



# THE TEXAS STOCKMAN JOURNAL

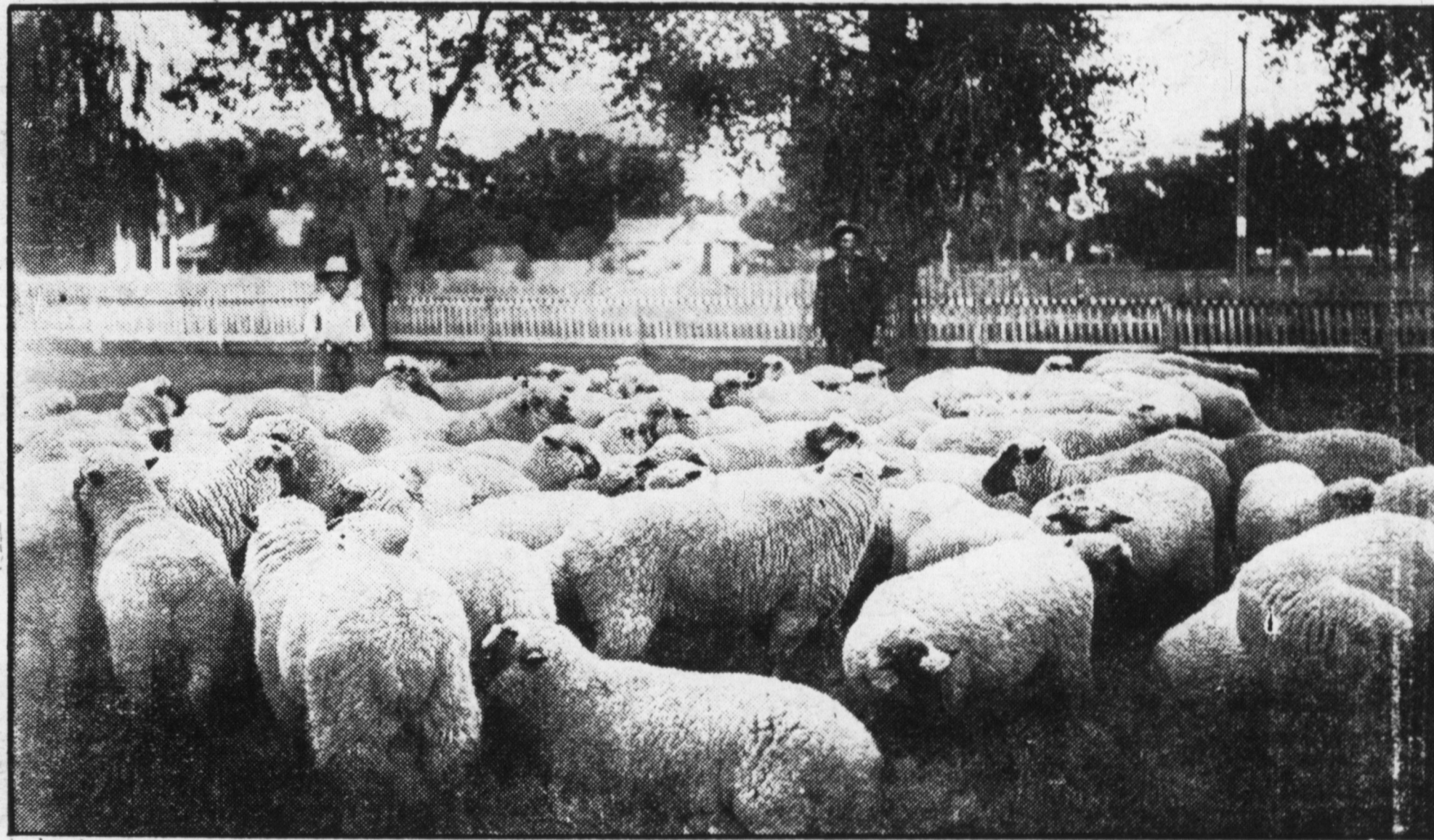
VOL. 27

FORT WORTH, TEXAS, OCTOBER 2, 1907

NO. 19

## A FINE BUNCH OF BUCKS

Kansas Historical Society  
TOPEKA, KANS.



Owned By Elza White, Roswell, New Mexico



## FARMERS AND BANKERS AID

Anderson County Will Fight  
for 15-Cent Cotton

## BUSINESS MEN AID

Strong Resolutions Adopted at  
Palestine Mass Meeting—  
Borrow and Hold Crop

PALESTINE, Texas, Oct. 1.—There was held at the court house yesterday a mass meeting of farmers and business men, at which the cotton situation was discussed and resolution adopted for the guidance of the cotton growers.

The meeting was called to order by John Q. Adams, chairman of the Farmers' Warehouse Association.

Joe A. Johnson of Cayuga delivered an address, after which J. H. Delaney, J. J. O'Neill, W. E. Williams, Lucius Gooch and H. Horwitz were appointed a committee to draft resolutions embodying the decision to stand pat on 15-cent cotton. The following resolution was prepared, which was adopted:

"Resolved, That we, the members of a mass meeting, called to meet in the court house in Palestine, hereby pledge ourselves to the following:

"First—That we, the cotton growers of Anderson county, hereby pledge ourselves to hold our cotton and cotton seed for the minimum price set by the Farmers' Union and the Southern Cotton Association; that is to say, 15 cents for our cotton and \$20 per ton for our cotton seed.

"Second—That all bankers, merchants, professional men and others are hereby requested to use their influence to help the farmers in the pursuit of their plan, by their advice, financial assistance and otherwise.

"Third—That we realize the great benefit to be derived from a suitable place in which to store our cotton from the inclemency of the weather, and hereby ask every farmer and cotton grower in Anderson county to give his cordial support to the warehouse situated in Palestine, which has been erected and is being maintained at a great expense, and which cannot be successful without the help of all. We also ask the support and co-operation of all merchants and friends of the farmers.

"Fourth—That copies of these resolutions be given to the papers of Palestine and to the leading papers of the state."

## HOLDING ALTO COTTON

Farmers Hear Addresses From Officials of Organization

ALTO, Texas, Oct. 1.—The Farmers' Union of this county met here yesterday and had a picnic and public speaking. Several of the state lecturers were here and made good talks to hold

## TRANSFORMATIONS

Curious Results When Coffee Drinking Is Abandoned

It is almost as hard for an old coffee toper to quit the use of coffee as it is for a whisky or tobacco fiend to break off, except that the coffee user can quit coffee and take up Postum without any feeling of a loss of the morning beverage, for when Postum is well boiled and served with cream, it is really better in point of flavor than most of the coffee served nowadays, and to the taste of the connoisseur it is like the flavor of fine, mild Java.

A great transformation takes place in the body within ten days or two weeks after coffee is left off and Postum used, for the reason that the poison to the nerves—caffeine—has been discontinued and in its place is taken a liquid food that contains the most powerful elements of nourishment.

It is easy to make this test and prove these statements by changing from coffee to Postum. Read "The Road to Wellville" in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

son warehouse at this place will be completed this week. There are already stored in it 200 bales of cotton. About seven-eighths per cent is being held at this place. There have only been eight bales shipped from here this season, and Alto has received over 300 bales. The cotton crop in this section is very short, will not make more than one-third of a crop and the best part of that is already gathered.

## INDIAN TERRITORY DRY

Stockmen Need Water for Cattle On Ranges

PARIS, Texas, Oct. 1.—The reports from Indian Territory concerning dry weather are discouraging to the stockmen of that section. There has been no rain for several months, not even enough for water for the cattle on the ranges, and those who are pasturing steers on the grass are using tank water.

## Paris Warehouse Opens

PARIS, Teas, Oct. 1.—The Farmers' Union warehouse has opened for business in Paris. The union did not erect a building or platform of its own, but leased the old warehouse formerly used by the Paris Loan and Trust Company.

## Drouth at Elgin

ELGIN, Texas, Oct. 1.—The hot, dry weather continues and much complaint is heard throuth the country. Stock water is becoming scarce.

The pecan crop is the largest ever grown here. Large shipments are being arranged.

## TATUM CITIZENS RENEW BATTLE

Matt Ogden Shot and Is in  
Critical Condition

MARSHALL, Texas, Oct. 1.—As an outcome of the trouble at Tatum last Saturday night, in which W. T. Hemby, cashier of the State Bank of that place, was shot by Sam Helveston, Matt Ogden, a saloon keeper, was shot Monday by Jim Tatum.

A fight was engaged in between Willis Menefee and Dr. Tatum and Helveston and Hemby, the latter receiving a shot wound, from which he died yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock. Monday morning Ogden advised Menefee not to attend Hemby's funeral, as further trouble might be precipitated, and as they separated it is said Dr. Tatum and son, Jim, came out of their store and opened fire on the men.

Ogden was conveyed to Shreveport and is in a critical condition. The Tatums were arrested.

## BOY SHOT AND KILLED

BASTROP, Texas, Oct. 1.—Particulars of the shooting, about five miles north of Elgin, received here today from Constable Guy Wallace, tell of the killing of John Puckett, 17 years of age. It is said that Puckett and another person had been in a watermelon patch.

Ten or fifteen shots were fired from a Winchester.

W. Hassell, a farmer, waived examination in connection with the affair and was placed under a bond of \$500.

## REVIVAL IN RINK

SAN ANGELO, Texas, Oct. 1.—In order to accommodate the vast throngs attending the Methodist meeting here, conducted by Evangelist J. E. Brown, services are being held in the Riverside skating rink.

## Weekly Weather Report

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The summary of the government weather report for the past week gives a mean temperature above normal except over North Carolina, Tennessee, eastern Arkansas and the northern portion of Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina, where there was a deficiency of about two degrees.

The greatest excess was 4 to 9 degrees over the interior of Texas. Heavy rains are reported from the Carolinas, Florida, Georgia, the southern portion of Alabama, Mississippi and southwestern Texas.

No rain fell over a greater portion of Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas and the northern portion of Louisiana and Mississippi.

More than four inches of rain is reported from several sections in the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida.



## Simpson-Eddystone Black & Whites

Dress-making requires a great deal of time and work; and flimsy material will not do.

Simpson-Eddystone Prints are substantial in quality with patterns of exceeding beauty that do not fade.

Some designs have a new silk finish.

Ask your dealer for Simpson-Eddystone Black-and-Whites

Three generations of Simpsons have made Simpson Prints.

The Eddystone Mfg. Co. (Sole Makers) Philadelphia.



## Stallions all the Time

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## Oltmanns Brothers

J. A. HILL, Manager

WATSEKA, ILL. LEER, GERMANY. FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

## CYPRESS TANKS

The old reliable and famous Mandry Tanks are known all over Texas to be the best and cheapest in the market. Write for prices and information.

GEO. MANDRY

Austin and Hays Streets.

San Antonio, Texas.

## ODDITIES IN THE NEWS

### ALL OVER THE WORLD

August Lungstras of St. Louis, desiring to show his divorced wife how much he missed her, went to her boarding house and posed as a dog.

He got down on all fours, barked, howled, snapped and pranced. Instead of recognizing his woe the ex-wife remarked:

"What a lovely sight! I wish the policeman on this beat could see it. Just call him."

