

Third Arrest Made in Hanging Skeleton Case

BIG BUSINESS SEES IMPROVED TREND IN 1935

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—Big business is heading into the new year in an attitude of cautious optimism. High executives in practically all major lines foresee further improvements in 1935, although not without some obstacles. A cross-section of American industry on the outlook for 1935 was obtained in the following survey: Alfred Sloan Jr., president of General Motors corporation—The fact that there is a foundation not only for recovery but the possibility of accelerating the processes of recovery and a broadening intelligence in the solution of the problems justifies the belief we are making progress and that conditions in 1935 should be better than in 1934. R. B. White, president Western Union Telegraph company—Continuation through 1935 of the present improvement is dependent on stabilization of general economic conditions. If the present growing confidence continues without interruption the prospects are for better business. Gerard Swope, president General Electric company—For the year 1935 we look forward to a continued improvement in business.

Looking Back On Significant Events of 1934

- MARCH 1—Pu Yi ascends Manchukuoan throne. 2—Tariff powers shifted to president—Roosevelt asks revision of Philippine independence bill. 3—John Dillinger escapes from Crown Point, Ind., jail, using wooden gun—Roosevelt separates NRA and Labor Board—Greeks order Insull expulsion. 5—NRA permanent, Roosevelt says at code parley. 6—Dr. Alice Wynekoop convicted of daughter-in-law's murder. 7—Mrs. Roosevelt reaches Puerto Rico on West Indies tour. 9—Four army pilots killed flying mail. 10—Roosevelt orders air mail curb for safety. 11—Army grounds planes to wait new mail schedule. 12—House approves bonus bill. 13—Ford restores \$5 minimum to 47,000 workers. 14—Senate rejects St. Lawrence treaty—John A. Simpson, president Farmers Union, dies. 15—Samuel Insull escapes Greek guard. 20—Auto strike deferred as president calls parley. 21—Gov. Fred B. Balzar of Nevada dies—Lilyan Tashman, film star, dies—200,000 homeless, 1,500 die in Japanese fire and storm.

NEW RELIEF PROGRAM TO BE CHANGED

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The federal emergency relief administration today cleared the way for a broad work relief program in 1935. Administrator Harry L. Hopkins ordered states, counties and municipalities to raise and spend their own money to care for all "chronic dependents"—persons unable to work because of old age, mental or physical handicaps. The order effective Feb. 1, will result in clearing federal relief rolls of almost 4,000,000 individuals who must receive relief to live. It will leave around 15,000,000 unemployed, able to earn wages on government financed projects. The order was interpreted as being the administration's first move to base the new year's relief program on work, despite recent big business sentiment for the cheaper "handout" system he substituted. Result of Hopkins' new order probably will be threefold; first, relief costs are expected to mount, though relief rolls will be decreased; second, those remaining will probably receive more than the \$25 to \$30 they now average each month; third, state, county and local taxpayers may be called upon to pay more levies. Hopkins estimated work relief is 15 per cent more expensive than direct relief with the additional money needed for purchasing materials. Wherever possible, he said, the amount the states spend in caring for chronic dependents will be credited toward their contributions to federal relief.

Mother of Jim Horton Dies at Home In Florida

Funeral services for Mrs. Horace E. Horton, widow of H. E. Horton, and mother of James Horton of Eastland, who died this morning at her home in Lake City, Fla., were to be held this afternoon. Cremation was to be made after funeral services. On a hunting trip in Mason county, her son, James, of Eastland, had not been contacted by relatives up to noon today. Patrolmen and filling station operators in that section had been notified by relatives to be on the lookout for him and convey the message of his mother's death. Mrs. Horton had undergone treatment at a hospital in the Florida town two weeks previous to her death this morning. Her sudden death was attributed to heart trouble, the family of James Horton said today. Mrs. Horton was a prominent musician and Presbyterian church worker in Lake City. She paid her son in Eastland a visit this year.

CRACK CANADIAN LIMITED CRASHES INTO EXCURSION TRAIN; 15 KILLED, 33 INJURED



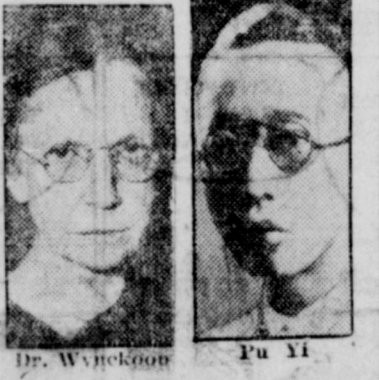
Crashing into the rear end of a crowded Christmas excursion train at Dundas, six miles west of Hamilton, Ont., the engine of the Maple Leaf, Canadian National Railway's crack eastbound flyer, plowed through two wooden coaches, killing 15 and injuring 33. Tremendous violence of the crash is indicated by this picture, with wreckage of the wooden cars piled on the locomotive and strewn down the embankment. The collision resulted when the flyer plunged through an open switch into the siding where the excursion train had stopped. No one was injured on the limited.

MELTON TYLER ARRESTED BY VIRGE FOSTER

Raymond Henry and Wife Held In Callahan and Stephens Co. Jail. Eastland county officers today arrested Melton Tyler, 34, of Rising Star, in connection with the death of H. L. McBee, highway maintenance man, whose skeleton was found hanging to a tree near Rising Star last Saturday. Tyler is the third to be arrested as Raymond Henry and his wife have already been placed in custody by officers. Charges of murder were filed against Tyler in W. M. Morrison's justice of the peace court at Rising Star at the time of his arrest and preliminary hearing was set for 11 o'clock Saturday at Rising Star. Tyler is now being held in the Eastland city jail. Tyler, who is a married man, is the third to be arrested in connection with the hanging skeleton case, but Eastland officers did not intimate whether or not other arrests would be made. Culmination of five days investigation by county officers and the district attorney in the finding of a skeleton identified as H. L. McBee, missing from Rising Star for over a year, brought two arrests Thursday. Charges of murder were filed in Justice of the Peace W. M. Morrison's court at Rising Star Thursday against Raymond Henry and his wife. Mrs. Henry was the former Mrs. H. L. McBee, who obtained a divorce from him after his disappearance. Raymond Henry gave his age to officers as 24. Mrs. Henry is said to be past 30. Henry was transferred this morning from the Eastland county jail to the Stephens county jail in Breckenridge. The Eastland county jail is under repair. The skeleton, later identified as that of McBee, was found hanging to a tree in dense woods one mile from Rising Star Saturday. Identification of the skeleton was made by gold fillings and other dental marks and by a highway worker's tag. The tag, bearing numerals 7869, was found in the pocket of his weather-beaten trousers, which apparently had dropped from the body, and were lying on the ground beneath it. Records of the State Highway department showed the badge was issued to McBee, an employe in the maintenance division, May 16, 1932, from the district office at Brownwood. McBee disappeared from his home in Rising Star in May, 1932, and a search followed. Henry was reared in the Blake community, seven miles southwest of Rising Star. Since his marriage to the former McBee he and his wife have been living on a small rented farm a mile from Rising Star.

County Men Jail Chester White at Eastland Friday

Chester White, who was indicted by a recent district court grand jury on a burglary charge, was arrested Friday at Eastland by county officers. He was held in the Eastland city jail because the county jail is under repair. The indictment charges White with entering the house of George Fendler of Ranger about Nov. 6, and stealing goods. White has a burglary case pending at the Court of Criminal Appeals in Austin, officers said.



24—Roosevelt signs new Philippine independence bill—George O. Squier, war-time air chief, dies—Rail unions reject peace plan—Dr. Alice Wynekoop gets 25-year-term for murder. 25—Roosevelt averts auto strike. 27—House overrides president's veto of increased veterans' funds—Roosevelt goes to Florida for vacation. 28—Senate overrides veto. 29—Otto H. Kahn, New York banker, dies. 30—Seven-hour day, five-day week given 250,000 coal miners—General Electric and L. S. Steel grant 10 per cent pay raises. 31—John Dillinger wounded shooting way out of St. Paul trap.

Relief Allotment Made For Texas

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Harry Hopkins, federal emergency relief director, today allotted \$3,774,695 to Texas for relief work in January. Hopkins announced that total federal, state and local emergency relief costs for November amounted to \$171,789,742, an increase of 12.1 per cent over October. The November relief rolls included 4,177,735 families, compared with 4,051,493 in October.

Football Fans Are Killed in Accident

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Dec. 28.—Two persons were charged with manslaughter on three counts today in the deaths of three Alabama football fans, killed in an automobile-truck crash near here last night while en route to the Rose Bowl game on New Year's Day. The warrants were issued against E. E. and J. P. Campbell, owner and driver of the truck, which was parked on the highway when the car rammed it head-on in a driving rain.

HAUPTMANN'S RECORD IN GERMANY REVEALED AFTER HIS ARREST IN NEW YORK

Editor's Note: Following is the tenth of the Sidney B. Whipple series on the Lindbergh crime. Today's dispatch relates the discovery of Bruno Richard Hauptmann's criminal record in Germany and his illegal entrance into the United States. By SIDNEY B. WHIPPLE United Press Staff Correspondent (Copyright, 1934, United Press) When the soldiers of the village of Kamenz marched to war in August, 1914, Bruno Richard Hauptmann was 14, and too young to wear the German field gray. Two years later, however, when the fatherland was calling youths to the colors, he joined a machine-gun company and fought, unscathed, through the war. He went back to Kamenz, when the war was over and he was 19, to become the town's "bad boy." Something seemed to have shattered his morale and, with a youngster named Fritz Petzold, he appeared to be embarking on a campaign of terrorism. From March, 1919, until June 1923, when he disappeared over the Atlantic horizon, his life consisted of a series of clashes with provincial police. First Offense On the night of March 15-16, 1919, Hauptmann and Petzold broke the window of a living room in the home of a good burgher in the town of Bernbruch, jimmied their way into the house and stole 300 marks and a silver watch. The offense was the more striking because the victim who bemoaned the loss of his silver timepiece was none other than the Herr Burgomeister Schierach. On the following night, the same pair burglarized the home of Eduard Scheumann, a leather tanner in Kamenz, stealing 200 marks, a quantity of postage stamps, and another watch and chain. A third robbery at Rackelwitz, in which they used a crow bar to gain entrance to a house which was robbed of 400 marks and a third watch and chain, was traced to their hands. Fourth Escapade Hauptmann's fourth escapade of the month was to hold up two women who were pushing baby carriages filled with food on the road between Wiesa and Nebelschütz. Petzold, on that occasion, waggled a revolver at the women—Hauptmann's revolver it was afterwards shown—and took from them a quantity of foodstuffs and several food cards such as were being issued to German families at that time. When the women refused to stop, the police related, Hauptmann urged Petzold to "shoot and waste no more time." "We're radicals," the ex-soldiers shouted at the two females, "and we're ready to shoot." The frightened women ran away from their baby-less baby-carriages, and the two youths divided their booty in the woods. The police lost no time in tracing down the pair, and they were arrested on March 26, 1919, in Kamenz. While they were being transferred to a safer jail at Bautzen, in the following month, Hauptmann escaped from the prison van, only to be caught again by the Kamenz police. Court Conviction On June 3, 1919, Hauptmann was convicted by the first district court at Bautzen on three charges of grand larceny, one charge of petty larceny, and as a receiver of stolen goods. He was sentenced to two years, six months and one week in jail. In a subsequent court case at Bautzen, dealing with the highway robbery, he was sentenced to an additional two years and six months, making a total of five years and one week. He began serving the sentence in the Bautzen jail, but was paroled in March, 1923. Within a month after his release a new series of petty depredations in Kamenz pointed in his direction. He was arrested on June 7, of that year, charged with having stolen valuable leather belting from a potter, a saw mill and a machine shop. Escaped Again No disposition of these cases ever was obtained. Before he could be brought to trial he had escaped, in leisurely fashion, while exercising in the jail yard. The harassed authorities never saw him again. Hauptmann made his way to a Hamburg pier and stowed away on a liner bound for America. Discovered before he was able to land, he was taken back again. But he "promised" the liner's skipper that he would stow away again at the earliest opportunity. A second attempt to reach America ended before his trip actually began. When officers discovered his hiding place, he leaped overboard, swam to the pilings of the dock, and clung there for

Funeral Services Held For Eastland Resident on Friday

Funeral services for Robert Barker, 71, of Eastland, were conducted at Merriman Friday afternoon by Rev. K. C. Edmonds. The decedent, who was preceded in death by his wife, Mrs. Cora Barker, died of pneumonia after an illness of about a week. Death occurred on Wednesday, but funeral services were delayed awaiting arrival of two daughters from California.

