



ECHOES OF THE RANGE

Weekly Compilation of Interesting Ranch and Stock News from All of the Great Range Country of Texas

IN COLEMAN COUNTY

Coleman News. J. M. Malone has bought 122 acres out of the Buak pasture of Murray & Love...

IN REEVES COUNTY

Reeves Times. Will Cowan came down yesterday from his ranch near Kemp. Will says his range is getting pretty dry...

IN BREWSTER COUNTY

Alpine Avalanche. J. D. Jackson bought of Lawrence Haley a car of cows at \$18 per head and shipped them to Fort Worth Monday...

IN CROCKETT COUNTY

Ogden News. Last Friday at noon a fire broke in A. J. Turner's pasture, starting from a Mexican herder's camp...

IN DONLEY COUNTY

Clarendon Banner-Stockman. A team of twenty-six cows of cattle went out of Clarendon Saturday to market. The staff was mostly fat cows...

IN EDWARDS COUNTY

Rock Springs Herald. Dick Stewart bought of Bud Anderson about two head of good and shoring goats at \$25 per head...

IN IRION COUNTY

Shepherd Record. The dry weather is beginning to tell on the grass. The late burned off considerable of the range here...

IN BOWDOIN COUNTY

Spring Herald. J. O. Pratt shipped one car of cows to Fort Worth this week. E. C. Sanderson sold to W. R. Richman one car of cows and calves...

CATTLE ON THE MOVE

CLARENDON, Texas, Sept. 4. Notwithstanding some northern commission houses are trying to knock the Panhandle cattle, they are moving right along to the markets...

IN NEW MEXICO

Roswell Register. L. Z. Edleman filed suit in district court on last Tuesday against the National Bank of Kansas...

IN TAYLOR COUNTY

Abilene News. John R. Crayton says he will put seven more farm houses on his ranch this fall. He bought a part of the J. E. Miller place from W. G. Swenson...

IN DEAF SMITH COUNTY

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IN MIDLAND COUNTY

Midland Reporter. H. T. Boone was in this week from his ranch in the western part of the county in good condition. He has recently sold his land holdings...

IN WARD COUNTY

Burston Journal. Jones Black came in from his ranch Friday with a car of calves. He sold the calves on the Rio Grande...

IN SUTTON COUNTY

San Angelo Standard. Reel Jones bought from G. W. White 2,900 acres of land in the old Koenig pasture, two wells and improvements at private terms...

IN TOM GREEN COUNTY

Ed R. Smith shipped two cars of cows and calves to Fort Worth Thursday. Mr. Smith bought the stock of E. W. Loftin at private terms...

IN COLEMAN COUNTY

A suit for \$17,044 was filed in district court Wednesday by El Capitan Land and Cattle Company of Lincoln county, N. M., against Leo Bivins...

IN CHILDRESS COUNTY

Childress Index. The feed crops are made and they are the best ever grown in the county. Hogs and cattle will have to be shipped in to eat it...

Albert Howard returned Tuesday morning from a trip to the northwest corner of New Mexico, where he went to buy horses, but found nothing to suit. He says the valleys from that section are under irrigation...

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# LITTLE MARLBORGS

### Terse Tales of the Movements of Cattlemen All Over the Great Range Country of the Entire Southwest

#### SOUTH TEXAS IMPROVEMENT

The improvement of the herds of South Texas goes merrily on and the cattlemen, one by one, are giving up the idea that they appreciate fully that the business is now revolving itself into a question of the "survival of the fittest." Alfred Giles, the Aberdeen-Angus man, with ranches in Kendall county, among the greatest number to show their faith by their work. He resolved early in the year that he would rid his ranch of all undesirable and unproductive cows. The trend of prices of late have not been such as to encourage a man to part with anything, but he kept in mind the old saw about the faint heart and the fair lady and shipped out some of his undesirable grade cows. An Express representative saw him Wednesday after he had received his account of sales and he was not so sad as he feared he would be. The cows brought \$3.25 per hundred in New Orleans.

"I made a mistake in not taking this step sooner," said he, "but in the future I shall weed out the undesirable cows. Some of these cows I shipped were really good animals, but being off color they were calculated to throw suspicion on the whole herd. The price they brought was bear out the assertion that they were not scrubs."

In reply to a question as to conditions in Kendall, Kerr and adjoining counties he said: "I was out on the ranch some days ago and the reports from Kendall, Kerr and Gillespie counties indicate that it has been a good year. The farmers raised lots of oats, wheat and corn and a larger crop of cotton than was expected. All this, of course, will be reflected in the better fairs at Kerrville and Fredericksburg. It is dry now, of course, but you will remember that nothing kills mosquitoes and malaria like dry weather. In my opinion the present drought will be a benefit."—San Antonio Express.

#### THE CHILDREN'S PATRIMONY

The following letter is a reply by a Marfa man to an inquiry from one John Tatters, who would like to get a slice of the 5,000,000 acres of land which go on the market today. We are assured that he is not inspired by a woman, but the Austin Statesman will likely refuse to believe it.

"In favor of the 20th at hand. You ask if this school land coming on the market on Sept. 1 is good agricultural land, and you particularly want to know if it is suitable for growing cereals and grapes. You also want me to secure you eight sections of land under the new land law, said eight sections to be contiguous." My dear John, this country is not a first-class agricultural country, but I'm going to do my best for you, especially as the people out here do not own or desire any of this land for their own use. You see, John, we came out here in an early day, when this country was a howling wilderness, when there were no wells, tanks, windmills or gasoline engines by which these large tracts of land could be used. We have put in the best years of our lives making it available for cattle and horses and of course have grown with selling yearlings at \$7 to \$10, and we all feel highly elated at seeing the results of many years' labor taken from us. So you see, it's dead easy for me to select eight sections for you. As you suggested, they are contiguous, in fact they are the most contiguous surveys I ever saw, and have the further advantage of being situated right in the center of the surrounding country. I will hold this land for you till you come and get it, being sure you will be pleased with it, since I have selected land that is particularly adapted to the cultivation of grape nuts and blue beans."

#### DRIVING OUT CATTLE

DAVIS, I. T., Sept. 2.—Hon. J. B. Helsey, United States revenue inspector for Indian Territory, accompanied by several Indian police, passed through here yesterday for Sulphur and other points in this locality for the purpose of removing all cattle owned by non-citizens who have not paid their taxes. When seen by a representative of this paper the inspector said:

"We are having more or less trouble with small cattlemen, but in most cases they prefer to pay the penalty of \$1 per head, than to have their cattle driven out of the country. This penalty is in addition to the regular tax of 25c per head. Our police have strict instructions from the Indian agent to drive them out as soon as the full penalty and tax is not paid promptly."

"Yes, there are quite a few in this locality who hope to escape payment, but when we notify them and no remittance is received at once we proceed to drive cattle from the Chickasaw Nation."

"The tax is very low, and the nation is entitled to it, and my duty is to collect it. All who have not paid since notices were sent out last January and February are considered as delinquents, and on every head owned at that time there is a penalty of \$1, in addition to the tax."

#### THE CHICAGO CONFERENCE

Live stock shippers all over the country are highly elated over the action of Secretary Wilson in nullifying the provisions of the act of July 27, which practically prohibited the continuous transit of cattle in stable cars by preventing loading to the minimum weight of 22,000 pounds or, in other words, forcing shippers to pay for about 5,000 pounds more freight than they were permitted to load. At the Chicago conference both cattle and sheep handlers impressed on the secretary the necessity of modifying existing regulations. Murdo McKenzie of Texas argued that unloading and reloading cattle at the average paces provided especially at night, causes more suffering and injury than keeping them in cars. He demonstrated the fallacy of light loading, showing that when packed snugly in cars cattle do not lie down when trouble from tramping always ensues. Mr. Wilson accepted this view of the situation and the result is that cattle can now be run through to market points without being unloaded at frequent intervals. Mr. McKenzie's contentions were endorsed by Conrad Koenig of Montana, Judge Cowan of Texas, W. T. Tod of Kansas and others who depicted the danger attendant on unloading and reloading.

**Law Ought to be Amended**  
Consensus of opinion at the conference was that the obnoxious twenty-eight-hour law ought to be amended at the first opportunity. Mr. Wilson has practically suspended its operation but insists that he cannot place himself in the position of a continual non-enforcement. At the conference there was some criticism of railroads, in fact the allegation was made that some of them had been violating the exact in observing the twenty-eight-hour law. Mr. Wilson caused some surprise when he stated that no railroad company had ever been fined for violating the law. A. L. Ames, president of the Corn Belt Meat Producers' Association of Iowa,

attacked the roads for their service between shipping points in that state and Kansas, and proceeded to jump on the cattlemen who live stock could not be run through from any loading point as far west as the Missouri river within twenty-eight hours. The question of service is closely involved and on some roads, especially west of the Missouri river, it has been nothing to brag about this year.—Breder's Gazette.

#### THE LAND QUESTION

The Express a few days ago published a letter written by one Mr. Pauli to the New York American, suggesting that Texas, instead of selling her 6,000,000 acres of land outright, lease it to actual settlers at a rental equal to 5 per cent on its valuation, the lease to be perpetual but subject to transfer and the state reserving the right to increase the lease price from time to time. The Austin Statesman at once discovered a "mar's nest" and intimated that this is just what they have been wanting all these years. The Texas Stockman-Journal did not like the Statesman's talk, so it buckled on its armor, spurred the Statesman in the shoulder quite grievously, made numerous whelps in its flanks by the vigorous use of its quill and after reading it a lecture for advising the parents of Austin and vicinity to threaten their offspring with the cattlemen "out west" when they were naughty, said: "The cattlemen have had about all the experiences with leases in the state of Texas that they desire. They were encouraged to go ahead and improve the land, through the medium of sinking wells, constructing tanks, erecting windmills, building fences and making other valuable improvements under the belief they would be permitted to use and occupy the land so long as they paid the lease price. But consistently their eyes were resting upon the land and improvements. Men saw an opportunity to get something for nothing, and the way they went after those improved sections as the leases expired, and in many instances they were encouraged and abetted by the land policy of the state. The state took advantage of these improvements to advance the price and deuce the actual settler when possible, and those terrible cattlemen simply stood and held the bag while a rapacious element profited from their thrift and enterprise.