While August was hopping about and butting his head against a tree the policeman came.

In court yesterday the man was fined \$5. August is sane.

### Tore Gem From Woman's Ear

A piece of stone hurled by a blast struck the ear of Mrs. Joseph H. Brown while she was standing on the station platform of the New Haven railroad at Bartow, N. Y., last evening and carried away a part of her ear with an earring worth \$125.

Mrs. Brown is the wife of a clerk in the county court house and lives at No. 726 East Two Hundred and Twentieth street. She had been visiting at City Island and was waiting for a train home when the blast was fired.

### Raise Pay Over His Veto

Mayor N. P. Avery of Holyoke, Mass., will have to accept an increase of salary from his city or go into court to keep his wages down.

The Holyoke aldermen passed, over the mayor's veto, an ordinance raising his salary \$500 a year. Mayor Avery insisted when he tried to kill the measure a few weeks ago that the city needed the money worse than he did.

The aldermen wouldn't have it that way and will force him to accept the increase, which dates from the first of the year.

### Ills of Railroad Men Increase

Manifold mental and nervous disorders beset railroad men, according to Dr. Platschek, lecturing before the World Congress of Hygiene and Demography last evening in Berlin.

Every year the number of railroad employes afflicted with various diseases due to their employment increases, the doctor says.

Among the disorders mentioned are loss of memory, lack of judgment, weakness of intellect, paralysis, melancholia, and about all the nervous affections known to physicians. Dr.

Platschek pointed out that these ailments come from the dangerous and difficult duties of railway workers.

### Sued for Refusing to Marry

Jasper Smith, a capitalist of Atlanta, Ga., sued his son Thurmond to recover valuable property given to the young man on condition that "he would marry and have heirs."

The case was heard yesterday, and the jury found in favor of the father without leaving the box.

"I gave my son four years in which to marry and have heirs," testified Smith, "and gave him the property in question on those conditions. He is still single."

### Snails Torment Pittsburg

Snails four inches long are overrunning the Thirteenth ward of Pittsburg, and the residents have appealed to the board of health to do something.

The snails are known as the hog-faced kind. They come from China, and how they got to Pittsburg is a mystery.

Several persons have been awakened by the pests crawling over them in bed.

Dr. J. F. Edwards of the bureau of health will take action to suppress the snails.

### In 24 Hours Has Three Mayors

Three mayors in twenty-four hours was the unusual record of official changes made at Paterson, N. J., occasioned by the death of Mayor John Johnson. When the mayor became ill on Monday, and ceased to act in his official capacity, Bernard J. Roggiere, president of the board of aldermen, took up the reins.

Mayor Johnson died on Tuesday, and then it was found that the president of the board of finance was, under the law, the man to perform his duties.

William Berdan was in consequence sworn in.

### Wool Men to Meet

HELENA, Mont., Oct. 1.—The policy of the government regarding the public lands of the west and the administration of the forest service are among the important matters to be taken up by the wool growers of Montana at their second annual meeting, opening here tomorrow. The attraction offered by the state fair and the prosperity of sheepmen this year is expected to result in a full attendance of members.

# FARMING

J. T. Abrams has a farm of five and a half acres in Riverside and on it raises all kinds of vegetables and besides this has fine fruit and grapes. He takes great pride in his success with his fruit and berries and in most years has success with all varieties.

"Peaches did not do very well this year," said he, "owing to the late frost, but then when anyone has a variety of stuff and does not rely upon any one crop he can't lose out entirely in this country. The Austin dewberry that I have accepted as the best variety has brought me in this year \$100 and my plums \$33.50, besides other things that add to the total a considerable amount. Then you see our living costs mighty little when most everything is raised on the place. Here is a small basket of grapes of the Herbeumont variety, which is the second crop off of the same vine this year. They are very good and are plump and sweet. When I found that the vines were bound to bear a second time I made up my mind that a little more sun would be beneficial, so in I went and pruned around and the result was as is evident by these specimens, a second crop of good grapes."

"We are all right over our way in most things, but the most heartily wished for thing in the whole business with all of us is a street car service. We are bound to have one some way or other, and if we cannot get one company to build we will keep trying others until we do get one. We have a pretty large population and it is not right for us to be deprived of car service to and from Fort Worth and our home."

J. L. Weaver is a live stockman from Kiowa, I. T., which section is located a few miles below McAlester in the coal region. It is a cattle country yet, the condition of the country not being as favorable as other parts of the territory for farming operations.

"It has not rained up with us for about three months, except for a shower, and in consequence we are dry," said Mr. Weaver. "The shower that we had, not long ago, helped the grass but not water. Our grass is very good and what cattle that are in the country are in very good shape. Nothing of consequence in the cattle line is every shipped to Fort Worth, but all goes north. Some hogs come this way, but the hog has not been bred up to any extent and runs out. There is a plentiful crop of acorns this fall and this will help the hogs. There is plenty of pasture land, as all the coal lands have been segregated by Uncle Sam, and are open. There is some little short cane on the creeks but it has been burnt out and destroyed in various ways so that it is nothing like what it used to be."

G. Dudley of Hico came on the market with three cars of steers, mostly black polled Angus.

"I am engaged," he said, "in stock farming. I raise black polled cattle, the Angus. Stock are in mighty poor condition now. It has been dry a long time and there is no grass to speak of. Cotton down our way is short, very short; six acres to a bale will be the probable outcome. Corn made a fair crop, and there is some feed stuffs besides. Despite this condition, however, the people are all right and much better able to stand a drouth now than they were a few years ago, when cotton was down to 5c."

W. T. Wilson of Denton county lives at or near Aubrey. He was on the market the past week. In conversation with a reporter, he said:

"Up with us it is dry and cotton is not much. We had a rain last Sunday and again another day; showers only; not enough to more than lay the dust. One-sixth of a bale to the acre will be about the average in the county this year. Our grass is good. There is plenty of crab grass; ours is a sandy land and that kind of grass does well. I raise stock, but am paying most attention to hogs. I have cut and baled forty acres of peas and got about an average of one ton of good pea hay to the acre. Cut it peas and all, I have grazed my hogs on the field since I cut the hay. I have another thirty-five acres in peas for the hogs. Watermelons did well this year; one man sold \$150 worth off of one acre."

J. W. Lemons of the Grapevine country was in the city during past week to have an operation performed upon his hand.

"It has been dry with us," he said, in commenting on conditions in his section "But we got the rain, or part of it at least that Fort Worth got Saturday. It was a benefit to the feelings of the people, but did not particu-

yield on an average a ~~50~~ <sup>50</sup> bushels per acre, or one bale to four acres. The rain of course freshened up the trees, weeds and grass so that everything looks better, and it will increase the chances for the stock to shape up before frost."

Captain D. T. Finley is in the city from his farms near Benbrook, where he has been looking over the situation. The captain, in addition to his farming interests, holds contracts on the railroads and has just finished one with the Gould Mineral Wells proposition.

"Cotton will probably yield about a bale to six acres," said the captain, "and that is about the average all over that part of Tarrant county, and also of Parker. Grass is very fair, having been refreshed a good deal by the recent rains. We got the Saturday rain that fell in Fort Worth. The corn crop was fairly good this year. While things are dry and not up to the last year's condition, still I have seen them a great deal worse."

"I was out at my farm that my son Ned is managing last Sunday evening, but did not see much myself, as it was about dark when I arrived and 6 o'clock in the morning when I left," said Major Van Zandt. "From my son I learned that the stock were all doing well and that the showers had helped some. The old negro on the place who has planted cotton all of his life, and this year has in about twenty-five acres, said that he would get six or eight bales, which would be a quarter of a bale to the acre. My son and I have concluded that it will be best to use a lot of woven wire on the place and go into the hog raising business. We can raise peas, etc., in quantities and can have good pastures from Bermuda. Ned raised a lot of black-eyed peas this year which were very fine, but he was unable to sell to the local merchants, all saying that 'we get our peas from California.' This is rather discouraging to home industry, to say the least, but we can put them into hogs and make them pay that way."

W. S. McKee lives in Jones county but does his marketing in Abilene. He is the president of the Farmers' Co-Operative Union and a good farmer.

"I am, as most all our people are, a stock-farmer, and as we have a good feed stuff country we, in the end, will make it pay well. Our crops are excellent this year. Cotton will make a half bale to the acre in most of the county. Corn made a good crop and kaffir and milo maize are as good as usual. We are needing rain a little but no doubt it will arrive on time. Grass is good and cattle are doing well. Altogether Jones county has nothing to complain of. She has three good market towns—Abilene in the south, Anson in the center and Stamford in the northeast corner. The building of the Abilene Northern road was a great thing for our county."

W. S. Shultz was in the Exchange talking cattle, cotton and other truck when he answered the reporter's questions as follows:

"There is a renter on the place who has between a hundred and a hundred and fifty acres in cotton and he says that he will make from one-fourth to a third of a bale to the acre. I don't know myself but he seems to be certain. The corn crop was very good this year, there being probably a yield of forty bushels to the acre, which is a good average for any part of Texas. The stock on the place is all in good shape, especially the hogs, which you know Mr. Sansom bought from Sloan. They are registered stock of the finest Poland China strain."

J. K. Rosson has just returned from a trip thru Missouri, Illinois and Indiana and was looking fresh and fat.

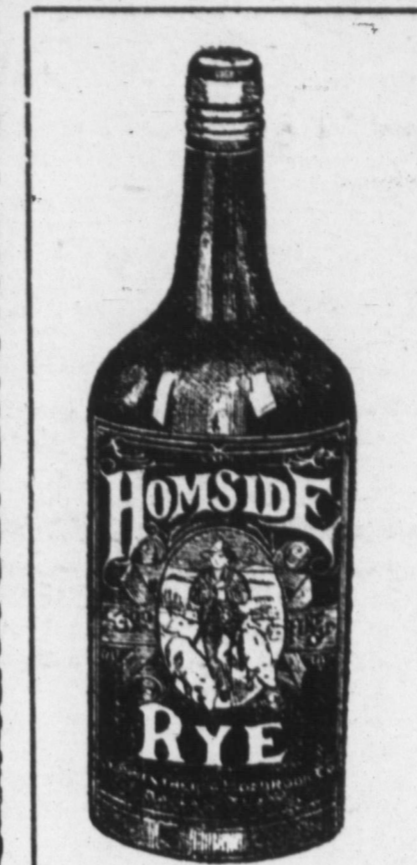
"I have just got back," said he, "from a tour of investigation which took me thru the feeding grounds of the big states of Indiana, Illinois and Missouri. They will not feed any this year or very little. Their old corn and the new is selling for near 50 cents and not much below it, and they can contract every bushel of it now, and it is worth more to them than feeding. They have an enormous crop of corn and I never saw such a quantity of feed stuffs as they have harvested. I don't believe that cotton in Texas will make much. In the Panhandle, where it has rained so much, the stalk is still growing and not fruiting as it should at this time of the year, and this may cause it to get caught by a frost. It all depends upon a late frost as to whether there will be much cotton raised up there or not, in my opinion."

BAIRD, Texas, Sept. 30.—At midnight next Thursday all the saloons in Baird will close, and Callahan county will be in the dry column.

