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WINTER WHEAT'S YIELD GOOD IN CURRY

FARMERS ARE PLEASSED WITH
THIS YEAR'S CROPS AND
WILL PLANT MORE

Clovis, N. M., Aug. 8.—The winter wheat in Curry county is yielding better than was estimated at the time of harvest. Much wheat is yet in stack, waiting for the thresher. But the machine records so far show a fair yield and the crop will average 12 bushels to the acre. Some of the best cultivated fields make as high as 25 bushels, while fields just hogged in show a light yield. This is due to the fact that the crop was practically made on the moisture in the ground at the time of seeding, the rainfall during the growing season being very scant.

Nearly every farmer is now preparing land for planting wheat this fall. Many of them have invested in tractors and are turning land deep and quickly. The acreage will be materially increased.

Wheat is now bringing \$2.25 a bushel at the elevator and about 40 to 50 loads are received every day. Kafir and milo are out of sight, the price being around \$4.10 the hundred pounds. There is quite an acreage of kafir and milo at the present time growing well.

AUGUST FORECAST IS ENCOURAGING IN THESE WAR
TIMES

Santa Fe, August 9.—The August crop report for New Mexico proved again that the work of the state council of defense in encouraging agricultural production is bearing worth-while fruit. The August forecast for corn is 3,510,000 bushels as against 2,625,000 bushels last year. Winter wheat forecast is 1,220,000 bushels against 1,072,000 bushels last year; spring wheat 1,170,000 bushels against 1,032,000 bushels last year; oats 2,170,000 bushels against 1,856,000 bushels last year; potatoes 1,386,000 bushels against 816,000 bushels last year; hay 400,000 tons against 383,000 tons last year; apples 215,000 barrels of three bushels against 119,000 barrels last year; while at the same time wheat has increased in price from \$1.08 to \$2.38 a bushel since last year; corn from 89 cents to \$1.97; oats from 4 to 94 cents; potatoes from \$1.39 to

\$2.65; hay from \$12 to \$17; and eggs from 25 to 37 cents a dozen on the farm. It is likely, therefore, that instead of the total agricultural production of New Mexico being \$45,000,000, as last year, it will be near the \$100,000,000 mark or more than four times that of all the mines.

EXAMINATION BOARDS ASKED TO
REPORT ACCEPTED MEN
AT ONCE

Washington, Aug. 9.—Revised regulations to govern physical examination of men registered under the selective draft were issued today by Surgeon General Gorgas of the army and communicated to the governors of the states for the information of local boards.

The changes deal for the most part with questions of proportionate weight and height, but may result in the recall of some men rejected heretofore on physical grounds. The new regulations grant an underweight at from five to six pounds for men between 64 and 67 inches in height to twelve pounds for men above 75 inches. The effect of the instructions is to reduce the normal weight requirements for tall men.

An additional half inch on chest expansion also is allowed to men above 68 inches in height where there is no sign of disease. Men with poor teeth also will be enrolled, if dental work will restore the teeth.

A punctured ear drum is found to be no barrier, provided the hearing is half normal. Modifications are made also which will give physicians wider latitude in accepting men despite some defects of vision.

Provost Marshal General Crowder has urged prompt action by the local boards in certifying as held for service men who make no claim for discharge or exemption. A daily report to the district boards is required, and, similarly, district boards will report each night to the adjacent general the men finally accepted.

"The government will call upon local and district boards to furnish one-third of their quota September 1" General Crowder's message says, under the heading: "The first call to the colors."

Local boards are urged to be certain beyond doubt that enough men have been certified, the statement says. General Crowder also states that men serving prison terms for misdemeanor are not exempted. If authorities will not release them for service, they will be required to present themselves for examination when their terms have been completed.

First Call September 1

Washington, Aug. 9.—Governors of

the various states today received notice from Provost Marshal General Crowder that the first one-third of the quota of 667,000 men drafted for service in the national army will be called to the colors September 1, and sent to training cantonments before September 5.

More than 200,000 will be called into service in the first increment, bringing the country's total military forces up to one million men. The provost marshal's instructions to governors urged that they make certain that the quota be ready on time.

Exemption boards were instructed today to deny immunity to married registrants in cases where the parents or other relatives of the wife volunteer to assume her support during his absence.

Regulations governing the actual mobilization of the national army are nearly ready for release. It is hoped by draft officials that every contingency arising in assembling America's fighting men will be provided for in these directions.

PRESIDENT WILL SIGN THE BILL
TOMORROW ACCORDING
TO ANNOUNCEMENT

Washington, Aug. 9.—All is in readiness today for putting the administration's food control and food survey bills into effect as soon as they become law with President Wilson's signature. The president will sign the bills tomorrow after the presiding officers of the senate and the house affix their signatures to the measures. This could not be done today because neither house was in session.

May Affect Coal Situation

Chicago, Aug. 9.—Passage of the food control bill may have some effect on the proposed conference of governors of 16 coal producing states here set for August 16, it was said today. So far invitations to attend have been sent only to the councils of defense of these states. Governor Lowden left Springfield for Chicago in an automobile this morning and is expected to take up the matter of inviting the governors in view of the department position at Washington. In many quarters it is thought that the control bill gives sufficient authority to the federal government to restore the equilibrium to coal.

GERMAN EDITOR JAILED

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 9.—Dr. Fritz Bergmeier, president of the St. Paul Volks Zeitung, was arrested today by order of President Wilson under the proclamation of April 6. The general policy of the Volks Zeitung has been to "cast aspersion by innuendo" on American war measures it is charged. The man was committed to jail pending further orders from the president.

CORN CROP WILL BE WHOPPING IN SIZE

GOVERNMENT FORECAST INDICATES A YIELD OF 3,191,
000,000 BUSHELS

Washington, Aug. 8.—The largest crop of certain grains ever grown in the United States is in prospect for the coming harvest. The department of agriculture's August crop report, issued today, showed corn prospects improved to the extent of 67,000,000 bushels during July, indicating a total production of 3,191,000,000 bushels.

Wheat, however, shows a decrease of 25,000,000 bushels. Spring wheat had a bad month, and prospects decreased 40,000,000 bushels, but winter wheat returns indicated 15,000,000 bushels more than the forecast in July. Wheat production, winter wheat and spring wheat combined, now is forecast at 653,000,000 bushels.

The department of agriculture forecast the prospective production of the country's crops, based on their condition August 1, in millions of bushels, as follows:

Winter wheat 236; spring wheat 417; all wheat 653; Corn 3,910; Oats 1,456; Barley 203; Rye 56; Buckwheat 199; White potatoes 467; Sweet potatoes 86.4; Tobacco (Pounds) 1,270; Flax 12.8; Rice 34.6; Hay (Tons) 100; Sugar beets (Tons) 7.82; Apples 188; Peaches 42.7.

WILL PROVE DECISIVE FACTOR
IN FURNISHING SUPPLIES
AND ON THE FIELD

London, Aug. 9.—Paul Painleve, the French minister of war, according to the Evening Herald, said before leaving London at the conclusion of the entente allied conference:

"America is quickly solving the tonnage problem and will become a fruitful field for airplanes, machinery, steel and food.

"Then in time for the decisive battles, will come her great armies. Her part will be great. Together the British, American and French armies will exert continuous pressure on the enemy with staggering blows. The Russian trouble will pass. We must be calm and patient. British and French soldiers know that success is certain and that it depends only upon the valor and steadiness of themselves and their allies."

EUROPEAN WAR

Austro-Germans on Offensive

Berlin, Aug. 7 (via London)—Austro-German forces yesterday began an offensive against the Russo-Rumanian armies in Moldavia, on the Rumanian front. Russian positions north of Fokshani were stormed, according to the official statement issued today by the German general staff, and 1,300 prisoners were taken. Thirteen guns and numerous trench mortars also were captured.

Austro-German Troops Fall Back

Kishinev, Russia, Aug. 7—Austro-German troops between the Dniester and the Pruth have been thrown back on the front 10 miles from Chotin, according to news from the battle area reaching here. Chotin is at the junction of the Zroc and Dniester rivers on the Galician-Russian frontier.

Advancing on Lens

British Front in France and Belgium, Aug. 7. (By the Associated Press.)—The British lines continued to tighten about the French city of Lens, north of Arras. Canadian troops who on Saturday night pushed their positions forward approximately 200 yards along a front of 1,000 yards into the western environs of the city, late yesterday added a 600-yard front of a similar depth to their defenses south and west of the outskirts of that mining center.

The Germans have been showing signs of decided uneasiness in the Lens sector for several days, as has been evidenced by their practice of throwing a curtain of fire on the British trenches each morning at dawn.

Vimy and Farnus, towns behind the British lines south of Lens, also have been shelled daily by enemy batteries. The rest of the British front has continued in a state of comparative calm so far as infantry operations are concerned.

Canadians Advance Line

Canadian Headquarters in France, Aug. 7 (By Canadian Press Limited)—The Canadian outposts around Lens have established a new line in a group of houses which is within a few yards of the enemy front line at that point. The Lens-Bethune road is now safely within our lines almost up to the city of Lens.

The French Report

Paris, Aug. 7—French troops last night broke into the lines of the German crown prince on the Champagne front at three places, inflicting losses on the Germans and bringing back prisoners, it was officially announced today by the French war department. A Teutonic attack between Avocourt wood and Hill 304, in the Verdun sector, was driven off with heavy losses to the Germans. There were fairly violent artillery duels in the Bixchoote sector of the Belgian front and between Hurtebise and Craonne north of the River Aisne.

The Russian Report

Petrograd, Aug. 7—In the direction of Kimpolung, in Bukovina, Austro-German forces, after a battle with the Russians, occupied the heights at Molit, says the official announcement issued today by the Russian war department. In the region of the River

Bysritz two Russian regiments voluntarily left their positions, causing the Russian troops to retire a few miles.

South of Grijamalov the Russians drove back the Teuton posts. In the region west of the River Zbrocz on the Russian frontier, Austro-German troops, the statement adds, are hastily gathering the harvest.

In the direction of Fokshani, on the Rumanian front, the forces of the central powers and their allies began an offensive and pressed back the Russian-Rumanian troops across the River Tyrladesus.

DUTCH NEWSPAPER SETS UP PARALLEL TO SHOW GERMAN HYPOCRISY

Amsterdam, Aug. 7—Dutch newspapers print in a parallel column with an account of the murder of the crew of the British steamship Belgian Prince, a Berlin telegram giving the following extract from a pastoral letter read in all the Protestant churches of Berlin last Sunday:

"We will comport ourselves as Christians toward our enemies and conduct the war in the future as in the past with humanity and chivalry."

The pastoral letter was read at a service which Emperor William and the German empress attended at the cathedral. It exhorts the people to humanity.

HAD COUPLINGS BROKEN COACHES WOULD HAVE FALLEN INTO A DEEP RIVER

Glenrock, Wyo., Aug. 7—Passengers aboard Chicago, Burlington & Quincy train No. 29, bound from Billings, Mont., to Denver, had a narrow escape this morning when the entire train left the rails and turned on its side three miles east of here. Only a few were injured, none seriously.

Had any of the couplings failed, a part or all of the train would have been precipitated into the Platte river, about 35 feet deep at that point. Traffic will be tied up about 12 hours, railroad officials said. Spreading of the rails is supposed to have caused the wreck.

COMMISSION IS INSTRUCTED BY PRESIDENT TO SECURE THE BEST PRICES

Washington, Aug. 7—The newly created war industries board today went to work on its big war purchasing program for the United States and her allies, after a preliminary conference with President Wilson.

The president spent half an hour with the trade commission inquiring particularly as to the investigation of the cost of producing coal, steel and lumber. After he left the commission issued a brief statement which said:

"The president was here today to confer with the trade commission as to the progress being made in its cost determination work now being conducted at his request. To find basis for prices to be paid by the government for war materials, the commission is investigating production costs of coal, coke, steel, iron, petroleum, wire, zinc, copper, lead cement and lumber. The copper investigation is about complete and a report will go to the president within the next two weeks. The next article on which cost estimates will be furnished is

coal, and the commission hopes to have definite data within a month.

"The commission has found the steel costs slow work. Hardly a steel mill in the country, it is said, manufactures steel at anything approximating the same cost.

"The trade commission probably will make no recommendation as to a price-fixing policy, but its members foresee a difficult task if the government tries to pay each producer for his output on a cost plus percentage profit basis. As to the coal industry, a plan has been suggested whereby a flat price will be paid, the system amounting to a virtual pool in which producers would sell to each other to make up deficiencies in supplies and to arrange an average of cost."

Senator Williams, declaring it was well to hear what the country thinks, denounced obstructionists.

"It is a time to forget party alignments", he said, "and I am glad to say that a majority of both the democrats and republicans have done so, but there is a small group on both sides who have formed themselves into an anti-administration and anti-American party."

"Consciously or unconsciously", he said, "they have put themselves into the attitude of opposing everything that goes to carry on the war. It is time for the majority of the democratic and republican parties to get together and say to these two little groups: 'You have danced your ballet, you have sung your song. America is tired of you, we are tired of you and want to do something.'

REPORTS EXAGGERATE CONDITIONS, IS STATEMENT OF AMERICAN COMMISSIONER

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Elihu Root, who, with other members of the American mission to Russia, which has completed its work, was in Chicago today, said that as a matter of fact there is scarcely more disorder in Russia than there is in the United States.

"Certain disturbances are inevitable in a change of government so radical as that of Russia," said Mr. Root, "and cable dispatches deal largely with these disturbances. Hence the American public has gained an impression that there is little going in Russia except demonstrations. As a matter of fact, if reports on American affairs disseminated in Russia concentrated on our own little disturbances, race riots, the I. W. W. and the like—Russians would have about the same picture of us that we now have of them.

"I have faith in the new Russian ministry and in the Russian future as an important element in the aims of the allies. Russian women are doing a wonderful work in shaming the men into fighting, and, where necessary, I hope American women will follow their example."

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS PROVIDE FUNDS UNDER PUBLIC DEFENSE ACT

The board of county commissioners yesterday authorized a one mill levy for road purposes. By making the levy in accordance with the law relating to military roads and public defense, the county will obtain state and national aid. The levy, with the appropriation from the state and nation, will give San Miguel county more money for roads than it ever has had to expend. The following is the resolution making the levy:

"Be it resolved by the board of county commissioners of San Miguel county, that there is hereby levied a tax of one mill of the valuation of all taxable property in San Miguel county for the purpose of providing funds for the repairing, improvement, construction and maintenance of public highways and bridges in said county, and the assessor is instructed to extend the same upon the tax roll for the year 1917.

"The foregoing levy is made under authority of Section 8 of chapter No. 5 of an act of the legislature of the State of New Mexico, entitled An Act to Provide for the Public Defense, approved May 8, 1917."

PERSHING TELLS WHAT HE EXPECTS OF HIS TROOPS NOW IN FRANCE

Paris, Aug. 7.—Major General J. J. Pershing, commander of the American expeditionary in France, told the Associated Press today what he expected of America's draft army. The general said:

"Our men must be in good health keeping their morals clean and thereby capable of meeting the trying conditions of modern warfare. The men must learn to obey orders promptly, implicitly and willingly but not necessarily automatically.

"I object to the word 'automatic' because we do not want a machine-made organization but an army of thinking men. Men with individuality, men fully capable and ready to assume command of units, should their officers be killed or incapacitated, as sometimes happens in trench warfare.

"The men must be made to realize that war is not sport or play, but serious work demanding the utmost energy and attention to insure success."

General Pershing likened an army organization to a football team in which each man is trained to physical perfection under strict discipline, but is capable of brilliant individual action in a crisis. He added:

"We want our men trained the same way."

The general was optimistic and confident that America's army would give an excellent account of itself and would come up to the expectations of the other entente allies despite the tremendous amount of work necessary before active American participation in trench warfare was possible.

SPANISH VESSEL ATTACKED

London, Aug. 7—The admiralty learns that a German submarine yesterday attacked a Spanish fishing boat in the neighborhood of Bilbao, Spain, within Spanish territory waters. Two of the crew were severely wounded.

O. A. LARRAZOLO AND MALAQUIAS MARTINEZ SHOW HOW IT WOULD BE EFFICIENT

Santa Fe, N. M., Aug. 7.—Strong endorsement of the suggestion to have an all-Spanish-American regiment in New Mexico was given by O. A. Larrazolo, well known lawyer and orator of Las Vegas, San Miguel county, and by Malaquias Martinez, another Spanish-American leader who resides in Tacs county.

"The Spanish-Americans are distinctly a home-loving people," said Mr. Larrazolo. "What would be more comforting to them than to be banded together in one regiment, speaking one language, carrying out many of the customs of their people and sharing memories that are dear to their race? Experience of the allies has proved that it is wise to keep races together in this world-war. We see the Irish regiments fighting as a unit, the French are by themselves, the British are with the British, the Australians are lined up in one body and the Canadians also are fighting in a group. Great Britain has kept her East Indian troops together. All this seems eminently proper. Of course, it may be argued that the Spanish-Americans of New Mexico are as American as the boys from other states. They are, undoubtedly, as much citizens of the United States as the residents of Oklahoma or Florida. But the best results will be obtained, it seems to me, in keeping people who are brought up the same, in one body.

"It also seems proper to have Spanish-Americans as officers for the Spanish-speaking troops. When a soldier can go to his officer and converse in the tongue that is most familiar to him, there is greater satisfaction, greater comfort.

Spirit of Competition

"There is another reason why I should favor a Spanish-American regiment and that is because of the competition engendered, the praiseworthy desire to keep up the front. Put this regiment on the fighting line and its men will be sure to feel an honorable pride in endeavoring to make the regiment distinguished. It has ever been thus.

"I can not see any ground for criticism of the suggestion to have the Spanish-speaking boys in one regiment. Any talk of class distinction or race prejudice in connection with such a suggestion strikes me as pure nonsense. The Spanish-speaking young man is not going to feel he is discriminated against because it has been decided best, for efficiency sake, to keep him in a Spanish-speaking regiment. And we must remember there may be many boys from the rural districts who do not speak much English, if any at all. They can do the best work training and fighting side by side with their 'compadres' and officered by men who speak fluently their language and are in sympathy with their social, religious and other customs."

Mr. Martinez talked briefly on the subject when he was in the city Saturday, saying that he had not heard a word of opposition to the plan and could see no reason for any opposition. "If the Spanish-speaking guardsmen would like to be together, for the sake of greater efficiency, who would wish to deny them this privilege?" he asked. "A boy taken away

from home and sent to a training camp far away and later to a foreign land, is naturally apt to become lonesome. He would feel happier to be among the friends and companions of his youth."

CHIHUAHUA AND JUAREZ RESIDENTS HOLD CONSULATION WITH CONSUL

El Paso, Tex., Aug. 7.—General Francisco Murguia, commander of the northeastern Mexican military zone, accompanied by a party of German and Mexican residents of Chihuahua City, has returned to the Chihuahua state capital after spending Sunday and Monday in Juarez.

Ernest Goeldner, German consul in Chihuahua, accompanied General Murguia to the border. While in Juarez, the German consul, General Murguia and the other prominent Germans were entertained at the country home of one of the leading German families of Juarez.

