

Texas Stock and Farm Journal

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TEXAS STOCK AND FARM JOURNAL has the largest guaranteed circulation of any agricultural or live stock publication in Texas.

Communications addressed to either of our three offices will receive prompt attention. As a matter of convenience to our readers, we would ask that all business communications be addressed to our Dallas office.

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NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC. Notice is hereby given that the only bona fide Texas Stock and Farm Journal, as entitled to represent Texas Stock and Farm Journal Co., Publishers, is published at Dallas, Texas.

THE JOURNAL CONVENTION EXCURSION. The Texas Stock and Farm Journal offers a free railroad excursion, over the line of the M., K. & T. railway, to every person who sends in...

CONDITIONS OF THE OFFER. The Journal will send on its Convention Excursion, from any point on the line of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway to Kansas City and return, every person who sends in...

THE JOURNAL TICKETS. Tickets for the Journal Excursion will be delivered at any local office of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway, to which the requisite amount of money...

THE MISSOURI, KANSAS AND TEXAS RAILWAY COMPANY OF TEXAS. PASSENGER TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT W. G. CRUSH.

General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Dallas, Texas, April 2, 1900.

Mr. S. R. Williams, Manager Texas Stock and Farm Journal, Dallas, Texas.

Dear Sir—Hand you herewith contract for refunding tickets from any point on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway...

In its magnitude, liberality and attractiveness it has no precedent in journalistic enterprise, and will unquestionably command popular interest and support.

I assure you that every provision will be made by our line of coaches and sleepers, etc., to handle the great number of people that your excursion will attract.

I shall be very glad if you will advise me from time to time of any matters of importance, so that we may be able to adjust to make the Texas and Territory representation at the Convention arrive in good shape.

Assuring you of our hearty co-operation, very truly, W. G. CRUSH, G. P. and T. A.

WHAT ABOUT IT? A convention of students of social problems is being held in Montgomery, Alabama, this week to consider the race question and its collateral issues.

Every intelligent and observant Southern man if forced to testify would be compelled to say that the negro race, as a whole, is on a lower plane morally, intellectually and as an industrial factor than it was on the day of emancipation.

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This is the situation as a whole. Here and there exceptions are to be found, but when found are classified in every mind as exceptions notable because of their rarity.

If the Montgomery convention should have the courage to declare the truth, which every member of it probably knows, it would produce no small favor, but above it all would rise the inspiring and apparently unanswerable inquiry, what are you going to do about it?

CIVIL GOVERNMENT FOR THE FILIPINOS. The first step toward the establishment of civil government in the Philippines has just been made through the issuance of an order by Gen. Otis...

In a modified form in towns and cities. It is chiefly of the government at Washington with reference to the future of the islands. The order provides for alcaldes, municipal councils and other officers and bodies. Councils will number from eight to eighteen, according to the size of the town. Electors must be male persons, 23 years of age or over, who have resided in the municipality at least six months and are not

subjects of any foreign power; that another condition of suffrage is that a person should have held one of designated offices, or pay 20 pesos tax annually, or speak, read and write English or Spanish. In other words, the proposed elector must possess either an educational or a property qualification. He must also subscribe to an oath which concludes with the words: "I recognize and accept the supreme authority of the United States of America and will maintain true faith and allegiance thereto."

This looks as though Uncle Sam were in the Philippines to stay.

A correspondent of the Breeders' Gazette says: "I have been running a six and one-half horse power gasoline engine for over one year now and I can shell corn, elevate it into a wagon, grind corn (a bushel in two minutes) and elevate it, pump water from a well 166 feet from the engine (can pump a fourteen-barrel tank full in seventeen minutes) and am now fixing to run another pump 125 feet from the engine. I use triangles and wires to run my pumps at a distance from the engine. I think there will come a time when we will all use gasoline engines in place of windmills, for then we can pump water at any local office of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway, to which the requisite amount of money...

Senator Culberson has given to the press a paper which shows conclusively that Texas was included in the Louisiana purchase. As a part of his proof he quotes from a speech in the senate by the famous Thomas H. Benton, who said: "The oldest advocate for the recovery of Texas, I must be allowed to speak in just terms of the criminal politicians who prostituted the question of its recovery to their base purposes and delayed its success by degrading and disgracing it." It is easy to guess what Benton would say on the subject of Cuban annexation if he were alive now.

Ex-Congressman Culberson, whose service of twenty years in congress brought him the just distinction of being one of the ablest statesmen and lawyers who ever sat in that body, died at Jefferson this week. He was conservative without being a pull-back, and progressive, yet not an iconoclast. His retirement from the public service was a national loss to the republic, and his death will be deplored wherever solid merit was appreciated and honored.

United States District Judge Lochren of St. Paul, held, in a case recently tried before him, that the constitutionality of the United States extended to Porto Rico as soon as the treaty of peace was ratified. If this decision stands, as it probably will, the administration at Washington will have a more or less awkward time of it dodging the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments in its dealings with the islands.

Denon is reported to have shipped \$60,000 worth of hogs this year, and no doubt she will make it \$100,000 next year.

An experiment conducted by Prof. Atkinson at the Iowa experiment station disclosed a loss from shrinkage in corn of 20 per cent in twelve months.

The wisdom of keeping a corn surplus in the crib is again shown by the present state of the markets.

to give any veteran who fought on either side of our own little misunderstanding a congestive chill.

It is estimated that the war in South Africa will consume 100,000 horses and mules. They are less able to withstand the climate than the soldiers, which is additional proof of the superior endurance of man as compared with any other animal.

Prof. Soule says the cost of feeding a beef animal in Tennessee varies from ten to fifteen cents a day. If Tennessee stock farmers can earn a profit at that figure, the producer of beef in Texas should never lack for a dividend.

Dewey is getting lots of applause in his swing around the circle, but thus far he has not carried a precinct for president—which goes to show that the people do not always vote as they hope.

The legislature of Texas should be made something more and something better than a stepping stone for political ambition. Men should be chosen for anxious to serve, rather than anxious to rise.

The Standard Oil company has raised the wages of 25,000 employees 10 per cent to avoid a strike. A trust may not have a soul, but it usually carries an asset an astute and vigilant understanding.

At last reports Roberts was advancing on the Boers and they were trekking out of Natal. The same movements have been observed before, but they ended by the British swinging round in a circle.

Money is now cheaper in New York than in any other great market of the world, and New York is cheaply happy. Dear money and cheap products would put a different song in its mouth.

It is suggested that corn planted three times as thick as when grown for ear will produce excellent food for small stubbins, and yielding much more feedstuff to the acre than any kind of grasses.

Every child should be taught to revere and love the rosebush. Character has for its foundations a hearty appreciation of whatever is true, beautiful and good.

A cheap crop calls for cheap labor. The farmer who grows cotton should be able to use his own time to better advantage than in working it.

Lord Roberts' campaign in South Africa is the most important episode in the history of the Texas broncho since the introduction of the barbed wire fence.

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TOPICS OF THE WEEK.

By E. G. Senter.

The evils that affect men most materially in their daily lives often command less attention than unimportant or imaginary wrongs. Every political convention that meets adopts the usual number of indictments which relate to the details of misgovernment, while the details of misgovernment, right at its very door are rarely complained of. The two main duties of government are to protect life and property. Theoretically all government does that. In fact, the statutes of Texas need much remedial legislation on both subjects. There is nothing in the present state of affairs, a general house, and consequently the aspiring politicians and the politicians who thrive in business by keeping their names in the mouths of people are not disposed to waste any of their precious time upon these matters. Yet it is not too much to say that a man of average intelligence, of courage, and aggressive, who would enter the state legislature with the sole intent to secure correction of the blunders in details of the systems relating to the different branches of the government, would do the state more real service than any man who ever essayed to serve it.

