

# Weekly Optic and Live Stock Grower

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## ENCINO ROAD IS PUT IN GOOD SHAPE

R. C. DILLON REPORTS UPON THE WORK DONE ON THE SHORT ROSWELL HIGHWAY

Robert J. Taupert, road commissioner of San Miguel county, has received the following letter from R. C. Dillon of Encino; a road commissioner of Torrance county:

Encino N. M., Dec. 2nd., 1914.  
Mr. Robert J. Taupert  
East Las Vegas, N. M.  
Dear Mr. Taupert:

This is to let you know that we have just finished making a new road from Encino via Palma to the Torrance county line, and San Miguel county line. This road is straight from Encino north and will make a fine road after used a short time. We are sending out and taking up the signs on the old road and putting them up on the new road, so the travelers will be able to find their way. Now this gives us a good road north to the end of our county line, and if you can get the San Miguel county board to come this way, it will give Las Vegas a fine road from Las Vegas to Roswell.

Please let all the people know that we have fixed this road, as I promised to do this, and want them to travel the road, it will be a little soft for a while, but after used it will be a dandy.

Yours for a good road all the way,  
R. C. DILLON.

"The people of Las Vegas will wish to thank Mr. Dillon for his untiring work in behalf of the good roads movement," said Mr. Taupert. "We will take up the matter of the continuous highway from Las Vegas to Roswell at once and do our share of the work."

## GOVERNOR MAY STOP CATTLE SHIPMENTS

SANITARY BOARD SAYS EXECUTIVE IS CONSIDERING THE MATTER

Albuquerque, N. M., Dec. 3.—W. J.

Linwood, secretary of the state cattle sanitary board, today stated that Governor W. C. McDonald had announced his intention of issuing a proclamation today which declares a quarantine against all cattle shipments into the state from any other state or from Mexico. The quarantine is to remain in force until all danger of infecting New Mexico cattle with foot and mouth disease has passed.

Mr. Linwood did not say whether the proclamation would affect the shipment of cattle across the state. Large numbers of Mexican cattle have been imported in the last few months, and cattle from that country are considered a source of danger, but the chief source is in the importation of eastern dairy cattle.

## CONDITIONS QUIET IN MEXICO CITY

WASHINGTON RECEIVES ENCOURAGING REPORTS FROM THE SOUTHERN CAPITAL

Washington, Dec. 3.—Conditions in the city of Mexico, as late as last midnight, were reported generally satisfactory in today's reports to the state department. Consul Silliman stated that no further molestation of foreigners has occurred.

A dispatch by way of El Paso, dated yesterday, stated that Provisional President Gutierrez and General Villa had entered the city. Consul Silliman's report, which is believed to have been sent later, made no reference to the entry.

### Filibusters Captured

Brownsville, Texas, Dec. 3.—Nine Mexicans, heavily armed, part of an alleged filibustering expedition of 25 members, were captured by United States cavalrymen near Hidalgo, Texas, last night, according to a report received here today. The capture was made after an exciting chase.

The Mexicans had gathered at McAllen, Texas, whence they were proceeding toward the Rio Grande. Reports reaching here indicate that this party of 25 was only a portion of a larger filibustering expedition.

### SUICIDE AT SPRINGS

Eduardo Montano yesterday afternoon committed suicide at his home at the Hot Springs. Montano shot himself in the front of the head, the

bullet entering the brain and causing instant death. Justice of the Peace Martinez made the examination of the body and notified Sheriff Gallegos of the facts. Montano has been sick for a long time and it is thought he took his life in a sudden fit of despondency.

"I am tired of always being sick," he is reported to have said a short time before he ended his existence.

### INTENTIONS ARE GOOD

Washington, Dec. 3.—Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, delivered to the state department today a note giving assurances that Great Britain does not intend to delay American ships unduly in searching them for contraband.

## TERRIFIC STORM SWEEPS TEXAS

ONE PERSON IS KILLED AND SEVERAL INJURED THIS MORNING IN HOUSTON

Houston, Texas, Dec. 2.—One person was killed, several injured and dozens driven from their homes by a terrific wind and rain storm here early today. Six inches of rain fell. Street car and train service was demoralized. A number of bridges were washed away, and houses in low lying sections were flooded.

E. E. Dasbit, an employe of a gas company, was killed by lightning, which damaged a number of buildings. Information here is that the down-pour was general over the coast section of Texas. Railway tracks are under water at many places, and all south Texas streams are brim full. In many rural regions the low lands are inundated. Twelve inches of rain have fallen since November 1.

### PONCE PROVES ALIBI

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 3.—Lino Ponce, wanted at Memphis, Tenn., in connection with the counterfeiting of Mexican money, was given his liberty today in a district court through an alibi. He produced evidence that he had been at Douglas, Arizona, at the time of the circulation of the bogus paper money in Memphis.

Bill Cochran, captain of the University of Michigan football team, will have to wrestle his dad on Christmas day, before he becomes cook of the walk, says the elder Cochran.

## SAN MIGUEL WILL TURN IN ITS SHARE

THIS COUNTY WILL FURNISH \$162,826.44 IN STATE AND COUNTY TAXES

Santa Fe, Dec. 3.—The state traveling auditor's office has completed the checking of the 1914 tax rolls of five additional counties, and has found them to correspond with the requirements of the state board of equalization. These counties are Sandoval, San Miguel, Sierra, Taos and Torrance, making 11 so far checked and approved. The taxes to be collected in the five counties are shown as follows:

### Sandoval County

Total county, \$43,985.76; total state, \$17,285.45; total state and county, \$61,244.21; special sanitary (cattle, sheep and eradication of diseases), \$1,588.82; special school districts, \$17,571.37.

### San Miguel County

Total county, \$105,613.81; total state, \$57,248.663; total county and state, \$162,826.44; special sanitary, \$2,104.87; special municipal, \$19,336.94; special school districts, \$35,038.35.

### Sierra County

Total county, \$37,600.96; total state, \$18,214.58; total county and state, \$55,815.54; special sanitary, \$1,725.88; special school districts, \$6,424.45.

### Taos County

Total county, \$26,562.36; total state, \$12,324.92; total county and state, \$38,887.28; special sanitary, \$852.25; special school districts, \$10,836.84; special miscellaneous, \$783.25.

### Torrance County

Total county, \$37,020.36; total state, \$28,629.08; total county and state, \$65,649.44; special sanitary, \$924.59; special municipal, \$231.84; special school districts, \$20,233.32.

### PROGRESSIVES HANG ON

Chicago, Dec. 3.—The progressive national executive committee, at the close of a conference here last night, issued a statement setting forth the determination of the party leaders to continue their organization with the expectation of being a factor in future political campaigns.

## NO WAR REVENUE STAMPS IN THE CITY

COLLECTION IS SET TO BEGIN TOMORROW, BUT HOW WILL IT BE DONE?

Though the special war tax, levied through the affixing of stamps upon many articles and legal papers, is due tomorrow, there is no supply of the stamps in Las Vegas. Postmaster E. V. Long, over a week ago, wired and wrote officials in Washington and the internal revenue collector's office in Santa Fe, but was unable to learn when a supply of the stamps would arrive here. It is not even known if the stamps will be handled through the postoffice.

There are two varieties of the stamps—one kind for documents and another kind for proprietary medicines, articles and wines. The stamps for documents range in denomination from a half a cent to \$1,000. The other class of stamps run from an eighth of a cent to 20 cents.

The stamp taxes are:

Bonds, debentures, certificates of indebtedness by an association, company or corporation, new issues, \$100 par value; each 5 cents.

Sales or agreements to sell stock, \$100 par value; each 2 cents.

Agreement of sale of products or merchandise on exchanges; each \$100, 1 cent.

Promissory notes, except banknotes for circulation and renewals; each \$100, 2 cents.

Bundles shipped by freight or express, 1 cent.

Telegraph and telephone companies, on each message over 15c, 1 cent. Senders of telephone and telegraph message, on each over 15c, 1 cent.

Certificates of profits of corporations, etc., and transfers thereof, face value each \$100, 2 cents.

Damage certificates, etc., 25 cents. Other certificates required by law, 10 cents.

Broker's note or memorandum of sale, 10 cents.

Deeds or realty transfers valued between \$100 and \$500, 50 cents.

Same each additional \$500, 50 cents. Entry of goods at custom house, \$100 value, 25 cents.

Same, not exceeding \$500 value, 50 cents.

Same, exceeding \$500 value, \$1.

Entry for withdrawal of goods from customs bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Insurance of property, new or renewed policies, each dollar, one-half cent.

Policies of insurance or bond of nature of indemnity for loss, each dollar, 1 cent.

Passenger tickets by sea to foreign port costing less than \$10, \$1.

Same, not exceeding \$60, \$3.

Same, exceeding \$60, \$5.

Perfumes, cosmetics, etc., vaseline, hair dyes, tooth washes, graded in values of 5 cents up to 15 cents, each 5 cents, one-eighth cent.

Same, valued from 15 to 25c, five-eighths cent.

Same, each additional 25 cents retail, 4 cents.

Chewing gum, etc., valued less than \$1 a unit, 4 cents.

Voting powers or proxies, 10 cents.

Power to convey real estate, protests, 25 cents.

Palace or parlor car seat or berth, 1 cent.

## WHO WILL MAKE ALL-AMERICAN TEAMS?

CLOSING OF FOOTBALL SEASON TODAY LEADS TO POST-MORTEM SPORT

New York, Nov. 28.—Following the annual Army-Navy football game in Philadelphia this afternoon will come the usual selection of all-American, all-eastern and all-western teams for the season of 1914. The adherents of the two United States academy teams will await these mythical combinations with more than usual interest this season since both the Annapolis and West Point teams include players thought by their admirers to be of all-American caliber.

Last year the Army and Navy each succeeded in placing a player on the team considered by football followers in general to be the nearest approach to an official eleven. Brown of the Cadets team was placed at right guard and Merrill of the Middies at right end. This brought the total up to ten for the period extending from 1901 to 1913. Bunker, the Army's right tackle, and Daly, quarterback in 1901, were the first service players to make the all-American team. Daly had, however, made the teams of 1898 and 1899 while playing quarter for Harvard.

In 1902 the Cadets were again represented by Bunker, who was placed at right halfback in that year. Two years later the Army's famous center, Tipton, was the unanimous choice of the experts for the position of passer back of the ball. Three years elapsed before an academy player was again mentioned and then the Navy placed Dague, left end of the 1907 combination, on the eleven, while Erwin, the Army's right guard, was also named. It was not until 1911 that the service football men made the all-American team again. In that year the two academies divided honors, Devore of the Cadets being at right tackle and Dalton of the Navy at fullback. As a result the count stands at present, Army 7, Navy 3.

### POSITIVELY MASTERS GROUP

Foley's Honey and Tar Compound cuts the thick choking mucus, and clears away the phlegm. Opens up the air passages and stops the hoarse cough. The gasping, strangling fight for breath gives way to quiet breathing and peaceful sleep. Harold Berg Mass, Mich., writes: "We give Foley's Honey and Tar to our children for croup and it always acts quickly." O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

## BRAKEMAN LOST IN PILE OF COAL

W. O. MEREDITH IS DUG OUT BY OTHER RAILROADS JUST IN TIME

Sunday night a coal train on the Dawson division of the Southwestern was wrecked by a broken wheel, causing the disabled car to be thrown crosswise of the right of way and the derailment of 11 cars, says the Tucumcari Sun.

At the time of the derailment Brake-man W. O. Meredith was riding a coal car. He was precipitated to the ground and covered with the contents of one of the large 100,000 pound capacity coal cars which had turned turtle directly about him. Some of his comrades heard a faint call and located the unfortunate man far beneath the mass of coal under the overturned car. After almost superhuman effort on the part of the crew they succeeded in making an opening through the mass of coal so that the man could get air, and finally dug him out of the death trap.

The man suffered greatly from the shock and his many injuries. He was brought to the Tucumcari hospital for treatment. His right leg was found to be crushed but it is thought the limb will be saved.

All the railroad men are talking of Meredith's miraculous escape from what seemed certain death. The injured man's sister and daughter arrived Tuesday night over the Rock Island from Coffeyville, Kas., and will remain during the serious part of his illness.

### A NEW FOREST

Santa Fe, Nov. 30.—Assistant Supervisor of Surveys A. E. Compton returned last evening after a week's trip to Baca location grant in northern Sandoval county, where he collected data for Uncle Sam in the litigation of the forest service with the owners of the grant. The forest service lays claim to a large area that the owners of the grant seek to fence, as being within the Jemez forest. The grant is leased by the Sylvester brothers of Montevista, Col., for a cattle range, but has large timber possibilities and abundant water and fertile land to make it an attractive reclamation and colonization project. Its scenery is magnificent and upon it are raised heavy crops of potatoes and oats on the few acres under cultivation.

Women workers have been hard hit by the recent business depression. The large cities are overrun with stenographers and bookkeepers.

### Sick Two Years With Indigestion

"Two years ago I was greatly benefited through using two or three bottles of Chamberlain's Tablets," writes Mrs. S. A. Keller, Elida, O., "before taking them I was sick for two years with indigestion." Sold by dealers.—Adv.

### HIS BIGGEST OPPONENT

If the bout between Jack Johnson and Jess Willard, articles for which Johnson signed in London recently, according to cable dispatches, takes place, the champion will find himself confronted in the ring by the biggest man he has ever faced. Willard is 6 feet 5½ inches tall and weighs between 230 and 240 pounds in ring costume. He is 26 years of age and has a reach of 82½ inches. Johnson is 6 feet 1-4 inches in height weighs 210 in condition and has a reach of 72 inches. His age at the time tentatively set for the bout would be 37 years. A comparison of these figures show that Willard would have an advantage of at least 20 pounds in weight; five inches in height and close to ten years in age.

There would be a far greater difference in the physical proportions of boxers than was the case when Johnson won his title from Jim Jeffries at Reno, Nev., on July 4, 1910. Johnson at that time was 32 years old to Jeffries 35, weighed 209 pounds to his opponent's 230 and had a reach of 72 inches to Jeffries' 75. Willard's greatest advantage over Johnson would be his youth, for in but one championship bout among heavyweights in modern times has there been a difference of 10 or more years between the principals. John L. Sullivan was 34 years old when James J. Corbett defeated him at New Orleans in 1892 at the age of 26. Corbett was 31 when Bob Fitzsimmons at the age of 35 defeated him at Carson City, Nev., and Fitzsimmons was 37 when Jeffries wrested his championship laurels from him when Jeffries was but 24 years old. Fitzsimmons lasted 11 rounds against Jeffries at the age of 37, but the Cornishman was a physical marvel, differing greatly from the modern heavyweight.

### GOOD ROADS BOOK

Santa Fe, Nov. 30.—T. Harmon Parkhurst has returned from a trip over the state roads of northern New Mexico, between Raton and Los Lunas taking photographs for the good roads book that will be issued by State Engineer James A. French. He will leave tomorrow for a tour of the highways in southern New Mexico with the same purpose in view. The book is to be issued for automobile tourists with a view of inducing them to give New Mexico roads a trial or to make their transcontinental trip by way of New Mexico. The volume is to be superbly illustrated and will be a good piece of publicity for New Mexico, especially if supplemented by a volume planned by Land Commissioner R. P. Ervien, descriptive of New Mexico lands and industry and the official New Mexico souvenir book of the New Mexico exposition commission.

The office of the county clerk has issued a marriage license to Abel Montano, aged 22, and Fulgencia Gonzales, aged 18, both of Ojitos Frios.

Gas in the stomach comes from food which has fermented. Get rid of this badly digested food as quickly as possible if you would avoid a bilious attack; HERBINE is the remedy you need. It cleanses and strengthens the stomach, liver and bowels, and restores energy and cheerfulness. Price 50c. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

## TREASURER MADE MONEY FOR THE COUNTY

TAOS OFFICIAL ROUNDED UP MEN WHO HAD NOT BEEN PAYING TAXES

Santa Fe, Dec. 1.—How a county treasurer organized and outfitted a party and made a personal tour of the county to determine what flocks non-resident sheepowners grazed in the county, is set forth in the report of Assistant Traveling Auditor E. A. Masman on the condition of financial affairs in Taos county. Something like \$4,000 in taxes were thus collected from non-resident sheepmen by County Treasurer Fidel Cordova who is highly commended in the report made public today by Governor McDonald. The report says: "The examination of the accounts of this official show clearly that the affairs of this office have been administered in an exceptionally efficient manner. His books and records show that they have received the attention to which they are properly entitled. It is a real pleasure to testify unqualifiedly to the competency of this official. The collection of taxes is looked after in a thorough and systematic manner. Penalties are assessed without exception when taxes become delinquent."

However, the attached financial report shows that the tax duplicate of Taos county for 1913 was only \$48,000, less than that of any other county, and yet more than one-fourth of it was still delinquent on November 16, a total of \$12,456.42.

As to County Clerk A. A. Rivera, the auditor is also very high in its praise, saying: "The accounts of this official were kept in a neat and accurate manner. He is systematic and methodical in the administration of his office, and is in every way an efficient official."

As to the accounts of the late S. Sisneros, county sheriff, the report says: "As is usual the case in the division in the term of office of a county official, the accounts of former Sheriff Sisneros were in a confused condition." A balance of \$575.16 is declared to be unaccounted for. As to the present sheriff, the report says: "This official does not possess the same degree of clerical ability as do the other officials of the county. He has however made an honest effort to keep his records and has complied to the best of his ability with all the accounting requirements imposed upon him." He is credited with \$26.55 overpaid.

