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NATION-WIDE STRIKE IS BECOMING SERIOUS

Chicago, Aug. 7.—At the headquarters of the Federated Railway Shopmen's union today numerous reports were received indicating the serious effects of the nation wide strike of the organization on freight traffic. Reports from St. Louis and Kansas City said railways refuse to accept live stock shipments from those points to Chicago. Word was received from Milwaukee that all the roads entering that city had declared an embargo on wheat shipments.

Union leaders predicted that an embargo would be declared on wheat at St. Louis, Kansas City and other points within 48 hours. The railroads in the middle west and south have for several days been refusing to accept perishable goods. Thousands of locomotives and cars unfit for service are reported to be accumulating in railroad centers.

L. M. Hawver, president of the Chicago council of the Federated Railway Shopmen's union, said today:

"There are now 300,000 of our men out and the number is increasing daily. This will soon tie up the traffic on every road in the country. The grand lodge of every union not affected are trying to induce our men to return to work, but without effect."

Railway freight service on the Chicago Northwestern railroad was suspended today in the Iowa and Minnesota division because of the shopmen's strike. Passenger trains entering the city on the Northwestern and other roads are running with irregularity.

EIGHT HUNDRED EMPLOYEES OF UNION PACIFIC DROP TOOLS

Denver, Aug. 7.—Eight hundred shopmen employed by the Union Pacific railroad here struck today. Beginning tomorrow, union officials said shopmen employed on other roads will go out. Eighty-five women members

of the car cleaners union joined the shopmen in their strike, demanding an increase of 12 cents an hour. The women now are receiving 38 cents an hour.

The men are demanding 85 cents an hour and a national "blanket" agreement. Machinists, sheet metal workers, blacksmiths, boiler makers, carmen and electricians are involved in the walkout.

At 10 o'clock tomorrow morning the local shopmen of the Denver and Rio Grande, the Denver and Salt Lake, the Colorado and Southern and the Burlington lines will walkout.

Washington, Aug. 7.—Leading directly from Wall street and from the banking houses controlled directly by the Morgan and Rockefeller groups, information which has come into the possession of the railroad brotherhoods shows that there has proceeded a systematized plundering of all of the public transportation highways in the United States, the house interstate commerce committee was told today by Glenn E. Plumb of Chicago.

Mr. Plumb, who appeared in support of the so-called Plumb plan for the reorganization of the railroads, said the information tended to show that the "wrecking and looting" of the New Haven, Chicago and Alton, Rock Island and Frisco lines were no "sporadic examples of the highway robbery to which the American public had been subjected as to its transportation highways."

Definite information on which his charges were based, Mr. Plumb said, would be turned over to the committee, "upon which it may ask for a full congressional investigation."

"We believe such an investigation," he continued, "will reveal that there is not one railroad system dominating any part of the 254,000 miles of railroad in the United States but has suffered and is suffering, in a degree if not to the same extent, from carefully deliberated manipulations of the sort that have wrecked and ruined the railroads I have mentioned. It will reveal that these interests are again gathering their forces of private and secret control and seek, after having gained from congress a sanction to rehabilitate their railroad properties at public expense, to begin again and follow through its corrupt and wicked cycle the systematized plundering and looting of the public and the public interest in the nation's highways.

"In view of the gravity of this situation, and in order that we may have the benefit of their counsel on behalf of the public in presenting our statement to congress and to the American people, the 14 affiliated rail-

way labor organizations are summoning to Washington a national conference of railroad control.

"On behalf of the public we are inviting Frank P. Walsh, former joint chairman of the national labor board, Joseph W. Polk of Missouri, Raymond Robbins, John Lind, of Minnesota, Edward F. Dunne of Chicago, Dr. Edward Bemis, Felix Adler, Governor Allen of Kansas, Julian C. Lathrop, Judge Walter Clark of North Carolina and Dean Herman Schneider of the University of Cincinnati. Frank P. Walsh, Judge Walter Clark, Edward F. Dunne, Joseph W. Polk and Dr. Edward W. Bemis have already accepted and with others, who may yet accept, will meet here with the representatives of organized labor."

Paris, Aug. 7.—The peace conference was advised today that the Hungarian cabinet headed by Jules Peidl had been overthrown and that Archduke Joseph had established a ministry at Budapest.

Rumanian forces are reported to have crossed into the business section of Budapest, seizing supplies for shipment to Rumania.

The messages to the conference regarding the cabinet stated that at 6:30 p. m. yesterday the members of the social democratic government while they were in session at the national palace were arrested by Hungarian police. The coup d'etat was carried out without disorder.

In addition to the Rumanian troops in Budapest, French, British American and Czecho troops have reached there. The British forces are under the command of General Gordon. The Americans are commanded by Captain Nyes. All railroad traffic in and out of Budapest was suspended today.

BIRTHDAY OF NOTED CONFEDERATE VETERAN

Bartow, Fla., Aug. 7.—Major General Evander McIver Law, one of the last surviving general officers of the Confederate States army, whose home is in this place, today received many congratulations on the occasion of his 83rd birthday anniversary.

General Law was teaching school, as professor of history and belles lettres at King Mountain Military academy when the Civil war began. In April, 1861 he was commissioned lieutenant colonel of the 4th Alabama infantry. He was its colonel a few months later and a brigadier-general before the end of 1862.

These food profiteers did some good after all. They gave us a standard whereby to measure the Prussian war beast.

Stocks on Hand Far Greater than a Year Ago and Still the Cost Goes Up.

Washington, Aug. 7.—Although prices of practically all foods have shown substantial increase during the last year, stocks of food held in storage on June 1, this year were approximately 20 per cent greater than those held on June 1, 1918, according to a memorandum showing the relation between storage figures and prices issued today by the federal trade commission. Government stocks were excluded from the comparison.

"The fact that stocks of many important foods were much larger on June 1, this year, than on the same date last year," said the commission's statement, "while prices were as high or higher, apparently means that they are being withheld speculatively for a world demand which is not now here but which is expected when hunger-impelled strikes secure higher wages with which higher food prices can be paid."

To show that the "law of supply and demand is not working," the commission listed eight staple foods which on June 1 showed an increase in stocks withheld from the market ranging from three to 298 per cent over stocks on June 1, 1918, and in each instance there was shown to have been a substantial advance in the wholesale price during that period. Stocks of frozen fowl showed a maximum increase of 298 per cent and the price despite this had increased three cents a pound. Wheat stocks showed an increase of 174 per cent with an increase in price of 31 cents; flour stocks an increase of 21 per cent with an increase in the price per barrel of nearly \$3; egg stocks, an increase of 9.8 per cent with an increase in prices of 11 cents, and butter stocks an increase of 129 per cent, with the prices soaring 12 cents above last year's figures. Salt beef, canned salmon and canned corn completed the items in this table, the latter showing an increase of 91 per cent in stocks with an increase in prices.

All dry storage stocks, according to the commission's figures, showed an average increase of 124 per cent. Of those not listed in the above table stocks of rye increased 346 per cent;

BLAME HIGH PRICES AND PROFITS ON THE FOOD ADMINISTRATION

Washington, Aug. 4.—Discussion of the high cost of living was resumed in the senate today. Chairman Gronna, of the agricultural committee announced he had called a committee meeting for tomorrow to discuss measures to reduce the cost of living. He said he had no remedy to offer, but declared that increase of wages and decrease of working hours was not a panacea nor would government ownership or control of utilities solve the problem.

Relation of the price of wheat to the cost of living was debated by several senators. The three senators predicted that this year's crop would be lower than the government estimate.

Senator Gronna declared that the packers and all dealers in food products "never made higher profits" than they did under the food administration's licensing plan. Senator Kirby, democrat, of Arkansas, asked if the government grain corporation was not now manipulating prices.

Senator Smith, democrat, of South Carolina, said if there was profiteering, the Sherman act afforded an opportunity to break it up. He added that extravagance by most persons was one cause of present conditions.

JUDGE ADVOCATES HANGING SOME OF THE RACE RIOT PARTICIPANTS

Chicago, Aug. 4.—Empanelling the special August grand jury which is to investigate the recent race riots, Judge Robert E. Crowe, in the criminal court, today declared that a state of anarchy exists in the city and that a few hangings would have a salutary effect on hoodlums.

"The rioting in Chicago is merely anarchy and should be treated as such," said Judge Crowe.

"The government that cannot protect its weakest citizens cannot protect the strongest, and is a weak and inefficient government. A number of lives have been taken, a great deal of property has been destroyed and a great many people are now being deprived of their liberty by being prevented from going about their business. Every man who violates the law, regardless of his color, should be promptly indicted and I promise on behalf of the judiciary that they will be promptly placed on trial."

After the calmest night in the "black belt" for more than a week, the work was begun today of selecting a grand jury before which will come the cases of blacks and whites which are accused of fighting in the riots which caused the deaths of negroes and whites and the injury of others.

The coroner has fixed the number of dead at 33 and the city officials say that 306 people were injured in the riots. He expressed the opinion, that perhaps 400 or more who were injured in the riots never reported at hospitals.

Washington, Aug. 4.—All railroad officials now in Washington were asked by Director General Hines to meet with him at noon today for a conference on the high cost of living.

Besides the chiefs of the engineers and railway trainmen who already have made demands for increased

wages to meet high living costs, it was expected the heads of the other two brotherhoods and the organizations of the shopmen and clerks would attend the meeting. Thus a majority of the 2,000,000 railroad workers will be represented.

Mr. Hines expected to explain his plan to have congress create a commission to go into all phases of railway wages. This plan was proposed to congress last week by the president.

As chairman of the committee appointed by Attorney General Palmer conference on means to reduce the cost of living, Mr. Hines is in close touch with plans under consideration to bring about a normal level of prices and relieve the distress of the average citizen. It was said today that the director general devoted Sunday to considering the cost of living problem, going over many suggestions made by Assistant Secretary Leffingwell and Commissioner Colver the other two members of the committee.

A report to the conference will be made tomorrow at the second meeting of cabinet members and other officials called together by Mr. Palmer and recommendations are expected to be transmitted soon to President Wilson.

PEDDLER KILLED

El Paso, Aug. 4.—Joseph Jalilli, a Syrian peddler, was shot, killed and robbed by a Mexican near Sauz station, 30 miles north of Chihuahua City July 24, members of the Syrian colony here were notified yesterday.

Jalilli made his headquarters in Chihuahua City and traveled overland to the small towns in that section. A Mexican who traveled with him was arrested and placed in the federal prison at Chihuahua City, charged with the murder.

MORE GERMAN PROPAGANDA

Washington, Aug. 4.—German agents are largely responsible for the efforts being made to have the embargo on potash importations lifted, it was learned today at the state department. Officials are investigating and it was said that they might be able to shut out the German product until the American industry built up during the war was in a better position to meet foreign competition.

Coblenz, Saturday, Aug. 2 (By Courier to Paris.)—Coblenz will become the headquarters of the American forces in Europe when American grand headquarters in Paris are closed about August 20, it became known today when General Pershing arrived here on his final tour of the battle fields. Antwerp will be the base port for the American contingent that is to remain on the Rhine indefinitely.

POLTAVA CAPTURED

London, Aug. 4.—News was received here today that the volunteer army of General Denikins, one of the most important of the Russian anti-bolshevik forces, had scored another important success, capturing the city of Poltava.

Mrs. William G. Haydon has received a telegram announcing the death of her mother, Mrs. Harriett N. Osborne, at Medford, Oregon, the place of her residence, last Sunday morning. Mrs. Osborne is survived by four daughters and two sons who

are Mrs. F. C. Richmond of Salt Lake City, Utah, Mrs. Wm. G. Haydon of this city, Mrs. J. H. Goodloe of Milwaukee, Wis., Mrs. M. C. Barber, of Medford, Oregon, Mr. J. H. Osborne of Omaha, Neb., and Mr. H. L. Belk of Clear Lake, Iowa. The remains will be taken to the old home for burial August 8 at Shullsburg, Wisconsin. Mrs. Haydon left today on No. 10 to attend the funeral.

MOUNTED POLICE ARREST FIVE FOR ILLEGAL SALE OF LIQUOR

The following arrests have been made by the state mounted police within the past few days.

Eliseo Lokese for larceny of cattle at San Antonio. Bound over to await the action of the grand jury.

Andy Hunter, also of San Antonio, has been bound over to await the action of the grand jury, on a charge of larceny of cattle.

Charles Lloyd and Hamp Eaves have been arrested at Cienega Amarilla for larceny of sheep. They have been bound over to the grand jury.

Sterling Brownie has been arrested and bound over to await the action of the grand jury at Springer. He is charged with killing cattle.

Osmond Hicks and Mrs. Esther Hicks have been arrested at Deming on a charge of bootlegging. They were bound over to the grand jury under \$1500 each.

Santiago Bolenzenta has been arrested at Columbus on the charge of bootlegging. He has been bound over to await the action of the grand jury under \$750 bond.

Jose Pias, also of Columbus, has been arrested for bootlegging. He was bound over to await the action of the grand jury under \$1000 bond.

Conception Padilla, of Columbus, has been arrested on a charge of bootlegging, and has been bound over to await the action of the grand jury under \$750 bond.

W. C. Anderson of Columbus, has been arrested for bootlegging. He has been bound over to await the action of the grand jury under \$750 bond.

Alfredo Rendon has been arrested at Tierra Amarilla for larceny of horses and has been bound over to await the action of the grand jury under a \$500 bond.

Fernando Bustos has been arrested at Cebolla for illegal branding of cattle. He has been bound over to await the action of the grand jury under a \$500 bond.

Espiridion Arellanes has been arrested at Los Torres for larceny of cattle. He was bound over to the grand jury under a \$200 bond.

Lieutenant Hal Daniels, of the El Paso, Texas, recruiting district, passed through the city today on train No. 1, on an inspection tour. While in the city he visited Sergeant Wilbert J. Todd, who is in command of the local recruiting office.

A marriage license was issued late yesterday afternoon to Elva E. Matthews of Cherryvale and Alta Bowles of Trujillo. A license was issued this morning to Thomas P. Clark of Gibson and Anna M. Nolan of this city; and to Allene Nichols of Garita, and Stuart Bunton Tipton of Tremontina.

Tokio, Aug. 5.—Viscount Uchida the Japanese foreign minister, declares Japan does not intend to claim

any rights affecting the territorial sovereignty of China in Shantung. He promises the Japanese troops will be withdrawn at once after an agreement is concluded with China.

Japan, the foreign minister's statement adds, is considering the establishment at Tsin Tao of a general foreign settlement instead of a purely Japanese settlement.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Attorney General Palmer expects to be ready to present a preliminary report to President Wilson today concerning possible steps to be taken by government agencies in the effort to reduce living costs.

Julius H. Barnes, president of the United States Grain Corporation, has been called to the white house for late today and it is understood the president will take up with him a proposal to restore wheat to a fair market price to the farmers.

Conferences with republican and democratic senators on the league of nations have definitely been abandoned by the president until the problems of the high cost of living are solved, Secretary Tumulty announced. The president, Mr. Tumulty said, is going to give his time to the cost of living question.

Administration officials feel that one way to decide the cost of living is to increase production and President Wilson is understood to feel that strikes now or threats of strikes will interfere materially with any solution of the problems sought by government agencies.

Whether the president will go before congress to recommend steps designed to relieve the situation in which the country now finds itself will depend, Mr. Tumulty said, on the nature of the report to be made by Mr. Palmer.

Members of the president's cabinet went into conference early today with Mr. Palmer to receive the report of the special committee appointed last week to tabulate the various suggestions thus far advanced. The conference was expected to continue until just before the regular Tuesday cabinet meeting at the white house.

Mr. Palmer's report was to be submitted at the cabinet meeting and the president then planned to discuss a free market for wheat with Mr. Barnes.

SHOPMEN, ENGINEERS AND FIREMEN ARE VOTING ON STRIKE

Washington, Aug. 6.—Demands of 450,000 railway clerks, freight handlers, express and station employes that their wages be increased were considered today at a conference between Director General Hines and J. J. Forrester, grand president of the brotherhood of these employes.

Similar demands from the brotherhood of locomotive engineers and the brotherhood of railway trainmen now are before the director general.

Meantime the 500,000 shopmen over the country are formally voting on whether a strike shall be called to enforce demands that their wages be increased 25 per cent. Pending the outcome of this strike vote the thousands of shopmen now out on an unauthorized strike were expected by union officials to return to work.

FARMERS MEET AND FORM OR
GANIZATION TO PROMOTE
LOCAL PROSPECTS

The farmers and business men of Wagon Mound and that district held a meeting Saturday night for the purpose of formulating a plan to induce capital to consider drilling a deep test well in that vicinity for oil and gas development purposes.

An association was formed with C. E. Blattman as president and Stanley Foutz as secretary. A committee was appointed to work upon some method of consolidation of all lands in that vicinity. It was also decided to hold a meeting at 2 o'clock next Saturday afternoon, at which all business men and ranch men in that section are expected to attend. The object of this second meeting is to make possible the consolidation of their lands.

P. J. Murphy, Jr., of this city, was at the first meeting, representing Texas interests, and made them the proposition to drill somewhere in that vicinity. He agrees to place a fully equipped standard well drilling outfit in the area contingent to Wagon Mound within 90 days. The people are very favorably impressed with his proposition and are now considering the matter. It is very likely that when their organization is perfected and the ground is consolidated, the association, representing the land owners, will accept the proposition outlined and presented by Mr. Murphy in behalf of Texas interests, who guarantee to drill a well to a depth of 3500 feet or until oil and gas are struck in commercial quantities.

Included in the proposition was an offer to receive an interest in this company in return for ground delivered to this company. A graduated rental clause was also included. Rental was arranged for a certain amount per acre with an increase from year to year, or as long as the ground is retained by the Texas people.

The Texas people are Messrs. Stell, Smith, Walkers, Horenstein and Orth, all of whom are heavily interested in various propositions in Texas and elsewhere.

WATROUS NEWS

Sunday several families gathered at the K ranch for a picnic. The day was beautiful and enjoyed by 24 young and old.

