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BOLSHEVIKI IN RETREAT IS KOLCHAK REPORT

London, Oct. 16.—A general retreat by the bolsheviki before the armies of Admiral Kolchak in western Siberia is announced in a wireless message from the Kolchak government at Omsk dated October 13.

The dispatch reads:

"The bolsheviki are retreating along the whole line. They are deporting the entire population between the ages of 16 and 20 and are moving the cattle.

Riga Defense Successful

London, Oct. 16.—So successfully has the defense of Riga proper against the Germans and Russians under General Avaloff-Bermondts been attained that the Lettish consider it safe to return to the city, according to latest official advices. The enemy still holds the outskirts of the city, the west bank of the Duna, but the fighting has diminished to a slow rifle fire.

Private and official advices indicate that the reservoir of bolshevist soldiers have been drawn down close to the bottom and that they are unable to provide sufficient forces to maintain a defense on all fronts. General Yudenitch's attack, which has already carried him to a point about 25 miles from Petrograd, has precipitated a crisis.

EXPECT TREATY EXCHANGE

Paris, Oct. 16.—Exchange of German peace treaty ratifications putting the convention into effect, is expected early next week, according to semi-official French sources today. It is explained that the delay in formal exchange of ratification was caused by the amount of mechanical work necessary in preparing the documents.

SUGAR EMBARGO SUGGESTED

Washington, Oct. 16.—An embargo against the export of sugar for the next six months under penalty of ten year imprisonment and \$10,000 fine, was proposed in a bill today by Representative Dallinger.

Washington, Oct. 16.—The senate voted down the amendment to the peace treaty under which German rights in Shantung would revert to China instead of Japan.

Washington, Oct. 16.—Debate on the Shantung amendment to the peace treaty was resumed in the senate today with leaders hopeful that a final vote on it would be had before adjournment. Although contending that the vote would be close, supporters of the proposal generally conceded that it would be defeated.

In urging defeat of the Shantung amendment Senator Phelan, democrat, of California, declared American interests were not only embraced in the proposition of peace but in riding America of the Japanese incubus.

"If Japan must expand, then her expansion in Shantung by agreement with China, is more acceptable to us than her expansion in America," Senator Phelan said. "She has inaugurated a shipping service which dominates the Pacific and the landing of her natives on the north and south American empires. If we exclude her from America, then we should not be unduly alarmed about Shantung. The league of nations will prevent her forcible expansion in the future, and Japan is a member of the league. For this purpose we must keep her there."

"If an uncompromising attitude on our part should alienate Great Britain and force them to stand for Japan, pursuant to their treaty obligations, it might jeopardize the success of the league of nations itself and the treaty of peace with Germany, which embody the fruits of victory. The world hangs on our decision."

"Japan-China, if united in war, would be a great menace to America and Europe. Would it not be a real diplomatic achievement to keep Japan and China apart, which, while it is far from our purposes, is at this time actually accomplished by the Shantung incident.

"I do not see how the question of Japanese immigration and naturalization is involved in this matter at all. We will not consent to 'race equality,' it was rejected at Paris. These are domestic questions with which the league has no concern and lest there be a doubt under article X as to the power of the league to take jurisdiction I am in favor of explicit interpretative resolutions on the subject."

Senator Townsend, republican, of Michigan, in announcing that he would vote against the amendment and insist upon strong reservations said it was to be regretted that so many hard things had been said against Japan when efforts were being made

to compromise the differences.

The amendment would make the United States responsible for the spoils of war. As for myself I would like to wipe my hands of the whole business, if this can be done."

"FLYING PARSON" DAY AHEAD OF COMPETITORS IN RETURN FLIGHT

Omaha, Oct. 16.—Lieutenant Belvin W. Maynard, flying from St. Paul, Neb., to Omaha, broke a crankshaft and was forced to make a landing in a corn field four miles north of Wahoo, Neb., 40 miles west of his city shortly before noon today. The landing was effected without difficulty and without injury to the pilot or his observer, W. C. Kline.

Almost half way across the country on his return journey in the great army airplanes reliability and endurance race, the "flying parson" today was well in the lead of the four other homeward bound fliers who had doubled back after soaring from coast to coast. The "sky pilot" was almost a day's flight in the van of his nearest pursuer from San Francisco.

Washington, Oct. 16.—President Wilson, relieved from the glandular swelling from which he suffered for two days, had a good night's rest last night, said the bulletin issued today by his physicians.

The bulletin follows:

"The White House, Washington, 11:55 a. m., October 16. The discomfort which the president suffered for two days has been relieved to a very great extent. He had a good night. His temperature, pulse, respiration and kidney function continue normal.—Grayson, Ruffin, Stitt."

PASSPORT BILL PASSED

Washington, Oct. 16.—By an overwhelming majority, the house today passed the bill extending for one year wartime passport restrictions so as to keep radicals and undesirable aliens out of the United States.

GOMPERS REPORTED IMPROVED

Washington, Oct. 16.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, who is suffering from nervous exhaustion, was reported somewhat improved today, but his physician has ordered him to remain in bed. Last night Mr. Gompers' temperature rose to 100.8 degrees but it has receded this morning to 99.2.

Washington, Oct. 16.—The senate agreed today to recess Tuesday afternoon, October 28, to receive King Albert of Belgium.

Deputy Assessor J. G. Romero returned this morning from a business trip to his ranch, below the mesa.

BIG FIVE MAY DOMINATE GROCERY TRADE

Washington, Oct. 16.—Reiteration of the claim that the five big packing companies of Chicago bid fair to dominate the wholesale grocery trade and already handle more than 200 foods unrelated to the meat packing industry, many of them directly competitive as meat substitutes, is made in part, in view of the federal trade committee report on the strike condition published today.

In the list of commodities said to be falling under control of the big five, are dairy products, lard and butter substitutes, canned and dried vegetables and fruit, canned, cured and frozen fish, cocoa, coffee, molasses and cane, corn and maple syrups. In addition Armour and Company is said to be handling extensively soda fountain preparations and utensils.

Owing to the maze and secrecy of the packers' methods of conducting much of his business, it adds, "exact statistics on many of these commodities are not available for the country as a whole."

Many companies are controlled by packer interests no hint of which is disclosed by the names under which they operate and even a thorough going examination may fail to uncover the packer connection in every case.

Washington, Oct. 16.—A declaration of "the right of wage earners to bargain collectively," and to "be represented by representatives of their own choosing," was presented to the national industrial commission today by Thomas L. Chadbourne, chairman of the committee of 15. It was expected to cause a strenuous fight in conference.

The declaration was approved by all of the public and labor delegates of the committee, but was strongly opposed by a majority of the representatives of capital.

Jose Ignacio Valdez came down last night from Wagon Mound on land business.

CITY COUNCIL SIGNS WHITE WAY CONTRACT

The city council unanimously voted this morning to sign the proposed lighting contract, which means that Las Vegas is to continue to wear her holiday clothes, and that the city will be "all lit up" every night. The white way as now in operation is assured for the next 10 years, and a number of new lamp posts will be paced on corners in the residential district, which now are dark.

The council held a lengthy meeting last night which adjourned until 11 o'clock this morning, at which time the light committee reported favorably on the contract, the report being adopted at once. The committee had gone into the matter thoroughly, and came to the conclusion that Las Vegas will get its light at a reasonable rate, and that 10 years is not too long to sign up for, under present conditions. The complete contract calls for the lighting of the three light standards, at a rate of \$4.50 a month, and the single lamps in the residential district at a rate of \$3.50 a month. The total cost to the city, for lights in 63 three light standards and 69 one light lamps will be \$6,300 a year. The Las Vegas Light and Power is to maintain all lights at its own expense.

The city council chamber was filled with interested Las Vegas by 8 o'clock last night, but the water and light committee, which had gone into session shortly after 7 o'clock, did not finish its deliberations, and the council was called to order at 8:30 o'clock, with every member in his seat. Mayor Blood rapped for order, and Clerk Benjamin called the roll, announcing that all were present.

When the mayor suggested that the light contract be read for the benefit of the citizens, it was discovered that a copy was not to be had in the city hall. Council adjourned while Mayor Blood went after a contract. He returned with three copies. The water and light committee stated, through Dan Stern, the chairman, that another week was desired, to go further into the matter. However, it appeared that most members of the council, Mayor Blood and the citizens present, desired definite action last night, so the question was thrown open for discussion. W. P. "Bill" Southard, speaking as the representative of the Federal Light and Power company, of which Las Vegas Light and Power company is a part, explained fully the contract, stating that all prices were based on a ten year contract, and allowed but an 8 per cent return on the company's expenditures here. He strongly opposed any other lighting system but the one now in operation, saying that any other manner of lighting the streets would be retrogression. Mr. Southard was asked to explain the figures received by the committee from other cities, and he did so, showing that in consideration of the amount of responsibility taken by the company here, and the insurance by the company that light would be furnished at all times, Las Vegas would light her city, under the proposed contract, as cheap or cheaper than many other cities whose contracts were made when labor, coal and necessary materials were much cheaper than when the lights were installed here. He stated that the "moonlight schedule" is not satisfactory, because

of the fact that the moon will not shine through heavy clouds, and the moonlight schedule assumes that all nights when the moon is above the horizon, it shines.

Mayor Blood, in asking the citizens to express their views, said in part:

"Gentlemen of the City of Las Vegas: I assume, in fact, I know, that the gentlemen of the city council feel that you are in partnership with them, and they have expressed their desire to hear from the citizens of Las Vegas, who now are invited to express their views, either for or against the proposed lighting contract. This meeting has been advertised for weeks in the Optic, and otherwise. We want to hear from every one of you, for or against. The meeting is equally open for all. Never but once since I have administered the affairs of Las Vegas has there been the accusation that I would not allow anyone to speak against any measure of which I was in favor. The man who made that accusation never came back again, for he knew that his accusation was false, and he has studiously avoided being present at open meetings of the council."

Mr. Blood said that the matter to be decided was an important one, for it would determine whether Las Vegas wished to remain on the map, or to fall back where it was several years ago. Mr. Blood after discussions by citizens, took the floor, and spoke in favor of the lighting system, and said the contract ought to be signed. He stated that under the present laws, that the city's annual revenue is increased some \$10,000 and that the lights could be paid for, and much other improvement work be done, out of this \$10,000. He said that the city doesn't want to hoard its money, but desires to spend it, in a way that will bring more money into Las Vegas. There was no doubt but that every citizen who spoke last night favored lighting Las Vegas. Following are just a few public-spirited sentences taken from the mouths of last night's boosters:

"Bill" Southard: "Las Vegas has been the poorest lighted city on the Santa Fe. A couple or three years ago you decided to dress up, and you are dressing up right. You have a lighting system to be proud of, and if you change it in any way, you will be sorry. I am for Las Vegas; my company is for Las Vegas, we want to see you dress up, and stay on the map, where you have put yourself recently. Your modern systems are the talk of the boosters all along the line. Stay with it, and you will certainly receive benefits worth while."

Donald Stewart: "I am in favor of signing the contract. We ought to cut out talking about what other cities are doing, and get busy and do something ourselves."

Daniel T. Hoskins: "We urged the company to get busy and install the white way, so that our paving program would not be held back. The company made its investment of \$9,000 here in good faith and believing in the good will of Las Vegas. They now ask for a 10 year contract, netting them an eight per cent return on their investment. The only question before the council is whether the company can furnish us light cheaper in five years than they can at present. In my opinion, transportation is going to be no less. Probably labor will be higher, and the price of coal is determined by labor. So we should

sign the contract while we are offered a reasonable rate."

Judge David J. Leahy: "The city council was elected to conduct the affairs of Las Vegas, and the members are capable of doing it. However, some things are probably lost sight of. If the cost of lights is cheaper than the contract seven years ago called for, the present contract ought to be signed. There are but two things to do; sign the contract and have lights, or refuse to sign and go back into the darkness of former years."

Harry W. Kelly: "I don't believe in moonlight schedules. I want the city lighted. If it does cost us 17 cents more than it would if we took the risk of breakage and depreciation, we are getting more than 17 cents worth of insurance."

Other matters taken up by the city council besides the lighting of Las Vegas were the question of building permits, which was referred to the committee on ordinances, which will make a report to the council, suggesting the kind of buildings which may be built with credit to the city.

The report of the committee on licenses was that there be no more licenses granted for dances in the Re-senthal hall on Railroad avenue. The report was adopted.

The erection of a filling station on the corner of Seventh street and Douglas avenue was referred to the building committee. Matters regarding the city dumping grounds were referred to the police committee.

A special committee composed of Aldermen Greenclay, McGuire, Stern, Coors, Foster and Fontaine will decide on the matter of buildings here. It was stated in the council this morning that no more buildings may be built here, which will not be a credit to the city.

Rev. T. J. Hamilton and wife and Laurence Hamilton arrived last night from Denver.

William Ferguson of Albuquerque is here on business.

J. J. Broyles is a business visitor from El Paso today.

Mrs. W. A. Oldham and Mrs. H. J. Groves, who have been guests at the home of John W. Harris, have returned to their home in Kansas City.

M. Shott is among the visitors from New York today.

Ed Hackaday and Fred Mehew of Kingfisher, Okla., are tourists who stopped here last night.

James Ferguson and wife and J. L. Kirkpatrick and wife are here from Holden, Mo. They are automobile tourists.

Raph Clowes, 17, this afternoon plead guilty to a charge of attempted rape and was sentenced to from 5 to 10 years in the state reformatory by District Judge David J. Leahy. Shortly before 6 o'clock last night Clowes enticed a young girl into a vacant house on Main street across from the Normal and attacked her. Clowes is not a healthy boy having suffered a severe illness in his infancy which left him abnormal. About a year ago he was struck on the head while at school and since that time his condition has grown worse.

Henry Turner of this city, applied to the county clerk for \$2 bounty on a coyote which he killed recently.

W. F. Smith and family of Wellsburg, W. Va., are tourists who stopped in Las Vegas last night.

RED CROSS ITEMS

Material for the Red Cross drive in November is arriving daily and is of unusual beauty.

All east bound trains are arriving here late, the cause being a wreck west of Gallup. No details of the wreck have been learned here. Trains ran several hours late last night and this morning. West-bound trains yesterday were delayed on account of a washout in Kansas.

Word has been received from Denver, that several cases of soldiers' widows compensation will be shortly decided. This will relieve the Red Cross of a great responsibility.

The Red Cross chapter last week filed a claim for a man disabled by border service during the late trouble with Mexico. This is the first case of the kind we have handled. The San Miguel county chapter has assisted a number of the Mora county boys in applying for compensation, travel pay, etc. Our chapter is glad to do this since the Mora county men responded so splendidly to the call for men during the late war.

The Red Cross, since April of this year has paid the Las Vegas hospital the sum of \$546.50 for soldiers placed by the government in that institution. The Red Cross assumed this responsibility simply to assist the hospital to meet its expenses and not be hampered by the necessary delay of the government in meeting these bills.

The Red Cross is at present looking after the clothing of children whose fathers were killed in service and getting them equipped for the winter.

Home service work keeps up wonderfully and October reports will show quite an increase in cases handled. The Red Cross has filed 60 new cases since September.

NEVILLE POWERS,
Acting Secretary.

COLORADO HAS 132 MILLIONAIRES

Denver, Oct. 14.—Colorado has 132 millionaires, according to the report of Commissioner of Internal Revenue Daniel C. Roper, based on income tax reports for the year 1917. The state gained one millionaire in 1917, there having been 131 persons reported during 1916 who had property valued at the million dollar mark. The report shows that 40,627 persons filed income tax reports in the state, in 1917, as compared with 4,435 in 1916. The great increase is explained in part by the fact that three new taxable classes were added to the lists in 1917.

COTTON CONVENTION

New Orleans, Oct. 14.—Delegates from 31 nations, representing every angle of the cotton industry from producer of material to the manufacturer of finished goods were here yesterday for the opening of the world cotton conference. The program for the session today provided welcoming addresses by Governor Pleasant, Mayor Behrman and others representing various cotton exchanges.

H. J. Ballard is here for a few days from Colorado Springs.

WILL CONDUCT CAMPAIGN FOR
THE SALE OF CHRISTMAS
SEALS IN NEW MEXICO

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 13.—Lieutenant Governor B. F. Pankey will head the committee having in charge the statewide drive for funds through the sale of Red Cross Christmas seals this year according to an announcement made by the New Mexico public Health association under the auspices of which the drive will be conducted.

J. B. Herndon, president of the State National bank of Albuquerque, has been named as treasurer of the fund. The campaign will raise \$60,000 for anti-tuberculosis and general public health in the state of New Mexico.

There is every assurance that the New Mexico delegation in congress will support the senate bill creating a division of tuberculosis in the United States public health service. Senator Jones and Representative Hernandez have written the New Mexico Public Health association pledging their support to the measure which is of such vital importance to the people of New Mexico in view of the influx of tubercular health seekers.

BLAME FOR BREAKING UP WAGE
SETTLEMENT IN COAL TROU-
BLE PLACED HIGHER UP

Indianapolis, Oct. 14.—All blame for the breaking off of the wage conference between the bituminous coal miners and operation of the central competitive field was placed on the coal operators in a lengthy statement of the miners' position issued today at the headquarters of the United Mine Workers of America. The joint wage conference met in Buffalo and Philadelphia.

MACHINE PLUNGES TO GROUND,
GASOLINE EXPLODES CAUS-
ING AVIATOR'S DEATH

New York, Oct. 14.—Lynian W. Doty pilot of one of the New York-Washington mail aeroplanes, was burned to death today at the Rolling Road Golf club, Catonsville, a suburb when his plane plunged nose first into the ground and the gasoline tank exploded. Doty's home was in Biggs, Calif.

