



**The Chase County Courant,**  
Official Paper of Chase County.

W. E. TIMMONS, Editor and Publisher.

Some of our exchanges are talking up Judge J. Jay Beck, of Emporia, as a candidate for the position made vacant on the Supreme Bench by the appointment of Judge Brewer to be U. S. Judge. Judge Beck is a gentleman of excellent legal attainments, and we should like for him to get the Republican nomination for that office; because, should the Republicans be the successful party in that contest, we would feel assured that we had a Judge of sterling worth and marked ability.

**STATE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.**

The Democratic State Central Committee, which met in Topeka, on the 26th ultimo, decided to call the State Convention to meet in Topeka, May 25th, to nominate delegates to the National Democratic Convention which will meet in Chicago, July 5th. The basis of representation agreed upon is, 1 delegate for every 250 votes cast for Governor Glick in 1882, and 1 delegate for every fraction of over 125 votes cast for Governor Glick. This will make about 350 delegates in the State Convention.

**STONE BRIDGES.**

Under the foregoing head the Marion County Record says: "A new bridge is soon to be built down in Chase county, and the authorities are undecided whether to erect a stone or wooden structure. It seems strange to us that there should be any difficulty in deciding a question of this kind. True, the first cost of a wooden bridge is less than that of a stone structure; but it will require but a few years to overcome this difference. It is ounce wisdom and pound foolishness to construct temporary bridges that constantly need repairing and soon need replacing, when good, everlasting stone bridges can be erected at a small additional cost. If our Chase county friends want practical evidence of the superiority of stone-arch bridges, let them send a committee to inspect Marion county's three stone bridges, and to investigate the work now in progress on the fourth." The Record's "heart is very level" on this subject; but where the proposed bridge is to be built we are unable to say.

**MEETING OF GREENBACK CENTRAL COMMITTEE.**

There was a meeting of the Greenback County Central Committee, at the office of Madden Bros., on April 7th, 1884, all present, except member from Toledo township.

On motion, O. H. Drinkwater was elected Chairman, John Madden, Secretary, and I. C. Warren, Treasurer.

On motion, the Secretary was instructed to correspond with the State Central Committee as to plans of organization.

On motion, the following resolution was read and adopted:

WHEREAS, The Strong City Independent has heretofore been regarded by the Greenbackers of Chase county as an exponent of our principles and attached to our cause, and has secured in the past the patronage and support of our party in this county,

Resolved, That the Central Committee unanimously express their dissatisfaction and disapproval of the course so lately taken by said paper, in holding up and advocating men and measures of the old parties.

Moved and carried, that this be published in the Chase County Courant.

Adjourned sine die.  
O. H. DRINKWATER,  
JOHN MADDEN, Ch'm'n.  
Secretary.

**PATENTS GRANTED.**

The following patents were granted to citizens of Kansas during the week ending April 1, 1884, reported expressly for this paper by Jos. H. Hunter, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, 934 F Street, Washington, D. C.: Cyrus W. Allen, Anthony, thi coupling; Wm. K. Mottram and James A. Mandy, Ottawa, lifting jack; True J. Smith, Topeka, fence post; Thos. D. Aylworth, Oswego, hay press.

**CHEAP MONEY.**

Interest at 7 per cent., on two, three, four, or five years time, real estate security. Call on Thos. O. Kelley, at Young & Kelley's Law Office, nov22-tf.

We give below the Constitution and By-Laws of the Chase County Stock Growers' Association as promised last week:

1.—The officers of this association shall consist of a President, Secretary, Treasurer, and a Vice President for each township in which there shall be members of this association.

2.—It shall be the duty of the President to preside at all meetings and to generally attend to the interests of the association, and to call special meetings of the association as circumstances may require.

3.—It shall be the duty of the secretary to keep a record of all transactions of the association, and to receive all money and transfer the same to the Treasurer and take his receipt for the same, and to perform the duties incident to such office. It shall also be the duty of the Secretary, upon receipt by him from any Vice President, as herein after provided by article 5, forthwith to notify all the members of the executive committee of the receipt of such report and nature thereof.

4.—It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to receive and safely keep the funds of the association, and to perform duties incident to his office, provided that no funds of the association shall be used or paid out by the Treasurer except upon written order of the Secretary and countersigned by the President, and before entering upon his duties he shall execute a proper bond in the penal sum of one thousand dollars to be approved by the Executive Committee.

5.—It shall be the duty of the several Vice Presidents, in each of their respective townships, to carefully observe the management of the stock interests in such townships and to report from time to time to the secretary of the association any contagious or other diseases that may be of interest to the association or exportation of any animal or animals brought from an infected district or locality, giving the place from whence imported or where exported, as near as possible, and if diseased, the nature and extent thereof, and to perform such other duties as may from time to time be required of them by the executive committee.