Before leaving General Murguia, Governor Arnulfo Gonzales, and other Mexican officials held a long conference with German Consul Goeldner and prominent Germans of Juarez and Chihuahua City, according to information obtained by the government agents here.

AMERICAN SURGEON SAYS INJURED SOLDIERS ARE TREATED CORRECTLY

An Atlantic Port, Aug. 7.—Out of one detail of 1,350 wounded men sent for special treatment to a London hospital suffering from crushed and broken bones, 1,000 were able to return to active duty at the front, according to Major J. E. Goldthwaite, an orthopedic surgeon of the United States army medical corps, who arrived here today from Europe. Major Goldthwaite is one of 20 medical officers who have been in France and Egypt observing and studying new methods of treating the wounded. He said he returned to the United States to recruit surgeons who could be given the advantage of similar study in order that the American army when it gets into action may have the benefit of the modern treatment of wounds from its own surgeons.

Major Goldthwaite added that were it not for the successful methods of treating wounded now being practiced it would be better to let some of the men die rather than to allow them to recover and continue life the cripples they would be under usual conditions.

NATIONAL CONVENTION OF THE ORDER ANNOUNCES PLANS AT CHICAGO MEETING

Chicago, Aug. 7.—The general convention of the Knights of Columbus opened here today. It has before it the important proposition of raising \$10,000,000 with which to build and maintain helpful institutions, somewhat along the lines of the Y. M. C. A., at each of the 32 cantonments in the United States, and welfare work among soldiers generally. Although the organization is a Roman Catholic one, the benefits of its work in the army are intended for men of any creed. Catholics all over the country have been asked to contribute, and the response has been liberal.

The Las Vegas council of the Knights of Columbus has been carry-

ing on a campaign here for the past several days, soliciting funds among Catholic people for the war camp recreation calls. The response has been generous. Each member of the order is assessed \$2. It is believed fully \$500 will be sent from Las Vegas. The Knights of Columbus maintained work on the border when the National Guardsmen were there. They will send recreation halls and spiritual advisers to Europe with the troops, as well as to the training camps.

MYSTERY SURROUNDS WOMAN'S CALL ON PHONE; SUICIDE THEORY IS HELD

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 7.—Jordan Wheat Lambert, member of one of the wealthiest families of St. Louis, shot and killed himself in his apartments here early this morning. He was 43 years old. Lambert was vice president of the Lambert Pharmacal company, and a brother of Albert Bond Lambert, aviator and aeronaut. Early this morning the telephone in the apartments occupied by Lambert rang, and a maid, Miss Minnie Rahn, answered the call.

"Will you see how Mr. Lambert is?" said a woman in an excited voice at the other end of the line. "He telephoned me that he was ill."

The maid went to Lambert's room and found him lying mortally wounded in a pool of blood. A revolver lay by his side. He died before a physician arrived. The maid returned to the telephone and said:

"Come quick, something has happened."

The woman at the other end of the line did not answer, according to the maid's story, but hung up the receiver. Lambert had a nervous breakdown some time ago, and to this his brother attributes the suicide.

ILLINOIS STATE COUNCIL OF DEFENSE PROPOSES ACTION IN FUEL SITUATION

Chicago, Aug. 7.—The initiative in calling a conference of governors of 16 states at Chicago, August 16 for the purpose of taking concerted action to reduce coal prices, even to the extent of seizing the mines, was taken today by the Illinois state council of defense.

The report of Livy Mayer, chairman of the law and legislation committee, which held that the governors have power to seize the mines, was adopted.

Governors of the following states will be asked to attend the conference: Tennessee, North Dakota, South Dakota, Ohio, Kentucky, Nebraska, Missouri, Kansas, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota and Illinois.

SURVIVORS OF SUNKEN SHIP TELL OF UNUSAL EXPERIENCES AT SEA

An Atlantic Port, Aug. 7.—A steamer arriving from a European port landed the crews of five vessels, all of which had been sunk by German submarines off St. Maria, Azores. The vessels were:

The America, four-masted schooner John Twohy, Norfolk, Va., to Algiers, Captain J. B. Morehouse.

Norwegian steamer Allen, Captain John Lothe, from Philadelphia to Marseilles.

Norwegian steamer Hanseat, from

Italy to Hampton Roads.

New Foundland schooner Conqueror, St. Johns, N. F., to Cadiz.

Norwegian steamer Sorland, Stockholm to France.

The captains and crews declared that in each case the vessels were stopped and boarded by the submarine captain, after which the men were put into lifeboats and given plenty of time. Mines or bombs were placed in the ships and exploded after all hands had left. Then the submarine towed the lifeboats toward shore and gave them the right direction before submerging. The men report that the submarine commander gave them every consideration and no torpedoes were used in destroying their ships. The sinking of all these vessels except the Allen has been announced previously in the news dispatches.

GIRLS CIGARETTE FIENDS

London, Aug. 7.—England is becoming alarmed over the spread of the cigarette smoking habit among her women and girls. Before the outbreak of the war English women who found consolation in the weed smoked in sensible moderation, usually smoking from fifteen to twenty cigarettes a week. But not so now, for the smoking craze has made such headway that there are thousands of women at the present time who think nothing of smoking a hundred or a hundred and fifty cigarettes a week. The factory girls are the greatest victims of "My Lady Nicotine." Many such girls of sixteen or seventeen years of age boast that they can "get through" a box of fifty cigarettes a day.

WOMAN'S BODY FOUND

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 7.—The discovery of the body of Mrs. Cora Miller, buried in quicklime, in an unused cellar of the home of Edward Haughe, farmer, today cleared up the mystery surrounding the disappearance of the woman on February 24 last. Haughe has not been found, but a warrant for his arrest has been issued.

FIRE ON A SHIP

Callao, Peru, Aug. 7.—Fire resulting from an explosion of gasoline broke out last night on board the motor schooner Alfred Nobel. Several members of the crew suffered injury. Shipping records list a Norwegian schooner rigged steamer of the name Alfred Nobel. The vessel registers 4,769 tons gross and was built at New Castle in 1912.

WOULD OUST OFFICIALS

Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 6.—A lively interest is being manifested in the outcome of the ouster proceedings instituted against Mayor T. C. Ashcroft and Police Commissioner Ennis Douglas which are set for a hearing in the circuit court here tomorrow. The petition seeking the removal of the two officials charges failure to enforce the prohibition and several other laws.

WOLCOTT FAMILY REUNION

Hartford, Conn., Aug. 7.—Several hundred visitors, many coming from distant points, were in attendance here today at the opening of the thirteenth annual reunion of the Society of Descendants of Henry Wolcott, who was one of New England's earliest settlers.

Sometimes a woman gets so that she can't make up her mind without the aid of rouge and a powder rag.

EUROPEAN WAR

Russians Still Retreating

London, Aug. 8.—The newspaper Novoye Vremya of Petrograd reports that the Russians have evacuated Proskurov in Podolia, on the Bug, as well as Kamentz-Poddolsk, 36 miles south.

Kamentz-Poddolsk is the capital of Podolia on the Smotritsch, an affluent of the Dniester. Under the Poles it was an important fortress. Its population is 34,500.

Proskurov is on the main road from Kamentz-Poddolsk in the same province. It is an important garrison town and has a population of 23,000.

Chios is Bombarded

Athens, Aug. 8.—Official advices from Chios say the Turks have bombarded the island from Tchesme, a seaport of Asia Minor, 40 miles from Smyrna, sinking four sailing vessels and slightly damaging the town and the aviation grounds.

The German Statement

Berlin, Aug. 8 (via London)—British forces, after artillery bombardment of drum fire intensity, last night pressed forward from Nieupoort, on the coastal sector of the Berlin front, but were driven back after hand to hand fighting, it was officially announced today. The artillery activity in Flanders increased during the night.

Repeated strong entente attacks between Draibank and Frezenberg, northeast of Ypres, were repulsed by the Germans.

Russian Troops on Offensive

Petrograd, Aug. 8.—Russian troops are on the offensive in the hotin region, near the southeastern front of Galicia. They drove the Austro-German soldiers from two villages, captured a height and took more than 300 prisoners and four machine guns, the war office announced today. A Teutonic attack in the region of Brody where the Russians are still on Galician soil, was only temporarily successful.

A counter attack restored the Russian position that had been penetrated.

London, England, August 9.—Another gain of ground by French troops on the Flanders front, northwest of Bixschoote, is reported in today's official statement on the Franco-Belgian front operations.

Germans Want Bessarabia

London, Aug. 9.—Recent reports that the present German offensive in southwestern Russia is aimed at the capture of Odessa are strengthened by a dispatch to The Times from that city saying that the belief is growing there that the port is Germany's main objective and that Bessarabia will soon become the principal theatre of operations, as the enemy presses toward Odessa. The correspondent adds that the harvest is now being reaped in southern Russia, and the enemy doubtless will try to secure it before it can be removed.

Raid on German Trench

Paris, Aug. 9.—In the region of the Ridge of Chevreigny and the Pantheon there was artillery activity last night, says the official report given out to-

day by the French war office. North of Vaux les Palameix on the Aisne front French detachments cleared a Teutonic trench, inflicting losses on the Germans, and returned to their own lines unhurt.

The Italian Statement

Rome, Aug. 9.—The official statement issued by the Italian war department today regarding operations on the Austro-Italian front says:

"Yesterday patrol engagements took place along the whole front, the enemy leaving dead on the field and prisoners in our hands.

"The artillery struggle was more brisk at some points of the middle Isonzo and on the Carso. In the morning our flights persevering in the operations begun on Monday raided the Chiapovano valley and by dropping numerous bombs caused new destruction and fires in the military establishments in this locality. A heavy defensive fire reached the machines and hit some of them, but our gallant airmen were able to bring them all back to their bases."

The German Statement

Berlin, Aug. 9 (via London, British Admiralty, per Wireless Press)—The artillery duel in Flanders has again increased to the greatest intensity, reports the German general staff. The bombardment has been heavy on the Belgian coast and from Bixschoote to Hollebeke.

SENATORS ENRAGED BECAUSE OF CHARACTER OF DISCUSSION AT "MEETING"

Washington, Aug. 9.—Some pacifists held a meeting under the dome of the capitol today, demanded that congress stay in session until it had repealed the draft law, and voiced threats of an attempt to impeach President Wilson unless that was done.

Senators and congressmen invited to attend the meeting under the auspices of the Peoples' Council of America for Democracy and Peace, dropped into the room and then dropped out again as the speeches proceeded. The meeting was held in the senate military committee room, where a few weeks ago the draft law was drawn and perfected. How the meeting came to be held there developed considerable feeling among senators.

Chairman Chamberlain of the military committee said he had permitted the use of the room when Isaac McBride, formerly secretary to the late Senator Lane of Oregon, asked him for it "to have some friends meet some congressmen."

Senator Chamberlain said he had no idea the place was to be used for an attack on the president.

Louis P. Lochner of New York, a member of the Ford peace party, presided. The burden of the speeches was that a majority of the people were opposed to the draft law and that it should be repealed.

H. J. Lemke, republican state chairman of North Dakota, declared that the views of Senator Gronna of that state and the views of Senator La Follette of Wisconsin agreed with the sentiments of the people of North Dakota. Gronna and La Follette voted against the war resolution. Senator Gronna and Representative Keating of Colorado were the only congressmen to remain during the entire

meeting.

The speakers included Frank Stephens, of Arden, Del.; Daniel Kiefer, chairman of the National Single Tax league; T. H. Lundy, Chicago; Professor Paul, R. Dana, of Columbia University; Mat. Eastman, New York, editor of "The Masses" barred from the mails, and a number of representatives of labor unions in Philadelphia and New York.

TAFT IS BETTER

Clay Center, Kas., Aug. 9.—Attending physicians today announced former President William Howard Taft, who was taken ill here after a speaking engagement recently, had passed a comfortable and restful night and was making satisfactory progress, but that he would not leave here today to resume his speaking trip, as had been expected.

NO HOGGING ALLOWED

Washington, Aug. 9.—Work of putting into operation the administration's war price policy providing for the purchase of war materials for the United States and its allies on a basis of "reasonable profits," was begun at today's session of the war industries board. Definite assurances are included in the board's program that the American public will be protected against profiteering.

HAD BEEN HEAD OF THE DENVER DIOCESE FOR THE PAST EIGHTEEN YEARS

Denver, Aug. 9.—The Right Rev. Nicholas C. Matz, bishop of the Catholic diocese of Denver, died at a local hospital today after an illness of little more than a week. Since a fall four years ago his health had been poor. He was a native of Alsace, Lorraine, and was 67 years old. He was consecrated bishop in 1887 and was the second bishop of Denver, which office he assumed in 1889. A number of church dignitaries, among them Archbishop J. B. Pitaval of Santa Fe, were with him at the end. Archbishop Pitaval's jurisdiction extends over Colorado, New Mexico and Arizona.

NOT DEAD, BUT FLOWN

Santa Fe, Aug. 9.—The search for Mrs. Fannie Bounds, who disappeared from Roswell leaving a note that she would drown herself, has been ended, she being now in jail at Carlsbad. When arrested she was with John Fry, a married man who has three children. They were in a covered wagon bound for the Sacramento mountains.

ORE CARS ORDERED

Santa Fe, Aug. 9.—The A. T. & S. F. has awarded to the Pullman company the contract for one hundred ore cars to be used in New Mexico. The Pullman company was the lowest bidder and apparently is in the field now as a builder of ore cars as well as sleeping cars.

VERDICT IS SUICIDE

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 9.—A verdict of suicide was returned today by the coroner's jury that investigated the death of Jordan Wheat Lambert, who shot himself early Tuesday morning. Nothing has been learned as to the identity of the woman who called Lambert's apartment on the telegraph and asked the maid to see if he was all right.

UNWISHED-FOR CITIZENS WILL BE SHOWN THE WAY OUT OF THE COMMUNITY

Phoenix, Ariz., Aug. 9.—Declaring that Attorney General Wiley E. Jones apparently was unable to cope with the situation in Bisbee, Ariz., arising out of the deportation of six investigators for the Arizona State Federation of Labor, Governor Thomas E. Campbell departed for that city at 6 o'clock this morning to undertake a personal investigation.

"My actions will be upon the result of own investigation", was the only statement issued by the governor before leaving. He will reach Bisbee shortly after 7 o'clock tonight.

Determined to Ignore Law

Tucson, Ariz., Aug. 9.—While in Tucson today enroute to Bisbee to investigate conditions there, Governor Tom Campbell received the following telegram from Attorney General Wiley Jones, whom he sent to Bisbee to conduct an investigation.

"After calm discussion and an impartial presentation of the serious phase of the situation as to continued unlawful deportations by Bisbee's controlling committee, I was courteously informed by the committee in the presence of the sheriff that determination is fixed and that daily practice of committee hearings and deportations will continue regardless of the law. Therefore I officially report that only the armed force of the state, under the governor's constitutional and statutory powers, or a federal force through the governor's request under the United States constitution, will overcome these unlawful deportations as well as denials of entrance into Bisbee as now conducted. I cite Paragraph 3955 revised statutes, and Section 4, Article 4, United States constitution."

The section referred to by Jones provides for the enrollment of all persons subject to military duty by the governor whenever the national guard is unable to execute the laws. The section of the constitution provides that the United States shall protect every state against domestic violence upon application of the governor.

A telegram from Attorney General Wiley E. Jones at Bisbee to Governor Campbell here today declared that he was unable to cope with the situation in the Warren district. The message was forwarded to Governor Campbell who is now enroute to Bisbee.

In his telegram to Governor Campbell, Attorney General Jones stated that he was unable to prevail upon the Citizens' Loyalty league to discontinue its daily sittings and deportations. These meetings, it is said, are held for the purpose of passing upon the eligibility of miners or strangers to remain in the district. Their procedure is similar to that of a "kangaroo" court.

No intimation of Governor Campbell's probable course of action was obtainable here this afternoon. At the capital it was said he would take appropriate action after a personal survey of the disaffected district.

Fort Riley, Kans., Aug. 9.—Orders were received today from Washington for the construction at once of a remount station to care for about 10,000 horses and mules purchased for the army.

MACHINE DROPS TWENTY FEET AND PASSENGERS' ESCAPE IS A MIRACLE

Raton, N. M., Aug. 9—Yesterday while descending a steep grade about 12 miles from Raton on the Des Moines road, at a point where the road is too narrow for the passage of cars and a 20-foot gully parallels the highway, a Saxon-six driven by O. A. Davis of the garage at Dedman, and occupied by H. J. Farr and Jacob Sparks, both of Dedman, as passengers, encountered a team, and to avoid a collision, was deliberately turned over the bank, landing upside down at the bottom, without extensive damage. The occupants of the car made flying leaps and landed, rolling but unhurt upon the highway. The shooting of the car over the 20-foot embankment was an act of nerve to be admired, but had it not been promptly done the occupants of the farm wagon, including a woman and several children, would doubtless have been killed. Mr. Farr was picked up by a passing tourist and came to Raton for help to get the car back on the roadway.

CLAIM OF DEPENDENTS WILL NOT BE ALLOWED WITHOUT A PROTEST

Santa Fe, Aug. 8—The northern state exemption board this afternoon elected Charles Springer, chairman, and Dr. J. A. Massie, secretary; the southern board elected R. Brice of Roswell, chairman, and Max Montoya, of Socorro, secretary. The federal government will appeal all exemptions granted because of the claim of dependents. The Santa Fe county exemption board will call 150 more men, so it is reported in order to make up the quota of 47 for the county. The first call was for 94 men.

NEGRO IS ARRESTED

Albuquerque, N. M., Aug. 9—Charged with enticing two small boys to Hopewell field last night for a criminal purpose, W. R. Butler, a negro, 33 years old, was held by the police today for arraignment before Justice of the Peace W. W. McClellan. His prosecution will be conducted by the district attorney's office.

Butler told Chief of Police Galushua today that he came here a month ago. He denied the charge, but both boys, the oldest of which is only nine, identified him. They said they were positive he was the man, although he wore a different hat.

Butler induced the boys to go with him from a street near the shops to the athletic field by a promise of money. One of the boys slipped away and hunted up a policeman. When the latter got to the field the negro had disappeared.

EXAMINING BUTTE DAM

Santa Fe, Aug. 8—Today an inspection and examination of the Elephant Butte dam and lands under it were begun by Professor R. R. Taylor, agricultural economist of the Wisconsin state university, Madison, Wis.; H. H. Elliott, chief of the extension division College Station, Tex., and W. R. Lathan, chief of the plant industry division, College Station, and A. C. Graham, county farm demonstrator. Upon completion of the investigation, Professor Taylor goes to California to investigate agricultural conditions there.

PROBING BOND SALES

Santa Fe, Aug. 9—A complete investigation of all transactions connected with the recovery of judgments for Santa Fe county bonds and the refunding of these bonds by the issuance of Series "C" State of New Mexico bonds, now is being made by A. E. James, director of the Taxpayers' association, at the request of Governor Lindsey, and it is estimated that the excess paid by the state in interest on interest, in the acceptance of coupons not properly part of the bonds presented, and in the refunding of bonds which should have remained direct claims against the county reached a large sum.