Tuesday the club gave the first of the dances promised. A large crowd was there and all were delighted, the decorations were beautiful.

Thursday, July 31, Miss Clara Tipton was united in marriage to Mr. Jesse Snyder of Duran. The church was decorated beautifully in foliage, green, pink and white. The bride looked very sweet in her bridal costume of georgette crepe and satin with bead trimming, veil and wreath. The bride carried a large bouquet of orange blossoms. Miss Emma Lynam was maid of honor, Mr. Ernest Tipton best man. The bride was born and raised in Watrous is loved by all who know her. Mr. Snyder is from Duran, N. M. The church was crowded with relatives and friends, who wish them both a long and happy life. Mr. and Mrs. Snyder left for a two weeks' trip to California, then will make their home in Duran.

Mr. Tom Tipton is shaking hands with friends and relatives. Mead and Dave Tipton were in town to attend to their cousin's wedding. Mead

leaves for Seattle, Wash.

Miss Lula Tipton is visiting a few days in town.

BELIEVE ATTORNEY'S HOME WAS
WRECKED AS PART OF TERRORIST
SCHEME

Los Angeles, Aug. 5.—Officers seeking the perpetrators of the bomb explosion Sunday which destroyed the residence here of Oscar Lawler, formerly assistant United States attorney general, have abandoned the theory, it was announced today that the explosion and resultant fires were caused by any person holding merely a petty grudge against the attorney. They expressed the conviction that the crime was part of a terrorist plot with national ramifications.

Lawler and Mrs. Lawler were severely burned and otherwise injured. Their condition is still serious. But attending physicians were hopeful today of their ultimate recovery. Oscar, the five year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Lawler, who was sleeping in another part of the house with a nurse girl, was rescued by neighbors a few minutes after the explosion. Two other children were away from home.

In connection with their announcement that the explosion was part of a terrorist plot, county authorities

called attention to the prominent part played by Mr. Lawler a few years ago in the prosecution of defendants in the Indianapolis dynamiting cases. They let it be known that officers had been sent to a town in the Imperial Valley, California, in search of two persons implicated in those cases. No arrests yet have been made.

Denver, Aug. 5.—The Denver delegation in the state legislature is preparing to ask Governor Shoup to have the coming special session of the legislature investigate charges that certain members of the legislature received certain confiscated liquor.

Rev. J. R. Rader and Dr. May T. Bigelow, who represent Denver districts in the legislature are behind

Washington, Aug. 5.—Organized labor was before the nation today with a demand that private capital be retired from railroad operation and that there be substituted a tripartite control of the railroad properties by the public, the operating management and the employees.

The demand of organized labor, presented in a statement signed by the engineers, firemen, conductors and the American Federation of Labor was recognized today in Wash-

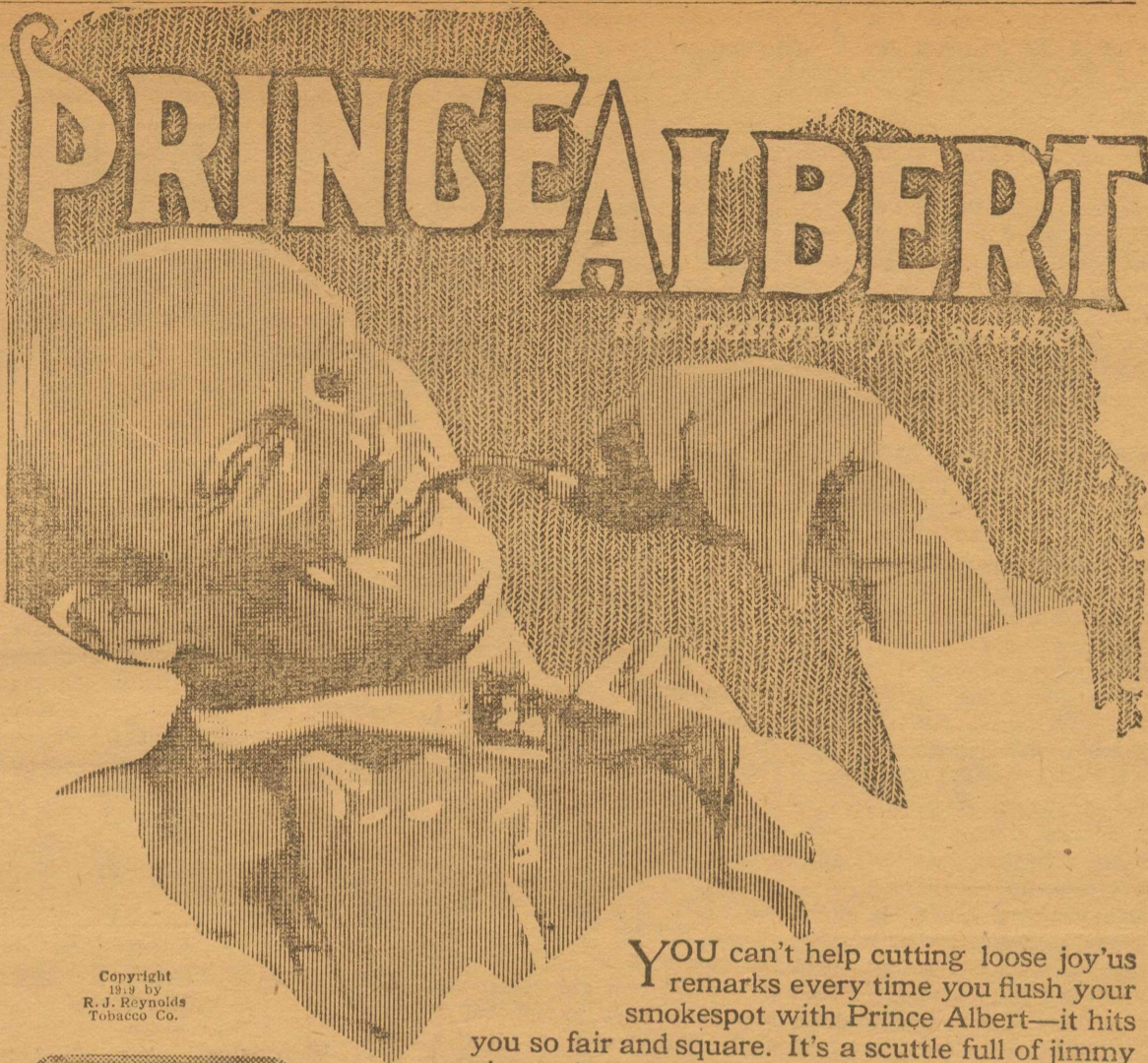
ington as the most far-reaching proposal yet placed before the nation during its reconstruction period. Officials refused to predict its outcome. Tomorrow it will be formally laid before the house interstate commerce committee by Warren S. Stone, grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor and Glenn E. Plum, general counsel for the organized employes of America.

The proposal in the words of its authors, "marks the step by which organized labor passes from the demands for wage increases to demands that the system of profits in industry be overhauled."

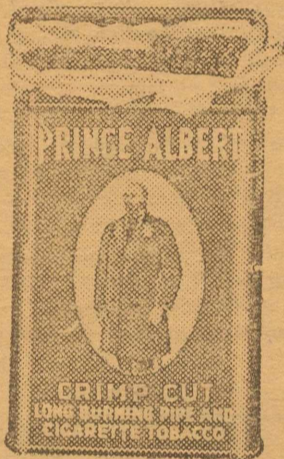
SPOKANE MEN STRIKE

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 5.—Locomotive shopmen employed by the Great Northern road at Hillyard, near here, went on strike today in support of the demands of the shopmen's union for increased pay. Car shopmen of the company did not strike, it was stated.

Miss Alta Bowles, of Trujillo and Alva E. Matthews, of Cherryvale, were quietly married Monday evening at 7 o'clock at the parsonage of the Methodist church, Rev. T. E. Thuresson officiating.



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remarks every time you flush your
smokespot with Prince Albert—it hits
you so fair and square. It's a scuttle full of jimmy
pipe and cigarette makin's sunshine and as satisfy-
ing as it is delightful every hour of the twenty-four!

It's never too late to hop into the Prince Albert pleasure-pasture! For, P. A. is trigger-ready to give you more tobacco fun than you ever had in your smokecareer. *That's because it has the quality.*

Quick as you know Prince Albert you'll write it down that P. A. *did not* bite your tongue or parch your throat. *And, it never will!* For, our exclusive patented process cuts out bite and parch. Try it for what ails *your* tongue!

Tippy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors—and—that clever, practical pound crystal glass humidor with sponge moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.

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SANTA FE SHOPMEN ARE AWAITING CALL FROM GENERAL OFFICERS

D. B. Strickland, chairman of the shop committee, at the local roundhouse received a wire at 11.27 o'clock this morning from W. S. Patterson, district manager, of Albuquerque, asking the men to stay on the job until called. The telegram read as follows:

"Men at Kansas City walked out yesterday, again urge you stay on job until called, important bulletin following."

The local men so far have been very quiet, and the general opinion is that the men will await further orders, and if called the strike will be in the most orderly manner possible.

The local order No. 1068 International Association of Machinists met in regular session last night in the Moose hall and initiated 11 into the order and balloted upon 12 other applicants. This was the largest attended meeting ever held by the local order, probably on account of the pending railroad troubles. A smoker and social was promised the members for the next meeting.

Washington, Aug. 6.—Agents of the department of justice are at work to carry out the order of the department that profiteers and hoarders of food and other necessities be tracked down and prosecuted under the Lever food control act. Recommendations for additional legislation necessary to effect a reduction in the cost of living formulated by the special subcommittee of the cabinet were in President Wilson's hands and he was expected to make these recommendations the subject of an early message to congress. Their nature has not been disclosed.

That one of the president's recommendations will be "more teeth" to make existing laws effective to cope adequately with profiteering is the general belief of officials. The president it was suggested also might ask congress for a modified licensing system under which margins of profit could be controlled so as to bring an immediate reduction in prices.

Washington, Aug. 6.—Norman Davis financial adviser to the American peace delegation, told the senate foreign relations committee today that he regarded it as likely that Russia would participate in the indemnity to be paid by Germany in the event that it organized a stable government. "Russia made a tremendous contribution toward winning the war." Mr. Davis said, "and it was the general feeling that the door should not be closed completely to her in the event a stable government was organized."

Mr. Davis testified that the real reasons why the peace conference set no definite reparation total for Germany to pay were largely political.

PLASTERERS WANT MORE PAY

Santa Fe, Aug. 6.—This afternoon the plasterers met to formulate a demand for an increase in wages from \$7 to \$9 a day, with the alternative of a strike if the demand is not granted by the contractors.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—L. M. Hawver, president of the Chicago council of the Federation of Railway Shopmen's union, declared today that

more than 275,000 members of his organization have obeyed the strike order issued last Friday in defiance of the international officials of the union and that the number of idle men is growing hourly.

He said that every railroad in the middle west and south has been seriously crippled by the walkout. Locomotives and cars unfit for service are piling up in every railroad yard in the district affected. He predicted that freight service and a large part of passenger service will be tied up within a week in nearly every section of the country. The executive council of the union, through President Hawver, today issued an order calling on all shop foremen to join in the strike.

THE BUTCHER, THE TANNER SO ON UP—EACH GOT HIS SHARE

Washington, Aug. 6.—The high price of shoes was declared to be due to excessive profits taken by every factor in the shoe production industry, in a report by the federal trade commission to congress, made public today. The packers were charged with having begun the pyramiding of shoe prices by an unwarranted increase in the price of hides, the supply of which they were said to control. On top of this the tanners have taken "exceptional profits," while the shoe manufacturers have demanded an unusual margin, and the retailers have charged prices that are "not justifiable."

The commission's report covers the four year period from 1914 to 1918.

Charges of excessive profits against the tanner and the shoe manufacturer were said to be supported by "the high rates of return on investments," in both industries following the price increases.

"The public," said the report "had to pay prices for shoes that not only could not be justified because retail shoe dealers took too much profit but because the dealer had to pass onto the consumer the excessive profit received by the butchers for hides and also the excess profits of tanners and shoe manufacturers."

Paris, Aug. 6.—The Rumanians have served an ultimatum on the Hungarian government, according to messages reaching the peace conference. The ultimatum it is stated, makes demands far in excess of the armistice terms and gives the Hungarians until 8 a. m. today to comply with them.

It is greatly feared in conference circles that the Rumanian action will result in the overthrow of the new Hungarian government. French circles state that the Rumanian army is not under the command of Marshal Foch, the Rumanians refusing to accept orders from the French. The Rumanians have not been actively participating in the peace conference since Premier Bratiano some time ago took exception to the decision of the conference upon the principle guaranteeing the rights of minorities within national borders.

In their ultimatum the Rumanians demand the reduction of the Hungarian army to 15,000 men and the surrender of 50 per cent of the harvest,

animals and farm machinery and 50 per cent of the railway supplies.

They also demand a large proportion of the Danube shipping and

equipment and supplies for an army of 300,000 men, together with rations for the Rumanian forces pending a peace settlement.

CITIZENS DRIVE DISTURBERS FROM THE STREETS OF THE CITY

Trieste, Aug. 6.—A group of bolsheviki appeared on the streets here today and attempted to start rioting. The disturbers were dispersed by the police. Seven hundred arrests were made.

The bolsheviki movement was directed by a Bavarian Spartacan, Dr. Levy, who is credited also with having intended to incite riots in Venice and Milan. He was arrested while attempting to enter Italy across the Swiss frontier.

The bolsheviki demonstrators cut off the electric power and Trieste is without electric lights and the tram cars are not running. There were several hundred of the demonstrators but they were attacked by thousands of citizens.

Confidence is felt that the energetic efforts of the government of Trieste will rid the city of the disorderly elements.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE HAS PROOF OF ANTI-TRUST VIOLATIONS

Washington, Aug. 6.—Anti-trust suits against the five big meat packers will be instituted at once by the department of justice. Attorney General Palmer announced that the evidence before the federal trade commission and committees of congress indicated a clear violation of the anti-trust laws, and that he had ordered "prompt action accordingly."

Isor J. Kresel of the New York law firm of Jerome, Rand and Kresel will have charge of the case and Mr. Palmer said he would give such assistance at the department of justice as the case seems to warrant.

PRINCE SAILS FOR CANADA

London, Aug. 5.—Wearing the uniform of a naval captain, the Prince of Wales left London this morning for Portsmouth to board the cruiser Renown, which will sail for Canada tonight. King George, Queen Mary and other members of the royal family accompanied the prince on his special train.

NOTED MAN WAS EDITOR OF THE SUN MANY YEARS AND CREATED PROFESSION

New York, Aug. 6.—This week's special contribution toward making 1919 the greatest centennial year on record is the 100th birthday anniversary of Charles A. Dana, for many years editor of the New York Sun and the man who is credited with having created the profession of journalism in America.

Mr. Dana was born in the town of Hinsdale, N. H., August 8, 1819. He had two winters in the country schools, and at the age of 14 was sent by his parents to Buffalo, where he became a clerk in his uncle's dry goods store. He mastered the Latin grammar while clerking in the store, and when 18 years old resolved to have an education. With his own savings and with some help from relatives he entered Harvard at the

age of 21. His eyesight having become impaired, he was obliged to relinquish the college course at the end of the second year.

One year later he became a member of the Brook Farm community at Roxbury, Mass. For three years he remained at the experimental station, which was started by devotees of transcendental philosophy. During his stay he took his first lesson in journalism. Associated with Parke Codwin and others he conducted a weekly publication devoted to Fourieristic doctrines. Finally he severed his connection with Brook Farm owing to his holding views which clashed with those of the founders and to his conclusion that social conditions were not to be revolutionized by such community experiments.

He went to Boston and assumed editorial charge of the Chronotype, which was published by Elizabeth Wright. He was then 25 years old. He had improved his time at Brook Farm to add to his knowledge of the classics, and to begin the acquisition of that vast fund of cyclopedic knowledge which became invaluable to him later.

In 1847 he came to New York as reporter on the Tribune at \$10 a week. He became city editor, and in 1848 he spent eight months in Europe as a correspondent. Within two years of his connection with the paper Horace Greeley made him managing editor of the Tribune. He soon showed the strength of his character and Greeley placed great faith in him.

During the time Mr. Dana was managing editor of the Tribune he found time to lay out and compile the American Cyclopedic. In connection with his friend of Brook Farm days, George Ripley, he worked from 1853 until 1863 on the cyclopedic. The first edition, published in 1863, comprised sixteen volumes.

When Mr. Dana left the Tribune in 1862 he accepted a subordinate position in the war department at Washington under the Lincoln administration. Soon afterward he was made third assistant secretary of war under Edwin M. Stanton. Dana went to the front and kept Lincoln and Stanton posted as to the character of the men who were conducting operations and the meaning of events as they appeared. The qualities which made Mr. Dana a journalist made him a vivid reporter of military happenings.

New York, Aug. 6.—Service on the elevated and trolley lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company system was demoralized at the rush hours early today by the strike of part of the company's 13,000 employes.

The walkout did not assume serious proportions until 8 a. m., when thousands of passengers on their way to work in New York from various boroughs across the river waited in vain for service.

ADRIATIC QUESTION

Rome, Aug. 6.—The settlement of the Adriatic question affecting Italy and Jugo-Slavia is imminent. In accordance with the settlement Fiume will be an independent state.

Read the classified ads today

SAD HOME COMING

Denver, Aug. 5.—In the midst of a joyous homecoming after having been away from home since August, 1917, Lieut. Clyde D. Berger of the 34th tank corps was dealt a blow of sadness after his arrival in Denver when he learned that his wife had died at Hutchinson, Kan., three months ago.

Every effort had been made to reach him by telegram and mail service but these proved fruitless, and his first intimation of the fact came this morning when his brother met him at the Union station. The Berbers had been married eight years.

CHINESE HANGS SELF

Denver, Aug. 4.—Despairing of the day when he could start on a 3,000 mile trip to his native land, owing to poor health, Wan Lair, 72 years old, Chinese laundryman, hanged himself in Chinatown today. The police said this was the second instance of a Chinese committing suicide in Denver.