6.—The management and control of the affairs of the association shall be under the supervision of, an executive committee which shall consist of the President, Secretary and Treasurer, provided however that the Vice President shall be ex-officio members of such executive committee.

7.—The annual meeting of this association shall be held on the third Saturday of March of each year hereafter at such hour and place as may be designated by the executive committee and at which annual meeting the officers shall be elected for the ensuing year, provided however that all officers shall hold their respective offices until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

8.—The executive committee shall at all times have power to take such steps as may be necessary for the prevention of the spread of any disease among live stock and may resort to such means as may be necessary therefor.

9.—Any person may become a member of this association by the payment of an initiation fee of one dollar and and listing with the Secretary the number of stock he owns, including horses, cattle, sheep and hogs which he may have in Chase county, and subscribing to the laws of the association as set forth herein, and said persons hereby agree to abide by the said rules, and such stock as listed shall be subject to an assessment pro rata from time to time as the necessities of the association may require, provided however that the executive committee shall make such per capita assessment upon the members of the association as may from time to time be deemed necessary and equitable.

10.—In case any member's stock is exposed to danger of disease from animals, the association shall bear all the expenses of taking legal steps for his protection and all other steps which the association shall deem necessary for his protection and that such aid of the association shall be granted to members only.

11.—Vice Presidents may receive subscriptions and receipt for fees paid by members and turn said fees over to the Secretary taking his receipt for the same.

12.—It shall be the duty of any and all members of this association, on or before the 1st day of November of each year, to report to the Secretary of this association all estrays he may know of, their location, brands and description and the Secretary shall keep a record for the inspection of any member of this association.

13.—The executive committee of this association shall offer and pay out of any funds belonging to the association a reward of not less than twenty-five dollars for the information, detection, arrest and conviction of any thief for stealing stock of any kind from any member of this association.

14.—This constitution may be altered or amended by a two-third vote of the members of the association.

About 100 bushels of seed potatoes, Clark's No. 1, early, excellent eating and keeping potatoes, for sale, by A. Bandolin, on Diamond creek, Chase county, Kansas.

High wind, yesterday, blew the photograph tent into pieces.

Dr. Smith, Dentist, is in town.

**DISTRICT COURT.**

L. HOOK, JUDGE.

The District Court of this county has decided the following cases since it began, on April 1:

State vs. Geo. Balch and R.M. Watson, libel; dismissed.  
State vs. Peter Welland, assault and battery, appeal; dismissed.  
State vs. Henry Ford, incest; verdict, guilty.

Horace H. Wilcox vs. John Johnson et al, Texas cattle case; dismissed as to Miller, Green and Place, without prejudice, and judgment for costs for Johnson.

W. R. Goodwin vs. Henry Howe et al, foreclosure; dismissed.  
W. H. Carter vs. John and O. C. Pratt, replevin; dismissed.

Wm. J. O'Byrne vs. Geo. Balch et al, injunction; judgment by default.

Edward Harbert vs. Smith Kellogg, replevin; dismissed.  
J. A. Smith vs. Geo. Balch et al, replevin; dismissed.

Edward Harbert vs. D. C. Evans, replevin; dismissed.

C. L. Baker vs. Samuel J. Innon et al, to quiet title; judgment as prayed for.

Hildebrand Bros. & Jones v. A. Dobbins, foreclosure; judgment for \$170.29.

N. Amabaugh vs. John R. Harris; dismissed.

George W. Holsinger vs. Charles Hancock, ejectment; judgment for plaintiff set aside, and new trial granted.

W. R. Goodwin vs. Henry Howe et al; dismissed.

Chase County National Bank vs. G. C. Mullar and J. S. Shipman, note; judgment against Shipman for \$1,437.29, and continue for service, as to Mullar.

Jacob Hornberger vs. Geo. Balch, replevin; verdict for defendant.

**PUBLIC SALE.**

Three miles east of Cottonwood Falls, on the farm of Hinkle & Harvey, at the mouth of South Fork.

Consisting of one hundred and thirty head of thorough bred and graded stock cattle.

49 head of yearling steers.

20 head of yearling heifers.

2 bulls.

The rest are cows with calves by their side, or with calf by a thorough bred bull.

TERMS.—Six, 9 and 12 months, to suit purchasers, with good approved security.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m., Monday, April 14, 1884.

HINKLE & HARVEY.

**FINAL TAX NOTICE.**

STATE OF KANSAS, Chase County, Office of county Treasurer, Cottonwood Falls Kas. April 1st 1884.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that the following described land and town lots in Chase county, Kansas, sold on the 6th day of September, 1881 for the taxes, penalties and charges thereon for the year 1880, will be redeemed to the purchaser thereof unless redeemed on or before the 6th day of September 1884 and the amount of taxes, penalties and charges on each parcel of land and town lot calculated to the 6th day of September, 1884, is set opposite each description and town lot.

J. S. SHIPMAN, county Treasurer.

BARAAN TOWNSHIP.