"These are among the reasons why the big cattlemen do not desire any further leasing arrangement with the state. They are adjusting the size of their herds to fit their land ownership and seeking to forever end the strife and contention that has so long existed over land matters out west. They are not land thieves, and they have grown exceedingly weary of being eternally characterized as such."—San Antonio Express.

#### ENTHUSIASTIC ABOUT TEXAS

Luke F. Wilson, a well-known Texas cattleman of Archer county, Texas, was here Friday, and in an interview stated that the farm and stock conditions in Texas are quite satisfactory, pastures being good and cattle in fine condition.

Mr. Wilson, who has been prominently connected with the National Live Stock Association for a long time, and a prominent member of the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas, in one of the best posted men on general western and southwestern conditions in the country.

He grows enthusiastic when talking about Texas, and predicts that within a few years it will contain an empire in territory and a treasury in resources.

Mr. Wilson says that for the most part rains have been reasonable this year, and that pasturage is good with general crop conditions promising and that stock is in good condition all over the state.

Within recent years and regularly at the present time, in the wheat and corn belt of the state, good farms are selling at \$40 to \$50 per acre, and many of them are being purchased by northern farmers used to northern crops and northern methods, and that owners who are selling out are going west and south, purchasing cheaper lands in the cotton and grazing districts, and that the population is increasing at a marvelous rate.

At present the state occupies the fourth place in the state populations of the United States, while her railroad mileage exceeds that of the state of Illinois.

Mr. Wilson says that one cannot state the conditions and prospects too strongly, and he believes that the outlook is very bright for the Lone Star state.—St. Louis Reporter.

#### SHIPPING ORDER COUNTERMANDED

EL PASO, Sept. 2.—W. W. Turley, president of the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association, announced tonight that he had received an order from Secretary Wilson countermanding the recent order only permitting the loading of a cattle car two-thirds full.

"The cattlemen showed the secretary that this always resulted in the injury of a part of the cattle and Secretary Wilson withdrew the order, and we can load a car full and none of the cattle will be trampled to death by being permitted to lie down," said Mr. Turley.

A hard collar is not as hard upon the shoulders of a horse as one that is unevenly padded. Boils and bruises are the results of bad collars and can be prevented by removing the cause.

#### NO DIFFERENCE

Old People Just as Happy as Young  
Age cannot wither nor custom stale the infinite variety of life.  
When the right food makes one new each day there seems as much simple happiness when one is old as when young, but bounding health is the requisite and right food produces that.  
A happy woman of 77 tells her experience:  
"For three years," she says, "I was greatly troubled with a nervous affection of the stomach, which at last brought me to such a condition that I could neither eat nor sleep with any sort of comfort. I grew very despondent and felt that my hold on life was very uncertain. It was difficult for me to find food that I could digest. My doctor kept me on a diet of rice for a long time, but it did not seem to give me any strength.  
I decided that at last I decided to try Grape-Nuts food, for it has done a wonderful work for me. Before I had used up the first package I began to take a new interest in life, and I rapidly increased in health and strength. My stomach has regained its normal tone and in the two years that Grape-Nuts has been my only food, I have not had a sick day and I feel that at last I have found a food that I can digest. I am so glad that I am restored to me the pleasure of living. I am sorry I did not begin sooner to use it. I cannot praise it too highly." Name "There's a reason," says Battle Creek, Mich. "A ten days' trial is sufficient."

# THIS HIRED GIRL IS ALSO THE FAMILY CHAUFFEUR

### AMELIA CASPER KEEPS HOUSE, TAKES CARE OF THE CHILDREN, RUNS THE DAD DOWN TO HIS OFFICE, TAKES CARE OF THE MACHINE LIKE A MECHANIC AND ISN'T AFRAID TO GO AT FULL SPEED



THE HIRED GIRL AND THE MACHINE SHE RUNS.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 29.—As a chauffeur, Miss Amelia Casper, of this city, is in a class by herself.

She is said to be the only woman in the country who, although not owning a machine, can operate a motor car with dexterity and can make minor repairs with the skill of a trained mechanic.

For the past seven years Miss Casper has been housekeeper and nurse girl in the family of J. E. Turner. About three months ago Turner purchased a gasoline gig and conceived the idea of developing Miss Casper

into a chauffeur. The result surpassed his most sanguine expectations.

"There isn't anything very strange about it, is there?" said Miss Casper, modestly. "I don't see why women shouldn't become auto experts as well as men. As a rule, they are more careful than men and are not so liable to take chances.

"When Mr. Turner bought his machine he jokingly suggested making me the official family chauffeur. I fell in with it, and in three lessons in driving had mastered the art. I studied the machinery, to which I took naturally, having an inherited love for mechanics.

"I was soon at home in the car, and when Mr. Turner asked me to drive him to the office one morning, I did so, much to his surprise. I now take him to the office and call for him daily," takes Mrs. Turner shopping and the children out for daily rides.

"The longest ride I ever took was eighty miles, to Waukesha. I am not afraid to go any place or to drive at full speed. I oil and clean the different parts of the car and can make any repair that does not necessitate the use of machine shop accessories. I have never been towed home, which is something many drivers cannot say."

## EXPERIENCE OF FEEDERS IN CORN BELT STATES

### American and Canadian Plans of Procedure Are Different to a Marked Degree

The following from an address delivered at a meeting of the Dominion Cattle Breeders' Association by G. E. Day, professor of agriculture, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, gives the method of feeding cattle in Canada:

"There is a marked difference between Canadian and American methods of fattening steers. American feeders, particularly those in the corn belt, feed an extremely heavy meal ration, and a comparatively light ration of bulky food. In this country, where the price of grain is high, and where we usually have an abundance of either roots or silage, we can feed steers much more economically by using a somewhat light meal ration. In our experience here we find that it is very easy to feed steers more meal than they can use to advantage. In feeding short-keep steers we usually commence with about half a pound of meal per day per 100 pounds live weight of the animals. This quantity of meal is gradually increased until, during the last month of feeding the steers are receiving about one pound of meal per day per 100 pounds of live weight. The increase of the meal ration, however, is governed according to circumstances. If we think the steers are not gaining so rapidly then we increase the meal ration more rapidly than we would otherwise do. The bulky part of their ration usually consists of either corn hay and silage or cut hay and pulped roots, which are mixed about twenty-four hours in advance of feeding. When hay is scarce we feed either chaff or cut straw in place of part of the hay, usually mixing about equal parts of hay and cut straw or chaff, as the case may be. The main advantage is the fact that it makes the bulky fodder more palatable. If a person is feeding a good quality of hay, then it is doubtful whether it would pay to pulp roots and mix the feed as described. When the hay is of a somewhat inferior quality, however, there is a marked advantage from cutting and mixing with pulped roots, or silage. We believe, however, that it pays in any case to cut the hay in preference to feeding it uncut."

It will be noticed that according to the most approved methods in that country the maximum of concentrates fed is one pound per day per hundred pounds of live weight. In the United States the steers are usually fed two pounds per day after the first month or six weeks which is required to get it safely on full feed. The reason for this is that in the United States the Canadian practice is doubtless the relatively high price of corn as compared with hay, roots and silage; and the reason for the contrary practice in the United States is the comparatively cheap price of corn and the absence of roots and silage.

The above Canadian practice has reference to short fed steers; that is, steers fed for three months. The following gives the method followed when

the steers are fed six months or more: "In the case of long-keep steers, or those which are fed six months or more, we feed very little meal the first month they are in the stable; usually not more than two or three pounds per day to each steer. During the second month the meal ration is slightly increased, and with each succeeding month it is increased more rapidly, until the last month, they are frequently receiving nine or ten pounds of meal each day. One meal ration for long-keep steers averages for the whole feeding period about half a pound per day per 100 pounds of the average live weight of the steers."

American feeders would consider this rather slim feeding. When, however, corn becomes dear in price, as for example, in years of drought, or where silage is available, as it can be on every farm where the farmer cares to put up a silo, or where alfalfa is cheap and plenty and corn relatively dear, or where a farmer has a large amount of his farm in pasture and clover and therefore forage relatively cheap, the question arises whether it would not be better to adopt to a greater or less extent the methods of the Canadians.

These people at the agricultural college are not guessing, neither are they inexperienced feeders nor careless experimenters.

We have been under the impression for a long while that the change in American conditions in the last ten or fifteen years will require a change in our methods of feeding, and that instead of giving twenty-three or four pounds of grain per day to the twelve hundred-pound steer, a longer time to make the gain. The question, however, that concerns us is not the length of time in which the gain is made, but the cheapness of the gain, the quality of the carcass and the price of the carcass when the gain has been made. Experiments at Ames indicate beyond doubt that the cheaper gains are made in the relatively lighter rations, although the quality of the animal when finished may have considerable to do with the price obtained for the whole carcass.

We raise the question once more, not for the purpose of attempting to do anything but to set them to thinking and investigating. If we are to continue to make money in feeding cattle in the years to come we must give it a good deal more careful thought than we have in years past when we were feeding full grown steers on corn worth anywhere from twelve to twenty cents per bushel. Feeding cattle on corn worth from thirty to forty cents is an entirely different proposition.

**BETTER MARKET WANTED**  
"If the market was a bit better, we would see a movement of cattle from western Texas that would tax the capacities of the railroads to care for it," said Live Stock Agent W. H. Weeks of the Frisco road, yesterday. "I last week made a trip to the Lampasas, Goldswate, Brownwood, Ballinger and San Angelo sections and I found that there are plenty of cattle in that section fit for market. But I also found that the cattlemen are in a position to hold their stock for an indefinite period, and this they will do if the market does not take an upward turn. The cattlemen do not believe that the present level of values is either a just, or equitable one. They claim that the margin of profit at present prices is en-

tirely too small, when the matter of risk assumed in raising cattle for market is taken into consideration.