# DON'T SEND ANY MONEY

WITH YOUR ORDER. SAMPLE FIRST, THEN PAY IS OUR OFFER

IT'S EASY ENOUGH to advertise attractively and ask you to send your money in advance; it's another matter to offer to send you your order and to let you pay after sampling. In the first case the other fellow has your money before you get the goods—if the goods do not please,



4 Full Quarts \$4  
\$6 Homside Whisky  
EXPRESS PREPAID

how often is your money refunded? With us, it's different—we trust you—you have both the money and the goods, and pay only after sampling thoroly.

Remember, we do not ask you for any money in advance. We just want you to try our Whiskey—want you to open all of the bottles and give it a good, fair trial. Then, if you find it all we claim, equal to any you could buy in your city for twice our price, remit us. Otherwise you may return it at our expense and we will stand all the cost. ISN'T THAT FAIR? You can't lose anything—while we stand to lose express charges both ways and the whiskey you sample.

We control the output of one of the largest distilleries in Kentucky, so when you buy from us you really buy direct from the distiller, and save the middleman's profit.

Our complete price list covers Whiskey at \$3.00, \$4.00 and \$5.00 per gallon, express prepaid. The difference in prices indicates the difference in quality. But we highly recommend our \$6.00 HOMSIDE WHISKEY, on which we make a special price of \$4.00 for FOUR FULL QUARTS, express prepaid.

HOMSIDE is a very rich, mild whiskey, most pleasing to the palate and invigorating to the system.

Send us your order now, AT OUR RISK AND ON OUR GUARANTEE. It won't cost you a cent to try it.

In sending in your first order, give the name of your bank or of a merchant in your city with whom you deal.

Sonnentheil-Holbrook Co., DALLAS, TEXAS  
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## TO SELL FAMOUS RANCH

Last of Big Tracts of Northwest Iowa to Be Cut Up and Sold

IDA GROVE, Ia., Oct. 1.—The last of the big ranches of northwest Iowa, near Odebolt, owned by W. G. Adams, is to be cut up into quarter section farms and sold. This is the famous place known as the old Farmer Wheeler ranch, its former owner being Hiram

Wheeler, who was once the Republican candidate for governor of Iowa. Mr. Wheeler sold the ranch for \$33 an acre to W. G. Adams and went South to invest in Texas rice lands. Adams has made a great success of the ranch, raising nothing but grain and principally corn.

Mr. Adams says it will take \$700,000 to swing the deal and that he will divide the ranch into forty quarter sections and sell it at \$90 an acre straight. There are 6,400 acres or ten sections in the ranch.

## DISEASES OF MEN

Our Proposition is: "NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNTIL CURED"

We Advertise What We Do



We Do What We Advertise

OUR BEST REFERENCE IS,  
NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID  
UNTIL CURED

We Cure Stricture and Urinary Complaints Without Operation.  
We Cure Contagious Blood Poison Never to Return.  
We Cure Nervous Debility of Men; No Stimulant, But Permanent.  
We Cure Varicocele and Knotted Veins by Painless Method.

PILES, FISTULA, KIDNEY, BLADDER AND PROSTATIC DISEASES, STOMACH AND NERVOUS TROUBLES.

And All Chronic Diseases and Weaknesses Due to Inheritance, Evil Habits, Excesses or the Result of Special Diseases.

WRITE—Cases not too complicated treated at home. If you cannot call, write for information regarding Home Treatment. Advice FREE. Hours: 8 a. m. to 12:30; 1:30 to 5:30; 6:30 to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 9 to 1.

FREE—Consultation, Examination and Advice—FREE

Dr. Miller's Medical Institute,

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Also 103 West Sixth Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

# The Great Holiday Event: THE BIG FORT WORTH FAIR AND RACES

## Opens Tuesday, Oct. 8, and Continues for 10 Days and Nights

THE MOST EXPENSIVE FEATURE  
ON EARTH—GREAT, GENUINE

**RAILROAD COLLISION**

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 13

SPECIAL CHEAP EXCURSION  
RATES ON ALL RAILROADS

More great amusement features, more special events, more colossal shows, more celebrated fast-running and harness horses, more babies in the baby show, more fireworks, more fun, more people than any other fair or celebration ever had.

**TWO HARNESS RACES AND FOUR OR MORE RUNNING RACES DAILY**

**TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8**—The W. C. Stripling Handicap, at six furlongs.

(Entries Close Saturday, Oct. 5.)

**THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10**, Fort Worth Day—Texas Brewing Co. Handicap, at one mile.

(Entries Close Monday, Oct. 7.)

**SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12**—The Burton-Peel Handicap, at seven furlongs.

(Entries Close Thursday, Oct. 10.)

## STANTON BUSY; GETS NEW LINE

Panhandle Short-Line to Pass  
Thru Town

LANDS ARE RICH

Has Churches and Schools and  
a Jail That Is Always  
Empty

STANTON, Texas, Sept. 28.—The Panhandle short line, which is attracting much attention among Stanton people, is chartered to build from Hereford to Stanton, with San Angelo as its destination. The road has demanded of the people of Stanton a bonus as well as the donation of a right-of-way. The people have met the demands and already work is under way, about ten miles at Hereford being graded, the work has been temporarily stopped, owing to a defect in the organization.

The Texas and Northwestern has as well made Stanton a definite proposition, which has been practically met. The charter of this road calls for San Angelo and Amarillo, and as Stanton lies in the direct route many here are sanguine that they will get the road, the Big Springs is doing considerable love-making and hopes to win it.

This company agrees to begin work in sixty days once the matter is fully settled as to the route. Men who have visited this place say they have their materials, including rails and ties, all bought, and are prepared to put them on the ground at once.

Stanton is historically old compared with many of the newer Texas towns. In the year 1880 Stanton, then the village of Marienfeld, as she still appears on some maps, was settled by a German Catholic colony, brought here under the guidance of a priest.

This colony at once entered the truck farming business and thrived continuously until the drought of the years 1886-87, which proved disastrous to the greater portion of them. After the hardships of these two years they all moved away, but about twenty families. Those who remained are mostly all here now and are now well to do, coming, as they did, of a thrifty stock.

The Germans who survived the ordeal and a few others who have come here since that time still maintain a Catholic church here; the latter is largely supported by outsiders. The convent school, which is a relic of this first settlement, educates Catholic children from Fort Worth to El Paso and is in a flourishing condition.

There are churches of some seven protestant denominations in Stanton and all have modern and up-to-date houses of worship.

Martin county, in which the promising city is situated, is practically all an agricultural section and the route

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\$1200 year and upwards can be made taking our Veterinary Course at home during spare time, taught in simplest English; Diploma granted, positions obtained successful etc. don't coast to reach of all satisfaction guaranteed, particulars from **ONTARIO VETERINARY CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL, Dept. 17, London, Canada.**

of the two promised roads cannot but traverse miles of this rich and waiting prairie belt. Too, Stanton has a promise of railroad shops, and as she has plenty of water, her chances seem good.

This place has one of the best wells on the whole Texas and Pacific line, and from here in past days as high as sixty-two cars of water have been hauled away without materially affecting the supply.

Stanton has a jail as well, but she glories in the fact that it is not needed. Not for two years has a man been confined within the bastille for a crime. Once or twice a vagrant dropped from some passing freight has been lodged in it for the night, only to be released in the morning, but crime, never.

The villagers insist to The Telegram man that theirs is more than promised prosperity. They claim that the day of the fulfillment is at hand and we must confess that from appearances they are not idly waiting and hoping in vain.

## JUDGE BROOKS TO QUIT BENCH

Man Who Ousted the Waters-Pierce Co. Resigns Oct. 1

AUSTIN, Texas, Sept. 30.—Victor L. Brooks, district judge of the Twenty-sixth district court, embracing a part of Travis and Williamson counties, will resign as soon as he returns from his hunting trip near Durango, Mexico, and will become a member of the law firm of Gregory & Batts. The resignation becomes effective Oct. 1, and Governor Campbell will immediately appoint a successor. Several names have been suggested as the successor to Judge Brooks, but it is not known whom the governor will appoint.

It is said that John W. Brady, now county attorney of Travis county, could have the judge's chair if he wished it, but it is not known that he is an applicant. If Mr. Brady should become district judge, John E. Shelton would probably succeed him as county attorney. It has been known here for several days that Judge Brooks intended resigning, but no public announcement has been made of his intention.

Judge Brooks has been district judge for about five years and has been highly respected by the bar of this and Williamson county. As a judge of Travis county he has passed upon a number of important state cases, notably among these the Waters-Pierce Oil case and the Williams intangible asset law. The supreme court upheld every point made by him in the suit to test the constitutionality of the Williams law.

His conduct of the Waters-Pierce Oil custer suit, in which the company was ousted and fined over a million and a half of dollars, won considerable favorable comment. Judge Brooks is a young man and a graduate of the law department of the State University. The law firm of which he is to become a member is one of the best known in the state.

### Have You Noticed?

"Have you noticed," said the reader of fiction, "that it is the fashion now to say 'sun up' instead of 'unrise'?" The elopers are overtaken, the house catches fire, the trains collide, all sorts of things happen at 'sun up.' Those things used to take place at 'sunrise.' The style in words has changed, that's all."

## MEAT EXPORTS ARE GROWING

Secretary Wilson Gives Out  
Encouraging Report

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Notwithstanding the obstacles placed in the way of American meat and meat product exporters, Secretary Wilson says this class of export business is increasing satisfactorily. The secretary said:

"The pre-eminence of the United States in the meat supply of the world has been attained in spite of obstacles of many kinds. By high tariff rates, by severe restrictions, and even by direct prohibition, the markets of Europe have been made difficult of capture on the part of our exporters. In spite of all difficulties, the United States has come to export in a single year a great value of live stock and packing house products than its six leading competitors combined in any two years.

A statement recently issued by the secretary shows how the restrictions on American meat are growing. At the present time the importation of live meat animals from the United States is prohibited by Denmark, the Netherlands, Norway and Ireland. Moreover, Austria-Hungary, France and Germany exclude cattle, and Great Britain swine, and Austria-Hungary sheep and goats, when imported from this country. The only European countries to which live stock is shipped from the United States in any considerable number are Great Britain and Belgium. The importation from this country of all meat, except pork and sausages, is prohibited by Austria-Hungary. Pork is excluded from Russia. Norway prohibits the importation of all fresh meat from the United States; fresh pork is excluded from Sweden, and other fresh meat from Denmark, while Germany excludes American fresh beef. Canned meat, sausages, cured horse meat, and dog meat are prohibited by Germany, while Belgium also refuses to admit cured horse meat.

## SHEEP

American Mohair Growers' Association  
DUBLIN, Texas, Sept. 27.—Gentlemen:

I trust you can find space to state as an item of news that the Angora Goat Breeders and Mohair Growers

will meet at San Antonio, Texas, Nov. 15, at which time there is expected to be a large and interesting exhibition of some of the very best goats in America.

There will be given as prizes to exhibitors of goats the sum of \$600. There will be present Mr. Gwin of Kansas and Mr. Fulton of Montana, president and secretary of the American Angora Goat Breeders' Association, and J. E. McCarty of Texas and Mr. Hoerle of New Jersey, president and secretary of the American Mohair Growers' Association, also some of the most prominent men and best known goat breeders of America.