Supposed Owner.	Description.	S. T. R. Am't.
W. B. Beebe,	no 1/2 of sw 1/4 of 21 22 5, 19 23	27 28
"	sw 1/4 of 20 20 8, 27 28	27 28
"	sw 1/4 of " " " " "	27 28
"	sw 1/4 of " " " " "	27 28
E. T. Baker,	sw 1/4 of sw 1/4 of 17 21 " " "	10 25
Jan Allen,	e 1/2 of sw 1/4 of 8 22 8, 69 10	27 28
W. R. Gleason,	" 5 in 18 22 8, 18 47	18 22 8, 18 47
F. Ank McNeal,	" 15 in 18 22 8, 10 21	18 22 8, 10 21
Chiswick,	" 15 in 18 22 8, 10 21	18 22 8, 10 21
D. M. Crover,	w 1/2 of sw 1/4 of 22 20 9, 37 19	37 19
J. J. Pigott,	no 1/2 of 21 22 9, 37 19	37 19
"	no 1/2 of 21 22 9, 37 19	37 19
W. B. Beebe,	all of 22 22 9, 37 19	37 19
"	e 1/2 of 22 22 9, 37 19	37 19

**FALLS TOWNSHIP.**

Unknown, w 1/2 of ne 1/4 of 2 23 7, 31 7

J. N. Loomis, w 1/2 of se 1/4 of 24 18 8, 15 40

**TOEEDO TOWNSHIP.**

Hawkins, lot 1 and se 1/4 of se 1/4 of 2 18 9, 45 56  
W. H. Lewis, se 1/4 of ne 1/4 of 21 18 9, 11 56  
Uma Reed, se 1/4 of ne 1/4 of 26 18 9, 29 26  
H. V. Dean, nw 1/4 of 15 20 9, 25 18  
W. B. Beebe, se 1/4 of 17 20 9, 45 46  
" e 1/2 of ne 1/4 of 25 20 9, 19 27  
" ne 1/4 of 21 21 9, 37 19  
J. C. Hanover, nw 1/4 of 22 21 9, 17 47  
W. B. Beebe, s 1/2 of se 1/4 of 25 21 9, 19 26  
" s 1/2 of sw 1/4 of 25 21 9, 19 26

**COTTONWOOD TOWNSHIP.**

W. B. Beebe, sw 1/4 of 15 21 6, 73 62  
J. H. Nichol, se 1/4 of 20 21 6, 57 75  
" e 1/2 of sw 1/4 of 20 21 6, 19 75  
H. Church, ne 1/4 of 28 22 6, 71 27  
W. B. Beebe, ne 1/4 of 28 22 6, 71 27  
" ne 1/4 of 24 22 6, 28 28  
Unknown, nw 1/4 of 24 22 6, 22 75  
" s 1/2 of ne 1/4 of 18 21 7, 24 91  
" s 1/2 of nw 1/4 of 18 21 7, 27 70

**DIAMOND CREEK TOWNSHIP.**

Unknown, ne 1/4 of nw 1/4 of 25 10 7, 13 07

nw 1/4 of 20 10 7, 31 99

**COTTONWOOD FALLS.**

Supposed Owner. Lots. Blk. Am't.

O. C. ratt, 11 and 12 12 4 34

W. B. Beebe, 5, 6, 7 and 8 41 6 89

A. P. Gandy, 1 and 2 54 1 01

**NORTH COTTONWOOD FALLS.**

J. J. Keams, 16 6 1 33  
W. H. Holsinger, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 13 2 38  
W. B. Beebe, 1, 2 and 3 21 3 92  
S. A. Beebe, 1, 2 and 3 19 10 66  
" 1, 2 and 3 19 3 28  
" 5, 6, 7 and 8 19 12 41  
" 9 19 3 88

**EMSLIES ADD.**

Unknown 13 1 1 10

**SAFFORD.**

Unknown s 1/2 of nw 1/4 of 5 9 11

" se 1/4 of 21 5 98

" ne 1/4 of 22 1 57

" 1/2 of 23 87

**ELM DALE.**

J. L. Wood 1 7 13 64

" 8 6 29

**CEDAR POINT.**

W. Watters 5 1 9 74

**HARDWARE, TINWARE, WAGONS, ETC.**

**M. A. CAMPBELL,**  
DEALER IN  
**HARDWARE!**  
STOVES, TINWARE.  
Iron, Steel, Nails, Horse-shoes, Horse-nails; a full line of Wagon and Buggy Material, Iron & Wood Pumps, a complete line of  
**STEEL GOODS!**  
FORKS, SPADES, SHOVELS, HOES, RAKES & HANDLES.  
Carries an excellent stock of  
**Agricultural Implements,**  
Consisting of Breaking and Stirring Plows, Cultivators, Harrows, Wheelbarrows, &c., and is Agent for the well known  
**Wood Mowing Machine,**  
and best makes of Sulky Hay Rakes  
**Glidden Fence Wire.**  
Sole agent for this celebrated wire, the best now in use.  
**Full Line of Paint & Oil on Hand.**  
**A COMPLETE TINSHOP.**  
I have an experienced tinner in my employ and am prepared to do all kinds of work in that line, on short notice, and at very low prices.  
**WEST SIDE OF BROADWAY,**  
COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.

**DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES, ETC.**

**THE GREAT EMPORIUM!**  
**FERRY & WATSON**  
Desire everybody to know that they have one of the  
**BEST & LARGEST STOCKS**  
Of goods ever brought to this market,  
**CONSISTING OF**  
**DRY GOODS,**  
**NOTIONS,**  
**GROCERIES,**  
**COFFINS,**  
**FURNITURE,**  
**BOOTS AND SHOES,**  
**CLOTHING,**  
**HATS AND CAPS,**  
**QUEENSWARE,**  
**GLASS WARE,**  
**TIN WARE,**  
And, in fact, anything  
**NEEDED BY MAN**  
During his existence on earth.  
**BE SURE TO GO TO**  
**FERRY & WATSON'S,**  
Cottonwood Falls, Kas.,  
and  
**YOU WILL BE PLEASD**  
With their  
**BARGAINS.**  
Jan21-tf

**KUHL'S HARNESS SHOP,**  
ESTABLISHED IN 1867,  
**ALWAYS ON HAND**  
**Harness, Saddles, Blankets,**  
**Robes, and Everything Belonging to the**  
**HARNESS BUSINESS;**  
ALSO, TRUNKS, VALISES & BEST OSAGE COAL FOR SALE.  
Jan21-tf

**ATTORNEYS AT LAW.**

**THOS. H. CRISHAM,**  
ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,  
Office upstairs in National Bank building.  
**COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS -**  
162-1f  
**MADDEN BROS.,**  
Attorneys - at - Law,  
Office, Court-house, Cottonwood Falls,  
Will practice in state and Federal courts. All business placed in our hands will receive careful and prompt attention. aug10-1f  
**C. N. STERRY,**  
ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,  
EMPORIA, KANSAS,  
Will practice in the several courts of Lyon Chase, Harvey, Marion, Morris and Osage counties in the State of Kansas; in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the Federal Courts therein. jyl8  
**CHAS. H. CARSWELL,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
COTTONWOOD FALLS, CHASE COUNTY, KANSAS  
Will practice in all the State and Federal courts and land offices. Collections made and promptly remitted. Office, east side of Broadway, south of bridge. mh29-tf  
**JOSEPH G. WATERS,**  
ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,  
Topeka, Kansas,  
(Postoffice box 405) will practice in the District Court of the counties of Chase, Marion, Harvey, Reno, Rice and Barton. fe23-tf  
J. V. SANDERS, J. A. SMITH, A. W. HARRIS  
**SANDERS, SMITH & HARRIS,**  
ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW  
STRONG CITY, KANSAS.  
Office in Independent building. apr5-tf

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

**J. W. MC'WILLIAMS'**  
**Chase County Land Agency**  
ESTABLISHED IN 1869.  
Special agency for the sale of the Atchafalaya, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad lands wild lands and stock ranches. Well watered, improved farms for sale. Lands for improvement or speculation always for sale. Honorable treatment and fair dealing guaranteed. Call on or address J. W. McWilliams, at  
**COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS**  
ap27-lyr

**MONEY.**  
7 and 8 Per Cent!  
CALL ON  
**W. H. HOLSINGER.**  
fe23-tf  
**A PRIZE** Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address TRUX & Co., Augusta, Maine. jan27-ly

**J. W. TRICH**  
IS THE MANUFACTURER OF THE  
Following Brands of Cigars  
"A. Robertson," "Home Rule," "Palace Car," "Golden Days" and "Nancy." oct18-4m  
**WELLS! WELLS! WELLS!!!**  
**WHO WANTS WATER?**  
**J. B. BYRNES**  
Has the  
**GIANT WELL DRILL**  
Nine Inch Bore,  
The  
**Largest in the Country**  
Guarantees His Work  
**To Give Satisfaction;**  
**TERMS REASONABLE.**  
And  
**WELLS PUT DOWN**  
**ON SHORT NOTICE.**  
Address,  
**COTTONWOOD FALLS, OR**  
STRONG CITY, CHASE COUNTY, KAS  
Jan21-ly

**WM. WHEELER,**  
BEATING ALL TIME  
ELGIN WATCHES  
  
**Watch and Clock Maker**  
AND  
**JEWELER,**  
STRONG CITY, KANSAS.  
1886-tf  
**JO. OLLINGER,**  
Central Barber Shop,  
COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.  
Particular attention given to all work in my line of business, especially to ladies' shampooing and hair cutting. Cigars sent by express at this shop.



The Republican Newspaper Campaign.

