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MIDLAND SCORES IT ON ODESSA

LAST FRIDAY WAS SCENE OF FAST FOOTBALL GAME ON LOCAL GROUND

The Midland high school and the Odessa high school football teams clashed horns on the Midland high school gridiron last Friday in one of the fastest and cleanest games since the Midland College teams were in action, with a victory of 13-6 for Midland.

The first half of the game featured strong line plunges while the last half was devoted principally to kicks and passes. Midland displayed a strong defense, especially in the line. The Odessa line was strong as well as heavy and withstood the continual plunging of the Midland boys until the last half when they gave way, thereby allowing Midland to score two touch-downs. These were made by Young and Thomas in the third and last quarters. An extra point was made by Hill by completing pass over goal line. The touchdown for Odessa was made by Whittenburg by intercepting a forward pass.

The Midland tackling, as a whole, was weak in comparison with that of Odessa. The Odessa boys were evidently hard hitters as the game was fought hard by both sides during the first half.

Heath made a strong lead of 30 yards during the last quarter by receiving a pass; Watson demoralized the Odessa team by intercepting several forward passes. Both Young and Hill are to be congratulated on continual ground gains and defensive work.

Amburgey, of Odessa, received the ball from kick-off and returned it 35 yards before he was downed by Williams. Harvey found a hole in the Midland line and made a gain of 15 yards. Midland made 15 first downs as compared with Odessa's 6.

Midland paid two 15 yard penalties for personal fouls and five 5 yard penalties for technical fouls. Odessa was not penalized during the game.

Miss Lillie B. Williams, with her array of rosters, composed of high school boys and girls, mostly girls, was on the ground of battle at an early hour and the encouragement received from them was a large factor in carrying the Midland boys to victory. With a little co-operation on the part of the high school boys Midland could have a yelling squad equal to that of any of our colleges.

The line-ups were as follows:
Odessa—Voss, center; Kipling, right guard; Baily, left guard; Edwards, right tackle; Marr, left tackle; Whittenburg, right end; Tripp, left end; Amburgey, quarter-back; Jones, right half-back; Cody, left half-back; Harvey, full-back.

Midland—Roberts, center; King, right guard; Gates, left guard; Thonias, left tackle; Taylor, right end; Williams, left end; Hill, quarter-back; Heath, right half-back; Young, left half-back; Watson, full-back.

Marsh, referee; Amburgey, umpire; Thomas, head lineman; Lackey & McCorkle, timekeepers.

During the last half Midland substituted as follows: Floyd for King, Lee for Roberts, Henry for Floyd, Buchanan for Taylor, Greenhill for Henry. All subs played exceptionally well considering the fact that they had only one week's work out.

Midland will play Pecos in an Armistice Day game, at Midland on Saturday, November 10th. The same teams will play a Thanksgiving day game, at Pecos on November 29th.

WOULD A HIGHER EDUCATION MAKE LIFE FINER, AND HOW?

A Future Homemaker.—I could not be most successful on the farm if I did not have enough education to know the duties and essentials of good farming. I should know how to keep accounts, how to can and dry fruits and vegetables, and how to plan correctly balanced meals with the foods available on the farm. To make farm life finer and richer, I should have a knowledge of home economics and of poultry raising. With study I shall be able to make careful plans to meet the problems arising in the farm home.—Polly, in the Progressive Farmer.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Cowden came in yesterday from their ranch near Odessa to spend a few days with relatives.

HOW IS OUR CHAMBER OF COMMERCE?

The greatest asset to any locality or city is its chamber of commerce. It is through this organization that practically all of the advertising of your city is placed in the hands of countless thousands of interested people throughout the country. It is these thousands who are looking for new locations that will settle somewhere. Would you expect them to settle in your particular city when the chances are that they have never heard of it or at least didn't know of any of its conditions? Certainly not. That is the reason for the advertising. When everyone else is advertising it is also your turn if you would stay in the front ranks.

Since it has long been proven that correct advertising pays large dividends let us consider the different forms of advertising. One method which is probably the most expensive is the mailing list. Although it is advisable to adopt some particular method and use it with heart and soul it is also advisable to use the different methods to advantage. We all realize that a magazine or newspaper with a circulation of 20,000 will deliver a message cheaper than the post office department, considering of course, the number of readers that will see your message. The postage alone on 20,000 circular letters would be three or four times greater than an advertisement which would reach a like number in the magazine or newspaper.

The greatest and most economical advertising lies in the so-called "free advertising." Tourists will give you more real advertising than you can possibly get by any other method. Every live chamber of commerce should have a sufficient number of persons whose duty it is to talk with every tourist possible. The tourist should be supplied with all available information from where to fill his thermos bottle with good water to the distance to Los Angeles. Road maps, sanitary drinking cups and other necessities should be furnished for his convenience and comfort. Find out if possible, where he is from, his business, and point out how a business of his kind would fare in your particular locality. Get some data on and show interest in his locality, or, in other words, make a friend of him. The chances are good that he will leave with a heart overflowing with gratitude and good wishes for you and your city. If he does you can estimate free advertising from him such as will more than offset the expense and time you have put forth. Be a friend and well-wisher to the tourist and he will advertise you as no other means of advertising will, and it is so noticeably inexpensive.

SCHOOL LUNCH CONTAINERS

The school lunch should be packed in any container which can be kept clean. Lunch boxes containing thermos bottles are now on the market and are highly recommended. Tin buckets having a number of holes in the lid or on opposite sides of the bucket just below the lid to insure ventilation make satisfactory containers.

All foods should be cold before being packed. Sandwiches should be wrapped separately in oiled paper or clean, plain white wrapping paper. Food that is least likely to crush and pack should be placed in the bottom. If a lunch is provided for recess it should be packed so that the main lunch will not be disturbed in getting it.

Children should eat at tables or at their desks in an orderly fashion and not outside on the school grounds as they run and play.

The county demonstration agents are giving special instructions in the preparation of school lunches.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Cowden and son have moved to the ranch to spend the winter. They are at the "6'S," 30 miles west of town.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Coyle, of Brownwood, are spending the week with friends in Midland.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Johnson spent last week in San Angelo, visiting friends and attending the fair.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Percy Mims yesterday, an eight pound boy. The Reporter offers congratulations.

Editor C. C. Watson returned on Thursday morning from a business trip to Dallas and Ft. Worth.

LARGEST SHIPMENT IN SEVERAL MONTHS

The shipment of cattle from Midland on last Monday evening, nearly 40 cars, was the largest which has gone from here in several months. A number of the cattle were going to Ft. Worth for the auction sale on Thursday and Friday, others to market and still others to pasture.

S. M. Francis shipped 4 cars to Ft. Worth, 3 to be in the auction sale and 1 on the market.

J. T. Poole 2 cars, 1 for the sale and 1 on the market.

Scharbauer Cattle Company 10 cars of steers, all for the sale.

J. P. Collins 1 car of mixed cattle for the market.

Lane Dupree 19 cars to pasture at Perico. He bought 253 head of these cattle from T. O. Midkiff and Sam Preston; 463 head from Foy Proctor and J. V. Stokes, Jr., and 100 head from J. T. Poole.

BOB SCRUGGS BUYS COYLE-CORDILL GARAGE

On Tuesday of this week, Bob Scruggs, proprietor of the City Garage, bought the Coyle-Cordill garage. He will move his equipment to the new home and include it with that of the Coyle-Cordill equipment, giving him one of the best equipped garages in Midland.

Mr. Scruggs takes over the Buick agency and, being interested in the Star and Durant agencies, will be in a position to supply the needs of anyone interested in a car. His line of accessories will be complete.

Mr. Cordill, who has been with the Texas Company for some time, will direct his attentions to the oil business.

Mrs. S. C. House has gone to Lubbock to spend the winter with her sister, Mrs. Davey.

WOULD ABANDON THE MIDLAND & N. W.

The receivers of the Texas & Pacific Railway Company have filed an application with the Interstate Commerce Commission in which they ask authority to abandon and dismate the Midland & Northwestern railroad as being "notoriously insolvent."

The Midland & Northwestern was incorporated under Texas laws in 1916 and operated for three years. According to the figures in the application, the annual deficit was \$20,650. It is stated in the application that, in addition to the \$351,154 indebtedness, it will require an additional sum of \$235,000 to put the road in condition for operation. Owing to the limitations in the Federal charter of the Texas & Pacific the Midland & Northwestern can not be operated as a part of that system. The application states further that the road was not providently located and was without prospects of increasing tonnage and that the operation of the line would mean a heavy annual loss.

WILL EXHIBIT AT ST. JOSEPH, MO.

The grand champion steer calves of the recent show, weighing 550 1-2 pounds, together with a load of heifer calves weighing 504 pounds, were shipped by Roy Parks from Odessa on October 11th, to Prather Bros. & Scammon, of Rockport, Mo. They were shipped to St. Joseph, Mo., where they will be placed on exhibition. This is one of the best shipments of calves ever shipped out of this section of the country and they created an exceptional high interest among local stockmen.

Mrs. E. Garvin, of Dallas, arrived last Saturday to spend the winter in Midland with her brother, "Uncle Henry" Wolcott.

MITCHELL COUNTY BUYERS ARE HERE

SEVERAL LAND PURCHASES ARE MADE AND PROSPECTS LOOKING BRIGHT

Since the days of pre-war times there has never been a week which created such excitement and activity in the real estate market as did this past week. Real estate agents and dealers are on top-toes and one of the heaviest campaigns in the history of Midland is being launched in order to get outside buyers to handle the thousands of acres of uncultivated soil. The time will be short in coming when practically every acre of tillable land within a radius of 20 miles of Midland will be under cultivation.

It looks as though the Midland section is going to come to the front ranks. This past week has seen some of the most active days in many months. Farmers are coming in from the outside. They are interested in this as a farming country. It is going to be one of the cotton centers of Texas, and this day is rapidly approaching.

The farms in the east are not sufficient to supply land for the number of farmers to be supplied. They are looking for a new country and West Texas is their goal. They are gradually moving this way and it is now time for Midland to help supply these farmers with tillable soil. Midland is coming and is coming fast and it is going to be the dirt-farmers who bring it back. She will be the mecca of West Texas for the farmer in the future as it has been for the cattleman in the past. The farming of this country is going to place it in the lead as a producing country and it is time for everyone to think and talk Midland to everyone with whom they come in contact.

A large percent of these farmers cannot handle large farms, but are interested in farms of from 100 to 400 acres. The larger tracts will have to be cut up into smaller tracts in order to get within the reach of the average buyer.

The deals which have come to our attention were made this week with Mitchell County buyers. Included in these deals were:

The 327 acre farm of Mrs. W. F. Anderson, situated 3 miles south of town.

The M. C. Ulmer farm, consisting of 160 acres, located 4 miles east of town.

The E. N. Snodgrass farm, consisting of 360 acres, situated 2 1-2 miles north of town.

The First National Bank sold 430 acres of farming land to these parties but the location has not been learned.

While these sale prices on the above deals are private we are assured that they are well in line with the conditions of the country. The parties buying these farms will move here and will make this their homes. They will place this land under cultivation next year, a majority of it being in cotton.

We understand that several other deals have been made but not closed at this time.

SIXTEENTH ANNUAL SALE OF CHRISTMAS SEALS

Six hundred and thirty-six miles of Tuberculosis Christmas Seals for the 16th annual sale in Texas have been received by the Texas Public Health Association and its local associations.

Texas' quota this year is 40,300,000 seals. The seals are one inch long. If placed end to end they would reach from Denison to San Antonio following the Katy tracks and from there to Houston following the S. A. & A. P.

Although the seals sell for only one cent each, the amount of good that they accomplish is tremendous. The seals make possible health work, clinics, children's camps, nursing, health lectures and demonstrations, the Modern Health Crusade, etc.

The seals this year show a small child seated before a fireplace and the smoke of the fire forms a picture of Santa Claus. The words "Merry Christmas 1923" appear at the top and the double barred cross, the emblem of the nation-wide fight against tuberculosis, is at the sides.

J. Wiley Taylor spent yesterday in Big Spring, on business.

GOOD RAINS COVER MIDLAND COUNTRY

ONE OF THE BEST SEASONS IN GROUND TO DATE WE'VE HAD IN YEARS

The local stockmen and farmers have declared slickers and boots in vogue, and after scanning the heavens for a bit of sunlight, declare that this is not such a bad country after all. The downpour of rain, over practically all of West Texas, has broken the humidity of the past several weeks and leaves the country in the best of conditions for the coming winter and an abundance of grass is assured.

Reports from over the country show that the rain was general, in many places being heavier than in Midland. Seminole reports approximately 10 inches. It reached as far south as San Angelo and probably farther. Along the line of Texas and New Mexico rain was plentiful. The entire Panhandle has been soaked and roads are washed away or flooded with water. Bridges on the roads west of San Angelo to Alpine, along the Orient railroad, are flooded and impassable.

The stockmen are prone to say that it has rained enough but they are hinting a few days of sunshine would make the weeds and grass come to the front. Andy Gump would say that "rain was as welcome as a headache," but such is not the case in this country. A good general rain is the most welcomed thing conceivable and the people are always in high spirits when a deluge has passed, leaving green grass and weeds in its path. Lo and behold the one who propounds the prophesies as "a new comer or a d—fool" when he predicts rain from a battery of heavy clouds. It isn't being done this season and looks as though it is only a dream of the past.

OIL ACTIVITIES IN REAGAN COUNTY

Reagan County is again stepping into the limelight of oil development. The Santa Rita well No. 1, together with a vast acreage, a part of the holdings of the Texon Oil Company, has been acquired by the Transcontinental Oil Company, the consideration being \$1,000,000. The acreage included in this acquisition the two offset wells Nos. 2 and 3.

The Ft. Worth Star-Telegram says: "Belief that the acquisition of 16 sections of the Reagan County holdings of the Texon Oil Company by the Transcontinental would be followed by early development to determine the possibilities of that field is borne out, according to information obtained by Ft. Worth parties interested in acreage in that section."

"According to information one of the terms of the sale to the Transcontinental called for the drilling of four additional tests in the corners of the 16-section block in the center of the Texon holdings acquired by the Transcontinental."