BUTTONS AND PRIZES DISTRIBUTED
TO BOYS AND GIRLS OF
SAN MIGUEL

The Achievement day celebration and fair is a thing of the past, yet the youngsters and many of the grown up like to think about the excellent exhibit at the armory Friday and Saturday. Saturday was achievement day, and fitting exercises were held in the building where the exhibitions were on display. Professor Neilson, club leader for the boys and girls, reviewed the work done here in the past three years, since he has been associated with the work. His subject might well have been "Achievement." Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts also spoke, complimenting the young people and their helpers on the work done, and mentioning the fair as tangible evidence of the success of practical education.

Mrs. E. Koger, state club leader, explained to the children the meaning of achievement, and she put some ideas worth while into the heads of the older people who heard her. After the speeches a button hole sewing contest was held under the su-

PRINCE ALBERT



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joy smoke
makes a whale
of a cigarette!

YOU certainly get yours when you lay your smokecards on the table, call for a tidy red tin or a toppy red bag of Prince Albert and roll a makin's cigarette! You'll want to hire a statistical bureau to keep count of your smokestunts! Why, you never dreamed of the sport that lies awaiting your call in a home rolled cigarette when it's P. A. for the packing!

Talk about flavor! Man, man, you haven't got the listen of half your smokecareer until you know what rolling 'em with P. A. can do for your contentment! And, back of P. A.'s flavor, and rare fragrance—proofs of Prince Albert's quality—stands our exclusive patented process that cuts out bite and parch! With P. A. your smokesong in a makin's cigarette will outlast any phonograph record you ever heard! Prince Albert is a cinch to roll. It's crimp cut and stays put like a regular pal!

Prince Albert upsets any notion you ever had as to how delightful a jimmy pipe can be! It is the tobacco that has made three men smoke pipes where one was smoked before. It has won men all over the nation to the joys of smoking.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY, Winston-Salem, N. C.

Awaiting your say-so, you'll find toppy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors—and that classy, practical pound crystal glass humidor with sponge moisture top that keeps Prince Albert in such perfect condition!



pervision of Miss Delgado, instructor of domestic science in the Las Vegas schools.

The exhibit of the De La Salle Institute cannot be mentioned too favorably. It called forth many favorable comments from the visitors, not only because of the excellence of the products, but because of the variety of the exhibits.

Those who "staged" the fair wish to express their thanks to all who helped make it a success. The attendance was estimated at more than 1,000 people, all of whom showed great interest. The Las Vegas Junior band played, and its music was much appreciated. The judges also are the recipients of the thanks of the fair conductors. C. W. Wesner and William Shillinglaw judged the garden products and animals and Miss Wirt and Mrs. Blanche Jaramillo were judges in the cooking, sewing and canning contests. The prizes were donated by the Commercial club.

Rome, Oct. 13.—The Austrian battleship Franz Josef, which had been allotted to Jugo-Slavia, sank during a hurricane, according to a dispatch received here from Zara, Dalmatia. The vessel lies at a depth of 100 feet, it is added. She was carrying ammunition for the entire Jugo-Slav army.

French sailors are guarding the wreck.

CEREMONY PERFORMED THIS
MORNING AT BRIDE'S HOME
BY JUDGE LEAHY

Miss Carolyn Greenberger was married at 11 o'clock this morning to Lee H. Gerard, at the home of the bride, 1013 Fifth street, District Judge David J. Leahy performed the ceremony. Only the immediate relatives of the bride and groom were present. The couple left this afternoon for a honeymoon trip to Denver, going as far as Onava, 10 miles north of Las Vegas in an automobile, where they boarded train No. 10.

A number of the friends of the couple were at the station this afternoon, loaded with rice, old shoes and other customary wedding paraphernalia, and the train was watched to see that the couple did not get aboard without being subjected to the sacred rites which usually follow wedding ceremonies. However, when it was learned that the young people had slipped out of town, several passengers on the train were informed that a bride and groom were to take the train a few miles north, and they promised to do their duty as they "seen" it.

Mrs. Gerard is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Greenberger, and

was raised in Las Vegas, where she has a host of friends. Mr. Gerard has been a resident of this city for several years, and is local agent for the Continental Oil company. After the honeymoon the newlyweds will return to Las Vegas.

Mrs. Mamie Scott Weds

A very pretty wedding was solemnized last night at the home of M. J. Scott, 511 Tenth street, when Mrs. Mamie Scott and Mr. A. J. Roberts of Amarillo, Texas, were united in marriage by the Rev. Thomas E. Thuresson. Mrs. Roberts is a daughter-in-law of the Scotts and has made her home in this city for some time. The couple will make their home in this city, Mr. Roberts having moved from Amarillo to Las Vegas and accepted a position here.

LEGISLATIVE ACT SUSTAINED

Washington, Oct. 14.—Constitutionality of the Alaskan legislative act of 1915 requiring the filing of affidavits showing that the annual assessment work has been done on mining claims was in effect sustained yesterday by the supreme court which declined to interfere with the conviction of G. A. Vedin at Fairbanks, under this statute. Vedin was sentenced to three years imprisonment.

RURALITES HAVE BIG HEALTH ADVANTAGE

Abundance of Fresh Air and Sunlight Do Much to Check Ravages of Tuberculosis.

DANGER IN CLOSED WINDOWS.

National Tuberculosis Association, Which Sponsors the Annual Sale of Red Cross Christmas Seals, Reports 150,000 Deaths Each Year From the Disease.

People who live in the smaller towns and on farms have a great health advantage over the city dwellers in that they have ever an abundant supply of fresh air and sunlight.

These two gifts of nature, so lavishly bestowed, are not always appreciated to their fullest extent. They are two of the strongest weapons against the menace of tuberculosis, or consumption, as it is sometimes called.

But consumption is not unknown in the rural districts. The death rate is sometimes as great in these sections as in the more crowded localities, chiefly because of carelessness or indifference to laws of health.

Few, indeed, are the farm houses or the houses in the smaller cities and villages that cannot have an outdoor sleeping porch. On the contrary, we often find that the windows of sleeping rooms in the home are shut tight in the mistaken belief that night air is harmful.

This paves the way for disease, especially tuberculosis, which generally attacks the lungs.

White Plague Kills 150,000 a Year.

The white plague claimed 150,000 lives last year in the United States. More than 1,000,000 Americans are suffering from it today. These figures are compiled from reports of experts all over the country and sent to the National Tuberculosis Association, the leading agency in the country to combat this disease. This organization is sponsor for the Red Cross Christmas Seal sale, from which its financial support is chiefly derived.

As medical science has proved consumption is both preventable and curable, the suffering caused by this disease is largely unnecessary. Most tuberculosis victims are between the ages of eighteen and forty-five.

Causes Half Billion Loss Annually.

These are the years when people are most active, the years of their greatest production. The snuffing out of these lives just when they are at the height of their usefulness means an annual loss to the country of nearly half a billion dollars.

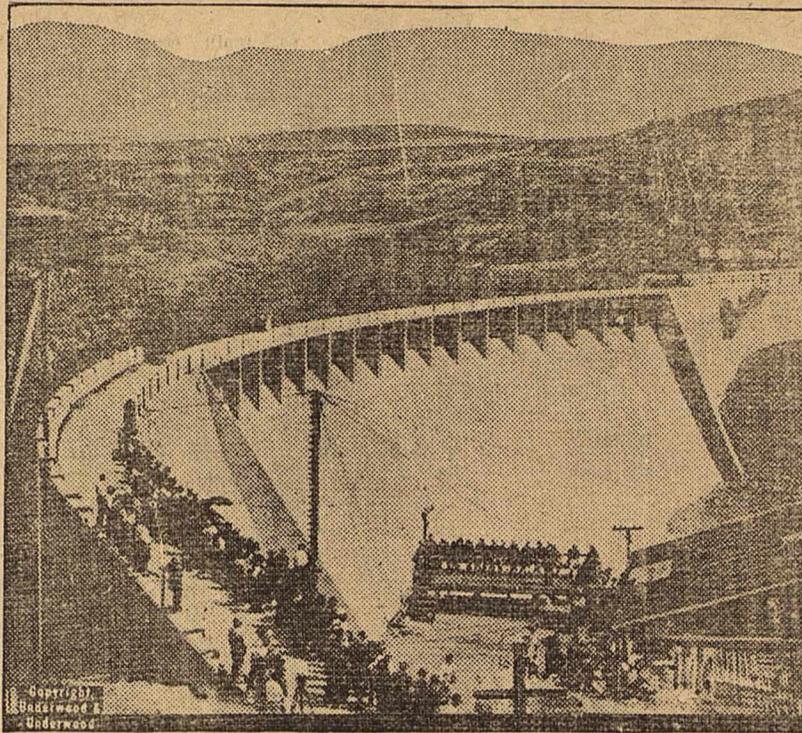
Fresh air is the cheapest of medicines. Outdoor sleeping porches are not only for the sick. They help well folks to keep well, and the country dweller can have this aid to healthy living at far less inconvenience than his city neighbor.

You can help directly by seeing that you and your family are living under the most healthful conditions possible.

The New Puritan.

The new puritan is instructed in cleanliness, believes in it, practices it. As a good animal guided by an enlightened mind, he purposes to make the best of his body, not to poison it with alcohol or to pollute it with disease. For his own sake and for the sake of the future of the race, he conducts himself morally. His philosopher, guide and friend, however, is the physician and science is his inspiration and his teacher.

GREAT OTAY DAM IS COMPLETED



The great Otay dam, 22 miles from San Diego, Cal., replacing the old structure destroyed by the unprecedented floods of 1916, has been completed. The new dam is 750 feet long, 200 feet high, 150 feet thick at base, 15 feet thick at top, harnesses 19,000,000,000 gallons of water which irrigates the Otay valley and will supply the city of San Diego in case of emergency.

FACTS ON THE ARCH ENEMY OF HUMANITY.

Tuberculosis kills producers—chiefly men and women between the ages of 16 and 45.

It claims workers—active men and women in the homes, the office and the shop.

It causes 150,000 deaths in the United States every year.

It costs the United States in economic waste alone about \$500,000,000 annually.

More than 1,000,000 persons in this country are suffering from active tuberculosis right now.

It menaces every community, every home and every individual.

AND YET TUBERCULOSIS IS CURABLE AND PREVENTABLE.

It is spread largely by ignorance, carelessness and neglect.

The National Tuberculosis Association and its 1,000 affiliated state and local organizations wage a continuous winning war on tuberculosis.

The work of these organizations is financed chiefly by the sale of Red Cross Christmas seals.

Drive the menace of tuberculosis from your door.

Pointed Advice.

"Oh, doctor," cried a wild-eyed man, "I am dreadfully afflicted! The ghosts of my departed relatives come and perch on the tops of the fence posts all around my yard when dusk is falling. I can look out into the gloaming any evening and see a couple of dozen spooks solemnly sitting on top of that many posts, waiting, waiting, waiting. Oh, doctor, what shall I do?"

"Sharpen the tops of the posts," briskly replied the physician. "Five dollars, please."—Judge.

Should Work Both Ways.

I believe a man should be proud of the city in which he lives; and that he should so live that his city will be proud he lives in it.—Abraham Lincoln.

IN STRIKING COLOR SCHEME

Rainbow Effect Employed for Many Things Besides the Costumes for Bridals and Parties.

Rainbow effects are much in vogue, and there are rainbow weddings now at which the bridesmaids all appear in gowns of the same design, but each in a different hue. And there are rainbow party dresses that are much in demand among the younger girls. But these rainbows are not always of the regulation sort. The people who plan them have a different color scheme.

Take, for instance, a very charming trousseau set offered in one of the smart shops. It contains, aside from the usual supply of lingerie, so-called, all sorts of dainties for the boudoir—chaise longue covers, clothes hangers, shoe trees, cushions, bags, etc. These are developed in a rainbow that consists of pastel green, yellow, blue, ivory white and shell pink. Not a bad combination of colors, to be sure, and perhaps under the circumstances a better color scheme than nature's own.

PAY ATTENTION TO SHOES

"Sloppy" Footwear Will Spoil the Effect of the Most Handsome Costume That Can Be Donned.

Shoes are not good fits that wrinkle anywhere. Wrinkles under the arch are caused by too low a heel or the low instep of the wearer. A higher heel will usually make a shoe fit better if the instep is low. This is especially true with a long, slender foot. Shoes that wrinkle because a little wide can be remedied after a fashion by wearing an inner sole. Shoe trees, of course, should be used in shoes when they are not being worn, for the best-fitting pair is apt to wrinkle in the process of cooling from a warm foot. With thin pumps and slippers a generous stuffing of tissue paper makes a good substitute for shoe trees. A well-dressed woman never allows her heels to "run down." Having heels "built up" is inexpensive, is the least "patchy" looking of all shoe repairing, and besides improving the looks of shoes, enables the wearer to have a better carriage in walking.

DANGER IN WILD FLOWERS

Many Are a Prolific Cause of Hay Fever, According to Expert Who Sounds Warning.

Hay fever is relatively common in children, but the reason that this is not more generally known is that these attacks are usually mistaken for "colds," writes Dr. William Scheppegrell of New Orleans, president of the Hay Fever Prevention association, in the Medical Record.

Sometimes a child that seems to have a "cold" is taken into a park or away to the country in the hope that the fresh air will effect a cure, and it is there exposed to further infection from the pollen of the plants that are chiefly responsible.

Besides the ragweeds, which are the principal offenders, there are several other wild flowers that, though quite innocent when left alone, are likely to cause hay fever if applied directly to the nostrils of children. Among these Doctor Scheppegrell warns us especially against the daisy fleobane, one of the commonest of weeds. It grows from one to two feet in height, has light green almost toothless leaves, daisy-like flowers about half an inch wide, with a large greenish yellow disk, white rays occasionally blactinged, shorter than those of the daisy and sometimes entirely absent.

Other flowers against which Doctor Scheppegrell warns are the dandelion, field daisy, black-eyed Susan, and other of the Compositae family. These are harmless unless one sniffs their blossoms, in which case they are likely to start a hay fever that may persist well into the fall.

BILLBOARDS HIT BY DECISION

By Ruling of Supreme Court They May Be Barred From Residence Districts.

The power granted cities by the United States Supreme court to eliminate billboards altogether in the residential districts is hailed with approbation by the American Civic association in a bulletin which it devotes to the billboard evil. The decision which protects the millions of dollars invested in homes and civic improvements was rendered in the case of the Cusack company against Chicago.

The Civic association, in the strongest language, urges communities to protect themselves from the intrusions of billboards in the residence districts. It calls the billboards "eyesores," which depreciate property values.

Los Angeles already has taken advantage of the power given it by the Supreme court to bar billboards from all parts of the city except business districts. Whether a block is in a business district is determined by the written consent of the owners of 66 per cent of the property in the block and the two adjoining blocks.

So it will take the permission of the owners of two-thirds of the frontage in three blocks to erect billboards along one block.

The billboards may be banished at any time upon the request of the owners of 35 per cent of the frontage.—Kansas City Star.

Soap Clubs in London.

"Soap Clubs Held Here" is the notice in a shop window in Soho. On inquiry I found that the clubs were similar to the hat and feather clubs which abound in Whitechapel and Bethnal Green.

The money is pooled together every week for soap, and there is a draw who shall have it first. You may be lucky and get your soap the first week you join the club, or you may have to wait three months.

But a glance at Soho waiting for soap suggests that it is not such a terrible hardship as it appears at first sight.—London Chronicle.

COAL STRIKE CALLED**FOR OCTOBER 31**

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 15.—An order calling all union bituminous coal miners of the country to cease production of coal at midnight on Friday, October 31, 1919, was issued from the international convention of the United Mine Workers of America here at noon today.

The order is signed by John L. Lewis, acting president and William Green, secretary-treasurer of the miners.

Quoting as authority for issuing the strike call, a resolution adopted at the international convention of the union in Cleveland on September 23, the order continues:

"The undersigned executive officers of the United Mine Workers of America hereby direct all members of our organization employed in and around the mines of the bituminous coal producing districts within the jurisdiction of the United States, cease work Friday, October 31. The strike will continue in force and effect until terminated by order of the international union.

"The United Mine Workers of America are now embarking upon the greatest enterprise ever undertaken in the history of the union, and each member of our organization must cooperate and assist in bringing success to our efforts. Orderly procedure must be followed throughout. You will be guided by the policies of your union and the official orders emanating from its officers."

BRITISH WARSHIPS**IN FIGHT AT RIGA**

Copenhagen, Oct. 15.—Savage fighting is still going on in the city of Riga between Lettish and Lithuanian troops and the German-Russian army which reached the western part of the city. Shells have fired a portion of the town and great damage has been done to quays and harbors. Many civilians have been killed.

British warships have become involved in the fighting, having been fired upon by the German-Russian forces. Blockade measures are rigidly enforced.

Poles Begin Offensive

Stockholm, Oct. 15.—The Poles have begun an offensive against the German-Russian forces in the Baltic region, according to a message received from Riga. They are reported to have captured Knovno, 60 miles northwest of Vilna, near the Courland border.

Late during the day five destroyers, British and French arrived in the harbor and anchored in the mouth of the river. They took no part for either side.

All the Danish and Dutch merchantmen that were at Riga when the fighting opened managed to escape with the exception of one Danish vessel, which did not have steam up. No American vessels were seen there by the sailors.

LABOR WANTS STEEL**STRIKE ARBITRATED**

Washington, Oct. 15.—Demand that organized labor proposal for arbitration of the steel strike be made an immediate issue in the national industrial conference was made today by the capital group, through its chairman, Harry A. Wheeler. Bernard M. Baruch, chairman of the public group, had proposed that action on the steel

resolution be postponed until Thursday.

