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FARM.
TREAT CORN ELECTRICALLY.
 W. S. Stacey, a farmer living three miles south of Marshalltown, Iowa, has been experimenting this season with electrically treated corn with excellent results. The corn was treated in the following manner:
 A barrel was filled with water and a piece of zinc placed at the bottom and another on top of the water. Then the seed corn was placed in the water and a current of 500 volts run through the barrel for twenty minutes. The corn was then thoroughly dried and planted with a drill. Thirteen acres were planted with this corn on May 17. The land had been planted to corn for nine consecutive years. The corn averages eight feet in height and will yield seventy-five bushels to the acre—nearly double the yield of the fields immediately surrounding it.

CAUSE OF BITTER ROT.
 A practical fruit grower of Illinois, giving his experience on bitter rot in apples, says:
 "The statement that the bitter rot is caused by a fungus from an infected limb is untenable and cannot be proven. My experience is that there are only three insects that destroy the trees and apples in this vicinity. The first is the borer, which works at the root of the tree, and in the spring forms a miller and deposits eggs in the blossom and eats into the core of the apple. The next is the curculio, which lives in the ground in winter near the tree and crawls up to the tree in the spring when the blossoms are off, and stings the tender apple, which stings causes the bitter rot, and you will not find an apple with bitter rot that is not perforated with the sting of a curculio. You will find him in the spring crawling up the trees. In bad or cool weather, you will find him under large limbs or under the bark. He cannot be reached by spraying, for he is not there always when you spray, and you do not get all of them. Hence the rot continues."

OUR AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS.
 A bulletin which contains much interesting and useful information is one recently issued by the United States Department of Agriculture, entitled "Sources of Our Agricultural Imports, 1887-1901." The bulletin discusses the leading imports of an agricultural nature, and gives tabulated reports as to the number and value of the imports in different classes. As the imports of livestock and livestock products are of particular interest to stockmen, we give some figures for the year 1901.
 The total value of the agricultural imports for the year was almost \$322,000,000, but only a part of this could be classified as animal products or live animals. Sugar and coffee were the most important articles, costing us something over \$153,000,000. Hides and skins to the value of nearly \$50,000,000 were imported, and wool to the value of \$12,500,000. Live animals of all sorts imported were valued at slightly less than \$5,000,000.
 Cattle imported numbered 146,022; and were valued at \$1,331,433. Mexico led with 95,563 of these cattle, valued at \$1,020,452. Canada sent nearly 50,000 head, worth \$842,462, and the 323 which came from Great Britain were valued at \$62,274. These animals were for breeding purposes, as were doubtless a small part of the Canadian animals. Australia and Germany contributed the forty-one animals not already accounted for, and these were valued at slightly over \$400.
 There were 375 horses brought in, with a value of a little less than \$1,000,000. Here Canada led with 243 head, valued at \$320,452. Great Britain followed with 54, valued at \$281,102, and France sent 45, with a value of some \$200,000 less than those from Great Britain. Germany and Belgium sent 212, with a value of nearly \$50,000. Mexico, Norway, Cuba, the Philippines and China were contributors in a small way to our horse market.
 Canada supplied practically all our sheep, less than 2000 of the 231,553 brought in coming from the other countries mentioned. The value of these sheep was slightly over \$1,200,000. Great Britain sent 337 sheep, which cost us a little more than \$10,000, and Mexico, France, the British West Indies and Australia contributed the rest. The grand total was valued at \$1,236,277.
 Hides and skins made up a very important line in our trading, for we paid out \$48,000,000 during the year. Of this amount the British East Indies took \$8,333,000, and Great Britain, which receives and sends out much of the raw products of her colonies, a little over \$5,500,000. France and Argentina both received over \$4,000,000, and Germany was only slightly behind. Mexico and Brazil followed, and then comes a long line of countries to which we paid from \$2,000,000 down.

A WONDERFUL FARM.
 Kansas is noted for great things. Farming is done here on an extensive scale, says the Saturday Evening Post. In some parts of the world 10, 20, 30 or 40 acres is called a farm. In Eastern Ohio the writer has observed many of these small, highly improved farms. But, says the World's Work, what would such a man think of a farm on which from 100 to 150 men are employed; a farm whose furthest corner is seventeen miles from the farm house; a farm that requires three bookkeepers and stenographers to make a record of its activity?
 That is the scale on which M. M. Sherman conducts his farm in central Kansas. He has more than 40,000 acres. Every year he sells more than 2500 fat beefs. If a man were to start to ride around his farm on horseback, he could not make its circuit in two days.
 Mr. Sherman is now trying to devise a method of plowing by power by the use of two engines, one at either end of the field, propelling a cable between them, to which the plows may be attached. He believes this to be the best solution of the plowing by power problem, provided a gasoline engine can be made with sufficient weight to propel the plows, and still not be too heavy for practical utility. In fact, every experiment which is made in the work of the farm is commensurate with the size of the farm and its crop. But nothing is unwieldy, and the entire little state which the Sherman farm makes swings along with better system and with greater profit than commonwealths did a century ago.

HARVEST IN THE APPLE BELT.
 Last week closed a busy period throughout the great red apple belt surrounding Kansas City. The fine weather, the maturity of many varieties of the fruit and the desire to get the apples to market or cold storage kept the farmers and growers busier than they have been at any previous time this season. Many a farmer boy who had planned to come to Kansas City for the annual fall festivities was obliged to stay at home aiding in gathering the crop in the day time, and at night contenting himself by counting over the well earned money that he has been saving all summer for the purpose of seeing the Priests Palace parade and visiting the home of King Kl-kl. Growers consider the present season, and the conditions prevailing, almost phenomenal. Usually there is a good crop of apples grown in one particular section of the country, a fair crop in another section and almost entirely a complete failure in a third. This year there is a fair crop of fruit in all growing districts. The east has no bumper crop, nor has the north or the west. It is estimated that there is pretty nearly one-half an average crop of apples for the entire country, and that the fruit is more evenly distributed than it ever was before. One-half a full crop of apples means an immense amount of fruit. A particularly interesting feature of the crop in this section this year is the great number of apples that are being packed from almost innumerable young orchards, many of them bearing for the first time this year. This circumstance makes an accurate estimate of the yield almost an impossibility. It means, however, that the crop in this part of the country is more likely to be under than overestimated.

HE LEFT THE FARM.
 He went wrong, did he? That stroug, we-meaning boy who worked so hard and patiently with you through so many discouraging, though sometimes pleasant, years? He would not stay by the land—anything, anything but that. "Yes, yes," you answer. "I did all I could to keep him on the old farm and to make him love the country home." Did you? Were the chores made just as few as possible, and the work planned so that rainy days and Sundays were resting places, instead of times to be dreaded? Was now and then a day found for all to go fishing? Was there a week or two set apart every summer for a genuine outing to some lake, stream or forest, where all that is wild and beautiful in nature could be felt and seen, and the tired brain and muscles relaxed and strengthened for the coming work? Did you see to it that the best boys of the neighborhood were made welcome at your home, now and then, on long winter evenings, and that a few of the best and latest books and magazines were there to interest and please them? Were only kind words spoken in that now deserted home, and did you teach them from the start, and live what you taught, that the farm home is the grandest, the most independent one and can be made the most beautiful one? That farming is a profession of professionals—one requiring the very brightest and best of our boys, one to be mastered and one to be proud of? Did you do all this, and still the boy would not stay on the farm?—Dakota Farmer.
 Montana cattlemen are expressing considerable satisfaction over the recent cut in rates by the Chicago Great Western. It has greatly benefited shippers from Western North Dakota and Eastern Montana.

The Journal Institute
SILOS AND SILAGE IN WISCONSIN.
 —W. F. SULLS of Jefferson county, Wisconsin, writes of the silos and silage in Bulletin No. 45 of the Wisconsin Farmers' Institute.

It is generally reported that all livestock relish the pasturage afforded by thistles for the three or four growing months each year, but that sheep and cattle particularly like it, abandoning other herbage in its favor, and even break through fences in their eagerness to graze upon it rather than be confined to the prairie or buffalo grass. Thistles, of course, are most valuable for pasturage when young and tender, but livestock will eat apparently with relish the matured plants in the fields, when damp and soft, sometimes even preferring them to the green grass. When intended for hay, thistles preferably should not be grazed upon. Whether grazed or cut for hay they will in course of the season produce abundantly of seed, and their existence is in no wise threatened by either. It is also reported that the very young plants are excellent for human food as 'greens.'

A SQUARE SILO.—Nowadays all writers on the subject advocate building round silos, which is all right, but there are farmers who, if they could locate a silo in some part of their barn at a comparatively small expense, would build one, and who would not do so if compelled to build a modern silo. To any one wishing to build one of the latter, I would advise him to secure a copy of Bulletin No. 31, issued by Prof. C. S. Plumb, director of our experiment station at Purdue. This covers the ground pretty thoroughly, so far as the different kinds of silo are concerned. Most of them, however, cost more than twice as much per ton capacity as our rectangular ones built inside the barn, and which give very good satisfaction, if the filling is carefully done. Our barn is a long one, built seventy-five years ago. It is twenty feet wide and forty feet long, inside measurement. It has been shelled on all sides in later years, and in these sheds are our horse and cow stalls. The original barn was built in three bents, built up solidly with heavy logs, and openings but for convenience in feeding and stalling the animals. The two end bents are each twelve feet wide and twenty feet long. We removed the mow floor from these two bents, which left a space in each twelve by twenty feet and twenty-one feet deep. We leveled the log walls by nailing 2x4 studding to the logs, cutting out or building up to get the walls plumb. To these pieces we nailed 1x4 inch tongued and grooved hard pine flooring, putting it on horizontally. After running the walls up we saved pieces of the flooring about three feet long, beveling the edges to fit the walls, and nailed them across the corners to avoid the square corner, as the silage will settle away from the corners badly. Doors were cut into each silo, opening into the middle bent of the barn, which makes it very convenient for feeding. These doors were made by nailing together four or five pieces of the flooring which had been cut out to make the openings. They were placed in position as the silos were filled and tacked slightly. Tarrad paper is used over the doors and in the corners to exclude the air. All the labor in building these silos was hired and the material purchased at a total cost \$55 for the two. This also includes about four feet of excavating. We built no foundation, simply running the studding to the ground, where they rested on a log taken from the mow floor. The dirt was shoveled from the middle of the silo, around the walls, banking it up four or five inches against the boards to make it air tight, thus leaving the bottom basin-shaped. We have had some loss, of course, on top and in the corners, but never any in the bottom, as some predicted we would.—O. P. Macy in Exchange.