A majority of the bond judgments were secured by Bird S. Coler of New York. The Coler concern was recently placed in the hands of a receiver, and as soon as the investigation is completed the attorney general will be asked to bring suit against the Coler receiver for the total excess paid. Similar suits also will be brought against others who have had bond judgments satisfied, unless repayment is made voluntarily.

RATE HEARING SET

Santa Fe, Aug. 9—The state corporation commission late this afternoon issued an order for a formal hearing on coal rates on August 18, next. The issuance of the order today gives the proponent required by the constitution in actions of this kind.

The order notifies the railroads of New Mexico, that on the day of the proposed hearing they "will be given an opportunity to show cause why the rates in force for the transportation of coal between points in this state should not be continued until otherwise fixed by the commission."

MUST BE COUNTERSIGNED

Santa Fe, Aug. 9—District Judge Reed Holloman has issued an order that no payments of any kind are to be made by Ralph Ely as receiver of the New Mexico Central railway, unless countersigned by E. E. Friday, superintendent of the road, and the Judge has instructed Mr. Friday not to countersign any checks except those that are positively necessary for the operation of the road.

It is reported that there was a temporary stringency in funds to operate the road, and this order of Judge Holloman ensued.

CHALLENGE TO DEBATE

Santa Fe, Aug. 9—A challenge to a joint debate on the subject of state lands has been issued by State Senator G. C. Smith of Union county, to H. H. Errett, the republican county school superintendent there. It resulted from criticisms by Errett of Senator Smith at a recent Old Settlers' picnic. Senator Smith's challenge appears in the last issue of the Clayton News.

NEW MEXICO LOYAL

Santa Fe, Aug. 9—New Mexico has furnished more than her quota for the officers' reserve corps camp at Leon Springs, 97 men having passed the examination at Santa Fe, of whom 83 will be chosen in addition to eight alternates. There were 140 applicants and 43 were rejected on physical examination. Adjutant General Baca stated today that eight second lieutenants of the federalized National Guard have passed the recent examina-

tion: Second Lieutenants Cronenberg, Croaff, Ervien, Lucas, Lassiter, Noe, Calkins and Ravenough.

FRENCH HELPS MARINES

Washington, August 9.—Veteran campaigners of the United States marine corps, who saw service in Haiti and who are now with the expeditionary force in France, went to the latter place with a good working knowledge of the French language. The national language of Haiti is French, and our "sea soldiers" were quick to get a smattering of it. Haitian French and the French of the Parisian are not unlike, and the United States marines who saw service in the little island republic in the Caribbean during the revolution have found their knowledge of French extremely useful in their present surroundings.

PRISONERS FOR ROAD WORK

Santa Fe, Aug. 9—Forty prisoners from the state penitentiary are to be employed on the Tijeras canyon road in Bernalillo county, under the new arrangement recently entered into by the state highway commission and the penitentiary management. The penitentiary will be paid \$1.00 a day per man, and will maintain the convicts in the camps, and provide guards. The tools and other equipment necessary in the road construction will be furnished by the highway commission. Of the \$1.00 a day paid the penitentiary for wages, each prisoner will receive 15 cents personally. If the arrangement proves a success, the wage allowance to the convicts may later be increased.

LABOR GETTING SCARCE

Santa Fe, Aug. 9—Labor scarcity is already setting in as far as New Mexico is concerned. Men and even boys who were receiving formerly from \$1.00 to \$1.50 a day for intermittent work are now getting offers at \$3.50 and more a day from one side of the state, and there is scarcely a day that several of the more skilled and reliable workers are not leaving Santa Fe for Utah, Colorado, Montana and other states, or for places where cantonments are being built for the army.

GROCERY STORE BURNS

Santa Fe, Aug. 8—The warehouse of Frank Andrews, a San Francisco street grocer, burned out early this morning. It was an adobe structure adjoining the rear of the Montezuma hotel, and it was only by hard work of the firemen that the flames were kept from spreading to the hotel. The walls of the warehouse collapsed. Only a moment before, Frank Owen had warned two firemen that the walls were toppling and they got out of the way none too soon. The loss is several thousand dollars, partly covered by insurance.

MAY CALL MORE MEN

Santa Fe, Aug. 8—Judging by the examination of the first 38 men to present themselves for the draft at Santa Fe today, the exemption board may have to call at least 250 of those drafted in order to find 47 young men who are physically fit not exempt under the regulations, and if the final sifting process is severe, even more will have to be examined. The state exemption boards for the northern as well as the southern districts, met this afternoon at the capital for organization and instruction.

DIRECTIONS FOR POISONING PRAIRIE-DOGS

Dry gloss starch, 1 heaping tablespoonful

Strychnine (alkaloid), powdered..... 1 ounce
Baking soda 1 ounce
Corn syrup 1-4 pint
Glycerine 1 tablespoonful
Saccharine 1-10 ounce
Clean oats 13 quarts

Dissolve the dry gloss starch in a little cold water and add to three quarters pint of hot water. Boil, stirring constantly until a thin clear paste is formed. Mix together the powdered strychnine (alkaloid), and baking soda, sift into the hot starch paste, and stir thoroughly to a smooth creamy mass. Add the corn syrup, glycerine, and saccharine and stir thoroughly. Pour this mixture over the oats and mix thoroughly so that each grain is evenly coated. (It is important that only the best grade of thoroughly clean oats be used, as chaff absorbs and wastes much valuable strychnine, and poisoned weed-seeds imperil useful bird life.)

Each quart of the prepared grain is sufficient to treat about 40 holes. This quantity should be sparingly scattered on clean hard ground near each prairie-dog hole. Do not place the poison on loose or dusty ground or in the holes. With reasonable care in scattering the bait, live stock on the open range will not be damaged. The poison is effective at any time that prairie-dogs are active.

Strychnine in any form than powdered strychnine (alkaloid) is not effective in the above formula. A bait almost as efficient may be prepared by using strychnine sulphate as follows:

Dissolve 1 ounce of strychnine sulphate in 1½ pints of boiling water. After the strychnine has dissolved, make the starch paste as directed above, using this hot, poisoned water for the purpose. Then stir in 1 ounce of baking soda, add syrup, glycerine, and saccharine and proceed as in the above directions.

All utensils used in the preparation of poisons and all poison containers should be kept PLAINLY LABELED and OUT OF REACH of children, irresponsible persons, and live stock.

SOLDIERS ARE ENTERTAINED

Albuquerque, N. M., Aug. 9—The soldier boys at Camp Funston last night enjoyed an informal program arranged for them by the Knights of Columbus of Albuquerque. The program began at 7:30 and lasted about an hour. Notwithstanding the difficulties attending a singing and speaking program in the open air, the entertainment was a big success.

BASEBALL ON SUNDAY

Santa Fe, Aug. 8—A baseball club from Estancia is to come to Santa Fe for a game on Sunday with a quickly organized local nine. The game will be played on the grounds of St. Michael's college. An excursion to Santa Fe will be run from the Estancia valley.

Chris Coke has purchased a seven-passenger touring sedan Buick, from the Southwest Buick company. Cross Kelly and Company have purchased a two-ton Republic truck, with dual tread tires, to be delivered in two weeks.

Recipes

Rolled Flank or Round of Beef

One flank steak or round steak cut half an inch thick. Wipe the steak. Spread well seasoned dressing over it, roll and tie into compact shape and dredge with flour. Sear in hot skillet. Cook in pressure cooker until tender.

"Mock Birds"

Cut veal steak into pieces 2x3 inches—wipe—season—spread with dressing—roll up and skewer with tooth picks, in such a way as to suggest a fat little bird. Put the birds into a deep stew pan, brown in a little hot fat, cover with milk or cream and cook slowly until tender—(about one hour). Serve each bird on a round piece of toast and cover with a saucer made by thickening the liquid left in the pan. Garnish with slice of lemon and a sprig of parsley.

"Stuffing"

One and one-half cups bread crumbs, two tablespoonfuls melted butter, two tablespoons chopped parsley, two tablespoons chopped onion, two tablespoons chopped celery or 1½ teaspoon celery salt, half teaspoon salt, 1-8 teaspoon paprika.

Stuffed Peppers

Cook one onion finely chopped in two tablespoons butter three minutes and add half cup lean raw ham (chopped) and half cup hamburger steak. Cook one minute, add half cup bread crumbs, moisten with two-thirds cup brown sauce, season highly with salt, pepper and cayenne.

Parboil six medium sized prepared (cut slice from stem ends and remove seeds and veins) green peppers eight minutes. Drain and fill with mixture, cover with buttered and seasoned crumbs. Bake 10 minutes. Serve in rings of toast.

Variation: Stuff with oysters—stuff with creamed onions—stuff with rice and cheese.

Canned Tomato Sauce or Puree

Since tomatoes contain a very high percentage of water, it often is desirable to can only concentrated tomato products. This is true especially when cans or jars are difficult to obtain. A delicious concentrated tomato sauce may be made and canned as follows, says the United States department of agriculture. Small or broken tomatoes and large tomatoes unsuitable for canning whole, may be used in this recipe.

Cut the tomatoes into fairly small pieces and add the large sized onion chopped and one cup chopped sweet red pepper to one gallon tomatoes. Cook until tender. Put through a sieve and add a mixture of one third salt and two-thirds sugar in a proportion of one teaspoonful to each quart of the mixture. Cook until the consistency of ketchup, stirring constantly. Pack into hot sterilized jars or bottles. Adjust rubber and cap—place the containers on a false bottom in a vessel of water sufficiently deep to reach almost to their tops and allow to remain at a boiling temperature for 25 minutes. Remove jars from the water bath and tighten the lids immediately.

—O—

What Kind of Sauce?

Appropriate sauces for serving with: Roast Beef—(1) Horseradish; (2) Tomato Catsup; (3) Worcestershire.

Roast Pork—(1) Apple sauce; (2) Horseradish.

Roast Veal—(2) Lemon Sauce; (2) Mushroom Sauce.

Roast Turkey—(1) Giblet Sauce; (2) Cranberry Sauce; (3) Plum or Grape Sauce.

Cuts of Beef and Their Uses

Steak—(Loin): Tenderloin, sirloin, clubsteak, porterhouse or "T bone."

Roast—(Oven): Tenderloin, Rib prime, chuck.

Roast—(Pot): Rump, chuck, brisket, round.

Stew—Rump, chuck, brisket, round, neck.

Beef Tea—Round.

Soup—Shank, shin, shoulder.

Corn Beef—Flank, plate, navel, round.

Meat Loaf—Round, rump, neck, flank, shoulder.

—O—

The Tale of a Growing Pig

If you want to burn the road,

Buy a pig.

If you want to raise the load,

Buy a pig.

O, he's little, but he's wise,

He's a terror for his size,

And he's quick to advertise—

Buy a pig.

If you want the cheapest board,

Buy a pig.

If you want to own a Ford,

Buy a pig.

He is solemn but he's fat,

And he knows just where he's at,

And he always comes to bat—

Own a pig.

O, it's really somewhat hard—

Keep a pig.

That he has to end—in lard—

Keep a pig.

He makes sausage, ham and sich.

Pickled feet and bacon flitch,

And he makes his owner rich.

Keep a pig!

—By Chas. Bray, Agricultural College, Fort Collins, Colo.

HAS RECOVERED HER HEALTH

So many women suffer from similar afflictions that this testimonial from Mrs. Laura Beall, Plattsburg, Miss., will be read with interest: "I got in bad health. My left side hurt all the time. I took doctor's medicines, but it did me no good. I took two bottles of Foley Kidney Pills and I feel all right now."—O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

MEMBER OF BOUNDARY COMMISSION WOULD PUT WORK ON ATTORNEY GENERAL

Santa Fe, Aug. 7—Attorney James G. Fitch of Socorro, democrat, resigned today from the state boundary commission, when a motion he made to entrust the Colorado-New Mexico boundary controversy to the attorney general, Harry L. Patton, instead of employing Octaviano Larrazolo at \$7,500, was lost. The commission employed former Attorney General Frank W. Clancy at \$10,000 to continue to represent the state in the Texas boundary suit, and O. A. Larrazolo to look after New Mexico's interests in the Colorado boundary matter.

Constipation is the starting point for many serious diseases. To be healthy keep the bowels active and regular. HERBINE will remove all accumulations in the bowels and put the system in prime condition. Price 50c. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

BRITISH PREMIER LLOYD GEORGE SAYS KAISER STILL WANTS CONQUEST

London, Aug. 4.—David Lloyd George, the British premier, in the presence of a distinguished gathering, which met this afternoon in Queens Hall to mark the third anniversary of the declaration of war, reiterated the aims for which the entente allies were fighting, and indicated the only conditions under which they would consent to a suspension of hostilities with the central powers.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the National War Aims committee, and was probably the greatest patriotic demonstration of the year. The expectation had been that the premier's speech would be a most important one.

As Foreign Minister Sonnino of Italy and the other representatives of the entente allies reached the platform the gathering rose and cheered again and again, while the playing of the national anthems of the allies aroused tremendous enthusiasm. Premier Lloyd George's appearance was the signal for a remarkable manifestation of popular fervor.

The premier on opening his address asked what would have happened if Great Britain had not entered the war. He answered:

"Europe would have been at the mercy of a cruel military power. Russia would have disintegrated sooner. France would have fought bravely, but might have been overwhelmed. America's Monroe doctrine would have been treated as a scrap of paper. The fact today is that we have checked the ambitions of Germany."

The British prime minister said he did not trust the German peace talk.

"Neither the kaiser nor the chancellor," he declared, "has yet said he would be satisfied with German soil. They talk glibly about peace, but stammer over the word 'restoration.' Before we have a peace conference they must learn to use the word 'restoration.' So far they have not learned even the first letter of the alphabet.

"War is a ghastly business, but it is not so bad as their peace. While they know their plot has miscarried this time, the Prussian war lords have determined to succeed the next time. There must be no next time. This generation must eliminate war from the tragedies of human life."

Continuing Mr. Lloyd George said:

"If we sow seeds of discontent and disunion in the nation, we shall reap defeat. A nation which falters before it reaches its purpose will never become a great people. No one in Great Britain, France, Italy and Russia or even in Germany and Austria has any idea how near we are today to the summit of our hope."

In the course of his speech Premier Lloyd George said:

"Victory must be so complete that our national liberty never again shall be challenged.

"Russia has learned that an army without discipline is a rabble. There are some here who want me set up committees for the British army and direct the conduct of the war. We cannot allow a sectional organization to direct the war or to dictate the terms of peace. The nation as a whole made war and the nation as a whole must make peace."

From Weak and Lame To Well and Strong

Try them. Foley Kidney Pills will do for other men and women—quickly—what they have done for Mrs. Straynge.

"Last year, I got almost down with my back," writes Mrs. H. T. Straynge of Gainesville, Ga., R. No. 3. "I suffered from inflammation of the bladder, and whenever I stopped doctoring I grew worse. I tried Foley Kidney Pills, and after taking them awhile my bladder action became regular and the stinging sensation disappeared. I am now stronger in my back than I've been for several years, and since getting well, I've stayed well and had no return of the trouble." Start in now to use Foley Kidney Pills. You will feel an improvement from the very first doses, showing how quickly they act on kidneys and bladder. They stop irregular urinary action, ease pain in back and sides, limber up stiff joints and aching muscles. They put the kidneys and bladder in sound, healthy condition. Try them.

O. G. SCHAEFER

DEPORTATION OF BELGIANS SAID TO BE CONDEMNED BY THE PONTIFF

Rome, Aug. 4.—It is stated in vatican circles that the Popes' impartial attitude toward official Germany is undergoing a change. The Pope is reported to regret greatly the action of Germany in connection with the deported Belgians. The new attitude appears to have been adopted after the fall of Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the imperial chancellor, who just before his resignation wrote what now is apparent was a farewell letter to the holy father thanking him for his forbearance and also calling attention to the fact that he had always tried his best to grant the Pope's demands regarding prisoners.

Although an absolute break with Germany is not expected at this time, it is certain that the Belgian deportations are daily making more difficult the maintenance of relations.

SAYS THEIR COURAGE ENABLED THE FATHERLAND TO CRUSH THE RUSSIANS

Berlin, Aug. 4 (via Copenhagen)—Emperor William, in speaking to a deputation of German troops on the Courland front, thanked them for holding their own against superior Russian forces, which made possible the victorious Austro-German push in southeastern Galicia, and concluded with these words:

"Thus the old German perseverance, tenacity, iron courage and firm will formed a barrier against which the Russian advance was broken. It was of great importance to our operations in the south.

"It is our fatherland, the beautiful country of Germany, that we are defending here. I congratulate you on the bravery and excellent bearing you have shown. We are accustomed in battle to fight against superior forces. I expect from you troops of Courland that you will do your duty where battle calls you, so that the fatherland may go forward to its certain future. May God help you."

FEEL WORSE AFTER VACATION

The change from outdoor activity of vacation time to the quiet of regular employment sometimes make one feel heavy and 'stuffed-up,' uncomfortable and bilious, with a mean headache and coated tongue. Foley Cathartic Tablets give prompt relief from these results of indigestion. Mild and gentle, but sure.—O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

CAMPERS NEAR VALLEY RANCH PLEASED TO RECOVER MISSING GEMS

Sheriff Lorenzo Delgado was called Sunday to Dalton canyon, several miles above the Valley ranch, for the purpose of tracing some stolen jewelry belonging to Mrs. R. S. Waller, wife of the assessor of Eddy county. The sheriff reached the scene at 8 Sunday night, and Monday morning he had recovered the jewelry, two large diamonds set in rings. The thief was a little girl, it developed after the sheriff had been working on the case. A male relative of the girl was suspected about the theft. The girl, realizing that the man was to be taken to jail, confessed. It is not known whether she will be prosecuted. Mrs. Waller, with her husband and a party of friends, have been camping at the Pecos region for the past several days.

ROUND HOUSE BURNS

Fire believed to have been caused by crossed wires in a switchbox early Saturday night badly damaged the old Santa Fe roundhouse. Fortunately, the railway company had removed its locomotives and much of its machinery to the new roundhouse earlier in the week, and the loss was confined principally to the materials of which the old structure was composed. The building was to have been torn down soon.

In order to build a track through to the new roundhouse and to move the big turntable, a portion of the old roundhouse had been torn early last week. This practically cut the building in two sections. The fire started in the section to the west and was confined to it by the firemen. A fire-wall separating the machine shops from the portion of the house used by the engines helped to save the machinery and tools, which were not badly damaged, with the exception of the large stationary engine which furnished power. The engine has been repaired and was in use today. The roof was badly scorched and burned on this portion of the house. The carpenter shop, next to the roundhouse, was totally destroyed.

The total loss to the Santa Fe company has not been estimated. It is covered by insurance, and will amount to several hundred dollars.

The fire was discovered shortly after 8 o'clock by Francisco Montoya, a coal carrier, who turned in the alarm. The East Las Vegas fire department and the E. Romero Hose and Fire company made fast runs to the scene after the alarm reached them, but there seems to have been a delay in sounding the alarm. Both companies did good work.