TAX GROUP TO MAKE REPORT TO THE SENATE

AUSTIN, Dec. 28.—With a call for a new state constitution, the state senate tax research committee today had practically thrown over attempts to bring about general tax reform at the session of the legislature which opens January 8th. "We have found it impossible to write highly desirable laws because of inhibitions and restrictions in the state constitutions," Senator Arthur Dugan of Littlefield, chairman of the committee, said. He announced the committee has agreed to recommend to the legislature that it submit to the voters the question of calling a convention to draft a new constitution. The present constitution was adopted in 1876. Many changes in it have been made by amendment since that time. Eight amendments, several of which dealt with taxes, were defeated this year. A proposal to classify property for taxation was among them. Temporary tax improvements will be suggested to the legislature by the committee. One proposal will be to make the tax commission one of the leading state officials. Now the office has minor duties. Governor-elect James V. Allred has announced he views it as one of the key places. A sales tax as a means to finance the state temporarily has been advocated before the committee, but Governor-elect Allred is pledged by his campaign to veto such a tax.

ROBBER APOLOGIZED

CLEVELAND.—"I'm sorry but I have a wife and three kids," a robber, clad in a hunter's outfit, apologized to James Hough, the cashier of the Goff-Kirby Coal Company, as he took \$125.

INJUNCTION GRANTED ON OIL HEARINGS

AUSTIN, Dec. 28.—District Judge W. F. Robertson today granted a temporary order restraining the railroad commission from holding public hearings on applications of plaintiffs for oil tenders. Utah Refining company and the Potter Brothers Pipe Line company of Kilgore, independent oil concerns, applied for the injunction. In effect the order temporarily gags the East Texas tender board forbids it to reveal private business affairs of the plaintiff when hearing tender applications. Several companies have protested public hearings before the East Texas tender committee and the question which outside attorneys were permitted to ask.

that reminds me...

Merchants are busy this week taking inventory and from the looks of things the tax man will get much less on the volume for Jan. 1 "on hand" assessments because this is one time that folks bought beyond the expectations of the most reliable prophecies as to what business was going to be, which also means that the wholesale houses in all lines will have a good business ahead of them from the Eastland merchants during the next few weeks. Of course spring will be the theme song in the dry goods line and no doubt all spring merchandise will soon be rolling in for Milady's inspection.

Office Announces New Wage Rate

Twenty-five cents per hour will be the wage rate common laborers will be paid effective Jan. 4, the relief headquarters in Eastland announced today. No other wage scale changes were announced.

Spectacle Collection Attracts Attention

BOSTON.—One of the most interesting displays at the first New England Hobby Collectors show was that of Dr. C. G. Berger, a collector of old spectacles. His exhibit included the gold-rimmed glasses worn by President Taft's grandmother. Dr. Berger also showed spectacles that were made of wood, some that were over and under the ear, a few that were held in place by springs which pressed cork pads against the temples, and still others that had two extra lenses to be swung into place when the wearer wished to read.

AUTHORITY ON BROKEN LEGS

OMAHA, Neb.—In 21 years, Miss Gladys Sebastian, North Platte, Neb., has become an authority on broken legs. Suffering her first while an infant, Miss Sebastian now is under treatment for a tenth fracture. Most of the broken bones have been suffered since she was 11 years old. Seven of the fractures have been of the right leg and three of the left. She does not recall how some of them occurred.

Snow and Cold Wave Hit Midwest

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—Snow and another cold wave from the Rockies swept down on the middle west today while gales that lashed both coasts and temperatures rose. New England, cleaning up debris and counting casualties of a hurricane, was threatened with more snow and cold after a day of respite. Scores of persons were injured in Boston and Springfield, Mass., New York and other cities to the north when the wind reached 66 miles an hour in Boston, 75 in Springfield and velocities passing 50 miles in almost every New England state.

Activities Lull In Appeals Court

Because of Christmas holidays bringing few cases submitted at 11 court of civil appeals at Eastland and vacations being spent by some connected with the court, no report was issued Friday by the tribunal. The regular report will be issued Friday.

WORK RELIEF IS EXPECTED TO BE STARTED

H. E. Driscoll, county administrator, and E. Mayer of the county administrative office, were in Austin today to obtain information when work projects would resume in the county. The work relief projects shut down Thursday night because of uncertainty of the amount of January money yet to come and funds for the month being at a low ebb. Information as to the date of resumption of work projects and amount of funds for January will likely be learned by Driscoll and Mayer, it was said. Meanwhile, all relief work other than the work projects continue as in the past.

Bible Class Will Have Program for College Students

Returning college students will be special guests at the Sunday 9:45 Bible class meeting, Earl Bander, president, said today. The class meets every Sunday in the Methodist church. The program for the date will be outlined as to especially appeal to the college students. Judge J. E. Hickman, class teacher, will deliver a special lesson, it was said. Hi-Y club boys, Boy Scouts and young people were extended a special invitation to attend by the president and class members.

Second High School Party This Evening

The second of a series of entertainments for school students will be given this evening in the Coleman gymnasium, Mrs. W. E. Coleman, Parent-Teacher president, announced. The entertainment will begin at 8 and terminate at 11 o'clock, she said. The junior class will be hosts for the affair at which seniors of last year will be honor guests. The entertainment will be for high school students, teachers and parents, she explained. Invitation was extended them by the Parent-Teacher head. Mrs. J. M. Perkins will be in charge of the bridge tournament; Mrs. June Kimble, "42" tournament, and Mrs. LeRoy Arnold, registration. President Roosevelt is planning to bombard congress with a series of important messages that will make some of the members sorry they ever were elected.

EASTLAND TELEGRAM

Published every afternoon (except Saturday and Sunday) and every Sunday Morning

Member Advertising Bureau — Texas Daily Press League Member of United Press Association

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC:

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of this paper will be gladly corrected upon being brought to the attention of the publisher.

Obituaries, cards of thanks, notices of lodge meetings, etc., are charged for at regular advertising rates, which will be furnished upon application.

Entered as second-class matter at the post office at Eastland, Texas, under Act of March, 1879

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Single copies \$.05 Six months \$ 2.50 One year \$ 4.50 ALL SUBSCRIPTIONS PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

In Support of Business

The coming year ought to be a good one for advertising—and, by that token, it ought to be a good one for business generally.

Donald R. Richberg, NRA chieftain, has indicated that the government will adopt no policy which would hamper advertising. Advertising costs will not be included in completion of those basic prices on which the NRA framework rests.

If a business man can increase his profits by an energetic and intelligent advertising campaign, the spoils are fairly his.

It is a truism that advertising is the oil which lubricates the business machine. Mr. Richberg's position is an assurance that Uncle Sam will do nothing to cut off the lubrication.

The result should be good profits for business men wise enough to take advantage of their advertising opportunities.

Why America's Best Dressed?

Someone has gone to the trouble of compiling a list of America's best-dressed women—the best-dressed woman in public life, the best-dressed professional woman, the best-dressed actress, and so on.

It is a very fine list, and the women selected are very fine women, but there is something sadly incomplete about it all.

All the women on the list, if you noticed, are women of means. They have the time and the money to devote to costume; why shouldn't they be well dressed? What we'd like to see is a list with prize winners something like these:

Sally Spifkins, best-dressed dime store sales girl, who manages to look neat and attractive on the \$2 a week that she is able to lay aside for clothes; and Mary Jones, the housewife who keeps trim and stylish in spite of the fact that she cooks three meals a day, makes a flock of beds, looks after three small children, does a lot of washing and ironing and dusting, and has a very skimpy budget to handle.

There are a lot of women like Sally Epifkins and Mary Jones in this world. It's time they got a little recognition for their pains.

FRECKLES and HIS FRIENDS—By Blosser



"OUT OUR WAY" — By Williams



Silk Crepe Purchase Assembles Material For 100,000 Dresses

Hundreds of thousands of yards of flat silk crepe, enough material to make approximately 100,000 dresses, has been purchased by

Montgomery Ward & Co. for their January sale event, in one of the most important single transactions for this type of merchandise in the organization's history, an announcement today states.

Statistics forwarded by this retail and mail order firm show that the average plant with 50 looms, employing 25 craftsmen working at 100 per cent efficiency can produce in a 40-hour week, 6,250 yards of this fabric. Average plant

production however, is nearer 5,500 yards. Estimated figures indicate that 50 persons were employed more than six months in producing an order of this magnitude.

Sports reviewers have called St. Louis the country sports capital. But only the kind of capital that doesn't mean money, so far as the Browns and the Cardinals are concerned.

Lovable



BEGIN HERE TODAY ANN HOLLISTER breaks her engagement to CAROL MICKLE. ANN tells VALERIA BENNETT, his fiancée, that everything is over between them. Ann thinks she still loves Tony and Peter believes she still cares for Valeria. Ann when chance brings the two together and Peter asks Ann to marry him she agrees.

THE address on Bond street, proved to be an unimpressive brick apartment building. There was something depressing about the exterior and something infinitely more depressing about the interior. But to Peter it appeared as a green oasis in a barren desert. He would find Ann here! He was sure the telephone message had come from her.

He ran up the uncarpeted steps, hearing voices above. The door to one room was open. It must be filled with a great many people, for some of them had spilled out into the hall. Peter recognized them as reporters.

He scowled bitterly. If they were giving Ann trouble— And then he stood for a moment weak from disappointment, leaning against the door.

"Now, if you will just pose with your arm about his shoulder," a camera man was saying persuasively to Carol.

THE newspapers apparently thought Carol Kendall was to be congratulated for winning the young man whose football playing had made him an idol. His father had received the news of the marriage over telephone and was coming at once.

He smiled mirthlessly. Did she think that this small drink could chase his devils, get him in the proper party mood? A gay party was in progress at Dirk's apartment. Glasses were being filled and re-filled as Peter and Valeria entered. Voices, too shrill, too loud. Girls sitting close to men, their hands boldly clasped. Light talk and glances holding.

YES, matters had been righted, but the old gentleman thought this only half-heartedly, feeling that things were far from right when young Peter was so unhappy. "I wish you had never seen that girl, Peter," he said. He had blamed Ann for marrying Peter, but never as he blamed her now for leaving his boy. She must be mad to leave a fine boy like Peter.

"Yes, I'll come." "Soon?" "Within the hour." "I may pull you out on a party—just a few friends." "I'll be there as soon as I drop by the club and change."

VALERIA had said, "We're going to Dirk's. I just want to show you a low harmless place it really is." "Hello, Peter! Will wonders never cease?" It was Dirk's voice. "Glad Valeria brought you."

Dirk took the glass and refilled it. After a while he looked at Peter and registered admiration. The fellow was certainly a cool hand. He knew how to hold his liquor. He had heard that Peter Kendall was not a drinking chap. For an amateur he was certainly good. He was sure that if Peter were outwardly calm, some turmoil was going on inside.

He was right. Peter was watching the frequent broads on the sandwich plates, glasses being emptied and filled again and again, the loosening of tongues and manners. He hated Valeria's hot possessive little hand, clutching at him. "Peter, darling, get me a sandwich. The Dirk, Peter's not drinking enough. Look at that perfect balance."

New Clutch Feature Of 1935 Ford V-8

A feature of special interest to the woman driver is the new clutch in the Ford V-8 for 1935, on display in the showrooms of the local Ford dealer.

