

House Country

W. E. TIMMONS, Editor and Proprietor.

HOW TO THE LINE, LET THE CHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY.

VOLUME X.

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A WEEK'S NEWS.

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CONGRESSIONAL.

On the 4th, the Chair laid before the Senate a resolution from the Legislature of Ohio, transmitted by the Governor, favoring a tariff for revenue, limited to the necessities of the Government, economically administered, and so adjusted as to encourage industries at home and afford protection to labor, and not to create or foster monopolies. Petitions from ex-soldiers of the Union army, praying for the enactment of various laws for the benefit of soldiers of the late war, were presented by several Senators. Mr. Van Wyck offered a resolution, which was agreed to, requesting the Secretary of the Interior to inform the Senate whether the Union Pacific Company has issued any mortgage, pledge, lease, running arrangement, or other traffic contract, since March 3, 1875. The Speaker announced the several changes in Standing Committees at the request of members interested. Upon the call of the clerk, a memorial was introduced, signed by Richard W. Fox, a memorial of charges against Chief Justice Samuel B. Axtell, of the Supreme Court of New Mexico, and resolutions directing the Committee on Judiciary to inquire into and ascertain whether the allegations contained in the memorial are true. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

In the Senate, the 5th, Mr. Coke presented a memorial a joint resolution from the Legislature of Texas, instructing Senators and Representatives from that State to endeavor to secure legislation to reopen the Western trail through the Indian Territory, leased for grazing purposes. The Senate passed the bill reported by the committee on the bill to amend the act relating to the settlement of incomplete titles to lands acquired by the United States from Mexico. In the House, the 5th, the committee on the bill to amend the act relating to the settlement of incomplete titles to lands acquired by the United States from Mexico, reported a bill granting the right of way through the territory to the Southern Kansas Railway Company. The House went into Committee of the Whole on the bill establishing a Bureau of Animal Industries. Adjourned.

In the Senate, the 6th, the bill passed appropriating \$77,580 for the completion of the Capitol terrace and stairways connected therewith. In the course of the debate on the bill Mr. Ingersoll moved to amend the bill by the insertion of the words "and the funeral pile at the entrance to the main approach to the Capitol on Pennsylvania street, in the position in which the same is now situated, should be removed to some adjacent cemetery. It was wholly out of place, he said, in the position in which it now stands. People do not go into public places to weep, anyway. After the introduction of bills, the Mexican Land-Grant Title bill came up for consideration. It was debated until adjournment. In the House, Mr. Belmont reported a bill to amend the act relating to the settlement of incomplete titles to lands acquired by the United States from Mexico, and the act relating to the settlement of incomplete titles to lands acquired by the United States from Mexico, and the act relating to the settlement of incomplete titles to lands acquired by the United States from Mexico. The bill was referred to the Committee on the Public Lands.

In the Senate, the 7th, Mr. Van Wyck, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill to amend the act relating to the settlement of incomplete titles to lands acquired by the United States from Mexico, and the act relating to the settlement of incomplete titles to lands acquired by the United States from Mexico, and the act relating to the settlement of incomplete titles to lands acquired by the United States from Mexico. The bill was referred to the Committee on the Public Lands.

In the Senate, the 8th, Mr. Frye reported a new shipping bill already agreed upon by the Committee of Commerce. In explaining the bill Mr. Frye remarked that it would enable America to take steps to advance anything done in its shipping interests in the last two years. He hoped the burden and baracles placed on these important interests by our own laws would be removed and something done to enable us to recover our former supremacy on the ocean. Mr. Vest, in behalf of the minority, said, although they did not believe the bill touched the main difficulty, which struck down our commerce, they were willing to support it, if it would give us ships wherever they could buy them the cheapest, and he wanted our own people to have the same privilege. The Senate took up and passed the Mexican Land-Grant Title bill. The House resumed consideration of the report of the Committee on the Public Lands, and the bill was finally adopted. After some time spent in consideration of the private calendar the House adjourned until Monday.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

A BILL is pending before Congress, that was prepared by the Post-office Department, which provides for payment of the rent of all post-offices of the third class. This expense is now borne by the Postmasters themselves. The Government appropriation required will be \$60,000.

In regard to the proposed amendment to the Constitution to permit an export tax on cotton Representative Robinson, of New York, recently said that should the amendment be adopted it will be followed by a proposition to tax the tax at one cent per pound, which he estimates will bring an annual revenue to the Government of \$13,000,000.

The House Invalid Pension Committee recently agreed to report a bill, predicated upon Congressman Morrell's resolution, declaring it unnecessary that soldiers whose services were accepted by the Government and who served in the war, should be required to prove that they were sound in health at the date of their enlistment in order to obtain pensions.

The President has issued his order formally retiring General Sherman.

The House Judiciary Committee has decided to investigate the charges preferred against Chief Justice Axtell, of New Mexico, by R. S. Webb.

A BILL has been reported favorably by the House Committee on Banking and Currency for the exchange of trade dollars for standard silver dollars at par, by January 1, 1885.

The President has appointed the following Commissioners to the World's Industrial Cotton Centennial Exposition of New Orleans: Charles J. Harrow, of Louisiana, Commissioner; W. J. Hodgson, Alternate; Wm. F. Goulding, Maine, Commissioner; H. S. Howe, Alternate.

Tux Senate Committee on Agriculture

has unanimously ordered a favorable report on the bill to prevent the spread of pleuro-pneumonia, prepared by representatives of the cattle interest and introduced by Senator Miller.

THE EAST.

WHILE Masons were assembling in a hall at Guilford, N. Y., the other day preparatory to attending a funeral, the floor of the third story gave way, precipitating seventy men to the floor below. Many were severely injured, but none fatally. The debris caught fire but was soon extinguished.

A NUMBER of the Fall River (Mass.) mills recently shut down, throwing nearly four thousand hands out of employment, stopping the production of forty thousand pieces of cloth weekly, and the weekly payment to employes of about \$24,000. The strike of operatives against the late reduction in wages was one of the causes that led to the shutting down of the mills.

CLARA BELDEN, the actress, was recently taken to the hospital in New York with a violent condition of insanity and died soon after. She was a native of St. Louis. The weavers at the Peacocks mills, Fall River, Mass., recently struck and the mill closed. This mill employed seven hundred hands and had a pay-roll of \$8,400 weekly. Brown mill was also closed by the strike of the weavers. Thirteen mills have been shut. The strikes and closing of mills have resulted in the throwing out of employment over five thousand operatives and cutting off of a weekly pay-roll of about \$20,000.

The funeral of Wendell Phillips, at Boston, was very generally attended. State officials and other prominent persons being present. A post mortem examination showed disease of the heart, both of long standing and of recent date. The heart was extensively enlarged and fatty, with the blood vessels supplying it nearly obstructed by the early disease.

JOHN D. HARRINGTON, the lawyer who was recently acquitted at Jersey City, N. J., of the charge of defrauding the American Legion of Honor, was soon after rearrested upon a similar charge.

WHILE firemen were recently working on a fire in the factory of Kassner & Klueber, at Allentown, Pa., the walls fell out, killing five and severely wounding eight firemen.

A LATE fire in the Standard Oil Works at Long Island City, N. Y., destroyed oil and other property to the value of \$70,000.

T. C. WELLS, of Lockport, N. Y., recently killed himself at Dallas, Tex. He was sixty-five years of age, and once a prominent merchant of Lockport, but failed and went to Texas to retrieve his fortune. He was unable to find employment, and in such straitened circumstances that the week before his death he subsisted on one meal a day.

THE WEST.

THE stage of the Ohio River at Cincinnati on the 6th was over sixty feet and still rising two inches an hour. The flood equaled that of 1852. The gas-works had been closed and the water invaded hundreds of houses. At Athens, O., the river was within five feet of the great flood of 1875, and rapidly rising.

FINANCIAL troubles recently caused the wife of John E. Baughman, a well-to-do farmer living near Doylestown, O., to become insane and cut her throat with a butcher knife.

The region of country about Silverton, Col., suffered recently from the most destructive snow storm of the season. The snow was several feet deep on a level, with prospects of being much deeper. Business was at a stand-still, transportation blocked and snow slides reported numerous.

REPORTS from the Upper Elkhorn country in Nebraska were that Kid Wade, leader of a band of Niobrara outlaws and horse thieves, had been hanged by Vigilantes. It is stated that the Vigilantes have headquarters at a place called "The Pen," at the mouth of the Long Pine, and have arrested a large number of men in various parts of Northern Nebraska and taken them to "The Pen," where they were tried and disposed of in some manner. It was said to be positively known they had lynched eleven men and equally sure that others had met the same fate.

Two burglars entered the house of Samuel Norman, at Chillicothe, O., the other night, when Norman shot one dead and the other was arrested.

The rise in the Ohio River on the 7th had reached the point attained last year and the river was still rising. The Ohio Valley was flooded and much damage done. Pittsburgh, Wheeling, Cincinnati, Louisville and other points suffered severely.

The recent arrest of Dennis Downer at Detroit, Mich., led to the discovery that the robbery of the Pacific Express car on the Washburn Railroad last September was a put-up job, in which the Express messenger, Burt Loomis, was concerned. Loomis and Downer were jailed at Washburn, Ind.

A COWBOY named Watson recently shot and killed Police Judge Edwards, of Montrose, Col., and wounded City Marshal Murphy. He escaped.

DETECTIVE BROWN, who was investigating the murder of the Crouch family at Jackson, Mich., was assassinated the other night.

At Coshocton, O., on the 8th the flood was at a greater height than ever before known. A lady was drowned and three brothers who were in a boat were struck by drift wood and drowned.

A MOVEMENT has been inaugurated at St. Louis among some of the carpenters and plasterers looking to a demand for an advance of wages to \$3.50 per day during the coming season.

CURTIS, the young St. Louis dude who about a year ago ran away with Mrs. Dixon, a married woman, and afterwards deserted her and snaked back home, the other day eloped with another married woman Mrs. Wilson, the wife of a grain merchant. Mrs. Dixon never returned to St. Louis after her escape with Curtis,

and it is said fills an obscure grave in Florida.

THE SOUTH.

THE negro, Jeff Rogers, who brutally assaulted Mrs. Strifflin, in Chambers County, Ala., some time since, was hanged by a mob, who forcibly took him from the Sheriff.

THE Democratic caucus of the Kentucky Legislature finally nominated Blackburn for United States Senator to succeed Williams.

REV. BEN JENKINS, who killed Rev. J. L. Borden at Mansfield, La., last fall was recently tried and found guilty of murder. The difficulty grew out of a supposed insult from Borden to a young lady acquaintance of Jenkins, which subsequently proved to have been imaginary.

THE infant son of Mrs. John George, of Galveston, Tex., was recently drowned in a boiler of water which had been carelessly left where the child had gone to play.

THE town of Lonoke, Ark., was almost wiped out by a recent fire. Two Republicans in the Joint Convention of the Kentucky Legislature voted for Blackburn for United States Senator. His vote was one hundred, to nine for Bennett. Over one thousand guests sat down to the banquet that followed the election.

CAPTAIN JOHN SARGENT, of the steamer Harry, recently shot and killed his engineer, William Phillips, on the Sunflower River, at Rolling Fork, Miss. Sargent reproved Phillips for neglecting the boiler and making an explosion imminent, when the engineer attacked him and lost his life. At the examination Sargent was acquitted.

GENERAL.

VENOR'S predictions were partially verified by heavy storms in various parts of the country on the 4th.

JUDGE COOPER, formerly United States Senator from Tennessee, was recently murdered by Mexican robbers in Chihuahua.

ABBE GRUSS, editor of the Ultramontane organ, at Strasburg, has been sentenced to six weeks' imprisonment for publishing a libel against the Crown Prince of Germany.