Shortly after the alarm was turned in, the flames burned the wires of the Las Vegas Light and Power company, and the whole city was plunged in darkness for several minutes. Lineman Thornhill succeeded in cutting out the wires in the fire district and restoring service to the East side. It was impossible to restore service on the West side, however, for some time. A heavy cable fell on Antonio Sena, one of the E. Romero firemen, and injured his leg. A member of the East side department was injured while hauling hose in an automobile, but not seriously.

An immense crowd attracted by the glaring light from the fire, rushed to

the scene. It was kept out of reach of danger by police under the direction of Santa Fe Officer McCullough.

The old Santa Fe roundhouse was built in the early eighties. It was of stone and frame. It had been added to frequently, so that at the time of its destruction it was much larger than when originally built. It had become antiquated and incapable of handling the business transacted by the Santa Fe here. The disarrangement of the electric wires which caused the fire is believed to have been the result of the tearing-up process which had been going on in the building. Steam from a broken pipe is believed to have helped to hold the fire in check until the firemen arrived.

William Cullen, who left here two months ago to enlist in the army at El Paso, has been given duty with the commissary department, according to word received here. Cullen has had considerable military experience.

Mrs. Lugarda Trujillo de Quintana died Sunday morning at her home on the West Side. Mrs. Quintana had been sick for the last three months. She was 58 years of age, and was the mother of Mrs. Adelaido Weireck and Mrs. Miguel Gonzales. Mrs. Trujillo is survived by her brother P. Trujillo.

Harry Martin has been employed at the New Mexico Hospital for the Insane, where he will do painting and other kinds of work. Mr. Martin will be a permanent employe.

Mrs. Anna Simison this morning received a telegram notifying her of the death early today of J. G. Pelter of Chicago, her brother-in-law. Mrs. Pelter, Mrs. Simison's sister, visited here two years ago, and pleased all who heard her sing.

Miss Lorraine Trafter, a Las Vegas girl, who was graduated from the Normal University last June and who has been doing special work in the business department of the school, has secured a position in Holbrook, Ariz., at \$125 a month. The position is as a teacher of commercial branches. The employment of Miss Trafter is a recognition of her ability and of the excellence of the Normal's teaching.

Rev. Father C. Balland united in marriage Monday morning, Tomas P. Martinez, age 23 years, of Taos, N. M., and Miss Sofia Vasquez, age 20 years, of this city. The young people are well known here, Mrs. Martinez having been employed by Hoffman and Graubarth as a clerk. Mr. Martinez is a school teacher. He attended the Normal last winter.

The report of the grades of the summer session of the New Mexico Normal University were completed and sent in to the state superintendent at Santa Fe, Monday. This was the first report to come in any summer school in the state. The early report is a good showing for the Normal because it had the largest summer school in the state and the making of the report was a hard task.

A. J. Gump returned Sunday morning from Denver with a broken right wrist. Mr. Gump left here last Wednesday with Conductor F. S. Allen

and Dr. M. F. DesMarais in Dr. DesMarais car. They had a splendid trip until they got as far as Palmer Lake, Colo., when the spindle of the front wheel of the car broke and they were obliged to telegraph to Denver for another, which delayed them for about four hours. After everything was repaired on the car they started off again, when the driver asked the man sitting by his side to take the wheel while he put on his gloves. This resulted in losing control of the car. Gump jumped, falling on his right arm. The party got started again and drove on to Denver. They arrived in Denver about 3:00 o'clock Thursday afternoon. Mr. Gump's arm paining him a great deal, he had his arm examined and was told he had a broken bone in his wrist. Mr. Gump decided that he had enough of the trip so took the next train for Vegas. The remainder of the auto party was expected to return today.

ALL BUT ONE GIVE DEPENDENTS AS REASON; HE IS MINISTER OF GOSPEL

A number of Las Vegas and San Miguel county men whose examinations for the conscript army were set for Thursday appeared voluntarily and submitted to the medical test. Dr. H. J. Mueller, the county physician, has been busy examining the men in his office in the Plaza bank building.

It was stated today that claims for exemption would be made public only in the cases of men who had passed the medical examination. The following were reported to have passed this test and to have asked exemption:

Lucio Torres of El Cerrito, aged 24 years, serial number 1436; claims exemption on grounds that he is a duly dependent upon him.

Blas Marquez, aged 23 years, of Los Vigiles, serial number 1354; claims exemption on grounds of having wife and others dependent upon him.

Rev. Ray Spotts Dum, age 29 years, Las Vegas, serial number 350; claims exemption on grounds that he is a duly ordained minister of the gospel.

Felix Padilla, Sapello, serial number 606, age 24; claims exemption on ground that he is married.

Elias Jaramillo, aged 22, of Upper Las Vegas, serial number 350; claims exemption on grounds that he is married and has wife dependent on him for support.

Jose George Gallegos, age 25 years, of Upper Las Vegas, serial number 353; claims exemption on grounds of having wife to support.

William C. Sanders, East Las Vegas age 27 years, serial number 368; claims exemption on grounds that he is married and has a wife and child dependent upon him for support.

Merle J. Pettis made application for exemption of Charles N. Hammond, aged 27 years, of Pecos, serial number 324. Grounds given are that young man is employed in the service of the United States.

Sam Stroup Hall, age 21 years, serial number 1195, on the grounds of having a wife dependent upon him.

Manuel Esquibel, age 27 years, of Sapello, serial number 1425; claims exemption on ground of being a married man with wife and child dependent upon him.

ROOSEVELT COUNTY LOOSES
Santa Fe, New Mexico, August 7.— Principally because of the creation

of De Baca county, which took a slice of its territory. Roosevelt county reports a 1917 property valuation \$835,408 less than in 1916. The valuation shown by the 1917 tax roll, which reached the office of the state tax commission here today, is \$7,359,904, as against \$8,195,312 last year.

Roosevelt was given a slice of Chaves county, to compensate it for the loss of territory to De Baca, but the Chaves county property acquired was of considerable less value than the property lost.

The tax rolls of Valencia and Dona Ana counties also were received here today. Valencia shows a valuation of \$14,700,290, compared with \$14,393,089 in 1916, an increase of \$307,201, and Dona Ana a valuation of \$18,730,558, compared with \$18,595,860 last year, an increase of \$134,728.

With the three received today, the total number of tax rolls so far sent in is 18.

THEIR RECENT RAID OVER POLA WAS ACCOMPLISHED WITHOUT LOSSES

Rome, Aug. 7.—A detailed report on the air raid at Pola, the Austrian naval base on Friday night, shows that it began at 11 p. m. and ended shortly after dawn. Each machine carried eight bombs and six grenades. The first arrived over Pola an hour after departing and the last at 4 a. m. The squadilla carried out the task, which comprised a flight of 320 kilometers, 160 of which were over enemy territory, without the loss of a single machine. D'Annunzio, the poet, was aboard one of the larger planes piloted by Captain Gori. The damage effected was most important. In addition to bombing the arsenal, a naphtha depot and a seaplane station were set afire and burned like paper.

MILLIONAIRE SAYS HE HAS DEPENDENTS HE MUST REMAIN AT HOME TO SUPPORT

New York, Aug. 7.—Kingdom Gould of Lakewood, N. J., railroad official and eldest son of George Jay Gould, capitalist, has filed at Toms River, N. J., a claim of exemption from enforced military duty on the plea of dependents for support. He had been passed as physically fit for army duty by the surgeon of the exemption board. Gould was married on July 2.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR OLDER MEN

Because of the war many positions formerly filled by young men are open to older men. A man's kidneys may make him unfit for hard labor or clear thinking, may make him old before his time, for poisons retained in the system "slow him up" physically and mentally. Foley Kidney Pills tone up weak, disordered kidneys. For sale by O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

Just as soon as American young manhood gets used to wrist watches and shrapnel, the end of the war will begin.

WILL NEVER BE WITHOUT IT

No other cough medicine "reaches the spot," heals, soothes and relieves irritating, hacking coughs like Foley's Honey and Tar. Mrs. John Bourneville, Brussels, Wis., writes: "I've been using Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for years and recommend it for children. I will never be without it in the house."—O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

Optic and Live Stock Grower

Stock Raising
Farming - Mining

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at East Las Vegas, N. M., under act of Congress of March 3, 1897.

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Advertisers Are Guaranteed the Largest Daily and Weekly Circulation of Any Newspaper in Northeastern New Mexico.

Before planting season started there were requests or orders sent broadcast over this great United States that producers must produce more food. From the reports coming from all sections this order has been carried out and now we must all join hands and see that the products are moved promptly and delivered to the consuming public.

Waste must be taken out of Webster's Unabridged and forgotten until at least this great world conflict is over, and doubtless if the habit is once formed, we will not need that word again.

Reports show that conditions are becoming desperate in practically all loading territories on account of the shortage of refrigerator cars, and the muck is being thrown from one side to the other. Drop the muck rake until the battle is over and everyone handling perishable products speed up the handling. Do not sit around loading stations, operating departments, or the unloading platform and give advice. "Hot air" is cheap these warm days, but try to put in a little energy with that advice. Roll up your sleeves, everyone, and move these cars.

Shippers, if you have been loading cars in ten hours, make it five hours now.

Distributors, if you are holding cars for orders, speed up your selling and give your diversions before cars reach diverting point now.

Railroads, instead of averaging ten miles an hour, give the firemen more coal and cut off a few tons overload, and order the dispatcher to eliminate putting the perishable freight in the hole. But give that engineer and conductor running orders and watch your mileage increase now.

Consignees, put just a little more "pep" in your sales force and transfer force, and when a car hits your wagon track, get your car unloaded and the goods in the consumer's hands within twenty-four hours. Just because you have forty-eight hours of unloading free, why should you hold the car the length of time and permit the wheels to rust? Unload promptly, and do it now. Throw your energy lever over in the last notch and watch the cars move. They will increase faster and be more welcome by all than the pigs were to the station agent—"Pigs is pigs", but "Cars at present will certainly be Cars."

Save the feed crops in a silo. The late planted forage crops may not mature before frost, yet they will make valuable silage. New Mexico has the opportunity to make an extra profit by using more silage in the feed lots and the milk pens this year. The high price of beef, mutton and butter warrants the investment in a silo.

"Can everything" is the food advice coming out of Washington and the agricultural colleges. It applies to saving feed crops as well. The silo is just a big can to save feed crops without much loss. Forage cured in the field shrinks heavily in this climate and soon becomes unpalatable to live stock. Cured forage wastes greatly; silage does not.

The silo is no experiment. But many more may be built this summer with profit both to the farmer and the stockman. Silage will keep for years, and stockmen in other sections take advantage of this to store silage as insurance for the time of drought. Silos are of many kinds from the mere hole in the ground to the over-ground silo built of wood, cement, or steel. The style of silo to build will depend on the cost and the requirements. Properly constructed, the silo lasts many years without expense for repair.

The silo will stimulate the feeding and dairying industries. The bulk of the cattle and sheep in New Mexico are shipped to other states to be finished for market. In addition, the state is a heavy importer of butter. Growing more feed stuff and saving it in the silo will help to correct this condition.

Talk the building of a silo over with the banker, the lumber dealer, and the county agent. Every farm, carrying live stock, needs a silo as part of the equipment for successful operation.

GOVERNOR BACKS PROHIBITION

Santa Fe, Aug. 9—Monday night at a mass meeting at Roswell, arrangements for inaugurating the state-wide prohibition campaign were completed, Rev. F. E. Farley, state superintendent of the Anti-Saloon league, being in charge. Twenty-five of the 28 counties have been organized and for the state organization, a committee which includes the governor, two supreme court judges, the chairman of each committee, and representatives of practically every party and denomination, is in charge.

REDMEN EMPLOYED IN THE STATE DEMAND HIGHER WAGE SCALE

Globe, Ariz., August 8.—Telephone lines leading toward the asbestos mines from Globe are out of commission today. The sheriff's office believes the wires have been cut by the Indians, who yesterday went on strike for higher wages and attacked the white employes at the mines.

The striking Indians are reported to have been reinforced by braves from Cibique country, the wildest section on the Indian reservation, into which even old residents fear to go alone. The Cibique Apaches retain the old faith of their tribe in the medicine men, who can arouse them to violent action easily.

Miners Holding Out

Phoenix, Ariz., Aug. 8.—Long distance telephone messages from Globe and Miami today indicated that the little band of asbestos miners and cowboys beleaguered in a dugout in the Sierra Anchas mountains by warring Apache Indians and unfriendly Mexicans were still holding out, although their supplies of ammunition and food were running perilously low.

The scene of uprising is about 50 miles northwest of Globe near the Tonto range, and lies close to the boundary of the San Carlos Indian reservation. The Indian agent of the San Carlos reservation in a telephone message to Globe said he had no definite information regarding the trouble.

Reports that the I. W. W. organizers have spread propaganda among the Indians are said to be confirmed by persons fresh from the Sierra Anchas. Cowboys of the Tonto, Pleasant Valley, Roosevelt and other close-lying regions are hastening to the aid of the sheriff's posse. Rangers and cowboys are fighting desperately to combat the forest fires raging in the vicinity of the Tonto according to latest advices reaching Globe and it is believed that the flames will be brought under control with the arrival of the posses and neighboring ranch hands.

The Apache Indians employed at the asbestos properties are chiefly employed to transport the ore to the railroad conveying it to Roosevelt dam where it is ferried across and loaded on automobile trucks to be transported to Globe. These Indians, it is said, are receiving a wage of \$5 a day. The higher wage scale demanded, it is said by mine owners, would render a closing down of the asbestos properties imperative.

The San Carlos reservation and the neighboring districts were scenes of considerable trouble following the failure of a large number of the Apaches to register for the selective draft. At that time several encounters between Indians and officers of the affected district occurred.

Ranchers of the Pleasant Valley district have long been prepared for an outbreak among the Apaches, who it is reported have been in an exceedingly ugly frame of mind since the authorities obliged their young braves to register for military service.

Santa Fe, Aug. 8—State Engineer James A. French has purchased from Howell Earnest the residence on Marcy street occupied by the Earnest family at present. It is a modern brick bungalow, and Mr. French and family expect to occupy it shortly.

COMMISSIONER TO RUSSIA HAS FAITH IN THE NEW GOVERNMENT

Washington, Aug. 8.—A Russian republic is certain to result from the situation in that country, in the opinion of Elihu Root, head of the American mission, which returned here today from its three months' visit to report to President Wilson. In Mr. Root's opinion, only the overwhelming of the country by German armies, making impossible further development in the formation of the new government, can prevent the erection of the Russian republic.

Internal difficulties are being overcome and the process of crystallization is going on rapidly; the extreme elements which threatened serious trouble have been brought under control and given due opportunity, and with time and such assistance as America can render in material and moral support, in Mr. Root's opinion, the Russian republic is a certainty.

"The extreme element, that favoring the destructoin of all property, has been gotten under control," said Mr. Root. "In fact it had practically been driven out of its temporary ascendancy before the commission left Petrograd. I believe its exclusion is permanent and that it cannot regain control against the forces of law and order."

GOVERNORS OF MIDDLE WESTERN STATES WANT HIGH PRICES CUT

Chicago, Illinois, August 8.—Practically all of the governors of 16 states from Pennsylvania to Kansas had responded favorably today to an invitation extended yesterday by the Illinois Council of Defense to attend a conference in Chicago on August 16, for the purpose of bringing about a uniform regulation of the price of coal.

While the state council of defense recommended to Governor Frank O. Lowden seizure of the coal in Illinois for the period of the war as a means of reducing prices, the hope was expressed that the states of the central west will join in urging congress to enact a law that will confer full and sweeping powers of control over coal prices and distribution in an administrative body of the federal government which would have machinery to give instant relief.

Among the states which it is said will be represented are Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and North and South Dakota.

MASSIES' BROTHER AT FRONT

Santa Fe, Aug. 8—Dr. James A. Massie and two nephews arrived last night, having motored from Denver. The boys are the sons of Dr. Massie's brother who went to the front from Toronto, Canada, as a member of the medical corps of the Canadian contingent. C. V. Devendorf and crew have returned from Optimo, Mora county where they surveyed a township for the government. A township adjacent to Santa Fe is the next job assigned them by Surveyor General Lucius Dills. Emery Marshall, son-in-law of Judge N. B. Laughlin, was yesterday commissioned in the Field Artillery, the engineering corps, for which he applied, having its quota of officers filled. He is at present at the officers' reserve corps camp at the Presidio, San Francisco.

TEUTON STRIKES REPORTERS**German Minister to Mexico Objects to Newspapermen Taking Photographs Near Him**

Mexico City, July 7—A clash between Heinrich von Eckhardt, the German minister to Mexico and Mexican newspaper photographers in which it is declared that the German diplomat came to blows with the newspaper men enlivened the recent session of the Mexican National Commercial congress held here. Herr von Eckhardt is the man who was directed by Dr. Alfred Zimmerman, then German foreign minister, to make arrangements to bring Mexico with Japan into war with the United States. He, with other members of the diplomatic corps, and President Carranza, attended the opening session of the congress.

Newspaper photographers sent to snap the president set up their cameras in the aisle close to the German minister who was seated at the end of the row of seats to keep him as far distant as possible from the representatives of the entente allies who occupied the same row. Von Eckhardt protested in what the photographers described a rough and caustic manner that he did not intend to be annoyed by photographers, but the camera men paid little attention to him and photographed President Carranza and the diplomatic corps from the most available spot which was directly behind von Eckhardt.

When the flashlight exploded, say the photographers, von Eckhardt remonstrated not only with words, but with blows.

GOVERNMENT OBLIGED TO USE TROOPS TO PRESERVE ORDER

An Atlantic Port, Aug. 8—A description of a labor upheaval in Lisbon, Portugal, July 11, only briefly hinted at previously in cable dispatches, which seemed to threaten revolution and resulted in the suspension of constitutional guarantees, was brought here today by Gilbert L. Robinson, representative of a shipping firm. He said that when a number of troops were killed by bombs thrown among them, they charged the crowds, killing 85 civilians and arresting 1,500. This broke the backbone of the uprising. Mr. Robinson said the trouble was precipitated by the demand of all classes of workmen for a 70 per cent wage increase to meet the high cost of living.

REPORTS FROM OVER STATE SHOW THAT MANY DRAFTED MEN HAVE DEPENDENTS

Santa Fe, Aug. 8—Exemption claims are piling up rapidly in the various counties of New Mexico. In Valencia county 90 per cent of the men drawn have filed such claims. In Bernalillo county yesterday a total of 87 filed claims. In Santa Fe county, whose quota is 47,33, has claimed exemption up to last night. In Mora county, owing to errors by the county board, a new call will have to be made. The majority of the claims are based on "dependent" grounds.

WOULD HAVE UNIVERSITY HERE

Amsterdam.—Establishment of the German university in the United

States in order to increase the influence of German-Americans in that country is suggested by Rudolf Eucken, formerly a university exchange professor. Discussing in the Hamburger Nachrichten what he called small influence exercised by German-Americans, Professor Eucken attributed this to the lack of higher German educational institutions in America and of a pro-German press in England. Both these defects, he said, could be remedied.