BAD DAYS COMING

Lucerne, Aug. 4.—Before the winter sets in there will be a terrible spasm of rage and despair among the peoples of Europe in which the final remains of civilization may be known, predicted Arthur Henderson, the British labor leader, at the opening session of the international socialist convention here yesterday.

\$100,000 PROMISE SUIT

Denver, Aug. 5.—Allegating that her love's dream was shattered when J. J. Brown, aged millionaire mine owner of Leadville, and Denver, informed her he could not marry her because he had not been divorced from his former wife, Mrs. Sabr Simpson, of Wichita Falls, Texas, filed suit for breach of promise against Brown at Glenwood Springs, Colo., yesterday, asking \$100,000 and costs.

WANT JUDGE RECALLED

Denver, Aug. 4.—Organization here of what is termed the Whitford Recall League having for its object the recall of District Judge Greeley W. Whitford, because he admitted to bail City Detective Ball charged with killing an Italian, has been begun.

Leading labor men and members of the Italian colony here are supporting the movement. The president of the league is George Hall, formerly president of the Denver Trade and Labor Assembly and the first vice president is Frank Mann.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Six photographs of parts of airplanes piled up at Colombes-Des-Belles, France, waiting to be burned, were submitted to a house war investigation committee by Gutheon Borglum, a sculptor of Stamford, Conn., who said he paid \$500 for them and that microscopic examination convinced him that good parts had been destroyed.

"They were among the only battle-planes of the United States," declared Borglum, whose investigation of aircraft producing during the war for President Wilson resulted in something of a sensation.

T. W. Lockwood, a former lieutenant in the army, said he had also seen photographs of the planes that were destroyed, but was unable to state who had them in their possession.

WOULD REDUCE H. C. L.

Oklahoma City, Aug. 5.—Governor

Robertson today sent telegrams to all county attorneys in the state, asking them to meet at Oklahoma City next Friday to consider steps toward reducing the high cost of living in Oklahoma.

APPRECIATE THE COURTESIES SHOWN THEM DURING THEIR STAY IN CITY

We, the students of the N. M. N. U. summer school feeling a desire to give our bouquets and voice our appreciation while those for whom we intend them are still alive, sincerely and with good will offer the following resolutions:

1. That we heartily endorse the action of our state government in making it possible for students to attend the Normal, by providing railroad fare.

2. That we sympathize with and approve the plan of the government for the organization of war savings societies in each of the school districts throughout our state; that we believe the teaching of thrift and economy in the schools of the nation is a wise undertaking on behalf of the general government and will prove very beneficial to the future citizens of our country.

As loyal citizens, we pledge to our government our efforts and assistance to the best of our ability in furthering and promoting the national thrift campaign and in organizing war savings societies in our respective districts.

3. That we very much appreciate the half-day session of school which gives us our afternoons free for study and recreation.

4. That the bringing to us of such exceptional talent as that of Dr. Southwick, Mrs. Austin, that of the Chautauqua, and so on, is very highly commendable and appreciable to us.

5. That the reception given by the B. Y. F. U., the musicale given by the Las Vegas band, the orchestra, and the Glee club; the pageants presented by the class in dramatic art, the programs given by the physical training class; the volley ball games between the Normal faculty and the business men; the flag day service by the Elks; the barbecue by the business men; the picture show by Mr. Rosenwald—all show a laudable effort on the part of the people of Las Vegas and those responsible for the summer school to make the summer students feel that they are welcomed for themselves, and not for the dollars they bring.

6. That the student body is highly elated over the prospects for new buildings so badly needed properly to care for the steadily increasing number of summer students.

7. That we owe a lasting debt of gratitude to Dr. Roberts and to every member of the faculty, secretary and helpers for the kind and efficient help given us in every phase of our work here.

Each of us returns to his home with a heartfelt of gratitude and a kind word on his lips for the N. M. N. U.

Resolved, That we are opposed to the amendment to the constitution of the state of New Mexico, Section 3, Article 14, and section 133 of article 12, relative to educational and public institutions, which refers to the board of regents of the different in-

stitutions of the state, eliminating the same and creating a board of control, because we think that such a board is not of any advantage to the state of New Mexico, its institutions and the taxpayers of the state.

EDWIN TAYLOR,
MISS VELNOR HOLDER,
FILEMON MARTINEZ,
JACOB MONDRAGON,
R. S. TIPTON,

Committee.

DISTRICT COURT REVERSED

Santa Fe, Aug. 6.—The district court for McKinley county was reversed recently by the state supreme court in the case of Claude Bissette, A. J. Ferrier, Paul Ferrier, Pete Azella, appellants, vs. R. L. Roberts, sheriff, et al, appellees. The plaintiffs had sued for damages for false imprisonment growing out of deportation of coal mine strikers. The trial court sustained motions to strike parts of the complaints and granted plaintiffs ten days in which to amend. The plaintiffs excepted and refused to amend complaints whereupon they were adjusted in default at the expiration of the time given and the complaints were dismissed. The cause is remanded.

SPRINGS SHOPMEN QUIT

Colorado Springs, Aug. 5.—Employees at the local shops of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific road, laid down their tools this morning and went out on a strike. The men are asking for an advance to 85 cents an hour for machinists and 60 cents an hour for helpers.

CENSUS BUREAU REPORTS SHOW NEW MEXICO DOING BETTER THAN MANY

Santa Fe, Aug. 6.—The United States census bureau has issued a statement of the revenues and expenditures of the 48 states of the union, which demonstrates that financially New Mexico is doing better than most of the other states and that for economy of state government it manages to do business at much less cost than any other state of the union.

In 30 of the 48 states of the union, the revenues exceed the expenditures by \$37,417,163 or 55 cents per capita but in the remaining 18 states the revenue fell below the expenditures by \$37,417,163 or 55 cents per capita. Taking all of the 48 states, the excess of revenues over expenditures was \$22,819,714 or 22.1 cents per capita.

The aggregate revenues of all the states during the fiscal year were \$588,305,651 and the aggregate expenditures \$499,342,973 while for permanent improvements \$66,142,964 were expended. Of the total revenues, \$459,774,245, or nearly four-fifths, represented receipts from the various kinds of taxes. About 45 per cent of this amount or \$209,479,197 was derived from the general property tax, \$91,899,583 from business licenses not including liquor tax; \$87,096,809 from special property tax; \$36,084,155 from license taxes other than on business; \$20,849,332 from the liquor traffic; \$12,264,613 from special taxes other than property and \$2,100,556 from poll taxes. Fees, etc., yielded \$72,543,618; interest on current deposits \$26,931,108; special assessments and rents \$29,056,680.

The per capita revenue receipts

from all sources amounted to \$5.69, of which \$2.87 was derived from property taxes; \$1.58 from other taxes. 70 cents from departmental earnings and 54 cents from all other sources. For education \$164,452,243 were expended; for charities and penal institutions \$118,084,025 were expended; for government including salaries, executive, legislative and judicial \$51,395,192. for highways \$38,828,799.

Of greatest significance is the conclusion: "The cost of conducting the state governments is very low as compared with that of carrying on the municipal governments. For the 227 American cities of over 30,000 population the average per capita expenditures; for all governmental costs, including interest but excluding outlays during the fiscal year amounted to \$26.05, as compared with only \$4.83 for the states; for the cities the average per capita expenditures for outlays were \$8.11 as compared with 64 cents for the states; and for the cities the average per capita receipts from property taxes were \$21.03 as against only \$2.87 for the states."

Of the \$66,207,696 representing outlays for permanent improvements, \$21,951,415, or almost one-third, was for construction of new highways in addition to \$18,119,630 apportioned to counties, districts and towns for the same purpose. California led with an expenditure of \$5,273,845 for road building; New York came second with \$4,059,387; Maryland third with \$2,150,619; Washington fourth \$1,907,525. Ohio \$1,871,811; Massachusetts \$1,815,192, and Pennsylvania \$1,258,022.

The net indebtedness of the 48 states aggregated \$502,492,713 or \$1.86 per capita. New York's indebtedness of \$181,288,942 represented 36 per cent of the total. Massachusetts is second with a debt of \$87,934,094. The total value of all state property is \$1,003,848,800 or \$9.71 per capita, the greatest single item being school houses valued at \$226,896,267. The next greatest is state hospitals \$183,175,605 while \$122,478,314 for penitentiaries and reform schools.

COUNTER PROPOSALS READY

Paris, Aug. 6.—Dr. Karl Renner, the Austrian chancellor, and head of Austria's peace delegation, informed General Secretary D'Estimate of the peace conference that Austria's counter proposals to the peace terms would be handed over today, within the prescribed time for their presentation.

M. Butler, prominent hotel man, and Juan Casados, of Mora are in the city today on business.

London, Aug. 6.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig and Admiral Sir David Beatty will be created earls in recognition of their war services it was announced here today. General F. H. H. Allenby will be made a viscount. Generals Sir Herbert Plummer, Sir Henry S. Rawlinson, Sir Julian Byng and Henry S. Horne will be given baronetcies.

A Frenchman has made successful experiments with the smallest aeroplane existing, called the "mosquito." It measures only four yards from wing-tip to wing-tip and has a 20 horsepower engine. It flew for an hour at an altitude of 5,000 feet.

URGES ADHERENCE TO POLICY OF NO EUROPEAN ENTANGLEMENTS

Washington, Aug. 1.—President Wilson, the league of nations and the German peace treaty were criticized by Senator Fall of New Mexico, republican member of the foreign relations committee in an address in the senate. Urging adherence to the American policy against European entanglements, Senator Fall declared President Wilson was asking the senate to join him in "deadening American patriotism."

The league of nations, Senator Fall said, would create "a great super-government," subvert the American government, strike at the power of congress and result in the surrender of American freedom."

Other provisions of the peace treaty were declared by Mr. Fall to exploit weaker races and nations and establish selfish rights.

"The president appeals to the senate," said Senator Fall, "to join him in overturning the American policy of 140 years in undermining every influence with other nations which that policy has created and maintained; in deadening the influence of American patriotism; rendering obsolete the word patriotism in our vocabulary; in joining this nation, now possessing the confidence, respect and admiration of the people of the other nations, in a bond of alliance, with the very selfish nations who have caused our conduct to stand out in such brilliant contrast and in a council where out freedom of action hereafter will be controlled by the vote of eight of these nations. We are requested—nay, we are commanded—to surrender our freedom to yield our sovereignty, to subvert our government.

"Joined with the other people of the world in this so-called peace treaty; constituting only a fraction of the governing body of the league; unable within the league to impress ourselves and our ideas and to make our demands as we see our way of the fact that we delegate to others the right to vote—eight votes to one against us in any matter of selfish interest in which they can unite; we have not only destroyed the government of our fathers, but in my mind we have committed a crime against the nations of the earth against civilization itself and retarded for more than a thousand years that reign of Christ which we all hope will eventually bring the people of the earth together."

The Best Physic

When you want a pleasant physic try Chamberlain's Tablets. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect. They are highly prized by people who have become acquainted with their good qualities. They only cost a quarter.—Adv.

WOULD NOT MOVE DEAD

Paris, Aug. 1.—General Pershing told the correspondents today that he would advise against the removal to the United States of the American dead buried in France. He said he was arranging a conference with American artists with a view to making plans for the beautification of a permanent cemetery and the erection of monuments to America's dead.

WANTS GAMBLING STOPPED

Washington, Aug. 1.—A resolution requesting the attorney general to take immediate steps to stop speculation and gambling on the stock exchange of the country in food products and other necessities of life was introduced yesterday by Representative Fitzgerald of Massachusetts.

ARMOUR MAN ACCUSED

Washington, Aug. 1.—Lavy Mayer, attorney for Armour and Company, was accused in a letter sent to the senate yesterday by Commissioner Fort of the federal trade commission, with objecting to the disclosure of reports on Armours foreign business because it might result in the payment of additional income tax in this country and also in further taxation in Argentina.

"I was very much outraged," Mr. Fort's letter said, "at the suggestion that I could or would be a party to defrauding of this government or be a party to deception on a friendly foreign government. I reported the circumstances to my associates, and am informed the desired information was demanded and secured without further delay."

SUGGEST CONFERENCE

Phoenix, Aug. 1.—Suggestion that a conference of state officers and Mexican officials will be held here next month was made by the state sanitary board. The suggestion was made in a letter to military authorities on the border, replying to reports regarding cattle thefts by Mexicans from Arizona ranchers. Witnesses from both sides of the line would be heard, according to the proposal. Alteration of brands was suggested as a principal topic at the hearing.

A Traveling Man's Experience

You may learn something from the following by W. H. Ireland, a traveling salesman of Louisville, Ky. "In the summer of 1888 I had a severe attack of cholera morbus. I gave the hotel porter 50 cents and told him to buy me a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy and to take no substitute. I took a double dose of it according to the directions and went to sleep. At 5 o'clock the next morning I was called by my order and took a train for my next stopping place. a well man."—Adv.

BIG FOOD CACHE

Lansing, Mich., Aug. 1.—State and city officials learned that hundreds of thousands of pounds of butter, more than 12,000,000 eggs and other large food stocks are in storage in Baltimore. Governor Harrington will name a committee to inquire into the situation.

HOUSE WORK IN HOT WEATHER

Hot weather brings no relief from housework drudgery. If anything, womans work is more trying. Overwork and worry cause kidney trouble, resulting in backache, sore muscles, stiff joints, rheumatic pains, tired feeling and other distressing symptoms. Foley Kidney Pills help weak kidneys.—O. G. Schaefer. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Bankruptcies are almost unknown in China, probably owing to the fact that they entail immediate execution.

DISTRICT JUDGE HOLLOMAN OVERRULES DEMURRER OF STATE COMMISSIONER

Santa Fe, Aug. 1.—A case of great interest to all persons interested in oil or mineral possibilities of New Mexico state lands was decided yesterday by District Judge Holloman, who overruled the demurrer of the state land commissioner and held that Judge Evans of Fort Sumner was entitled to a full deed to state lands purchased, with mineral rights reserved by the state.

Evans asked a writ of mandamus to compel the closing of the deal by the commissioner and the state has ten days to plead before mandamus shall issue.

The case hinges on an act of the last legislature in requiring the land commissioner, in state land sales, to reserve mineral rights if the land under contract had been leased for mineral purposes, or if previously formally designated by the commissioner as mineral or perhaps mineral lands. The court held that none of these conditions existed in the Evans deal.

Washington, Aug. 1.—Attorney General Palmer yesterday summoned the heads of important government departments to confer with him on the high cost of living and to consider measures to reduce prices to the average citizens.

It was said that the attorney general called the conference on his own initiative, and not at the suggestion of the president with whom it was learned he conferred last night following presentation of requests for governmental action by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

Those called to meet in the attorney general's office were Secretaries Glass, Houston, Redfield, and Wilson, Director General Hines, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Leffingwell and Chairman Murdock and W. B. Colver of the federal trade commission.

FLOOD IN COLORADO

Longmont, Colo., Aug. 1.—A terrific cloudburst broke in the Big Hill district, ten miles west of Lyons, yesterday, causing the worst flood along the north fork of the St. Vrain river in twenty-seven years. The damage is estimated at between \$30,000 and \$40,000. As yet no loss of life has been reported. Several bridges in this region were swept away, as well as a number of automobiles abandoned by tourists in their efforts to escape. Several thousand acres of farm land along the bed of the creek, planted with crops, were inundated and in a number of cases ruined.

BE PREPARED FOR VACATION ILLS

Change of food and water sometimes causes indigestion that leads to sick headaches, biliousness, bloating, sour stomach, gas, bad breath and coated tongue. Foley Cathartic Tablets should be in every travelers' grip. They act without pain, griping or nausea. They are a fine and wholesome physic.—O. G. Schaefer. For Sale everywhere.—Adv.

NEGRO PARDONED

Santa Fe, Aug. 2.—Thomas Gray, a negro boy, was pardoned out of the reform school at Springer today by Acting Governor Benjamin F. Pankey, two murders in nearly 100 years.

THE man or woman afflicted with backache, swollen muscles, stiff joints, rheumatic pains or other symptom of kidney trouble is entitled to sympathy and should have help.

Nature gives early warning of kidney trouble by puffiness under eyes, spots before the eyes, dry mouth, biliousness, weakness and pale, waxy, dry skin.

It is unwise to neglect the slightest symptom of kidney trouble. Give the kidneys the help they are calling for.

Foley Kidney Pills

tone up weak, inactive, sluggish kidneys and help rid the body of poisons. With kidneys and bladder properly functioning, appetite is restored, refreshing sleep is possible and health, strength and energy come as a natural result.

C. F. Reynolds, Elmira, N. Y., writes: "Three months ago I was sick in bed with kidney trouble. My back ached so severely I could not get up. We read of Foley Kidney Pills, so I sent for some and commenced taking them. In a few days I was up out of bed and upon keeping the treatment up for some time I was able to go to work, and have had no more backaches."

O. G. SCHAEFER

4 Sold Everywhere

PRESIDENT OF SOUTHERN REPUBLIC "IMPOSSIBLE" SAYS ARCHAEOLOGIST

Washington, Aug. 1.—Elimination of President Carranza "with the least damage possible," is the only solution of the Mexican problem, the house rules committee was told today by William Gates, an archaeologist of Baltimore.

Mr. Gates said Henry P. Fletcher, the American ambassador to Mexico realized that Carranza was "impossible" and added that the ambassador had not obtained the facts in the Mexican situation for President Wilson.

Mr. Fletcher's conception of his functions, the witness said, "was that of a 'representative of one sovereign to another,' which prevented him from obtaining all information on the Mexican situation. One conviction of his duty, he added, would have 'got the facts and reported them to Wilson."

"If we had had a Morgenthau, a Whitlock or a Hoover in Mexico," declared Gates, "the German minister, von Eckardt would have had to leave Mexico and Mexico would have come into the war on the side of the allies."