President Wilson will not sanction adjournment of the national conference until it has exhausted every possible means of finding a solution of the present industrial situation, the white house said today.

On a ruling by Chairman Lane that the Baruch motion was one of procedure on which individual votes could be cast, action on the steel resolution was postponed until next Thursday and the conference recessed until afternoon. The public and labor groups cast their individual ballots for the Baruch motion, Judge Elbert H. Gary, being the only member of the public group to vote with the employers against it.

After the conference convened, L. F. Sheppard, head of the railway conductors brotherhood, introduced a resolution proposing tri-partite control of all industries existing by virtue of "public grants and monopolies." It is similar to the Plumb plan for management of the railroads by the public, labor and capital. For private industry Mr. Sheppard proposed recognition of a right of the workers to choose one-third of the board of directors.

John Spargo of the public group, introduced a resolution declaring that while the right to strike should not be abrogated or denied, it should be restricted where stoppage of vital services and governmental operations are involved.

DR. NORDFELDT HOLDS PRIVATE CONFERENCES WITH YOUNG LADIES

Dr. Margaret D. Nordfeldt of the National Y.-W. C. A. has been lecturing to the girls at the Normal university this week and has been holding private conferences with them on the subjects which are most vital to the welfare and future happiness of girls of this age. Yesterday 24 girls received the expert advice of Dr. Nordfeldt and a similar number asked for conferences today and a number have applied for consultations tomorrow.

Dr. Nordfeldt stated this morning that the young ladies at the Normal were very responsive and that the work was going magnificently. She also said that the work done by Mrs. Miller among the girls was splendid and that the system of the Normal along this line was exceptionally good. At 11 o'clock on Friday morning there will be a special chapel at which Dr. Nordfeldt will address the entire student body. Parents of the children and others interested are invited to be present.

The American Legion dance Saturday night is being well advertised throughout the city, by colored posters, painted by Joseph M. Sena, of this city. The posters are original, as well as attractive, and are calling forth much favorable comment. His ideas are good, too, for the dance is going to be just like the posters indicate, though Bob Kasper may not look to be the sort of musician of Sena's cartoons. The music is to be furnished by a six piece boosters' orchestra, all union players.

The Spanish harbor of Corunna boasts, it is said, of the oldest lighthouse in the world, it having been built by the Romans in the time of Trajan, between A. D. 98 and 117.

SUGAR NOT NEEDED**FOR CANNING**

Don't let surplus fruit go to waste because you cannot obtain sugar to use for preserving purposes. Fruit can be successfully canned without it and it can be sweetened when served next winter, or syrup can be used in place of sugar to sweeten it now.

To can without sugar, simply fill the jars containing the fruit with clean hot water, instead of the usual syrup, and process the jars in a hot-water bath. The fruit will not spoil, but it will not have quite as fine a flavor and color as that which is packed in syrup.

Directions for canning by the "cooked-in-the-can" method should be carefully followed to can successfully without sugar, the United States department of agriculture suggests.

Fruits canned without sugar are especially good in salads, desserts, pit fillings, ices and fruit punches. They can also be made into jams and marmalades when sugar is obtainable. Fruit juices take no sugar and their uses are just as varied during the winter season as are the fruits put up unsweetened. These fruit juices are also available for jelly at a future time when sugar is more plentiful. Vegetables need no sugar, and plenty of canned vegetables are always acceptable during the winter months.

Fruit and vegetables may be high and sugar scarce, but the margin of difference in price between the home canned and the commercially canned product is likely to be as great as when both fresh fruit and vegetable and canned goods were lower in price. The wise are still practicing home canning, sugar or no sugar.

DONT WANT DRY BILL

Washington, Oct. 16.—The United States Brewers association has petitioned President Wilson to disapprove the prohibition enforcement bill awaiting his signature and recommended a bill providing for enforcement of the prohibition constitutional amendment only.

A MESSAGE FOR THE MIDDLE-AGED

Foley Kidney Pills give quick relief from kidney or bladder troubles that have not reached a chronic or bad stage. They stop bladder irregularities, strengthen the kidneys and tone up the liver. Don't suffer when relief can be had. Get rid of backache, lameness, rheumatic pains and stiff joints. For sale by O. G. Schafer. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

AVIATORS ENTERTAINED

Juarez, Mexico, Oct. 16.—American army aviators from the Fort Bliss flying field wear the guests today of the Mexican army aviators section attached to General Manuel Dieguez's private train at luncheon today and at the flying field where an exhibition was given by the Mexican fliers.

Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation

Chamberlain's Tablets have restored to health and happiness hundreds who were afflicted with indigestion, biliousness and constipation. If you are troubled in this way give them a trial. You are certain to be pleased for they will benefit you.—Adv.

The earliest English Bible printed in the United States was produced in 1782.

TO DISCUSS FOREIGN TRADE

New York, Oct. 15.—Manufacturers, bankers, commission merchants and shipping men from all parts of the United States are to begin a two-day conference in this city tomorrow to consider the foreign trade situation. The American Manufacturers' Export association has called them together for the purpose of determining and uniting upon a definite plan of action with regard to trade with other countries. Every chamber of commerce, trade association and foreign banking institution has been requested to send delegates.

Particular attention will be given by the conference to the question of trade with the new nations set up in the peace treaty and with Russia and the central powers. To this end several commissions appointed some time ago will report their findings to the conference, which will also hear from official and commercial representatives.

Although the foreign trade of the United States reached an unprecedented total of more than \$7,000,000,000 for the year ended June 30, the figures since have shown a considerable falling off, and this fact, coupled with the uncertainty of social and political conditions in Europe, and the serious and continuing depreciation of foreign exchange, has increased the demand of manufacturers and exporters, for information as to the best means of meeting the unusual situation in which business now finds itself.

It has been ascertained that many manufacturers have already found the rate of European exchange operating in the manner of an embargo against their products. The fact that European buyers must pay from 15 per cent to 60 per cent more for American dollars that they did before the war, prohibits every purchase that is not essential. The conference will make an effort to formulate some general plan of financing European sales which will be helpful to the foreign buyers who need the things America can supply and to satisfy the American manufacturers who must have European markets to keep their factories running to fill production.

DANIELS CONSENTS TO PROPOSAL

Washington, Oct. 14.—Secretary Daniels, in conference yesterday with Chairman Page of the senate naval committee, was said to have acquiesced in the senate proposal to give retirement rank of vice admiral to Rear Admirals Sims, Benson and Mayo instead of the rank of admiral. Senator Page said, however, the bill would not be pressed until it was learned whether Admiral Benson would accept the lower rank. The nomination of Admiral Countz to be chief of naval operations, also was discussed at the conference. Mr. Daniels was told that some representation objection has arisen because he was a southern democrat. Senator Page said he believed the nomination finally would be confirmed.

Copenhagen, Oct. 16.—The Russian northwestern army has pushed to a point just outside of the town of Gatchina, the fall of which was expected to take place Tuesday according to a belated Helsingfors report reaching here today.

Eduardo Gomez and P. A. Gomez arrived yesterday from their homes at Gobernador, Ro Arriba county.

Charles Ifeld Gives Normal University \$25,000 for Building

The Hon. Charles Ifeld Thursday afternoon through the Hon. Frank Springer presented the New Mexico Normal university with \$25,000 with which to complete the structure that is to be started at the institution within the next few days. The money appropriated by the state was not sufficient to erect the type of building of which Las Vegas and the state at large could be justly proud and in recognition of this fact and in the belief that the city and the school should have the best that could be furnished Mr. Ifeld made his gift. The money will be used to complete the auditorium and the structure will be named the Ifeld auditorium. Mr. Ifeld wishes it to stand as a memorial to his wife Adele Ifeld.

Announcement of the gifts was made at the Commercial club banquet at the Castaneda hotel Thursday when Mr. Springer read a letter sent him yesterday by Mr. Ifeld. The following is the letter:

Las Vegas, New Mexico,
October 9, 1919.

Mr. Frank Springer,
East Las Vegas, New Mexico,

Dear Mr. Springer:

Referring to the proposed construction of the new auditorium for the New Mexico Normal University, for which ground was broken today, I understand that there will be required to complete the building an addition to the money available from the state appropriation the sum of Twenty-five Thousand dollars. The interest which I feel in this fine institution dates back for many years and I look upon it as such an important factor in the upbuilding of this community with which I have been so long identified, that I esteem it an honor to make a substantial contribution toward its further progress. I wish to do this in testimony of the affection I feel for the people of Las Vegas among whom my entire business life has been spent, and also in memory of my dear wife, who found in her residence here the great joys of her life.

Therefore I authorize you to announce to the board of regents of the Normal university in my name, that I will assume and pay to the Normal university through its said board as and when the same may be needed for construction for the purpose of completing the said proposed auditorium building the above mentioned sum of Twenty-five Thousand dollars.

Very sincerely yours,

CHARLES IFFELD.

Banquet a Success

The banquet last night was one of the greatest successes in the history of the Commercial club. Eighty-three representative, business and professional men were present. During the dinner music was furnished by Mrs. Colbert C. Root, Miss Marie Senecal and Miss Louise Jaramillo. The Glee club from the Normal university came in for a few moments and sang a group of the school songs.

The master of ceremonies, the Hon. Frank Springer, was introduced by Mr. Herman Ifeld, president of the Commercial club. Mr. Springer spoke of the manner in which Las Vegas and the state had responded to the

numerous calls made by the government and various organizations during the war and then stated that the gathering of last night was for the purpose of furthering local interests. He traced the history of the Normal university from its foundation showing how at the very start it was necessary to add to the funds appropriated by the state in order to erect the type of building that would be a credit to the city of Las Vegas and the state of New Mexico. The fact was then brought out that if the present style of architecture and quality of building was to be carried out in the future that it would be necessary to raise additional funds by popular contribution.

Normal an Asset

The asset which the Normal university is to the city in a financial way was brought out through figures. Mr. Springer after meeting with many of the business men and talking with them on the subject arrived at the conclusion that a revenue of \$150,000 to \$200,000 came to the city through the institution. He continued further stating that there was a greater return than that of dollars and cents dwelling on the cultural value and prestige gained from the location of a leading educational institution in the city.

Governor O. A. Larrazolo was called upon and spoke in keen appreciation of the work of the local school is doing and urging that future be looked after so that additional structures on the campus would always be a point of pride to Las Vegas and to New Mexico as a state.

Springer Hall

In token of his friendship for Mr. Springer and as a mark of appreciation for the untiring efforts he has made towards the success of the Normal University Governor Larrazolo moved that the present building be hereafter known as Springer Hall. The motion was heartily received and unanimously carried.

Judge David J. Leahy and Donald Stewart added to the thoughts of the former speakers and were strong in their urging that the proper equipment and buildings be installed at the Normal. Judge Leahy made a strong plea for support on the part of the citizens toward getting necessary funds from the legislature for the carrying through of the plans for the school.

Before reading the letter from Mr. Ifeld Mr. Springer spoke in glowing terms of the success, civic and patriotic pride which has always been shown by Mr. Ifeld. He recounted Mr. Ifeld's rise from a poor young man with no resources but his own energy, activity and grim determination to the position which he holds today as the head of one of New Mexico's largest business firms.

The following resolution with regard to the munificent gift made by Mr. Charles Ifeld to the New Mexico Normal university have been adopted by the board of regents:

Whereas, the Honorable Charles Ifeld has this day offered to donate to the Normal University of New Mex-

ico, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars to be applied to the completion of the auditorium building for which ground is broken today, the donation being made in testimony of his affection for the people of Las Vegas, with which he has been so long identified, and in memory of his wife, Mrs. Adele Ifeld, and desires to have an official expression from the board of regents of its understanding of the purposes and conditions of such donation, and of its undertaking to observe and carry out the same: Now, therefore, be it Resolved

1. That the board of regents of the Normal University accept the said donation with feelings of profound gratitude, and hereby record its deep appreciation of the high public spirit and the great interest in the welfare of the community which is exhibited by our honored fellow citizen in this munificent gift.

2. That the letter of Mr. Ifeld by which the donation is announced be spread at large upon records as a part of the proceedings of this meeting, which is accordingly done in words as follows

3. That this board understands and hereby agrees:

a. That the money thus donated by Mr. Ifeld shall be used toward the construction of the auditorium according to the design and plan adopted this day, and that such plans are not to be changed in any material respect without the consent of Mr. Ifeld, or his representative, Mr. Frank Springer, and the said funds shall not be used for any other purpose or in any other manner.

b. That the said auditorium shall be officially and in perpetuity known and designated as "Ifeld Auditorium," and that the said building shall have affixed to it in an appropriate and prominent place, a tablet containing the following inscription:

"IFFELD AUDITORIUM

completed with funds donated by
CHARLES IFFELD
in memory of his wife
ADELE IFFELD"

4. That the foregoing understanding and agreement is hereby declared to be made in consideration of the said donation, and shall have all the force of a contract, binding upon this board and its successors.

5. That a copy of these proceedings and resolutions, signed by the president of this board and attested by its secretary, shall be furnished to Mr. Ifeld, to serve as evidence of the same.

An Agreeable Surprise

"About three years ago when I was suffering from a severe cold on my lungs and coughed most of the time night and day, I tried a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and was surprised at the promptness with which it gave me relief," writes Mrs. James Brown, Clark Mills, N. Y. Many another has been surprised and pleased with the prompt relief afforded by this remedy.—Adv.

WANT STRONG GARRISON

Washington, Oct. 14.—The Mexican government has been urged by the United States to station permanently a garrison of 400 or more men at Mapimi to protect Americans there against possible attacks by Villa, it was said yesterday at the state department.

FOUR MORE NAMES ADDED TO LIST OF CASUALTIES IN ARMY AIR RACE

San Francisco, Oct. 10.—Lieutenant E. V. Wales, army transcontinental flier died at a farm house 25 miles from Saratoga, Wyoming, at 12:50 p. m., yesterday after crashing into a mountain in a snowstorm, the army air service announced here today.

Lieutenant William Goldsborough, who was Lieutenant Wales' observer in the race, was slightly injured.

Lieutenants Wales and Goldsborough were driving a Dehaviland four, Approaching Elk mountain, Wyoming yesterday they became lost in a snowstorm and smashed squarely into the mountain. Lieutenant Wales was rushed to the farmhouse where he died.

Major Criss and his observer, Sergeant Virgil Thomas were killed upon landing at Salt Lake Wednesday. Sergeant W. H. Nevitt, observer for Colonel G. Brandt, one of the fliers starting from Mineola died following injuries received when the plane fell at Deposit, N. Y.

For Mrs.

David Hendin

A very unique and artistic party was given this afternoon by Mrs. F. C. Orth, assisted by Mrs. Raymond C. Hill, in honor of Mrs. David R. Hendin who is soon to leave for Colorado, where she will make her future home.

The rooms were very prettily decorated in keeping with the Halloween season. The yellow chandeliers and candles cast a pretty glow and with the jack-o'-lanterns wicks and black cats gave a feeling of mystery and delight to the guests, who were also beautifully costumed in keeping with the occasion. The table was artistically arranged the center piece being a large basket of fruit with gold and black handle set off by a large bow of Sane. The favors were also carried out in gold and black. At 5 o'clock a dainty three course luncheon was served. The guests were Mesdames David R. Hendin, Thomas Heff, Roy Cook, William Sanders, Victor Van Hook, W. Stumbo, Raymond C. Hill and R. Hines.

LEONA GREENCLAY'S ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED

The engagement announced in Wednesday's Optic, of Miss Leona Hazel Greenclay and Henry Frankel of Denver, Colo., is another conquest for Cupid, which places another of the most charming girls of Las Vegas in the marriage line. Miss Greenclay's people are so well and favorably known in Las Vegas and she herself is so loved by all for her sincerity, that her engagement claims more than passing interest. She has had a great many advantages of education and travel but these have never added anything artificial to her womanliness which is her charm. Mr. Frankel is a well known young business man of Denver. As yet no date has been set for the wedding.

Halifax, N. S., Oct. 14.—The French steamer Venezia is reported abandoned and on fire in a wireless message received here today by the marine fisheries department from the steamer Chicago. The crew of the Venezia was rescued by the French line steamer Niagara.

SPRINGER ADDRESS
A SCHOLARLY DOCUMENT

The speech delivered at the Commercial club banquet last week by the Hon. Frank Springer was one of the most sincere and scholarly ever heard in Las Vegas. The following are some of the outstanding portions of his talk:

Gentlemen—I have always found it profitable to meet with my fellow citizen of Las Vegas for conference upon any matter of vital importance in the community, and I feel that this assembling of representative men here tonight is a guaranty of most earnest attention to anything that may be brought before them and also carries the assurance of effectual action afterwards, when the time comes for that.

Such getting-together meetings have been rather frequent during the past two years. They have been called out by emergencies that none of us ever expected to face—conditions that tried our citizenship and tested our souls to their innermost depths. From these tests and trials we have emerged with a record of which every member of this community may be proud. We have known the joy of success, and we have learned that the road to it lies not in lamentation or despair, but in putting our own shoulders to the wheel.

Some there were—as there always will be—who were quick to say, "it can't be done." But always, from the men and women who are the bone and sinew of our community, there came the answer, admitting of no debate, "it is done!" Not a call was unanswered; not a quota remained unfilled. But in every case, be the order big or little, the people who remained at home measured up to the standard of those who went across, and did what the boys on the other side never failed to do—they went over the top at the appointed time.

Now that its duties to the greater public have thus been faithfully discharged, the people of Las Vegas have turned to the question of doing a little something for themselves. Civic improvements that seemed impossible yesterday are accomplished facts today. And everybody feels the better for it. Just now the question centers around the institution by which this city is chiefly known to the outside world—the Normal University.