The Santa Rita No. 1 is now producing about 150 barrels per day.

THE ADVANTAGES OF FALL PAINTING

There are many advantages to be derived from fall painting. In the first place, the temperature is more favorable for drying, and the paint will therefore have greater lasting qualities. The sun is warm in the daytime, which permits of easy spreading on and brushing in of the paint, and the nights, being cool, tend to slow up the drying of the outer surface of the film, thus giving the inside an opportunity to dry uniformly with the outside. Paint experts are agreed that better satisfaction always results when the drying process is from the inside out.—Jason E. Durst in the Progressive Farmer.

Mr. and Mrs. Bill Benton, former residents of Andrews, but who have been living at Three Rivers, N. M., for a time, have returned to Andrews County where Mr. Benton will be foreman on the Joe Jay ranch which is being stocked. While in New Mexico Mr. Benton had charge of the registered cattle on Secretary Fall's ranch, and friends in Midland will be glad to know of his return to this section.

Mrs. T. B. Roberts is in Abilene visiting her daughter, Mrs. Jack Perry.

Quality Merchandise

Florsheim Shoes

"For the Man Who Cares"

Let your next pair be a Florsheim—the shoe of real comfort and durability.

Bootees

WHY NOT A BOOTEE?

It fits like a Dress Shoe and looks like one. They are made by the famous boot-makers, H. J. Justin & Sons.

Priced \$15.00 and \$16.50

Footwear

FOR THE ENTIRE FAMILY

Shoes that will wear the children. Just the thing for school wear, and you will find our prices the lowest.

Make Our Store Your Store

Midland Mercantile Co.

"THE APPRECIATIVE STORE"

Grocery Phone

No. 6

Dry Goods Phone

No. 284

TRADE RECORD

Sight countries and colonies are now buying this comparatively new product of the American factory. Our exports of tin plate in last decade \$25,000,000 against \$20,000,000 in preceding decade.

Announcement that the tin plate output of the United States in the current year will be the "biggest ever" illustrates the facility with which American manufacturers and workmen develop great industries in comparatively brief periods. It was not until about 1890, says the Trade Record of the National City Bank of New York, that the manufacture of tin plate in the United States was begun. Prior to that time we were entirely dependent upon tin plate from abroad and the importations ran into the hundreds of millions of pounds annually, and in the fiscal year 1891 crosses the billion pound line making in that year its highest record of 1,036,489,074 pounds with a value of \$36,000,000.

Then the American manufacturers, recognizing that while the United States produced no tin they did make plenty of iron sheets, and that by bringing the tin from the other side of the globe they could apply it to American iron sheets and supply to the people of the United States the enormous and constantly increasing quantity of tin plate which they were requiring in their building and other industries. In the first full year following the establishment of the industry, 1892, they turned out 42,000,000 pounds of tin plate, by 1900 it had reached 850,000,000 lbs., in 1903 the output passed a billion pounds, in 1912 it was over 2,000,000,000, in 1917 more than 3,000,000,000, and in 1923 will slightly exceed the high record established in 1917 when we were not only meeting our entire domestic requirements but supplying enormous quantities to other parts of the world.

Meantime the importations of foreign tin plate had dropped from the one billion pounds of 1891 to 95,000,000 in 1911, 10,000,000 in 1915, and 1,000,000 in 1917. Since the close of the war there has been a slight increase in the importation but still an extremely small quantity as compared with the domestic production, which as above indicated is now running at the rate of about 3 1-2 billion pounds a year.

The whole world has gradually learned the value of American tin plate and the exports, which amounted to less than a quarter of a million pounds in 1900, were 26,000,000 in 1910, 106,000,000 in 1914, and with the demands of the war jumped to 560,000,000 in 1918, dropping of course, with the close of the war and resumption of tin plate manufacture in Europe, but will stand for the current year at about 250,000,000 pounds with a value of approximately \$13,000,000.

All of this 3 1-2 billion pounds of tin plate which we are making in the United States in 1923 is coated with tin brought chiefly from the other side of the globe. The Malayan Peninsula, a couple of tiny Dutch East Indian Islands and our South American neighbor Bolivia, are the world's chief producers of tin and it is from these three spots, two of them on the opposite side of the globe and one in the interior of South America, that we bring the \$60,000,000 worth of pig tin used in turning out this enormous quantity of tin plate.

And we pay for a part of this tin ore which we bring chiefly from the Malayan Peninsula and the Dutch East Indies with American sheets of iron or steel coated with the tin brought from those sections of the globe. Our exportation of tin plate to the Straits Settlements the biggest source of tin, amounted in the calendar year 1921, the latest year for which details are available, to nearly 10,000,000 pounds, and to the Dutch East Indies, which also supply us a large quantity of tin, about 7,000,000 pounds. The total value of tin plate exported from the United States since the beginning of the war is approximately \$250,000,000 as against approximately \$20,000,000 in the decade preceding the war.

The exportation of this comparatively new product of the American factory is now distributed to literally every part of the globe, the total number of countries and colonies to which it was sent in 1921, the latest year for which details are available, having been over eighty. The census records show that the capital invested in the tin plate industry of the country has advanced from \$6,650,000 in 1900 to \$34,915,000 in 1919, and the sums paid for wages from \$1,890,000 to \$5,756,000. The factory valuation of the tin plate output was \$21,892,000 in 1900 and \$97,404,000 in 1919.

Cop.—"Well, you cross here and you'll be there in fifteen minutes."

LET'S STOP FEEDING AND BREEDING CORN WEEVILS

It is not difficult to prevent weevil injury to stored corn, says Progressive Farmer. When this is done, injury from rats and mice is also easily prevented. The remedy is found in the building of a corn crib of such construction that the weevils may be killed by fumigation. This means a crib that is practically air-tight. To build such a crib will cost more than the storage places in which we are accustomed to place corn, but it will pay. If built well, it will last a lifetime, pay for itself, and return a handsome profit on the investment. Anyone who can use saw and hammer can build a crib. Make the floor and walls double, using tongued and grooved lumber with building paper between. Make the door air-tight by using felt strips or pads of cloth. Provide ventilation in the ceiling in case it becomes necessary to cure the corn further after it is stored.

When the corn has been shucked and stored, fumigate with disulphide of carbon, using two pounds for every 100 cubic feet of space. If the crib is 20 x 10 x 7 feet, or 1,400 cubic feet, then 28 pounds of disulphide will be needed. Place the disulphide in shallow vessels and place on top of the corn. Close the door tight and let it remain closed for 36 to 48 hours. Do not allow fire of any kind near the crib while it is fumigating and do not enter it until the poison gas has had time to escape after the door has been opened. If in a week or two after fumigating examination shows any weevils present, repeat the treatment. If not quite positive there are no weevils present by the next March or April, repeat the fumigation, selecting a warm day for the treatment. Small grain, cowpeas, beans, etc., may be protected in the same way.

ROADS SHOW DEGREE OF CIVILIZATION

Gibbon, famous historian, wrote "The character and civilization of any community can be properly judged by the class of roads it has."

The community which can afford a good road and is content to wallow in mud, is, by this standard, not thoroughly civilized. This may not be agreeable reading to those contented with bad roads, yet these very people will judge their neighbors by standards no more exacting. The man who can afford an automobile, a telephone, a lighting system, a warm house, and good clothes, and who walks, borrows high neighbors' phone, reads by candles, has a cold house and wears rags, is not called civilized by his neighbors.

A good road is as necessary for the enjoyment of the advantages modern civilization has to offer as is the ability to read (which was once the accomplishment only of the priest and the king.)

The abandoned farm is seldom or never found on a good road. The illiterate child does not live beside a good road. People who live on or near good roads get to town, see pictures, mix with their fellows, enjoy a rich social life, visit each other, buy and sell quickly and easily, are in touch with the world. Those who live on bad roads cannot even depend upon the R. F. D. if rain or snow lays its prohibition upon the carrier.

This great country is away down the list among the literate nations; one of the reasons is the difficulty of educating either child or adult where mud prevents attendance at school.

Gibbons' measuring rod may not be comfortable, but the facts seem to show it is accurate.

POPULAR EDUCATION AND FREE GOVERNMENT

Popular education is necessary for the preservation of those conditions of freedom, political and social, which are indispensable to free individual development. And, in the second place, no instrumentality less universal in its power and authority than government can secure popular education. Without popular education, moreover, no government which rests upon popular action can long endure. The people must be schooled in the knowledge and, if possible, in the virtues upon which the maintenance and success of free institutions depend. No free government can last in health if it lose hold of the traditions of its history, and in the public schools these traditions may be and should be sedulously preserved, carefully replanted in the thought and consciousness of each successive generation. — Woodrow Wilson.

A gross profit of \$379,000 was made by the Leviathan on her maiden trip, according to figures issued at Washington. Receipts on the outward voyage from New York to Europe were \$411,000 and those on the return trip \$368,000. The actual operating expenditures, not including capital cost, and other overhead, for the round trip totaled \$400,000.

WHERE DOES HEALTH EDUCATION BEGIN?

The man in the car stopped to look at the good-looking farm. The fields were yielding large crops; the stock was in fine condition. Well-made sheds housed the newest and most efficient farm machinery and an auto for travel.

"How many pigs have you?" asked the traveler.

"Just a hundred and nine," said the farmer. "That boar over yonder took first prize at the county fair. He's a full-blooded Duroc."

"You certainly know how to raise pigs, Mr. Farmer."

"I ought to; I've sure made a study of raising hogs. You have to get good stock and then raise them right."

"Your corn looks fine, too."

"Yes, it's going to be a bumper crop."

"I suppose anybody could raise corn around here," ventured the traveler.

"Anybody that's a mind to learn how and willing to work. You have to know how to raise corn; you have to know about the soil, and the seed, and how to raise the crop. I've got the best machinery anywhere around; and it pays. A man can't afford these days to buy inferior stock or tools; and then he's got to keep everlastingly on the job."

A child came running out into the yard, brown as a berry, but thin and sleepy-looking.

"How many children have you?" asked the traveler.

"Nine!" replied the raiser of prize pigs. "Some family, eh?"

"And I suppose you and your wife have made a study of how to raise a prize family of children?"

"Now you're kiddin' me! I reckon what's good enough for their dad is good enough for them."

"But is it? You don't expect your small pigs to eat what your big hogs eat. You don't make prize hogs that way. When you're growing a prize pig you don't say 'it's going to get no more than its mother had,' but 'what does this pig need?'—and that pig won't get it unless you give it to him. You know every point of a prize hog; do you know every point of a prize 6-year-old girl or boy? Or a 10-year-old? Or a 2-year-old?"

"Pears as if it's goin' to rain," said the farmer. "I'll have to be getting the cultivator under the shed. It's new this year and I don't want it to get wet and rust. If you want to keep good machinery you just have to take care of it."

AMERICA'S MOST DISTINGUISHED FARM GIRL

Virginia and the South has long been proud of Peggy Keith, particularly so since she proved her sterling qualities in the International Club Judging Contest at Atlanta in 1921, says the Progressive Farmer. On numerous occasions she has been honored by her native State, and the time has now come when she is to be honored by her country. The United States department of agriculture has chosen Peggy as "America's most distinguished farm girl," and under that descriptive title will exhibit products of her club work at the Eastern States Exposition, Springfield, Mass. The purpose of the government is to show the general public the unlimited possibilities of 4-H club work in developing our farm boys and girls for more aggressive leadership, nobler citizenship, and greater economic independence.

ORCHARD NOTES

Remember that one wants in the home orchards several different varieties of the various fruits so as to have ripe fruit over as long a period of time as possible, writes L. A. Niven, in The Progressive Farmer, Continuing: The reverse, however, is usually true of the commercial orchard, where only a few of the best selling varieties should be planted. Plant some pecans this fall. Wherever cotton will grow, this wonderful nut will grow. Its natural home is in the lower two-thirds of the South. The budded or grafted varieties produce nuts that are undoubtedly superior to any other nuts. These sell at a high price, and are proving very profitable to those now having bearing trees. They also produce beautiful shade trees. We would unhesitatingly recommend that these be planted for shade trees as well as for nut production all over the cotton belt.

ELECTRIC RAILWAYS HIRE MANY THOUSAND OF MEN

There are 77,000 trolley car motormen employed in the country every day on the electric railways. It requires 63,000 conductors for their cars. Approximately 150,000 other men are employed on the tracks and in the shops and car houses of these electric railways. The wages of this large group of men are derived from the receipts of the electric railways from fares paid by their passengers.

YOUR COMPLEXION

Is your most prized possession

But just what precaution do you take to combat the advancing years, the ravages of sun and wind?

On the market there are hundreds of lotions, creams and powders for every complexion ill.

Some are cheap, others reasonably priced and others are exorbitant. When you select a cream or powder do you choose this or that one because you like the perfume, or the fancy container, or are you guided by the reputation for purity and the ability of the article to meet your individual complexion needs?

Mme. Lula Peek

of Elmo Laboratories

Is more than just an "authority" on the treatment of the face and hands. Her lectures and demonstrations are for you. We expect you to attend them at any time of the day most convenient to you.

Three Days Demonstration

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday

October 22, 23 and 24

Take advantage of the opportunity to consult this highly skilled specialist now.

Wadlay-Wilson Co.

One Price - The Lowest - For Cash

SOME HEALTH HINTS FOR CHILDREN

Begin the day by drinking a glass of water and drink at least six glasses during the day.

Do not go to school without breakfast.

Eat regularly three times a day.

Eat slowly and chew all food well.

Drink milk every day—four glasses are not too much.

Eat some breakfast cereal every day.

Eat some vegetables besides potatoes every day.

Eat bread and butter every meal.

Eat some fruit every day and spend pennies for apples instead of candy.

Eat candy only after dinner and supper, never after breakfast.—The Progressive Farmer.

When livestock, cattle, hogs, and sheep, are sold on small local markets it usually means that producers force on the buyer more than he wants and therefore he is compelled to buy at a lower price. By co-operative shipping the man with a few animals, less than a carlot, can get the advantages of carload freight rates and place his stuff on a market where the buyers want the stock.—Progressive Farmer.