Take the executive branch of the government. The business of the state is the biggest business in the state and yet there is less of intelligent organization in the system under which it operates than there is in any Chinese laundry in Texas. I am not speaking of the capacity of officers, but of the established system—or lack of it—for which they are not responsible and under which I believe most of them do the best they can. If any individual should manage his business as the state's business is managed, the effort for him would be certain bankruptcy. In a general way, this fact is widely understood, and each legislature makes a perfunctory effort to remedy the evil by limiting appropriations, but this is, in no sense a remedy. The evil consists not in the volume of expenditures, which are moderate enough, considering the size, wealth, population and varied interests of the state, but in the absence of system in making the expenditures, and in the fact that the state does not get what it pays for. It pays liberally; it should have liberal and compensatory returns. In round figures, the people of Texas pay nearly \$5,000,000 a year for their schools and perhaps as much more for state, coun-

ty and municipal government. The biggest question that could be asked, and as far as I know, it has never been asked by any politician, is do they get their money's worth in schools and government? I don't believe they do. As a matter of approximation, I could say they get less than half of what they are entitled to, both in schools and government. In other words, they are paying out about \$5,000,000 a year for what they get nothing in return.

Has any politician suggested an issue that involves as much as this to the people of Texas? I think not. But there is nothing in it that tends to make the eagle scream and howl the politicians will fight shy of it.

Let me state a fact that ought to provoke the attention of the thoughtful men of this state. Generous provision has ever been made for all the institutions of the state, both for permanent improvements and yearly expenditures. The truth is that conditions surrounding them have made it impossible for them to do any better than they have done. The state has not failed in its institutions for the reasons; they were powerless to do so. Of scandal and peculation there has been but little, marvelously little in view of the opportunities.

The house committee on Indian affairs made a favorable report on the bill of Representative Stephens, permitting incorporated towns and cities in the Indian Territory of 1000 inhabitants or more to issue bonds for the purpose of erecting school buildings and schoolhouses. Nearly all the towns and cities of the Territory have been petitioning for the passage of this bill. The chief purpose of the bill is to enable towns to obtain fire protection.

A terrific hailstorm visited a section of country just south of Edmond May 2, costing thousands of dollars in damage. Hail and rain fell in sheets, destroying many acres of wheat and early corn. The path of the storm appears to have been nearly one mile in width. There are ridges of hail over a foot high in places, and the hail was very heavy and accumulated. Wheat, which was beginning to head, was pounded flat and cut down.

J. C. Denison writes to the Journal from Caple, Oklahoma: We are having an abundance of rain throughout this section of country. Grass and water are plentiful and cattle starting off in good shape. At Dyer, Ok., last week, a cent calf crop will be branded this year, not counting two-year-old heifers, of which about 30 per cent will have calves. W. Robert of Meade county, Kansas, and Bolin & Brown of Liberty, Kansas, have been buying good native yearling steers in this section. The price is generally \$20, without cut. There is little or no sale for common lots. H. Wright of Hansford, Tex., has delivered several thousand Mexican yearling steers to parties in the Panhandle. Judge Tyler bought 1000. Prices are not given, but \$15 to \$16 is asked for the best. The quality of the good cattle of the kind, and are mostly of the well known G brand. Taken altogether the outlook here is very good for the cattle interests. A large acreage of forage crops is being planted.

GRAND PHYTHIAN MEETING.—The grand lodge of Knights of Pythias met at Dyer, Ok., last week, and it was said that this was the best attended and most harmonious meeting of the Indian Territory grand lodge for years. More than 100 visiting knights and about the same number of representatives and officers were in attendance.

The next meeting will be held on the first Tuesday in May, 1901, at Poteau, I. T.

The officers elected are as follows: P. G. C. Frank Smith of Atoka; G. C. R. Evans; G. P. J. Sheehan of Chickasha; G. K. L. and G. M. E. W. L. Berry of Wynnewood; G. L. G. A. G. Joe M. London of Ardmore; S. R. H. C. M. Latoy of Claremore.

FREE HOMES BILL PASSED.—The house, on May 3, passed the bill which has been pending before congress for a number of years. The bill provides that the government shall issue patents to agricultural lands in the Indian reservations opened to settlement. These lands were taken up by settlers who contracted to pay for them \$1.25 to \$3.75 per acre. In order to secure the land, the settler assumes the payment of the purchase price to the Indians and changes the existing law relative to agricultural colleges so as to confer the payment of the purchase price on the agricultural land.

STATEHOOD FOR OKLAHOMA.—A recent dispatch from Guthrie says: "Statehood for Oklahoma" is growing in favor. Among advocates of single statehood is the original home-ward bill. The scene before him, he said reminded him of the occasion in the old hall of representatives forty-eight years ago, when he made his speech on man's right to the soil.

FOR TERRITORY GOVERNMENT.—A Washington special says: Congress has introduced a bill providing a territorial form of government for the Indian Territory under the name of Jefferson Territory. The object of the bill is to provide for the people of the Indian Territory home rule, and the second is to do honor to the memory of Thomas Jefferson by giving his name to the only organized territory connected with the grand domain secured for the United States through his wisdom and statesmanship.

The idea of renaming the Indian Territory Jefferson Territory originated with Judge E. G. Tallett, who is now in Washington as a delegate appointed by the South McAlester convention, called to take steps for the redress of the alleged wrong now suffered by the

THE TWIN TERRITORIES

Chas. D. Wellford, a former stockman of the Choctaw nation, died in Texarkana, Tex., April 29, aged 37 years.

The Republican territorial convention met at Poteau, Ok., May 1, and the policy of William McKinley was endorsed. William Mellette of Vinita was his opponent for national commissioner. His opponent was J. S. Hammer of Ardmore.

Judge C. R. Buckner, commander of the first brigade, Oklahoma division of the United Confederate Veterans, has selected Miss Allie E. Matthews as sponsor for the first brigade at the annual reunion here at Poteau, Ok., May 10. Hopper's loss, is about \$7000, with \$1000 insurance. The fire is believed to have been of incendiary character, and Hopper was rescued from the flames just before their suffocation.

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800,000 white citizens of the Indian Territory. The bill provides for a governor and secretary, who shall be citizens of the Territory and who are to be appointed by the president. A treasurer, an auditor and a superintendent of public instruction are to be elected by a joint vote of the two houses of the legislature until otherwise provided for by the legislature.

A delegate to represent the Territory in congress will be elected by the voters of the Territory. The legislature consists of a senate and a house of representatives. The senate is to be composed of fifteen senators and the house of thirty-three representatives.

The senatorial districts are as follows: First, Choctaw nation, four senators; second, Choctaw nation, four senators; third, Creek and Seminole nations, three senators; fourth, Cherokee nation and Quapaw Indian agency, four senators.

Representative districts—First, Chickasaw nation, eight representatives; second, Choctaw nation, eight; third, Creek nation, seven; fourth, Seminole, one; fifth, Cherokee nation, eight; Quapaw agency, one.

Other provisions of the bill are: Not more than one senator nor more than one representative can be elected at the first election from any territory. Each incorporated city or town is made a voting precinct for such town or city and the surrounding country nearest thereto, the town authority to maintain a non-partisan election board of three judges and two clerks to act at the first election. Election returns are to be made to the secretary and certificates of the election to be issued by the governor. The governor has general powers with certain restrictions. The allotments and town lots are not to be taxed in violation of treaties and laws. The judiciary is to be established by a vote of the people, but may be temporarily located by the legislature. No county shall consist of less than 720 square miles, nor more than 1296 square miles, and not less than twenty-four miles wide nor more than thirty-six miles long, and shall conform to the township lines of the government surveys, except where prevented by the other lines of the Territory and the meanderings of the Arkansas river, shall be in the form of squares or parallelograms. All instruments of rights affecting lands, including patents to town lots and allotments, are required to be recorded in the county where the land lies, and those affecting other property are required to be filed or recorded in the county where the maker resides, if a resident, if not then where the property is situated. Fifty feet of the land on section lines is reserved for highways. The tribal taxes on property and on vocations of citizens of the United States are abolished. Appropriations are made to defray the expenses of the legislature, the expenses of holding the first election, and in temporary aid of the common school education until the legislature establishes a school system for the Territory.