VALUE OF RUSSIAN THISTLES.
 In the recent volume entitled "Russian Thistle forage," issued by Secretary D. F. Coburn of the Kansas Board of Agriculture, is contained much that is interesting and information entirely new relative to the use of the thistles as feed for livestock, giving the experiences of individuals who have so utilized them. After disclaiming any intention of outcounting the growth of these thistles for any purpose, Mr. Coburn says in part:
 "Of the many parties interviewed upon their experience with it, most agree that the so-called 'thistle hay' quite favorably corresponds in feeding value with that from native grasses, and some even assert that it is equal to alfalfa, which it is said to resemble in some respects when properly cured and handled. At all events, from a general survey of the reports, thistle hay is considered by those who have used it nutritious and fattening, and cattle and sheep, with no other feed, can be sustained throughout the winter in as fair condition as when other ordinary forage is used. It is also indicated that horses and mules do not seem to care so much for it nor do so well on this feed as does other stock, and hogs will not eat it at all, although they relish the thistles when cut and fed green. When used with sorghum, millet, alfalfa, etc., the general experience has been that cattle made no apparent distinction between them, and if any preference was shown it would likely be in favor of the thistles. The hay is generally all thistles, owing to their habits of growth, as where sufficiently numerous to justify harvesting they have usually choked other vegetation, even other weeds, and in the majority of cases no cultivated crops were grown, as if attempted they more often than otherwise came to naught. Small grains, such as wheat, rye and oats, are easy victims of the thistles. Crops that can be frequently cultivated like corn, can be successfully grown, other conditions being favorable, in spite of the thistles, as the frequent cultivation necessary for the best development of the corn greatly retards and dwarfs the growth of those not killed by it. But lands badly infested with Russian thistles are at best much depreciated for general farming.
 The thistles are cut for hay with mowers, ordinarily when eight to twelve inches high, and blooming, before the stems become hardened and woody. The methods of handling after cutting are various. Some rake and stack immediately; others let them cure as they lie, afterwards stacking; while still others let them wilt, then cure in shock, and haul from the field as used, or stack at convenience. Whatever way they are handled seems to give satisfaction, provided the hay is discolored and may make it distasteful to stock. To prevent this possibility in a measure it is suggested that the stacks should be topped with some thing that will turn rain, as at first the thistles lie very loosely and will not shed water, although later settling quite compactly. Some report that thistles can be cut two or three times during a season when conditions are favorable.
 Wherever livestock has access to thistles it is observed that the young plants are greedily eaten, and they are found excellent for increasing the flow of milk. Their early growth given succulent grazing in the spring season

time before other vegetation is advanced sufficiently to be available, and is likely to be abundant on infested tracts, regardless of weather or soil conditions.
 It is generally reported that all livestock relish the pasturage afforded by thistles for the three or four growing months each year, but that sheep and cattle particularly like it, abandoning other herbage in its favor, and even break through fences in their eagerness to graze upon it rather than be confined to the prairie or buffalo grass. Thistles, of course, are most valuable for pasturage when young and tender, but livestock will eat apparently with relish the matured plants in the fields, when damp and soft, sometimes even preferring them to the green grass. When intended for hay, thistles preferably should not be grazed upon. Whether grazed or cut for hay they will in course of the season produce abundantly of seed, and their existence is in no wise threatened by either. It is also reported that the very young plants are excellent for human food as 'greens.'

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MAVERICKS.

Mr. Smith of Henrietta is feeding 1200 head of cattle at Fort Smith.

W. C. Bryson of McCulloch county has bought the Forbes ranch, consideration \$3000.

Heavy rains are reported all over Sonora county, and stockmen are in a cheery mood.

Jesse Prinsall will feed 800 head of steers on grass and cotton seed cake at Floresville.

A. W. Pridg of the Devil's River country is gathering his cattle to move to New Mexico.

The Hopkins County Wool Growers' association have sold their entire clip of 20,000 pounds.

John Robinson of Bosque county, now owns the A. H. Gromit ranch, eight miles north of Big Springs.

Thirty cars of cattle for the northern markets were shipped from Stamford Sunday by Major Smith and others.

S. Jenkins Blecker, for some time of Elgin, Kan., has moved to San Angelo, Texas, to be closed to his ranch interests.

J. D. Jeffries of Claydon has sold 150 cows and calves to Ed Rawlins for the Morris ranch. Price \$40 for cow and calf.

Alonso Millet of the Southwest Texas range is now located in the Concho county. He has already 600 head of his cattle there.

Col. Ike D. Pryor of the 7D ranch may be styled a diversified cowman. He is said to be harvesting a big pecan crop from his trees.

Messrs. Sells Bros., Caldwell, and Holmes of Gonzales shipped a trainload of twelve cars of beef cattle to Millet Station, Tex., for the range.

Hutchison county school lands aggregating 17,712 acres have been sold for \$28,000. A man named Bishop of Midland was the purchaser.

Angoras are receiving more attention. In Brewster county R. D. Cavithorn has a small flock from which he has just marketed 200 pounds of fine Mohair.

Scott Doyle's ranch, including 3000 sheep and 1000 goats, and a number of leased sections of the Pecos, have been sold to Fred Williams the Val Verde cowman.

D. W. Avurst of Bovina, reports that range in good shape and stock looking well. He made a shipment of 1900 head of speckled cows and steers to Chicago.

H. W. Dockery has purchased some 800 tons of cotton seed hulls at Lone Oak, Tex., and will ship about 800 head of cattle to that place to feed. Uvalde Leader-News.

R. A. Winn & Sons have sold their thirty-section ranch northwest of Springs to Edwards Bros. for \$6500. Mr. Winn says he has not yet decided where he will locate.

W. L. Foster of Sterling county has recently purchased a Glascock county ranch, embracing fourteen sections of land and stocked with 800 head of cattle. The consideration was about \$25,000.

Senator Kerr of San Antonio is stocking up his Medina county ranch. He is reported making extensive purchases from a Bexar county stockman for this purpose. He did not give the prices he paid.

Mr. E. D. Miller, the Concho county stock farmer, reports everything in fine shape in his neighborhood; stock thriving, feed crops producing well, and his forty-one acres in cotton will turn out seventeen bales.

A large territory of bottom lands, including the rice fields along the Colorado river above Bay City, has been rented by Al McFadden of Victoria. He will pasture several thousand head of cattle there this winter.

T. B. Miller, a popular stockman and shipper of Hondo, says that he has now over 800 head of steers on feed at his feeding pens at Seguin, and that they are all doing splendidly and getting in fine condition for the market.

Joe Jennings had his roping caballo shed last week in Cotulla. He will be here to see who takes all the prizes except the first one of \$1000 cash. He has already made arrangements to use that himself.—San Antonio-Express.

Bob Serna of Pecos county has just shipped a carload of jackasses to Washington, D. C., and the Trans-Pecos News approves of his action for the reason that it may mean improved representation in the next session of congress.

J. T. Hill of La Salle county is going to contest for the \$1000 prize in the roping contest at the San Antonio fair, says the Express. Mr. Hill's 1000 hills in La Salle county have been transformed into green meadows by the recent rains.

Report says that L. A. Holt of the beautiful Iatan Valley of Howard county has sold his ranch and cattle to W. L. Foster, a well known Sterling county stockman. Included in the sale is 800 head of cattle and 14 sections of land, and the price is \$20,000.

Half Bros., whose extensive ranches near Midland, Tex., are well known, shipped in 475 very attractive grade Hereford heifer calves that attracted

CATTLE SALES

Dick Birges sold 200 steers to Jess Prinsall of Floresville.

Tom Voliva of Midland buys 80 bald faced calves from Charlie Davis at \$12.50.

Sam Brookshire sold to W. E. Allen at Ballinger "sixty-five yearlings at \$12; cut 25 per cent.

Harry Truhart, of Fort Davis, has bought of Jackson & Harman 150 yearling heifers, at \$14.50.

Staley Green of the H-ranch in Crockett county sells 500 steer yearlings to Frank Harris.

Burt Simpson has purchased 300 yearling steers from R. M. Brandenburg at Colorado City. Price \$15.50.

A. H. Moore bought of Doc Mars at San Angelo last week eleven head of Jersey cattle. Price private.

J. R. Brookfield purchased of J. W. Knapp of Coke county two cars of fat calves for market. Price \$17.

M. V. Brownfield in the Terry county range, has sold 180 head of fat cows to John Lovelady at \$16 per head.

Alex Mitchell pays \$50 a head for five full blood Durham bulls. He bought of Claud Hudspeth of Ozona, Crockett county.

T. Harbert bought 225 coming 2-year-old steers at the Cuisenberry ranch, near Soria; for which he paid \$13 per head.

John Givine, whose pasture is on the Pecos, has bought 85 steady yearlings from Jacoby Bros., of Concho. Price per head \$13.

John Lovelady of Glascock county is now the owner of 90 head of cows, purchased from Wm. Weir at \$16.50 around.

Pelled Angus are to the front in West Tom Green county. John Gardner sold 100 yearlings at \$20 per head to a Midland ranchman.

At Panhandle City John C. Knorrp of the Bar V ranch in New Mexico, has delivered to Knorrp and Burbee 1800 head of yearlings.

W. L. Wallace of San Saba, is the purchaser of 30 3s and 4s from A. H. Kelly, and 9 3s from Henry Gallowsy. Prices \$21.50 and \$23.50 respectively.

At Colorado City Bush and Tiller are the buyers of 1000 steer yearlings, which they will winter on their Border county ranch. Prices not given.

In Donnelly county T. M. Pyle has received 463 head of steers—18, 2s, 3s and 4s—from the Cass County Land and Cattle company of New Mexico.

T. J. Bonner of Eden, Ruppels county, has sold to Gunn and Woodward of Coleman, 100 cows, 25 steers—2s and 3s—and 25 bulls. Price per head \$19.50.

A cattleman of Fort Worth has received a letter from South Africa in which it is stated that the 600 cattle shipped there last June by Major W. S. Maud of the English army and some Texas stockmen, as an experiment, are doing nicely and the shipment promises to prove successful. The cattle were inoculated before leaving America.

The Journal is advised by Mr. J. E. Hovenkamp of Fort Worth, who is attending the San Antonio fair this week, that the outlook for a large attendance at the combination sale of Shorthorn and Hereford cattle on March 18 and 14 is very good. Breeders from Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, as well as Texas, will be present. It is certainly a fine opportunity to buy choice registered cattle.

The new stock pens at Fort Worth were thrown open to the stockmen last week. A car of cattle shipped from Odessa by E. F. Dawson and consigned to the Fort Worth Live Stock Commission company was the first to occupy the new pens. The car consisted of 28 head and the christening ceremony was witnessed by W. B. King, general manager of the yards. Mr. Ed Gamble was the buyer.

NATIONAL LIVE STOCK EXCHANGE COMES TO FT. WORTH IN 1902.

The representatives of the Fort Worth Stock Yards company to the National Live Stock Exchange at Pittsburg, Pa., were instructed to secure for Fort Worth the meeting of that body in 1902. The representatives were V. S. Wordlow, secretary of the Fort Worth Live Stock Commission company and Ireland Hampton, general manager of the National Live Stock Commission company. These gentlemen stand for success in most of their undertakings and the Journal expected the National Live Stock Exchange to come to us when these two gentlemen were delegated to go after it. Fort Worth will entertain the convention in 1902 in her usual cordial way.

STOCK YARD NOTES.

John T. Loftis is in from the Llano ranch, over which he presides, to visit his family here. He reports grass fine on his range.

Dr. Thompson, whose ranch is in Mitchell county and who has some fine Shorthorns, has just sold to D. M. Dwyer of Rockley county, 30 bull calves at \$30 each.

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On orders of two gallons and upward we prepay freight.

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Are headquarters for Steel Tanks of any size, galvanized or black. Acetylene Gas Machines for any purpose. Clipper Fire Extinguishers. Metallic, Graphite and Mineral Paint. Steel Roofing and Siding all styles.