We are expecting especially a large attendance from Texas, New Mexico and Arizona. All parties who are interested in the goat industry are invited; also all those who contemplate engaging in the goat business.

There will be greatly reduced rates on all railroads. Very truly yours,

J. E. McCARTY, President.

## HOLD HORSESHOW LATER IN FALL

Galbreath Again Says It Won't  
Be Held at Fair

Warren V. Galbreath, who was to have been manager of the horse show, had that function been held as first contemplated by the management of the Fort Worth Fair Association, has returned from a trip up the line of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas. "Mr. Galbreath disposed of the rumors that the horse show may possibly be given after all, after having been declared off by the fair management.

"There will be no horse show in connection with the fall fair and race meeting here," said Mr. Galbreath. "The matter has been definitely called off."

Plans are already under discussion for a horse show to be given later in the fall. It is planned to give an event modeled on the lines of the exhibitions held in the larger cities, where the horse show is not made a secondary attachment to any other enterprise. "The horse show is of enough importance to engage the entire attention of the people, and we will give a show that will be an eye-opener to the people of the state," said an enthusiast.

Nothing definite in regard to the matter will be done until after the close of the Fort Worth fair, when a meeting of those interested will be called.

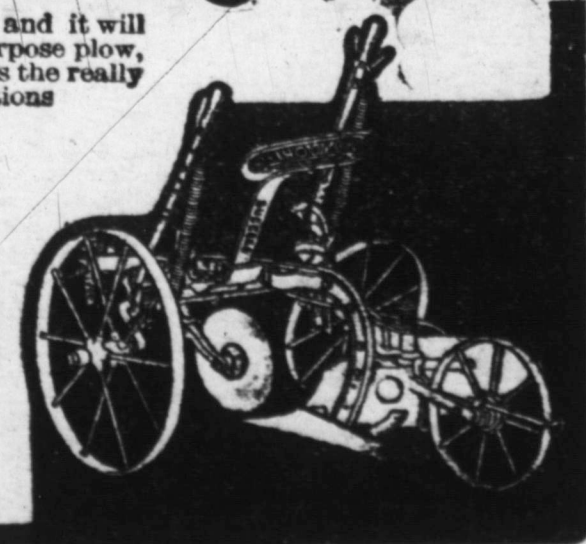
## The Success Sulky Plow

Here's a plow you can buy at a reasonable price and it will last you your lifetime. And you will have an all-purpose plow, too—does the same work and does it just as well as the really high priced plows and it has none of their complications

### It Is Beam Hitch

with no frame. There's lightness and light draft. Only a few parts, and they simple ones. Adjustable front axle, dust-proof, removable wheel boxes, adjustable rear wheel attachment. Widest latitude in the hitch, and you can set it to plow any depth, two to eight inches. Just the kind of plow you'd expect to get long, satisfactory service out of. Write for catalog and let us tell you more about it.

The Parlin & Orendorf Imp. Co.  
State Agents, Dallas, Texas.



## POULTRY

The reason why many people fail in the poultry business is because they do not give it credit for being a business, and they expect it to succeed with side-issue attention.

It is not all in having the best birds to breed from. Much depends upon the skill of the breeder in mating and feeding.

Poultry raising in the country is carried on under the most favorable circumstances. The fowls can be allowed their liberty without any loss to the crops. They find a large quantity of their kind of feed that is best for egg production in the insects and worms they hunt out and destroy. They turn into money bushels of grain which would be lost if they did not make use of it. They can be fed at the lowest possible cost.

In raising poultry for any purpose, the farmer has the lead. No farm should be without chickens. Have standard-bred poultry; it is best for any purpose, because the standard requires that they be started right. They are bred for results as chicks are fed for growth. That is the only way to get hens that will lay well and pay well.

No matter how long they have been in the business, the best breeders do not raise all prize winners; so don't be discouraged if there are some culls.

Do you know the parents of your birds (the best ones that you raised)? It would be a good idea to keep track of the matter if you wish to gain steadily.

The breed of fowls for the farm is not of so much importance as the way they are bred.

Don't waste your time crossing pure-bred fowls. There are standard-bred varieties of all sizes and colors, and you will find an ample field with any of them to try your skill in mating and breeding to develop special characteristics. Crossing standard-bred birds only makes scrubs, and there are enough of them now.

Jim Crow, in the Petaluma Poultry Journal, says: "Once in a while some one writes a letter throwing cold water on the idea that there is a good profit in the poultry business. If such correspondents should meet a boiling kettle of water, they would soon turn it into ice water, and this water would freeze solid if their cold applications of distrust were packed around it. Such wrong ideas might be passed over as

### FOOD STOPPED IT

Good Food Worth More Than a Gold Mine.

To find a food that will put an absolute stop to "running down" is better than finding a gold mine.

Many people when they begin to run down go from one thing to another without finding a food that will stop the progress of disease. Grape-Nuts is the most nourishing food known and will set one right if that is possible.

The experience of a Louisiana lady may be interesting. "I received a severe nervous shock some years ago and from that and overwork gradually broke down. My food did not agree with me and I lost flesh rapidly. I changed from one kind of food to another, but was unable to stop the loss of flesh and strength.

"I do not exaggerate when I say that I finally became, in reality, a living skeleton. My nights were sleepless, and I was compelled to take opiates in various forms. After trying all sorts of food without success I finally got down to toasted bread with a little butter, and after a while this began to sour and I could not digest it. Then I took to toasted crackers and lived on them for several weeks, but kept getting weaker.

"One day Grape-Nuts was suggested and it seemed to me from the description that it was just the sort of food I could digest. I began by eating a small portion, gradually increasing the amount each day.

"My improvement began at once, for it afforded me the nourishment that I had been starving for. No more harassing pains and indigestion. For a month I ate nothing but Grape-Nuts and a little cream, then I got so well I could take on other kinds of food. I gained flesh rapidly and now I am in better health than I have been in years. I still stick to Grape-Nuts because I like the food and I know of its powerful nourishing properties. My physician says that my whole trouble was a lack of power to digest food, and that no other food that he knows of would have brought me out of the trouble except Grape-Nuts." "There's a Reason."

deformities in the story of bird products."

The board of health of the city of New York is making trouble for egg dealers and egg shippers. There is a law against offering unhealthy food for sale which includes eggs. The understanding was that what are called spot eggs culled out by candling, could be used for manufacturing purposes, but the officers are arresting people who sell eggs for that purpose. In one instance where eggs were sold in cases as received from the country the seller was arrested on account of a few bad eggs.

Eggs are sold by weight in Iowa. Ground bone is good for fowls while moulting.

More half grown turkeys dies from lice than from any other one cause.

Fowl diseases are caused by foul coops and drinking vessels. Foul yards are great sources of disease amongst poultry.

If the poultry refuses to go into the roosting house at night look for the little insects that make their lives miserable.

T. E. Orr used to say that the three G's were necessary to success in the poultry business and they stood for greens, grit and gumption.

To get a good price for eggs they must be clean as well as fresh, but no one wants eggs that have been washed. They don't look right.

It is much easier to confine large breeds of fowls than smaller ones, but most any breed may be kept within bounds if rightly treated.

By careful breeding and feeding, the Maine experiment station has increased the average egg production of some breeding stock from 120 to 144 eggs per year.

Make the nests big enough so the hens can get in and cut without breaking the eggs. Make the entrance to the nests from the back to make them dark.

Corn is the best poultry feed we have, but it often is abused, or rather the fowls are abused by giving them too much corn and not enough other feeds to balance up the ration.

Disease among poultry usually comes from overcrowding or confinement in unhealthy quarters. This, however, is not excusable on a farm. There is plenty of room and sanitation should be perfect.

Where poultry and small fruits are grown on the same land the droppings are often valued at 50 cents per hen per year. Probably the value of hens for destroying insects is almost as great as the manure value.

Corn is the very best feed for poultry when they are on pasture where they get plenty of insects and clover to pick at. Corn is not a good feed for poultry that is kept up in yards too small to grow green stuff.

The food laying hens eat flavors the eggs. If you doubt this, feed onion tops and note the results. If onions give eggs an unpleasant flavor, nice clean food in suitable variety will have an agreeable effect.

## Range Notes

### SCHLEICHER COUNTY

W. H. Finley sold this week to Otto Huston ninety-three head of yearling mules at \$70 per head. These mules were yearlings past.

Charles Schauer has sold to E. C. Snyder of Fairfax, Okla., 1,700 head of steers, three and up, for delivery next Thursday at San Angelo, at private terms.

Silliman, Campbell & Evans sold twelve head of mares and five colts for Doad Campbell to R. A. Evans for \$870.

Ford & West report the following sales: 195 steer yearlings to A. H. Schussler et al, at \$15.25 per head.

About thirty-five head of stock horses for Todd & Meadows to J. L. Herington, consideration \$1,340.

J. W. Alexander bought last week from McCrohan Bros., 250 yearling steers at \$15 per head.

J. W. Alexander bought this week from Lee Williams, fifty head of yearling steers at \$15 per head.

W. W. Tandy started his wool to San Angelo Thursday. Mr. Tandy says he will have between seven and eight thousand pounds this shearing. He reports the wool market good at present. —Eldorado Success.

### RANDALL COUNTY

J. E. Rogers shipped five cars, two cars of fat cows and three cars of cows

and calves to Kansas City on Monday. These were cattle purchased from Cass Brooks at \$21 for dry cows, \$25 for cows and calves and yearling heifers at \$13. Brooks sold his yearling steers to a buyer from Missouri at \$22. This was a good bunch of cattle thruout.

Hugh Holland and Albert "Peach" had four cars of mixed stuff. J. W. Holman had four cars, mostly calves. —Canyon City News.

### JACKSON COUNTY

A press dispatch from Edna, Jackson county, says. That it pays to raise good stock instead of the old longhorn, was very forcibly demonstrated here this summer. Many years ago W. Westhoff began to breed his cows to fine registered Red Polled bulls, and now has succeeded in breeding the horns off from about 75 per cent of his stock, and is getting a fine beef-producing herd. He sold to Claude Branch a short time since the three-year-old steers from these cattle at good prices, \$38 per round. The prevailing price for the same aged steers of other parties in this county ranged from \$19 to \$23. At the lowest calculation Mr. Westhoff received \$5 per head more than anyone else.

### BREWSTER COUNTY

John R. Holland has entered the yearling market on a rather liberal scale. He has purchased from Jackson & Harmon 1,100 head at \$14 per, from the 92 ranch, in addition to other smaller bunches from various parties. Mr. Holland enjoyed a soaking rain on his ranch, near Valentine, which would give him winter grass, and which enables him to stock up on steers for the spring market. —Alpine Avalanche.

### DEAF SMITH COUNTY

Thompson, McKinley & Co. have this week sold to E. S. Bowditch of Elgin, Ill., 275 head of yearling steers at \$20 per head. This is a good price. —Hereford Brand.

### IMPORT 55,000 HEAD OF STOCK

Cattle and Sheep Worth \$433,000 Coming to Texas

The El Paso Times says: The largest importation of live stock ever to come thru this port from Mexico in one season will pass thru here this month. It is the biggest shipment of live stock ever sent out of Mexico by one man. The importation amounts to 55,000 head of cattle and sheep for which \$433,000 was paid.