"Especially the whole of the country I visited while away is in need of rain or the agricultural products, but the grass is good and there is an abundance of water for the stock."

**PACKERS' TRIAL DELAYED**  
CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 4.—The trial of the packers indicted by the last federal grand jury may not begin before next January. Although witnesses have been subpoenaed for Oct. 2, it is said that it is not probable that the case will come up during the October term of court.

According to Oliver E. Pagnin, assistant United States district attorney, the first move in the case rests with the packers. They must either file demurrers to the indictments or plead guilty or not guilty before the federal court is in a position to push the cases.

In case the packers should file demurrers to the indictments, it would delay the trial probably until next January, as arguments must be heard. Should they plead not guilty the trial might be begun during the October term.

If the indicted packers do not avail themselves of their right to file demurrers to the indictments or plead, the federal court, when it convenes, may set a date for a trial of the cases and in this manner compel the packers to plead guilty or not guilty.

The packers are not expected to file a demurrer in case they decide on the action, until the opening of court, as by doing so they would give time to the United States attorneys to prepare answers. The summoning of witnesses for the beginning of October was taken as a precautionary measure in case the packers should make a move in the meantime.

The district attorney has no power to push the cases except that after the court is in session he may move to have the packers arraigned on a date mutually agreed upon.

This is the course that will be pursued by District Attorney Morrison unless the packers make a move in the meantime, as it is declared that the case will not be allowed to lag unnecessarily in *contin* to trial.

**MAKE SPECIAL LINE**  
GUTHRIE, Okla., Sept. 4.—The Oklahoma live stock sanitary commission, at a special meeting last evening, established a special quarantine line, running westward along the Rock Island railroad in Caddo county to the eastern boundary of Kiowa county, thence south to the northern boundary of Comanche county, thence west to the Red River, thence northwest to the northwest corner of Kiowa county. No cattle may be taken from the south over the line unless properly inspected. This order results from the recent investigation of fever infected pastures in Caddo and Kiowa counties. They were found clear that the board decided to re-arrange the farmers and cattlemen by lowering the line. Heretofore the special line has been along the southern boundary of Canadian county.

The board also made an order allowing the farmers and cattlemen in the margin infected district to Woodward county to drive their stock to a railroad for the purpose of shipping to market, but for no other purpose. This gives them an opportunity to market their stock.

Secretary Morris of the board says that **FARM TELEPHONES** Book Free. How to put them up—what they cost—why they save you money—all information and valuable book free. Write to J. Andre & Sons, 923 W. Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.

# Barnes Calf Dehorner

Only weighs 8 oz. Simplicity itself. Digs horns out in an instant, much quicker and deeper than the saw. Every user pronounces it a complete success. Dehorners anywhere from 2 to 10 months of age. Should dehorn at the same time you brand. Price, postpaid, \$3.25. Money refunded if not as represented. Hundreds sold on these terms and not one yet returned. Dehorned stockers and feeders worth from 10c to 20c per cwt. more. Address THE KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK COM. CO., Agt., Stk. Yds., Kansas City.

## Registered Red Polls

Both sexes for sale, at Dallas Fair, from Sept. 30 to Oct. 15. Breeder—W. C. ALDRIDGE, Pittsburg, Texas.

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(Incorporated) Correspondence Solicited. Prompt Returns. STOCK YARDS, GALVESTON. A. P. NORMAN, Sec'y and Treas. W. T. PEARSON, Salesman. C. P. NORMAN.

The big cattlemen to the contrary notwithstanding, there are more cattle in Oklahoma now than ever before. He says that while his large herds are cut down and the rapidly passing, on every quarter section there is a small herd of cattle, and that the total number far exceeds any number ever owned in the territory. He maintains that a quarter section of land in Oklahoma will support more cattle now than ever before, for the reason that much of the land is in cultivation, and that when the pasture gives out the farmer invariably has a stock or alfalfa field into which he can turn his stock.

Secretary Morris says that, although there are more cattle in Oklahoma than ever before, not a steer should be shipped out this fall to pasture elsewhere, but should be kept at home to eat the mammoth corn crop and products of the cotton oil mills. He believes that in this way the crops may be made to bring the greatest profits.

Between 500 and 700 head of cattle will be wintered in the vicinity of Alden, Kiowa county. The owners have made arrangements to feed at the cotton gin there, and will also create a market for feedstuff which the farmers have to sell.

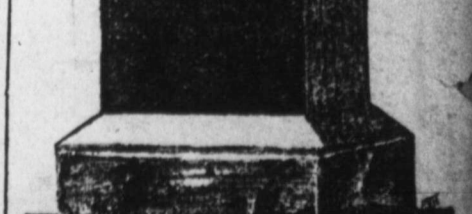
**DIDN'T HOLD 'EM OUT**  
Our sand-castle competition caused great excitement at Scarborough. The large photograph shows our first-prize cattle, and inserted in it are smaller pictures of the edifice which won the second prize and of the mayor and mayors of Scarborough, who assisted in judging. The mayors afterwards presented the prizes.—London (Eng.) Daily Mirror.

New York anti-tipping law makes it a punishable offense to accept a tip. Our sporting editor is willing to confess a heavy fine if he accepts any more like the last one he got from the barber on the third race at Saratoga.

The Swedish name for plumber is "Vattentändningsreparatör." The bill that must have room for all of that is, of course, a pretty big one.

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PORT WORTH, TEXAS.

Consolidation of the Texas Stockman-Journal with the West Texas Stockman-Journal...

Published every Tuesday by The Stockman Publishing Co., Incorporated.

Editor: H. C. McEACHIN.

Office of Publication: TELEGRAM COMPANY, Fort Worth, Texas.

Subscription Price: One Year in Advance \$1.50

Make all Remittances Payable and Address all Business Letters to THE STOCKMAN PUBLISHING CO., Fort Worth, Texas.

Entered as second-class matter, Jan. 3, 1910, at Postoffice at Fort Worth, Texas, under the act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas OFFICERS:

President—W. W. Turner, El Paso

First Vice Pres.—Ike T. Poirer, San Antonio

Second Vice Pres.—Richard Walsh, Paducah

Secretary—John T. Lytle, Fort Worth

Treasurer—S. B. Burnett, Fort Worth

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN

Fully appreciating the efforts put forth by the Stockman-Journal in furthering the interests of the cattle industry...

In general and the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas in particular, and believing that said Stockman-Journal is in all respects representative of the interests of its champions, and its management in its future wisely and discreetly champion the interests of the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas, do hereby...

Done by order of the Executive Committee, in the City of Fort Worth, this March 18, 1905.

TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVE

Colonel C. C. Poole is the duly authorized traveling representative of this paper, and as such has full authority to collect subscription accounts and contract advertising.

TEXAS STOCKMAN-JOURNAL

It is our aim not to admit into our advertising columns any but reliable advertisers, and we believe that all the advertisements in this paper are from responsible people. If subscribers find any of them to be otherwise, we will esteem it a favor if they will advise us. We accept no "fake" or "industrial" medical advertisements at any price. We intend to have a clean paper for clean advertisements. Our readers are asked to abstain from advertising in this journal when answering any advertisements in it.

THE CAUSE OF LOW PRICES

We doubt not that the stockman is just as unwise at times as any other class of men who are out in the cold world hustling for dollars, but the idea never before struck us that he was the whole cause of the low prices of cattle that have prevailed during the past three or four years. We had honestly thought that the big packing concerns of the country were it, but Editor McEachin of the Fort Worth Stockman-Journal has shown us otherwise. He has shown that the big packing concerns of the country were it, but Editor McEachin of the Fort Worth Stockman-Journal has shown us otherwise. He has shown that the big packing concerns of the country were it, but Editor McEachin of the Fort Worth Stockman-Journal has shown us otherwise.

comprehensively, and the Reporter man being in that unfortunate condition, it is not expected that he would or could see and comprehend like other people.

The fact that the Stockman-Journal is the official organ of the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas has always been more or less of a nightmare to this puny Arkansas product, but the fact that the Stockman-Journal has no further explanation for the Arkansas saw pliny that would question its actions. The Stockman-Journal speaks for itself in its every issue, and its position is known and appreciated by all those who are conversant with real conditions.

THE WINTER OUTLOOK

As a general thing, the reports that come from the Texas range country are quite encouraging as to the winter outlook for cattle. The past year has been a very favorable one from the very beginning. The fine rains which began in the winter, extended through the spring and summer, and only for a few days in the month of August, provided an abundance of stock water and made grass the best the range country has known for many years. While cattle have not in many instances had the benefit of early grass and began to take on fat much earlier than usual. The season last spring was about two months ahead of its customary appearance and cattle all over the range country have had advantage of that fact. Cattlemen from the heart of the range country say that conditions have just this year exceeded those that have prevailed for many years, and they are just simply delighted with the natural conditions prevailing at this time.

A leading ranchman in giving expression to his opinion on the winter outlook said the other day that grass was more plentiful on the range country now than he had seen it in twenty years. There had been rain enough to grow the grass, and the grass was practically until about the first of August, and the growth had been so good that even if there was a deficiency in the usual fall precipitation, there would be no serious shortage through the coming winter. He said there was grass enough on the range now to carry the cattle through in better shape than was the case in a number of preceding winters. He pointed to the fact that the condition of the range at this time. He said if there was no more rain to make winter grass, the cattle would decline in condition until late in December, and probably the first of January, if there was much open weather, and in that case they could be depended upon to pull through in good shape.

The range country, however, usually has abundant rains from the first to the fifteenth of September, and this affords ample time for making winter feed crops, and always insures late feed crops. There is complaint in some localities now of dry weather, and late feed crops do not present a very inviting appearance. But as soon as the September rains come, the feed crops will take on new life and yield an abundant harvest. The early feed crops were made and yielded immensely. It is probably doubly sure that feed already made and saved in West Texas to answer all the demands of the coming winter, but there is also a big late crop, which will only serve to make assurance doubly sure.