The salary advances were modest, \$3,600 to the county treasurer, \$4,677 to the county clerk; \$750 to the assessor; \$741.65 to the sheriff; \$2,533 to the county school superintendent; \$400 to the probate judge; \$500 to County Commissioner Randall and \$550 to the other two county commissioners each.

The report says further: "The statute governing the usage of the court house and jail repair fund has

not been strictly complied with." A number of mercantile licenses totaling \$245 are reported as delinquent.

In conclusion the report says: "The examination of the accounts of various officials as here reported shows that the taxpayers are receiving an honest, efficient administration of their affairs. The county is operating on strictly cash basis and gets warrants promptly when issued. The reduction of taxes by eliminating a levy for court house and jail repair purposes speaks well for the management of the affairs of the county."

"The audit and approval of accounts is handled in a businesslike manner."

"With but few exceptions, bills were all properly sworn to, itemized and in general in the form as required by law. The county commissioners are making an honest effort to comply with the statutes governing their office as they have viewed them. Every facility for the successful and speedy prosecution of the examination was accorded your auditors."

T. J. Gullfoil assisted in the audit.

### STRIKE INVESTIGATION

Denver, Dec. 1.—Mine owners, union officials, public officials, citizens and officers of the militia are the witnesses which are to appear before the United States commission on industrial relations at its hearing on the Colorado strike situation. The hearing opened here today, with the object of learning the causes of the coal miners' strike that has been spotted with bloodshed and riots.

The commission will make no effort to bring about a settlement of the strike, but will limit itself to studying the conflict in relation to the general problem of industrial unrest. The commission will undertake an interpretation of the facts in order to formulate recommendations to congress.

It is believed that the Colorado situation will be cleared up by congressional action. The American Federation has asked the president to urge that the coal operators comply with the federal plan for a settlement of the strike, and on their failure to comply, to have the government take over the mines and operate them.

### OFFICIALS ON TRIAL

Oakland, Calif., Dec. 1.—James Higgins and Charles L. Gale, two of the four election officials indicted by the grand jury for frauds and forgeries alleged to have been committed at the primary election in August, were today called for trial before Superior Judge Frank B. Ogden. It is expected that the cases will be bitterly fought.

### ITALY'S CONGRESS TO MEET

Rome, Dec. 1.—The cabinet council has summoned parliament to meet tomorrow for a session of two weeks. All debate on Italy's foreign policy and the attitude of this country in the war will be avoided.

Lame back may come from overwork, cold settled in the muscles of the back, or from disease. In the two former cases the right remedy is BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It should be rubbed in thoroughly over the affected part, the relief will be prompt and satisfactory. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

## DAVID LAMAR IS PUT ON TRIAL IN GOTHAM

HE IS ACCUSED OF IMPERSONATING OFFICERS OF UNITED STATES SENATE

New York, Dec. 1.—David Lamar, charged in three indictments with impersonating officers of the United States with intent to defraud Wall street bankers and companies, was placed on trial here today in the federal district court.

District Attorney Marshall announced that Lamar would be prosecuted on only one of three indictments—the one charging him with impersonating Representative A. Mitchell Palmer, with the intent to defraud J. P. Morgan & Company and the United States Steel corporation. It is charged that Lamar, in telephone messages, represented himself as being Palmer and sought improperly to have the Morgan firm and the Steel corporation employ Edward Lauterbach, a lawyer.

One indictment charges Lamar with conspiring with Lauterbach. District Attorney Marshall announced that Lauterbach would be tried separately.

## WILL WITHDRAW TROOPS WHEN AMMONS SAYS SO

THE PRESIDENT MAKES THIS ANNOUNCEMENT REGARDING THE STRIKE ZONE

Washington, Dec. 1.—President Wilson will withdraw federal troops from the Colorado strike zone as soon as he receives official word from Governor Ammons that the state is ready to resume control.

The president reiterated today that the commission named by him Sunday would have nothing to do with the present strike, but was appointed to be of service in settling differences which might arise in the future. Seth Low and the other members of the commission are expected in Washington December 14 to confer with department officials.

### MUNICIPAL DANCE HALLS

Chicago, Dec. 1.—To guard against the evils of privately conducted dance halls, Chicago will this week open its own halls. The first municipal dance hall will probably open tomorrow night. They will be under the city's department of public welfare. City officials will attend the grand opening and Mayor Carter Harrison will speak. Women's clubs are to furnish the chaperones, under Mrs. Leonard Z. Meder, head of the welfare department.

### —WOMEN OF THE WEEK—

Chicago—After many delays and much litigation, Chicago's most exclusive club, The Casino, will open next Saturday with a dansant. Mrs. Joseph G. Coleman is president of the governing board.

The Chicago Women's club, of which Mrs. Harlan Ward is president, has opened an emergency bureau, and doing noble work securing positions for

thousands of women who are out of work.

Miss Anna A. Gordon of Evanston was recently elected national president, W. C. T. U.

There are 529 women physicians in Chicago.

Cincinnati—The Ohio Daughters of the Revolution voted unanimously to ban all military styles for women's dress, even to braids and brass buttons.

Miss Lucy Stone, aged 60, is a freshman at the State University of Ohio. She is taking a course in journalism.

Cincinnati has a women's press club 28 years old. Last week the organization sent greetings to the Boston club, which was celebrating its twenty-ninth anniversary.

Washington—Fifty-one years in the service of Uncle Sam in one department is the record of Mrs. Margaret Ash, of the bureau of engraving and printing.

Unique and practical is the memorial planned for the late Mrs. Woodrow Wilson. The leaders of the official set, under the guidance of Mrs. Archibald Hopkins, plan to build a block of model houses which will cost \$250,000 as a memorial to Mrs. Wilson's endeavor to improve the capital's slums.

Madame Luis Corea, American wife of the former Nicaraguan minister to the United States, has taken up a course in law at the George Washington University.

Macon, Ga.—Mrs. W. W. Monk is the best farmer in Georgia. She recently won the \$1,000 prize for her display at the Georgia fair in Macon.

St. Louis—Miss Melva B. Wilson, a sculptor, has been for four years working on the new St. Louis Catholic cathedral. She recently completed porcelain panels which are the largest in the world.

Topeka—For the first time in 52 years, the Kansas Teachers' association has elected a woman as president. The new incumbent is Miss Lillian Scott, head of the department of education at Baker University.

A test will be made of the New York subway law, forbidding the employment of aliens on the job.

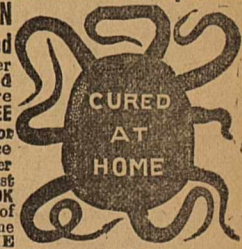
Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Kavanaugh of the West side are the proud parents of a baby. The new arrival is a boy.

## I WILL GIVE \$1000

IF I FAIL TO CURE any CANCER or TUMOR I TREAT BEFORE it Poisons Bone or Deep Stands No KNIFE or PAIN

No Pay Until Cured No X Ray or other swindle. An island plant makes the cure ABSOLUTE GUARANTEE Any TUMOR, LUMP or Sore on the lip, face or body long is Cancer It Never Pains until last stage. 120-PAGE BOOK sent free; testimonials of thousands cured at home WRITE TO SOME

ANY LUMP IN WOMAN'S BREAST Is CANCER, and if neglected it always poisons deep glands in the armpit, and kills quickly. Address DR. & MRS. DR. CHAMLEY FOR THE BOOK "Strictly Reliable." Poor Cured at Half Price or Free. AB 747 So. MAIN ST., LOS ANGELES, CAL. KINDLY SEND US NAMES of the AFFLICTED



## PRISON OFFENSE FOR SELLING LIQUOR

COLORADO OFFICIALS WILL ENFORCE DRY LAW TO THE EXTREME LIMIT

Colorado Springs, Colo., Dec. 3.—Unless strong and effective legislation is enacted and put into effect simultaneously with the dry amendment, Colorado's prohibitory liquor laws will be worse than useless, in the opinion of District Attorney M. W. Purcell. To form such laws to offer to the incoming legislature, the District Attorney's Association of Colorado will meet at the state capitol in Denver, December 28, call having just been issued by Purcell, who is president of the organization.

Purcell has outlined some laws which he intends to offer the association, confident that they will be accepted practically as drafted. The measures are the most drastic of their kind ever offered in any state, he says, but are necessary to make effective the provisions of the amendment, in his opinion. Briefly, his suggestions are as follows:

A law making the manufacture, sale, barter, exchange, or giving away of malt, vinous or spiritous liquors, in any quantity, a felony, punishable by confinement in the penitentiary at hard labor for not less than one nor more than ten years.

A law defining a bootlegger and providing that a person convicted of bootlegging shall be deemed a felon and punished by confinement in the penitentiary at hard labor for not less than three nor more than 14 years.

A law making the owner of property who will, knowingly, allow another to sell, barter, exchange or give away liquors on his premises, equally guilty with the person selling, and punished equally.

A law declaring the building wherein liquor is manufactured or sold a nuisance, to be ordered torn down or sold to pay all costs, expenses and penalties, at the discretion of the court.

A law compelling all common carriers conveying liquor into the state for private use to file with the county court a written statement, setting forth the names of the consignor and consignee, and character and quantities delivered to each person, and fixing a severe penalty for the violations thereof.

A law defining common carriers and prohibiting others from transporting liquor within the state, and providing that violation of the law be declared a felony, punishable by confinement in the penitentiary at hard labor for a period of not less than one nor more than ten years.

A search and seizure law which, while not violating the sacredness of the home, would be so framed as to authorize the proper authorities, upon information that liquor was being stored for illegal purposes, to enter and seize and destroy it, and to bring proceedings to have the property where-

in the liquor was stored decreed to be a nuisance and disposed of accordingly.

A law making the possession of a United States internal revenue license to sell liquor prima facie evidence of the illegal sale of liquor.

A law authorizing the district attorney of each district and each of his assistants and deputies to file information against violators of the law, upon information and belief, which information need not be otherwise verified.

A law empowering the governor of the state summarily to remove from office, any peace officer, district attorney or judge who fails to perform his duty in enforcing the law and affixing penalties which the law provides.

Discussing the rigid laws which he proposes, Purcell said:

"Let us profit by the experience of other states wherein like laws have been enacted, and always bear in mind that lax enforcement and weak laws are the productive causes of the growth of perjury, corruption and kindred vices in the community, and bring grief, vexation and expense to the taxpayers and law-abiding citizens generally, without accomplishing results."

Purcell declares that existing laws are not efficient instruments to use to protect the dry amendment. Fines imposed for violations of the law only amount in a great many instances, to licensing illegal joints, he declares. Jail sentences are recommended for violation of the law.

## PLENTY OF MONEY FOR SEVEN MONTHS SCHOOL

THE STATE IS ABLE TO INCREASE EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES FOR CHILDREN

Santa Fe, Dec. 3.—New Mexico has sufficient funds available to give every school district a minimum term of seven months, in place of five, the present minimum. This is the conclusion of Chief Clerk Rupert F. Asprund of the department of education in his report made today to United States Commissioner of Education P. P. Claxton. During the year ending September 1, 1914, the sum of \$30,837.89 was used to assist school districts in maintaining the five months minimum. Besides that \$43,056.62 state aid was granted to enable 125 districts to erect modern school buildings. A surplus of \$93,000 was at hand on September 1 and this would give sufficient funds to carry on the work for seven months in those districts which do not have that length of term now. There is a balance of \$82,612.20 in the school building fund. Even as it was, the average school term in the state was 140 days.

It is now proposed to use the balance in the school building fund for the purpose of aiding districts to construct modern school houses, but to discontinue adding to it, and to use the surplus in the reserve fund to increase the minimum term to six months and if possible to seven months. As it is necessary to provide for 743 school months in order to bring the minimum term up to 120 days it will be possible with the funds

at present provided to make this increase. As the income from common school lands is constantly increasing it is hoped that the minimum term may reach 140 days during the next biennial period.

### SAN MIGUEL LEADS

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—San Miguel county kept up its record of being the first to remit its monthly tax collections to State Treasurer O. N. Marron, but the amount sent this time was a disappointment. Something like \$220,000 was expected, the first installment of the 1914 taxes, and instead only \$1,861.07 was remitted of which \$1,549.08 was for 1914 taxes. District attorney's salary remittances were received from Luna county \$125; Quay \$212.50; Grant \$312.50; San Miguel \$425.

### NEW DELEGATE NAMED

Santa Fe, Dec. 1.—Governor McDonald today appointed Horace Moses of Hurley, Grant county, an additional delegate to the American Mining congress.

### FOREST NOTES

A great deal of the oak used on the Pacific coast comes from the eastern part of Asia.

To guard against tree repair fakers, or quack tree surgeons, the Massachusetts forestry association will inspect the shade trees belonging to its members, free of charge.

The Sihlwald, or city forest of Zurich, Switzerland, adds to the town's revenues \$7.20 per acre a year, reducing the amount needed to be raised through taxation by more than \$32,000.

In northern Idaho and Montana, which had many fires during the past summer, 35 per cent of the fires on national forests were caused by railroads, 26 per cent by lightning, and 10 per cent by campers. The remainder were due to brush burning and other miscellaneous or unknown causes.

A mountain lion recently killed in the Grand Canyon game preserve, which adjoins the Tusayan national forest, measured ten feet from nose to tail. Mountain lions and other beasts of prey, such as wolves, coyotes and wild cats, are killed by forest officers and game wardens because they are a menace to stock and to game animals.

### ERNEST MEYERS LOSES

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—The state supreme court today, in an opinion by Chief Justice C. J. Roberts, affirmed the district court for Bernalillo county, in the case of Louis Trauer vs. Ernest Myers, appellant. The suit was brought to compel the appellant to make warranty deed which appellant refused, offering to make what title he had. The court made a special finding of fact in favor of the appellee. Judgment was entered for appellee for \$1,349.75.

### SOCORRO COMES ACROSS

Santa Fe, Dec. 3.—Socorro county remitted \$47.89 of taxes today to State Treasurer O. N. Marron. Lincoln county remitted \$200 to pay District Attorney H. B. Hamilton his quarterly stipend.

## CONSULS SHOULD BE UNDER CIVIL RULES

EFFICIENCY DEMANDS THAT THESE MEN BE SELECTED FOR THEIR MERITS

Chicago, Dec. 3.—A review of the progress of the civil service movement and an outline of what had been sought to further its advance, was presented today to the thirty-fourth annual meeting of the National Civil Service Reform league by Robert D. Jenks of Philadelphia, chairman of the council of the association, in his annual report.

Mr. Jenks declared that the achievements in the year demonstrated a constant growth of popular sentiment throughout the country in favor of the merit and efficiency system, and said:

"Even in congress the tide has turned against the spoilsman. The passage of the Cullop amendment, which sought to throw open the postoffices for patronage purposes, was defeated."

He pointed out that in New Jersey, Georgia, Missouri, Ohio and California notable progress had been made in putting civil service systems into effect.

"The business men of the country," the report said, "have united in insisting that all positions in the diplomatic and consular services must be filled by men selected, not for political reasons, but for demonstrated fitness and ability."

### ILLINOIS CELEBRATES BIRTHDAY

Chicago, Dec. 2.—The 96th birthday of Illinois will be celebrated tomorrow as a statewide holiday, and schools, colleges, churches, civic and fraternal organizations have joined hands to make it a success. Governor Edward F. Dunne has officially proclaimed December 3 as "Illinois day" and has called upon the people of the state to join in the observance. Illinois was admitted into the union December 3, 1818. The centennial will be a big day in the state in 1918, at which time statues to Abraham Lincoln and Stephen A. Douglas will be dedicated. The movement to celebrate the day was initiated by the Chicago Association of Commerce, which seeks to strengthen the state spirit and a patriotic pride in the achievements of Illinois. An annual review of these accomplishments commercial, industrial and civic, is counted on as an inspiration in creating a determination to co-operate as individual citizens and as organizations for future progress.

### SHOTS CROSS BORDER

Washington, Dec. 3.—Brigadier General Bliss reported today that bullets from Mexican snipers in Naco, Sonora, continued to strike in American territory. He has again protested to General Maytorena to prevent shots from being fired over the border.

### RHODES MEN ASSIST

London, Dec. 3.—Ten American student at Oxford University, eight of whom are Rhodes scholars, have volunteered for service with the American commission for the relief of Belgium. They will be sent to Belgium tomorrow to assist Captain W. E. Lucey in the distribution of food.

## MUCH GOOD ROAD WORK IN THIS COUNTY

COMMISSION'S ANNUAL REPORT  
SHOWS WHAT HAS BEEN  
ACCOMPLISHED

In reply to a request from State Engineer James A. French for a statement of the work done on the highways by the San Miguel county road commission during the fiscal year which closed yesterday, George H. Hunker, a member of the commission, and his colleagues, Robert J. Tappert and Sostenes Delgado, have supplied the following information:

"We have constructed a first class road from Las Vegas to Watrous, and just outside the latter place we have bought land lying adjacent to the A. T. and S. F. railway line and made the road straight, thus avoiding the crossing of the Sapello river two times. On this road we have put in numerous runways and iron culverts—23, to be exact. We have surfaced this road with gravel from Las Vegas north about five miles. We are just now completing a small stretch of this road, consisting of about two miles, and will complete this work within the next week or ten days.

"On this particular road we let contracts for dragging it after each rain or snow, and we find that this is a most excellent thing and keeps the highway in fine shape at all times. About two miles this side of Onava on this particular road, we have filled in approximately a quarter of a mile with a three foot filling. This was one of the worst places on this road, and it is now in good shape.

