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FUEL ADMINISTRATION WILL REQUEST APPLICATIONS FOR COAL

Chicago, Nov. 14.—T. W. Proctor, chairman of the regional coal committee, issued the following statement today:

"In view of the fact that the miners have not shown a disposition to resume work in the mines it has been decided to request application for coal in all classes in order that the supply on hand may be so regulated that there can be no possibility of distress by the over consumption of the former excepted classes.

"Formerly the coal requirements of the following priority classes were previously filled by the railroads without application being made direct to this office:

1—Railroads. 2—Army and navy together with other departments of the federal government. 3—State and county departments and institutions. 4—Public utilities.

"Dealers have been requested to so regulate their distribution that there can be no preferred customers' list."

STATE OPERATORS CONFER WITH GOVERNOR

ONLY A SMALL PERCENTAGE OF NEW MEXICO MINERS ARE BACK AT WORK

Albuquerque, N. M., Nov. 14.—Coal production in the Gallup district yesterday was 40 per cent of normal, according to operators. There was no break in the strike today. Mines have about 450 men at work, the normal force being about 1200. The companies are considering evicting miners from company houses if the strike continues. Tomorrow is pay day but no action is contemplated then.

A conference was held last night between Governor Larrazolo and representatives of Gallup operators, which lasted until midnight. The detention of troops there was discussed. Adjutant General Baca left today for Gallup to make a study of the situation. Operators are said to want to close mines where only a few men are working.

Distilleries Sell Whisky Openly in Kentucky

* Louisville, Nov. 14.—Two local * distilleries sold whisky openly * in Louisville today at \$75 a case * regardless of the wartime prohibition law. The sales were resumed after the granting of an injunction to the distilleries yesterday by Federal Judge Evans, restraining the government from interfering with sale of nearly a million gallons of "floor stock" whisky.

* Wright and Taylor and the * Brown-Forman companies which * received the temporary injunctions, made their sales with the knowledge that they are liable to prosecution, according to District Attorney Gregory, if the federal supreme court reverses Judge Evans in a decision it is expected to make Nov. 20.

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ARIZONA WILL BE UNHEALTHY FOR RADICALS

GOVERNOR SAYS HE WILL "GO THE LIMIT" IN SURPRESSING I. W. W.

Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 14.—State officials today were confident that any overt act by radicals in Arizona would be met with repressive measures, inasmuch as Governor Campbell last night stated prompt measures would be made to prevent I. W. W. meetings in the state.

In a letter to Adjutant Richard F. Lush, of the legion post replying to the legion's demand for the elimination of dangerous elements such as took part in the attack on Legion men at Centralia, Wash., Governor Campbell denounced radicals and said he was ready to "Go the Limit" in cooperating with the Legion. The Governor recalled with regret that a bill be caused to be introduced in the fourth state legislature, defining criminal syndicalism and providing penalties, had failed of passage.

PROSECUTION SWEET LABOR OF I. W. W. TO BEGIN AT ONCE BILL FOR RAILWAYS POPULAR

Washington Attorney States that Immediate Steps Will be Taken to Punish Murderers

(By The Associated Press.)
Centralia, Wash., Nov. 14.—Prosecution of the Industrial Workers of the World held here in connection with the armistice day parade shooting and deaths here Tuesday will be pressed at once, despite the testimony introduced at the coroner's inquest yesterday, C. D. Cunningham, assistant county attorney, announced today.

Cunningham made his statement in commenting upon the testimony made at the inquest by Dr. Frank Bickford, one of the marchers to the effect that the former soldiers attacked the I. W. W. hall before any shots were fired.

Public memorial services for the former American soldiers killed by alleged I. W. W. during the armistice day parade shooting here Tuesday will be held late today under the auspices of the Grant Hodge Post, American Legion. All four were members of the post. Lieutenant Warren H. Grimm, one of the dead, last week was elected post commander.

INDICTED FOR MURDER

Marysville, Calif., Nov. 14.—Mrs. Fred I. Wilson, wife of a San Francisco man and her brother, Frank A. McCormick, must stand trial for murder for the killing on November 1 of Charles Brown, a wealthy sheep raiser, it was announced today following a preliminary hearing.

The laws of Italy are strict in regard to theaters and circuses. Every act or performance announced on the program must be given. Any great exaggeration in the advertising intended to mislead the public, is punishable by fine.

Advocates of the Plan for Conciliation Between Employers and Employes Receive Ovation.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Advocates of the plan offered by Representative Sweet, republican, Iowa, for voluntary conciliation of labor disputes to be written into permanent railway legislation were vigorously applauded today when the house resumed debate on the bill. Telegrams endorsing the plan had been received by many members from union men.

Explaining his proposal, Representative Sweet said it would write into law the machinery employed before federal control of the roads, with an added commission representative of both employers and employes to consider appeals and with no penalties against strikes or lockouts.

"Let the practical men from this industry settle their own disputes," declared Representative Nolan, republican, California, a labor union member, supporting the plan.

"For 23 years before federal control, the men and their employers successfully settled their own troubles."

Labor sections of the interstate commerce commission bill providing for voluntary arbitration with strikes and lockouts penalized, damages to be assessed by courts, were under consideration. The plan of Representative Webster, republican, Washington, to make strikes unlawful was discussed, some supporters of its general purpose, however, disagreeing with provisions making union members, as individuals liable for damages caused by a strike.

Fish hooks have been made on exactly the same design for two thousand years.

Angered Citizens of Centralia, Washington, Use Rope On Leader of Men Who Shot Ex-Soldiers.

Centralia, Wasn., Nov. 12.—National guardsmen are patrolling Centralia today where yesterday four members of the American Legion met death during an Armistice Day celebration when men said to be members of the Industrial Workers of the World fired on the paraders. Seventeen alleged I. W. W. are in jail. The secretary of the I. W. W. union, Britt Smith, was hanged by unidentified men and his body riddled with bullets last night.

A number of pursuers overpowered Smith and he was taken to jail, later to be removed and hanged after citizens learned that four of the former soldiers had died. An attempt to lynch Smith was made before he was lodged in the jail.

"You fellows can't hang me," he said. "I was sent to do my duty and I did it."

Tossed From Bridge

Smith was tossed from a bridge over the Chehalis river after a rope was tied about his neck, and a volley of bullets sent into his body. The lynching party worked silently and in darkness while taking him from jail. Little was known of Smith. He came here a short time ago.

Smith's body, which was hanging from a bridge after two undertakers refused to handle it, had disappeared this morning and it was said the rope had been cut allowing the body to drop into the river.

Hand bills were posted by Centralia authorities in some parts of the city asking residents to report any knowledge of the shooting or knowledge of any I. W. W. they may have. A drive has been launched to clear the I. W. W. from Centralia, it was said, and former service men, who came here during the night from neighboring towns are to be used in the work.

One woman is among the prisoners in the jail. She conducted a hotel in which the I. W. W. hall was located. According to one version she, with her husband, when the paraders started to ransack the place, ran out carrying small American flags and demanding protection. The men, it was said, took the flags from them.

Fight Radical Element

Centralia has been combatting a radical element here for several years and yesterday's shooting was the climax of a series of conflicts. Two years ago when the first Red Cross

bazaar was held here, it was reported before the bazaar opened that the I. W. W. intended to dynamite the hall in which the affair was conducted. At that time citizens burned the fixtures in the hall and drove the secretary from town.

Recently the protective league was organized. Every I. W. W. was to be listed, it was planned, and ordered to leave. As a direct answer to the citizens' declaration of war came the attack yesterday, according to the belief of officials.

According to information reaching newspaper offices here, several former soldiers here quietly organized a party and left in autos for Mendota a mining town four miles northeast of here, to arrest several alleged I. W. W.'s working in coal mines there. It was reported that the man who shot Warren Gimm yesterday had taken refuge at Mendota.

Make Surprise Attack

Without warning bursts of rifle fire swept the ranks of marching overseas veterans yesterday, as they paraded past I. W. W. hall. From that building and the roof of a building across the street bullets, came. Persons in the crowds that lined the street to honor the returned heroes also pulled weapons and began firing.

Grimm, leading a company of men, dropped mortally wounded. McElfresh, marching in the ranks, was killed instantly. Ben Casagrande died later from his wounds.

John Earl Watt, George Stevens Jacob Phitzler, Christ Coleman and E. R. Banks also fell wounded, the first named probably fatally. Stevens was shot when he attempted to disarm an I. W. W. standing on the street.

The fourth death of a parader was added when Dale Hubbard, recently returned overseas man, gathered a small band and started after the I. W. W. secretary. Hubbard and the fugitive grappled after a chase in which Smith fired repeatedly at his pursuers. As they clinched Hubbard received four wounds in the body.

Warren Grimm was commander of the local post of the American Legion. He returned recently from Siberia and had been practicing law with his brother. During his college days at the University of Washington he acquired fame as an athlete. He was 31 years and is survived by a wife and baby daughter.

McElfresh was 22 years old. He returned from France last May after 16 months overseas.

Hubbard served with the 20th Engineers in France. He was married only two months ago.

FINAL ELECTION RETURNS IN OHIO

Columbus, O., Nov. 12.—Ratification of the federal prohibition amendment was defeated by Ohio voters by a majority of 542, according to final official figures announced today by the secretary of state. The 2.75 beer proposal was defeated by a dry majority of 29,667; the proposal to repeal state prohibition was defeated by a dry majority of 41,849 and the Crabbe state prohibition enforcement act defeated by a wet majority of 26,838.

All in good season—salt and pepper.

Las Vegas donned gala attire yesterday and celebrated the first anniversary of the signing of the armistice that brought to a close the raging conflict overseas, that stilled the roaring cannon and whistling shrapnel of the battling armies that for four weary years had been drenching the fields of Europe in the blood of humanity. The celebration was not a noisy one. Deep and overwhelming emotions of thanksgiving for the year of peace and the return of the men who had been with the colors quieted the desire for riotous jollification.

Parade Pleasing

The day's celebration opened in the morning with a parade composed of the veterans of the army and navy who saw service on this side and the more fortunate ones who had been given the opportunity of serving Old Glory on the war torn battlegrounds of France and in the dangerous foreign waters. The members of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Spanish War Veterans, the Red Cross girls, military band, tre families of the men who gave their lives to their country's cause, school children, the two fire companies, the mayors of the two cities and the representatives of the Cowboys' Reunion association. Each of the schools carried a service flag, showing the number from that institution that had served America. The parade passed through the main streets of the city and at 11 o'clock the hour of the signing of the armistice all of the whistles of the city, the automobile claxtons, bells and other noise makers were turned loose. The participants in the parade joined in with shouts and revolver shots.

At 12:15 meal call was sounded and the ex-service men and their guests flocked into the armory where a meal that army chow should have been like was served by the Red Cross girls of the city.

Patriotic Program

The members of the Legion, their families and the people of the city gathered in the auditorium at the Elks club at 2:30 in the afternoon and listened to one of the finest patriotic programs ever given in this city. The afternoon session opened with the playing of the Star Spangled Banner by the Junior Military Band, followed by the singing of America by the audience led by the choir of the Church of the Immaculate Conception under the direction of Mrs. Colbert C. Root.

The invocation was read by the Rev. J. S. Moore, who then spoke a few words in memory of the men who went out to the glorious conflict and came not back. A special prayer was offered for the 23 men from San Miguel county who lie buried in foreign fields.

Armistice Day

Judge David J. Leahy spoke on Armistice Day and the American Legion and what it stood for. In speaking of Armistice Day Judge Leahy said: "The anniversary of November 11, 1918. will be celebrated in these United States so long as the government endures and so long as the people of this republic are believers in the principles of law and justice." The judge then spoke on the ideals of the Legion and the stand it has taken towards a number of evils in the country. In explaining what the

Legion represents Judge Leahy repeated and emphasized the fact that the organization was not opposed to unions or organizations of any kind with the exception of those that are opposed to the government of the United States.

Eugene Ferry Smith, from the state headquarters of the Legion at Santa Fe. spoke tracing the history of the Legion since its founding in France. In speaking of the alien slacker Mr. Smith said: "If this country is good enough for these people to live in it is good enough for them to fight for or get out."

Governor Makes Patriotic Address

Governor O. A. Larrazole made a stirring address recalling the heart aches and tears that sent the boys away to fight in freedom's cause and then the joy which their return from the fields of glory brought to the people. The governor also dwelt on the question of maintaining law and order and the preservation of the established government in the United States.

The music furnished during the afternoon by the Junior Military band was pleasing to all. The youngsters have made great progress and furnish a neat brand of entertainment.

The dance at the armory last night was enjoyed by one of the largest crowds ever in attendance at such an affair in this city. The dancing continued until a late hour, the crowd remaining until the last note of "Home Sweet Home."

OVER 300,000 AMERICANS HAVE ALREADY BOOKED PASSAGE TO EUROPE

London, Nov. 12.—England is looking for a big invasion of American visitors next spring. It is stated that not less than 300,000 passages have already been booked to England. The steamship companies are making every effort to be ready for the anticipated rush, and by the end of May something like 100 liners may be engaged in bringing Americans across.

One American who controls several big hotels in New York city, is here, looking over London and the larger provincial cities for suitable sites upon which to build hotels on American lines.

LEAVES AND ACCUMULATED RUBBISH MUST BE REMOVED FROM PROPERTY

Beginning with today Mayor F. O. Blood has set aside 10 days to be known as clean-up time in Las Vegas. The recent heavy winds have stripped the trees of their dead leaves and have scattered these leaves about the yards and streets of the town in confused piles of rubbish. It is the desire of the city officials and the representative citizens of the city that these be removed. The city ordinance that forbids the burning of trash in the streets has been waived for 10 days and everyone will be permitted to have bonfires to dispose of the accumulated rubbish. No fires will be permitted in the yards or alleys.

At the expiration of the 10 days the police will inspect the city and property that has not been cleaned up will be reported and the work done by the city and the bill sent to the owners.

Russians Intimidating Miners in the Fields of West Virginia; Federal Agents Sent to District

Washington, Nov. 13.—Activities of radicals threaten serious trouble in the bituminous coal mine field of West Virginia, according to reports re-today by the department of justice.

Few details were contained in the department's messages. Officials assumed that leaders were representatives of the Union of Russian workers against whom the department is conducting a vigorous campaign.

The reports indicated that work of the Russians was directed at intimidating miners who sought to return to work following the withdrawal of the coal strike order.

Government agents have been sent to the districts where the trouble was reported and the department has instructed its representatives in all mine fields to watch closely for any similar trouble.

DuQuoin, Ill., Nov. 13.—Complying with an order issued by local union miners, following a mass meeting of members of the United Mine Workers of America, all hoisting engineers, firemen, pumpmen, mule feeders and other union men, left their posts last night as a protest against the action of national officers in ordering the strikers back to work.

The mine superintendents, manager, top foremen, assistant bosses and office clerks were immediately called upon to fill the places of the men who had quit.

Whether this is a violation of the injunction granted the government by Federal Judge Anderson at Indianapolis was not generally known among either operators or miners, owing to the fact that the call was made at a mass meeting and not directly by officials of DuQuoin miners.

WILL MAKE 2.75 BEER

San Francisco, Nov. 13.—Ralph Samet, president of the California Brewers' association, notified internal revenue collectors that he would begin them manufacture of beer containing 2.75 per cent alcohol, in accordance with decisions rendered in eastern states' courts, especially Kentucky.