THE record of fires in the country for the month showed that an aggregate of \$12,000,000 in property was destroyed by fire during January. No such fire waste has occurred but twice since 1872, and that was in July 1877, and January 1878.

A PORTION of Baker Pacha's (Egyptian) forces were recently routed in a fight with a detachment of the army of the False Prophet. Baker lost all his camels and munitions of war.

REPORTS as to the condition of the fruit crop, recently published, showed that in Illinois peaches were entirely killed, some small fruits damaged, while red raspberries, strawberries, apples and other fruits are in good condition. In Kentucky the peach buds are severely blighted. In Mississippi, Texas and Louisiana no damage is reported, but in Alabama the report was bad. The crop in Kansas was reported promising well generally.

A MOVE was recently made in the Canadian Parliament looking to the impeaching of the Finance Minister for having advanced \$300,000 to the Exchange Bank, of Montreal, last year, when he was aware at the time of making the advance that the bank was embarrassed.

THE LATEST.

THE principal street of Hot Springs, Ark., was recently the scene of a terrible tragedy between two factions of gamblers. As Frank, Jack and William Flynn, brothers, were riding in a hack, a rival faction, seven in number, headed by Alexander Doran, stopped out of a saloon and opened fire on the Flynn's from double-barreled shot guns and Winchester rifles. Jack Flynn was shot through the forehead and died in a few minutes; William Flynn was shot through the breast; Frank Flynn received a shot through the hand; Frank Howell, a friend of the Flynn's, who went to their assistance, was shot through the back of the neck and died an hour afterward; Robert Hargrave, a bystander, was shot through the breast, probably fatally, and J. H. Craig, a prominent lumber man, received a charge of buckshot through the back, and his condition was precarious.

A LONDON paper stated that "England, although opposed to the annexation of Egypt, will be under the necessity of exercising absolute authority over the country for the next five or ten years. The exigencies of the present crisis demand immediate action, and further delay on the part of England to assume control would be nothing less than criminal."

THE other night J. C. Dent, of the firm of Wells & Dent, druggists, went into his wholesale and retail drug store at Bridgeport, W. Va., a suburb of Wheeling, with an alcoholic lamp. The store had been more than two-thirds submerged and a barrel of gasoline upset, the gas from which ignited and an explosion followed, setting fire to the building. Dent jumped from the second story window, badly injured and in his fall was seriously injured internally. The loss was about \$40,000.

THE House Committee on Post-offices and Post-roads has agreed to report favorably the bill providing that letter carriers be employed in every city containing five thousand inhabitants, and may be employed in places containing not less than two thousand and producing a gross postal revenue of at least \$2,000 per annum.

THE entire Texas delegation have united in a request to Secretary Teller to revoke the order of Indian Agent Miles, closing the cattle trails through the Indian Territory.

DURING the late flood at Wheeling, W. Va., a woman fell from the second story window of her house and was drowned. A child also fell from a house into the water and was drowned. The house of a man named McCarty was swept away and he lost \$2,500 in gold. The total loss of property would reach \$6,000,000.

DURING a late riot at San Juan, in the Argentine Republic, the Governor was killed many others wounded.

KANSAS STATE NEWS.

THE Grand Army of the Republic held its annual encampment at Topeka, commencing on the 6th. Three hundred encampments were represented by over five hundred delegates, and hundreds of veterans gathered around their camp-fires and told over the stories of the war. Among those present was Mrs. Custer Calhoun, sister of the late General George H. Custer, whose husband was killed at the same time General Custer lost his life, who entertained the encampment with a few dramatic readings. General Custer's widow was also present. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Department Commander, H. W. Bond, of Fort Scott; Senior Vice-Commander, C. J. McDevitt, of Abilene; Junior Vice-Commander, Timothy McCarty, of Larned; Assistant Adjutant General, W. B. Shockey, of Fort Scott; Assistant Quartermaster, General, S. E. Haynes, of Fort Scott; Medical Director, J. W. Crawley, of Salina; Chaplain, A. Buckner, of Humboldt; Council of Administration—T. J. Anderson, of Topeka; W. A. Gebhardt, of Ellsworth; M. Stewart, of Wichita; Tim Stover, of Iola; Dewitt C. Goodrich, of Topeka. Delegates to National Encampment—D. E. Cornell, of Post 38; H. L. Millard, of Post 14; C. W. Bishop, of Post 32; M. L. S. Way, of Post 121; J. H. Thompson, of Post 92; Ed. F. Jones, of Post 46; D. C. Goodrich, of Post 11; H. G. Herrick, of Post 32; C. D. Nichols, of Post 19; H. S. Partridge, of Post 64; A. M. Calhoun, of Post 1; J. W. Feighan, of Post 35; D. Underwood, of Post 132; D. R. Gordon, of Post 63; Lafayette C. Smith, of Post 76; C. A. Norton, of Post 147; L. L. Taylor, of Post 17; T. S. B. Webster, of Post 37. The encampment voted that the sum of \$900 should be paid H. X. Devendorf, in addition to his former salary as Assistant Adjutant General, for services rendered, and also \$100 to Miss Lillie Walkinslaw, of Leavenworth. The officers both of the Grand Encampment and the Woman's Auxiliary were installed and the Encampment adjourned.

VICE-PRESIDENT Touzalin, of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Road, wrote two lengthy letters to the Railroad Commissioners protesting against their decision in the Newton and other cases, and after the decision reaffirming their former decision, he wrote another letter in which he plainly intimated that the decision would stop all railroad building in the State, and that his company "will appeal from the injustice done them by the decision to the people of the State and the courts." A correspondent says: "Practically it blocks the work of the Railroad Commissioners in fixing rates for the several railroads of Kansas, until the matter of the constitutionality of the law and the powers of the Board of Commissioners are determined in the courts, which may be a year or more."

LAST year the City of Russell issued bonds to the extent of ten thousand dollars for the purpose of testing the arid lands of that section for water by the Artesian well process. Since then the well has been driven nine hundred feet, and contains seven hundred feet of water. In response to a petition from the citizens of Russell, Mr. Hanback has introduced a bill in Congress asking an appropriation of ten thousand dollars, to be expended under the supervision of the Secretary of the Interior, for continuing the work. If successful, it is thought it will revolutionize Northwestern Kansas and give life to a vast amount of country now in need of irrigation.

A FELLOW calling himself F. M. Colby, recently appeared at Topeka with a woman whom he registered as his wife and immediately proceeded to buy cattle very extensively, but he did not pay any money down. He proved to be a fraud of the deepest dye, who had run away with the daughter of an Atchison landlord, and promised but failed to marry her. The father of the girl went to Topeka and took her home; the men of whom he had purchased cattle took them back, and Colby made tracks for parts unknown.

MR. FLANDERS, seventy years of age, of Shawnee County, was recently attacked by a mad cow which knocked him down. He succeeded in crawling under a fence and alarming the neighbors. The cow was secured, although very ferocious, and soon died. It is thought it will revolutionize Northwestern Kansas and give life to a vast amount of country now in need of irrigation.

EVERY township in Graham County is out of debt.

AFTER many ineffectual ballots the Executive Council finally elected Hon. Almer Smith, of Emporia, Railroad Commissioner to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Major Hopkins. The choice created some surprise, as Mr. Gillett's name had not been mentioned in connection with the office.

BURGLARS entered the residence of C. Weber in Atchison, the other night, and leisurely plundered the drawers of the sleeping-rooms of \$600 worth of jewelry, consisting of chains, rings, ear-rings, bracelets, three watches and breast-pins. Officers searched all known places, and cheap detectives found a watch and other articles belonging to Colonel A. S. Everest, whose house had been robbed the night before of a few things. A negro was captured on suspicion, and while being taken to the station-house broke from the officers, who fired at and shot him in the leg but he escaped.

JOHN PENNINGTON and wife were recently found dead on their premises six miles west of Frankfort. A few days previous he had sold a lot of hogs and deposited the amount received for them in bank. Nothing more was seen of him until the day he and his wife were found dead in their barn, having been murdered by some one. A few days before the murdered man employed a young stranger, and since the murder he had not been discovered. A horse belonging to Pennington was also missing.

Senator Payne's Views.

At a recent banquet given at Columbus, by Senator Payne, to the Ohio Legislature, that gentleman delivered the following interesting and carefully-prepared address:

Gentlemen of the General Assembly: You have seen fit to elect me to the highly honorable and responsible position of a member of the United States Senate. No doubt the compliment was mainly intended for the patient, suffering, ever faithful and true Democrats of Northern Ohio. For the first time in the history of the State they have been recognized and honored by their brethren. In their name I meet you tonight to thank you for the noble act of justice which has been so graciously and generously awarded to them. For myself, also, I have desired this social gathering that I might in the presence of you, my sincere and lasting gratitude, and give you a frank expression of my views on some of the present issues of the day. For fifty years I have been a resident of the State and a collaborer in the Democratic field. In forty-nine consecutive State elections I have supported and voted none other than the Democratic ticket; and every one of those votes has been cast in the name of the State of Ohio. I have actively participated in twelve Presidential canvasses, in which I have taken the issue of the removal of the Deposits, by General Jackson; "The Independent Treasury," under Van Buren; "The National Bank," under Polk; "The War with Mexico," "The Popular Sovereignty," "The Lecompton Question," "The Abolition of Slavery," "The Union and Maintenance of Specific Intentions," "The Great Fraud of 1876," were by me discussed before the people without evasion or disguise; and I am proud to declare that to-night, reviewing the past from this advanced mile-stone in the journey of life, I do not regret one of the opinions I have uttered, or the course I have pursued. If I had the power to do so, this is all I care to say in vindication of the policy of my political faith, or of my steadfast loyalty to the Democratic party.

Gentlemen, I am induced to accept this Senatorial duty which you have elected me to, by the hope and belief that in the discharge of its duties I may be useful to the State and the Nation. The duty is secondary to duty of harmony with the first, and both must have the approbation of my conscientious convictions. I will in no case knowingly violate the Constitution or perpetrate a wrong. But to be useful the representative must be cordially sustained by his constituents, and that may sustain him there must be between him and them a substantial coincidence of views. The influence of the lobbyist, I think, need have no apprehension. They have always found it expedient to give me a wide berth, and I have increased rigidity that are imposed on the features will not be less repellant to their insidious approaches.

For twenty-three years the dispensation of Federal patronage has been in the hands of the Democratic party. Appointments have all been made from the adherents of that party, and mostly from the class of active politicians. The Federal judges, marshals, circuit and district, with their clerks, marshals, assistants, deputies, registers, master commissioners, assessors, have been and are now absolutely proscribed and debared the public service. During this period the Democratic party has been and is being collected and disbursed, and the books kept by those partisan agents furnishing an opportunity to which I should dread to expose even the iron-clad integrity of Democrats. Inevitably corruption and great abuses have crept in, and have been covered up; favoritism, profeism, nepotism, imbecility and senility have obtained secure footing; demoralization has followed; the public believe that a fetid mass exists, permeated with rottenness and gangrene. Now, the public service is reformed and by what means? I answer, yes. And the process is: First, by electing a Democratic President—second, by electing a Democratic Congress—third, by electing a Democratic party in the present service. An Augean stable can not be cleaned with a tooth-brush. You must get the horse, ply the hickory broom, scrub brush, disinfect the premises, and give them a wholesome atmosphere for honest industry. Let care be taken that nothing of the kind be done by the Democratic party, but such as bear the Jeffersonian stamp of "honesty and capacity" be allowed to enter. Let the Democratic party be true to the principles of the party, and let it be true to the public interest. If public office be held by the Democratic party, it should be held by the Democratic party, and not by the Democratic party by subscription if need be to share their portion. If, on the other hand, as most frequently happens, the Democratic party hold half or three-fourths of the whole population should not be excluded from enjoying their fair share of it. By this means the Democratic party is practicable, and until accomplished no stable settlement of the question can be obtained. Secondarily.

