Portland Oregon, the last of last week, according to word received here by members of the family. They are enjoying the trip through that area, they wrote.

PLANS HOME ADDITION

Morris Dudley has planned the building of additional rooms to his house in town. The Dudley home is located on the main street leading to Barnhart and is five blocks from the downtown section.

Scout Court Of Honor Is Slated For August Third

A Scout court of honor for the local troop, No. 53, to be held on or near August 3, was announced by Scoutmaster Joe Haddon who was a visitor in Ozona last Thursday.

The Scoutmaster had completed a camp schedule at Lake Nasworthy before coming here. He was scheduled to hold swimming tests for various Scout troops in the Concho Valley Council during the past week before leaving with the San Angelo Lions Club band for the international convention which will be held in Mexico City July 23 to 26.

MRS. CARL DORLEY LAS AMIGAS HOSTESS

Mrs. Carl Dorley entertained Las Amigas club and a few guests with a breakfast at the Hotel Ozona Saturday morning. The tables were decorated with bowls of pink zinnias. Miss Mildred North held high score for the club and Mrs. Evert White guest high. The others present were Mrs. Hilley Phillips, Mrs. H. B. Tandy, Mrs. Ralph Meinecke, Mrs. Mahlon Robertson, Mrs. Ralph Jones, Mrs. Hugh Childress, Jr., Mrs. Marshal Montgomery, Mrs. Beeler Brown, Mrs. Richard Flowers, Mrs. Clyde Newberry, Mrs. Winston Newberry, Miss Wanda Watson, Miss Helen Henderson, Mrs. Bob Weaver and Miss Ethel Childress.

Carbon paper at the Stockman office.

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SAFETY — RESULTS

Registered Pharmacists

OZONA DRUG STORE

A HOME-OWNED STORE
"Just a Little Better Service"

COUNT 'EM!

DENVER, July 8—If all the silver and copper coins that have rolled from the stamping machines of the United States mint here since the first of the year

were laid end to end, they would form a line 256 miles long. Nearly \$2,000,000 worth of coins have been made. They include 14,000,000 pennies, 1,400,000 half-dollars, 1,966,000 quarters, 2,850,000 dimes and 2,146,000 five-cent pieces.

Dr. Sellers Moore and his mother were in Pearsall last Thursday where Dr. Moore treated a relative.

Adding machine paper at the Stockman office.

LET YOUR gas tank talk!

PUT ME ON A GULF
DIET FOR JUST 3
WEEKS—AND I'LL
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IF YOUR tank hasn't held Gulf gas lately, try it and see what it can do.

Inside of 3 weeks, you'll check the findings made by 750 car owners who recently took up this offer.

They tried That Good Gulf Gasoline in their cars 3 weeks—checked it for mileage, starting, pick-up, power, all-around performance.

7 out of 10 found Gulf better on one or more of these 5 points—many on all five!

Why? Gulf is 5 good gasolines in one! Controlled refining gives it not only 2 or 3—but all five qualities of a perfect gasoline.

Start your tank on a Gulf diet today. In 3 weeks you'll be a Good Gulf fan.

GULF REFINING COMPANY

Q. What parking hint can save you gasoline? You'll find the answer in this Gulf Booklet, plus 14 other valuable economy hints. Free—at the Sign of the Orange Disc.



THAT GOOD GULF GASOLINE



You Can't Advertise Today and Quit Tomorrow . . .

You're Not Talking to a Mass Meeting
. . . You're Talking to a Parade!

By BRUCE BARTON

Ceaseless hammering on the same spot helps win prize fights . . . it is the essence of advertising success. Not until enough individuals in the same neighborhood have been sufficiently saturated with a certain slogan, say, to cause them to react on one another does advertising become a social phenomenon.

The modern business man realizes that his best customers wear out at a rate of nearly 3 per cent a year. Advertising-made prospects disappear far faster. Casual impressions, ohwver favorable, dry like dew in the heat of competition.

"Cumulative" effects of advertising come not from one advertisement paving the way for another. This is negligible, to say the least. Cumulative effect, on the contrary, comes from salvaging as customers half-finished prospects.

Each advertiser is in much the same plight. If he quits successful, he loses money. If he quits unsuccessful, he tosses away an equity in public recognition far more valuable than the money: So many thousand partly manufactured customers. The second group are spending as little money as they can and still keep their names before the public. They believe themselves wise spenders because they spend so very cautiously—or perhaps reluctantly is a better word . . .

The bald truth is that these reluctant spenders are, as a class, the real over-spenders in advertising!

COMING--

**Kennedy Sisters
Stock Co.**

IN THE BIG TENT

**Mon., July 22
AND ALL WEEK**

The show you all know. Bigger and Better
than ever before

OPENING BILL--

"FOR CRYING OUT LOUD"

FEATURING 8-PIECE ORCHESTRA

LADIES FREE! With one paid adult ticket
Opening Night.

ADMISSION- 10 and 20 Cents