New York, Nov. 13.—In the chill of a November rain, the nation accorded honors today to the first of its heroic dead brought back from world war battlefields. On a flag decked, crepe draped army pier in Hoboken, the bodies of 103 American soldiers who gave up their lives in northern Russia and of the 19 sailors who died with the navy's forces in "farthest north" waters received their benediction. Their coffins had been swung ashore in rope nets, one by one from the little transport Lake Daraga last midnight when the funeral ship arrived from Brest.

Eighteen long rows of caskets, each draped with an American flag and decked with autumn flowers, gave silent testimony to the supreme sacrifice of the country's men.

The congress of the United States, the army, navy, American Legion, the state of Michigan, where most of the heroes lived, and the city of Detroit, all joined in honoring them. With the official representations stood a little group of relatives of the dead. Floral tributes and a representation from the Russian embassy acknowledged gratitude to the American soldiers who fell in Russia in the cause of humanity.

STUDENTS TO COMPETE FOR HONORS OF REPRESENTING CITY AT ALBUQUERQUE

The high school declamatory contest to decide who shall represent the school at the state contest to be held during the State Teachers' Association at Albuquerque Thanksgiving week will be held at the Y. M. C. A., Thursday evening November 20. Representatives from each class of the high school will take part in the contest. It promises to be one of the most spirited contests ever held by the school. Each student is working hard and the declamations will be well given. The high school orchestra and the high school chorus will both appear on the program for music. A small admission will be charged to help defray the expenses of the contestant who goes to the state contest.

Following is the program:

The Black Mask Al Hays.
Castle School Orchestra
The Redemption of the Coward Arthur Guy Empey
Colvin Banner
Rollo Learns to Dress Geneva Bausel
The Red Scarf—
High School Chorus
The Twenty-ninth of February Brander Mathews
Carrine Kaufman.
Buck Wins a Wager Jack London
William Erb.
Solo Selected
Miss Elizabeth Coors.
Langemanrc at Ypres Wilfred Campbell
T. C. Anthony
Jean Deprez Robert W. Service
Jennie Hays
A Frangesa March Mario Costa
Castle School Orchestra
Afternoon Tea Robert W. Service
Milton Nahm.
A Tragedy in Millinery Kate Douglas Wiggin
Gertrude Fisher
Medley of Patriotic and Popular Songs—
High School Chorus.

MINERS WAIT ON ACTION OF CONFERENCE

Albuquerque, N. M., Nov. 13.—None of the union miners who have been on strike at Gallup returned to work today. At a meeting last night it was decided to remain out pending the result of the conference in Washington on a wage scale. Mines today are running with forces about one-third normal. The production of coal yesterday was only 800 tons, or less than a third normal. In Colfax county it is said the majority of the men are working. Soldiers are still being held in both districts.

Des Moines Men Out

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 13.—No union coal miners returned to work today, according to information at the headquarters of the state operators' association here.

"Not a wheel turning," was the way officials of the operators' association expressed the situation.

Guards Desert Posts

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 13.—Information received here by operators today said union men left in two mines at Benton to care for company property, under the terms of the strike order, had deserted their posts today, following similar action at DuQuoin.

Des Moines, Iowa, Nov. 13.—A note unsigned received late Wednesday by Thomas Fairweather, mayor of Des Moines, caused his home to be guarded by police last night and today. The note made a threat against the mayor's life. Special guards were around the city hall today. The police are inclined to connect recent warnings to I. W. W.'s to leave Des Moines with the note received by Mayor Fairweather because the mayor refused to listen to protests of the I. W. W. men.

Lincoln, Nev., Nov. 13.—County attorneys in Nebraska are requested by Governor Samuel R. McKelvie in circular letters to be mailed to them today to cause the arrests of members of the I. W. W., who, he said, were scattered throughout the construction camps and among industrial workers of the state "for the specific purpose of carrying on propaganda of I. W. W.'ism which is revolutionary industrial unionism and embraces forceful opposition to the law."

ALIENS RELEASED

Salt Lake, Nov. 13.—Three interned enemy aliens held at Fort Douglas, near here, for alleged anti-government activities during the war were released today. One of them, Adolph Schoch, sentenced from the Philippine islands, was released outright.

Spokane, Wash. Nov. 13.—Seventy four alleged members of the I. W. W. were arrested in a police raid today in a hall here said to have been an I. W. W. meeting place.

United States District Attorney Orders Arrest of Every Member of the Organization in that Locality.

(By The Associated Press.)

Centralia, Wash., Nov. 13.—More than 30 alleged I. W. W. are in jail here or at Chehalis awaiting today the filing of information charging them with participation or having knowledge of the killing of four members of the American Legion during an armistice celebration. Herman Allen, county attorney announced he would file the information as soon as examinations of the prisoners had been completed.

Under the auspices of the American Legion a public funeral will be held for the four former soldiers. The body of Ernest Everetts, alleged member of the Industrial Workers, who was lynched, remained unclaimed today after having been found floating in a river.

Police said that in Eugene Barnett, who was arrested at Mendota, near here by former service men, that they had one of the ringleaders of the shooting. Barnett, they charged, did not shoot from a downtown building but fired from a hillside not far from the scene of the attack.

Search was being continued by federal, state and county officials for alleged members of the I. W. W. The search was being made under instructions of Robert Saunders, United States district attorney for western Washington, who, in giving instructions said:

"Arrest every I. W. W. whether he has a card or is known to be connected with that order and hold them for federal investigation."

Saunders said he intended to file charges against the Centralia I. W. W. today.

MAN WHO PASSED WORTHLESS PAPER ON LOCAL FARMERS CAUGHT

Powers, alias Jones, alias Lutsell, alias several other names, who recently paid a board bill at the Matthews ranch at Cherryvale with a worthless check and left a trail of bad paper of the same kind in this city, is safe in jail at Albuquerque.

After leaving Las Vegas this "oil expert" of many names went to Cuba, N. M., where he posed as a government officer. The local police learned of his whereabouts and informed the authorities who placed the man under arrest. A deputy sheriff was leaving for this city with the man when the officers from the United States department of justice stepped in and asked that he be placed in the federal holdover in Albuquerque where he is at the present time.

Besides living off the fat of the land for a week on a bad check Powers, or whatever his name may be, left this city wearing a new mackinaw coat which was the property of Matthews.



The type of thought we entertain both creates and draws conditions that crystallize about it, conditions exactly the same in nature as the thought that gives them form. Thoughts are forces, and each creates of its kind, whether we realize it or not.—Trine.

BREAD AND CAKE THAT YOU CAN MAKE.

In many cities delicious cakes and breads may be purchased which, if made at home by a reliable recipe, will be as good and twice as cheap.



Raised Nut Bread.—Soften one-quarter of a yeast cake in two tablespoonfuls of water; add one cupful of scalded and cooled skim milk, one-quarter cupful of dark molasses, one teaspoonful of salt, two and one-half cupfuls of entire wheat flour and one-half cupful of walnut meats. Mix and knead until smooth. Let rise until double its bulk, adding the chopped nuts in the last kneading. Shape in two loaves; let rise again and bake.

Banbury Tarts.—Sift together two and one-half cupfuls of flour, two and a half teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one and one-fourth teaspoonfuls of salt. Work or cut in with two knives four tablespoonfuls of shortening; add a half cupful of cold water, knead lightly and roll out. Spread with three tablespoonfuls of shortening, roll up like a jelly roll, pat with rolling pin and roll out. Spread again with three tablespoonfuls of fat and roll up, pat and roll out again; repeat until three-fourths of a cup of shortening is used, then roll the pastry to one-fourth inch in thickness and cut into five-inch circles. Fill with the mixture of two cupfuls of raisins (chopped), half a cupful of jelly, and half a cupful of bread crumbs. Place the filling on one side, wet the edges and fold, pressing the edges well together. Prick and bake on a baking sheet.

Hermits.—Take half a cupful of melted shortening, add one cupful of molasses and half a cupful of sour milk; sift with two cupfuls of white flour and one of oat flour, one teaspoonful each of soda, cinnamon and cloves, one-fourth of a teaspoonful of nutmeg, one and one-half teaspoonfuls of salt; add a cupful of chopped raisins and mix as usual. Drop from a teaspoon on two greased baking sheets. This makes five dozen small cakes.

Nellie Maxwell
TEXAS TO BUILD HIGHWAYS

According to Member of State Highway Commission Approximately \$12,000,000 Available.

Approximately \$12,000,000 is available for road construction work in Texas in 1919, according to R. M. Hubbard, a member of the state highway commission. This amount includes about \$10,000,000 from the federal post office appropriation bills.

Improve the Grounds.

Unfortunately, indeed, is the family which has no trees or shrubbery about the house and which has permitted this much of 1919 to go by without planting anything. Piling up of money land or stock for some one else to use at the expense of some of the comforts and pleasures easily obtained for a home is not only poor judgment, but poor business policy.

RESTORE CASINO AT OSTEND

Famous Pleasure Resort, Devastated by Huns, Is Being Rapidly Put in Good Condition.

After nearly five years of war Ostend is resuming ordinary life, as far as possible under present conditions, with the reopening of the famous casino, says the Pall Mall Gazette.

Less than twelve weeks ago, says a Reuter telegram, the great salons of the casino were a scene of devastation and wanton destruction. Although occupying so prominent a position on the sea front, the buildings themselves escaped the constant bombardment from sea and air that has transformed so many of the beautiful hotels and villas along the Digue into heaps of rubble, and the use of nine tons of glass has repaired all the damage thus occasioned, but the Germans showed their usual thoroughness in gutting and defiling the salons themselves.

Every stick of furniture was taken away, beautiful tapestries were slashed and torn by German bayonets and every mirror in the halls was removed, together with the copper candelabra in the salons and the beautiful copper staircase.

Not content with robbery, the Germans defiled the rooms in nameless ways and, in fact, left the whole place in a state that would have shamed any animal inhabiting a stable. But since February a miracle has been wrought and but for the fact that some of the more valuable fittings are at present only temporarily replaced by imitation, there will be no evidence of the war, so far as the casino is concerned, when it reopens soon.

MME. EPITACIO PESSOA

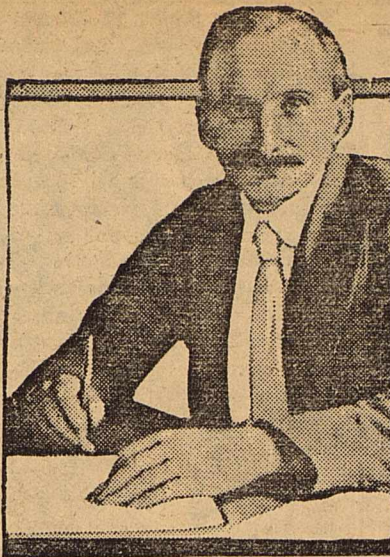


Mme. Epitacio Pessoa, wife of the president-elect of Brazil, was widely entertained during her short stay in the national capital. She is now touring the country with Doctor Pessoa and party.

World's Largest Vaults.

In the underground vaults of the new United States assay office, the cornerstone of which was laid recently in New York, can be stored more than \$20,000,000,000 in gold. They are said to be the largest and finest in the world, according to Popular Mechanics magazine. Five of the eight stories of the building will be located beneath the surface of the earth. Sealed in the cornerstone of the structure are copies of several newspapers; a medal on which there is a portrait of the president, and a bag containing a set of United States coins ranging in value from one cent to \$20, besides other articles of interest and value. The building will cost over \$800,000.

DR. D. C. BYERS



Dr. D. C. Byers of the University of Washington has been appointed chief of the division of chemistry, bureau of soils, department of agriculture.

GRACEFUL TAILORED SUIT



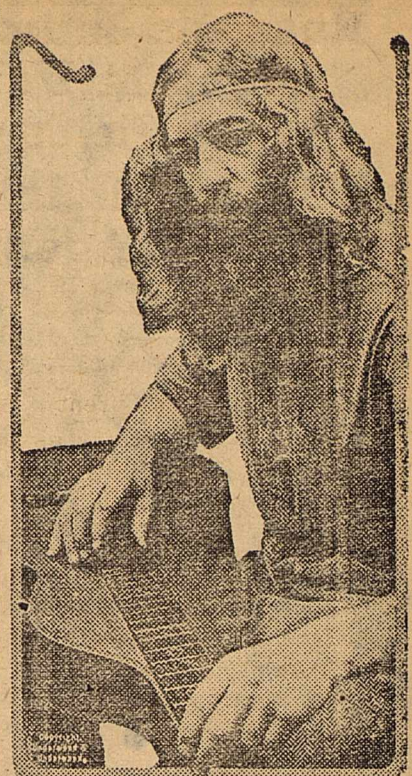
If you aspire to look slender, select a suit with a coat that has artful lines and long, narrow panels at the back, like this one. Its cuffs, collar and panels are bound with silk braid and it is a marvel of fine tailoring.

SIR WILLIAM TYRRELL



Sir William Tyrrell is private secretary to Viscount Grey, the new British ambassador to the United States.

WILLIAM PESTER



William Pester, who for 13 years lived on the southern deserts of California, went to New York recently, primarily with the intention of teaching New Yorkers how to get along comfortably on \$5 per week. The photograph shows Pester with a guitar which he made from wood gathered around his desert home.

MARJORIE F. KINDER



Miss Marjorie F. Kinder, although only fourteen years of age, is a national rifle champion with small-bore arms. Miss Kinder is without equal for her age in the United States. She is a member of the Winchester Junior Rifle corps. Our photograph shows Miss Kinder on the range at Caldwell, N. J., where she displayed her unusual ability as a crack shot in the national rifle matches.

AMERICAN ROOM IN VERSAILLES PALACE

To-day, with Russia prostrate and Prussia pinioned, there seems to be no moving necessity for the renewal of this pledge, the re-making of which will go long way to destroy confidence in the peaceful protestations of these two mighty Powers. Even the special alliance between France, England and the United States against Germany's invasion of French soil again has been the subject of proper even if satirical comment.

Japan, it is said, will make the first overtures for negotiations, not a surprising bit of intelligence. The world will look sharply toward London and observe with a keen caution the manner in which these pourparlers are received by the British statesmen whose professions for world peace are inspiring reading.

Testing Out Truthfulness

Just when the end approaches of the discussion of the world treaty of peace, which is to usher in the dethronement of war and of powerful alliances, comes the news by the way of Honolulu that the Japanese government is moving for the extension of the alliance with Great Britain, now at the point of expiring.

It is no exaggeration to say that the English people were astounded when it was learned by them that their Government had established an offensive and defensive alliance with the Mikado's empire, each agreeing to come to the other's assistance if attacked by a third party. This almost unbelievable thing was glossed over by the assertion that it was against Russia that this compact was made. At that time the British mind was filled with the fear of the Russian bear shuffling in his plantigrade fashion into India and Constantinople.

NEW CONFIDENCE GAME

London.—Confidence men here have a newer means of victimizing by army officers' uniforms these tricksters produce papers purporting to show that they are entitled to a monthly allowance payable the following day and offer to sell the paper at a reduced figure.

A desire to render a service man some return has lead many persons to the exchange of \$75 to \$100 for one of these worthless allowance forms, according to police reports. Public warnings have resulted.