THE TARIFF. — One year ago I ventured to make public some opinions in regard to the tariff, recognizing the divergence of views in the Democratic party and declaring that such divergence was the chief obstacle to the success of the party. At the State Convention in June 1881, my opinions were considered, condensed and crystallized into what has since become known as the "Ohio Platform." It was unanimously approved by the Convention. It distinctly rejects a "high tariff," or "protection for protection's sake," on the one hand, and the equally inadmissible doctrine of "free trade," or "tariff for revenue only," on the other. It sought to find a compromise basis intermediate between the two extremes, which being equitable and just would challenge the assent and concurrence of all fair-minded men and measurably remove it from the arena of partisan politics. Let me illustrate its excellence, by an application to the interests of Ohio. In several decades Ohio has held the third rank in the classification of States. Until that her main dependence for growth was in the development of her agricultural wealth. There were public lands to be entered, unimproved, and mechanical industries in new countries; there were vast tracts of valuable timber, the building of canals, facilitating transportation to markets and taken care of by railroads increasing these facilities and expanding annually in their construction many millions of money. But now these aspects are greatly changed. There are now no more lands subject to entry; there are no more unimproved lands; the value of timber has been marketed; the canals have ceased to be tributary, and the railroad system is practically completed. The soil has been considerably impoverished, the cereal crops are less bountiful, while the great improvement of agricultural implements, with the consolidation of small farms, has greatly reduced the demand for farm hands. Even her wool staple is in peril of severe and injurious attack. It is not the duty of statesmanship to deprive the sources of strength and growth that shall enable her to maintain the grand rank which she has hitherto held. The last census shows where those germs of strength are to be found. We have already more than 3,000 manufacturing and mechanical industries in which—induced in great part by Congressional statutes—\$26,000,000 of capital are invested, 10,000 hands are employed, receiving annually in wages \$60,000,000. \$215,000,000 of material are used, and the manufactured product is \$38,000,000 in value. More than twenty per cent of her population find their employment and livelihood in these industries. Iron, ore and coal and other raw materials are simply inexhaustible; her people are educated, industrious and enterprising. It is not reasonable why a thousand other home industries should not spring up and flourish in our towns and villages as they have sprung up and are flourishing in the towns and villages of New England. This

will assuredly be the result if only Congress will let us alone. We ask no high rates or special protection that favor monopolies, but we ask and demand stability and exemption from agitation. Let the law of March last have a fair trial, and as resulting statistics disclose errors and lines of the State can and should be remedied; as already our farmers are making a loud and just demand for the restoration of the duty on wool. See how admirably the Ohio platform supplies the satisfactory solution of this economic problem. It is the Government—negating the idea of protection for protection only "economically administered" (not three hundred and fifty or four hundred millions as under Republican administration of extravagance and waste, but two hundred and fifty or two hundred and seventy millions under the plain but frugal and efficient rule of the Democratic party, "and so adjusted in its application as to prevent unequal taxation of the productive industries at home and afford just compensation for labor, and not to create and foster monopolies. No fair criticism can question the justice and soundness of the policy here outlined. The man who would place wool and other valuable articles on a "tariff for revenue" and resort to direct taxes for revenue and thereby drive these home industries, and displace this army of labor, would be a traitor and want, or drive them into exile from the State, is not a wise or benevolent friend of the people. This man, then, in my judgment, is the fairest and wisest that has ever been presented for public consideration. It may be christened "The Ohio Platform."

And here I declare it is my deliberate conviction that we, adhering to this platform, will carry the State at the polls in the next November elections, and that the Democratic workmen, consolidating themselves into labor organizations, and better understanding the relations of capital to labor, have almost universally accepted the doctrine of this platform, and can no longer be deceived by the specious promises of the "tariff for revenue" and "protection for protection's sake." We are not in antagonism to us by the selfish appeals or threats of aggregated capital that has grown to unequaled proportions under the baneful influence of a too high protective tariff. My own position is definitely taken. I adopt the Ohio Platform in letter and spirit. With the party I stand on it squarely and perpendicularly. There is a broad line of demarcation, extending from the equator to the Arctic, distinctly separating our citizens and interests from the interests of England. Succeeding or failing, standing or falling, I will succeed or fail, stand or fall, on the American side of that line, and there in all cases will my voice and my vote be found.

We had a partial test of this tariff policy in the late canvass, which resulted in the most complete and magnificent victory ever won by our party. It has borne incalculable fruits. Columbus was never wreathed in glory and smiles as to-day. The departments are all in the keeping of our friends. We have asserted our position, and have placed our feet on a firm and level ground. We have once more a Democratic Government in the hands of our people, including in talents, in culture and spotless purity of character, is not surpassed by any of the Governors of the thirty-eight States of the Union. And what shall I say of this Democratic Legislature but that the high character and intelligence of its members, and the evidence that their actions will be governed by wisdom and prudence, and furnish the gratifying assurance that the Democratic administration, modified by a reasonable conservatism, guarded by a free and frank interchange of personal liberty and candor, will be equal and just in its character, that will make this session memorable for its regard to personal liberty and the rights of individual citizenship. And I anticipate with confidence such results from the Democratic Administration that the public will not soon desire a change.

Reverting again to Senatorial duty, I am inclined to accept the word "protection" in the most restricted to most questions of public policy. In regard to the fuller development of our agricultural interests, to coast defense, river and harbor improvement, the reclamation of the Mississippi River, the recovery and advancement of the mercantile marine, the negotiation, especially with Mexico, acting in Central and South America, opening the markets of these countries to the products of our manufactures; educating the people, and the illiterate colored, seventy-five per cent of whom in some of the States can neither read nor write; why not to the best of our constitutional authority "encourage" each one of these by liberal appropriation? No American right or interest should be treated with indifference, much less in an unfriendly spirit.

But I have detained you too long. I have said sufficient, I trust, to indicate the line of policy I shall pursue if permitted by a kind providence to enter upon the discharge of high office which you have conferred upon me.

Gentlemen, I ask you all to join me in a sentiment: "The health of the members of the General Assembly of Ohio."

Has a Hard Time of It.

There is no end of amusement in the quarrel between the two Republican factions in Missouri, both of which put together do not amount to a "ray of pins" in the politics of the State. They are snowed under by such an avalanche of Democratic majority that it is virtually the same as if there were no Republican party in Missouri. This minority party does possess one value, however, and that is in its power to cast the vote of the State in the Republican National Convention—and it seems that it is this consideration which causes the hitch in the St. Louis post-office appointment. It is understood that Mr. Arthur wants the Missouri vote at Chicago, but whether he will get it or not depends on how he fills this office. "If," as one of Mr. Filley's friends is reported as saying, "the appointments Filley, the Stalwarts will rally about him and give him the solid Missouri delegation, or work to that end; if he doesn't, he will be 'knifed' to the very quick, and the Stalwarts will then go to Logan."

This is one side of the matter. The other is presented by a Van Horn Republican, who is reported as saying that "Arthur is the choice of the Missouri Republicans to-day; he is gaining every day, and will be nominated without a fight, provided he doesn't cut his own throat by monkeying with the St. Louis Post-office."

It will be seen that Mr. Arthur, poor man, has a hard time of it. The two factions of his party in Missouri have made the St. Louis appointment the test of his affection for them, respectively, and the price of their support, with the alternative of being "knifed" by one side, and having his "throat cut" by the other.—St. Louis Republican.

—With regard to the price paid for female labor a statement was recently made in a public meeting in London, England, as to the effect that in some establishments two pence halfpenny, or about five cents, is paid for the complete making of a lady's under, which means almost a whole day's work. However, the payment of man's labor is little better, if it be true that one contractor pays his men one penny or two cents a ton for discharging coal from his vessels.—N. Y. Herald.

The Chase County Court.

Official Paper of Chase County.

W. E. TIMMONS, Editor and Publisher.

Mr. W. H. Booth, editor of the Florence Herald, has been quite ill for the past two weeks. We hope he may soon recover and be able to attend to business.

John Speer, the veteran stalwart Republican editor, of Lawrence, in the morning News: "We have very little sympathy with the petty politicians, whose only stock in trade is their enmity to the South."

Another sickening outrage on the defenseless negro has been perpetrated in Mississippi. The Bourbon Legislature of that State has taken up an unoffending negro man and elected him Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate.

There has been a great rain-fall in the East during the past two weeks, which, together with the melting of the snow in the mountains, has raised the Ohio river and its tributaries to unprecedented heights, causing great loss of life and property, and much suffering in the flooded districts.

Mrs. E. J. Dill, wife of the editor of the Council Grove Cosmos, died at Council Grove, on Wednesday, January 30, 1884, in the 23d year of her age, having been born in Boulder City, Colorado, Nov. 10, 1861. Her parents came to Kansas when she was ten years old, and her home was with them, at the Grove, until Oct. 2, 1882, when she was united in marriage to Mr. E. J. Dill, who has our sympathy in his bereavement.

We have received a copy of J.T. Lovett's illustrated catalogue of trees and plants, and it is decidedly the handsomest, most sensible and instructive catalogue we have seen. It is copiously illustrated with truthful engravings and colored plates of the best fruits. Everybody should send for the catalogue to feast their eyes on the engravings if for nothing else. They will, besides, find Mr. Lovett a good man to deal with. Address him at Little Silver, N. J.

The Art Amateur for February contains a striking fine ideal portrait for oil painting, said to greatly resemble the famous American beauty, Miss Chamberlain. Other designs are a child's head, snowballs and hepatica for china painting; dollies and a portfolio cover for embroidery; margoldes for wood carving, and some charming figures for Valentine cards and for sketching on linen. The practical departments are well filled, and the number fully maintains The Art Amateur's high standard of excellence. Price, 35 cents; \$4 a year. Montague Marks, Publisher, 23 Union Square, New York.

FROM CALIFORNIA. LOS ANGELES, CAL., Jan. 21, 1884.

To the Editor of the Courtant:

I wrote you November 12, and I promised to give you a short description of Los Angeles and the country surrounding it. It is a lively business place, with a population of 22,000 inhabitants. It is in the valley of the Los Angeles river. The business part of the town extends north to the foothills; its boundary is six miles square, the Court-house being in the center of city, south and west of which is all valley land, until you strike the coast, which is forty miles distant on the south and twelve miles distant on the west.

In the city limits land is selling at \$1,000 per acre; adjoining it, on the south and west, at from \$200 to \$500 per acre; and where \$1,000 are paid, I figure it this way, the land is worth \$100 per acre, and the balance is paid for climate.

On the north and east are the foot-hills, with a great many small but very nice valleys, considered to be the most healthy part of California.

We can go up on top of the ridge in a ten-minute walk, and see the coast, to the west fifteen miles distant, and on the east snow all winter, just about the same distance; but we have no winter. We moved here on the 13th day of December. We have had but three

very slight frosts since then, viz: On the 3d, 4th and 18th instant. They were so slight they did not hurt tomato vines. One of our neighbors had some just beginning to bloom, and it did not hurt them. Vegetables are very cheap in town. You can buy enough for 25 cents to last a week, such as green beans, peas, tomatoes, cucumbers and radishes. The new crop of oranges is coming in. You can buy them for 15 cents a dozen; and the old ones cost but 10 cents per dozen.

I have worked out in my shirt sleeves every day since the 13th day of December, except two rainy days in December. We have grubbed 15 acres, and built a barn 18x30 feet, and a chicken corral 6 feet high, 56x100 feet; set out 300 trees, and have hired but one day's work, and that was to help raise the barn. I have had no cough this winter. Yours, truly, L. MARTIN, P. O. Box 235.