American military intervention in Mexico was not favored by Mr. Gates, except in that he thought some soldiers might be sent to aid anti-Carranza forces, "in relieving the country of Carranza," 98 per cent of the Mexican people, he declared, would approve such action by the United States.

"What would be the effect of the withdrawal of recognition of Carranza?" asked Chairman Campbell.

"In the territory controlled by Carranza it would mean the death of American men, worse for American women and destruction of property that is needed for rebuilding."

A Great Remedy

The merits of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy are well known and appreciated, but there is occasionally a man who had no acquaintance with them and should read the following by F. H. Dear, a hotel man at Dupuyer, Mont. "Four years ago I used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy with such wonderful results that I have since recommended it to my friends."—Adv.

GOVERNMENT ARSENAL THREAT-
ENED WITH DESTRUCTION
BY FIRE

Raritan, N. J., Aug. 4.—The United States arsenal here was threatened with destruction today by the explosion of powder magazines. The wrecked buildings caught fire and only great efforts prevented the flames from spreading to the main structures. It was said at the office of the commandant an hour after the explosion that approximately twelve men had been killed but the adjutant reported later that only six had been injured, none fatally.

To Care for Injured.

New Brunswick, Aug. 14.—Twenty-five beds have been prepared at St. Peters hospital here to receive the injured.

A box car on a siding near the arsenal is said to have blown up at 1 p. m., setting fire to three magazines which exploded. Residents of the vicinity are fleeing from their homes, fearing the other magazine will be destroyed.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Maintenance of one field army with a war strength of 1,250,000 men is proposed in a bill establishing a permanent military policy which was sent to congress today by Secretary Baker.

The active force of this army would be 510,000 regulars, while the remainder would be young men who had taken a three months' military training course, which would be compulsory for all 19 years' youths. This reserve strength would be used to fill out the 20 infantry divisions and one cavalry division into which it is proposed to divide the regular army.

The bill represents the policy of the war department with respect to the peace time military establishment under the measure all special services built up during the war would be maintained as separate branches except the chemical warfare service.

Three months military training for youths of 19 would be made compulsory and promotion of officers by seniority would be abolished. Secretary Baker said the war had shown this system of promotion to be defective.

No change in the existing law with regard to the organization of the national guard and its relation to the regular army was suggested. Mr. Baker said it was assumed that the national defense act federalizing the guard would be retained in force.

Under the army's plan, youths would be subject to military service for two years after completing the course of military training and in the event of war the selective service act in force during the great war would become operative.

The plan for registering youths of 19 years is the same with slight modifications, as was applied during the war under the selective service act.

Exemption from training would be given only to members of the regular army and navy, honorably discharged soldiers and sailors and members of coast guard, mariners actually employed in service and "persons permanently physically, mentally or morally unfit for any military service whatever."

Under such exemption clauses the average number of boys of 19 to be found qualified for training each year would be approximately 1,000,000. This



18 cents a package

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply, or when you travel.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY
Winston-Salem, N. C.

CAMELS' expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos answers every cigarette desire you ever had! Camels give such universal delight, such unusual enjoyment and satisfaction you'll call them a cigarette revelation!

If you'd like a cigarette that does not leave any unpleasant cigarette aftertaste or unpleasant cigarette odor, *smoke* Camels! If you hunger for a rich, mellow-mild cigarette that has all that desirable cigarette "body"—well, you get some Camels as quickly as you can!

Camels' expert blend makes all this delightful quality possible. Your personal test will prove that Camel Cigarettes are the only cigarettes you ever smoked that just seem made to meet your taste! You will prefer them to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!

Compare Camels for quality and satisfaction with any cigarette in the world at any price!

Cigarettes

number from the last annual class to have been trained would be held ready for immediate mobilization at all times.

Omaha, Aug. 4.—The city commission authorized today the expenditure of \$10,000 in buying food supplies to be sold to the public at cost.

When two commissioners suggested an investigation to learn if prices are too high the mayor shouted:

"Not on your life. I demand action now. Help the people first, the investigation."

The commission then voted for the proposition.

While defending the municipal coal yard against attacks of coal dealers, the mayor said:

"We have got to do everything we can to give the people the necessities of life, or be confronted by open insurrection."

RELEASED AND ARRESTED

Leavenworth, Kans., Aug. 5.—Martin Gunderson, released from the federal prison yesterday after serving a two years sentence for conspiring to defeat the selective draft law in South Dakota, was arrested and today taken by federal authorities to St. Louis, where it is said, he will face deportation proceedings.

NC-4 TO FLY AGAIN

Washington, Aug. 4.—Senator Phelan of California, announced today after a conference with Secretary Daniels that the naval seaplane NC-4, the first aircraft to cross the Atlantic ocean, might attempt a flight to the Pacific coast "in order that the people of the Pacific coast might have an opportunity of seeing it."

"Plans are now under consideration," said Mr. Phelan, "to have the NC-4 make a flight across the continent, stopping at many of the large centers."

BUY LARGE RANCH

Mrs. Emma Longenercker and Misses Elizabeth and Susan Allen of Moorestown, N. J., have purchased the J. J. Shippy ranch of 1280 acres at Ferndale. The deal was closed last night. Mrs. Longenercker and Miss Elizabeth Allen motored to Santa Fe today for a few days' visit, before going out to the ranch to live.

G. A. HEMENWAY DEAD

The name of George A. Hemenway of Carlsbad, N. M., is reported on today's casualty list as having died of wounds. Mr. Hemenway was previously reported missing in action.

The annual number of pilgrims to Mecca often exceeds 100,000.

REPRESENTATIVE ASKS PRESIDENT TO TAKE IMMEDIATE STEPS

Washington, Aug. 5.—A resolution directing the president to employ means directly within his power to relieve the people from the high cost of living, and containing a general indictment of the democratic administration was introduced by Representative Reddick, of Montana, today.

Six primary causes of high costs were set forth in the resolution as follows:

Government extravagance and waste.

Purchase and hoarding by the war department of food and clothing.

Export of large amounts of necessities of life.

Continued inflation of currency under the federal reserve act.

Encumbering federal payroll with hordes of unnecessary employes.

Failure and refusal of the administration to enforce federal statutes providing for commissions in unfair restraint of trade.

Those who expect the president to fire Burleson bodily are about as reasonable as those who look for a democrat like Burleson to resign.

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Stock Raising
Farming - Mining

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Law and order, and not anarchy, will and must prevail; in Chicago and outside of the western metropolis; and to the uttermost ends of these United States. We are an order loving and law-abiding people, and as such we have won the distinction of being the most progressive and prosperous nation on earth. Recently, too, we have won new honors and assumed grave responsibilities as a world power. We have established ourselves as a nation slow to anger, but both terrible in wrath and generous in mercy.

And this same country, which brooks no outside interference, while ready to fight for world liberty, will be found equally prompt and even more swift to quell any and all attempts to breed trouble here at home.

There was a time when some doubted the power of Uncle Sam. But this was long before the establishment of conscription and a hundred other war measures which were asserted by pacifists and the disloyal to be impossible and unconstitutional. And the strength of the Government's right arm was builded upon and developed by the millions of 100 per cent Americans who, because of their love for and abiding faith in law and order as the only elements worth while in the individual home and the nation at large, crushed a noisy minority. **This strength has grown. It is a time when each individual must count the cost of preserving this wonderful victory which we have won.** The hasty and quick-tempered must remember, or be made to remember, that each and every act of violence is a blow at 100 per cent Americanism.

This disturbance and turmoil in Chicago must not be permitted to spread. In all probability Chicago will find a remedy. In the meantime let every loyal citizen remember that anti-American influences are making a desperate effort to improve every opportunity to breed dissension, consequently, let every American be quick to take the initiative in instantly stopping the first suggestion tending toward disorder.

Far to the East is the example of Petrograd and Russia, where liberty has been crushed and anarchy prevails under the guise of Bolshevism.

Former Ambassador Strauss the other day warned the government to take steps to eliminate waste and extravagance, else "the huge debt accumulated during the war will become one of the nation's gravest problems." He proposes a perman-

ent organization of banking and business experts to act in an advisory capacity to the ten major departments of the government, and assist them in preparing their annual statements of money requirements.

It will be admitted that the lack of any centralized control over the annual estimate forces the appropriation committee to extreme care in the examination of every detail, and that this work consumes nearly the entire season.

The secretary of the treasury this week announces his plan for a new loan, and he deplors the lack of any budget system or any treasury control of governmental expenditures. He declares it to be even more difficult to foretell expenditures than to foretell receipts.

Secretary Glass has made his estimate, and, "contingent upon the practice of the most rigid economy and the continuance of ample revenues from taxation," our \$26,000,000,000 public debt will have been financed by next June.

Congressional business methods are antiquated and costly. The leaders in congress do not properly co-operate with the heads of the departments in the preparation, framing and pushing of appropriation bills, hence in the resultant legislative congestion of the too short session mistakes, confusion and loss are inevitable.

What is needed is a national budget system, with responsibility for federal expenditures thrown on the executive department, where it belongs. Under the national budget system business could be transacted in a businesslike way, and the finances of the government be wisely conserved.

Owning the government at Washington in fee simple, the professional prohibitionists are doing the purely human thing in lifting the taxes on the temperance drinks, so-called, manufactured by the contributors to their campaign chests.

The chump element in our population is so large that pretty soon the food profiteers will be telling the public that the drive against them is just politics and the chumps will take their side of it. They always have heretofore.

"Stealing my stuff," said the shade of William H. Vanderbilt when, on the shores of the Styx, he heard the street car strikers in Chicago had adopted as their motto: "The Public be Damned." But he smiled. They all do.

Juarez, Mexico, Aug. 7.—Two Mexicans were shot and killed by Ameri-

can customs guards while attempting to smuggle six barrels of whiskey to Mexico late last night, according to the announcement of Judge Jesus Cuen, of the district court, who completed an investigation today. One of the smugglers was identified as a man named Ruiz, of a prominent family in Juarez. The other was said to have been his chauffeur.

Washington, Aug. 7.—The government's case against the five big packers will be placed before the federal grand jury which meets at Chicago three weeks hence. This means that criminal prosecution will be started.

Charles T. Cline, federal district attorney at Chicago said today that besides asking indictments under the criminal section of the Sherman anti-trust law, civil suits would be brought under that statute and that in addition the packers would be prosecuted under the food control act on charges of hoarding.

TELLS WHERE THE RED-HEADED SPANISH-AMERICANS COME FROM

Santa Fe, Aug. 7.—Where do the red-headed Spanish Americans in New Mexico come from? is a question occasionally asked. The answer may be found in an interesting monograph by Colonel Ralph Emerson Twitchell, the New Mexico historian, which has just been published. It is entitled "Spanish Colonization in New Mexico in the Onate and DeVargas Periods," and is without doubt one of the most interesting historical studies put forth in the southwest.

The red-headed re-conquistadores make their appearance in a list of settlers that came with DeVargas in 1693 and located at Santa Cruz and Santa Fe as well as in the surrounding country. It was the Ortiz family, which according to the description of each settler, which was red-headed although one of them Nicolas Ortiz is described as being bald-headed of medium height with sharp nose and large eyes. However, Luis Ortiz had a small flat nose and "bright red color." Manuela Ortiz, Luis Ortiz and Francisco Ortiz are described as ruddy and Nicolas Ortiz as freckled. There were other red heads among these intrepid conquerors, each one of whom is minutely described. According to the Mendelian law in eugenics, these red heads are bound to pop up ever so often in every succeeding generation no matter what intermarriages take place.

The monograph sets forth in delightful detail the rules, regulations, ordinances and plans that Spanish settlers had to follow in laying out a settlement. The size of the Plaza and its location was minutely prescribed, the buildings that were to face it, the divisions of land and laying out of the streets, precautions for sanitation and health, for open spaces and sunshine, all came under the regulations of the Spanish colonization laws and many of the details of town planning 300 years and more ago sound strangely modern, since city planning on scientific lines has come into vogue again. The rights and privileges as well as duties of officials, citizens and visitors were minutely set forth, making altogether a most delightful treatise.

MONEY FOR NEW HOTEL

Santa Fe, Aug. 7.—At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce to discuss a proposition for a \$150,000 hotel to be built in New Mexico style on the Plaza, Levi A. Hughes, president of the First National bank, led off for the bank with a subscription of \$10,000 to the proposed \$100,000 bond issue. W. W. Cook of Kansas offered to invest \$40,000. The hotel is to be three stories, to have 60 guest rooms and a number of unusual features that are to make it the most attractive hotel in the southwest.

THREE INCHES OF RAIN

Denver, Aug. 7.—Moderate to heavy rains were general throughout the state and excessive rainfall occurred in localities, according to a summary of weather conditions for the week ending yesterday, just issued by the weather bureau. At Denver the rainfall was more than three inches.

Santa Fe, Aug. 7.—In the presence of a crowd of thousands of people from all parts of New Mexico which packed the statehouse grounds, Major General Leonard Wood, U. S. A., was this morning presented, on behalf of the state with a medal in recognition of his services to the country during the great war. The presentation speech was made by Major W. H. H. Llewellyn, who served under General Wood as a Rough Rider in the Spanish-American war, members of this historic organization being present in force at the ceremonies.

A brief speech of welcome was made by Acting Governor B. F. Pankey and following the conferring of the medal General Wood responded at length, expressing his appreciation of the honor and paying a tribute to the patriotism and hundred per cent Americanism of the people of New Mexico.

General Wood was escorted from the residence of Captain B. M. Cutting, whose guest he is while here, to the main entrance of the state capitol by a procession of a hundred horsemen, including war veterans, cowboys, members of the artist colony, Pueblo and Navajo Indians and nearly a hundred automobiles were in the line carrying public officials and delegations from all over the state.

"The armies of America," declared Major General Leonard Wood in his speech following the conferring of a medal by the state of New Mexico at the capitol here today, "will never go to war at the mandate of any foreign nation nor group of nations." General Wood urged national preparedness as a steadfast policy, declaring that lack of it is "not humanity but brutality."

He received a loud applause when he appealed for the wiping out of "cheap little racial and social distinctions" and the perpetuation of the battlefield's spirit of democracy.

"Avoid internationalism as you would death," said General Wood, in denunciation of bolshevism and allied evils.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Cuppage, of 815 11th street received a wire from their son Frank, that he had landed safely in this country from overseas, and is now stationed at Camp Merritt, New Jersey.

Employes in turpentine factories never have rheumatism.

AMERICA DID NOT KNOW OF JAP-ALLIED PACT

Washington, Aug. 6.—Secretary Lansing told the senate foreign relations committee today that the American plan for a league of nations was "not pressed" at Versailles and never was presented to the full peace conference.

The secretary, appearing at a public hearing of the committee, said he did not know whether a copy of the American draft still was in existence.

Discussing the Shantung provision of the treaty, Secretary Lansing said the Ishii agreement made to obtain re-affirmation by Japan of the open door policy in China was entered into by the American government without knowledge of the secret treaty between Japan and the allies of German concessions in Shantung to Japan.

Secretary Lansing said he personally would be opposed to furnishing the senate a copy of the transcript of the discussions before the league of nations section of the peace conference "on the general principle" that it might prove "irritating" to other nations.

Mr. Lansing did not recall how the American plan for a league of nations differed from that adopted. Asked by Senator Brandegee whether it was true that the American plan was drafted by two New York lawyers, the witness replied:

"I think that is not true."

The secretary thought the plan embodied in the league covenant was a "decided improvement" on the American plan. He could not go into details, however, because he was not a member of the commission which drafted the covenant.

Asked how expenses of the league were to be paid, the secretary said the league had no authority to "assess" any nation, but would apportion expenses, and their payment so far as the United States was concerned would be entirely dependent upon the decision of congress.

The Bliss Letter

Pressed to describe the Bliss letter Mr. Lansing said:

"The president had asked to communicate our opinions. General Bliss prepared a letter and showed it to us and we concurred in it."

"Was it in the nature of a protest?" asked Senator Borah.

"No."

Asked why the letter was not available, Secretary Lansing said:

"Ask the president. I was sent to him."

The secretary said he could not recall having seen a letter relating to any effort of the Japanese delegates to "intimidate" the Chinese.

Questioned about the Lansing-Ishii agreement, the secretary said he would prefer to make a full statement later on that subject as well as the attitude of the American government toward the 21 demands by Japan on China and toward China's entrance into the war.

Chinese Appeal

Senator New asked whether China made any appeal to the American delegates about the Shantung matter.

"The Chinese delegates called upon the American delegates and discussed the subject," said Mr. Lansing. "I don't call it an appeal, as it was a

discussion the same as we had with the Japanese delegates."

"Was any effort made by the American delegates to have Japan guarantee to return Shantung to China?" asked Senator New.

"Yes, there was such an effort, and by the word effort I don't mean to imply it was a failure."

"Do you mean to say it was not a failure?" asked Senator Harding, of Ohio.

"I cannot pass upon that as the matter was handled entirely by the president."

No Secret Agreements

Secretary Lansing said he "had reason to believe" there were no secret agreements in effect among the other allied and associated powers of which the United States had no knowledge. He also said he had been assured by Mr. Balfour, (the British foreign secretary) that England favored the open door policy in China.

Questioned about the league covenant's definition of the Monroe doctrine as a "regional understanding," Mr. Lansing said it certainly was such an understanding.

NEIGHBORING STATE AVERAGES \$25 PER CAPITA WHILE THIS STATE HAS BUT \$6

Santa Fe, Aug. 5.—The statement just published that the state budget for Arizona for the coming year will be \$3,000,000 of which \$5,293,000 must be raised by direct taxation, is of much interest to the State Tax Commission for New Mexico's state budget for the coming year is only \$2,212,834.24 and for the 1920-1921 fiscal year only \$1,948,701.75. This is the more remarkable because at the last census, New Mexico had fifty per cent more population. In area too, Arizona is smaller. The per capita cost per year to carry on the Arizona government is fully \$25, while in New Mexico it is less than \$6 per capita, or less than one-fourth. The taxpayer, therefore, who groans about the extravagance of state government in New Mexico and the heavy contributions he must make to maintain the state government, should be advised to move into Arizona, where he does not get any more in the way of state government for \$25 than he does in New Mexico for \$6.