D. C. Perry has bought all of Martin & Sloan's cattle on Blue creek—about 1500 head.

The Stocktons and Bishops on Mule creek sold 1500 head to Mr. Tuttle, which were delivered the first of May.

Nick Granville of Silver City, has contracted to deliver to D. C. Perry 100 old cows at \$14 on the 28th of the month.

Shelley and Rick Bros. in the Mogollon district, have sold all their cattle to W. W. Tuttle, which will be in the May shipments.

The county commissioners of Socorro county, gave John Greenwald the right to build a road 40 feet wide from Socorro to Lemitar.

T. J. Clark and Frank Harper have contracted to deliver 400 head at the Silver City yards by the first part of this month. W. W. Tuttle was the buyer.

W. W. Tuttle bought about 800 head from H. Hooker, Perry Culberson and Mike Fleming of Silver City. The shipment will be all steers and will bring \$15, \$18 and \$21.

W. W. Tuttle of Silver City, bought 1500 head of stock cattle from Conant & Jones, delivered at the stock yards in Silver City on April 25th. They brought \$15 per head.

The numerous strawberry patches around Carlsbad are beginning to yield their delicious treasures. They are being brought into Carlsbad market in half-bushel measures.

THE CARLSBAD FAIR.—"We are going to have a fair that will be a credit to Southwestern New Mexico, and if the Lord is willing we intend to advertise it," said Larry Ryan of Carlsbad, N. M., in a recent interview. "Our display will be held in October, but in no way conflict with Roosevelt, where a big show is also to take place the same month. Carlsbad's intention is to expose to view the mineral and range products of our territory, and acquaint the people with things they never knew before existed. The Peos Valley road has offered us liberal rates, from which, we are expecting big crowds."

CHAVES COUNTY STOCKMAN HONORED.—W. M. Atkinson, manager of the Milne-Bush ranch, received a letter recently from C. E. Thomas, secretary of the Hereford Breeders' Association, requesting him to act as one of the judges and awarding committee at the great Hereford show at Kansas City next fall. Mr. Atkinson has just felt proud of this recognition as

he had his knowledge of the great Whiteface breed of cattle, as well as in being the first man from the Peos Valley called to such a position. He promptly accepted the invitation and will be on hand when the big show opens.

The fruit crop in the vicinity of Carlsbad, N. M., the heaviest ever known. There will be hundreds of peaches, nectarine plums, apricots, pears, apples, prunes, cherries, quinces, etc., besides the regulation watermelon crop. Bee men are very much elated over the prospects of the honey crop which has already commenced to arrive on the market.

HORSE OWNERS' OPPORTUNITY. A Plan Whereby Carriage and Harness Buyers Deal with the Makers Direct. The new way of selling carriages and harnesses, as practiced by the Columbus Carriage and Harness Co., has been immensely successful. The plan is, briefly, to sell high grade carriages and harnesses at the lowest possible price. It enables the buyer to save all dealers' and agents' profits and deal directly with the manufacturer. The Columbus Carriage and Harness Co., (Columbus, Ohio), manufactures carriages, surreys, phaetons and harnesses on an immense scale and deal very largely in retail business. Everything they sell is shipped with the distinct understanding that it is not entirely satisfactory to the purchaser, the price will be refunded on return of the goods. The Columbus Carriage and Harness Co. catalogue which fully describes the plan of selling, will be mailed free to intending purchasers on written request to Columbus Carriage and Harness Co., Columbus, Ohio.

DELIVERED PRICES ON RELIABLE SEEDS.—We offer, delivered any railway station in Texas from Abilene to Texarkana, Brownwood to Marshall, San Antonio to Galveston, inclusive, and all intermediate stations, in local shipments of not less than one sack, about two bushels, Fresh Millet Seed at 75c per bushel, Orange Grass Seed, 75c per bushel, Blue Grass Seed at 85c per bushel, Evergreen From Corn Seed at \$1.00 per bushel, Evergreen From Millet Seed at \$1.00 per bushel, White Kaffir Corn Seed at 60c per bushel, Yellow Milo Seed at 60c per bushel, Johnson Grass Seed at \$1.50 per bushel, charge for bags. W. W. BROS., 1012 Main St., Dallas, Texas. Wholesale Field Seeds, Flour and Grain.

MISCELLANEOUS. NO LICE or Mites where Lake's Lice and Mite Killer is used. Sample lib. for sale by druggists. LAKE MFG. CO., Dallas, Texas.

THERE ARE MANY COMPANIES writing accident insurance. The Aetna has more than their combined assets. It issues a liberal policy on any company a legitimate business, and pays its Texas claims from Texas office. Good agents wanted and business solicited in all Texas, the Indian Territory, Oklahoma and New Mexico Territories. W. J. LUCAS, General Agent, Dallas, Texas.

DETECTIVES FURNISHED to locate stock thieves, fence cutters, and to furnish evidence in all criminal investigations. Write for rates and references to MCANE'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, Houston, Texas.

SAFETY, EASE, COMFORT, HEALTH—Ladies' Ideal Skirt Supporter; German slipper will not rust; post paid on receipt 25 cents; postage stamps, Texas office money order. TEXAS SUPPLY CO., 504 North Main Street, Dallas, Texas.

DR. ALLEN—Specialist in Organic, Symplic, chronic, lingering and complicated diseases. Both sexes. Call or write. 1181 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas.

WANTED—Young men to learn telegraphy for railroad positions; situations offered on money refunded. DALLAS TELEGRAPHIC COLLEGE, Dallas, Texas.

STOCKMEN'S ADS.—We will help you sell your stock. A question for those who want advertising matter written: Do you want the most thoroughly efficient service at the lowest rate? If so, write to us. HARRIS FLOWER MEDICINE CO., 504-506 Cockrell Bldg., Dallas, Texas; phone 463, 3 rings.

A SURE CURE—For Dandruff. A positive cure. No matter how long standing. You have a cure effecting relief. It is funded. 25 cents, silver or stamps. DANIEL GREEN, 1012 Main Street, Dallas, Texas.

THE MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York. Organized 1849. The new policies guarantee loans, paid-up values and entire face. Agents wanted. Apply, with references, to A. A. GREEN, JR., Manager, Dallas, Texas.

PRAIRIE FLOWER CORDIAL. The Greatest Cure of the Times—God's Made from nature's own ingredients. Bark, Roots, Herbs and Flowers, taken from Mother Earth's own store. It drives out all impurities of the blood, curing cancer, ulcers, abscesses, coughs, colds, catarrh, and all diseases of the blood, the human race. It incorporates the liver in a few hours, removes the bile, cleansing from the tongue of half the uncleanliness. Old chronic kidney trouble cured in from three to seven days. Prostration brought on from shattered nerves cured in a short time. All our own assays are robbed of patients. Has cured 100 such when high science has failed. Many consumptives, who are skeleton, with yellow sputa and hectic, are cured in from two to three months. Gain weight from three to five pounds per week and eat three meals in one under this treatment. It is a blood purifier, a potent, loss manhood, seminal emissions, loss of memory, nervous debility, rheumatoid affections resulting from youthful indiscretion or later excesses. Remedies come and remain so, but Prairie Flower Cordial goes on forever, curing syphilis and leishmaniasis, and all other ailments, and makes back the flush of youth to the pallid cheek, making the eyes bright and the step elastic. The Prairie Flower Cordial makes the youth of twenty proud of the man of seventy happy, prolongs life, cures and vitality, and prevents the blood poisoning through their veins. This cordial is made only by the Prairie Flower Medicine Co. of Dallas, Texas. It can only be purchased from them. During the month of May we will give one dollar to any one sending us one dollar by mail; each year, at only 75c per cent interest, with stamp. PRAIRIE FLOWER MEDICINE CO. of Dallas, Texas.