"On the road leading from Las Vegas to Mora we keep a man, employed by the month, to look after and keep in shape that section of the highway between the Sapello river and the Mora county line. This is known as the canyon road. Before putting a man in charge, however, we put this part of the road in good condition, and we require of him that he maintain it so. We have furnished him with a drag, which he is required to use after each rain or snow. From the Sapello river to the junction of the Las Vegas-Watrous road we have let a dragging contract similar to that mentioned above and have found that by dragging the highway it is kept in good condition.

"We have constructed an entirely new road from Las Vegas to Romerville, which is on the ocean to ocean highway. We have cut down several hills on this road and have constructed several substantial runways. We have surfaced this road with gravel and have a dragging contract similar to those mentioned above. It is in fine shape and looks like a boulevard, compared to some of the other highways.

"We have worked all over the county in doing repair jobs, and we keep the roads in as good condition as possible considering the amount of

money we have to spend in this connection.

"Besides the regular poll tax work we have spent several hundred dollars in the repair of the road leading from Las Vegas to Encino, which will give Las Vegas connection with the Pecos valley. This road is in fair condition and is passable for automobiles.

"We are working in connection with the Commercial club of Vaughn for the purpose of building a direct road from Las Vegas through Antonchico to Vaughn. We understand that the county commissioners of Guadalupe county will let a contract in January for the construction of a bridge at Antonchico. We expect to make a good road from Las Vegas to Antonchico in the next several months.

"Our experience with gravel surfacing has been most satisfactory. We have the wagon dump the load in the center of the road, the distance covered being about ten feet. After about 100 loads are dumped a man spreads this out and levels it up to a width of six or seven feet. Nothing more is done, but rain and snow and the travel of hundreds of vehicles soon packs the gravel into the earth, making a mixture almost as hard as cement.

"We have in service three outfits, each provided with camp wagons and necessary equipment, a team, plow, scraper, etc. With each outfit we have six or seven men. We contemplate keeping these outfits in service as much as possible, and sending them from one portion of the county to another, working upon the roads.

"We have received a great number of complaints from people living on roads that we have not been able to work, but it is our intention and idea to first select what we consider the most important roads, do permanent work upon these, get them in good shape and then take up some other road and get it in good shape. With the limited means that we have at our disposal we feel that if this work is kept up for the next ten years that San Miguel county will be in good shape, as far as its roads are concerned."

### TRAIN CREW ASSISTED

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—A Santa Fe train crew saved Sheriff Felipe Lucero and County Clerk C. O. Bennett who were pinned beneath Bennett's Ford car which had turned over while speeding to El Paso from Las Cruces. The accident occurred near Berino and Bennett had a bone broken in his wrist while Lucero was severely bruised.

### POSTOFFICE CLOSED

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—The postoffice department has ordered the postoffice at Harrington, Union county, to be discontinued. Mail addressed to it will be sent to Gladstone in the same county in the future, while the supplies have been ordered sent to Santa Fe.

### TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—The department of education today issued first grade certificates to Irene Smith of Portales; Grace Lightbourn of Yankee; W. W. Barlow of Queen; Lillian G. Huggett of Lordsburg; Mabel Harper of Mesalero; Pearl Fletcher of Alamo; and a third grade certificate to Sarah E. Lewis of Magdalena.

## AMMONS TOLD A STRIKE WAS COMING

WHEN GOVERNOR-ELECT OF COL-  
ORADO HE WAS WARNED  
BY UNION LEADERS

Denver, Dec. 2.—In December, 1912, John R. Lawson of the United Mine Workers of America notified E. M. Ammons, then governor-elect, that a coal miners' strike probably would be called during his administration, the governor testified today before the United States industrial relations commission.

The governor told of the enactment of new mining laws about two years ago which he understood were satisfactory to operators and miners, and hoped would be useful in heading off a strike. He told of numerous conferences with operators and union officials and of repeated efforts to adjust differences. Replying to a question by Chairman Frank P. Walsh the governor stated that these efforts continued "long after the miners' convention at Trinidad had called a strike." Governor Ammons recounted the early history of the strike and the sending of the state militia to southern Colorado, 30 days after the miners walked out.

"The lawlessness began almost immediately," said the governor. "I was urged to call out the troops right away. Before the troops were called out the county authorities in Las Animas county had asked for them."

Reverting to the futile efforts for peace Governor Ammons said:

"There never was any question in my mind that the strike could have been settled but for the demand for recognition of the union.

Governor Ammons said that at the beginning of the strike he told leaders of both sides that the only thing he could do was to assume an impartial attitude and enforce the laws.

"When you took the attitude of enforcing all the laws, did it extend to affording protection to the mine operators in bringing in men to take the strikers' places?" he was asked.

"It did; but there were very few men brought in."

Governor Ammons then was questioned regarding disagreements between the various state departments on the subject of the strike. He accused State Treasurer Rody Kenehan and Deputy Labor Commissioner E. V. Brake of acting in opposition to his policies.

"I have no more control over the labor department of this state than I have over the labor department of the city of New York," he added.

Concluding his testimony, the governor urged the enactment of a mediation law by congress.

"I do not see why industrial disputes could not be settled in the courts as any other cases," he said. "Until this is accomplished it is a case of intimidation."

The governor said injury has been done the state by unfair and inac-

curate published accounts of the strike disorders.

### Osgood Takes Stand

J. S. Osgood, chairman of the board of the Victor American Fuel company, took the stand before Governor-elect George A. Carlson was called. He denied that there was an organization of Colorado mine operators before the calling of the strike. At the time the strike was called, he said an executive committee, as a tentative organization, was formed, consisting of Mr. Osgood, J. F. Wellborn, president of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, and D. W. Brown, president of the Rocky Mountain Fuel company, to take the lead in dealing with the public and attending to any matters that might require united action.

"What provision was made for expenses?" asked Chairman Walsh.

"It was, by consent or silence giving consent, that the expenses were to be borne equally. But the actual expenses were borne by the large companies—the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, the Victor American and the Rocky Mountain Fuel company," said Mr. Osgood.

### Union Convention Called

Indianapolis, Dec. 2.—After calling a convention of the members of the United Mine Workers of America in Colorado to meet in Denver beginning next Monday, Dec. 27, the executive board of the international organization adjourned its meetings here today. The convention of the Colorado miners is called to discuss the situation in the state and also the appointment by President Wilson of a commission to arbitrate future disagreements between the miners and the coal mine owners of Colorado.

The recommendations of the international executive board regarding the strike will be conveyed to the convention by a committee composed of Vice President Frank J. Hayes and Board Members John R. Lawson, Denver; Robert H. Harlin, Seattle, Wash.; Adam Wilkinson, Roundup, Mont.; Paul Paulsen, Rock Springs, Wyo.; No intimation of the nature of the recommendations was permitted to be made public here.

### CHAPMAN IS HOME

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—Kenneth M. Chapman of the School of American Archaeology, returned last evening after a year's absence in Washington, D. C., where he has been at work in the national museum and in New York where he spent several months at the Art Students' league during the summer. He expects to leave shortly for San Diego to do art work.

### CEYLON'S NARROW ESCAPE

London, Dec. 1.—Colombo Harbor, the principal seaport of Ceylon, and its shipping had a narrow escape from destruction in the early days of the war, according to mail advices just received here. A German spy set fire to an anchoral vessel which contained more than 50 tons of dynamite. The only means of saving neighboring shipping and harbor works was to sink the burning ship and this was done by a squad of volunteers at a considerable risk.

All mention of this incident was apparently deleted by the English censor in the cable news dispatches at the time.

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## PUT 'EM IN THE PROPER COMMITTEE

It is declared by one of the leading newspapers of the state that bar tenders enrolled as members of the New Mexico Educational association at its recent session in Albuquerque and assisted, by their ballots, in securing the convention for that city in 1915.

While The Optic believes the presence of a large number of school teachers in an up-to-date place like Albuquerque would mean a stimulation of business in the dry goods stores, curio shops, other mercantile establishments, and places where ice cream and soda water are sold, it is slow to admit a conviction that the saloons would derive similar benefit. In fact, were it not for the well known reputation for truth of the paper making the assertion, The Santa Fe New Mexican, The Optic would not believe that the saloon men of Albuquerque could be induced to contribute \$1 each, if by so doing they might retain the convention for the Duke City for the next million years; unless, of course, they might contribute out of a spirit of civic pride.

Why did not these gentlemen, as members of the association, cast their ballots against the resolution favoring the submission of a prohibition amendment to the state constitution in 1916, which was passed by the teachers?

Why did not some of them find their places on the refreshment committee?

Since these gentlemen have joined the association and cast their ballots, it might be well to put some of them on next year's program. Valuable papers upon "The Effect of Iced Tea Upon the Imagination," "Milk—A Harmful Beverage," "Water—Nothing Better for the Bath" and similar subjects might well be written by the soft voiced dispensers of hard drinks who have taken time that should be devoted to their business and freely donated it to the educational association.

## SEA POWER TO DATE

The score board of naval warfare is illuminating, although tragic. To date, after four months of war, 90 per cent of Germany's merchant marine has disappeared from the seas. The rec-

ord written against it is that 1,221 steamships have been captured, detained by neutrals or bottled up in home ports. During the same period 3 per cent of Great Britain's merchantmen, numbering 195 ships, was similarly removed. To begin with, the British tonnage was 19,541,206, whereas that of Germany was 4,593,095. The percentages given show the commercial status of both nations on the sea at this time.

To establish this supremacy, Great Britain has been forced to maintain its navy in open water in every quarter of the globe, while the greater part of the German navy has been under cover in the Kiel canal. By this exposure the British have lost, chiefly by mines and submarines, 19 warships, large and small, with a deathroll of more than 5,000 men. The number of German war vessels destroyed has been larger than that of the British, but they have been of lighter tonnage and loss of life has been comparatively small.

The control of the ocean is absolutely necessary to Great Britain in war. If it fails there it fails everywhere. It has paid a big price for it so far, but its ascendancy is still unquestioned.—New York World.

## TODAY WE PAY

Today the United States began paying its share of the expenses of the European war. This was done by the inauguration of a war tax to replenish the national treasury, depleted, it is declared, because the conflict across the sea has cut down this nation's revenue. We all will have to assist in meeting this emergency, unless we cease eating, drinking, smoking, chewing gum, driving automobiles, going to law against our neighbor, and other of our common habits of necessity and pleasure.

If we were to have the fun of yelling hurrah for the boys in blue as they emerged victorious from bloody campaigns there might be some pleasure in paying this war tax, because we would think we were getting our money's worth. But it comes hard to have to cough up and then not be allowed to cheer for any particular side, for fear of being arrested for violating some neutrality agreement or starting a riot.

And, of course, the present tariff

program assists to a large extent in creating that deficit we are now asked to wipe out of existence. Why cheer for that?

Americans have been paying for the European war for a considerable time, simply through their kind heartedness. Who knows how many millions of dollars have been devoted gladly to relieving the suffering Belgians? In some places there will be no Christmas gift giving this year, because of the desire of the people to send more money to Europe's sufferers.

This kind of giving is commendable, but in a way it is un sportsmanlike for the European nations to allow Americans to follow such a course.

Germany, which devastated Belgium, has plenty of money, according to her frequent statements on the condition of her treasury. Why cannot she aid the sufferers who were made such by her ruthless invasion of Belgium?

England announces her treasury is full. Why does not she aid the Belgians with money drawn from her war chest, instead of asking the citizenry to subscribe?

The same thing might be said of France and Russia.

At the beginning of the war it looked extremely like France would have been wiped off the map had it not been for the heroic fighting of the Belgians, who withstood the savage German onslaughts until help arrived from England, none too quickly.

Belgium undoubtedly was "the goat," by reason of its location between the millstones of war, and every American sympathizes sincerely with the little nation. As long, however, as the nations who are her allies have money, as long as the conquerer has money and claims to have no grudge against the non-combatant Belgians, why should not some assistance come from those quarters as well as from America?

## A RED SUNFLOWER

Santa Fe, Dec. 1.—A red sunflower, the first ever grown has been developed by Mrs. T. D. A. Cockerell, formerly of the Normal University at Las Vegas. She grew it at Boulder and sold the seed to an Englishman who in turn disposed of it to the Henderson's, a big seed firm. The story of how the red sunflower was produced is told in the Garden Magazine. Both Professor and Mrs. Cockerell, who are well known throughout New Mexico, Mr. Cockerell having been at one time in charge of the experiment station at Mesilla Park, had intended to spend this summer at Santa Fe, attending the summer school, but found they could not come until next summer.

## SHARP TAKES OFFICE

Paris, Dec. 1.—William G. Sharp of Ohio today presented his credentials to President Poincare as American ambassador to France, and personally took over the office and the manifold duties of caring for other embassies of the nations at war. The new ambassador was formerly a congressman from Ohio, and previous to his public career was an extensive manufacturer of charcoal, pig iron and chemicals. His home is at Elyria, Ohio. He succeeds Myron T. Herrick of Ohio, whose term was extended during the troublous days of the war outbreak.

## ATHLETICS REMAIN AT TOP OF LIST

### CLOSE GAME IS PLAYED WITH GIANTS IN THE BASKETBALL LEAGUE

From Monday's Daily.

Saturday morning at the Y. the youngsters played their weekly series of basketball games in the Kid league with the result that the White Sox stepped up into second place, the Braves into third and the Giants dropped to fifth. The Athletics, by winning from the Giants Saturday, continue to head the league, having won seven out of eight games played.

With the exception of the Athletics-Giants contest, which was won by a score of 16 to 14, Saturday's games were not as close as customary, owing largely to the fact that some of the best players among the kids were out of town for the Thanksgiving vacation. Mike Sena led the league in individual points, making a total of 24 points. Fred Moore came second with 13 points and David Dougherty third with 10. The team standings are:

	W.	L.	Pct.
Athletics	7	1	.875
White Sox	5	2	.714
Braves	3	3	.500
Cubs	3	4	.429
Giants	2	5	.286
Pirates	0	5	.000

## KENTUCKY MISSIONARY MEETING

Somerset, Ky., Dec. 1.—Many leading home and foreign missionary workers of America are attending the big Southeastern Kentucky Inter-Denominational Mission Conference, which opened here today. Chief among the speakers is Dr. Lilly of Nashville. All the churches in this section are participating.

Wheezing in the lungs indicates that phlegm is obstructing the air passages. BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP loosens the phlegm so that it can be coughed up and ejected. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

An international conference of toilers is suggested as the rational means of securing universal peace. Who would oppose?

## CITROLAX CITROLAX CITROLAX

Best thing for constipation, sour stomach, lazy liver and sluggish bowels. Stops a sick headache almost at once. Gives a most thorough and satisfactory flushing—no pain, no nausea. Keeps your system cleansed, sweet and wholesome. Ask for Citrolax. O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

## CITY CHRISTMAS TREE

Santa Fe, Dec. 1.—The municipal Christmas tree committee of the Santa Fe Woman's club met today in the assembly room of the Palace of the Governors and completed plans for the municipal tree in the Plaza on Christmas eve. Committees were appointed to work out details, including a municipal committee of 40 men.

# COTTON CRISIS WILL BE PROBED

## INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS COMMISSION WILL HOLD IMPORTANT HEARING

Dallas, Texas, Nov. 28.—Two important hearings have been arranged for the west and southwest by the United States commission on industrial relations. The hearing in Denver, where the Colorado situation will be threshed out, and all parties will be allowed to testify as to conditions, will be followed early in December by a big hearing in Dallas.

At the Dallas hearing agriculture will be the dominant theme, and the cotton crisis will be reviewed with its attendant results upon landlord and employing farmer, as well as tenant and farm laborer. The scope of this problem is wide for it requires in the neighborhood of \$150,000,000 to pick the cotton crop.

The main subjects to be treated at the Dallas hearing will be the national tendency toward concentration in ownership of lands, the rapid increase in tenant farming, the movement to raise the rents, and the development of class feeling between the races, negro, Mexican, European immigrant and native white. Efforts will be made to ascertain the facts and to get the point of view of each class. Housing and hygienic conditions of the laboring classes on the farms will be studied. The movement of the floating labor that is utilized in gathering the cotton crop, and methods of regulating the supply to meet the demand will come in for consideration, with a view to aiding the proposed labor bureau soon to be put in operation by the federal government.

Constructive policies for obtaining equitable leases of lands, and settling the city surplus labor on farms will be sought. "In all our western hearings we have come in direct contact with the land question," says Prof. John R. Commons of the University of Wisconsin, one of the commissioners. "The overcrowding of the urban industrial centers with unorganized, unskilled laborers, many of whom speak English imperfectly and are not qualified to seek or bargain for work on terms of preference, has brought before the commission the importance of finding ways to redistribute this labor. In all parts of the country we also hear of the difficulty of securing farm workers at certain seasons and of the desire for additional population for farm production. The question then is, can rural population assimilate part of the surplus? and if so, how? It is a problem that concerns the industrial units of society as well as the agricultural."

## SHIPPERS LOSE PRIVILEGE

Pittsburgh, Nov. 30.—Beginning tomorrow all existing arrangements for the stopping of cars in transit to complete loading, or to partially unload, any kind of freight traffic in Central Freight association territory, regard-

less of point of origin or destination, will be cancelled. Taking the interstate commerce commission at its word the railroads either are abridging or abrogating entirely many services to shippers that have been rendered free of charge so long that they have come to be regarded as rights. This latest ruling will affect many shippers and will probably cause many objections to be registered. The only exception the railroads are to make are on live stock or live poultry to complete loading, and mixed carloads of fresh meats and packing house products to partially unload. Therefore, the local rates will be applied to all shipments to and from the stop-offs, except in the cases defined. In other words the practice of using freight cars as retail distributing agencies is withdrawn today. In certain cases stop-over charges have always been made, but they were not uniform and were never enough to cover the cost of service rendered, the railroads claim. Additional curtailments of privileges are expected in this section, as well as throughout the country. From railroad authorities it is learned that the roads are getting together to withdraw systematically the privileges not paid for by shippers.