The readers of Republican newspapers now-a-days appreciate the fact, well known to journalists, that reporters can find what they are sent to look for. The New York Times correspondents see nothing but anti-Arthur feeling. The New York Tribune and the Philadelphia Press are gifted with men who encounter an almost unanimous Blaine feeling. The Springfield Republican, which can not only, in its own opinion, discern the face of the sky, but also read the signs of the times, can discover (or divine) a general yearning for Edmunds. The Chicago Tribune and the hypenated Inter-Ocean, of that city, the apostle of truly El Mahdi Republicanism in the Northwest, perceive that the mountains flame and the prairies flush and the valleys gleam, while all the little hills do clap their hands, for John A. Logan. The Cincinnati Commercial Gazette which now unites the Napoleonic might of Field Marshal Halsted with the essential ethics of that truly good man, Deacon Richard Smith, is able only to size and seize the claims of Honest John Sherman. The Indiana papers of radicalism are certain that either Senator Ben. Harrison or Postmaster-General Gresham should be the coming man. And so it is. There are as many preferences among the people as there are desires in editorial boards. Republican journalism has simply become a mechanism, for ascribing the wishes and antipathies of editors to general readers. The sole value of the prevailing practice of printing Presidential pointers, in such newspapers, lies in the presumption that the newspapers reflect a local or a larger sentiment and make themselves the mediums of it. The impartial Democrat who reads with judicial mind the medley of impressions in Republican papers finds certain facts or characteristics running through them. The first thing that strikes the attention is that there is not very much about the Presidency in that party at all. Indifference is more the rule than interest. The "booms" for various aspirants have their initial impulse in the ambition of the would-be candidates themselves. The rest is the work of not unskillful or untruthful friends of theirs, who know how to ply the arts of mention, interview, gossip, advocacy, report, suggestive avowal and safe disclaimer. The notable in-ertness of the Republican rank and file encourage these efforts. They are neither resented nor ratified. They are simply unopposed. Continued little by little, the efforts have a tendency, being neither antagonized nor indorsed, to create a sort of passive acceptance for themselves. The sheer effect of iteration can be predicted of them—but not more. Still that has enabled the candidates in sporting parlance, to be entered for the race. They are now taking their exercise on the track; but the jockeys and the stable boys number more than those on the grand stand and the pool-sellers have not begun business at all.

Another consideration which the anti-convention "booms" among the Republicans impress is the varied character of the reasons for their support. A qualification for the Presidency is hardly urged at all. If at all urged, it is made second to the assertion of "availability." This "availability" does not signify that the candidate has special points of favor to any condition of public opinion; but it signifies that his friends claim for him some desirable special strength which makes him a little stronger than the Republican vote itself. Mr. Edmunds is urged because it is asserted that "the Independents" would support him. That assertion has nowhere been tested by evidence—but it may be regarded as an offset to the known fact that the Vermont Senator is unpopular with the working masses of his party. As plain people are wont to dwell on the beauties of the mind, so are those Republicans who have not commended themselves to the manly and active forces in politics addicted to references to "the Independent vote," "the better element," etc. As a fact, politicians run Republican conventions, make Republican nominations and conduct Republican campaigns. They may not be able always to nominate whom they would; but they are invariably able, in the Republican party, to defeat the nomination of those for whom they have "no use." They have "no use" for those whose vocation it is to profess to be better than other people, and their aversion to Pharisees is not to their discredit. The special claims urged for the others can be stated in a word. Mr. Blaine's strength with the corporatists is urged for him. General Logan's friends insist that the entire "soldier vote" would be for him. Mr. Sherman is advocated on the ground that "the motley man would put up for him." Mr. Harrison and Mr. Gresham are hailed as those who could "insure Indiana." It is true that a genuine desire for Mr. Blaine exists among some Republicans. It is as true that he is hated by other Republicans and distrusted by independent men. The bald and bold question of his strength with corporations accounts for that distrust, as well as the shifty conduct of the man in public positions. Corporations and Mr. Blaine are not benefited by this kind of talk for him. Corporations have become expert in politics—not by showing their hand. There is a great sentiment against them. Mr. Blaine's enemies could well advertise his corporate alliances. His friends are not wise in doing so. The assumption that General Logan carries the soldier vote or any other classifiable vote in his pocket, is not a justice or a compliment to that vote. Soldiers are citizens; they are Democrats or Republicans, according to convictions. They are not men who sink principle, on an office so large as the Presidency, even in comradeship. The claim for Mr. Sherman is based on the policy and potentiality of corruption solely. The light which history has cast on Dorsey's methods makes the avowal of a purpose to renew them only the hardihood of desperation, and the American people can be trusted to deal with it, if it is attempted. The ability to "insure Indiana," claimed by Mr. Harrison and Mr. Gresham is worthy of consideration. Neither has ever run successfully before the people of that State. The claim is good only to draw attention to them, for a while.—Albany Argus.