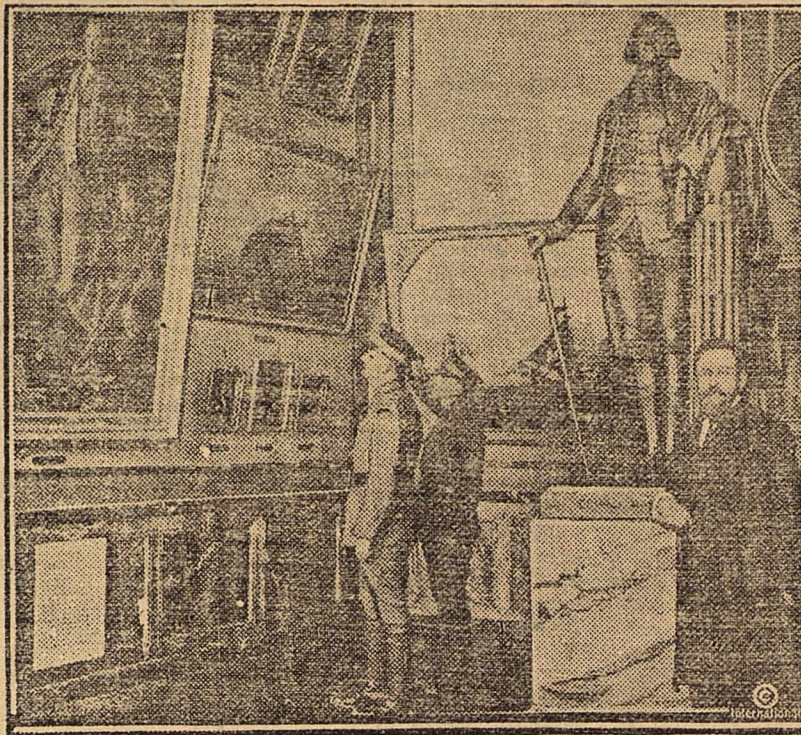
RED CROSS BUYS CHATEAU

Warsaw, Nov. 12.—The American Red Cross has purchased the chateau of the late Emperor Nicholas of Russia in the forest of Bialystok. In the days when Nicholas ruled over all the Russias he often journeyed to Bialystok forest with a numerous suite, where hunting parties would be organized.

The hundred and twenty rooms formerly occupied by the late Emperor's guests now shelter Polish babies for whom the Red Cross is caring.

Buy public health. Lloyd George says: "You cannot maintain an A-1 nation with a C-3 population". Buy Red Cross Seals.

As a general thing, a girl is willing to be twenty dollars poorer if she can buy a hat that makes her look two years younger.



In the "American Independence room" in Versailles palace two marble tablets have been placed recently, setting forth in English and French George Washington's everlasting glory as a patriotic citizen and leader. Many paintings and other Washingtonia also are on exhibition in the room.

CONDENSATIONS

Talent is always queer tempered. A safe blower doesn't blow about it later.

We are making today the memory of tomorrow.

A DRAWER.

Jacob Ruppert, the New York brewer, told at a luncheon a story about a war profiteer.

"He gave a dinner one night," said Mr. Ruppert, "and when his wife entered the drawing room he was astonished to see her in a very décollete dinner gown—no sleeves, very low in the front, and lower still in the back. His wife had never worn a décollete gown before and the profiteer stared at her in bewilderment.

"Well," she said, "don't you like it? Don't you like this Paris confection, darling?"

"Sure I like it," said the profiteer, "but what I want to know is, honey, where the dickens are you going to tuck your napkin?"

COUNTRY HAD BRIGHT SIDE

Old Gentleman Was Able to Enumerate a Few Advantages It Possessed Over the City.

The married daughter and her family had come from their home in the city back to her father's farm for a visit. After supper one evening she began to try to persuade father to move to the city so that mother in her old age would not have to work so hard. "I don't have any lamps to clean or any wood to carry or any water to carry a quarter of a mile," boasted the daughter. "When I want a light, all I have to do is to press a button, and when I want water I turn a faucet, and when I want heat just pull a chain."

"Yes," agreed her father, "and when we want meat all we have to do is to whistle up a chicken, when we want roasting ears or potatoes we just walk to our garden, but when you want a good square meal you have to ride 30 miles out into the country to get it. So for all parties concerned I guess we'd better stay in the country—mother and I."

Hard words seldom make impressions on soft people.

There are times when a runner finds it difficult to square himself.

The trouble market is easy and trouble can always be borrowed at low rates.

NOW COMES BARNACLE SOUP

Those Who Have Tried It Declare the Preparation Is Both Delicious and Nutritious.

Marine chefs at Long Beach, Cal., have found that the barnacle, pest of the sea, is delicious and nutritious, and are converting it into a soup declared to be as good as clam chowder. Already it has become a favorite in many cafes and even in the highest class tourist hotels of the Pacific coast city which brought it out. Credit for its discovery is given by the Popular Science Monthly to Ulpiano Larco, a cook known for years to seafaring men and familiar with all sea growths. Food experts say the barnacle has remarkable food values, being rich in protein and salts.

Canning concerns are preparing to conserve the barnacle in great quantities, and a big industry is in sight, according to people who are familiar with the situation. Long Beach apparently is the Pacific center of the barnacle world, receiving more of the product than any other coast point. On the piling of the Pine avenue pier are more than a hundred tons of these, as well as mussels and similar creatures.

Already plans are being made to contract for the barnacles removed from the bottoms of vessels that go into drydock at the Long Beach shipyards, and these hitherto scorned and lowly sea denizens will find their way into cans. The methods of preparing them in edible form are not disclosed, but the mussels generally associated with them in growth are also used.

Attractions of Treves.

It is as an ecclesiastical city that Treves is particularly interesting. In that famous cathedral are the remains of 25 archbishops and electors and four bishops. Among its treasures is a legendary nail from the Cross, and the famous Holy Coat, given the cathedral by St. Helena. In 1891 an exhibition of the Coat attracted more than 2,000,000 pilgrims. Another attraction for pilgrims is the grave of St. Matthias in one of the ancient churches—the only grave of an apostle in Germany.

Roller Bearings.

Experiments to perfect a bearing that would withstand the heavy strains of a heavy cane mill led to the discovery of the principle, and to the development of the Hyatt roller bearing, by John Wesley Hyatt, the inventor, who also invented celluloid in his search for substitute material for ivory used in billiard balls. His studies in flexibility along the billiard ball line preceded and led up to his invention of the first flexible roller bearing.

It has just about gotten so in this country that a young man can't afford to send flowers to a girl unless he raises them himself.

Personally we do not claim to be any great shakes of whiter, but if we should be called upon to compose our own epitaph we feel like we could make the tombstone hum.

logical argument, but they assert that, nevertheless, the principle will be maintained. The situation thus created recalls the old expression: "Every man for himself and the devil take the hindmost!"

Signs of Christmas: Holly, Mistletoe and Red Cross Seals.

One of the principal manufactures of this country is that pursued by the trouble makers.

For health, happiness, buy Red Cross Christmas Seals!

Are your children Modern Health Crusaders? Red Cross Christmas Seals finance this movement.

Asked if Europe seemed settling down colonel House replied: "At times it does—and then again it doesn't". Nothing like being specific.

It is now claimed that Appleton, Wis., has turned out the biggest cheese in the United States, but what about Albert Sydney Burleson?

"Just as sure as two and two make four" is a phrasenot employed in select league o'nations circles.

The United States Senate is not only the world's greatest deliberate body, but the world's cost inquisitive body.

One of the surest ways of late of getting information to the public is to leave it in confidential custody.

Much of the suspicion against base-ball is inspired by the fellows who lost 50 cents on the world's series.

Bryan dropped his 16-to-1 business some time ago; but he now is a believer in 6 to 1.

YOUNG ITALIAN DRAWS JOB ON THE COUNTY WOODPILE FOR INSULTING WOMEN

Joseph Barrile, aged 25, an Italian from Chicago, was arrested yesterday afternoon by the city police for insulting and making improper advances to women in the street. Several prominent ladies and a number of girls complained to the police of the actions of a young man and upon investigation Barrile was found to be the culprit. When accosted by an officer at one of the rooming houses Barrile attempted to resist but was placed under arrest and taken to the city jail.

Late yesterday afternoon the young man, who is an itinerant musician, was taken before Justice C. H. Stewart. Barrile attempted to tell the court its business and finished up by receiving a 30 day sentence in the county jail. He told Justice Stewart that it was the custom in Italy and Chicago to get acquainted by following a woman and using endearing terms but he was informed that such practice wouldn't go in Las Vegas, New Mexico, U. S. A.

When taken to the county jail Barrile informed the officers that when he got out he was going to get them. The officers stated this morning that they hope he starts something as there are too many of his calibre in the country at the present time as it is.

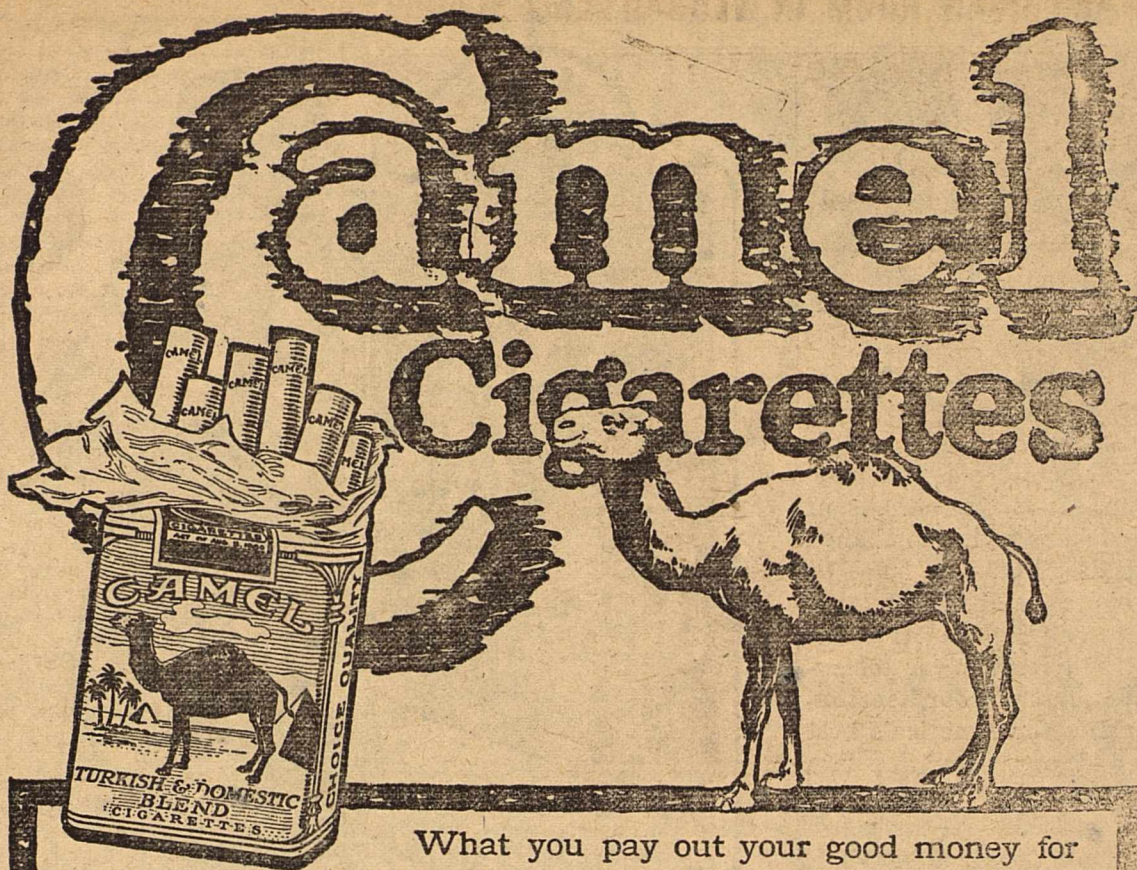
The art exhibit from Taos composed of 25 select paintings by the artists of that colony has been received at the New Mexico Normal University and will be placed on display immediately. The exhibit will be open to the people of the city who are urged to call and see the work that is being done in the state of New Mexico.

RELEASE GUARDSMEN

Denver, Nov. 12.—Adjutant General Spangler issued an order permitting officers to release 20 per cent of the national guardsmen now doing strike duty in the Colorado coal fields.

The Universal Language.

I am the Universal language.
 I call every man in the world brother, and he calls me friend.
 I have unlocked the riddle of Babel after fifty centuries of misunderstanding.
 I am the Voice of Home Democracy's lonely sentinels on Liberty's frontier.
 I am a chorus of Eagle and Lion and Cock crying "Shame" to the Bolshevik Bear.
 I am Chinese poet of a thousand years ago, singing gently in Chicago.
 I am sadesman purveying harvesters, tractors, overalls, oil stoves and hog products to the Siberians.
 I am a Tenement Doctor, telling mothers of twenty races how to wash their babies milk bottles.
 I am the voice of Christ in the land of Confucius.
 I am the Apostle of Kindness, the Orator of Tolerance, the Minstrel of Love.
 I am the greatest Story-Teller of the Ages.
 I am the Universal Language.
I AM THE MOTION PICTURE.
 The aeronaut succeeds through many soar trials.



What you pay out your good money for is cigarette satisfaction—and, my, how you do get it in every puff of Camels!

EXPERTLY blended choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos in Camel cigarettes eliminate bite and free them from any unpleasant cigaretty aftertaste or unpleasant cigaretty odor.

Camels win instant and permanent success with smokers because the blend brings out to the limit the refreshing flavor and delightful mel-

low-mildness of the tobaccos yet retaining the desirable "body." Camels are simply a revelation! You may smoke them without tiring your taste!

For your own satisfaction you must compare Camels with any cigarette in the world at any price. Then, you'll best realize their superior quality and the rare enjoyment they provide.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY, Winston-Salem, N. C.

One of the most interesting collections of relics of the late war seen in Las Vegas is on display in the window of E. G. Murphy, the druggist. The collection is the property of Captain John Roach and shows many of the instruments made use of by the Germans in their barbarous attacks on the allies. A piece of body armor used by the Huns when on bombing expeditions has attracted considerable notice.

TO EXPORT GOLD

El Paso, Nov. 12.—Exportation of gold bullion has been permitted by the Mexican government, according to Excelsior, a newspaper in Mexico City. Bond will be exacted. No coin can be exported, according to Excelsior.

A Chinaman who wears his spectacles in the presence of a guest or a social superior is held to be as rude as in this country we consider a man who fails to remove his hat when meeting women of his acquaintance.

The orange was originally a pear-shaped fruit about the size of the common wild cherry. Its evolution is believed by naturalists to be due to 1200 years of cultivation.

There is a vast difference between Paderewski's salary as Polish premier and his former earnings as professional pianist. When at the height of his popularity as a pianist he was paid at the rate of \$15 a minute.

Francisco Martinez died this morning at 1:30 o'clock at his home on commerce street. He was 60 years of age. Mrs. Martinez survives him. The funeral will be held tomorrow morning from the church of the Immaculate Conception. Interment will be in St. Joseph's cemetery under the direction of J. C. Johnsen and Son.

Mrs. Monte Butler died this morning at 6:30 a'clock at the Las Vegas Hospital. Death was due to a protracted illness from which Mrs. Butler had suffered for a long time. She was 44 years of age and was born and raised in Indiana. She came to this city a few years ago and for the past year had lived at Mora where her husband is engaged in the hotel business. Mrs. Butler returned recently from the Mayo Brothers at Rochester where she had undergone several operations. She is survived by her husband and a little son. The funeral will take place at the funeral parlors of Charles J.

Day tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. The Rev. J. S. Moore will perform the last rites. Interment will be in the Masonic cemetery.