## WHITE'S NEW HOME

Santa Fe, Dec. 1.—Superintendent of Public Instruction Alvan N. White and family today took possession of their new home on Washington avenue, opposite the Hotel de Vargas. Superintendent White purchased the property from former State Engineer Charles D. Miller.

## MORA ROAD WORK

Santa Fe, Dec. 1.—Engineer H. K. Morgans has been ordered by State Engineer James A. French to take charge of the road work between Mora and Cleveland, Mora county. Morgans returned with Engineer Eugene Harvey from a hunting trip on the upper Pecos, during which they shot two wild turkeys.

## Stop Those Early Bronchial Coughs

They hang on all winter if not checked, and pave the way for serious throat and lung diseases. Get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and take it freely. Stop coughs and colds, heals raw inflamed throat, loosens the phlegm and is mildly laxative. Best for children and grown persons. No opiates. O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

## ANOTHER ROAD INDICTED

Trenton, N. J., Dec. 1.—United States District Attorney Davis today confirmed the report that the federal grand jury had returned an indictment against the Central Railway of New Jersey for alleged rebating to dealers in anthracite coal.

W. T. Huclens, Nicholson, Ga., had a severe attack of rheumatism. His feet, ankles and joints were swollen and moving about was very painful. He was certainly in a bad way when he started to take Foley Kidney Pills. He says, "Just a few doses made me feel better, and now my pains and rheumatism are all gone and I sleep all night long." O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

# NORMAL MODERN TEACHERS' SCHOOL

## LAS VEGAS INSTITUTION WELL EQUIPPED TO GRADUATE GOOD EDUCATORS

The following interesting article on the New Mexico Normal University appeared in the Albuquerque Journal during the session of the New Mexico Educational association:

In 1893 Felix Martinez and Senator Albert B. Fall, members of the territorial council of New Mexico, prepared a bill and secured its passage, creating the New Mexico Normal school at Silver City and the New Mexico Normal school at Las Vegas. By special law the name of the normal school at Las Vegas was changed to the New Mexico normal university in 1899, and its powers were enlarged so that the school might exercise the functions of a college of education. Such a school has a double purpose: to train young men and women to be efficient teachers, who are leaders in the higher and better phases of the social life of the state; and to furnish a pedagogical laboratory, where the state tests out new theories of education, thus winnowing the wheat from the chaff, and holding fast to the good and discarding the unsound.

The normal university has fulfilled this two-fold mission during its entire existence, which began with the opening of its doors on October 3, 1898. It held its first graduating exercises in 1899, when a class of five was graduated, every member of which became a teacher. Since then it has trained and graduated strong, purposeful young men and women, who have performed distinguished services to the state. Yet it is only in recent years that it has reached every section of the state. All short courses have been eliminated and the longer courses have been enriched and made more difficult, yet the graduating classes from the six-year normal have steadily increased in numbers.

On the other hand, the normal university has not overlooked its duty to the state in the matter of new theories and new material for educational purposes. As early as 1899 manual training was given a place in the school. In 1908 domestic science was introduced in its various phases, and since 1910 a short course in agricultural pedagogy has been offered. The recent development in industrial education has justified the normal's action in the matter of these three branches of learning. It has now brought to the state the Montessori method to test it out, to find out its strong points and its weak points, to answer the question, "Is it an addition to our educational system that is worth while?" and if found good to adopt it to our conditions. After thoroughly testing it a bulletin will be issued by the authorities of the school, presenting to the teachers of the state the results of this investigation.

## NEW HOTEL COMPANY

Santa Fe, Nov. 30.—Incorporation papers have been sent to the state corporation commission by the Las Cruces Hotel company of Las Cruces, which is that much nearer to the realization of its desire and dream of a tourist and family hotel built along modern lines and large enough to accommodate the great influx of people that will come with the exposition year and the completion of the Elephant Butte dam. The capitalization is \$100,000, divided into 1,000 shares and W. W. Cox, county treasurer, banker and wealthy cattle man has put up \$1,000; Vincent D. May, former postmaster, banker and prominent Mason, another \$1,000, and Frank T. French, who is named statutory agent, another \$1,000, so that the incorporation could be completed and work be pushed on the proposition and also to show their faith in Las Cruces, the Mesilla valley and the hotel proposition. The \$100,000 capital needed is in sight and plans have been drawn for the hotel, which is to be a three-story structure in mission style with every modern appointment and having 200 rooms.

## CATS MUST CROAK

St. Louis, Dec. 1.—All cats in Germany are to be killed to make linings for coats for the soldiers, according to information reaching St. Louis fur dealers today through trade papers. H. N. Darragh, secretary of a large fur company, said house cats are a large factor in the normal fur trade.

The Woman's club of Las Vegas has announced that it will have charge of the local distribution of the Red Cross Christmas stamps. These will be on sale at the various stores in a few days.

# ERUPTIONS ON LITTLE GIRL'S HEAD

Scalp Dry Like Powder. Scaled Over. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. No Signs of Trouble Since.

Granite Falls, Wash.—"At the age of two years there came a scale on my little girl's head. Her scalp was very dry like powder which roughed in the hair and mixed with the scales. Eruptions would appear and at times they would itch. They would bleed when I combed her hair. It seemed to scale over from one combing to the next. I commenced to treat her as soon as I saw the least sign of the eruption. I tried ——— Solution at first and after washed with ——— Soap but she got no relief. Then I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, lathering her head, then washing and applying the Cuticura Ointment every morning. In two weeks she was well and there have been no signs of the trouble since." (Signed) Mrs. C. F. Johnston, Apr. 14, 1914.

## UNSIGHTLY PIMPLES ON FACE

R. F. D. No. 1, Box 110, Harvey, Ill.—"About two years ago pimples and blackheads broke out on my face. They were red and inflamed and burned terribly so that I sometimes would scratch them. They were very unsightly. I lost much sleep. I used two cakes of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment and the burning stopped. In two months I was well." (Signed) George Madderom, May 5, 1914.

## Samples Free by Mail

Although Cuticura Soap (25c.) and Cuticura Ointment (50c.) are sold throughout the world, a sample of each with 32-p. Skin Book will be sent free upon request. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

## LAUGHTER MUST NOT BE HEARD IN PARIS

THIS IS THE REASON POLICE GIVE FOR REFUSING THEATER LICENSES

Paris, Dec. 2.—“As long as the enemy treads French soil, it is not seemly for Paris to laugh,” says Prefect of Police Laurent in reply to the renewed appeals of dramatic artists for the reopening of theaters and music halls.

“No new permits shall be issued and no permits previously accorded shall be renewed so long as the Germans occupy any part of France,” he declares; consequently a few moving picture shows, one solitary music hall and one orchestral concert constitute the amusements of Paris.

The poor artists, who are known rather for their generosity than for their thrift, are reduced to the necessity of applying for the government allowance to the unemployed, and here these free-hearted, easy livers, are met with a humiliating rebuff.

“Your dress is too elegant,” or “you pay too high a rental,” or “your furniture is too rich to justify an application for government aid,” are the replies they get in many cases.

The average season's receipts of Paris amusements is 30,000,000 francs or \$6,000,000 and a small portion of that amount, the directors contend, would suffice to see the 70,000 people who depend upon the theater for a living through the hard times. They recall that in 1870-71 the Theater Francais continued its performances even when the Germans were shelling Paris and Mont Valerien.

The artists and employes of the opera, the Opera Comique and the Theater Francais are cared for by a monthly allowance. One of the provincial music hall artists is selling vegetables near the Port Saint Martin. A comedian of the Folles Dramatiques is earning a living in a butcher shop. One of the prize graduates of the conservatory is mailing clerk in a newspaper office, and one of the great baritones is driving a cab. A great many others are in the trenches along the Aisne.

The Baritone Renaud, has enlisted at the age of 53, on the condition that he be incorporated in a fighting regiment. He has been made a corporal.

Reynal, the youngest “societaire,” of the Theater Francais, was killed at Meaux, in the battle of the Marne. Alexander, his colleague, is in the military hospital at Montlucon, suffering from pneumonia contracted in the march to Charleroi; he is nursed there by another colleague, his wife, Mlle. Robinne, who is a member of the Red Cross staff.

Albert Garre, the new administrator of the Theater Francais is lieutenant colonel of territorials, awaiting marching orders at Besanton, while the opera, in addition to Renaud sent Muartare Frank and three-quarters of the male chorus and stage mechanics to the ranks.

Ghensi, director of the Opera Comique, is an ordnance officer on the staff of General Gallieni, military governor of Paris.

### “FINANCING THE WAR”

Stockholm, Dec. 2.—The Svenska Dagbladet publishes a report by Professor Gustav Cassel, a national authority, on “Financing the War.” He says in part:

“Those countries which are big creditors of the neutrals have naturally a special strength in war time, in that maturing liabilities are readily taken up. This is most distinctly seen in the case of England, which under normal circumstances invests between \$50,000,000 and \$75,000,000 per month abroad, this being the normal form for the application of the surplus of England's balance against foreign countries. Should England now, as might be the case, cease to make these investments the corresponding amount would stand at her monthly disposal.

“This explains the excellent financial strength of England just now. England is the capitalist par excellence who, can live on the returns of her capital, and who, thanks to her resources, can force the whole world to contribute towards her war expenditure.”

### TALK UNEMPLOYMENT AND WAR

New York, Dec. 2.—A discussion of the unemployment situation throughout the country will be one of the important features of the annual meeting of the National Civics federation, which opens here tomorrow for sessions of three days. The federation has gathered the opinions of manufacturers, bankers, trade journals, charity and labor organization as to the outlook for this winter, and the result will be announced and discussed by the civic workers. The national problems arising from the war, and the lessons we have learned as to foreign policy will be subjects of addresses. An interesting report will be that of the Social Insurance commission of the Federation, which spent several months making an inquiry into the subject in Europe. Inasmuch as the commission consists of a representative of wage earners, an employer and a social insurance expert, it may be expected that the controversial questions as well as the social and economic benefits to employers and employes will be adequately covered. It is concerned with insurance plans relating to sickness, death benefits for widows and orphans, old age pension and unemployment—the emergencies which bring misfortune to wage earners. The workmen's compensation department will suggest main provisions requisite to adequate workmen's compensation laws, taking into consideration the best features of the statutes now existing in 24 states.

### EXPLOSION IN ENGLAND

Bedford, England, Dec. 2.—A large stock of lyddite exploded today in a chemical works near this city. Six men were killed and many others injured. Hundreds of windows in Bedford and nearby towns were broken. The people were in great alarm, some of them believing that the noise was the roar of the guns of an invading German army.

## OCTAGON HOUSE DECORATED BY TABLET

PRESIDENT DEDICATES MEMORIAL TO HIS PREDECESSOR, MR. MADISON

Washington, Dec. 2.—At noon today President Wilson pulled the tape which unveiled a marble stone set in the wall of the famous Octagon House. It was in this old house that President Madison lived 100 years ago, and where he signed on February 17, 1815, the treaty of Ghent bringing peace between the United States and Great Britain.

The unveiling was under the auspices of the American Institute of Architects, which is holding its annual convention in Washington. The president was escorted by R. C. Sturgis, president of the institute. These words cut in the stone were revealed:

“This building, known as The Octagon, built in 1800 for Colonel John Taylor of Mount Airy, Virginia, was occupied by President Madison after the burning of the president's house by the British on August 14, 1814. Here the Treaty of Ghent was ratified by Madison February 17, 1815.”

The tablet thus formally presented to the world is one of the first of a series of historical markers for which congress made appropriations a few years ago. The stone, therefore, bears the great seal of the United States, its only decoration.

Octagon House is one of the show places in Washington. It is a fine brick colonial mansion standing at the corner of New York avenue and Eighteenth street, half a block from the Corcoran museum, and so within three good stones' throw of the White House. Its chief title to historical fame is its service as president's house during the year or so that followed the burning of the White House by British troops. Today it is the official headquarters of the American Institute of Architects.

The treaty of Ghent was ratified in the circular room on the second floor, now used as an office by the secretary of the institute. It is a handsome room, facing southwest. In the center of it stands, protected by a glass cover, the circular table used by President Madison. The drawers of the desk are labeled with ivory letters, and was the presidential filing system of a century ago.

Secret tunnels, doors and passages have been discovered from time to time in and about the house and grounds, and they lend mystery to the historic house. Colonel Taylor built the house on advice of his friend, George Washington. For many years the Octagon House was the social center of the city. Colonel Taylor was distinguished for the unrivalled splendor of his household and equipages, and his establishment was renowned for its entertainments. In the list of his guests are the names of Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, John Quincy Adams, Decatur, Porter, Webster, Clay, Calhoun, Randolph, Lafa-

yette, Steuben and Sir Edward Thornton, British minister.

The unveiling today marked the official observance of the hundred year peace anniversary of England and America. The president took occasion to touch on this point in his address, and his words were received with acclaim.

### C. D. MILLER SUED

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—What is perhaps a case without precedent was filed today in the district court for Santa Fe county, by the National Surety company against former State Engineer Charles D. Miller, asking for judgment for \$400. When Miller was in the state's employ he signed a number of checks in blank. An employe of his office filled out the checks and drew the money for his own personal use. The state asked Miller to refund the money thus lost, but Miller refused. The state then demanded the National Surety company which had given \$10,000 bond for Miller, to make the refund. The surety company demurred at first but when it found that it would have difficulty in doing business in New Mexico unless it satisfied the demands of the state presented through Attorney General Frank W. Clancy, it paid and now sues to recover the money from Miller.

Suit was also filed by Evelynna C. Cunningham vs. H. F. Stephens, John Pflueger, the United States Bank and Trust company, et al., on a note for \$3,000 secured by property on Hillside avenue.

### “SEC” IS LEADING

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—Secundino Romero of Las Vegas was in Santa Fe today consulting with political leaders regarding the speakership of the house. He has pledged thus far 12 members of the house in favor of his candidacy for speaker and needs but three more to give him the majority of the republican caucus. According to reports, neither Nestor Montoya nor E. P. Davies have more than five votes pledged thus far in their campaign.

### SUPREME COURT REPORT

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—Supreme Court Reporter Judge John R. McFie has gotten as far as the index on Volume 18 of the New Mexico supreme court, bringing the court's decisions up to April 20, this year. This the second volume already of the state supreme court's opinions, demonstrating that business keeps up despite the fact that statehood deprived the court of federal jurisdiction. It took two years under the territorial regime to make one volume of opinions. The new volume will have several new wrinkles which will make it more convenient for attorneys.

### CIVIL SERVICE REFORMERS MEET

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Miss Jane Addams, Russell Whitman, president, and Charles J. Bonaparte, formerly attorney general of the United States, will be the speakers at the annual meeting of the National Civil Service Reform league, which opens here tomorrow.

Mardi Gras will bring Freddie Welsh and Joe Mandot to New Orleans for a match. Mandot will give the champ a tussle.



# NOVEMBER MAKES MOST UNIQUE RECORD

IS WARMEST, DRIEST AND SUNSHINIEST ELEVENTH MONTH IN MANY YEARS

Santa Fe, December 2.—The warmest November, with one exception, the sunshiniest with two exceptions and the driest with one exception, that is the official record in New Mexico for the month just past, according to the official records of the United States weather bureau. The sunshine average reached 90 per cent, there was not a single day with less than 43 per cent sunshine and 15 had 100 per cent and two 99 per cent of sunshine. The year 1894 had a November with 91 and 1903 a November with 96 per cent of sunshine. Surely, in New Mexico, November is not "dark and dreary." However, the normal in the past 24 years has been 78 per cent and the minimum was 63 per cent in 1906, which in the east would be considered a high sunshine average.

There was only a trace of rain during the month, as against .78 inch, the average since 1872. Nevertheless, there is an accumulated excess since New Year over the average of 1.83 inches. The average temperature was 43 degrees, exceeded only once, that in 1878. The highest was 63 degrees on November 4, the lowest 24 on November 19; the greatest daily range only 30 degrees on November 12, and the least 12 degrees on November 30. The total wind movement was merely 4,262 miles, an average hourly velocity of 5.9 miles, a mere zephyr. The maximum velocity was 2½ miles an hour on November 12, and that in a month when the wind howls at the rate of 50 to 70 miles an hour in other parts.

Not a single day was classified as cloudy and only six as partly cloudy. Only one killing frost was recorded, the first of the year, on November 15. The mean relative humidity averaged only 40 per cent at 6 p. m. The mean maximum temperature was 55.2 degrees, the mean minimum 31 degrees. Surely, it is a record that can be beat only in New Mexico.

## FASHION FLEES PARIS

Paris, Dec. 2.—American women accustomed to come here annually to worship at the shrine of Dame Fashion would grieve at the change that has come to the Rue de la Paix. Fashion has fled.

The luxurious limousine and the busy taxi-cab have gone to war. In their places are cars drawn by horses too stiff or feeble to carry troopers. The gems that used to scintillate behind plate glass windows, and the silk ruffles and dainty lingerees that tempted the glances of passersby, have disappeared behind iron shutters that were put up with the coming of the moratorium.

Shop keepers are not agreed that all of this caution is necessary. Many of them believe there would be business if there was credit. The moratorium means spot cash. Said one of them: "It is madame who buys and monsieur who pays. When credit disappears the life of the Rue de la Paix goes out."