OPENING OF CENTRAL HOTEL.

Last Friday night, according to announcement, the formal opening of Central Hotel, M. M. Young, Proprietor, took place, with a masque ball in Music Hall, and a supper at the hotel, both of which were, indeed, grand, the ball being the largestly attended dance of the kind ever given in the county, and the supper being just superb. The music was furnished by the Emporia Knights Templar Band. We are indebted to Mr. J. F. Ollinger for furnishing us with the following list of parties in attendance: From Cottonwood Falls—Jabin Johnson, boot-black. Mrs. J. L. Cochran, Red Riding Hood. J. W. McWilliams, Robinson's fat man. A. R. Palmer, Rocky Mountain giant. Miss Lottie Strail, mask. G. P. Hardesty, King of Spain. Miss Carrie Lloyd, Queen "Miss Allie Hunt, Gipsy Queen. J. P. Kuhl, French nobleman. Ed. W. Ellis, "big leg in, me." Miss Lula Gotbehuet, Scotch lassie. F. P. Cochran, Scotchman. Walter Holsinger, Turk. Geo. Holsinger, mask. J. F. Ollinger, Mexican. D. H. Anthony, sailor. Allie J. Holmes, King Ludwick. Miss Jennie A. Holmes, Mary, Queen of Scots. J. H. Mann, clown. Dr. J. W. Stone, Charles II. Will Patten, Italian. Dave Cartter, hunter. Jas. G. Lloyd, Hamlet. John Rieby, Continentals. Dr. Cartter, tramp. J. M. Tuttle, bum. W. A. Rockwood, cap. of b b nine. Miss Mamie Nye, milk maid. F. Murphy, negro. Will Smith, boom sweller dude. Mrs. Jabin Johnson, snow queen. Mrs. T. H. Grisham, flower girl. J. R. Stearns, gentleman. Mrs. J. R. Stearns, Irish lady. Dick Jackson and Frank Hilton, cowboy dudes. Miss J. Simmons, queen of roses. Miss Nancy Holsinger, bride. Miss Reeves, dusting girl. Miss Nellie Watson, Spanish girl. Mrs. J. F. Kuhl, Mrs. G. W. Eaton, and Mrs. Wm Hillert, gum chewers. L. Hillert, cat doctor. Miss Katy Daub, peasant girl. Mrs. J. M. Tuttle, boquet. Frank Barr, lost boy. Mrs. J. M. Scribner, cock of the walk.

Miss Alice Rockwood, school-marm. Miss Lillian Buchanan, flirt. J. I. Cochran, Dutch nobleman. Mrs. H. D. O'Little, French lady. Edgar W. Jones and Nat. B. Scribner, fat calves brothers. Mrs. Harlo Davis and Miss Lou Shofe, masks. J. D. Minnick, old ladies' man. A. B. Watson, clown. John Vetter, African. Miss Mary Fanworthy, flower girl. Miss E. Connicher, old lady. Mrs. Ed. Pratt and Miss Carrie Noyse, nuns. Mrs. F. P. Cochran, old aunty. Miss Gip Scribner, grandma. F. Holz, Indian Chief. Mrs. F. Holz, Indian Princess. Miss Holz, Indian girl. Miss Minnie Loomis, flower girl. From Matfield Green.—A. Z. Scribner, General. Mrs. A. Z. Scribner, Swiss girl. H. S. Lincoln, mask. From Strong City.—A. C. Burton, devil himself. Chas. J. Lantry, King Alfred. Mrs. G. W. Hill, dusting girl. Richd. Hofman, Don Carlos. Mrs. R. Hofman, gipsy. Christ. Hofman, chrome. Mrs. McLaughlin, night. J. C. Scroggin, Pashaw of Syria. Mrs. J. C. Scroggin, Italian lady. Mr and Mrs. Alex. McKenzie, Scotch characters. Mrs. G. W. Kilgore, mask. E. A. Hildebrand, Washington,

C. J. Hildebrand, Satan. Mr. Miller, domino. From Isazaar.—Chas. Cosper, mask. Mrs. C. Cosper, belle of the ball. Geo. Cosper, mask. Miss White, fishing girl. Dick Wilson, mask. From Emporia.—C. Teise, school boy. Mr. Ireland and R. Elston, Spaniards. Mr. Gilgrist, dude. Mr. Hurst, of Topeka, General. Mr. Davis, of New Jersey, Humpty Dumpty. Mrs. A. R. Ice and Mrs. Milton Brown, masks.

A PLEASANT GATHERING.

ELMDALE, KAS., Feb. 5, 1884.

To the Editor of the Courtant:

Last Friday evening will long be remembered by the people of this part of the county, as the opening of the new and commodious residence of Mr. and Mrs. John R. Holmes, near this place. The invited guests numbered over thirty, and they were most hospitably treated by mine host and his most estimable wife, who always try to make every one under their roof feel at home, and who never fail in that undertaking. About 9 o'clock we were invited to supper, and, oh, what a nice supper it was, consisting of fresh oysters, baked chicken and several kinds of cakes; in fact, of everything that goes to make a first-class supper. After partaking of this bountiful repast, the gentlemen were invited upstairs to smoke some fine havannas furnished by mine host, while the ladies went to the parlor to listen to some excellent music, Miss Jennie, who is hard to beat, singing and playing some of her favorite pieces. About mid-night the party took their leave of Mr. Holmes and family, each expressing a feeling of pleasure at being at such a gathering, and a desire for its oft repeated recurrence. S.

[This communication was received too late for publication, last week.—Ed.]

EMMETT CLUB MEETING.

STRONG CITY, KANSAS, Feb. 11, 1884.

There will be a meeting of the member of the Emmett Club in Strong City, on Saturday afternoon, February 23, 1884, for the purpose of receiving the reports of the committees. All those who wish to join the Club are cordially invited to attend.

MATT. McDONALL, Pres. W. E. TIMMONS, Secy.

PATENTS GRANTED.

The following patents were granted to citizens of Kansas, during the weeks ending Feb. 5, 1884, reported expressly for this paper by Jos. H. Hunter, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, 924 F Street, Washington, D. C.: Thomas Brower Peacock, Topeka, fire escape.

If you are a paid up subscriber to this paper call and get a copy of "Kendall's Treatise on the Horse." If you are a non-resident and have paid up your subscription, you, too, are entitled to a copy of the book, and can obtain it by sending us four cents to pay postage.

PUBLICATION OF SUMMONS.

In the District Court of the Ninth Judicial District, in and for Chase county, State of Kansas. William O'Byrne, Administrator of the estate of John O'Byrne, deceased, and William O'Byrne, in his own proper person, James O'Byrne, Andrew O'Byrne, Bridget Ryan, Mary Ann Plumberg and Mary O'Byrne, Plaintiffs, George Balch, as sheriff of Chase county, Jennette Loomis and Green Pritchett, Defendants.

PUBLICATION OF SUMMONS.

To Jennette Loomis and Green Pritchett, defendants above named. You and each of you will take notice that the above named plaintiffs, William O'Byrne, Administrator of the estate of John O'Byrne, deceased, and William O'Byrne, in his own proper person, James O'Byrne, Andrew O'Byrne, Bridget Ryan, Mary Ann Plumberg and Mary O'Byrne, on the 29th day of October, A. D. 1883, filed their petition in the District court of Chase county, Kansas, praying for a temporary injunction, and that upon a final hearing, the same be made perpetual against said defendants, George Balch, as sheriff of Chase county, Kansas, Jennette Loomis and Green Pritchett, restraining you, and each of you, from the sale of the following described real estate situated in Chase county, Kansas, to-wit: Lots numbers six (6), eight (8) and ten (10), in block six (6), Cottonwood, now Strong City.

Said property was levied on under and by virtue of a certain execution issued out of said District court, in favor of Jennette Loomis and Green Pritchett, and against William O'Byrne et al. You are, therefore, notified to answer said petition on or before the 28th day of March, A. D. 1884, or judgement will be taken against you, perpetually enjoining you and each of you from the sale of said land, together with costs of suit, and all other and further relief, as the court may deem equitable and just. WILLIAM O'BYRNE, JAMES O'BYRNE, ANDREW O'BYRNE, BRIDGET RYAN, MARY ANN PLUMBERG, and MARY O'BYRNE, By their attorneys, MADDEN BROS. Attest, E. A. KIRNE, Clerk of District Court.

HARDWARE, TINWARE, WAGONS, ETC.

M. A. CAMPBELL, DEALER IN

HARDWARE!

STOVES, TINWARE, Iron, Steel, Nails, Horse-shoes, Horse-nails; a full line of Wagon and Buggy Material, Iron & Wood Putaps, a complete line of

STEEL GOODS!

FORKS, SPADES, SHOVELS, HOES, RAKES & HANDLES. Carries an excellent stock of

Agricultural Implements,

Consisting of Breaking and Stirring Plows, Cultivators, Harrows, Wheelbarrows, &c., and is Agent for the well-known

Wood Mowing Machine,

and best makes of Sulky Hay Rakes

Glidden Fence Wire.

Sole agent for this celebrated wire, the best now in use.

Full Line of Paint & Oil on Hand.

A COMPLETE TINSHOP.

I have an experienced tinner in my employ and am prepared to do all kinds of work in that line, on short notice, and at very low prices.

WEST SIDE OF BROADWAY,

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES, ETC.

THE GREAT EMPORIUM!

FERRY & WATSON

Desire everybody to know that they have one of the

BEST & LARGEST STOCKS

Of goods ever brought to this market,

CONSISTING OF

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

GROCERIES,

COFFINS

FURNITURE,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS,

QUEENSWARE,

CLASS WARE,

TIN WARE,

And, in fact, anything

NEEDED BY MAN

During his existence on earth.

BE SURE TO GO TO

FERRY & WATSON'S,

Cottonwood Falls, Kas.,

and YOU WILL BE PLEASED

With their

BARGAINS.

Jan 27-11

KUHL'S HARNESS SHOP,

ESTABLISHED IN 1867;

ALWAYS ON HAND,

Harness, Saddles, Blankets,

Robes, and Everything Belonging to the

HARNESS BUSINESS;

ALSO, TRUNKS, VALISES & BEST OSAGE COAL FOR SALE.

Jan 27-11

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

THOS. H. CRISHAM,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

Office upstairs in National Bank building.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS-182-11

MADDEN BROS.,

Attorneys - at - Law,

Office, Court-house, Cottonwood Falls,

Will practice in state and Federal courts. All business placed in our hands will receive careful and prompt attention. aug16-11

C. N. STERRY,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

EMPORIA, KANSAS,

Will practice in the several courts of Lyon Chase, Harvey, Marion, Morris and Osage counties in the State of Kansas; in the 8th grade Court of the State, and in the Federal Courts therein. j17-11

CHAS. H. CARSWELL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COTTONWOOD FALLS, CHASE COUNTY, KANSAS

Will practice in all the State and Federal courts and land offices. Collections made and promptly remitted. Office upstairs in National Bank building. feb29-11

JOSEPH G. WATERS,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

Topeka, Kansas,

(Postoffice box 405) will practice in the District Court of the counties of Chase, Marion, Harvey, Reno, Rice and Barton. feb28-11

J. SANDERS, J. A. SMITH, A. W. HARRIS,

SANDERS, SMITH & HARRIS,

ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,

STRONG CITY, KANSAS.

Office in Independent building. apr5-11

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. W. MC'WILLIAMS'

Chase County Land Agency

ESTABLISHED IN 1869.

Special agency for the sale of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad lands wild lands and stock ranches. Well watered, improved farms for sale. Lands for improvement or speculation always for sale. Honorable treatment and fair dealing guaranteed. Call on or address J. W. McWilliams, at

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS

ap27-11

MONEY.

