Chase County Courant.

W. E. TIMMONS, Editor and Proprietor.

HEW TO THE LINE, LET THE CHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY.

VOLUME X.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1884.

NUMBER 20.

A WEEK'S NEWS.

Gleaned by Telegraph and Mail

CONGRESSIONAL.

In the Senate, the 11th, petitions and bills were presented. The resolution offered by Mr. Van Wyck some weeks ago, directing the Complitee on Judiciary to examine and report what legislation, if any, was necessary to restrict the appointment of special Assistant Attoracys, etc., was haid before the Senate and adopted without debate. After some debate the Senate receded from its amendment to the Greeley Relief bill. A message was received from the House announcing the passage of a joint resolution appropriating \$300,000 for the Ohio Valley sufferers. The Senate promptly passed the resolution... In the House, many bills were offered. A joint resolution was reported from the Committee on Appropriations, appropriating \$300,000 for the relief of the sufferers from the food in the Ohio Valley, which, after an animated debate, passed.

BULLS and resolutions were introduced in In the Senate, the 11th, petitions and bills

mated debate, passed.
Bills and resolutions were introduced in the Senate, the 12th. Mr. Voorhees offered a resolution calling on the Attorney-General to resolution calling on the Attorney-General to explain his delay in advising the Postmaster-General as to the interpretation of the law relating to the adjustment of postmaster's salaries. The resolution was taken up, and after a sharp debate agreed to. Mr. Voorhees introdued a bill to prohibit assessments for political purposes by Government officials and employes, and asked that it be referred to the Judiciary Compaittee, and it was so referred....In the House a resolution was adopted providing for a select committee to proceed to Hot Springs. Ark., and make a general examination of all Government interests there. Committees the reported, when the House went into Committee of the Whole on the Naval Appropriation bill.

In the Senate, the 13th, Mr. Voorhees offered a resolution directing the Secretary of the Interior to withhold for the present the Interior to withhold for the present his approval of patents or certificates for lands selected by the Northern Pacific Railroad in tieu of others, said to have been lost by said company, under act of July 10, 1884. The Senate then took up the bill to provide for the issue of circulating notes to the National Banking Associations, which was debated until adjournment....The House took up the Mississippi contested election case of Chalimers against Manning, which was debated at length. The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Secretary of the Navy, transmitting the amounts claimed by contractors for care of the double-turreted monitors, aggregating \$278,645.

In the Senate, the 14th, the bill making

In the Senate, the 14th, the bill making all public roads post-roads was debated, slightly amended and passed. The Senate then took up the bill for the relief of the Louisiana State Bank, permitting that bank, notwithstanding the statute of limitation, to present to the Court of Claims its claim for cotton taken by the United States in 1855. Mr. Jackson, who reported the bill, said the claim was for cotton worth \$90,000. The bill relating to National Bank circulation was then taken up and debated, but no final action reached....The House resumed the Chalmers-Manning contest from Mississippi, and pending discussion the House adjourned. In the Senate, the 14th, the bill making

In the Senate, the 15th, Mr. Pendleton offered a joint resolution appropriating an additional sum of \$200,000 for the relief of the flood sufferers, which was read three times and passed. Mr. Voorhees presented a petition from I,100 settlers in Washington Territory, praying protection in the title of their lands in the controversy between them and the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. The Senate then resumed consideration of the bill to provide for the issue of circulating notes to the National Banks. Adjourned until Monday... The House passed the joint resolution appropriating \$200,000 additional for the benefit of the flood sufferers. The Chalmers-Manning contest was then ditional for the benefit of the flood sufferers. The Chalmers-Manning contest was then taken up and after further debate the motion declaring Manning's credentials regular was defeated by a vote of 106 to 140, and the motion declaring Manning entitled to the seat was also defeated by 22 to 157. The majority resolutions were then adopted, 130 to 56. This discharged the Committee on Elections from the prima facie case and leaves the seat vacant until the case is decided on its merits.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

THE House Committee on Elections have taken up the Wood-Peters contest from Kansas. Mr. Wood is represented by Hon. George W. Julian, of Indiana, and Hon. John Goode, Jr., of Virginia, and Mr. Peters by Hon. Eppa Hunton, of Virginia -all ex-Congressmen

MR. PORTER, of the House Committee or Banking and Currency, recently withdrew his two per cent. bill and introduced a new funding bill, which, among its provisions, reduces the tax on the circulation of National Banks one half; and further author izes the Secretary to purchase any class of bonds payable in the future, instead of calling bonds now payable, when by so doing he can make it for the advantage of the Government.

THE report of the Proteus Court of Inquiry was recently transmitted to the Sen ate. The court finds that Lieutenant Gar lington made an error of judgment in not waiting longer at Pandora harbor, but that the error was committed in the exercise of difficult and unusual discretion for which he should not be held accountable. It is also due to Garlington to say that in the general conduct of the expedition prior to the loss of the ship he displayed zeal, energy and efficiency in successfully conducting the command through a long, perilous and laborious retreat in boats to a place of safety. While awarding credit to General Hazen for the best intentions concerning the rescue of the Greeley party, the court is of the opinion that in many particulars and in some of the gravest moments he failed in the adequate comprehen sion of the necessities of the case, and measures and means essential to meet them. The court specifies numerous grave errors and omissions in his action.

SECRETARY LINCOLN estimated that th purchase of supplies by the Mayors of the various towns along the Ohio and the costs ot expeditions to sufferers from Pittsburgh to Louisville, would aggregate \$180,000, leaving \$120,000 of the appropriation to be expended by General Beckwith, in charge at Cincinnati.

THE National Educational Association held its annual session in Washington recently, with delegates from almost every State and Territory in attendance. Hon.

B. L. Butcher, of West Virginia, presided. THE report of the Secretary of State was recently sent to the Senate in regard to the case of Alexander Trimble, whose extradi-tion was demanded by the Government of Mexico, but who was discharged by the American authorities. The in his report, held that, according to his construction of the laws, an held under the treaty with Mexico for

and a case of guilt is made out, the President will not, on the ground of citizenship, interfere with the orders of surrender, if such be made, but will require that the accused shall have opportunity of testing the matter in the courts.

DELEGATE SINGHISER, of Idaho, lately appeared before the Committee on Indian Affairs of the House, and made an argument looking toward the ratification of a treaty made with the Bannock and Shoshone Indians four years ago, whereby certain of the lands occupied by them were to be thrown open to settlement by the

THE House Committee on Public Lands recently agreed to report bills declaring the forfeiture of the land grants of the Ontonagan & Brule River, Marquette & State Line, and Marquette, Houghton & Ontonagon Railroads, the rights of cash and homestead entries to be protected, the preference being given to the latter. About twenty thousand acres are included in the forfeiture

An influential delegation of carpet manufacturers was before the Committee on Ways and Means the other day, opposing any change in the tariff on woolen goods.

THE EAST.

SPENCER & Co.'s carriage and saddlery hardware store at Oneida, N. Y., was burned recently. Loss, \$50,000; insurance,

EDWARD W. COLEMAN & Co., grain mer chants of New York, failed recently with

liabilities of \$759,000; assets nominal. A VALISE containing \$25,000 was stolen from the New York Transfer Company the other night while being taken to the Des Brosses street ferry from the Grand Cen-

tral Depot in New York.

At Philadelphia, Pa., recently, Barbara
Miner, colored, was shot and fatally wounded by Louisa Powell, also colored. Each received a comic valentine, and each accused the other of being the sender.

THE other night masked men visited the houses of non-union men in some of the mining districts of Pennsylvania; and warned them not to go to work under penalty of being cut to pieces. The warnings had the desired effect in nearly every instance, but some few continued work, and every night since the mysterious band had paid them visits, until the families became so terror-stricken that many contemplated moving away.

A MIXED train on the Southern Central Railroad dropped into the Seneca River at Weedsport, N. Y., the bridge having been weakened by rains. The engineer, fireman and brakeman were drowned.

Ar a Fifty-ninth street station of the Third Avenue Elevated Railway in New York the other morning an unknown wo man shot a man who gave the name of Victor Grafton Andree, wounding him in the thigh. Thinking she had killed him, she placed the pistol to her temple and blew her brains out, falling dead on the spot. The man said he knew the woman, but declined to say why she shot him.

MRS. EMMA UHLER, n year by figuring in a murder case that made a great sensation, died from mor phine poisoning in a New York hospital the other morning.

THREE attendants in the State Lunation Asylum at Utica, N. Y., have been arrested for causing the death by violence of Evan D. Hughes, a patient.

THE WEST.

THE families of Charles, Ptts and George Leake at Hannibal, Mo., were dangerously poisoned the other day by eating canned tomatoes. Several had a narrow escape from death.

AT St. Louis, the other day, the steam W. P. Hawday, of the New Orleans Anchor Line, was burned to the water's edge. The private watchman, Matt Brown, was badly burned.

A RECENT collision between a passenger and freight trainat Kansas, Ill., demolished a passenger coach and injured a number of passengers, several it was thought fatally. THE river at Cincinnati on the 13th had reached a stage of seventy feet and was still rising, the highest point reached in

over fifty years. J. L. WILSON and his invalid wife were recently murdered by unknown persons at Winnetka, near Chicago. Robbery is supposed to be the purpose as Wilson was quite wealthy, and usually kept large sums

of money in his house. Owing to the insufficiency of the water supply in St. Louis the insurance companies have increased the rates of insurance risks in that city from ten to two

hundred per cent. THE Ohio Legislature appropriated \$200,-000 for the relief of the sufferers by the great floods in that State, and the members of that body made up a handsome purse as a private donation and sent it to the relief committee. The whole country responded promptly and liberally to the call for as-

THE jail at Wausau, Wis., was burned the other morning and two desperadoes, Ed. Carey and Mike McDonald, were roasted

THE recent city election in Salt Lake City, Utah, resulted in the choice of a son of Bishop Sharp for Mayor by a heavy majority. The Mormons carried everything. AFTER reaching a height of seventy-two feet, the Ohio River began to fall on the

It was currently reported that the Atchi son, Topeka & Santa Fe Road had pur-chased the California & Southern Railroad, extending from San Diego to Colton, one hundred and thirty miles.

A FIRE at Sprague, Wash. Ter., recently estroyed a bank and several stores. Loss, \$50,000. The town bad a narrow escape from total destruction owing to the water supply being frozen.