Davidson, Kans., 71 head, 1036 pounds, \$3.75; W. H. Hann, Hardy, Ark., 65 head, 760 pounds, \$2.35; Carver & Witherspoon, Tuttle, Tex., 90 head, 928 pounds, \$2.35; Panhandle Cattle Co., Tuttle, Tex., 69 head, 754 pounds, \$2.35; A. P. Day, Davidson, Kans., 198 head, \$52 pound, \$3.45; Jessie Icard, Pecos, Tex., 42 head, 943 pounds, \$3.00; J. M. Pollard, Ardmore, I. T., 21 head, 784, \$2.10; Daniels & S. Purcell, I. T., 30 head, 738 pounds, \$2.00; Walker & T. Purcell, I. T., 46 head, 631 pounds, \$2.00; Poulton & Mitchell, Henrietta, Tex., 58 head, 652 pounds, \$1.50; Lulu Kayser, Spero, I. T., 28 head, 950 pounds, \$3.75; D. Mays, Purcell, I. T., 82 head, 660 pounds, \$2.00; Harry Revell, Elgin, Kans., 61 head, 831 pounds, \$2.75; A. P. Rachal, Oklahoma, I. T., 329 head, 710 pounds, \$2.20; David Vann, Pryor Creek, I. T., 25 head, 614 pounds, \$2.05; Coleman & Keenan, Red Rock, Okla., 22 head, 691 pounds, \$2.35; F. Vore, Cheetah, I. T., 192 head, 946 pounds, \$2.85; J. N. Gibson, Summit, I. T., 143 head, 967 pounds, \$3.30; W. B. Shiner, Lelietta, I. T., 82 head, 709 pounds, \$2.15; E. N. Requa, O. A. Wellhouser, Lelietta, I. T., 62 head, 716 pounds, \$2.00; T. J. Webb, Elgin, Kans., 32 head, 744 pounds, \$2.45; Withers & Magher, Elgin, Kans., 181 head, 705, \$3.10; R. A. Jennings, Siding No. 3, Okla., 131 head, 152 pounds, \$5.95; Jno. Oakman, Vinita, I. T., 38 head, 723 pounds, \$3.20; F. B. Farmer, Vinita, I. T., 29 head, 953 pounds, \$3.80; J. M. Doble Co., Okelata, I. T., 319 head, 708 pounds, \$2.25; F. W. Miller, Owassa, I. T., 23 head, 1172 pounds, \$4.75; O. C. Cattle Co., Wetumke, I. T., 152 head, 562 pounds, \$1.50; J. C. Whittonburg, Quanah, Tex., 30 head, 730 pounds, \$2.55; W. H. Jennings, Addington, I. T., 407 head, 988 pounds, \$4.95; B. W. Higgins, Pauls Valley, I. T., 28 head, 716 pounds, \$2.00; J. A. Sullivan, Sallisaw, I. T., 31 head, 770 pounds, \$2.50; J. C. Hoar, Bryson, Tex., 30 head, 700 pounds, \$1.75.

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Advice to the Aged.

Age brings infirmities, such as sluggish bowels, weak kidneys and bladder and TORPID LIVER.

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have a specific effect on these organs, stimulating the bowels, causing them to perform their natural functions as in youth and IMPARTING VIGOR to the kidneys, bladder and LIVER. They are adapted to old and young.

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Dr. W. A. Adams, one of the best known physicians in Texas, and a resident of Fort Worth, is dead.

BOSTON'S IMPROVED PAIN EXPELLER

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HEALTH AT HOME.

HYGIENIC HOUSEWORK AN AID TO PHYSICAL CULTURE.

Going Up and Down Stairs With Ease and Grace—A Sent at the Evening Board—Exercise That Rests Nerves and Muscles.

The housekeeper will find that in almost every department of housework labor can be saved advantageously with a little thought given to the "how" of doing things and the strain and weariness resulting from many household duties avoided, says a writer in Good Housekeeping, who proceeds to tell something about the methods of securing this result as follows:

Household labor is varied in its requirements and can be made an excellent exercise for developing the muscles of the leg from the hip down and giving a good poise to the body if performed in the correct and easiest way. As usually done, with the body thrown forward at the hips, the heel of the foot constantly striking, the poise of the body is lost, and a great strain is put on the back, tending to increase the nervousness of the housewife. If the body is carried well poised, upright from the hips, the ball of the foot striking the stair first, the knees being flexible both in ascending and descending, all the good effects are obtained, and if much stair climbing is done there will be a great difference in the feeling of vitality. Ascending stairs rapidly by springing from the ball of one foot to another forms an excellent means of strengthening the ankles and curing a tendency to flat feet.

Household labor involves, almost necessarily a great amount of standing.



INCORRECT ASCENT. CORRECT ASCENT. This can at times be remedied, in ironing for instance, more especially in doing the smaller pieces, by means of a high seat adjusted to the ironing board. This gives one a rest for the lower part of the body. This is a great relief for those who suffer from varicose veins. If the ankles are inclined to swell through too much standing, a few seconds' rest lying flat on the back with the feet slightly higher than the head will be found a preventive.

If the house is well aired in the morning, it will be a great aid to the physical and mental vivacity of the inmates. A full development of the chest is necessary for an adequate inspiration, and with a good store of oxygen the chances of fatigue are lessened. The breathing should start at the waist, the body expanding all around. In this way the lungs are filled to the limit of their capacity, and with an intense expansion this can be made an excellent exercise, taken while about household duties that are advantageous to a good position of the chest and when the air is pure.

To make housework thoroughly hygienic the clothing must be worn loose and corsets discarded. The action of the body, expanding and contracting in correct breathing, demands this. It gives the woman who cannot quite decide to discard corsets altogether a chance to give her body some freedom from restriction and practice in carrying the body erect without such support.

The following exercise is excellent as a nerve and muscle rest in change of position: Lying at full length on the back, raise the arms forward, upward over the head, and then stretch the whole body from the toes to the tips of the fingers. Hold this position for a few seconds and then relax com-

pletely—repeat several times. That housework exercise will be found profitable and even pleasant labor in the health and strength attained through it has been proved by several who have taken to the hygienic way. One lady laughed at the idea of doing her housework in any but the "quickest possible way," as she explained it. Afterward she unconsciously admitted that she always took the stretching and breathing movements after any



BEST FOR NERVES AND MUSCLES. chest contracting or bending effort. Others who have tried the "deep breathing and freedom from restraining clothing" declare unanimously in their favor and have the best of results to show from their practice. "One necessity for these exercises, especially the correct method of stair climbing, is a moderately short skirt—Good Housekeeping.

Notes From the Jewelers' Circular. The old fashioned flowing veils have called out some pretty veil pins. Circles of pearls and oval lattices in pearls and diamonds, bees, butterflies, dragon flies and other insects in brilliant enamels and colored stones are attractive designs.

Coral lorgnette chains of extra length appear in all sizes of round beads and in color ranging from the palest rose to dark red.

Corset ornaments are more fashionable than ever before. Among the latest creations in this charming line are costly knots of precious stones, surrounded with brilliants.

College or hatpins of silver and enamel are pretty things.

QUINCE Dainties.

Autumn's Golden Fruit as Sweet Pickles, Jelly and Honey.

Sweet pickled quinces are the equal if not the superior of any of the fruits prepared in this way, says a Good Housekeeping writer, who gives the following recipe: Choose finely flavored, juicy and well ripened fruit. Scrub well and remove all spots and decayed portions, but do not pare. Slice into rounds about a fourth of an inch in thickness, leaving in both core and seeds. Weigh the sliced fruit, and to seven pounds allow three pounds of sugar, a pint of cider vinegar of medium strength and the following spices, which should be tied in a bag: One ounce stick cinnamon, one tablespoonful cassia buds, two tablespoonfuls allspice berries and one tablespoonful whole cloves. Cook the fruit, about a quart at a time, until tender, then lift out carefully without breaking and place in a stone jar. The same water may be used for all, and when all are done add to it the sugar, spices and vinegar, let boil, then pour over the fruit. Drain off the juice next morning, add the spice bag, boil a few minutes, then pour over the fruit. Continue this for three successive mornings. The last morning add the fruit and boil all together half an hour. Then can the quinces and seal.

Quince jelly is particularly esteemed for its clear, delicate tint. Its delicious flavor combines well with cream and custards, and it is a pleasing addition to many desserts. A heaping teaspoonful of quince jelly floating in a saucer of thick, golden cream is a pleasant recollection of early childhood in a country farmhouse. Housekeepers of today would whip the cream, sweeten and flavor it, pile it into delicate sherbet glasses, a tiny portion on top as a garnish. Daintier, perhaps, the newer way may be, but for excellence—well, the old way could not be surpassed.

Quince jelly may be made of the parings, the better parts utilized in other ways, although it is advisable to add some of the whole fruit with the parings. Carefully remove the seeds because of their mucilaginous nature, add cold water to cover, cover and cook slowly until soft, then drain without squeezing through a double thickness of cheesecloth. Measure the juice, allowing three-quarters of a pint of sugar for every pint. Do not put over

more than three pints of juice at a time. Boil fifteen minutes, add sugar slowly, then boil until it jellies in the spoon. Strain through a single thickness of cheesecloth over a strainer and pour at once into glasses.

Quince and apple jelly is milder and for this reason sometimes more desirable. Use equal parts of quince and apple juice or two-thirds quince and one-third apple juice and proceed as for quince jelly.

Quince honey is both inexpensive and easily made. Pully ripe, juicy quinces are essential. Pare, halve, core and grate them. Weigh the grated fruit, and to half a pound three cupfuls of granulated sugar and a cupful of water are required. Boil the sugar and water until it spins a thread, add the grated quinces and continue boiling until thick as honey. Bottle and seal the honey while hot, and it will keep indefinitely.

Tripe and Oysters. A dish served at one of the New York clubs which is extremely popular is composed of tripe—despised by the uninitiated, but prized by the culinary wise—prepared with oysters. The tripe, about half a pound for a dozen oysters, is well washed, simmered for three-quarters of an hour in slightly salted water and then removed. To the broth add a tablespoonful of butter rolled in flour, salt and pepper, with more flour added to thicken if necessary. Return the tripe, add the dozen of oysters, simmer and serve.

Roughened Flatirons. An abomination to the careful laundress is the flatiron that has become roughened from rust or starch. If the rust is of long standing, immersion in oil should first be tried, and if this treatment proves unavailing the iron may generally be put away as worthless. In ordinary cases when the rust spots are neither large nor deep yellow beeswax is an efficient remedy.

THE NEW MILLINERY. Picture Hats, Turbans, Toques, Tricorns and Other Shapes. Large picture hats, with their soft zibeline surfaced brims, are twisted and turned, supported by invisible wires, to quaint and becoming shapes. Ostrich plumes, ostrays and sweeping amazons will be extensively used, together with jet passementerie and guipure, as garnitures, aided by the

smarter among their being shown in the accompanying sketch. This is generally carried out in a checked tweed of soft gray or fawn tone, lined with a contrasting plaid silk, the fullness at the back confined by a military belt, and when desired it can be fastened over, and has the appearance of a double-breasted coat. The high military collar fastens also with gold buttons matching the rest. The sleeves are wide and ample, easily slipping over any bodice or blouse. This coat is made in different shades of covert coating as well as in the checked tweeds.

The coat in the second sketch is an admirable wrap, which may be made in three different lengths from three-quarter to full length. One made in a good iron gray covert coating is particularly taking, the sleeves of the bell shape, though often the small coat sleeve is put in; both sleeves and yoke are lined with silk, the slit pockets being very convenient. This garment, less elaborately built than the military coat, is not so expensive as the former and yet sufficiently smart for any one.

In new materials for autumn costumes gray is thus far a favorite shade. The materials are thick and woolly, but light in weight, with quite the zibeline hairy surface. Plain colors flecked with white or black are ex-



TOQUE WITH ASTRACHAN TRIMMING. way, these plumes and feathers are fashioned to fall downward toward the hair and neck.

Velvet, soft beaver and the finest of all—all find their admirers in hats, while just at present moire is the most popular fabric of all in Paris.

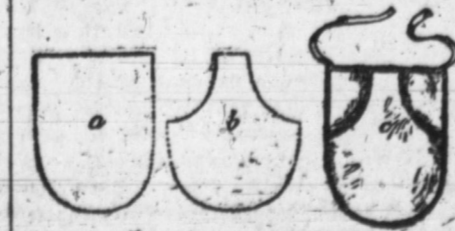
As for the shape, the three cornered hat is more worn, and there is a round hat invariably trimmed on one side of the back with an ostrich feather, while the front of the brim is garlanded with lines of jet beads. These beads look extremely well on a white felt or silk foundation. The velvet turban is very pretty, and the turban of soft beaver is admirable. The hat with the brim higher on either side than it is at the center, open at the back and filled in with a scarf is also in evidence, and a very pretty hat it is.