The matter of producing forage crops is a growing proposition out in the range country. Ranchmen have learned that the most profitable way of dealing with the hard winter months, or there will be losses sufficient to play havoc with the matter of profits on the operations of the year. The cattle are being raised on highly graded and selected stock, and the loss of a few head is a very serious matter. As long as the weather is open there is not much danger of any losses, as the range is generally sufficient to provide the animals with all the required sustenance. But when the bitter cold weather comes the situation is different. The cattle lie around the places where there is the best protection and decline in condition. A few hard cold snaps soon put them on the feeding list, and when feed has to be purchased it soon becomes a very expensive proposition. And every one who has been engaged in producing the most of the feed they require, however, and it is a most gratifying sign of the times. Plenty of feed means light losses in the winter months.

There are those who are coming to the front with the annual prediction of a very hard winter and a big die-up of cattle in consequence. These direful predictions are based on the fact that this winter, and come with such unvarying regularity as to indicate the prognosticators are not easily discouraged in their direful forebodings. They see only the winter months, and other, but evidently believe if they keep up the liek they will hit it after a while. There is nothing new that seems to indicate winter that will be any more severe than the one of our predecessor. Last winter was a very hard one, and the cattle loss was quite severe. According to expectations in such contingencies the coming winter will be better than the reverse. It is from the fact that we do not usually have two severe winters in succession in Texas. The last one was hard enough to answer for the one coming, and the better condition that is coming will be milder than usual.

At any rate, cattlemen generally seem well pleased with the outlook. They are not losing any sleep over the prospect of a hard winter, and an often seem of the opinion that no matter what the weather may be the country is going to be in such condition as to have nothing to really fear. Cattle are in better condition than for many years at this time of year.

ONE GREATER THAN HE

I take off my hat to the Missouri mule.

Why, there were enough mules in Missouri last year to have paid the whole \$15,000,000 originally given for the Louisiana purchase, and then to have paid the cost of the World's Fair recently held in St. Louis besides.

The Missouri mule is known the world over, and his fame is spread to the remotest corners of the globe. No nation on earth dares to go to war without first asking Missouri for a sufficient supply of mules. Battleships are built on the Missouri mule, and on the side of the Atlantic, but the Missouri mule grows only between the Mississippi river and the borders of Kansas.

At his best he is nineteen hands high and his mane is as long as the hair on my hat to the Missouri mule and stand at a respectful distance. The only animal with no ancestor of his own type and no hope of posterity of any kind, he maintains his independence in war and agriculture, and demands his price wherever men struggle for supremacy, whether in peace or war—representative Vandiver of Missouri.

The Missouri mule is great, but you had better be careful, Van, for there is one greater than he. There was a time when the Missouri mule was in vogue of all he surveyed and the invincible he rendered homage to him at a distance, but that was before the Texas mule got down to business. Texas has distanced Missouri in the production of this popular hybrid and has taken the first place as a mule producer. No other state in the union produces so many mules as Texas, and the Texas product is recognized the world over as the very best that can be produced. In comparison with the Texas mule, the Missouri product pales into utter insignificance. In fact, there is no more comparison between the Texas mule and his long eared Missouri prototype than there is between Texas and Missouri.

There was a time when the people of Texas did not take kindly to the production of mules. They seemed to regard it as an occupation somewhat beneath the dignity of a citizen of the Lone Star State, but a change has come over the spirit of their dreams and they have not hesitated to engage in the achievement of the other extreme. Texas is never content unless she is leading the procession, and when it comes to mules—why the Texas mule makes her Missouri relative look up to her as a No. 1. There is a rivalry about the mule as mule found in no other animal on the whole broad face of the earth. He has size, wind and bottom. He can load more weight than any other animal, and he does less feed and accomplish more work than any other animal. Thousands of Texas mules are strangers to corn. They are produced out on the western prairie, where the native grass constitutes their only diet until they are big enough to take their places in the industrial army of the world, and then they have to be introduced to grain as a diet. But their stamina of both their broncho and long-eared ancestry. They are able to stand all that can be imposed upon them and lift their voices in tuneful song when their day's labor has been accomplished.

The voice of the Texas mule is prodigious, and should the animals ever develop in consonance with their prodigious strength, they would constitute one of the modern wonders of the world. The Texas mule does not acquire the size of some of the ungainly animals produced in Missouri, but what he lacks in size he makes good in other desirable qualities. Never yet has the Texas mule failed to measure up to every requirement from a bucking contest to a star position on the lithe circus sides. And these Texas mules are imbued with the true Texas spirit. They often take the necessary steps to inspire the realization of the fact that they have heads of their own. They are as strong as Samson, usually as docile as lambs, but as independent as a hog on ice. The Texas mule is the real thing when it comes to mules, and he carries the mule business in Texas, and it is probable under such circumstances they will put up the best fight they can when the cases are brought to trial. It is intimated that the court may not be able to reach the cases until the first of January, but it is hoped this is a mistake. The stock interests of the country should be granted relief from the oppressions of the beef trust just as soon as possible.

The executive committee of the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas will hold its regular quarterly meeting at the offices of the association in this city next Monday. Secretary C. C. Poole only routine business will come up for consideration, but he will have a nice list of new members to report at this meeting. The association is growing right along, but not as fast as it should grow. Every cattleman in the state should become a member, for all are reaping the benefits that accrue from being in the most money.

There are some glittering opportunities yet existing in the mule business in Texas, and those who take advantage of them will make good money. The mule business is a business that can be equalled in no other direction, and ranchmen are making good money every year by raising large numbers of mule colts. The cost of production is comparatively small, and the animals simply run on the range until they are developed sufficiently for market, when they are gathered and marketed just as the cattle are marketed. And every one who has been engaged in the mule business is finding it easy money. It costs no more to produce a mule than it does to produce a steaming, and the mule will always bring the most money.

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THE FIRST SENSIBLE MOVEMENT

A serious and apparently formidable attempt to check the rapacity of the beef trust has been set on foot by independent butchers in New York city. They have opened a great abattoir which will supply 500 shops with fresh western beef. The plant will cost nearly \$2,000,000, and will handle immediately at least a tenth of all the beef that is marketed in New York city. The customers of the concern are its stockholders, and will manage the enterprise in direct competition with the trust. The latter now sends to the New York market 30,000 carcasses a week, while the new abattoir is 4,000 a week, which will be received from independent parties in the west.

Should the trust drop prices, as it probably will, the competition is felt, so that the rival company cannot profitably compete, the stockholders and customers of the latter will be allowed to buy from the trust. Whatever is saved by the operation is to be given to the benefit of the independent company, to aid it in future operations against the trust. The company will be aggressive in its fight. Its agents and buyers will be found in all the western markets, and independent dealers in live cattle will naturally be inclined to give the foe of the trust the preference, if it can be given without loss to themselves.

The purchasing public will heartily endorse the view of the president of the company which proposes to try conclusively with the best trust, that the food supply of the country suffers from the monopolized and cornered any more than its light, air and water. No housekeeper need be told that she is obliged to pay an exorbitant price for the beef trust for every pound of meat that she buys.

It is well enough to beseech the government to enforce the Sherman anti-trust law, to call on Hercules to smash the beef trust, but legal processes are too deliberate. The law moves with a leaden heel, if it does strike finally the demolishing blow. It is blantly said by trust magnates, who have crushed competition with the aid of capital, rebates and control over the means of distribution, that trusts will be disarmed in due time by an automatic process, that when trust prices reach a certain high-water mark, the trust will be invited and rivals will appear.

This automatic check, beautiful enough in theory, has been distressingly tardy in the realization. The independent butchers who have resolved to fight the insatiate trust deserve well of the New York public. The public everywhere can afford to make sacrifices to kill the trust, but it is no midsummer excitement. Ida Tarbell says of Standard Oil fits the beef trust like a glove.

"The Standard has been so long in this business of crushing heads independent efforts that it apparently has no more of the process than the gardener who snips off the extra buds from the rose tree." Philadelphia Ledger.

This new movement that has originated in New York is the first sensible procedure that has been inaugurated against the big packers who are alleged to have formed a combination to operate in restraint of trade. There has been almost every kind of a suggestion made, and various schemes have been concocted,

only to be abandoned, and the big packers have been left free to ply their vocation without hindrance or fear. It is the federal government is concerned. It is true the federal government seems to be lending unusual energy to an effort to bring the alleged combination within the pale of the law, but the Philadelphia paper says, the law moves in a very slow and methodical manner, and by the time it is ready to visit its displeasure upon the offender, other means have been devised and put in operation to circumvent it. If the big packers have been engaged in defying the law as alleged, they are going to find methods to continue in that direction in the future. They have the capital to back up their defiance of the law, and what they desire to do, and what they desire to do is usually a plenty so far as the producer and consumer are concerned.

The best method in the world for regulating and controlling the packers is through the medium of competition. They may control many things, but the wealth of the world is not one of them. If there is to be any competition, the packers must be made to make in the packing business that so many writers allege. There ought to be no great difficulty experienced in enlisting sufficient capital to put in opposition plants all over the country. Of course, the men now in control of the situation here are not expected to put up a big fight and squander a great deal of money in an effort to retain control of the situation, and put in operation to circumvent it. If the packers have been engaged in defying the law as alleged, they are going to find methods to continue in that direction in the future. They have the capital to back up their defiance of the law, and what they desire to do, and what they desire to do is usually a plenty so far as the producer and consumer are concerned.

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THAT ANCIENT LAW IS FULLY REVIEWED Iowa Authority Pays Its Respects to 28-Hour Law in Comprehensive Manner

Most of our readers are aware, perhaps some thirty years ago, apparently through the efforts of the humane societies, enacted a law which forbade stock from being held on trains without feed or water for a longer period than twenty-eight hours. It is not possible at this late date to say exactly what the law was. It was brought about the enactment of this law. Although ostensibly a humane measure, it is believed that it was enacted largely through the efforts of certain parties financially interested in patent stock cars, for the provision of the law permitted stock to be detained on the cars beyond this length of time provided there were certain facilities for feeding and watering them while in transit. However this may be, the law remained practically a dead letter until the last six or eight months, when the bureau of animal industry of the department of agriculture gave notice that in the future railroads would be expected to observe its provisions and enforce it.



getting a personal conference with Secretary Wilson in Chicago last week that they could see any daylight. On the subject of the twenty-eight-hour law Secretary Wilson said among other things that up to the present time no railroad had either been sued or fined for violating this law. He said it was evident that some of the inspectors of the department had been using poor judgment and talking too much; that so far as he was concerned he would never be party to any suit against a railroad for carrying stock beyond the twenty-eight-hour limit if it could be shown that unloading at an unsuitable time and place would cause more suffering and loss than to carry the stock on to a point where it could be properly handled. He said there was no law which could compel railroads to unload stock when there was no provision for taking care of it, and that it seemed to him the railroads were using the twenty-eight-hour law as a bugaboo to cover up their own shortcomings.