A FEARFUL disaster was caused at Cininnati on the 15th by the collapse of a building that had been weakened by the flood, and occupied as a boarding house. Ten persons were borne into the water by American citizen cannot legally be the falling walls and drowned. Their names were: John W. Kyle, son of the in Rochester, N. Y., and a few days afterextradition, but he would inform the offiproprietor; Mary E. Colter, Maud Ellis, wards shot herself in her room. Domestic
trouble and jealousy caused the act.

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Carea I Warns

ney Woenker, Thomas Burke, Mrs. Lena THE COMMISSIONERS REJOIN. Burke, William Burke, Louis Burke. MARTIN RILEY, a farmer living near

Adrian, Mich., was recently found dead and concealed in a straw stack on his premises. It was supposed Riley had been murdered by his sixteen-year-old son, who was not to be found.

THE SOUTH.

An unprecedented rise in the Arkansas River threatened Little Rock with disaster. WASH-OUTS caused by the late heavy rains in Texas, did a great amount of damage to the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway in that State.

UNITED STATES detectives recently arrested George and John Kinbard, Steven Coppage, Dudley Vaught, W. M. Hey, Dolphus Yost, Elias Webb, J. W. Saunders and Park Allstock and lodged them in jail at Louisville, Ky., upon the charge of making counterfeit money. The men were thought to have been operating from Central Kentucky to Vincennes, Ind., and to have belonged to a gang which was raided in 1878 in Southern Indiana. Coppage is a respected citizen of Danville, Ky. Six more arrests were to be made before the gang was broken up. The manufactured coin was in halves and dollar pieces of fair representation.

In the trial in the United States Court at Parkersburg, W. Va., of David C. Kellar, pilot of the steamer Sciotio, sunk by a collision with the John Lomas, July 4, 1882, at Mingo Junction, in which fifty-four persons were lost, the jury the other day returned a verdict of guilty of voluntary manslaughter, with a recommendation to

THE wife of James Hunter, a wealthy farmer of Green County, Tenn., was instantly killed the other night by some one who fired a gun from the outside. Hunter and his wife and other members of his household were sitting around the fire at the time. Hunter had just received a large amount of money. Two brothers named Moore were arrested.

THOMAS BENTON was hanged at Plaquamine, La., for the murder of Robert Duggan.

CENERAL. ENGLAND and Wales have been suffering

from severe snow storms of late. AGENTS of the steamer Nottingbill, recently lost at sea by collision with an iceberg, stated that the steamer contained merchandise valued at \$150,000, and the ressel was valued at \$400,200.

THE rebels under the False Prophet succeeded in capturing Sinkat. The defenders were butchered and the town sacked. The streets presented a pitiable scene.

Ir was reported that the Knedive had appointed British Admiral Hewitt comnander at Suakim, at the request of the British Government.

SIMON HOWARD, a wealthy merchant of Evansville, Canada, was arrested recently at Montreal on his bridal tour upon complaint of Miss Ann Howard, to whom he had been engaged since 1872.

ico announced that but seventy-five miles of steel remained to be laid on the Mexican Central Railroad, and that this will be completed by March 15, when there will be an international route from the Missouri River to the Mexican Capital.

THE LATEST.

THE destruction caused by the Ohio River flood in what is known as Pomeroy Bend was peculiary distressing. The bend is narrow, with bottoms on both sides of the river, and contains some twenty coal mines, eighteen salt works and twelve towns, aggregating 30,000 inhabitants, of whom eight thousand are laborers. Six of the mines are flooded and will not be pumped out for six or eight months. Eight thousand people are idle, and nine thousand homeless. It was estimated that five hundeed houses had been swept out of the twelve miles of the bend. Government re-

lief boats were busy distributing supplies. SEVERAL weeks since a citizen of Minneapolis, Minn., named Homerling, bought a ham and took it home. All of the family ate of the raw meat. Some days after, Mr. Homerling, his wife, three children and a sister of Mrs. Homerling were taken violently ill with symptoms of trichinosis. Mrs. Homerling died in great agony and it was thought her sister and two of the children would die.

ISAAC GATEWOOD, a St. Louis carpenter, recently killed his wife with a club while both were intoxicated.

E. LATHBURY & Co.'s box warehouse at Philadelphia was recently burned, in which was stored twelve or fifteen thousand barrels of flour.

DICK CRAIG and Wallace Brockman were found dead in their room at the Ashland Hotel, Lexington, Kv., the other morning, having gone to bed while intoxicated and it was supposed blew out the gas and suffocated. At the Phœnix Hotel in the same city, W. D. Key was found nearly dead from the same cause, but was restored to life with difficulty.

THERE was a strong array of representatives of the steel and iron and iron ore interests, in the room of the Committee on Ways and Means the other day, to remon strate agai nst the proposed change in the

JULIUS HICK and Charles Hopkins have been jailed at Greenwood, Ia., on the charge of conspiracy to murder Hon. D. H. Sol-man, a wealthy citizen of Mills County, and his family. Their plans were overheard by a young woman, who gave the information leading to their arrest.

BOTH the German Minisiter at Washington and the Secretary of State say they have no information corroborative of the cable dispatch from London that Prince Bismarck had ordered the resolution of condolence on Herr Lasker's death passed by the American House of Representatives

returned to this country. MRS. JOHN. T. WIGGINS, an elegantly dressed and apparently refined lady, recently took lodgings at the Osborn House

Points in Their Reply to Vice-President Touzaiin, of the Atchison, To-

peka & Santa Fe.
The late decision of the Railroad Commis sioners making rates over the Atchison, To-peka & Santa Fe Railroad brought out everal letters of Mr. Touzalin, Vice-Presisent of the road, seriously criticizing the ac tion of the board and plainly intimating that the road would appeal to the courts. To these letters the Commissioners rejoined in a lengthy and pointed reply, the main features of which are given below. Addressing the Vice-President, the Commissioners say: "We are in receipt of your extraordinary letters of January 31, which were evidently intended for the public eye rather than for the consideration of the board of Railroad Commissioners. Were it not for the fact that you apparently seek further information from this quarter, the propriety of our giving them any notice would not be entirely clear. We shall pass over certain imputations upon the integrity of the proceedings of the board, with the simple remark that they possess the sole merit of being false, and were intended to be insolent. We can well afford to receive aspersions from you without being incited to unkind feelings."

After informing the Vice-President that he possessed the ability to be vague when it would be dangerous to be explicit, the Com-missioners ask, in regard to the point that their rates would compel the road to operate auxiliary lines at a loss: "If at a loss, at whose loss?

And what kind of a loss? The stockholders of your company have never had to reach their hands into their pockets to pay one dollar for any loss in operating any auxiliary line belonging to your system. But, instead of that, over and above every loss, you have from year to year divided among the stockholders millions of dollars, out of the surplus earnings.and still had a surplus with which you have bought hotels, extensive coal fields in Kansas and Colorado, built new railroads and bought

reco of character or talent which he mysteriorism courts another extensive the expenditure of a singue to the control of the c

Keifer's Nepotism.

The spectacle of ex-Speaker Keifer appearing before a sub-committee of the House Committee of Accounts to inswer charges affecting the abuse of patronage placed in his hands, is a very sorry one, to say the least of it. That a man who had held, by the voice of nis party the second place of power in the Government, should be arraigned or abusing the trusts committed to his xeeping, is one of the peculiar incidents which Republican views of politics have brought to public notice. Here is public character who has just received he votes of his party colleagues in the House for the office of Speaker sum-moned to account for a transaction which in a body of high public spirit, and with a delicate sense of public aonor, would almost justify expulsion. The thing charged against Keifer was he practice of nepotism in one of the worst forms possible, making a vacancy simply to afford his nephew a chance to draw a large amount of money for doing nothing. Abuses of public trusts and prostitution of patronage to the worst uses are not an uncommon thing aow. thanks to the continuance of the forces at work for the d'sintegration of Republicanism are almost enparty, but this flagrant case is the more noticeable, because of the prominence of the man who is charged with it-a prominence, much more owing to the acts of the party with which the ex-Speaker is identified, than from any lorce of character or talent which he

But, Mr. Keifer ought not be too seerely condemned, for he has learned these things from his party, and he is or the other twenty years ago. Nothing could more fittingly illustrate the desertion of Protectionist Demo-crats as well as gain by the accession

publican leaders. Senator Edmunds Democratic party a single Independent

A Democratic Newspaper's Advice.

A Presidential year has been entered upon by the Democratic party. It of-fers that party an exceptionally good opportunity to elect a Democratic President. Its favorable conditions are apparent. Out of thirty-six States thirteen only have Republican Gover-nors. The great States of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Connecticut, generally classed as doubtful, now incline toward the Democratic party. Even Massachusetts is witnessing a gradual displacement of Republican footholds. The Democratic movement in Massachusetts grows as the popula-tion grows, while Republicanism is standing still, with a future only of decay, dry-rot and impotence, Moreover, the general sentiment of the country is one of dissatisfaction with Republican methods. If reasonable guarantees that a change to Democratic administration will be desirable are given, the majority

of the voters will have that change.

But it will be a serious mistake for Democratic party leaders to regard the existing dissatisfaction as a triumphant tirely non-partisan. It will be a long time before "My party right or wrong!" will again be a cry of victory for either of the great political bodies. The bal-ance of power to-day is in the hands of men who care very little more for one party than for the other. They have outgrown the old convictions and prejudices which, based on issues that were vital, attached men to one party by no means the only man who has form a body composed of all conditions profited by the lessons taught. It has of men, who take a business interest in ong been the custom for prominent Re- good Government. They call themoublican politicians to take care of their riends and relations at the public expense, and the pay rolls of the service attest how faithfully they have attendlivelihood in part depends upon sound principles of Government, think much alike on public questions. This class, which grows larger yearly, asks of an Administration honesty, economy, simplicity and straightforwardness. It wants no jobs, no subsidies, no swollen appropriation bills, no Federal favorit-ism, and no trafficing in offices. The candidate with the strongest character and most sterling qualities gets the solid vote of this class, and it is getting yearly more difficult by party platforms to persuade its elements into voting a straight party ticket.

It is a fact which has got to be recor any cause tries to get at the public purse, will yet, without the twitch of a muscle or a twinge of conscience, saddle apon the people personal relatives in the most questionable manner, and simply because they have the power to do it. crats as well as gain by the accession the shameless practice than just this of Republican opponents to a high tar-charge against Keifer.—American Reg. iff. Nothing could better show the Senator Edmunds Speaks.