SURVIVOR OF SUNKEN SHIP TELLS OF THE FATE OF HIS COMRADES

London, Aug. 8—Four Americans were lost on the British steamer Belgian Prince, which was sunk July 31 by a German submarine. One American was among the survivors.

The Americans who lost their lives were William Crissy (Or Hughes) Philadelphia; James Shew, Detroit; Thomas Gilmore, Merrick, Mass; Ben Cain, negro, Norfolk, Va.

The sole survivor is William Snell, a negro from Jacksonville, Fla. The American consul at a British port today heard from his lips the story of the murder of the crew.

Seven Norwegian Ship Lost

London, Aug. 8—Seven Norwegian sailing vessels and 90 men were lost in a heavy gale near Greenland, according to a dispatch to the Central News from Christiania.

THEY WILL MAKE A DEMAND THAT GERMANY FORM NEW GOVERNMENT

Copenhagen, Aug. 8—German socialists will oppose the newly constituted government at Berlin on principle, the socialist newspaper Vorwaerts declares in its comment on the ministerial appointments.

"Persons so foolish as to expect a great gain in the direction of parliamentary regime," says the Catholic newspaper Germania, "will naturally be disappointed," but it expresses the opinion that the presence of Catholic representatives in the government greatly improves the system.

It appears that Dr. Spahn, leader of the Catholic centre party in the reichstag, will be forced to retire from parliamentary life on account of his appointment as Prussian minister of justice. He must resign his seat on the constitutional proviso on accepting the portfolio, but it is asserted there is nothing to prevent his standing for re-election. He will, accordingly do this, though he cannot become a member of the bundesrat.

August Worms, leader of the Flemish movement in Belgium, said in an interview in the Berlin Tageblatt the aim of the movement was the re-establishment of Belgium as a dual monarchy of Flanders and Walloon under King Albert. Herr Worms took Austria-Hungary as an example of the movement for free Flanders in free Belgium.

SEVEN INTERNED PRISONERS ARE TAKEN FROM BORDER TO SALT STATE

El Paso, Texas, Aug. 8.—Seven interned Germans who have been held in the Fort Bliss internment camp, were taken to Fort Douglas, Utah, today under a heavy guard of United

States soldiers. One of the Germans was Franz (or Francisco) Gottwald, alleged to have been quartermaster general in the Mexican army of the north, who was arrested when he crossed from Juarez to buy supplies for the Mexican troops.

LEADING RESISTER CAUGHT

Muskogee, Okla., Aug. 8—Homer Spence, 40 years old, one of the three men held responsible by federal authorities for organization of the uprising in Oklahoma against the selective draft, has been arrested in Seminole county, according to announcement today by United States Marshal B. A. Enloe. It was reported that the capture was effected only after the officers had engaged Spence's companions in a fight.

Want New Government.

Amsterdam, Aug. 8—Philipp Schidemann, socialist member of the German reichstag, in a speech delivered at Mannheim, Baden, before 6,000 people, demanded in the interest of peace the speedy substitution for the present government of Chancellor Michaelis of a government really representing the will of the German people.

WILL NOT ALLOW MEMBERS OF FEDERATION COMMITTEE TO ENTER CITY

Phoenix, Ariz., Aug. 8.—Governor Thomas E. Campbell telegraphed Attorney General Wiley E. Jones at Bisbee this afternoon inquiring whether he had started civil action against members of the Citizens Loyalty League of that city who refused entrance to five investigators of the Arizona State Federation of Labor. If action is not begun at once, the governor stated, a request will be made immediately for federal troops to protect law abiding citizens of the state. "If it is impossible to get action in this instance through civil process," Governor Campbell stated, "I shall at once appeal for federal troops to be sent to the district."

Committee Turned Back

Bisbee, Arizona, Aug. 8—A committee of five appointed by the convention of the Arizona Federation of Labor to investigate the Bisbee deportations of July 12 was met by citizens at Forest Ranch, seven miles from Bisbee, today and turned back.

The committee was advised it could not enter Bisbee. Citizens told the labor men the government had several agents in the Warren district investigating, and that Wiley Jones, attorney general, also was conducting an investigation. The committee was appointed by the convention at Clifton, Ariz., yesterday with instructions to report its findings at once.

The committee was composed of Bert Davis, P. J. Croaff, Phil Galentine, P. M. Vargas, E. T. McCoy and John Murray. As soon as they were notified they could not proceed into Bisbee, the labor men returned to Douglas in their automobile.

Governor May Ask Troops

Phoenix, Arizona, August 8.—Following receipt of a telegram from Attorney General Wiley E. Jones at Bisbee that investigators of the Arizona State Federation of Labor had been turned back by the citizens of the Warren district, Governor Thomas E. Campbell intimated today

that he would take "drastic action" to enforce law and order in the mining districts of the state. Asked if this action meant a call for federal troops, the governor said:

"I shall withhold any statements until the action is taken."

NEW BREAD LAW

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 8.—The new Minneapolis bread ordinance, under which all bread sold would have to be in half-pound or pound loaves, or in multiples of one pound, has struck a snag in the shape of injunction proceedings which will come up for hearing in court tomorrow. The proceedings were started by a leading firm of manufacturing bakers. In their petition for a permanent injunction to prevent the enforcement of the ordinance the plaintiffs contend that to put their plans in shape to comply with it would cost several thousand dollars. Within two weeks or a month, it is pointed out, Herber C. Hoover is likely to promulgate entirely different regulations from Washington, which would mean that the Minneapolis bakers would be burdened with great expense to comply with the local ordinance which might remain in effect for only a short period.

ALBUQUERQUE PEOPLE ARE WONDERING WHAT WILL BE DONE WITH CANTONMENT

Albuquerque, N. M., Aug. 8—From what they have learned regarding progress on the divisional training camp at Linda Vista, officers of the national guard at Camp Funston are said to expect the First regiment and Battery A to leave for the big camp in about two weeks.

What it is intended to do with the cantonment on the mesa when the guardsmen go no one seems to know. The cantonment is state property. It is said that the buildings will be wrecked and sold as second-hand lumber. Major M. L. Stern national guard quartermaster suggested just before leaving for his new post at Fort Sam Houston that the buildings might be used for a state fair.

It was stated when the mobilization was in its early stages that the camp would be maintained to house a reserve battalion of the guard, but since then the government has announced that there will be a central reservoir of reserves, from which vacancies of all divisions of the forces, whether regular army, national guard or national army, will be filled in connection with the departure of the national guard to training points the machinery for guard recruiting disappeared, since all such machinery was embraced in the guard organizations.

One of the guesses is that the government may send some of its guard or national army organizations here either for training or preliminary mobilization. Another guess is that the state may organize a home guard regiment and train it at the camp.

Business men are reluctant to believe that with the departure of the guardsmen the mobilization activities will stop.

Merchants, especially the storekeepers who have opened up in University heights, are reluctant to believe that with the departure of the guardsmen all the camp business will simply fade away, leaving things in general exactly as they were before camp Funston was set up.

MORA AND GUADALUPE BOARDS CONTAIN NAMES FAMILIAR IN LAS VEGAS

Santa Fe, Aug. 6—Additional county councils of defense, to serve in co-zales, Oscar C. Snow, Oscar B. Ward, M. B. Stevens, H. B. Holt, W. A. Sutherland, M. W. Mandeville, J. O. Miller, John F. May, Francis E. Lester, R. G. Young.

Guadalupe—Jose Marquez J. J. Moise, H. R. Roberson, J. W. Ruane, J. M. Casaus, Salome Martinez, John H. Hicks, Pedro Romero, J. M. Abercrombie, J. V. Gallegos, J. W. Melaven, Benigno Padilla.

Dona Ana—Felipe Lucero, Jose Gon-operation with the New Mexico council of defense, have been appointed by Governor W. E. Lindsey as follows:

Curry—Daniel L. Moye, S. A. Jones, Geo. P. Baxter, Sam G. Bratton, C. A. Scheurich, B. M. Porter, R. J. McMullin, Alex Shipley, W. A. Hewener, J. S. Fitzhugh, E. S. Triplett, Fred James.

De Baca—W. J. Bays, G. K. Richardson, O. B. Erickson, J. W. King, Raymond Harrison, W. T. Wade, Manuel Abreu, C. M. Lindhardt, Ben Hall, H. R. Parsons, William Randolph, Juan Jose Martinez.

Lea—Ernest Best, W. T. Watkins, W. M. Owens, S. L. Posey, B. V. Culp, D. E. House, B. H. Turner, W. W. O'Neal, T. N. Miller, J. W. Fristoe, J. R. O'Neal, J. S. Eaves.

Mora—Patricio Sanchez, R. K. Odell, Chas. R. Keyes, J. R. Aguilar, Dr. Harry J. Hoag, C. U. Strong, Manuel Madrid, F. S. Brown, Wm. C. Johnson, R. E. Aldredge, C. E. Deaton, G. R. Abernathy.

A MORA FAILURE

Santa Fe, Aug. 6.—Two suits in bankruptcy were filed in the federal district court yesterday. One was by a Santa Fe merchant named Koury, and the other by a merchant named Archuleta in Mora county. Assets and liabilities in each instance are comparatively small.

HE FELT LIKE NINETY

Nothing makes a person feel old like disordered kidneys. They cause aches and pains all over the body. A. W. Morgan, Angola, La., writes: "Oh, I suffered with pain in my back. I am 43 years old, but I felt like a man 90 years old. Since I took Foley Kidney Pills I feel like I did when I was 21."—O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

MAY OPEN STATE MINES

Santa Fe, Aug. 7—The opening of coal mines on state lands is again being considered by state authorities, so that in case of a tie-up coal could be furnished state institutions which otherwise would have to close down. There are more than a hundred convicts at the penitentiary who are more or less idle because of lack of work for them to do. Should the coal mines be closed down, such institutions as the penitentiary, the capital and the various state schools would be in hard straits.

Ask Anyone Who Has Used It

There are families who always aim to keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house for use in case it is needed, and find that it is not only a good investment but saves them no end of suffering. As to its reliability, ask anyone who has used it.—Adv.

OUTLAW WHO HAS TERRORIZED CARRIZOZO VICINITY IS KILLED

Carrizozo, N. M., Aug. 6—Cham Omara, daring outlaw, who has terrorized the neighborhoods of this section of New Mexico for the past ten years, met his death after many fruitless and perilous searches by officers and citizens, late Thursday afternoon, at the hands of Constable Montoya of Arabela in the eastern part of this county.

Omara was once captured about five years ago, but made a spectacular escape and until Thursday succeeded in eluding his pursuers. He was seen in the mountains by the Arabela constable, who recognized him and attempted to make an arrest. Omara resisted and Montoya, knowing his reputation, took no chances, sending a fatal bullet into his body. Death was instantaneous.

Omara is said to have killed several men and was generally known as a bad hombre. One of his chief sports was to visit dances and public gatherings unexpectedly, heavily armed, and shoot up the place, terrorizing the whole community. Each time he succeeded in eluding his pursuers and like magic would bob up in places where his presence was least expected and commit other deeds of violence. He was thought to have been hiding in the remote districts of the mountains of Lincoln and Chaves counties during his five years a fugitive from justice. The reward for his capture will be paid to Constable Montoya.

ASSESSMENT RETURNS SHOW A VALUATION OF OVER \$12,000,000

Santa Fe, Aug. 6—Though a dry farming county and one of the new counties, Quay county has outstripped Santa Fe and many others of the old counties in assessment, returning a total of \$12,785,583. Of this the railroads contribute more than one-third or \$4,067,330. There are \$21,585 townlots with total assessment of \$1,073,941; 273,873 acres agricultural land valued with improvements at \$1,311,296; 810,316 acres grazing lands with improvements, \$3,000,704.

The assessor reports 9,196 horses, \$404,157; 1,428 mules, \$99,385; 9 jacks, \$3,800; 199 burros, \$1926; 49,473 cattle, \$1,741,894; 4,231 sheep \$23,120; 333 goats, \$831; 1,045 swine, \$7,340.

Merchandise is assessed at \$285,983; adding machines, \$575; typewriters, \$440; cash registers, \$715; scales, \$500; furniture in stores and offices, \$37,603; carriages and wagons, \$39,108; saddles and robes, \$16,431; threshing machines, \$900; cream separators, \$1,305; other farm implements, \$33,141; 127 gold watches, \$1,584; gold and silver plate \$2,560; diamond pins, \$2,845; household furniture, \$95,012; 332 sewing machines, \$3,291; 181 pianos, \$20,875; 4 mechanical players, \$2,860; organs \$1,005; phonographs, \$825; other musical instruments, \$329; blacksmiths' and carpenters' tools, \$2,130; 299 automobiles, \$88,505; 2 motorcycles, \$295; books, \$2,525; steam laundries, \$3,000; garages, \$1,000; ice manufacturing plants, \$12,425; newspaper and printing plants \$8,425; electric light plants, \$21,500; money, notes and credits, \$24,469; telegraph lines, \$18,670; telephone lines, \$38,025; banks \$142,040; all other property, \$1,400; penalties, \$83,738; exemptions, \$436,390.

HORSES AND "BITING BRUTES" RESPONSIBLE FOR MUCH OF THE MISERY

The Santa Fe New Mexican, which has a passion for rounding up the news of all the accidents in New Mexico, by the scissors and paste route, yesterday had an imposing array of such happenings to chronicle. Here they are:

Fell Off Windmill

Lake Arthur, N. M., Aug. 6—Ernest Utterback climbed up the Morris windmill to look for a horse which had gotten away, and as he reached the top rung of the ladder it pulled off, letting him fall. He fell about 20 feet and struck on same pointed palings. He apparently struck on his right arm near the shoulder, breaking his shoulder, and his chin and the back of his neck were cut. Buck Popnoe saw him fall and called for help and brought medical assistance. He will recover.

Knocked off Fractious Mule

Hillsboro, N. M., Aug. 6—Edgar Williams was badly injured a few days ago when he tried to ride a fractious mule. The animal bounced his rider under a tree and one of the limbs hit him in the stomach, knocking him backwards off the saddle. Charles Ament applied first aid to the injured and Dr. Hatcher was called to treat the injuries.

Girl is Hurt

Hagerman, N. M., Aug. 6—Bernice, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Walters, was thrown from her horse and sustained painful injuries, says the "Messenger." A stirrup leather broke and in order to maintain her equilibrium she caught the horse around the neck, and being a young horse he was not used to being hugged and he proceeded to buck the rider. Given a fair chance, Bernice can subdue any ordinary bronc.

Finger Cut Off By Horse

Tucumcari, N. M., Aug. 6—H. C. Markham had the misfortune to lose a finger one day last week. He was leading a horse behind a buggy when the horse became frightened and pulled back, catching his finger between the rope and the back of the seat. The finger was mashed nearly off at the second knuckle, which necessitated the amputation.

Brakeman Knocked Off Train

Artesia, N. M., Aug. 6—Jess Wheeler, brakeman on the southbound local, was seriously hurt at the stock pens in Artesia. He attempted to climb onto the passing train while switching in the yards, but before he could swing up out of the way he was struck by one of the gates at the stockpens and knocked from the car. His shoulder, side and hips were badly bruised. He was taken to his home at Carlsbad.

Thrown Under Buggy

Tucumcari, N. M., Aug. 6—A peculiar accident occurred near Rana, when F. L. White, a brother of C. W. White, whom he has been visiting for some time, was thrown under a buggy by an unmanageable team of young mules, in such a way as to sustain a compound fracture of the left leg. He

was brought to the Tucumcari hospital for treatment.

Bitten By Rattler

Moriarity, N. M., Aug. 6—N. S. Wooten was bitten by a rattler. He shot at the snake and when it started in a hole he pulled it out by the tail, the snake striking him on the hand. Three bandages were placed around the arm immediately. With medical attention, soon after being bitten, Mr. Wooten was not even sick, although his hand was swollen terribly and he suffered apain.

Woman Bitten By Scorpion Recovers

Ft. Sumner, N. M., Aug. 6—Mrs. H. W. Lindsey, wife of County Clerk Lindsey and daughter-in-law of Governor and Mrs. Lindsey, was bitten by a scorpion while on a fishing trip up the river. Mr. Lindsey rushed her to town for medical assistance, in record time, although he lost all lubricating oil out of his motor and burned out a main bearing on the trip. Mrs. Lindsey has now fully recovered.

THIS PROCESS MAY DELAY DEPARTURE FOR CALIFORNIA SEVERAL WEEKS

Santa Fe, New Mexico, August 7.—August 5 was the day scheduled in the "Official Bulletin" issued in Washington, for the New Mexico regiment to pack up and move from Albuquerque to Linda Vista, Cal., to go into intensive training, preparatory to the work abroad.

August 5 was also the day when the troops were to become federalized and thus made a part of the United States fighting force until the end of the present European war.

It is now thought that the troops may remain at least four to six weeks longer in Albuquerque. And for two reasons. It is said, first, that the barracks at Linda Vista are far from being in readiness; second, as the conscription arm of Uncle Sam is just beginning to be extended, it will take several weeks to get the number of men necessary to bring the New Mexico regiment up to war strength and to fill up several additional batteries.

"We have not received any definite instruction as to the date of departure of the guard for California," said Adjutant General James Baca today, "but in my opinion the boys will remain in Albuquerque for several weeks more."

ARE YOU UNLUCKY?

In August the air is full of pollen and dust that cause trouble for some, but others are never bothered. No remedy does more to relieve hay fever and asthma than Foleys' Honey and Tar Compound for coughs, colds and croup. It clears and soothes the afflicted nose, throat and bronchial tubes.—O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

MACHO MINES PRODUCING

Santa Fe, Aug. 7—One carload of copper ore is to be shipped daily from the mines at the head of Macho canyon, now being developed by an eastern syndicate. An immense vein has been opened. Efforts are being made to have the Scenic Highway up Santa Fe canyon rehabilitated so that the shipments can be made from Santa Fe instead of being taken down the Macho canyon trail to the upper Pecos road to be shipped from Glorieta.

VIOLATORS OF GAME LAWS ARE CAUGHT AND PUNISHED BY STATE WARDEN

After lying concealed in the brush in Gallinas canyon Thursday night for an hour and a half, State Game Warden Theodore Rouault, Jr., captured Aureliano Mares and Thomas Abeyta with the bodies of a buck and a doe which they had killed in Burro canyon. Warden Rouault, with the assistance of Lawrence Tamme of Las Vegas and William Gordon of Trout Springs, both deputy wardens, brought the men to Las Vegas and lodged them in jail.

Thursday Mares and Abeyta were arraigned before Justice C. H. Stewart of precinct 29 and pleaded guilty to the charges of killing game without licenses and shooting deer out of season. They were given fines of \$150 and nine months in jail. Judge Stewart reduced the fine to \$50 and the jail sentence to 90 days, but if Mares and Abeyta are caught violating the game laws after their release they will be obliged to meet the remainder of the penalty in addition to any other punishment that might come with the second offense.

Warden Rouault and his deputies made a quick trip to the canyon to capture the hunters. They did not leave here until 7:00 o'clock or later. They ate their supper at the forest service planting station and then took to the brush. Warden Rouault says that he intends to prosecute to the fullest extent all violators of the game laws that fall into his clutches. District Attorney Chester Hunker, who appeared Friday morning for the state, says that illegal hunters will be "soaked" whenever he has the opportunity to prosecute them.