The pretty Paris hat here sketched shows a novel trimming, mousseline d'astrakhan, which is black curly silk exactly resembling astrakhan. It has the advantage of not being heavy and much easier to adapt than the actual fur.

Long haired soft plush composes broad flat toques, adorned on one side by a gorgeously colored cock's head, the long, narrow feather trailing around, encircling the brim.

A felt hat with a curling brim, having a pretty trimming of colored velvet foliage and acorns, is a smart example to wear with a walking costume.

A Handy Holder For Closets. Here is a drawing from Good Housekeeping, with directions for making a clothespin bag. Take a piece of blue denim two-thirds of a yard long and half a yard wide and cut like a. Then take another piece the same length and twenty-one inches wide and cut like b. Bind the pocket edge with white braid or tape, sew both pieces



together and bind all around with the tape, sew around the top a waistband and finish with button and buttonhole. When hanging up clothes, one can button the bag around herself, and it does away with continual stooping for clothespins and the unsightly habit of putting them in the mouth.

POPULAR FASHIONS.

THE DISTINGUE AND HANDSOME "LONG COAT OF THE SEASON."

Military Modes, Including Gold Buttons at the Front—The Sleeves as You Like It, Bell or Coat—Attractive Costume Fabrics.

The long coat has established itself. It is distinctly mannish and admits of that little touch of the "swagger" that so well suits the costume of the up to date young woman, and the lively twentieth century recognizes no "elderly" dame. Youth and fashion have become perennial. Coats for the coming season are thus particularly fascinating, one of the



A STYLISH MILITARY COAT.

Smartest among their being shown in the accompanying sketch. This is generally carried out in a checked tweed of soft gray or fawn tone, lined with a contrasting plaid silk, the fullness at the back confined by a military belt, and when desired it can be fastened over, and has the appearance of a double-breasted coat. The high military collar fastens also with gold buttons matching the rest. The sleeves are wide and ample, easily slipping over any bodice or blouse. This coat is made in different shades of covert coating as well as in the checked tweeds. The coat in the second sketch is an admirable wrap, which may be made in three different lengths from three-quarter to full length. One made in a good iron gray covert coating is particularly taking, the sleeves of the bell shape, though often the small coat sleeve is put in; both sleeves and yoke are lined with silk, the slit pockets being very convenient. This garment, less elaborately built than the military coat, is not so expensive as the former and yet sufficiently smart for any one.

In new materials for autumn costumes gray is thus far a favorite shade. The materials are thick and woolly, but light in weight, with quite the zibeline hairy surface. Plain colors flecked with white or black are ex-



COAT OF SIMPLE BUT SMART LINES. tremely attractive, a black cloth having white flecks nearly an inch in length.

There are some delightful new heather mixtures as well as striped materials. In all garments of the coat order great attention is given to showing off the lines of the figure advantageously, and perfection of finish is absolutely demanded.

SUNSHINE AT THE TABLE.

The Gentle Habit of Being Cheerful Three Times a Day.

An old lady who looked as though she might have belonged to the "Sunshine society" all her life was asked by a friend for the secret of her never failing cheerfulness. Her answer contained a suggestive lesson for parents. "I think," said the clever old lady, "it is because we were taught in our family to be cheerful at table. My father was a lawyer with a large criminal practice. His mind was harassed with difficult problems all the day long, yet

he always came to the table with a smile and a pleasant greeting for every one and exerted himself to make the table hour delightful. All his powers to charm were freely given to entertain his family. Three times a day we felt this genial influence, and the effect was marvellous.

"If a child came to the table with cross looks, he or she was quietly sent away to find a good boy or girl, for only such were allowed to come with in that loving circle. We were taught that all petty grievances and jealousies must be forgotten when mealtime came, and the habit of being cheerful three times a day under all circumstances had its effect on even the most sullen temper. Grateful as I am for all the training received in my childhood home, I look back upon the table influence as among the best of my life."

Much is said and written these days about "table manners." Children in well-bred families are drilled in a knowledge of "good form" as to the use of the fork and napkin, proper methods of eating the various courses are decanted upon, but training in the most important grace or habit a child should have, that of cheerfulness at table, is too often neglected. Let the gathering at mealtime be made the most happy hour of the day, and the influence on the children may be beyond estimation.—Table Talk.

Calliflower With Cheese. Break a boiled cauliflower into sprigs and arrange them tastily in a baking dish, season each layer with pepper and salt and cover with a pint of white sauce to which an ounce of grated Parmesan or other cheese has been added. Dot the top with bits of butter and bake until a nice brown.

To Keep a Bright Bath-tub. A mixture of whitening and ammonia is excellent for cleaning bath-tubs. It should be rubbed on thoroughly and rinsed off with hot water. The same, or ammonia alone, rubbed on with a woolen cloth, will keep nickel mountings bright.

Young Folks' Clothing. For outdoor garments, there is a suggestion of the kimono. Indeed it is said that everything Japanese is to find favor in children's styles. Simu-



SCHOOLGIRL'S DRESS. lated tunics are often worn by children when they are ignored by grown up people, and large as are the hats for adults they are larger still for the children.

For everyday schoolroom wear nothing looks better or is more useful than the skirt and blouse. For the latter particularly neat patterns are shown in fine spotted flannel, than which nothing is smarter or more comfortable with the black, gray or navy blue skirts. Flecked fabrics, such as shown in the cut, are still later, and extremely attractive in whole suits.

Potato Curls. Potato curls are shaped with a special knife which is set at right angles to the handle. It is pushed through the tuber with a circular motion, cutting the potato in a long curl. These curls are fried in the same manner as Saratoga chips.

For Hoarseness. Sugar, lemon juice and the white of an egg is a common remedy for hoarseness. Lemon juice and glycerin in small sips will also relieve an irritated throat in some cases.

A Good Nut Cake. For a nut cake the Boston Cooking School Magazine directs: Cream half a cup of butter. Add gradually one cup and a half of sugar, then half a cup of milk, one teaspoonful of vanilla extract, two cups and one-fourth of flour sifted with one-fourth a teaspoonful of soda and three-fourths a teaspoonful of cream of tartar. Lastly fold in the whites of five eggs. Spread in two layerlike pans. Press halves of Eng-



lish walnuts into the top of one of the layers to make lengthwise rows of nut meats. Sprinkle the whole with white sugar and bake about twenty minutes. Put the layers together with chocolate nut frosting. Boil one cup of sugar and half a cup of water until it forms a thread when tried with a spoon. Pour in a fine stream, beating constantly, on to the

FASHION AND FANCY.

Pleasing Points in the Process of the New Styles.

Choice of color in the mixing of various shades is one of the principal secrets of many successful models designed in temples of fashion. Varied shades of red in soft zibeline cloths are characteristic of that warm and bright note so fascinatingly defined amid nut browns, greens, russet shades and wood colored cloths. The novelties brought out in this season's autumn dress are principally in the arrangement of an introductory color of trimming, while many of the exaggerated sleeves and basques are

Tests of Coffee. "One-third Mocha and two-thirds Java" is the popular password for excellence in coffee. There are, however, an indefinite number of qualities of both, inferior as well as superior grades. An expert tester in a large importing house which handles coffee gives the following ways for discovering adulteration: First, if ground coffee "cakes" or hardens into a mass when a quantity is pressed together in the hand, it is adulterated, probably with chicory. Many persons like the flavor of chicory, but might prefer not to pay coffee prices for it if they knew it. Next, carefully place a sample of suspected coffee on top of a glass of water. If part of it floats and part sinks, it isn't all "real." Again, put a spoonful of coffee in a white bottle half full of cold water and shake vigorously for a few moments. If the sample is pure, it will rise to the top, hardly coloring the water, because pure coffee is enveloped in an oily substance which prevents it from absorbing the water, while an adulterant, usually being free from oil, quickly becomes saturated.—Good Housekeeping.

Fashion's Echoes. Embroidered cloth ribbons in narrow widths play an important part on imported gowns. For example, a black ribbon has a raised design of forget-me-nots.

Trailing roses, bold peonies, poppies and forget-me-nots all figure in the new silk designs.

There is an attempt to revive the leg of mutton sleeve, and buttons down the center of the back of this will look extremely well.

Capes are a noticeable item of fashion and range from single, double and triple shoulder pieces to the longer ones dignified as cloaks.

Brims is a popular trimming. A touch of deep orange will be quite the thing to enliven dark costumes this winter.

Velvet has increased its vogue and is further enriched with fur and lace.

There is an air of good style in a coat made with loose box fronts that may be closed at will.

Suit seams are the newest tailor made detail.

NOTES ON KRUGER'S BOOK.

Good Paul Scores Chamberlain For His Policy in Jameson Raid. Ex-President Kruger's autobiography, which will be published simultaneously in many countries on Nov. 15, will be a volume containing 100,000 words, says a London cable dispatch to the New York Tribune. The Munich publisher, Lehmann, has paid a high price for the book and serial rights in all languages. Mr. Kruger's friends assert that whatever is made out of it will not be kept by him, but will be handed over to the suffering sufferers. The French translation has been arranged, and Nighoff, who purchased the rights for Holland, and Fisher Unwin has acquired the copyright in the English language for Great Britain, Canada, the British colonies and the United States.

The book contains the story of Paul Kruger's life from childhood to the negotiation of peace. It was dictated by Mr. Kruger to his private secretary, H. C. Broedel, and to Peter Grobler, formerly undersecretary of state for the Transvaal. The English translator is Texeira de Mattos, author of a recent version of Chamberlain's memoirs. The manuscript of the work received in London brings the narrative down to the Jameson raid, and the remainder will include the story of the negotiations with Mr. Chamberlain, an account of the war until Mr. Kruger's departure from the Transvaal and incidents of his life in Holland. The early chapters describe his youth, education, hunting adventures, the shooting of his first lion and his experiences in chasing rhinoceroses and tigers. The succeeding chapters contain an account of various expeditions against Sechid and other Kaffir chiefs. One of the most exciting adventures was when he was alone in a cave underneath the Kaffirs who were besieged.

The history of the Jameson raid is accompanied by reflections on what Mr. Kruger describes as the irritating policy of Secretary Chamberlain in the negotiations. Mr. Kruger's astuteness in diplomacy is revealed in this portion of his deeply interesting book. He also attaches great importance to a series of telegrams between Flora Shaw and Cecil Rhodes, in which Mr. Chamberlain's name is freely used. Mr. Kruger, while politically dead, still speaks in this memoir with his old time vigor and subtlety.

A Sprinkle of Sage. A sprinkle of powdered sage gives piquancy to pork, whether it be roast, chops or tenderloin.

Especially in demand will be jet, beads and silk passementerie, which displays all last season's costliness in decoration of a plain velvet or sable cloth toiler.

FASHION AND FANCY.

Pleasing Points in the Process of the New Styles.

Choice of color in the mixing of various shades is one of the principal secrets of many successful models designed in temples of fashion. Varied shades of red in soft zibeline cloths are characteristic of that warm and bright note so fascinatingly defined amid nut browns, greens, russet shades and wood colored cloths. The novelties brought out in this season's autumn dress are principally in the arrangement of an introductory color of trimming, while many of the exaggerated sleeves and basques are



A NEAT HOUSE GOWN. considerably modified. The voluminous forms is reduced to a more bell shaped widening out into just the necessary and becoming fullness to the feet.

The sleeve is maintaining a more graceful line from the shoulder. Indeed the newest shaped examples give the idea of showing the symmetry of the arm, with a fullness of the cuff introduced from an effectively rounded opening toward the back of the sleeve.