And we have in this great school the one thing needed to make these gifts the lasting possession of a happy, contented and ever growing people.

For it will ensure that this community will be the abiding place and the firm and enduring seat of another institution that is yet greater than schools and colleges; which stands for the best there is in men and women; around which cluster the affections and memories of family life; which more than any other makes of good citizenship and orderly government; which more than any other remains a bulwark against the forces of anarchy and disruption which are striving to destroy us; which more than any other guarantees to us and to our children the perpetuity of the government which our fathers founded; under which we have prospered and grown great, under which honest men may live their lives with comfort

opportunity and individual freedom such as no other people have ever known—and that is the American home.

Copenhagen, Oct. 13.—Claiming to have checked the attack of Lettish troops on the left flank of his forces, Colonel Avaloff-Bermond, commander of the forces of the "Russian general government, has since taking Riga, invited the Letts and Esthonians to confer with him at Mitau. The purpose of this conference is to prevent further bloodshed and to bring about joint action against the bolsheviks.

There has been no indication of any advance east of Riga by the German-Russian forces. The landing of 50,000 Lettish troops at Libau was a new development in operations along the Baltic but with the exception of the reference made to it by Colonel Avaloff-Bermond, nothing is known as to the success of the movement.

DR. GRAYSON STATES THAT WILSON CAN GIVE IMMEDIATE JUDGMENT IF NEEDED

Washington, Oct. 13.—President Wilson's conditions remains much the same as for the past several days and his organs are functioning nor-

mally, said a bulletin issued today by his physicians.

After the bulletin was issued Dr. Grayson said he had the other physicians attending the president would continue to stand on their bulletins and would not deny rumors as to the president's conditions or enter into any discussions concerning them. He added that the president's mind is clear and that he is perfectly capable of forming instant judgment on any matter that might come up.

Dr. Grayson gave assurances that if any material change occurred in the president's condition, the fact would be made known.

Washington, Oct. 13.—The accuracy of statements regarding Shantung made by President Wilson during his western speaking tour was questioned in the senate today by Senators Borah, Idaho, and Norris, Nebraska, republicans.

Referring again to a statement by the president in his address at St. Louis that Japan offered Germany property rights to end the war and which he later corrected Senator Norris said he was dumfounded, "on reading an official copy of the president's speeches to find that the same statement had been repeated."

Senator Norris told the senate that after reading the St. Louis speech he

telegraphed the president regarding it and the president wired and thanked him for calling attention to the error.

"I had assumed that although the president had not made a correction of the error, he would not repeat it," said Senator Norris today, "but just a few months ago I was given an official copy of his speeches and was dumfounded to see that in four other instances, after sending his message to me, he repeated what he said at St. Louis as to the reasons why Japan went into the war."

Referring to Mr. Wilson's statement at Los Angeles that President McKinley and John Hay, secretary of state had declined to protest against Germany's original acquisition of rights in Shantung. Senator Eroha said the Shantung lease had been consummated early in 1898, six months before Mr. Hay became head of the state department.

Washington, Oct. 13.—The supreme court today granted the permission to New Mexico to file suit against the state of Colorado for the purpose of determining the correctness of the present boundary between the states. The case was made returnable next March 1.

Camel
CIGARETTES

Don't look for premiums or coupons, as the cost of the tobaccos blended in CAMEL Cigarettes prohibits the use of them.

Cigarettes made to meet your taste!

Camels are offered you as a cigarette entirely out of the ordinary—a flavor and smoothness never before attained. To best realize their quality compare Camels with any cigarette in the world at any price!

Camels flavor is so refreshing, so enticing, it will win you at once—it is so new and unusual. That's what Camels expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobacco gives you! You'll prefer this blend to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!

As you smoke Camels, you'll note absence of any unpleasant cigarettey aftertaste or any unpleasant cigarettey odor. And, you'll be delighted to discover that you can smoke Camels liberally without tiring your taste!

Take Camels at any angle—they surely supply cigarette contentment beyond anything you ever experienced. *They're a cigarette revelation!* You do not miss coupons, premiums or gifts. *You'll prefer Camels quality!*

18 cents a package

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

Optic and Live Stock Grower

Stock Raising
Farming - Mining

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After one of his western speeches, President Wilson gave an interview to a writer for a democratic paper in which he said among other things, "There was very little applause. The audience had no time to applaud. I watched their faces. I saw not only interest, but agreement." That was not the first time President Wilson has claimed the powers of a mind-reader. Several months ago he declared that the people of the country were overwhelmingly for the league of nations, but he deemed it necessary to leave his pressing duties at Washington and tour the country in an endeavor to convince the people that they should be for the league covenant. His explanation of the lack of applause was far fetched. It would be just as reasonable to assert that when the people failed to return a democratic congress in compliance with his request last fall they were in agreement with him, but did not have time to vote because of their intense interest. There is no lack of applause for such opponents of the league as Poindexter, Borah and Johnson.

The publicity bureau of the democratic national committee spends a large amount of space lauding the members of the cabinet who sent their sons to war. Among the ten sons mentioned, eight of whom were officers, appears the name of Josephus Daniels, Jr. This part of the story reads:

"Josephus Daniels, Jr., held the highest rank of any cabinet officer's son in service, a captaincy in the marine corps, in which he entered as a private a month before we went to war."

Ex-marines will read this with a smile, for only those who have served in the ranks of this branch of the service can realize the humor contained therein. Old line men have worked for years and they are still second lieutenants, and, at the best, firsts. But it must be remembered that the marine corps is under the direct orders of the secretary of the navy.

If the proposed parcel post farm trucking scheme of the postoffice department is as successful as the truck delivery of army foodstuffs in Washington, D. C., the public will suddenly find themselves starving to death.

Given a clean sheet, a sharpened pencil and the Arabic numerals and the lover of arithmetic and algebra can equal, if not surpass, the painter in making imagination real. For example: It is known that freight rates upon the railway lines have increased.

Even arithmetic admits that point-but the calculator, the problem challenging his genius, denies that the advance has aught to do with the increasing of the cost of living, an impression held by public speakers, by representatives of organized labor and others. Before the interstate commerce commission the stock argument against petitions of common carriers for rate increases is that these will be reflected immediately in corresponding rises in commodity costs.

It seems, according to the analytical statement of fact put out by the Association of Railway Executives, that this objection is egregiously false in conception. This analysis shows that in 1914, the year before the war, the average value of freight carried by the railroads was \$56 a ton and the average freight charge was \$2. At the present time it is estimated the average value of goods transported by the railroads at \$119 a ton, with freight charges averaging \$2.80 a ton. Therefore, while there has been an increase of \$63 a ton in the average value of freight transported, the increase in the freight charges has been only 80 cents.

Freight charges in 1914 were 3.6 per cent of the value of the articles transported, while now they are only 2.4 per cent of the value.

To put it in another way, the executives' investigation shows that for every dollar of increase in the price of goods since 1914 only 1-3 cents can be charged to the increased freight rates. The 98-2-3 cents of increased cost must be sought elsewhere than in railway freight charges.

All this is highly interesting, but the fundamental weakness it displays is found at the very end of the argument, and consists in not throwing more illumination upon the real responsibility for the increased cost of necessities.

This leaves the statement, prepared as a plea, no doubt, against the abandonment of the war schedules of rates as originally described, a fascinating example of the possibilities of the mathematician's art.

Also the cost of living was a good deal lower in the good old times when the spendthrift swain could delight his sweetheart with a dime's worth of candy.

Our observation is that the cost of living is always objectionable to those who imagine their social status is superior to home-made hominy.

It has just about gotten so in this country that a blind man can tell when he reaches a big town by the talcum powder.

AROUND THE WORLD WITH THE AMERICAN RED CROSS. Junior Red Cross.



Early in the participation of the United States in the world war, the American Red Cross perceived the value of mobilizing the school children of the country and the Junior Red Cross was organized. Before the war ended nine million children were enrolled and helped in the war fund and membership campaigns, in chapter production of relief supplies and manufacturing furniture for the refugees whose homes and household goods were destroyed.

Children everywhere in the United States responded to the call to service sounded by President Wilson as head of the American Red Cross. This photograph is that of an enthusiastic young Japanese member of the Junior Red Cross of Spokane, Wash., starting out on the ambitious undertaking of collecting "a mile of pennies" for war relief. A comprehensive peace program is now being worked out for the Junior Red Cross, which is being held intact.

Craft on the Euphrates.

"On the Euphrates and the Tigris are still retained the curious water transports of centuries ago—the raft of skins and the circular boats. These rafts are sustained by inflated skins, prepared for this especial purpose, and after the raft floats down the river to its destination the inflated skins are removed, the air permitted to escape, and the skins carefully folded and carried back to the upper waters, where they are again inflated and used as the support of another and still another raft.

"Even more curious to the eyes of the traveler from other parts of the world are the circular boats, made of wickerwork and covered with skins, or made watertight with pitch, which are still in daily use on the Tigris and Euphrates rivers.

"The three principal methods of transportation of people in central and southern China are the sedan chair, the jinrikisha and the wheelbarrow.

"Probably more freight and more passengers are transported in China by the wheelbarrow than by any other land method. The wheelbarrow there used differs from that used by us in the fact that the wheel is set in the center and thus supports practically the entire load, while the handles are supported in part by a strap or rope over the shoulder of the man who operates it. As a result, the wheelbarrow coolie in China will transport nearly a half ton on his vehicle."

THE KITCHEN CABINET

My thoughts come flying forth in flocks,
Gay, eager ones of vivid hue,
But oh, the little winged things
That will not flutter through!

The little lovely wistful things
That start and then draw back
with fear:
These are the ones of all
That I hold vastly dear.

—Grace Bostick.

SANDWICH FILLING OF VARIOUS KINDS.

A sandwich may be filled with meat, chicken or fish, making a sandwich which is in itself a meal, or filled with sweets, a dessert or a dainty to serve with a cup of tea or a glass of cooling beverage.

Cold meat put through the meat chopper, with a sweet pickle or two and bound together with a salad dressing, makes a good sandwich and one in which leftovers may be used without remarks from the family.

Veal and Tongue Sandwiches.—Put the veal and tongue through the meat chopper and moisten with a small amount of soup stock; season with paprika and nutmeg. Spread on buttered bread after chilling the meat. Any kind of meat, minced or sliced, mixed with various seasonings such as capers, pickles, nuts or olives will make, with a little ingenuity of the cook, a countless number of good and appetizing sandwiches.

Thinly sliced radishes, cucumbers, onions, chopped green peppers and lettuce make most tasty sandwich fillings.

Olives, either stuffed, green or ripe, may be mixed with nuts and boiled dressing, or added to cream cheese or to cottage cheese.

Cottage cheese with chopped candied cherries (or cream cheese is richer), makes a most tasty sandwich for a sweet sandwich.

Chopped celery and cheese (the American) and Roquefort are all good as filling.

A club sandwich is enjoyed by the men prepared as follows: Place a slice of tomato with salad dressing on a buttered slice of rye bread, add a layer of cream cheese mixed with chopped nuts, then top with a slice of rye bread.

Chopped hard-cooked egg mixed with butter, a pinch of mustard, salt and pepper makes a most appetizing sandwich.

Nellie Maxwell

Rock Dust to Save Miners' Lives.

Perhaps the oddest, yet one of the most effective, means for preventing—or, at all events, minimizing—disasters in coal mines is the use of rock dust.

A lot of it is placed on boards hung by chains from the roofs of mine tunnels. Obviously in case of an explosion the boards will swing and the dust will be thrown off.

Following an explosion a roaring flame, let us say, is coming through the tunnel. The air is filled with coal dust (or possibly with inflammable gas) to feed it. But it meets a curtain of non-inflammable rock dust (discharged from the board shelves) and is thereby stopped. Rock dust will not burn under any provocation. Suspended thickly in the air, it acts like an asbestos curtain. The flame cannot get through it.

CHINESE WOMEN ARE ADVANCING

Woman Doctor Predicts Great
Future in Their
Politics.

EDUCATED HERE FOR MISSION

Dr. Yamei Kin as a Baby Was
the Only Survivor of a Family
of Plague Victims—Taking
Great Strides.

Honolulu, Hawaii.—Behind the calm exterior of a life which she has built up to a point of success such that she is recognized as the foremost woman physician throughout the length and breadth of China, Dr. Yamei Kin, who passed through Honolulu recently on her way to the United States, has a life history that has few equals for romance and interest.

Many years ago a physician of wealth and leisure named Doctor Mc Cartee was traveling in the far East, going from village to village in China studying the language and customs. His quest lasted nearly fifty years.

One afternoon he stopped for the night in a village devastated by the plague, and while walking about among the silent, death-marked huts he heard the wail of a tiny baby. He discovered an entire family lying dead in the hut, with the exception of a baby girl.

Adopted Little Orphan.

Having no child, the doctor adopted the little orphan and sent her to America for an education. He gave her the best medical training that time afforded, hoping to make of her a great woman physician, and in time she was graduated from a medical college in New York city, an institution that ceased to exist when the Cornell and Columbia university medical colleges for women were opened. She is now Doctor Kin.

Never for a moment, however, did Doctor Kin forget the land of her birth, and as she grew to be considered a brilliant Chinese woman in America her efforts for the women of China were untiring. She has lectured and written in behalf of China, and has held a position under the Chinese government with a view to bringing the republic and the United States into better understanding.

According to Doctor Kin, women in China are taking seven-league strides to rid themselves of the environment of practical vassalage under which they have lived for ages past. She predicts great things for an awakened China soon. The doctor is on her way to the United States to make experiments which she feels will be of benefit to her countrymen.

MADE FACES AT SPECTATORS

Germans Provoked Hoots by Populace
That Marked Their Departure
From Versailles.

Paris.—The judge advocate attached to the second permanent courtmartial, who investigated incidents connected with the departure of the Germans from Versailles, reports that it has been established that the Germans aroused the protests of the crowd by sticking out their tongues at the spectators and shouting "hochs," and that the charges that stones were thrown rest upon the unsupported testimony of Dr. Theodore Melchior and Greta Dorbluch, "secretary" of one of the delegates.



AROUND THE WORLD WITH THE AMERICAN RED CROSS.

In Italy.



Arriving at one of the most critical stages of the war, when the Teutons were forcing the Italian army back to the Piave, the American Red Cross rushed emergency relief from Paris and revived the drooping spirits of the whole country. In addition to furnishing rations and comforts and medical attention to the fighting men, the American Red Cross instituted 42 soup kitchens, 36 children's hospitals, 10 children's dispensaries, 14 artificial limb factories, five homes for refugee children, 10 rest stations for refugees.

This photograph shows a group of Italian refugee children being fed by the American Red Cross at one of the numerous relief stations.

EVADED LAW THIRTEEN YEARS

Noted Indian Outlaw Forced by Affec-
tion to Surrender to Police of
British Columbia.

Simon Gun-a-noot, notorious Indian outlaw and "bad man," has experienced a change of heart. He has given himself up after evading the police and the white man's law for 13 years, says a Vancouver (B. C.) dispatch to the Toronto Globe.

Among his tribesmen in northern British Columbia the elusive Gun-a-noot was regarded as a great hero, not because of his success in evading the law, but because of his great feats of strength, his prowess as a hunter, his mastery with the rifle, and his intense religious fervor. Undoubtedly the affection of his tribesmen assisted greatly in his remaining at large so long. Of the vast resources of northern British Columbia he probably knows more than any white man. This is said to be especially true of mineral wealth.

During the 13 years Simon has been a fugitive from justice he is said to have never been out of British Columbia. The government has spent \$50,000 to get him, without success. His reasons for surrendering, he says, were to obtain civilized comforts for his sick wife and education for his children.

Simon will face trial on a charge of murdering Alex McIntosh and Max Le Clair, two white traders, whose bodies were found on the trail outside Hazelton, B. C. It is alleged that Simon fought with them, claiming that he did so because they gave his young wife liquor.

new type of airplane liner.

Upholstered armchairs on aluminum frames and a porthole beside each seat are features of the newest type of airplane liner turned out by Vickers, Ltd. The manufacturers claim that it is the first of its kind. The new liner can carry ten passengers in addition to two pilots. The ensilage fuselage is water tight and will float in case of descent into water. The machine is a tractor biplane, with two Rolls-Royce Eagle eight engines of 350 horsepower each; it has a cruising speed of 95 miles an hour and a gasoline capacity of 200 gallons, and can rise readily to a height of 14,000 feet.—Trade Commissioner H. G. Brock, London.

POLKA-DOT DESIGN POPULAR

Has Risen to the Distinction of a
Fad Among Society Women at
the Nation's Capital.

The polka dot in its various expressions, from the tiniest dot to the coin dot, seems suddenly to have "broken out" in Washington. Never a gathering these days of any particular moment that the silken fock with its polka-dot design does not appear.

Miss Bertha Bolling, sister of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wears a simple frock of dark navy blue cotton voile marked in the tiniest of dots set very thickly together. A one-piece effect, the frock has a surplice bodice with a tiny inset vest of organdie and cuffs and collar also of organdie. The skirt has rather long swinging hip draperies.

A very smart frock of plain white georgette combined with small polka-dot pattern in coral pink formed an attractive frock the other evening at an informal dinner at one of the suburban "inns" which have sprung up like mushrooms during the past two seasons.

Mrs. Arthur Capper, wife of the senator from Kansas, wears a costume of navy blue georgette with large coin dots of white, the georgette draped over navy blue silk.

An attractive frock worn the other evening at a downtown cafe was of white georgette, the tunic, the bell sleeves and the long draped sash all of sapphire blue georgette coin dotted in white, the dots widely separated.