Try Zensal for that itching Eczema. Sold by E. G. Murphey.—Adv.

BUT TEUTONIC NAVAL EXPERT SAYS SUBMARINE CAMPAIGN MAY WIN

Copenhagen, Aug. 4.—Captain Perseus, naval expert of the Berliner Tage Blatt, in a review of the third naval year of the war, says the superiority of the British fleet, despite heavy losses, is great enough to justify its claim that it controls the seas.

The high seas fleet, in conjunction with the coast defense guns, submarines, mines, etc., will undoubtedly be able to beat off all attacks and keep the enemy from the coast, but he adds warningly German minds should give no room to views of an offensive activity of the fleet. Captain Perseus says that every intelligent German realizes that unrestricted submarine warfare must be conducted with all energy until England realizes it is more profitable to discuss peace than to accept further losses, but he warns against superior optimism for a speedy success in the submarine war in view of the amount of world tonnage and the great shipbuilding possibilities available for the entente.

In every home where there is a baby there should also be a bottle of M'GEE'S BABY ELIXIR. It may be needed at any time to correct sour stomach, wind colic, diarrhoea or summer complaint. It is a wholesome remedy, contains no opium, morphine or injurious drug of any kind. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS REPORT COUNTRY UNDERGOING READJUSTMENT

Washington, Aug. 6.—General business activities, reflecting in many localities the government's military preparedness coupled with some signs of conservatism because of uncertainties, are reported from all 12 federal reserve districts. A summary of the reports to the federal reserve board, published today, follows:

New York—commitments and conservatism in many lines because of uncertainty of course of business and of prices during next few months.

Atlanta—Textile manufacturing and industrial lines feeling the effects of the government's military preparation.

Chicago—Resumption of activity in many lines; banks finding good demand for funds at firm rates; little decrease in deposits through floating the Liberty Loan.

Minneapolis—Crop situation rather unfavorable, but is not expected to show immediate effect on business. Outlook for remainder of year satisfactory.

Kansas City—Crops good, general reports scarcity of materials and high prices; short of farm labor; wholesalers report business fully normal.

Dallas—Outlook encouraging; labor scarce; wages high, bank clearings increasing. Much depends on cotton crop.

San Francisco—Bank clearings up and deposits down because of Liberty Loan. High temperatures affecting some crops unfavorably but large increase over last year assured.

MRS. DE SAULLES' EFFORTS TO GET HER CHILD LED TO A SLAYING

New York, Aug. 4.—Plans for the defense of Mrs. Bianca Errazuriz de Saulles, the beautiful Chilean heiress, who last night shot and killed her former husband, John Longer De Saulles, in a dispute over the custody of their child, were today being made by attorneys summoned to confer with the young woman, now a prisoner in the Mineola jail on a charge of first degree murder.

Mrs. De Saulles last night called up somebody in New York on the telephone, according to Sheriff Seaman, and held a conversation which he said on her part was in a light vein. After she had said she had shot De Saulles because "he would not give me back my baby," the voice at the other end of the wire exclaimed, "My God! My God!"

"Oh people make me tired saying 'My God,'" the sheriff quoted her as saying.

The four-and-a-half-year-old boy, John Longer De Saulles, Jr, possession of whom left to the tragedy, saw his mother fire the bullets into his father's body, according to Mrs. Caroline De Gener, a sister of De Saulles, who was present at the time. Mrs. De Gener said the killing took place in the living room of the De Saulles home and that when the child's mother entered, his father was reading to him.

Stomach and Liver Troubles
No end of misery and actual suffering is caused by disorders of the stomach and liver, and may be avoided by the use of Chamberlain's Tablets. Give them a trial. They only cost a quarter.—Adv.

FIGURES SHOW THAT CORPORATIONS BEAR HEAVIEST SHARE OF BURDEN

Santa Fe, August 3.—The A. T. & S. F. railway paid more than one-fifth of all the taxes for 1916 in New Mexico. Out of total collections of \$3,072,903.57, the Santa Fe paid \$664,285 or 21.62 per cent of the total and paid it promptly. What the other railroads paid brought the percentage much higher. Adding to it the taxes paid by other corporate interests and the big cattle and land interests, and there is comparatively little that was paid by the ordinary businessman or worker. In fact, it is only one out of every three men in the state who pays any direct taxes whatever. In Sandoval county, for instance, out of a total of \$25,445.62 collected of 1916 taxes, the Santa Fe railroad alone paid \$14,370.54, or 56.08 per cent, and there are fewer than 600 tax payers in an approximate population of 10,000. In fact, there are several counties in the state that would and could not exist but for the taxes paid promptly by the railroads.

The final assessment returns for McKinley county are \$9,346,976, of which the assessment on the Santa Fe railway company is \$3,819,126, or more than 40 per cent of the total. The telegraph lines are assessed at \$24,606, railroad buildings, \$60,000, telephone lines, \$6,150; surface improvements of mines, \$293,830; non-productive mining land, \$49,110; timber land, \$203,400.

Chronic Constipation

It is by no means an easy matter to cure this disease, but it can be done in most instances by taking Chamberlain's Tablets and complying with the plain printed directions that accompany each package.—Adv.

TWO MINERS KILLED

Santa Fe, Aug. 6.—Two miners, Antonio R. Gonzales and Felipe Jaramillo, were killed by a "dead" shot while working in the Lynchburg drift of the Empire Zinc company at Kelly, Socorro county. Gonzales was unmarried but Jaramillo leaves a wife and child.

If your child is pale and sickly, picks at the nose, starts in the sleep and grinds the teeth while sleeping, it is a sure sign of worms. A remedy for these parasites will be found in WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It not only clears out the worms, but it restores health and cheerfulness. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

MURDERED WITH KNIFE

Santa Fe, Aug. 6.—A Sunday murder is reported from Texico, Martin Torres being the victim, and Guadalupe Pacheco being in jail charged with cutting the throat of Torres, using the small blade of a pearl hand led pocket knife. Torres is said to have been intoxicated and to have attacked Pacheco with a pocket knife, ripping the sleeve of his shirt.

Sallow complexion comes from bilious impurities in the blood and the fault lies with the liver and bowels—they are torpid. The medicine that gives results in such cases is HERBINE. It is a fine liver stimulant and bowel regulator. Price 50c. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

BERNALILLO, DONA ANA AND GRANT FOLLOW IN THE ORDER NAMED

Santa Fe, Aug. 6.—Chief Clerk Rupert F. Asplund of the State Tax Commission has completed his compilation of the bonded indebtedness of state, counties, municipalities and school districts of New Mexico. The total reaches the formidable sum of \$10,951,768 or about \$20 per capita or an annual interest charge of about \$1.50 on every man, woman and child in the state. The state indebtedness is \$3,308,000; of the counties, \$2,332,337.37; of the municipalities, \$3,061,430; of the school districts about \$1,750,000. The state indebtedness, however, includes \$1,178,000 series C. Santa Fe and Grant county bonds, and \$541,000 series B. Santa Fe county bonds assumed by the state, the principal to be paid from a special land grant and the interest being met by the counties.

San Miguel county has the heaviest bonded indebtedness, \$479,600; Bernalillo comes next with \$354,722.50; then Dona Ana, \$241,502.14; Grant, \$228,000; Socorro, \$175,600; Chaves, \$171,000; Luna, \$135,000; Otero, \$120,000; Valencia, \$111,000; Lincoln, \$108,000; Mora, \$86,000; Eddy, \$73,000; Colfax, \$59,500; Curry, \$59,000; Guadalupe, \$55,735; Sierra, \$55,000; Taos, \$49,000; Union, \$44,500; Rio Arriba, \$45,571.73; Sandoval, \$50,000; Torrance, \$40,000; San Juan, \$38,700; Quay, \$37,500; Roosevelt, \$17,500; McKinley, \$10,000.

Of the municipalities, Albuquerque has the biggest debt, \$835,000; Raton has \$449,997; Alamogordo, \$300,000; Roswell, \$205,000; Gallup, \$160,000; Tucumcari, \$153,000; Clayton, \$135,000; Clovis, \$125,000; Silver City, \$117,500; Las Cruces, \$115,000; Portales, \$75,000; East Las Vegas, \$68,346.04; Deming, \$58,000; Farmington, \$53,000; Artesia, \$49,000; Springer, \$37,000; Santa Fe, \$31,700; Hagerman, \$16,000; Santa Rosa, \$15,000; Dexter, \$14,000; Carlsbad, \$10,300; Lake Arthur, \$2,000.

Bernalillo county has a school indebtedness of \$228,700, exceeded only by Chaves county with \$228,700; Dona Ana, \$161,244; Colfax, \$148,600; Eddy, \$116,244.32; Quay, \$102,186; Otero, \$95,200, the other counties being less than \$90,000.

BIG SHEEP SALE

Columbus, O., Aug. 7.—The first sheep sale of its kind ever attempted in this country east of the Mississippi River was opened at the State Fair Grounds here today, when an organization supported by the various registry associations offered for sale at public auction 1,500 registered sheep.

If you sit in a cool draft when you are heated and get a stiff neck or lame back you will be looking for something that will ease the pain. Fix your mind on BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT and don't be talked out of it, because it is the best pain relieving liniment you can get anywhere. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

Mrs. N.-B. Field of Albuquerque, wife of a prominent New Mexico attorney, is here visiting friends.

Zensal will stop the itching. For all skin troubles. Sold by E. G. Murphey.—Adv.

FIRST WOMAN DIPLOMATIST

Former American Woman Is One of Britain's Representatives at Hague Conference

London, England.—The first woman diplomatist to sit at a table of diplomatic negotiations according to the Daily Mail, is Mrs. Darley Livingstone who was one of the six British official representatives at the Anglo-German conference at the Hague recently, to deal with questions on prisoners of war.

Mrs. Livingstone is an American married to a British officer and has been a member and secretary of the government committee on the treatment by the enemy of British prisoners since it was formed two years ago.

In the early days of the war Mrs. Livingstone used to do all the interviewing of the sick and wounded prisoners who were returned periodically and although this work is now done largely by a large staff of volunteers, she still makes it a point of personally interviewing all escaped prisoners of war.

Mrs. Livingstone talking about her visit to the Hague said:

"People did seem surprised to find a woman among the British representatives. I am sure I don't know why, because there is really nothing that women are not doing in England today, is there? I had no means of telling what the German representatives thought, because, of course, we didn't talk to each other—not socially, I mean. In fact, it would be quite impossible to give you an adequate of the extreme formality of the proceedings.

"I was there merely to assist Sir Robert Younger, our chairman, with information which as secretary of the committee I naturally have at command. It was real hard work all the time, and both parties were concerned solely with the welfare of the prisoners. Questions concerning them were the only ones discussed, and I think the agreements concluded will be found to be very satisfactory."

ASSESSMENT RETURNS SHOW PEOPLE OF VALENCIA ARE SHORT OF CASH

Santa Fe, Aug. 3.—Who owns the two diamond studs in Valencia county? The assessor returned them at \$140, while five diamond rings are listed at \$675; all the gold and silver plate in the county at \$245, 19 silver watches \$140; 16 gold watches \$221. Household furniture is valued at \$31,374 or about \$2 worth for every person in the county. There are 295 sewing machines \$2,928; 40 pianos \$3,578; 3 player pianos \$250; organs \$150; phonographs \$40; other musical instruments \$121.

The county has 1,009 town lots, all at Belen, valued with improvements

at \$182,426; 14,489 acres of agricultural land \$922,171; \$1,860,785 acres grazing land \$2,908,178; mineral land \$500; no timber land, leaving several million acres of privately owned lands unaccounted for.

There are 3,484 horses \$162,905; 40 mules \$40; 160 burros \$960; 21,973 cattle \$736,062; 133,256 sheep \$793,883; 1691 goats \$13,755; 188 swine \$2,440.

Merchandise is valued at \$242,976; 4 adding machines \$315; 11 typewriters \$270; 12 cash registers \$400; 31 scales \$501; store and office furniture \$12,572; carriages and wagons \$18,661; saddles, robes and harness \$9,512; threshing machines \$2,265; farm tractors \$800; cream separators \$113; other farm implements \$8,774; oats \$340; barley \$45; hay \$500; tools \$483; 78 automobiles \$18,755; 2 bicycles \$24; books \$852 or a nickel's worth for each inhabitant; garages \$600; newspaper and printing plants \$1,200; bees \$275; money \$3,744 or two dimes for each inhabitant; standing timber and stumpage \$512,161; flour mills \$9,000; saw mills \$2,000; dipping plants \$900; railroads \$7,750, 184 or more than one-half of the total valuation of \$14,689,601; telegraph lines \$43,560; telephone lines \$18,080; banks \$57,680; rock crusher \$22,500; all other property \$25; penalties \$307,913; exemptions \$197,919.

CLANCY WANTS RETAINER

Santa Fe, Aug. 8.—Former Attorney General Frank W. Clancy will apply to state treasurer for a warrant for \$2,500 retainer by the state boundary commission. Treasurer Hall will refuse to issue the warrant, and Mr. Clancy will then bring mandamus. The boundary commission has allowed both Mr. Clancy and Mr. O. A. Lazrazolo each \$2,500 as preliminary payments.

CO-OPERATIVE STORES

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 8.—The opening of offices in this city today by the American Co-operative association is regarded as the initial step in a widespread campaign to extend the activities of the farmers' co-operative movement, which has met with marvelous success in certain sections of the northwest during the past few years. A close affiliation is believed to exist between the co-operative association and the Farmers' Nonpartisan league, which organization is already in political control in North Dakota and is making its influence felt in several of the neighboring states. The president and active director of the co-operative association is F. A. Bennett of Great Falls, Mont.

Every time the kaiser makes a speech, we have less respect for the German people—for listening to him.

Warning: If the cost of living goes any higher, we are just naturally going to have to embezzle something.

STRONG ORGANIZATION IS BEING EFFECTED FOR EDUCATIONAL CAMPAIGN

New York, Aug. 8.—A campaign for the education of soldiers and sailors of the United States toward making them total abstainers from intoxicating liquors has been launched by the United Committee on War Temperance Activities in the army and navy, a new organization that represents the commission on temperance of the federal council of the Churches of Christ in America, the World Christian Endeavor union, the Epworth league of America and nearly a dozen other church organizations of national scope.

The chairman of the new committee is Dr. Daniel A. O'Pling of Boston, a veteran leader of the Christian Endeavor union and for many years prominent in the temperance movement. Harley H. Gill of California, formerly national vice president of the Intercollegiate Prohibition association, is executive secretary, with offices in this city. Other officers of the committee are: Vice-chairman, Anna A. Gordon, president of the national W. C. T. U.; secretary, Cora H. Stoddard, Boston; chairman of the committee on ways and means, Rev. Charles Steezle, New York City.

It is intended to reach the soldiers and sailors at the training camps and to show them that only total abstinence will make and keep them truly efficient for their work in this country and abroad.

A manual for the use of the men is being prepared, with other literature and an abundance of posters, each containing an argument against liquor. Motion picture machines will be installed in each Y. M. C. A. "hut" and portable outfits will be furnished to the smaller camps; and a large number of slides will be provided, each designed to show the bad effects on the user as well as on the army, the navy and the nation of indulgences in liquor.

Speakers of national prominence in the prohibition movement have been engaged to talk in the camps. Among them are Governor Carl Milliken of Maine, Former Governor J. Frank Hanly of Indiana, Richmond P. Hobson of Alabama, Dr. Daniel A. Poling of Boston, and Former Secretary of State, William J. Bryan.

It is realized by the committee that educational work is the most effective way of bringing about a thoroughly sober army and navy. Experience has shown that men who constantly desire liquor will at times find it despite the strictest regulations, and these as well as the occasional drinker must be shown that indulgence is most harmful in war time as well as injurious at all times. Enlisted men who know the value of total abstinence can be counted on, it is believed, to see that their weaker comrades are strengthened and brought to a right understanding on this question.

In a statement concerning the work and aims of the new organization, Secretary Gill says:

"We are reliably informed that thousands of soldiers who never before used liquor have been sadly debauched through the unusual drink temptations offered in Europe, thereby greatly lowering their efficiency.

The work of our committee is to maintain in our training camps a thorough educational campaign to fortify the

soldiers against liquor. The program in the camps will be directed by the Y. M. C. A. secretaries and the army and navy chaplains, who have promised hearty co-operation.

RAILROADS ARE USING PLAN SUGGESTED BY TRANSPORTATION WAR BOARD

Amarillo, Tex., Aug. 8.—Moving empty freight cars promptly from one railroad to another, without regard to ownership, will relieve the car shortage greatly, said R. J. Parker, general manager of western lines of the Santa Fe system, today in discussing the abnormal traffic conditions brought about by the war.

"This is a new departure in American railroading, which the managers think will help meet the extraordinary demands made on the carriers by the government and the public. Under this arrangement empty cars will be moved on fast time to the point where they are needed. This plan was suggested by the railroad war board. Reports received so far by this board from the car service commission show that the plan is working satisfactorily."

"The war board," Mr. Parker continued, "is made up of five railroad presidents, representing all the railroads in the United States. This board co-operates with the government in arranging for the transportation needs of the nation.

"Just now plans have been agreed upon after a series of conferences between the railroads' war board and representatives of the army, navy and the United States shipping board, for the prompt movement of lumber and other supplies to the shipbuilding yards, the army cantonments and other mobilization points. It is estimated that in the next few months the government will require 100,000 cars for this purpose alone."

ANGERED AT THE BOSS, THEY FASTEN A PILE OF TIES ON THE RAILS

Tucumcari, N. M., Aug. 8.—Two Mexicans, Sotero Gonzales and Refugio Sovala, section hands on the T. & M., between Endee and Glenrio, attempted to wreck train No. 42, eastbound passenger. Three ties were placed on the track, one near Endee, one near Glenrio and one about half way between, so it is stated by witnesses.

The eastbound passenger was running slowly as it pulled out of Endee and had not gained much headway when the engineer saw something on the track. He stopped the train a few yards away from the object and found it to be a tie wired to the track. Removing this he continued eastward removing the other ties which were tied to the track. He reported same to railroad special agents and they located the guilty parties. Gonzales was arrested but Sovala got away and is still at large.

Gonzales was brought to Tucumcari where he was given a preliminary trial before Judge Hunter. He confessed his guilt and said Sovala threatened to kill him if he didn't put the one on closest to Endee. The reason given for attempting to wreck the train was to get even with the section boss who had made them angry.

Ben Boyd, a traveling salesman for the B. Hart Silk company, is here calling on the trade.