For simple indoor wear the plain skirt spreading gracefully at the hem and somewhat shorter than we have been accustomed to still holds its own, and the accompanying model is worthy of commendation. It is cut with several zippers, by means of which a particularly good flow is obtained, and is trimmed with braid outlined with fine silk cord. At the back a minute plait is stitched down either side of the center seam. The fascinating new sleeves are slashed to show simulated undersleeves to match the vest and border of the collar.

Short walking skirts for morning wear are fashioned with a double and triple tunic, while others are plain, garnished with strappings of cloth and buttons. If the triple piece skirt is worn together with a basque coat, it sometimes enters one's thought and is certainly more becoming to the tall figure. The small, trim figure is always chic, attired in a neatly shaped, plain bias skirt having either flat plaits round the base or bell shaped. This is completed by a dapper little bolero or short busseyed coat.

Double and triple pelerine collars straggled, with stitched cloth, add a graceful shapeliness to the shoulders. This introduction of the berthia ficus and shoulder capes gives prominence to the idea of a return toward sloping shoulders. Broad, flat collars of cloth, guipure or fur falling slightly over the top of the arm appear in contradistinction to the severe mode of no collar at all; the corsage, coat or mantle in the latter case having the neck finished off by bands of embroidered cashmere or ornamental passementerie.

The turndown collar or shapely shoulder cape is appropriate and becoming when worn with the large picture plumed hat. For the long neck the upstanding collar is considerably more advantageous. The collar band is edged with a narrow strip of fur, which spreads out a little on either side and at the back beneath the hair. The length of the neck is also reduced by low hairdresses, and back garnitures of hats, while falling to the shoulders, can only display an artistic charm when coupled with the roll over broad rounded collar or sloping cape.

Braiding, fur, passementerie, embroidery, guipure incrustations and variegated galleons are the trimmings par excellence to be used on the toilers of the coming season.

Especially in demand will be jet, beads and silk passementerie, which displays all last season's costliness in decoration of a plain velvet or sable cloth toiler.

EVERY WOMAN!

Housekeepers, wives, mothers, every woman who has the care of a family or household, has at one time or another spells of backache, nervous weakness, sick headache and disorders in the digestion, caused as a rule by domestic worry, overwork, irregular meals or habitual constipation. To all women who suffer in this way, we say:

TAKE ... Prickly Ash Bitters ... IT CURES.

It performs a marvelous transformation. The tired, weak, dependent, pale and bloodless victim is soon a strong, bright, happy woman, with rosy cheeks and cheerful spirits.

Prickly Ash Bitters is not a dispensable, harsh-acting medicine as the name might indicate. It is pleasant to the taste, mild yet powerful in its cleansing and regulating influence in the vital organs.

Druggists sell it—Price, \$1.00

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ROUND TRIP TICKETS ON SALE DAILY — AT RATE OF —

ONE FARE PLUS \$2.00

GOOD FOR RETURN UNTIL OCTOBER 31ST 1902

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POULTRY

57 PREMIUMS—In these shows in all breeders of high class poultry... Single Comb White, Buff, and Black Leghorns...

THE BEST—THE BEST BUFF LEGHORNS, Buff Rocks, Eggs for hatching... No stock for sale...

GOLDEN AND WHITE Wyandotte, White, Buff and Barred P. Rocks, Brown and Buff Leghorns...

EX. COAZ BENBROOK, TEXAS. Barred Plymouth Rock, Buff Orpington, Farm raised...

I HAVE FOR SALE 1000 young and old chickens now ready to ship...

Hens that are expected to produce eggs must be fed foods that will assist in the work expected of them...

It is said that the eggs exported to Great Britain cost that country something like \$20,000,000 annually.

J. STECKLER SEED CO., LTD., NEW ORLEANS, LA. Stockler Seeds are the Best...

Dr. Woolley's OPIMUM Whiskey Cure. SKEPTIC FREE to all users of morphine...

BERKSHIRE. UP-TO-DATE BERKSHIRES. Baron Victor, 1511 Hampshire...

WINDY FARM BERKSHIRES ON HAND. Now some fine lines of pigs ready for prompt shipment...

POLAND CHINA. LONE STAR POLAND CHINAS. For sale. Males, female service...

RICHARDSON HERD POLAND CHINAS. Herd headed by the great Guy Wicks and Dr. J. W. Floyd...

DURO JERSEY. TOM FRAZIER MORGAN, BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS. Choice registered...

GAO SADDLES. No Smoke Hams. Smoke that with "KRAUSERS" LIQUID EXTRACT OF SMOKE...

AT REASONABLE PRICES... The Famous Pueblo Saddles

R. T. FRAZIER. Pueblo, Colo. Send for New Catalogue No. 4. When writing to advertisers please mention The Journal.

POULTRY

Do not use shavings, sawdust or excelsior in the nests. If clean, dry straw can not be readily secured, use dry forest leaves.

The farmer who has winter-laying hens always "in the push." Pay less attention to the "yaller pup" and look more closely after the egg producer.

Meat and milk are classed among the best rations for hens. Milk is more particularly a summer diet for fowls.

Not only should poultry be given fresh water every day, but the vessels should be kept clean.

An experienced observer remarks that in the rural districts a flock of full-blooded hens raises the price of land just as much as a coat of paint on the house and barn does.

According to data of poultry journals, those who are prone to observe the old Puritan custom of offering up a turkey on Thanksgiving day...

THE HEN'S IMPORTANCE.—The National Provisioner says the following in tribute to the industrious hen:

"If you hear a hen cackling, respect her; she keeps down food prices. Besides, she never cackles unless she is about to do something or has done something.

SIZE OF TURKEY.—Mrs. Bette G. Mackey says: "The demand for heavyweights and short legs is an absurd one."

either pure bred or grade animals. If a farmer cannot keep pure bred hogs it is best to select a male of some standard breed...

"Cleanliness is next to Godliness" holds good with reference to swine as well as humans.

A balanced ration, says a feeder for profit, is one bucket of oil cake meal added to every eight bushels of corn.

Several times this season I had heard in a round-about way of a strange disease afflicting swine occasionally in various parts of the west and south.

MEAT SCRAP VALUES.—W. A. Hervey of the Wisconsin Agricultural Experiment Station gives the following data with respect to an experiment conducted at the Cornell station...

A bunch of twelve pigs was divided into two even lots of six each and fed four months, beginning in October.

It will be seen that the pigs getting the meat scrap gained far more rapidly than the others, though the saving in feed consumed was not large.

CARE OF BROOD SOWS.—A Missouri breeder thus sums up his experience in the treatment of brood sows from time of breeding to farrowing:

"After breeding I give plenty of exercise, the full run over as much territory as I have set apart for swine department.

CROSS BREEDING.—There are many hog raisers who are not satisfied with any of the standard breeds and want crosses.

POULTRY

cents per dozen they are worth \$25,000,000. To the above must be added the hatching eggs, or better, the hatched birds that are sold as spring and other poultry.

"In comparison: Our much yadred wheat crop the same year realized \$20,000,000, our cotton crop, \$25,000,000. It beats our production of gold for the year three times over.

THOROUGH-BRED POULTRY.—Writing in the Poultry Farmer, Samuel Little of Newark, Del., says: "Quite often I am asked if it pays to breed thoroughbred poultry in all cases."

EGG MARKET EXPANDS.—The New York Produce Review says: "A new outlet for cheap eggs—new at least as far as this market is concerned—developing among a certain class of trade who are breaking them into cans and freezing."

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"If you hear a hen cackling, respect her; she keeps down food prices. Besides, she never cackles unless she is about to do something or has done something.

SIZE OF TURKEY.—Mrs. Bette G. Mackey says: "The demand for heavyweights and short legs is an absurd one."

either pure bred or grade animals. If a farmer cannot keep pure bred hogs it is best to select a male of some standard breed...

"Cleanliness is next to Godliness" holds good with reference to swine as well as humans.

A balanced ration, says a feeder for profit, is one bucket of oil cake meal added to every eight bushels of corn.

Several times this season I had heard in a round-about way of a strange disease afflicting swine occasionally in various parts of the west and south.

MEAT SCRAP VALUES.—W. A. Hervey of the Wisconsin Agricultural Experiment Station gives the following data with respect to an experiment conducted at the Cornell station...

A bunch of twelve pigs was divided into two even lots of six each and fed four months, beginning in October.

It will be seen that the pigs getting the meat scrap gained far more rapidly than the others, though the saving in feed consumed was not large.

CARE OF BROOD SOWS.—A Missouri breeder thus sums up his experience in the treatment of brood sows from time of breeding to farrowing:

"After breeding I give plenty of exercise, the full run over as much territory as I have set apart for swine department.

CROSS BREEDING.—There are many hog raisers who are not satisfied with any of the standard breeds and want crosses.

DAIRY

The importance of having clean pails or troughs for feeding the calves is scarcely less than having the milk pails and cans clean.

It is claimed that it requires 35,000 men ten hours a day working the year round, to milk the cows of the United States, and Major Henry E. Alvord is studying the merits of the various milking machines.

THE FIRST CREAMERY.—So far as known, the creamery system of butter making, originated in the United States. The first creamery was built in Orange county, New York, in the year 1864.

A FAIRY PICTURE.—As the painstaking housekeeper notes the shortcomings of her less neat neighbor, so not only the thrifty dairyman, but any casual observer, will quickly discern the contrast between a cleanly and a slovenly kept dairy.

and corn; two parts oats and one of oat and as much wheat bran as both corn and oats. After three months give altogether sloppy feed.

Over 500 head of the famous Baldwin rams have been sold this season in and around Casper, Wyoming.

It is said that in Iowa the number of sheep stands 163,813 as against 183,691 canines. The flock evidently has a poor chance in that commonwealth.

The production of wool for the United States increased 67.4 per cent in the last decade. The increase was confined almost entirely to the western states—Colorado, Montana, Wyoming, New Mexico, Texas, Utah, Idaho and Oregon.

Cougars have killed more than 300 sheep for one sheepman in North Idaho this season and the depredations of these animals are becoming so alarming that stockmen in the Southwest section will organize a force to hunt cougars in the near future.

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Reports from the Illinois valley and western Josephine county in Oregon recite many ravages of the coyotes in that section.

A very good sheep mark can be made in this way: To one gallon of linseed oil mix in enough lamp black to make it the consistency of thick paint.

"We also manufacture an acetylene gas machine that is becoming very popular among farmers, ranchmen and stockmen.

A writer in an exchange has this to say in reference to the sheep's mission: "The sheep industry will never become an important one—speaking relatively—in the United States while the production of wool is generally regarded as the beginning and end of the

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A Generation Ago coffee could only be bought in bulk. The 20th century way is the LION COFFEE way—sealed packages, always clean, fresh and retaining its rich flavor.

VARICOCELE A safe, painless, permanent cure guaranteed. Twenty-five years' experience. No money accepted until well. Consultation and Book Free, by mail.

FOX AND WOLF HOUNDS Of the best English strains in America; 40 years' experience in breeding these fine hounds for my own sport. I now offer them for sale. Send stamp for Catalog.

THE WEBER M. H. P. Gasoline Engines, grinders, strainers, etc. Free catalogue. Write to THE WEBER M. H. P., 915 Walnut Street, KANSAS CITY, MO.

Paint Your Roofs WITH DONKEY PAINT One Coat will last 5 Years on metal, wood or iron. Write for free catalogue. THE KANSAS CITY ROOFING & COBURATING CO., 218-220 W. 2nd St., Kansas City, Mo.

DEAL DIRECT WITH MAKER. CHAS. P. SHIPLEY Boots and Saddles. Are winners. Order catalogue and measure blanks. Prices right. Perfect workmanship. Try us with one pair. Visit our store.