A prominent Paris daily paper, deploring the corruption of masculine styles and behavior by Americans in Paris, says that although Britishers in Paris "remain gentlemen, with waistcoats and yellow kids, many Frenchmen follow the lead of Americans who have left their vests in New York, their gloves in Washington, and arrived with naked hands and floating cravats."

KEEP POULTRY FREE OF BLUE BUGS

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ELECTRICAL DEVELOPMENT EFFECTS COPPER BUSINESS

Every electrical plant that is put into operation means another consumer for copper. Hardly a day passes but that some new plans for extending and increasing the use of electricity are brought forward. This is going on over the world, even in remote places, and the combined results of all this activity, as the different plants and establishments get into operation will be a heretofore unheard of demand for copper.

The problem of the near future will be where to get the copper to supply the great demand that the many plans now under way and in contemplation will create for copper.

A race of Lilliputians, scarcely 4 and 1-2 feet tall, live on the Adnan Islands in the Bay of Bengal. In fishing they do not use hook and line but shoot the fish, the bowman balancing on the prow of his canoe and then following the arrow after the fish is struck. The canoes are hewn with stone tools from single logs and are very thin.

The late President Harding's tomb will be guarded by a detachment of regular army troops for six months, as required by law, and perhaps longer. Regular troops were on duty about the tomb of President McKinley for nearly two years to prevent souvenir hunters and other vandals from disturbing the sleep of the dead.

When the root of the common cat-tail is macerated and boiled, a syrup of an excellent flavor is produced. This was commonly used by the Iroquois Indians on corn meal pudding and as a sweetening for other Indian dishes. Cat-tail roots are said to contain as high as 30 per cent of sugar and starch.

The famous old Arrow Rock Tavern, on Missouri river in Missouri, has been purchased by the State and turned over to the Daughters of the American Revolution. The old tavern was a place of rest and refreshment for the Southwestern trader and plainsman. For some time it has been a depository for articles of historic interest. One of these articles is Daniel Boone's fiddle.

LITTLE WAYS TO ECONOMIZE

Mrs. J. M. Brice, in The Progressive Farmer, has the following article:

Do not use good sheets or nice cloths to iron on.

Never put hot things in the ice box.

Do not use a plate full of flour or meal to roll fish or croquettes when a spoonful would do.

Do not use dish towels for holders or nice napkins for dish towels.

Never crack nuts on the flat irons.

Do not leave soap in dish water to waste.

Do not forget to close the preserve, molasses or vinegar containers after using.

Do not leave the coffee or tea boxes open to lose their strength.

Always hang up the mops or brooms after using.

Use newspapers on which to prepare the vegetables and these can easily be cleaned up.

Unreasonable

A noted financier was taken seriously ill at 90 years old and felt that his end was near.

"Nonsense," said the doctor, "the Lord isn't going to take you until you've passed the 100 mark."

"No, my friend," said the aged banker, "that wouldn't be good finance. Why should the Lord wait until I reach par when He can pick me up at 90?"

After fifty years or more of intense agitation in every part of this country and after a large proportion of the individual states had adopted prohibition, the prohibition amendment was written into our national constitution. It is one of the supreme laws of the land. A defiance of that law by foreign governments or the citizens of other countries is a rather dangerous proceeding.

Co-operative marketing will not solve all the farmer's problems, but it will make their solution easier. No one of the farmer's large problems, production, marketing, financing, transportation, etc., can be solved without the solution of the others, but marketing may well receive special attention at this time because in the past it has received so little.—Progressive Farmer.

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Spectacle Ware**
—At—
INMAN'S
Licensed Optometrist

Notice to Receive Bids
On September 8, 1923, the qualified voters of Midland-Glasscock counties, county line common school district No. 9, voted bonds and a tax to pay said bonds for the erection of a new school house for said district. Said bonds will soon be submitted to the attorney general of Texas for his approval, and if approved, bids will be received by the trustees of said school district for the erection of said new building. The plans and specifications for said school house are now on file at the office of Chas. L. Klapproth, county judge of Midland County, Texas, and any contractor or builder, if desiring to bid, may see and inspect said plans and specifications. Sealed bids will be received by the trustees until 10 o'clock a. m. Saturday morning, November 3, 1923, at the office of Chas. L. Klapproth, county judge of Midland County, Texas. All bids must be filed with him at the office. The trustees of said above named school district, after opening the bids on November 3, 1923, reserve the right to reject any or all bids for any reason they may desire to reject any or all of the bids.
CHAS. L. KLAPPROTH,
County Judge of Midland County, Texas
JESS WOOLSEY,
D. O. BAILEY,
Trustees of Midland-Glasscock Counties County Line Common School District No. 9. adv 1-4t

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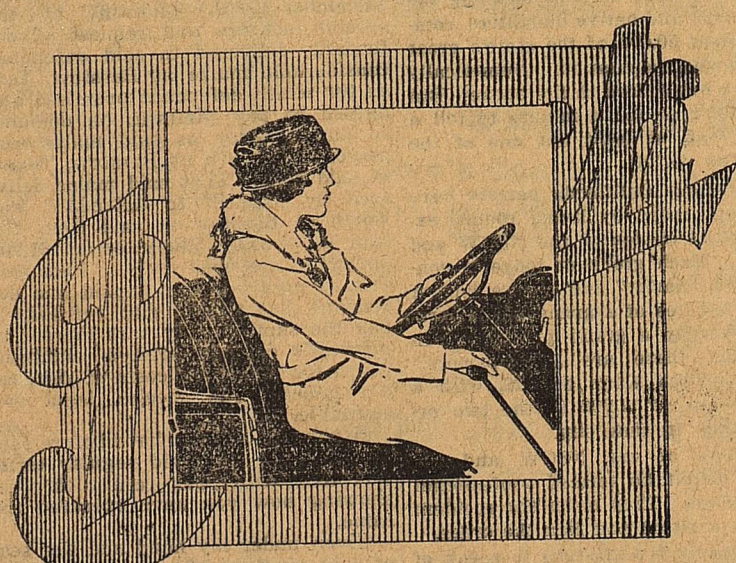


Simplified Art

A certain painter is confined to an asylum. To persons who visit him he says:
"Look at this; it is my latest masterpiece."
They look, and see nothing but an expanse of bare canvas. They ask:
"What does that represent?"
"That? Why, that represents the passage of the Israelites through the Red Sea."
"Beg pardon, but where is the sea?"
"It has been driven back."
"And where are the Israelites?"
"They have crossed over."
"And the Egyptians?"
"Will be here directly. That's the sort of painting I like—simple and unpretentious."

Pleasing Papa
Mother was entertaining a few friends and young hopeful was being duly shown off, and resented it, as all young hopefuls do.
"Who do you like best?" asked one friend.
"Mother," was the reply.
"Who next?" asked another.
"Little sister."
"Who next?"
"Aunt."
Father who was seated at the back, opened his mouth and said: "And when do I come in?"
"At 2 o'clock in the morning," was the reply.

EVERY ONE LIKES A CHANGE NOW AND THEN
While the Paramount programs that have been shown at the Rialto have been all that could be desired in the best of pictures, still we all enjoy a change now and then. Mr. Newton realizes this fact and has again changed back to the Universal programs, featuring all the old favorites and new ones. The coming attractions at this theatre will be all new stuff by favorite actors and actresses. Such persons as Hoot Gibson, Gladys Walton, Bessie Love (the Midland girl) and many others are "beating it back" with new vehicles that will please.
The programs for next week are said to be "hum-dingers" and we will see for ourselves.
To Gain a Good Reputation
The way to gain a good reputation is to endeavor to be what you appear. That is precisely the manner in which Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has gained its reputation as a cure for cough. Every bottle that has ever coughed. Every bottle that has ever been put out by the manufacturers has been fully up to the high standard of excellence claimed for it. People have found that it can be depended upon for the relief and cure of these ailments and that it is pleasant and safe to take. adv Oct 1m



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6-12-15-NP

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INSECTS WILL BE NUMEROUS NEXT SPRING

(By R. R. Reppert, A. & M. Entomologist)
In general, we believe Texas farmers have come to realize the effectiveness of the fall clean-up to control cotton pests, including the boll weevil. Excessive rains have thus far prevented carrying into effect the measures recommended however, both because picking has been delayed and because the soil has been too wet for stalk cutting or plowing in those communities where picking has been completed. It is a case where the intentions are good but natural conditions are against the farmer.
These very conditions, however, are favoring heavy infestation next spring by breeding large numbers of insects this fall. While weevil infestation was low the past summer, due to the drouth and hot weather, the moist conditions of the past few weeks have been favorable to the insects' multiplication. Wherever the writer has examined fields, practically all green squares were found to be harboring weevil larvae. This is going to insure large numbers of young and well-fed larvae, going into winter quarters, if the cotton so continues to grow.
The same conditions of moisture are inducing a heavy growth of weeds both in the fields and along fences. This growth is encouraging a multiplication of both web worms and cut worms. We have personally observed cut worms at work in the gardens and the web worm is also doing a great amount of damage. If conditions continue favorable to these two insects, and next season's cotton fields are weedy and grassy during winter and up to near the time of planting, the damage that resulted last spring from the web worm and cut worm, especially the latter, in parts of the cotton belt, will appear insignificant as compared with what will occur next spring.
Our work consists as much in forestalling insect outbreaks and suggesting preventive measures as in giving remedies after the insects are present. Preventive measures are by far the better, where such can be applied. As before mentioned, winter conditions may be such as to make our fears groundless. But don't count on them. Present indications favor heavy insect infestation of cotton next year.
Do what you can now to prevent damage next year. As soon as the weather is favorable get then cotton picked, then—
1. Kill the cotton plant at once.
2. Prepare the soil this fall, preferably by plowing to a depth of six inches.
3. Keep weed growth entirely eradicated during winter and spring by occasional harrowing.
4. Bun trash along fences, ditches and other waste places in mid-winter. "Fight 'em in '23! Miss 'em in '24!"

PROTECTING THE WATER SUPPLY
Through contaminated water comes a great many of our fatal diseases, and until we learn to guard our drinking water from all human filth by safely disposing of it, these diseases will continue to take their toll each year. It takes only a few hours to make a privy house sanitary, and having done so, see that all water courses are fixed so that no filth can enter.
Following are some rules for dug wells:
Do not use a bucket—buy a pump.
Do not handle well-rope or chain with hands.
Make lining of well water-tight from surface of ground for at least 10 feet.
Bring lining of well to at least one foot above ground.
Provide tight cover, concrete preferable; extend several feet around edge of well.
Slope ground away from top of the well to drain off waste water.
Following are some good rules for protecting springs:
Protect by water-tight box of concrete, brick, or sewer tile.
Insert pipe through wall and collect water in bucket.
Place pump in spring, if spring is not near the house.
Keep privy, cesspool, stable and hog pen as far from spring as possible and on a lower level than spring.—Progressive Farmer.

It has been said that more than one in four people annually attend fairs in the United States. What a great school the fairs are—for men and women, boys and girls, from cities, villages, and farms. The fairs of each year offer new courses for those who have attended before. No examination is required and every exhibitor becomes a member of the faculty and every member of the faculty attends classes. There is no other school so democratic as the fair, and no other school teaches so much in so short a space of time.—Progressive Farmer.

REALIZE VALUE OF LEGION

Victims of Arkansas City (Kan.) Flood Appreciate Aid Rendered by Ex-Service Men.
Citizens of Arkansas City, Kan., realized the value of an active post of the American Legion during the recent flood disaster which destroyed many lives and caused millions of dollars in property damage to communities in southern Kansas.
With the town placed under what approximated martial law, members of the Shelton Beaty post of the Legion assumed a task that only men with military training could master. The duty was to act in conjunction with the city authorities to obtain obedience of laws formulated hurriedly for the benefit of the town and to guard the flooded area from the pillaging of unscrupulous persons who flocked to the stricken district to loot what the water had left.
An organization was formed in short order by the Legionnaires and a cordon of guards was thrown about the water front. Guard shifts were chosen from 125 volunteers, who performed this task for three nights until the flood abated. A battery of field artillery of the National Guard, called out with the start of the flood, was in the midst of a drive for recruits, and it was necessary for Legionnaires to fill the depleted ranks of the organization to save its members from the strain of night and day service.
The Legionnaires' members had underwritten in part a guarantee to a Chautauqua company before the disaster occurred. Communicating with Chautauqua officials they obtained release from their contract and an offer from the company to stage the program for the benefit of the flood relief fund.
Now the veterans propose to cooperate in plans to be formulated by civic organizations working toward repair of damage caused by the flood and for permanent relief to persons who lost their homes and property.

MEMORIAL TO ALL WAR DEAD

Structure in Oakland, Cal., Also to Contain Names of Heroes of Allied Nations.
A majestic memorial to the dead of the World War, destined eventually to contain the names of the war dead of every allied nation, has been erected in Oakland, Cal., as the personal contribution of Dr. Leroy F. Herrick. Already the names of 84,324 American heroes have been placed in the crypt, and records from other nations will be sealed in the vault as they are received.
The memorial has been erected in the Allied Memorial Center on the banks of Lake Merritt in Oakland. Doctor Herrick, who for the past 30 years has been a practicing physician in Oakland, paid the entire cost of the memorial, a structure of steel and stone, and will maintain it. It has been his ambition since 1919 to erect such a memorial, and his unique plans for recognition of the heroism of the dead have won commendation.
Special ceremony has marked the placing of each list, participated in by the American Legion and other veterans' organizations. Doctor Herrick plans to mark each day made historical by World War events with some such ceremony.
He expects to receive the Canadian list next, which will be followed by the Australian and New Zealand rolls. Much delay is anticipated in obtaining the lists of the 1,500,000 war dead of France, and for the complete lists of England, Belgium and other allies.
The monument has portraits of Washington, Lincoln, Roosevelt and Wilson carved in the stone, and the whole is surmounted by an American eagle.