Newton Deleena, an Indian, was arrested yesterday by special Santa Fe officers and taken before Justice C. H. Stewart of precinct 29 on charge of larceny. Deleena is said to have broken a seal on a box car in the yards here and torn open a package in the car taking from it nine pairs of silk stockings. He then took the stockings to a second hand dealer and sold them for 25 cents. The man was bound over to the grand jury under a \$1,000 bond. Being unable to furnish the bond he was taken to the county jail.

Baby J. Manuel Martinez Jr. the fifteen months old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Manuel Martinez, died this afternoon at 1:30 at the home on the West Side. The boy was one year three months and six days of age, and had been sick three weeks. The father is a well known mechanic at the Santa Fe shops. The funeral will occur tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Church of Our Lady of Sorrows. Interment will be in St. Joseph's Cemetery under direction of J. C. Johnsen and Son.

Optic and Live Stock Grower

Stock Raising Farming - Mining
ESTABLISHED 1882

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AMERICA'S BUSINESS

(By Hildegarde Hawthorne)

There are a great many of us Americans to whom America is more than a geographical term, a home, or a government. It is an ideal.

At present, we see this ideal assailed by a vast agglomeration of foreigners, and so-called radicals, to whom America means imply a convenient spot from which to launch their attacks on society and the world as it is now constituted. That there is danger of the ruin of this country and the death of the ideal of liberty for which it stands, is of no interest to these persons. It is because of this that we true Americans, who feel that the future of our country must continue to be the work of constructive energy it has been in the past, should do our utmost, in the good old phrase, to check and control this inchoate and dangerous mass, moved entirely by selfish motives or dragged along through ignorance, where it is not actually unbalanced.

There are plenty of flauts to be corrected, some serious. Those of us who stand for the American ideal will be the last to say we have attained it. But we do not wish to see the bolshevist ideal substituted. We do not intend that a hoodlum crowd shall overthrow the beacon set up in blood and sacrifice a hundred and fifty years ago and kept flaming through the generations. We do not want the red flag for our standard.

People who dabble in bolshevism and anarchy for the excitement of the thing, or because it amuses them, are doing a dangerous thing. Disorder and violence are not difficult to incite. Contempt for law, and the general idea that smashing is better than building, are easy enough to spread in a country like this, where a huge undigested group, drawn from the four corners of the world, lies fallow to suggestion

If America is to be ours, is to be our children's, we must take notice of the methods of those who are trying to change it so vitally that it will not be our America, and will no longer represent the best effort toward true liberty so far achieved. We must put our heart into working for America's best ends, and our strength into saving America from the forces of destruction. We can't do this by simply going about what we call "our own business." We must be about something bigger than that. We must be about America's business.

GUN COTTON BASIS OF SILK

French Inventor, After Long Study, Has Evolved a Truly Wonderful Artificial Product.

According to Count Hilaire, inventor of artificial silk, which is now produced by vast factories in Switzerland, Belgium, France, England and the United States, it has for its basis nothing less than gun cotton. One of the greatest problems he had to solve in perfecting it for everyday use was to render it nonexplosive.

The gun cotton under the chardonnet process is first dissolved in a mixture of alcohol and ether and then spun through fine capillary tubes by means of hydraulic presses.

Other chemical processes give it incombustible and nonexplosive qualities, together with the consistency and the transparency of the finest silk from Japan or China.

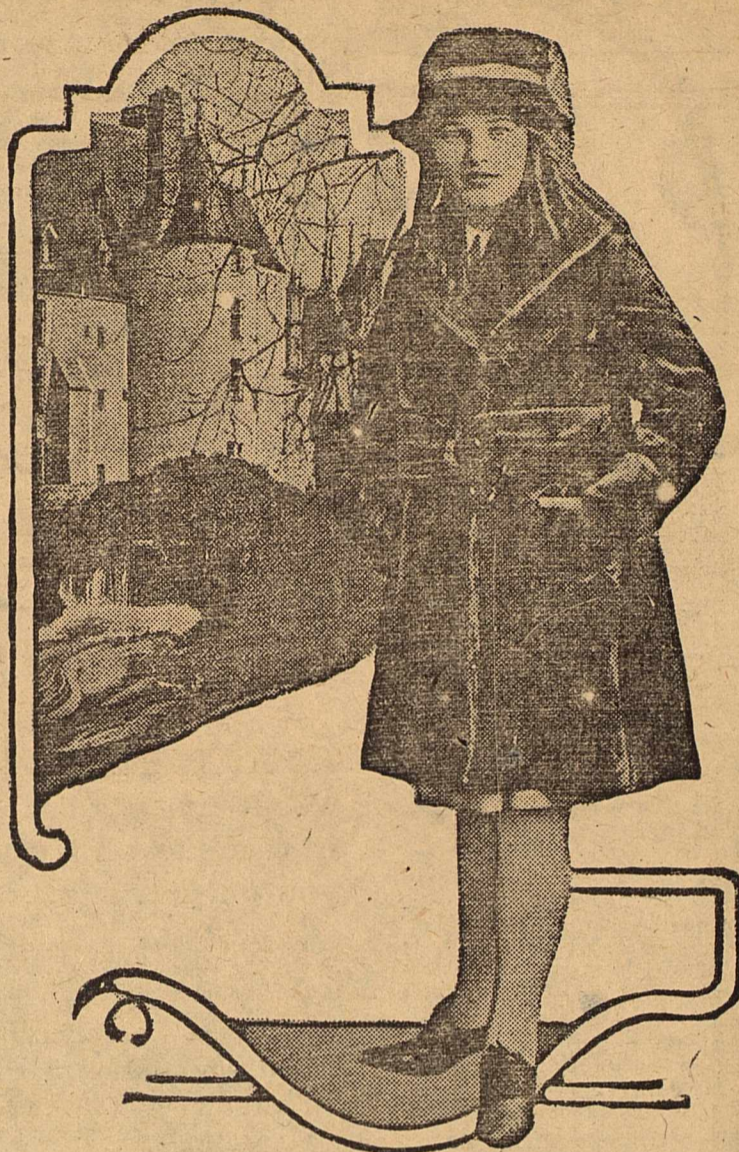
It took just 30 years of the 80 which Count Hilaire has completed to perfect his discovery and render it of actual and practical commercial value.

The illustrious chemist and scientist has just been elected to the supreme honor of membership in the French Academy of Sciences for his discovery of how to put one over on the silkworms. During the war he had been decorated by the French minister of war with the Cross of a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor for discoveries relative to the manufacture of high explosives growing out of his researches made primarily to render artificial silk stockings nonexplosive.

Whither We Are Flying.

The point in space toward which the sun with its planets is voyaging at the rate of a million miles a day now lies directly overhead early in the evening. The exact location of this point has not been finally determined, but it lies somewhere in the neighborhood of the brilliant star Vega. Do you feel that you are shooting upward, head first, about 25 times as fast as a cannonball?

In the Assemblage of Girls' Coats



In the assemblage of coats for little girls certain kinds of cloth and certain styles are set aside for children from four years old upward to misses of seventeen. Warmth, protection against rain and snow, and durability are the first consideration in girls' coats and all these things have been looked after in the models presented for this season. Prices have advanced as sharply on children coats as they have on shoes and Baby Bunting's father could hardly be more profitably employed than when he goes hunting for rabbit skins to wrap the baby up in. Rabbit skin coats, undisguised by any dye and not masquerading under any other name, make coats for small girls. Squirrel, opossum, muskrat are the furs to make collars in cloth coats for the younger children.

For school wear there are heavy novelty cloths, plain on one side and plaid on the other, that are warm and good looking. Leather coats that cost less than cloth ones, will help solve the problem of warmth and durability without high price. Dark blue cloth coats lined with scarlet wool cloth are among the prettiest models that—speaking comparatively—are moderately priced, but moderately priced does not mean much in the realm of

The New Puritan.

The new puritan is instructed in cleanliness, believes in it, practices it. As a good animal guided by an enlightened mind, he purposes to make the best of his body, not to poison it with alcohol or to pollute it with disease. For his own sake and for the sake of the future of the race, he conducts himself morally. His philosopher, guide and friend, however, is the physician and science is his inspiration and his teacher.

coats, either for youngsters, or grown people.

Fur fabrics (or wool furs) make very handsome coats for children and prove as durable as any cloth; they are more lasting than furs and richer looking than the inexpensive pelts. There are several kinds of wool fur suitable for children of various ages. Nearly all of them are plain, that is not made in imitation of a fur, and the coat pictured here is a fine example of good style for a girl of ten years or over. This is a straight-hanging coat, cut to flare somewhat. It has a wide felt that slips through a slash in the coat at each side and buttons with a large button and loop at the front. The wide shawl collar can be rolled up about the neck and face and there are small, triangular pockets to hide the fingers in when the coldest weather nips them. These coats are lined with plain satin usually and while quite dressy enough for any sort of demand, they may be relied upon for daily service and great resistance to wear.

Julia Bottomley

United States Korean Treaty.

It was in 1882 that the first treaty with Korea was signed by the United States, and foreigners took up their residence with official sanction at Chemulpo, the seaport of the capital, Seoul. Even with this foothold in the new country, the unwelcome visitors pushed their way but slowly into other parts of the kingdom, and as late as 1897 only a relatively small portion had been visited by white men.—National Geographic Magazine.

**AROUND THE WORLD
WITH THE AMERICAN
RED CROSS.**
Junior Red Cross.



Early in the participation of the United States in the world war, the American Red Cross perceived the value of mobilizing the school children of the country and the Junior Red Cross was organized. Before the war ended nine million children were enrolled and helped in the war fund and membership campaigns, in chapter production of relief supplies and manufacturing furniture for the refugees whose homes and household goods were destroyed.

Children everywhere in the United States responded to the call to service sounded by President Wilson as head of the American Red Cross. This photograph is that of an enthusiastic young Japanese member of the Junior Red Cross of Spokane, Wash., starting out on the ambitious undertaking of collecting "a mile of pennies" for war relief. A comprehensive peace program is now being worked out for the Junior Red Cross, which is being held intact.

**FACTS ON THE ARCH
ENEMY OF HUMANITY.**

Tuberculosis kills producers—chiefly men and women between the ages of 16 and 45.
It claims workers—active men and women in the homes, the office and the shop.
It causes 150,000 deaths in the United States every year.
It costs the United States in economic waste alone about \$500,000,000 annually.
More than 1,000,000 persons in this country are suffering from active tuberculosis right now.
It menaces every community, every home and every individual.

**AND YET TUBERCULOSIS
IS CURABLE AND PREVENTABLE.**

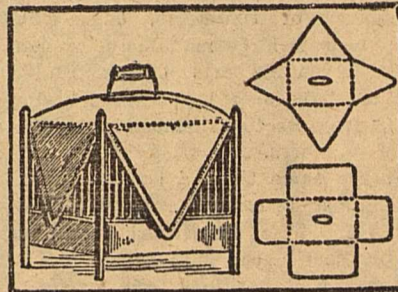
It is spread largely by ignorance, carelessness and neglect.
The National Tuberculosis Association and its 1,000 affiliated state and local organizations wage a continuous winning war on tuberculosis.
The work of these organizations is financed chiefly by the sale of Red Cross Christmas seals.
Drive the menace of tuberculosis from your door.

COVERS FOR THE BIRDCAGE

Decorative as Well as Useful Articles That May Be Made in Moments of Idleness.

Our sketch illustrates two useful types of covers to make for a birdcage, that require little more than cutting out. They can be carried out in linen, art serge, or, in fact, almost any remnant of material that may be handy. They are bound at the edges with narrow ribbon.

The space enclosed in the dotted line in the diagrams should correspond in size with the top of the birdcage, and the four flaps hang downwards on each side. In the center of



Covers for Birdcage.

the cover a small oval space is cut away, through which the handle of the cage may pass, so that the cover can be comfortably slipped over the cage in a moment. If desired, some pretty little floral design can be embroidered on three of the flaps, and possibly the name of the bird worked upon the fourth.

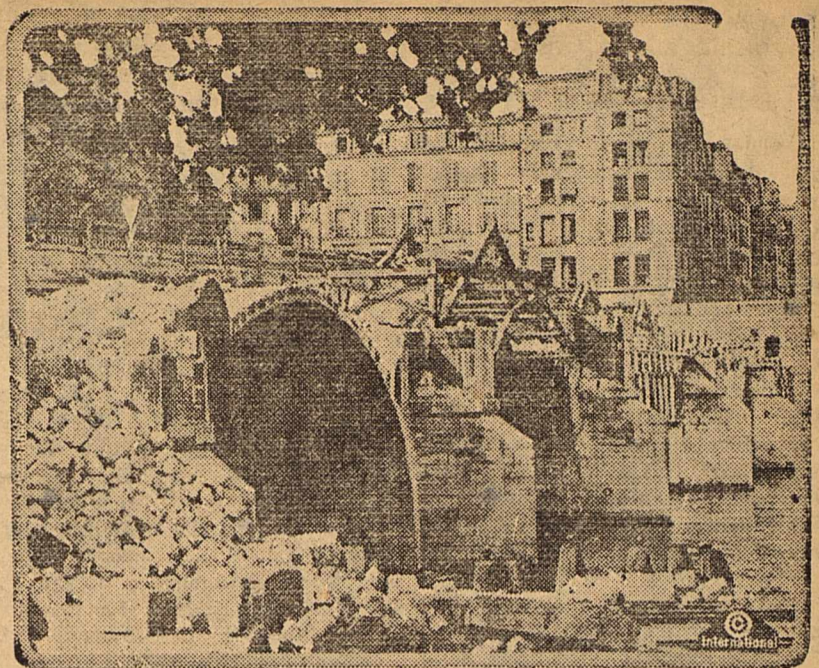
Diagram A gives the shape of the cover that is shown upon the cage in the sketch, and diagram B gives the shape of a similar cover, but with square flaps to hang downwards.

PAUL BERNARDO ALTENDORF



Dr. Paul Bernardo Altendorf was formerly a secret service operative and was stationed in Mexico. Hearing of a German-Mexican plot to invade the United States with an army of 45,000 men, he passed himself off as a captain in the Germany army and acquired a commission as colonel with the Mexican troops. Pitting his wits against the machinations of German militarism, he frustrated the proposed invasion. Later he obtained the German imperial code; warned the country against a submarine raid on the Atlantic coast in 1918, and caused the capture of a spy who had planned the assassination of former Ambassador Gerard.

DEMOLISHING FAMOUS BRIDGE IN PARIS



This photograph shows the demolishing of the famous de la Tournelle bridge over the Seine in Paris to make way for a modern structure. It was built in 1656 during the reign of Louis XIV.

CONDENSATIONS

A pedal operated nut cracker enables much speed to be made in opening nuts.

On most voyages of a first-class ocean steamship about 3,000 pieces of crockery and glassware are broken.

Balancing Trade.

Where one country exports extensively to another and buys nothing from it the checks and drafts given in payment do not balance and it becomes necessary to ship gold or otherwise readjust accounts. This is expensive and makes it necessary to pay a premium in exchange. This premium is virtually an addition to prices paid. When it becomes too high purchases will be made in other markets. Thus will trade be lost unless it is balanced.

The telephone business of Shanghai has increased so rapidly that it has been impossible to connect any new lines since December, 1918.

The Department of State announces that the American consular agency at West Hartlepool, England, has been closed.

American Shoes in China.

American shoes are in high favor among all classes of Chinese. The average native, however, is unable to secure them because of the high prices, and is obliged to content himself with cloth footgear, or with very poor imitations of the American style of shoes. Leather shoes are only for the wealthy. Practically all of the high-grade leather imported into China for use in shoes comes from the United States, while the lasts are made in Japan and are copies of staple American styles.