Hat and Dye Works. LARGEST factory in the Southwest. Latest process for cleaning and dyeing. Lowest prices for first-class work. Catalogue free. Agents wanted. WOOD & EDWARDS, 1012 Main Street, Dallas, Texas.

SCHOOL LANDS! School Lands—The Legislature has just passed the law placing all the public domain in the State on the market as school lands amounting to 4,444,195 acres. The undersigned has just had the new law published and can furnish it to you, with his 75-page school-land map, giving all the laws up to date regarding the sale of school lands, and a catalogue of all the surveys reserved which now belong to the school fund, from the railroad companies by the State. Grounds are sold at \$1.50 per acre, or agricultural land at \$1.50 per acre, on forty years' time, at only 75c per cent interest, and only one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid in cash, and the balance not less than in your country or near it. Cut this out and send \$1.00 for all the above at once to ARBEE S. JAMES, Attorney, tin, Texas, Special School Land Attorney.

CHAMP TEXAS LANDS. The San Antonio & Aransas Pass Railway covers Central and South Texas. Good lands, reasonable prices, and a beautiful climate. Address E. J. MARTIN, General Passenger Agent, San Antonio, Texas.

MAGIC DIP NEEDLES for Silver Ore, Lead or Hidden Treasures. Consult S. F. & M. Agency, box 249, Palmyra, Pa.

UPLAND HERD HOLSTEIN CATTLE FOR SALE.—Bulls, cows and heifers, all ages; 25 head to select from, with or without calves. Write or call on N. J. DUFFY, Ferris, Texas.

Send us, get Gazette 100 acres, 1000 acres, Ohio note, and get 100 acres Texas Land or Town Lot. Free write the Gazette.

Dr. Hathaway Treats All Diseases.

This Method Invariably Cures All Catarrhal, Bronchial, Lung, Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Other Complaints, as Well as All Diseases and Weaknesses of Women.



Purifies the Blood. Dr. Hathaway's most extensive practice, covering a period of more than 30 years, has been called upon to treat all diseases of men and women...

Yearly restores to perfect health thousands of sufferers from Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever, Lung Complaints, Stomach and Liver and Kidney Diseases, Piles, Tumors, Cancer, Eczema and all manner of skin affections...

Some of our last week's sales below: 60 hogs, 164 lbs., \$4.65; 84 hogs, 184 lbs., \$4.75; 20 hogs, 157 lbs., \$4.67; 25 hogs, 199 lbs., \$4.70; 83 hogs, 192 lbs., \$4.72; 40 hogs, 166 lbs., \$4.72; 80 hogs, 175 lbs., \$4.75; 49 hogs, 156 lbs., \$4.75; 79 hogs, 182 lbs., \$4.77; 69 hogs, 194 lbs., 182 lbs., \$4.80; 70 hogs, 192 lbs., \$4.77; 123 hogs, 191 lbs., \$4.80; 13 \$4.80; 43 hogs, 192 lbs., \$4.80; 77 hogs, 192 lbs., \$4.82; 75 hogs, 177 lbs., \$4.80; 67 hogs, 188 lbs., \$4.85; 112 hogs, 190 lbs., \$4.87.

Dr. Hathaway has prepared a special examination of self-examination blanks which he sends free on application. No. 1. for Men; No. 2. for Women; No. 3. for Skin Diseases; No. 4. for Catarrhal Diseases; No. 5. for Kidneys; No. 6. for Rheumatism. Dr. Hathaway makes no charge for consultation at either his office or by mail.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D. 209 E. Alamo Plaza, San Antonio, Tex.

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DALLAS, TEXAS.

MARKETS

FORT WORTH. (Reported by Fort Worth Live Stock Commission Co.)

Fort Worth, May 7.—The hog markets suffered a further decline the past week of 15 cents. The top price of the week was \$4.87 1/2, the bulk going at \$4.75 to \$4.80. Many inferior hogs sold at \$4.60 to \$4.65. The northern markets have declined even more than ours and the same quality of hogs will net you more money on this market.

The Northern markets are all lower again to-day on hogs and 10 cents higher on cattle. We are short on butcher cattle, good cows selling readily at \$3.00 to \$3.20. We are still advising our customers to hold back the light, half fat hogs, as we have no demand for them.

We quote our market to-day as follows: Fat steers, \$3.50 to \$4.00; feeders and stockers, \$3.25 to \$3.75; choice fat cows, \$2.90 to \$3.00; medium cows, \$2.60 to \$2.90; choice corned hogs, 200 to 250 lbs., \$4.75 to \$4.80; mixed corned hogs, 175 to 250 lbs., \$4.65 to \$4.70; light fat hogs, 125 to 165 lbs., \$4.40 to \$4.65.

Some of our last week's sales below: 60 hogs, 164 lbs., \$4.65; 84 hogs, 184 lbs., \$4.67; 20 hogs, 157 lbs., \$4.67; 25 hogs, 199 lbs., \$4.70; 83 hogs, 192 lbs., \$4.72; 40 hogs, 166 lbs., \$4.72; 80 hogs, 175 lbs., \$4.75; 49 hogs, 156 lbs., \$4.75; 79 hogs, 182 lbs., \$4.77; 69 hogs, 194 lbs., 182 lbs., \$4.80; 70 hogs, 192 lbs., \$4.77; 123 hogs, 191 lbs., \$4.80; 13 \$4.80; 43 hogs, 192 lbs., \$4.80; 77 hogs, 192 lbs., \$4.82; 75 hogs, 177 lbs., \$4.80; 67 hogs, 188 lbs., \$4.85; 112 hogs, 190 lbs., \$4.87.

DALLAS. Live stock of all kinds in good demand at slightly decreased quotations from last week.

Armstrong Packing company quote: Hogs, choice, heavy packing, \$4.50 to \$4.80; good mixed packing, \$4.40 to \$4.65; light and rough, \$3.80 to \$4.40; extra fat cows, \$3.25 to \$3.50; good cows and heifers, \$3.15 to \$3.40; fair to good cows, \$3.00 to \$3.10; feeders, \$2.75 to \$3.00; culls and canners, \$2.50 to \$2.75; real calves, light to heavy, \$4.00 to \$4.50; fat bulls, \$2.50 to \$2.75; good, medium, and heavy sheep, good fat wethers weighing 60 pounds and over, \$3.85 to \$4.25.

Report of A. C. Thomas stock yards: Top hogs, weighing 200 to 350 pounds, \$4.80 to \$4.85; same in wagon loads, \$4.85; top hogs, weighing 125 to 175 pounds, \$3.50 to \$4.50; choice steers, 1000 to 1200 pounds, \$3.85 to \$4.25; choice steers, 800 to 900 pounds, \$3.65 to \$3.90; choice steers, 650 to 750 pounds, \$3.40 to \$3.60; choice cows, \$3.25 to \$3.50; good cows and culls, \$1.50 to \$2.50; choice heifers, \$3.25 to \$3.50; fair to good heifers, \$2.85 to \$3.20; choice bulls, \$2.50 to \$2.75; fair to good bulls, \$2.00 to \$2.25; real calves, \$4.00 to \$4.50; fat bulls, \$4.00 to \$4.25; choice sheep, \$3.25 to \$3.75.

KANSAS CITY. Kansas City Live Stock Exchange, May 5, 1900.—Receipts for cattle for the week 29,000; for the corresponding week last year 25,000. The general business activity of the country has caused a larger consumption of meats than usual, but same prices on pork and mutton range from one to one and a half dollars per hundred higher than a year ago, beef is selling at practically the same values as last year. With lighter receipts at the Western markets the local market advanced 10 to 15 cents. Quarantine receipts the past week were the lightest of the season, all classes selling quickly at strong prices.