By utilizing centrifugal force to assist its action, the clutch pedal pressure is materially reduced. At starting and gear-changing speeds, or when waiting for the "go" signal at a traffic light, the pressure required to hold the clutch "out" is scarcely noticeable. At higher speeds, when the full power of the engine must be transmitted, the pressure is automatically increased to prevent slippage.

The new clutch utilizes three weights attached to the throw-out arms, so placed that when the engine speed increases they add pressure to the clutch plate. Consequently, a reduction in pedal pressure of approximately 20 per cent is made possible. The lower spring pressure, combined with the use of cushioning springs between the clutch disc and hub, a flexible steel spring disc, and a clutch pressure plate of copper alloy iron with ground surface, assures smoothness of engagement. Ease of operation also is assisted by the use of needle-bearings in the throw-out arm pivots.

The clutch is simpler in design this year. It contains 39 less parts when the needle bearing assemblies are considered as a single unit. The throw-out collar bearing is pre-lubricated, ordinarily requiring no lubricant for the life of the car.

COULDN'T RUSH CHRISTMAS

OGDEN, Utah.—Mayor Harman W. Peery confessed here that he was not nearly so influential as some of his admirers would believe. The confession followed receipt of a letter from an Ogden youngster, who was "so anxious to have Christmas come" that he wanted to know if the mayor "couldn't put the day ahead."

GIRLS KNIT EAR LAPS

WELLESLEY, Mass.—Winter won't find the Wellesley College girls unprepared. The latest fad here is knitting ear lap covers. The girls get the old-fashioned car muffins and slip on the covers. Some are of light colors for formal wear and others harmonize with their coats or sweaters for sports wear.

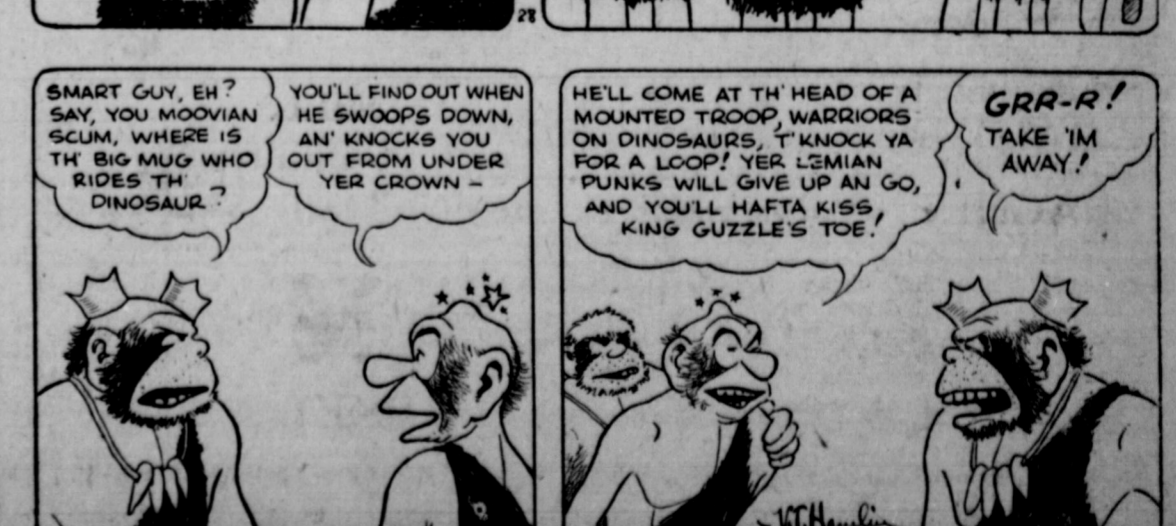
In the Movies

Answer to Previous Puzzle: HORIZONTAL: 1. Who is the nation picture actor in the picture? 11. Profound insensibility. 12. Billiard shot. 13. Seed covering. 14. Hastened. 15. To elude. 16. Fodder vat. 17. Wayside hotel. 18. To get ready. 19. Brooze. 20. Therefore. 21. Preposition. 22. To postpone. 23. Paunch. 24. Lower part of a dress. 25. Lengthwise. 26. Earth. 27. Near. 28. Preposition of place. 29. Pronoun. 30. Uncooked. 31. To raise. 32. DENMARK. 33. JUTLAND. 34. DENMARK'S FLAG. 35. DENMARK'S FLAG. 36. DENMARK'S FLAG. 37. DENMARK'S FLAG. 38. DENMARK'S FLAG. 39. DENMARK'S FLAG. 40. DENMARK'S FLAG. 41. DENMARK'S FLAG. 42. DENMARK'S FLAG. 43. DENMARK'S FLAG. 44. DENMARK'S FLAG. 45. DENMARK'S FLAG. 46. DENMARK'S FLAG. 47. DENMARK'S FLAG. 48. DENMARK'S FLAG. 49. DENMARK'S FLAG. 50. DENMARK'S FLAG. 51. DENMARK'S FLAG. 52. DENMARK'S FLAG. 53. DENMARK'S FLAG. 54. DENMARK'S FLAG. 55. DENMARK'S FLAG. 56. DENMARK'S FLAG. 57. DENMARK'S FLAG. 58. DENMARK'S FLAG. 59. DENMARK'S FLAG. 60. DENMARK'S FLAG. 61. DENMARK'S FLAG. 62. DENMARK'S FLAG. 63. DENMARK'S FLAG. 64. DENMARK'S FLAG. 65. DENMARK'S FLAG. 66. DENMARK'S FLAG. 67. DENMARK'S FLAG. 68. DENMARK'S FLAG. 69. DENMARK'S FLAG. 70. DENMARK'S FLAG. 71. DENMARK'S FLAG. 72. DENMARK'S FLAG. 73. DENMARK'S FLAG. 74. DENMARK'S FLAG. 75. DENMARK'S FLAG. 76. DENMARK'S FLAG. 77. DENMARK'S FLAG. 78. DENMARK'S FLAG. 79. DENMARK'S FLAG. 80. DENMARK'S FLAG. 81. DENMARK'S FLAG. 82. DENMARK'S FLAG. 83. DENMARK'S FLAG. 84. DENMARK'S FLAG. 85. DENMARK'S FLAG. 86. DENMARK'S FLAG. 87. DENMARK'S FLAG. 88. DENMARK'S FLAG. 89. DENMARK'S FLAG. 90. DENMARK'S FLAG. 91. DENMARK'S FLAG. 92. DENMARK'S FLAG. 93. DENMARK'S FLAG. 94. DENMARK'S FLAG. 95. DENMARK'S FLAG. 96. DENMARK'S FLAG. 97. DENMARK'S FLAG. 98. DENMARK'S FLAG. 99. DENMARK'S FLAG. 100. DENMARK'S FLAG.

VERTICAL: 1. To couple. 2. Last word of a prayer. 3. Vulgar fellow. 4. One who decorates cakes. 5. Edge of a roof. 6. Musical term. 7. Sheaf. 8. Dance step. 9. Silkworm. 10. To vex. 11. He is a well-known (pl.). 12. He works near. 13. Pain in the ear. 14. Sawlike organ. 15. Silk nest. 16. To piece out. 17. Evergreen tree. 18. To low as a cow. 19. Being. 20. Armadillo. 21. To engage in. 22. Behold. 23. Always. 24. Gamut. 25. Toward. 26. Weight. 27. Musical term. 28. Inlet. 29. Churn. 30. Bone. 31. Postscript.



The Newfangles (Mom 'n' Pop) — By Cowen



FRIDA... Cong... Mr. W... Refer... Dear M... Referr... on the h... in which... the AA... upon the... cotton fi... small co... in tenan... you give... of your... subject: I repli... your lett... to reply;... course, I... most vas... cotton pr...

Farm News of Interest to the Farmers of This Section

Congressman Eagle Points Out Difference in Status of Cotton Farmers From a Few Years Ago

Congressman Joe H. Eagle from the 8th Texas congressional district, has enumerated the changes in the condition of the cotton industry in reply to a letter from W. F. Neblett, of Anderson, Texas. The letter from Congressman Eagle follows:

Houston, Texas, Dec. 13, 1934.
Mr. W. T. Neblett, Anderson, Texas.
Dear Mr. Neblett:

Referring to your letter to me on the important subject of cotton in which you discuss the effect of the AAA and the Bankhead bill upon the welfare of yourself as a cotton farmer and its effect upon small cotton farmers and also upon tenant farmers, and in which you give a statement of facts and of your views generally on that subject:

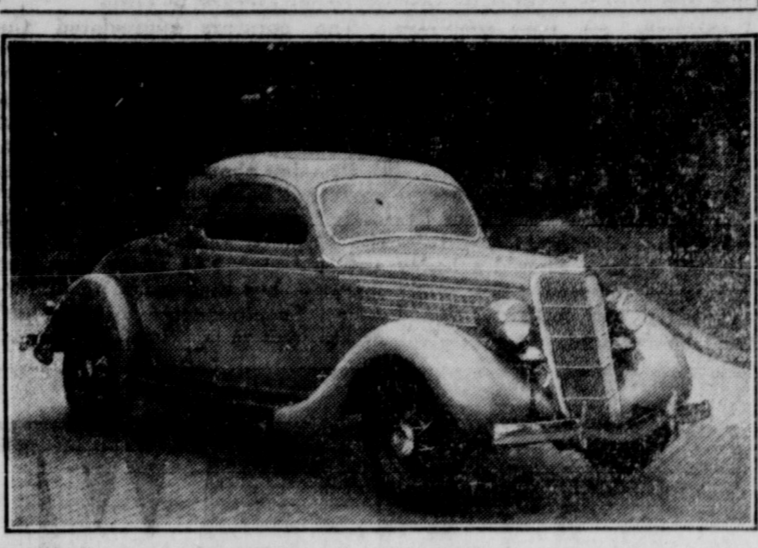
I replied briefly acknowledging your letter, and now take the time to reply at some greater length. Of course, I realize that that is the most vast problem affecting the cotton producing states, and there-

fore that within the compass of a letter no satisfactory statement, analysis, argument or conclusion can be made. I also realize that when the word 'cotton' is used anywhere in the South one can start an argument at any time, because no two cotton farmers agree as to what is best to be done either by persons of one group or of all groups or by the government concerning cotton, and therefore that even if a public man should be wise enough to understand this mighty problem in all its branches and courageous enough to state his program and fortunate enough to put a wise program through, there would still be multitudes who would differ and argue and criticize. Such is the very nature of public matters as well as of private concerns. And, I sometimes think that is best, because it compels people to think and to act. Where public discussion is active, there is a chance of progress and the correction of public and private evils; but where there is universal acquiescence there is gen-

erally stagnation. It is in this spirit and recognizing these facts that I try to find the truth and assert it and act on it and live by it, and it is in that spirit that I now write to you.

(1) When President Roosevelt assumed the Presidency on March 4, 1933, what was the actual condition of the cotton farmers in the Cotton Belt? They were entirely broke financially and utterly discouraged in their hearts. The price of cotton to the producer was about 5 1-2 cents a pound. There was a very heavy carryover, and they were preparing to plant an extra large acreage in 1933, and of course the effect would have been a vast crop at so poor a price as hardly to justify picking. They were all in debt for their accounts, for their taxes, and nearly all in debt for interest on debts against their farms, and most of them had past due notes on their farms. It was a perfect picture of despair. Persons in private and in business relations had so conducted the cotton business that it had brought the ruination of the producers. That meant that unless the Congress of the U. S., backed by the President, were able and willing to devise a plan to aid the cotton producer, he was ruined, and in turn the South was ruined, and in

New Ford V-8 De Luxe Coupe



SHOWN above is the new Ford V-8 de luxe 3-window coupe, which has just been announced. The new Ford V-8 cars have new body lines with graceful sloping rear quarter treatment. Chassis improvements, including moving the engine more

than eight inches forward, plus relocation of passenger seats closer to center of the car, provide a more comfortable ride and give greatly increased ease of control. Crankcase ventilation has been added to the Ford V-8 engine.

turn the nation could not get out of that awful depression.