Senator Edmunds, of Vermont, in a Democratic tariff measure and that some Democrats will vote against it. We think it wel! that the Democratic party has identified itself with the revenue reform movement, because it shows courage, resolution and conviction. We believe a majority of the voters of this country to be in favor of a revision of the tariff. But let not it be forgotten that the majority is made by the support of the independent voters, and these will not vote with the Democrats for the sake of old times, but of

This state of public feeling imposes upon the Democratic party two essential conditions of success this year. One is that the country be given sound and valid reasons for turning the Republican party out of power. The other is the candidacy of a man whose character is a guarantee that he will justify the confidence of the country. amount of bumptions, bombastic and declamatory denunciation will gain the vote. A sensible man, who cares for neither party as much as for his own interests, will not patiently hear that the Republicans, on general principles, are demons of darkness, and the Demo-crats angels of light. We have passed the blind-staggers stage of politics. The men who will elect the President ished? Have the Howgates and the next November must be appealed to or Hills and the Brewster Camerons been grounds of reason, profit and common

The Democratic party has already

new facts.

given assurance that it will neither dodge nor rant. It is in a position to dispense with both those familiar expedients. Corruption is at the core of the Federal Government, and facts can be shown to prove it. The tendency of Republicanism to centralization; policy of lavish appropriations, of the most government possible instead of the least, of paternalism, of meddling, of aggrandizement and of extravagance: its record for twenty years of festering rottenness and shameless plunder; its present of neglect and humbug and throbbing rascality, are matters of logic, of history and of figures. The Democrats have to state the case, and if correctly stated the verdict will be guilty. But there will be no denouncing in the lump. Abuses will be specified and the indignation may be safely left to the voters. Then, too, the Democratic party is rich in men, in whom the country at large have entire confidence men of brains, character, conviction and conscience, who would take the office as an unsought honor and administer i as a mighty trust; who do not depend upon office for a living, and who bar-gain with nobody for support; who are men of business, not theorists, and who understand what economy, simplicity, energy and thoroughness mean; an above all, who would be guided in their judgment on measures and their selection of men for office solely with a view to the best interests of the country. -Albany Argus.

official Paper of Chase County.

W E.TIMMONS, Editor and Publisher.

A man's religion is more correctly guessed by the guilt on his conduct than on the edge of his bymn book.

The "protected" industries continue to either reduce the wages of their workmen, or shut down and throw them out of employment.

Why is it that we hear so much manufactories, and not a word about pauper labor connected with agriculture?

Forty-eight millions of people have been taxed for twenty years to build up 2,000,000. Soppose we let the 2,000,000 live, as the 48,000,-000 have, by taking care of them selves for awhile, and see how we shall all come out.

A bill is pending in the Legisla ture of Wyoming Territory, tor taxing "bachelors, lowyers and other animals." This shows what woman suffrage, which is now at institution of that Territory, lead to when it once gets a firm foot hold.

Will H. Kernan, quondam fireeating crank and slush-slinger, of the defunct Okalona States, has again sprung into unenviable notoriety as the editor of the Leavenworth Free Lance, a paper that first saw the light two weeks ago Like the Okalona business, the Free Lance savors of brimstone, and is run in the interest of mori bund Republicanism. This man Kernan comes from Ohio, the-birth of private Dalzell, the immortal J N. and others of that ilk, and is the black sheep of a very respecta ble family. The proximity of the Free Lance to the home of the Sec retary of the Republican National Committee, leaves no doubt as to the purpose it is intended to serve in the coming Presidential cam-

SUPREME COURT DECISION. No. 2,990.

The State of Kansas vs. George Balch and R. M. Watson.

Appeal from Chase county-reversed. VALENTINE, J. BY THE COURT.

1. In a criminal action, where the prosecuting attorney, in making his argument to the jury, claims that the defendent is guilty because he failed to testify in the case and deny the facts alleged against him, and the defendant is afterward found guilty by the jury, Held, That for such irregularity on the part of the prosecuting attorney the defendant, on his motion should be granted a new trial, and that a mere instruction from the court to the jury that the jury should not pay any attention to what was said by the prosecuting attorney with regard to the defendant's failure to testify is not sufacient to cure the error committed by the prosecuting attorney.

2. In a criminal prosecution for libel, evidence was introduced tending to show that the defendant, who was an elector of Chase county, Kansas, circulated among the voters of such county a circular containing things that were untrue and derogatory to the to the character of the prosecuting witness, who was then a candidate for the office of county attorney of said county; Held, that if the supposed libelous article was circulated only among the voters of Chase county, and intemperance, that is, the exessive only for the purpose of giving what use of alcoholic drinks is a great the defendant believed to be truthful crime and should be suppressed by .information, and only for the purpose of enabling such voters to cast their ballots more intelligently, and the whole thing was done in good faithsuch article was privileged and the defendant should be acquitted, although the principal matters contained in the article may have been untrue in fact tioned amoung Christians. and derogatory to the character of the prosecuting witness.

All the Justices concurring.

TEMPERANCE. The COURANT 18 one of those in this people, we have ever been misance it may be suppressed by dees-ti

the Chase County Courant, willing to take our stand and give law. Bad people, until they comnaccount of the faith that is in us; hence, this article.

At the county convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, held in this city, on Feb ruary 6 and 7, instant, the COURANT. without asking for either the blame or commendation of that society. was, in a most unchristian-like manner, attacked by a member o said society and held up to the scorn and contempt of the members thereof; therefore, we deem it our privilege and our duty to detend ourself against this uncalledfor assault, and for this reason we about pauper labor connected with will now give the meaning of the word "temperance," so that we may not now, nor hereafter, be misuaderstood when we use this word. In Webster's Dictionary we find that the word "temperance" means, "firstly, moderation; particularly, habitual moderation in regard to the indulgences of natural appetites and passions; as temperance in eating and drinking; temperance in the indulgence of joy or mirth. Tempreance in eating and drinking is opposed to glutony and drunkeness, and in other indulgences to excess; secondly, patience; calmness; sedateness; med ration of passion, as, 'He calmed his wrath with goodly temperance.' -Spencer." Now, if any one loubts whether or not the Courant or its editor has not fully complied with the meaning of the word temperance," since our advent in your midst, let him consult our files or refer to the comportment of the editor, and he will find that both have come up to that standard of excellence laid down by Webster in this matter; but it may be said that we have not espoused the "temperance cause," and are, therefore, opposed to temperance. In answer to this assertion we will ay that we are in taver of temperance in its fullest sense; but not of temperance in that fanatical sense which contorts the word into meaning exactly the opposite of everything that is temperate. A man may be temperate in the indulgences of his appetites and passions, and he may have a neighbor that is equally temperate with himself; but when he tries to force upon his neighbor the same habits of nimself therin he tries to usurp things left to each of us, and for that reason he becomes intemperate in his desires. The Bible tells Mary O'Byrne, Plaintiffs, us, if we remember it rightly, that george Balch, as sheriff of chase county, and us shall work out his own salvation, with fear and trembling; then, if we are not to be held re--pensible for the salvation of our neighbor, further than by our good example and kind admonitions, why should we be concerned about what he eats or drinks or wears, so long as he does his eating and drinking and wearing in moderation, not disturbing the peace and quiet of any one, or, in other words,

> the word "temperance." A man may be very temperate in the use of alcoholic drink, and he may have neighbors who are very intemperate in the use of language, tobacco or medicine, and is that any reason why he should form himself into an oligarchy to see that his neighbors shall retrain from talking and from the use of tobacco and medicines and from other indulgences to which they are adicted? but it may be said that law. True, but there are other crime, and many of them, too, that should be suppressed by law or in in some other way, among which may be mentioned fæticide and the crimes that should not be men

according to the true definition of

The great trouble with many good people is, that they do not draw a distinction between vice and crime. Dr. Die Lewis, the great temperance editor and lecstitutions of this county that came turer draws quite a distinction behere with the determination to re- tween the two, and says: "In the main and work for that which it very nature of things, if we punish deemed to be for the best interest one vice by law, we must punish of the county, without regard to all vices by law; and if that were the praise of its friends or to the done, the last man would have to scoffs of its enemies, and for this reach out through his cell door reason has it ever "hewed to the and lock himself in-for we are all line, letting the chips fail where guity of vices. Vices develope inthey may,"; and whether it has to crimes, and of crimes the law can been in politics or morals or any. justly take cognizance. When the thing else effecting the welfare of liquor trafic presents a clear case of STRONG CITY, KANSAS

mit crime, have precisely the same right to protection as good people. Whenever either of them commits a crime, or becomes a legal auisance, he may be punished or sup pressed. Good people seem to think that had people have not the same rights in the world as themselves; and except as subjects for missionary work, they are impatient of their presence. A bad man, full of avarice, bitterness, gluttony and drink, has absolutely the same legal rights, and the same claim to protection, as the best man n the world."

In conclusion, if the W. C. T. U. is an organization to promote temperance among the people, or, by the kind and wholesome influence of its members, to even get people to refrain from the use of alcoholic drinks, or from these crimes to which we have before referred, or from any other crime or crimes, we bid them God speed in the noble work they have udertaken:

PATENTS GRANTED.

The following patents were granted to citizens of Kansas, during the week ending Feb. 12, 1884, reported expressly for this paper by Jos. H. Hunter, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, 934 F Street, Washington, D. C .: Horace W. Loveland, Topeka, furnace fire grate and frame; David Wormock, Olathe weather strip; James M. Wishart, Topeka, reller attachment to grain drills; Lorenzo D. Hooper, Coffeyville, oar coupling; Joseph McGrath, Newton, sefa bedstead; Samuel S. Paterson, Wyandotte, sliding door lock.

> EMMET CLUB MEETING. STRONG CITY, KANSAS, Feb. 11, 1884.

There will be a meeting of the member of the Emmet Club in Strong City, on Saturday afternoon, February 23, 1884, for the purpose of receiving the reports of the committees. All those who wish to join the Club are cordially invited to attend.

MATT. McDonall, Prest. W. E. TIMMONS, Secy.

Subscribe for the COURANT.

PUBLICATION OF SUMMONS.

In the District Court of the Ninth Judicial District, in and for Chase county, State of Kansas. William O'Byrne, Administrator of the

PUBLICATION OF SUMMONS

PUBLICATION OF SUMMONS.

To Jenette Loomis and Green Pritchett, cefendants above named.