Heavy native steers are bringing \$4.75 to \$5.15; light weight steers \$4.40 to \$4.85; stockers and feeders \$3.50 to \$5.50; butcher cows \$3.30 to \$4.25; butchers heifers \$3.60 to \$5; canners \$2.50 to \$3.20; stock cows and heifers \$3.50 to \$3.75; fed westerns \$4 to \$5; Texas steers \$3.50 to \$4.50; hog market for the week 62,000; for the corresponding week last year 65,000. Prices declined sharply on all grades with common mixed the least in favor. To-day with 6000 on sale, the market ruled active at 5 cent advance. Top \$5.35; bulk \$5.15 to \$5.00.

Sheep receipts for the week 13,000; for the corresponding week last year 16,000. The light supply this week strengthened the market while prices are only a shade higher, the market is well cleaned up and the outlook is much improved. Spring lambs brought \$7 to \$8.50; Colorado wool lambs \$6.50 to \$8.50; clipped lambs \$6 to \$6.25; clipped ewes \$5.25 to \$5.50; stockers and feeders \$4 to \$6; culls \$3 to \$4.

Kansas City, May 7.—To-day's market: Common grades, \$4.55 to \$4.95; stockers and feeders, \$3.50 to \$4.25; canners, \$2.75 to \$3.25; fed westerns, \$4.25 to \$4.90; Texas, \$3.40 to \$4.70. Hog market very slow, 5c lower. Heavy, \$5.15 to \$5.25; mixed, \$5.05 to \$5.20; light, \$4.90 to \$5.15; pigs, \$4.40 to \$4.70. Colorado lambs, \$5.00 to \$5.50; clipped lambs, \$4.55 to \$5.25; clipped ewes, \$4.50 to \$5.15; culls, \$3.25 to \$4.50.

CHICAGO. Chicago, May 7.—Steers 10 to 15 cents higher. Butchers' stock active, 10 cents higher. Natives, best on sale today 8 carloads Western at \$5.60. Good to prime steers, \$4.90 to \$5.75; poor to medium, \$4.10 to \$4.75; select feeders, \$4.25 to \$5.00; mixed stockers, \$3.60 to \$4.00; cows, \$3.00 to \$4.60; heifers, \$3.25 to \$3.15; canners, \$2.40 to \$3.00; bulls, \$2.80 to \$4.35; calves, \$4.50 to \$6.25. Texas, receipts 250. Best on sale to-day eight carloads at \$4.90. Texas steers, \$4.90 to \$5.25; Texas bulls, \$3.25 to \$3.50. Hog market, 5 to 10 cents lower. Top, \$5.45; mixed and butchers' \$5.10 to \$5.40; good to choice heavy, \$5.25 to \$5.45; rough heavy, \$5.10 to \$5.20; light, \$5.00 to \$5.30; bulk of sales, \$5.20 to \$5.25. Sheep, steady to strong. Lambs strong to 10 cents higher. Good to choice wethers, \$5.25 to \$5.60; fair to choice mixed, \$4.75 to \$5.25; Western sheep, \$5.40 to \$5.60; yearlings, \$5.50 to \$5.90; native lambs, \$5.50 to \$7.25; Western lambs, \$6.00 to \$7.25.

ST. LOUIS. St. Louis, May 7.—Market 10 to 15c higher for natives, with Texas 10c up; good can shipping and export \$4.50 to \$5.25; dressed beef and butcher steers, \$4.20 to \$5.15; steers under 1000 pounds, \$3.50 to \$4.85; cows and heifers, \$3.00 to \$5.00; canners, \$1.90 to \$2.85; bulls, \$3.10 to \$4.00; stockers and feeders, \$3.75 to \$5.00; Texas and Indiana steers, \$3.45 to \$4.85; cows and heifers, \$2.45 to \$3.75. Hog market closed dull. Pigs and lights \$5.15 to \$5.30; packers, \$5.20 to \$5.35; butchers' \$5.30 to \$5.45. Sheep market steady. Na-

HORSE.

The duty on horses imported into Canada is now 35 per cent ad valorem.

Nearly 100 high-bred California mares will be bred to Direct, 2:05 1/2, this year.

Allerton, 2:09 1/4, will be mated with about 15 daughters of Baron Wilkes this season.

Little Loraine, 2:05 1/2, by Gambetta Wilkes will be bred to Star Pointer, 1:59 1/4, this spring.

J. S. and L. B. Bate have been buying mules about Yorktown, Tex., during the last few days.

Charles Coppinger, of Colorado, Tex., recently received a carload of horses purchased in Fort Worth.

The Prince of Wales' entry, Diamond Jubilee, ridden by Jockey Jones, won the Two Thousand Guineas stake.

At San Angelo, Tex., Webb Christian sold his quarter race horse, Judge Thomas, to F. B. Read for \$800.

The Lexington horse show, fair and carnival, under the management of J. C. Elks, will be held August 13 to 18, 1900.

Joe Patchen and John R. Gentry will meet the first time this year at Lima, Mo., on July 4, when they will pace for a purse of \$2500.

J. K. McMullen, of San Angelo, Tex., bought of March & Thompson, of the same place, 47 horses, stock and saddle, at from \$2.50 to \$20.

D. K. McMullen of San Angelo, Tex., bought from March & Thornton, 47 head of horses at \$2.50 for yearlings and \$20 for three-year-olds.

The transport Lenox, which arrived at Manila recently, carried 457 horses and mules from this country, and lost but one animal on the route.

Noah, Desmeth & Co. of El Paso, Tex., has sold and shipped 7000 mules and horses to the British army in South Africa during the past few months.

Walter Hobart recently sold to J. S. Cravens, of Pasadena, Cal., his prize winning carriage pair, Pride and Prejudice, bay geldings, 15 hands high, for \$3000.

W. O. Gann of Coleman, recently purchased 75 horses about San Angelo for Wm. Anson, an agent for the British government. The prices were from \$25 to \$50.

At New York, a few days ago, M. H. Tichenor's carriage team, Reality and Achievement, brought \$1475; Ruby and Ruth, \$1275; Rivulet and Versatile, \$1200; Royalty, \$1150. The Earl and The Duke, \$1025.

The Port Jefferson, Ohio, Driving and Trotting association was organized recently and the following officers elected: W. H. McClellan, president; E. K. Young, vice-president; J. C. Hussey, secretary, and Frank Davis, treasurer.

John E. Madden has sold the three-year-old colt Killmarnock, by Sir Dixie, to Miss Underwood, of Chicago, for \$1200. The colt is a cur or a spavin is taken in preference.

THE DEMAND FOR HORSES.—J. W. Snyder of Cass county, Iowa, writes: The horse is having his day again. If one could believe that this is always the case we would not be surprised to see the horse in the cost of production. Still history teaches us that everything has its ups and downs. A few years ago cattle were hardly worth their keeping but see where they have gone to now. It is the same with the horse. Very ordinary horses here in the country are bid at from \$80 to \$100, and a few years ago the above figures would buy a good team of horses. Horses will bring a good thing for some time to come notwithstanding the automobile and bicycle were supposed to have taken the place of the horse. This is no doubt but that those machines and the motor cars have taken the place of the horse. The horse will still there will always be a place for good horses. The horse breeders must raise good horses in their classes; if raising draft horses they must breed for a good draft stallion and if roadsters they must sire them to good road horses. They must try to get the best in the line that can be had. The general purpose horse is out of date; even the farmer has his farm horses and his drivers, as we call them out here. If we are raising draft horses for the city trade we must raise horses of good style, weighing from 1600 to 1800 pounds; a good farm horse weighing from 1200 to 1500 pounds is large enough, while 1200 to 1500-pound chunks or 1300 to 1500-pound blocky horses are in demand at all times in the cities. As to the fast horses, the farmer should let the fast horse men raise them, for it is seldom the farmer ever makes any money out of them. If he gets a fast horse he will not find out if it has any speed until he has let it go, or if he undertakes to develop the horse it costs more than he ever gets out of it. The horse will be all right for the farmer for a number of years to come if he has good ones, plugs are never profitable.