The hat was a small toque of white satin, the brim a solid mass of black metallic grapes with black satin foliage.—From a Washington Letter in Women's Wear.

Baptized in a Balloon.

The child of a well-known member of the British parliament was recently christened in the crypt of the house of commons. This is, in a sense, a survival of the custom of bygone days, when christenings in crypts were by no means uncommon. In one recent case in California, for instance, the ceremony was performed in a diving bell at the bottom of the sea. In another case the proud parents of the new arrival persuaded a clergyman to baptize the child while up in a balloon.

PAYS TO MAKE USE OF PAINT

Apart From Adding to Appearance of
Structure It Also Tends to Re-
tard Deterioration.

The foundation reason for painting is protection of the thing painted. The owner of property should never forget that. No one can look upon painting as an expense if he is convinced that it prevents a greater expense.

There is, however, another great reason for painting and that is the appeal of pride in appearance. This is quite human. It is seen in the matter of clothes. Primarily clothes are to keep us warm, but a suit is discarded while it is still warm because it is shiny, out of shape, or slightly faded. In other words, one feels that it would compromise their standing were they to wear it.

So it is with the painting of houses, both without and within.

In progressive, proud communities, houses are painted every three or four years through pride in appearance. Progressive citizens are not satisfied with the looks of their houses after three or four years' exposure to weather.

As good citizens we should not only see that every person knows that structures will deteriorate if unpainted, but we should also try to make people as proud of the appearance of their homes as their more progressive neighbors. We should deliberately set out to make them ashamed of their dingy homes which are a reflection upon the whole community.

This work is peculiarly one for local example and community co-operation. Everyone knows that a newly-painted house is likely to start the whole neighborhood to slicking up. It becomes contagious.

Every person who wants to see his community prosper will join in such a movement.

Size Doesn't Count When They're Trained

San Francisco.—"My goodness, young man, take my seat. You mustn't stand up with that big bundle on your back."

This was what a middle-aged woman said to a five-foot nothing chap dressed in a soldier uniform who was toting a huge camping outfit on his back while riding in a street car here during a morning hour.

There were a half dozen other khaki clad, burden laden young men standing in the same section of the car, but the woman signaled out the little fellow as entitled to her sympathy and motherly compassion.

The former soldier said: "Oh! No'm, I'm all right!"

His fellows giggled at him, and he who had been offered the seat blushed.

One strapping ex-sergeant leaned down to the woman when she had resumed her seat and said:

"Truck there don't mind a little camping outfit on his back weighing 75 pounds. He packed cannons on his back for 15 months 'over there.' We are going to hike over the hills today to get an appetite. His pack contains the grub."

FIGHTING TUBERCULOSIS.

The National Tuberculosis Association has launched an extensive educational campaign. A recent health survey revealed a yearly death rate in the United States of 150,000 and there are today 1,000,000 active cases.

MANY PEOPLE VISIT EXHIBIT AT ALLEGED CATTLE THIEVES ARE BOUND OVER TO FALL COURT TERMS

The achievement fair at the armory was attended last night by quite a number of Las Vegas, and visitors from the country, and today the crowd at the armory was much larger than yesterday's. The displays of the children's work are exceptionally good, and also there are on exhibition many products of the grownups in different lines, gardening, fruit raising and domestic science.

The Las Vegas Junior band played last evening, and will furnish music again tonight. The youngsters have an efficient organization, and the music they played last night was as good as has been heard in Las Vegas for some time.

Miss Elizabeth Koger, director of the club work in northern New Mexico spoke last night, and also did M. P. Gonzalez, county agricultural agent. The fair has been a success so far, and Las Vegas people will miss seeing an exhibition of real worth if they fail to visit the armory this afternoon or tonight. The prizes have not all been awarded, but a list of the winners will be published in Monday's Optic. There is no admission charge.

FOR PRESIDENT OF FRANCE

Paris, Oct. 11—More than ordinary interest is manifested in the parliamentary elections to be held tomorrow, owing to the fact that the new chamber of deputies to be elected will be called upon next spring to choose a successor to M. Poincare as president of the French republic.

If the choice were to be made at the present time there appears little doubt that Premier Clemenceau might have the office of chief executive if he would consent to become a candidate. But the premier has given no intimation of a desire to become president and in view of his advanced age it is considered likely that he will not enter the lists. Present indications point to a large field of candidates.

President Poincare is eligible to reelection, but at present there appears little possibility of his being able to command a majority of the senators and deputies comprising the national assembly.

Seattle, Oct. 13.—Five carloads of rifles consigned to Vladivostok were being loaded aboard the steamship Delight here today by 60 former American soldiers. Union longshoremen last week refused to load the rifles it was said, because they were intended for use against the bolsheviks.

One former soldier reported to the police that he had been attacked and cut up by three union longshoremen. Special policemen are posted at the Delight's pier.

FORERUNNERS OF SICKNESS

Indigestion and constipation are the forerunners of half the ills of man kind. When food is properly digested, you are free from biliousness, gas, bloating, sick headache, sour stomach, coated tongue. Foley Cathartic Tablets cleanse the bowels, sweeten the stomach and invigorate the liver. For sale by O. G. Schafer. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Seven men have been arrested quite recently on charges of cattle stealing, by the state mounted police force. Others arrests, on different charges have been made. The state mounted police, under the efficient captaincy of Apolonio A. Sena, of this city, is doing a great deal to round up cattle thieves throughout the state and the courts will be kept busy during the greater part of their sessions, disposing of cattle stealing cases, the results of the mounted police department's efforts.

Following is the report of arrests, from the captain's office:

In Lincoln county Jacobo Trujillo, Isidro Fresquez and Francisco Trujillo were arrested for larceny of cattle.

In Colfax county Antonio Muanz and Tonie Rico were arrested for selling meat without a licence. Paid a fine. L. D. Robinson was bound over for the grand jury for shooting cattle.

Pablo Aguilar and Ramon Garduno bound over to the grand jury for larceny of cattle in Guadalupe county.

Roy Adams arrested at La Lande for cattle stealing and bound for the grand jury.

Juan Baca arrested at San Isidro for cattle stealing.

At Artesia, Seferino Benavidez was arrested for larceny of cattle, case continued till October.

Archangel, Oct. 11.—Two thousand lives have been lost in the wreck of an unnamed British ship on the Norwegian coast according to a wireless dispatch received from Helsingfors.

If the loss of life in the wreck reported in the foregoing dispatch is as large as indicated the disaster will mark a new record in the annals of the sea. It would seem probable the ship which was wrecked was a military transport bringing British soldiers from Archangel from which port England has been embarking large numbers of men during the last month.

The largest recorded loss of life in a marine disaster occurred when the Titanic was sunk after colliding with an iceberg south of Newfoundland on April 14, 1912, the list of deaths showing 1,503 names.

BILL FOR PAVING

Santa Fe, Oct. 11.—Congressman B. C. Hernandez has introduced a bill in the house of representatives providing for the paving of the streets around the federal building grounds, approximately half a mile in length. This is part of the general paving program upon which the city has embarked under the leadership of Colonel Ralph E. Twitchell.

An ordinance is to be presented to the council to extend the city limits to include the entire area of the Santa Fe grant of 36 square miles, which will nearly double the population of the city. The contract for an ornamental bridge across Arroyo Mascaros has been let to the Midland Bridge company for \$12,000.

Mrs. Charles O'Malley left on belated train No. 2 this morning for Raton to attend the meeting of the state federation of women's clubs, in session there.

TO HOLD 300-MILE HORSE RACE

Boston, Mass., Oct. 13.—One of the most notable horse races ever held in New England is scheduled for this week, when a large field will participate in a 300-mile endurance race for saddle horses promoted by the Arabian Horse club of America. The race is to be from Fort Ethan Allen, Vt. to Camp Devens, Mass. The contest is slated to start tomorrow and will continue for five days.

Three cash prizes, totalling \$1,750 have been offered by W. R. Brown of Berlin, N. H., president of the Arabian Horse club, and Albert W. Harris of Chicago. A silver cup, to be known as the United States Cavalry cup, is also offered.

Some of the best horseflesh in the country is entered and the winner will receive a cash prize of \$1,000, together with the silver cup, on which will be engraved the name of the winning horse and the owner. The second prize will be \$500 and the third prize \$250. The race has been arranged in order to stimulate the breeding of cavalry mounts throughout the United States and to determine the performance of various types of horses under the severe conditions of a forced march.

Colonel Frank Tompkins, formerly commander of the 301st infantry 76th division, who is now in charge of the department of military science and tactics at Norwich university, will ride his famous horse "Kingfisher", in the race. Other competitors will include numerous officers of Norwich university, and from Fort Ethan Allen and Camp Devens.

PRINTER STRIKE PROHIBITS SETTING OF MATERIAL IN USUAL MANNER

New York, Oct. 13.—Elimination of typesetting, one of the costliest features in printing by the use of plates made by photographing the original typewritten copy has been accomplished by the October 18 issue of the Literary Digest, consisting of 80 pages. This radical innovation which was brought about by the printers' strike in this city, leads the publishers to suggest that "it is possible in this age of marvels that the whole future of magazine production may be revolutionized by the elimination of typesetting."

The makeup of the magazine is in no way changed, the only difference being that the style of the type is that used on typewriters and is uniform in all the reading matter throughout the number.

A MESSAGE FOR THE MIDDLE-AGED

Foley Kidney Pills give quick relief from kidney or bladder troubles that have not reached a chronic or bad stage. They stop bladder irregularities, strengthen the kidneys and tone up the liver. Don't suffer when relief can be had. Get rid of backache, lameness, rheumatic pains and stiff joints. For sale by O. G. Schafer. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

PLANTS CLOSED SINCE COMMENCEMENT OF STRIKE RESUME WORK TODAY

Chicago, Oct. 13.—Three steel plants, closed since the strike of steel workers three weeks ago, opened today with approximately 50 per

Foley's Honey and Tar COMPOUND

IS A TIME-TRIED REMEDY that can be relied upon to get rid of coughs and colds that lead to serious illness if neglected.

Every User a Friend

"The only remedy we ever use for coughs and colds is Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. It has been our standby for years, and it never fails us."—T. H. Foley, Marquette, Mich.

"I surely know the worth of Foley's Honey and Tar, as I have taken it with good results. Also have sold hundreds of bottles."—A. L. Stansbury, Parkersburg, W. Va.

Children like Foley's Honey and Tar. It contains no opiates, and will not injure a delicate stomach.

O. G. SCHAEFER
Sold Everywhere

cent of a normal working force, according to reports from the police. The plants to re-open were the Wisconsin Steel company, Interstate Steel company and the Federal Furnace company.

The situation at the plants of the Illinois Steel company was unchanged.

Police reports said that 200 of the 500 employes of the Federal Furnace company returned to work and that 800 men reported for work at the Wisconsin Steel company. The normal force is said to be from 1309 to 2,200. Two hundred men reported for work at the Interstate Steel company.

Washington, Oct. 13.—Organized labor's proposal that the national industrial conference arbitrate the nation wide strike of steel workers was further considered today by the conference committee with the hope that a report could be made to the conference when it resumes its labors tomorrow.

The labor representatives in the committee pressed their demand on the ground that failure to arbitrate the strike would encourage the I. W. W. and other radical elements.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 13.—Super-chickens and eggs, two or three times their present size at a cost not much greater than present prices, was predicted today by Alton E. Briggs, Boston president of the National Egg and Butter association, in an address to the delegates attending the session of the 13th annual convention. He said a new type of superhen is being bred and in the near future would reach the public, thus doing much to lower the cost of living.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

This remedy is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough. From a small beginning its sale and use has extended to all parts of the United States and to many foreign countries. This alone is enough to convince one that it is a Give it a trial and you will find this to be the case.—Adv.

C. E. Working, salesman from St. Louis, is visiting Las Vegas merchants in the interest of his firm today.

C. W. Tomlinson is a salesman from Denver who is here for a few days.

W. L. Burbaker and wife of Lilmington, Dela., are tourists who stopped in Las Vegas last night.

Emily Jenson and Mabel White of Denver are newcomers in Las Vegas.

TICKETS TO BE SOLD AT ONCE FOR FIRST DANCE BY WAR VETERANS

The American Legion's dance on October 18 is an assured fact. Just as soon as the tickets can be run off the Optic's press, members of the legion and young ladies of the city will begin to canvass the city and it is believed a record sale will be made.

At last night's meeting of the legion, it was decided that a barbecue on November 11 would be unseasonable, and that an inside feed, probably taking the form of a "chow line" at the armory would be a good substitute. Delegates to the state convention of the legion at Albuquerque on October 16, 17 and 18 were named as follows: Vice Commander Manuel Armijo, H. E. Blattman, Vincent Montoya and F. C. Young.

Committees named to assist the present dance committee, John W. Harris, Jr., Charles Nolan and Vincent Montoya, and to arrange for the celebration on November 11, are, financial, Jack Stewart, Charles Baca, and H. E. Blattman; eats, D. M. Barker, John McGuire and Samuel Greenberger; parade "Top" Sergeant Reginald Young, William Tipton and Avery Jones.

The meeting last night was well attended, and was the most enthusiastic held here.

SERVICE BLANK RECORDS

Santa Fe, Oct. 10.—The board of historical service has begun the mailing out of more than 17,000 blanks to men from New Mexico who served in the great war. These blanks provide for the complete record of every man to be kept in permanent form in steel cabinets in the historic palace of the governors. Any veteran failing to receive such a blank should write the board of historical service in the museum of New Mexico at Santa Fe. Those receiving blanks should fill them out with the information and return them promptly.

The state department of education is in receipt of a most important opinion from the Attorney General's office regarding the legal construction of Chapter 69, Section 1, Laws 1919, concerning the compulsory education law. Under this opinion children between the ages of six and 16, inclusive, are within the school age, and must attend school regular, except where they reside more than three miles from the nearest school house and no transportation is furnished.

Those between the ages of 14 and 16 inclusive may be excused by the county or city school superintendent provided they can show that they are regularly employed in some gainful trade or occupation. When there are 15 or more so employed and holding certificates of employment, a part time school shall be established.

WHEN A CHILD HAS CROUP

Thousands of fathers say Foley's Honey and Tar Compound is the best remedy they know for croup, coughs and colds. It cuts the thick, choking mucus, clears away the phlegm, opens air passages and eases hoarseness. The gasping, strangling fight for breath gives way to quiet breathing and peaceful sleep. For sale by O. G. Schaefer. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

BELGIAN RULER'S TRAIN PASSING THROUGH WYOMING—SNOW PLEASURES KING

On Board King Albert's Special Train, Oct. 10.—Snow covered the ground when daylight overtook King Albert's train east of Bitter Creek, Wyo., this morning but it failed to dampen the spirits of the Belgian ruler, who seems to be able to get along with less sleep than any man on the train. He was up with the coming of dawn and took a short tramp along the tracks, wearing heavy boots, although he did not turn in until after 1 o'clock a. m.

The king climbed into the engine cab at Cheyenne at 10:15 o'clock last night and drove the train to Laramie, 57 miles away, through the moonlight and upgrade much of the way.

MEMORIAL VOLUME

Santa Fe, Oct. 10.—One hundred letters from New Mexico business men, officials, leaders, are wanted for the great memorial volume that is to be issued by the Roosevelt Memorial association. They are also to be deposited in the Roosevelt Memorial, Colonel Ralph E. Twitchell, the state chairman of the association, is calling for these letters. They are to be a terse estimate of Roosevelt's character, influence on the life of his times and the esteem in which he is held. Such letters should be addressed to Colonel Twitchell at Santa Fe.

Damacio Maes, who was arrested some time ago by government authorities, on a charge of conducting a still on the West side, and of making alcoholic liquor of raisins, has been indicted by the federal grand jury at Santa Fe. Maes formerly conducted a saloon on the Plaza, and it is said that a government official who recently visited Las Vegas found that Maes was yet in the business, having developed the art of making booze of raisins. His trial has not been set.

Several other bootlegging suspects have been indicted by the federal grand jury, a number of them involving alleged bootleggers of Gallup.

CREW MUTINIES AT SEA AND TAKES VESSEL INTO D'AN. NUNZIO STRONGHOLD

Fiume, Oct. 11.—The steamer Persia bound from Genoa for the far east, with a cargo of 30,000 rifles, 10,000,000 cartridges, 20 batteries of mountain guns and two heavy guns for the troops operating against the bolsheviks, has arrived at Fiume. The crew mutinied in the Mediterranean and forced the captain to take the steamer into Fiume.

THEY GET ACTION AT ONCE

Foley Kidney Pills invigorate, strengthen and heal inactive, weak and diseased kidneys and bladder. Mrs. O. J. Ellis, 505 8th Ave., Sioux Falls, S. D., writes: "I suffered with kidney trouble; used to have severe pains across my back and felt miserable and all tired out, but after taking Foley Kidney Pills I am well." For sale by O. G. Schaefer. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Syracuse, N. Y., Oct. 14.—Cardinal Mercier, primate of Belgium yesterday was given the degree of Doctor of Humane Letters by Syracuse university, the highest rank the university has the power to confer.

CLEVELAND PAYMASTER ROBBED OF \$11,000 WHEN BANDIT'S USE PEPPER

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 11.—Five men who boarded a south bound passenger train on the Yazoo and Mississippi valley road as it was leaving the yards here early today, held up the express messenger and his assistant, secured several packages and escaped when the train was stopped at West Junction in response to a telephone message from a yardmaster who saw the men board the train.

The messenger and his assistant were found lying on the floor bound. One of the stolen packages was said to have been shipped by a Memphis jewelry concern. Poses were organized quickly and began a search of the surrounding section.