WINS COOLIE LABOR BATTLE

American Legion in Queens County, New York, Obtains Deportation of Imported Workmen.
The coolie labor question has always been considered as one affecting the Pacific coast alone. But this is not the case, according to recent newspaper accounts. Had it not been for a post of the American Legion, such cheap labor would be turning out goods in a Long Island (N. Y.) factory.
For a long time two hundred Chinese had been employed in certain factories in Long Island City, but the Legion in Queens county, headed by the Blissville post, brought pressure to bear on the federal authorities so that they swooped down on these factories, arrested the men, and placed them on Ellis Island, where they were later to be deported.
This action by government officials culminated a year's fight by the former service men, in the face of adverse circumstances. Newspaper columns were closed to this gross violation of the federal law, but the dauntless Legion men kept hammering away until their point was carried and the men were on their way out of the country.
Texas Will Have Exhibit.
Not only will the traditional "old gray mare" from Texas be there, but a long-horned Texas steer will be taken by the Lone Star state Legionnaires to the national convention of the American Legion at San Francisco. Plans for special stunts on the way to and at the convention were made recently by John C. Townes, Texas department commander.

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Citation by Publication
The State of Texas,
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Midland County—Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to summon B. C. Girdley by making publication of this citation once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in the nearest county where a newspaper is published, to appear at the next regular term of the district court of Midland County, to be holden at the court house thereof in Midland County, on the first Monday in February, 1924, the same being the fourth day of February, 1924, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 22nd day of September, A. D., 1923, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 1685; wherein A. T. Prendergast is plaintiff and J. O. Nobles and B. C. Girdley are defendants. Said petition alleging that the plaintiff, A. T. Prendergast, is the legal owner and holder of two vendor's lien notes dated November 3, 1919, numbered One and Three, respectively, in the sum of five hundred dollars each, and due in nine and twenty-one months after date respectively, bearing interest at the rate of eight per cent per annum from date, and providing for ten per cent attorney's fees in case they are placed in the hands of an attorney for collection, signed by J. O. Nobles, and payable to the order of J. E. Shumate, which said notes retain a vendor's lien on Lot Four (4) Block Sixty-one (61), Original Town of Midland, Texas, and that said lien is retained in a deed executed by J. E. Shumate and wife to J. O. Nobles of even date with said notes.
That on or about November 15, 1919, the said J. O. Nobles and wife conveyed said property to B. C. Girdley, who assumed and agreed to pay off the notes above described; that by written assignment plaintiff is now the legal owner and holder of said notes of Five Hundred Dollars each, and that same are past due and unpaid; that note number two in the sum of Three Hundred Dollars has been paid off and discharged by the said B. C. Girdley. That plaintiff has placed said notes in the hands of E. R. Bryan, an attorney for collection, and has agreed to pay the said E. R. Bryan ten per cent attorney's fees specified in said notes.
Plaintiff prays for judgment, for his debt and foreclosure of the lien, and that said premises be decreed to be sold, and the sheriff or officer selling said premises to place the purchaser in possession thereof within thirty days, together with his interest, attorney's fees, and costs of suit.
Plaintiff hereby notifies B. C. Girdley, defendant, that he will file suit among the papers in this cause three days before the trial thereof a certified copy of a deed from J. E. Shumate and wife to J. O. Nobles, of date, November 3, 1919, and a certified copy of a deed from J. O. Nobles and wife to B. C. Girdley, of date, November 15, 1919, which he will offer in evidence in the trial of this case.
Herein fail not, but have you before said court on the said first day of the next term thereof this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.
Witness, C. B. Dunagan, clerk of the District Court of Midland County.
Given under my hand and seal of said court in the town of Midland, Texas, this 22nd day of September, A. D., 1923.
C. B. DUNAGAN,
Clerk of the District Court of Midland County, Texas.
Issued this 22nd day of September, A. D., 1923.
C. B. DUNAGAN,
Clerk of the District Court of Midland County, Texas. (SEAL) adv 52-4t

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THE MIDLAND REPORTER

Official Organ of Both Midland County and the City of Midland

C. C. WATSON, Editor and Prop.

Entered at the Post Office at Midland, Texas, as second class matter

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FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1923



EDITORIAL

In its editorial column the Industrial Index notes that "road building has developed into a great—a really tremendous—industry in America. It is an industry with many ramifications—the mining or manufacturing of road-bridge building materials; the transportation of these bulky commodities; the distribution of these materials by agents and jobbers; the professional energy of the many engineers who have made a special study of this branch of construction; the activities of thousands upon thousands of road and bridge contractors; the armies of workmen who are out on the firing line of these innumerable projects. The investment in road building, when considered in its various aspects, is enormous. And it will grow heavier with each passing year."

It will, indeed, grow heavier. Road building is shortly to be the premier industry (not considering farming) of the United States. It will be as much greater than is automobile making, in the men and money required, as that industry, now the first in this country, is greater than railroading, which for so many years held premier place.

And as yet we have scarce begun to build roads! In all our years of national existence we have succeeded in building less than 300,000 miles of improved roads, although we have almost 3,000,000 miles to improve! Of course, the need of roads was not felt until the automobile demonstrated the economy of a new transportation, but the automobile is already old; men and women now in college do not remember when there were no automobiles!

It is not enough that this country build roads; it must build roads which connect with each other, thus securing the maximum use of each mile, and it must build roads which last. As the several States have found that only a central State highway commission can lay out and construct a State highway system to which counties and towns can build their feeder roads, so must the nation come to realize that only a central national highway commission can lay out and build (and forever maintain) a national system of roads, to which states can build, as a part of their own systems, those roads which will co-act the national system serve the people.

Ten years ago any sort of federal participation in road building was looked upon as a chimerical idea. Since 1916 we have spent hundreds of millions of dollars of federal money for federal aid roads. In another ten or twenty years we will spend hundreds of millions, but a billion or more for a national highway system which will, indeed, lift America from the mud.

CONCRETE IS ANCIENT HIGHWAY MATERIAL

The first known concrete highway was laid down by the Romans in England, between Westchester and London. Excavations uncovered several sections, in excellent condition. Apparently the material was a natural cement mixed with pebbles and worked into a roadbed about twelve inches thick.

The art seems to have been lost for nearly two thousand years, the next example being in Edinburg, Scotland, in 1872, when some concrete pavements, still in use and in good condition, were made.

In our own country, Bellefontaine, Ohio, gets credit for being the first municipality to experiment with cement streets, in 1893. But it is really Wayne County, Michigan, the Detroit automobile factory region, which made the concrete highway known to the nation. This early experiment was in 1907. In 1909 less than half a million square yards of concrete were laid (perhaps fifty miles), while in 1921 more than sixty million square yards were laid (more than 7,000 miles).

One of the great advantages of concrete is the low cost of hauling, its surface being less resistant to tractive effort than any we know. Dynamometer measurement show that the tractive force required to move a wheeled ton of weight on a level road are, for concrete, 32.2 pounds; for asphalt, 77.7 pounds; for brick, 51.8 pounds, and for earth, 134.7 pounds. A taxi company so situated that it drove one set of cars almost entirely on dirt roads and another set almost entirely on concrete roads, reports that it costs 2.4 cents less per mile to operate the taxis on the cement road than on the dirt roads.

There are 12,000,000 automobiles in the country. If they average the total amount of 3,000 miles each per year, the total miles driven is 36,000,000,000. At 2 cents a mile saving, the sum of \$720,000,000 a year could go towards building hard surface roads, which income would build 24,000 miles of permanent highways every year!

USE IS MAIN FACTOR IN BUILDING NEW ROAD

The board of directors of a great railroad system, before authorizing the construction of a new right-of-way, calls engineers in consultation to determine the amount of use to which the new road will be subjected. The present and probable future traffic is discussed, the number of trains per day and the size and weight. The expense of eliminating heavy grade is balanced against the saving in tractive effort. The question of ballast is largely affected by the speed of the proposed trains, which is in turn limited by the weight of the steel rails and the curves as well as the grade. The amount of income must be considered and much time must be spent in settling the location.

All these factors apply when the "right-of-way" is a public road, and not a railroad. But how often do political authorities delve as deeply into these details as they should? Seldom, when the road builders are political appointees and not engineers.

This was one of the fundamental reasons why the federal government insisted that no state without a highway commission, presumably employing engineers, could benefit from federal aid. The building of a road is a political matter only in the raising of the money and the authorization of bonds or taxes. Its actual location, kind, material, construction, width, gradient, drainage, and materials, are wholly matters for experienced road engineers. Taxpayers who submit to any others authorizing the construction of their roads are throwing their money away.

PUBLIC SCHOOL NEWS NOTES

High School Department
S. W. Seale, Principal.
Georgia Kirk Davis, Reporter.

The high school athletic association is the largest in the history of the high school, about 120 having joined for the fall season. In addition to this, the following town people have joined for the season: Miss Christal Poole, Miss Ada D. Pearce, Clint Myrick, Mrs. Harry Neblett, T. P. Barron, George D. McCormick, Miss Lillie B. Williams, Miss Alice Haley, Miss Mary Herron, Rorie Emmitt Cowden, Mrs. Harry Tolbert, S. W. Seale, Miss Allie V. Scott, W. W. Lackey, Miss Ruby Barham, Miss Barbara Barzak, Mrs. Byron Gist, Miss Frances Walthall, and Miss Hollie Belle Pickerill. The following are student members: Ruth Blakeney, Lois Brunson, A. C. Collins, Garvice Dockray, Gladys Draper, H. B. Dunagan, Jr., Evelyn Estes, Clyde Gwyn, Lela Mary Heard, Wade Heath, Carroll Hill, Oriol Horton, Teague Hutchinson, Thomas Inman, Eulalia Jones, Louise Karkalits, Izetta Lee, Florence Manning, Lillie D. Midkiff, J. Wiley Taylor, Jr., Charles Watson, Jack Young, Ina Faye, Young, Carl Andrews, Grace Brandon, Christine Brooks, George Buchanan, George Kork Davis, Lucile Dowdy, Mildred Ethridge, Clay Floyd, Ernestine Half, Floy Hawkins, Minnie Rieta Hutchinson, Homer Ingham, Gladys Inman, Lucile Lee, Georgia May Lumpkin, Gladys Midkiff, Leonard Oliff, Lillie Paddock, Minnie Warren Pemberton, Cassie Lee Potter, Marvin Pritchett, Cecil Roberts, Warren Skaggs, Maggie Snodgrass, Thelbert Thomas, Junie Tucker, R. J. Webb, Nolan Williams, Wallace Wimberly, Mary Allen, Loys Armstrong, Marvin Beauchamp, Mary Bingham, Katie Boyd, Willis Brookman, Ray Coleman, Allen Cowden, Nellie Dale, Willie Pearl Dockray, H. B. Dorsey, Nellie Lee Driver, Clinton Dunagan, Jessie May Estes, Mary Fleenor, Aileen Guthrie, Arthur Greenhill, Grady Henry, D. H. Haley, Noreen Haley, Mary Hobbs, Irene Jay, Paul King, R. D. Lee, Otis Locklar, Ruby Moore, K. E. Nutt, Frances Rathiff, Louis Thomas, Pearl Wimberly, Kitta Belle Wolcott, Louis Wraga, Joe Young, Marguerite Bradford, Charles Brown, Stanton Brunson, Louise Brunson, Susan Cowden, John Wesley Crowley, Louise Greenhill, Virginia Hale, Burette Karkalits, Lillie May Norwood, Dorsie Pinnell, Dora Wall, Agnes Allen, Grady Cole, Claude Currie, Aaron Dameron, Reginald Driver, Countess Floyd, Hazel Foster, Clay Gates, Ray Gwyn, Zelma Hill, Bessie Inzer, Iola Lee, Oletha Locklar, Josie Moore, John Pliska, Josephine Skeen, Sarah Weinstein.

The Midland-Odessa game last Friday was one of the best games and the most hotly contested ones ever played on the high school gridiron, the score being 13-6 in favor of our team. A write-up of the game appears in another column of The Reporter. Mr. Stanley Marsh served as referee, showing a ready and efficient knowledge of the game. His fairness and prompt decision were evident. The rooting section of the high school would have done credit to a college student body.

Buck Bradford writes from Ajo, Ariz., telling of the wonderful copper mines there, and speaking a word of encouragement to our debating teams, he having represented our high school for two years in debate and having done so very creditably. He says that the schools there do not compare with our high school in spirit and efficiency.

It will be of interest to her many friends to learn that Miss Bessie Johnson has made the choral club at T. W. C., out of a group of 600 girls, and will go with the club on a trip this fall to New Orleans and other big towns east. This is a credit to her and to her musical training in our city.

Forest Ward made seven touchdowns in the game against Marfa high school the other day, acting as captain of his team in the game.

Some of our good players are off of the team, temporarily, for scholastic reasons, but they promise to make this up and be reinstated by the next report, which will be Friday week.

Reports of grades for the first six weeks were sent out this week. These reports show that about 86 per cent of the high school passed in all their work, only 22 failing out of a total of 143 who received reports. Of these 22, there were 3 who passed in

three subjects. The list of those who won distinction will appear in next week's issue.

The large number of 100's in department this month will win advocates for the demerit system.

Grammar School Dept.—Central Ward
Miss Barbara Barzak, Principal.
Margaret Francis, Reporter.

The seventh grade is very proud that one hundred per cent passed and 38 per cent were on the honor roll.

The football game with South Ward ended with a score of 31 to 0, in favor of the seventh grade.

Mattie Elkin Biard has withdrawn from school, because she is moving to Dallas. We regret very much to lose her. She was a very good pupil.

The primary department had only 8 failures for the first six weeks. This is a record of 92 per cent passing in all their work.

Grammar School Dept.—South Ward
L. L. Thomas, Principal.
Robert Caldwell, Reporter.

In the good behavior contest the rooms stand as follows for the week: Miss Ballard's, first; Mrs. Klaproth's, second; Mr. Thomas', third; Miss Oliphant's, fourth, and Miss Barham's, fifth.

In the football game Tuesday between South Ward and seventh grade, the latter was victor by 31 points.

For the first six weeks South Ward has fewer failures to report than for any like period during the past two years. Only seven failed. This is a record of 96 per cent, passing in all their work.

We have only one new pupil this week, Pauline Phillips, who came from Denning, N. M.

Forrest Biard is leaving the low fifth and is moving to Dallas.

Getting Along Backward
"How iss your boy, Fritz, getting along in der college?"
"Ach! he is halfback in der football team and all der way back in his studies."