LEADERS IN BIG BRITISH CONTEST



Left, J. H. Thomas, secretary of the British Railway Men's union and head of the 600,000 striking railway workers. Right, Sir Robert Stevenson Horné, British minister of labor.

FEDERATION WILL DISCUSS LABOR PROBLEMS AND OTHER DISPUTES

London, Nov. 5.—In view of the serious labor problems and disputes which of late have disturbed the transportation industry in nearly all parts of the world, more than the ordinary amount of public interest will be attracted to the congress of the International Transport Workers' Federation, which has been called to assemble next week at Christiania. The meeting will be the first held since the practical reorganization of the federation some months ago. The last congress of the old organization was held here the year preceding the outbreak of the war.

Transport is essentially a phase of industry wherein international organization can find a large scope. The British workers is essentially suspicious of attempts by employers to take advantage of racial enmities. The British seaman, especially, is suspicious of the shipowners' apparent preference for colored labor. In this suspicion he has the support of the American and Australian seamen, as well as of the seamen of the continental nations.

Interdependence and intercommunication breed amongst the transport workers a feeling of international cooperation which runs far deeper than that found in any of the other industries in which there are international organizations. The intercommunication also makes considerably more vociferous the demand for international wage standards, a demand which has already been put forth by the seamen.

Previous to the war the International Transport Workers' federation was controlled almost absolutely by the Germans. The central council of the organization maintained its headquarters in Berlin and consisted entirely of Germans. This body dominated the policy of the federation, to which belonged 17 countries. Great Britain, the premier transport nation of the world, had no representation in the central council.

The British National Transport Workers' federation was among the strongest of those protesting against the administration being wholly in the hands of representatives of a single country, and they were largely responsible for the decision of the 1913 convention to appoint a committee to overhaul the rules and constitution. This committee was to have met in Vienna in 1914, but the meeting was prevented by the outbreak of the war.

The disadvantages of the German control became doubly apparent during the war. The chief of the abuses was that money subscribed internationally and a journal intended purely for international trade union purposes were being used for German propaganda amongst neutral nations.

During the war the activities of the federation were carried on by a temporary bureau established at Amsterdam. Beyond the maintenance of communication among the 17 nations affiliated little was accomplished by the federation during the four years of conflict. With the close of the war, however, steps were immediately taken to reorganize the federation and at the same time to eliminate the German control. To this end a conference met in Amsterdam last April in response to a call issued jointly by

the British and Swedish transport workers. At this conference the German delegates admitted the abuses of the past and offered no opposition to the proposal to remove the headquarters from Berlin to a neutral country. Before adjourning the conference appointed a committee to draft a new constitution and agreed to hold a general congress at Christiania for the reorganization of the federation on lines calculated to make it more representative and its work more effective.

Trinidad, Colo., Nov. 12.—The calling off of the coal strike by the officials of the United Mine Workers has up to this time failed to produce a return of any great number of men back to the coal mines of southern Colorado. Reports issued today from headquarters of the C. F. and I. company show 85 more men at work today in Las Animas and Huerfano counties, or 83.6 per cent of the number at work in September prior to the closing of some properties by the steel strike.

Coal production fell off yesterday from 4123 tons reported for Monday to 3528 yesterday. Reduction is plained by a number of men laying off part of the day yesterday to celebrate Armistice anniversaries.

A report was received that preparations are being made by the Green Canon Coal company near Aguilar to resume operations in the coming few days. Rocky Mountain coal mines at Forbes, Piedmont and Labelle are operating with small forces.

BURGLARY INCREASING

London.—Burglary has increased eighty per cent in London during the past year, and burglary insurance companies are urging policy holders to help them defeat the gentlemen who covet people's property—and take it.

"We tell a householder that if he would remove the ordinary rim lock and replace it with a mortised lock, one sunk in the edge of the door, he would make his premises safer, said an official. The first can be readily jimmied; the second in almost burglar proof."

RAILROAD CONFERENCE

Washington, Nov. 12.—Representatives of the four railroad brotherhoods and Director General Hines resumed negotiations today on the brotherhoods demands of wage increases and revision of working conditions, after they had failed to come anywhere near an agreement yesterday. The railroad administration has refused the full demands of the of the roads employees.

Daylight saving may be a very good thing, but some day we can't save enough for even a light repast.

Far from it—"near" beer.

A decapitated snail, if kept in a moist place, will in a few days grow a new head, and it will be quiet as serviceable as the original one was.

Tuberculosis fights from ambush. Buy Red Cross Seals and drive it into the open.

Fresh air, good food, clean living and plenty of Red Cross Seals produce a tuberculosis-free community.

Make tuberculosis as rare as leprosy, smallpox or yellow fever. Every Red Cross Seal helps.

ALL PARTS OF COUNTRY PETITION ADOPTION OF THIS STANDARD

San Francisco, Cal.—Over 57,000 petitions urging President Wilson and national legislators to adopt metric standards—meter, liter, gram—for exclusive use in U. S. America have recently been received in Washington, D. C., as a result of metric campaign of the World Trade Club of San Francisco and the American Metric Association of New York. Many of the most powerful organizations, chambers of commerce, educational institutions, large manufacturing concerns from all parts of the United States have sent in petitions urging this progress to standardize weights and measures.

At the same time, a scattering petitions against meter-liter-gram was received. These constituted less than 1 per cent of the total number of petitions. New petitions from organizations and eminent persons are coming in every day. They are being referred to the Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C.

The results indicate the validity of World Trade Club's contention that all but 10 per cent in U. S. America are in favor of metric standards, and they only because they have not looked it up. World Trade Club is continuing its effort to educate this 10 per cent.

The petitions received at Washington came after literature had been sent by World Trade Club, explaining the advantage of world-wide use of meter-liter-gram, to members of organizations in various parts of the United States of America, without regard to their business or profession. These people were free to send in petitions for or against meter-liter-gram. A count made at the expense of World Trade Club shows so far 57,800 petitions for, and 426, or less than 1 per cent against meter-liter-gram.

NAME HAWAIIAN JUDGE

Washington, Nov. 8.—President Wilson today nominated William C. Achi, Jr., of Honolulu to be circuit judge, Fifth circuit, territory of Hawaii.

The Test of Practicality.

Favorite among the theories of the Communistic and Socialistic members of the labor group is the public ownership of utilities, more especially street cars. Extremists among them even advocate the making of transportation a municipal function to be supported out of the taxes. Now it seems that there is a flaw in this incomparable pearl of theoretical government.

Union organizers of street railway employees have appeared in Toledo, Ohio, where the Central Labor Union is advocating the municipalization of the system, to enter a solemn and forceful protest against any such action being taken. The reason is peculiarly typical. It is that the unions can deal better with private ownership than with public ownership. They would, they said in their class language, "rather fight officers of private corporations than the scheming politicians who usually run the cities."

From this the deduction is to be made that each union will regard its interests as superior to those of the

community and, this being true, the end to municipal ownership is easy to discern. The staggered officials of the central body admit that the street railway workers make a strong and

PERSONALS

From Wednesday's Daily:

J. Loeffler of Chicago is registered at one of the Local hotels.

Pedro Vigil of San Jose spent yesterday and today in Las Vegas.

Mrs. Sarah Morris returned from a professional trip to Wagon Mound.

W. T. Gray of Espanola was a business visitor in Las Vegas today.

J. E. Applegate was in Las Vegas today from his home at Albuquerque.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. May of Tucumcari are registered at one of the hotels.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Adams of Brooklyn are spending a few days in Las Vegas.

J. Funk a resident of Oakland, Calif., is stopping in the city for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Clark of Colorado Springs are in the city for a brief visit.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Zeah of Omaha were tourist visitors in Las Vegas last night.

J. B. Luck, C. Leffler and Gov. O. Cable were Roy visitors to Las Vegas yesterday.

C. H. Leonard was in the city last night and today on business from his home at Soham.

William Brown and Joseph Lee of Santa Fe registered at one of the hotels last night.

E. M. Keenan of Springer was among the out of town visitors in Las Vegas yesterday.

Monte Butler was in Las Vegas today attending business affairs. Mr. Butler runs a hotel at Mora.

Mr. and Mrs. Esteban Grigo came in yesterday from their home at Rowe for the holiday celebration.

Marion Hill, of Amarillo, Tex., spent last night and today in Las Vegas visiting business acquaintances.

M. A. Maloney and G. B. Frank of Albuquerque attended the Armistice festivities in Las Vegas yesterday.

Mr and Mrs. C. L. Wensell of Wagon Mound spent a few days in the city as the guests of Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Hammond.

Max M. Valdez and Adolfo Medina of Wagon Mound came down yesterday to attend the Armistice celebration. They remained in Las Vegas today to attend business interests.

CLEMENCEAU A NOBLE

Paris.—Georges Clemenceau, Premier of France, is of noble descent, according to the ARMORIAL FRANCAIS, which has been looking up his pedigree. The Clemenceau family, it says, can be traced to Jehan Clemenceau, master printer and librarian of Lower Poitou, who in the fifteenth century obtained from Louis XII a patent of nobility and henceforth was known as Jehan Clemenceau de la Clemenciere. The arms granted to him consisted of "two keys argent crossed on a field azure."

Tuberculosis kills one person every three minutes, twenty every hour, four hundred every day. Buy Red Cross Seals and help prevent this useless loss of human life.

Lay a bet on
rolling 'em with

**PRINCE
ALBERT**

the national joy smoke

ROLLING your own cigarettes with Prince Albert is just about as joy'us a sideline as you ever carried around in your grip! For, take it at any angle, you never got such quality, flavor, fragrance and coolness in a makin's cigarette in your life as every "P. A. home-made" will present you!

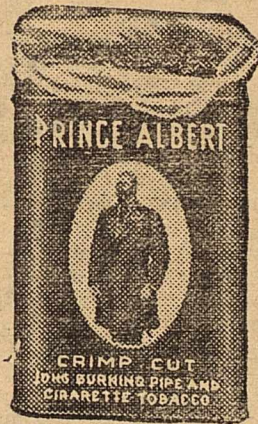
Prince Albert puts new smokenotions under your bonnet! It's so delightful rolled into a cigarette—and, so easy to roll! And, you just take to it like you been doing it since away back! You see, P. A. is crimp cut and a cinch to handle! It stays put—and you don't lose a lot when you start to hug the paper around the tobacco!

You'll like Prince Albert in a jimmy pipe as much as you do in a home-rolled cigarette, too! Bite and parch are cut out by our exclusive patented process. You know P. A. is the tobacco that has led three men to smoke pipes *where one was smoked before*. Yes sir, Prince Albert blazed the way. And, me-o-my, what a wad of smokesport will ripple your way every time you fill up!

Copyright 1919
by R. J. Reynolds
Tobacco Co.

Awaiting your say-so, you'll find toppy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors—and that classy, practical pound crystal glass humidor with sponge moistener top that keeps Prince Albert in such perfect condition!

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco
Company
Winston-Salem, N. C.



San Francisco, Calif.—Out of 53,226 petitions relative to exclusive use of metric weights and measures in U. S. America, now in the keeping of the Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce, 57,800 or 99.27 per cent favor this progress, and only 426, or less than one per cent oppose it. This unqualified endorsement of metric standards for U. S. America is brought out in the analysis just completed at Washington by representatives of World Trade Club of petitions sent to President Wilson and America's national legislators by prominent persons and powerful commercial, manufacturing, civic and fraternal organizations of U. S. America. Some of these petitions represent unanimous resolutions passed at conventions of organizations with thousands of members.

The petitions have come as a result of the efforts of the World Trade Club of San Francisco and the Metric Association of New York in explaining the great advantage of world-wide standardization of weights and measures. The petitions were referred to the U. S. Department of Commerce, and without cost to the United States Government, World Trade Club had them carefully counted and classified under the direct supervision

of Mr. W. Mortimer Crocker of 156 5th Avenue, New York City.

New petitions are coming in daily. The classification to-date shows the following distributions of petitions: Manufacturing concerns, engineering concerns, engineers, architects, contractors were 9,968 in favor and only 154 against meter-liter-gram. Chambers of commerce, trade organizations, exporters, importers were 9,974 in favor and only 51 against meter-liter-gram. Educational institutions, beneficent organizations, individuals in profession were 22,443 in favor and only 74 against meter-liter-gram. Similarly, in all other vocations, although petitions were free to declare for or against meter-liter-gram, less than one per cent objected; and over 99 per cent favored metric standards exclusively.

Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.—That countries other than the United States realize the growing commercial importance of Brazil and the advantage of establishing new or more extended relations with the largest and perhaps the richest of all South American countries is indicated by the large number of foreign concerns establishing offices or agencies here, or seeking Federal permission to car-

ry on business in Brazil.

Every steamer from Europe or the United States brings its quota of business representatives who come prepared to embark in business at once, or to survey the situation and decide upon the desirability of entering the field.

During the last few months an unusual number of new concerns have been authorized to do business here. These include not only companies organized in Brazil with both local and foreign capital, but also many organized and financed in the United States and Europe.

The new enterprises will cover wide fields of activities, ranging from banking, insurance and ship-building to the establishment of seaside resorts. The greater number of them, however, will engage in the business of importing and exporting. One of the new companies is organized with Lisbon and Oporto capital amounting to \$6,000,000 and proposes to foster trade between Brazil and Portugal and her colonies in West Africa.

Mexico City.—Complaints have been received by authorities here from customs officers in Juarez, Chihuahua, against the actions of Am-

erican soldiers who are said to cross the border frequently without permits searching for liquor. In some cases, say the officers, the soldiers have entered private homes in their quest. Pedro Delgado, chief of the customs inspectors in Juarez, says that such violations of neutrality create an extremely delicate situation.

WAR HEROES TAKE PART IN XMAS SEAL SALE

SERGEANT YORK, FAMOUS TENNESSEE SOLDIER, REALIZED WHAT FIGHT AGAINST TUBERCULOSIS MEANS.

The New Mexico Public Health association under the auspices of which the 1919 sale of Red Cross Christmas seals will be conducted in this state has been informed that Colonel Alvin C. York, the famous Tennessean, who as a sergeant in the A. E. F. earned recognition as America's greatest hero and who received his present rank by appointment to a place on the staff of the governor of his state, has accepted the vice chairmanship of the committee which will have charge of the Christmas seals in Tennessee.

Colonel York knows of the ravages of tuberculosis among his fellow mountaineers and, as Tennessee is making heroic efforts to sell enough Christmas seals to enable it to make a winning fight against the deadly "T. B." germs and the germs of other preventable diseases, he has entered the campaign whole heartedly with the hope of doing something which will make it possible to save the lives of the mountaineers whom he loves so well.

"There is need for funds with which to fight tuberculosis in New Mexico as in Tennessee or any other state in the American union," said Clinton P. Anderson, campaign manager of the Red Cross Christmas seal sale for this state, "and I am sure the men who went from this state to fight for the flag as Sergeant York did from his state, realize as he does, what systematic warfare against the great white plague means and will enter the fight as he has done."

"Nearly 300 New Mexico boys were discharged from the various camps of the country and from France because of the development of tuberculosis after they had been inducted into the service. They must be cared for as must others who are falling victims to the deadly T. B. germ. The fight can't be conducted without funds and the funds can be raised if the people of the state buy Red Cross Christmas seals and health bonds which will be offered during the intensive drive which will be made December 1 to 10."

Build a barrier between disease and your children. Buy Red Cross Seals.