Paymaster Robbed

Cleveland, O., Oct. 11.—Six robbers this morning held up the paymaster of the Samuel Emerson company, in the lobby of a Euclid avenue building and after throwing pepper into his face, escaped in an automobile with \$11,000 which the paymaster carried in a money bag.

MEXICO PROMISES

SQUARE DEAL TO U. S.

Juarez, Oct. 10.—A square deal for all Americans in his military zone is the desire of General Manuel Dieguez, commander of the northern military zone, he declared here today upon his arrival from Chihuahua City on a special train.

"We want the friendship of America and of Americans," he said. "We also want to establish good commercial relations with the United States and I am determined that the treatment accorded Americans within my jurisdiction will be such that they will feel friendly to Mexico. It is my desire to see all Americans given a square deal and this desire is responsible for my having ordered a regiment of cavalry to the border to suppress lawlessness."

The general ordered a regiment of cavalry to patrol the Mexican side of the border between Juarez and Bosque Bonito, opposite Fort Hancock, Texas, in order to stop cattle rustling from American ranches and other bandit activities.

Vilia is the sick man of Chihuahua now the general declared in declaring his friendship for America.

WILSON TO STAY IN BED

Washington, Oct. 11.—Although President Wilson continues to show signs of improvement he will be required to remain in bed for an extended period. This decision was reached today at a consultation between Admiral Grayson and three other physicians.

Constipation

The beginning of almost every serious disorder is constipation. If you want to enjoy good health keep your bowels regular. This is best accomplished by proper diet and exercise, but sometimes a medicine is needed and when that is the case you will find Chamberlain's Tablets are excellent. They are mild and gentle in their action, easy and pleasant to take. Give them a trial. They only cost a quarter.—Adv.

Richard J. VanBuskirk of Tulsa, Okla., is a newcomer in Las Vegas.

Copenhagen, Oct. 11.—According to a dispatch from Helsingfors Russian newspapers report that serious fighting has broken out in Petrograd between adherents and opponents of the soviet regime. The "counter revolutionaries," have taken possession of several important buildings and government institutions, it is stated.

This announcement of the outbreak of a serious revolt against the bolsheviks in Petrograd together with the bomb outrages against the bolshevik leaders in Moscow, the second capital, indicate serious international opposition to the bolsheviks.

PROCLAMATIONS MAILED

Santa Fe, Oct. 11.—The department of education has completed the mailing out of 7,000 copies of the proclamation of Governor O. A. Larrazolo for the observance of "Americanization day" in every school room of the state on October 24. With the proclamations were sent subscription blanks for the Roosevelt Memorial association and also a letter of instruction and a model program by Superintendent of Public Instruction J. H. Wagner. Probably never before in the history of the state has there been such a uniform observance of a day as that of Americanization and Roosevelt days, October 24 and 27, promises to be.

New York, Oct. 11.—A committee representing the longshoremen today flatly refused a virtual ultimatum from the war department in regard to the handling of four freight ships and six passenger ships now on their way to New York. The war department had announced through William Z. Ripley, chairman of the national adjustment commission, that it "intended" that the ships should be handled. Mr. Ripley asked the strikers' committee if they would take care of these ten ships and received a flat refusal.

EASIER NOW THAN LATER

It is easier to break up a cold or check a cough now than it will be later. Persistent coughs that "hang on" all winter pave the way for serious throat and lung diseases. L. W. Fay, 65 Campbell Ave., E. Detroit, Mich., writes: "Foley's Honey and Tar relieves one of bronchitis very quickly." For sale by O. G. Schaefer. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

San Francisco, Oct. 11.—First Lieutenant Belvin W. Maynard piloting a DeHaviland 4-airplane leader of the westbound fliers in the transcontinental air derby arrived in San Francisco from Mineola, N. Y., at 12:07 p. m. today.

It was unofficially estimated that Maynard's actual flying time from Mineola, N. Y., to San Francisco, a distance of 2,701 miles was 24 hours, 52 minutes, 55½ seconds.

CUT THIS OUT—IT IS WORTH MONEY

DON'T MISS THIS. Cut out this slip, enclose with 5c to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup, Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets. For sale by O. G. Schaefer. Sold everywhere.

M. A. Hedgecock of Chicago arrived in Las Vegas last night.

LIST OF BOYS AND GIRLS RECEIVING REWARDS FROM COMMERCIAL CLUB

Following is a list of the prize winners in the recent achievement fair held at the armory by the boys and girls clubs of the county:

Best Garden Club Members

First prize, Frank Fries, \$3.00; second prize, Antonio Archuleta, \$2.00; third prize, Mela Montoya, \$1.00.

Best Cook Club Members

First prize, Alberta Gump, \$3.00; second prize, Stella Frank, \$2.00; third prize, no award.

Best Sewing Club Members

First prize, Eulalia Gonzalez, \$3.00; second prize, Mary Frank, \$2.00; third prize, Helen Gump, \$1.00.

Best Canning Club Members

First prize, Alberta Gump, \$3.00; second prize, Elise Rosenwald, \$2.00; third prize, no award.

Best Poultry Club Members

First prize, Albert Fries, \$3.00; second prize, Caroline Jacoby, \$2.00; third prize, Virginia Gump, \$1.00.

Best Rabbit Club Members

First prize, Ed Groth, \$3.00; second prize, Canuto Romero, \$2.00; third prize, Edgar Hoag, \$1.00.

Best Pig Club Members

First prize, Manuel Baes, \$3.00; second prize, Canuto Romero, \$2.00; third prize, Joe M. Romero, \$1.00.

Best Milch Club Members

First prize, Paul Ehrich, \$3.00.

Best Three Heads of Cabbage

First prize, Madeline Harris, \$3.00; second prize, Elise Rosenwald, \$2.75; third prize, Daniel Sena, \$1.50.

Best Three Squashes

First prize, Madeline Harris, \$1.00; second prize, Manuel Sweeney, 75c; third prize, Nicacio C. de Baca, 50c.

Best Six Onions

First prize, Francisco C. de Baca, \$1.00; second prize, Manuel Sweeney, 75c; third prize, Alberta Gump, 50c.

Best Six Carrots

First prize, Francisco C. de Baca, \$1.00; second prize, Waldo Hainlen, 75c; third prize, Elizabeth Stewart, 50c.

Best Five Pounds of Beans

First prize, John Fram, \$1.00; second prize, Canuto Romero, 75c; third prize, Manuel Sweeney, 50c.

Best Six Parsnips

First prize, Alicia Garcia, \$1.00; second prize, Alberta Gump, 75c; third prize, Walter McFarland, 50c.

Best Six Red Beets

First prize, Walter McFarland, \$1.00; second prize, Antonio Archuleta, 75c; third prize, Dionicio Gallegos, 50c.

Best Six Heads of Celery

First prize, Frank Fries, \$1.00; second prize, Joe M. Romero, 75c; third prize, Antonio Archuleta, 50c.

Best Six Ears of Corn

First prize, Francisco C. de Baca, \$1.00; second prize, Joe M. Romero, 75c; third prize, Antonio Archuleta, 50c.

Best Candied Carrots

First prize, Alberta Gump, \$1.00.

Best Loaf of Bread

First prize, Charlotte Herman \$1.00. Second prize, Alice Angel, 50c.

Winner in Button-hole Contest

First prize, Mary Frank, \$1.00.

Best Pair Darned Socks

First prize, Eulalia Gonzalez, \$1.00.

Best Showing of Extra Work

First prize, Alberta Gump, \$1.00.

Best Variety Canned Exhibit

First prize, Antonio Archuleta, \$1.00.

Best Two Pullets and Cockerel

First prize, Walter McFarland, \$2.00; second prize, Manuel Sweeney, \$1.00; third prize, Albert Fries, 50c.

Best Doe with Young

First prize, Edgar Hoag, \$1.00.

Best Rabbit Hutch

First prize, Edgar Hoag, \$1.00.

Best Picture of Club Member and Project

First prize, Frank Fries, \$2.00; second prize, Alberta Gump, \$1.00; third prize, Virginia Gump, 50c.

SPECIAL CLASSES IN GEOLOGY AND HIGHWAY ENGINEERING FIND FAVOR

With the opening of the fall term at the state school of mines, special short courses in oil geology, highway engineering, surveying, chemistry, and assaying, were inaugurated.

By recent legislation there is to be expended in this state several millions of dollars for the construction of highways and bridges. To adequately carry on this construction a large force of trained engineers will be required. To meet this growing demand for highway engineers and for men qualified in other branches, the School of Mines offers, in addition to the regular four year curricula, short, but practical courses in the subjects mentioned above.

Seldom, if ever, does the candidate who specializes have the excellent opportunity to learn the principles of assaying, chemistry, and surveying in a combined curriculum covering a period of only one year. The student is given the individual use of the transit and learns the manipulation much earlier than he would by spending several months on an actual survey, as chairman or recorder.

The increased enrollment, has forced President Illinski to add, at considerable expense, many new facilities. The present structures now in use have long been overcrowded, and a serious situation has been reached. If the number of short course men continue to come in it will only be a question of days when a limit to the number of students will have to be fixed.

Since the special courses have proven a success, it is the earnest hope of all concerned that they will continue to find a place in the curricula of New Mexico's only technical school.

NOTICE

The State of New Mexico, County of San Miguel:

In the District Court Fourth Judicial District.

James B. Reed, Plaintiff,

vs No.

Minerva K. Reed, Defendant.

You, the above named defendant, are hereby notified that an action for divorce has been commenced against you in the above named court upon the grounds of desertion; that unless you enter or cause to be entered your appearance in the said cause on or before the 29th day of November, 1919, judgment will be taken against you by default. Plaintiff's attorney is Charles W. G. Ward, whose postoffice and business address is East Las Vegas, New Mexico.

PERFECTO GALLEGOS.

County Clerk and ex-Officio Clerk of the District Court.

(Sat. Oct. 18-25 No. 1-8.)

W. F. Moore is here from his home at Silver City.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 15.—The moving picture theaters of the country have enlisted practically 100 per cent strong for the war against tuberculosis, this year and will show hundreds of feet of films and scores of slides calling the attention of their patrons to the necessity for buying Christmas seals as well as contributing in other ways to the fund which is being raised for the purpose of financing the fight against the deadly "T. B." germ.

The picture houses of New Mexico, which number upwards of 100 are in line and will show the slides and "trailers" which will be furnished not only by the national headquarters but by the state association as well. As a preliminary the latter is sending out this week two slides to be run between films. One calls attention to the fact that tuberculosis, though a preventable disease, kills 150,000 Americans every year and urges the purchase of Red Cross Christmas seals and makes other contributions to the anti-tuberculosis fund. Another slide shows the proverbial "Christmas stocking" and urges those who see the slide to "Help Fill It."

The films to be shown in connection with the campaign are in process of preparation and will be issued direct by the big distribution houses of the country.

BECOMES LAW WITHOUT SIGNATURE AFTER LAPSE OF OF TEN DAYS

Washington, Oct. 16.—The prohibition enforcement bill was signed today by Vice President Marshall and Speaker Gillett for immediate transmission to President Wilson. The President will have ten days from the time it reaches the white house to sign it. Should he fail to act within that time it automatically would become a law without his signature. Announcement has been made that the bill would be referred to Attorney General Palmer for an opinion as to its constitutionality before any executive action was taken.

J. P. Hall, who was bound over to await the action of the grand jury by Justice C. H. Stewart last Monday, and who is out of jail under a comparatively heavy bond, was a caller at the Optic editorial rooms yesterday afternoon, and denied that he is guilty of the charge of embezzling funds which he had secured from Las Vegas, as an oil stock salesman. Mr. Hall stated emphatically that the charge against him is false, and that it was made from ulterior motives. He further stated that he had delivered considerable oil stock to purchasers.

The Optic, not being a court of justice, nor in a position to render any decision regarding this or any other criminal or civil allegation which is substantiated by a criminal complaint, a preliminary trial and a heavy bond, made to hold the accused, must insist that the man, Mr. Hall, was arrested, given a preliminary hearing, waived examination, and was bound over to the grand jury, the charge against him being, as stated in Monday's Optic, embezzlement of funds, amounting to the sum of \$1,054.

Mrs. Lottie Johnson, Volney Myquist, W. E. Miller and F. J. Miller are newcomers in Las Vegas from Canby, Minn.

MAN WHO SPENT 37 YEARS IN CHINA SCORES PEACE TREATY PROVISION

Cincinnati, O., Oct. 15.—The Shantung clause in the peace treaty was today attacked by Dr. W. E. Macklin, noted missionary for 37 years in China at the international convention of the Disciples of Peace.

"China already is waging the trade war with Japan," he said. "She will fight when she is able to defend her territory."

PRESIDENT OF FEDERATION OF LABOR GOES TO PIECES FROM CONTINUAL STRAIN

Washington, Oct. 15.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor was reported by labor leaders to be suffering from a nervous breakdown. He is confined to his bed with a temperature of 101 degrees.

Mr. Gompers illness results, labor leaders said, from months of unremitting work at home and abroad in connection with the peace treaty, the international labor congress at Amsterdam and the steel strike.

The veteran labor leader was stricken when he reached his home last night after delivering an attack in the industrial conference of the United Steel corporation for its refusal to deal with the steel strike committee.

HUNTERS ALL READY TO GET THE NUMBER OF DEER AND TURKEY PERMITTED

Next Monday, October 20, will be the day of days for New Mexico sportsmen, for on that day the big game hunting season opens. Deer and turkey are included in the term "big game" according to the state laws. Word from the mountain country is to be effect that there are deer in plenty, but that the hard winter caused many of the creatures to starve. Cattlemen, while riding the range this summer, have found a number of carcasses, evidently of deer that were either caught in heavy drifts of snow, or that were unable to find food enough to live. However, since the game laws of the state have been made effective, and the mountain lions and wild cats have been thinned out, deer, generally have been on the increase, old timers saying that there are more of them in the woods now than there were 10 or 15 years ago.

Turkeys have been seen a number of times, both in the mountains west of here and in the Rowe and Glorieta country farther south. The limit is one deer, with horns, for each hunter, and three turkeys in possession at one time. The higher mountains have received their first blanket of snow, and the dampness of the entire mountain country will make hunting unusually pleasant sport.

Chicago, Oct. 15.—An I. W. W. propaganda headquarters recently opened in South Chicago today bore a placard "Stay away from South Chicago," and was empty of the literature it had housed. Two hundred men including a number of discharged soldiers last night marched to the hall, drove out the secretary and burned the books and pamphlets.

J. H. Wolf is among the visitors from Denver today.

LARGE PERCENTAGE OF TRADE CARRIED IN FOREIGN VESSELS UNTIL RECENTLY

Washington, Oct. 15.—The Republican Publicity Association, through its president, Hon. Jonathan Bourne, Jr., today gave out the following statement from its Washington headquarters:

"Vessels engaged in foreign trade which entered and cleared American ports during the fiscal year ended June 30th, 1919, aggregated nearly \$3,000,000 net tons, according to official figures recently published. Let us analyze those figures.

"Of this tonnage nearly 52,000,000 was foreign and 41,000,000 was American, either new or temporarily operating under our flag. Of the American tonnage over 33,500,000 plied between the United States and North American ports, principally those of Canada, Mexico, and Cuba—easy distance—thus leaving less than 7,500,000 net tons to handle our import and export trade with the rest of the world.

The total of that trade for the fiscal year 1919 was valued at \$10,179,000,000, imports amounting to \$3,096,000,000 and exports to \$7,074,000,000. Our total trade with North America came to \$2,344,000,000, of which \$1,314,000,000 was hauled by "cars and other land vehicles," leaving something like one billion dollars worth of our trade to be moved by 33,500,000 net tons of American vessels.

"While this was going on, the remainder of our trade with the world, amounting to \$7,835,000,000 in value, was being carried by something under 60,000,000 of net tonnage, of which nearly 90 per cent was foreign, or, at a rough calculation, foreign vessels carried about \$7,000,000,000 or 70 per cent of our entire trade last year. To put it in another light: While 33,500,000 net tons of American vessels were handling one billion dollars worth of our foreign trade within the confines of the North American division, 52,000,000 net tons of foreign vessels were getting paid for handling seven billion dollars worth of our foreign trade to and from the uttermost confines of the earth and in between. To the American who has relied implicitly on the rosy vision of America triumphant as a maritime nation, as pictured by the press agents of this administration, this analysis will give quite a jolt. Expressed in ratio it would read something like this: 33.5:1000::52:7000. Ton for ton, foreign tonnage showed an efficiency nearly four and one-half times greater than our own in getting cargoes.

"For example, the net tonnage of British (England, Ireland, and Scotland) vessels entering and clearing our ports in 1919 totaled 15,400,000, and it handled \$3,067,000,000 worth of our trade—nearly one-third of it, in fact. This was less than one-half the tonnage we devoted to the North American division, and it handled over three times the trade, by value. Japan, with an entrance and clearance in American ports of 1,538,000 tons, hauled nearly one billion dollars worth of our foreign trade, or with less than one-twentieth of the tonnage we devoted to North American trade, the Japs handled an equal value of our foreign trade. The Danish, Dutch and Norwegian vessels entered and cleared our ports in an aggregate of nearly 2,700,000 tons, hand-

ling \$1,172,000,000 worth of our trade. These are the great maritime nations with which we must compete in the future, and never forget that Germany is coming back within ten years. Our merchant marine must have the full support and co-operation of the government and the people if it is to succeed, and this will necessitate government aid and, ultimately, private operation and ownership to insure business efficiency and fair returns. What we give in aid will return an hundred-fold in trade, for a ship is the best salesman in the world, and the people must support the program in perpetuating the American flag on the high seas."