(2) The first thing the Congress did was to come to the aid of the bankers. Congress met on March 9, 1933, and on March 9 we made nearly all paper in national banks eligible for rediscount so as to give them the power to take notes in their vaults down to the Federal Reserve banks and bring back Federal Reserve bank notes in their place, and in that way we made the banks safe. We later had the RFC buy much of their long-time paper, and later we guaranteed the public their deposits in the banks, so that, taken together, we first and foremost saved the banks from ruin and collapse, knowing if they were entirely ruined the country would be entirely ruined. In the same way we saved the building and loan associations. In the same way we saved many of the great railroad companies. In the same way we saved the trust companies. In the same way we saved the insurance companies. The tariff laws already in effect saved the manufacturers from competition against the rest of the world, and we aided big business in all proper ways so that there would not be a complete breakdown of the American system of business. And every bit of that had directly the effect of putting the wealth and resources and earning power of all of the American people back of those big interests so as to help sustain them from complete collapse.

(3) Then the Congress and the Administration turned their attention, for the first time since this nation was established, to the work of saving the producers from total collapse, after they had already been ruined by Hoover's "rugged individualism." It turned out to be "rugged individualism." We knew that the producers bear the burden of feeding and clothing the nation, and that they fight the nation's battle in time of war and they support the nation in time of peace. Aside from humanitarian sentiments, mere common sense dictated that if the producer could not protect and save himself, at least his government ought to devise plans to restore him and his business to normal condition if possible and as soon as possible. Thus the AAA act was passed. It was conceived in haste, written in haste, debated in haste, passed in haste and administered in haste. Naturally it was end is imperfect. But when a nation has been for 12 long years hastening to the precipice of ruin, do people expect, in the midst of that kind of a stress and strain, with a great many almost equally important subjects pressing and demanding attention, that a Congress of men mostly new to the work, elected in a political revolution, to be 100 percent perfect in their work? If so, they expect more than they themselves could perform under similar conditions. We did the best we could. We had a thousand differences to compose. We had sectional antagonisms. We had class distinctions and enmities. We had political bitter fights. We had no united backing in our several constituencies for any one of us on any question that came up. The nation was in such sore distress and in such spirit of revolt that it could not enite by public opinion back of any suggestion or plan any statesman devised. I make this outline merely that you may know the conditions that have confronted Congress in the enactment of the AAA and the Bankhead bill.

(4) The device adopted by the AAA was for the voluntary limitation of the cotton yield for 1933. This was accomplished by the payment of rentals to prevent planting, by payments for plow-up of

quantities already planted, and by inducing the price to be fixed at around 12 cents per pound by action of the government in first lending 10 cents and later 12 cents per pound on the crop of 1933. The net result of such law and its administration was to raise the price to the producer from about 5 1-2 cents to about 12 cents per pound. For the first time since the depression began the cotton farmer could pay his accounts, his taxes, his notes at bank, the interest on his land notes and some or most of the notes due on his land, and hold up his head because hope had come into his heart. Naturally in a law and its administration affecting two million cotton farmers in the South, some were injured and displeased while the great multitude were benefitted and pleased.

(5) Then came along the year 1934. I am writing this letter from memory, and without notes or data, but I think I am accurate when I say that to make the crop in 1933 a total of 3,000 units (tons I think) of fertilizers were purchased and used. But the farmers of the South were so pleased with 12 cent cotton that they made up their minds to make a real crop in 1934, and therefore by February, 1934, had actually ordered 175,000 such units of fertilizers. Of course that was mostly states other than Texas, because our lands are richer. But we in congress knew from reports all over the South that there would likely be 40 million acres planted in the year 1934 and the production vastly increased by the Southeastern states farmers having bought nearly sixty times as much fertilizer as the year before. We in the Congress knew that under those conditions, considering the carryover from 1933 and the increase in acreage planted planned by the farmers in 1934 and the additional fertilization, that there would be such a vast crop at the end of the growing season in 1934 that it would not be worth picking, with the result that our Texas cotton farmers of every class would sink even deeper into despair than they were on March 4, 1933, when we took hold to try to help all of the American people.

(6) Under these conditions the Bankhead bill was conceived and prepared, reported favorably by Committee, passed through the House and Senate, and approved by the President. While the AAA contemplated a voluntary reduction of output for 1933, we had come to realize that that program alone would not work for the year 1934, for the reasons above stated; and therefore it was a question of whether to do nothing more and watch the ruin of the South and then try to help a wrecked condition by donations and gratuities, or whether to try to help our cotton producers save themselves by taxing all cotton raised in excess of 10,400,000 bales, which would be about the right amount, considering the carryover and considering domestic consumption and usual foreign demand so as to go out of the cotton season of 1934-35 with a final carryover not too heavy to break prices for the 1935 crop.

(7) Neither I, as your Representative, nor, as I believe, any other Congressman from the South thought of the AAA or of the Bankhead bill as a permanent legislative policy and program, but only as an emergency policy and program because of the terrible conditions and awful emergency confronting the cotton producer and everybody else in Texas and the rest of the South and the rest of the country. Indeed, in the very body of the Bankhead bill we put a limitation on its life; and, for the first time I know of in legislative history, provided a sort of referendum so that two-thirds of the cotton producers must approve it before it is carried forward again. Even, however, if all cotton producers approve it, it dies by the very terms of the bill itself in the early future. Bear in mind, therefore, that it is not what is properly called permanent legislation. That is a matter yet in the

future and yet to be determined and enacted, or not enacted, by Congress.

(8) Now, it is one thing to legislate for the producer of cotton to the injury of everybody else handling and interested in cotton and another thing still to correct any injustices or inequities to the ginners, the transportation agencies, the compressors, the warehousemen, the merchants, and any and all of the vast number of laborers and clerks and persons engaged in the final disposition of the cotton after it leaves the producer. There is much objection to the AAA and the Bankhead bill (a) by numbers of tenant farmers and small farmers and other classes of farmers themselves who seem to imagine that they could have obtained this same 14 cents a pound this year 1934 which they have received for the present crop, if they had been allowed to raise 2 or 3 times as much; and if they will only reflect they must realize that if they had raised more this year 1934, added to the carryover from 1933, and added to the diminishing export market, it would have rendered the price so low as hardly to justify the picking; and (b) by ginners who would like to gin more at so much per bale, by the transportation agencies which would like to haul more at so much per bale, by the compressors which would like to compress more at so much per bale, by the warehouses that would like to warehouse more at so much per bale, and by the

cotton merchants whose foreign markets have been greatly crippled because our government by the above laws and policies has pegged this year's price at around 14 cents, which makes it impossible for them to successfully compete with cheaper cotton raised elsewhere in the world and offered successfully in competition in the cotton purchasing centers of the world, as well as also the innumerable laborers, employees and clerks threatened with loss of employment by continuance of the program of 1933 and 1934.

(9) Mr. Neblett, there is not just one class of people to be considered. He can not organize. He has tried and failed. It is impossible. Unless government steps in to help the cotton producer. It is indispensably necessary to that producer that these other agencies above mentioned are allowed to live and make a fair profit in order to purchase this cotton from the producer and move it to ultimate market. The ginner is indispensable, and so also are the transportations to port and to mill in the United States, and so also are the compressors and the warehousemen, and so also are the cotton merchants and all those they employ. All alike are in the same boat and are engaged in the noblest enterprise this glorious land we call the South can possibly engage in. We must not sacrifice the farmers, and neither must we sacrifice any of these other agen-

cies, because each alike is necessary to the other and all alike are necessary to Texas, to the South, and to the entire country. This cotton crop in the South is a monopoly of soil and climate. No where else in the world do soil and climate conspire to make a perfect fiber, one of the indispensable necessities of modern civilization. It is the cash crop of two million farmers and on their shoulders ride the population of the entire South. It has been that way for 75 years or more. Every other enterprise in America is organized and has common understandings and working agreements and production quotas except alone the cotton farmers. He is two million strong and scattered in every country hamlet in a territory 2,000 miles long and 400 to 500 miles wide and helps him he is destined to be the "hewer of wood and drawer of water" to the end of time, who producing a fiber indispensably necessary to mankind and the handling of which creates literally billions of value and profit. For the first time since this government was established it undertook by the AAA in 1933 and the Bankhead bill in 1934 to do for the producer what the same government has always been doing for the manufacturer. What the farmer buys last year and this year he pays the same price for he did when his cotton was 21 cents a pound. Why? Because the manu-

(Continued on page 5)

QUITTING BUSINESS!

STOCK MUST BE SOLD... LOCK, STOCK AND BARREL! These Prices Will SAVE YOU MONEY!

- | | |
|---|--|
| 10-Pound Paper Bag
SUGAR-50c | EXCELSIOR
CORN No. 2 can 10c
dozen \$1.05 |
| SWIFT'S LAUNDRY
SOAP 10 bars 25c | No. 2 Can
TOMATOES each 9c
dozen \$1.00 |
| SMALL SIZE
OXYDOL each 9c
dozen ... \$1.00 | Light Crust 12-lb. bag 60c
FLOUR 24-lb. bag \$1.05
48-lb. bag \$1.98 |
| PINTO BEANS 3 lbs. 25c | SMALL
NAVY BEANS 4 lbs. 27c |
| COFFEE | FISH |
| Maxwell House 1 lb. can 31c | RED SALMON ... can 21c |
| Folger's 2-lb. can 64c | MACKEREL can 8c |
| Bliss 1-lb. can 25c | PINK SALMON ... can 11c |
| Admiration 3-lb. can 89c | OYSTERS can 12c |
| Break-o-Morn. 1-lb. pkg. 20c | SARDINES can 10c
in Mustard Tomato Sauce |
| MEAL 10-lb. bag 35c
20-lb. bag 57c | CRACKERS |
| Smoked or Salt
BACON By the Piece
lb. 19c | QUAKERETTE 2 lbs. 19c
JURGES 10-oz. pkg. 8c |
| SMALL SIZE
SUPER SUDS 3 pkgs. 25c | HOMINY 5-lb. pail 49c |
| SHORTENING | PICNIC HAMS each 72c |
| 8 lbs. Jewel ... carton 98c | POTATOES 10 lbs. 17c |
| 8 lbs. Jewel ... pail \$1.00 | RICE 4 lbs. 17c |
| 6 lbs. Snowdrift 95c | Bl'keyed PEAS 3 lbs. 23c |
| 1 lb. Pure Lard 13c | ONIONS 5 lbs. 19c |
| 4 lbs. Jewel ... carton 52c | SPICES Any 2-oz. Can 8c |
| 4 lbs. Jewel ... pail 55c | LYE Red Top 3 cans 22c |
| WHEAT | NORTHERN |
| CRACKELS 3 for 29c | TISSUE 3 rolls 21c |
| No. 2 Can PLEE-ZING
PEAS each 17c
dozen \$1.92 | MILK |
| HOMINY , No. 1 .. doz. 84c | Page 6 small 19c
Bordens
Carnation 3 tall |
| KRAUT , No. 1. doz. \$1.05 | |
| FRANCO | |
| SPAGHETTI .. doz. \$1.08 | |

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CASH GROCERY & MARKET
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PIGGLY WIGGLY

We Wish for Each and Everyone a Happy and a Prosperous NEW YEAR!