Sheepmen of Oregon are enjoying a degree of prosperity beyond anything previously experienced. The weather has been very active in inaugurating experiments with this disease. One of the experiments under contemplation is the taking up of certain counties in which hog cholera exists and having experts there to note the mortality in the entire county and to aid the officials of the county in eradicating the disease both by sanitary and popular methods and by the use of serum. It is hoped that certain counties will take up this idea of assisting this division a great deal of good can be done, both in ascertaining how virulent the disease has been in the county and by reducing the per cent of mortality in the county. In other words, it is a kind of quarantine, or stamping-out process, and it is hoped by this method that farmers can guard against this disease to a large extent. The plans are not as yet fully worked but will be perfected before the market is begun.

You do not need to wait until twenty subscribers are secured. Send in what you have and you will be given credit on the Journal's Convention excursion list.

THE COTTON CROP.

Estimated that Texas and Indian Territory will give 10 per cent increase—Houston Post's Report.

The Houston Post, issued May 7, its report of the cotton crop for the Indian Territory for 1900. The estimate for Texas and the Indian Territory is for between 2,400,000 and 3,500,000 bales as the extreme range, the number acres being placed at 7,300,000.

In its summary the Post says: As the matter now stands, the reports indicate a probable increase in the acreage, taking the state as a whole, of about 10 per cent; some of the smaller counties report increases much larger than this, but the counties which raise the greater portion of the crop report only a moderate increase and in a majority of instances the correspondents state that the acreage will be the same as last year; and some of them—Burleson, for instance—say that there will be a decrease because of the recent floods and heavy rains. The same conditions apply in the valley of the Brazos from McLennan county south, though not so great an extent; and in the valleys of the Vega and Little river. But it must be borne in mind that the Brazos bottoms raised a very small crop last year, because of the early starting July, and for this reason there should be added to the above estimate of 10 per cent for the state at least an additional 5 per cent in order to take account of this difference in the Brazos valley crop. The backward character of the crop is shown by the reports as to the proportion of the crop which has been planted; under ordinary circumstances most of the crop would now be in the ground, but this season the farmers have been kept from their fields on the consequence only about 70 per cent of the crop has been put in the ground; and, in addition, much replanting will be necessary, which will bring the proportion of the crop to about 65 per cent. Planting is generally reported as about three weeks late, though in some instances (in the small counties) it has been earlier than that year. There is some cotton above ground in all sections of the state. As a rule the reports state that the stand is poor, but there are a number of correspondents who say that the stand is fair and even good.

Visit to the Leper Colony in Philippines. A visit to the leper hospital at Manila is described by Frank G. Carpenter as follows: There is a native at the entrance who looks ugly enough to be a patient himself. We ask for the lepers. He points across the court and tells us to enter. We do so, and within a few seconds are in the presence of two score horrid-looking objects, who have run to the doors to meet us. Some are young, some are old—all are lepers. Here is a boy, brown faced, bright eyed, and as quick in his actions as any boy in his class at your own school. But look! His hands and his breast are covered with white spots, and one of his ears has already begun to decay. He to him is a man whose nose has been eaten away and whose eyes are bleared with the disease. Others have foreheads which are falling in, toes almost gone and their bodies covered with sores. It is so horrible, indeed, that words can hardly express it.

As we hesitate the lepers gather around us. I motion them off, but they point to my camera, and one says "retrato," the Spanish word for photograph, and holding out his mutilated hands asks these two words in English, "give money." I take out a Mexican dollar and throw it to him, and he gathers the horrid crowd in the sun to one side and poses them for me.

As I snap the button the native doctor comes in and the lepers crowd through the building with the ghoulish cheer of all hell. We pass up stairs through one long hall after another, each filled with beds, upon some of which lepers are lying. The halls are clean and well lighted. The walls are whitewashed, and the building is cool and well kept. The floor is of hard wood, polished so that our faces and those of these living dead men are reflected in it as we walk through.

Leaving the men's ward, we next go to the women's ward. There are 31 men and 55 women and girls now in the hospital. The females are of all ages, from little tots of four up to gray-haired ladies of 60. The great of them are idle, sitting about talking, smoking, and chewing the betel. One woman has her mouth so eaten away that neither teeth nor lips are left to hold her cigarette. Her nose is almost gone, but she has put the cigarette in one of her nostrils and is puffing out the smoke through the hole where her mouth should have been. I take a photograph of five of the worst cases, trembling as I do so for fear I may take the disease.

I can imagine nothing more horrible than the condition of these people here. They have no amusement and no work. They are just waiting—to die and watching themselves, knowing that they must die inch by inch.

TO MAKE EXPERIMENTS.—The division of animal pathology of the experiment station at the University of Nebraska is perfecting its plans for the coming year's campaign against hog cholera. As is well known, this division has been very active in inaugurating experiments with this disease. One of the experiments under contemplation is the taking up of certain counties in which hog cholera exists and having experts there to note the mortality in the entire county and to aid the officials of the county in eradicating the disease both by sanitary and popular methods and by the use of serum. It is hoped that certain counties will take up this idea of assisting this division a great deal of good can be done, both in ascertaining how virulent the disease has been in the county and by reducing the per cent of mortality in the county. In other words, it is a kind of quarantine, or stamping-out process, and it is hoped by this method that farmers can guard against this disease to a large extent. The plans are not as yet fully worked but will be perfected before the market is begun.

The horse owners of Cascade, Chouteau and Teton counties, in Montana, organized an association recently at Great Falls. J. C. Adams, of Sun River, president; Thos. Couch, Jr., Sunnyside, secretary; H. H. Nelson, Cascade, treasurer and six vice presidents. The treasurer will start about May 10 in the

NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans Live Stock Exchange, May 5.—The receipts of all classes of the lower grades of cattle have been liberal for the past week. The rub of choice qualities has been light; demand for same is good and prices firm in consequence. No choice heaves left at close. To-day the supply of cows and heifers is about equal to the demand.

The market is well stocked with lower grade calves and yearlings, while choice are scarce. Hogs are over supplied, butchers well supplied. Prices of 1/2 to 1/4 c. Sheep are firm at quotations. No choice here.

Following is to-day's range of prices: Beves, choice, \$4.25 to \$4.50; fair to good, \$2.25 to \$3.75; fair to good, \$3.00 to \$3.25; bulls, \$2.50 to \$3.00; 3.25; yearlings, choice, \$4.00 to \$4.50; fair to good, per head, \$1.00 to \$1.50; calves, choice, \$4.50 to \$5.50; fair to good, per head, \$3.50 to \$4.50. Sheep, corn fed, \$4.50 to \$5.00; mixed, \$3.00 to \$3.50. Sheep, good to choice muttons, \$4.50 to \$5.00; common to fair, per head, \$1.50 to \$2.00.

WOOL MARKET. Galveston, Tex., May 7.—Spring—Twelve months' clip: Fine, 12 to 13c; medium, 14 to 14 1/2c. Fall—Six and eight months' clip: Fine, 11 1/2 to 12c; medium, 12 1/2 to 13c.

COTTON MARKET. Galveston, Tex., May 7.—Spot cotton steady. To-day: Ordinary... 3 1/2c; Good ordinary... 3 3/4c; Low middling... 3 1/2c; Middling... 3 1/2c; Extra... 3 1/2c to 3 3/4c; Middling fair... 3 1/2c to 3 3/4c.

Dallas, May 7.—Cotton: Ordinary 7 1/2c, good ordinary 8, low middling 8 1/2, middling 8 3/4, good middling 9 1/2, middling fair 9 3/4.