Some of the artistic designers who in the past have clothed feminine Paris and are well known in America are now making uniforms. One of the conspicuous apostles of recent eccentricities in women's wear (Poiret) is superintending the work in a government uniform shop. One of the largest dress-making shops (Worth's) is occupied by a very complete and comfortable auxiliary hospital. The aristocratic hotels are blank and dismal, and Napoleon looks chilly and lonesome at the top of the column on Place Vendome.

The moratorium is death on gaiety as well as the foe of credit. It has chased away the frolicsome midnettes, who used to dance out of the fashionable Rue de la Paix shops at noon, arm in arm, by twos, threes and fours, to trip away lightly to the creameries, noon-day lunches and cheap restaurants. Some of them are sewing soldiers' clothing; most of the others are at home living on the small allowances made by their employers.

## MEDALS FOR HEROES

Furnes, Dec. 2.—By order of King Albert the cross of the order of Leopold was conferred on every member of the little band of cyclists who crossed the German lines and blew up a bridge near Mons, which cut the German communications for three days and allowed the Allies to assemble the force necessary to check the advance of the Germans toward Calais.

This company of cyclists, from which the men were taken for this piece of hazardous work, is composed of 300 members, sworn to give their lives to the country. Only ten were taken from each regiment out of the many who volunteered. The corps is used in operations which often mean certain death. In the present case, the destruction of the bridge cut off the Germans' supplies and is considered by the King to be directly responsible for the failure of the Germans to break through the line of the Allies in the critical days of the first week of November.

The officers who received both the cross of honor and the rank of chevalier of the order of Leopold were Captain Delfosse, Captain Courbois, Lieutenants de Rode, Gervois, Flebus, Parden and Rolers, while the cross was given to twenty-four noncommissioned officers and enlisted men.

## GERMANY IS UNITED

Berlin, Dec. 2 (via London).—Addressing a committee of the reichstag today Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the imperial chancellor, spoke in praise of the good spirit shown by the German army and navy and the unity of the German people in the present struggle. The reichstag meets tomorrow. The chancellor will then express before a full sitting of the body his views on the general political situation.

## DARING AVIATOR KILLED

Los Angeles, Dec. 2.—Thomas J. Hill, an aviator, 25 years old, was killed today near Venice, a suburb, while looping the loop. Hill fell about 2,000 feet.

# LAMAR WILL NOT PRESENT DEFENSE

SAYS HE WILL LET CASE GO TO THE JURY UPON ITS OWN MERITS

New York, Dec. 2.—The government today rested its case against David Lamar, a trial on an indictment charging him with representing himself as Mitchell Palmer with intent to defraud J. P. Morgan and Company and the United States Steel corporation. The government's case was closed with the testimony of Lewis Cass Ledyard.

Mr. Ledyard testified in detail as to alleged telephone talks on February, 1913 with a party who represented himself as Mr. Palmer. The witness' testimony varied little from published accounts of the alleged efforts made by Lamar to have J. P. Morgan employ Edward Lauterbach, a lawyer and friend of Lamar.

David Lamar will allow his case to go to the jury without entering any defense. His counsel so announced today after the government had rested its case and the usual motion to dismiss the indictments had been made and denied. Counsel declared Lamar was willing to allow the case to go to the jury on its own merits.

## A PATROITIC COMPANY

Chicago, Dec. 2.—The producer-consumer plan of one of the biggest express companies in the country was put into effect today. Instructions were issued appointing a chief of a special department to expedite the movement of farm products to the consumer, and notices to co-operate were sent to the 10,000 agents of the company scattered throughout the country. The corporation expects to make no profits from the business, except such as comes with increased business. A somewhat similar plan is being inaugurated by means of the parcel post.

## TWITCHELL'S LATEST STUNT

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—Colonel Ralph E. Twitchell left this afternoon for Albuquerque after appearing before the board of directors of the chamber of commerce to urge upon it the importance of taking advantage of the publicity opportunities in connection with the New Mexico exhibit at San Diego. One unique proposition is to issue books with perforated sheets of poster views of Santa Fe, each poster in colors to be used as a stamp on cards or correspondence. The sheets are gummed and each poster is double the size of a Red Cross stamp. The plan is entirely new and has just come from Europe. It has been copyrighted and the next year will see the sale of billions of these stamps which are both picturesque and beautiful.

## ADVISES HUMAN MUZZLES

Jacksonville, Fla., Dec. 2.—"To give humanity what it is entitled to from a hygienic standpoint you would have to place gauze muzzles on more than 90 per cent of the people."

This declaration was made by Dr. W. G. Ebersole, secretary and treasurer of the National Mouth Hygiene association in his address at the joint

meeting of that organization with the American Public Health association here today.

"We muzzle dogs to avoid one kind of disease," continued Dr. Ebersole, "why not muzzle people to avoid the many other kinds of disease? It might be ideal but hardly practical."

## MAHAN ELECTED

Cambridge, Mass., Dec. 2.—Edward William Mahan, of Uatick, Mass., half-back on the Harvard football team for the last two years, was chosen captain of the 1915 team at a meeting of the 1914 squad today.

## GLICK IS CAPTAIN

Princeton, N. J., Dec. 2.—Frank Glick of Pittsburgh today was elected captain of the Princeton football team for 1915. He played on the freshman team here, and has for two years been a member of the 'varsity, playing at halfback and quarterback.

## VALUABLE INFORMATION

Santa Fe, Dec. 1.—Every visitor to the New Mexico building at San Diego will be card-indexed and there will be thousands upon thousands of them. Each visitor will give his name, his home address, what he is particularly interested in and whether he intends to visit New Mexico on his home journey. This is one of the first steps by the publicity department to get into touch with well-to-do people all over the United States. Such chambers of commerce and business concerns as will co-operate will be furnished the names and data in which they may be particularly interested. The New Mexico souvenir book will not be distributed promiscuously, it is too valuable for that, but will go to those whom it is deemed worth while to interest in the state and its resources. Thus the state will receive the maximum publicity from its display at San Diego next year.

## ADMIRAL MAHAN DEAD

New York, Dec. 2.—Private advices received here announce the death in Washington Tuesday of Admiral Alfred T. Mahan, the naval expert and writer. Admiral Mahan had been a patient in the naval hospital. He was born at Westpoint, N. Y., 74 years ago, and after notable service in the navy was retired in 1896. He was recognized as an international authority on naval warfare, and his writings and criticisms of naval affairs attracted wide attention. He was graduated from the naval academy at Annapolis and promoted through the various grades until as a captain in 1896 he was retired at his own request. Ten years later, in 1906, he was advanced to the grade of rear admiral, retired.

## PRIMARY DAY AT SCHOOL

New York, Dec. 2.—Today is primary day at the suffrage school conducted by the Equal Franchise league and the young lady students are selecting their nominees for the election which they will hold on December 15.

## MISSING BODY FOUND

Grand Junction, Colo., Dec. 22.—The body of B. W. Toothaker, 59, a wealthy Palisade fruit raiser, who disappeared on August 19 sanitarium at Glenwood Springs, was found under a clump of bushes near Glenwood Springs last night. Toothaker had suffered from softening of the brain.

## BINGVILLE PASTOR ROASTS THE TANGO

SAYS YOUNG PEOPLE ARE CARRIED TO PERDITION BY CASTLE WALK

From Monday's Daily.

The Bingville Bugle, one of The Optic's esteemed contemporaries, has the following editorial description of a sermon by the Rev. Samuel Moore of that city:

### Eddytorial on Dancin

During the quiet & solemnity of last Sabbath the soshial fabrick of Bingville was tore from centre to circumferents, as we might say, & ever sinst then what hapened has been the talk of the town and will probably continue to be for a few wks, after which it will be forgot and Bingville will resoom the even tenner of her way.

What we refer to was a red hot sermon whitch Rev. Saml Moore, our beloved paster, preached in the Bingville church last Sunday morning, whitch come like a bolt cuten the blue, being as nobuddy expectted that our paster would launch hisself out in sich a skathing manner of bitter denunciashion and abuse sich as he done.

Being as it was a cool, crisp morning there was a large audience present, but nobuddy knowd or suspekted what a awful sermon was coming. Rev. Moore a nounced his sermon as "The Fleshpots of Bingville," and he begin in sich a mild, sootnin, quiet voice that them in the congregashion who ushually goes to sleep dropped off in a doze and begin to snore.

After about five minits however, Rev. Moore got het up to his subject and went after the new fangled dances which has been interdooced into Bingville tooth and nail.

"I have took the liberty to look in on some of the new dances at dances which has took place in Bingville recent," he said, "& I was skandalised beyant meashure, espeshially by the Tango dance, to say nothink of the Turkey Trot and the Bunny Hugg and the Castile Walk and the Chikken Flip and the Kitchen Sink. If I had a darter and I ketched her dancing enny of these dances I would take her out behind the woodshed and give her a good spankin. Beware all ye young folks of Bingville who are dancing these currible dances, becuz the Turkey Trot trots to perdition an the Castile Walk walks to destruckshion. Shame on you all to fritter away your lives in this frivelous fashion! Not only that, but there is other evils exists in Bingville. I have heerd of parties in our midst where kissin games was played an where a game called "Orchurs" and "Old Maid" was played with cussed cards. Some of our yung folks often don't git to their homes until haff past 9 or 10 o'clock, but remain playing these sinful games and eating appels & donuts and otherwise partaking of the fleshpots of inkwitry!"

By the time Rev. Moore had reached this pint he was hollering until he could almost be heerd all over Bingville, and was sweatin like a yoke of oxes and poundin the pulpit until he nearly split in two. Them as had went to sleep woked up with a start

and couldn't go to sleep agin for the noise the paster made.

Miss Amelia Tucker, our raining sossociety queen, who nas sent out invites for a dance at her house next Friday evg., got up and swept outen the church with her nose in the air. Several other young folks foilerd suit, and it is reported that unless Rev. Moore apologise they will take their names offen the church roll.

We are of the opinyun that Rev. Moore went a leetle mite too fur in his denunciashion of the soshial evils of Bingville, an that it ain't no harm for young folks to dance now and then or have a friendly harmless game of cards. Young folks is young folks—boys will be boys and girls will be ditto, and Rev. Moore ort not to forget that he was a boy onct hisself.

Ame Hillyer, our attorney, legal lite, and J. of the P., also Notary Publick, says he knowd Sam Moore when he was a young feller, and that our present paster was jest as full of mischief then as they made em in them days. Ame says Sam Moore was one of the best poker players in the naberhood, also a expert dancier, and wassent above taking a drink of hard cider if he got the chanst. In view of these fackts it is our opinyun that Rev. Moore overstept the bounds when he denounced card playin and dancing as he done, and that next Sunday he may recant.

READ THE BUGLE FOR REV. MOORE'S RECANT, PERVIDING HE RECANTS!

### TRY WOLF OF WALL STREET

New York, Nov. 30.—The trial of David Lamar, the so-called "Wolf of Wall Street" which opens here today, on charges of conspiracy in connection with the steel investigation, promises to be sensational. There are three indictments, two of which are for impersonating a Congressman.

The alleged conspiracy grew out of the attempt to get J. P. Morgan and Company and the United States Steel Corporation to hire Edward Lauterbach, lawyer and formerly influential in politics, the object being to secure the calling off of the investigation of the Steel corporation several years ago. Lauterbach is also indicted, and is held for trial.

Lamar was arrested a few weeks ago at the Waldorf. He was taken before Judge Rudkin and held in \$30,000. The indictment alleges that on Feb. 4, 1913, Lamar telephoned to Lewis Cass Ledyard and represented himself as Congressman E. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania, who recently ran against Penrose for the Senate. The story was told before the investigating committee in Washington a year ago last summer. Lamar urged Ledyard to have Lauterbach retained. He said that Lauterbach was in touch with congressmen and that there was no real desire to have the steel corporation investigated. Lamar's case is now pending in the United States supreme court, and he believed he could visit New York without arrest.

### THE OREGON READY

Seattle, Wash., Dec. 1.—The famous old battleship Oregon, which will lead the naval parade through the Panama canal, was again put in commission today, after being repaired at the Puget Sound navy yard.

## HIGH PRICED COW IS BEST TO BUY

THOSE WHICH SELL FOR LITTLE MONEY WILL GIVE LITTLE BUTTER FAT VALUE

The following advice from the pen of R. W. Latta of the state agricultural experiment station will be of interest to those connected with farming and dairying:

Dairying is the coming industry in the fertile valleys of New Mexico. We need dairying to conserve our soil, to better utilize our labor throughout the year, to turn into profit our low priced forage crops, and to provide a sure and steady cash income. From all over the state are coming these inquiries: Will dairying pay? How can we get the most out of our alfalfa? Where can we get good dairy cows? What of the various schemes to sell cows to the farmers on time, payment to the taken out of the cream checks? This last question is of especial interest to several communities just now, and it will doubtless attract more attention in the future. The country needs cows, but too often, the farmers who need them most have not the capital to start into dairying on a really profitable scale. Here is the opening for some agency to bring cows into the country, and wait for the pay till the cows produce it themselves. This agency may be a co-operative organization of the farmers, it may be an association of the business men of the community, it may be a dairy promoter who is going into the creamery business as a private enterprise, or it may be a speculator whose only interest is to make money on the cows he sells. These various agencies are named in the order of their worth, for doing a permanent good in the community. The value of any plan would depend on the men who handle the plan. In the case of the dairy promoter and prospective creamery man, it may be said, such a man would realize that his success would depend largely on his patrons being satisfied; they would want to get some pay for their work while paying for the cows; this calls for good cows, and hence he would furnish the best cows possible. True he will ask a good price for the cows, but if the cows themselves are real money makers, handsome returns will keep coming in long after the purchase price is paid. In this connection it is well to understand that it would be far better to pay a hundred and a quarter for a cow that will produce a pound of butter-fat per day, than 50 dollars for one that will produce only half a pound.

Success in dairying depends not only on the cost of feed and the price received for the product, but also on the individuality of the man and of the cows. To be profitable a cow should produce as a daily average for ten months, two and a half to three gallons of milk testing four to five per cent fat. Three gallons of four

per cent milk means one pound of butter fat per day. This should bring an average price throughout the year of 28c, or \$84 for 300 days. In addition to this she will produce skim-milk worth about a third as much as the butter fat, for feeding to calves, pigs, and chickens. There is also the value of the manure, and of the calf, which should total \$25, or more, per year.

The most profitable ration to feed such a cow would consist of pasture, silage, alfalfa, and a varying amount of mixed grain, consisting of bran, cotton seed meal, and corn, milo or kaffir. Silage is a very valuable feed when pasture is short. In fact, many dairymen consider it indispensable. If it is not available, its place will have to be taken by green soiling crops, supplemented in the winter by some such feed as dried beet pulp. Such feeding will mean a total cost of about \$60 per year, divided about equally between grain and roughage. Thus it will be seen that, if five dollars per month is to be paid on the purchase price of the cow, what is left of the cream check will scarcely pay for the feed that must be bought, and the farmer must look to the profit from the skim-milk to get some measure to pay for his labor. The above estimates are for a good cow. A poor cow might do little or no better than to make her own payments, and such a cow would never become profitable. A really profitable herd can only be built up by keeping an accurate check on the production of each cow, and discarding the poor ones. Many a dairy herd would yield a larger net profit if a third, or in some cases, a half, were sold for butcher stock.

Aside from the cows, the necessary material equipment will consist of a good separator, if the cream is to be sold or churned, the ordinary utensils for handling the milk and shelter for the cows, a good roof with three sides enclosed is sufficient in our climate. A silo and a good sanitary floor in the milking stable are also essentials to the best results.

Another factor which may make or break the dairyman is whether he gets a fair and honest return for his cream delivered to the creamery. With dairying on the increase in the state, we will soon feel the imperative need of legislative regulations of creameries in the state. All in all, dairying is bound to be a profitable industry in New Mexico, and every possible effort should be made to encourage its enlargement.

### AMBASSADOR REPORTED BETTER

The Hague, Dec. 1.—The American ambassador to the Netherlands, Dr. Henry Van Dyke, is reported to be greatly improved by his rest of three weeks, and is expected back at his desk this week. Since the outbreak of the war the ambassador worked day and night until on November 14 he was suffering greatly from eye strain and fatigue, and was forced to depart on a furlough.

### GOOD ROADS DAY IN TEXAS

Dallas, Tex., Dec. 1.—Today and tomorrow are Good Roads Days in Texas, and Governor Colquitt has called upon the citizens in every county to work the public roads. Public officials are leading in the work, and there is a big response to the appeal.

**MOOSE CHIEFS GATHER**

Chicago, Dec. 1.—The problem of how to keep the Moose alive is occupying the minds of the leaders of the progressive party, who are gathering here today for the national executive committee meeting, to be held tomorrow. How to keep up the fight in view of the collapse of the party at the recent elections will be the main question to be decided. The conclave of the leaders has not brought to Chicago the usual number of enthusiasts.

**PACIFIC RELIEF SHIP SAILS**

San Francisco, Dec. 1.—The Pacific coast is doing its share in the Belgian relief movement, for today the Arrow liner Camino sails with a huge cargo gathered by the local committee, backed by the San Francisco chamber of commerce. The chamber received the state contributions and chartered the vessel.

**MORE TROUBLE AHEAD**

Santa Fe, Dec. 1.—Although released today by United States Commissioner M. T. Dunleavy, after serving 30 days in the penitentiary for non-payment of costs in the case against him for breaking the seal of a freight car in interstate commerce, Frederico Burham faces a much longer term for another crime in Leavenworth penitentiary, and is awaiting the pleasure of United States Marshal A. H. Hudspeeth, who will take him to Leavenworth to serve three years.