The economical methods of New Mexico state government are the more apparent when one examines and analyzes the expenditures for the coming year. Of the \$2,212,834.24 only one-tenth goes for salaries and expenses of the executive and legislative offices, including the district judges, district attorneys, maintenance of the capitol and executive buildings, state library, supreme court, etc.

For the protection of person and property \$141,675 is to be expended and that includes such activities as the extermination of predatory animals, mounted police, insurance, mining, corporation, bank departments, etc.

It is for education that the largest fraction is expended and every one wants good schools as a matter of course. For that object more than one-fourth of the entire budget has been set aside, while for good roads another fourth is appropriated, so that more than one-half of the road

expenditures go for good schools and good roads. Another fourth goes for the maintenance of hospitals, orphan homes, charitable and penal institutions, an expense which no civilized commonwealth escapes. For the interest on the bonded debt \$124,700 are set aside, so that for the actual cost of state government, protection of person and property, conservation and development of natural resources, health and sanitation only one-fifth of the total expenditure or less than half a million dollars a year or about \$1.25 per capita is expended.

But let the taxpayer who groans about this \$1.25 per capita per year expenditure for state government remember that one-half of this contributed by the railroad and mining companies, by such malefactors of great wealth as the Phelps, Dodge Company, the A. T. & S. F., the Chino Copper company whose contributions annually to state, county, municipal, school and district government now total millions of dollars. The soap box orator, therefore, who at election time speaks of the enormous salaries paid state officials, the terrible graft by officialdom in New Mexico, the burdensome extortions of the assessor and tax collector, add even though only sotto voce, that the individual contribution of each inhabitant to this saturnalia of extravagance averages less than six bits or the price of the sodas for one round in a company of four.

Washington, Aug. 6.—Organized labor may, after a more thorough inquiry, advocate a firing squad for some of those responsible for the wave of profiteering. Warren S. Stone, grand chief of the Brotherhood Locomotive Engineers, told the house interstate commerce committee today.

Mr. Stone appeared before the committee at the hearing on the Plumb plan for railroad control by the public, the operating managements and labor.

Mr. Stone said the railroad brotherhoods were bitterly opposed to the old system of railway control. If the Plumb plan is rejected it would be the policy of labor, he added, to create enough sentiment in and out of congress to force its adoption.

"We have not and do not make any strike threats," the witness said in this connection. "We have not demanded an increase in wages preferring a reduction in the cost of living."

"I think some organizations will strike unless something is done at once to raise wages or cut down the living cost. When you reduce the latter you solve the entire problem of industrial unrest."

Mr. Stone said that from 18 to 25 carloads of fruits and vegetables were dumped at Cleveland every day simply in order to keep up prices.

Representative Winslow wanted to know what Mr. Stone thought congress should have done.

"Congress could have seen this was coming months ago," the witness replied. "Congress was so busy playing politics it could not think of the common people. If there were no laws to deal with the problems, laws should have been passed."

Answering Representative Sanders,

of Indiana, Mr. Stone said the time was coming when the price of coal would be fixed by the government "so men won't get rich while others freeze."

FIVE NEW CORPORATIONS

Santa Fe, Aug. 7.—The Vaught Manufacturing and Supply company of Raton filed incorporation papers yesterday, the capitalization being \$15,000 divided into \$100 shares.

The Canadian-American Oil Leasing association, limited, of Vancouver, British Columbia, filed incorporation papers. The capitalization is \$25,000, divided into \$5 shares.

The Friendly-Haven Ranch company of San Miguel county incorporated today. The capitalization is \$50,000. The incorporators are Elizabeth R. Allen, Moorestown, N. J., Emma Longnecker, Ferndale and Myrtle Huffman, East Las Vegas.

The McKinley Land and Lumber company filed an amendment to its charter increasing its capitalization from \$10,000 to \$1,050,000 divided into \$100 shares. Of the issue \$750,000 is to be common stock and \$300,000 preferred stock. The Western Brewing and Ice company of Albuquerque also amended its charter, changing its name to Western Ice and Bottling company.

The Santa Fe Oil and Land company, a Colorado corporation with New Mexico headquarters at Socorro, incorporated. The capitalization is \$100,000.

MEMORIAL SERVICES

Nogales, Ariz., Aug. 7.—Memorial services to be held in Nogales, Sonora, across the international boundary line from here, for Mexicans killed when Mexican and American troops clashed here August 27 last year, it was announced today.

In this clash, which included firing across the line, for a considerable period by both Mexican and American troops, three Americans were killed and 28, mainly members of the 36th infantry, were wounded.

The Mexican losses were much heavier.

ALL WANT A RAISE

Pueblo, Colo., Aug. 7.—Pueblo's public officials, from the city dog catcher to the mayor have demanded an increase in salary to meet the present living costs. The mayor and commissioners state it will require \$300,000 a year more to allow them to live as they have been accustomed. The dog catcher asks 25 cents more a day. Other increases range from \$10 a month upward.

Paris, Aug. 6.—Telegrams from American officials at Budapest state that Rumanian troops upon entering Budapest yesterday started plundering in the suburbs. Fifteen or twenty civilians were killed by the Rumanians during the day, it is added. The American reports said the Rumanians were demanding hostages, and threatened to kill five hostages for each Rumanian soldier injured.

New York, Aug. 6.—William A. Wimbish, of Atlanta, special counsel for the Southern Traffic league, told the house interstate commerce commission today it should sit tight and proceed with investigation of the railroad problem just as though labor had not demanded tri-partite control of the roads.

CAN'T ESCAPE INDEMNITY BY PURCHASING FROM PRIVATE CONCERNS

Washington, Aug. 2.—Bernard M. Baruch, economic adviser to the American peace delegation, told the foreign relations committee today that no purchase could be made in the United States or elsewhere by German concerns except through the reparations commission established by the treaty at Versailles. This provision was put on the treaty, Mr. Baruch said, so Germany could not evade any part of her indemnity obligations by sending money outside the country privately and thus reducing her industrial resources.

F. W. Taussig, who advised the American delegates on customs provisions, said in some respects, the Americans exercised a greater influence than any other government group because they were called upon to arbitrate the proposals of other nations. He declared there was no foundation for the suggestions that the British delegates had "dominated," the financial decisions of the peace conference.

Stating that under the treaty Memel, Schleswig and Danzig were ceded to the five big powers and that parts of German territory so ceded were made responsible for certain portions of the German debt. Senator Knox, republican, of Pennsylvania, asked Mr. Baruch whether this would not make the United States responsible for part of Germany's war debt. Mr. Baruch said he was sure there was no such intention.

Vienna, Friday, Aug. 1.—Bela Kun, the Hungarian communist dictator, has resigned and has been succeeded by a socialist government according to advices from Buda Pest.

On reports from the front that created consternation in Buda Pest, Bela Kun at a meeting of the soviet socialists, became pale of face and with his back to the wall declared:

"Very well. If you demand it, I must resign. I made the best fight I could."

The crisis at Buda Pest was due to the combined effect of the allied note issued at Paris last Sunday warning the Hungarians they must set up a truly respective government and the successful advance of the Rumanian army.

The soviet military forces were said to have been reduced to 40,000 unwilling soldiers who lacked animation and were harassed by the guerilla warfare of peasants. This force was thoroughly defeated today. The Hungarians were said to have surrendered or fled when a Rumanian division crossed the Theiss river. The Rumanians crossed the River Theiss at Tisza-Pured. They also took Szolnok, cutting the Buda Pest railroad.

Stragglers from the soviet army brought the news of the Rumanian advance. They said the enemy forces were only 25 miles from the capitol.

Hungarian refugees here held a celebration tonight over the downfall of communism. Officials here said the reconstruction of the Hungarian government was expected to improve the situation in Austria, lessening the danger of disorders.

Of the 60,000 or more daily and weekly newspapers in the world, more than half are printed in the English language.

TRACTION LINES WILL RAISE FARES TO MEET WAGE ADVANCE

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Street car service was resumed today after a four day strike of surface and elevated carmen that is estimated to have cost the workers \$330,000 in wages lost. Resumption of traffic soon followed announcement of rescinding of the strike order and acceptance of a wage schedule of 65 cents an hour for surface and 67 cents for elevated men.

Hearings were begun today by the state public utilities commission to determine what raise in fares will be necessary to pay the 17 cents an hour increase in wages given to the men. It is said a seven cent fare on surface lines and 8 cent fare on elevated roads will be granted by the commission. In addition a one cent charge for transfer may be authorized.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—An incendiary fire which the police declare was started by negroes early today swept through the district bounded by West 43rd, West 46th, South Lincoln street and South Hermitage avenue, destroying 100 homes of Polish and Lithuanian employes of the stock yards and causing a property loss of more than \$200,000. Three persons are missing and a score were injured in the conflagration.

Three thousand men, women and children have been rendered homeless by the fire and the bad feeling between the whites and negroes, greatly aggravated. State troops were sent to the scene of the fire to disperse the crowds and prevent a renewal of race riots.

A number of witnesses have been found by the police who say they saw several automobiles of negroes with burning torches in the district shortly before the fire was discovered. The fire broke out in three sections of the district at the same time according to the police. Telephone wires in the district were cut a few moments after the blaze broke out. A number of shots were fired at negroes in automobiles who, it is said, were attempting to escape after the fires were started. One negro was said to have been wounded but was carried away by his companions.

Fire Chief O'Connor, after a hasty investigation declared that the fires were undoubtedly of incendiary origin and evidently started by throwing gasoline on the outside of the buildings and applying a lighted torch or matches.

Fire Attorney Harry Donnelly gave the police the name of 12 persons who declare they saw negroes in the district bearing burning torches and cutting telephone wires.

The situation in other sections of the danger zone of the south side was reported satisfactory to the police, although there were a number of minor disturbances.

The nationwide strike of railroad shopmen called for yesterday morning, has as yet not affected local shopmen and in the opinion of local shopmen will not affect local employes or other employes this side of the Mississippi within a week or the next ten days. Awaiting advices from labor leaders in Washington, all shopmen will continue work.

A telegram from D. B. Strickland, chairman of the shop committee, from

W. S. Patterson, district manager of the International Association of Machinists, of Albuquerque, was posted in the local shops today. It read as follows: "Following from Anderson, (Anderson is president of the I. A. M. with offices in Washington, D. C.) take pleasure announcing that director general has today agreed to sign agreement with shop trades, director general giving earnest and sympathetic consideration to wage demands but unable to give definite information regarding position of administration at this time we are working diligently for a speedy settlement," signed W. S. Patterson.

The following, as a bulletin, was also posted in the local shops today over the signature of I. H. Drake, general roundhouse foreman:

Rush. Please see that the following telegram is placed on all shop employes bulletin boards at once.

International officers and national agreement committee representing Federated trades, state have been in conference with director general since July 28 on question of national agreement and wage increases. We are now officially assured by the Director general that the railroad administration will sign national agreement. Earnest effort is now being made by the director general to give definite information at earliest possible moment as to position of railroad administration wage matters. The successful termination of our efforts depends upon the united support of all men involved. There must be no stoppage of work during these negotiations. We will advise you as soon as we are in possession of further definite information. Signed by order of national agreement committee.

B. M. JEWELL,
Acting President, Railroad Employees Department.

Will you please therefore forward this entire message by wire to all interested and have it including my signature bulletined at once on all bulletin boards for shop employes.

(Signed) WALKER D. HINES,

SENATE DRY BILL

Washington, Aug. 2.—Work on prohibition enforcement legislation was completed today by a senate judiciary sub-committee. The measure is said to be less drastic than that passed by the house. In its principal features, however, it followed the house bill. The sub-committee adopted the house definition of intoxicating beverages—this containing more than one-half of one per cent of alcohol.

ARRESTED FOR LARCENY

Espiridon Arellanes has been arrested by the mounted police at Chaperito for larceny of a yearling steer and has been bound over to the grand jury under \$200 bond.

Bellaire, O., Aug. 5.—Unrest which has been smouldering for some time among the foreign miners of Belmont county, burst into flame today at the Fort Pitt coal mine, south of here, when 200 radical workmen clashed with 100 other miners who refused to join them in a strike for large wage increases. As a result, a score of deputy sheriffs armed with riot guns are guarding the mine this afternoon and federal authorities are investigating the trouble.

The action of the strikers, it was said, is in defiance of the United Mine Workers.

MEXICAN BANDITS HOLD AMERICAN FOR RANSOM—CRUELTY CAUSES DEATH

Washington, Aug. 4.—Inquiry at the state department today developed that representations were made to the Mexican government after Dr. Charles T. Sturgiss of Washington, his wife and the latter's mother, Mrs. W. H. Keenright, had been taken prisoners nearly a year ago by General Rafael Calle Mayor, a friend of the rebel leader, Zapata. The Mexican authorities promised to investigate but so far as is known here none of the bandits has been punished.

Dr. and Mrs. Sturgiss now en route from Mexico to St. Louis, will be invited to testify before the house committee investigating relations between the United States and Mexico. Mrs. Keenright died when a prisoner and Dr. Sturgiss and his wife were not released until last February.

Chicago, Aug. 4.—Every roundhouse worker in the United States may be asked to join the general strike of the Federated Railway Shopmen's union, according to information given out today at the Chicago headquarters of the organization. Plans asking for the assistance of the roundhouse employes were under consideration at a meeting of the union leaders.

L. W. Hawver, president of the Chicago council of the Federated Railway Shopmen's union, declares within a week the strike will tie up both freight and passenger traffic in many sections for the reason that every locomotive has to be overhauled and repaired after each trip to be kept in good condition.

R. H. Aishton, regional director of railroads for the northwest region, said today that the strike thus far had not seriously interfered with either freight or passenger traffic. Reports from various sections of the nation shows the strike of shopmen is gaining hourly in number.

Strike Unauthorized

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 4.—Railroad repair men who are on strike in a number of cities of the country were ordered today to return to work by Frank Panquin, general vice president of the Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, who declared that, as a legal vote had never been taken by the brotherhood, the strike was unauthorized.

1000 Out at Sioux City

Sioux City, Ia., Aug. 4.—Nearly one thousand railroad shopmen went on a strike today. The railroads are not accepting perishable freight or live stock.

TO KEEP THE CHILDREN WELL

Mrs. Amanda Flint, New Philadelphia, O., writes: "I heartily recommend Foley's Honey and Tar. It relieved my little girl of the worst tickling cough. She was so badly annoyed at night I tried a great many things, and found nothing to help her until I got Foley's Honey and Tar." Contains no opiates. Best for any cold.—O. G. Schaefer. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

SHIPLEY RELEASED

Washington, Aug. 5.—Advices to the state department today from Mexico City based on publications in Mexican newspapers, said Lawrence L. Shipley of Yerington, Nevada, who was kid-

CONGRESS WILL HASTEN ACTION IN REGARD TO NATIONAL POLICY

Washington, Aug. 2.—Senator Cummins, chairman of the senate interstate commerce committee, and other members of that body believe the demands made by railroad employes for increased wages to meet the high cost of living will hasten action by congress on legislation establishing a national policy with respect to the railroads.

Both the senate and house committees have been working on such legislation for some time and presentation of a tentative bill this month is expected. Chairman Cummins and other members of the commerce committee met informally today to discuss the railroad situation, but no decision was reached. It was said that all of the senators were impressed with the gravity of the situation.

Washington, Aug. 2.—The National Association for the Protection of American rights in Mexico issued a statement today and sent a copy of it to the state department protesting against statements made by President Carranza, in an interview to the Associated Press. The protest follows:

"The statement is the old protest against the Carranza government that confiscation is not intended by the constitution, decrees and proposed laws of Mexico, against which the foreign office of the United States, England, France and Holland have protested as confiscatory. It is merely a denial that tricky legislation depriving legal owners of oil lands honestly acquired and made valuable, constitutes confiscation. The attitude of the American government in this matter is sufficient reputation of the statement attributed to President Carranza.

NEW CORPORATIONS

Santa Fe, Aug. 2.—Albright and Anderson of Albuquerque yesterday filed a certificate of amendment to their charter with the state corporation commission, increasing their capital stock from \$20,000 to \$50,000.

The Hayward corporation of Las Cruces filed incorporation papers, the capitalization being \$100,000 divided into \$100 shares.

The Portales Valley Sweet Potato Growers association of Portales, incorporated today.

Incorporation papers were also filed by the El Paso Cattle Loan company, a Texas corporation. The capitalization is \$300,000 of which \$ 278,200 are paid up.

SCHOOL AND ROAD TAXES

Santa Fe, Aug. 2.—School and good roads demands will increase the tax rate in practically every county 25 to 35 per cent according to Director Rupert F. Asplund of the New Mexico Taxpayers' association, who has just returned from a tour of the eastern counties during which he assisted the school authorities and county commissioners to make up their budgets.

MYSTERY CLEARED UP

San Francisco, Aug. 2.—Returning unescorted to her apartment in the Fairmont hotel today, after having been absent throughout the night, 9-year old Virginia Byington, daughter of a New York woman, ended an alleged kidnaping mystery which has busied every policeman in the city.

CHARGES OF EXTENSIVE PROFITEERING BROUGHT FORWARD IN HOUSE

Washington, Aug. 2.—Appearing before the house rules committee today to urge that his resolution directing the federal trade commission to investigate the prices of shoes be made a special house resolution Representative Igoe read a statement on boot and shoe manufacture in which it was stated shoes next spring would bring still higher prices based on the present established prices of leather and labor.

Mr. Igoe presented a statement which placed net earnings of the Central Leather company for the quarter ending June 30, last, at \$4,239,345 and told the committee this was an increase of more than 100 per cent over the preceding quarters and a gain of 99 per cent over the corresponding period of 1918.