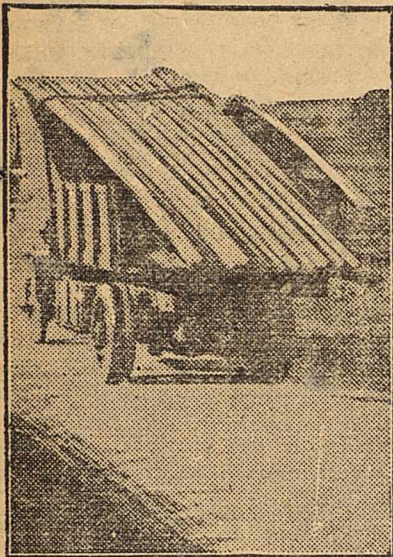
Make New Mexico the healthiest state in the American Union. Join in the fight against the spread of tuberculosis. Buy Red Cross Christmas Seals.

MOTOR TRUCKS TO AID ROADS

Government to Give Army Equipment Valued at \$45,000,000 to State Highway Departments.

More than \$45,000,000 worth of motor trucks are about to be distributed by the secretary of agriculture through the bureau of public roads to the state highway departments. These trucks have been declared surplus by the war department and are being distributed to the states under the provisions of section 7 of the post office appropriation bill. They must be used by the states on roads constructed in whole or in part by federal aid, for which \$200,000,000 in addition to the former appropriation was given to the states under the same bill. All that the states must do to acquire the use of these 20,000 trucks, which range in capacity from two to five tons, is to pay the loading and freight charges.

Of the 20,000 motor vehicles to be



Army Motor Truck Carrying Supplies.

acquired practically free by the states 11,000 are new and 9,000 are used, but all are declared to be in serviceable condition. The motors will be apportioned to states only upon request of the state highway departments on the basis of the requests received from the respective states, and in accordance with the apportionment provided in the federal aid law approved in 1916. The requirements of the laws are such that the bureau of public roads cannot distribute any trucks to counties or individuals.

Warblers of All Colors.

Not taking into account the human beings who are sometimes referred to as warblers, you will find on looking into a bird book that there are many kinds of warblers, ranging alphabetically all the way from gray-breasted warblers to yellow-rumped warblers, says the American Forestry association, Washington.

If you had a collection of them all together they would take in about all the colors of the rainbow, yellow, orange, chestnut, black, white, green, gray, brown and other colors, with numerous shades entering into their beautiful plumage.

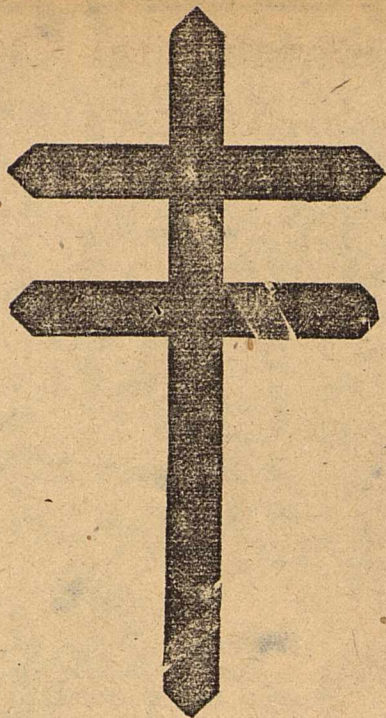
The world's war veterans were having their reunion down on the corner—the reunion that they have every evening after supper.

One lad was telling his experiences and concluded by saying: "I don't see how we ever lived through it. It's a wonder we didn't die from exposure."

"We had a pretty tough war of it over here in the camp," remarked a lad who had never been overseas. Then another veteran of the battle of Camp Taylor smiled and added:

"Yes, just look at Lieutenant (Hard Billed) Smith. He is almost dead from the exposure he is getting over here."

THE SYMBOL OF HOPE.



This is the emblem of the National Tuberculosis Association which annually sponsors the sale of the Red Cross Christmas Seals.

ROOFS GIVEN MORE THOUGHT

Proper Care Bestowed on Them Has Been Found to Pay in More Ways Than One.

In course of the clean-up and paint-up movement, which produced good results in many towns and cities, repairs of all sorts were brought about. The householder who looked over his property in the spring, with a view of merely removing rubbish from back yards and alleys, found that there was much to be done, and as a result of recent experiences in war economies has been inclined to study methods of saving.

One of the interesting features of the "paint-up" activities has been unusual care in choosing colors. Since the ending of the war a wide scale of colors is again offered, and more attention than at any previous time has been paid to general effect, according to reports received by the own-your-own-home section, information and education service, United States department of labor. Roofs have been recognized as important in the color scheme, artistic results being obtained by the use of paint in harmonizing or contrasting hues.

As a matter of conservation in the clean-up and paint-up campaigns the repair of roofs has been studied and various methods have been employed to prevent the expense and labor of replacing wooden shingles. Preparations of asphalt are now commonly employed, for they have the advantage of recommending themselves to fire insurance companies and they are inexpensive. In several cities the slogan, "Save the old wooden shingles" has been incorporated with the regular paint-up and clean-up watchwords.

Marvelous Memories.

It is claimed for Mr. Timmins, the Shakespearean scholar who has just died that at the age of twenty-one he recited the whole of "Hamlet" from memory. Among the professional reciters such a feat would not be regarded as very remarkable.

The late Samuel Brandram knew by heart practically the whole of Shakespeare, and Shakespeare was only one of his many favorites.

In his "Nights With the Poets and Humorists" Brandram drew from all sources, read nothing and was never known to forget a line.—London Chronicle.

FREE PLANS FOR DWELLINGS

United States Housing Corporation's Scheme to Assist Own-Your-Own-Home Committees.

The fact that plans for dwellings, prepared by the United States Housing corporation during war time for various government projects, are to be made available for general public use by the own-your-own-home section, information and education service, United States department of labor, will serve to stimulate the interest of women in all parts of the country in this movement.

Several types of houses have been selected, and the plans for these will be given to own-your-own-home committees which are now carrying on campaigns in more than 40 cities. These plans are for dwellings that will best serve the needs of average families. Beauty and utility have been combined in the most practical manner and the plans are capable of many variations. It is explained that the purpose is not to interfere in any way with the work of local architects by thus providing government plans, free of cost, but it is expected that when the estimates in widely separated states are compiled the information will be of value to prospective home owners, while it will afford comparisons of the varying cost of construction in many parts of the United States. The employment of local architects is advocated.

Requests that local own-your-own-home campaigns be started without delay were sent out by the United States department of labor to 400 cities. Letters were addressed to mayors, labor organizations and the clergy, as well as to clubs and other associations that have expressed willingness to aid the campaigns. While there are now 40 cities conducting well-advanced own-your-own-home campaigns, nearly 200 others have started the work of stimulating building.

Remarkable Women Rulers.

Remarkable in many ways was Elizabeth Petrovna, empress of Russia and daughter of Peter the Great. She died 157 years ago, after a reign of 20 years. While history knows her chiefly for her immorality, she left behind her monuments to her better nature, the University of Moscow and the Academy of Fine Arts in Petrograd. Empress Elizabeth's mother was the Empress Catherine, who had been the wife of a Swedish dragoon, and became the mistress of several men before Peter the Great married her. Her daughter, Elizabeth Petrovna, when she ruled Russia, once became so mortified by one of the jests of Frederick the Great that she made war on the witty Prussian king, and until her death Russia was one of his most dangerous enemies.

PROFIT AND LOSS ON FARMS

Those Who Raise Truck Crops and Supply Table With Vegetables Save Much Money.

A dollar saved is a dollar made. Those who plant gardens, raise truck crops and supply their tables with tender vegetables in summer and canned vegetables in winter will save cash that would be required from the returns of field crops. The cash thus saved may be the difference between profit and loss in farming.

How Man's Strength Fluctuates.

The strength of males increases rapidly from twelve to nineteen years, and more slowly and regularly up to thirty years, after which it declines. The strength of females increases at a more uniform rate from nine to nineteen years, more slowly to thirty, after which it falls off.

The KITCHEN CABINET

This is the law of prosperity. When apparent adversity comes, be not cast down by it, but make the best of it, and always look forward for better things, for conditions more prosperous.

"HAVE A HEART."

The hearts of young animals are all easily cooked and make a delicious meal. Cut in slices and saute in a little butter, cooking not too long, then serve piping hot.



Boiled Heart With Rice and Raisins.—Wash the heart, remove the tubes and gristle, cover with boiling water and cook ten minutes, then simmer very slowly on the back of the stove or in a fireless cooker until tender. Add washed rice, salt and pepper, using three-fourths of a cupful of rice, a teaspoonful of salt, and one-fourth of a teaspoonful of pepper; cook until the rice is tender. Drain the liquor from the rice, add three-fourths of a cupful of raisins, half a cupful of walnuts cut in bits, one and one-half tablespoonfuls of lemon juice, salt and pepper to taste and bring to the boiling point. Place the heart in the center of a platter, surround with cooked rice, pour nuts and raisins over the heart and garnish with parsley.

Kidney a la Pomme.—Wash one kidney, remove the tough portions and tubes, parboil changing the water two or three times. Drain, roll in seasoned flour and cook in three tablespoonfuls of drippings. Remove to a hot platter and keep warm. Slice four large onions, and cook in this fat, remove them when yellow to the serving dish. Add two cupfuls of boiling water to the fat in the pan and add six cooked potatoes cut in thick slices. Bring to the boiling point, add four tablespoonfuls of flour mixed with a third of a cupful of cold water. Stir and cook, add a teaspoonful of kitchen bouquet, with salt and pepper to taste. When the potatoes are thoroughly heated, remove them to the platter, reheat the kidney sauce and pour over the potatoes. Surround with the onions and serve at once.

Puree of Peas.—Cook a pint of tender green peas and put through a sieve; add a tablespoonful of butter mixed with two of flour, salt and pepper to taste. Cook until the flour is well cooked, add a cup of milk, heat and whip with a Dover egg beater, then serve at once. If there are more to serve, the amount of milk may be increased without injuring the flavor.

Nellie Maxwell

Persian Envoy at Mount Vernon.

Shortly after Sir Julian Pauncefote's coming to Washington a complimentary trip to Mount Vernon was arranged for him on the Mayflower, which was the president's yacht. Among the invited guests was the Persian minister. It was quite a social and impressive event. The spectacle of the minister of Great Britain paying respect to the tomb and memory of Washington did not pass without comment upon its historical significance. During the visit the Persian envoy was observed to be standing in profound reverie in front of the iron gate of the tomb. He remained in silence for some minutes, and then, doubtless full of obvious contrasts that might occur to an oriental mind from the land of shahs and of ivory palaces and gorgeous tombs, he turned to a friend and said: "How great a man and how little a cemetery!"—Lieutenant Colonel E. W. Balford in Leslie's Weekly.

The Gypsy's Revenge.

W. H. Campbell had his fortune told last week by one of the gypsies who have been in this neighborhood lately. While he was getting some gasoline at the Halsey garage, preparatory to a trip to Albany, he was approached by one of the fortune tellers, who asked for money. On his refusal to "come across" she told him he would have bad luck all the rest of the day. And sure enough, he had gone only a short distance when the rear axle of his car broke!—Oregonian.

Filipino Proverbs.

There is a certain dignity in many of the proverbs native to the Philippine islands. "A hero is braver for his wounds," the Filipinos say. "The quality of gold is known by rubbing it against a stone." "He who despises counsel is on the way to misfortune." "Whoever believes everything that is said has no mind of his own." In some there is gentle humor. "A sleeping shrimp is carried away by the current." "A fish is caught by the mouth." "If you sleep, brother, the crocodiles will eat you up."

Locusts Used as Food.

Locusts are eaten in many countries where they are roasted or fried in butter. They are also preserved in brine and often dried in the sun. They thus appear in the markets of Arabia, Syria, Egypt and Madagascar, and are even exported as an article of commerce. They are also candied and eaten as a delicacy in China.

First Woman's College.

The first woman's college incorporated as such, was Elmira college founded in 1852.

Optimistic Thought.

Men should be temperate in eating as well as in drinking.

INTERSECTIONS NOT PROVIDED FOR IN PRESENT CONTRACT TO BE COMPLETED

The city council met last night at the city hall in regular session and transacted routine business. A number of the standing committees reported. The work of repairing done on the city hall and the jail was reported as satisfactory and accepted. City Attorney C. W. G. Ward reported that the building committee was working on the building ordinance and would have it ready for presentation at the next regular meeting.

The mayor and the city clerk were authorized to advertise for bids for the paving of the intersections not provided for in the present contract. The call for bids will be printed at once and it is hoped that the work will continue rapidly.

The matter of the storm sewer on Railroad avenue from Lincoln to Seventh street was discussed. The city engineer and J. A. Roach, the engineer for the Santa Fe, are working on plans for the construction of this sewer.

Manager Stephen Powers of the Agua Pura company appeared before the council and explained that steps were being taken towards the installation of a filter for the city water supply.

A number of prominent citizens including D. T. Hoskins and Herman Ilfeld appeared before the council and congratulated it on the excellent work it had been doing towards the improvement of the city.

Putting the Clock Ahead.

How times have changed. The old-fashioned girl who used never to sit up later than nine o'clock has a daughter now who just starts out at nine o'clock for the evening.

Commercial Club Officers Re-Elected for Next Year

The officers and directors of the Commercial club, with the exception of Directors Antonio Lucero, C. W. G. Ward and George Hunker were re-elected last night at the annual meeting of the club. George Fleming, John Shank and E. P. Mackel were elected to succeed the three out-going directors.

About 30 men attended the banquet and meeting, and enjoyed a pleasant evening as well as a profitable one. The president, Herman Ilfeld, suggested that as a considerable lack of interest in the club had been evident during his term of office, the club be abandoned, or that means to stimulate interest be taken. The members of the club who were present spoke, and insisted that the club should be kept up.

Secretary's Report

In his annual report, Secretary Colbert C. Root went into every detail of the club's work and members said that it was one of the most complete ever received by the organization. Mr. Root's report stated that this year for the first time, the entire \$5,000 asked by the Cowboys Reunion association was received, and

exceeded by \$100.

New Hotel

The club members mentioned a number of things that Las Vegas needs, among them being a new hotel, and new homes, that the people coming here may be housed comfortably. They plan for next year will include a campaign for new buildings, for improved roads, and the improvement of the tourist camping grounds north of the city. It was the general impression of the speakers last evening that new literature advertising Las Vegas is necessary, and Dr. F. H. Crail, one of the directors, struck the keynote of the meeting, when he said: "We have been too anxious to have somebody outside to do things for us, instead of doing something for ourselves."

M. R. Gonzalez, the county agent, spoke, telling in detail of the work done by his office. He explained the standardization of crops, and said that the reason that there are not so many failures in the dry farming district as there were formerly is not because of increased moisture, but because of increased knowledge of what to plant and when.

GREAT VICTORY FOR NEW SYSTEM

A great victory has been won by common sense over prejudice.

Gumption has triumphed over ultra conservatism and inertia.

World Trade Club of San Francisco and the Metric Association of New York have just received a classification of the petitions mailed within the past few months to President Wilson and National American legislators, and by them referred to the Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce.

These petitions relate to the exclusive use of metric measures by the United States of America.

99 per cent of the petitioners favored this essential progress. Less than one per cent were against.

This is a great victory for common sense. It shows that thinking people are practically unanimous in recognizing the advantages of metric weights and measures because of their simplicity, logical relations, world-uniformity.

Now it is up to the legislators of the United States of America to put the measure through.