**RIVER BOATS TIE UP**

Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 1.—The Missouri river fleet went into winter quarters today, and for the first time in the history of the fleet, the boats are in excellent shape after a hard season. River improvement and experience in handling the boats have made the wear and tear less. The river is cleaner than ever before, and the boatmen have been drilled more perfectly.

**NEW STAMP ACT IN FORCE**

Washington, Dec. 1.—There will be two classes of stamps for the payment of the stamp taxes which go into effect today. One class will be for use on proprietary articles and wines, the other for documents. The proprietary stamps range from 1/4 cent to 20 cents, and the documentary stamps from 1/2 cent to \$1,000. The adhesive stamp taxes are the ones which in most cases will fall directly on the average citizen.

**JOLTS JOHN BARLEYCORN**

Winnipeg, Dec. 1.—Premier Sir Redmond Roblin announces in a long statement that the Manitoba government has decided to take drastic action in curtailing the liquor traffic during the war period. The forthcoming session of the legislature will be asked to pass a government bill giving municipalities the right to limit by a majority vote the giving of licenses, and a clause will be inserted giving the government special powers to curtail the hours at which liquor may be sold in times of public stress.

**HUBBELL SHIPS SHEEP**

Santa Fe, Nov. 30.—Frank A. Hubbell increased his sheep shipments from Magdalena from 50,000 head last year to 60,000 head this year, all of them from his Secorro county range.

**SELLS ACQUITTED OF THE FORGERY CHARGE**

JUDGE LEAHY SAYS THE STATE FAILS TO PROVE CASE AGAINST ENGINEER

"Inasmuch as the state has not submitted any evidence on which to convict the defendant, George Sells, of the crime of forgery, the jury is instructed to bring in a verdict of not guilty."

This morning Judge Leahy thus disposed of the case of the state against George Sells for the crime of forgery. This action was taken on motion of the counsel for the defense, after the state declared that it had no more evidence to present. District Attorney Ward was unable to prove that a copy of a note on which the prosecution based its case was an exact reproduction of the original, which, it is said, had been paid and returned to Sells. It is said that an error of the bank officials who made the copy is responsible for the verdict. Sells was represented by C. A. Spiess and O. A. Larrazolo.

George Sells was indicted by the grand jury on the charge of forging the names of G. A. Bryan and Hugh Quigley to a note for \$330. The three men are in the employ of the Santa Fe railroad. Sells cashed the instrument at the First National Bank. At the time of his arraignment before Justice D. R. Murray, it is said that he showed the note, and that it had been paid, and therefore turned over to him. The note is now in his possession, it is thought.

The Sells case was the last criminal action of this term of court in which a jury was needed. At its conclusion, therefore, Judge Leahy discharged the petit jury, thanking them for their efficient work. There are quiet a number of civil cases to be considered by the court, but all the criminal actions have been completed. It is the opinion of the court officials that the present term will conclude on Saturday.

**Jury Disagrees**

The jury sitting on the case of Peter Roth vs. Tranquilino Yara after being out all night, was brought into court this morning and declared that it could not come to a decision. The jurymen stated that they were almost evenly divided and expressed the opinion that they would be unable to bring in a unanimous verdict. They were therefore discharged and the case set for retrial on the third day of the spring term of court. This will be in May, 1915. It is said that the nearest point of unanimity that the jury reached was a vote of 9 to 3, in whose favor is not known.

The case of Peter Roth vs. Tranquilino Yara was begun over two and one-half years ago to decide the ownership of a stallion. The case was tried at that time and decided in favor of Roth, the jury deciding that the horse belonged to the local butcher. Yara appealed to the supreme court which reversed the decision of the lower court. The suit returned to this court for its third trial, and must now be retried, before a jury, making at least four trials before a verdict can be reached. O. A. Larrazolo appeared for Yara and C. W. G. Ward for Roth.

Last night in chambers Judge Leahy considered the case of the First National bank of Fort Sumner, N. M., vs. Frank B. Manzanares and his wife, Ofelia Manzanares, a suit on a note to the amount of \$2,847 signed by the defendants. The testimony was practically completed. The defense, however, asked a delay of ten days to enable it to secure the testimony of Frank Manzanares, who is in Denver. This continuance was granted by the judge, and the case will be finished at a later date.

**Two Men Sentenced**

Judge Leahy this afternoon passed sentence on David Sandoval, who pleaded guilty to a charge of assault with a deadly weapon. Sandoval was given a term of not more than 15 months nor less than 12 months in the state penitentiary. His sentence was suspended during good behavior. Sandoval was indicted on two counts by the grand jury. He pleaded guilty to one charging him with assault with a deadly weapon, and not guilty to a charge of attempted rape. He will be tried on the latter charge at a later date.

Judge Leahy also sentenced Anastasio Lobato, giving him a term of six months in the county jail. This sentence also was suspended during good behavior. Lobato was indicted by the grand jury for firing a gun within a populated settlement. He pleaded not guilty, but was convicted by a jury. Lobato fired at the three children of Peter Ciddio, his neighbor, when they annoyed him by driving off his burros, it was charged.

**TURKS ARE DISLODGED**

Paris, Dec. 1.—An official statement from the general staff of the Russian army in the Caucasus, telegraphed today from Petrograd to the Havas agency, says:

"In the valley of the Euphrates the Russian columns, taking the offensive, dislodged the Turks from their positions and put them to flight. The Russians captured two cannon and also a certain number of prisoners."

The radical wing of the federation met a bitter defeat in Philadelphia.

**CHILDREN TO LEARN TO FIGHT DISEASE**

SCHOOLS WILL OBSERVE TUBERCULOSIS PREVENTION DAY FOR NEW MEXICO

Thousands of school children in the state of New Mexico, in fact practically every child in the fourth to the eighth grades, inclusive, will, on Tuesday, December 8, participate in a statewide educational essay contest that is being conducted by the New Mexico Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis and which has been endorsed by the city, county and state school officials.

After the teachers have read to the pupils an essay that has been prepared for them and which is a simple treatise on the cause and prevention of tuberculosis and the relation of right living to health, the children will prepare original essays of their own, setting forth what they have learned regarding the matter and also their opinions regarding the same.

The essays in each grade will be judged by the teacher who will send the three best in each grade to the county superintendent. The latter will in turn judge the three best essays in each grade of the county and will forward the winning county essays to the state society which is conducting the contest. These will in turn be judged to determine the state winners in each grade.

Prizes of ribbons will be awarded to the children in each grade of every school writing the best essays and to the county winners. The state winners in each grade will be given gold, silver and bronze medals.

A great deal of interest has been aroused among the teachers and children and many worth essays are expected to compete in the final distribution of prizes.

Governor Ammons of Colorado says in an interview that his successor, Carlson, will continue the battle against the unions of the state.

**Weak, Inactive Kidneys Cause Much Trouble**

Backache, rheumatism, and all kidney and bladder disorders are caused from weak inactive kidneys, which fail to filter out the poisons, and keep the blood pure. The only way to positively and permanently cure such troubles is to remove the cause. The reason why Foley Kidney Pills are the best medicine for kidney and bladder troubles is because they are made wholly of those healing, strengthening and restorative ingredients that nature needs to build up and renew these important and vital organs. See that you get Foley Kidney Pills for your kidney and bladder troubles. They are tonic in action, quick to give good results, and contain no harmful drugs.

## OFTEN THEY HAVE NOTHING TO EAT

### MANY WORKING GIRLS HAVE TO CHOOSE BETWEEN FOOD AND CLOTHING

New York, Dec. 2.—"How Girls Live on \$6 a Week." Under this caption there was read today into the records of the factory investigating committee first hand details, garnered from stores, factories and shops throughout the state, of the fight for existence which the commission's investigators learned is waged daily by tens of thousands of underpaid women and girls in New York state.

Miss Esther Packard, assistant secretary of the consumers' league, as the results of her personal investigation, cited many instances, among them the following:

Miss C. W.—"When I have to pay for clothes or anything like that I don't buy meat for weeks at a time."

F. M.—"I don't eat breakfast at all. I found that was the easiest meal to do without."

Miss T.—"I generally buy beans for 3 cents and bread for 2 cents for lunch. I seldom pay more than 7 cents."

One girl, Miss Packard said, lives on one meal a day when she has to pay for shoes or a hat. Many girls frankly admitted that they counted on their male friends to buy their Sunday dinners. A girl of 23 had taken no vacation for six years because she could not afford to lose her salary for a week. A woman of 40, without a vacation for 25 years, cannot think of stopping work for a month to take a rest which she needs.

### SERVIANS ADMIT LOSSES

London, Dec. 2.—Semi-official advices reached today by the Havas agency from Nish contain the admission that the Austrians have won further victories in Serbia after a number of rear guard actions.

The Servian troops were forced to fall back on December 1 from the region around Oudjitz and Kocieritche. The retreat, it is said, was made in good order.

Heavy fighting has occurred near Souvabor, where the Austrians concentrated large forces and succeeded in capturing two important points.

The fighting along the Kolubra river is said to have been attended with some success for the Servians. In an engagement near Lazarevatz on November 28 the Servians are reported to have taken positions of the enemy, capturing 27 officers and about 2,000 men.

### NO COMFORT FOR THEM

Jonchery, Dec. 1.—The civilian visitors to any village near the firing line are usually compelled to sleep in the vehicles in which they came. As to getting anything to eat or drink this is almost impossible. The restaurant or innkeeper always declares that all food has been requisitioned by the soldiers. If the visitor has

brought his provisions with him, he may eat them at the inn, but nothing can be cooked in the place owing to lack of fuel.

The visitors may not go out into the streets between 6 o'clock in the evening and 5 o'clock in the morning, so severe are the restrictions of martial law. Should he break the regulations, he is arrested and kept in the gendarmery until an escort has been provided, which accompanies him to some city far to the rear, and he is put under parole not to approach the lines again during the campaign.

### PIEODA IS DEAD

Berne, Switzerland, Dec. 2 (via Paris).—Jean Baptiste Pieoda, who was minister of Switzerland to the United States in 1902, died yesterday at Anzio in Italy, near Rome.

### CHAVES GOT THE COIN

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—Though occupying only a small office in an out of the way corner on the third floor of the capitol, Superintendent of Insurance Jacobo Chaves, the past fiscal year, which ended Monday evening, contributed \$32,103.22 to the state's exchequer, as against \$22,774.69 by the state corporation commission. The largest month's receipts were \$20,504.94 in March; then came February with \$5,662.07; April fifth \$5,561.03; while in none of the other months did the total reach \$300.

### LAMAR FOUND GUILTY

New York, Dec. 3.—David Lamar was today found guilty of impersonating Representative A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania, for the purpose of defrauding J. P. Morgan and Company and the United States Steel corporation. He was immediately sentenced to serve two years in the federal penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga.

### A GOOD STUNT

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—A Christmas booth in the Express offices will be occupied this year by the committee of the Santa Fe Woman's Club that is selling Red Cross stamps to aid in the anti-tuberculosis campaign. Nimble fingers, upon payment of a nominal sum, will skillfully wrap Christmas packages and affix a Red Cross stamp for those mailing Christmas gifts to a distance and are too busy or too unskilled to wrap packages neatly and securely. In addition the committee has designated an original Christmas souvenir postal card which is to carry a greeting from the "Well Country" and "Nature's Sanitarium," and which will be sold for a small sum, to swell the anti-tuberculosis funds.

### BEGINS 67TH YEAR ON THRONE

It was just 66 years ago today that Emperor Francis Joseph succeeded to the throne of Austria-Hungary. The year just passed has seen the darkening shadows of war spread more threatening than ever before. It was on June 28, 1914, that Archduke Ferdinand was slain at Sarajevo, in the province of Bosnia, by Servian hands. Ferdinand was to have been the successor of Francis Joseph, and his assassination was one of the incidental causes of the war that has spread to include half of all the human beings in the world today.

## THIS IS NOT TIME TO PROPOSE PEACE

### HENRY VAN DYKE SAYS THE PRESIDENT HAS NOT CHANG- ED HIS MIND

Washington, Dec. 4.—Henry Van Dyke, minister to the Netherlands, took luncheon with President Wilson today and discussed the European situation. Dr. Van Dyke has denied that he brings any peace proposal from the Queen of Holland and said today he intended to discuss relief measures with the president.

After his visit to the White House, Dr. Van Dyke said there had been no change in the position of the president, as generally understood, that the present was not the moment in which to advance proposals of peace. Dr. Van Dyke also discussed with the president the relief of the Belgians.

"It is highly desirable," said Dr. Van Dyke afterward, "that all shipments of food and clothing for the Belgians should be sent through the American commission in Belgium. There are various committees in this country collecting supplies, but Americans should be sure to consign everything to the American commission.

"While the people of Holland are making no appeals for help in the relief of the Belgian refugees in Holland, I know they welcome gifts of food and clothing from Americans and these should be sent in care of the American legation at The Hague."

### AMERICANS FILE PROTESTS

Washington, Dec. 2.—Protests from American exporters—notably western beef packers—against American consignments to Europe being held up by British authorities were discussed today at a conference between Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, and Counsellor Lansing, of the state department. The practice of American exporters consigning goods "to order" also was discussed. In all cases of detention so far the department had lodged a formal protest in writing.

### GOVERNOR ON TRIAL

Baker, Ore., Dec. 2.—Circuit Judge Gustave Anderson overruled today the demurrer of Governor Oswald West and others to the complaint of William Wiegand and H. A. Stewart, co-partner. These are saloon men and are suing the governor and his agents for \$7,500 damages for the destruction of their saloon business when he sent the militia to Copperfield last January. The court gave the defendants until December 5 to file an answer to the complaint. The case is set for trial December 7.

### BIG LEGITIMACY SUIT

London, Dec. 2.—The Slingsby legitimacy suit, which is based on the claim of Lieutenant H. Slingsby of San Francisco, to the English fortunes and estates of the Rev. H. Slingsby in Yorkshire, was opened before the probate court today. This suit involves the question whether the infant born in San Francisco and declared to be the lawful son of Charles R. Slingsby and his wife, Dorothy, is the rightful successor to the valuable Slingsby estate.

Lieutenant Slingsby inherited an English estate, but, by a special provision, an additional estate valued at \$500,000 was to go to his heirs. In 1910 Mrs. Slingsby gave birth to a child in San Francisco. Testimony taken before the district attorney of San Francisco tended to show that the Slingsby heir had died and that a child belonging to a Mrs. Lillian Anderson of California had been substituted.

### MANY CRIMINAL CASES

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—Eighteen cases, 16 of which are criminal, are on the docket of the adjourned term of district court at Carrizozo which convened yesterday. In addition the contempt case of Robert E. Hurt and that of Miguel Luna, who surrendered himself after being for three years a fugitive from justice, are to come up for hearing.

### SIMPLIFYING MISSOURI LAWS

Jefferson City, Mo., Dec. 2.—The code revision commission appointed by Governor Major to simplify the code of criminal and civil court procedure, will resume its session here tomorrow, in order to draft its report to the governor. The commission will recommend that no further submission of constitutional amendments be made to the voters, because of the wholesale slaughter of amendments and measures at the recent election. Over 150 bills have been prepared for submission, most of them aimed at the simplification of procedure in the courts and elimination of red tape and unnecessary delays.

### MUST HAVE A STAMP

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—The state corporation commission today directed a circular to the insurance companies doing business in New Mexico, calling their attention to the necessity of including a 10 cent revenue stamp in their remittances when making application for a certificate of authority to transact business and for each copy of such certificate for the use of agents.

### BEAUTIFY LINCOLN HIGHWAY

Washington, Dec. 2.—A plan to beautify the Lincoln highway, with memorials, bridges and scenic effects is to be adopted by the American Institute of Architects, now in convention here. The plan was drawn by a special committee consisting of Elmer C. Jensen of Chicago, George Mills of Toledo and Benjamin S. Hubbel of Cleveland, representing the architects of the country, organized in 48 states.

### AUTOS PAY \$16,967

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—Secretary of State Lucero today paid to State Treasurer O. N. Marron monthly receipts to the amount of \$2,752.51 of which \$2,352.26 came from automobile licenses; \$271.10 notaries public commissions; \$15.15 from the sale of the laws and \$113 from miscellaneous sources. The number of auto licenses reached the number of 3,095 today in addition to 79 dealers' licenses, breaking all records by almost 50 per cent. The amount turned over by the secretary for the entire year has been \$18,291.76 of which \$16,967.26 came from automobile licenses, \$783.20 notaries commissions, \$112.10 from sale of laws and \$429.20 from miscellaneous sources.

## PERSONALS

From Monday's Daily.

Stuart Tipton came in today on a short visit from Sanchez.

Simon Bacharach took an automobile trip to Villanueva yesterday.

H. Applegate, representing the Ely Walker Company of St. Louis, was in town on business today.

Alejandro Martinez, a rancher from San Patricio, came into town this morning to purchase supplies.

Austin McWilliams left Saturday for El Paso. He probably will make the Pass City his headquarters.

C. E. Doll of Santa Fe, representing the Loose-Wiles Cracker company, came into town today. He will be here a short time calling on the trade.

Miss Clara Rensing and Miss Lucille Hermann arrived home yesterday from Albuquerque. They have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. Carmen of that city.

C. F. Hunter, representing the L. C. Smith Typewriter company, arrived in town today from Albuquerque. He will stay here a few days on business for his company.

Miss Marie Clement arrived in Las Vegas last night from Santa Fe. Miss Clement went to Albuquerque with the glee club of the Normal University and visited friends in the Capital City on her way back.