—Mrs. Stevens, of Auburn, Ky., has a scrap quilt made of 14,280 pieces.

Ornamental at Least.

The New York Times praises President Arthur's dinners, receptions and other forms of hospitality as the finest of the kind since Buchanan's day and equaled only by those of the early Presidents, who only the etiquette of the Old World to guide them.

"The usages of polite society," says the Times, "have a right in the White House. If we are willing to consider the mere pecuniary aspect of the matter, we must see that the handsome salary of the President is partly estimated on the presumption that he is expected to entertain many people handsomely. He is given a fine house, furniture, fuel, a portion of a household force and other things, in order that he may fill his high office with the dignity and elegance befitting the Chief Magistrate of a great, generous and good-living Republic. A stingy President is cordially disliked. What we may call the official hospitality of President Arthur's Administration is without a flaw."

But, referring to the abuse which the Germans are heaping upon United States Minister Sargent at Berlin for doing his duty and warning his fellow-citizens that "Bismarck's prohibition of the American leg was made in the interests of 'protection' and not of health, the Times says that it will probably hasten the day when all our diplomatic service will be overhauled and the missions to foreign powers, being superfluous and mere relics of a time when diplomacy had a meaning, will be abolished.

But if ministers and missions are becoming superfluous because it is no longer necessary to the good understanding of two nations that they should cultivate social relations at one another's capitals, then, for the same reason, "White House hospitality" is becoming superfluous.

Missions and ministers mean that two nations can not deal with one another unless their representatives eat, drink, parley, dance together and call ceremoniously upon one another. So in order to keep up this business an ambassador is sent to "entertain" and be entertained at the European capitals, and the President is expected to "entertain" European ambassadors at Washington. This is the basis of "White House hospitality." It is true, it includes other besides foreign ministers, but this originated it, and this is its central notion.

The relations of this Nation with others are mainly business relations and not political; hence, as the Times says, Consuls-General can attend to them. For the same reason, "White House hospitality," so far as the interests of the people are concerned, is more ornamental. The people are not interested in it except as curiosity mongers. Their dignity and hospitality are not representative, because the only use they have for a President is to execute the laws and administer the Government.

There is a certain romantic notion that because the President stuffs himself and his guests with elegant viands, and drinks seven kinds of wine, and covers his table with flowers, and knows how to use napkins and finger-bells and is accomplished in the litany of the dinner service generally, the people are somehow greatly honored. So far, of course, as they have a gentleman instead of a boor or a skinflint in the office they are honored; but there is a vast deal of humbug in thinking that his gormandizing and his inviting others to eat and drink with him in the highest style of art reflects glory upon the people who elected him.

As a matter of fact, the White House, as the social center of the Nation, should be abolished. It should be used merely as a business office, where the President is expected to do his duty and serve his fellow-citizens. For the rest, he should go his way like any private person; give dinners, receive company, or rest in family retirement, according to his tastes. There is no reason for his giving a dinner as part of his official duty, or even of his important station, than there is for his going to the choicest kind of plays and to see the very best of actors at the theater. But for the tradition in the matter, a newspaper editor as soon think of praising him for the one as for the other.—Detroit Free Press.

Logan's Buncombe.

The smallest appropriation that ever received the attention of Congress was that of fifteen dollars for which the bill was called up in the Senate by Senator Logan. The object was to refund that amount to a party who had paid it to the Government under a misapprehension in a patent case.

Upon its being intimated by some of the Senators that the bill was too trifling for the consideration of the Senate which has a preference for larger game, something that has millions in it, the reply of Logan showed that although the appropriation he asked for was small there was nothing small about Logan. He said that people who were poor were just as much entitled to their just dues as those who were rich. It is not certain that this idea is original with the Illinois Senator. Something of that kind may have been thought of before, but it struck the Senate as a novelty, for it has been a long time since the majority of that body thought it worth while to attend to interests lower down in the pecuniary scale than those of millionaires and great corporations. The intrusion of such a doctrine must have been a surprise to the more than a score of millionaires in the Senate to whom the suggestion that there was anything due to poor men was certainly a new fangled sort of revelation.

The Gambling Clubs of Paris.