7 and 8 Per Cent!

CALL ON

W. H. HOLSINGER.

feb28-11

GOLD

for the working class. Send ten cents for stamp, and we will mail you FREE, a royal, valuable book of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to \$5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To all who are not well satisfied we will \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolute sure. Don't Start now. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. jan27-11

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bloating of the stomach, Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Flustering at the Heart, Beats before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "sewer-vents of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stool, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

SEE FEELS LIKE A NEW MAN.

"I have had Dyspepsia, with Constipation, two years, and have tried ten different kinds of pills, and TUTT'S are the first that have done me any good. They have cleaned me out nicely. My appetite is splendid, food digests readily, I now have natural passages, I feel like a new man." W. D. EDWARDS, Palmyra, O. Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 44 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1.

Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S MANHOOD OF USEFUL HUSBANDS FREE.

A PRIZE Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goodies which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. If you are not successful from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address TRU & Co., Augusta, Maine. jan27-11

J. W. TRICH

IS THE MANUFACTURER OF THE

Following Brands of Cigars:

"Affectionate," "Home Entry," "Palace Car," "Golden Days" and "Nations." feb28-11

a week at home. \$5 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to HALLITT & Co., Portland, Maine. jan27-11

The Chase County Courant.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAN., THURSDAY, FEB. 14, 1884.

W. E. TIMMONS, - Ed. and Prop

No fear shall awe, no favor sway; New to the line, let the chips fall where they may.

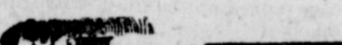
Terms—per year, \$1.00 cash in advance; after three months, \$1.75; after six months, \$2.50. For six months, \$1.00 cash in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Table with columns for advertising rates: 1 week, 2 weeks, 4 weeks, 1 month, 3 months, 6 months, 1 year. Includes sub-tables for 1 in., 3 in., 4 in., 5 in., 6 in., 8 in., 10 in.

Local notices, 10 cents a line for the first insertion; and 5 cents a line for each subsequent insertion; double price for black letter.

CITY AND COUNTY NEWS.



TIME TABLE.

Table with columns for time schedules: EAST. PASS MAIL, WEST. PASS MAIL, Cedar Pt., Elm Dale, Strong, Stafford, Bradford, Crawford, Cedar Pt.

DIRECTORY.

STATE OFFICERS. Governor, W. Glick; Lieutenant Governor, D. W. Finney; Secretary of State, James Smith; Auditor General, W. A. Johnson; Treasurer, Sam T. Howe; Sup't of Public Instruction, H. C. Speer; Chief Justice Sup. Court, D. J. Brewer; Congressman, 8d Dist., Thomas Ryan; COUNTY OFFICERS. County Commissioners, Arch. Miller, P. C. Jeffrey, Aaron Jones; County Treasurer, J. S. Shipman; Probate Judge, C. H. Whitson; County Clerk, S. A. Breese; Register of Deeds, A. P. Gandy; County Attorney, S. P. Young; Clerk District Court, E. A. Kinne; County Surveyor, W. W. Sanders; Sheriff, George Balch; Superintendent, Mary E. Hunt; Coroner, H. Walsh; CITY OFFICERS. Mayor, J. P. Kuhl; Police Judge, M. H. Pennell; City Attorney, C. H. Carwell; City Marshal, William Forney; J. D. Minick; Edwin Pratt; Councilmen, J. S. Doolittle, M. A. Campbell, J. W. Perry, E. A. Kinne; Clerk, J. W. Perry; Treasurer, W. H. Holsinger; CHURCHES. Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. A. K. Johnson, Pastor; Sabbath school, at 10 o'clock, a. m., every Sabbath; singing service, at 11 o'clock, every alternate Sabbath, class meeting, at 12 m., service every Sabbath evening at 8 o'clock; M. E. Church South—Rev. J. R. Bennett, Pastor; service, first Sunday of the month, at Dougherty's school-house on Fox creek, at 11 o'clock, a. m.; second Sunday, at Coyne branch, at 11 a. m.; third Sunday, at the Harris school-house on Diamond creek, at 11 a. m.; fourth Sunday, at Strong City, at 11 a. m.; Catholic—At Strong City—Rev. Guido Stallo, O. S. F., Pastor; services every Sunday and holiday of obligation, at 8 and 10 o'clock, a. m.; Baptist—At Strong City—Rev. W. F. File, Pastor; Covenant and business meeting on Saturday before the first Sunday in each month; services, first and third Sunday in each month, at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. All are invited to attend. Meetings are held in the public school building; SOCIETIES. Knights of Honor—Falls Lodge, No. 747, meets on the first and third Tuesday evening of each month; F. B. Hunt, Dictator; H. F. Brockett, Reporter. Masonic—Zerubbabel Lodge No. 80 A. F. & M. meets the first and third Friday evening of each month; J. P. Kuhl, Master; W. H. Holsinger, Secretary. Odd Fellows—Angola Lodge No. 58 I. O. O. F. meets every Monday evening, H. N. Simmons, N. G.; C. C. Whitson, Secretary.

THE CURRENCY QUESTION. Notwithstanding the fact that thousands of our people are worrying themselves almost to death over the vexed question, even to the extent of neglecting their business, their homes and their duties to their families, there are still thousands upon thousands of smart, hard working, intelligent men pouring into the great Arkansas Valley, the Garden of the West, where the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad offers them their choice of 2,500,000 acres of the finest farming land in the world at almost their own prices. If you do not believe it write to the undersigned, who will tell you where you can get a cheap land exploring ticket, and how, at a moderate expense, you can see for yourself and be convinced. W. F. WHITE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt., Topeka Kansas.

CHEAP MONEY. Interest at 7 per cent., on two, three, four, or five years time, real estate security. Call on Thos. O. Kelley, at Young & Kelley's Law Office. nov23 ut.

CASH. For eggs, butter, chickens and other products, at Pennell's restaurant

JO. OLLINGER, Central Barber Shop, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAN. Particular attention given to all work in my line of business, especially to ladies' shampooing and hair cutting. Cigars sold by the shop.

LOCAL SHORT STOPS.

St. Valentine's day. Oh, the beautiful day—Subscribe for the COURANT. Chickpox at Crawfordville. 15° below zero, Tuesday night. It snowed some, Tuesday night. Mrs. Hugh Jackson is improving.

Mr. John Baum, of Topeka, was in town, last Monday. Mr. Sid. A. Breese will shortly start on a visit to Florida.

Gloomy and misty weather, Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Monday. Mr. Geo. A. Seiker, of Hillsboro, Marion county, was in town, last week.

Mr. Fred. Pracht, of Hillsboro, Marion county, was in town, last Friday. Mr. James Holland, of Strong City, has gone to Chicago, to remain there.

Hon. T. S. Jones is at Dodge City attending the Ford County District Court. Mr. John Mann, of Strong City, and his son, who have been quite ill, are improving.

Mr. E. C. Holmes shipped a car load of cattle from Crawfordville to Kansas City, last week. Born, on Tuesday, February 5, 1884, to Mr. and Mrs. John Maxwell, of Elm Dale, a daughter.

Mr. L. A. Loomis's mother and his brother, Charles, arrived here, last week, from Iowa, on a visit. Born, on Tuesday morning, February 5, 1884, to Mr. and Mrs. Will Moore, of Strong City, a son.

Mr. N. A. Dobbins and wife, left, last Thursday morning, for a visit to Ft. Scott and Western Missouri. Snow to the depth of about one inch fell, last Thursday morning, and it has lain on the ground ever since.

There were lightning and thunder, Monday night; and it rained, snowed and sleeted, also, that same night. Mr. A. C. Cox will soon begin work on a two-mile stone fence contract, for Mr. D. P. Shaft, near Crawfordville.

The various committees having in charge the Robert Emmet celebration are all busy at work to make the affair a grand success. The Grand Encampment of the G. A. R., in session at Topeka, last week, was attended by Judge C. C. Whitson and Mr. T. H. Gris-ham.

Mr. James Drummond, the night telegraph operator at Strong City, has exchanged places with Mr. S. M. Boling, night operator at Elm Dale. Mrs. N. M. Penrod, of Sharps creek, has been quite ill with pneumonia for nearly five weeks past, but she is now, we are pleased to note, improving.

Mr. N. J. Swayze has gone to Pennsylvania, New York and Washington, on business, and Mrs. Swayze has gone to Michigan on a visit to friends and relatives. Friends of the COURANT, having legal notices to publish, will confer a favor on us by requesting their attorney or the county officers to have them published in the COURANT.

The post-office at this place is open, on week days, from 7 o'clock, a. m., to 7:30 p. m., and on Sundays, from 7 to 8:30 a. m.; 11 a. m., to 12:30 p. m., and from 5 to 6:30 p. m. The Rev. J. M. Benton will deliver a lecture, next Tuesday night, in the Baptist church, at Strong City; subject, "Object of Man's Creation, and Where did Cain get His Wife?"

Died, at Emporia, on Friday, February 1, 1884, Nannie Sanders, youngest daughter of Mr. J. V. Sanders, formerly of this city, of consumption, after an illness of nine months, aged 17 years. The G. A. R. Post, of this city, will give a dance on the night of Washington's birth day, February 22. Waite's Knight Templar Orchestra, of Emporia, have been engaged to furnish the music.

Mr. Wm. H. Shaft, living near Crawfordville, has lost sixty-six head of hogs in the past three weeks, from what some call cholera, but what others call pneumo-

nia, or some disease of the lungs. Last Thursday, the Supreme Court reversed the decision of the District Court in the libel suit against Geo. Balch and R. M. Watson. This, if we understand the matter rightly, sends the case back to the District Court for another hearing on the points in error. Married, at the residence of the bride's parents, at Fairview, on Wednesday, January 30, 1884, by the Rev. Guido Stello, O. S. F., of Strong City, Mr. John Doering, of Lindsburg, Kansas, late of Evansville, Ind., and Miss Ella Schimpf, daughter of Mr. Jacob Schimpf. Mr. C. E. Billingsale, of West Virginia, who has been in this county for a few weeks past, has concluded to remain here and go into the stock raising business. He will, at once, build a residence near Matfield Green, and as soon as it is completed his family will come here to live. Mr. Augustus Ferlet, of this city, and Mr. J. T. Dickeson, of Strong City, have purchased the franchise of the telephone lately operated by Messrs. Hildebrand Bros. & Jones, between the two towns, and hereafter there will be telephonic communication between the Union Hotel, in this city, and the depot, in Strong City. There will be an examination of applicants for teachers' certificates, held at the school-house in Cottonwood Falls, Saturday, February 16, 1884, commencing at 9 o'clock, a. m. This is the last examination for the spring and summer school, unless found necessary to fill vacancies. MARY E. HUNT, By F. B. HUNT, Co. Supt. Deputy. Having made special arrangements with the publishers, we are enabled to furnish our paper and the Kansas City Weekly Times for one year for \$2.35. As an important Presidential campaign is almost upon us, every one should subscribe for a good newspaper. The low price named above should be taken advantage of at once, as it will be withdrawn after March 1. The Strong City Minstrel Troupe (home talent), who gave an entertainment at Strong City, on Tuesday night of last week, have been highly spoken of by those who were in attendance at their entertainment, that night. The "boys" expect to soon give this town a call, and if they should, you should greet them with a crowded house, because they are deserving of it. Mr. David Rettiger has a contract to rebuild the front of two buildings for Mr. Peyton Jones in Council Grove. In speaking of this contract, the Council Grove Cosmos says: "As to Mr. Rettiger's ability for doing fine stone work, we know he can not be excelled in this part of the State. The stone will be got out at Mr. Rettiger's quarry in Strong City, where it will be cut, ready for the building. Work will be commenced just as soon as the weather will permit." We have perfected arrangements with the publishers of the American Farmer, of Fort Wayne, Ind., that enables us to offer our subscribers a first class Agricultural Magazine at the bare cost of the white paper on which it is printed. The American Farmer is a 16 page monthly magazine which is rapidly taking rank as one of the leading agricultural publications of the country. Each number will contain useful information for the farmer, his wife, his sons and his daughters. The price of American Farmer is \$1 a year, but you can get it and the COURANT for one year for \$1.75 cash in advance. As it costs you almost nothing, suppose you try it one year.