NOTICE

I have sold my interest in the City Drug Store to F. A. Fannin & Son, and am leaving Midland for Dallas. It is with regret that I am leaving Midland because of the many friends I have made while here. I sincerely appreciate their friendship both personally and in a business way. The City Drug Store will be operated in the future by Mr. F. A. Fannin who has been a druggist in Midland for sixteen years. I trust that all the friends and patrons of the old firm will continue their friendship and patronage to the new firm.

The new firm assumes all accounts due the old firm and also all outstanding debts. All who now owe the said City Drug Store on account, large or small, will confer a great favor on the new owners by paying their accounts now. There are certain outstanding obligations that the new firm assumed and it is for this reason that they need the money.

If I can ever be of any assistance to my friends in Midland while in Dallas, do not hesitate to call upon me. Respectfully,
JACK BIARD.

T. J. Coffee and two sons, of Lorraine, spent last Friday in Midland with Mr. Coffee's niece, Mrs. O. W. Fannin.

W. H. Williams spent last weekend in Dallas attending the fair and visiting his son, Earle, who came over from A. & M. to attend the fair.

Capper's Weekly says: "Probably few persons realize that today the United States leads the world in the number of professional gunmen, assassins for hire, as well as in the number of murders per 100,000 populations," and "several hundred have been killed in connection with the rum-running industry in the United States during the past three years, not counting those who were killed by the poisonous liquor handled."

The recent Texas legislature offered to give Hidalgo County all the State ad valorem taxes for 25 years if the county would vote a sufficient bond issue to undertake flood control. The bond issue was defeated.

"The word 'obey' should be dropped from the marriage service. Don't you think so?"
"No, I don't. I think it should be transferred to the bridegroom. He is the one who has to live up to it."

The trouble with marrying a summer girl is that you have to support her in winter.

Live Stock Exchange, Inc.

"FROM BREEDER TO FEEDER"

Des Moines, Iowa.

Midland, Texas

PADDOCK WILL DEFEND TITLE

Noted Sprinter Will Compete in Athletic Program at Legion National Convention.

With the announcement that Charles W. Paddock, "Human Flash," will compete, interest in the athletic program to be held during the American Legion national convention in San Francisco has increased among Legionnaires over the country.

Paddock is known as the highest type of American athlete. In addition to holding most of the world's sprinting records, he was a soldier in the World War, a writer, leader of boy scout activities and has displayed talent in many other lines.

Paddock left high school to serve in the field artillery during the war. He attended a training school at Camp Zachary Taylor near Louisville and received a commission of second lieutenant. He won most of the sprinting events at the Interallied Championship games in Paris and has since established a number of world's records in the dashes.

The famous sprinter told Legion convention officials that he will be on hand to defend his laurels in all distances up to the 440-yard dash. Legionnaires are confident that Paddock will celebrate his reunion with World War comrades by smashing some of his present world's records.

In addition to the track and field meet, there will be numerous other athletic events during convention week at San Francisco, including tennis, baseball, basketball, football, golf, rifle shoot, band contests, drum and bugle corps competitions, swimming and other sports.

All Legionnaires are eligible to compete in the athletic program.

PLAN TO MEET "NATIVE SONS"

"Mr. Visiting Doughboy" and "Mr. Gob" May Expect Warm Reception in San Francisco.

If you are an American Legion "buddy," and expect to attend the fifth annual convention of the organization at San Francisco, you might well begin to rehearse for your first meeting with a "Native Son."

California is filled with "Native Sons," especially San Francisco. There are two divisions or varieties—the common or garden type, and the cultivated variety. The cultivated "Native Son" is immensely proud of his nativity and parades it on every occasion by wearing the "little bear" emblem, marking membership in the "Native Sons of the Golden West." California does not pretend to comprise all the Golden West, but whenever you mention the Golden West, your true Californian jumps to his feet and gives three cheers. To him the Golden West signifies California.

The cultivated natives, meaning the native sons and native daughters, comprise about 50,000 of the state's great and growing population. Numerically they are but a drop in the bucket. But it wouldn't do for a minute to tell a native that, at least not one of the cultivated variety.

Throughout California parlor have been superseded by living rooms, except in the circles of the NSGW and NDGW. Each group or lodge is constituted a "parlor" and all are subject to the dictates of a grand parlor, presided over by a grand president. In California there are 160 "parlors." San Francisco alone has 28, with a membership of 17,000 in the two organizations in that city.

Members of the NSGW and the NDGW might be termed professional Californians. They make the accident of birth a ritual and join the order.

Perhaps it is a mistake to speak of the native son and daughter as a professional Californian. Every son and daughter of California is a professional Californian. Every one is a booster. They'd as soon think of relinquishing their citizenship as quitting California for keeps—most of them sooner. They know California is the greatest state there ever was or ever will be, that California has the finest climate, the grandest scenery, the richest soil, the huskiest athletes, the most flourishing business, the finest men and most beautiful women.

It is with these people and with that spirit that "Mr. Visiting Doughboy" and "Mr. Gob," who attend the Legion convention will collide, when they hit the convention city. Californians are proud of their heritage, proud of their sunsets and fogs, cool summers and warm winters, the hotels, cafes and Market street, and everything else that goes to make up San Francisco, which if you do not already know it, is by far the greater and most important part of California. When you are in San Francisco ask any native son for anything you wish, and if you escape without being presented the city hall, or the exposition auditorium, where the Legion convention is to be held, it will be because that particular native son isn't functioning just right at the moment.

OLD DOC BIRD



It's better to talk to your neighbor than about him.

—but you don't want to talk to anybody when you are on the "sick list", do you?

FEEL BETTER by bringing all your

PRESCRIPTIONS

to us. Our line of Drugs are guaranteed to be the Best —and every Prescription is carefully and accurately filled.

Neblett's Drugs

A Convincing Yarn

Prisoner—"But I would rather tell my own story. Don't you think it would be believed?"

Lawyer—"Yes, that's the trouble; it would carry conviction with it."

Citation by Publication

The State of Texas. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Midland County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon W. E. Newton by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the Seventieth Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said Seventieth Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the county court of Midland County, to be held at the court house thereof, in Midland, A. D., 1923, the same being the 12th day of November, A. D., 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 19th day of October, A. D., 1923, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said court No. 735, wherein P. A. Youngblood is plaintiff, and W. E. Newton is defendant, and said petition alleging that on or about November 1921, plaintiff, at the special instance and request of defendant, delivered to said defendant, considerable maize at Barstow, Texas, as for which defendant promised and agreed to pay plaintiff, on demand, so much money as said maize was reasonably worth at Barstow, Texas, at said time. That said maize delivered by plaintiff to defendant was worth at Barstow at said time, the sum of \$532.09, there being 61,200 pounds of threshed maize. That said debt is past due and unpaid and defendant has failed and refused to pay the same or any part thereof to plaintiff's damage \$532.09. Plaintiff prays for judgment, costs of suit, relief general and special, legal and equitable.

Herein fail not but have before said court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Midland, on this the 19th day of November, A. D., 1923.

C. B. DUNAGAN, Clerk, County Court, Midland Co., Texas. (SEAL) adv 3-4t

CLASSIFIED ADS

FORS ALE—Majestic range in good condition. J. H. Wilhite, phone 261. 50 tf

WANTED—To buy second hand piano. A. J. Guthrie, phone 268. 51tf

WANTED—To harvest your feed. Have good row-binder and chaff 82 per acre. Will Manning. 51tf

BOYS—Bicycle, good as new, \$25; worth \$40. Ainslee Estes, phone 68. 51tf

FOR SALE—A few Plymouth Rock and Rhode Island Red pullets; also some young roosters. J. H. Wilhite, phone 261. 2tf

FOR SALE—I have several thousand good Bermuda onion slips for sale. Phone 213 3-2t

**FORT WORTH'S
DIAMOND JUBILEE**

The old military fort upon which the city of Ft. Worth was founded 75 years ago will be rebuilt completely for the celebration of the Diamond Jubilee Nov. 11th to 14th. The Boy Scouts will do the work, and the buildings will be made half the size of the originals.

The site for Ft. Worth was selected by Major Ripley Arnold of the 2nd Dragoons, U. S. Army, as one of a chain of forts to protect settlers from marauding Indians. The annexation of Texas, followed immediately by the Mexican war, resulted in vast acquisitions of territory and necessitated the establishment of the posts of Ft. Worth, Clark, McKavitt, Mason, Graham, and others.

The buildings of the old Ft. Worth were erected on the bluff immediately opposite the junction of the West and Cleak forks of Trinity river. They consisted of barracks of the soldiers, shops for smiths and other artisans, long lines of stables and buildings housing the quartermasters' and commissary departments, together with quarters for officers, and a commodious hospital. The buildings were made of logs and pickets, neatly whitewashed, arranged in the shape of a parallelogram, and enclosing an ample parade ground, with the flag-staff at the East.

The Lutch Stark Lumber Company, of Orange, has donated the logs and lumber from which the fort will be fashioned. Lutch Stark, the president of this company, is a descendent of a famous old pioneer family of Texas.

The celebration of the Diamond Jubilee commemorates many incidents famed in the history of Ft. Worth and the State of Texas. The two outstanding historic occasions that it will celebrate are the selection of the site and the building of the fort, and the incorporation of the city 25 years later.

The Jubilee will include the celebration of Armistice Day, and as this anniversary falls on Sunday it will be fittingly observed with special services in all of the churches, and a big memorial service in the open air during the afternoon. Monday will be American Legion day, and a homecoming of all American Legion and ex-service men will be held, closing with a victory ball. Tuesday, Nov. 13th, will be Golden Jubilee Day and Mayor's Day, and will particularly commemorate the incorporation of the city. Wednesday will be Diamond Jubilee Day proper, and it will celebrate in the spirit of a carnival with old fashioned costumes and all of the features of a general street carnival.

**BOARDING THE
SCHOOL TEACHER**

Soon our rural schools will be opening and our teachers will be hunting boarding places. Often they find it very hard to find places, for many people seem to be afraid of them. I have taken them to board every time I have had a chance, and I have yet to find one that I did not enjoy. They are human beings just like ourselves and not perfect, but then neither are we. We can get on with any reasonable person if we try.

Some of the reasons I like to have the teacher board with me are:

First, if one has young children they cannot help but learn much that is helpful, although I am careful not to impose on the teacher by getting her to give my children lessons in the hours she should be resting.

Second, the social contact is good for us parents. We learn a great deal about the modern educational standpoint.

Third, while I charge teachers less than I would other people I find I make a neat sum, as we grow most of our food and this is a good way to market it.

Fourth, I can and do feed my own folk better.

Fifth, I enjoy having them around. They make us more careful about our house, speech, and personal appearances. We country people are apt to grow careless, so it is a good thing to have reminders around.—Mrs. H. G., in the Progressive Farmer.

At Sundown

An Irishman was aboard an ocean liner bound for America. The ship had reached a point just in sight of Sandy Hook and Pat was much engrossed in the first sight of the promised land.

He heard the sound of the sundown salute from the fortress and turned to a fellow passenger and asked, "And what in hell's that?"

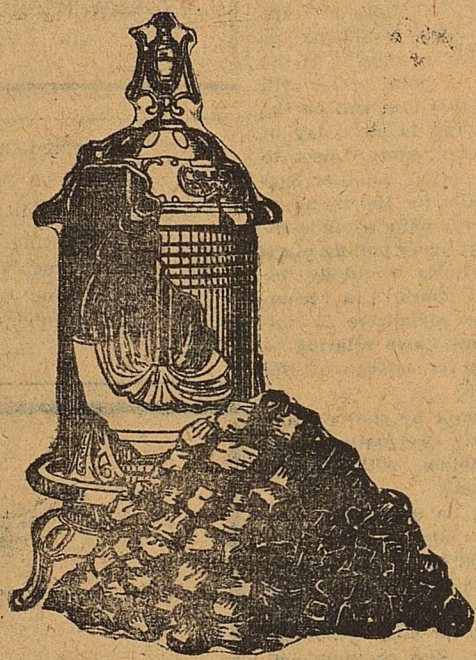
The fellow passenger said, "Why that is sun-down in America."

Pat said, "Begorra, it sure goes down with a hell of a crash."

"If you had to pay the farm wife a salary based on her actual worth, she could command at least \$3,800 a year, as seamstress, laundress, cook, nurse, assistant hired man, general manager and several other tasks," declares Prof. Ruby Green Smith, of Cornell.

33 STYLES AND SIZES 33 OF COAL AND WOOD HEATERS

The Biggest Stock of Coal and Wood Heaters Ever Displayed in Midland. Selected for Beauty, Durability and Fuel Economy.



NOW Is the TIME

Get your stove up before the norther hits and the rush is on, and while you have a big stock to select from.

Reduced Prices

We have effected quite a saving this year in both cost and freight, but to do this we had to buy a large quantity and

We Must Sell Them



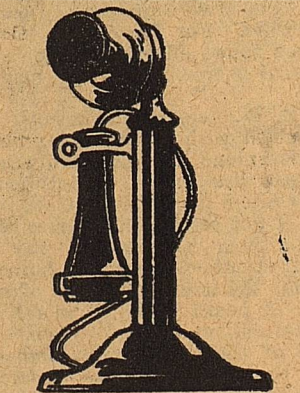
A size for every need with a wide range of attractive styles to select from.

<p>Cole's Hot Blast "MAKES THE COAL PILE LAST" SAVES 1-3 TO 1-2 IN FUEL A Saving in fuel over any lower draft stove of the same size. GUARANTEED.</p> <p>Cole's Wood Heaters \$2.50 to \$16.50</p> <p>Cole's Combination (Coal-Wood) Heaters \$17.50 to \$21.00</p> <p>Cole's Coal Heaters \$22.00 to \$27.50</p>	<p>WILSON WOOD HEATERS The Best Wood Heater Made</p> <p>Priced \$12.00 and up</p> <hr/> <p>A variety of the cheaper wood and coal heaters at special prices</p> <p>\$2.25 to \$17.50</p>	<p>Round Oak Heaters For Fuel Economy and a Clean Room</p> <p>We put one of these up in our store last year and cut our fuel expense one-third, and got almost twice as much heat.</p> <p>When you take into consideration the fact that they last a life time they are cheap at</p> <p>\$48.00 and \$55.00</p>
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Garland Stove Polish and Enamel 20c and 25c; Stove Boards \$1.00 to \$3.00; Heavy Gauge Stove Pipe 25c; Coal Hods 55c and 65c

- Free -

We will deliver and install all heaters bought from us absolutely Free of Charge



Our Phone Number

36

Freight Prepaid

To our out of town customers who do not get the benefit of our installation service we will pay all freight or express charges.