Pure Cane SUGAR (not beet)	10-lb. bag 53c
Texas King FLOUR You Know It's Head of Its Class	48 lbs. \$1.69
U. S. No. 1 White POTATOES	10 lbs. 19c
New Crop PRUNES, 90-100 size	4 lbs. 25c
Bliss Vacuum Packed COFFEE 1-lb. can 25c	KELLOGG'S CORN FLAKES 2 large pkgs. 19c
Gloucester PEAS	3 No. 2 cans 25c
TOMATOES	3 No. 2 cans or 4 No. 1 cans 25c
LIBBY'S SPINACH 2 No. 2 Tall Cans	25c
MUSTARD GREENS 3 No. 2 Cans	25c
VAN CAMPS CATSUP 14-oz. Bottle	14c
P&G SOAP 6 big bars	25c
CLEAN QUICK SOAP FLAKES 5-lb. box	31c
MACKAREL 3 tall cans	25c
Andrew's SAUSAGE 2 cans	11c
POTTED MEAT 3 cans	10c
DATES 1 1/2-lb. Pkg. 23c	8-oz. pkg. Fitted 13c
ORANGES Large Sunkist, doz. 39c Med. Size Red Ball, doz. 18c	CALIFORNIA CELERY large stalk 10c
APPLES Large Size Delicious doz. 40c Winesaps, 2 doz. 25c	LETTUCE firm head 5c
	CRANBERRIES lb. 25c
	BANANAS lb. 5c
	QUALITY MEATS
	Sliced BACON, fancy lean slices lb. 29c
	PORK ROAST, fancy cuts shoulder lb. 17c
	BEEF ROAST, Seven cut lb. 13c
	Fancy Cream CHEESE lb. 21c
	Large BOLOGNA lb. 13c Dry Salt JOWLS lb. 15c

PIGGLY WIGGLY

Colds That Hang On

Don't let them get started. Fight them quickly. Creomulsion combines 7 helps in one. Powerful but harmless. Pleasant to take. No narcotics. Your druggist is authorized to refund your money on the spot if your cough or cold is not relieved by Creomulsion. (adv.)

Negro Trying to Enter Guilty Plea But Can't Do So

By United Press
 BEAUMONT, Texas.—Joe Gilbert, negro, is impatient of the law's delay.
 In jail on a charge of assault with intent to kill, Joe has been trying to plead guilty so he could get the matter out of the way.
 At Joe's repeated insistence, the hearing was finally set. Joe appeared and said he wanted to plead guilty and get it over with.
 "Sorry," the prosecution replied, "the state's witnesses haven't shown up. We'll have to put your trial off."
 Joe was led back to jail to wait.

Nation to Become Highly Cultured

By United Press
 HOUSTON.—The United States of the future probably will be a highly cultured nation if the predictions of Prof. Ben D. Wood of Columbia university, New York, come true.
 More leisure time allowed by changed economic and social conditions will cause boys and girls to remain in school until they are 22 or 24, he said. One of the factors that will keep them in school, Professor Wood believes, is the increased difficulty of finding jobs.
 Professor Wood is director of the bureau of college research, Columbia university; head of the cooperative test service, American Council on Education, and director of the Education Records Bureau, New York city.

Hardin-Simmons to Have Band Contest For High Schools

By United Press
 ABILENE, Texas.—The eighth annual West Texas high school band contest will be held at the Hardin-Simmons university this spring, according to Marion McClure, band conductor.
 In addition to the band contest, this year there will be an orchestra contest. Cups will be awarded to winners of first and second places in all divisions. Bands and orchestras will be divided as follows:
 Class A—Schools with enrollment of 750 or more.
 Class B—School with enrollment from 250 to 750.
 Class C—Schools with enrollment under 250.
 Class D—Schools where bands and orchestras have been organized only one year.
 The tournament is affiliated with the National Band and Orchestra association. Winners are eligible to compete in the national contest.

Georgia Peach Would Quit No 7



Asserting that there is no use remaining married to a man with whom she had lived only a month last summer, Mrs. Virginia Overshiner Patterson Starke Seeger Gilbert Kahn Cogswell announced in New York that she would seek an annulment from Arthur Douglas, her seventh husband. "Don't marry," the former Atlanta beauty contest winner advises lovers.

Twin Babes Left on Doorstep

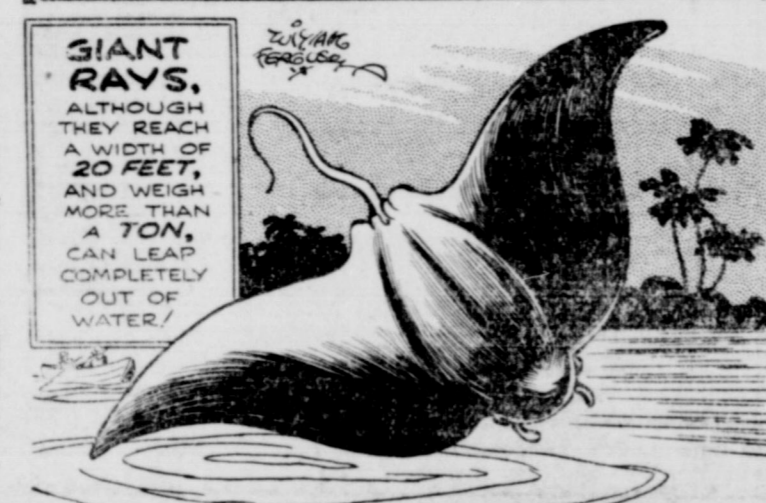


These twin girl babies, Martha and Mary, will spend their first Christmas in General Hospital, Cincinnati. They were abandoned on the doorstep of a private home, with no clue to their identity. The forsaken babes are shown in the arms of Mrs. Delia Gerke, a visitor to the hospital.

Border Patrolman Bagged Alligator

By United Press
 MALLEN, Texas.—U. S. Border Patrolman Walter Wells bagged an alligator which was more than six feet long and weighed 150 pounds, with a .22 rifle. The saurian was the largest ever killed in the Rio Grande valley.

THIS CURIOUS WORLD



GIANT RAYS, ALTHOUGH THEY REACH A WIDTH OF 20 FEET, AND WEIGH MORE THAN A TON, CAN LEAP COMPLETELY OUT OF WATER!



HOWLING OF THE WIND IS DUE TO THE CHANGE OF PITCH AS WIND PASSES THROUGH CRACKS AND CREVICES AT VARYING VELOCITIES!

THIS CURIOUS WORLD



LONDON IS NOT AN EXCESSIVELY FOGGY CITY! BRITISH NOVELISTS HAVE CREATED THIS ILLUSION.

BRITISH meteorological office figures show that, in spite of the wide reputation of London's November fog, the average number of foggy November days, for years back, is five. "Charles Dickens' 'Bleak House' is typical of the novel that has helped to spread the legend of London fog.

IT IS ESTIMATED THAT THERE ARE 120,000,000 CATS IN THE UNITED STATES, AND THAT 80,000,000 ARE STRAYS!

IN ONE YEAR, 1923, MAN FLEW HIGHER, FARTHER, AND FASTER THAN EVER BEFORE IN HISTORY!

Economics Expert Says Sales Tax Is 'Unfair and Unjust'

DALLAS.—The sales tax is an unfair and unjust method of raising revenue, Dr. Karl Ashburn, professor of economics at Southern Methodist university believes. "This tax is unfair because it places the burden on those least able to bear it—the masses," he said.
 "If the tax is placed on everyday essentials, the standard of living in Texas, already low, will become still worse. Should a heavy sales tax be imposed, sales would be curtailed and business slowed down," he declared.

Mummy Rumor Is Irking Curators

By United Press
 PARIS.—Cleopatra may intrigue some people, but she's just a nuisance to the solemn curators of the National Library in Paris.
 The curators appreciated the Queen of Egypt as much as anybody else until about 50 years ago, but in the last five decades she has made them wish fervently that she hadn't got so much publicity.
 One day about 50 years ago, the story got out—nobody knows how—that Cleopatra's mummy was in the National Library. The librarians said they had never seen her mummy, but that made no difference. People started to come and ask to look at it. Some whispered

that they would give anything to be alone with it for a while just to contemplate the remains of such beauty and see what would happen. There were pleas and attempted bribes.
 Visitors came in droves and asked to be shown Cleopatra. The curators wrung their hands and called for kind newspapermen to write stories spiking the rumor. The newspapermen wrote the stories, but it didn't help. The next generation of newspapermen also wrote stories, but visitors still asked daily to see Cleopatra's mummy, just for a minute.
 A third generation of newspapermen—the present one—wrote more stories, but the venerable rumor remained as lusty as ever. Everybody wants to see Cleo.
 The librarians are ready to give up. They have nightmares, but they don't know what to do about

Residents Claim Cafe Is Too Near School

YSLETA, Texas, Dec. 26.—School patrons have complained to Sheriff Chris P. Fox that their children are subjected to bad influences in a cafe where beer is served. Residents said that the cafe and beer parlor where their children eat is within 300 feet of the school, which they declare is in violation of the state 3.2 law. An investigation has been ordered.

SURVEY SOLD SKINS
 By United Press
 BOISE, Idaho.—Fur buyers

from east and west coasts attended a sale of nearly a thousand "skins" here Dec. 21. The sale was conducted by the Biological Survey and included hides from bobcats, coyotes, cougars, badgers and skunks. They represent the catch of veteran trappers operating in southwestern Idaho under supervision of the Biological Survey.

Ever since new method of scientific crime detection were adopted by shyster lawyers and politicians have been worried.

Help Kidneys
 If poorly functioning Kidneys are Bladder make you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Rheumatic Pains, Stiffness, Burning, Smarting, Itching, or Acidity try the guaranteed Doctor's Prescription Cystex (Sine-tan). Must fix you up or money back. Only 75¢ at drugstore.

LOOK WHAT YOU GET!

A SENSATIONAL NEWSPAPER & MAGAZINE BARGAIN

THREE FAMOUS MAGAZINES AND **Eastland Daily Telegram** (for 52 weeks)

PICK ONE Magazine From This List

PICK TWO Magazines From This List

10c PER WEEK AND A PAYMENT NOW OF (ONE DOLLAR)

Covers Entire Cost of BOTH Newspaper and the 3 Magazines

GROUP-A

YOUR CHOICE OF ANY ONE OF THESE MAGAZINES

American Boy	1 yr.
American Girl	1 yr.
Christian Herald	1 yr.
Liberty (52 issues)	1 yr.
New Outlook	1 yr.
Parents' Magazine	1 yr.
Physical Culture	1 yr.
Real America	1 yr.
Screenland	1 yr.
St. Nicholas	6 mos.
True Story	1 yr.

AND TWO MAGAZINES FROM GROUP B

3 IN ALL

GROUP-B

YOUR CHOICE OF ANY TWO OF THESE MAGAZINES

Better Homes & Gardens	1 yr.
Delineator	1 yr.
Household Magazine	2 yrs.
Needlecraft	2 yrs.
Open Road (Boys)	2 yrs.
Pathfinder (Weekly)	2 yrs.
Pictorial Review	1 yr.
Silver Screen	1 yr.
Sports Afield	1 yr.
Woman's World	2 yrs.

AND ONE MAGAZINE FROM GROUP A

3 IN ALL

All Three Magazines May Be Selected From Group "B"

THIS OFFER IS OPEN TO OLD SUBSCRIBERS AS WELL AS NEW!

Just check your selections on the handy coupon. Mail or give to any carrier!

ORDER BLANK FOR NEW OR OLD SUBSCRIBERS

DAILY TELEGRAM
 Eastland, Texas

DATE.....

GENTLEMEN: I hereby agree to subscribe to, or extend my present subscription to the Ranger Times for a period of fifty-two weeks from this date and also for the THREE magazines listed below. I am paying \$1.00 and agree to pay your regular carrier 10c per week for 52 weeks. It is understood that this contract cannot be cancelled without immediate discontinuance of the magazine subscriptions.

Name..... Address.....

Apt..... Town..... Phone.....

HERE ARE THE MAGAZINES I WANT

1.....
 2.....
 3.....

NOTE: It is very important that you make your selection strictly in accordance with the lists as given and no substitutions or changes can be allowed.

WE GUARANTEE THIS OFFER TO BE EXACTLY AS REPRESENTED

Congressman Eagle Tells About Cotton

(Continued from Page 3)

of what he buys are in number and agree to limit output to suit market, whereas the others are many and so scattered that he can not agree and limit his output to suit market. The latter is the overproducer. The farmer the price the more he produces the more he sells at a profit. It is a hopelessness unless the government takes the same forethought for the producer of cotton that it takes the manufacturer through tariff and by the other forms of benevolence mentioned in the early part of his letter.