W. G. HUGHES & CO. Angus Goats, pairs, trios or bunches, shipped anywhere. Hasling, Kendall county, Texas. R. H. LOWERY, CAMP SAN CABA, Angus Goats. Breeder of Registered Angus Goats. Correspondence solicited.

ROUX'S VETERINE POWDER Specific Against Retention in After-Birth of Cows. All cattle farmers careful of their interests should keep a supply of this valuable remedy for use in case of emergency; it is certain and efficacious in its effects.

ELECTRIC LIGHTED TRAINS Are operated by the FRISCO SYSTEM Between TEXAS And the North and East Between BIRMINGHAM, MEMPHIS, And the North and West Between OKLAHOMA And the North and East

A LARGE GOAT RANCH.—The largest Angus goat ranch in the world is soon to be established in Missouri. A company has been organized in St. Louis for the purpose of purchasing 8000 acres of land on the Frisco railroad near the town of Cuba and this ranch is to be stocked at once with 35,000 goats.

On another page of this paper will be found the offer of the Bohemian Distilling Company of Kansas City, Mo., in which they propose to send a gallon of their eight year old rye for \$2.50. This is certainly a novelty in the liquor line, as heretofore all houses wanted a good deal more for this same goods. The Bohemian Company intend to sell

THE OLDEST COMMISSION COMPANY ON THIS MARKET.

THE WORTH LIVES STOCK COMMISSION

DIRECTORS: Geo. T. Reynolds, A. F. Crowley, V. S. Wardlaw, W. D. Reynolds, W. E. Cowden

REPRESENTATIVES: Fort Worth, Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis or St. Joseph, Mo.

Consign your stock to us at Fort Worth, Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis or St. Joseph, Mo.

MARKET REPORTS FREE ON APPLICATION.

We are in the market for all conservative Feed Lot on Steer Loans offered. We hold the record of handling the largest volume of business on this market. We hold the record of selling the highest priced car of steers, the highest priced car of cows & highest priced cars of hogs that ever went over the scales on this market.

THE GALLUP SADDLES

Have been on the market for nearly a third of a century, and are growing more popular as the years go by. Our new catalogues, showing all the latest improvements and newest ideas in Saddles and Harness sent free upon application.

THE S. C. GALLUP SADDLERY COMPANY, PUEBLO, COLORADO.

Wabash Route

FOLLOW THE FLAG

New York, Boston, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Detroit, Chicago and all Eastern Cities.

The shortest and only line from Kansas City or St. Louis running over its own tracks to Niagara Falls or Buffalo. Time and equipment unexcelled.

THREE SOLID FAST THROUGH TRAINS DAILY.

Leaving St. Louis	9:30 a. m.	8:30 p. m.	11:32 p. m.
Arriving in Buffalo	4:05 a. m.	6:50 p. m.	7:50 a. m.
Arriving in New York	3:15 p. m.	7:40 a. m.	7:30 a. m.
Arriving in Boston	5:20 p. m.	10:05 a. m.	10:30 a. m.

Unequaled Service Between St. Louis and Chicago.

Leave St. Louis	9:22 a. m.	9:05 p. m.	11:32 p. m.
Arrive Chicago	5:20 p. m.	7:30 a. m.	8:00 a. m.

Stop-over allowed on all tickets via Niagara Falls. Meals served in Wabash Palace Dining Cars.

Hours of Valuable Time

Are saved by purchasing tickets via Wabash Route. Consult ticket agents of connecting lines, or address:

W. F. CONNER, S. W. P. A. 353 Main St., Dallas, Texas.

GOOD SERVICE 1901. BETTER SERVICE 1902.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC

SUNSET ROUTE.

FREE CHAIR CARS. SPLENDID EQUIPMENT.

BOX-VESTIBULED, PERFECT TRAINS.

THE VERY BEST AND TO ALL POINTS

DON'T FORGET our EXCURSION SLEEPING CARS TO WASHINGTON, CHICAGO, and CINCINNATI. Berth Rates LESS THAN HALF STANDARD.

Send 10c in stamps for a copy of the SOUTHERN PACIFIC RICE COOK BOOK, containing 200 recipes.

S. F. B. MORSE, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. HOUSTON, TEXAS.

T. J. ANDERSON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. HOUSTON, TEXAS.

M. L. ROBBINS, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agent.

CHEAP SETTLERS' RATES TO THE FAR WEST AND NORTHWEST.

The Burlington Route renews the low one-way settlers' rate of \$25.00 from Missouri River to California, Portland and the Puget Sound country every day during September and October, with correspondingly low rates to the Spokane district and the Butte-Heleena district, also proportionate rates from interior Missouri, Kansas and Southwest territory.

"The Burlington Northern Pacific Express" is the great through train leaving Kansas City daily for the Northwest. Through Coaches, Chair Cars (seats free), Standard and Tourist Sleepers to Butte, Helena, Spokane, Tacoma, Seattle, Portland. Connecting train from Denver at night joining this Northwest train at Alliance, Neb.

VISIT THE OLD HOME—EAST.

Home visitors' excursions to points in Ohio and Indiana; dates of sale September 2, 9, 16 and 23. Limit 30 days.

Also excursion rates to Ohio and Indiana during the first week of October at the time of the big Grand Army reunion in Washington, D. C.

TO CHICAGO—The Burlington's famous "El" is the best known and most popular train from Kansas City and St. Joseph to Chicago.

TO ST. LOUIS—Two daily trains carrying all classes of standard Burlington equipment.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS.

On the first and third Tuesdays of August, September and October, to many sections of the West and Northwest.

Consult nearest ticket agent or write the undersigned for full information, printed matter and the least cost of your proposed trip.

C. W. ANDREWS, L. W. WAKELAY, S. F. A., 200 Spillard Bldg. Gen'l Pass. Agt., Dallas, Texas. St. Louis, Mo.

G. M. LEVEY, General Manager, St. Louis, Mo.

Dining Cars ON IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE

Meals served in a car on trains from Texas to Memphis, St. Louis and intermediate points.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS AND FANS ON DINING AND SLEEPING CARS.

THE ONLY LINE FROM TEXAS TO THE NORTH and EAST WITH DINING CAR SERVICE.

J. C. LEWIS, TRAVELING PASS'N AGENT, AUSTIN, TEX.

H. C. TOWNSEND, GEN'L PASS'N AND TICKET AGENT, ST. LOUIS.

Onward Silver, the great chestnut son of Onward and Sylvan Maid, went two miles over the Kentucky Breeders' association track at Lexington, Ky., on the 15th in 4:29, breaking the American two-mile record of 4:32, made by Greendale in 1898.

MARKETS

FORT WORTH. (Reported by National Livestock Commission Company.)

Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 18, 1902.—There has been but a light change in the Northern cattle and hog market since last week's close. Prices remain practically the same, with a slight improvement. Best cows sold in St. Louis and Kansas City at from \$2.75 to \$2.85. Information from there to-day indicates the outlook poor for the near future. The common kind had been going around \$2.00 to \$2.15, with canners as low as \$1.50 per cwt.

There has been but a light run of cattle on our market this week. Those received were principally common and canners, which went at from \$1.50 to \$2.15. However, sales of the better stuff were made at from \$2.20 to \$2.35. The buyers all wanting choice cows are offering to-day \$2.50 for good, smooth fat cows. There has not been a car of real choice stuff in the yards for a year or two. You cannot do better at either St. Louis or Kansas City than by shipping your good stuff to us here. We have unexcelled service, and prepared to handle your cattle to the best advantage. Demand for steers remains quiet. Two and three-year-old are quotable at \$2.50 to \$3.00. Have sold several cars of bulls this week at \$2.15 to \$2.25. The prices remain firm and demand active.

The hog market remains steady, with slight decline during the past two days, owing to the large run being made Wednesday and Thursday. Top hogs weighing 200 pounds and up are quotable \$6.80 to \$6.90. To-day's quotations on cattle, steady. Hogs steady to 5c higher.

Quotations for the week—Choice fat steers, \$3.50@4.00; medium fat steers, \$3.00@3.75. Good grass steers, \$2.75@3.25; light thin steers, \$2.50@3.00; choice sorted cows, \$2.30@2.50; medium butcher cows, \$2.00@2.25; light thin cows, \$1.50@2.00; canners, 75c@1.50; bulls, stags and oxen, \$1.75@2.25; choice sorted hogs, 200 pounds and up, \$6.80@6.90; fat smooth, medium hogs, \$6.50@6.80; light hogs, \$6.00@6.50; stockers and feeders, \$5.00@5.50.

KANSAS CITY.—Cattle—Receipts 19,000 natives and 1000 calves. Texas calves 250 and 1500 natives; market steady to lower; choice export and dressed beef steers \$7.00@7.25, fair to good \$4.65@4.90, stockers and feeders \$3.00@4.65, Western fed steers \$3.15@4.55, Texan and Indian steers \$3.00@4.35, Texan cows \$1.50@3.15, native cows \$1.25@2.25, native heifers \$2.50@3.75, canners \$1.00@2.00, bulls \$1.75@3.25, calves \$2.25@6.00.

Hogs—Receipts 3000; market 10c to 20c lower; heavy \$7.00@7.15, light \$6.75@7.05, pigs \$6.75@6.90.

Sheep—Receipts 10,000; Western; native lambs \$4.10@5.25, strong lambs \$4.00@5.00, fed ewes \$3.00@3.70, native wethers \$3.00@4.15, Western wethers \$3.00@3.95; stockers and feeders \$1.75@3.50.

CHICAGO.—Cattle—Receipts 9200, including 200 Texans and 9000 Westerns; market steady to shade lower; good to prime steers \$7.25@8.25, poor to medium \$2.75@6.90, stockers and feeders \$2.25@4.90, cows \$1.40@4.50, heifers \$2.25@5.00, canners \$1.40@2.50, bulls \$2.25@4.50, calves \$3.75@7.25, Texas fed steers \$3.00@4.25, Western steers \$3.75@4.00.

Hogs—Receipts 3000; market opened 10c to 15c lower; closed active; good to choice heavy \$7.10@7.50, light \$6.50@7.25, bulk \$6.80@7.10.

Sheep—Receipts 40,000; steady; good to choice wethers \$3.50@5.35, fair to choice mixed \$2.50@3.50, Western sheep \$2.80@3.75, native lambs \$3.50@6.00, Western lambs \$3.75@5.25.

GALVESTON.—Beef, good to choice, \$3.00@3.25; beefs, common to fair, \$2.50@2.75; cows, good to choice, \$2.50@3.00; cows, common to fair, \$2.00@2.25; yearlings, good to choice, \$2.75@3.00; yearlings, common to fair, \$2.25@2.50; calves, good to choice, \$3.25@3.50; calves, common to fair, \$2.50@3.00.

Market fairly supplied, with cattle. Receipts of calves lighter, and outlook unpromising.

NEW ORLEANS.—Today's quotations: Receipts the past week have been liberal of all classes of cattle, except fat steers, which are in good demand at quotations. Cows and heifers have been in ample supply. Calves and yearlings plentiful and in excess of demand. Ordinary milkers in full supply and slow sale; demand for choice only. Corn fed hogs scarce and in request. No demand for sheep; market fully cleared up somewhat, the outlook is favorable for anything strictly good in the cattle line. Today's quotations: Beef—Choice, Texas, \$3.75@4.25; fair to good, 2.75@3.25. Cows and heifers—Choice, Texas, \$2.75@3.25; fair to good, \$2.25@2.50. Yearlings—Choice, Texas, \$2.75@3.25; fair to good, \$2.50@2.75. Calves—Choice, Texas, \$3.50@4.25; fair to good, \$3.00@3.50. Bulls and stags—Choice, Texas, \$2.25@2.50; fair to good, Texas, \$1.75@2.00. Hogs—Choice corn fed, \$7.00@7.50; meat fed, \$3.50@4.50. Sheep—Choice, \$3.25@3.50; fair to good, \$2.75@3.25. Milch cows—Choice, \$35.00@45.00; fair to good, \$15.00@25.00. Springers—Choice, \$20.00@35.00; fair to good, \$12.00@20.00.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Prices quoted are those charged by buyers on orders and are 25c per cent higher than are paid by dealers or growers.