World Trade club has put up a vigorous fight for world-standardization, and has had all the best of it against those objectors—surely less than 10 per cent, perhaps less than one per cent of humankind—who have not looked the matter up.

World Trade club is worthy of its name. It has a world ideal.

World Trade club's ideal is that of universal standardization. If any poor persons wished to sell any quantity by weight or measure in meter-liter-gram with these characters:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

These are understood by all humankind. On all keyboards of all typewriters in all languages are found the characters 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0.

The units meter-liter-gram consti-

tute an universal language of quantity. The person with something to sell expressed in meter-liter-gram, could be understood equally well in San Francisco, Chicago, New York, New Orleans, London, Manchester, Paris, Turino, Geneva, Amsterdam, Buenos Aires, Pretoria, Simla, Sidney, Tokyo, or Toronto.

The material—munition, medicine, whatever it might be—could be sent by helium zep, the bargain closed by airgram, the payment made by sight draft.

The ideal of World Trade club is that a screw bolt made in London should fit into a nut made in New York, through a hole made in San Francisco.

Meter-liter-gram would mean material standardization. That in turn would promote the unity of the world.

First Piano Ad in New York.

New York's first piano advertisement was printed on Jan. 10, 1789. John Jacob Astor, whose store was at 81 Queen street, "next door but one to the Friends' meeting house," was the advertiser. He announced the sale of "an assortment of pianofortes of the newest construction, made by the best makers of London."

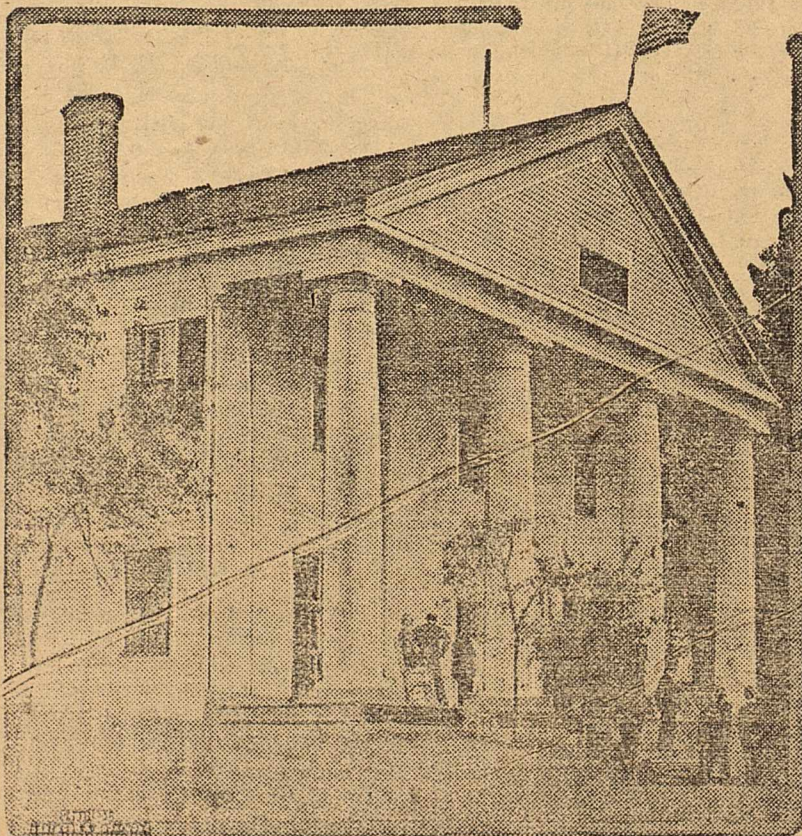
Cicada a Dainty Feeder.

The real locust is an indiscriminate eater, grain fields, cornfields, meadows, pastures, weed patches—everything falls before him. The periodical cicada is dainty almost beyond belief. It was long believed that in the adult stage it took no nourishment at all. But the "seventeen-year locust" does eat while in the adult age, its diet being confined to the juices of plants, sucked out in very small quantities and without causing injury.

Better Than Riches.

A man who gives his children habits of industry provides for them better than by giving them a fortune.—Whately.

LEADS IN ROOSEVELT SUBSCRIPTION



The town of Roswell, Ga., the home of Martha Bulloch, mother of Theodore Roosevelt, now leads in the contest for subscriptions to establish a permanent Roosevelt memorial. Roswell has a population of 1,500 and \$60 was the amount allotted by the committee as its share. The subscription now exceeds \$8,000, or one-tenth of the quota for the entire state of Georgia. This photograph shows Bulloch hall, the home of Roosevelt's mother.

Washington, Nov. 8.—Characterizing all strikes as "industrial barbarism," and declaring that "there is no place in this country either for industrial despotism or labor despotism," the senate committee which investigated the steel strike today presented its report. The committee's main conclusion was expressed in the statement that "the public has a right to demand that capital shall not arrogate to itself the right to determine in its own way those industrial questions, and it is the same as to labor, and the duty is upon congress to provide some way of adjusting these difficulties."

As a permanent preventive of strikes, which the committee concedes, "are apparently the only way for labor to secure even its just dues if employers refuse to grant them," it is recommended that congress authorize the establishment of some mediation agency with well defined powers as the recently dissolved war labor board.

Denver, Nov. 8.—By a vote of five to four, the city council in adjourned session last night passed on first reading an ordinance permitting the Denver Tramway company to restore six cent fares.

The ordinance is expected to bring about an adjustment of the dispute between the tramway company and its employes over wages and to avert a strike threatened by 1,500 train men. Final passage of the measure is expected at the regular session of the council next Monday night. Restoration of the six cent fare will follow Tuesday, as Mayor Bailey has announced he will sign the ordinance at once after its passage.

Mrs. Kay Nakagawa had her husband arrested yesterday on an assault and battery charge. The parties met this morning at the court house and came to an amicable agreement whereby they will separate. The wife is to receive one-half of the husband's wages each month. The charges against the man were dropped.

The couple have resided in Las Vegas for the past six months at 736 Railroad avenue. Kay Nakagawa is a cook at the Harvey house. His wife is an American woman and from the stories told by both sides their matrimonial voyage has been a stormy one. The case was handled by Deputy Sheriff N. V. Gallegos.

Columbus, O., Nov. 8.—Complete returns from all but two precincts in the state including official returns from 85 of the 88 counties tabulated at 1:30 o'clock in the office of the secretary of state give the dyes a majority of 1,480 votes in favor of ratification of federal prohibition. The vote stood: For ratification 493,776. Against ratification 498,296.

Springer, N. M., Nov. 8.—Charles C. Stabb, cashier of the Colfax county bank here, was accidentally shot last evening by a fellow employe. The ball entered Stabb's right side below the arm and came out on the left side in front of the shoulder. Three doctors are attending the wounded man, whose condition is said to be critical. The revolver, which was being handled by a bank employe, was accidentally discharged.

Mrs. Ted Hayward and son, Edward, will return to their home in Trinidad tomorrow.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Nov. 8.—Oklahoma voters of the Fifth congressional district, both men and women, went to the polls today to ballot indirectly for or against the league of nations and the Wilson administration in general. The weather was cloudy and rainy. The pro-league and anti-league questions are represented respectively, by candidates for the place vacated by the death of Representative Joe B. Thompson.

Albuquerque, N. M., Nov. 8.—The tippie at the Morgau-Jones mine at Madrid, Santa Fe county, was destroyed by fire last night. Miners fought the flames without success, because of high wind. There has been no strike trouble but Superintendent H. C. Schick said the origin was a mystery. It is being investigated.

Miners in the camp are largely Spanish-American but they did not go on strike. This is the first trouble of any sort in New Mexico mines since the strike began.

There is a steady improvement in strike conditions throughout the New Mexico fields and a continued increase in output, Governor Larrazole declared today. The Koehler mine, the largest property of the St. Louis, Rocky Mountain territory is mining more coal than ever.

County Superintendent of Schools Benito F. Baca returned last night from Anton Chico, where he, in company of Dr. Z. A. D'Amour, visited the schools. Mr. Baca stated this morning that since the vaccination drive has started more than 2,000 school children of the county have received the smallpox prevention treatment. The superintendent and physicians have 20 schools yet to visit before the campaign is ended.

Mr. Baca reports good attendance at practically all of the schools. Though in some localities the authorities are having trouble enforcing the compulsory attendance law.

DOUBT ON LIQUOR LAW

New York, Nov. 8.—Doubt as to the validity of the wartime prohibition law was expressed here today by Federal Judge Learned Hand. He voiced his opinion during argument on a motion to vacate an injunction classifying the Eastern hotel as a "public menace" under the Volstead act.

El Paso, Texas, Nov. 8.—Andreas G. Garcia consul general for Mexico at El Paso, in a formal note to the United States military authorities here today asked that steps be taken to arrest and punish three American soldiers, who, it is charged, crossed the international border into Mexico Thursday last and shot Juan Orrantia and his son Concepcion.

Henry W. Letcher, of New York city, arrived Wednesday and is visiting his cousin, William H. Springer, and his uncle, William Frank. Mr. Letcher is a well known manufacturers' representative in the empire city and is a son of Adolf Letcher, a pioneer of this section. His father was well known to all the old timers. Said his business interests in 1873 and later resided in Baltimore, Maryland. He was a former partner of Charles II. Feld.

Mrs. Charles Tamme returned home Sunday after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Herbert Fell of Denver.

Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 8.—Indictments have been found in the United States district court for New Mexico against officials of the Cannon Ball Motor company; Western Tire Mfg. company; and the C. A. Robertson Brokerage company of Texico, New Mexico, charging them with using the mails to defraud, according to information given out by Assistant United States District Attorney J. O. Seth here today.

It is claimed by the district attorney's office that pictures were sent making Texico "look like Pittsburgh" while in fact the tire company had merely bought a small building and some second hand machinery and the motor company had purchased only a small office building. The brokerage company was said to have been organized to sell stock in the other concerns. Mr. Seth said it was estimated that the company got nearly \$400,000 from the stock buyers in New Mexico, Colorado and Texas the greater part of which was paid out as commissions.

Trinidad, Colo., Nov. 8.—The first week of the coal strike in the southern Colorado coal fields is rounding out today as quietly as it began. All Victor American Fuel company contract mines have operated with full shifts all week. In C. F. and I. company mines in the counties of Las Animas and Huerfano, 70.8 per cent of the normal force is reported at work today, a drop from 72 per cent reported yesterday. A decrease of 50 men at work today is due, company officials say, to the usual Saturday layoff.

Coal production of the C. F. and I. mines in the two districts yesterday aggregated 4031 tons the largest day's output since the strike order went into effect. The first week of the coal strike here has been free from disorder of any sort.

Indianapolis, Nov. 8.—The United Mine Workers today were ordered to withdraw the strike order under which 400,000 men quit work November 1. The mandate was issued by Judge A. B. Anderson of the United States district court after a hearing in which the union attorneys fought vainly for a chance to present arguments on the right to strike.

The union was given until November 11 at 6 p. m. to issue the cancellation. This date was selected because so many defendants were absent. The union attorney explained the absentees must be summoned by telegraph from many parts of the country to issue the cancellation order.

The attorneys announced that President Lewis and Secretary Green of the union propose obeying the court order but that they could not speak for their fellow officials.

Washington, Nov. 8.—Deportation of all aliens engaged in "red" activities has been determined upon by the department of justice Attorney General Palmer announced today.

Details of the widespread clean up of radicals last night and today show that more than 200 were arrested in 13 cities. Mr. Palmer has asked the department of labor to deport all of them.

Included among the material and literature seized by government agents

Washington, Nov. 8.—The first of the foreign relation committee's 14 reservations to the peace treaty, relating to withdrawal from the league of nations was adopted today by the senate.

The vote stood 50 to 35, five democrats joining the republicans who lined up solidly for the proposal.

By a vote of 49 to 37 the senate refused to strike out entirely the provision for congressional notice of withdrawal. On this roll call the republicans stood solidly against the motion and were joined by Senators Gore, Reed, Smith of Georgia, and Walsh of Massachusetts, all democrats.

Another amendment by Senator King, democrat, Utah, extending the withdrawal provisions to all members of the league was rejected 52 to 30.

DROP IN COAL SUPPLY

Washington, Nov. 8.—Production of bituminous coal last Saturday the first day of the coal strike, was estimated today by the geological survey at slightly less than 700,000 tons. This compares with an average normal daily output of nearly 2,000,000 tons.

were quantities of articles used in making bombs, a complete counterfeit plant, a large supply of counterfeit bank notes, thousands of pieces of literature described as of the most inflammatory nature, and scores of red flags, rifles and revolvers.

Agents of the department of justice and the bureau of immigration have been collecting evidence in these cases for two months, Mr. Palmer said. All of those arrested were Russians.

Pueblo, Colo., Nov. 8.—When informed of the action of Judge Anderson, Secretary H. C. Stewart, of district No. 15 said:

"I have no official information of the court order. The officials of district 15 did not call a strike and we cannot call off something we did not start. If the strike in this district is to end the order must come from Indianapolis."

Washington, Nov. 8.—Crop production estimates issued today by the department of agriculture in its November crop report included:

Corn 2,910,250,000 bushels.
Buckwheat 20,120,000.
Potatoes 352,025,000.
Sweet potatoes 102,946,000.
Tobacco 1,316,553,000 pounds.
Flax seed 9,450,000 bushels.

John and Bill McNierney are shipping a fine bunch of cattle to the Kansas City market. Twenty carloads will go from Shoemaker, five from Wagon Mound, and six from here. The McNierneys are said to have some of the finest cattle in this country.

W. W. Patterson and wife and two sons and W. J. Huggoy of Mount Pleasant, Ohio, stopped in Las Vegas over Sunday. They are enroute to the Pacific coast.

It is a remarkable fact that the deepest parts of the sea are in all cases very near land.

In China are to be seen horses that are spotted almost like leopards.

In Finland lawyers, before they can secure government employment, must serve as policemen for the purpose of gaining practical experience.

FUNDS RAISED THROUGH ENTERTAINMENTS TO BE USED FOR PAVING

With an immense crowd and much enthusiasm, the Catholic bazaar closed Saturday night after a week's session at the Duncan opera house. Dancing began early and continued until midnight, and practically the entire crowd remained until the last number on the program.

Great interest was aroused in the contest for the hope chest, and friends of the various contestants worked hard to land them the prize. When the votes were counted it was found that Miss Anna Fontaine led, with over 16,000 votes; Miss Theresa Cotnam, was second with 5,552; Miss Lucy Clement was third with 3,337 and Miss Sofie Duran was fourth with 1080. There was secret balloting during the last half hour of the contest, and the partisans of the various candidates did some hard and fast electioneering, rounding up the last votes. The young ladies who did not win, but who made the contest a hard one, were given consolation prizes of handsome pieces of lingerie.

The contest for the doll was won by Miss Pita Goke, with Miss Lenora McNierney, second. Numerous other smaller contests were staged and many persons won prizes, ranging from tons of coal to table scarfs and sweaters. The dancing was much enjoyed, and the refreshment booth did a big business.

It is understood that the bazaar was a success from the financial standpoint, as well as an entertainment provider. Much credit is due to the officers of the bazaar committee, who are Mrs. M. A. Hagest, chairman; Mrs. A. A. Meloney and Mrs. J. E. Logsdon, vice chairmen; Mrs. C. T. Farley secretary and treasurer; Mrs. Carl Wells, recording secretary.