(10) Never again should the government be taken from the cotton producer and him left loose without suitable government aid to overproduce and pete with himself and glut the market and so wreck himself and gain in poverty, while others have fattened off of him in the past make all the profits out of the crop he produces. Always congress have given to the manufacturers of cotton goods in the country a tariff to protect them from the competition of foreign manufacturers of the same product who could make it cheaper with labor; and if we are to continue that protection for the manufacturer, it is nothing but a right that the section which produces cotton should have a commensurate benefit. Then the blessing of this best national asset will be distributed justly and make for personal prosperity instead of coming to center all the wealth upon the east.

(11) No man ever lived who has had more than I in the right of each to personal liberty of conscience and of vocation, and there is nothing but this depression agency and the above sort of sections could have induced me, as I did, in the framing of the AAA act and in the framing and passage of the bill. But I am glad I did. Its benefits are already manifest in every community in the south.

(12) However, while we must in those advantages to the producer secured by the above program we must correct the injustices inflicted upon the other classes engaged in the cotton business.

The serious question is, how that be done. As I have indicated ever since the summer of 1933, when I matured my own mind about it, I now intend to devote all my energy to secure adoption by congress at the coming session of a plan to a bounty to the producer for a pound of cotton. He raises it in the American market, and turn him free to raise as much or as little as he may desire over and over that amount, without tax or interference of any sort, latter portion to be sold by the public at the price of the world market. Briefly to explain this plan, let me say that the American crop is about six million bales a year. The government guaranteeing what is known as the parity price for that six million portion of the annual crop, it would have the effect of pegging about 16 or 17 cents the price at six million bales. Then, the producer can raise no more than that is his wish, but if he wishes to raise more let him raise any amount he wants to but that will be pegged at any price by the government and will be sold at the parity price. By the term "parity" is meant this: taking the year 1909 as the basis, when the farmer received per pound of cotton what he had to purchase, they take into consideration is now the prices of what he

must buy and they raise his sales price of cotton up, so that a pound of his cotton will buy for his family as much now as a pound of his cotton would buy for what he needed in the years 1909-1914. Under this plan, if, therefore, the farmer should raise a 15 million bale crop, six million bales of that would get parity price for or around 16 or 17 cents. If the world market was as much as 16 or 17 cents, then the government would lose nothing; but if the world price that year were, say nine cents, then the U. S. treasury would pay the producer eight or nine cents per pound on that portion of his crop domestically consumed. The rest of the crop above such six million bales, that he may choose to produce in perfect freedom from restraint or taxation of any kind by the government, would be sold on the world market at whatever it would bring and that would be so much extra profit and benefit to the producer and everybody else down the line. That would restore full prosperity to the cotton picker, to the cotton farmer, to the ginners, to the transportation agencies, to the compressors, to the warehouseman, to the cotton merchants and their employees, to the shipping companies, to the ports, and all labor and services along the way. At the same time the farmer will be "sitting on top of the world" on account of the government pegging the price of the six million bales at parity, that is, at around 16 or 17 cents a pound. My own opinion is that this is a sound solution. In this way there will cease to be anger and antagonism and hatreds of the farmers towards those who buy their cotton too cheaply to suit the producer, and in this way each and every branch of the great cotton industry will be working in harmony and to a common end of making the south the richest land in the world, just as it now is the richest producer of a raw product in the world and yet saves too little of net wealth from its production, handling and sale.

(13) I anticipate that you will say this is a bounty, a gratuity, a bonus. If you say that, I agree with you that it is, and I tell you that that is exactly what I am trying to do and shall try to persuade the congress to do. Since the government has always granted bounties to big organizations that exploit or serve the unorganized public, why is it such a terrible crime if, for once, the same government pays out equivalent blessings to those who make normal national life possible—that is, the producer of raw materials? The shipping is supported by bounty. Most of the railroads were built by the bounty of nation or state through land grants. The tariff is nothing but a bounty thrown to the rich manufacturer. The permission to issue bank notes based on U. S. bonds is lent out to the people for interest, while at the same time drawing interest on the bonds themselves, is nothing in the world but a bounty granted by the government to the banks in order to help them succeed and do a useful public function. The airmail service is almost exclusively performed because the government grants a bounty to the companies carrying the mails, and the same is true with the vast amounts considering the weight of mail carried by the railroads. When gentlemen rise up to denounce government favors when they are to apply to poor and distressed and scattered and helpless people, I invite their attention to the fact that I never heard a single one of them denounce these government bounties to the banks, to the railroads, the steamship companies, the manufacturers—to organized wealth, to put it plainly.

(14) The south buys one billion dollars of food manufactured in the north each year, and vast supplies of every sort that the north manufacturers and sells to the south. Let the producer of cotton be again wrecked and that destroys American business very largely; keep him prosperous by the above

plan, and at the same time restore prosperity to other handlers of cotton who have been injured by the year or two we have been lifting the farmer out of despair, and we restore American trade in every way. I love very dearly the theory and the practice of individual liberty, but I love equally well the theory of "equal and exact justice to all men in their civil rights, none is to be preferred to another." It is not possible to speedily destroy special gratuities and bounties existing by law so long that they have grown widespread; and therefore I have no abhorrence whatever in using the same basis of bounty to bless our people, because I know that in thus blessing them we are blessing the whole country.

(15) The congress is a strange place. Men come from every section and of every race and creed and condition of constituencies. It will remain a mystery to me to the end of my life how we succeeded in doing by the AAA and the Bankhead bill what we did for the cotton producer. The new congress contains 88 men who never served there before, and for the first time the democratic membership from the south are in the minority. We may, or we may not, be able to persuade our democratic brethren and our republican friends in the congress to join with us in this inspiring enterprise I have pictured to you as my purpose. But, as we succeeded in the other instance, I have hope we may succeed in this instance with this plan. If we do, never again will there be broken hearts and ruined fortunes and wrecked hopes in the homes of the yeomanry who produce the south's monopoly of cotton as an indispensable factor in southern and in national prosperity. But we will, by this plan, correct injuries to the other elements in the cotton business necessary to its successful conduct, and will have made the south, what it seems to me nature destined it for, not only the fairest, but the richest, the most prosperous and the happiest portion of the globe.

With kind regards and every good wish,
Sincerely, your friend,
JOE H. EAGLE.

CROSS ROADS

Special Correspondent

Health in our community is very good.

Herman Browning of the CCC camp at Fort Worth is back home for the holidays. We were glad to see him.

Ella Louise and Mona Bowman, Juanita Browning, Mozelle Hale and Stella and Aline Kitchen were guests of Frances Ferrell Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Ainsworth's daughter of Paris, Tenn., is visiting them.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave Hamilton and son spent Saturday night and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Browning.

Nolan Lee of the CCC camp at Graham is spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Cam Lee.

Herman Neger and family were in Ranger Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Hunter and children of Fort Worth spent Christmas day with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Browning.

Mrs. J. W. Kitchen and children spent Christmas day with her daughter, Mrs. Willie Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lumpkin and daughter and Mrs. Emma Green visited in the home of F. E. Ferrell Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Campbell and Cora and Uva Ray Wisdom attended church at Cheaney Sunday.

Mr. Minter and family were in Ranger Monday.

Elizabeth and Monroe Johnson visited their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Kitchen, Monday night.

Mrs. J. R. Hale's brother of South Bend visited here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Walton visited their daughter, Mrs. F. E. Ferrell Sunday.

Leander Browning and family visited Cam Lee and family Sunday.

Jewel Lee visited Mazon Ferrell Sunday.

Lee Bishop of Eastland was in our community Christmas day.

Troy Melton and W. H. Melton visited in the home of F. E. Ferrell Wednesday.

Lindbergh Case—
Continued from page 1

eight hours before he was hauled ashore.

Persistence had its reward, however, on his third attempt. He stole a landing card, and went ashore to work, for a time, in a New Jersey dye plant.

Hauptmann made friends in the German speaking colony of New York, and a few years after his arrival met, wooed, and married Anna Schoeffler, waitress in a Bronx bakery. He appeared to work steadily at his carpenter's trade until the depression came. From March, 1932, until his arrest he had not been employed for more than a few days at a time.

Beat Stock Market
Hauptmann told his friends he didn't need to work. He had found a system of beating the stock market, he said, enabling him to live comfortably. But he never gave any details of his "system" and was regarded as extremely close-mouthed about his personal affairs. Over a seidel of beer at Hans Bavarain Garden he would

talk about his war experience, but never about his business.

In the summer after the kidnapping he participated gaily in what the Germans call "ein bummel," and was the life of the party at all fresco picnics on Hunters Island.

Hunted in Autumn
In the autumn, Hauptmann donned sportsman's garb and went to the Maine woods for hunting. In the following spring, he toured

the South with his wife, spending some three months in Florida. Then, in the summer, he sent Anna Hauptmann to Germany for a vacation.

The real purpose back of Anna Hauptmann's trip to Germany, however, was to attempt to wipe the slate clean with the police. Her husband wanted to go back to Germany to live. He couldn't see

long as the threat of jail hung over him.

Mrs. Hauptmann failed to achieve her objective, but Hauptmann's aged mother, a few months later, succeeded in having all charges against her son quashed, by invoking the statute of limitations.

Hauptmann was therefore free to return to Germany, and actually intended to take ship in the late fall of this year. He told friends he

was tired of America, and that he was continually quarreling with his landlady over Nazism. "I'm going to get away from all this," he said.

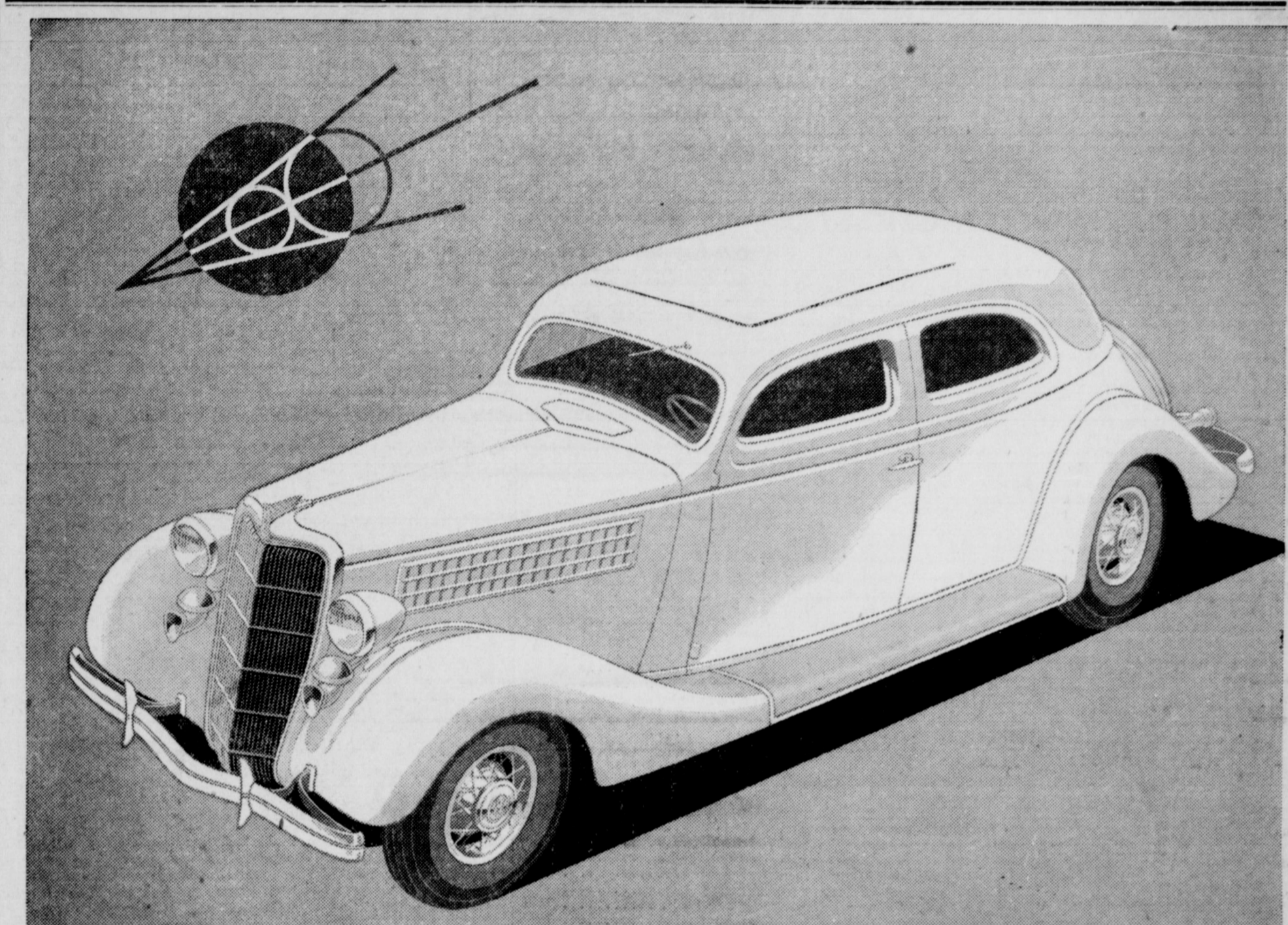
Before he got away, however, he was seized by the police.