NOTICE. From the Chase County Leader.] The following notice is now being circulated by the Eastern Kansas Land and Loan Association, of Atchison, Kansas: NOTICE.—For many years the farmers have had the free use of the lands formerly owned by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company, and Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad Company, now owned by the Eastern Kansas Land and Loan Company. As these lands are taxed, it is just that the owners shall receive some compensation for their use. So far as we have been able to obtain an expression of opinion, farmers have admitted the fairness of our claim, and expressed a willingness to pay a fair price for their use

of the lands. No lease will be recognized unless signed by the Secretary or Treasurer of this Company. Suits will be prosecuted against all parties cutting grass or herding on the lands of this Company without first obtaining a lease therefor, or permission from the Secretary or Treasurer, and the hay cut without such permission will be claimed by the Company. Address all communications to THE EASTERN KANSAS LAND AND LOAN COMPANY, Atchison, Kansas. We might make this notice a text for a sermon. Within the last two years the grazing lands of Eastern Kansas, as well as the agricultural lands, have been rapidly purchased by parties who intend making use of them for their own benefit. Large stock farms, embracing some land suitable for raising grain, in connection with large tracts for grazing, have been fenced, and stocked with cattle. What has been done in the last two years is but the beginning of the end, near at hand, when the whole country will be under fence, and the wealth of the county greatly increased in live stock. Chase is destined to be one of the wealthiest counties in the State. Large herds are being purchased and brought into the county, by men who have invested in large tracts of land for that purpose, and will make this their home, or the headquarters of their stock operations. The past, too, is a warning to farmers who early settled the bottom corn lands, and who have failed to secure sufficient pasture lands, relying upon the hills never being fenced. A new era has dawned, and experienced men now have these lands, who know how to utilize them. We predict a great future for Chase county. Its hills and valleys will be covered with numerous herds that will yield competence and comfort to the homes that will be erected among us. The Eastern Kansas Land and Loan Company are doing the county a great service in settling so many men of means and experience among us. Chase may not acquire the population equal to some other counties, but it will never know poverty or want. Those who do live here will have plenty of work, or that which is exchangeable for labor. It will be a county of large farms, large hearths and bountiful tables. A county free from debt, want and misery; we will cast our lot here.

THE ELECTION. Last week we gave the names of the officers elected in Falls township at the election on the 5th instant. The following is the result of the election in the other townships of the county: Bazaar.—Trustee, C. C. Evans, (Here was a tie with B. F. Largent, and the Commissioners cast lots for who should serve); Clerk, L. C. Rogler; Treasurer, H. S. Lincoln; Justices of the Peace, J. S. Mitchell and John Kelley; Constables, W. D. Hutson and John Carnes. Cottonwood.—Trustee, P. D. Montgomery; Clerk, E. S. Green; Treasurer, C. F. Laloge; Justices of the Peace, Henry Weaver and H. A. McDaniel; Constables, John Cassidy and Geo. Blackburn, Jr. Diamond Creek.—Trustee, John Talkington; Clerk, Peter McCallum; Treasurer, H. W. Park; Jus-

R. F. LAFFOON

Has on hand a full line of Ladies' Cloaks and Dolmans, Gents' Youths' and Boys' Overcoats, Which he will close out AT COST! He keeps the Best Line of Dress Goods to be found in the County; Also, a full stock of Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, HOSIERY, NOTIONS, GROCERIES, CLASS, QUEENS, AND WOODENWARE.

MRS. E. LAFFOON, MILLINER, Does all kinds of Stamping to Order. STRONG CITY, KANSAS.

both for hay and herding privileges. We have not pressed our claim for the past season for the reason that interested parties claimed they did not have notice in time to exercise a voluntary choice in the premises. From this time we shall charge and collect for all grass cut on lands owned by this company, forty five cents per ton, and a reasonable price for herding privilege. Leases for such purposes should be arranged for in advance. Leases for the season for the hay and for herding cattle will be made subject to the sale of the land. No lease will be recognized unless signed by the Secretary or Treasurer of this Company. Suits will be prosecuted against all parties cutting grass or herding on the lands of this Company without first obtaining a lease therefor, or permission from the Secretary or Treasurer, and the hay cut without such permission will be claimed by the Company. Address all communications to THE EASTERN KANSAS LAND AND LOAN COMPANY, Atchison, Kansas. We might make this notice a text for a sermon. Within the last two years the grazing lands of Eastern Kansas, as well as the agricultural lands, have been rapidly purchased by parties who intend making use of them for their own benefit. Large stock farms, embracing some land suitable for raising grain, in connection with large tracts for grazing, have been fenced, and stocked with cattle. What has been done in the last two years is but the beginning of the end, near at hand, when the whole country will be under fence, and the wealth of the county greatly increased in live stock. Chase is destined to be one of the wealthiest counties in the State. Large herds are being purchased and brought into the county, by men who have invested in large tracts of land for that purpose, and will make this their home, or the headquarters of their stock operations. The past, too, is a warning to farmers who early settled the bottom corn lands, and who have failed to secure sufficient pasture lands, relying upon the hills never being fenced. A new era has dawned, and experienced men now have these lands, who know how to utilize them. We predict a great future for Chase county. Its hills and valleys will be covered with numerous herds that will yield competence and comfort to the homes that will be erected among us. The Eastern Kansas Land and Loan Company are doing the county a great service in settling so many men of means and experience among us. Chase may not acquire the population equal to some other counties, but it will never know poverty or want. Those who do live here will have plenty of work, or that which is exchangeable for labor. It will be a county of large farms, large hearths and bountiful tables. A county free from debt, want and misery; we will cast our lot here.

Business Brevities. Oysters at Pennell's. Boots and shoes at Breese's. Go to E. F. Bauerle's for a good lunch. Wanted, two girls, at the Union Hotel. Good goods and bottom prices at Breese's. For confectionaries, go to E. F. Bauerle's. Read Ferry & Watson's advertisement. First-class organs at E. Cooley's for \$50 cash. You can get your staple dry goods at Breese's. Go to Howard's mill if you want to get the best of flour. No. 1 sorghum, three gallons for \$1; at Ferry & Watson's. Fresh goods all the time at the store of Breese, the grocer. E. F. Bauerle is running the bakery "up to the handle." Parties indebted to Dr. Walsh are requested to call and settle. Candies, cigars, tobacco, etc., at G. L. Skinner's, Strong City, Kas. A car load of Moline wagons just received at M. A. Campbell's. A car load of Glidden fence wire just received at M. A. Campbell's. Meals at all hours, also lunches, at G. L. Skinner's, in Strong City, Kansas. If you want to get a good square meal, go to Mrs. M. H. Pennell's restaurant. S. A. Vail, of Strong City, Kansas, is the best auctioneer in Chase county. Give him a call. A car load of new improved Bain wagons just received at Hildebrand Bros. & Jones, Strong City. Dr. W. P. Pugh will continue to do a limited practice; and will be found, at all unemployed times, at his drug store. Go to Breese's for your fresh staple and fancy groceries, and where you can get the highest market price for produce. Go to the Star Bakery for all kinds of candies and nuts, cigars and tobacco. J. D. Strause, Cottonwood Falls, Kansas. Mrs. Laffoon is now offering her immense stock of millinery goods, in Strong City, at prices within the reach of all. Hats at from 25 cents to \$5. Go to Breese's for your fresh staple and fancy groceries and for staple dry goods, and where you can get the highest market price for your produce. "A penny saved is a penny earned," and the way to save your pennies is to go to Breese's, where you can always get fresh staple and fancy groceries. You can get meals or lunch at any hour, from 6 o'clock, a. m., until 10, p. m., at Jerry Williams', on Main street, between Broadway and Friend street. E. F. Bauerle runs a confectionary in connection with his establishment in this city, at either of which you can get warm lunches at all hours. Doolittle & Son have the best and cheapest of boots and shoes to be found in this market; also, a full line of furnishing goods, notions and groceries. A dollar saved is a dollar made; and you can't make dollars any easier than by saving them; and the best way to save dollars is to buy your goods of Doolittle & Son. S. A. Vail, Land, Loan and Insurance Agent, has a large list of improved and unimproved lands for sale; the unimproved lands, good for farming purposes, being worth from \$3 to \$5 per acre. He also has town property for sale, and collects rents and pays taxes for non-residents. Office, west side of Cottonwood Avenue, Strong City, Kansas. nov1-1f

PHYSICIANS.

J. W. STONE, M. D. Office and room, east side of Broadway, south of the bridge.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS. W. P. PUCH, M. D., Physician & Surgeon, Office at his Drug Store, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.

A. M. CONAWAY, Physician & Surgeon, Office at his Drug Store, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.

L. P. RAVENSCROFT, M. D., Physician & Surgeon, STRONG CITY, KANSAS, Office in McIntire's drug store, residence opposite the post-office. Calls promptly responded to. jan1-1f

MISCELLANEOUS. AGENTS wanted for The Lives of the Presidents of the U. S., the largest, handsomest, best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The latest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free. HALL & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1-1f

WM. WHEELER, Watch and Clock Maker AND JEWELER, STRONG CITY, KANSAS. dec6-1f

TAKE NOTICE & DON'T BE DECEIVED. As I will sell cheaper, and give better terms than any party in or out of Kansas, on the following organs and pianos: Wilcox & White, Steinway, Reed & Thompson, Chickering, Standard or Paloubet, Conover Bros., Burdette, Christy, Estey, Fish & Son, Sterling, Weber, Patterson, Jos. F. Hall. It will cost you nothing to give me a trial. E. COOLEY, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS. nov2-1f

THE "ENTERPRISE" MEAT MARKET, L. A. LOOMIS, PROPRIETOR, WEST SIDE OF BROADWAY, COTTONWOOD FALLS.

Fresh Meat Every Day, HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR Fat Cattle, Hogs & Dressed Chickens

HIDES AND PELTS. WELLS! WELLS! WELLS!!! WHO WANTS WATER? J. B. BYRNES, GIANT WELL DRILL, Nine Inch Bore, Largest in the Country, Guarantees His Work, To Give Satisfaction. TERMS REASONABLE. And WELLS PUT DOWN ON SHORT NOTICE. Address, COTTONWOOD FALLS, OR STRONG CITY, CHASE COUNTY, KAS. nov2-1f

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. W. Howell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (25 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

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PATENTS

A DESPERATE COWBOY.

An Exciting Fight on the Streets of Memphis, Tenn., with a Cowboy Desperado—Two Prominent Citizens Shot.

MONTROSE, Col., Feb. 7. There is great excitement in town to-night over the shooting of City Marshal C. B. Murphy and Judge Edwards, a Justice of the Peace and Police Judge, by a cowboy named Watson, who was bound over in July to the District Court for \$200 in the Judge's face. He was fined \$300 and costs, which amounted to about \$115. About dark the Marshal was attacked and shot in the ankle or just above. The man being on his horse, he fired at him, but missed. Several shots were fired by citizens. Returning in about half an hour, the desperado drew his pistol on Frank Mason, when Judge Edwards came up and drew his pistol on Watson, commanding him to throw up his hands. Watson spurred his horse, and a few feet, reined up, took deliberate aim at the Judge and fired four shots, one ball entering about three inches below the left nipple. The town is in arms after the man Watson, who has had more than a hundred shots fired at him. At a corner his horse fell, and persons, thinking he was hurt, ran to pick him up, but before they could get to him he was up and on his horse again. The Marshal, Bob Murray, started in pursuit, but did not overtake him.