You and each of you will take notice that the above named plaistiffs, William O'Byrne, Administrator of the estate of John O'Byrne, deceased, and William O'Byrne, in his own proper person, James O'Byrne, and The William O'Byrne, and The William O'Byrne, and The William O'Byrne, and The William O'Byrne, on the 29th day of October, A.D. 1883, filed their petition in the District Court of Chase county, Kansas, praying for a temporary injunction, and that, upon a final hearing, the same be made perpetual against said defendants. George Balch, as sherift of Chase county, Kansas, Jenette Loomis and Green Pritchett, restraining you, and each of you, from the sale of the you, and each of you, from the sale of the following described real estatate situated in Chase county, Kansas, to-wit:

Lots numbers six (6), eight (8) and ter (10), in block six (6), Cottonwood, now

strong City.

Strong City.

Said property was levied on under and by virtue of a certain execution issued out of said District Court, in fayor of Jenette Loomis and Green Pritchett, and against William O'Byrne et al.

You are, therefore, notified to auswer said petition on or before the 28th day of March, A. D 1884, or judgement will be taken against you, perpetually enjoining you and each of you from the sale of said land, together with costs of suit, and all other and further reliet, as the Court may deem equitable and just. deem equitable and just

WILLIAM O'BYRNE, JAMES O'BYRNE. ANDREW O'SYRNE. BRIDGET RYAN, MARY ANN PLUMBERG, and MARY O'BYRNE. By their attorneys, MADDEN BROS. Attest, E A. KINNE, Clerk of District court

WHEELER.



Watch and Clock Maker

JEWELER.

HARDWARE, TINWARE, WAGONS, ETC.

M. A. CAMPBELL.

HARDWARE STOVES, TINWARE,

Iron, Steel, Nails, Horse-shoes, Horse-nails; a full line of Wagon and Buggy Material, Iron & Wood Pumps, a complete line of

STEEL GOODS! FORKS, SPADES, SHOVELS, HOES, RAKES & HANDLES.

Carries an excellent stock of

Agricultural Implements,

Consisting of Breaking and Stirring Plows, Cultivators, Harrows, Wheelbarrows, &c., and is Agent for the well-known

Wood Mowing Machine, and best makes of Sulky Hay Rakes

Glidden Fence Wire. Sole agent for this celebrated wire, the best now in use.

Full Line of Paint & Oil on Hand.

A COMPLETE TINSHOP. I have an experienced tinner in my employ and am prepared to do all kinds of work in that line, on short notice, and at very low prices. WEST SIDE OF BROADWAY.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.

DRY COODS, CLOTHING, CROCERES, ETC.

THE GREAT EMPORIUM! FERRY & WATSON

Desire everybody to know that they have one of the

BEST& LARGEST STOCKS

Of goods ever brought to this market,

CONSISTING OF

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CROCERIES.

COFFINS FURNITURE. BOOTS AND SHOES.

CLOTHING HATS AND CAPS.

QUEENSWARE, CLASS WARE

TIN WARE

And, in fact, anything

NEEDED BY MAN

During his existence on earth.

BE SURE TO GO TO

FERRY&WATSON'S.

Cottonwood Falls, Kas.,

YOU WILL BE PLEASED With their

BARGAINS.

KUHL'S HARNESS SHOP

ESTABLISHED IN 1867;

ALWAYS ON HAND, Harness, Saddles, Blankets,

Robes, and Everything Belonging to the HARNESS BUSINESS;

ALSO, TRUNKS, VALISES & BEST OSAGE COAL FOR SALE.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. THOS. H. CRISHAM,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

Office upstairs in National Bank building,

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS-

MADDEN BROS., Attorneys - at - Law.

Office, Court-house, Cottonwood Falls. Will practice in state and Federal Courts. All business placed in our bands will receive careful and prompt attention. aug10-tf

C. N. STERRY, ATTORNEY - AT - LAW, EMPORIA, KANSAS,

Will practice in the several courts of Lyon Chase, Harvey, Marion, Morris and Osag counties in the State of Kansas; in the Su preme Court of the State, and in the Fe d eral Courts therein.

CHAS. H. CARSWELL. ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, CHASE COUNTY, KANSAS Will practice in all the State and Federa courts and land offices. Collections made and promptly remitted. Office, east side of Broadway, south of bridge mch29-tf

JOSEPH C. WATERS,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW.

Topeka, Kansas, (Posto@ice box 405) will practice in the District Court of the counties of Chase, Marion, Harvey, Reno, Rice and Barton. fe23-tf

J V SANDERS, J A SMITH, A W HARRIS. SANDERS, SMITH & HARRIS.

ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,

STRONG CITY, KANSAS. Office in Independent building. apr5-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. W. MC'WILLIAMS'

Chase County Land Agency

ESTABLISHED IN 1869.

Special agency for the sale of the Atchison, Topeka and Sants Fe Railroad lands wild lands and stock ranches. Well watered, improved farms for sale. Lands for improvement or speculation always for sale. Honorable treatment and fair dealing guaranteed. Call en or address J. W. Mc Williams, at

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS

MONEY. 7 and 8 Per Cnt!

CALL ON

W. H. HOLSINGER.

for the working class. Send ten cents for stamp, and we will mail you free, a royal, valuable book of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to \$5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To all who are not well satisfied we will \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, of writing us. Full particulars, directions. etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the Work. Great success absolute sure. Don't

TORPID BOWELS DISORDERED LIV

From these sources arise three-fo the diseases of the human race. symptoms indicate their existence: Appetite, Bowels days and Skin is also promoti impurities the ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

HE FEELS LIKE A NEW MAN.

"I have had Dyspepsis, with Constipation, two years, and have tried ten different kinds of pills, and TUTT'S are the first that have done me any good. They have cleaned me out nicely. My appetite is splendid, food digests readily, and I now have natural passages. I feel like a new man."

W.D. EDWARDS, Palmyrs, O. Seldsverthers St. N.T. Soldeverywhere, 250. Office, 44 Murray St., N.Y.

A PRIZE Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure At once address True & co... Augusta, Maine. jan27-1y

J. W. TRICH

IS THE MANUFACTURER OF THE

Following Brands of Cigars:

"Affectionate," "Home Ruler," "Palace Car," "Golden Days" and "Nancy." oct26-6m

a week at home. So outfit free. P y absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which pf either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute cortainty, write for particulars to HALLETT & Co., Portland.

W. E. TIMMONS, - Ed. and Prop

Terms—per year, \$1.50 cash in advance; at ter three months, \$1.75; after six-months, \$2.00 For six months, \$1 00 cash in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	lin.	2 in.	Sin.	5 in.	% col.	1 col
1 week	\$1 00	\$1 50	\$ 2.00	\$ 3 00	\$ 5.50	\$10.0
2 weeks	1 .50	2.00	2.50	4 00	6.50	13.0
8 weeks	1 1.75	2 50	3 00	4.50	8.00	15.0
4 weeks	2 00	3.00	3 25	5 00	9 00	17.0
2 months	3.00	4.50	5 25	7 50	14 00	25.0
3 months.	4 00		7 50	11 00	20.00	32 5
6 menths.	6.50	9 00	12 00	18 00	32 50	55.0
1 year	10.00	18.00	24 00	35.00	55.00	85.0

Local notices, 10 cents a line for the first in-sertion; and 5 cents a line for each subsequent insertion; double price for black letter.

CITY AND COUNTY NEWS.



BAST. PASS.MAIL.KM'T.FR'T.FR'T.FR'T ABST. FASS.MAIL.EM T. B. T. F. T. F.

Safford... 5 07 4 33 12 01 5 35 2 53 5 00 Strong... 5 26 4 52 12 39 9 10 3 30 6 00 Elmdale.. 5 43 5 07 1 11 9 37 4 01 6 50 Crawfords 5 59 5 25 1 44 10 06 4 30 7 39 Qedar Pt. 6 10 5 36 2 06 10 25 4 53 8 10

DIRECTORY.

STATE OFFICERS. W Glick
devernor George W Gilch
Lieutenant GevernorD W Finney Becretary of StateJames Smith
Attamos Conerel W A Julison
Anditor F MCC806
manage Sam I nowe!
qualt of Public Instruction I Copeer
Chief Justices Sup. Court, D M Valentine
Congressman, 3d Dist Thomas Ryan
Congressman, 3d Dist I nomas Ityab
COUNTY OFFICERS.
COUNTY OFFICERS.

		(Arch. Miller.
Cou	nty Commissioner	8 Arch. Miller. P. C. Jeffrey. Aaron Jones.
4.007		(Aaron Jones
Con	nty Treasurer	J. S. Shipman
Pen	hata Indea	C. W HILBOR
Can	ner Clark	S. A. Breece
Cou	ney Clerk	A. P. Gandy
Reg	later of Deeds	Q P Voung
Cou	nty Attorney	S. P. Young.
Cler	k District Court	E. A. Kinne
1	MAN CHIPMANAP	W. W. Sanders
Oh.	mi (T	GEOIEG DWICH
-	arintandant	mary E. munt
Cap		R. Walsh
COL	OHOI	

MayorJ. P. Kuhl. Police JudgeM. H. Pennell. Otty AttorneyC. H. Carswell. William Forney.	Coroner	Walsh.
Mayor. J. P. Kuhl. Police Judge M. H. Pennell, City Attorney C. H. Carswell. City Marshal William Forney, J. D. Minnick, Edwin Pratt, J. S. Doolittle. M. A. Campbell, J. W. Ferry. E A Kinne	CITY OF	FICERS.
Police Juage City Attorney City Marshal Councilmen Councilmen	Maran	J. P. Kuhl.
City Marshal. William Forney. J. D. Minnick. Edwin Pratt. J. S. Doolittle. M.A.Campbell. J. W. Ferry. E A Kinne		
City Marshal J. D. Minnick, Edwin Pratt, J. S. Doolittle, M.A.Campbell, J. W. Ferry. E A Kinne	Att Attorney	C. H. Carswell.
Councilmen J. S. Doolittle. M. A. Campbell. J. W. Ferry. E A Kinde	City Marchal	William Poincy.
Councilmen	City Martin	J. D. Minuick.
J. W. Ferry.		Edwin Pratt,
J. W. Ferry.	Conneilmen	J. S. Doolittle.
E A Kinbe	Coductimon	M.A.Campoen.
Clerk W. H. Holsinger.		J. W. Ferry.
W. H. Holsinger.	(Work	E A Kinbe
	Tressurer	W. H. Holsinger.

and 10 o'clock, A M.