In support of another resolution Mr. Igoe asked that the rules committee bring to the house's attention his proposed inquiry of whether dealers were recouping their war taxes by advancing costs. He said a Baltimore man, owning or controlling 400 apartments, was advertising that his tenants must sign an agreement to pay increases sufficient to meet his higher taxes.

Chairman Campbell told the committee that a dealer in Washington bought a barrel of potatoes last week for \$3.45 and within a hour sold them for \$20.45.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Leaders of the federated railway shopmen's union today predict that the strike which started yesterday would become the nationwide movement that it was expected to be.

At present the strike is for the most part confined to points in the mid-west and southeast, with some of the craftsmen out at points outside that territory.

In the middle west some 30,000 men were reported out, with a like number in the south and southeast sections. Those affected are car repairers, inspectors, machinists, electricians, blacksmiths and sheet metal workers. They demand a wage increase from the present scale of 68 cents an hour to 85 cents, with 60 cents an hour for helpers, and that the increase be effective from January 1, 1919. Every railroad system in the country will be affected by night, John Saunders, secretary of the council directing the Chicago strike, said:

"The strike was ordered as a protest against the many delays in our demands. Negotiations in Washington have been without avail. We will make a clean sweep of every road in the country."

600 Out at Havre

Havre, Mont., Aug. 2.—More than 600 employes of the Great Northern railroad shops and roundhouse here struck today, in response to a call for a nationwide strike.

Des Moines Responds

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 2.—Approximately 700 railroad shopmen in the Rock Island yards at Vailey Junction, near here, went on strike today in response to the call for a nationwide strike.

Read the want ads today.

CORRESPONDENCE AND PAPERS OF COMMISSION PRESENTED BY MARSHALL.

Washington, Aug. 1.—The protocol to the German peace treaty, defining explanations of the treaty agreed to in memorandums exchanged between the German and allied plenipotentiaries was laid before the senate today by Vice President Marshall. The documents were transmitted yesterday by President Wilson, but too late for submission before today.

The protocol was accompanied by explanatory letters from President Wilson and Secretary Lansing. The protocol and the correspondence are referred to the foreign relations committee.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Two million pounds of foodstuffs shipped to Chicago in 1918 was spoiled and had to be condemned and destroyed because of delay on railroad or improper handling, by shippers, commission men or retailers, according to Health Commissioner Robertson. It included 312,063 pounds of meat, 63,233 pounds of poultry, 148,969 pounds of fish, 85,000 pounds of fruit, 85,000 pounds of fruit, 240,553 pounds of vegetables, 102,272 pounds of canned figs, 369,912 pounds of canned fruit, 527,943 pounds of canned vegetables and 19,572 pounds of eggs.

Dr. Robertson believes this enormous waste of food is an important factor in the cost of living and he has asked the city health department's bureau on food markets and farm products to consider plans for eliminating this waste in its investigation.

GROWING OLD BEFORE YOUR TIME

Kidney trouble tends to "slow up" men and women in middle life and they fear oncoming old age when it is only the kidneys that are at fault. Foley Kidney Pills assist Nature to restore a sound, healthy condition and to banish backache, soreness, lameness and stiffness, puffy eyes and other symptoms.—O. G. Schaefer. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Berlin, Thursday, July 21.—The former German emperor's statement on October 27, 1918, that he had reached an unalterable determination to sue for peace within 24 hours and to demand an immediate armistice, is one of the many revelations of German war diplomacy contained in the white book, published at Weimar today.

The former emperor's decision to seek peace immediately, according to documents in the white book, he considered necessary because he believed the people both unable and unwilling to continue the war. The former ruler's conscience was said to forbid him to permit further bloodshed.

DON'T KEEP POISON IN YOUR BLOOD

When the kidneys are properly doing their work they eliminate from the circulation waste products that poison the blood if permitted to remain in the system. Foley Kidney Pills help the kidneys remove the poisons that cause aches and pains, stiff joints, sore muscles, lame back, rheumatic pains.—O. G. Schaefer. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Wouldn't it be awful if the people should conclude they don't want 2.75 beer?

FREIGHT TRAIN RUNS INTO A WASHOUT BURYING ENGINEER

Flagstaff, Ariz., Aug. 2.—After Santa Fe railroad employes had built a track around a washout at Hackberry, near Seligman last night, restoring traffic over the road after many hours delay, the large Santa Fe bridge over the Puerco river 125 miles east of Flagstaff, was washed away, paralyzing the road again.

The railway authorities have maintained watchmen at the bridge for some time, fearing the recent heavy rains would endanger it. The bridge is one of the largest and most expensive along the Santa Fe in this state.

At Hackberry, which is west of here, an engine and 17 cars of a freight train yesterday ran into a washout, burying the engineer, Fred Fuller, of Needles, Calif., under a mass of wreckage. His body has not been recovered. Persons passing the scene of the wreck say it is one of the worst seen for some time. The engine, they said, had turned completely over.

PROPOSE SELLING WHEAT CROP AT PREVAILING MARKET PRICES

Washington, Aug. 1.—A special committee to consider means of reducing the high cost of living was appointed at the meeting yesterday of members of President Wilson's cabinet with Attorney General Palmer. The committee will compile suggestions thus far made and report to the cabinet Monday when further steps will be taken.

One suggestion made, Mr. Palmer said, was that the government sell this year's wheat crop at the market price, to be determined by the law of supply and demand, and to make up the guarantees to the farmers out of the billion dollar fund appropriated by congress.

YOU'LL DO BETTER AT HOME

Sufferers from hay fever and asthma who can afford to travel are now seeking relief at health resorts. Victims compelled to remain at home find relief in Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. Allays inflammation, soothes and heals raw, painful bronchial tubes, and helps to overcome difficulty in breathing.—O. G. Schaefer. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

STORES TO SELL FOOD

New York, Aug. 2.—Several of the New York department stores have offered to put on sale without profit to themselves surplus foodstuffs purchased from the war department by the city, according to an announcement made today by Edwin J. O. Malley, deputy commissioner of markets.

An Old Fault Finder

An irritable and fault finding disposition is often caused by indigestion. A man with good digestion and bowels that act regularly is usually good natured. When troubled with indigestion or constipation take Chamberlain's Tablets. They strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. They also cause a gentle movement of the bowels.—Adv.

"Save and have"—buy war stamps.

SENATOR SAYS HISTORY OF PEN-INSULA IS ONE WRONG AFTER ANOTHER

Washington, Aug. 5.—Declaring the history of German and Japanese acquisitions in Shantung had been one wrong heaped upon another, Senator Watson, republican, of Indiana, asked the senate today to reject that provision of the Versailles treaty which gives Japan control in Shantung peninsula.

The original Shantung rights, Senator Watson said, were taken from China by Germany in 1898 through a demand enforced by a fleet of battleships and had been expanded to embrace complete economic condition of Shantung through treaties in 1899, 1900 and 1905.

These expanded rights, he said, had been taken from Germany in the present war by Japan, who had sought to reinforce her position by a treaty obtained by force, from China in 1905 and by secret agreements established by fraud, consummated with the allies in 1917.

Denver, Aug. 5.—Irregularities involving about \$50,000 in the handling of state funds by officials of 33 counties of Colorado were announced today by State Auditor Strong.

The state government claims about \$40,000 of this money, according to Mr. Strong and the various counties have additional claims against their past or present officials. The total of this indebtedness will be materially increased when the examination of the books is complete.

The greater part of the money involved in these irregularities represents interests on taxes. Instead of turning over to the state its share of the interest collected, the county commissioners in some cases have kept the money and spent it on roads and for other county purposes. One county alone owes \$9,900 in interest on delinquent taxes, according to the state auditor.

Denver, Aug. 5.—Following a meeting of Mayor Bailey and his cabinet this morning it was announced that Joseph J. Vickroy, commissioner of supplies, will leave this afternoon for Omaha, empowered to purchase large quantities of army foodstuffs from the government supply depot there, provided he finds the quality and prices satisfactory. It is the city's plan to resell these food stocks direct to the consuming public. The Denver housewives league informed Governor Shoup today that in order to get evidence against Denver profiteers it was organizing a detective service. The men will go to work at once to secure evidence.

Berlin, Aug. 5.—Troops of the Szegedin government of Hungary have advanced to within twenty-five miles of Budapest and expect to reach that city tonight. Jugo-Slav forces are also advancing upon Budapest according to a Vienna dispatch. The Rumanians have captured many communist leaders at the Hungarian capital.

The feeling is said to be growing in Budapest that the communists considered culpable must be put on trial for certain acts of the soviet regime. The charge of confiscating private property would lie against many.

The demand for the trial of the

communists is one of the principal reasons for the decision reached to effect speedily a coalition of the socialists, temporarily in power, with the bourgeoisie, as it is seen that an entirely socialistic government guided by socialistic principles would not feel that it could take the responsibility of trying the communists.

Denver, Aug. 5.—An extra session of the general assembly during the latter part of this month or early in September for the purpose of enacting legislation to curb profiteering loomed as a possibility today.

A number of Governor Shoup's advisers will counsel the governor to call such a session, it is understood, when he returns to Denver from Colorado Springs.

That new legislation is necessary to stop profiteering was indicated when Attorney General Victor E. Keyes, submitted to the governor's office this morning his report on his investigation of the statutes that are available to protect the public against the charging of exorbitant prices. The report shows that, while there are some remedial laws, additional legislation is needed.

MEN OUT AT BILLINGS

Billings, Mont., Aug. 5.—The entire crew in the local railroad shops quit work at 11 o'clock this morning in response to orders from union officials in St. Paul. The strike affects machinists and boilermakers and their helpers and apprentices. The walkout will have no immediate effect upon the railroad service, according to company officials.

250 QUIT AT HELENA

Heena, Mont., Aug. 5.—Machinists, boilermakers, steamfitters, car repairers, blacksmith and their helpers employed in the Northern Pacific shops here walked out this morning following orders from the union headquarters in St. Paul in support of the union's demands for increased pay. According to union officials about 250 men are on strike.

AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES HAVE NO KNOWLEDGE OF WILSON'S PLANS

Washington, Aug. 5.—Norman Davis, American financial adviser at Versailles, told the foreign relations committee today that the American peace delegates expressed no opinion as to whether the United States should receive part of the indemnity to be paid by Germany because they were without authority in the matter.

Pressed by committee members to describe the exact attitude of the American delegates, Mr. Davis declared the impression was not given to the peace conference that the United States would ask for no part of the indemnity.

"Nor did we tell them," he added, "that the United States would request a part. We felt we had no authority to do so."

Mr. Davis said there had been no decision whether the United States would accept German securities in reimbursement for indemnity, but that the president would recommend that course.

RAIN STOPS FIRES

Spokane, Aug. 5.—Forest fires in the Pend Oreille, Kaniksu, Coeur

D'Alene and St. Joe forests in northern Idaho were practically extinguished by rain today according to reports.

No rain had fallen in the Selway, Clearwater and Nez Perz forests, in the southern end of the Idaho panhandle, and fires there were described as dangerous, and more men were being sent to fight them.

NO GRAIN SHIPMENTS

Omaha, Aug. 5.—No grain shipments will come to Omaha until the shopmen's strike situation at Council Bluffs is adjusted, the Omaha grain exchange was notified today. Nebraska cars will be held at loading stations. The Burlington yards in Council Bluffs are crowded with loaded cars. Wabash and Northwestern shopmen are out.

San Francisco, Aug. 5.—The metal trades department of the American Federation of Labor will make demands on congress and the president this month that measures be taken to reduce the cost of living, James O'Connell, chairman of this department said. Membership of the metal crafts exceeds 500,000.

Reduction of living costs, O'Connell said, is the only means of averting further strike disturbances throughout the nation.

The demand will be brought forward, he said, by the executive committee of the metal trades departments which meet in Washington August 15.

"We have been granted wage increases that have gained us nothing and gotten us nowhere," O'Connell said. "The mounting cost of living quickly absorbs all increases and leaves us where we started. We are going to put it up to the government to find the way out."

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 5.—Governor Samuel R. McElvie of Nebraska today requested Leo Stuhr, secretary of the state department of agriculture to begin at once an investigation of the food problem, he also asked the secretary to obtain sufficient information by August 14, to justify a meeting with the state's attorney general "at which plans may be laid for further procedure."

The state's attorney general was requested to co-operate with Mr. Stuhr in making the investigation.

FAST BOUT AT TULSA

Tulsa, Okla., Aug. 5.—Sam Langford of Boston and Jack Thompson of Philadelphia, fought 15 fast rounds to a draw here. It was the first fight in an elimination series for the \$5,000 belt offered by Billy McLain, promoter of this city for the negro heavyweight championship of the world.

MINERAL MEN TO MEET

Denver, Aug. 5.—The United States war mineral relief committee of which former United States Senator John F. Shafroth, of Colorado, is chairman, will hold a week's series of meetings here beginning August 18. It is said about 100 mine operators of the state will meet the committee and present their views regarding a protective tariff on certain minerals and a bonus for tungsten produced during the war.

Read the classified ads today

1,000 RAILROAD EMPLOYEES WILL WALK OUT AT TEN O'CLOCK

Denver, Aug. 5.—One thousand Denver machinists will walk out tomorrow at 10 a. m. according to predictions made in labor circles here today, based upon a strike vote now being taken. It is expected that 3,000 other shopmen, including carmen, blacksmiths and pipe-fitters will join the walkout.

The strike, if it occurs, will not affect passenger trains, according to railroad officials. It is believed that it may be necessary to suspend dead freight traffic, which consists of shipments of coal, lumber ore and similar products.

An informal strike vote was taken at the regular meeting of Lodge No. 47, International Association of Machinists. Most of the rank and file of the membership, voted in favor of a walkout. The official count of the votes being cast today will be made tomorrow forenoon.

Denver, Aug. 5.—Love laughs at locksmiths—and war department rules, it was proved here today, when Mrs. H. D. Roberts, formerly Miss Louise Herbison, a war nurse, announced that she had eloped with an American officer, Lieutenant H. D. Roberts, while in service although the war department had made some inconvenient rulings against such proceedings.

The couple were married in Nice, France. Mrs. Roberts returned to Denver after eight months' service overseas and five months' work at the Presidio, Calif. At the same time Lieutenant Roberts arrived here and he and his bride started on their honeymoon. Both had been honorably discharged from service.

Raton, Aug. 5.—Whether or not Dr. O. E. Troy, a veterinary surgeon of this place will be prosecuted on a charge of murder growing out of the death of his wife at the Troy ranch near here on May 21 depends upon the finding of two chemical experts, Dr. S. R. C. Whitman and Lewis of Boulder, Colo., who will make a chemical examination of the vital organs of the dead woman taken from the dead body when the autopsy was performed here last Saturday.

The autopsy revealed no marks or indication of violence such as claimed by the state. The vital organs will be examined for traces of poison, the defense having set up the claim that the woman died from self administered poison.

Washington, Aug. 5.—In its hearings on economic sections of the Versailles treaty, the senate foreign relations committee got into a sharp argument today over the league of nations, during which Chairman Lodge declared repeated attempts to secure information on the league from President Wilson had been unavailing.

"The president," said Senator Lodge, "has never offered to come before this committee. He only sent a message saying he would be glad to have the committee come to the white house."

Senator Fall, republican, of New Mexico, remarked that the committee did see the president at the white house on his first return from France, but had failed to secure from him any information.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS
The United States civil service commission announces open competitive examinations for the following listed positions on the dates mentioned:

Histo-pathologic technician (male). At a salary of from \$1200 to \$1500. Examination September 9.

Electrical engineer (male). At a salary of from \$2400 to \$3600 a year. Examination September 16.

Assistant electrical engineer (male). At a salary of from \$1800 to \$2400 a year. Examination September 16.

Chief metallurgist (male). At a salary of from \$4500 to \$5000 a year. Examination September 16.

Assistant chief metallurgist (male). At a salary of from \$3600 to \$4500 a year. Examination September 16.

Deputy shipping commissioner (male). At a salary of \$900 a year. Examinations Sept. 3, Oct. 8, Nov. 5.

Specification engineer (male). At a salary of from \$2000 to \$2400 a year. Examination September 9.

Apprentice plate cleaner. Apprentice transferrer, apprentice picture engraver. Apprentice letter engraver. These positions open for males only. The salary paid these apprentices is \$600 the first year, \$700 the second, \$800 the third and \$939, the fourth year. After that from \$1200 to \$4800 a year. Examinations to be held September 3, October 3, and November 5.

Research engineer in metallurgy (male). At a salary of from \$2890 to \$3200 a year. Examination September 2.

Plant superintendent (male.) At a salary of from \$2000 to \$2400 a year. Examination September 2.

Mathematics and dynamics experts (male). Grade one receives from \$2500 to \$4000 a year, grade 2 receives from \$1000 to \$5000 a year. Examination September 2.

Research physicist (male). At a salary of from \$2700 to \$3200 a year. Examination September 2.

For further information and blanks on the above listed positions apply at the East Las Vegas postoffice.

The first musical carnival to be held by the Las Vegas band will be August 13. In presenting this musical event to the people of Las Vegas the band is going to give their friends and patrons their money's worth. It has always been the policy of the band to deliver the goods and give the people something worth while.

A troop of seven Hawaiians will entertain the audience with vocal and instrumental selections. These people come highly recommended and will do their very best.

The band has secured overtures especially for this occasion and are working hard getting them in shape to be presented to the public. Solos will be played on various instruments. Cornet solos will be played by Flores and Maurelia; violin solo by George Chavez, baritone solo by Eduardo del Palacio. Every spare minute has been filled in by something worth while, and arrangements so planned as to make the public comfortable. There will be plenty of ushers to take care of the people's wants and to furnish any necessary information.

Make your society calendar read, attend the band musical carnival, Duncan opera house Wednesday, Au-

gust 13. You'll not be sorry nor disappointed and at the same time you will help the band defray the season's expenses which are many.

GRIFFITHS-BRITTON FIGHT IN DENVER TONIGHT

Denver, Colo., Aug. 7.—Tommy Walsh, fight manager, arrived in Denver yesterday to watch his protegee, Johnny Griffiths, train for his 12-round bout with Jack Britton, welterweight champion of the world, at the stockyards stadium tonight.