Clubs are quite a modern institution in Paris. The oldest is the Cercle de l'Union, founded in 1828; then comes the Jockey, founded in 1833, and the Cercle Agricole, founded about the same time. The Union is the most aristocratic and exclusive of all the Paris clubs, and the only club where a game of cards is a rarity. Out of the 360 members of this club 299 have titles, varying from Royal Highness down to Baron. The dinner is exquisite and costs only seven francs without wine, which, together with the wages of the cook, implies for the club a loss of some \$3,000 a year. The entrance fee at the Union is \$100 and the annual subscription \$70. At the Jockey Club the number of members is about 700, of whom about 630 are titled; the entrance fee is \$210; annual subscription, \$90; dinner, seven francs without wine; rent of rooms, \$26,136; lighting, \$7,390; service, \$12,000; Cercle Agricole, entrance, \$100; subscription, \$60. Cercle de la Rue Royale, entrance, \$70; subscription, \$76; rent, \$18,000. Cercle de l'Union Aristique, entrance, \$50; subscription, \$50; rent, \$14,000. These figures may be taken as typical. The entrance fees and subscriptions of the Paris clubs are moderate. The dinner varies from seven to four francs. The expenses are very heavy, the Cercle de l'Union (the Cercle du Champ Elysee pays more than \$40,000 a year). How, then, do the majority of the clubs exist? Mainly by the profits of gambling—by the cagnotte. I do not say that this is the case with every club in Paris, but out of the sixty-four clubs now existing you could not name more than half a dozen where the cagnotte is not the nerve and sinew of the whole institution. They are simply gambling houses, where you are induced by a certain amount of material comfort and an excellent dinner to try all the other facilities for ruining yourself that the place offers.—Paris Cor. Philadelphia Times.

Too Much Wheat. The low price of wheat which is ruling at the present time is attributed by those who are best informed, to the vast increase in the acreage planted throughout the world.

The monopoly at one time enjoyed by the farmers of the Western and Middle States in the foreign markets in this cereal has been taken away from them by the development of the Great North-west, the improvement in machinery for milling Spring Wheat, and especially by the stimulus given by England to her colonies in raising wheat, in order to make herself independent of this country and Russia.

Farmers should turn their attention more to crops in which they have special advantages. In this latitude the lands are peculiarly adapted to corn and castor beans, and the area for successful cultivation of the latter is smaller than for corn.

Castor Beans are only raised for commercial purposes in India and the United States, and the farmer is protected by a heavy duty against the India Bean, and the home demand for several years has exceeded the supply. The cultivation of the Castor Bean is no more difficult—in fact, is about the same as that of corn. It is not exhausting but fertilizing to the soil, and for farmers situated some distance from the railroads, the Bean is a much more profitable crop, as more money is realized for one bushel of Beans than five bushels of corn. It may be said in its favor that the Bean will keep in dry place without injury for an indefinite period.—Farmers' Friend, April, 1884.

A Pretty Strong Kind of Hint.

A party of men were playing draw poker in one of the ephemeral cities of the West, and among them was a fellow from the woods and a man who had but one eye. The checks were rapidly and purely given over to the one-eyed man. At last the woodman stood up, and pulling a big revolver from his hip pocket, laid it on the table, with the following brief speech: "I don't reckon none of you gentlemen will object to my laying that gun out there. The durned thing hurts me while it is in my pocket. An I just want to say this: We're all having a nice, quiet, comfortable time here among ourselves, and nobody ain't got no complaints to make. Everything is all right and square, and nobody ain't going to do no kinkin'. Now, I've got \$400 or \$500 to lose, and if I ketch any one of a gun ches'n', I'll jist blow his other eye out."—Rural Record.

THE GENERAL MARKETS.

Table with columns for market types (CATTLE, HOGS, WHEAT, etc.) and prices for various locations (KANSAS CITY, ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, NEW YORK).

A Soldier's Bright Idea.

One day soon after Pope's defeat at second Bull Run and Chantilly, a private soldier belonging to an Ohio regiment sought an interview with his Captain, an announced that he had a plan for a military campaign, which must certainly result in crushing out the rebellion. The officer very naturally inquired for particulars, but the soldier refused to reveal them, and asked for a chance to lay his plans before Pope himself. After some delay he was given a pass to headquarters. He did not get to see Pope, but after the chief of staff had coaxed and promised and threatened for a quarter of an hour, the Bugkuy stood up and replied: "Well, sir, my plan is for John Pope and Bob Lee to swap commands, and if we don't lick the South inside of sixty days you may shoot me for a patent hay-fork swindler!"

When he returned to camp he was naturally asked what success he met with, and he ruefully replied: "Well, they had a plan of their own." "What was it?" "Why, they took me out and booted me for a mile and a half."—Detroit Free Press.

Dairyman Profits. Messrs. WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO. Since the introduction of your Improved Butter Color among my customers, it has given universal satisfaction. The leading dairymen of this section who have all given it the preference over all other colors, of whatever name or nature.

They are especially pleased with the fact that it does not become rancid, like other colors, and that it does not alter the natural price in market. W. S. NAY, Druggist, UNDERHILL, Vt., April 5, 1882.

The Philadelphia father who made his daughter an orphan every night for dinner, to prevent her seeing a certain young man, has been thwarted. The young man was on his knees.

Cancer for Fourteen Years! SPARTANBURG, S. C., March 14, 1881. I have for 14 years been a sufferer from a running sore on my face that everybody called a CANCER. I have used over six weeks of medicine and found no relief.

Swiss Old Lady in Memphis, whenever she loses her scissors, rouses the whole family with "Where's them shears appeared to?"