Colonel Charles F. Hunt, the well known cattle dealer, will ship thru El Paso during the next thirty days 34,000 lambs and 21,000 head of steers and yearlings, all from the ranch of Luis Terrazas.

The first consignment of sheep—5,000 head—will reach El Paso Monday. The rest of the herd will follow in 5,000 and 7,000 lots as fast as the railroads can handle them.

The deal for this immense bunch of live stock was made by Colonel Hunt a week ago and the purchase price has been paid. The price paid for the steers and cows was \$16 gold per head, while the sheep cost \$3 a head laid down in El Paso.

At \$4 per head Colonel Hunt will pay the El Paso custom house \$84,000 on the cattle, while the sheep at 75 cents per head call for duties footing up \$25,500, making a grand total of \$109,500 that Uncle Sam will pocket on the transaction. It pays the entire operating expenses of the El Paso customs house for two years.

The 34,000 head of sheep for South Park, are fine graded Merino sheep, in splendid condition and unshorn. They therefore carry considerable value in wool.

Houses for rent are in demand in our Factory Place Addition. The lots can be had cheap and on easy terms. For particulars call on the West Fort Worth Land Co., Flatiron Bldg.

Wages in Great Britain average much higher than they do on the continent, and in France and Germany wages are higher than in Italy, Spain or Austria. The district court at Carlsbad, Austria, recently fixed the daily wages of laborers of both sexes for the years 1907, 1908 and 1909 as follows: Males—Foremen, 60 cents a day; others, 40 cents, and apprentices and boys, 20 cents. Females—Adults, 28 cents, and juveniles, 18 cents. Servants of the state, 48 cents, except servants of the post and telegraph, who receive 44 cents.

## Do You Think For Yourself?

Or, do you open your mouth like a young bird and gulp down whatever food or medicine may be offered you?

Are you an intelligent thinking woman, in need of relief from weakness, nervousness, pain and suffering, then it means much to you that there is one tried and true honest medicine of known composition, sold by druggists for the cure of woman's ills.

The makers of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, for the cure of weak, nervous, run-down, over-worked, debilitated, pain-racked women, knowing this medicine to be made up of ingredients, every one of which has the strongest possible indorsement of the leading and standard authorities of the several schools of practice, are perfectly willing, and in fact, are only too glad to print, as they do, the formula, or list of ingredients, of which it is composed, in plain English, on every bottle-wrapper.

The formula of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will bear the most critical examination of medical experts, for it contains no alcohol, narcotics, harmful, or habit-forming drugs, and no agent enters into it that is not highly recommended by the most advanced and leading medical teachers and authorities of their several schools of practice. These authorities recommend the ingredients of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for the cure of exactly the same ailments for which this world-famed medicine is advised.

No other medicine for woman's ills has any such professional endorsement as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has received, in the unqualified recommendation of each of its several ingredients by scores of leading medical men of all the schools of practice. Is such an endorsement not worthy of your consideration?

A booklet of ingredients, with numerous authoritative professional endorsements by the leading medical authorities of this country, will be mailed free to any one sending name and address with request for same. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.



"THE TEXAS RAILROAD"

DIRECT LINE TO

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D. J. BYARS, C. T. A.  
Phones, 322.

Farmers' Sons Wanted with knowledge of farm stock and this education to work in an office, \$300 a month with advancement, steady employment, must be honest and reliable. Branch offices of the Association are being established in each state. Apply at once, giving full particulars. The Veterinary College, Association, Dept. 28, London, Canada.

# BREEDERS' DIRECTORY

All breeders advertising in this directory are invited to send photograph of their herd leader, with a short, pointed description. A cut will be made from the photograph and run from one to three times a year, as seen from the picture below. No extra charge for it. Don't send cuts. Send photograph. The continuation of this feature depends upon your prompt action.

## HEREFORDS

**HEREFORD HOME HERD** of Herefords. Established 1868. Channing, Hartley county, Texas. My herd consists of 500 head of the best strain, individuals from all the well known families of the breed. I have on hand and for sale at all times cattle of both sexes. Pasture close to town. Bulls by carloads a specialty. William Powell, proprietor.

### V. WEISS

Breeder of pure-bred Hereford cattle. (Ranch in Goliad county, Texas). Both sexes for sale. Address Drawer #17, Beaumont, Texas.

### BLUE GROVE HEREFORDS

W. H. Myers, Proprietor. Breeder of registered and high-grade Hereford cattle. None but first-class bulls in service. Some young bulls for sale. Correspondence solicited. Shipping Point—Henrietta.

**B. C. RHOME**, Fort Worth, Texas.—Hereford Cattle. Nice lot of young bulls and heifers for sale.

## SHORTHORNS

**WM. & W. W. HUDSON**, Gainesville, Texas. Exclusive breeders of registered Shorthorn cattle.

## REGISTERED DUROC-JERSEY PIGS

for sale at all times. Barn 12, Dallas Fair. **TOM FRAZIER**, Morgan, Texas.

# Marchon 21st No. 116244



Marchon 21st, No. 116244, at six months of age (Sire, imported Marchon No. 76035). Bred by W. S. Van Natta & Son, Atlica, Ind. Weight at 14 months, 1,161 pounds. Was yearling premium winner at El Paso Mid-Winter Carnival. Marchon is now 7 years old, weighs 2,600 pounds and is owned by Frank Good, Shady Grove Hereford Farm, Sparenberg, Texas.

## IRON ORE HERD

Has thirty (30) registered Red Polled Cattle for sale. **W. C. ALDREDGE**, Route 4, Pittsburg, Texas.

### RED POLLED

**RED POLLED CATTLE**—Berkshire Hogs and Angora Goats. Breeder **W. R. Clifton**, Waco, Texas.

### EXCELSIOR HERD

Red Polled Cattle of both sexes for sale. **M. J. EWALT**, Hale Center, Hale County, Texas.

### CAMP CLARK RED POLLED

Cattle. **J. H. JENNINGS**, Prop., Martindale, Texas.

### B. C. RHOME, JR.

Saginaw, Texas. Breeder of Registered Hereford Cattle and Berkshire Hogs. Herd headed by the Beau Brummel bull, Beau Bonnie, Reg. No. 184688. Choice bulls for sale.

**DURHAM PARK STOCK FARM**—Shorthorns, English Berkshires, Angora Goats, White Wyandottes, high-class, pure-bred stock in each department. **DAVID HARRELL**, Liberty Hill, Texas.

## PROSPERITY IN PANHANDLE

Alexander Davidson, one of the leading business men of Amarillo, a brother of City Commissioner Sam Davidson of this city, and for eighteen years one of the leading spirits in the development of the Panhandle country, in speaking of that section, has made public some interesting information about the progress and development of that country.

Mr. Davidson says that the Panhandle "has on the best suit of clothes she has ever worn. Conditions," he continued, "are growing better all the time. The class of people who are coming from the north to settle there are for the most part intelligent, ambitious young men, many with families who have some money and credit. They are mostly going into the stock farming and agriculture, while many are taking to the towns and engaging in business. The stock industry was never in better shape, and the ranges are in as good or better condition than ever before. Prices of live stock are satisfying breeders. Feeders from the central and northern states are liberal buyers. There is a big demand for all kinds of cattle, especially four-year-old steers.

"The cotton crop between Childress and Clarendon is the best in the state and will easily make a bale to the acre this year. In other sections the crop is very little raised. Corn is finer there than anywhere and will make forty to sixty bushels to the acre. Oats and wheat will be short, making from five to twenty bushels.

"The last excursion brought in more people than at any one time before, and a large majority of them came to remain. Land including grazing land, can be bought at from \$5 to \$25 per acre, and the beet sugar industry is being developed with assurance of success." This section perhaps offers finer inducements for the dairying industry than any other section of the country and before many it will be one of the big industries out there.

"When I went to Amarillo from Childress, where I had been for fifteen years, the city had a population of 4,000. It is now a city of 12,500 inhabitants, having trebled its population in four years. Amarillo offers the best

chance in the United States for a first-class hotel, for the present ones cannot begin to accommodate the crowds. For the past twelve months rooms have been at a premium and in nearly every hotel and boarding house there are three and four beds. The business men of Amarillo will take stock liberally in a \$200,000 hotel proposition; I myself will put up \$10,000. We are also building a street car line, which will be completed within a few months. Labor is scarce and wages unusually high. That country has one of the finest climates I think I ever saw and Amarillo would be a summer resort, if it had hotel accommodations. There are dozens of store buildings and residences going up, and we have as good schools and churches as there are in the state. Money has already been subscribed for the purpose of building an agricultural and stock experiment station there, and we are going to ask the Texas college and the government to help us. The government is also making steps toward putting up a fine postoffice building. Our postoffice receipts for the past year have been larger than the cities of Sherman and Derison combined.

"Taking it altogether, the Panhandle country is more prosperous and in a better condition than any other section of the country and it is still growing rapidly."

While in the city Mr. Davidson bought a 100-ton ice plant to add to the one of sixty-five tons which is now in operation.

A \$25,000,000 co-operative restaurant and hotel supply company is being organized at Montreal. It is proposed to operate branches in the large cities of the United States and Canada. A monster cold storage warehouse is to be built in New York if the scheme works successfully in Montreal.

Consul H. A. Conant of Windsor, Canada, reports that the average annual salary for male teachers in the Dominion is \$486, while the female teachers receive \$245. The highest salaries are paid in British Columbia, the men receiving \$677 and the women \$13. The lowest salaries are paid to the male teachers in the Province of Prince Edward Island, where they receive \$246, while in the Province of Quebec the female teachers receive the least pay, \$138.

## HOW TO HAVE MUTTON OF A GOOD FLAVOR

Much of the sheepy flavor of mutton, according to Mr. Boss of the Minnesota College of Agriculture, comes from the generation of bases in the stomach after the sheep is killed. For this reason sheep should be dressed as rapidly as possible. A platform six or eight inches high is a convenient thing to work on and aids in keeping the blood away from the body, insuring a cleaner carcass. A clean, dry place is necessary for neat work. Water or blood on the wool makes it very difficult to dress the animal nicely.

If the sheep is an old one it may be stunned before bleeding. If a younger one, the same purpose is served by dislocating the neck after cutting the throat. This is accomplished by putting one hand on the poll on top of the head and the other hand under the chin, giving a sharp twist upward. Lay the sheep on its side on the platform, with its head hanging over the end. Grasp the chin in the left hand and stick a knife through the neck just back of the jaw. The cutting edge of the knife should be turned toward the spinal column and the flesh cut to the bone without cutting the windpipe.

Mr. Boss describes the "legging out" of the sheep by splitting the skin on the back of the front leg from dew claws to a little above the knee and on the hind legs to the middle line. The latter are skinned around the hocks and down to the hoofs and the feet are cut off at the toe joints. Next the knife is run between the cords and bone back of the shins and the legs are tied together just above the pastern joints. The skin is opened from brisket to chin.