Walsh has offered to wager \$1000 collected in Akron, Ohio, Griffiths home, that the Buckeye youth will be the winner over the titleholder.

Griffiths and the champion completed their training yesterday. Each will take a hike today and let it go at that.

DRESSES UP TO KILL HIS FELLOW WORKER

Littleton, Colo., Aug. 7.—After making a careful toilet and dressing himself in his best clothing, John Little, 37 years old, took his shotgun and revolver, went to the Leyner Engineering works, where he was employed, and shot and killed Richard Pulliam, 57 years old, a fellow worker.

"I dressed up clean," said Little, as he was arrested after the killing, "because I thought Pulliam might get me, and I didn't want to go in poor clothes, but I got him."

PANKEY TO SPEAK

Santa Fe, Aug. 7.—Governor Benjamin F. Pankey will probably accept the invitation of the Central Labor union at Albuquerque to make a Labor day address on September 1.

Denver, Aug. 6.—Five thousand dollars worth of jewelry was stolen from the room of Mrs. Maud A. Vaughn of this city yesterday while she was in another part of the house for a few minutes. Among the valuables taken were Mrs. Vaughn's wedding ring, her engagement ring, and a cluster diamond ring. The robbery is believed to be the work of a sneak thief acquainted with the arrangement of the rooms of Mrs. Vaughn's home. Pinkerton detectives have been engaged on the case and arrests are expected to be made soon.

In a case where a treaty of peace is dependent for its enforcement upon a league of nations, and both, being avowedly woven together, are dependent of a special treaty for their protection, does not the special treaty assume the general dignity of a boss document?

When a league of nations is ruled by a council and that council is ruled by the representatives of a triple alliance, who enforces the decrees of the special treaty by which the alliance is held together? Naturally, the boss of the triple alliance.

Perhaps that dignitary, the future president of the world, has come to the conclusion that it matters not whether he rides to greatness on a league covenant or a special treaty. Getting there is the thing.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 6.—A number of negroes employed on paving work at Lexington, Neb., 175 miles west of here were last night forced to leave the town by a crowd of white men, according to a report received here today. One of a number of shacks occupied by the negroes was

riddled with bullets, the report said. The trouble according to the report started after a negro had been discovered in a white man's home. The negro escaped but later was captured and beaten by white men.

Las Vegas experienced the heaviest rain of the season yesterday afternoon when 2.11 inches of water fell in little over half an hour. The streets were running streams of water and considerable debris was washed down onto the pavements. The Gallinas river rose several feet in a short period of time.

Many of the gardens were ruined by the hail. A number of the merchants on Bridge street were forced to cut holes in the floors of their stores in order to let the water out.

The electrical features of the storm were equal to the amount of water that fell. Lightning struck a tree in front of the Chalmers home on Fifth and Columbia splitting it from the topmost branches to the roots.

BURGLARS INFEST SANTA FE

Santa Fe, Aug. 7.—Sheriff George W. Armijo has issued a warning that a gang of burglars is evidently operating in Santa Fe. Stores are being broken into and private residences raided. The latest to suffer is Attorney Theodore Espe out of whose cellar a supply of liquors was stolen. Genaro Hovel who pleaded guilty to breaking into the Wood-Davis hardware store was sent to the penitentiary to day for two years and nine months to three years by District Judge Reed Holloman.

ZIONISTS IN FAVOR 4 OF PUBLIC CONTROL

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 7.—Public ownership of the land, natural resources and public utilities of Palestine, with a cooperative economic organization, is proposed in the so-called Pittsburgh program as a basis for the organization of the Zionist state. The program will be considered and acted upon by the general convention of Zionist organizations in America to be held in Chicago next month.

The stated aim of the advocates of the program which has received the endorsement of the regional Zionist conventions throughout the country, is to prevent the growth of a condition which exists in almost every country today—the ownership of practically all the land by a few very rich men and the dispossession of great masses of men and women who must work on whatever terms the owners choose to offer.

U. S. MONEY IN MEXICO

Nogales, Ariz., Aug. 7.—The chamber of commerce of Nogales, Sonora, across the border line from here, and other chambers in Mexican towns near the line, have petitioned the Mexican government to legalize acceptance of American money in payment of stamps, taxes and duties. This was learned here today from a member of the chamber.

In many of these Mexican towns, the member said, American money virtually is the sole circulating medium, the Mexican coinage in the hands of business men there being of very limited volume. Efforts to obtain a quantity of Mexican coins to relieve the situation have been fruitless.

MAN WHO DYNAMITED HOME OF OSCAR LAWLER LEAPS FROM ELEVENTH STORY WINDOW

Los Angeles, Aug. 7.—Charles H. McGwire, assistant engineer of the municipal department of public works, who committed suicide last night by leaping from the eleventh floor of the hall of records building, was held responsible today by public officials of the dynamiting last Sunday of the home of Oscar Lawler, a prominent attorney. McGwire had been told he was to be indicted for the offense.

McGwire's death came as a dramatic climax to a lengthy questioning by District Attorney Woolwine. Confronted with evidence that officials said pointed directly to him as being responsible for dynamiting, which nearly cost the lives of Mr. and Mrs. Lawler, McGwire rushed to the window in the room, shook off officers who tried to restrain him and hurled himself to the pavement, 11 floors below. He was dead when picked up.

It developed, following the suicide, that McGwire, although not under arrest, had been in custody 24 hours for having been unsuccessful recently in an attempt to break the will of William Kafitz, a local capitalist, in which Lawler represented a nephew and niece, was said to have been McGwire's motive in seeking the death of the attorney.

COMMERCE COMMITTEE BELIEVES PRESIDENT HAS SUFFICIENT POWER

Washington, Aug. 7.—Chairman Cummins of the interstate commerce committee wrote President Wilson today that the committee believes he already has "complete authority to deal with the new demands of the railroad workers for increased wages and that no additional legislation is necessary to meet the present situation."

"The committee," wrote Chairman Cummins, "recognizes the gravity of the situation and earnestly hope you can bring the solution of the problems. It feels, however, that congress has already given you complete and plenary authority to deal with the existing situation and that additional legislation at this time can add nothing whatever to your power in the premises."

"The director general can fix the wages of all men employed in the transportation service and it seems to be clear it is for him to say whether the compensation of these men should or should not be increased. He has all the available information which can possibly be secured and it is the view of the committee that he should act in accordance with the public interest and his own judgment. He can be advised upon the subject by any board or tribunal which you may select for that purpose. The director general has also the absolute right to initiate rates for transportation and can advance or lower them as he thinks best."

HONORS REQUISITION

Santa Fe, Aug. 7.—Acting Governor Benjamin F. Pankey honored the requisition today of Governor William D. Stephens of California for J. I. Stanley and T. J. Duffy under arrest in Albuquerque and wanted in Los Angeles on the charge of stealing a \$2,000 Stutz car from E. M. Murdock.

In the case of the state vs. Maximiliano Tapia, arrested by the sheriff on the charge of larceny of horses, Tapia was bound over to await the action of the grand jury under \$1000 bond. He was given a hearing this morning in the court of Justice Baca.

Captain Smith and wife (of the Volunteers of America, make the following report of their work for the month of July. They provided for eight meals amounting to \$4. Lodging for two at \$2, cared for three women and children and spent \$34.08 for miscellaneous charity. One position was secured and clothing given to 12 needy people. This couple are doing a great deal to relieve the suffering among the poor and are a great aid to charity work in the city.

Reno, Nev., Aug. 1.—At the conclusion of the second hearing of the action for divorce brought by Countess Bernard against Count Pierre M. Bernard of Paris, District Judge V. F. Lunsford ordered the case submitted. The court indicated that it would grant the divorce prayed for in case the evidence relative to the residence of the countess in Reno, taken at the first hearing, proved sufficient.

Countess Bernard said her husband refused to work after their marriage. During quarrels the countess said the count often struck her. They were married in New York city, April 25, 1907. Countess Bernard is a member of the wealthy Gould family of New York. Count Bernard did not contest.

A marriage license was issued yesterday afternoon to Seferino Garule of Valmore, and Sofia Archuleta of Chaperito. A license was issued this morning to William H. Coleman, Jr., of this city and Miss Bessie I. DeLain of Topeka, Kan.

Bounty has been applied for by Ralph Goodrich of East Las Vegas on one coyote; by Frank Jimenez of East Las Vegas on one coyote, and by Manuel Varela of Pecos on four coyotes and one wild cat.

Ralph Frank, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Frank, who has been suffering from poisoning in his right hand for the last three weeks, is very much improved, and will leave Monday for his father's ranch in Union county.

President Frank H. H. Roberts of the New Mexico Normal University has received word from the National Security league to the effect that he has been appointed state director for the organization in New Mexico. A plan is whereby constitution day will be properly celebrated all over the state.

The dance committee, appointed at the last meeting of the retail clerks union met last evening and announced this morning that one of the finest and swellest dances ever held in Las Vegas will be given in the near future. The dance is to be a benefit, it is to raise funds to carry on the work of organizing the retail clerks of the city in order to benefit them in every way possible.

An eight piece orchestra will furnish the music. Every member of the orchestra will be a union member. The orchestra has ordered music and nothing but the latest and most popular selections will be used. The

music will be one of the big features of the evening and all are promised a good time.

The committee in charge is composed of the livest members of the union, and will meet next Wednesday evening for the purpose of completing and perfecting all arrangements so far made. Many new and novel stunts will be introduced and used throughout the evening's entertainment.

The dance is to be given at the armory, and the date will be announced in a few days. All that is asked of anyone at the present time is to prepare for the occasion, and make a date for the evening as soon as it is announced.

Tucumcari, N. M., Aug. 4.—When the Fourth Annual cowboy roundup opens here August 20 for a three days' program of contests of sports of the cow country spectators will have an opportunity to see in action a horse that is claimed to be the greatest roping horse in the world.

This great roping horse which was named after the former Oklahoma outlaw Henry Starr, is owned by Eddy Burgess the great Indian roper of Schuller, Okla., and is so well trained that about all is needed is someone to throw the rope and make the tie. An article in the Aurora Beacon of Aurora, Ill., where Tex Austin staged a roundup June 24-29 states that Burgess and his great roping horse was one of the greatest features ever seen in that part of the country. The article states that on one occasion after making the throw and catching and throwing the steer just as the rider dismounted and started for the steer to make the tie, the steer regained its feet but the horse was on the job and immediately circled around the steer getting the rope in proper position and throwing the steers for the tie without the aid of the rider. In the contest there will be no throwing of or tying of steers but Burgess' horses have worked on all kinds of roping contests and seem to understand all the rules as well as Eddy himself, who is known as one of the greatest ropers in this country.

DENVER CELEBRATES

Denver, Aug. 4.—Colorado yesterday celebrated her 43rd birthday. Honor was paid alike to the pioneers who blazed the trail and to their descendants who took up the torch and carried it to the battlefields overseas.

In Denver the holiday exercises began in the morning with the placing of wreaths on the Pioneer monument, and at other public places. Among those who took part in the program were Mrs. Geo. Walter Brown, president of the Pioneer Ladies' Aid society, who has the distinction of being the bearer of the American flag, which passed through the streets of Denver during the celebration that welcomed statehood in 1876.

L. M. Ortiz, wife and sister, Miss Sofia will leave this evening on a three weeks' vacation to points on the California coast. Mr. Ortiz is the Santa Fe station baggage agent.

Rev. Father J. O'Sullivan of St. Joseph's parish, North English, Iowa, who has been in this city for the past few months for the benefit of his health, left yesterday noon for a month's stay at Excelsior Springs,

Mo., at the end of which time, he will leave for a visit to his home in Kilkenny, Ireland.

Justice C. H. Stewart is probably the busiest man in the city. Besides the handling of about six different court cases in the past two days, he has been quite busy writing out road tax receipts. As the time has been extended until the 15th of the month, and the matter has been given more publicity, nearly all have complied with the law by paying up.

A new ruling has been sent out to the internal revenue collectors to the effect that all cars operated between two railroad points are the only ones allowed to collect war tax, and from now on no tax will be collected from passengers of cars that are not run between two points. This rule went into effect August 1. And all remittances collected prior to that date should be made immediately.

Frank Jilan, aged 44, died this morning at 9 o'clock at the Las Vegas hospital of tuberculosis. He has been a resident of this city for the past two years, having come here for the benefit of his health. In his possession were passports to Belgium, of which country he was a resident. Awaiting word from the Belgian consul at Denver, the body is in the care of the Charles J. Day undertaking establishment.

The city police are enforcing the traffic laws in regards to speeding, parking, no licenses or tail lights, and turning corners without giving the proper signals. Six different parties were apprehended and cited to appear in court for different violations. Charles Trumbull and E. J. Maguire both appeared this morning on the charge of operating their cars at night without the tail lights being lit. Both plead guilty and were each fined \$5 in the court of Justice C. H. Stewart.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Celestino Urban and Marcellina Roibal, both of Pecos; and to Trinidad Trujillo of Santa Fe and Beatriz Archuleta of Rowe.

Jackson, Miss., Aug. 4.—Closing a campaign which at no stage has reached a very high pitch of enthusiasm, democrats of Mississippi will go to the polls tomorrow to express their preferences for state, district and county candidate to be voted for next fall. Public interest in the primary is confined almost wholly to the four-cornered contest for the nomination for governor. The four candidates seeking to head the state ticket are former Governor A. H. Longino, Oscar Johnston, Lee M. Russell and Ross Collins.

Mrs. Jefferson Reynolds is reported to be quite ill at her home on the Boulevard.

John Pitts, local Santa Fe call boy, is confined to his home on Sixth street on account of sickness.

Clarence White, former assistant day foreman of the local Santa Fe shops, returned to this city yesterday afternoon on delayed train No. 10 having received his honorable discharge at Fort Bliss, Texas. He saw 22 months' service with the 21st engineers.

STATE MEDAL TO BE PRESENTED VETERAN SOLDIER AT THAT TIME

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—A change in program has been necessitated by telegraphic advices that Major General Leonard Wood will arrive at Lamy on Santa Fe train No. 9 shortly before midnight on Wednesday, August 6, instead of on the California flyer on the morning of Thursday, and cannot remain all day Thursday, but will have to leave for Albuquerque and the west on Santa Fe train No. 1, leaving Santa Fe at 4:20 p. m. This has necessitated cutting out the dance and evening reception, which had been planned.

Arrangements will probably be made to have General Wood to remain at El Ortiz for Wednesday night. An automobile cavalcade will bring him to Santa Fe in the forenoon. It will be met at the outskirts of the town by a cavalcade of Rough Riders. The presentation of the medal voted by the legislature is to take place at 11 a. m. on the capitol steps if weather permits or in the hall of representatives in case of rain. A luncheon will follow after which the distinguished visitor is to be shown the town. A public reception is to follow.

It is recalled that it is just 20 years ago, or to be exact, on June 26, 1899, when the late Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, was presented with a medal from the people of New Mexico at the Rough Riders' reunion at Las Vegas, and when Hon. Frank Springer, in his presentation speech forecast the greater honors that awaited the famous Rough Rider. General Wood is thought of as a presidential possibility just as was Colonel Roosevelt at that occasion. The leading men in the Rough Rider event 20 years ago this summer are still many of them active in New Mexico life, including Hon. Frank Springer, U. S. Marshal Miguel A. Otero, who was then governor, Colonel W. H. H. Llewellyn, Major Fred Muller, Judge David J. Leahy, ex-Governor George Curry, Lieutenant W. E. Griffin, Lieutenant Charles L. Ballard, U. S. Senator A. A. Jones, who made the address of welcome, Colonel Ralph E. Twitchell who was chairman of the publicity committee and others, many of whom will be at the celebration on Thursday of this week. Already word has come from practically every county in the state that it will be represented at the celebration here.

Reception Committee

A state reception committee has been selected by the naming of a chairman from each of the 29 counties of the state. Judge D. J. Leahy has been appointed chairman for San Miguel county and all residents of the county willing to serve on the state reception committee are asked to notify Judge Leahy at once.

The marriage of Miss Aline Nichols of Garita, N. M., to Stuart Benton Tipton of Trementina, occurred at noon today, at the Buxton home on Eighth street. Rev. T. E. Thureson of the Methodist church performed the ceremony in the presence of a few relatives of the contracting parties.

Pigeons have been known to fly 600 miles in continuous flight in ten hours.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS GATHERING IN NEW YORK FOR ANNUAL SESSION

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 4.—Knights of Columbus are arriving here for the first event of the long program to be carried out at the peace convention of the order, which will have its formal opening tomorrow. The convention will be attended by delegates from all parts of the United States and Canada and from Newfoundland, Panama, Porto Rico, Cuba and Mexico. The preparation for the reception of the thousands of visitors is complete and there will be no difficulty in accommodating the out-of-town throng, notwithstanding the fact that Buffalo will have as its guests at the same time the tens of thousands of delegates to the international convention of Christian Endeavorers.

The display of the national colors throughout the city forms one of the most imposing sights in that line ever seen here, flags, streamers and bunting showing from almost every building in the business section of the city.

The convention of the Knights of Columbus will be the most important in point of attendance and amount of business to be transacted, that the order has held since its foundation nearly 40 years ago. While the annual meeting of the supreme council usually takes two days, this year, so large is the volume of business, that an additional day has been fixed.

One of the principal topics before the convention will be the plan to establish a national system of night schools. The convention also will emphasize the organization's opposition to extreme radicalism.

Prominent men in the army, the navy and in civil life will address the convention. Preceding the opening session tomorrow the delegates will attend pontifical high mass at St. Joseph's cathedral. Rt. Rev. William Turner, bishop of Buffalo, will officiate and Rt. Rev. Thomas J. Shanahan, rector of the Catholic university will preach the sermon.

Juarez, Aug. 4.—Conflicting reports of a fight between federal troops under General Ozuna of the Villa forces commanded by Martin Lopez have been received here.