The best interests of humanity depend on the good health of our women folk, and those with brightest intellects seem to suffer most with ailments peculiar to female life. It is well to remember that the whole female system can be built up to a proper state of endurance, pliability, and swollen limbs, monthly pains, and other indications of female disease, made to disappear and robust health of mind and body take the place of illness and distress, if a timely use is made of Dr. Gynostyl's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla. It restores the blood to perfect health, it strengthens the nerves and supports the system. It gives tone to the digestive and urinary organs. It alays all irritation of the mucous membrane. In a word, it is a perfect female medicine, and aids every function of female life. No other remedy equals it. Have your druggist get it. Take no substitute.

LEAP-YEAR gives women the privilege of wishing when they want to stop a horse-car. But unfortunately leap year does not give her the ability to do so.

They Will Surely Find You. They are looking for you everywhere. Drafts of six in unexpectd places, going from hot rooms to cool ones, carelessness in changing clothing;—in short anything which ends in a common cold in the head. This arrested the kind of cold becomes seated in the mucous membrane of the head. Then it is Catarrh. In any and all stages this disease always yields to the use of Dr. Gynostyl's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla. Safe, agreeable, certain. Price fifty cents.

A VERMONT man has a hen thirty-nine years old. Every time he tells its age the intelligent creature looks offended and tries to cock "eighteen."

HALF'S HOCKEY OF HORSEHOOD AND TAR. The best medicine for cough or sore throat. Pike's toothache drops cure in one minute.

"WHAT are panoses?" asked the teacher of the primary class. "Things that grow on cats," piped the small boy at the foot.—N. Y. Journal.

ABOUT thirty years ago a prominent physician by the name of Dr. William Hall discovered a remedy for diseases of the throat, chest and lungs, which was of such wonderful efficacy that it soon gained a wide reputation in this country. The name of the medicine is Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam FOR THE LUNGS.

The poorest borrower can always return thanks. "Rough on Corns" is the Ask for it. Complete cure, hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

Last year's fashions are out of date, but last year's friends are still our own. This is why Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound never loses favor. Every lady who knows its worth (and who does not?) feels that at the kindly face of Mrs. Pinkham is that of an honored friend.

"Mother Swan's Worm Syrup," for fever, erishness, worms, constipation, tasteless, 25c.

The increasing sales of Pisco's Cure attest its claim as the best cough remedy.

"Buehu-palba." Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney and Urinary Diseases, \$1.

Jeano Jewel, Covington, Ky., says: "Samaritan Nerve cured me of Asthma and Sore-throat."

Skinny Men. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, \$1.

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Architectural Iron Work, House Fronts, and Castings of Every Description. Patent Saw Works, and "Portabill, Indispensable Bake Ovens," for Bakers, Confectioners' and Family Use.

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CATARRH Causes no Pain or Dread. Gives Relief at Once. Not a Liquid or Snuff. Applied with the finger.

Thorough treatment will cure. Price 50 cents, by mail 60 cents. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Oveso, N. Y.

NOW IS THE TIME. To prevent and cure all "Skin Diseases," and to secure a white and beautiful complexion, use

BEESON'S Aromatic Alum Sulphur Soap. Sold by Druggists. One cake will be sent on receipt of 25 cents in any bill.

BEST and most economical Laundry Soap. Undergarments, linens, and all other washings (white and wool) are cleaned and brightened by DREYDOPPEL'S Soap.

POSTERS BROTHERS' STOMACH BITTERS. The kidneys act as purifiers of the blood, and when their functions are interfered with through weakness, they need toning.

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In found in the Great Modern Discovery, DR. SCOTT'S Coca, Beef and Iron (With Phosphorus).

Possessing marvellous curative virtues in all forms of Nervous Debility, Brain, Heart and Nervous Diseases, Dyspepsia, Weak Lungs, Nervous Action and Broken Down Constitution. \$1.00 per bottle. Six bottles, \$5.00.

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DOES WONDERFUL CURES OF KIDNEY DISEASES AND LIVER COMPLAINTS. Because it acts on the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS at the same time.

IT WILL SURELY CURE CONSTIPATION, PILES, AND RHEUMATISM. By causing FREE ACTION of the organs and functions, thereby

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IS UNFALLING AND INFALLIBLE IN CURING Epileptic Fits, Spasms, Falling Sickness, Convulsions, St. Vitus Dance, Alcoholism, Opium Eating, Scrofula, and all Nervous and Blood Diseases.

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POISON. In the blood is apt to show itself in the Spring, and nature should by all means be assisted in throwing it out.

Mr. Robert A. Easley, of Dickson, Tenn., writes, under date of March 20, 1884: "I had chills and fever and was unable to do any business. I was treated by a doctor, but he did not succeed in curing me. I was then treated by Dr. Easley's Nerve Conqueror, and I was cured in a few days."

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