Next—Extradition.

AIRPLANE SLED BANNED
KANSAS CITY, Kan.—A cross between an airplane and a motor

sled was ordered off the street here recently because H. Ellis, builder of the machine, did not have a motor license. Ellis had mounted a motor with a propeller on a sled and was cruising home to lunch when police stopped him. Police were of the opinion that icy streets were enough of a hazard.

Yale professor has found the germ that causes inflammation of the brain, popularly term the "germ of an idea."



THE NEW FORD V-8 FOR 1935

The New Ford V-8 for 1935 is the biggest and roomiest Ford car ever built. It is a strikingly handsome car, with modern lines and new, luxurious appointments.

But most important of all it is designed to give you smooth, easy riding over all kinds of roads—a front-seat ride for back-seat riders.

This ease of riding is achieved by the use of three basic principles never before combined in a low-price car.

1. Correct distribution of car weight by moving engine and body forward eight and a half inches.
2. New location of seats, with rear seat moved forward, toward the center of the car—away from the rear axle and away from the bumps.
3. New spring suspension which permits the use of longer, more flexible springs and increases the spring-base to 123 inches.

The result is Center-Poise—which not only gives you a new riding comfort but adds to the stability of the car and its ease of handling. You can take curves with greater safety.

There are many new features in the Ford V-8 for 1935 which make the car still easier to drive.

INTRODUCED TOMORROW A New Ford V-8 That Brings New Beauty, New Safety, and a New Kind of Riding Comfort Within Reach of Millions of People

New brakes give more power for stopping quickly with far less foot pressure on the pedal. A new easy-pressure clutch employs centrifugal force to increase efficiency at higher speeds. New steering mechanism makes the car still easier to handle.

The New Ford V-8 for 1935 retains the V-8 engine which has demonstrated its dependability and economy in the service of more than a million owners. There are refinements—including crankcase ventilation, cast alloy steel crankshaft and copper-lead floating connecting-rod bearings—but no change in basic design. You buy premium performance when you buy this Ford V-8—full 85 horsepower and capable of 80 miles an hour.

Other 1935 Ford features are Safety Glass throughout in all body types at no extra cost. New welded all-steel bodies. New wider rear doors. (Front doors hinged forward.) New lower double-channel X-type frame. (Makes it easier to get in and out of the car.)

Rich, modern body colors, including a new gun-metal finish of striking beauty on De Luxe body types. Luxurious new upholstery and appointments.

New, wider pillowed seats and softer seat cushions. (Front seats are 4 to 5 1/2 inches wider.) Clear-Vision Ventilation, with adjustable cowl ventilator and a windshield that opens. Combination fuel and oil gage and heat indicator on new,

modern instrument board of the De Luxe body types.

The spring leaves are tapered for quiet as well as flexibility. Larger tires have a new, wider tread, specially designed for safety and comfort. Bodies are insulated for quiet and temperature.

We invite you to see this New Ford V-8 at the showrooms of Ford dealers. You will want to ride in it—to drive it yourself. You will find it a new experience in motoring.

Ford V-8 Prices Are Low

12 BODY TYPES—Coupe (5 windows), \$495; Tudor Sedan \$510; Fordor Sedan, \$575. DE LUXE—Roadster (with rumble seat) \$550; Coupe (3 windows), \$570; Coupe (5 windows) \$560; Phaeton, \$580; DeLuxe Tudor Sedan \$575; Cabriolet (with rumble seat), \$625; DeLuxe Fordor Sedan, \$635. TOURING SEDANS, with built-in trunk—Tudor Touring Sedan \$595; Fordor Touring Sedan, \$655.

(F. O. B. Detroit. Standard accessory group including bumpers and spare tire extra. All body types have Safety Glass throughout, at an additional cost. Small down payment. Convenient, economical terms through the Universal Credit Co.)

Satisfied Millions Make Price Reduction Possible

CRAZY
Water Crystals

NOW

~~\$1.50~~
STANDARD SIZE

~~\$1.00~~
SPECIAL SIZE

FORMERLY \$1.50
FORMERLY \$1.00

At Your Druggist

Lindbergh Case—

Continued from page 1

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Know Your Groceries

DID you know that the speed with which a bread dough rises depends to a great extent upon the kind of flour that is used?

Did you know that the way coffee is roasted is as important in producing fine uniform flavor as careful blending?

Did you know that some shortenings can impart a delicious delicate flavor to the foods in which they are used?

As a matter of fact there is some very important information to be had regarding the groceries you use day after day. It is information that will guide you in improving the taste-appeal of the food you prepare. And by using this information in buying groceries, you will realize that there's genuine, tangible economy in paying for quality.

The storekeeper hasn't the time to tell you about the different characteristics of staples such as flour, sugar, spices, and butter. Or cereals. Or Coffee. Or beverages. But you can find these facts yourself—right in your newspaper—in the advertisements.

Take time to read these advertisements. They are written in an interesting manner and the important technical points are clearly portrayed. What's more, the facts are easy to remember and when you go to market you will be able to buy with authority—get the most for your money—enjoy the utmost at your table.

Local--Eastland--Social

OFFICE 681 TELEPHONES RESIDENCE 288

CALENDAR SATURDAY

Junior organizations 10:30 a. m., Baptist church.
 Sub-Deb club 2:00 p. m., Miss Frances Lane, hostess.
 Alpha Delphian Chapter, dinner 7:00 p. m., husbands honor guests, Community clubhouse.

Book Club Dance

The Connellee roof was transformed into a veritable green bower for the Christmas dance Wednesday, opening 10:00 p. m., in a brilliant setting of color and gaiety.

The overhead canopy of the ballroom was bowered in cedar, through which the handsome lusters, veiled in red, shed their rosy glow over the crowded ballroom floor.

The dais was decorated with a beautifully lighted Christmas tree flanked on either side by tall red candles, three feet high, in bronze stands.

Horace Puckett's band of Mineral Wells played. A perfect mob of guests met, exchanged greetings, and thoroughly enjoyed the most sociable and friendly dance Eastland has experienced.

The book club members that composed the committees, who arranged the affair and received at the dance, Mrs. P. G. Russell, general chairman; Mmes. Jack Lewis, Leslie Gray, W. H. McDonald, John V. Turner, V. T. Seaberry, Milburn McCarty, Walter I. Clark and W. E. Chaney, are to be congratulated upon the successful undertaking.

It was stated that twice over the amount of the expenses was cleared from the book club Christmas dance.

Mrs. James Horton Entertains For Son

Mrs. James Horton entertained the football boys in honor of her son, Horace, with a six o'clock two course dinner, Wednesday evening.

Poinsettias and red candles in silver holders centered the handsomely laid table that seated the host, Horace Horton; Darrell Tully, and a cousin, his guest; John Garrison, Bob Sikes, John Hart, Samuel Butler, Billy Shoopman and Troy Taylor.

Informal

Prior to the book club dance Mr. and Mrs. Curtis A. Hertz had as their guests for a buffet supper at their homes, Mr. and Mrs. Walter I. Clark, and their house guests Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Gupton of Fort Worth.

The party adjourned to the Connellee roof afterward.

Alpha Delphian Chapter To Entertain

Mrs. John Harrison, president of the Alpha Delphian Chapter and the social committee of the club, Mmes. W. E. Stalter, W. A. Hart, and P. L. Crossley, are arranging a dinner for the members and their husbands to be held in the Community clubhouse, tomorrow, Saturday evening, at 7:00 o'clock.

The new members and husbands will be the honor guests, the former including Mmes. George Hipp, J. L. Chance, Frank Allen Jones, Frank Roberson, and Ernest H. Jones.

Mrs. Hickman Entertains Young People

Mrs. J. E. Hickman had as her guests Wednesday night members of the Young People's Epworth League, of which she is director, and entertained at the Lyric Theatre where the picture, "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch" was happily enjoyed.

After the show the party repaired to the home of the hostess for a program of games, and refreshments of doughnuts, hot

chocolate, candy, and plate favors of marshmallow clocks.

The personnel included Misses Carolyn Doss, Adrienne Flurry, Margaret Fry, Katherine Garrett, Earline Harvey, Carolyn Cox, Mary Frances Hunter, Clara June Kimble, Eloise Ligon, Edith Meek, Jane Ray, Jo Earl Uttz, Olivia White, Doris Williams, Bennie Kate Wood, Catherine Uttz; Parker Brown, Clyde Chaney, Hiram Childress, Marshall Coleman, Jack Collins, Elmer Brown, Eugene Haynes, Fred Davenport, Bob Dwyer, Rex Gray, Tom Harrison, Ben Mackall, Ralph Mahon, Jr., Don Mayes, Bob McGlamery, Raymond Pipkin, Billy Satterwhite, Boyd Tanner, Bob White, Milam Williams, Richard White and Russell Sanderson.

Attended House Reception

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Krause, Mr. and Mrs. Dave Wolf and Albert Taylor attended the annual house reception of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Bender in Breckenridge, Thursday.

Young People Had Varied Meeting

Recitations, poetry and readings were rendered by Young People of the Church of God at their meet this week, class members report.

Those present were Misses Olu Cox, Athalie Wood, Lorene McCoy, Othalia Horn, Edith McCoy, Margaret Horn, Mary Katharine Hall, Bonnie Horn, Eva Jean Hunter, Vera Parsons, Beatrice Daniel, W. E. Hallenbeck, Charles Hunter and Oscar Parr.

Eastland Personals

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Karkalits are entertaining his father, J. A. Karkalits of Fort Worth, who will remain during the holiday week. Their son, Jules Karkalits, student of Baylor University will be in Eastland for the remainder of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Reineman and daughter, Beth of Gladewater, were Christmas visitors of her parents, Judge and Mrs. Earl Conner, who are entertaining Mrs. Truman H. Conner of Fort Worth, here for the week.

Being a "Wanter" Blamed For Most Of Unhappiness

LA PORTE, Tex. — Thomas Franklin, 69, condemned to death by doctors 13 years ago because he "didn't sleep enough," today claimed he has found the secret of happiness. He learned not to be a "wanter."

He lives along a 52-acre domain called Snake Island, located on Galveston Bay, where he sails in his hand-made boat when he feels like traveling.

Franklin lived at Austin, Tex., 13 years ago, and prospered with a machinery maintenance business. But "foolishly," he said, he was trying to do too much. He didn't get enough sleep.

He was ordered to rest because he didn't have more than three months to live. He started toward Florida where he owned property, but he got "only" as far as La Porte.

"I liked it so much that I stayed," he said. "I'd always liked boats and sailing, so I started building a boat—this one right here," he said, pointing to a vessel pulled up onto the shore.

"Man, was I weak," he said ruefully. "I was so weak I couldn't lift the planks into place over my head, so I built my boat upside down, so I could slide them up over the frames and lie on them to hold them in place while I nailed them."

Sometimes since then he has worked for the government spreading storm warnings to fishermen in out-of-the-way places. But mainly he has just done nothing.