**Dry Zensal
Moist Zensal**

The fact that Zensal is made to reach the two distinct types of Eczema should appeal to all skin sufferers. Tetter, Salt Rheum and Dry Eczema should be treated with Dry Zensal. Moist Eczema or Weeping Skin with Moist Zensal, 75 cents a Jar at

E. G. MURPHEY

NOT AS MANY EXEMPTIONS AS ED FOR IN SAN MIGUEL AS WAS EXPECTED

A considerable number of the men who were examined by Dr. H. J. Mueller for the draft army failed to pass the physical examination and will be examined again by Dr. Edwin B. Shaw in the course of a few days. The following men have passed the physical examination: William Leyba, Leyba; Apolonio S. Madrid, East Las Vegas; Elfido Gomez, San Geronimo; Thomas Haydon Eckerd, East Las Vegas; Frank Russell Linberg, East Las Vegas; Frank Warren Winters, East Las Vegas; William C. Sanders, East Las Vegas; John Woods Harris, Jr., East Las Vegas; Charles E. Clement, East Las Vegas; G. M. Jones, East Las Vegas; Herbert W. Gehring, East Las Vegas; Samuel Adelo, Las Vegas; Fred Schutt, Canon del Agua; Granville Ray McDaniel, East Las Vegas; Lucio Torres, El Cerrito; Elias Jaramillo, Upper Las Vegas; Alfredo D. Romero, Los Alamos; Maximiliano Esquibel, Red Mountain; Macario Herrera, Sapello; Sam Stroup Hall, East Las Vegas; Samuel Tafoya, Las Vegas; Petronilo Apodaca, Chapelle; Ricardo Trujillo, Los Alamos and Jose Beatriz Gonzales, Sena.

The following seven applied for exemption:

Charles Emile Clement, aged 25 years, serial number 1118, claims exemption on grounds that he is married and has wife and child dependent on him for support.

Petronilo Apodaca of Chapelle, aged 29 years, claims exemption on grounds that he has a wife and child to support.

Santiago Jaramillo, aged 26 years, serial number 1705, claims exemption on ground that he is a son of a widow dependent upon his labor for support.

Frank Russell Linberg, aged 22 years, serial number 1250, claims exemption on the ground that he is employed by the United States in the transmission of mails.

Ricardo Trujillo, aged 21 years, serial number 1574, claims that he is a son of a widow dependent upon his labor for support.

Alfredo D. Romero, aged 25 years, of Los Alamos, claims exemption on the ground that he is a married man with a wife and child dependent upon his labor for his support.

Jose Beatriz Gonzales, aged 27 years, of Sena, claims exemption on the ground that he is a married man with a wife and child dependent upon his labor for his support.

The statement in last evening's paper that Rev. Ray Spotts Dum had passed the physical examination was said today to have been a mistake. Mr. Dum will be re-examined by Dr. Shaw. Tomorrow the first quota of men called for the draft examinations is due to appear. On the following two days 142 men will appear each morning. It is not expected that the work of examination can be completed in the three days prescribed by the regulations.

OF FIRST NINETY-SEVEN MEN EXAMINED ONE-HALF FAIL PHYSICALLY

Up to this morning at 11:30 o'clock 97 men had been examined at the court house as to their physical condition for the military service. Out of the 97 men 50 per cent were accepted

for military service. It was stated today that it would take several more days than planned on to complete the examinations.

There are two physicians examining the men when they first come in for examination; these doctors are Dr. H. J. Mueller and Dr. H. M. Smith. Those that have failed to pass the physical test will be re-examined again by other physicians, who are Dr. F. H. Crail and Dr. E. B. Shaw. If a man should pass the examination by the second test he will qualify for service; if he should fail he will be exempt permanently.

At 12:00 o'clock a total of 43 claims for exemption had been filed. All but five claimed on the ground of dependents. The other five were in United States service.

Among the men who claimed exemption today are: N. Medina, Sena; H. Hovland, Cherryvale; Adolfo Martinez, Pecos; N. Aragon, Sapello; Juan Gual, Trujillo; G. M. McGuire, East Las Vegas; Alfredo Tapia, Ribera; Sigund Baca, Trujillo; Sebastian Beinaidez, Soham; M. Dubuiskey, Las Vegas; Jose Elestino Archibeque, Sena; Romon Gonzales, San Jose; Frutoso Montano, La Liendre; Jose L. Cisneros, Las Vegas; Patricio Alarcen, Las Vegas; Luciano K. Baca, Las Vegas; Granville Ray McDaniels, East Las Vegas; Juan Roybal, Pecos; William H. Rogers, East Las Vegas; Jacob P. Janzen, East Las Vegas; Elfido Gomez, San Geronimo; W. E. Dewar, East Las Vegas; Ecipio Salas, Antonchico and Daniel Martinez, Chapelle.

QUIET CEREMONY UNITES VEGAS GIRL AND JAMES GUINOTTE OF KANSAS CITY

The wedding of Miss Mary Oldham Harris and Mr. James Guinotte was solemnized Wednesday before only the family. A reception was held at 5:30 o'clock at the Harris home, which was attended only by the families of the bride and groom and a few most intimate friends.

The bride's dress was a lovely white beaded Georgette crepe over silk. She wore a white satin hat trimmed with silver ribbon and carried an old fashioned bouquet of pink sweet peas and roses.

Miss Helen Kelly was bridesmaid, and wore a pink and white veil dress trimmed in lace and a pink chiffon hat. She carried a bouquet of pink roses. Mr. Jules Guinotte, brother of the groom, was best man. The couple were joined in marriage by Father William Michel of Kansas City, Kas.

The Harris' home was beautifully decorated with roses, candy tuft, larkspur and asparagus ferns. Pink and blue was the color scheme carried out. A stringed orchestra played during the reception.

The bride's going-away-suit was a dark blue snake cloth. Her hat was dark blue moire silk.

Mr. and Mrs. Guinotte expect to leave this evening on a wedding tour and will take a motor trip through Colorado. They will reside in Kansas City, Mo.

Mrs. Guinotte is a most popular and attractive young woman. She was born in Kansas and spent most of her girlhood days in Kansas City. She spent the past few years here and made a host of friends who regret to see her go but wish her much happiness.

Mr. Guinotte is a popular young man here, where he has visited sever-

al times, and in his home, Kansas City, he has many friends who predict a bright future for him. At present he is in the insurance business.

The out-of-town guests for the wedding and reception were, Mrs. W. A. Oldham, grandmother of the bride; Mr. W. A. Oldham, an uncle; Mr. Jules Guinotte, Mr. H. R. C. Hickey, Mr. James Van Buren, Mr. Nathan Young, Mr. Ted Drake, Mr. and Mrs. George T. Allen and Mrs. Jack Groves.

JUDGE LEAHY SENTENCES FIVE TO PENITENTIARY FROM GUADALUPE COUNTY

Judge David J. Leahy and District Attorney Chester A. Hunker returned Tuesday from Santa Rosa where the judge held court.

William Seela and Allen Henderson pleaded guilty to burglary. They stole from the Santa Fe freight cars at Vaughn on June 12, some small articles as a box of Camel cigarettes, a box of Prince Albert tobacco, and some other articles. William Seela is the son of George Seela, who a year ago pleaded guilty to the killing of V. J. Strickland. These two young men were sentenced for not less than one year nor more than 14 months in the state penitentiary.

Allen Henderson pleaded guilty to pointing a pistol at the freight agent at Vaughn and securing \$20.85 on June 2, 1917. His sentence was not less than one year nor more than 18 months. Henderson's second sentence will take effect after his first sentence is served.

V. Sanchez pleaded guilty to forging a check for \$20.00 on Vincente Brothers at Vaughn, and received a sentence of one year and not more than eighteen months.

Cy. Pendelton and Dewey Lakey, both pleaded guilty to grand larceny and were sentenced to one year to 18 months. These chaps stole provisions and clothing from E. Kent and Sons of Los Tanos. They had intended to go camping for several weeks, but were caught in the act of stealing their supplies.

ERROR IS DISCOVERED AND NEW OFFICIAL ROSTER IS BEING PREPARED

According to news received here, the plans of the Mora county examination board have been changed because of a mistake in the notification of the men subject to draft. The board found numerous errors in the lists, due to the fact that the use of the master list of numbers received from Washington had been misinterpreted. Thus many men not actually drawn were summoned to appear for the first draft, while an equal number who should have been summoned were not called. The board has gone to work on the compilation of a new list, which will require several days. The changes affect the towns of Mora, Wagon Mound, Roy and other large settlements, as well as the country districts.

A thief last night entered the garage of Dr. William Howe, at the rear of his residence on North Third street, and stole the tires off the rear wheels. In order to get the tires, the thief was obliged to raise the car upon a jack. Dr. Howe sleeps on a sleeping porch at the rear of his house, not far from the garage, but did not hear the thief at his work. A grip was stolen last night from a traveler or a hotel guest.

It was found this morning near the residence being erected on Lincoln avenue by Dean Frank Carroon. Women's clothing was scattered all about. It is believed by Chief Coles that the robbery of the garage and the theft of the suitcase was done by the same person. In Kansas the activities of auto thieves are becoming so serious as to attract the attention of the sharpest officers of the law. In one Kansas town five autos were stolen in one week.

Mrs. May Saxton, wife of James Saxton, died early this morning at her home, 812 Seventh Street. The funeral will be held at 2:30 o'clock from the residence. Rev. Norman Skinner will conduct the services. Mrs. Saxton had resided in Las Vegas many years. Before her marriage she was Miss May Henry.

Miss Louise Cunningham left her car parked on the left hand side of the street yesterday. This morning she contributed \$1.50 and costs, amounting to \$5.00, to the city through Judge Stewart. Miss Cunningham is the third representative of the fair sex to be fined for violating the traffic ordinance.

The county commissioners have ordered six bridges to be built as soon as the plans are drawn and bids are let. The new bridges are to be built at Variadero, Cuervo, Sapello, La Liendre, Chaperito, and Cerrito.

A marriage license was granted this morning to Jose Gabriel Garcia, aged 18 years and Anita Sanchez, aged 18 years. The couple reside in Tremontina.

Ralph Rohrer, who formerly resided here and was well known in business and social circles, is now in the United States army. Mr. Rohrer recently visited friends in Las Vegas.

Lawrence A. Tamme has received his appointment as a federal game warden. Mr. Tamme also is a deputy game warden for the state. He and other deputies in San Miguel county would appreciate it if persons knowing of violations of the game laws would report to them as soon as possible after the violation occurs.

Felipe N. Sanchez, who left recently to join the navy, has written from San Francisco that he has entered the service and is enjoying the training. Mr. Sanchez gave up a good position in the bank at Wagon Mound to fight for Uncle Sam. He is one of many native born New Mexicans who have followed a similar course.

Santa Fe, Aug. 9—The supreme court has handed down an opinion in favor of the state in the case against the First State bank of Las Cruces. The district court had denied preference to the state in the suit brought by Attorney General Frank W. Clancy on a claim of \$7,413.52, the amount of state college funds that the treasurer of the college, Morgan O. Llewellyn had deposited with the bank which went into receivers' hands. The opinion is by Justice C. J. Roberts. The state supreme court affirmed the district court for Chaves county in the case of Bertha H. Kleiner, et al appellee, vs. James O'Kelley, appellant, on a note for \$2,447.50 and deficiency judgment of \$365 in favor of appellee.

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY FOR OKLAHOMA WILL ASK FOR EXECUTIONS

Muskogee, Okla., Aug. 6—United States District Attorney W. P. McGinnis announced that men arrested on charges of resisting the draft in connection with the Oklahoma uprising will be tried for treason and that the death penalty will be asked by the government. District Attorney McGinnis has sent two deputy attorneys to the infested districts of the state to gather evidence against the alleged traitors.

Success is Doomed

Oklahoma City, Okla., Aug. 6—The second week of guerrilla warfare in which hundreds of armed men have stalked each other through the rough and timbered country of central Oklahoma began today with the prediction that uprisings against the selective draft was doomed.

The rioters, who have spread a reign of terror through four counties in the central southern portion of the state, were declared to have been driven into Seminole and Hughes counties, where they faced a sufficient number of heavily armed possemen to force their surrender.

More than 200 members of the various bands have been placed under arrest. Among the resisters captured are said to be several of the leaders, but at least three of the men held responsible for spreading the propaganda are believed still to be at large.

Full-blooded Indians, many of whom at first were reported to be among the hostile bands of government enemies, have rendered favorable assistance in hunting down the resisters.

One Resister Killed

Oklahoma City, Okla., Aug. 6—Clashing with posse men in the hilly country north of the South Canadian river last night at a locality called Cross Roads School House, the Oklahoma draft resisters left one of their number, Ed Baylock, dead as they withdrew. Jack Page, a posse man was wounded in the leg. Henry Johnson, another member of the citizens' force, was shot in the head. The country where the fighting occurred is wild, and communication is possible only by courier.

Fight Occurs Near Calvin

Holdenville, Okla., Aug. 6—The fight in which Ed Baylock, draft resister, was killed last night took place about three miles north of Calvin, according to meager reports from that place. About 50 objectors, alleged members of the "Working Class Union," have been congregating in the woods in that neighborhood for the past week, posse members declared, and it was with members of this organization that the battle was waged. Two resisters are said to have been wounded.

Car of Dynamite ound

Henrietta, Okla., Aug. 6—A half carload of dynamite was captured by deputy sheriffs today at Spaulding, seven miles northeast of Sasakawa as it was being run into a siding. The explosive was believed to have been brought into the country by members of the working class union to aid their scheme of terrorizing. Information regarding the capture was given out by the deputies.

Forty Lodged in Penitentiary
McAlester, Okla., Aug. 6—Forty al-

leged draft resisters were brought here from Holdenville today and lodged in the penitentiary pending a hearing. Three others also were arrested at Scipio last night and brought here for trial.

Posse Goes to Pottawatomie

Shawnee, Okla., Aug. 6—A posse of 20, headed by Sheriff Darden of Pottawatomie county, left this morning in a special train for Asher, 22 miles south of here, in response to a call for help. Members of the working class union and "the Jones family" were said to be terrorizing the district.

GASPARI TO RESIGN

Rome, Aug. 6—Cardinal Gaspari is expected to resign his post as papal secretary of state, according to the Messaggero, which attributes his intention in part to reasons of health and in part because of the desire of Pope Benedict to exercise more direct control over the Vatican's policies.

IN MEANTIME, EDUCATIONAL WORK OF NEW MEXICO IS HAMPERED

Santa Fe, N. M., Aug. 6—Applications for state aid and rural school building, under the state law providing such aid for financially weak school districts, are now on file in the State Department of Education from large numbers of school districts in twenty of the twenty-eight counties in New Mexico. The total amount of the aid asked for in these applications is \$18,458.00. The department of education has examined these applications carefully and has approved them all for payment. The payments however are delayed, and must be delayed for some time to come,—not by the department of education, whose records show that there is, or should be ample money in the State Aid fund to pay all these applications; but because the money is not in the fund to pay them, and because the state auditor can not issue warrants covering the applications until the money is there. This money has been spent for other state purposes under enactments of the legislature, which, no matter what their constitutional status may be, have been effective orders on the state treasury which could not be denied by the state's disbursing officers.

Demands for funds under the state aid law have recently become so insistent and the need for tendering this aid so urgent that State Superintendent of Education J. H. Wagner today issued a statement explaining in detail the reasons why these approved petitions for aid have not been paid.

"No one knows better than we in his department the great need for state aid in school building in many districts," said Mr. Wagner, "and because the failure of these districts to receive the state aid funds for which they have properly applied may lead to a misunderstanding as to the cause of the delay, we feel that a statement of the situation is necessary. In 1909 our legislature passed a law under which the residue from the current funds each year is converted into a separate fund for the use of the department of education in supplying state aid for weak school districts; to the end that every school district may have equipment and the school term guaranteed in the enabling act

and constitution. Under this law school districts needing assistance may make application to the department of education, with the approval of the county school superintendent. If the application is approved by the department and the attorney general, the state then allows \$300 to such district for building and \$50 for furniture, with the provision that the district so aided pays one-third of the total outlay and furnishes a school site.

The wisdom of this law is generally agreed upon. The fund for its execution should be as sacredly guarded as any other school fund. Without its development of our rural school system to its present status would have been impossible, especially in the poorer counties. Large amounts have been paid out under the state land law and in some counties every school district has had its assistance.

"Had the state aid fund been left intact ample money would have been available to meet every proper application for assistance, including every dollar of the nearly \$20,000 for which approved applications are now on file. Unfortunately the state aid fund has been depleted for other state purposes. The books of this department show that there is, or should be available in the state aid fund a total of \$20,365.27. As a matter of fact less than \$5,000 is in the fund and the state auditor properly refuses to issue warrants against the fund for money not there to pay them.

"Briefly the reason for this condition is that on July 28, 1915, the state aid fund, then showing a cash balance in the treasury of \$47,000 was drawn upon for \$37,600 with which to pay for the cost of the 1915 codification of the laws of New Mexico. The authority for this draft was found in the law authorizing the codification which provided that payment of the costs thereof should be made 'out of any funds in the state treasury other than those for interest on the state debt and sinking fund.' The cost of the codification, in other words, was provided for by a blanket order on the treasury. Unfortunately it so happened that our state aid for weak school districts fund was the only one which at that time had a balance large enough to pay the bill for the codification. The state aid fund, therefore, was the one to suffer. Later in the same year, on December 3, the state aid fund was tapped for \$3,400 more, as an advance to the experiment station of the state agricultural college. We do not know yet exactly upon what authority this advance was made. The amount is relatively small and the experiment station's funds soon will permit repayment.

"We wish it clearly understood that this statement is not a criticism of the legislators or of any one else. The department of education is interested only in finding a way out of our difficulty, so that the state aid so urgently needed may be extended to the schools. This is simply a statement of facts so that the people of the interested districts may know why their aid is delayed and so that the position of the department of education may not be misunderstood.

"On August 15, 1916, \$15,000 of the money taken out of our state aid fund for the codification of the laws was repaid to the fund, and on September 20, 1916, \$10,000 more was refunded. The fund is still short \$12,500 of

funds withdrawn for the codification, and the \$3,400 advanced to the agricultural college, or a total of \$15,900. As has been stated our books show a balance of \$20,365.27 in the state aid fund. From this, however, must be deducted the \$15,000 which should be there and is not.

"This is the reason, and the only reason why applications now on file have not been allowed and paid. They total \$18,458 and every one is proper. I have approved every one of them. I know the needs of these school districts. Many of them have a total of taxable property ranging from \$2,200 to \$7,000 a year, which at the highest possible rate of taxation would not enable them to pay a teacher, much less to build a school. They cannot proceed with their school work without this state aid. The department of education is doing everything it can to get an adjustment of this situation and to secure the return of the funds taken out of the state aid fund, without waiting for the next session of the legislature. We will continue to use every effort to that end and hope for success. In the meantime our needy school districts have no option but to wait."

INDICATIONS ARE THE OKLAHOMA DRAFT TROUBLES ARE ABOUT ENDED

Oklahoma City, Okla., Aug. 7.—

Draft objectors continued to surrender today without offering resistance. With two of the national organizers of the working class union among the more than 250 prisoners already taken, officers continued their search for three or four others of the more prominent leaders in an effort to put an end to the sporadic outbreaks.

The wounding of William McEwan, deputy sheriff, while guarding the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad bridge at Wetumka, and the capture of John Harjo Snake, leader of the Indian working class union membership of Seminole county, and the confession of Mate Harris that he ordered the burning of the Frisco bridge near Francis, were late developments. The home of the Che Parney Fixico, known as "Snake", the young Seminole who captured "Bud" Manealey in woman's clothing, was reported to have been burned early today.