Baptist—At Etrong City—Rev. W. F.

File, Pastor; Covenant and business meeting on Saturday before the first Sunday in each month; services, first and third Sunday in each month, at 11 a m. and 8 p. m.

All are invited to artend. Meetings are held in the public school building. SOCIETIES.

Knights of Honor.—Falls Lodge, No. 747, meets on the first and third Tuesday evening of each month; F B Hunt, Dictator; H P Brockett, Reporter.

Masonic —Zeredath Lodge No. 80 A F A M, meets the first and third Friday evening of each month; J P Kuhl, Master, W Heleitzer, Segretary

ter: W H Holsinger, Secretary.
Odd Fellows.—Angola Lodge No. 58 I
O O F, meets every Monday evening; H.
M. Simmons, N. G.; C. C. Whitson, Secre-

THE CURRENCY QUESTION. Notwithstanding the fact that ing themselves almost to death smith shop. over the vexed question, even to the extent of neglecting their business, their homes and their duties hard working, intelligent men pouring into the great Arkansas Valley, the Garden of the West, where the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad offers them their choice of 2,500,000 acres of the finest farming land in the world at almost their own prices. If you dersigned, who will tell you where at his new home. you can get a cheap land exploring ticket, and how, at a moderate expense, you can see for yourself and be convinced.

Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt., Topeka Kansas.

CHEAP MONEY. Interest at 7 per cent., on two, three, four, or five years time, real estate security. Call on Thos. O. Kelley, at Young & Kelley's Law 22. Waite's Knight Templar Or nov23 tt.

CASH, For eggs, butter, chickens and oth-

er products; at Penneli's restaurant

JO. OLLINGER, Central Barber Shop, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.

Particular attention given to all work in my was of business, especially to ladies' shampooing and hair cutting. Cigars can to bought at this shop.

LOCAL SHORT STOPS.

Subscribe for the COURANT. Mr. J. N. Nye has gone East.

Aside from the wind, Tuesday was a nice day.

Mr. F. Oberst, of Lehigh, Ma rion county, is in town.

Mr. W. C. K. Buchanan is workng on the Topeka Capital. Thawing weather, Friday, Sat-

rday, Sunday and Monday. Mr. Philip Hornberger has re

turned home from Elinwood. Mr. S. T. Bennett, of Safford,

was down to Emporia, Friday. Mr. John H. Martin, of Elinor, was at Emporia, last Thursday.

his farm on Diamond creek to Mr. J. R. Dancer. Next Wednesday will be the be-

Mr. J. S. Doolittle has rented

ginning of Lent. It is known as Ash Wednesday. Mrs. S. P. Watson, of Fox creek.

has been quite sick since her 1eturn from Ft. Scott. Mesers. J. W. McWilliams, Ed.

Pratt and J. D. Minnick were down to Emporia, Friday. Mr. H. P. Brockett returned

home, Monday, from a business trip to Osage county. Mr. W. S. Romigh arrived home

last Thursday, and left again, on

Tuesday, for Wichita. Hon. T. S. Jones has returned from Dodge City, where he was attending the Ford County District

Harry Robinson, son of Mr. E. A. Robinson, of Emporia, was in

of the week. Mrs. J. C. Dwelle, of Florence, formerly of this county, has gone to New Yerk, on an extended visit to ber old home.

Mesers. J. P. Kuhl and Wm. M. Kellogg have gone to Lawrence to attend the meeting of the Grand year for \$2.35. As an important Lodge A. F. & A. M.

Mr. John McCallum, of Strong City, will soon go to the City of Mexico, to boss for Mr. B. Lantry on his railroad contract.

Born, on Thursday, February 14, 1884, St. Valentine's day, to Mr and Mrs. Patrick Raleigh, of

Treasurer

CHURCHES.

Methodist Episcopal Church — Rev. A.

K. Johnson, Pastor: Sabbath school, at 10
e'clock, a. m., every Sabbath; morning
service, at 11 o'clock, every alternate Sabbath, class meeting, at 12. m.: service every sabbath evening at 8 o'clock.

M. E. Church South.—Rev. J. R. Bennett,
Pastor; service, first Sunday of the month, at Dougherty's school-house on Foxereek, at 11 o'clock, a. m.: second Sunday, at 11 o'clock, a. m.: second Sunday of the month, at Dougherty's school-house on Foxereek, at 11 o'clock, a. m.: service every sabbath evening at 8 o'clock.

Dr. Wm. H. Gastra Ratio a.telegram, yesterday, announcing the death of her mother, Mrs. Mary

and Mrs. John D. Strouse, a daughter, Dr. R. Walsh being in evening, February 19, 1884, by the

Friends of the Courant, having legal notices to publish, will confer a favor on us by requesting their atterney or the county officers to have them published in the Cou-

Mr. E. F. Bauerle will begin the erection of a stone or brick bu-i ness house on Broadway, as soon as the weather will permit; and his thousands of our people are worry- brother intends putting up a black-

Mr. Jabin Johnson is erecting a trame warehouse, by permission of to their families, there are still the City Council, to be covered thousands upon thousands of smart, with a sneet-iron roof, on Broadway, worth of Mr. A. J. Pence's

Dr. J. W. Trueworthy, of Emporia, moved to Kansas City, last Thursday, taking his family with him. The Doctor has many friends The price of American Farmer is \$1 do not believe it write to the un- here, whose best which attend him a year, but you can get it and the

Mr. McChandless, who has been living in a part of Mr. H P. Brock ett's house for some time past, and who has been on a visit to lowa, has returned home, bringing with him his 17-year-eld son.

The G. A. R. Post, of this city, will give a dance on the night of Washington's birth day, February chestra, of Emporia, have been en gaged to furnish the music.

Married, on Wednesday, February 13, 1884, in the Probate Court Mr. A. O. Talkington and Miss all of Cottonwood township.

please, in Music Hall, last Satur- Recorder, can be seen at our office,

Holz and L. W. Heck, \$50 a side, was won by Mr Holz in 552 minutes, he beating Mr. Heck a lap and a half.

John Martin, the young man charged with forgery, had his preliminary trial at the Court-house in this city, last week, before 'Squire John Miller, and was held to answer at the next term of the Dietrict Court.

The fore part of Monday night was very warm, and it was lightning; but about 4 o'clock, Tuesday the wind, which had been blowing from the south, vered round to the northwest, and by daylight the ground was again frozen hard.

Mr. L. A. Loomis will kill a Hereford steer (three years old the coming spring) on next Thursday, and will have the meat for sale at his market in this city, on the two following days, so those who want to see the dressed animal would do well to call there on Friday morn-

"Neighbor Smith, have you noticed any change in neighbor Jones since he joined the Church?" 'Oh, yes; before he joined the Church, when he used to go to the wood-chopping on Sundays he carried his axe on his shoulder, and now when he goes to the chopping on Sundays he carries his axe under his coat."

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union of this county are entirely welcome to the space we have heretofore given them in these columns, and any notices they wish to have published in the town visiting friends, the fore part | future, if they will send them to us, we will take that same pleasure in publishing them that we took in publishing those in the past.

Having made special arrange ments with the publishers, we are enabled to furnish our paper and the Kansas City Weekly Times for one Presidential campaign is almost upon us, every one should subsribe for a good newspaper. The low price named above should be taken advantage of at once, as it will be withdrawn atter March 1.

at Dougherty's school-house on Foxereek, at 11 o'clock, a. m.; second Sunday, at Cottonwood Falls, Kansas.

Dr. Wm. H. Cartter returned Kansas.

Dr. Wm. H. Cartter returned Kansas.

Dr. Wm. H. Cartter returned Kansas.

Saddie Faris, old lady; Miss Katie Mann, Spanish flower girl; T. Killoric, at the Harris school-house, on Diamond Gity, at 11, a. m.; tourth Sunday, at Strong City.—Rev. Guido Stello, O. S. F., Pastor; services every Sunday and holyday of obligation, at 3 and tobacce.

J. D. Strouse.

Cottonwood Falls, Kansas.

Mann, Spanish flower girl; T. Killoric, at 11, a. m.; tourth Sunday, at her old home immense stock of millinery goods, in Strong City, at prices within the reach of all. Hats at from 25 cents to \$5.

Married, at the residence of Married.

morning, February 18, 1884, to Mr. O. H. Winegar, brother-in-law of the bride, in this city, on Tuesday Rev. W. B. Fisher, Mr. Walter Hait and Miss Mary Holmes, all of this county. Many friends of the bride and groom were present, and with a bountiful supper and a good management, all went "merry as a marriage bell." The happy couple have our best wishes in their new

We have perfected arrangements with the publishers of the American Farmer, of Fort Wayne, Ind., that enables us to offer our subscribers a first class Agricultural Magazine at the bare cost of the white paper on which it is printed. The Amerisan Farmer is a 16 page monthly magazine which is rapidly taking rank as one of the leading agricultural publications of the country. Eacn number will contain useful information for the farmer, his wife, his sons and his daughters. Courant for one year for \$1.75 cash in advance. As it costs you almost nothing, soppose you try it one year.

We have received a specimen copy of A. M. Pardy's Seed, Plant and Tree Catalogue. It is a beauty. The colored plates of his new seeding Raspberry, the Crimson Beauty, and his "Latest of All" strawberry, the Jumbo, are very fine indeed, and should be seen by every Hotel. lover of fruits. The information given on growing strawberries, at cost. raspberries, blackberries, blackberries, grapes, &c., is very valuaroom, by Judge C. C. Whitson, ble, while his prices for plants, trees, &c. are as low as any relia-Anna, daughter of M. Payne, Esq., ble grower or dealor. The Catalogue, or a specimen copy of his The ten-mile foot race, go as you valuable monthly paper, the Fruit day night, between Mesers. Frank or by dropping a postal to A. M. for \$50 cash.

LAFFOON

Has on hand a full line of

Ladies' Cloaks and Dolmans, Gents', Youths' and Boys' Overcoats, Which he will close out

AT COST!

Line of Dress Goods to be found in the County

Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps,

HOSIERY, NOTIONS, CROCERIES, CLASS, QUEENS, AND WOODENWARE

MRS. E. LAFFOON, MILLINER, Does all kinds of Stamping to Order.

STRONG CITY, KANSAS

Purdy, Palmyra, N. Y., a copy of either or both will be sent to you goods at Breese's.