An official dispatch from General Manuel Dieguez was received at military headquarters here stating that General Ozuna, with a column of federal cavalry, encountered Lopez's forces July 27 near Balleza, 45 miles west of Parral, killing 83 and capturing 33, including the chief of Lopez's escort.

LIBERALS GATHER AT OTTAWA

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 4.—The successor of the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier as leader of the liberal party in Canada will be named at a great convention of the party leaders to be held in this city tomorrow. At the same time a platform will be drafted and adopted upon which the liberals will fight their future battles for political control in the Dominion.

Every train into Ottawa brought scores of delegates and visitors to the convention. When the gathering is called to order tomorrow fully 2,000 delegates, representing every section of the country, will fill Howick Hall, where the sessions will be held.

The choice of a party leader is still

a matter of uncertainty, although the names of nearly a dozen are mentioned as candidates among the delegates on the ground. The indications point to a well-defined contest between the west and the east, with the chances apparently favoring the choice of a western man. Among the westerners whose names are most frequently heard are Hon. T. A. Crear, Premier of Saskatchewan, and Hon. A. F. Hudson of Manitoba. If an eastern man should be chosen the choice probably would lie between Hon. W. S. Fielding and F. F. Pardee.

Passengers arriving here last night from Chihuahua City stated that Lopez's forces entered the town of Dorado, 30 miles from Parral, killing 12 federal soldiers and capturing two trucks of supplies being taken overland to Parral.

General Dieguez's telegram was dated 'Dorado, Aug. 1.' The message added that General Ozuna returned to Dorado Thursday. It also mentioned a series of skirmishes which General Pablo Quirago's cavalry column had had with Villa forces in the vicinity of Pilar de Conchos.

HAYS REFUSES TO RUN.

Brookville, Ind., Aug. 4.—Will H. Hays, chairman of the republican national committee, will not be a candidate for the republican nomination for governor of Indiana. He will continue to give his undivided attention to the national chairmanship. Mr. Hays, in a brief statement, announced his decision at the mid-summer meeting of the Indiana republican editorial association at Magnesia Springs, near here today.

ITALY NOT ANGRY

Rome, Aug. 2.—The decision of the inter-allied military commission unfavorable to Italy regarding the Fiume incidents has failed to bring about any explosion of indignation in Italy, as it is pointed out it might have done if it had been rendered six weeks ago.

The commission in question was appointed early in July to investigate clashes between Italian troops and other elements in the occupying forces at Fiume. No report of any decision by this commission has reached this country.

The Popolo Romano simply says it regrets that the commission was so partial. Only the American member seems to have been unbiased, it declared.

RECOMMEND FARM BILL

Washington, Aug. 4.—Passage of the Mondell bill, embodying Secretary Lane's project for farms for soldiers and sailors, was recommended in a report submitted to the house by Representative Sinnott, republican, of Oregon, chairman of the public lands committee. The measure carries an appropriation of \$500,000,000 and was reported after exhaustive hearings had been held.

NEGRO REGIMENTS FILLED

Washington, Aug. 4.—Enlistment of negroes for the infantry will be discontinued temporarily under an order issued by the war department. It was explained that this action was taken only because the authorized enlistments of negroes already has been exceeded.

FIVE KILLED BY DYNAMITE

Landing, N. J., Aug. 2.—Five persons were killed by the explosion of 1,000 pounds of dynamite in a "packing" house of the Atlas Powder company near here yesterday.

NEW HISTORY MONOGRAPH

Santa Fe, Aug. 4.—Preliminary to the publication of his voluminous "Sidelights of New Mexico History," Historian Benjamin M. Read today published a monograph on "The Disputed Points of the History of New Mexico," setting at rest many false impressions and traditions. He reviews and analyzes existing evidence, much of it documentary and in his own possession on such mooted points as the exact location of the first white settlement in New Mexico, whether it was on the east or the west banks of the Rio Grande, of the visit of Cabeza de Vaca to Zuni, the building of the first church in New Mexico, the war with the Acoma Indians, the report of Father Benavides and the works of Friars de Salmeron and Frejes and similar topics of intense interest to the student of Southwestern history.

"King Cole, U. S. A. Newsboy King" paid Las Vegas a visit this morning on his jaunt around the world. Cole left Dayton, Ohio, on February 17, with a nickel in his pockets. Since that time he has visited 22 states and has secured the signatures of the governors of these states and the great state seals.

Cole carried all of his possessions on his back among them a huge scrap book in which are pasted letters and souvenirs from every town and city that he has visited. He expects to write a book on newsboy life as found in every part of the globe when he has completed his trip. He came to Vegas from Santa Fe where he secured the signatures of Acting Governor Pankey. He left today for Raton.

CABELL NOW COLONEL

San Antonio, Texas, Aug. 4.—Brigadier General James B. Erwin, El Paso, is ranking officer of the southern department because Major General Dickman, new commander, will not arrive in San Antonio, to take over the department until August 6.

Major General De Rosey C. Cabell, commander of the southern department at midnight reverted to his former rank of colonel. He will be stationed at Brownsville.

TO FLY FOR BOLIVIA

Washington, Aug. 4.—Captain Donald Hudson, formerly a member of the famous first pursuit group of the American expeditionary forces in France, has been employed by Bolivia to organize a flying corps in its army. It was said here today that Bolivia had decided to secure instruction for its army by discharged American officers. Before the European war the Bolivian and most other South American armies were trained largely after German methods.

CLERKS JOIN DEMAND

Washington, Aug. 4.—Four hundred and fifty thousand members of the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express and Station Employees today joined with other railway workers in

"demanding that unless something be done materially to reduce the cost of living, our wages must be raised to give immediate relief." The demands have been transmitted to the railroad administration.

OSCAR LAWLER AND WIFE SERIOUSLY HURT WHEN RESIDENCE IS BLOWN UP

Los Angeles, Aug. 4.—The home of Oscar Lawler, former assistant attorney general of the United States, was destroyed by a bomb and subsequent fire yesterday, and he and Mrs. Lawler were both seriously injured. Revenge for the part he played in the prosecution of a group of dynamiters in the middle west several years ago was believed to be the motive for the attack.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Lawler were both resting easily today, having had a very good night, according to the management of St. Vincent's hospital.

There were no overnight developments in the explosion and no arrests. Mr. Lawler rested more easily last night than Mrs. Lawler. The attending physicians believed that unless complications developed both would recover.

Rewards aggregating \$16,500 were offered today for the conviction of the bomb throwers. The county supervisors were also expected to act, and with the arrival of Governor William D. Stephens, due here today it was thought that the state might take similar action.

The rewards posted yesterday were \$5,000 offered by the Merchants and Manufacturers, \$1,000 by the Los Angeles Examiner, and \$500 by Irvin Dingley who was in the employ of Mr. Lawler.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Wayne B. Wheeler, counsel for the Anti-Saloon league of America, took issue today with the opinion of Elihu Root, William D. Guthrie and William L. Marbury, counsel for the United States Brewers association that the proposed war prohibition enforcement is unconstitutional. Mr. Wheeler also denied that the league forces intended to start an anti-tobacco campaign.

"The authority of congress to enact the war prohibition law," Mr. Wheeler said, "rests on the provisions in the constitution which gives congress power to support the army and navy. This power and obligation extends through demobilization. The courts have so held. Congress evidently intended to prohibit all beer and wine in the original act. Some of the courts hold the act does this. It is now settled by the supreme court that if congress has power to enact a law, it also has the power to enact additional legislation to make the original act effective and enforceable. To define the term intoxicating liquor is necessary to make the act enforceable, especially where courts have defeated its purpose by construction.

Referring to charges of the association opposed to national prohibition, that the anti-saloon league was actively aiding in a campaign of the W. T. C. U. against tobacco, Mr. Wheeler said:

"The anti-tobacco scarecrow of the Anti-Prohibition association does not fool anyone. The anti-saloon league forces have no intention to start this crusade. The liquor traffic is a public nuisance. The tobacco habit may be a private or personal bad habit,

Misses Audrey Burns and Jessie Evans have returned to this city after a two weeks' vacation spent in Denver, Colo.

M. W. Bausell, Z. W. Montague and C. H. Mullen left today for Denver, in the interests of the Champion Oil Shale and Refining company, which is being organized in Las Vegas to develop the holdings of the company in the oil shale lands in Colorado. Mr. Mullen is an engineer of high repute in Oklahoma, where he resides, and is investigating the proposition of the company with a view of making recommendations as to the machinery needed. This company promises to be one of the strongest oil companies in the state.

It was announced this morning that the committee from the Woman's club that is to secure a place of meeting for next year will be composed of the officers of the club and the child welfare department. Mrs. S. Powers, temporary chairman; Mrs. Dan Stern, Mrs. John Robbins, Mrs. T. G. Rodgers, Mrs. H. H. Van Petten, Mrs. Ben Strickfaden, Mrs. A. D. Higgins, Mrs. C. R. Buchanan, Mrs. E. L. Hammond, Mrs. D. L. Badgley, Mrs. Carl Wertz. This committee is to have the privilege of electing a chairman and also may choose other members of the club to act on it.

Justice C. H. Stewart received a wire this morning announcing the death of his mother, Mrs. Wellington Stewart, in Lawton, Okla., of old age and a stroke of paralysis. Mrs. Stewart, who was 85 years of age suffered from a stroke on May 18th and since then has practically been unconscious all the time. Mr. Stewart visited this city five years ago and again three years ago. She died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. D. K. Calyer last evening at about 6 o'clock. The remains were sent to Newton, Kan., for burial. Mr. Stewart will leave this evening on train No. 2 for Newton.

Bounty has been applied for by Margarito Garcia on six coyotes.

William E. Gortner, who was in Mora yesterday on business, returned to this city last night.

Walter Cayot returned to the city last evening from Santa Fe where he has been on business since Sunday noon.

Mrs. Joseph Dobbins and daughter, Miss Marie Dobbins of Denver, Colo., are in this city visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Bunck for the next few weeks.

Judge David J. Leahy, left last night for Trinidad, Colo., to meet and accompany General Leonard Wood to Santa Fe. They will pass through this city on train No. 9 tonight.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Staab after a week's visit in this city with their son, C. C. Staab of Fourth street, left yesterday for their home in Hays, Kan. They were accompanied by another son, Rev. Norbert Staab, who is prefect of Hays college of Hays, Kan.

W. G. Ogle was cited Saturday evening to appear in police court for speeding, and as a result paid a fine of \$10 in the court of Justice C. H.

Stewart yesterday. Ogle was out in the country, and was bringing in some folks who were in a hurry to catch a train, and was not aware of the fact that he had come inside of the city limits.

The Ladies' Aid of the Christian church will meet tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 with Mrs. J. LeBland in the basement of the church.

Jack Haines of Los Angeles, Cal., who has been visiting friends in this city, left this morning.

Ordinary chalk, treated by a new process, becomes a cheap substitute for cement, strong enough for house-building use. It sets in water and resists the action of moisture.

The funeral of Mrs. Maria Ignacia de Baca was held this morning at 7 o'clock from the Church of Our Lady of Sorrows. Interment was in Mt. Cavalry cemetery under the direction of Charles J. Day.

Mrs. Jennie Bingaman died this morning at 11:30 o'clock at her apartments on the East side. She was the wife of W. H. Bingaman who is employed by the Las Vegas Optic as a linotype operator. Mrs. Bingaman came here for the benefit of her health two weeks ago and up until today had improved considerably, when hemorrhages caused her death. Mrs. Bingaman was born in County Clair, Ireland 46 years ago and was a resident of Lincoln, Neb. The body will be taken on train No. 2 this evening to that city by the husband where burial will occur. Arrangements are in charge of Charles J. Day.

The body of O. D. Holder, who died yesterday morning at the Las Vegas hospital, will be sent tomorrow on train No. 10 for Birmingham, Ala. Arrangements are in charge of Charles J. Day.

Mrs. Paulita Romero, wife of Alberto Romero, died this morning at the home of Ramon Romero, on the West side. Mrs. Romero was 30 years of age. Besides her husband, who is a ranchman at Sapello, Mrs. Romero leaves a baby seven weeks old. The funeral will occur tomorrow morning from the church at Sapello. Arrangements are in charge of J. C. Johnsen and Sons.

Ike Bacharach left last night on train No. 2 for eastern points on a month's buying trip.

Miss Marie Senecal, Miss Louise Jaramillo and Mrs. Colbert C. Root will go to Santa Fe on next Tuesday where they will give a concert on Tuesday night in the state museum. The Las Vegas trio will furnish the entertainment before the archaeological society. Miss Senecal and Miss Jaramillo are well known for their singing and Mrs. Root has a wide reputation as an excellent accompanist. They go to Santa Fe under the auspices of the New Mexico Normal University.

Word was received in this city this morning stating that Mrs. Alexia Coronell of Raton died Tuesday night at the Mayo Brothers hospital at Rochester. Mrs. Coronell taught in the summer school in this city a year ago and this summer read a pa-

per before the Spanish-American language conference on "The Teaching of Spanish Children." She has a large number of friends in this city. Her husband is one of the employees of the Swastika Coal company. The funeral will be held at Raton on Friday.

Baby Adolfo, son of Mr. and Mrs. Juan P. Tenorio, died at the home of the parents at 224 Pecos avenue, at 1:15 o'clock this morning. The father is employed by the Agua Pura company. The funeral will be held tomorrow morning at San Patricio, under the direction of J. C. Johnsen and Sons.

The retail clerks union have announced their dance for the 22nd of this month at the armory. Arrangements are under way to make this dance eclipse any former dance ever given in this city. An eight piece orchestra of the best union musicians in the city will be employed to furnish the music, which will be one of the features of the evening. The clerks will meet Monday evening August 11 at 8 o'clock in the Moose hall and all clerks who agreed to join in the drive are urged to be present.

El Dorado Lodge No. 1 Knights of Pythias, met in regular session last evening initiated two candidates and installed officers for the ensuing six months. The officers were installed by Charles Bunch, D. G. C. The following officers were installed: John R. Burks, C. C.; Charles Higgins, V. C.; S. E. Whitmore, P.; Roy Rayford, M. W.; Marcel Mackel, M. A.; Dan Taichert, I. G.; C. H. Stewart, who is O. G., will be installed at the next meeting, on account of his absence last evening from the city. J. L. Bland and Peter Mackel were elected as representatives to the grand lodge, which will meet in the near future at Albuquerque. Next meeting will be held in two weeks.

Abran Flores and Maria Corina Baca de Jimenez were arrested by Marshal Salomon Ase of the West side and Enrique Cifre, deputy sheriff, yesterday, tried by jury and found guilty of concubinage, in the court of Justice Seferino Baca and fined each \$25 and costs.

The arrest was made at the home of Rita Silva, at 222 Grand avenue, East Las Vegas. The woman is the wife of Nicolas Jimenez and has not lived with him since June 1917, when she left this city and went to Denver. Her husband followed her and tried to bring her home, but she had already started a suit for divorce in Denver, but the case has not finally been settled. Abran Flores is a native of Mexico, but has lived in the United States for the past couple of years. He is employed on the East side in a tailoring shop.

INCOME TAX ILLEGAL

New York, Aug. 7.—The provisions of the state income tax law which imposes a tax on citizens of other states, is unconstitutional, according to a decision of Federal Judge Knox handed down here today.

PACKING MEN STRIKE

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Fourth hundred seventy-five employes of the packing houses walked out at noon today and the number is growing hourly. The men quietly left their places refusing

to work with negroes under police protection. No violence has been reported.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Aug. 7.—An uncertain tone developed some early gains being cancelled, while a few losses were fully recovered. United States Steel was under persistent pressure, increasing its reversal to 1 5/8 points, crucible losing 3 and American International reacting 2 points. The closing prices were as follows:
 American Sugar Refining 129
 American T. and T. Co. 102 1/4
 Anaconda Copper 65 1/2
 Atchison 90 1/4
 Chino Copper 44 1/4
 Colo. Fuel and Iron Co. 43 1/2
 Inspiration Copper 59
 Southern Pacific 95 5/8
 Union Pacific 124
 United States Steel 100 1/2

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Although nervousness in the grain and provision markets owing to the strain over the government's wheat policy continued to be manifest today, price changes depended chiefly on other factors. In the corn trade, the principal influence was the prospect that receipts would be shut off by the increasing strike troubles on the railroads. Such a shrinkage of supplies here and at other terminals was regarded as decidedly bullish. The closing quotations were as follows:

Corn, Sept. \$1.86; Dec. \$1.50.
 Oats, Sept. 72 1/4. Dec. 74 1/4.
 Pork, Sept. \$43.90; Oct. \$43.
 Lard, Sept. \$31.30; Oct. \$31.10.
 Ribs, Sept. \$26.05.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK

Kansas City, Aug. 7.—Hogs, receipts 2,000. Market higher. Lights \$21@22; pigs \$16@19.

Cattle receipts 3,000. Prime fed steers \$9.25@18.85; cows \$6.30@12.50; heifers \$6.60@14.40; stockers and feeders \$6.50@11; calves \$13.25@14.75.

Sheep, receipts 8,000. Market 50 cents higher. Lambs \$12@16.50; wethers \$9@11.25; ewes \$9.50@15.

Halifax, Aug. 7.—Twenty persons are believed to have lost their lives when the schooner Gallia was sunk last night in a collision with the British steamer Warwick. The schooner is reported to have carried a crew of at least 15 and possibly a dozen passengers and only seven survivors are named in wireless messages from the steamer. The collision occurred close to St. Pierre and is supposed to have been caused by the heavy fog.

Captain W. E. Bennett of the British steamer Warwick reported by wireless today that his vessel had collided with the three masted schooner Gallia. The message gave the names of seven persons as saved. These were presumably from the schooner which is believed to have sunk.

Santa Fe, Aug. 7.—The district court for Chaves county was reversed and the case remanded in State of New Mexico, appellee, vs. Otis Foster, appellant, who set up that his confession to larceny of cattle made before Cattle Inspector Lee J. Richards and to W. A. Hamilton, the owner of the cattle, was involuntary, and should not have been admitted as evidence in the trial.