Entertainments were given under the general direction of Mrs. Colbert C. Root, who was ably assisted by the town's best talent Miss Helen Kelly as supervisor of the children's dancing, and who also had charge of a clever musical entertainment on one of the evenings, also did valuable service. Miss Marie Senecal and the Normal Glee club, and Mrs. Adolphine Kohn and the High School Glee club furnished much appreciated programs on two evenings. A feature of Friday night's program which was overlooked in the report Saturday was the fancy dancing of Miss Vida Sulier.

Realizing that the success of the bazaar was largely due to the support and assistance of the non-Catholic public, Rev. Father Rabeyrolle and the bazaar committee wish publicly to thank all such persons for their cooperation. Also they wish to thank the Catholic people of the Immaculate Conception and other parishes for loyal work. The entire proceeds of the bazaar will be used to pay for paving adjoining the church property, so that all the money will be spent in the interest of every citizen of Las Vegas.

Miss Marie Mann, who has been visiting in the east for the past two months, will be the guest of Mrs. Ted Hayward in Trinidad before returning home.

A. G. Trujillo came down yesterday from his home at Mora and spent today in this city visiting business associates.

LOCAL POST SENDS LETTER TO CHAPTERS OF LABOR IN CITY

The following was taken from a letter which the local post of the American Legion sent to the various local unions last week. It states the stand of the Legion on the union-capital question:

"Right here, et it be said that the American Legion is strictly a non-partisan body and must be kept so or it cannot maintain its position in this country as a forceful exponent of true Americanism. So far as the unions are concerned the Legion has nothing whatever to say concerning them or their actions or their policies, so long as they are loyal to our government, and the Legion being composed of all classes of men who served in the war, both union, non-union and otherwise, cannot allow itself to take any stand on any political question or to take a hostile attitude against any body of men except on purely patriotic reasons concerning which there could be no dispute or question.

"It has been rumored that the mounted police organization was for the purpose of taking the place of strikers. That of course is not true. It was solely organized at the request of the government of this state for the express and sole purpose of protecting the citizenship of the country against riot, murder and lawlessness, should the same become rampant in our midst and beyond the control of the police authorities. We have no national guard at present, and the governor called on the American Legion as such to assist in the organization of this mounted police because he knew the Legion was composed of patriotic young men who would be glad to help protect the country should it be necessary to do so. The membership of this voluntary body is not limited to the American Legion, but any patriotic American citizen can become a member."

Eliza, the three year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Juan Alire, died yesterday morning at the home of her parents on the West side. The funeral was held this afternoon from the Church of Our Lady of Sorrows. Interment was in St. Joseph's cemetery under the direction of J. C. Johnsen and Sons.

Q. E. Mullins of Trinidad is registered at one of the local hotels.

In view of the unending conflict between capital and labor, and pending such possible legislation as might at least mitigate the disastrous conditions resulting from multiplying strikes and lockouts, why cannot we in each state form a definite organization of the consuming public, whose accredited delegates would have the right to sit in conference with miners and operators, with steel men and their employes, with all opposing forces whose action could directly or indirectly affect the public interest? Is this a fantastic suggestion? Perhaps. But why should it be considered inconsistent or unfeasible? An industrial body authorized to act for 90,000,000 persons to prevent loss and suffering when employers and employes fail or refuse to agree should serve as a formidable economic force.

The public certainly should be entitled to a voice in these disputes, for it is the public who must suffer and

pay the cost of all strikes and lockouts. Grant the possibility of such an organization, with power to provide equitable programs insuring square dealing to both capital and labor in every instance, and the power to compel obedience, and we should be done with the strike and lockout. The suggestion, perhaps, simply is an enlargement of the arbitration idea, but it should be more effective than any arbitration procedure yet attempted in any country. This greater union would be a purely defensive organization, acting for the good of the whole people. Why should it be impossible of development in detail?

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 12.—Original demands for 60 per cent increase in wages, a six hour day and a five day week will be resented to operators by mine workers in joint conference Friday in Washington, at the instance of Secretary of Labor Wilson, according to Frank Farrington, chairman of the miners' side committee, who came here today en route to the national capital.

Asked whether the miners would obey the strike rescinding order of Acting President Lewis, Farrington said:

"In my judgment the miners will not return to work." He added, however, that he spoke only for the Illinois district, of which he is president.

Farrington said the impression that the "slate had been wiped clean" so far as demands were concerned, had no basis in fact, although the miners stood ready to negotiate a new scale without reservations.

"The old demands will stand," Farrington said. "They were formulated by the Cleveland convention. All of them, however, are subject to negotiation."

Miners' representatives will insist, he declared, that any new agreement be effective at once and not on March 31, 1920, as operators formerly contended.

FUNDS FROM THIS YEAR'S EVENT TO PAY FOR NEW ALARM SYSTEM.

Greater Las Vegas has the best fire protection of any city in the United States, of equal size. This is due to the fact that the two volunteer companies, engaged in friendly rivalry to excel in equipment and personnel, constantly keep themselves at a high state of efficiency. Each attracts members of an ability and enthusiasm that could not be obtained by a paid department, and in much greater numbers than the city could afford to pay. The latest improvement to the fire protection equipment is the installation of a Gamewell fire alarm system, which will enable alarms to be sent in much more quickly than under the present system, and is expected to reduce the cost of fire insurance. To meet the expense, the East Las Vegas Fire Department, which has arranged for the installation of the system, will give its annual masquerade dance on December 9. Tomorrow and Friday committees will solicit prizes to be offered at the dance. It is hoped the merchants and others will respond generously, as the department hopes to make this dance the biggest and best it has ever given.

DRY LAW CAN'T BE ENFORCED IS RULING OF JUDGE

Providence, R. I., Nov. 12.—Judge Arthur L. Brown in the federal district court today issued a temporary injunction against Harvey A. Baker, United States Attorney and George F. Shaunessy, collector of internal revenue, restraining them from enforcing the provisions of the wartime prohibition act. The injunction was issued upon the petition of the Narragansett Brewing company.

The sale of four per cent beer was resumed at once by Providence liquor dealers. The opinion is the first construction of the Volstead enforcement act, handed down by any court in the country. It virtually states the belief of the court that the entire wartime prohibition act is unconstitutional and cannot be enforced.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Secretary Lansing in a statement today designed "to make clear the government's attitude on the question of responsibility of Mexico for the safety of Americans in that country" declared it was "the privilege as well as the right of this government by that justice is accorded its citizens and their rights given proper protection."

Mr. Lansing explained that he issued his statement because some papers, in connection with the kidnapping of William O. Jenkins, American consular agent at Puebla, had made it appear that he had said, "that Americans in Mexico had no greater rights to protection than Mexicans."

FOREST SERVICE WILL MAKE BANDELIER MONUMENT WELL KNOWN

Albuquerque, N. M., Nov. 12.—Through an agreement between the Archaeological Institute of America and the Forest service, steps are being taken to make the ancient ruins of the Bandelier national monument on the Rio de los Frijoles more accessible, as well as to preserve them from injury. The forest service has allotted \$5,000 and Sandoval \$500 for improving the road to the monument from Buckman. The survey will be made this winter and construction begun in the spring. The archaeological institute is planning to do further excavation of ruins, and the forest service is arranging to furnish funds for preserving and restoring some of the ruins under the supervision of the institute.

The forest service is now constructing a caretaker's house at the Bandelier Monument, designed by Carlos Vierra, the well known authority on New Mexico architecture.

The forest service is planning an extensive campaign to make the Bandelier monument well known throughout America. A large number of motion pictures have been taken and will soon be released.

PERSONALS

From Friday's Daily:
 S. B. Gasser is a Tucumcari visitor to Las Vegas.
 J. T. Cole and C. U. Taggart of Santa Rosa are in the city.
 A. A. Boyle of Albuquerque is among the state visitors to this city.
 E. G. Mares of Ocate registered at one of the hotels last night.
 R. C. Popham of Denver is registered at one of the local hotels.
 Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Hughes of Trinidad are visiting friends in this city.
 Dave Houston of St. Joseph, Mo., is among the business visitors to the city.
 A. J. Steager of El Paso is spending a few days in Las Vegas on business.
 Leandro Sena is a Santa Rosa resident stopping in the city for a few days.
 H. H. Hoyt is registered at one of the hotels. Mr. Hoyt is from St. Louis.
 D. S. Wright of Springer was in the city today looking after business interests.
 John Doherty of Trinchera, Colorado, is attending business interests in the city.
 Mr. and Mrs. Charles Clary are Seneca, Nebraska residents topping in this city.
 Herman Vorenberg of Wagon Mound spent last night and today in the city on business.
 Mr. and Mrs. Gene Dowis of Sheridan, Missouri are in Las Vegas for a brief visit.
 E. M. Hixenbaugh was in Las Vegas today on business from his home at Wagon Mound.
 The Rev. C. H. Busch of Plainville, Indiana, is among the strangers stopping in Las Vegas.
 Mr. and Mrs. E. D. McMillen of Siker City, this state, are spending a few days in the city.

LEGION TO HOLD MEETING TONIGHT

American Legion tonight at 8 o'clock at the Commercial Club. The meeting is called to go over the accounts incident to the Armistice Day celebration. All members are urgently requested to be present.
 At the last meeting of the Legion it was decided to make the Armistice Day celebration an annual event. The county convention will be held in Las Vegas on July 4th at which time delegates to the State Convention will be selected. The meeting of the state convention will take place in October. Delegates to the National Convention will be elected at that time.

ZAPATISTAS ATTACKING

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 13.—Oaxaca, capitol of the Mexican state of the same name, is threatened with an attack by Zapatistas and Felicistas, according to an article appearing in Excelsior, a newspaper of Mexico City.

John A. Taley, foreman of the roundhouse at Deming, N. M., is here on a short visit to his mother, Mrs. B. Archibald.

MINERS AND OPERATORS MEETING AT WASHINGTON THIS AFTERNOON

Both Sides Have Indicated Willingness to Accept a Reasonable Adjustment of Their Differences

Washington, Nov. 14.—Athe conference of coal miners and operators from the bituminous coal fields this afternoon, Secretary of Labor Wilson, acting as mediator, hoped a lasting settlement of the differences which led to the recent soft coal trike would be reached. Fuel Administrator Garfield has accepted an invitation from Secretary Wilson to attend and likely will act in an advisory capacity, although exactly what part he will play in the proceedings has not been announced.
 Both the miners and operator have indicated their willingness to accept a reasonable adjustment of their differences and bring about harmony within their ranks.

The first snag the conference will run upon will be the unwillingness of operators outside of the competitive field to enter into negotiations for another nationwide agreement similar to the Washington wage agreement made during the war.
 That agreement, negotiated by Fuel Administrator Garfield, was the first to fix the same date for the expiration of contracts between operators and miners in all parts of the country. Opposition was expressed to the continuance of this agreement because it gave the union officials power to call nationwide strikes.
 Owners of outlying mines will attend today's conference of miners and operators, but will not agree to enter into the negotiations, according to F. W. Lukings, president of the Southwestern Inter-state Coal Operators' association, who presided at the conference of the operators.
 Mr. Lukings said these operators favored the continuance of negotiations between the operators and miners in competitive fields, but would not enter the negotiations themselves until they had an opportunity to meet and caucus.

Stockholm, Nov. 14.—The nobel prize for physics for 1918 has been awarded to Professor Max. Planck of Berlin University. The physics prize of 1919 has been given to Professor Stark of Greifwald University. The chemistry prize for 1918 goes to Professor Fritz Haber of Berlin University. The chemistry prize for 1919 will be held over until next year.

SOLDIERS GUARD CAPITAL

Denver, Nov. 14.—As a measure of precaution during the present period of unrest, a detail of national guardsmen, armed with rifles and bayonets, was placed on guard at Colorado's state house today. Fifteen men, under Major Marshall, were assigned to the duty.

Letters are delivered in some of the islands of the Tonga group, in the Pacific, by skyrockets fired from steamers.

The highest interest that can be charged for a loan in the Isle of Man is six per cent, and that has been the lawful rate for more than 200 years.

MINISTERS FORM AN ASSOCIATION

A very enthusiastic meeting of the ministers of this city was held this week at the home of the Rev. Thomas E. Thuresson on Eighth street. This organization hereafter will be known as the Las Vegas Ministerial association. The membership consists of Dr. T. E. Thuresson, Dr. Carl Schorr, Dr. Campbell, Dr. C. F. Pierce, The Rev. J. S. Moore, the Rev. A. B. Hubbard and the Rev. J. C. Jackson. A committee composed of Dr. Thuresson and Dr. Schorr is busy composing and arranging the by-laws which will be presented at a meeting to be held next Tuesday morning at the home of the Rev. Thuresson.

PREACHERS GET A RAISE

New York, Nov. 14.—An average increase of 40 per cent in the salary of Methodist ministers throughout the country to meet the cost of living were announced today by the Central Methodist Episcopal conference of New York.

PUBLIC GETS POOR BUTTER

Washington, Nov. 14.—Despite the high prices charged, butter consumers are in many cases getting large percentages of water, salt and coloring matters, officials of the bureau of chemistry, announced today. Butter seized under the federal laws, the statements said, testified to this belief.

REFUSES INJUNCTIONS

New York, Nov. 14.—Federal Judge Learned Hand refused today to grant injunctions restraining enforcement of the Volstead prohibition act.

COUNTESS TOLSTOY DEAD

London, Nov. 14.—Countess Tolstoy, widow of the famous Russian novelist, died at Yasnaya Poliana November 4, according to a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Helsingfors quoting the Kransted Gazette.

STATE SECRETARY OF BAPTISTS COMING

CHURCH WILL HOLD GET TOGETHER MEETING NEXT WEDNESDAY NIGHT.

Dr. J. W. Bruner, secretary of the state board of missions for the Baptist church, has arranged to visit the First Baptist Church in this city next Wednesday. The Booster committee of the church has decided to hold a big get together meeting at 6 o'clock on Wednesday evening when a dinner will be served. Following the meal Dr. Bruner will address the meeting.

The church extends an invitation to all of the congregation and their friends to be present on this occasion. The members are particularly urged to make their plans so as to be able to attend on next Wednesday evening.

Word has been received in Las Vegas of the death of Elmer O. Lutz in San Diego. The Lutz family resided here for many years owning the property which is now the Ike Bacharach residence.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith of 408 Washington Avenue are the happy parents of a baby boy born at St. Anthony's Sunday evening. They have named him Phillip Gordon.

Mr. R. A. Martin returned to Las Vegas from his Salado ranch yesterday. Mr. Pope, his partner, accompanied him and later left for Montana to be gone a week or ten days.

The senior class of the Normal University through the courtesy of Manager Kohn of the K. and F. amusement company will have charge of the show at the Coronado tomorrow night. The picture will be Wallace Reid in the "Roaring Road". The proceeds will be used by the class for the purpose of purchasing a memorial to be placed in the Hfeld Auditorium.

RAILWAY CONFERENCE NEARING END

Washington, Nov. 14.—Discussion of the demands of the four railroad brotherhoods for revision of working conditions, which have been in progress between the brotherhoods chiefs and Director General Hines all week, appeared today to be nearing an end. Railroad administration officials belived all arguments will have been completed within 24 hours.

Word has been received in this city of the death of Walter Tishler in Denver on Tuesday evening. Mr. Tishler was a brother of Mrs. Charles Greenclay and has visited this city on a number of occasions and at one time resided here for several months. He died from injuries received on October 30 when he fell down a mountain side near Denver. Mr. Tishler was a photographer and was connected with one of the best known firms in Denver, Tishler and Langer.