New Orleans, La., May 7.—Spot cotton quiet. Ordinary 8 1/2, good ordinary 9 1/2, low middling 9 3/4, middling 9 1/2, good middling 9 1/2, middling fair 9 1/2.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISION MARKET. Open High Low Close. Wheat... 65 1/2 66 1/4 65 1/2 65 1/4; Corn... 38 1/2 38 3/4 38 1/2 38 1/4; July... 38 1/2 38 3/4 38 1/2 38 1/4; Pork... 22 1/2 22 3/4 22 1/2 22 1/4; July... 22 1/2 22 3/4 22 1/2 22 1/4; Lard... 11 1/2 11 3/4 11 1/2 11 1/4; July... 11 1/2 11 3/4 11 1/2 11 1/4; Cash... 6 70 6 77 6 70 6 75; July... 6 70 6 77 6 70 6 75; Cash... 6 45 6 55 6 42 6 52; July... 6 45 6 55 6 42 6 52.

DAIRY PRODUCTS. Chicago, Ill., May 7.—On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was steady; creamery 14 1/2 to 15c; dairy 12 1/2 to 13c. Cheese full at 9 1/2 to 11c. Eggs steady; fresh 11 to 12 1/2c.

Kansas City, Mo., May 7.—Eggs firm; fresh Missouri and Kansas stock 2 1/2c dozen, cases returned. St. Louis, Mo., May 7.—Eggs steady, 9 1/2c.

WEEKLY WEATHER BUREAU. New Orleans, May 8.—Louisiana: Excessive sun and only scattered showers favorable to farming interests; rapid progress made in cleaning fields of grass and weeds.

Texas: Dry, warm weather needed for agricultural interests. Fields grassy. Ground in many sections too wet for tillage. Lower Brazos bottom still flooded; cultivation can not be resumed in central Brazos bottom for several days; cotton planting pushed where practicable, and while prices in north portion, but much behind in south and Southern portions where third planting is rendered necessary in places by floods.

Arkansas: Cool nights retarded ground cotton planting, nearing completion, early planting coming up to good stands and being chopped out in some sections.

Mississippi: Increased sunshine, improved crop outlook.

Alabama: Patrons of the plant, rather cool planting, cotton nearly completed, stands good.

Georgia: Destructive hail storms in portions of few northern counties ruined fruit crops along its path. Cotton growing well in south.

South Carolina: Farm work made rapid progress. Warm rain needed, cotton planting nearly finished, stands good but injured by cool nights.

North Carolina: Planting made excellent progress under favorable conditions. Thunder storms with hail and light frosts slightly injurious.

Tennessee: Generally favorable and farm work progressing rapidly. Cotton coming up well. Cool nights injurious.

Pruning Lessons. In Orchard and Ranch, Dr. Ragland tells what he knows about pruning fruit trees. Most people believe pruning should be done while the trees are dormant. Here is what the doctor says: "Now and again the question is asked, 'When is the best time to prune, and how much pruning should be done?' We lay no claim to superior knowledge, but an experience of twenty years in fruit growing has given us some tolerably well defined views. Mind you, we may be wrong in some of our conclusions. The time for pruning depends largely upon what we desire to accomplish, and also upon the age of trees that pass under the knife. Pruning to increase fruitfulness, to promote the development of fruit buds, should be done after the tree has begun its growth in the spring—in April or May—or prior to the time that fruit buds would begin to form for the next year's crop. Checking wood development by rather sharp cutting back in May has the effect to stimulate the production of fruit buds. Such is the view of Prof. William Saunders, an eminent authority on American horticulture."

DR. PIERCE'S Golden Medical Discovery

"I had suffered from indigestion, and only those who have suffered from it know what it really is," writes Mrs. M. J. Fagan of 163 East Genesee Street, Syracuse, N. Y. "I had severe attacks of headache and dizziness with cold hands and feet; everything I ate distressed me, bowels were constipated, and I was growing very thin and nervous. I cannot half express the bad feelings I had when I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took nine bottles of the 'Discovery' and several bottles of the 'Pellets.' I commenced feeling better with the first bottle, and kept on improving. Now I am so greatly improved in health my friends often speak of it. I most heartily recommend those medicines to all suffering as I was."

For further information, apply to Ticket Agents of Connecting Lines, or to J. C. Lewis, Traveling Pass Agent, Austin, Tex. R. C. TOWNSEND, G. P. and T. A., ST. LOUIS.

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The Famous Pueblo Saddle

R. T. FRAZIER, Manufacturer, PUEBLO, COLORADO.

WILL MAKE SPECIAL RATES FOR Confederate Veterans' Reunion LOUISVILLE, KY. Tickets on sale May 20th and 27th, good to return until June 5th.

Travelers Protective Association Convention NEW ORLEANS, LA. Tickets on sale May 20th, 21st, and 22nd, good to return until May 29th.

SUMMER TOURIST TICKETS To all Resort points will be placed on sale June 1st. FOR PARTICULARS SEE AGENT. S. F. B. MORSE, M. L. ROBBINS, Pass. Traff. Mgr. G. & T. A., HOUSTON, TEXAS.

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PADGITT BROS., DALLAS, TEXAS. Makers of the Celebrated Flexible Stock Saddles, Guaranteed not to break, to retain their shape either from hard work or getting wet. . . . We

SHEEP--GOATS

To Triple of San Angelo, sold his wool clip last week at that point at 14 cents.

J. M. G. Baugh of Sonora, Tex., recently sold to Adams & Ryan of that place, shorn muttons at \$3 per head.

James McLymont recently bought at San Angelo, Tex., 500 shorn muttons at \$2.10 per head from Palmer and Son.

James Robson of Sonora, Tex., bought 1000 ewes, wool on, from Bob Gault, at \$3 and 19 bucks at private terms.

James A. Robson & Bro. of Sutton county, bought of R. M. Batlin, of San Angelo, 1000 ewes, wool on, at \$3, and 19 bucks at private terms.

The annual meeting of the South-down Breeders' association will be held at Springfield, Ill., May 30. J. G. Springer of that place a secretary.

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On the 25th of April there passed through Fearsall a train of seventeen cars, double decked, carrying 5000 sheep purchased in Durval county by a Kansas man for ranch purposes, says the Fearsall News. In time of high prices for both wool and mutton, the coyote is getting the sheep raisers of Southwest Texas to offer their flocks at prices sufficiently low to induce men in blizzard Kansas to come here and purchase, and carry away the most certain money producing commodity that West Texas possesses. The reason here taught is easily understood. The coyotes must be destroyed, or Southwest Texas, the natural home of the sheep, and capable of producing annually millions of dollars worth of wool and mutton, must continue comparatively a howling wilderness.

WYOMING'S WOOL.—Wyoming now claims first place for the wool output. In a recent statement issued by Secretary Spence, and approved by the commission in that state, he says that a conservative estimate of the number of sheep now in the state is 3,600,000 head, against 3,150,000 in Montana. The average weight of a fleece in Wyoming is 7.5 pounds, while in Montana it is only 6.8 pounds. Secretary Spence places Wyoming's clip at 25,600,000, while Montana's clip will be about 23,000,000 pounds. In the market reports Wyoming is not given full credit for her wool clip, as many Wyoming sheep are sheared near the boundary line and are thus credited to neighboring states. Manufacturers state that Wyoming wool excels all other wool in color, the finest white goods being made from the wool. The fiber of Wyoming wool is also strong. "The crying need in this state," said Sec. Spence, "is large wool warehouses in which the wool can be stored. As soon as the wool is consigned the wool grower is at the mercy of the commission man." This year's clip, however, will probably bring 20 cents, which is a very good price.

Horse Owners! Use GOMBALD'S Cautic Balm. The Greatest, Best BLISTER ever used. It is the only one that is safe and reliable. It is the only one that is safe and reliable. It is the only one that is safe and reliable.

90 Head. 30 YOUNG COWS, mostly with calves at foot, and 30 HEIFERS. Selected specimens of the Hereford, bred and raised on this established herd.

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1,000 Head. THERE IS POSITIVELY NO BETTER BLOOD. In the perfect grazing breed. Sale will begin promptly at 10 A. M. Cattle, Woods, Jewell, Edmond, Auctioneers. Catalogues (now ready) address T. F. B. SOTHA, Chillicothe, Mo.