Midland Hardware Company

"There is Safe Economy in Our Quality and Prices"

Fire--Fire--Fire

If your house catches at the bottom it will burn up; if it catches at the top it will burn down. Better have it insured before it's too late. We have been writing Fire Insurance in Midland for 18 years and have never had an unsatisfactory settlement.

BASHAM, SHEPHERD & CO.

PHONE 135

WORK WEARS ON THE KIDNEYS

Doan's Kidney Pills Have Done Great Service for People Who Work In Midland

Many Midland people work every day in some strained, unnatural position—bending constantly over a desk—riding on jolting wagons or cars, doing laborious housework; lifting, reaching or pulling, or trying the back in a hundred and one different ways. All these strains tend to wear, weaken and injure the kidneys until they fall behind in their work of filtering the poisons from the blood. Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys, and bad backs. Their effective work is convincing proof of merit. Ask your neighbors.

G. D. Griffice, proprietor of a blacksmith shop, Runnels St., Big Spring, Texas, says: "Bending over the anvil constantly put my kidneys in bad shape. I had pains across my kidneys and if I bent for any length of time, it was hard to straighten again, my back hurt so. There was a constant ache in my back and I was also troubled with my kidneys acting too freely. Doan's Kidney Pills soon eased the pain in my back and regulated my kidneys. Before long I was entirely cured and my work doesn't bother me now at all."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Griffice had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y. adv 54-2t

Execution and Sale

State of Texas, County of Midland.

E. N. Snodgrass, plaintiff, vs. Mrs. Lizzie Lee Dublin, defendant, in the District Court of Midland County, Texas.

Whereas, by virtue of an execution issued out of the district court of Midland County, Texas, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 20th day of September, A. D., 1923, in favor of the said E. N. Snodgrass and against the said Mrs. Lizzie Lee Dublin, No. 1680 on the docket of said court, I did on the 20th day of September, A. D., 1923, at 10 o'clock a. m., levy upon the following described tracts and parcels of land situated in the county of Midland, state of Texas, belonging to the said Mrs. Lizzie Lee Dublin, to-wit: The south one-half of block No. Four of West End Addition to the town of Midland, Texas, as per map and plat of said addition on record in Midland County, Texas, and on the 6th day of November, 1923, being the first Tuesday of said month, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on said day at the court house door of said county, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction for cash all the right, title and interest of the said Mrs. Lizzie Lee Dublin in and to said property.

Dated at Midland, Texas, this 29th day of September, A. D., 1923.
A. G. FRANCIS,
Sheriff of Midland County, Texas. adv 2-3t

Wise Precaution

Several pianists are reported to be adopting M. Paderewski's idea of playing with all the lights dim. It makes it harder for the audience to take a good aim.

G & M SIGN CO.

BOX 272

FOR

Sign Painting and Road Boards

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW FROM ST. LOUIS

(Week ending October 11th, prepared for The Reporter by the First National Bank in St. Louis.)

A moderate increase in the production of automobiles for August as compared to July is indicated by statistics compiled by the United States Census Bureau in co-operation with the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce. According to the official announcement the figures for August were obtained from 181 manufacturers, whereas for July the figures were obtained from 170 manufacturers. For practical purposes however, the figures are sufficiently accurate in making comparisons between August figures and those of the preceding months.

Passenger cars produced during August totaled 304,010 or 6,906 cars more than the July output. It is to be observed, however, that the August production is considerably less than that of the months from March to June, being 13 per cent less than the record production of 350,180 cars for May.

The production of trucks for August likewise showed a slight increase over the preceding month; truck manufacturers turned out 30,251 trucks, an increase of 253 over July, however, the rate of production was 29 per cent under the high mark reached in May of this year.

According to the figures reported to the census bureau, the production of passenger cars for the first eight months of this year has reached 2,630,905 cars, an increase of 74 per cent over the corresponding period of last year. The production of 257,279 trucks for the same period is 60 per cent increase over 1922 figures.

How Better Than Pills

The question has been asked: "In what way are Chamberlain's Tablets superior to the ordinary cathartic and liver pills? Our answer is, they are easier and more pleasant to take and their effect is so gentle that one hardly realizes that it is produced by a medicine. Then, they not only move the bowels but improve the appetite and strengthen the digestion." adv Oct 1m

In case of a bite from a venomous snake far from hospitals and doctors: Grasp the limb above the bite. Tie lightly and knot strings. This will localize the poison. Make ten deep incisions with sharp knife or razor criss-cross over the snake punctures, five each way at right angles which will result in a checkerboard effect directly over the fang marks. Suck out poison that does not come out with flowing blood. In thirty minutes loosen string but if poison effects follow tighten string again. This must all be done quickly.

BETTER LIVING CONDITIONS MAKE INVESTORS OF PUBLIC

Investors in the cities and towns in this country outside of the large centers have purchased securities of the public utilities to the amount of \$601,910,936 during the first half of 1923. This is one hundred thousand dollars more than the similar group acquired during the first half of 1922. Improved living conditions among the people of the United States accounts for the amazing expansion of the public utilities and the demand for the services of the gas, electric light and power, and telephone companies.

It is recognition of the stability of these services and of the interest of their customers in their service that has led to the constantly increasing customer ownership of such utility companies.

BIG SHARE OF CAR FARE GOES TO PAY TAXES

Every time you pay a street car fare in the United States you dig up approximately two-thirds of a cent in municipal state and federal taxes.

The average car rider pays \$4 per year in taxes hidden in street car fare.

An average of ten per cent of all the money electric railway companies take in they pay out again in taxes.

These facts regarding the national tax situation as it affects electric railways were told to the American Electric Railway Association convention this week by a special taxation committee headed by W. H. Maltbie, of Baltimore.

What the average car rider does not realize, the report said, was that every bit of tax hung on electric railways has to be paid by the car rider. The company does not pay it. Official state and federal bodies in fixing car fares always add taxes in as a part of the necessary costs.

GET READY TO PLOW DOWN COTTON STALKS

If we want to increase the numbers of boll weevils and have them strong, resistant, potent, and ready to make an early start on next year's cotton crop, then the best thing we can do this fall to accomplish this end is to let our cotton stalks continue in growth until killed by frost. This will provide food and breeding places for them. It is about the best thing that we can do to insure a big crop of weevils for next year. There is no getting around this fact. It is the weevils that develop late that pass through the winter, says Progressive Farmer.

The great co-operative marketing movement is just now getting well under way in the South. As we have so often said, co-operative marketing is "the inevitable system of selling farm crops." It is the inevitable system because it is the common sense system. It means "government of the people" in selling the products of their labor just as a republic or democracy means government of the people in political matters.—Progressive Farmer.

A STITCH IN TIME

Midland People Should Not Neglect Their Kidneys

No kidney ailment is unimportant. Don't overlook the slightest backache or urinary irregularity. Nature may be warning you of approaching dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease. Kidney disease is seldom fatal if treated in time, but neglect may pave the way. Don't neglect a lame or aching back another day. Don't ignore dizzy spells, headaches, weariness or depression. If you feel you need kidney help begin using the reliable, time-tried remedy, Doan's Kidney Pills. For 50 years, Doan's have been found effective. Endorsed by Midland people. Ask your neighbors.

Mrs. B. W. Lee, Midland, says: "I was troubled with an attack of lumbago. Mornings I could hardly get up my back was so sore and stiff and I had to brace myself in getting out of bed. I got terrible headaches and the least thing upset me, I was so nervous. Another thing that bothered me was the irregular action of my kidneys. I heard about Doan's Kidney Pills and on using two boxes I was rid of the misery of lumbago and all the other symptoms. Occasionally I take a few Doan's to keep my kidneys normal."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Lee had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y. adv 3-2t

The largest alligator in captivity is thought to be several hundred years old. It weighs 1,400 pounds and is 13 1/2 feet in length. The age is determined by the width of the nose between the eyes. After the reptile is ten feet long, the nose widens one-quarter of an inch for each fifty years the alligator lives. The average adult weighing about 1,000 lbs. will yield approximately one and one-half gallons of alligator oil and a valuable hide, which, when tanned, weighs from 35 to 40 pounds.

RULES FOR FLAG OBSERVANCE

National Conference Codifies Regulations for Display of Respect to Colors.

Patriots of the United States at last may pay the flag of the nation full respect, without fear of violation of some phase of flag etiquette, due to the outcome of a national conference called for the purpose of codifying rules for flag observance.

Noting the dissimilitude of practices toward the flag, and the inability to make military observance coincide with that for civilians, the American Legion set out to settle all such questions and succeeded in the purpose by calling together representatives of nearly seventy organizations of various character for the promulgation of certain rules for future flag usage.

The conference was held at Continental hall in Washington. Gathered there were representatives of the army and navy, government agencies, veterans' organizations, patriotic societies, associations for welfare and organized movements for national development. These delegates represented 5,000,000 Americans. The conference was opened by an address by President Harding.

Garland W. Powell, director of the Americanism commission of the Legion, presided and named a committee which formulated a definite code, later to be adopted by the conference.

In addition to settling on the code for flag usage, plans for education in proper flag observance were formed and a program of contemplated legislation outlined, which would fix by statute certain rules for display of the national emblem. A point which will be stressed along this line will be the setting aside of June 14 as a day of appropriate ceremony and respect to the flag in every state. Another suggested measure calls for the flying of the flag from every main administration building and at every polling place in the nation. Schools would fly the flag during school hours, if a recommendation of the committee is followed, while general laws relating to punitive measures for misuse of the flag also are urged.

The code suggested by the committee contains many suggestions for usage of the emblem, with certain "don'ts" as violations.

The flag should be displayed from sunrise to sunset, only between such hours as designated by proper authority on national and state holidays, or on historic or special occasions. The flag should always be hoisted briskly and lowered slowly and ceremoniously. When carried in procession with another flag the place of the flag of the United States is on the right, that is, the flag's own right or when there is a line of other flags, the United States flag should be in front of the center of the line.

If displayed with another flag against a wall from crossed staffs the United States flag should be on the right and its staff in front of the other flag. When flags are grouped or displayed from staffs the United States flag should be in the center or at the highest point of the group. The United States flag should fly from the peak of a balcony on which flags of states, cities or societies are flown. If such flags are hoisted the United States flag should always be raised first. No flag or pennant should be placed above or to the right of the emblem. In flying flags of two or more nations the flags should be flown from separate staffs of the same height and the flags of equal size.

A common misuse of the flag takes place when the staff projects horizontally or at an angle from window sills, balcony or front of buildings. The union of the flag should go clear to the head of the staff unless at half staff. If the emblem is displayed other than from a staff it should be hung flat. If displayed either horizontally or vertically against a wall, the union should be uppermost and to the flag's right, that is, to the observer's left. If hung from the middle of a street, as between buildings, the union should be to the north in an east and west street or to the east in a north and south street.

When the flag is used on a speaker's platform it should be displayed above and behind the speaker. It should never be used to cover the speaker's desk or to drape over the front of the platform. If used in unveiling a monument the flag should not be allowed to fall to the ground, but should be borne aloft to wave out. If used to cover a casket the flag should be placed so that the union is at the head and over the left shoulder. The flag should not be lowered into the grave nor allowed to touch the ground. The casket should be carried feet first.

If the condition of the flag is such that it is no longer fit for display it should be destroyed as a whole by burning or similar method.

The emblem should never be used as drapery, bunting being preferred for this purpose. It should never be used as a ceiling, part of a costume or uniform, embroidered on handkerchiefs or pillows, printed on envelopes, paper napkins or boxes.

Modern Hospital Opened.
A Soldiers' Memorial hospital for the care of men disabled in the World war has been opened near Muskogee, Okla. The hospital was built by the soldiers' relief commission created by the Oklahoma legislature on request of the American Legion. The institution has been declared by veterans' bureau officials to be one of the most modern in the country.

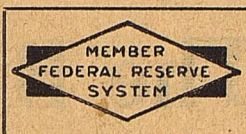
Two Big Points

In a recent article, Roger Babson, the famous statistician and business forecaster, names two big points about a bank account:

1. It is the safest investment possible.
2. It is extremely liquid.

Looking at your bank account in this sense, it at once becomes your best possible investment.

Be fair to yourself—add to your bank account regularly.



Midland National Bank

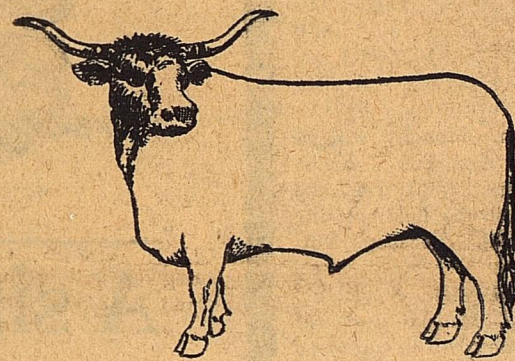
Midland, Texas

Officers and Directors:

HENRY JAMES, Abilene, Texas, President.
J. B. WILKINSON, Active Vice-President.
J. V. STOKES, Vice-President and Chairman of the Board.
R. M. BARRON, Cashier.
ROY PARKS.
H. E. CUMMINS.
ANDREW FASKEN.

There are erected in the Bell Telephone System, each year about 600,000 new poles. In addition, the maintenance of the existing plant of over 14,000,000 poles involves the moving, removing, resetting and straightening of large numbers of poles annually.