An automobile party consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Bacharach, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Greenclay and Mrs. M. Tischler of Denver took a trip over the mesa yesterday. The party was successful in killing several quail.

John Hicks a live stock man of Santa Rosa, drove into town in his Buick "37" today.

Miss Mildred McMahon and Miss Mary McMahon returned to Las Vegas last night from their home in Pueblo, Colo. The Misses McMahon are attending the New Mexico Normal University.

William Hicks and family have taken the house at No. 623 Railroad avenue. They are from Iowa, and intend to reside here permanently.

Mrs. C. Smith arrived last night from Santa Fe for a short visit.

M. E. Neery, a rancher from the vicinity of Rociada, came in last night on business.

C. B. Keeley came into town yesterday on a short business visit.

Mrs. Mamie O'Brian arrived in Las Vegas on Saturday evening with Mrs. J. van Houten. Mrs. O'Brian for the past 20 years has been a resident of Paris, France, but left that war-stricken country on September 7. She is a former resident of Las Vegas and is the sister of ex-Governor Otero. She will stay here a few days with friends.

Raymond Baca of Shoemaker came in last night. He will spend a few days here.

Miss Vivian Hedcock, who has been teaching school at Wagon Mound for the past few months, took advantage of the Thanksgiving vacation to return to her home here for a brief visit. She returned to Wagon Mound yesterday.

C. C. Henry of Fort Sumner arrived in Las Vegas today. Mr. Henry is the register of the land office. He is here on legal business.

Miss Pauline Jaramillo and Miss Louise Jaramillo, who have been visiting in Albuquerque for the past week, returned to Las Vegas last night.

Josephine Young, who is teaching at Wagon Mound, left for that place yesterday. Miss Young has been spending her Thanksgiving vacation here with home folk.

J. K. Blair of La Junta was a business visitor here today.

K. W. Edwards and H. A. Parsons, lawyers of Fort Sumner, arrived in Las Vegas today to conduct a case to be considered tomorrow before the court.

J. J. Givan of Raton came into town today for a short business visit.

Guy Luepèr arrived last night from Pueblo, Colo.

J. J. Atkins came in last night from Raton to spend a few days on business.

Jess Dawson, a rancher from the vicinity of Watrous, was in town over the week-end.

Ignacio Garcia of Denver came in yesterday to transact personal affairs.

E. C. Thornhill came in from Springer today to spend a few days here.

Mrs. Henry Levy of Socorro arrived in Las Vegas yesterday for a visit. She will visit with her relatives, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Adler.

Miss Claribel Adler, who has been visiting relatives in Socorro, returned last night to Las Vegas.

Albert Mitchell, representing the Broecke Wilson company of New York City, was here in the interests of his firm today.

J. M. Thornhill of San Antonio, N. M., came into town yesterday. He will make a short visit here.

Barney Bismark left today on a business trip to Denver.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. McCoy and their son returned today from Topeka, Kas., where they have been spending a few weeks. Mr. McCoy is the division store keeper for the Santa Fe railroad.

E. P. Ripley and Charles H. Bristol passed through Las Vegas in their private cars attached to train No. 1 yesterday. Mr. Ripley is the president of the Santa Fe railroad and Mr. Bristol is the acting general superintendent.

Rev. E. H. Eckel, provincial secretary of the province of the southwest of the Episcopal church, arrived in Las Vegas on train No. 1 today. Mr. Eckel spoke this afternoon to the Ladies' Auxiliary of St. Paul's Memorial church, and this evening he will address another meeting at the church.

Rev. J. S. Moore returned today from Raton, where he had been on ministerial business.

Mr. and Mrs. Duke Tipton and their son, Wallace Tipton, came into town from Onava Saturday to spend the week end.

R. F. Creegher of Lamar, Colo., came in this afternoon on business.

T. F. Ogg arrived on No. 10 today from Santa Fe.

J. V. Jenkins of Denver was a business visitor here today.

W. H. Land of Fort Sumner arrived in Las Vegas this afternoon. He will stay here a few days on legal business.

From Tuesday's Daily.

F. C. Brown of El Paso came into

town last night on business.

P. L. Guardel came in last night from La Junta on a business visit.

Al Mathien of Albuquerque came in to town last night for a brief business visit.

John H. Hick of the Y-Bar ranch, came into town today to purchase supplies.

P. B. Blackshear of Albuquerque was a business visitor in Las Vegas today.

H. F. Meyers came in last night from Denver to attend to some personal matters.

C. J. Siamell of Raton arrived in town last night to look after some personal affairs.

Henry Goldstein, who recently came here from Mora with his family, left last night on a visit to Santa Fe.

R. G. Sutherland arrived in town yesterday evening from Albuquerque. He will stay here a few days on business.

A. D. Higgins, after harvesting his crop of beans, returned to town from his ranch. Mr. Higgins is an insurance man here.

Mark Forster, representing the Simmons Hardware company of Denver, came into Las Vegas last night in the interests of his company.

Mark Williams of Tucumcari arrived in Las Vegas yesterday afternoon. Mr. Williams is a government official and is here in pursuance of his duties.

Mrs. J. C. Woody will leave town on train No. 2 this evening. Mrs. Woody will visit her relatives in Indiana. She will be accompanied by her son.

H. W. Hamilton and B. C. Sargent of El Paso arrived in Las Vegas last night. Hamilton and Sargent are connected with the El Paso Herald, and are here in behalf of their paper.

John L. Zimmerman of Santa Fe, has been appointed stamp agent for the receipt and distribution of revenue stamps by the United States government. Mr. Zimmerman is well known in Las Vegas, having resided in this city before his duties called him to Santa Fe.

C. F. Hunter came in this afternoon from Denver on business.

R. R. McBride of Albuquerque was here today on a brief visit.

A. L. Blumenthal arrived in Las Vegas today from San Antonio, Tex.

J. H. Rinnen, Jr., of Shoemaker came into town this afternoon to attend to some personal affairs.

J. E. Pordue arrived in town last night from Fort Sumner. He will remain a few days on legal business.

W. F. Geisert arrived in Las Vegas today from Denver. Mr. Geisert is the traveling passenger and freight agent of the Santa Fe railroad.

S. T. Mitchell and R. F. Creigh of Lamar, Colo., left town today for Park Springs. They have been buying cattle in this part of the state.

John W. Harris, Jr., has returned from Kansas City and Excelsior Springs, Mo., where he has been on a vacation trip.

Luis D. Garcia, a student of the New Mexico Normal University, has secured a position as teacher at Canon Largo. He started on his new duties today.

Severiano Fresces left today for Roswell. He took 30 men with him to assist in herding cattle on the ranch of David P. Ball, about 25 miles from Roswell.

Mrs. S. H. Neustadt of Albuquerque, left today for El Paso. Mrs. Neustadt has been visiting here at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Spiess for the past several weeks.

Miss Arovi Shearer left today for Parker, N. M. Miss Shearer, who was a student of the New Mexico Normal University, has secured a position as teacher at Parker.

A. C. Erb of the Bismark restaurant, left today for Albuquerque. He has been drawn on the federal petit jury that will convene in the Duke City tomorrow morning.

Miss Cornelia D. Cox left this afternoon for her home in Denver. Miss Cox has been spending several weeks with her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Lewis of this city.

Erle Hoke left today for Albuquerque. He has been chosen as a member of the federal petit jury that meets tomorrow at that place.

E. S. McClure, a member of the firm of the Maxwell, McClure, Fitz Dry Goods company, arrived in Las Vegas yesterday afternoon from Kansas City, Mo. Mr. McClure visited the local stores and was surprised at the great variety of stock they displayed. He left last night for the west.

J. V. Jenkins of Denver came into town yesterday. Mr. Jenkins is the western representative of the Missouri Valley Bridge and Iron company. He is here to attend to some work for his concern.

Rev. E. H. Eckel, provincial secretary of the province of the southwest of the Episcopal church, left Las Vegas today for Raton. Rev. Mr. Eckel arrived here yesterday and addressed two meetings during his brief stay.

Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts, president of the New Mexico Normal University, will go to Raton on Friday, to lecture before the members of the Sorosis club. Dr. Roberts will deliver an illustrated lecture entitled "The Peasant Painter."

Mrs. Ray Green and her daughter, Miss Ethel Green, have arrived in Las Vegas from Goshen, Ind. They will stay here for a considerable length of time in order that Miss Green's health may receive benefit from the climate.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Jones arrived in Las Vegas last night in a Ford car. They placed the car in the garage of the Las Vegas Motor Car company over night, proceeding on their way this morning. They are bound from Saskatchewan, Canada, to the coast.

Webb H. Land, vice president of the First National bank of Fort Sumner, N. M., left on the limited this morning. He was accompanied by A. C. Henry, formerly cashier of the bank, but now registrar of the United States land office at Fort Sumner. They have been here on legal business.

From Wednesday's Daily.

Frank Kibler of Denver arrived in Las Vegas last night. He will stay here a short time to attend to business affairs.

Elias Ortiz and Luciano Martinez, two ranchers from the neighborhood of Mora, were in town today on business.

Norton Nelson of Denver was here on business today. Mr. Nelson is well known here, having traveled through this country for the past 43 years.

## ROBBERS BREAK A WINDOW TO STEAL

GET AWAY WITH THREE REVOLVERS AT FRANKLIN BICYCLE HOSPITAL

A jagged hole in the display window of the Franklin Bicycle hospital, on Douglas avenue, disclosed this morning the cause of the disappearance of three revolvers from the place. Evidently some covetous eye fell upon the guns, and led to the theft. The night police heard no noise. Chief Coles was notified this morning. He is making an effort to recover the revolvers and capture the thief. This particular display window seems to be pursued by a jinx. About a month ago a rifle was discharged accidentally in the place. The bullet punctured the glass in the door, which was opened, broke a large piece out of the window and then fell to the floor. It was regarded as remarkable that the bullet did not go entirely through the window.

### AID FOR PRISONERS

Peking, Nov. 30.—Dr. Paul Reinsch, American minister to China, cabled today to the American embassy at Petrograd a request that the Russian government permit two Americans to go to Siberia with funds for German and Austrian prisoners there. The prisoners are estimated at 40,000.

### PERE MARQUETTE HEARING ON

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 30.—Public hearings in the interstate commerce commission's investigation of financial operations of the Pere Marquette railroad were begun here today before Commissioner Hall. The inquiry is made by order of congress to ascertain whether the railroad and its stockholders have suffered from what has been characterized as exploitation of the road for the benefit of favored financial interests and individuals. The resolution calling for the investigation recited various allegations against the financial management of the Pere Marquette.

### BRIDGE NEARLY DONE

Santa Fe, Nov. 30.—State Engineer James A. French received word today that the bridge at Watrous on El Camino Real will be passable within a week, thus completing another link in El Camino Real. In fact, the road from the northern boundary to the southern boundary, is practically complete, some portions, of course, being much better than others, but every portion passable in good weather.

### Chamberlain's Cough Remedy—The Mother's Favorite

"I give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to my children when they have colds or coughs," writes Mrs. Verne Shaffer, Vandergrift, Pa. It always helps them and is far superior to any other cough medicine I have used. I advise anyone in need of such a medicine to give it a trial." For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

## COMMISSION FOR MAKING PEACE NAMED

PRESIDENT TRIES ONCE MORE TO SETTLE THE COLORADO COAL STRIKE

Washington, Nov. 30.—Another effort at settlement of the Colorado strike troubles moved forward today with President Wilson's appointment of a commission to attempt to bring the operators and miners together. The commission is composed of Seth Low of New York, Charles W. Mills of Philadelphia and Patrick Gilday of Clearfield, Pa. All of them have been prominently identified with the settlement of labor troubles.

The commission will not deal with the present differences between the operators and miners, but will attempt to settle similar disputes in the future. Efforts to bring about a settlement of the present strike by an agreement between the operators and miners, it is announced, will be continued by the federal mediators, who have been endeavoring for some time to adjust the controversy. They are Hywel Davies and W. R. Fairley.

### The Union Talks About It

Indianapolis, Nov. 30.—The Colorado coal strike situation was to form one of the principal topics of the adjourned meeting of the executive board of the United Mine Workers of America at the union headquarters here today. John P. White, president of the organization, said the business left over from the Philadelphia meeting also would be considered.

### Walsh Holds Hearings

Denver, Colo., Nov. 30.—Frank P. Walsh chairman of the federal relations commission, held a series of conferences today preparatory to the strike investigation which will be opened by the commission on Wednesday. Mr. Walsh conferred with various representatives of the United Mine Workers and the mine owners.

### PAGEANT CONCERTS IN ST. LOUIS

St. Louis, Nov. 30.—The St. Louis Pageant Choral society gives tonight the first of its series of concerts with a chorus of 600 voices. The society is the only large civic chorus of its kind.

The conductors and trainmen on the Northwestern road have won an increased scale, and the agreement is signed.

### Check Kidney Trouble at Once

There is such ready action in Foley Kidney Pills, you feel their healing from the very first dose. Backache weak, sore kidneys, painful bladder and irregular action disappear with their use. O. Palmer, Green Bay Wis., says: "My wife is rapidly recovering her health and strength, due solely to Foley Kidney Pills." O. G. Schaefer and Red Cross Drug Store.—Adv.

## RAWEIS TELL OF THEIR LAND'S GLORIES

NEW ZEALANDERS DESCRIBE MORE RECENT ATTAINMENTS OF HOME COUNTRY

Clad in the queer but picturesque costume of the native Maoris, the Raweis, three gifted Polynesians, presented a remarkable picture Saturday night at the Duncan opera house of the transition of New Zealand from savagery to culture. They took their audience back to 60 years ago when the tribes led the wild life of savages, to the present day when municipal ownership of public utilities in the New Zealand cities makes them the best governed and most up to date in the world.

The lecture was given as the second in a series under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. The audience was enthusiastic over the presentation in music, song and story of the South Sea Islanders' life. The setting was superb, for there were primitive costumes galore, curios of rare interest and colored photos which gave one a fair conception of the marvelous island scenery.

Mr. Rawei, the principal lecturer of the trio, was born in the wilds of northern New Zealand among the most savage people, but at the age of 12 an English woman of wealth adopted him and educated him and he was graduated with honors from Christ Church University. His wife, Hine Taimoa, is a fine Maori type, and she also described the life of her native people.

In opening his lecture Mr. Rawei took his audience back to the happy, outdoor life of the islanders a half century ago; he presented pictures of the beautiful streams, the great waterfalls and the wonderful geysers which shoot up 600 or more feet with a fearful roar.

Then the three Raweis sang a canoe chorus, their arms swinging in graceful accompaniment as they paddled an imaginary canoe down the stream.

Suddenly the picture changes; the Maoris abandoning their love of peace, thirsting for savage war. The weird chant begins, followed by incantations which reminds one not a little of the primitive American Indian about to swing his tomahawk in battle. Fiercer and fiercer the incantations grow until the crash of attack is reached, and then one can almost see the savages hurling themselves desperately against the enemy.

Marvelous, indeed, were the colored photographs shown of the islands described by the poet as

"Those leafy isles upon the ocean thrown,  
Like studs of emerald o'er a silver zone."

The pictures were followed by views of the city of Auckland today, a city which owns its own trolleys and carries boys and girls to school without charge; a city which runs its own pub-

lic utilities and, according to the lecturer, runs them for the benefit of the people who pay the taxes.

Following the lecturer many in the audience accepted the invitation to inspect the curios and costumes which were on the stage and many marveled at the sight of garments made of bark and wood, hammered flat and held together by the stick sap of the native trees.

The third number of the lyceum course will follow right on the heels of the second. The Y. M. C. A. already has announced that the next entertainment will take place on Monday, December 7. This number will consist of the Killarney Girls. Rita Rich and six other girls from Erin will appear in some exceptionally fine singing and dancing, portraying the famous folk-lore of old Ireland.

### AMERICAN CATTLE STOLEN

Naco, Ariz., Nov. 30.—An American cattle owner at Hereford, 12 miles west of here, reported to American civil and military authorities today that raiders from the camp of Governor Maytorena of Sonora had driven several hundred head of their stock across the line into Mexico Saturday night. Cowboys who crossed the boundary to investigate reported they found 75 slaughtered American cattle in the camp of Maytorena's Yaqui Indians.

Maytorena disclaimed responsibility for the alleged raid, and at the request of the cattlemen sent officers to the Yaqui camp to investigate. He said he would pay for all the animals killed and return the others. Mexican officers suggested that the cattle may have strayed across the line.

### AMERICANS DISAPPOINTED

Vera Cruz, Nov. 30.—To check as far as possible the stranding of Americans at Vera Cruz, Consul Canada has decided to ask the state department at Washington make public the fact that there is no rail communication with Mexico City and that there is not likely to be for some weeks.

Every ship arriving here brings a few Americans whose destination is Mexico City, and who are reluctant to believe there is no way of getting there.

### HARD TIMES BLAMED

Santa Fe, Dec. 1.—In reply to complaints of the state corporation commission, because of the lateness of the Denver & Rio Grande trains on the Santa Fe-Antonito branch, Superintendent Magraw of Alamosa replied today that it was due to the economies necessitated by the hard times and because of the hauling of the material for the lumber branch road that has been built to Ojo Caliente and beyond and promises that in the future trains would be more regular in keeping to the printed schedule.

### Mrs. McClain's Experience With Croup

"When my boy, Ray, was small he was subject to croup, and I was always alarmed at such times. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy proved far better than any other for this trouble. It always relieved him quickly. I am never without it in the house for I know it is positive cure for croup," writes Mrs. W. R. McClain, Blairsville, Pa. For sale by all dealers.—Av.