Secretary Wilson, of course, can not change the law. It is on the statute books, and must remain there until changed or repealed by congress. The stockmen understand this. The hopeful thing about the conference last week was the fact that they were able to get the ear of Secretary Wilson himself. Heretofore they have been compelled to deal entirely with the bureau of animal industry. Dr. Salmon, the head of this bureau, while an estimable gentleman and a veterinarian of the highest standing, has been laboring under a great disadvantage because of his lack of practical knowledge in handling live stock. It is especially unfortunate that before making and issuing rules and regulations concerning this traffic he has not consulted with the stockmen. Western stockmen a year ago or more appointed a committee for the special purpose of consulting with Dr. Salmon when Secretary Wilson is himself a practical stockman and his intention to give more personal attention to live stock matters in the future pleases the stockmen of the country very much. It is his ability and in his desire to safeguard their interests.

At the conference last week a committee consisting of three representatives of the stockmen and three of the railroads was appointed to outline a campaign looking toward modification or repeal of the twenty-eight-hour law at the next session of congress. As noted above, up to the present time this has not been a vitally important question to the Iowa shipper. Due diligence on the part of the railroads and Iowa stock in Chicago within the twenty-eight-hour limit. When the stock run becomes heavier, however, and weather conditions become unfavorable, the railroads, and especially those from the western part of the state, are quite likely to suffer severely, and it is to their interest that the law be repealed or the time extended to at least thirty-six hours.—Wallace Farmer.

ENFORCING CATTLE TAX ARDMORE I. T., Sept. 4.—J. B. Keiser, United States Indian agent, and members of the Indian police, were in the vicinity of Davis yesterday to enforce the collection of the cattle tax. From Bob Freeman, a prominent cattleman of that section, they collected a tax of \$250 on 200 head of cattle which he had recently purchased. The regular cattle tax is 25 cents per head, but Freeman had failed to make prompt payment a penalty of \$1 per head is charged. These cattle were purchased by Mr. Freeman, who did not doubt that the necessary tax had been paid, as soon as the transfer of the cattle was made the officials demanded the tax and the penalty of Mr. Freeman, who was compelled to make payment or see his cattle ejected from the territory. Mr. Freeman at once took the matter up with J. George Wright, United States Indian inspector.

THROUGH COLORADO AND UTAH The Denver and Rio Grande and the Rio Grande Western, with their numerous branches penetrating the Rockies, have two distinct and separate lines across the mountains. Tickets reading via "The Scenic Line of the World" and "The Great Salt Lake Route," between Denver and Salt Lake City or Ogden, are available either via the main line through Leadville, the Canon of the Grand river and Glenwood Springs, or via the line over Marshall Pass and through the Black Canon of the Gunnison. Tourists to and from Salt Lake City, Ogden or San Francisco will find it to their advantage to have their tickets read in both directions via this route, thus being able to use one of the above lines going and the other returning. Write S. K. Hooper, G. P. and T. A., Denver, Col., for illustrated pamphlets.

FINE RANCH FOR SALE—Twenty-two square miles, well fenced and watered; divided into five pastures; stocked with thoroughbred and high-grade cattle; nine miles from Fort Davis, Texas. H. M. Trueheart, Fort Davis, Texas.

BEEF TRUST CASES AGAIN POSTPONED Packers' Testimony Gets Further Stay of Trial Until September 16

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 5.—The government prosecution of the Chicago packers for alleged violation of the anti-trust laws was scheduled to begin today, but instead there was a delay. On motion of Attorney J. S. Miller, representing the packers, the hearing of the cases was postponed until Sept. 16.

MOODY IN CHICAGO CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—Acting upon direct instructions from President Roosevelt to allow no loophole through which the indicted beef packers might escape, Attorney General William H. Moody arrived in Chicago yesterday for the purpose of taking up in person the prosecutions scheduled to be called for hearing in the federal court this month.

During the afternoon he held a long conference with District Attorney Morrison and Assistant Attorney General Oliver Pagin. He would not give out the nature of the conference, but it was understood it dealt with the rumored intention of the packers to file motions to quash the indictments against them. "I am here for the purpose of conferring with District Attorney Morrison," admitted the attorney general at the Auditorium last night, "and I shall be here for several days. I shall go thoroughly into the matter of the prosecution as it appears from the government's standpoint and shall satisfy myself that everything is in proper shape for handling whatever move is made by the defendants."

"At the conference with Mr. Morrison and Mr. Pagin yesterday the matter was taken up in a general way. Of course, I cannot say what was done, as that would be informing the defendants, but I can say that only a general review of the matter was taken up. The details will be gone into later." But one month now remains before the opening of the fall term of the United States district court. Oct. 2, the first day of the term, is the first day on which action could be taken by either side. Subpoenas already have been issued calling upon the defendants to appear in court on that day and plead to the charges against them.

Should motions to quash the indictments be filed instead of pleas of not guilty, it will mean a delay of weeks, and probably months, and even should pleas of not guilty be entered the defendants would be entitled to a continuance of a reasonable length, and that would defer the final hearing until winter.

CONDITIONS IN MEXICO John R. Blocker reports ideal conditions on the redra Blanca ranch in Coahuila, in which he is interested. He met a herd of steers at Salinas last week which he had sold to packers from the city of Mexico, at which point they were weighed and delivered to the purchasers. "There are some disadvantages at present connected with the raising of cattle in Mexico, but there are advantages as well," said Mr. Blocker. "Saturday morning I saw several of the markets on this side of the river without considerable risk of inspectors finding a stray tick occasionally. The tick is as good as a million, whether he is a fever tick or not, in getting a head turned back. On the other hand, we have at present a more stable market than we have on this side. The packer and the stockman meet on a common ground. The level of prices is not so high as in the United States at times, but they do not get so low as they do over here. It is as good as the whole cowman in Mexico, provided he has the right kind of cattle and has due regard for the range and water in selecting his stock. It is not a bad plight by any means."—San Antonio Express.

RANGE NEEDS RAIN "A. A. Hufstader of Williamson county, a well known cattleman of that section, was talking with friends at the stock yards this week on his return from a trip to Collihan county. Mr. Hufstader has recently been over a large portion of Central Texas and he reports the outlook for cotton not promising in most localities. "It has not rained in some sections for nearly two months," said he, "and practically no rain has fallen in the territory between Austin and Baird for five or six weeks. Cotton is shedding badly and I believe the yield has been cut down fully one-fifth during the last two weeks. Around my home in Williamson county, much of the new crop is coming in and the girls are busy. Nobody seems to be holding high prices this year. There is quite a number of cattle in that section, but the supply is made up largely of yearling stock and there is very little stuff there that will be marketed."

NEW MEXICO CATTLEMAN SILVER CITY, N. M., Sept. 5.—A mass meeting of the cattlemen of the southwestern part of New Mexico was held in this city yesterday at the Morrill opera house. The meeting was the largest of its kind held here for years and showed that the stockmen of this section are thoroughly aroused over the fees that the government has recently charged for cattle grazing on the Gila forest reserve after Jan. 1.

Very strong resolutions were passed which will be presented to Chief Forester Gifford Pinchot, who will be in this section in the near future with the intention of looking into reserve matters. If this measure is not successful, a representative will be chosen and sent direct to Washington.

SOME EXPENSIVE HOGS VANDALIA, Ill., Sept. 2.—At a sale of thoroughbred Berkshire hogs, held at the Vandallia stock farm of the Council, near Vandalia, fifty hogs brought an av-

erage of \$109 per head, or a total of \$5,450 for the fifty head. Heretofore the highest average per head was \$107, made at a sale made by Colonel J. Lovejoy, at Roscoe, Ill., a few years ago.

RANGE REPORTS SHOW NEED OF MOISTURE Dry Conditions Indicated by Inspectors of Cattle Raisers' Association

Reports from cattle districts sent to Secretary John T. Lytle of the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association by inspectors indicate varied conditions of the range. It is shown that the weather is becoming dry and rain is badly needed. The movement of cattle the past week was light.

Conditions at different points are shown by the following reports: Clarendon—Conditions good; weather the past few days has been warm. Thirty-seven cars of cattle shipped to St. Joseph and Kansas City.

Carlsbad—Range good, getting dry. There was a rain Sept. 2. One car of cattle was shipped to Amarillo. Lawton—Condition of range and weather good. Victoria—Weather dry but range good. Showers fell Sept. 1. Twenty-three cars of cattle were shipped to Galveston and other places.

Allee—Good conditions; getting hot and dry. Five cars of cattle were shipped to Houston. Beville—Conditions of range and cattle good. Eleven cars of cattle were shipped to New Orleans and St. Louis. Fairfax—Cool and dry.

The range in Kansas is getting very dry; cattle are being moved on account of scarcity of water and bad ranges. Thirty-three cars of cattle were moved to Kansas City and St. Joseph. Ballart—Conditions of cattle, range and weather fine. SAN ANGELO—Conditions good; weather is threatening.

Wayne—Range good, big rain Sept. 2. Twenty-four cars of cattle were shipped to Kansas City and St. Joseph. Roswell—Range good, weather cloudy; need rain badly; everything dry. Labor, Kan.—Range good, fair weather, but threatening. Twenty-six cars of cattle shipped to Kansas City and St. Joseph.