London, Oct. 16.—King Alfonso is coming to England next week to set himself aright with the government and people of this country in regards to his attitude in the late war. At various times during the long conflict there were incidents and utterances originating in Spain which aroused more or less unfriendly criticism in England. Many Englishmen were of the belief that Spain should have made common cause with the rest of the world against the Germans.

With the close of the conflict, however, facts have come to light which have shown the difficulties under which King Alfonso labored in his efforts to preserve Spanish neutrality and the grave danger that existed of a general upheaval in the event that the Spanish sovereign and government relaxed their hands in internal affairs to give their attention to a foreign war.

Personally, King Alfonso has always been popular with the English people, aside from the fact that his queen was an English princess. So he is pretty sure to receive a friendly welcome when he arrives here early in the week. While no important changes in political relations are anticipated, the hope of the public is that the visit will entirely restore the cordial relations which have existed between England and Spain for upwards of a century.

TANNERS' COUNCIL MEETING

Chicago, Oct. 15.—Leather manufacturers from many sections of the United States are arriving in Chicago to attend the annual meeting of the Tanners' Council of America, which will open its sessions tomorrow with headquarters at the Hotel La Salle. On account of the unique conditions in which the tanning industry of the United States, and, indeed of the whole world, is just now involved, the meeting promises to be the most important gathering in the history of the leather trade.

Among the subjects to be discussed and acted upon at the two days meeting will be the prevailing high prices of hides and leather, and the probable future trend of values; the proposed tanning school, to be established by the tanners' council, supported by a large fund; accident prevention, sanitation, cost-accounting, foreign trade and other live topics.

The social phase of the convention will be enhanced by the presence of the five visiting fraternal delegates, representing the Federal Shoe Manufacturers of Great Britain, who recently have been touring the principal centers of the United States and Canada in a study of conditions in the American market.

The funeral of the late Thomas T. Tullock, who died here Tuesday night will be held at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon from the chapel of Charles J. Day. Interment will be in the Masonic cemetery.

An automobile belonging to tourists was burned yesterday about 29 miles south of Las Vegas. The details of the fire were not learned here, though it was said that the fire was caused by a short circuit on one of the ignition wires. The tourists continued on their journey by train.

The report that oil had been struck in the McGee well near Tucumcari has proven partially true and partially false. A special dispatch to the Optic from Tucumcari today states that no gas or oil in paying quantities has been reached.

The McGee well is 10 miles southeast of Tucumcari, and has reached a depth of 2,250 feet, according to F. S. Donnell, of Albuquerque who has been touring New Mexico studying possible fields for oil development projects. Tucumcari is filling up with oil seekers, and much of the land surrounding the city has been leased by oil companies. A number of Las Vegans are interested in some of the leased lands there.

Juan D. Kavanaugh, who was tried on a forgery charge by a federal jury at Albuquerque, is not guilty of the crime charged. The jury brought in its verdict yesterday afternoon. Kavanaugh, who is a land attorney in this city, was charged with forging affidavits regarding final proof on a homestead entry. Kavanaugh has lived here most of his life, and has been in the land business for a number of years. He has always borne a good reputation here. Several Las Vegans went to Albuquerque, and testified in the case.

Game Warden Lawrence Tamme stated today that there is a scarcity of quail in this section of the state and that unless some measures are taken to replenish the supply they will soon be extinct. There is no law that will prevent the hunting of these fowl during the open season but it has been suggested that the sportsmen themselves declare a closed season on quail for the next two or three years in order that there may be an opportunity of replenishing the number. There might be some opposition to such a plan but the true sportsman when appealed to in this manner will without question endorse and live up to such an idea.

Another plan that has been proposed is that during the time the hunters are voluntarily abstaining from killing quail that the ranchmen and cattle growers raise quail and stock their land with the fowls.

Sioux City, Ia., Oct. 16.—A lone highwayman who attempted to hold up L. V. Stanley of this city early today was shot and killed when Stanley in carrying out a command to throw up his hands shot the robber between the eyes. Stanley raised his left hand so as to hide a pistol in his right, and when he had the gun on a level with the highwayman's head he fired.

Nogales, Ariz., Oct. 16.—I. Romulo Casillas, clerk in the government stamp office at Nogales, Sonora, opposite here, was notified today he had inherited a fortune of more than \$2,000,000. Casillas worked in the stamp department of the Mexican government receiving 70 pesos, or \$45 monthly. He was notified of his good fortune by the Italian consul here and left for Rome today to claim his inheritance.

COUNCIL COMMITTEE RECOMMENDS INSPECTION OF ALL PLANS FOR STRUCTURES

At a meeting of the building committee of the city council last night, it was decided that recommendations be made at the next council meeting, for the passage of an ordinance making it compulsory for every person to secure a permit from the committee before he be allowed to erect a building in the city. Before granting a permit to build, if the ordinance be passed, the committee will see plans and specifications of each proposed building and no structure may be erected that is not of such a kind as to be a credit to the city.

The committee gave permission to John E. Nelson, to erect a gasoline filling station on the corner of Seventh street and Douglas avenue. Mr. Nelson, in partnership with J. W. Connor will erect a frame station, which will be stuccoed. An attractive driveway from the street to the station will be bordered with flower beds.

W. R. Keller was given permission to erect a workshop on the corner of Grand and Columbia avenues, to be used as an automobile repair shop.

PRESIDENT HAS WHEAT PROPOSAL

Washington, Oct. 15.—Recommendation of Julius M. Barnes, president of the United States grain corporation that the embargo on wheat imports and exports be lifted, has been received at the white house, but will not be laid before the president at this time.

PENNY NO BETTER

The condition of S. M. Penny, who is seriously ill at the Las Vegas hospital, was reported to be slightly better this morning, but this afternoon the information given out at the hospital, was that he is no better.

STRIKE INVESTIGATION

Washington, Oct. 16.—Investigation of the steel strike by the senate labor committee will be closed next week with the examination of witnesses on the activities of radicals in the strike.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

This remedy is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough. From a small beginning its sale and use has extended to all parts of the United States and to many foreign countries. This alone is enough to convince one that it is a Give it a trial and you will find this to be the case.—Adv.

Jose Dario Gutierrez, of Las Ventanas, is in the city today transacting business at the county court house.

Miss Bessie Walker arrived in Las Vegas yesterday from Arkansas. Miss Walker will assist in the office at the Normal university during the absence of Miss Susie Whittaker.

Ernest Schutt is ill at the Las Vegas hospital. He was reported this afternoon to be doing as well as could be expected. Yesterday it was necessary to transfuse blood from the veins of his brother into the sick man's body.

A divorce was granted yesterday by District Judge Leahy, to Maximiliana Tafoya y Martinez, separating her from her husband, Francisco Martinez. Mrs. Martinez alleged cruelty and desertion. She was represented by Attorney C. N. Higgins.

The Agua Pura company has broken ground for an ice house from which the city will be supplied with mountain ice. The building is to be erected on the company's lots west of Twelfth street and will be built of adobe. A switch from the Hot Springs branch will lead to the house, and sufficient ice to supply Las Vegas will be stored there. The company also is building a garage near the same place. The buildings will be completed before ice cutting time.

Nine babies were born in Las Vegas during this week. That in itself is quite a record, but when you figure that eight of them were girls, you have to sit up and take notice, for "woman's day" is coming.

Probably there isn't going to be any racial suicide here, either. Speaking of babies, reminds us that Probate Clerk Perfecto Gallegos issued four marriage licenses this week. Then come Attorneys Armijo and Higgins saying that they have secured five divorces since the week opened. Taking it all in all, Las Vegas is just about holding her own.

Dr. James Lewis is in the city conducting a drive to raise \$4,000 for the Booker T. Washington Memorial sanitarium in Albuquerque. The sanitarium was opened last April, and the money secured by the present drive will be used to install a kitchen and dining room. There are patients of almost every race and color being taken care of at the institution, which is conducted by negroes, Mexicans and Indians.

Dr. Lewis is medical director of the institution, and he hopes to raise the required amount without going out of New Mexico. He will remain in Las Vegas over Sunday, and possibly until the middle of the week. So far, he has been meeting with success in soliciting subscriptions.

A collision between a street car and Dr. William R. Tipton occurred on the Plaza this morning. Dr. Tipton was driving his Paige car, just purchased. The fenders of the automobile were bent considerably, but no further damage was done. Dr. Tipton came on to the Plaza at the southwest corner, just as the street car, with Arthur Rogers as motorman, reached the corner, going east. The car struck the automobile "amidships," before Rogers could stop it. Luckily neither were moving at a fast rate of speed.

Miss L. B. Reed, county truant officer and superintendent of rural

schools, left this afternoon for a week's visit at the Ribera schools.

Mrs. N. B. Roseberry returned last night after spending two months in Chicago, where she was called by the serious illness of her sister, Mrs. Lillian Oldham.

Mrs. William Shillinglaw and Mrs. Robert J. Taupert have gone to Raton to attend the meeting of the State Federation of Woman's clubs, which is in session there this week.

County Superintendent Benito F. Baca, County Supervisor Miss I. B. Reed and Dr. Z. A. d'Amours spent several days of the latter part of the week at La Liendre. The schools there under Miss Antonia Tapia and Miss Fidelia Tapia are in excellent condition.

The barn belonging to J. H. Shuffelbarger, transfer man at Albuquerque burned down Saturday night. The fire is believed to have been of incendiary origin. Twelve horses were burned to death. The businessmen's association of Albuquerque has offered a reward of \$1,000 for information leading to the arrest of the fire bugs.

Con Jackson came in Saturday night from the Pastura ranch, where he has been for a month. Mr. Jackson is one of the "unfortunates" who has to go to Albuquerque this week, to be in attendance at the session of the federal court there. However, "Con" wishes it understood that he was summoned as a jurymen and not as a witness in any case.

The Albuquerque post of the American Legion is to stage a smoker Saturday night, for the entertainment of delegates to the state convention of the organization. Among the events will be a battle between Demon Rivera, the well known Las Vegas boxer, and Mike Smith, a colored soldier, of the 24th infantry. Walter Caldwell of Springer and Kid George of El Paso also will entertain the ex-soldiers and sailors in a ten round contest.

Marriage licenses have been issued by the probate clerk to Juan Garcia and Julianita Garcia, of Tremontina; Gregorio Gallegos and Rafaela Chavez of Tecolote; Luis Sandoval and Emilia Sandoval of Los Alamos and to Leon Blanchard and Fanny Garcia of Las Vegas.

Ricardo Lucero was arrested by Night Policeman Catarino Padilla on the West side, the charge being resistance of an officer. It is said that Lucero disturbed the sanctity of a Sunday night dance at a hall on the Plaza. His case was to have been heard this morning, but owing to the absence of Town Attorney Luis Armijo the case was continued. Lucero, who is employed at the state hospital, is defended by Attorney C. N. Higgins.

Thirty-five new Knights of Columbus were initiated into the order yesterday. Visitors from out of town were here to enjoy the meeting and the banquet. After the initiations yesterday, the knights were guests at a banquet at the armory served by the ladies of the Church of the Immaculate Conception. After midnight dancing was enjoyed until an early hour this morning. Among the

out of town guests were Chief Deputy Knights E. P. Davies and Jack Kenny of Santa Fe, A. A. Loftis of Trinidad, C. C. Stabb of Springer, Eugenio Romero of Mora, Father Lavoie of Springer and Joe Acton of Raton.

Misses Edith Crawford and Annie Lee of the Las Vegas Realty and Insurance company, have secured a location for two clients, J. W. Connor and John E. Nelson, who will open a gasoline and filling station on the corner of Douglas avenue and Seventh street. The station, which is Las Vegas' first exclusive gas and oil station, will be built of concrete, and will be modern in every respect. Work is to be begun at once on the station.

Criseva Lyles, colored, was bound over to await the action of the grand jury this morning, by Justice of the Peace Charles H. Stewart, who heard her case, the charge being larceny from a dwelling. Harry W. Kelly swore out a warrant against her. Not being able to furnish the bond of \$500, she is in the county jail.

Criseva Lyles is accused of taking linen, which included towels, bed spreads, and sheets, from the home of Mr. Kelly, and also from the Y. M. C. A. She had been employed at both places. A package of laundry, sent to the Las Vegas steam laundry, contained the articles which bore the marks of the Kelly household and others which were stamped with the Y. M. C. A. mark. The attention of Mr. Nichols was called to the package, with the result mentioned above. Las Vegas are warned to be careful about taking strange people into their homes, by the city police, who believe that much petty thievery is done by "professionals" who seek employment as domestics.

J. P. Hall was bound over to await the action of the grand jury on a charge of embezzlement, under a bond of \$2,000, this morning, by Justice C. H. Stewart. The accused waived examination, and furnished bondsmen. He was arrested on complaint of Edith Crawford of the Las Vegas Realty and Insurance company, who alleged that Hall had secured subscriptions to the Ranger Brooks Oil company, amounting to \$1,054, and that he had not turned over any stock of the company which he claimed to represent.

The persons who subscribed for stock, through him, are Mrs. Margarito Romero, \$500; Aurelia Baca, \$240; Margarita and Cristina Baca, \$74; Peter Pankratz, \$25; Ora Irby, \$50; Lawrence Crawford, \$150 and Edith Crawford, \$65. It was said today that several other persons had been "stung" by the "oil salesman," whose names were not mentioned in the complaint. It has not been learned whether Hall was a bona fide agent of the Ranger Brooks company, or whether his operations here were entirely on the fake order. Miss Crawford, as soon as she suspected that she had been victimized, appeared before Justice Stewart and swore out the warrant against Hall. The man had secured a broker's license from the city.

El Dorado lodge No. 1, Knights of Pythias will meet tomorrow night at their castle hall. Work in the third degree. All visiting knights are welcome. Odd Fellows hall.

Mrs. M. M. Bruhl and little son and Miss Bruhl are the guests of Mrs. M. A. Hagest from Tusas, this state.

Sheriff Secundino Romero, who has been seriously ill, is able to be about again.

Peter Frank, manager of the William Frank ranch in Union county, the guests of William Frank.

County Clerk Perfecto Gallegos and Lorenzo Delgado have gone to Albuquerque, to be in attendance at the session of the federal court there.

Justice C. H. Stewart on Sunday united Miss Enola A. Wilson and Mr. LeRoy Christy in marriage. Miss Mattie Harris and Mrs. James Brown attended the couple.

Mrs. Gussie Schmitt, who has been a guest at the home of George Schmitt and family, left this afternoon for her home in St. Louis.

Miss Annie Tulley, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Vincent Truder, left this afternoon for the east. Miss Tulley will visit in Topeka, Kansas City and Chicago, on her way to her home in Orange, New Jersey. Miss Tulley has made many friends in Las Vegas, during her stay of 10 months.

Miss Arvella Thuresson, who has opened a studio at 725 Eighth street, and has studied under the best of instructors in Boston, will appear in a song recital at the M. E. church, Friday, October 17 at 8:15 o'clock. She will be assisted by Mrs. Charles O'Malley, Mr. Clem Samford, Esther Horne, and Marguerite Carscallen.

Frank Springer passed through Las Vegas on train No. 10 this afternoon, enroute from Santa Fe to his ranch near Cimarron, for a week's visit. Several of Mr. Springer's friends met him at the station.

County Agricultural Agent Gonzalez has been of great assistance to the Red Cross in bringing to its attention claims of men from obscure county places. Mr. Gonzalez has a wonderful insight and sympathy with the native boys and is ready to help them at all times.

Three chickens, two black ones and a red one, are to be the main issue in a replevin case, to be heard Saturday before Justice C. H. Stewart. Ezequiel Martinez is suing to replevin the three fowls from Mrs. Benerranda. A dispute as to the ownership of the chickens, it is said, resulted in a quarrel, in which Mrs. Benerranda, according to a statement made today called Mr. Martinez a thief. He, wishing to exonerate himself, instituted suit to replevin the chickens. Marshal Murphy offered a compromise, each of the alleged owners to take a fowl, and to let him alive the other. However, the parties insisted that the case be tried. It promises to be an interesting and amusing case.

REFUSE TO REVIEW CASE
Washington, Oct. 14.—The supreme court yesterday refused to review the conviction of the Rev. William Schumann, of Pomeroy, Iowa, under the espionage act, resulting from statements made by the defendant during the war.

NOTED SOLDIER TO RETIRE

New York, Oct. 11.—Major General Thomas H. Barry, who has been in command of the department of the east since the first of this year, will be placed on the retired list Monday by virtue of the fact that on that day he will have reached the age limit of 64 years for active service.

General Barry, who began life as a poor boy in this city is one of the best known officers in the army and was commander-in-chief of the army of Cuban pacification that was sent to Cuba following the governmental troubles there some years ago. When he left Havana he was the central figure in a great demonstration in the Presidential palace, at which time President Gomez assured him that he had inspired the government and people of Cuba with nothing but "admiration and gratitude."

When the Spanish war broke out General Barry was the adjutant general of the department of the Columbia. He was relieved of that duty and went to the Philippines as the first adjutant general of the American forces in the islands. He was one of the officers who had a prominent part in the Boxer campaigns in China, and when the foreign troops were recalled from Peking he returned to Manila as chief of staff of that command.

In recent years General Barry has held important commands, having been in charge of the western department, the central department and the department of the east at various times. At the commencement of the war with Germany he directed the organization and establishment of Camp Grant at Rock Island, Ill.

New York, Oct. 13.—New York's latest strike—that of 11,000 members of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, and Helpers—tied up the principal railroad terminals of the greater city today.

In opposition to the demands of their leaders and an appeal from the governor for a postponement until word could be received from the railroad administration relative to higher wages, the men quit work soon after midnight. The chief organization affected is the American Railway Express company with 8,000 employes here.

The strikers' demand includes a flat increase of \$25 a month, an eight hour day and a week's vacation every year."