The Stewart-Wilberforce Concert Company will give an entertainment in Music Hall, on Friday evening, March 7. This company is composed of Christian colored people, whose object is the education and elevation of people of their race. They come highly endorsed by the press and pulpit, as being cultured in song, refined in manners, and Christian in character. At Island Park Assembly and at Monona Lake Assembly, near Brooklyn, N. Y., last year, thousands listened to them with increasing delight from day to day, so it is said. From the high testimonials they bring with them, we feel assured in saying that those who listen to them will be highly delighted with their entertainment.

In our list of maskers at the formal open of Central Hotel, as published last week, there appeared the names of several parties, both male and female, who were not masqued. The list was furnished to us by Mr. J. F. Ollinger who, being a novice in newspaper reporting, thought he would and, for that reason, caused us to report some parties as masqed who In our list of masquers at the embarassing position, making it his drug store. Central Hotel opening ball, on the necessary for us to say, this week, Go to Breese's for your fresh stanight of the 8th instant, we failed that we are heartily sorry that such ple and fancy groceries, and where Geo. Holsinger, Gipsy; Miss H. we beg pardon of those thus offend- price for produce. Park, Woman in White; Miss — ed, especially of the ladies, and, at kinds of candies and nuts, cigars Park, Ida Lewis; Miss Lucy A. the same time assure them that Mr. and tobacce. J. D. STROUSE.

The publishers of Rutledge's wards in their Monthly for March, get the highest market price for among which is the following: your produce. We will give \$20.00 to the person telling us which is the middle earned;" and the way to save your verse of the Gospel of St. Matthew, pennies is to go to Breese's, where you can always get tresh staple and as recorded in the New Testament fancy groceries. Seriptures (not the New Revision,) You can get meals or lunch at by March 10, 1884. Should two or any hour, from 6 o'clock, a. m., more correct answers be received, until 10, p. m., at Jerry Williams'. the reward will be divided. The on Main street, between Broadway money will be forwarded to the winner, March 15, 1884. Persons ting in a large stock of goods, this trying for the reward must send spring, for which they are trying 20 cents in silver (no postage to make room, ano, hence, their stamps taken) with their answer, selling so many goods at cost. tor which they will receive the April Monthly, in which the name and address of the winner of the reward and the correct answer will can get warm lunches at all hours. be published, and in which several more valuable rewards will be of fered. Address Rutledge Publish ing Company, Easton, Pa."

FOR SALE,

The resturant and bakery stand of F. Oberst, on Main street, includ ing fixtures. Apply at this office. or address F. Oberst, at Lehigh, Marion county, Kansas.

BUSINESS BREVITIES.

Oysters at Pennell's. Boots and shoes at Breese's. Clothing at Ferry & Watson's, at

Go to E. F. Bauerle's for a good lunch Wanted, two girls, at the Union

Furniture at Ferry & Watson's, Good goods and bottom prices at

For confectionaries, go to E. F. febl4 tf Read Ferry & Watson's adver-

Boots and shoes at Ferry & Wat son's, at cost.

First-class organs at E. Cooley jy6-tf You can get your staple dry Bargains until you can't rest, at

Ferry & Watson's. Go to Howard's mill if you want o get the best of flour.

Dry goods notions, etc., at Ferry & Watson's, at cost. No. I sorghum, three galons for

\$1; at Ferry & Watson's. You can get saddles, harness, etc., at Ferry & Watson's.

Fresh goods all the time at th store of Breese, the grocer. E. F. Bauerle is running the

bakery "up to the handle." Parties indebted to Dr. Walsh are requested to call and settle. Go to Ferry & Watson's, where

Candies, cigars, tobacco, etc., a' G. L. Skinner's, Strong City, Kas A car load of Moline wogons just received at M. A. Campbell's. A car load of Glidden fence wire just received at M. A. Camp.

they are selling goods at cost.

Meals at all hours, also lunches at G. L. Skinner's, in Strong City. Kansas. nov1-tf

If you want to get a good square meal, go to Mrs. M. H. Pennell's restaurant.

Ferry & Watson are selling nearly everything at cost, to make room for their new spring goods. A car load of new improved Bain wagons just received at Hilcreate some fun for our readers, debrand Bros. & Jones, Strong City.

Dr. W. P. Pugh will continue to do a limited practice; and will be were not, thus placeing us in an found, at all unemployed times, at

to get the following names: Mrs. an error got into our columns, and you can get the highest market

ple and fancy groceries and for sta Monthly offer twelve valuable re ple dry goods, and where you can "A penny saved is a penny

and Friend street. Ferry & Watson intend putting

E F. Bauerle runs a confectionary and restaurant in Strong City, in connection with his establishment in this city, at either of which you

If you are a paid up subscriber to this paper call and get a copy of "Kendail's Treasies on the Horse." If you are a non-re-ident and have paid up your subscription, you, too, are entitled to a copy of the book, and can obtain it by sending us four cents to pay postage.

Doolittle & Son have the best and cheapest of boots and shoes to be found in this market; also, a full line of furnishing goods, notions and groceries. A dollar saved is a dollar made; and you can't make dollars any easier than by saving them; and the best way to save dollars is to buy your goods of Doolittle & Son.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

equal in amount to the accompanying bid, Bids will be opened on the 9th day of April, A. D. 834, at 2 o'l ck, p. m. ans and specifications can be seen at the PHYSICIANS.

J. W. STONE, M. D.

Office and room, east side of Broadway, south of the bridge,

COTTON WOOD FALLS, KAS.

W. P. PUCH, M. D., Physician & Surgeon,

Office at his Drug Store, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.

A. M. CONAWAY,

Physician & Surgeon,

Residence and office; a half mile orth of Toledo.

L. P. RAVENSCROFT, M. D.

Physician & Surgeon, STRONG CITY, KANSAS,

Office in McIntire's drug store, residence opposite the post-office. Calls promptly responded to. ja17-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

wanted for The Lives of the Presidents of the U. S., the largest, handsomest, best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The tastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All inteligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free. HALLET & Co, Portland, Maine jani-ly

TAKE NOTICE & DON'T

BE DECEIVED,

As I will sell cheaper and give better terms than any party in er out of Kansas, en the following organs and planos:
Wilcox & White, Steinway,
Reed & Thompson. Chickering,
Standard or Peloubet, Conover Bros.,
Burdette, Christy,
Estey, Fish & Son,
sterling, Weber,
Patterson, Jos P. Hail.
It will cost you nothing to give me a trial.

E. COOLEY.

MEAT MARKET,

THE "ENTERPRISE"

L. A. LOOMIS, PROPRIETOR,

Fresh Meat Every Day;

WEST SIDE OF BROADWAY, COTTONWOOD FALLS,

BIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID BOB

Fat Cattle, Hogs & Dressed Chickens

HIDES AND PELTS.

WELLS! WELLS!! WELLS!!! WHO WANTS WATER? J. B. BYRNES

CIANT WELL DRILL Nine Inch Bore,

Guarautees His Work

TERMS REASONABLE. WELLS PUT DOWN

ON SHORT NOTICE.

To Give Satisfaction:

COTTON WOOD FALLS, OR STRONG CITY, CHASE COUNTY, KAS



A GARDEN FOR \$1.00.

34 Barclay St., New-York.

—A Kansas farmer suggests that wheat straw forms good milking-tubes when a cow's teats are sore and it is desired to draw the milk without pain to

-If you want your mutton to be tender and juicy, says the Rural World, feed turnips to your sheep. With the aid of turnips a four-year wether can be made to eat as tender as a chicken.

-If a lady has a book-rack or table she wishes to varnish, first put on a coat of linseed oil, and then apply the shellac. The oil sinks into the pores of the wood and shows the grain. Pine, however, will not absorb it

-Porridge Gems: One cupful of oat meal porridge, one cupful of flour, a cupful and a-half of milk, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, one cupful of light, dry snow, half a teaspoonful of cream tartar, and a quarter of a teaspoonful of soda. The Household.

-Pickled Chicken: Boil chickens till tender enough for meat to fall from bones; put meat in a stone jar and pour over it three pints of cold, good cider vinegar and a pint and a-half of the water in which the chickens were boiled; add spices, if preferred, and it will be ready for use in two days. -Troy Times.

-Mr. Samuel Miller, of Bluffton, Mo. tells the Germantown Telegraph that if fresh fodder corn is stacked with straw-wheat or oat-in alternate layers of a foot of the latter to three inches of the former, there is no danger of spoiling, as the juices of the corn are absorbed by the straw, and the lat-ter is rendered so palatable that cattle eat it all greedily without waste.

-Farmers seem to have the impression, says the Midland Farmer, that in their herd they have a fountain which will supply them good, pure milk by simply drawing it, without much regard as to when or how. If a man kicks a cow in the udder the result is very apparent in the bloody milk; if he kicks her in the ribs or mauls her on the neck the consequences may not be immediately visible, but damage is nevertheless done and loss will certainly follow.

-Molasses Pound Cake: Take one cup of sugar and one cup of butter and beat to a cream; add three-quarters cup of molasses, two eggs, well beaten, one cup of sweet milk, one teaspoonful of best soda, dissolve in the milk; into four cups of flour, well sifted, mix two teaspoonfuls of cream tartar. Stir all together, then add a teacupful of raisins, well dredged with flour, a teacupful of currants, two teaspoonfuls of cinnamon, one of cloves. This will make two round loaves .- Exchange.

The Matter of Fence-Posts.