Cabbage—per lb. 1 1/2@1 3/4.

GRAIN MARKET.

Carload lots—Dealers' charge from store 9c@10c more per 100 pounds on bran, 2c@3c per bushel on oats and corn and 10c@15c per 100 pounds on hay.

Brans \$1.00.

Chopped corn—Per 100 pounds, \$1.40. Corn—Per bushel, shelled 90c@95c. Oats—Per bushel 43c. Hay—Johnson grass, new crop, \$10.00@11.00; prairie hay, new crop, \$9.00@11.00.

Grain bags, bale lots—5-bushel oat bags 7 1/2c@8c; 2-bushel corn bags 6c, 2-bushel wheat bags 5c; 2-bushel 6-foot wool bags 85c.

Wheat—No. 2 70c.

Broom corn—Per ton, \$65.00@100.00.

COTTON MARKET.

LOCAL MARKET.

Receipts were light in the cotton market yesterday. Middling basis 7.62 1/2c. Futures closed lower.

COTTONSEED AND PRODUCTS.

Cottonseed products market quiet and unchanged. Prompt prime crude oil quoted at 27 1/2c. Meal and cake oil quoted at \$20.50 for prompt shipment. Linters 2 1/2c to 3 1/2c, according to quality. Seed quoted at \$16 to \$17 c. o. b. car. Prime summer-yellow 31c.

HOUSTON SPOT.

Houston, Tex., Oct. 20.—Spot cotton quiet and unchanged. Sales 3432 bales; c. o. b.

Ordinary 6 1/4
Good ordinary 7 1/4
Low middling 7 3/4
Middling 8 2-16
Good middling 8 3-16
Middling fair 8 13-16

NEW ORLEANS SPOT.

New Orleans, La., Oct. 20.—Spot cotton steady and unchanged. Sales 4000 bales spot and 1550 to arrive.

Ordinary 6 15-16
Good ordinary 7 7-16
Low middling 7 3/4
Middling 8 1-16
Good middling 8 3/4
Middling fair 8 9-16

DALLAS.

Dallas, Tex., Oct. 20.—Receipts were the sustaining feature of to-day's session, all ports receiving but 51,449 bales, against 73,269 last year; since Friday 87,127, against 141,522 last year. Light estimates for Tuesday make it possible for the week's insight to fall under, 500,000 bales, against 568,000 last year. According to weekly trade advices, there are no important changes in conditions at Manchester, the inquiry from China being unimportant, the Levant and South American demands were but fair, and there was only a moderate miscellaneous business. It is quite different on this side of the Atlantic, for while England complains of a poor China trade, exports to that quarter from New York during the last week were as much as 7388 packages of dry goods, against no shipments last year, and to all parts of the world 13,278 packages, against 1629 a year ago. Last week Mr. Borden bought 250,000 pieces of print cloths at Fall River, which practically cleaned up the market, and as the assured settlement of the coal strike relieved the New England mills from threatened curtailment of production sellers show no inclination to force business. We advise the purchase of cotton on the breaks.

M. H. THOMAS & CO.

NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 20.—The speculation in cotton to-day was only of moderate proportions. The tone of the market was firmer on lighter offerings, moderate receipts, steadier Liverpool markets, and a little more disposition to buy. The falling off in the receipts as contrasted with a year ago, was the most notable feature and was the principal cause of the lighter selling, and it encouraged the bull interest. On the opening this morning there was some pressure on October, which declined 4 points, except December and January, which sold down 4 to 5 points principally on professional offerings and some bear selling. December and January later reflected in sympathy about 4 points, but the bulls supported the market and the buying above referred to turned prices up again. The market was quiet during the afternoon, but maintained a steady tone, with fluctuations, narrow and prices ruling at a slight advance most of the time over the final quotations of Saturday. Closing was steady.

WOOL AND HIDE MARKET.

Hides—Dry flint heavy butchers 13 1/2c, dry flint heavy fallen 12 1/2c, light dry hides 10c, heavy dry salts 10c, light dry salts 9c, green salted (40 pounds and upward) 8c, green salted (under 40 pounds) 6c, dead green (under 40 pounds) 6c.

Wool—Bright medium 12@14c, heavy fine 7@10c.

THE STUDEBAKER'S.

The Studebaker Wagon Company of South Bend, Indiana, have established a branch house in Dallas, Texas, where they have an elegant line of their well known brands of wagons, buggies, road cars, etc. Mr. W. T. Fulton, the

manager of the Dallas branch, in conversation with a reporter for the Journal, said: "The Studebaker Manufacturing Company have been in Dallas, Texas, since 1852. We have been in Texas, to about a short time we have been here about a carload of wagons, etc., per week. The Studebaker wagon has been on the market for about thirty years and is perhaps the best known wagon in the country. We make annually 65,000 to 100,000 of the Studebaker wagon. We had an exhibit of our wagons, buggies, etc., at the state fair which our friends say was the best on the ground. Our sales were very satisfactory."

NATIONAL LIVESTOCK MEN.

Will Ask Congress to Aid in Livestock Census.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 18.—The fifteenth annual convention of the National Livestock association, held here yesterday and to-day, began with a meeting of the executive committee. Later, the convention opened with addresses of welcome by Recorder Brown and James Francis Burke. Three hundred delegates are in attendance, representing livestock exchanges in Chicago, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Pittsburg, Buffalo, Philadelphia, Milwaukee, Peoria, Louisville, Fort Worth, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Paul and St. Joseph. At to-day's meeting the following officers were elected:

President—J. B. Douds, Chicago. Secretary—G. W. Baker, Chicago. Treasurer—W. F. Wiley, Sioux City. After the election it developed that there is no accurate knowledge of the number of cattle in this country. It was finally decided to have the matter placed before congress and ask that body to have a new census taken. This important association will hold its sixteenth annual meeting in the city of Fort Worth, Tex.

RANGE LAND VALUES.

Mr. Burk Burnett, who has just purchased 107,000 acres of land in Carson and Hutchinson counties, noted in sales columns, delving into the future great demand and increased values in range lands. In speaking to a press representative he said:

"It has been my judgment for some time that if we cattlemen expected to get hold of Texas land that we had better do it as fast as possible. There is no denying the fact that land in that section of the state is advancing in value, and that very rapidly. No one knows what land is going to bring in Western Texas and the Panhandle country. It has been going up in price so fast that I have been unable to keep up with it. It is my judgment that the greater portion of the land I bought to-day will be used for farming purposes, and that at no distant day. There is a good portion of it that, in my judgment, could not be excelled for farming. It is not for sale, however. But whenever Texas gets to the point when it is needed for farming purposes I will turn it loose. I am glad to know that I have all the land and ranch property I can handle now, and I want to give the other boys a chance."

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS

Is First of All a Cure, a Positive Cure, For the Malignant Diseases That Attack the Kidneys.

In the treatment of Bright's Disease it has received the endorsement of unprejudiced physicians. The efficacy of its action in such cases is apparent in an immediate improvement in the condition of the patient. It checks wasting away of the kidney tissue, reduces swelling of the limbs and puffiness under the eyes, and stimulates the suffering kidneys to a more thorough extraction of the uric acid which is poisoning the blood and undermining the constitution. In Diabetes it is equally effective and is especially appropriate, as no sugar is used in its manufacture, the flavoring to make it palatable having saccharine as a base. It exercises a marvelous influence in the urinary organs, quiets inflammation, relieves pain in passing urine, regulates the flow of urine and imparts a feeling of ease and comfort. In short, Prickly Ash Bitters is a kidney remedy par excellence, a powerful healing tonic and kidney builder. It puts the system in perfect order.

SANTA FE EXCURSION RATES.

San Antonio—Account International fair, convention rates, Oct. 17 to 28; limited Oct. 30.

Victoria—Account Southwestern Texas fair; convention rates, Nov. 9 and 10, limited Nov. 15.

Temple—Account North Texas Annual Conference M. E. church, south; convention rates, Nov. 10 and 11; limited Nov. 21.

New Orleans—Account meeting Daughters of Confederacy, one fare for the round trip, Nov. 10 and 11; limited Nov. 18.

New Orleans—Account convention American Bankers' Association; one fare plus \$2, Nov. 8, 9 and 10, limited Nov. 20.

Galveston—Account meeting Texas Laundrymen's Association, convention rates, Oct. 27th, limited Oct. 31st.

Waco—Account Pastors' Conference and Woman's Mission Workers' convention, convention rates, Nov. 4 and 6, limited Nov. 11th.

Chicago—Account International Live Stock Exposition, one fare plus \$2, Nov. 29th, 30th and Dec. 1st, limited Dec. 10th.

For further information see any agent or write W. S. Keenan, G. F. A., Galveston, Texas.

THE HORSE.

W. T. Campbell of Fort Worth has bought the fast horse recently brought from Kentucky by L. L. Hayes.

Two cars of fine horses were shipped from Victoria, Tex., to New Orleans, says the Advocate. The shippers were W. J. Slayton and O. J. Sheern of Benvenue.

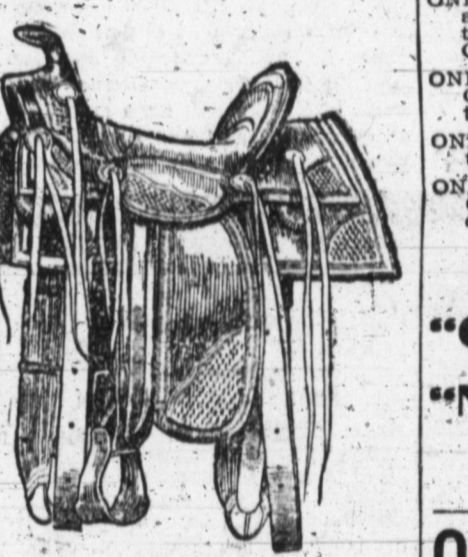
Fred Young of Kansas City, the owner of "Stipulator," the 2:14 horse that won several of the pacing races during the Dallas fair, has decided to pass the winter in Fort Worth.

At Worth race course on the 18, it is claimed that McChesney simply played with his stable companions in a handicap, covering the mile and a quarter in 2:05 3-5 against the former track record of 2:07 2-5.

At Davenport, Iowa, before 2000 spectators, Dan Patch, the king of pacers, reduced the record of the Davenport track to 2:01, pacing the remarkable race under very bad conditions. The track was soft and heavy from recent rains and a stiff breeze blew down the home stretch. With a running mate tearing along abreast of him most of the way, the son of Joe Patchen paced the four-quarters like clock work in 2:03, 30 1/2, 30 1/2 and 30 1/2, making the mile in 2:01 flat. The previous record of the track was 2:02 1/2, made by Robert J. several years ago.

In 1893 there were 1792 trotters that made new records of 2:30. For the past four years less than half that number have entered the 2:30 list each season. The production of speed has been cut down more than 50 per cent in number of horses, from the high water mark of 1893. This year's crop of new standard trotters will hardly exceed the average of the past four years, and is likely to fall below it. But extreme speed is much more abundant, as shown by the growth of the 2:30 list. The surplus wealth of the country has increased largely during the last few years. There are ten wealthy buyers looking for high class horses and for extreme speed where there was but one a few years ago.

Constipation is the back that wrecks many lives; it poisons the very life blood. Regularity can be established through the use of Prickly Ash Bitters. It is mildly cathartic and strengthens the stomach, liver and kidneys.



No. 63—Price \$30.50.