Midland—Conditions good but getting dry; water short all over the plains country. Seven cars of cattle were shipped to Fort Worth. Carlsbad—Range good, warm and clear; showers on Sept. 2. Twenty-one cars of cattle were shipped to Fort Worth and Arizona.

Indian Creek, Tex., Aug. 5, 1905.—White Sanitarium, Dallas, Tex., Gentlemen: I have seen your treatment for whiskey and drug habit thoroughly tested, and pronounce it a wonderful success. It is a remedy without pain or the slightest injury. I thoroughly endorse your work. DR. A. E. CEARNAL.

Station A, Dallas, Tex.—Messrs. White Bros., Dallas, Tex.—Gentlemen: I have closely observed your treatment of whiskey and drug habits. It is safe, quick and efficient, and I endorse same. Very truly yours, W. D. EVANS, M. D.

Dallas, Tex., Aug. 25, 1905.—I have been a victim of the ruinous habit of morphine. It robbed me of my health, strength and happiness, and life for me had no charm. I came to White Sanitarium and in less than one week was a well and happy woman. The first dose destroyed all appetite for the drug, and I am now doing heavy housework, and life was never sweeter and brighter to me. I hope all sufferers will avail themselves of this wonderful cure. Yours truly, MRS. M. J. TROLLINGER.

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CATTLE HELD BACK ON CONCHO COUNTRY Present Conditions So Discouraging Producers are Waiting

SAN ANGELO, Texas, Sept. 4.—Present conditions in the Concho country are not of the kind that make the cowman wear his broadest smile. The reason is that his cattle are now ready to ship but the price of the best that ever came from West Texas and yet the market is so low that he cannot see his way clear to shipping cattle and selling them for less than they cost him to get into shape. On the other hand, the best made good money off of his forage crops and has some good range left, despite the fact that the dry weather has affected some of the best pasture fires have gotten other portions of it. The cattlemen are all determined to hold their fat cattle as long as they can and are in a position to keep them all winter, if absolutely necessary to get a fair market.

Grass Nearly Gone In most parts of the Concho country the grass is still fairly good, but will not last much longer unless rain comes. The spell at this time the year has a little more than it has ever before. The cattle are well taken care of for the ranchmen is a very narrow man who did not get into the habit of having a cow provide for just such a contingency with tanks and suitable means to water the stock. The last several weeks the wind has been so scant that most of the cattlemen have had to stay at home and see that the gasoline engines were pumping plenty of water. For a time they could get no water to water their stock when not in the past few weeks they have had preparation to take care of dry spells when the creeks and rivers will not supply the necessary water.

The plans for the fall live stock and agricultural exhibition to be held Nov. 1 to 18 are being carried out in a way that means a very successful carnival and exhibition. A list of the premiums has been prepared and it is a good one. Stockmen have expressed themselves as surprised that such liberality has been shown by the merchants and those contributing to the funds.

The general opinion prevails that the tempting list will bring exhibitors from all over the state and that as fine a lot of cattle will be shown as at any event held in this country. The ranchmen and stock raisers are taking a very great interest and have promised to do everything possible to make the affair what it should be.

Pasture Fires Troublesome Pasture fires that have several weeks ago given stockmen considerable concern and made them have several hard fights with the flames. The fires have started from various causes. Some of the largest tracts of grass destroyed. I was started by lightning during the storm of several weeks ago, while others are directly attributed to cowboys smoking cigars and carelessly dropping the stubs or lighted matches. Some of the fires have destroyed many sections and the loss is keenly felt by the ranchmen, owing to the dryness of the ranges at the present time.

One thing which gives the cowman considerable concern at the present time is the influx of settlers who are cutting up the large ranches and farming tracts. These people run the pastures a great deal smaller and usually plow up the very best tracts. Cotton is planted where the grass formerly grew and this takes from the cattle the best spots for grazing. The settlers from the other parts of the state who come here are always anxious to raise cotton. Cotton to them is the best crop that they can possibly raise and they are sure to get it. These settlers figure that if they can get a late to every four acres they are doing exceptionally well and that they can make a good thing out of it. This is the means for others to come here and they flock in at every chance they get and then, too, the real estate agents add them in coming. Some of the ranchmen welcome these settlers, while others dislike to have them about and especially the others. Nevertheless, the settlers continue to flock into the Texas country and this means any ranchman who offers a good price for his land will get a good price for it. If the price is anywhere near reasonable.

Mules in Demand For the past several weeks mule men from Alabama, Georgia, Tennessee and other states have been coming to the country for suitable yearling animals to ship to those states. These mules do not have a brand on them any place but on the jaw, for if they have the buyers do not want them. The West Texas mule is about the finest animal of his kind in the world and better prices are paid for him than the Missouri yearling brings. The buyers say that they have a market for all that they can secure. Several carloads have been shipped and more are to follow. Stockmen see in the raising of mules a good field and have started to pay a good deal more attention to the sturdy animals and less to cattle. The time is soon coming when the West Texas mule will outclass the Missouri mule so far that history alone will be able to mention that Missouri mule once famous for mules instead of Texas.

THE SILVER LINING There's never a day so sunny But a little cloud appears; There's never a life so happy But has its time of tears; Yet the sun shines on the brighter Whenever the tempest clears.

There's never a garden growing With roses in every plot; There's never a heart so hardened But it has one tender spot; We should never let the border To find the forget-me-not.

There's never a sun that rises But we know 'twill set at night; The tide that cleans in the morning At evening are just as bright; And the hour that is the sweetest Is between the dark and light.

There's never a dream so happy But the waking makes us sad; There's never a dream of sorrow But the waking makes us glad; We should never let our days With the troubles we have had.

Chamberlain's COLIC, CHOLERA AND Diarrhea Remedy. A few doses of this remedy will invariably cure an ordinary attack of diarrhea. It has been used in nine epidemics of dysentery with perfect success. It can always be depended upon, even in the more severe attacks of cramp colic and cholera morbus. It is equally successful for summer diarrhea and cholera infantum in children, and is the means of saving the lives of many children each year. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take. Every man of a family should keep this remedy in his home. Buy it now. It may save life. PRICE, 25c. LARGE SIZE, 50c.



Any Case of Alcoholic or Drug Addictions Cured Within Ten Days Without Pain or the Slightest Injury

If you have tried other remedies without success, and are told your case is incurable, then write us, and we will tell you of others who came to this institution in the same fix, and are now well, strong and happy, and for the good of humanity consent to be referred to. Our methods are not to be confounded with "Free Trial Samples," "Home Treatments," or like propositions, which are being daily exploited through various mediums. The physicians in charge have made a life-long study of these things, and have developed and perfected methods of eliminating the poisons from the system, correcting the nervous trouble, and permanently removing the morbid condition, and effecting a permanent cure. We make a more liberal proposition than any other institution, inasmuch as we propose to let you place our fee in any bank of the city, and we will take care of you at our Sanitarium, pay all of your necessary expenses and not require one cent of pay until you are soundly cured and ready to return home, and we will make you the SOLE JUDGE of your cure.

White Sanitarium, Dallas, Tex.—Gentlemen: Since I have been engaged in the practice of medicine, I have treated inebriety in various forms, whiskey and drug addictions; also I have investigated as fully as I could every cure offered the public for these addictions. I recommend yours as the best of any known to me. The effects are marvelous. Your patients suffer no inconvenience, and leave you rejoicing. Very truly yours, J. H. KEEVER, M. D.

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Mr. PIANO Buyer GIVE US YOUR ATTENTION. When you buy a Piano it is natural to suppose that you will purchase as good an instrument as your circumstances will permit; that you want a piano that costs the most to build, for the least possible price; a piano that will not only look well but will wear well. If you cannot pay cash you will prefer to avoid signing notes for installment payments and further you will prefer to deal with a house that will treat you liberally and kindly should you meet with misfortune. For forty years we have sold reliable pianos in Texas, giving easy payments without demanding notes, always giving the best of value. Write for catalogue 180. If you wish a bargain in a good piano that has been used, write for catalogue 182.

Thos. Goggan & Bro., Dallas, Galveston Austin Houston Waco San Antonio

White Sanitarium, Dallas, Texas WHERE SUMMER DAYS "HOTTEST" ARE FORGOTTEN JUST A SHORT TRIP via the COTTON BELT ROUTE Convenient Connections At All Junction Points To the Grand Lakes and Mountain Lakes NORTH and EAST—OLD STATES Quick Time—All New Wide Vestibuled Equipment and Excellent Train Service—Makes Your Trip Delightful and Pleasant All the Way. Summer Tourist Tickets on Sale Daily For full information regarding rates, schedules, etc. SEE COTTON BELT AGENT, OR WRITE Yours to Command, D. M. MORGAN, Traveling Passenger Agent, Fort Worth, Tex. GUS HOOVER, Traveling Passenger Agent, Waco, Tex. J. W. FLANAGAN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Tyler, Tex.

**KEITH FURNITURE**

Write for Keith's Furniture Catalogue No. 55F

Send free to intending purchasers. Contains 475 faithful illustrations showing the best choice of patterns on sale in 1905. We offer an enormous and varied stock of strictly reliable furniture.

We pay freight anywhere, guaranteeing safe arrival at your railroad station. Each and every piece is guaranteed to be exactly as described or money refunded.

The variety and quality we offer, our prepayment of freight, and our iron-clad guarantee of safe arrival, constitute an opportunity for reliable furniture investment not elsewhere obtainable.

Everything we sell is of the Keith quality, standard for more than 25 years; everything we sell is sold on the Keith principle—an earnest, careful and conscientious effort to please and satisfy in all particulars.

**Robert Keith**  
Furniture and Carpet Company,  
Dept. 55 Kansas City, Mo.

Dr. Ray, Osteopath, Fort Worth National Bank building, Fort Worth, Texas.

**HORSE STEALING THOUGHT ENDED**

Comanche County Authorities Believe They Have Broken Up Trouble-some Gang

LAWTON, Okla., Sept. 5.—With the arrest of George Brown recently at Wichita Falls, Texas, the Comanche county authorities believe they have broken up a bold gang of horse thieves that have been operating in this section for some time past. At one time recently five horses were stolen from this city. At the same time several were taken in other portions of the county. The thieves disappeared into Texas and Indian Territory and their capture has kept the authorities busy for several weeks.