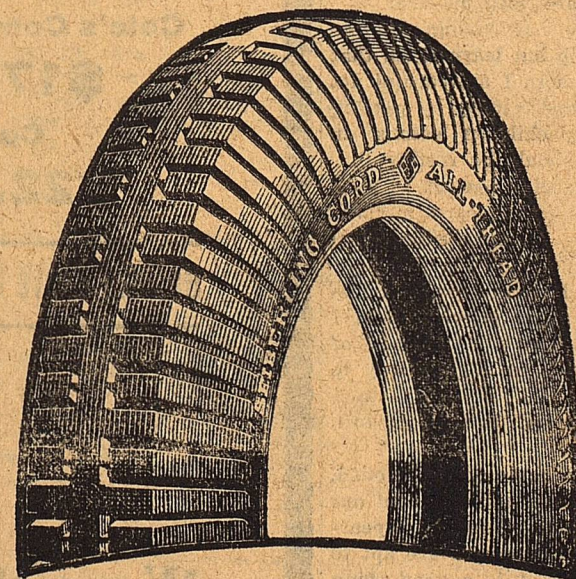
Although little livestock is produced in the South, still local markets cannot handle the supplies as they need to be sold. The fact that little livestock is produced, comparatively speaking, makes it all the more necessary that co-operative shipping associations be formed for shipping in carload lots.—Progressive Farmer.



"For best service and high sales, ship your cattle, hogs and sheep to the old reliable, the leading commission house, established 1909. Write for personal market advice."

Daggett-Keen Commission Co.,
FORT WORTH, TEXAS
"We're Our Own Salesmen"

CHAINS are Obsolete when you drive



SEIBERLING All-Treads

In Sandy, Muddy, Icy-Going, where other Tires Slip and Spin this Tire will Pull You Through.

Enduring for you for winter

Ever-Ready Filling Station

FRED WEMPLE, Prop.

Winter Housing, How Are You Fixed?

You can camp out in the summer, work, eat and even sleep without shelter. But, when the cold winds of winter come whistling through the peach orchard, and begin to chill the marrow in every one of the two hundred six bones of your all put together, then we are handy folks to have around. We are well stocked on just what it takes to make the home comfortable in the cold weather, that we have a right to expect in the very near future.

We want to figure your bills, and make you an estimate, on anything from a hen nest up. Let us help you plan your building, that is a part of our business, and we are glad to do it for you.

Burton-Lingo Company

35 Years in Business in Midland

Phone 58

Headquarters For Cement
CONCRETE FOR PERMANENCE

Heard at Church
Pastor (to layman)—"Bro. T., what shall I preach about this morning?"
Layman—"About twenty minutes."

ONE HUNDRED MILLION APPROPRIATION

J. A. Rountree left Birmingham on last Monday for Albuquerque, N. M., for the purpose of holding conferences with Gov. O. A. Larrazola, president of the U. S. Good Roads Association, H. L. Fox, managing director of the Albuquerque chamber of commerce; the governor of New Mexico and the citizens of Albuquerque and discuss with them the plans and program for the annual meetings of the three organizations which will meet at Albuquerque May 26-31, 1924.

Reports have been received at the headquarters that there is a great deal of enthusiasm among the people of the city of Albuquerque and the citizens of New Mexico in regard to these coming events.

The United States Good Roads Association is making an active campaign to arouse interest of the people throughout the United States and to bring pressure to bear at the December meeting of congress to make appropriation of one hundred million dollars annually for the building and maintenance of a system of highways throughout the nation.

There is considerable opposition in regard to this program and the Albuquerque convention promises to be the most important and epoch making convention that has ever been held in America.

Leading good roads advocates in every walk of life are deeply interested in the continuance of federal aid by congress will attend this convention and help to launch a nation wide campaign.

Chicago is only 28 per cent American in the strictest sense of the word. The statistics collected by the Chicago Association of Commerce show that 72 per cent of the population, or 1,947,376 persons, are of foreign birth or parentage. The federal census classes all persons born in this country as Americans, but the Association of Commerce made a finer distinction. Less than 25 per cent of the white population of Chicago are "Americans," as classed by the Association of Commerce.

SMALL EXPORT TRADE WITH EUROPE NOW

"Under present conditions, England and Scotland are the chief European markets for American machinery and manufactured products, in my opinion," says Ralph A. Fink, vice president of the Latham Machinery Company, Chicago, who has just returned from a two months' European trip in the interest of export business for his firm. "Most of Europe is living on a hand-to-mouth basis, and about the only American products they will buy or can pay for are essential foodstuffs.

"The conditions vary somewhat in the cases of the different European countries," Mr. Fink continues. "Germany is in chaos. The instability of government, the demoralization of currency, the international chess game of reparations, the plotting of factions almost have paralyzed systematic, productive industry and trade. The reparations taxes (which on some articles amount to 100 per cent of the selling price as normally computed,) practically have destroyed Germany's former large export business. Naturally, with no exports, importing is reduced to absolutely necessary foodstuffs. Important business is transacted on the basis of dollars or English pounds sterling, but the terrible depreciation of the mark has left the masses of the people in a state of complete monetary confusion; their values are of necessity rather than of money. As a regular commercial market for American products, Germany seems to me to be entirely out of the picture for the present.

"In France, the small buying power of the franc is an effectual bar against the importation of anything except foodstuffs, raw materials, and such special machinery as is vitally necessary to industry. Right now the traditional thrift of the French people is asserting itself, and they are making great efforts to maintain and rebuild the fabric of their business and industrial life.

"Much the same conditions obtain in Belgium as in France. Both these countries can be regarded as present markets for only certain necessary American products.

"Holland is, of course, primarily a nation of merchants and shippers. Ordinarily, the products of the world are brokered through its ports. Holland is importing foodstuffs as heretofore, but as the neighboring countries are buying little else, her merchandising business is practically at a standstill. The director of one large Dutch importing and exporting firm told me that they have shipped practically no manufactured products into France, Belgium, or Germany in the last two years.

"The conditions in Great Britain are different than in the continental countries. The British are manufacturers in a large way, as well as shippers, of course, and while their business on the continent was great until the rehabilitation trade dwindled, they never have been dependent upon it, entirely or largely.

"England's colonial trade long has been the bulwark of her business. The clearest vindication of the British colonial policy, to the English mind, is the fact that the great industrial establishments in Britain are operated today at about 80 per cent of capacity or more.

"Besides her colonial business, Great Britain carries on a very large trade with the United States. Also, a systematic effort is being made to increase British trade in South America. The breakdown of the German export organization has opened trade opportunities, and despite the South American depression, the English are building and increasing trade foundations. Exporters in the United States would do well, in my opinion, to follow the British example in South America.

"So far as trade with the British Isles themselves is concerned, it can be stated positively that most American machinery and many other products can be sold there at profitable prices. That is true in spite of the fact that British labor is paid about one-third of U. S. wages. The efficient and specialized manufacturing methods in this country more than overcome the difference in wages.

"From all I was able to learn, I regard Great Britain as the leading—in fact the only consequential European market now open for our machinery and manufactured products."

Mr. Fink concludes, "and it seems to be well worth cultivating. It should not be overlooked that we are large importers of English goods, so that if a trade balance favorable to the United States is to be maintained, we cannot neglect the promotion of our exports."

Seven hundred and twenty-six oil companies operate in Texas. The companies own over 7,500 tank cars, and 6,500 miles of oil pipe lines. The oil reserve of the State is estimated at 700,000,000 barrels, exclusive of the Gulf Coast.

NEW ADDITIONS TO SUL ROSS

At a "pep meeting" of the student body held in chapel on Thursday a. m., October 11th, the football squad of the Sul Ross teachers college was christened "Lobos." Great enthusiasm characterized the meeting, and "Rangers" ran a close second in the contest. The football squad was invited to the stage, and Donald Church introduced the men to the audience, which greeted each player with loud cheers. Beth Cotter and Lois Estes, sponsors for the team, and Troy Hickman and Olin Loncencum, yell leaders, then took charge of the meeting, and the student body and faculty practiced yells and songs, preparatory for the game with Marfa the next Saturday.

The excavating for the new natatorium 30 x 60 feet, is nearing completion, and work on the tank will be rushed until the job is completed. The pool will hold something like 100,000 gallons, and will range from 2 1-2 feet to 8 feet deep. Concrete approaches are to be constructed at each end of the pool, with a four-foot runner and steps leading up to the pool. The natatorium is located about 200 feet north of the college building, and water for it will be supplied by the new well. The overflow from the tank will be used for irrigating the campus.

Berkeley Hall, the college dormitory for girls, is proving to be a great success under the efficient management of Prof. and Mrs. C. A. Gilley. All of the rooms in the main building have been taken, and some of the rooms in the annex. Steam heat is being installed and will be ready for use by the time cold weather sets in. The large living room, 20 x 24 feet, is being modernized in all its appointments and students and faculty are making the dormitory a kind of social center for the college. Hardwood floors have been laid in the main hall and in the living room, the wood work throughout the main building has been gone over, practically all of the rooms have been repapered, and a good deal of new furniture is being provided. The citizens of Alpine and the friends of Sul Ross are contributing liberally to remodeling the dormitory, and, when the work is finished, Berkeley Hall will be a very desirable place for young ladies. Board and room are furnished at \$30 per month, but students are expected to provide their own bed linen, comforts, etc., and to pay for their heat.

STOP THAT ITCHING

Use Blue Star Remedy for Eczema, Itch, Tetter or Cracked Hands, Ring Worms, Chapped Face, Poison Oak, Sunburns, Old Sores or Sores on Children. It relieves all forms of Sore Feet. For sale by City Drug Store, Midland, Texas

There are 990 cotton mills operating in the South, representing a capital investment of approximately \$2,000,000. North Carolina has 437 mills, South Carolina 206, Georgia 164, Alabama 84, Tennessee 28, Texas 21, Mississippi 18, Virginia 14, Kentucky 5, Louisiana 5, Arkansas 2, Missouri 2 and Oklahoma 2. The average monthly mill takings is estimated at 373,961 bales for the Southern mills and 202,248 bales for the Northern mills. The total number of Southern spindles is 16,778,144.

Queer Feelings

"Some time ago, I was very irregular," writes Mrs. Cora Robie, of Pikeville, Ky. "I suffered a great deal, and knew I must do something for this condition. I suffered mostly with my back and a weakness in my limbs. I would have dreadful headaches. I had hot flashes and very queer feelings, and oh, how my head hurt! I read of

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

and of others, who seemed to have the same troubles I had, being benefited, so I began to use it. I found it most beneficial. I took several bottles . . . and was made so much better I didn't have any more trouble of this kind. It regulated me."

Cardui has been found very helpful in the correction of many cases of painful female disorders, such as Mrs. Robie mentions above. If you suffer as she did, take Cardui—a purely vegetable, medicinal tonic, in use for more than 40 years. It should help you. Sold Everywhere.

E 90

COME---

and enjoy our

SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNERS

AT THE ELITE CAFE

- Fried Spring Chicken
- Cream Gravy
- French Peas
- Cream Potatoes
- Fruit Salad
- Ice Cream and Cake

"To Serve You"

The Elite Cafe and City Meat Market

J. D. McDURMON, Prop.

GIVEN BIG OVATION AT SIMMONS COLLEGE

When the Old Gray Mare Band of Brownwood rolled into the station of this city Wednesday evening on the Sunshine Special en route as the official band of the Texas legionnaires to the San Francisco convention, they were given an ovation in their own language, so to speak, by the Cowboy Band of Simmons College. A delegation of the Parramore Post of the American Legion was at the station to greet the Brownwood representatives and to do honor to Alvin Owsley, national commander, also en route in a special car on that train to Frisco. In order to meet the old Gray Mare, herself, in fitting style the Abilene legionnaires drafted the Cowboys in their own famous and picturesque garb.

A big crowd of Abilene citizens had gathered to cheer Owsley and the band and when the train came to a stop the tune that broke forth was none other than the "Old Gray Mare." The Cowboy Band has gained quite a bit of notice through this section of the State. They headed the Simmons boosters on the college special to Wichita Falls when the Cowboy squad played Austin College at the Texas-Oklahoma fair, and the Wichita citizens received the college musicians enthusiastically. The Cowboy Band also journeyed this week-end to Ft. Worth some 25 strong to furnish backing and pep for the gridiron Cowboys in the game against T. C. U. Horned Frogs.

A Good Thing—Don't Miss It

Send your name and address plainly written together with 5 cents (and this slip) to Chamberlain Medicine Co., Des Moines, Iowa, and receive in return a trial package containing Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchial "flu" and whooping coughs, and tickling throat; Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets for stomach troubles, indigestion, gassy pains that crowd the heart, biliousness and constipation; Chamberlain's Salve, needed in every family for burns, scalds, wounds, piles, and skin affections; these valued family medicines for only 5 cents. Don't miss it. Oct 1m

"SIMMONS CLUBS" BEING ORGANIZED

The first chain of "Simmons Clubs" being organized and fostered by the Alumni Association of Simmons College in towns through the western part of the State came into being in Merkel during the past week. Some 15 or more former students and graduates of the college, the majority of them teaching in the Merkel schools, held a meeting and perfected organization of the club. The recently elected president of the Alumni Association, Mrs. Roy Bradley and Mr. Roy Bradley, of Abilene, the field-secretary of the association, E. T. Miller, John Advise and Josh Barrett, ex-students, journeyed over from this city to be present and assist at the meeting.

Holland Teaf, '20, was made president of the new organization, Miss Lucy Tracey, vice-president, and Miss Julia Martin, secretary. The Merkel ex-students made big plans for the home-coming which is scheduled for Thanksgiving of this year. They also pledged support to the Alumni campaign for funds for the new men's dormitory now being constructed, and for the endowment drive.

The association plans organization of such clubs throughout many West Texas towns where numbers of Simmons graduates and exes will gather for loyal support of the activities now involving the association, especially the dormitory campaign.

Value

There's more of it in a Silvertown Cord than you will find in any other tire & c



Goodrich Silvertown CORD TIRES
"Best in the Long Run"

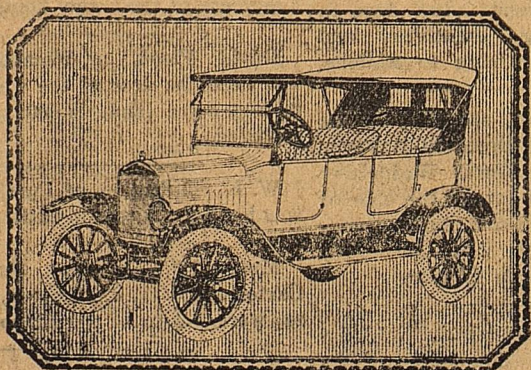
Guy Eiland
Midland Rubber Co.