The sheep should be hung up by the hind legs before starting to skin above the hock. Start at the brisket to "fist off" the skin by grasping the edge of the pelt firmly in one hand, pulling it up tight and working the other with fist closed between the pelt and the body. The "fisting off" is downward over the fore quarters and upward and backward over the hind quarters. It is unwise to pull down the skin over the hind legs, as the membrane covering the flesh is sure to be ruptured and an unsightly appearance given to the car-

case. The wool should always be held away from the flesh for the sake of cleanliness.

## NARROW TICK TERRITORY

**KANSAS CITY, Oct. 1.**—Colonel Albert Dean, in charge at Kansas City, of the government's quarantine work in the southwest, has returned from Richmond, Va., where he attended the session of the live stock sanitary boards of the various states. That is, that was the title of the meeting, but the attendance was mostly of veterinarians, government inspectors and bureau of animal industry officials and employes.

The most important recommendation of the organization was that Logan and Oklahoma counties in Oklahoma, and Childress and King counties in Texas, be entirely freed from restrictions as to movement of cattle due to the presence of ticks. The anti-tick campaign has resulted in the complete cleaning of these counties, and the observations this season have revealed the fact that no infestation exists in them. Cottle county, Texas, was clean once this summer, but was reinfested by horses that carried ticks. The organization at Richmond urges the government to make the regulations affecting the movement of horses from infested counties as strict as those governing the movement of cattle.

The government's work in Arkansas, and the evidence that the state is cooperating heartily to suppress ticks, resulted in the recommendation that Greene, Clay, Randolph and Carroll counties in that state be exempted from quarantine restrictions. The infestation in those counties, where it still exists, is said to be very slight, and localized; the state authorities have made government inspectors state officers, and they will assist the state inspectors in rigidly enforcing quarantine against these localities, so that the rest of the counties need not suffer from the presence of the ticks.

The recommendations of the organization are usually followed by the department of agriculture in its quarantine regulations.

"The burden of the discussion, as usual, was tuberculosis, and how to get at a fight on it," said Colonel Dean. "No conclusion was arrived at, and no recommendations made."—Drovers' Telegram.



## The Texas Stockman-Journal

FORT WORTH, TEXAS

Consolidation of The Texas Stock Journal with the West Texas Stockman.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.

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Eighth and Throckmorton Streets,  
FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE:

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Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas.

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### THE OFFICIAL ORGAN

Fully appreciating the efforts put forth by The Stockman-Journal in furthering the interests of the cattle industry in general and the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas in particular, and believing that said Stockman-Journal is in all respects representative of the interests it champions, and reposing confidence in its management to in future wisely and discreetly champion the interests of the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas, do hereby, in executive meeting assembled, endorse the policies of said paper, adopt it as the official organ of this association, and commend it to the membership as such.

Done by order of the executive committee, in the city of Fort Worth, this March 18, 1905.

### TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVE

Colonel C. C. Poole is the duly authorized traveling representative of this paper, and as such has full authority to collect subscription accounts and contract advertising.

TEXAS STOCKMAN-JOURNAL.

It is our aim not to admit into our advertising columns any but reliable advertisers, and we believe that all the advertisements in this paper are from responsible people. If subscribers find any of them to be otherwise, we will esteem it a favor if they will advise us. We accept no "fake" or undesirable medical advertisements at any price. We intend to have a clean paper for clean advertisements. Our readers are asked to always mention The Stockman-Journal when answering any advertisements in it.

### TO LIVE STOCK BREEDERS

In order to show more effectively what the live stock breeders of Texas and the territories are producing in all branches of live stock The Stockman-Journal will accept photographs of the leaders of their herds, whether it be cattle, sheep, hogs, horses, chickens, etc., from which it will make cuts and print in The Stockman-Journal, together with a description of the animal represented and the name of its owner. Farm and ranch scenes are also solicited. There will be no charge for this.

Do not send cuts at all. We cannot use them and must have the cuts made to suit our paper. It is best not to take kodak pictures.

### DANGER IN IMPURE SEED

Within the past few years a great change has been made in the appearance of all eastern Kansas by a largely increased acreage of alfalfa. Fields that at this time of year used to look dry and barren are now fresh and green with the second and third crop of the hardy plant, which in some respects is the most desirable offered to the small farmer. Kansas is making money out of it.

Alfalfa is hardy; it is ideal pasturage for hogs; the hay always has a market; the crops are limited in frequency only by lack of rain or frost. In many sections of Texas, notably in the Panhandle, along the Arkanian river, four crops a year, averaging a ton to the acre, are common.

But as with all new crops, where the demand for seed is greater than the supply, great danger threatens the farmer in impurities, which careless seedsmen will allow to remain in alfalfa seed, making it inferior and even dangerous to sow.

The Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College for three years has voluntarily undertaken to inspect free all samples of alfalfa seed sent to the college botanist. Two ounces of seed is all

that is required for the test and during the time these tests have been made the Agricultural and Mechanical College has inspected hundreds of samples and has done a great work for the farmer.

The college is preparing a bulletin on alfalfa which will be sent to persons interested when it is finished. In calling attention to the forthcoming bulletin, O. M. Ball, botanist of the college, says:

"A large part of the seed sold on the open markets is very impure, containing considerable quantities of weed seeds, which are in many cases of an exceedingly noxious character. Furthermore, many samples show large quantities of trash, dirt and dead or low-vitality seed, the actual value of such seeds being invariably proportional to the quantity of such trash, etc. In the case of noxious weed seeds, the presence of only a few of these would certainly cause great loss to the farmer. If, for instance, the seed contains Johanson grass or dodder, it should not be sown under any circumstances. The average farmer very seldom recognizes such impurities and therefore trusts to the honesty of the seedsmen. It is greatly to the credit of the larger number of the seedsmen in this state that of late years they have endeavored to handle only the best goods. Still there have been sold during the season of 1906-07 many thousands of pounds of alfalfa seed which contained great quantities of highly noxious weed seeds.

"The farmer should be especially vigilant in purchasing imported seeds, especially those from Germany. Owing, perhaps, to the fact that German seed can be bought more cheaply than the American raised, a very large proportion of the seed sold in Texas during the past year has been imported from this country. So far as examined by the Agricultural and Mechanical College these seeds are in every case distinctly inferior to the best American seeds, both as to purity and as to vitality. Indeed, very many samples of German seed have been found to contain large quantities of noxious weed seeds, notably those of dodder. Some samples have shown as high as 350 seeds of this most injurious weed to the pound. This means that from 5,000 to 6,000 of the seeds will be sown to the acre, which would inevitably mean the total destruction of the crop to the farmer, since it would be impossible to eradicate such a lot of dodder except by plowing up the entire field and substituting some non-leguminous crop."

### FOR THE BIRDS AND BEASTS

An appeal has been made to Judge Sam R. Scott, judge of the Fifty-fourth judicial district, Waco, by M. B. Davis, secretary of the Texas Audubon Society, asking the judge to call attention of the grand juries for Falls and McLennan counties to wholesale violations of the game law.

The appeal is so just and so sensible it ought to be read by every new grand jury in the state. Coming from the Audubon Society, a little more attention is called to the slaughter of birds than other wild game. It says:

Gunners of every race and every age commenced in August shooting quail and doves, and killed them while they were brooding, and while they were nursing their young. The season for quail and doves begins November 1, and ends February 1 under the statute. The reckless outlaw gunners begin three months in advance, and have already thinned out the birds in a shocking manner. Around every water hole in your district there are empty shells, showing where the dove slaughter went on unchecked and unbuked.

The slaughter of the Bob White has been nearly as bad as the slaughter of the doves, and we ask that the McLennan county grand jury, now in session, summons witnesses and indict some of the parties, making an example and checking the slaughter before it is too late.

For some reason the conviction of game law violators is always difficult. Many men who are friends of birds and other wild game refuse to give information against neighbors or even strangers whom they know as guilty of violating the law's provision.

The birds and the deer, the latter being the heaviest sufferers among the animals, have no friends with political influence, they control no convention votes, and therefore their cause goes without any one to help save the few kindly disposed persons who are willing to risk making themselves unpopular by enforcing manifestly just laws for the preservation of game.

Texas is one of the greatest game states in the union. Real sportsmen who kill within the limits are not enough to seriously deplete the supply for many years. The pot hunter and the man who shoots out of season do the real damage.

Men will talk, almost boastfully, of having killed a buck out of season, knowing that there is no change of their being convicted and punished. Birds are slaughtered in the breeding season to make a gunpowder holiday for some man who

cares for nothing but to kill.

Sooner or later the game fish which makes thousands of Texas streams a delight, will go the way of the birds, if laws protecting them are not enforced. The real sportsmen are trying their best and the grand juries ought to help. Make the man who kills out of season go to jail or pay a fine so large he will be cured the rest of his life.

### PLANT SORGHUM CANE

Reports from the ribbon cane sections of southern and eastern Texas point to a serious decrease in this year's output of molasses and sugar owing to the damaging effects of dry weather. An estimate for Brazoria county says the crop will be 30 per cent short. Fort Bend county anticipates a small yield, probably not more than sixteen tons of cane to the acre. Lack of rain is the cause. Sugarland reports only a fair crop, while near Velasco the cane crop is said to be almost a failure.

Such news undoubtedly points to higher prices for molasses the coming winter, as well as sugar, if the crops in other southern states are not above the average.

The fact that the crop in that section of the state where sugar-producing cane can be raised, is subject to occasional failure ought to interest those farmers of northern, western and northwestern Texas who cannot raise ribbon cane successfully, but who can raise sorghum cane as easily as they can Kaffir corn. In some sections of West Texas sorghum cane is raised only for fodder, because it grows so luxuriantly. And yet there are many people, and they are not old-fashioned either, who prefer home-made sorghum to all the fancy syrups that can be made from the more aristocratic cane. A short time ago The Telegram called attention to the statement of a farmer, who said he could get \$1 a gallon for all the sorghum he could make.

The cost of a sorghum cane mill is so little and raising cane so easy, northern and western Texas farmers ought to take the hint. For a reasonably small investment a community can get a sorghum mill of considerable size and with apparatus giving greater economy of operation. There is good hog fodder in the leaves of the stripped cane and the refuse of the sorghum.

Sorghum cane raising is one of those little home industries which ought to get the attention of every farmer interested in making the most out of his farm possible.

### POOR MILK TRUST

The milk trust as it is known in Mount Holly, Pennsylvania, is up against it. Recently the milk dealers of that city met and declared that in view of certain conditions, chiefly the condition of their bank accounts, 2 cents should be added to the price of a quart of milk, making the price 8 cents. Having reached this decision they began to plan what they would do with all this extra money, and started out to peddle the milk at the advanced price.

The drivers of milk wagons met with more indignant housewives than they had ever dreamed of. Some of them had been well able to manage an indignant housewife when that personage happened to be their own, but to meet with a half hundred of them in one morning was too much. Several of them resigned. Then the housewives had a sort of back-fence conference and decided that since the milkmen were going to be so mean and grasping about it, they would show them a few things and on the next trip the milkmen met with reduced orders. Where a quart had been delivered before, the women found they could get along very well on half that quantity. Then they began buying condensed milk and some cut out their orders entirely.

In a few short, sad days the work was done, and the milk trust was ready to capitulate. All of which goes to show that as trust busters the American housewife is in the same class with Texas officers.

### EVER HEAR IT?

"She looks very young to have a grown daughter."