"RANCH KING" BRAND. Manufactured and guaranteed by E. C. DODSON SADDLERY CO. DALLAS, TEXAS. Catalogue and leather watch for free.

H. & T. C. R. R.

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CARRIES FREE CHAIR CARS ON ALL TRAINS.

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A. G. NEWSUM, D. F. A. **IVON LEE,** C. F. A. **C. R. BULLOCK,** G. T. A.

ONE FARE ROUND TRIP

Kansas City, October 18, 19 and 20. **Stock Show.**

Omaha, October 14 and 15. **Christian Church.**

Brotherhood of St. Andrew. October 6, 7, 8 and 9.

\$25 to California Daily.

THROUGH SLEEPERS TO CHICAGO.

W. H. FIRTH, G. D. & T. A., C. R. I. & T. Railway, Fort Worth, Texas

"But where to find that happiest spot below, Who can direct, when all pretend to know?"

—Goldsmith.

Many are entitled to live in the West, as having proved the value of the land in that region as a good crop producer. Not only Cotton, Wheat, Corn, Feed Stuffs, Cattle, Horses, and other products, but also the most valuable mineral resources of the West are to be found in a district where water is in abundance and very little doing for Fall and Winter.

Land, which is being sold at really low figures, is the constantly increasing demand for ready housing values is still abundant, and Farms and Ranches of all sizes, very largely located, are being purchased daily.

We will gladly supply you with a copy of a little book, published by the Northwest Texas Real Estate Association, which contains an interesting series of straightforward statements of what people have accomplished along the line of

"THE DENVER ROAD"

Passenger Dept., Fort Worth, Texas.

N. B.—We find our passenger patronage very gratifying. It is necessary to run three trains daily each way as far as Wichita Falls, and two clear thru. We continue, the year round, the excellent Class A service that insures the preference of Colorado and Wichita Tourists, Winter and Summer. By the way, we offer no more than half a dozen routes to California, the newest being via Dallas and good for Old Mexico, with first-grade Rating Cars, all the way.

We sell a Home-Seeker's ticket, good thirty days, at one and a third fare the round trip, allowing stopovers at Vernon and points beyond, both ways.

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4 IMPORTANT GATEWAYS 4

THE TEXAS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY

NO TROUBLE TO ANSWER QUESTIONS.

SUPERB PULLMAN VESTIBULED SLEEPERS, HANDSOME RECLINING CHAIR CARS (SEATS FREE) ON ALL THROUGH TRAINS.

ONLY LINE WITH fast morning and evening trains to St. Louis and the East.

ONLY LINE WITH Pullman Sleepers and high back Scartit seat Coaches through (without change) to New Orleans, daily.

ONLY LINE WITH handsome new Chair Cars through (without change) daily, to St. Louis, Memphis and El Paso.

ONLY LINE WITH a saving of 12 hours to California.

ONLY LINE WITH Tourist Sleeping Cars, semi-weekly, through (without change) to San Francisco.

ASK FOR SCHEDULES OF OUR INCOMPARABLE TRAINS, "CANNON BALL" AND "NIGHT EXPRESS"

—E. P. TURNER, GENERAL PASSENGER AND TICKET AGENT, DALLAS, TEX.

CHRISTMAS EXCURSIONS

VIA

Santa Fe

ONE FARE PLUS \$2.00

TICKETS ON SALE DECEMBER 13, 17, 21, 22, 23 AND 26, LIMIT TO RETURN 30 DAYS FROM DATE OF SALE. SANTA FE TICKET AGENTS WILL TELL YOU ALL ABOUT RATES, ROUTES AND TERRITORY; ASK THEM.

W. S. KEENAN, G. F. A. GALVESTON, TEXAS.

TELL 'EM

When writing to advertisers please mention the Journal.

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ONE OF JOHN MORGAN'S MEN, NOW THE MOST FAMOUS DISTILLER WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

Mr. Geo. A. Shawhan, president of the Shawhan Distillery Company, belongs to the fourth generation of a famous family of distillers.

It may be of interest to our readers to know that Mr. Shawhan was one of John Morgan's men in the civil war.

A pure, unadulterated, old-fashioned, honest whiskey, made out of the best grain, with pure, soft, cold spring water from the famous Holla Springs in Platte county, Mo.

SEND US \$3.20 and we will prepay express and send you in plain box, 4 full quarts of 10-year-old SHAWHAN WHISKEY.

THE SHAWHAN DISTILLERY CO., 510-11 Baird Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

F. W. AXTELL, 600 W. Weatherford St., Fort Worth, Texas.

MANUFACTURER OF CYRUS TANKS, TUBS AND TROUGHES, SPOON, BALL VALVE AND COOK PATTERN WORKING BARRELS.

Also Wholesale and Retail Dealer in MONITOR AND ECLIPSE WINDMILLS.

Well Casing, Pipe, Fittings, etc. Webster Gasoline Engines.

Business Briefs. A. J. Alden, cashier Texas Challenge Windmill company, Dallas, leaves in a few days to be a month or so.

In another column in the advertisement of E. C. Dodson Saddlery company of Dallas, Tex.

The Metropolitan Business College of Dallas, is enjoying a good patronage this fall.

RED POLLED CATTLE. "They have been bred in the cold, bleak countries of Norfolk and Suffolk, England, for the last 100 years."

THE OPPORTUNITY offered to telegraph operators are greater than those afforded in almost any other occupation.

\$500 REWARD. Will be paid for any case of syphilis, gleet, stricture, lost manhood, nervous debility, seminal losses, weak, shriveled, atrophied organs which I fail to cure.

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RUPTURE OR PILES. QUICKLY SAFELY CURED AND PERMANENTLY WITHOUT THE KNIFE.

SEEDS FOR FALL PLANTING. Turnip Seed, Garden Seed, Barley, Rye, Wheat, Virginia and Kentucky Winter Turn Oats.

THE HOLLOWAY SEED & GRAIN CO., DALLAS, TEXAS.

THE TWIN TERRITORIES

The Kingfisher county fair attracted large crowds last week.

The Denver, Enid and Gulf railroad began running trains on the 15th, covering a distance of nineteen miles.

At a depth of 600 feet gas has been struck at Lawton, Ok. The outlook for a strong flow is said to be promising.

The Comanche County Farmers' Institute met in Lawton last week and perfected plans for permanent organization.

The following territorial postoffices advanced from fourth class to presidential offices: Chelsea, Madill, Poteau and Sallisaw.

Railroad developments continue in the Territories. A new line has been chartered, with capital stock of \$15,000,000, to extend from El Reno to St. Louis.

It seems as if the Bartlesville oil fields are not a venture. Oil men from all over the country are flocking into the newest gusher.

In the roping contest near Tahlequah, I. T., last Saturday the prizes were as follows: First prize, Griffin Harnage, \$50; second, Henry Parris, \$25; third, Christian Gulager, \$10.

A farmer near Murgum, Ok., has leased a portion of his farm to a salt company for 20 years at an annual rental of \$2000.

The land office will be opened at Vinita, I. T., on January 1, and Cherokee will begin to receive their allotments.

Michael Cudahy, president of the Cudahy Packing company of Guthrie, has just leased two sections of oil land in the Osage and Cherokee nations.

Mr. John J. Dimmitt, whose ranch is near Texhoma, Okla., is engaged in raising Hereford cattle, and is much encouraged with the outlook.

The annual conference of the Anti-Horse Thief association of Oklahoma and Indian Territories was held last week in Shawnee.

An electric railway between Atoka and Coalgate, I. T., is one of the proposed enterprises for early consummation.

In regard to the opening of the land office in the Cherokee nation the following circular has been sent out from Vinita, I. T.:

Notice is hereby given that on the first day of January, A. D. 1903, the commission to the Five Civilized Tribes will establish, at the town of Vinita, Cherokee Nation, Indian Territory, an office for the allotment of the lands of the Cherokee Nation.

Speaking about alfalfa clover as a forage plant in Texas Mr. C. R. Holloway of Holloway Seed Company, Dallas, said:

PECOS CATTLE WILL BE LATE. Manager J. M. Coburn of the Hansford Land and Cattle company, with headquarters at McMillan, N. M., tells a Kansas City reporter that the range in the valley is in excellent condition.

START RIGHT. Send us your first shipment.

TONIC STOCK SALT, SUREST, SAFEST AND BEST.

FOR HORSES, CATTLE AND SHEEP. MANUFACTURED BY THE INLAND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

CONTAINS NO INHIBITING CHEMICALS. PURIFIES THE BLOOD, REGULATES THE BOWELS AND DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

FOR RANGE ANIMALS AND FEEDERS IT HAS NO EQUAL. MAKES A PERFECTLY HEALTHY ANIMAL.

YOUR DEALER. HANDS HEAVY. ASK FOR IT.

NEARLY 1000 VERY CHOICE lambs, averaging close to sixty-eight pounds, shipped by E. E. Shinn of Manitou, Colo., were marketed in Chicago at \$5.30.

NEW MEXICO

It is estimated that the average daily attendance at the Roswell fair was 2500.

Capt. J. B. Gillett of Alvin has sold to Ed Farr of Albuquerque two cars of cows at \$20 per head.

Mr. Stargis of Tucson, is now chairman of the Live Stock sanitary board of Arizona, vice Bert Dunlap resigned.

Capt. Juan Jose Herrera, owner of a ranch at Alita Frias, and who has long figured prominent in the territory, is dead.

HOCTAW LAND VALUES. The representatives of the Choctaw nation, comprising Gov. Johnson, Gov. Moseley and Attorney McMurray, have held several conferences with the Dawes commission at Vinita, I. T.

The Acme Sheep company, capital \$10,000, has been incorporated. Principal business office at Las Vegas and the directors are: Eugene Mohr, Henry C. Williams and Robt Hayward, all of that city.

Copious showers are reported from Butcher Knife to the Rio Grande. Harvey Dodson says it was the best season he has ever known in that country.

Bond Bros. of Espanola and Wagon Mound, are dipping 12,000 head of sheep at the Santa Fe railroad yards near Las Vegas.

It has been announced by a gentleman in a position to speak with authority that the American Lumber company, owners of the Mitchell tract, will begin active operations in Albuquerque and in the forests, on or about December 1.

The surveyor general at Santa Fe has delivered to Juan N. Sanchez et al. the patent for the Cubero grant in Valencia county. The grant includes 18,421 acres, and was the first case presented to the court of private land claims about ten years ago.

Wolves are becoming numerous and daring in many parts of the Territory. Near Alpine W. S. Blevins and Rev. Geo. W. Baines saw eight of them attack a calf.

Tony Neis has sent to Santa Fe from Cerrillos a fine lemon weighing nine ounces, which he raised. The tree is two and a half years old, and stands four and a half feet high.

Caterpillars are greatly complained of around Albuquerque. It is asserted there was never a worse pest in that section.

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JUST-THINK-THAT-OVER. Think of the immensity of such a business-OVER A QUARTER OF A MILLION CUSTOMERS. Think of its unusual profitability.

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Direct from our distillery to YOU. Saves Dealers' Profits! Prevents Adulteration!

HAYNER WHISKEY PURE SEVEN-YEAR-OLD RYE FULL \$3.20 EXPRESS 4 QUARTS \$3.20 PREPAID

We will send you FOUR FULL QUART BOTTLES of HAYNER'S SEVEN-YEAR-OLD RYE for \$3.20, and we will pay the express charges.

Orders for Ariz., Cal., Col., Idaho, Mont., Nev., N. Mex., Ore., Utah, Wash. or Wyo. must be on the basis of 4 Quarts for \$4.00 by Express Prepaid or 20 Quarts for \$18.00 by Freight Prepaid.

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30 Years' Experience. Enables me after a thorough personal examination, free of charge, to tell you if your case is curable.

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