Not only did he fire to kill the three men already named, but he swore he would burn the town, and it is feared by some persons that he may return here to-night and undertake to do so. He is nearly twelve o'clock and Sheriff Johnson has just called to see your correspondent to give an account of the first attempt to catch Watson to-night. The shooter then returned from Colorado, a town between here and Delta, and when about four miles north-west from here he met his horse, Mr. Loftus, with the other men, and he expected that if he goes there he will be captured, as there is but one man there. The camp is twenty-five miles to the northeast of here, where he could get a fresh horse and a supply of cartridges, for the purpose it is expected he will go there, as he has doubtless made up his mind by this time to fight a long hard, and desperate fight. Watson is probably thirty or thirty-five years old, a stout built man with heavy black whiskers, a determined looking face, such a man as others would fear.

SNOW-BOUND.

A Railway Train Caught in the Mountains of Southern Colorado—Terrible Experience of the Passengers—The San Juan Country Snowed Under.

DENVER, Col., Feb. 7. A special from Durango to-night says that the snow-storm there has abated, but the country is literally snowed under. Snow-slides between Durango and Silverton have completely prostrated the telegraph and telephone wires, and Silverton is shut off from the outside world. The Rio Grande train due in Durango on Sunday arrived there this evening after having been tied up for several days. The train-men made renewed efforts to push the train through, and by using several engines and snow-plows succeeded in getting in this evening. The passengers say they fared better than could be expected under the circumstances.

The train which left Durango on Sunday evening, bound for Denver, after successfully crossing the divide, stuck in a bank a few miles from Osier, a small station on the downward slope of the main divide. All efforts to free themselves proved futile, and preparations were made by the passengers to pass the night on the mountains as best they could. Next day the train-men, assisted by the passengers, put forth their best efforts to cut a way through the banks of snow, but they were unsuccessful. Provisions on the train were then becoming low. Up to that time the contents of the express car had supplied food for the passengers. Then the fuel ran out, and some uneasiness began to be felt.

Two of the trainmen volunteered to attempt to reach Osier and get assistance. They started on their ascent of the mountain, the chances greatly against them reaching their destination. They relate their experience as being full of the greatest hardships and most perilous. The snow was so deep that they could not follow any trail and struck out overland towards Osier. At times the two men were covered over head with snow, and had it for the assistance of the train, which was capable of rendering the other, both would have perished. As it was, after hours of the greatest fatigue, they reached the snow-bound settlement of Osier, and informed the citizens of the perilous position of the passengers of the delayed train. A relief party was at once organized and men started out on snowshoes for the train, loaded with provisions, and the men were followed by others, and as the first relief party has returned to Osier after having landed their load of food to the distressed passengers, they need be no longer apprehensions of their safety, as plenty of provisions can thus be carried in on snow shoes.

Osier is near the famous Telesco gorge, a romantic place, where Eastern tourists are wont to linger in summer and drink in the grandeur of the finest scenery in the Rocky Mountains. All the available engines in Denver and on the line of the Grand have been sent out to assist in the relief of the snow-bound passengers.

A Block of Homes Sinks Into a Colliery.

HAZLETON, Pa., Feb. 7. The Borough of Hazleton, in the lower end of this county, a town of 8,000 inhabitants, was this afternoon thrown into a fearful state of excitement by the caving in of an entire square in the central part of the borough. The drop was about three feet, caused by the giving way of the timbers in Sugar Loaf Colliery underneath. Three or four houses, including a hotel, were entirely wrecked, while numbers of others were more or less injured. The residence of Master Mechanic Clark, of the Lehigh Valley Railroad shop, was utterly demolished. Fortunately no lives were sacrificed or anybody injured. It is reported here to-night that grave apprehension exists in Hazleton concerning further settling of the surface, and much anxiety exists. This is the first town known to have suffered from a cave-in directly in its business center, and it naturally gives rise to much curiosity among residents of other unmined towns in the coal country, that operated in bringing about the disaster of to-day.

Tired of Business.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Feb. 7. The fruit, the most noted of the illicit whisky distillers of Texas County, this State, yesterday voluntarily surrendered himself to Deputy United States Marshal Gum Roper, at Basketts store, Texas County, and was brought to this city, where he was sent to the Cole County jail to await trial at the March term of the United States District Court at Jefferson City. Pruitt says that he is heartily tired of running an illicit distillery and that he will devote himself to some other occupation in the future.

WRATH OF THE WATERS.

The Ohio River and Its Tributaries Overflow the Bank, Inundating the Adjacent Country—Great Devastation at Wheeling—Cincinnati, Pittsburgh and Other Cities in a Bad Flight.

WHEELING, W. Va., Feb. 7.—To attempt to adequately portray the condition of affairs in this city is beyond the ability of the most gifted of its citizens. One-half of the city is submerged, from five to seven thousand people are rendered homeless, and the loss in money will reach from \$750,000 to \$1,000,000. At nine o'clock last night the river had risen to forty-six feet above low-water mark. From five to seven feet more water is looked for. This will raise the stage to fifty-two feet, and will drive additional thousands from their homes and cause a further loss of millions. Several lives have already been lost here and at surrounding towns.

Wheeling Island, comprising about eight hundred acres, and containing a population of 4,500, is entirely under water, and the loss there alone is \$400,000. Hundreds of warehouses in the business part of the town are partially under water, and streets in the higher portion are piled high with barrels of sugar, salt, oil and nails, bales of prints and dry goods, and other merchandise.

From Bellaire, Bridgeport, West Wheeling and Martin's Ferry, O., and Fulton, Westburg, Bendwood and Moundsville, Va., heartrending accounts of suffering come. Some of these towns are entirely submerged, West Wheeling, for example, has been a solitary house out of water. Within a radius of fifteen miles 20,000 people are homeless, and a loss of \$5,000,000 are reported from several points.

OHIO CITIES UNDER WATER. CINCINNATI, Feb. 7.—The Ohio River continues to rise, and there is grave apprehension that the flood of one year ago is to be repeated. At midnight the water covered the sixty-one foot mark, and was rising at the rate of two inches an hour. During the greater part of the day it rose at the rate of four inches an hour. It is raining here, and the Ohio and all its tributaries between here and Pittsburgh are rising rapidly. Here it rained the greater part of Monday, all of Tuesday and Tuesday night, and all day Wednesday. The gas is beginning to fall, and by to-night it will be entirely cut off. The pumps at the water-works will probably be stopped by the twenty-four hours. The Board of Public Works warn the people to use as little water as possible, and the running of elevators by water is forbidden. Only two or three railroad companies are able to receive freight. Navigation on the river has been entirely suspended and street-car travel has been stopped.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 7.—Thus far the floods in Cleveland have occasioned but little damage. The river has fallen somewhat. A large portion of the flats are inundated, and factories and mills are partially under water. Along Mr. Weston's water has entered the cellars, and is doing some damage. The Comotto Valley and the Valley railway are still cut off from communication with southern points, and the latter is covered with water for fifteen miles. It is claimed that 25,000 feet of timber were swept into the lake. It is not expected that more damage will be occasioned here. At Youngstown the river is within a few inches of high-water mark and steadily rising. About thirty families have been taken out of their dwellings in boats and wagons. Bottom lands are flooded and great damage must ensue if the weather continues warm in Northwest Ohio. Arlington is under water, and thousands of feet of lumber have been lost. Reports from Warren and other points in Trumbull County say the flood there is the highest ever known.

ALARMING NEWS FROM LAWRENCEBURG. CINCINNATI, Feb. 7.—A News-Journal special from Aurora, Ind., says: Intense excitement was caused here at ten o'clock last night, when the alarm-bells in Lawrenceburg, two miles away, were distinctly heard. The levee above that town has given way, and no doubt the place is being subjected to a rushing flood. There is no means of obtaining particulars.

FLOODS IN PENNSYLVANIA. PITTSBURGH, Feb. 7.—The river is believed to have reached its highest point at ten o'clock last night and is now stationary, with the Monongahela thirty-three feet three inches, and the Allegheny thirty-four feet six inches. The latest news from the headwaters report the waters receding. Thomas Kelley, a grocer of the south side, was trying to secure driftwood, and fell into the Monongahela and was drowned.

Another man, name unknown, went down the river on a barrow. He is believed to have been lost. Hundreds of women and children are quartered in the City Hall. Many were half-starved, not having eaten anything all day. A substantial supper was served them, and everything possible done to relieve their sufferings. The north pier of Union bridge has just been washed away. Travel was suspended on every railroad except the Pennsylvania Central.

CLEARFIELD, Pa., Feb. 7.—At this point the Susquehanna has reached the highest point since 1855. The rise is accompanied by a destructive ice-flood. River bridges have been carried away and a large amount of lumber and logs set adrift.

AT OTHER POINTS. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 7.—It is still raining, and the river creeps steadily up four inches per hour. At 10:30 o'clock last night the canal gauge registered thirty-six inches and half feet of water, which is eight feet of the highest mark of last year. A number of distilleries, foundries, etc., near the river shut down last night, and three hundred and fifty families were driven from the point to no one knows where. Trains on all the roads are delayed by washouts.

Buried in the Ruins. ALLENTOWN, Pa., Feb. 7.—The extensive furniture factory of Crossman & Kuenster was destroyed by fire last night, and five people were killed and seven injured. It was probably ten minutes after the alarm before the firemen mounted the building. The structure had been erected as fire-proof, hence there was no hesitation in going in. The roof was of brick, and arched with iron girders, but hardly had the firemen put their ladders up when the power of the steam inside burst the building with a loud explosion, and a sheet of flame some fifty or sixty feet in width swept out with a horrible hiss. Ladders and men went down beneath the falling walls, and the men were buried in the ruins.

The flames that illuminated the scene died away almost as quick as they had appeared to those who were watching the progress of the fire, leaving all in darkness, with the wounded lying almost within reach of their friends. One of the first taken out was Harry K. Kurtz, Superintendent of the gas works, and son of W. W. Kurtz, a broker of Philadelphia. His leg was broken below the knee and his face badly burned. When he was taken out there was almost a panic, for every one at first supposed him dead. The rumor spread that other prominent citizens were in the burning building.

When to Bet on Your Watch.

Jones (pulling out a one-hundred-dollar gold watch)—"My gracious, it is already twelve o'clock."

"Smith (pulling out a four-dollar nickel watch)—"You are wrong. It lacks half a minute of twelve."

Jones (sneeringly)—"You don't pretend that that thing is right, do you?"

"Smith—'I will bet you five dollars it is right to a second.'"

Jones—'Done. Where shall we go?'"

"Smith—'There is the standard time—that big clock in the window just behind you.'"

"Jones—'You have won. Who would have thought that such a miserable little watch could be right? By the way, when did you set it?'"

"Smith—'A moment ago. I had just finished when you came up.'"

Philadelphia Call.

No Marks.

Mr. T. M. Casad, editor of the Croydon (Ira) Times, writes that his little girl learned her foot severely on a stove. One application of St. Jacobs Oil, the great pain-reliever, cured it completely, leaving no mark. By two applications of St. Jacobs Oil he cured himself of a torturing pain in the side.