American sailors of the United States Edsall, a destroyer of Vice-Admiral Long's European squadron, took over children from Smyrna, destined for a refugee camp, and established them in an institution prepared for them in Constantinople. The children were rescued from Smyrna at the time of the disastrous fire and were loaded on a ship bound for Mitylene, the Greek concentration camp, a place of untold horrors. The crew prevailed upon the commander to take them aboard the Edsall. The sailors willingly gave up their quarters, instructions were wireless ahead to Constantinople, and provision made for their support by the crew of the Edsall. Each member of the crew contributes his bit on pay day toward the orphanage.

A Good Physic

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle in effect, easy to take and certain to act, take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are excellent. adv Oct 1m

Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR



New Touring Car

Looking at the new touring car from the side, you are at once favorably impressed with the effect of longer, more graceful lines secured by enlarging the cowl and raising the radiator.

Slanting windshield and one-man top lend material aid in giving the entire car a lower, more stylish appearance.

An apron connecting the radiator with the fender skirts is also a decided improvement.

A comfort feature much appreciated by owners, is the additional leg room provided by the enlargement of the cowl.

Allow us to show you the entire line of new Ford cars now on display in our show room.

These cars can be obtained through the Ford Weekly Purchase Plan.

Heatly & Yarbrough

Ford CARS · TRUCKS · TRACTORS

BRING YOUR Repairing Troubles TO US

We will gladly furnish you with anything from a pantry shelf-board to a new roof. Let us help you with practical suggestions for getting ready for winter.

Build You a Home
Rockwell Bros. & Co.
Building Material

MIDLAND SOCIETY

MISS LYDIE G. WATSON, Editor
Phone 88

Miss Lydie G. Watson, of Galloway College, Searcy, Ark.; Landon's Conservatory, Dallas, Texas, and the American Conservatory, Chicago, Ill., now has her studios open for 1923-24. Those wishing to study music, phone 88. South Side Studio at Mrs. Robt. Currie.

Mr. Byron Bryant and Miss Georgia Bryant left this week for their home in Cedar Hill, and to attend the Dallas Fair.

Mr. Fred Cowden left Monday for Dallas, to enjoy a few days at the fair.

The Girls' Bridge Club had a business meeting Monday afternoon with Miss Mamie Moran as hostess. Election of officers was held with the following result: Miss Lotta Williams, president; Miss Clifford Heath, secretary and treasurer.

Messrs. Dee McCormick and Henry Wolcott, Misses Oliphant and Poole were last week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Guy Cowden on their ranch home.

Mrs. Jack Biard Honored

The ladies of the Christian church entertained most delightfully yesterday afternoon at the pretty home of Mrs. Will Elkin as a farewell courtesy to Mrs. Jack Biard, who with her family left this morning for their new home in Dallas. The going of this excellent family is a distinct loss to Midland, and that the friends and the church people of Mrs. Biard are sincerely grieved at her departure was beautifully evinced by the presence of such a number of friends, who came to bid her farewell and wish her God speed and happiness in the new home. Unique and clever ideas were developed by the hostesses for the entertainment of the guests

and in the first two contests the honor guest won first place. Mesdames Dockray and Terry Elkin won the third. Miss Eulalia Whitefield then pleased the assemblage with a reading and Miss Chrystal Poole gave a piano solo.

A very lovely salad plate was then tastefully served, after which Miss Ola Dublin made a talk, in which she beautifully expressed the regret that Midland, the Christian church and the friends of the entire Biard family felt at their going. Each sentiment expressed struck a responsive chord in every heart, and Mrs. Biard's response was equally as tender and touching. Then came the hour for good-bye, and though the friends are now absent one from the other, this party will ever be a thing of beauty upon the silent shore of memory.

Mrs. W. H. Williams returned on Monday from Dallas where she had been to meet her son, Earl Williams, a student of A. & M. College, and together with Mrs. Flanigan and Mr. Jim Flanigan, also an A. & M. student, spent a day at the fair.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Scharbauer left Wednesday afternoon for Dallas and Mrs. Scharbauer will also go to Waco to visit her sister, Mrs. Will Stafford, before her return.

Mrs. J. W. Parks, who sustained an operation last Tuesday at Scott & White's sanitarium in Temple, is getting along nicely and hopes soon to regain her old time strength and vigor.

Forty-two Party Gala Affair

An autumnal party very lovely in its appointments was given last Wednesday afternoon when Mrs. Andrew Fasken entertained a large group of ladies with forty-two. The spacious and attractive rooms of the Fasken home were soon filled with the throng of attractively gowned women and the hours sped quickly by in happy exchange of greetings and the spirited games. The refreshments served were delicious and dainty and consisted of chicken salad, crackers, olives, mints, coffee with cherry and

nut cake. It was altogether a lovely hospitality and the gracious hostess was much commended for her inspiration in bringing together so many congenial friends and which reminded them so much of Midland's parties of yesteryears.

Birthday Luncheon

Mrs. Leonard Pemberton entertained very pleasantly last Wednesday afternoon with a two-course luncheon in compliment to Mrs. Brooks Pemberton's birthday anniversary. The personnel of the party was taken from the friends of the honoree and were Mesdames H. Klapproth, Warren Pemberton, D. W. Brunson, Kenneth Davis, of Stanton, and Fred Middleton. This party is an annual tribute Mrs. Leonard Pemberton pays to her husband's mother, and with the passing of the years becomes dearer and more precious to the mother heart.

Miss Chrystal Poole was hostess at a very attractive dinner party on Wednesday evening of last week. The table was effectively centered by a vase of pink and white carnations, and covers were laid for Misses Pickrell, Oliphant, Graham, McCormick and Poole; Messrs. Henry Wolcott, Paul Barron, Seale, Billie Bryant and Dee McCormick. Aside from the regular dinner by the Llano, candy, stuffer dates and candied pecans were also served. The men were given cigars as favors and the girls pretty little vanities. After dinner a theatre party was enjoyed at the Rialto.

Alpha-Omega Club Entertained

Miss Juliette Wolcott was hostess Tuesday evening at a most delightful party for the Alpha-Omega Bridge club. Mrs. Joe Youngblood won the guest prize, Miss Fannie Bess Taylor the high score club prize, and Miss Geraldine Cowden the booby. At the conclusion of the games the most delicious repast consisting of sandwiches, chicken salad, olives, cream puffs and coffee were daintily served. The guests who enjoyed this delightful hospitality besides the club members were Mesdames Joe Youngblood, Elliott Cowden, Harry Neblett, J. V. Stokes, Lange, Misses Georgia Bryant and Elma Graves.

Midland Boy Receives West Point Appointment

Through Congressman Claud B. Hudspeth, Mr. Meyer Half has received an appointment to West Point and will go to El Paso in March to take the physical examination. The mental examination has been waived, and as Meyer is as wonderfully developed physically as he is mentally, having received considerable military training in New Mexico Military Academy, his friends are confident that he will triumphantly "pass muster." He will go to West Point in July and in the interim will continue his studies at the State University in Austin. The Reporter with numerous friends congratulate the young man upon his well merited good fortune.

Judge Charles Klapproth left yesterday for a week's visit to Austin.

The Hallowe'en Carnival staged by the women of the Methodist church promises to be the good time event of the season. Booths for grown-ups and for the kiddies and every fun-making device will be there. Lots of new Hallowe'en ideas and the same old spooks, witches and thrills pertaining to Hallowe'en. Oct. 31st.

Notice to the Public

I have again taken over the Stone Market, east of Coyle-Cordill garage, and want to assure the public I will serve them well and appreciatively. I am compelled to pay cash for everything and will have to sell the same way.
W. C. STONE.
adv. 1-4t.

The Scharbauer Cattle Company is moving its offices from over the First National Bank to the offices on the second floor of the Llano, formerly occupied by Attorneys Fannin and Garrard, while Attorney Fannin is now located in the office formerly occupied by B. W. Baker.

S. M. McKennon, of Big Spring, was in Midland last Friday for an x-ray examination.

Bob Harlen and Fred Collins, of Rankin, were here last Saturday on business and Fred was in again yesterday.

Robert D. Mahoney, of El Paso, was a business visitor in Midland on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Stokes, Jr., returned yesterday to their ranch east, after spending a few days in town with Mrs. J. V. Stokes, Sr.

Sam Means, of Valentine, was in Midland the latter part of last week on business. While here he was the guest of Mrs. R. D. McAnally.

Everybody's Store

Special Sale

of Fine Pattern Hats Originally Worth from \$16.75 to \$25.00 for Friday and Saturday and Next Week at, Choice

\$15.00

Also a special showing of beautiful Coats, new this week, all colors, materials and sizes at a very special price range of

\$15.00 to \$150.00

Everybody's Store

The Store of Individuality

T. S. Patterson & Co.

Midland, Texas

CHURCH NOTICES

DIVINE WARNINGS

Wherefore, leaving the doctrine of the first principals of Christ, let us press on to perfection: not laying again a foundation of repentance from dead works, and of faith toward God, of the teachings of baptisms, and of laying on of hands, and of the resurrection of the dead, and of eternal judgments.

And this we do if God permit. For as touching those who were once enlightened and tasted of the heavenly gift, and were made partakers of the Holy Spirit, and tasted the good word of God, and the powers of the age to come, and then fell away, it is impossible to renew them again unto repentance: seeing they crucify to themselves the Son of God afresh, and put Him to an open shame. For the land which has drunk the rain that cometh oft upon it, and bringeth herbs meet for meat for them for whose sake it is tilled, receiveth blessing from God; but if it beareth thorns and thistles, it is rejected and burnt unto a curse; whose end is to be burned.

But, beloved, we are persuaded better things of you, and things that accompany salvation, though we thus speak: for God is not unrighteous to forget your work and the love which ye showed towards His name, in that ye ministered to the saints, and still do minister. And we desire that each one of you may show the same diligence unto the fullness of hope even to the end: that ye be not sluggish, but imitators of them who through faith and patience inherit the promise. (Heb. 6:1-12.)
(To be continued.)

Catholic Church

Mass will be on every third Sunday of the month and on the fifth Sunday when there is a fifth Sunday in the month. Beginning of mass at 10 a. m.

Mrs. K. J. Davis and two children, of Stanton, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Warren Pemberton.

The firm of Howe & Allen has just completed the plumbing work of the ranch house of J. L. Johnson, a Ft. Worth man who has a ranch north of Odessa. They also have recently completed the installation of a heating plant in the beautiful ranch home of Mr. and Mrs. Donald Hutt.

After spending a few days with relatives in town, Mrs. O. J. Currie returned Tuesday to the ranch near Rankin.

Jack Biard and family left early this morning for an overland trip to Dallas where Mr. Biard has accepted a position as first assistant superintendent in the Cotton Textile Mill being erected in Dallas. While wishing for them every happiness and every success in their new home, many friends regret to see them leave Midland.

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Carr and Mrs. J. R. Storey left last week for El Paso. The trip was made overland. Mrs. Storey is returning to her home in Phoenix, Ariz. Mr. and Mrs. Carr will return to Midland after a brief visit with friends and relatives in El Paso.

Port Bludworth, of Abilene, is a visitor in Midland this week on business. He will spend a few days in Midland visiting relatives and friends before returning to Abilene.

Elliott F. Cowden, secretary of the Midland Hereford Breeders Association, left for Ft. Worth Wednesday morning. He will attend the sale of feeder cattle there and, in line with his work here, will study conditions under which the sale is held.

Mr. and Mrs. Berry Hues, of Oklahoma City, spent the week-end in Midland with her mother, Mrs. R. A. Evans. Mr. and Mrs. Hues were on their way to El Paso where they will make their future home.

John C. Miller and Mrs. J. T. Miller, both of Big Spring, were here on Tuesday for an x-ray examination.

John Waddell, formerly of Midland, but now living at Meridian, is here this week on business.

John Dublin left Wednesday evening for Dallas to attend the fair.

Judge J. H. Beall, a leading attorney of Sweetwater, was here the latter part of last week on official business, being associated with Judge E. R. Bryan, of this city, in litigation pending in district court.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Currie were in from the Youngblood ranch the first of the week visiting relatives.

M. C. Queen, of Big Spring, spent Wednesday in Midland the guest of Miss Margaret Currie.

Mrs. Robert Currie returned on Thursday from Garden City, where she has been for the past month with her mother and sister who have been very ill, but who are now much improved.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Corbin, of San Angelo, are in Midland visiting his sister, Mrs. Alvin Johnson. Mr. and Mrs. Corbin came with the intention of locating here, and The Reporter hopes they will find it advisable to do so.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Florence moved last week to Loraine, where Mr. Florence will be station agent. Mr. and Mrs. Florence have lived in Midland for the past fifteen years and many friends regretted to see them move, although they wish for them happiness in their new home.

David Flood, of Wichita, Kans., was here the first of the week trying to buy some land, 15,000 acres it is reported.

W. E. Hawthorne, of Eureka, Kans., was here this week on cattle business.

Mrs. E. C. Hendricks, Mrs. W. E. Carter and Mrs. J. T. Cross, of Odessa, were guests at the Llano Monday.

J. L. Hart, real estate agent of Colorado, was here the first of the week trying to locate farms for some of his clients. Mr. Hart said that he intended to have 100 families on farms in Midland County by the first of January.

C. E. Trammell returned Tuesday from Houston where he was called last week by the death of his father, D. M. Trammell, who was a resident of that city.

Dan and Pence Wadley, of Dallas, are here visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Wadley. They made the trip overland and report the roads in bad condition.

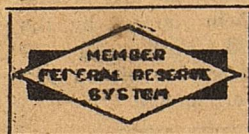
Walter Lynch, of Eunice, N. M., is here on business. He reports fine rains and good grass in his section of the country.

Mrs. Bill Wytche, of Odessa, is spending the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Thompson, while her husband is in Ft. Worth attending the auction sale.

It Is Only Natural

that a bank should accommodate its customers above others. Knowing this, no man can afford to be without a banking connection.

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