## NEW MEXICO EXHIBIT NEARING COMPLETION

The Forest Service Will Contribute an Important Display

Santa Fe, Nov. 30.—The chairman of the New Mexico exposition commission is rejoicing today, and he has a good cause for it. Upon his return from Gallup where he won an important damage suit and before leaving this afternoon for Albuquerque, he received tidings that mean much for the success of the New Mexico exhibit.

First there was a letter from Henry S. Graves, forester of the United States, outlining a superb exhibit that is being prepared by the forestry bureau for the New Mexico building. Then there was an offer of the New York Auto Piano company to install without a cent of cost to the state one of the magnificent auto pianos, that the firm manufactures for Uncle Sams battleships and also for the biggest motion picture houses of the county. This will be installed in the auditorium, while the \$500 Edison phonograph will be placed in the reception room. Then there was the report that by next Wednesday evening, Chase Bell, Mr. Valliant and Waldo Twitchell will have completed the work of developing 32,000 feet of New Mexico motion pictures, a collection of which Mr. Valliant, the famous veteran camera man, declares the six reels of the ethnological portion portraying the San Geronimo dance at Taos, the Shiprock Navajo fair, the Tesuque and Indian dances, alone are worth \$50,000. Then there was the receipt of the 12 colored transparencies to form the upper portions of the windows in the ladies' rest room in the New Mexico building. Anything more beautiful than these New Mexico scenes of cliff dwellings, river scenes, forest landscapes has never been seen in New Mexico. To cap the climax the dramatization or rather picturization of the New Mexico song of Mrs. W. H. Bartlett, had been worked out, the pictures to illustrate each phrase of the song as it will be rendered at San Diego, being selected and prepared for the stereopticon slides. To hear that song rendered and to see it illustrated, alone will be worth the trip to San Diego.

### The Forestry Exhibit

Forester Graves writes that Don Carlos Ellis leaves Washington this week, for San Diego to install the exhibit in the New Mexico building and will have it up by New Year. Mr. Ellis will also give lectures illustrated with motion pictures in the New Mexico building and before leaving for San Francisco will arrange for a substitute to continue these lectures all year.

The forestry exhibit will cover 750 square feet and the adjacent wall space for about 200 square feet. The forestry service stood ready to furnish a pair of automatic stereopticon machines, but Colonel Twitchell informed Forester Graves that the commis-

sion had already provided for a complete moving picture and latest dissolving-view stereopticon lantern slide installation by the Percion Machine company of New York.

### Magnificent Exhibit

To give a glimpse of the splendid exhibit that will be installed by the forestry bureau, the following outline is given by Mr. Graves:

"A model of a portion of a typical ranger district in an idealized national forest showing important activities and uses of the national forests. The model will show a Rocky Mountain region, such as in New Mexico, heavily covered with timber and containing a ranger station, an agricultural homestead partly under irrigation, trails, roads, bridges, telephone lines and mountain stream with actual running water, waterfalls, undeveloped power site, fire lookout station, timber sale area, cattle and sheep grazing, etc., which measures 5 by 6 feet.

"Miniature wooden fire tower and equipment station, space 5 by 7 feet. "Full size platform of wooden fire tower, equipped with protractor, alidade, binoculars, etc., 6 by 5 feet.

"Fire map of New Mexico national forest showing triangulation system, protractor, and other features of a fire plant, to be mounted on the wall.

"Twelve transparencies in transparency framework, wall space 11 feet high by 7½ feet long.

"Twelve sepia bromide enlargements 18 by 22 inches.

"Chart showing growth of national forest timber sales.

"Map showing forest regions, stand of timber, etc in New Mexico, 3 by 3½ feet.

"Map showing rivers of New Mexico protected by national forests with data regarding volume of water, 3 by 3½ feet.

"Sections of important New Mexico species.

"Mounted specimens of foliage of these species.

"Mounted specimens of important range grass on national forests in New Mexico.

"A working erosion model measuring seven feet square with sprinkler sending water down on two hills, one forest covered, the other bare, which comes from the forested side clear, but erodes the denuded hill and deposits the mud in a lake at the front of the model."

It will be seen from the above that this installation will conform with the high artistic ideals that the New Mexico exposition commission and Dr. Hewett, director of exhibits have set for the exposition. The main portion of the New Mexico exhibits will be shipped on December 12. Dr. Hewett has seen to the landscaping and parking of the New Mexico grounds and without cost to the state will supervise the installation of the exhibits.

The strike against a band instrument factory in Cleveland is still on. The Brass Workers have been out for 15 months, and predict early victory.

The new republican regime in Ohio promises reduction of hours for women workers and one day's rest in seven for all.

## STONE MAKES AN ELOQUENT PLEA FOR MEN

HEAD OF B. OF L. E. OPENS ARGUMENTS IN THE RAILWAY STRIKE ARBITRATION

Chicago, Nov. 30.—Arbitration of the differences over wages and hours of employment of 98 western railways and their 55,000 enginemen began here today before a board of arbitrators under the provisions of the Newlands act. It is regarded as the most important case thus far to come under the law. In a general way it is stated that the wage increases sought by the men are about 10 per cent.

The board of arbitration today selected Judge Peter C. Pritchard as chairman and H. S. Milstead of Washington, secretary. In an opening statement W. S. Stone, grand chief engineer for the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, presented the case of the employes. He reviewed the conferences which preceded the present arbitration of the wage and service differences between the railroads and their employes. He laid great stress on the hardships suffered by the men by their long hours of service; their responsibility. He said that they were entitled to better service conditions and higher wages than the railroad managers were inclined to accord them. He said the wage movement of the employes was begun two years ago and that later it was decided the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen should work with the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers in the presentations of the requests to the railroads. He told of counter propositions submitted by the railroad managers and of the joint conference last winter, which culminated in the agreement to arbitrate. Mr. Stone insisted that any award of the board of arbitration should not decrease the present wage rates nor impose less favorable service conditions on the employes.

After describing the hardships of the men in the cab and noting that traffic each year is becoming more congested, that each year the public demands faster time and better service, that each year larger locomotives are built and heavier tonnage hauled, the chief engineer said:

"And it must not be overlooked that all of these increased burdens fall on the same men, their number not having been increased for the purpose of dividing this work and responsibility."

Summing up Mr. Stone said: "We shall endeavor to show that during the past 24 years the western railroads have made remarkable gains in productive efficiency by the installation of locomotives of greater tractive power. By the elimination of curves and reduction of grades, remarkable increases in train loads have been made. The burden of all these economies in the interest of railroad investment is borne by the men."

"The effect on engineers and fire-

men has been three-fold. Their labors and responsibilities have been increased. Their productive efficiency has increased greatly, but their earning capacity, even at the slightly increased rates of payment they have received, has declined.

"We hope to show that these railroads, not satisfied with the present hard conditions which reached the limit of human endurance, are intending to add further to existing train loads, thereby increasing the labor and responsibilities of the engineers and firemen."

Quoting a statement of the railroad managers last June in which it was pointed out that increased expense of railroad operations through compliance with the employes' request would in the long run make the public the sufferer, Mr. Stone said:

"It is refreshing to see this change in sentiment, but it is only when some question of increase of wages of employes is concerned that they become so solicitous for the long suffering public. A little gang of financial leaders will exploit some railroad and place the burden on the public which generations yet unborn will have to bear, and you hear not even a whisper of the rights or suffering of the public."

### Railroads Say Pay Is Fair

Attorney James M. Sheehan, retained by the railroads, said that he would reserve his opening statement until the presentation of evidence by the employes informed him what kind of defense would be required.

"We will contend, of course, that the present rate of pay is full, fair and adequate. We have no quarrel with Mr. Stone as to the high class of men required to run locomotives nor do we question their responsibilities and the arduous nature of their duties."

Sheehan said wages were adjusted in 1910 by mediation and arbitration and that while in his view the present arbitration should have to do with changes in the last four years Mr. Stone's opening remarks concerned the increased responsibilities and hardships which have developed in the last 25 years and most of which the railroad assumed, were duly considered in 1910.

### FEDERALS WANT PLANK

Chicago, Nov. 30.—An attractive offer has been made to Edward Plank, pitcher for the Philadelphia Athletics, by the St. Louis club, of the Federal league, according to Federal league officials here today. The amount offered was not mentioned.

### Sick Headache

Sick headache is nearly always caused by disorders of the stomach. Correct them and the periodic attacks of sick headache will disappear. John Bishop of Roseville, Ohio, writes: "About a year ago I was troubled with indigestion and had sick headache that lasted for two or three days at a time. I doctored and tried a number of remedies but nothing helped until during one of those sick spells a friend advised me to take Chamberlain's Tablets. This medicine relieved me in a short time." For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

## LOCAL NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. Miguel A. Ellsworth are the proud parents of twins—a boy and a girl. Mr. Ellsworth is employed at M. Danziger & Company's store.

Dave Conway, formerly of the Las Vegas Steam laundry, has taken a position dispensing soda water at Murphey's drug store.

The county clerk's office has issued a marriage license to Carlota Gonzales, aged 19, and Malaquias Velasquez, aged 21, both of Las Vegas.

The county clerk has issued a marriage license to Maria Paula Gallegos, aged 30, of Puertecito, and Marcial Urioste, aged 50, of Pueblo.

There is a movement on foot among the ladies of German extraction to meet and spend some time each week in knitting for the soldiers of the German army.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Livingood are the proud parents of a fine baby girl. The new arrival was born Saturday night. Both the mother and child, who are at the Las Vegas hospital, are doing nicely.

On Saturday evening, at the home of the bride, Mrs. Rose Budd Abbott and James R. Moore, both of East Las Vegas, were united in wedlock by Rev. J. S. Moore. The ceremony was witnessed by a few friends of the couple.

The Puritan laundry, on the West side, has closed down. Mr. Evans, one of the proprietors, has rejoined the Las Vegas Steam laundry, and F. D. Baer, the other owner, is contemplating leaving Las Vegas.

Tomas Flores came in town last night from Trinidad, Colo. Mr. Flores is a former resident of Las Vegas.

Miss Vera Garcia, principal of the school at Wagon Mound, left here for her charge yesterday. Miss Garcia has been spending her Thanksgiving vacation here.

George H. Oakley, representing the Burnham Munger Dry Goods company, was in town today calling on the trade.

Mrs. L. M. Dennison, who has been visiting Mrs. N. W. Earl of this city, left yesterday for her home in Chicago. Mrs. Dennison is an old friend of Mrs. Earl, the two not having seen each other for 10 years.

Ben Coles, chief of police, has sold his automobile. Many kid friends of the big "cop" will be heartbroken to hear this news, as it was no infrequent thing to see Ben chugging up the street in his car with 30 or 40 youngsters piled in the back seat. It is rumored, however, that the chief will purchase a new car.

Word has been received of the death of Mrs. Belle Jennings Cook, of Aguas Calientes, Mexico, Tuesday at an El Paso hospital. Death was due to pneumonia. Mrs. Cook came here as Miss Belle Jennings, many years ago, and was employed as a stenographer by Browne and Manzanares. She was married in this city to Mr. Cook, a railway conductor.

The office of the county clerk has issued a marriage license to Gabriellita Martinez, aged 19, of Janon Largo, and Marcelino Esquibel, aged 24, of La Cinta.

The new shower baths that are being installed at La Casa de Ramona will be completed and ready for use immediately after the Christmas vacation. This will enable the girls of the Normal University basketball team to take showers after practice.

"The Mystery of the Black Bag" is under process of solution by the city police. A black bag disappeared last night from a rooming house on Railroad avenue. It contained railroaders' service overalls and a number of letters. The bag is worth \$18, and the contents nothing except to the owner.

The New Mexico Normal University Glee club will have a rest until after the Christmas vacation. There will be chapel exercises every day from now until the end of the year and the club's songs will be practiced by all the students. Next week the students will hold several rallies. One of these will be of an athletic nature, one will be held as a "boost" for the Trigonian News and the third will concern itself with the "Southwest Wind," the annual book issued by the senior class.

A motor for use in the new elevator of the Las Vegas Roller mills has arrived and will be installed at once. The elevator is practically completed. When it is ready for use, the mill will be enabled to store away a supply of wheat that will keep the plant going the year round. The mill will be able to buy New Mexico wheat instead of allowing it to be shipped away to other markets. The plant has been running at capacity for the past several months. Recently it has operated as many as 15 hours a day.

Solidified alcohol is one of the latest conveniences to make its appearance upon the Las Vegas market. This commodity comes in cans of suitable size and shape to be placed under a percolator, chafing dish or any other household convenience that is operated by alcohol. All that is necessary to be done when one is through using it is to put the lid back upon the can. Solidified alcohol permits of no waste as the combustion is complete and it is impossible to spill it. It comes at a small figure, two cans for 25 cents. There is enough in the two cans to keep a percolator or chafing dish hot for many hours.

"Better Roads and Streets," an important literary advocate of highway improvements, has written to Robert J. Taupert, county road commissioner, asking for statistics as to amounts expended during 1914 on the section of the coast to coast highway running through San Miguel county. The total for construction, repair and maintenance and the estimated amount for the same purpose in 1915 are asked for. The publication, which has a large circulation all over the country, is desirous of compiling accurate data as to the expenditures throughout the country for transcontinental highways. Mr. Taupert will comply with the request at his earliest opportunity.

The local lodge of Elks invites the public of Las Vegas to attend the Elks' memorial service at 2:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon.

The party which was to have been given this week by the Plus Ultra class of the First Methodist Sunday school has been postponed until December 11.

The New Mexico Normal University has rented the armory for the use of the school's basketball teams. Practice will begin after the first of the next year.

Friends of the Rev. E. C. Anderson, who was formerly pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church here, will be pleased to learn that he is happy in his new pulpit at Roswell. Mr. Anderson wishes to be remembered to all his friends of Las Vegas.

There has been an epidemic of poetry at the New Mexico Normal University. The school officials have endeavored to discover the cause, but as yet are unable to state what is wrong in the institution. Some of the cases are pretty serious, but it is thought that as soon as Christmas vacation arrives all those afflicted will recover.

Christmas givers have seized time by the forelock and given it a yank. Several packages were presented at the postoffice today, well addressed, insured and marked: "Do not open until Christmas." This makes a good beginning. The postoffice officials advise Christmas gift givers to buy and mail all articles early, to insure prompt delivery.

The postoffice is organizing a campaign to induce the people of Las Vegas to send their Christmas parcels early. The notice "Do not open until Christmas," say the postoffice officials, insures a package being unopened until the holiday. Thus gift givers may mail their presents early and avoid the chance of their gifts not arriving on the scene at the intended time. What is the use of waiting until the mails are loaded down, the postoffices all filled up and the dangers of non-delivery are multiplied?

It has been reported to The Optic that Milton Taichert is contemplating the inauguration of a movement leading up to a bran new mustache. The informant must have received advance information from some source, because, when seen by The Optic's representative today Mr. Taichert's physiognomy appeared perfectly natural. There was no trace of hirsute adornment. When he heard that Mr. Taichert was entering into competition with him, Leon Guy removed what would in time have been his mustache and his upper lip has now regained its original state of nudity. He is not likely to catch cold, it is announced by experts.

At last Jess Willard and Jack Johnson are matched. That ought to bring peace in Mexico.

English billiards is taking hold of American players, particularly in Chicago and New York.

## PICTURE SHOWS DIG UP LARGE SUM

THE WAR TAX HITS LAS VEGAS  
AMUSEMENT HOUSES RIGHT  
IN POCKETBOOK

The new revenue laws went into effect yesterday, and, although as far as could be learned, there were no documentary revenue stamps in the whole of Las Vegas, the people began "coughing up" to raise the \$100,000,000 that the federal government needs. Nearly every kind of document has to be labeled. Toilet preparations, telegrams, long distance telephone calls and Pullman tickets come under the new tax, and, worst of all, chewing gum probably will rise in price to meet the tax of four cents on the dollar.

Deputy County Clerk Stapp announces that hereafter all deeds and conveyances must bear the revenue stamps in order to be legal. All clerks and justices of the peace are hereby notified that marriage certificates are taxed ten cents and will not be received at the county clerk's office unless bearing revenue stamps to that amount. This feature of the law certainly makes it a case of the "high cost of loving."

Rosenwald and Browne are helping the government quite considerably under the branch of the new law levying a tax on theaters. The rate is \$25 for houses seating from 250 to 500, and \$50 for those seating from 500 to 800. The Duncan opera house will come under the latter provision, and the Vegas, Photoplay and Browne each will produce \$25, making a total of \$125. Regensberg Brothers will pay \$25 for the Mutual.

In order to avoid trouble with the government, all persons had better look up the list of taxable articles published in last night's Optic, and see whether they are paying on the things on which they should, is the advice of the wise ones.

### ADVERTISED LETTER LIST

Letters remaining uncalled for for the week ending November 28:

Mahala Anderson, Frederick A. Bloche, George Demetry, Mrs. Chas. Hamilton, J. W. Hubbard, Mrs. Delle Larr, Donaciono Martinez, Don Lian-dro, Mrs. Matilde Quesnel, Dona Ramonsita Romera, Sr., Marie Robinson, Charles M. Robinson, Francis Speare.

When calling for the above letters please ask for advertised letters.

E. V. LONG, P. M.

According to the report submitted by the authorities of the New Mexico Normal University to Governor McDonald the total enrollment for the year 1914-1915 was 15 per cent greater than that of the year 1913-1914. During the time that Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts has had control of the institution the increase has been 123.3 per cent. The departments of the Normal above the training school have doubled in the number of students in attendance during this period.