GREENVILLE.

An Entertaining, Bustling City in the Black Land Belt of Texas. Some of the Firms and Individuals Who Have Helped to Bring About Its Prosperity.

The foremost city in the north tier of black land counties is at the junction of the Santa Fe and Cotton Belt, and the S. and M. and Midland railways, with a branch of the S. K. and T. leading out to almost every point. It has a population of 12,000 bustling, enterprising citizens, every one a producer, not a mere consumer, as in the case of the mammoth stores give to the visitor the idea that it is in an area of the size of Greenville, and that it is a city of the future. It is a city of the future, and it is a city of the future.

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DURANT, I. I. LEADING CO.

The Chief Business Center of the Choctaw Nation—Its Progressive Citizens and Some of the Leading Firms—Remarkable Growth in the Last Five Years.

Durant, the coming city of the Choctaw Nation, is situated on the main line of the M. O. and T. railroad, just fourteen miles from the city of Muskogee, Oklahoma, lying as it does in the most fertile and productive part of the entire Choctaw country. It is the natural supply point for all that great Washita country, and has a station here for years and has been the main supply point for the Choctaw country for many years. It is the natural supply point for all that great Washita country, and has a station here for years and has been the main supply point for the Choctaw country for many years.

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A. C. THOMAS, Dallas, Texas.

PREPARING FOR FAIR. Horsemen Are Already Engaging Stalls in Great Numbers for the San Antonio Exposition This Fall.

San Antonio Bureau of the Journal. One of the principal attractions of the fair given here last fall by the International Fair association was the exhibits in the live stock department. These were not only numerous but very good specimens of various breeds, all of them bred and raised in Texas. They were, however, but a sample of what could be done in that line in the way of securing live stock exhibits from the various ranches held by this association. It did well at that time, but its management concluded that it would make the live stock department at its next fair to be held here this fall still more attractive. It secured valuable and substantial assistance in this regard from other organizations and breeding associations. These contributed materially to the premium list of the International Fair association giving liberally in the way of special premiums for special breed exhibits. This has proven such an incentive for competition that although it is five months until the next fair will be held, this early over twice as many stalls have been engaged for the use of cattle than to be exhibited as were used by those which were exhibited at the first fair last fall. It is therefore likely that by the time the entries are closed that nearly, if not all of the stalls accommodations, will have been booked.

The International association has also offered large and special premiums for Texas bred and Texas raised range cattle which will attract exhibits from numerous Texas ranches. Many of these ranches have some splendid specimens of native stock that will secure the admiration of the visitors of whom there will likely be many more than were here last year who were attracted by an extremely fair attendance. There will be many more stockmen here undoubtedly. They will come not only from all over Texas, but from all over the United States and many will come from Mexico. Dan Breen has just returned from a trip over the racing circuit in the interest of the International Fair association to secure as many horses as possible to participate in the different racing events on the card of the fair. Mr. Breen says that wherever he went he found the horsemen desiring to come here and bringing their strings of horses with them. Many of them had heard that he was here and that their treatment and the way in which the racing had been conducted. Mr. Breen says that some very fine and good horses will be here and take part in the racing this fall.

About five carloads of Holbrook, recently. The Argus says that loads are coming in every day, and about forty cars will go out before the season is over. Brown & Adams of Boston, are getting a good number of the clip shipped from that point.

OUR GREATEST SPECIALIST. For twenty years Dr. J. Newton Hathaway has been successfully treating all diseases that he is acknowledged to-day to be the greatest specialist in his line. His exclusive method of treatment for varicose and stricture, without the use of knife or cautery, cures 99 per cent of all cases. In the treatment of the various forms of Nervous Disorders, Kidney and Urinary Complaints, Paralysis, Blood Poisoning, Rheumatism, Catarrh of the Bladder, and other diseases, he is equally successful. Dr. Hathaway's success in his specialty is due to his own special studies. Causes pronounced hopeless by other physicians readily yield to his treatment. Write him plainly fully about your case. He makes no charge for consultation or advice, either in his office or by mail.

THE KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS. Finest Equipped, Most Modern and Best Facilities. The Kansas City market, owing to its central location, offers greater advantages than any other. Twenty-two railroads center at these yards. Largest stocker and feeder market in the world. Buyers from the Armour Packing Co., Swift & Co., Schwarzwalder & Sulzberger Co., Jacob Doid Packing Co., Cudaby-Pag-Go, Ego, Fowler, Son & Co., Ltd. Principal buyers for Export and Domestic Markets in constant attendance.

NATIONAL LIVE STOCK COMMISSION CO. FORT WORTH STOCK YARDS. Room 5 Exchange Building. Ship your cattle and hogs to the National Live Stock Commission Co. Fort Worth Stock Yards, Fort Worth, Texas. Correspondence solicited. Market reports free on application. Liberal advances made to our customers. JAS. D. FARMER, Salesman.

ELMORE-COOPER LIVE STOCK COMMISSION CO. Capital Stock \$100,000.00 FULLY PAID UP. KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS, Kansas City, Mo. Directors: Frank Cooper, Wm. E. Moore, J. H. Nations, John M. McElroy. Consignments of cattle cared for in best manner. Buy and sell on order. Experienced. MONEY TO LOAN ON TEXAS CATTLE.

THE A. P. NORMAN LIVE STOCK CO. STOCK YARDS, GALVESTON. Correspondence Solicited. Prompt Returns. A. P. NORMAN, Sec'y and Treas. C. P. NORMAN, Salesman.

Davis, McDonald & Davis, LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS. MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES TO RESPONSIBLE PARTIES. Stockers and Feeders bought and sold. Write for Market Letter in this issue. Stock Yards, S. St. Joseph, Mo.

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ARNOLD-LOGAN LIVE STOCK COMMISSION CO. DROVERS' AND BUTCHERS' STOCK YARDS, 705 E. 10th Street, DALLAS, TEXAS. We make a specialty of fine Bulls, Range Cattle and Young Steers. If you want to buy or sell any class of cattle write or call.

Barse Live Stock Commission Co. Capital Stock \$350,000.00, Paid Up. KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS, ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO. Address all communications to main office, Kansas City Stock Yards. We do exclusive Live Stock Commission Business.

THE PEGOS & N. E. RAILWAY THE CATTLE TRAIL ROUTE. This road has penetrated the great plains and opened up to civilization and the world an immense expanse of country hitherto an unknown waste. Water has been found in abundance twenty feet from the surface. Slide-tracks have become thriving thoroughfares. Schools and churches have followed closely in the wake of this great road. The time has been shortened between the principal shipping points, Roswell, Portales, Dalhart and Hereford, and the great market at Kansas City, so that unloading under the Peal and Water Limit is a matter of a few days. Stock can go straight through. The pens at Portales can accommodate 10,000 head of stock. Water along the line has been secured by the Peal and Water Limit. The motto of the Road is "Quick Transit and No Delay." Record thus far in the handling of cattle has been successful. The object of the road is not so much immediate gain as it is to open the country to the live stock industry in this section. The valley is fast settling up. Over \$50,000,000 invested in land in one week at Peal and Water Limit. The road offers every inducement to the live stock industry. A fertile soil. Abundance of water for irrigation. For particulars as to freight and passenger rates, apply to J. H. HOLS, Gen'l Mgr., Roswell, N. M., or ED. MARTINDALE, Gen'l Mgr., Dalhart, N. M.

FORT WORTH STOCK YARDS COMPANY. Operate the only Live Stock Market Center in the Southwest. The only Market in Texas where you can secure TOP PRICES FOR CATTLE AND HOGS. Every day, regardless of how many head are on the market. PLANT HOGS. WE MUST HAVE MORE HOGS, HOGS, HOGS. G. W. SIMPSON, President. ANDREW STUBBS, Gen'l Mgr.