It seems certain that steel or iron barbed wire will in the future supercede boards for making farm fences. The objections to it are few and are gradually diminishing as animals become accustomed to it. The advantages of it are many. It is cheap, easy to transport, durable, and convenient to put in position. Prairie fires do not burn it nd violent winds do not blow it down. A fence made of it does not harbor vermin or provide a place for a nursery of weeds and bushes. It does not occupy the space of a Virginia rail fence or a wall. It does not trespass on the ground or injure growing crops like the roots of hedge plants. It is easily removed if it is no longer wanted in the four hundred feet over sea level the place where it was first erected. Barbed island is the healthiest in the world .wire has obviously "come to say." It is likely that it will be improved and cheapened, but it is not likely that it will go out of use. There is now an excellent opportunity for inventive talent to find a substitute for the ordinary material for farm fence-posts. Cedar is fast becoming scarce and high. The largest trees are used in the manufacture of cooperage and for various fancy articles. The tallest trees are employed for telegraph poles. A vast amount of cedar blocks are now used for paving streets. Numerous large cedar forests have been destroyed by fire during the past few years. There are few or no cedar trees within easy reach of the territory that is now being settled up. Chestnut, which furnishes the best sucstitute for cedar, does not grow to any considerable extent in the West. Some varieties of oak that grow in the West make very good posts, but most of them do not. The Southern pitch pine and cypress make good posts, and it appears trange that they are not more general-

ly used for this purpose. Much has been written during the past few years on the advantages of employing living trees for supporting boards or wire employed for fencing The appearance of a farm is greatly im proved by having it surrounded by stately trees. If these trees could be used for the purpose of supporting fence-wire they would be both useful and or namental. Great trouble, however, has been found in attaching wire to them As the trunks expand they grow over the wire, cause it to rust, and finally to break. Of course it is impractical to remove the wire after it has become imbedded in the wood of the growing tree. A correspondent of an eastern paper suggests boring holes through the trunks of trees and passing the wires through them. This plan, however, would not prevent the wires from becoming imbedded in the wood on the sides of the trees while the injury done to the second trees, while the injury done to the center would be likely to cause the trunks to decay. A better plan would seem to be to put a piece of iron tubing, like a gas pipe, through the augur hole. This would exclude the air and allow an opportunity to stretch the wire when it became necessary or to remove it altogether. In some of the Eastern States granite fence posts have been in use for more than a century. They are heavy to transport and are liable to be broken by having carts run against them. They are not liable to decay and of course can not be injured by ordinary fires. There are machines for drilling beles into them for holding nails or staples, and the latter can be fastened in place by the use of molten lead or sulphur. In many parts of the West are deposits of limestone that would make excellent posts. It is easier worked than granite and lighter to handle. In a few instances posts of earthen and concrete, as well of artificial atoms have been used.

Deplorable Results of Deforesting.

The original possessors of Mauritius, e., the French (for I do not count the temporary sojourn of Portuguese and Dutch), are numerically superior to the English residents, and they are, moreover, the real strength and backbone of the population. Wealthy, highly educated, and with plenty of energy and ability, they have hitherto found themselves carefully excluded from all civil and political appointments. Not only so, but the very terms of the surrender of the island to the British have been forgotten. On taking it over from France in 1810-11, we bound ourselves "to respect the laws and customs of the country," and we have already excluded the French language from the law courts, thereby entailing all the trouble and expense of interpreters, for the black population speak a debased French when they speak any European language at all. Worse still, we have deliberately sold for the purpose of being cut down the fine forests which the French so wisely preserved, thereby causing fatal droughts, the in-evitable result of deforesting. English Governors have come and gone for seventy years and more, and it never seems to have occurred to them to make use of the fine material that was ready to their hand in the sympathy and loyal co-operation of some ten thousand highly intelligent French Creoles. So far has this hostile treatment been carried, that it is not considered advisable to organize a volunteer rifle corps in Mauritius, who are far from being disloyal; they are simply alienated, and yet so ready to forget the neglect with which they have been treated that it requires only the presence among them of a sympathetic Governor to rally them to the British Crown. Finer material for a rifle corps could hardly be found than exists among the French gentleman of the island. The young men are splendid rifle shots, and their favorite recreation is to join in the deer hunts which frequently take place in the mountainous districts.

To return for a moment to the deforesting of Mauritius, I must add that the result is deplorable. The French, who have always understood forestry better than the English, left intact and guarded by special laws a fine belt of forest land round the island, and called this tract "Terres reservees." We have sold this reserved land to the first comers, and every tree is gone. The rainfall is so much affected that whole tracts of fertile soil, which would grow anything in the world if there was a rainfall, now lie waste. The persistent cultivation of sugar-cane where water exists, to the exclusion of other crops, is also a pernicious custom, and this double evil of monoculture and deforesting has produced its inevitable results, in throwing land out of culture, and in causing a malarious fever of so persistent a type as to become epidemic in Port Louis and all low-lying districts. The English Government is already trying to undo the evil. They have sand tioned the repurchase, at a greatly advanced price, of the "Terres reservees," and these lands are to be gradually re-planted. The present Governor is tryng to encourage the growth of cereals, and is making close inquiries into the increase of fever in Port Louis, where it is unsafe for a stranger to sleep for one night unless he makes up his mind

Famous Trees.

In the village of Brandhurst is an amazing yew tree, said by some histo- unless I was dreaming, and I don't think rians to be three thousand years old. At I was. Any way, they have a certifive feet from the ground it is twenty-cate."—Philadelphia Times. six and a half feet in circumference. The top alone is now green, and even that is much broken off and battered by the winds, while below all is a melan choly wreck-the trunk shattered, and crumbling to pieces with age. A part of the trunk is held to the main body of the tree by an iron band.

In a green lane, near Ranmore Common, is a curiosity which frequently detains the tree-lover, It is a yew tree growing out of an oak, found in a sort of circle formed by smaller trees. Where the branches of the oak begin to spread out from the trunk, the top of the yew also sends forth its branches, and pushes its way through the oak in all directions. The trunk of the yewonly a few inches in diameter-grows, to all appearance, out of the very roots of the oak, and at the ground the two trees cannot be distinguished apart, except by the different appearances of the bark. You could not, for instance, put a sheet of paper between them. The yew tree then grows straight up the trunk of the oak, and forces its branches through those of its companion, making substantially one tree. The contrast in color is all the way one notices the difference between these twins where they

begin to branch. Not far from Redhill is a yew tree said to be one thousand two hundred years old. The inside of the tree has been hollowed out, and the traveler may open a door and walk inside the tree. There are wooden benches fixed against the trunk, and a little round table in the middle, and it is said that fourteen or fifteen persons can seat themselves at this table. Picnic parties meet here occasionally for a convivial time. The top of the tree is fresh and green, and in parts it has been strengthened with iron plates. The girth of the trunk is nearly thirty-one feet. Large wens or "bosses" have grown upon it, and yet in spite of all that time and illusage can do, it remains a noble and remarkable tree, worth traveling over many a mile of clayey roads to gaze upon .- London News.

-One of the old hill towns adjoining the now thriving city of Waterbury. Conn., is Prospect, and among its residents are those who remember when Waterbury people came to Prospect to trade. Some of the school districts in Prospect, where now there are not enough scholars to claim a school under the laws of the State, once numbered from sixty to seventy children. There are more old cellars in town where houses once stood than there are houses

cial stone, have been used. Iron is so well protected that the prospect of using it for nrotecting fields appears to be very poor,—Chicago Times.

dudies once stood than there are hot at the present day.—Hartford Post.

—Miss Ada Briggs, of Philadelphia Processing and the present day.—Hartford Post.

—Miss Ada Briggs, of Philadelphia Processing and the present day.—Hartford Post. -Miss Ada Briggs, of Philadelphia, weighs 532 pounds.—Philadelphia Press.

A Long Sleep.

A certain famous historical desert snail was brought from Egypt to England as a chonchological specimen in the year 1846. This particular mollusk, (the only one of his race, probable.) bly, who ever attained to individual distinction, at the time of his arrival in London, was really alive and vigorous, but as the authorities of the British Museum, to whose tender care he was assigned, were ignorant of this impor-tant fact in his economy, he was gummed, mouth downward, on to a piece of cardboard, and duly labeled and dated with scientific accuracy: "Helix desertorum, March 25, 1846." Being a snail of a retiring and contented disposition, however, accustomed to long droughts and corresponding naps in his native sand-wastes, our mollusk thereupon simply curled himself up into the topmost recesses of his own whorls, and went placidly to sleep in perfect contentment for an unlimited period. Every chonchologist takes it granted, of course, that the shells which he receives from foreign parts have had their inhabitants properlly boiled and extracted before being exported; for it is only the mere outer shell or skeleton of the animal that we preserve in our cabinets, leaving the actual flesh and muscles of the creature himself to wither unobserved upon its native shores. At the British Museum the desert snail might have snoozed away his inglorious existence unsuspected but for a happy accident which attracted public attention to his remarkable case in a most extraordinary manner. On March 7, 1850, nearly four years later, it was casually observed that the card on which he reposed was slightly discolored; and this discovery led to the suspicion that perhaps a liv-ing animal might be temporarily immured within that tapery tomb. Museum authorities accordingly ordered our friend a warm bath (who shall say hereafter that science is unfeeling!) upon which the grateful snail, waking up at the touch of the familiar moisture, put his head cautiously out of his shell, walked up to the top of the basin, and began to take a cursory survey of British institutions with his four eye-bearing tentacles. So strange a recovery from a long torpid condition, only equaled by that of the seven sleepers of Ephesus, deserved an exceptional amount of scientific recognition. The desert snail at once awoke and found himself famous. Nay, he actually sat for his portrait to an eminent zoological artist, Mr. Waterhouse, and a wood-cut from the sketch thus procured, with a history of his life and adventures, may be found even unto this day in Dr. Wood-ward's "Manual of the Mollusca," to witness if I lie .- Cornhill Magazine.

How the Skeleton Was Married. Rev. B. C. Lippencott, the minister who united Bertha E. Clear and J. B. Garrison, the living skeleton, in marriage, explains how he was induced to perform the ceremony. "He was approached at the ministers' Monday meeting by a young man who asked if he would go with him to marry a couple. Being informed that everything was all right, Mr. Lippencott consented to go, and was conducted to a boarding house in Arch street, where, in an upper bedroom, was Garrison and the young lady. Garrison was dressed in a full black suit, and I had no idea he was a museum curiosity. He said he and the young lady wanted to be married. I requested them to stand up, but the bridegroom said he preferred to be married sitting. Without suspecting that anything was amiss, were certainly married, and no mistake

125 Years Old.

Messrs. Francis Newberry & Son, London, England, established for 125 years, write: As a testimonial from one of the oldest drug-houses in Great Britain, respecting your household remedy, will no doubt be of interest to you, we are pleased to make the statement that we have sold St. Jacobs Oil with satisfaction to the public for several years, and that owing to the extraordinary merits of the article, the de mand is continually increasing, and that we have heard of many favorable reports regarding its great virtue as a pain-curing remedy.

"I'm afraid, Bridget, that we will not be able to live together any longer." "An' sure, mum, where is it ye'd be goin'?"—N.
Y. News.