A BURLINGTON mother has miraculously cured her youngest hopeful, of smoking by giving him a bottle of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

I CHEERFULLY ADD MY TESTIMONY TO THE value of Ely's Cream Balm as a specific in the case of one of our family, who has been seriously debilitated with Catarrh for the past eight years, having tried ineffectually other medicines and several specialty doctors in Boston. She improved at once under this discovery, and has gained her health and hearing, which had been considered incurable. ROBERT W. MERRILL, Secretary of the Phoenix Manufacturing Co., Grand Haven, Mich.

BECAUSE church bells sometimes have wedding rings, it does not follow that they are married.

MR. ISAAC C. CHAPMAN, Druggist, Newbury, N. Y., writes for Dr. Williams' Balsam for the Lungs. I can say of it what I can not say of any other medicine. I have never known it stopped, but it has cured me in many cases of Whooping Cough, with the happiest effects. I always have a bottle in the medicine closet ready for use."

A MAN may be a smoker, and yet his dear little wife may not allow him to smoke her.—Boston Post.

I HAVE seen remarkable results from use of Swift's Specific on a cancer. A young man near here has been afflicted five years with the most angry looking eating cancer I ever saw, and was nearly dead. The first bottle made a wonderful change, and after five bottles were taken, he is nearly or quite well. It is truly wonderful. M. F. CRUMLEY, M. D., Oglesboro, Ga.

Why are very young dudes like very old men? Both are too green to thrash.—Chicago Times.

Rheumatism—Quickly Cured. There has never been a medicine for rheumatism introduced in the United States that has given such universal satisfaction as Durang's Rheumatic Remedy. It stands out alone as the one great remedy that actually cures this dread disease. It is taken internally, and never has and never can fail to cure the worst case in the shortest time. It is sold by every druggist, at St. Writ, Forty-page pamphlet to R. K. HELFENSTEIN, Druggist, Washington, D.C.

CATTLE are dumb beasts, but by getting their heads under a recovery, they make themselves herd.—N. Y. Graphic.

Farmers' Folly. Some farmers adhere, even against the best light of fact and recovery, to the old-fashioned policy of coloring butter with carrots, annatto, and inferior substances, notwithstanding the splendid record made by the Improved Butter Color, prepared by Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. At scores of the best agricultural fairs it has received the highest award over all competitors.

"THE bark went down," said the agent patient after he had swallowed a big dose of quinine.—Chicago Tribune.

Hale's Honey of Horchound and Tar Cures coughs and colds. Pike's toothache drops cure in one minute.

"LIGHT is gradually breaking me," remarked the man when he paid a gas-bill twice as large as usual.—Detroit Post.

DR. WILLIAMS' Indian Pill Ointment. Warranted to cure any case of blind, bleeding or itching piles. At druggists.

"FAILURE in the yarn trade!"—Writing some unsuccessful novels.—Punch.

"ROUGH on Corns." Be. Ask for it. Complete cure, hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

WOULD not be without Redding's Russia Salve, is the best of all who use it. Price 25c.

"ROUGH on Coughs." Be. At druggists. Complete cure Coughs, Hoarseness, Sore Throat.

PISO'S CURE for Consumption does not dry up a cough; it removes the cause.

THE GENERAL MARKETS.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 12, 1884. CATTLE—Shipping Steers, \$5.00 @ 5.50; Native Heifers, \$3.00 @ 4.00; HOGS—Good to choice heavy, 4.00 @ 6.00; BUTCHERS' STEERS, 4.00 @ 5.00; WHEAT—No. 1, 90 @ 91; No. 2, 85 @ 86; No. 3, 80 @ 81; CORN—No. 2, 41 @ 41 1/2; OATS—No. 2, 29 @ 29 1/2; RYE—No. 2, 40 @ 40 1/2; FLOUR—Fancy, per sack, 2.00 @ 2.15; HAY—Car lots, bright, 1.00 @ 1.50; BUTTER—Choice, 18 @ 24; CHEESE—Kansas, new, 10 @ 12; EGGS—Choice, 27 @ 28; POIK—Shoulder, 9 @ 11; Sides, 9 @ 11; WOL—Mussour, unwashed, 18 @ 19; POTATOES—Per bushel, 45 @ 50.

ST. LOUIS. CATTLE—Shipping Steers, 4.50 @ 5.25; Butcher Steers, 4.00 @ 5.00; HOGS—Good to choice, 3.50 @ 6.00; BUTCHERS' STEERS, 3.75 @ 4.00; FLOUR—XXX to choice, 3.00 @ 4.00; WHEAT—No. 2 Winter, 1.04 @ 1.05; CORN—No. 2, 39 @ 39 1/2; OATS—No. 2, 34 @ 34 1/2; RYE—No. 2, 34 @ 34 1/2; POIK—17 @ 18 1/2; COTTON—Middling, 9 1/2 @ 9 3/4; TOBACCO—New Lugs, 4.40 @ 4.75; Medicines, 5.25 @ 5.75.

CHICAGO. CATTLE—Good to choice, 5.00 @ 6.00; HOGS—Good to choice, 5.00 @ 7.00; BUTCHERS' STEERS, 4.50 @ 5.75; FLOUR—Common to choice, 5.00 @ 5.75; WHEAT—No. 2 red, 92 @ 92 1/2; No. 2 Spring, 92 @ 92 1/2; CORN—No. 2, 32 @ 32 1/2; OATS—No. 2, 34 @ 34 1/2; RYE—No. 2, 34 @ 34 1/2; POIK—New Mess, 17 @ 17 1/2.

NEW YORK. CATTLE—Exports, 5.25 @ 7.25; HOGS—Good to choice, 5.75 @ 6.00; BUTCHERS' STEERS, 4.00 @ 5.00; FLOUR—Common to choice, 5.00 @ 5.75; WHEAT—No. 2 red, 92 @ 92 1/2; No. 2 Spring, 92 @ 92 1/2; CORN—No. 2, 32 @ 32 1/2; OATS—No. 2, 34 @ 34 1/2; RYE—No. 2, 34 @ 34 1/2; POIK—New Mess, 17 @ 17 1/2.

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A MODERN RESURRECTION.

A Miracle that Took Place in Our Midst Unknown to the Public—The Details in Full.

(Detroit Free Press.)

One of the most remarkable occurrences ever given to the public, which took place here in our midst, has just come to our knowledge and will undoubtedly awaken as much surprise and attract as great attention as it has already in newspaper circles. The facts are, briefly, as follows: Mr. William A. Crombie, a young man formerly residing at Birmingham, a suburb of Detroit, and now living at 287 Michigan Avenue in this city, can truthfully say that he has looked into the future world and yet returned to this. A representative of this paper has interviewed him upon this important subject and his experiences are given to the public for the first time. He said:

"I had been having most peculiar sensations for a long while. My head felt dull and heavy; my eyesight did not seem so clear as formerly; my appetite was uncertain and I was unaccountably tired. I was an effort to arise in the morning and yet I could not sleep at night. My mouth tasted badly, I had a faint all-gone sensation in the pit of my stomach that food did not satisfy, while my hands and feet felt cold and clammy. I was nervous and irritable, and lost all enthusiasm. At times my head would seem to whirl and my heart palpitated terribly. I had no energy, no ambition, and I seemed indifferent to the present and thoughtful for the future. I tried to shake the feeling off and persuade myself it was simply a cold or a little malady. But it only continued. I was determined not to give up, and so time passed along and all the while I was getting worse. It was about this time that I noticed I had become fat. My limbs were swollen so that by pressing my fingers upon them deep depressions would be made. My face also began to enlarge, and I felt that I could scarcely see out of my eyes. One of my friends, describing my appearance at that time, said: 'It is an animated something, but I should like to know what.' In this condition I passed several weeks of the greatest agony."

"Finally, one Saturday night, the misery culminated. Nature could endure no more. I became irrational and apparently insensible. I gazed on my forehead, and my eyes became glazed and my throat rattled. I seemed to be in another sphere and with other surroundings. I knew nothing of what occurred around me, although I have since learned it was considered as death by those who stood by. It was to me a quiet state, and yet one of great agony. I was helpless, hopeless, and had no only consolation. I was determined to try to see what was beyond me, but the mist before my eyes was too great. I tried to reason, but I had lost all power. I felt that it was death, and realized how terrible it was. At last the strain upon my mind gave way and all was a blank. How long this continued I do not know, but I realized the presence of friends, and recognized my mother. I then thought it was earth, but was not certain. I gradually regained consciousness, however, and, after a few minutes, I found that my friends had, by my unconsciousness, been preparing me a preparation I had never taken before, and the next day, under the influence of this treatment, the bloating began to diminish and from that time on I steadily improved, until to-day I am as well as ever before in my life, have no traces of the terrible acute Bright's disease, which so nearly killed me, and the most delicate and delicate instrumentality of Warner's Life after I was virtually in another world."

"You have had an unusual experience, Mr. Crombie, and the world would like to hear breathlessly listening to the recital. 'Yes, I think I have,' was the reply, 'and it has been a valuable lesson to me. I am certain, though, that the same kind of men and women at this very moment have the same ailment which can so near killing me, and they do not know it. I believe that the disease is spreading, and is a terrible trouble in the world. It comes like a thief in the night. It has no certain symptoms, but seems to attack each one differently. It is quiet, treacherous, and all the more dangerous. It is killing more people to-day, than any other complaint. If I had the power I would warn the entire world against it and urge them to remove it from the system before it is too late.'"

One of the members of the firm of Whitehead & Mitchell, proprietors of the Birmingham Eccentric, paid a fraternal visit to Mr. Crombie, and in the course of conversation, Mr. Crombie's name was mentioned. 'I know about his sickness,' said the editor, 'and his remarkable recovery. I have known kindred diseases, and am now in the Eccentric that he could not live until its next issue. It was certainly a most wonderful case.'

Rev. A. L. Bartlett, formerly pastor of the M. E. Church, at Birmingham, and now of Schoolcraft, Mich., in response to a telegram, replied:

Mr. W. A. Crombie was a member of my congregation at the time of his sickness. The prayers of the church were requested for him on two different occasions. It was with him the day he was reported by his physician to be cured, and I consider his recovery almost a miracle."

Not one person in a million ever comes so near death as did Mr. Crombie and then recovers. But the men and women who are drifting toward the same end are legion. To note the slightest symptoms, to realize their significance and to meet them in time by the use of the medicine which is the most efficient, is a duty from which there can be no escape. They are fortunate who do this; they are on the sure road to death who neglect it."

Mr. ONION has just failed out in Nebraska; but it can not be said that he has not a secret in his name.—Chicago Herald.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are widely known as an admirable remedy for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs and Throat troubles. Sold only in boxes, 25 cts.

When a man declares his love in deeply drawn breathing, young lady, put it down as only a signed show.—Philadelphia Press.

Skinny Men, "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Stomach troubles, etc.

EVERY cloud has a silver lining; but it is not so with solid silver, water, picayune. They are nickel plated.—N. O. Picayune.

"Mother Swan's Worm Syrup," for feverishness, worms, constipation, tasteless, etc.

FROM Boulder, Col., Miss N. E. Wilder, writes: "Samaritan Nervine cured me of epilepsy."

"JACOBS OIL" is a most valuable remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, etc.

"GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN" is a most valuable remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, etc.

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A Messenger of Health.

Sent free to sufferers from nervous, chronic and blood diseases, brain and heart affections, nervous debility, etc. It tells of wonderful cures effected by Dr. Scott's Cocoa, Beef and Iron, with Phosphorus. Sold by druggists; \$1. Dr. Scott, Kansas City, Mo.

"They say dogs can't reason, but no one will doubt that a dog tries to reach a conclusion when he chases his tail."

"Buchu-palpa." Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney and Urinary Diseases, \$1.

NO OPiATES or drastic cathartics are found in that peerless remedy, Samaritan Nervine.

CHAMPION RINK ROLLER SKATE. Just the Skate for Rink Purposes.