"Yes; she was just telling me—"

"I know. That she was married when she was just barely 15 years old."—Louisville Courier-Journal



## Dainty Dress for a Girl



This dainty red and white striped challis is trimmed with bands of white foulard, having a pattern of red rings. These bands are bordered by black silk, and large black silk bows, with gilt buckles, trim the front of the waist, which closes in the back. The lower sleeves are of tucked net cut in points at the wrist and edged by red silk.

## Love in Spite of Matrimony

In her attitude toward woman's problems Ellen Key occupies a unique position. Her views have aroused as much antagonism in the camp of those "new women" who are organized to fight for the equal rights of both sexes, as of the conservatives, who are opposed to any change whatever in the feminine status.

Unlike many of the advocates of sex-equality, Ellen Key recognizes that the nature of woman, tho not inferior to that of man, is different from it; and she demands that woman be given perfect liberty in order to be able to develop her full feminine powers.

She holds that the main province of woman is motherhood, and this part of her gospel is most unpalatable to those radicals who would have women compete with men in all the walks of life and who object absolutely to any differentiation between them. The chief prerequisite for true motherhood, she argues further, is love in the married state—and here again she seems to stand with the conservatives. But when she touches upon the word love she at once becomes a revolutionist—dangerous or salutary, according to the point of view.

"The simplest formula for the new ethics," she says, "should be: 'Love is moral even without legal marriage, but legal marriage is immoral without love.'"

We have already come to a realization, she continues, of the fact that ignorance of the sex-relation is not an essential part of woman's virtue. Now let us go a step further and realize that virginity and asceticism are not virtues in themselves. True chastity has no meaning apart from love, and love can make no distinction between the

requirements of the heart and of the senses. Its marked characteristic is unity, wholeness. Thus, since love includes chastity, and since the future form of matrimony must be dominated above all by love, chastity in the future will be an unyielding attribute of family life, and the foundation of the happiness of nations. No woman of the future will consent to become a mother unless mutual love exists between husband and wife; and, as a necessary corollary to this, the marriage will be dissolved as soon as love ceases on one side or the other.—Current Literature.

### A Fable

There once lived a youth who was possessed of an overweening ambition to write one of the six best-selling books of the year. His proud parent was equally ambitious for the literary success of his son.

"Listen, my boy," he said. "To become a really great writer, one must learn to establish a standard of comparisons. If you remain in Squedunk, this can never be done. I wish you to look upon life in all of its phases. Therefore, take this letter of credit"—the old gentleman was well endowed with worldly goods—"and travel in foreign lands for as long a period as you find it necessary, returning home to make a thoro tour of your own country before settling down to write your book."

With tears of gratitude in his eyes, the youth accepted his father's generous offer.

At the end of the first year abroad he wrote, "I feel as tho I had only begun to see life."

At the end of the second, "I have seen a great deal of life, but there

still remains much for me to do in that line."

At the end of the third, "The panorama of life continues to unroll itself before my dazzled eyes."

It was at the beginning of the fourth year that he received a letter from his indulgent parent, which read, "Gather up your belongings and take the next steamer for Squedunk. Old Farmer Green's son Jabez, who has been working on the place since you left, has written one of the year's best six sellers."

Moral: Too many broths spoil the cook.

### Odd Bits of Advertising

A downtown restaurant in New York noted for serving both quality and quantity, and operated by a venerable citizen familiarly dubbed by patrons "Turtle-dove," offers as "Specialties for today only" the following dishes several times weekly:

"One extra ear of prime corn, with two prints of butter, 10 cents; small ear of same, with one print of butter, 5 cents; half portion superior soup, with neither bread nor butter, 5 cents."

An uptown concern goes on record with this statement:

"To Automobile Owners—An ounce of prevention is better than discharging a dishonest chauffeur or buying a new motor car. By our invention, just patented, and now for the first time on the market, we can absolutely prevent the unauthorized use of your machine."

A fashionable Tenderloin dining place advertises:

"The latest European novelty—tete-a-tete exclusive meals, from 75 cents to \$1.50 per cover. Our dinners should not be confounded with regulation

table d'hote service. With us every course is cooked to order. Then, with wine, woman, and music, your enjoyment is complete."

Over on the west side an undertaking establishment, conducted by a reverend gentleman as president, thus warns the public:

"Do not be deceived with the telephone book—we are not an embalming school. This is positively our only store."

In the heart of the Great White Way a day and night "tonsorial studio completed at an expense of \$30,000," boasts as an auxiliary attraction a general news ticker. The proprietor says:

"Realizing that the tipping evil is un-American, I prohibit tips. Refined and particular men will find that I have made ample provision for immediate, polite, and efficient attention. With twenty-five experienced barbers and twelve manicurists, and chiropodists, customers are assured of adequate consideration."

Two German bacteriologists claim to have discovered an effective serum against typhus fever. It is obtained from horses, and, as a result of many tests carried out independently in Berlin, Vienna and Prague, it has been shown to assuage the fever, regularize the pulse and arrest diarrhoea. The names of the bacteriologists are Meyer and Bergell.

Don't put too much confidence in what the knocker tells you derogatory to other people's proposition, as he usually has something to sell himself. Investigate for yourself. We are selling our property on its merits and we invite inspection. The West Fort Worth Land Co.

## FOR SALE, CHEAP!

I will sell cheap, 600 to 800 head of goats, well crossed between common and Angora. They are great bush destroyers. My reason for selling is that they have eaten all of my bushes. Address 321 Commercial National Bank Building, Houston, Texas.

**\$49<sup>94</sup> FREIGHT CHARGES PREPAID TO YOUR OWN STATION**

**FULLY GUARANTEED ONE YEAR;  
ALL YOUR MONEY BACK  
if Buggy is not in  
EVERY WAY SATISFACTORY.**



**QUICK SERVICE: We can ship this buggy to you THE DAY WE GET YOUR ORDER.  
NO WAITING. NO LONG DELAY.**

**OUR TEXAS SPECIAL LEATHER QUARTER TOP BUGGY, No. 11U6106.**

**BUILT FOR TEXAS, BUILT FOR SERVICE, the most stylish, the easiest running the easiest riding, the most comfortable top buggy ever offered at any where near our price.** You will positively save from \$15.00 to \$20.00 if you send us your order for the simple reason that you are buying through us directly from our own vehicle factory, the largest vehicle factory in the United States, where we build each year nearly 50,000 complete vehicles. In this great vehicle factory we build a class of vehicles especially adapted for Texas, built to stand the Texas roads, the Texas climate, and built to meet the demands of the Texas vehicle users, and in this Texas Special Leather Quarter Top Buggy, which we will send you with **FREIGHT CHARGES PREPAID RIGHT TO YOUR OWN STATION FOR \$49.94**, you are getting the greatest value that it is possible to give; in fact, the price we are quoting represents the actual factory cost of material and labor, the very lowest cost, because our factory is the largest in the country, and to this very low cost we have added but one very small percentage of profit, a percentage of profit which on account of our enormous sales we can afford to make exceedingly small. Contrast this direct method of dealing with the usual four or five profits added to most manufacturing costs by wholesalers, jobbers, agents and retailers, and you will understand perfectly why we have attained the absolute leadership in selling vehicles, and why it is directly to your own best interests to send us your order for this

**Texas Special Buggy \$49<sup>94</sup>  
FREIGHT PREPAID, \$49<sup>94</sup>**

**Description Of Our Texas Special Leather Quarter Top Buggy, No. 11 U 6106.**  
Plane box body 23 in. wide, 55 in. long. Seat extra wide measuring 2 1/2 in. across top of cushion. Gear 15-16 in. arched axle, long distance pattern, double reach, three and four plate elliptic springs; easy riding center bearing body loops. **Wheels** Sarven's patent style; 7/8" screwed rims; full quarter inch oval edge steel tire; size 40 in. front, 44 in. rear. **Top** four-bow, extra wide leather quarter and leather backstay. **Painting**, body black, striped and decorated, gear painted a rich Carmine striped with black, or fine Brewster Green. **Trimming** special Keratol upholstery leather on the spring cushion and back. **Shafts** double braced and stronger than on buggies of twice the price. **Track** 5 feet 2 in.

**WE GUARANTEE SAFE DELIVERY AND WILL MAKE GOOD ANY RAILROAD DAMAGE.**

**SEND FOR OUR TEXAS CATALOGUE No. 3,** our latest catalogue for Texas and containing a **FULL LINE** of special **TEXAS BUGGIES, RUNABOUTS, SURREYS,** etc. No such special Texas line of Buggies ever before introduced into the State. **This Catalogue Also Contains a Full Line** of Furniture, Sewing Machines, Organs, Pianos, Cream Separators, Washing Machines, Stoves, Steel Ranges, Wire Fencing, etc., etc. All of our goods at exceptionally low prices. **You Cannot Afford to be Without This Catalogue.** The book is free and we mail it to you postpaid. Drop us a post card and simply say, "Send me your Catalogue advertised in **WRITE TO US AT DALLAS, The Home of Your Texas Branch.**"

**TRY THIS BUGGY FOR TEN DAYS:** If you do not say it is the best buggy you ever saw or if we have not saved you money on the purchase, **Send it Back to Us At Our Expense** and we will cheerfully refund all of your money. Order by number, No. 11U6106. Send your orders to

**SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., OF TEXAS, Dallas, Texas.**

**IF YOU VISIT THE FORT WORTH FAIR OR THE STATE FAIR AT DALLAS, COME AND SEE OUR SAMPLE ROOMS, AT 341 AND 343 COMMERCE STREET, DALLAS.**

**GOOD BUTTER EXHIBITS AT DALLAS FAIR**

There will be a dairy show in connection with the State Fair of Texas, which will be held at Dallas Oct. 19 to Nov. 3. The Texas State Dairymen's Association is responsible for the show being undertaken by the management of the fair association and the show is held under its auspices. Dairying is one of the nation's greatest industries. It stands next to corn in total value of products. It has been the foundation of many great fortunes and serves as the principal source of income for thousands of progressive farmers. When farmers have engaged in dairying to any considerable extent it shows itself in many ways. Land values increase, rural homes are beautified, the problem of keeping the boys on the farm is minimized and the community in general is more prosperous. It is for these reasons, then, that Texas has turned her eyes toward dairying. There are twenty-three successful creameries now in operation, which will receive the milk or cream from hundreds of patrons. For the benefit of both the creamery man and the creamery patrons the annual dairy shows in Texas have been established. Liberal premiums have been offered

**Tutt's Pills**

After eating, persons of a bilious habit will derive great benefit by taking one of these pills. If you have been **DRINKING TOO MUCH, they will promptly relieve the nausea, SICK HEADACHE** and nervousness which follows, restore the appetite and remove gloomy feelings. Elegantly sugar coated. **Take No Substitute.**

for exhibits of dairy and creamery butter—both in tubs and in prints—and it is hoped that those interested will make manifest their appreciation of what has been done in their behalf by sending exhibits to the show. The following is a classification of butter premium list:

- Creamery Butter**  
Creamery butter in 20-pound tubs—First, \$10; second, \$7.50; third, \$5.  
Ten pounds of creamery butter in 1-pound prints—First, \$10; second, \$7.50; third, \$5.
- Dairy Butter**  
Dairy butter in 10-pound tubs or crocks—First, \$10; second, \$7.50; third, \$5.  
Ten pounds of dairy butter in 1-pound prints—First, \$10; second, \$7.50; third, \$5.