More than anything else he objects to the hurry of everyday life. "There's not a thing out there I want," he said, waving toward the horizon. "I loved the world as it was about 1906. Now I don't understand it. I don't know what they are striving for that makes them so unhappy. It must be perfection. If that's so, they'll never find it. Nothing is perfect."

"I wouldn't trade what I have here for anything you could give me out there. You see, I'm not a 'wanter.'"

Franklin isn't an idler by nature. He sold grapes on Wall street as a boy, was a railroad surveyor in South Texas, operated a contracting business in Mexico, prospected for silver in New Mexico and once was an engineer for the Niagara power industries.



An artist's conception of Harold Lloyd after viewing the comedian in "The Cat's Paw," the Clarence Budington Kelland story in which he returns to the screen 3CP

STOCK MARKETS

Closing selected New York stocks:

Am Can	114
Am P & L	3 3/4
Am & F Pwr	4 1/2
Am Rad & S S	15 1/2
Am Smelt	38 3/4
Am T & T	103 3/4
A T & S F Ry	54 1/2
Armour Oil	5 1/2
Anaconda	11 1/2
Auburn Auto	25 1/2
Avn Corp Del	5 1/2
Barnsdall	6 1/2
Beth Steel	31 1/2
Byers A M	15 1/2
Canada Dry	56
Case J I	41 1/2
Chrysler	1 1/4
Comm & Sou	8 1/2
Cong Oil	18 1/2
Contl Oil	18 1/2
Curtis Wright	2 1/2
Elec Au L	28 1/2
Elec St Bat	46 1/2
Foster Wheel	15 1/2
Fox Film	13 1/2
Freeport Tex	24 1/2
Gen Elec	21 1/2
Gen Foods	34 1/2
Gen Mot	33 1/2
Gillette S R	14
Goodyear	24 1/2
Gt Nor Ore	11 1/2
Gt West Sugar	28 1/2
Houston Oil	16
Int Cement	22 1/2
Int Harvester	54 1/2
Johns Manville	28 1/2
Kroger G & B	31
Lig Carb	11 1/2
Marshall Field	5 1/2
M K T Ry	29 1/2
Mont Ward	16 1/2
Nat Dairy	20 1/2
N Y Cent Ry	10
Ohio Oil	69 1/2
Pennry J C	24 1/2
Penn Ry	15 1/2
Phelps Dodge	15 1/2
Phillips Pet	7 1/2
Pure Oil	10
Purity Bak	39 1/2
Radio	5 1/2
Sears Roebuck	13 1/2
Shell Union Oil	18 1/2
Socony Vac	43
Southern Pac	43
Stan Oil N J	2
Studebaker	20 1/2
Texas Corp	47
Union Carb	6
United Air & T	2 1/2
United Corp	2 1/2
U S Gypsum	50
U S Ind Ale	45
U S Steel	38 1/2
Vanadium	19 1/2
Western Union	33 1/2
Westing Elec	37 1/2

Co-Starring Three of Hollywood's Greatest



When three such screen headliners as Joan Crawford, Clark Gable and Robert Montgomery are co-starred in one picture, you can be sure it's something out of the ordinary. Such is the case with "Forsaking All Others," which opens Tuesday at the Lyric Theatre with a cast which is the talk of the industry. The picture is based on the Tallulah Bankhead stage hit, and was directed by W. S. (Thin Man) Van Dyke. Supporting the glittering trio of stars are Billie Burke, Charles Butterworth, Frances Drake, Rosalind Russell and Ted Haley.

SHERIFF'S SALE

THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Parker. By virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable 56th district court of Galveston county, on the 3rd day of December, 1934, by J. C. Glengier, clerk of said court, upon a judgment in favor of Guaranty Building and Loan Co., for the sum of Thirty-One Hundred and Seventeen and 97/100 (\$3117.97) Dollars and cost of suit, in cause No. 49,785 in said court, styled Guaranty Building and Loan Company versus Fred D. Maxey and wife, Bryta Rose Maxey, and on Tuesday, the 1st day of January, 1935, at the courthouse door of Eastland county, in the city of Eastland, Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., I will sell said real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said Fred D. Maxey and wife, Bryta Rose Maxey, by virtue of said levy and said order of sale. And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale in the Eastland Daily Telegram, a newspaper published in Eastland county. Witness my hand, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1934. VIRGE FOSTER, Sheriff, Eastland County, Texas. By D. J. JOBE, Deputy. Dec. 7-14-21-28

KATHARINE HEPBURN STAR OF "LITTLE MINISTER"

Katharine Hepburn brings to the screen her most important achievement in Sir James M. Barrie's "The Little Minister," her role being that of "Babbie," the dominating but exquisitely romantic gypsy girl of the novel and play. Miss Hepburn's brilliant performance in her first film role, that of Sidney in "A Bill of Divorcement" with John Barrymore, immediately established her as a screen star of the very first rank. It was followed by triumphs in "Christopher Strong," "Morning Glory," "Little Women," and "Spitfire."

ANOTHER BEAUTIFUL CHRISTMAS SEASON

When the sun rises this Christmas season, may it find you bright and happy ready for days full of joys and pleasant happenings to remember in time to come. As the year 1935 begins may all of the good things in life begin for you; that is—blessings be many, joys come more often, with sadness and sorrows eliminated. Let each new day mean a better day and each New Year mean a better year. I am always glad to have the opportunity to serve everybody.

MERRY CHRISTMAS AND A HAPPY NEW YEAR
 (Uncle) CHARLIE SHEPPERD
 At The Courthouse

"The Little Minister," her role being that of "Babbie," the dominating but exquisitely romantic gypsy girl of the novel and play. Miss Hepburn's brilliant performance in her first film role, that of Sidney in "A Bill of Divorcement" with John Barrymore, immediately established her as a screen star of the very first rank. It was followed by triumphs in "Christopher Strong," "Morning Glory," "Little Women," and "Spitfire."

The cinematic career of Miss Hepburn includes to date but five pictures, but in all of them she has given distinguished performances. It was for her work in "Morning Glory" that she was awarded the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences medal for the best (female) performance of 1933. For her Jo in "Little Women" she has just received the medal of the People's Academy of New Movie Magazine for the best performance of 1933 by an actress.

Three in a week, recently, Katharine Hepburn was again signally honored. Each tribute was from overseas—to an actress who has established herself in the hearts of motion picture lovers, everywhere. Hugh Walpole selected her as one of the 10 most interesting personalities on the globe. Sir James M. Barrie called her the ideal selection for the starring role in his "The Little Minister," produced by RKO-Radio.

And at the International Exposition, held in Venice, she was awarded the gold medal to the actress giving the supreme dramatic performance on the screen. This was for her work in RKO-Radio's "Little Women."

In "The Little Minister," the star's vivid young genius extends itself in a revel of appealing humor and pathos.

"FORSAKING ALL OTHERS," WITH YEAR'S PERFECT CAST, IS GRAND ENTERTAINMENT

The breath-taking combination of Joan Crawford, Clark Gable and Robert Montgomery acting together in the same film for the first time, plus the discerning direction of W. S. Van Dyke of "Thin Man" fame, makes "Forsaking All Others," new Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer special which opens Tuesday at the Lyric theatre, one of the hit productions of the year. The triumvirate of Crawford-Gable-Montgomery is perfectly cast in the new comedy which has been adapted from the stage hit of the same name without loss of a single bright line of dialogue. The locale is socialite Park Avenue, which has given the art directors an opportunity to create some of the most beautiful settings ever seen on the motion picture screen. These settings seem likely to have the same effect on interior decorating that the picture, "When

Ladies Meet," had several years ago. As a light comedienne, left standing at the altar one minute and pursued by two handsome men the next, Joan Crawford is at her best. This is the first time Joan has attempted pure comedy and she turns in a brilliant job. Gable and Montgomery are both well known as masters of light comedy and they vie to outdo one another with the many hilarious situations of the story.

The supporting cast is excellent throughout. Billie Burke appears as a fliberty jiberty society matron, looking as beautiful as ever. Charles Butterworth is at his most awkward best as Gable's friend, virtually his shadow. Frances Drake gives us another of those dark-haired siren interpretations which in a single year she has made famous.

DIVORCED BY ERASER
 Springfield, Mo. — Mary Thomas Keyer wanted to change husbands, so she chose the easiest way. She used some inkremover to obliterate the name of Frank Keyer from her marriage license and inserted that of Everett Baker, also changing the date of the marriage from 1932 to 1934. An observant city detective broke up the romance by placing Mrs. Keyer and her second husband in jail.

NEVADA ELK TO TRAVE
 LAS VEGAS, Nev. — Elk Yellowstone National Park are expected to be transported to Charleston Park, near here, during the early part of 1935. The of approximately 40 elk will be "show purposes only," O. W. local official in charge of the ment, said. Hunters will not be allowed to shoot the animals.

22 MILLIONS SPENT IN UT
 SALT LAKE CITY. — A total of \$22,448,641.31 has been poured into the battle against drought, unemployment and for relief Utah during the 28 months of Sept. 1, 1932, to Jan. 1, 1935, report by Acting Director G. L. Haerr of the Utah FERA veals.

Huey Long may be a grandstand quarterback for Louisiana State university but you'll notice he never off to buck the line himself.

HUSKY THROAT
 Overtaxed by speaking, singing, smoking

YOU ONLY think YOU'VE SEEN HAROLD LLOYD! Until you've seen this HAROLD LLOYD! EVERYTHING new BUT THESE! HAROLD LLOYD THE CAT'S PAW From the SATURDAY Evening Post Story by CLARENCE BUDINGTON KELLAND A FOX RELEASE

LYRIC SATURDAY ONLY

A mighty drama of turbulent emotions... of a girl who risked life for her love... of a man who fought for a town that disgraced him!

THE TORCH OF ROMANCE! VOLCANIC TEMPESTUOUS! MAGNIFICENT!

SIR JAMES M. BARRIE'S defiant drama of a lawless soul... impassioned history of Babbie, the heart-haunting heroine whose flaming love has set fire to the deepest yearnings of millions... A STIRRING DRAMA SWEEPING THROUGH TEMPESTUOUS EVENTS!

with **JOHN BEAL-ALAN HALE**

LITTLE MINISTER
 Come Expecting Something Tremendous!
 MIDNIGHT MATINEE... 11 P. M. SATURDAY
LYRIC SUNDAY MONDAY

No. 14299
Treasury Department OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY
 Washington, D. C., Nov. 3, 1934
 Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that Eastland National Bank, in the City of Eastland, in the County of Eastland and State of Texas, has complied with all the provisions of the statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of banking;
 Now therefore I, J. F. T. O'Connor, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that Eastland National Bank, in the City of Eastland in the County of Eastland and State of Texas is authorized to commence the business of banking as provided in Section 5169 of the Revised Statutes of the United States.
 In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office this 3rd day of November, 1934.
 (seal) J. F. T. O'CONNOR, Comptroller of the Currency.

ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES
 Texas Electric Service Co.

Try a WANT-AD!
CLASSIFIED ADS
 AUTO LOANS—Want a loan on your car? Let me make you an offer. Frank Lovett, 208 South Lamar, Eastland, Phone 33.

These quotations are furnished through the courtesy of Glenn Cox, 209 Main street, Ranger:

New York Cotton
 Range of the market, New York cotton—

High	Low	Close
Jan.	1259	1249 1259 1245
Mar.	1268	1260 1268 1255
May	1275	1269 1274 1264
July	1278	1270 1278 1266
Oct.	1261	1257 1260 1252

Chicago Grains
 Range of the market, Chicago grain—

Wheat—High	Low	Close
May	100 3/4	98 3/4 100 3/4 99 3/4
July	94 3/4	92 3/4 94 3/4 93 3/4

Corn

May	89 3/4	88 3/4 90 3/4 89 3/4
July	87 3/4	85 3/4 87 3/4 86 3/4

Oats

May	53 3/4	52 3/4 53 3/4 53
July	48 3/4	47 3/4 48 3/4 48

Rye

May	76 3/4	75 3/4 76 3/4 75 3/4
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The noises of New York have been recorded and put into the cornerstone of a new building there, so that posterity may have at least one reason why New York is no more.