Last year a gang of young rascals who resided in the Cache and Indian communities, laid a colossal plan for wholesale stealing in Texas, Oklahoma and New Mexico. Their plans were carefully laid and they had entered upon the first adventure when captured by the authorities and brought back to this city. One of them confessed and told in detail of their plans. Until recently this was the last horse stealing raid that has been attempted in the new country. Horse thieves have moved to greener fields in the last year. For two years after the opening thefts were exceedingly common and the officers and courts were kept busy looking after this brand of characters. But public sentiment became so strong that many

of them feared worse things than the justice of the law and vanished.

**RAIN IN PANHANDLE**

The weather report of the Denver Road received here this morning at 7 o'clock shows that it is cloudy from Texline to Fort Worth, with threats of rain at several places. Monday afternoon rain fell at several places along the Denver Road, among them Texline, Claude, Clarendon, Giles, Memphis, Childress, Quanah, Vernon and Dalhart. Cooler weather prevails all over north Texas today. At Texline the thermometer registered 62, Amarillo 67, Childress 67, Wichita Falls 60 and Fort Worth 60.

**WORMS IN SHEEP, GOATS AND PIGS**

WEST, Texas, Sept. 19, 1904. Mr. G. B. Bothwell, Breckenridge, Mo.

Dear Sir—Please send me another package of Vermifuge. It is the best remedy I have ever tried for sheep or goats.

W. J. DUFFEL, Prek. Sheep and Goat Breeders' Association of Texas.

It is just as good for pigs.

Mr. G. B. Bothwell, Breckenridge, Mo.

Dear Sir—If I had had your Vermifuge for Sheep earlier it would have saved me fully \$500 worth of sheep. I have fed it to over 500 lambs with the best results.

NEIL EBBESON. (Mention Stockman-Journal when answering ad.)

It is far easier for a rich man to say that he enjoys hard work than it is for a poor man to believe it.

**NOTICE**

To Whom It May Concern: We will permit any one to drive cattle to Bovina for shipment included within the following boundary lines, viz: Beginning at Texico and running south along the state line between New Mexico and Texas to the southwest corner of Bailey county; thence east along the south line of Bailey county to the west fence of the George Slaughter ranch; thence south and east along the fence of said ranch to the G. W. Littlefield pasture; thence south and east along this said ranch's south line to the southeast corner of the said ranch; thence east about eight miles to the southeast corner of the old Snyder ranch; thence north along the east line of said ranch and along the east line of the Elwood ranch to its northeast corner, thence west to the southeast corner of the north ranch of George Slaughter and along the east line and north line of said ranch to the east fence of the Spring Lake pasture of the William Haisell ranch; thence north and west along the old original line of the Capitol Syndicate ranch to the Pecos Valley railway. This really includes all of the territory on the south and east of Bovina that is properly tributary to it, and it is far from our purpose to be arbitrary or unneighborly in the matter, but we believe that this arrangement will demand of most of us all of the grass and water that we should fairly be called upon to devote to the purpose, and that the country east of this boundary is more properly tributary to Hereford and the country south and west of it to Fortales.

(Signed.)

JOS. FRAZIER, PHELPS WHITE, GEO. SLAUGHTER, W. E. HALSELL.

**MORE RAINFALL OCCURS IN STATE**

Panhandle Gets Good Share of Precipitation—Cooler Weather Prevails

Official statement of weather conditions as issued this morning is: "Rain is falling this morning at Omaha, North Platte, Concordia, Modena, Dodge City and Santa Fe. Thunderstorms occurred at El Paso, Modena, Grand Junction, Galveston and Norfolk.

"Heavy rains occurred at Galveston, 1.24, and El Paso, 1.58.

"Temperatures are somewhat below normal in most all portions of the country, except in the southwest. The cotton belt is partly cloudy to clear, and but little precipitation is noted.

"Texas is generally clear, except in the west portion, and on the Gulf coast."

Yesterday was comparatively a cool day throughout the country. At Phoenix, Ariz., in the region of extremely high temperatures in summer, a maximum of only 96 and a minimum of 76 degrees were noted. The greatest range of temperature was noted at Winnemucca and Huron, Mich., the first having a range of from 48 to 84 degrees, while the second showed from 44 to 72.

In Texas the day was remarkably cool, the temperature at Fort Worth being 85 highest and 62 lowest. At San Antonio the temperature ranged from 70 to 84, at El Paso from 64 to 84 and at Palestine from 62 to 84.

The highest wind was reported from Amarillo, being fourteen miles an hour.

Official forecast is as follows: Forecast until 7 p. m. Wednesday for Texas east of 100th meridian, issued at New Orleans:

"East Texas, north: Tonight increasing cloudiness, showers in west portion westerly except in extreme west; Wednesday showers.

"East Texas, south: Tonight and Wednesday, showers.

The man who claims to want but little here below may be listed as a police suspect.

**FREE Suit Case**

Whiskey Glass, Corkscrew & Five Full Quarts of OUR CHAMPION Whiskey for \$5.00 Express Prepaid.

Packed Securely. No Marks To Show Contents.

Take advantage of this remarkable offer today. It is made for a short time only for the purpose of adding new customers. Money must accompany order with this deal.

**Sam Freshman Liquor Co.**  
207-209 Elm St., Dallas, Texas

**THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS**  
DAVID F. HOUSTON, LL. D.

Coeducational. Tuition FREE. Matriculation fee \$30.00. (Payable in Academic and Engineering Departments in three annual installments). Annual expense \$150.00 and upward. Proper credit for work in other institutions.

Session opens October 2. Largest and best equipped Libraries, Laboratories, Natural History and Geological Collections, Men's and Women's Dormitories and Gymnasiums in Texas. Board of cost.

Academic Department: Courses of liberal study leading to degree of Bachelor of Arts, and courses leading to State Teachers' Certificates.

Engineering Department: Courses leading to degrees in Civil, Electrical, Mining and Sanitary Engineering.

Law Department: A three-year course leading to degree of Bachelor of Laws. Shorter special courses for specially equipped students.

For further information and catalogue, address WILSON WILLIAMS, Registrar, Austin.

**MEDICAL DEPARTMENT**  
Schools of Medicine, Pharmacy and Nursing. Session of eight months begins October 2. Four-year graded course in Medicine; two-year course in Pharmacy and Nursing. Laboratories thoroughly equipped for practical teaching. Exceptional clinical advantages in the John Sealy Hospital. University Hall provides comfortable home for women students of Medicine. For further information and catalogue, address DR. W. S. CARTER, Dean, Galveston.

**AUSTIN MALE ACADEMY, AUSTIN, TEXAS**  
PREPARES FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS.  
Summer session opens July 31, regular session Sept. 25.  
J. STANLEY FORD, Principal.

**The Texas Baptist University**  
FOR YOUNG MEN AND YOUNG WOMEN  
Dallas (Oak Cliff), Texas. JAMES R. PENTUFF, Ph. D., D. D., President.

**Ready for Work in September**

The new institution absorbs Patton Seminary, which becomes Patton Hall for Young Ladies; more room added; the experienced faculty has been secured, representing the University of Chicago, Johns Hopkins, Harvard and other good universities and colleges. High standard of study, leading to the regular bachelors' degrees, A. B., B. S. and Ph. D. The university fitting school enters to the freshman class, Bible school, art, elocution, business courses and THE UNIVERSITY CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, under the personal direction of Professor Richard P. Conrad, musical director of the famous Kullak's Conservatory, Berlin, Germany. Location ideal, advantages excellent, terms reasonable. For full information write at once to the president or to Secretary A. S. LAIRD, Oak Cliff, Dallas, Texas.

**Texas Female Seminary**  
And Conservatory of Music and Art

located in Weatherford, Texas, one of the most beautiful and healthful cities in the southwest. Large campus, beautiful grounds for all outdoor sports, part of campus covered with trees. Most beautiful and healthful location for young ladies' school in the state. Plenty of good water, modern buildings, nicely furnished and heated by steam. Faculty of experienced teachers. Prof. A. G. Reiser, director of Music. Rates reasonable as can be made for advantages given. School begins Sept. 5, 1905. For catalogue or other information, address, Box A. ALFONSO L. GROVES, President.

**MRS. THOMSON'S PRIVATE SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.**  
Day Pupils and Boarders. Opens Sept. 15, 1905. Fort Worth, Texas. Number of pupils limited. Classes small. Individual work emphasized. Thoroughness the aim. Teachers University Graduates. Collegiate, Preparatory and Primary Courses of study. Excellent advantages in music, art and oratory. Delightful home, handsomely furnished. If the early education of a girl has been unsatisfactory, it should be remedied at once, and this school gives special attention to deficient pupils. Early application should be made to secure accommodation. For circular address Mrs. E. Thomson, Ph. D., Principal, 301 Hemphill Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

**THE TEXAS DENTAL COLLEGE**  
Houston, Texas

Has a faculty of twenty-seven professors and instructors, all of whom are of recognized ability by the dental profession in this state. A building fitted and furnished with all of the latest and most modern appliances for the thorough instruction of its students in dentistry. For catalogue and other information, address the Secretary, Chas. H. Edge, Houston, Texas.

**THE STATE DENTAL COLLEGE**  
OF DALLAS, TEXAS.  
(Chartered under the laws of Texas.)

Offers unsurpassed advantages to those contemplating the study of Dentistry. Gives a graded course extending over a period of three years, and conforms to all the rules of the National Association of Dental Faculties and the National Association of Dental Examiners. Full corps of teachers, demonstrators and clinical instructors. For information address THE STATE DENTAL COLLEGE, 303-4 Juanita Building, Dallas, Texas.

**THE BINGHAM SCHOOL**  
115th Year  
Asheville Plateau, MILITARY. Forty-nine (49) Texas boys during 112th year. Spanish Speaking Teacher. \$130 per Half Term.  
COL. R. BINGHAM, Supt., R. F. D. No. 4, Asheville, N. C.