THE short, hacking cough, which leads t Consumption, is cured by Piso's Cure.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 19, 188	4.
CATTLE-Shipping Steers \$5 00 @ 5	50
Native Heifers 3 00 @ 4	00
Native Cows 3 00 @ 4	65
Butchers' Steers. 4 00 @ 5	10
HOGS-Good to choice heavy 6 40 @ 7	30
Native Heifers . 3 00 66 4 Native Cows . 3 00 66 4 Native Cows . 3 00 66 4 Butchers' Steers . 4 00 66 5 HOGS-Good to choice heavy 6 40 66 7 Light . 40 66 5 WHEAT-No. 1 90 66 No. 2 87 66	00
No. 2 87 6	00
No. 2	78
CORN-No. 2 42 @	43
OATS—No. 2. 30 6 RYE—No. 2. 48 6 FLOUR—Fancy, per sack. 2 25 6 2 HAY—Car lots, bright. 7 00 66 7 7 BUTTER—Choice dairy. 20 6 2 CHEESE—Kansas, new. 69 6 6 EGGS—Choice. 22 6 6 PORK—Hams. 11 6 8 Shoulders. 7 6 6 Sides. 9 6	30%
RYE-No. 2 48 @	50
FLOUR-Fancy, per sack 2 25 @ 2	30
BUTTER—Choice dalaw	50
CHEESE-Kansas now 00 @	10
EGGS-Choice	92
PORK-Hams 11 @	14
Shoulders 7 @	73
Sides 9 @	91
LARD 9 @	91/
WOOL-Missouri, unwashed 18 @	19
	50
ST. LOUIS.	4
CATTLE—Snipping Steers 5 50 @ 6	25 20
HOGS-Good to choice 5.50 @ 7	20
SHEEP-Fair to choice 3 75 @ 4	ČÃ.
FLOUR-XXX to choice 3 40 @ 4	25
WHEAT—No. 2 Winter 1 07 6 1 No. 3	1014
No. 3 1 00 @ 1	01
CORN-No. 2 mixed 50 @	501/
OATS-No. 2	351/
PORK 18 25 @ 10	
COTTON-Middling 91/6 TOBACCO-New Lugs 4 40 6 4	934
TOBACCO-New Lugs 4 40 @ 4	75
Medium new leaf 625 @ 5	15
CHICAGO	100
CATTLE-Good shipping 5 40 @ 6	10
HOGS-Good to choice 5 80 @ 7	00
CATTLE—Good shipping 5 40 @ 6 HOGS—Good to choice 5 80 @ 7 SHEEP—Fair to choice 2 75 @ 7 FLOUR—Common to choice. 5 00 @ 6	
FLOUR—Common to choice. 5 00 6 6 WHEAT—No. 2 red. 95 6 No. 3 79 6 No. 2 Spring 95 6 CORN—No. 2 . 54 6 0ATS—No. 2 . 53 6	
No. 3	85 %
No. 2 Spring 05 @	80
CORN-No. 2. 54 6 OATS-No. 2. 33 6	95 % 54 %
OATS-No. 2 33 @	33%
RID Di @	18
PORK-New Mess 18 25 @ 18	35
NEW YORK.	
NEW YORK. 5 25 @ 7	50
HOUS-Good to choice 5 75 @ 7	10
FLOUR—Good to choice	101/
WHEAT-No. 2 red 1 10 6 1	1917
No. 2 Spring 1 05 @ 1	1072

A HUNTER'S STORY.

(Correspondence Spirit of the Times.) An unusual adventure which recently occurred to your correspondent while hunting at Brookmere in this State is se timely and contains so much that can be made valuable to all readers, that I venture to

The day was a most inclement one and the snow quite deep. Rabbit tracks were plentiful, but they principally led in the direction of a large swamp, in which the rabbits could run without difficulty, but where the hunter constantly broke through the thin ice sinking into the the thin ice, sinking into the half-frozen mire to his knees. Notwithstanding these difficulties, the writer had persevered, aldifficulties, the writer had persevered, although a very small bag of game was the result. While tramping about through a particularly malarial portion of the swamp, a middle aged man suddenly came into view carrying a muzzle loading shot-gun and completely loaded down with game of the finest description. Natural curiosity, aside from the involuntary envy that instinctively arose, prompted the writer to enter into conversation with the man, with the following result:

"You've had fine success, where did you

the following result:

"You've had fine success, where did you get all that game?"

"Right here, in the swamp."

"It's pretty rough hunting in these parts, especially when a man goes up to his waist every other step."

"Yes, it's not very pleasant, but I am used to it and don't mind it."

"How long have you hunted hereabouts?"

"Why, bless you, I have lived here most of my life and hunted up to ten years ago every year."

last ten years? "Because I was scarcely able to move much less hunt."
"I don't understand you?"

"I don't understand you?"

"Well, you see, about ten years ago, after I had been tramping around all day in this same swamp, I felt quite a pain in my ankle. I didn't mind it very much, but it kept troubling me for a day or two, and I could see that it kept increasing. The next thing I knew, I felt the same kind of a pain in my shoulder and I found it pained me to move my arm. This thing kept going on and increasing, and though I tried to shake off the feeling and make myself think it was only a little temporary trouble, I found that it did not go. Shortly after this my joints began to ache at the knees and I finally became so bad that I had to remain in the house most of the time."

"And did you trace all this to the fact that you had hunted so much in this swamp?"

"And did you trace all this to the fact that you had hunted so much in this swamp?"

"No, I didn't know what to lay it to, but I knew that I was in misery. My joints swelled until it seemed as though all the flesh I had left was bunched at the joints; my fingers crooked in every way and some of them became double-jointed. In fact, every joint in my body seemed to vie with the others to see which could become the largest and cause me the greatest suffering. In this way several years passed on, during which time I was pretty nearly during which time I was pretty nearly helpless. I became so nervous and sensi-tive that I would six bolstered up in the tive that I would six bolstered up in the chair and call to people that entered the room not to come near me, or even touch my chair. While all this was going on, I felt an awful burneng heat and fever, with occasional chills running all over my body, but especially along my back and through my shoulders. Then again my blood seemed to be boiling and my brain to be on fire."

"Didn't you try to prevent all this agony?"

"Well, you talk in a very strange man-"Well, you talk in a very strange manner for a man who has tramped around on a day like this and in a swamp like this. How in the world do you dare to do it?"

"Because I am completely well and as sound as a dollar. It may seem strange, but it is true that I was entirely cured; the rheumatism all driven out of my blood; my joints reduced to their natural size and my strength made as great as ever before by strength made as great as ever before, by means of that great and simple remedy, Warner's Safe Rheumatic Cure, which I

The writer turned to leave, as it was growing dark, but before I had reached the city precisely the same symptoms I had just heard described came upon me with great viclence. Impressed with the hunter's story, I tried the same remedy, and within twenty-four hours all pain and inflammation had disappeared. If any reader is suffering from any manner of rheumatic or neuralgic troubles and desires relief let him by all means try this same great remedy. And if any readers doubt the truth of the above incident or its statements let them write to A. A. Coates, Brookmere, N. Y., who was the man with whom the writer conversed, and convince themselves of its truth or falsity. J. R. C. The writer turned to leave, as it was

A sign in Cleveland reads: "Ice Kream Sallune," which is probably the worst cold spell of the season.—Chicago Journal.

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar If timely used prevents galloping consumption. Pike's toothache drops cure in one min.

"A FRIEND is a second self," but some men wobble along without duplication.—
N. Y. Graphic.

*Both Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, \$1. Six bottles for \$5. Sent by mail in the form of pill-, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, \$1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Inclose 3c stamp. Send for pamphlet. Mention this paper.

LAWN tennis is a popular game, but it is played out, all the same.—N. O. Picayune.

Quantity and Quality. In the Diamond Dyes more coloring is given than in any known dyes, and they give faster and more brilliant colors. 10c at all druggists. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. Sample Card, 32 colors, and book of directions for 2c stamp.

MEN wear light straw-hats in summer be cause they are not felt.

J. W. Graham, Wholesale Druggist, of Austin, Tex., writes:—I have been handling Dr.Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lunos for the past year, and have found it one of the most salable medicines I have ever had for Coughs, Colds and Consumption.

"Ir quiets the patient, and ultimately cures im." A late encomium on Samaritan Nervine.

COLD feet-two feet of snow .- Detroit

How He was Overcome and the Way by which He was Finally Saved.

reproduce it entire:

every year."
"How does it happen you omitted the

"Didn't you try to prevent all this agony?"
"Try, I should think I did try. I tried every doctor that came within my reach and all the proprietary medicines I could hear of. I used washes and liniments enough to last me for all time, but the only relief I received was by injections of morphine."

"And so you now have no fear of rheumatism?"

"Why, no. Even if it should come on, I can easily get rid of it by using the same remedy."

A REALTH journal tells its readers "How to take cold." What most of us want to know is how to let go of it.—Burlington Hackeye.

Sent free to sufferers from nervous, chronic and blood diseases, brain and heart affections, nervous debility, etc. It tells of wonderfulcures effected by Dr. Scott's Coca, Beef and Iron, with Phosphorus. Sold by druggists; \$1. Dr. Scott, Kansas City, Mo.

I BELIEVE Swift's Specific has saved my life. I had virtually lost use of the upper part of my body and my arms from the poisonous effects of a large cancer on my neck, from which I had suffered for twenty years. S. S. S. has relieved me of all soreness, and the poison is being forced out of my system. I will soon be well.

W. R. ROBINSON. Davisboro, Ga.

Something for all the Preachers Rev. H. H. Fairall, D. D., editor of the Iowa Methodist, says editorially, in the November (1883) number of his paper: "We have tested the merits of Ely's Cream Balm, and believe that, by a thorough course of treatment, it will cure almost every case of catarrh. Ministers, as a class, are afflicted with head and threat troubles, and catarrh seems more prevalent than and catarrh seems more prevalent than ever. We cannot recommend Ely's Cream Balm too highly." Not a liquid nor a snuff. Applied to the nostrils with the finger.

The man who hath no music in his soul—The chap who wears rubber boots.—N. Y. Journal.

Hard to Believe.

It is hard to believe that a man was cured of a Kidney disease after his body was swollen as big as a barrel and he had been given up as incurable and lay at death's door. Yet such a cure was accomplished by Kidney-Wort in the person of M. M. Devereaux, of Ionia, Mich., who says: "After thirteen of the best doctors in Detroit had given me up, I was cured by Kidney-Wort. I want every one to know what a boon it is."

"LIFE is a riddle." That is probably the reason why suicides want to get riddle life.

-Boston Transcript.

Farmers-Try It!

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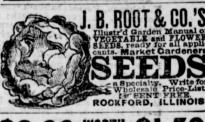
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