REPORTS SHOW RAILROADS' NET REVENUE INCREASED \$8,000,000 IN JUNE

Washington, Aug. 7—Record prosperity for the railroads is shown in interstate commerce commission returns for June. The 153 railroads covered by the figures, operating three-fourths of the country's mileage, reported that their net revenue increased nearly \$8,000,000 over June, 1916, the previous record month, and reached a total of \$88,283,329. Operating cost grew more than \$38,000,000, totaling \$273,857,527, while expenses were approximately \$30,000,000 higher than a year ago.

Clay Center, Kas., Aug. 7—Former President William H. Taft became ill at a hotel during the night, and today is under the care of a physician. The nature of his illness was described only as being stomach trouble. He will be unable to leave Clay Center today for Lincoln, Neb., where he has a speaking engagement. He delivered an address here last night.

SEVERAL MEN HOLDING PROMINENT POSITIONS FOLLOW ZIMMERMAN'S EXAMPLE

Berlin, (via London) Aug. 6.—Official announcement was made today that five ministers of state, including Foreign Secretary Zimmerman, and four secretaries of state, including Finance Minister Lentze, and Interior Minister von Loebell, had resigned their portfolios. Dr. Richard von Kuehlmann, the German ambassador to Turkey, has been appointed secretary for foreign affairs in succession to Dr. Zimmermann.

The Landrat von Graevinitz was appointed to succeed Arnold Tahnschaffe as chief of the imperial chancellery. The ministry of economics will ultimately be separated from the ministry of the interior, and Herr Waldraff, mayor of Cologne, will be appointed minister of the interior, and Herr Schwander, mayor of Strassburg, minister of economics with the titles of excellency.

In addition to the appointment of Dr. von Kuehlmann as secretary for foreign affairs, Herr Ruedlin was made director of railways and minister of posts, and Privy Councillor von Krause was named secretary of justice. Over-President von Waldow was appointed chief of the department of army nourishment.

The vacant Prussian ministerial posts were filled as follows: Minister of justice, Dr. Peter Spahn, leader of the Catholic party in the reichstag; minister of the interior, Under Secretary Drews; minister of instructions, Ministerial Director Schmidt; minister of agriculture, Dr. Essen-Harthruth; minister of finances, Dr. Hetz.

New Russian Cabinet

Petrograd, Aug. 6.—M. Kerensky's cabinet is practically complete. The constitutional democrats have agreed to participate, and the list of members who will form the new ministry has been agreed on, but as regards several portfolios, the choice is not definite, as the candidates are absent from Petrograd. Following are the names of the new ministers:

Premier minister of war and marine, Alexander F. Kerensky; vice premier and minister of finance, N. V. Nekrasoff; minister of foreign affairs, M. I. Terestchenko; minister of the interior, M. Aksentieff (Socialist revolutionary, lately released from penitentiary); minister of public instruction, M. Oldenberg (Constitutional democrat and member of the academy of sciences.

Minister of Labor, M. Skobelev; minister of trade and industry, M. Prokopovitch; minister of social tutelage, M. Astroff (Mayor of Moscow, constitutional democrat). Minister of supplies, M. Piescheonoff; minister of justice, M. Yefremoff; procurator of the holy synod, M. Kartasheff; minister of communications, M. Takhtamisheff; minister of posts and telegraphs, M. Nikitine, (Social democrat); state comptroller, F. A. Golovine; minister of agriculture, M. Tchernoff (Socialist); assistant minister of war, M. Savinkoff.

Foreign minister Terestchenko informed the Associated Press that M. Tchernoff, who again becomes minister of agriculture has been fully rehabilitated, his accusers having withdrawn charges that he had relations with Germany.

WILL NOT BE TAKEN INTO THE GERMAN ARMY WHEN NEEDED TO HANDLE CROPS

Washington, Aug. 6.—Provision to protect harveting from shortage of hands due to the mobilization of the national army has been made by the government in regulations now going out to district exemption boards. Men needed in the fields to complete harvesting will be permitted to remain at work until the need for them passes. Local boards, because of their knowledge of local crop conditions, will determine what men are necessary in this class.

First Fifty Claim Exemption

Denver, Colo., Aug. 6.—The first 50 men examined under the selective draft law in Denver all claimed exemptions. The first allotments were called for examination today. Some of the claims were based on physical disabilities. The exemption boards declined to give out any figures on the number who had passed the physical examination.

REPORT THAT WORK ON ARMY CANTONMENT WOULD STOP IS DENIED

El Paso, Texas, Aug. 6.—Local officers of the carpenters' union which has jurisdiction over the union carpenters at Deming, N. M., denied today that a strike of carpenters employed on the army camp buildings there would be called. The union officers said there will be no strike of union carpenters at Deming or elsewhere while employed on army camp construction work if the union scale of wages was paid, and that no demand would be made for recognition of the union.

THREE HUNDRED PEOPLE ARE KILLED IN HENNINGSDORF CATASTROPHE

London, Aug. 6.—According to reports received from the German frontier by the correspondent at Amsterdam of the Exchange Telegram company, the explosion at Henningsdorf was one of the worst catastrophes of its kind that has happened to Germany since the war began. A munition factory was wiped out, 300 people were killed or injured and enormous damage was done. Henningsdorf has been isolated by police and troops.

THE CAUSE OF CONSTIPATION

Constipation is usually due to a lack of water in the excrement. To effect a cure you must take more water into the system. It may be months, however, before this has any appreciable effect on the bowels, but when persisted in and fruit and vegetables containing water are eaten freely, the condition may be overcome. In the meantime use the mildest laxatives obtainable and take only enough to produce the desired effect. Chamberlain's Tablets are one of the best. They are easy to take and most agreeable in effect.—Adv.

Washington, Aug. 7.—Liberia, the negro republic on the coast of Africa, has declared war on Germany. Some time ago Liberia broke off diplomatic relations. The declaration of war now gives opportunity to intern German merchants and others who have been accused of unneutral activities. The United States was advised today of the little republic's action.

El Paso, Tex., Aug. 6.—Government officials here learned today that Maurice Goldner, German consul in Chihuahua, today accompanied General Francisco Murguia, commander of the northeastern military zone, to Juarez. A number of other prominent Germans from Chihuahua City also came on Murguia's special train, according to the government agents.

Reports received here from Chihuahua City also say that the Germans there have been circulating printed propaganda saying that the United States was in the throes of a revolution and that "The Mexicans and negroes of the south and the negroes, Germans and German sympathizers in the north would aid this movement."

The circulars were said to have ended with an appeal to the Mexicans to prepare to strike to regain all Mexican territory lost to the United States. The circulars have also been spread in Juarez and among the Mexicans of El Paso, according to the local government officials.

A census of the alleged I. W. W. members and sympathizers in the Columbus, N. M., camp showed 20 men among the men deported from Bisbee, Ariz.

GOTHAM'S NET GATE IS CLOSED TO REPEATING ENTERING HARBOR

New York, Aug. 6.—A report that a u-boat has been sighted near the Trans-Atlantic lanes off this port caused the war department authorities to close the gate in the net protecting the harbor mouth here at one o'clock this morning. The gate was opened again at 6 A. M.

Reopening of the port of New York came after an investigation by the navy which developed no facts regarded by the officials as justifying a continued closing of the port. The investigation is regarded by them, though, as absolute evidence of the falsity of the report.

It developed that an in-bound passenger steamship sighted what was believed to be the periscope of a submarine on Saturday night. The steamship's gunners fired three shots at the object and preparations were being made to abandon the ship if necessary. Nothing more was seen of the supposed submarine, and the vessel proceeded, arriving off port last night. According to some of the passengers, the submarine was sighted again yesterday 18 miles off shore.

Merchant Ship Saw it

Washington, Aug. 6.—A preliminary report from the master of a merchant ship who thinks he sighted the periscope of a submarine off New York yesterday has been received at the navy department. Investigation is being made.

PLOTTING A STRIKE

Crosby, Minn., Aug. 6.—The Industrial Workers of the World held a secret meeting here at midnight, and today Cuyuna range is flooded with hand bills calling the men to strike.

PROBING COST OF FLOUR

Minneapolis, Aug. 6.—An investigation into the cost of flour was begun today under the supervision of the federal trade commission.

PARIS NEWSPAPER SUGGESTS THAT IT BE GIVEN WITHOUT SECURITY

Paris, Aug. 6.—The Journal des Debats, in a prominent review of finances yesterday, says that it is America's imperative duty to recognize obligations toward France which it cannot ask and that it must open credits to the allies as large as may be required, without which they cannot continue the war. The article points out that the status of the United States is different now that she is in the war, and says that it must not expect the same securities as when her standing was on a private basis.

CABINET DRAWS UP DECLARATION OF WAR WHICH PRESIDENT APPROVES

Peking, Thursday Aug. 2 (Delayed)—Acting President Feng Kwo Chang today approved the unanimous decision reached at a special meeting of the Chinese cabinet to declare war on Germany and Austria-Hungary. The ministers of the entente powers probably will meet at the Chinese foreign office on Saturday to discuss China's declaration of war, which is expected to be issued next week.

Prominent Germans in Peking are conferring with the Dutch minister to China with the object of making arrangements to go to Java. The Spanish minister probably will take over the interests of Austria-Hungary. Parliamentarians are assembling at Canton and are preparing to organize a military government with the sanction of Parliament and to elect a president. Acting President Feng Kwo-Chang has asked for liberal appropriations to be used in suppressing the southern military elements.

SPENDS THREE WEEKS AWAY FROM BASE AND CAPABLE OF STAYING LONGER

An Atlantic Port, Aug. 7.—One German submarine during a three-week period ending July 19 sank 19 vessels aggregating 66,000 tons, and was still in condition to remain longer away from its base, according to a report brought here today by Harold Hansen, of Detroit, a member of the crew of one of the 19 ships, who said he received his information from the u-boat commander.

Hansen said he belonged to the Norwegian sailing ship Artensis, a vessel of 1,789 tons gross register, sunk while on its way from Glasgow to Hampton Roads. His ship stopped when ordered to do so by the submarine commander and a detail from the u-boat came aboard and removed all the food supplies. The crew was then ordered into the boats, given the course to the nearest land, and the Artensis was torpedoed. The captain of the submarine, Hansen said, told him and other members of his crew with pride that he had sunk 18 other ships in three weeks, and was after more.

AN ALLIED CONFERENCE

London, Aug. 7.—A conference of the representatives of the entente allies, a continuation of the Paris conference, was commenced in London this morning. David Lloyd George, the British premier, presided. All the entente allies were represented either by ambassadors, ministers or special representatives.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE

Chicago, Aug. 9.—Although considerable interest was manifested today as to what influence the final passage of the food control bill would have on the wheat market, observers found that the chief development in the trade was only a disposition to await some announcement of the policy of the administration to be appointed under the law.

Without any apparent relation to the sweeping new federal enactment, wheat opened 2½ cents higher at 227 ½ Sept., and in later transactions held steady at ½ cent reaction. The strength shown was attributed to the fact that the government estimated of the probable domestic yield of wheat this season was much under what had been generally expected.

Wheat, Sept. 222.

Lard, Sept. 2250; Oct. 2262.

Ribs, Sept. 2317; Oct. 2280.

Corn, Dec. 116 5-8; May 113 ½.

Oats, Sept. 59 1-4; Dec. 58 ¾.

Pork, Sept. 4250.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 9.—Hogs, receipts 5000; market strong. Bulk 1530@1635; heavy 1600@1665; packers and butchers; lights 1525@1360; pigs 1250@1450.

Cattle, receipts 5000. Market higher. Prime fed steers 1300@1400; dressed beef steers 1000@1250; western steers 850@1250; cows 550@1000; heifers 700@1250; stockers and feeders 650@1150; bulls 600@750; calves 600@1100.

Sheep, receipts 1000; market steady. Lambs 1325@1425; yearlings 900@

UNITED STATES MISSION RETURNS WITH CONFIDENCE IN THE FUTURE

Washington, Aug. 9—America's work toward rehabilitating Russia was taken up by officials today who had before them the extensive report and advice of the mission headed by Elihu Root. Details of the general report, which holds out high hopes for the future of Russia, still are kept secret. Mr. Root believes that any information regarding the mission's findings should come from President Wilson. The White House today had not indicated any intention to make them public.

Six special reports probably will be submitted to different departments of the government. Upon arrival in Russia each commissioner was given a special assignment to cover some particular aid to United States officials upon his return home. The assignments were as follows:

Mr. Root, minister; Charles Edward Russell, workmen's council, political parties and socialists; Cyrus H. McCormick and Charles Berton, finance; James Duncan, labor; John R. Mott and Charles R. Crane, religion; Major General Hugh L. Scott, army; Rear Admiral James H. Glennon, navy.

Reports on labor conditions are being eagerly awaited by government officials and labor leaders because of the great activity of working men in the formation of the new government and the conflicting unofficial reports on that feature of the situation. Although Mr. Duncan has not completed his special report, he gave an outline of some of the principal features of it today to set at rest conflicting stories.

"The Russian working man certainly

will do his share," Mr. Duncan said. "He has done it already and he is entering into the spirit of the new government with a whole heart. When the scheme of the government finally is rounded out, he will be found to have a big hand in it and he will discharge his duties properly.

"Gradually the working men are assimilating the idea of organization and I expect them to round out some sort of federation embracing both skilled and unskilled labor, more similar perhaps to the British system than to ours. While I was in Petrograd a meeting of 29 trades was held for the purpose of organizing, and the men listened with apparently keen interest to my explanation of how labor operated its organization in this country.

"I do not know what the results of that meeting have been, but when we left the outlook for effective organization was splendid.

"Russian working men still are dazzled by their freedom to organize. Of course, under the czar, they had no labor organizations because such bodies were regarded as revolutionary and their members were subject to the severest penalties. Now that they have organizations they scarcely know how to operate them. It is not unusual for the workers to leave their benches in the middle of the day, call a meeting and advise their employer that they are displeased with conditions.

Their street meetings are peculiar. Guaranteed the liberty of free speech, they are making the most of it. The military guards permit them wide latitude and they have some heated wrangles on street corners. At the close of the debate, however, it is customary for the leading belligerents to exchange cigarettes, shake hands and proceed to other meetings.

"The eight-hour day, enforced soon after the revolution, has greatly pleased the workers. It is a wonderful sight to see workers who have been tyrannized for years, coming out of factories at 4:00 o'clock in the afternoon with nothing to do until tomorrow.

"In many cases wages have been raised 100 per cent. This seems large, but when it is remembered that wages in Russia always were low and it was not unusual for them to make from 50 to 200 per cent, the increase does not seem exorbitant. The working men are just beginning to realize that their employers have been waxing rich off them and that heretofore they have been taking vacations of two to three months during the summer with large sums in their pockets.

"I look for close affiliation between the government and labor. Activity of the work men in the council now presages this, and the laboring classes are bright enough to maintain their present hold on the situation."

Only Reporters Wear Collars

Describing the sessions of the workmen's council, in which he sat almost daily for a month, Charles Edward Russell said it compared favorably with other similar executive bodies. The greater difference was in the absence of laundered collars. Only the newspaper reporters wore them, he said.

"The council is very well regulated," he said. "There is no such disorder as might be expected. While there are more than 1,000 members \$30 with votes and 200 without votes,

they are in good control.

"All members may speak on any proposition, if they desire, but speeches are limited to 10 minutes, except in the cases of ministers and visitors. I recall that one minister occupied two hours in explaining the proposed railroad rehabilitation plan of the United States commission. I addressed the council for about one hour and a half. Ministers are given seats on the floor, but no vote."

The mission took luncheon today with Secretary Lansing. Mr. Root probably will leave for New York tomorrow. Others have not decided when they will leave Washington.

New Ministry Strong

London, Aug. 9.—Special dispatches from Petrograd reviewing the construction of the new ministry agree that although it is not ideal it probably is as strong as circumstances permit. All refer to the immensity of the task confronting it, the first being the restoration of order and discipline in the army, the present conditions of which warrants the greatest hardly less serious.

One correspondent refers to factories being brought one by one to a partial standstill owing to a lack of fuel, which is due to a lack of transportation, while lengthening lines waiting at shop doors murmur apprehensively anxiety. Internal disorganization is of the coming winter. The same writer refers to Premier Kerensky as "turning for advice to the aged grandmother of the revolution, Catherine Breshkovskaya," in the tremendous burden of responsibility he has undertaken.

The decision of M. Tseretelli, to remain outside the ministry as a connecting link between the government and the workmen's and soldiers' council is mainly approved and his appeal to the latter to abandon the domestic clash war range themselves around the government to save the country is warmly commended.

It is believed he will have great influence in inducing the workmen's and soldiers' council to strengthen Premier Kerensky, whose maintenance at the head of the administration is regarded as of paramount importance. If Kerensky fails, one correspondent says, Russian democracy will receive a blow from which it will hardly recover.

WORKERS ARE ARRESTED

Muskogee, Okla., Aug. 9—Six alleged I. W. W. agitators are under arrest at Miami, Ottawa county, and several others have been driven from the mining district there as the result of attempts to dynamite freight cars, according to reports to the United States marshal's office here. Miami is in the heart of a lead and zinc mining district. Messages from County Attorney McNaughton of Miami said the trouble with the I. W. W. was ended.

CONVICTS FOR ROADS

Santa Fe, Aug. 9—Work on the Tijeras canyon road is to be pushed by the state highway commission and penitentiary. Forty convicts will resume work on the road, the highway commission paying \$1.00 a day and maintaining the road camp as well as furnishing tools and equipment. Bernalillo county will give \$6,000, the forest service, \$12,000 and the state \$6,000.

Estray Advertisement

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was caught in shipment at Whitewater, N. M., by Inspector J. H. Coleman, Jr., Silver City, N. M.

One red white faced yearling heifer

Branded

Right Ribs

Left Ribs

Ear marks

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Sept. 1, 1917, said date being 15 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,

Albuquerque, N. M.

1st. pub. Aug. 1, last pub. Aug. 16, '17.

Estray Advertisement

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Frank H. Clark, Albuquerque, N. M.

One Mexican bull, 3 years old, 750 lbs.

Branded

Right Hip

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Sept. 1, 1917, said date being 15 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,

Albuquerque, N. M.

1st. pub. Aug. 1, last pub. Aug. 16, '17.

Estray Advertisement

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Mr. Elias Vigil, Algodones, N. M.

One light sorrel horse, left foot white, weight about 700 lbs., about 11 years old.

Branded

Right hip

Branded

Left hip

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Sept. 6, 1917, said date being 15 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,

Albuquerque, N. M.

1st. pub. Aug. 6, last pub. Aug. 21, '17

Estray Advertisement

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Frank H. Clark, Albuquerque, N. M.

One red Mexican bull, 3 years old, 750 lbs.

Branded

Left Hip

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Sept. 1, 1917, said date being 15 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,

Albuquerque, N. M.

1st. pub. Aug. 1, last pub. Aug. 16, '17.

Nowadays a king has about as much chance as a married man.