**Southern Horological Institute.**  
253 Main Street, Dallas, Texas.

The only technical school for Watchmakers, Jewelers and Engravers in the South. Our graduates earn from \$20 to \$40 per week. Write for particulars.

**LEARN TELEGRAPHY AND RAILROAD ACCOUNTING**—\$50 to \$100 per month salary assured our graduates under bond. You don't pay us until you have a position. Largest system of telegraph schools in America. Indorsed by all railway officials. Operators always in demand. Ladies also admitted. Write for catalogue.

**MORSE SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY,** Cincinnati, Ohio; Buffalo, N. Y.; Atlanta, Ga.; La Crosse, Wis.; Texarkana, Texas; San Francisco, Cal.

**LAND AS GOOD AS YOURS**  
For Sale at \$4 to \$8 Per Acre on Easy Terms.

The well known lands of the Loving Cattle Company are being sub-divided and sold out. Fuel near by and plentiful; good water near the surface; Graham, a fine market close by, for what you raise. Let me tell you about it.

PHIL A. AUER, G. P. A., Rock Island Ry., Fort Worth, Texas.

**FIFTY CENTS A YEAR IN ADVANCE**

Every reader of The Texas Stockman-Journal can have a weekly newspaper—The Fort Worth Telegram—an entire year, 52 issues, each issue a complete compendium of the day's news with stories, departments for the home and the young people, for fifty cents a year in advance. Send for samples

**FIFTY CENTS A YEAR IN ADVANCE**

**Corn Belt Feeders**

Each year the bond between the southwestern stockman and the feeders of the corn belt, especially of the states of Illinois, Missouri and Iowa, is becoming closer. A good many feeders in the states named last year for the first time purchased calves from the Texas ranges, and their experience has been so satisfactory that this trade will undoubtedly assume large proportions in the next two or three years, not only for calves, but for yearlings and 2-year-olds as well.

For this reason it is to the advantage of the Texas and southwestern stockmen to get in closest possible touch with the men who finish their best stuff in the feed lots of the Mississippi valley. Believing in this so thoroughly, we have made an arrangement with the publishers of Wallace's Farmer, the leading agricultural and live stock paper west of the Mississippi river, by which we are enabled to offer The Stockman-Journal and Wallace's Farmer, both one year for only \$1.50, or we can send both from the date the subscription is received until Jan. 1 next at the especially low rate of 85 cents.

Wallace's Farmer has probably done more for the live stock interests in the matter of railroad rate legislation than all other agricultural papers combined. It was its editor, Henry Wallace, who forced Congressman Hepburn, chairman of the interstate commerce committee in the house of representatives, to finally come out squarely on the stockman's side. We feel, therefore, that we are doing our readers a service in giving them this opportunity to secure Wallace's Farmer in connection with The Stockman-Journal.

**BUSINESS EDUCATION**  
—135—  
SCHOLARSHIPS FREE

Clip this notice and present or send to **DRAUGHON'S PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE** Fort Worth, Austin, Waco, Denison, Oklahoma City or San Antonio and receive booklet containing almost 100 misspelled words explaining that we give, ABSOLUTELY FREE, 135 scholarships for PERSONAL instruction or HOME STUDY to those finding most misspelled words in the booklet. Most instructive contest ever conducted. Booklet contains letters from bankers and business men giving reasons why you should attend D. P. B. C. Those who fail to get free scholarship will, as explained in booklet, get 10 cents for each misspelled word found. Let us tell you all about our educational contest and our **GREAT SUMMER DISCOUNT** (Clip from Texas Stockman-Journal, Fort Worth)

**ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY**  
Sherman, Texas.

Will open the first Monday in September (Sept. 4). A boarding school for young ladies. The course of studies embraces all the branches of a solid and refined education. Large, light, well ventilated class rooms, spacious play grounds, gymnasium, music hall and sleeping apartments. For further information address, SISTERS OF ST. MARY.

**NELSON & DRAUGHON College BUSINESS**

Fort Worth, Texas, guarantees to teach you bookkeeping and banking in from eight to ten weeks, and shorthand in as short a time as any first-class college. Positions secured, or money refunded. Notes accepted for tuition. For catalogue address J. W. Draughon, president, Sixth and Main streets, Fort Worth, Texas.

FORT WORTH MARKET

Complete and Accurate Report of the Business Done in All Classes of Stock in This City

LIVE STOCK REVIEW

Cattle, hogs and sheep have shown increases this week compared with last week... Total receipts for the week: Cattle and calves, 15,699; hogs, 7,000; sheep, 1,699; horses and mules, 96.

TOPS BEING \$4.50, WITH THE BULK AT \$4.25@

The hog supply was close to 800 head, all from Texas except two loads. The quality was hardly as good as yesterday, and buyers were not bidding with any great amount of animation.

WEDNESDAY'S REVIEW AND SALES

Receipts of cattle today were around 2,000 head, making the total for the first half of the week 3,232. This is almost identical with the figures for the first three days of last week—3,397.

STEERS

Receipts of steers were in the main only grassers, or at the best, a few loads of cake-fed animals. Those showing killing quality won in favor with packers and butchers and sold readily at steady prices.

MONDAY'S REVIEW AND SALES

Receipts of cattle on Monday were liberal, 3,316 head, including calves. Steers were but a small part of the total run, and nothing choice in the pens.

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Butcher cows were good and plenty, though the quality was not very good. City butchers were looking over the pens for feeding good and packers were active buyers.

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Table with 4 columns: No., Ave. Price, No., Ave. Price. Lists various stock prices.

HOGS

The hog supply was large, but actual killing swine were few, the heavy end of the run being stockers. The quality was not up to packing requirements.

PIGS

One double of fat wethers came in early from southern Texas, showing good quality and fair weight. They all sold steady at \$4.75.

SATURDAY'S REVIEW AND SALES

Receipts of cattle today were liberal for the last day of the market, though not equal in volume to other days of the week.

STEERS

The steer run was so small as to be almost a minus quantity. However, two loads of feeder stuff finally sold at \$2.65.

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THE LEADING BREEDERS OF THE SOUTH-WEST. Advertisement for breeders with illustrations of animals and a portrait of a man.

B. N. AYCOCK, Breeder of Hereford Cattle. MIDLAND, TEXAS.

LONE STAR HERD. Scharbauer Bros., Midland, Texas. Registered Hereford cattle.

W. S. and J. B. IKARD. Registered and Graded Hereford Cattle. Henrietta, Texas.

Calves For Sale. From 1000 to 1500 high grade Hereford and Shorthorn calves.

C. T. DeGraffenried. HEREFORD BREEDER. BOTH SEXES FOR SALE. CANYON, TEXAS.

W. G. LOW. BROWNWOOD, TEX. Breeder of Registered Hereford Cattle and Poland-China Swine.

R. C. Burns. Breeder of registered Hereford Cattle. Both sexes for sale at prices to suit the times.

John R. Lewis. Sweetwater, Texas. Hereford cattle for sale. Choice young registered bulls and high grades of both sexes on hand at all times.

Hereford Cattle. Registered and pure-bred non-registered at a bargain.

\$300,000 IN POULTRY. Do you know that the government census of 1906 gives the value of the poultry produced in that year at very nearly \$300,000,000?

THE W. H. POMEROY COMPANY. Successors to Pomeroy & Handley, "The Old Reliable."

STILL DOING BUSINESS AT THE SAME OLD PLACE. THE NATIONAL STOCK YARDS, ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

WOOD & CO., Men's Practical Hatters, 710 Houston, Fort Worth, Texas.

HEREFORDS. V. WISS. Breeder of pure-bred Hereford cattle. (Ranch in Goliad county, Texas).

HEREFORD BULL AND HEIFER CALVES. We will have this season about 300 full-blood Hereford calves for sale.

ABERDEEN ANGUS. ABERDEEN ANGUS CATTLE. A choice herd of 80 head, all Immunes.

ABERDEEN-ANGUS STOCK FARM. Breeder of registered and high-grade Aberdeen-Angus Cattle.

SHORTHORNS. W. M. & W. W. HUDSON, Galveston, Texas. Exclusive breeders of registered Shorthorn cattle.

RED POLLED. RED POLLED CATTLE—Breeder of registered Red Polled Cattle.

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MISCELLANEOUS. ROYALLY BRED POLAND-CHINAS—All ages. Descendants of my \$1,515 sow.

BELLEVUE STOCK FARM, Geo. B. Root, Proprietor. "The Texas Home of Halls and Hamiltonians."

B. C. RIOME, Fort Worth, Texas. Hereford Cattle, Shropshire sheep, Berkshire hogs.

DURHAM PARK STOCK FARM—Shorthorns, English Berkshire, Angora Goats, White Wyandotte, high-class pure-bred stock.

NOTICE STOCKMEN—About 300 high-grade Hereford and Shorthorn cattle for sale.

POULTRY. BEST POULTRY PAPER—Sixteenth year, 26 to 113 pages, beautifully illustrated.

SPECIAL NOTICES. FARMERS AND RANCHES FOR SALE—Four-section ranch with five miles of Amarillo creek.

FOR SALE—400 Angora goats, 300 fifteen-sixteen bred, 100 three-four bred.

FOR SALE—Four registered Shropshire bucks, two 1-year, two 2-year old.

FOR SALE—Wet cat and fox hounds. A. W. Primm, Primm, Tex.

Yes, the world may owe you a living, but you will starve to death if you sit down and wait for it to come around.

OFFICERS RESIGN. Chief of Police J. H. Maddox announced yesterday that John Taggart, who has been driver of the police patrol.

WOOD & CO., Men's Practical Hatters, 710 Houston, Fort Worth, Texas.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. Eleven section ranch, with cattle, near San Angelo, Texas.

A PRACTICAL stockman who knows a good ranch when he sees it will be highly pleased with one we are offering.

I HAVE 150 well-bred Poland and Berkshire hogs, in fine condition.

NOTICE STOCKMEN—About 300 high-grade Hereford and Shorthorn cattle for sale.

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