The strike resulted today in the issuance of an order by the American Railway Express company placing an embargo on all express shipments bound either in or out of the city.

"All packages for New York are to be refused," and "any package received in New York will be returned to its place of origin," according to the embargo order.

TO LOCATE AVIATORS' GRAVES

Nogales, Ariz., Oct. 13.—Joseph Allen Richards, the American railroad man who claimed to have located the bodies of Lieutenants Waterhouse and Connolly, American aviators lost in Mexico, left here today for San Diego, Calif., acting on instructions from the war department to accompany an expedition from San Diego to Las Animas bay, Mexico, to relocate the graves of the American aviators.

FIRE IN FORESTRY BUILDING

Washington, Oct. 13.—A number of persons including several women clerks, were rescued by firemen today from the American Forestry association building on H. Street near Fourteenth, which was damaged by the flames. One woman was overcome by smoke and the records of the association were damaged by fire and also by water.

ANNIVERSARY OF REVOLUTIONARY HEROINE

Carlisle, Pa., Oct. 13.—Carlisle patriotic societies and women's clubs today paid tribute to the memory of "Molly Pitcher," the famous revolutionary heroine, on the occasion of the 175th anniversary of her birth, which occurred in this town. Mary Ludwig, which was her maiden name, was employed as a servant in the family of General William Irvine of Carlisle, and in 1769 was married to John Hays, a barber, who became a gunner in Proctor's Pennsylvania artillery at the commencement of the revolution.

Mary followed her husband to the field, where she was employed as a laundress and nurse. She carried water to the men in action at the battle of Monmouth, and was on the field when her husband was shot down in a charge made by the British cavalry. There being no one to take charge of his cannon, it was ordered from the field, but at this point "Molly Pitcher," as she was familiarly called by the gunners, dropped her pitcher, stepped forward and grasped the ramrod, declaring that she would take her husband's place and avenge his death. Her services in the battle were of such a character that on the following day she was regularly appointed a sergeant by General Washington. "Molly" continued in the army for nearly eight years and at the end of that period she was placed on the retired list with the half-pay of her rank. In 1822 the Pennsylvania legislature granted her a pension of \$80 a year for life, and at her death, which occurred the following year, she was buried with military honors. Her heroism is perpetuated by a handsome monument erected on the battlefield of Monmouth, representing her in the act of loading a cannon. Her grave in the Carlisle cemetery is also marked by a magnificent memorial placed there in 1876.

Helen Mary Smith, aged 23 years, died at 7:30 o'clock last night, after a long illness. She came here, in company with her mother and sisters and brother, seven months ago, from Potwin, Kansas, hoping that this climate would give her her health back again. Her illness was the result of influenza, the young lady never being well after she contracted the disease last fall. Her father, Albert E. Smith, arrived last evening, an hour before his daughter's death. Miss Smith was a school teacher. She is survived by her parents, two brothers and a sister, all of whom were here when death came. The body, accompanied by the relatives, was taken to Potwin, Kansas, for burial. Arrangements were made by J. C. Johnsen and Sons.

Denver, Oct. 13.—The bodies of Mrs. Lillian McKelvey and Mrs. August Holly, sisters, were found today in Berkeley Lake in North Denver, the bodies having been clasped in each

other's arms and indicating, the police say, that the women ended their lives in a suicide pact. The corpses had evidently been in the water for about a week. Mrs. McKelvey was the wife of Tyro McKelvey a former member of the Denver police force and was 35 years old. Mrs. Holly, a widow, leaves two small children. She was formerly a resident of Wheatridge, Colo.

FEDERAL TROOPS ORDERED TO OMIT SENDING MEN TO COURT MARTIAL

Juarez, Mexico, Oct. 13.—Prisoners captured by Mexican federal troops who are known to be bandits are to be executed without being sent to Chihuahua City for trial before a military court martial, General Manuel Dieguez announced here Sunday morning before leaving for Casas Grandes on an inspection trip.

This order is expected to apply to "Slim" Olivas and another bandit held at Ojinaga, Chihuahua by federal troops. Olivas was the man who assisted Jesus Renteria in arranging for the payment of the ransom for the release of Lieutenants Harold G. Peterson and Paul H. Davis, American aviators captured by Renteria's band near Coyame, Chihuahua. He was recently captured by federal troops near Ojinaga and is being held there with his companion, who was also with Renteria when the American aviators were held.

MACHINE RUNS INTO HILL IN NEBRASKA DURING BLINDING WINDSTORM

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 13.—Lieutenant H. D. Norris of Washington, D. C., and his mechanic, C. H. Meyer of Cleveland, participants in the transcontinental airplane race, were both slightly injured today when their plane, entry number 37, crashed into a hill when they were attending to make a landing near Oconto, Neb.

Both airmen suffered injuries to their left arms. Lieutenant Norris, however, was able to talk over the long distance telephone with the Associated Press and give an account of the accident. The men were westward bound between St. Paul and North Platte, Neb., when they ran into a heavy fog and 50 to 60 mile gale. They were able to see only for a short distance ahead, and during an attempt to turn the machine around and land in a corn field, they plunged into the hill, narrowly missing a canon nearby. The machine was wrecked putting them out of the race.

Smash at Binghamton

Binghamton, N. Y., Oct. 13.—Airplane number 107 driven by Lieutenant Haynes, with Lieutenant Cleveland McDermott and Private Theodore J. Lake as passengers flying from Mineola to Binghamton, crashed into a telegraph pole in landing here at 2:34 this afternoon, wrecking the machine. Lake was badly cut about the head and face and Haynes was cut about the face. McDermott was uninjured.

OFFICIAL ACTION ON COAL

Washington, Oct. 13.—Some official act to avert the strike of coal miners will be expected, it was said today.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Six resolutions dealing with the relations between capital and labor and particularly the right of labor to deal with employers through unions were introduced by members of the public group today when the national industrial conference re-opened. Chairman Bernard Baruch of the public group announced that the resolutions were not those of the group as a body and that their presentation had merely been assented to because the subjects were believed to relate to the purpose of which the conference was called.

John Spargo, of New York, offered a resolution proposing that the conference endorse the following principles: The resignation without qualification of the right of workers to combine into unions and to form combinations of unions. Making a penal offense for any organization for industry to refuse to the claims demands or complaints of organized labor as versed by union officials and recommending that congress enact laws to make this principle immediately applicable to every department of the government except the army and navy and to every industrial corporation or concern. Providing that any workers for lawful activity in promoting the interests of any union be made unlawful endorsing the right of labor to use every peaceful and lawful measure to promote the principle and aims of the labor organizations, including the right to free assemblage, speech and publication subject to necessary restrictions in time of war or great national emergency. Advocating the establishment in every state of a special group representing capital, labor and the general public, to inquire into charges of suppression of the rights of free speech and assemblage and to order the removal of any prohibition of these rights which may have been issued without just cause.

MAN ATTEMPTED TO EXTORT CITIZENS OF LAS VEGAS THROUGH THE MAILS

The case of the state against Ina Gilstrap, colored, was dismissed yesterday in the district court, on motion of District Attorney Charles W. G. Ward. He was indicted by the grand jury at its last session here.

Ina Gilstrap is now serving a nine months sentence in the United States prison at Santa Fe, for sending threatening letters through the mail with the intent to extort money from several people residents of Las Vegas. It will be remembered that Gilstrap asked that the money be placed near the Fountain Square in East Las Vegas, one night in the month of June, 1918. The police were notified of the contents of the letters and when Gilstrap appeared at the place where the money was to be hid, he was called upon to surrender, but he fled, and was shot through the hand by one of the officers and later captured. He was indicted in the federal court, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to serve nine months in the United States prison at Santa Fe.

This indictment grows out of the same transaction.

NEW RESERVATIONS

Four new reservations to the league of nations have been introduced by Senator Thomas, democrat, of Colorado.

Madame Alma Gluck, famous concert singer, and her husband, E. Zimbalist, are to remain in New Mexico for an indefinite period. The couple has taken rooms at Bishop's Lodge, in Santa Fe, and will rest after a strenuous concert season. The son of Mr. and Mrs. Zimbalist, known as the \$1,000,000 baby, was not with them when they passed through Albuquerque to the state capital.

The treasurer of the Las Vegas Co-operative society will be at the Quality Tailor shop 514 Sixth street, every pay day night and Saturday nights, where you can buy your shares and pay your installments.—Adv.

Captain William Smith of the Volunteers of America wishes to thank the unknown person who yesterday sent him \$5 for charity work. The captain stated this morning that he was able to furnish one destitute family with fuel because of this donation.

Three marriage licenses were granted yesterday afternoon and this morning by the probate clerk. They are Julio Martinez and Josephine Chavez of Canon Largo; Casimiro Jimenez of Rito Colorado and Seneca Jaramillo of Watrous, and Alfredo Garcia of Mora and Carmelita Sanchez of Pena Blanca.

The New Mexico Normal university has begun to clear the ground for the erection of the new buildings. W. B. Hindman has been awarded the contract for the moving of the manual training building and has commenced work on it. The building will be moved directly behind the dormitory and will be given a coat of pebble dash and converted into a kitchen and dining room for the students.

W. G. Wilson, more familiarly known as "Wold Over" Wilson, is at the Chris Dahlgard paint shop, painting pictures with Foreman's house paints. Mr. Wilson is an artist of exceptional ability, and while he is painting for demonstration purposes, his pictures are being sold to Las Vegas, and are really works of art. He may be seen at the paint shop on Douglas avenue, at his work. Mr. Wilson has toured the world and visited Las Vegas last spring, where he painted a number of scenic views.

Dr. and Mrs. R. K. McClanahan will leave by motor car tomorrow morning for Colorado Springs, where they will reside. Since coming to Las Vegas, more than 12 years ago, Dr. McClanahan and his wife have made many friends who regret to see them leave. Dr. "Mac" is a retired naval officer, and at the beginning of the war with Germany he was called to the colors, and was vice-commander of the naval hospital at Fort Lyons, Colorado. He returned to Las Vegas this summer.

Tom W. "Scotty" Smith has returned to his home here after an extended visit in the east. Mr. Smith says that business is brisk in every city he visited, and that there is work for everyone at excellent wages. He saw a couple of the world's series baseball games at Chicago, but did not think they were up to the record set in previous years. "Scotty is glad to be back in Vegas again.

Criseva Liles, colored, was sentenced to serve not less than one month nor more than six months in the county jail, when she pleaded guilty to a charge of larceny this morning, before District Judge David J. Leahy.

Criseva Liles is the woman who stole a number of articles from the home of Harry W. Kelly, where she was employed as a domestic, and who was accused of stealing linen from the Y. M. C. A., where she also was employed. A sad feature of her case is that she is the mother of a three and one-half year old child, who has no place to go now that the mother is in jail. A sister had been taking care of the little one while Mrs. Liles was in jail, waiting for a hearing, but being employed herself, she cannot take the child. There whereabouts of the husband is not known.

Fred Frank 13, Gavino Romero, 11, Alejandro Romero, 11, and Ralph Black, 13, were arrested this morning by Chief of Police Murphy and arraigned before Justice C. H. Stewart on the charge of having stolen four boxes of cigars from the Las Vegas News company postoffice box. The boys pleaded guilty to the charge and were fined \$5 and costs. The youngsters were placed in the city jail where they were kept until their parents called for them late this afternoon. All four admitted having smoked some of the cigars and having passed them out to their friends. The postoffice box was broken into about 10:30 Sunday night.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Y. M. C. A. held recently, Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts tendered his resignation as president and member of the board. Dr. Roberts stated that pressing educational matters made it impossible for him to serve longer.

F. W. Nichols, formerly vice president, was elected to succeed Dr. Roberts and William Shillinglaw was chosen vice president to succeed Mr. Nichols. Two vacancies on the board will be filled at a meeting soon. A program calling for extensive repairs on the building has been adopted by the board of directors. The walls will be calcimined, and the building will be thoroughly renovated.

S. M. Penny is desperately ill at the Las Vegas hospital. He is suffering from peritonitis, having been operated on Monday, and was reported late this afternoon as being very low. Doctors hold no hope for his recovery.

The federal court is in session in Albuquerque. The first case heard was that of Juan D. Kavanaugh, of this city, who is accused of forgery, in connection with a homestead entry. Mr. Kavanaugh is a land attorney, having his offices on the West side. The trial had not been finished late last night. Two other trials set for this term of the federal court are those against Damacio Maes, accused of distilling and selling liquor, and against Laura Wahles, accused of bootlegging and white slavery. Three Las Vegas are serving on the juries. They are V. K. Jones, on the grand jury and C. W. Jackson and Luis Guerin, serving on the petit jury. Perfecto Gallegos, W. B. Stapp and Lorenzo Delgado are witnesses in the Kavanaugh case.

Thomas T. Tullock died at 9:45 o'clock last night at St. Anthony's sanitarium, after a long illness. Mr. Tullock was born in Sheeeland, Scotland, 29 years ago, and came to this country when he was but a young boy. Until a few years ago he was a traveling salesman, employed by the Carson, Pirie Scott company, of Chicago, and traveled in South America. He came here for his health, and for some time he was at Valmora, but later came to the sanitarium here. The body will be sent to Chicago, where it will be received by a brother. Arrangements are in charge of Charles J. Day.

Silverio Archuleta, aged 67 years, died this morning at his home, 317 Commerce street, after a long illness. He is survived by the widow, four sons and three daughters. The funeral will occur tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock from the Church of the Immaculate Conception. Interment will be in St. Anthony's cemetery, under direction of J. C. Johnsen and Sons.

It was reported here this afternoon that the McGee well near Tucumcari had been "brought in" with a good flow of oil. No further details were available. If the report is true, it means that the oil business throughout this region will take a decided boom. There is considerable drilling going on between Las Vegas and Tucumcari and also farther south, from the edge of the mesa on.

Last night was a "night out" again, for many of Las Vegas' visitors. As early as 6:30 last night, every available room in all the hotels was occupied, and tourists continued to arrive until a late hour. Persons arriving on trains No. 9 and No. 2 were not able to secure rooms. A number slept in chairs in the various hotel lobbies, several tourists camped on the municipal grounds north of the city, and some slept in garages, while "quite a bunch," so a tourist said this morning, and he was one of them, "didn't sleep at all."

Mrs. Stirrat, who has been visiting in this city with her mother, Mrs. Mary Allen, left yesterday for her home at Amarillo, Texas. Mrs. Allen accompanied her daughter and will make her home in Amarillo.

Ernest Schutt, who has been ill at the Las Vegas hospital is reported to be much improved.

C. W. Wesner of the Peoples Drug store, is again at his place of business after a two days' illness.

Mrs. Will Rosenthal left last night on train No. 9 to spend the winter with her son Edwin, who is a student in the University of California, at Berkeley.

The department of agriculture has allotted to Senator A. A. Jones for New Mexico a large number of vegetable and a smaller number of flower seeds which he will be pleased to send to those who notify him that they desire same.

Willard T. Day international secretary for the Y. M. C. A. is here for a conference with directors of the local institution, from his headquarters at El Paso.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Oct. 16.—Standard shares were neglected in the movements of speculative issues on the stock exchange during the first hour. The automobile group and oils continued to monopolize the attention of pools with substantial gains and several new records. Later seasoned industrials moved forward under lead of Bethlehem, Republic and United States Steel, Baldwin locomotive and New York Airbrake. American Woolen featured the strong specialties and Southern Pacific furnished the only activity in rails at a fractional gain. Reactions of 1 to 3 points set in at noon when call money opened at 10 per cent, the highest initial rate of many months. The closing prices were as follows:

American Sugar Refining	141 1/2
American T. and T. Co.	100 1/2
Anaconda Copper	69
Atchison	91 1/4
Chino Copper	43
Colo. Fuel and Iron Co.	44 3/4
Inspiration Copper	60 1/2
Southern Pacific	107 1/2
Union Pacific	124 1/2
United States Steel	103

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE

Chicago, Oct. 16.—Although rainy weather gave a little fresh strength to corn today, the effect soon was counterbalanced. The closing prices were as follows:

Corn, Dec. \$1.22 3/4; May \$1.21 3/4.
Oats, Dec. 70 3/4; May 73.
Pork, Oct. \$38; Jan. \$32.50.
Lard, Nov. \$27.30; Jan. \$24.35.
Ribs, Oct. \$18.50; Jan. \$17.05.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK

Kansas City, Oct. 16.—Hogs, receipts 7,000. Market 15 to 25 cents lower. Bulk \$13.50@14.40; heavy \$13.75@14.40; mediums \$13.75@14.60; lights \$13.50@14.50; pigs \$12.50@14.50.

Cattle, receipts 10,000. Market steady to 25 cents lower. Prime fed steers \$12.30@17.25; common \$8.25@13.25; cows \$6.35@12; heifers \$6.30@14.25; stockers and feeders \$8.40@12.25; canners \$5@6.50; calves \$12.25@16.

Sheep, receipts 8,000. Market irregular. Lambs \$12.75@14.75; yearlings \$9.25@10.25; ewes \$5.75@7.35.

Duck season opened today, and will remain open until November 1. There are many ducks on the various lakes in this district, say those who have been watching and waiting. Several hunting parties have already gone out after 'em, and will be coming in tonight and tomorrow, loaded to the limit with the fowls.

Attention of clerks is again called to the meeting of the clerks' union to be held tomorrow evening at the Commercial club.

Rev. M. O. Stockland, formerly of this city, and who served as an army chaplain during the war, came up last evening from El Paso.

Later developments in the case of four boys who were fined yesterday for taking cigars from a postoffice box establish the fact that Ralph Black was not with the other three at the time of the theft or opening of the package. Young Black was held as an accessory through having received and consumed a part of the stolen goods.