**Sweepstakes**  
Best exhibit of butter not less than 10 pounds, gold medal.  
For all butter scoring 93 points and over, diplomas.  
In addition to these money premiums the manufacturers of dairy machinery, apparatus and supplies will offer additional premiums, consisting of articles of their own manufacture.

- Rules of Entry**  
First—Ship butter to reach Dallas on Oct. 17 or 18.  
Second—No exhibit fee will be charged on entries.  
Third—Creamery butter is understood to be made in a regular creamery from the milk or cream of not less than eight herds of cows, and the entry shall consist of at least a 20-pound tub or ten 1-pound prints from a churning of not less than 100 pounds.  
Fourth—Dairy butter is considered butter made from a single herd of cows at the home of the owner and the entries will consist of one 10-pound tub or crock or ten 1-pound prints.  
Fifth—All butter will be judged by the usual butter scoring standard.  
Sixth—The same package or lot of butter cannot be entered in more than one class, except sweepstakes class.  
Seventh—No exhibit deemed unworthy shall be awarded a premium, altho there be competition; but worthy exhibits shall be awarded premiums, tho there be no competition.  
Eighth—All money premiums will be paid to the butter maker. Diplomas and gold medals will be awarded to

creameries or dairies making exhibits. Ninth—All butter will be sold to the highest bidder and proceeds forwarded to exhibitors unless otherwise directed. **Suggestions to Shippers**

- First—Prepay express charges to Dallas. Ask agent for special butter rate.
  - Second—Put your 10 or 20-pound tub inside of a 60-pound tub, filling it with dry sawdust or paper to keep it cool.
  - Third—Place your tub in your own refrigerator twenty-four or forty-eight hours to get in shape before shipment is made.
- For entry blanks, shipping cards and other information concerning the show address C. O. Moser, superintendent Texas State Fair Dairy Show, Denison, Texas.

**FARMERS ARE BORROWING**

**Hold Cotton and Get Money From State Banks**

AUSTIN, Texas, Oct. 1.—W. Z. Hayes, one of the state bank examiners, has just returned from a trip in the eastern part of the state and thru-out the cotton growing section, where he had been examining state banks. Mr. Hayes reported that he found the banks in fine shape, but that it was apparent money was tight. This condition is not due to the stringency in money which prevails in the east, but the state banks have been drawn on heavily by the farmers, who are holding their cotton. Mr. Hayes declared that the farmers generally were taking the advice of the Farmers' Union and also of the commissioner of agriculture and are holding their cotton until it reaches a suitable price. In the meantime, these farmers need ready cash with which to begin their next year's crop and also for current expenses and are borrowing from state banks.

We are working for ourselves first and for Fort Worth second, and are fighting nobody. Our agents all sign a contract to refrain from making derogatory statements regarding real estate propositions offered by competitive firms, and we believe that others might profit by the example. The West Fort Worth Land Co., ground floor Flatiron Bldg.

**FOR SALE! OCTOBER DELIVERY**

**THIRTY HEAD FULL BLOOD HEREFORD BULL CALVES** Long Ages

**TOM HOBEN, NOCONA, TEXAS**



**"Never Mind What the Parrot Says"**

Buy the genuine COLUMBUS BUGGY CO.'S VEHICLES. "We have them."

**Fife & Miller**

312 and 314 Houston Street. Ask W. J. TACKABERRY, Mgr.

## ALCOHOL IN SICKNESS.

At one of the London public hospitals a special point is made of giving alcohol to the patients as rarely and sparingly as possible; and each time that one of the physicians does so he submits a special entry of the reasons that actuated him. In the thirty-two years of the existence of the hospital alcohol has only been given seventy-one times. The cases received are exactly like those received by all the other hospitals. For 1904 they numbered 1337 in-patients only. The death-rate among these was 7.3 per cent. For the same year the average death-rate among the other London public hospitals was 9.1 per cent. Therefore the use of alcohol in sickness is not to be regarded as a necessity. Although most physicians prescribe alcohol in solution with drugs for their patients—there was one physician of national reputation who did not believe in using alcohol. Many years ago when Dr. R. V. Pierce decided to put up his valuable "Prescription" for the diseases of women in a "ready to use" form—he used as a solvent and preservative chemically pure glycerine of proper strength, which is a better solvent and preservative of the active medicinal principles residing in most of our indigenous or native plants than is alcohol. Dr. Pierce found that the glycerine, besides being entirely harmless, possesses intrinsic medicinal properties, of great value.

No woman who is suffering from inflammation, from the pains and drains incident to womanhood can afford to be without Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. An honest medicine which has the largest number of cures to its credit and a deserved popularity for two score years all over the United States. Dr. Pierce tells you just what is contained in his "Favorite Prescription."

### ITS INGREDIENTS ARE:

Golden Seal root (Hydrastis Canadensis), Lady's Slipper root (Cypripedium Pubescens), Black Cohosh root (Cimicifuga Racemosa), Unicorn root (Helonias Dioica), Blue Cohosh root (Caulophyllum Thalioides), Chemically Pure Glycerine.

Among the prominent medical men of the country who recommend the above ingredients as superior remedies for nervous conditions depending upon disorders of the womanly system and for the cure of those catarrhal conditions in the affected parts are: Edwin M. Hale, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica, at Hahnemann Medical College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., Author of the American Dispensatory, Woman and her Diseases; Professor John M. Scudder, Doctors Hale, Ives, Wood, Bartholow and others. Address a postal card to Dr. Pierce for a complete treatise on the subject—sent to you without cost.

**DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS** cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation of the bowels, loss of appetite, coated tongue, sour stomach, windy belchings, "heartburn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels.

Persons who are subject to any of these troubles should never be without a vial of the "Pleasant Pellets" at hand. In proof of their superior excellence it can truthfully be said that they are always adopted as a household remedy after the first trial.

One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are cathartic. They regulate, invigorate and cleanse the liver, stomach and bowels. As a "dinner pill," to promote digestion, take one each day. To relieve the distress arising from over-eating, nothing equals one of these little "Pellets." They're tiny, sugar-coated, anti-bilious granules, scarcely larger than mustard seeds.

### HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

How to live in health and happiness is the general theme of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. This great work on medicine and hygiene, containing over 1000 pages and more than 700 illustrations, is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume, or only 21 stamps for the book in paper covers.

BAKER CITY, Ore., Oct. 1.—Former Sheriff Brown is still alive, but is so weak the police refused to allow the questions as to the attempt on his life by dynamite last night.

## AWARDS AT ST. JOSEPH SHOW

### Grade Herefords—Fat Class

Grade Hereford steer, spayed or martin heifer 2 years old and under 3—First, Pepper, C. V. Hull, Platte City, Mo.; second, Wilson, C. V. Hull; third, Morgan's Type, Housel Bros., Cambridge, Neb.

Grade Hereford steer, spayed or martin heifer 1 year old and under 2—First, Bonnie, Cargill & McMillan, La Cross, Wis.; second, Dearborn, C. V. Hull; third, Mortgage Lifter, J. O. Bryant, Savannah, Mo.

### Sweepstakes—Angus Fat Class

Ideal—Kansas Agricultural College. Grade Aberdeen—Angus steer or heifer under 1 year—First, South Oaks Flashlight, C. D. Hooker & Son, Maryville, Mo.; second, Little Joe, W. J. Miller, Newton, Iowa.

Grade Aberdeen—Angus under 3 years—South Oak Flashlight, Hooker & Son. Grade Hereford, spayed or martin heifer, any age—Bonnie, Cargill & McMillan.

### Fat Stock—Herefords—Pure-Breds

Steer, spayed or martin heifer 2 years old and under 3—First, Fair Lad, Cargill & McMillan, La Crosse, Wis.; second, Dearborn, C. V. Hull; third, Paul, James A. Funkhouser, Plattsburg, Mo.

### Fat Stock—Angus—Pure-Breds

First, South Oaks Chance, W. J. Miller; second, Valley Home, Davis Bros., Maryville, Mo.; third, Castro, Kansas Experiment Station.

### Fat Herefords

Steer, spayed or martin heifer 1 year old and under 2—First, Fulfiller 6th, Cargill & McMillan; second, Eric, Kansas Experiment Station.

### Fat Stock—Shorthorns—Pure-Breds

Steer, spayed or martin heifer, 2 years old and under 3—First, Captain Primrose, Kansas Experiment Station; second, George P., C. A. Saunders, Manilla, Iowa.

### Fat Angus

Steer or heifer 1 year old and under 2—First, Ideal 1471, Kansas Agricultural College; second, Valley Home 3d, Davis Bros.; third, Metz Prince 2d, W. J. Miller.

### Sweepstakes

Competition limited to prize winners in sections 1, 2 and 3—First, Fair Lad, Cargill & McMillan.

### Fat Shorthorns

Steer, spayed or martin heifer 1 year old and under 2—First, Look Me Over, C. A. Saunders; second, Colonel Harriman, Kansas Experiment Station; third, Shadwell Challenger, Case & Newell, Carthage, Mo.

### Poland-Chinas

Aged boar—First, Joseph Schmidy & Son, Wymore, Neb.; second, H. C. Dawson & Sons, Endicott, Neb.; third, H. C. Dawson & Sons.

### Fat Angus

Steer or heifer under 1 year old—First, Valley Home 5th 1519, Davis Bros.; second, Winfield 1498, Kansas Agricultural College; third, Metz Prince 3d, W. J. Miller.

## HEAVY SHIPMENTS OF CATTLE FROM RANGE

Reports of Inspectors Tell of Rain in Kingsville, But Dry Weather at Other Points

Reports of range inspectors received at headquarters of the Cattle Raisers' Association this week are as follows:

Kingsville—Shipments fifteen cars. Some showers, but no heavy rain of a kind to make the grass grow. A shortage of cars still exists.—W. B. Shelton, inspector.

Roswell, N. M.—Shipments 109 cars.—C. F. Odom, inspector.

Pecos—Shipments twenty-nine cars.—C. Brown, inspector.

Andrews county—Shipments forty cars. Good rains for 100 miles east of Carlsbad.—Ed Toner, inspector.

Alice—Shipments four cars. Weather very hot and dry for this season of the year. Stock has suffered for water.

## \$250,000 FOR PENSIONS

8,500 Are to Receive Money From the State

AUSTIN, Texas, Oct. 1.—The comptroller today announced that the apportionment of Confederate pensions for the next two quarters would be \$16 for each quarter. The next quarter begins tomorrow. Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars is apportioned for the next six months. The increase in pensions is approximately 500, which makes the total about 8,500.

# TEN OF THESE BOTTLES

OF "WILD CAT" WHISKEY  
For \$5.00 EXPRESS PREPAID



Yes! TEN full size seal bottles for a five dollar bill. We have been fortunate enough to secure a consignment of genuine old Smooth Wildcat Whiskey, and we have decided to make the most unheard of offer of Ten Full Size Seal Bottles for \$5.00. Have you ever tasted the real old Wildcat Brand? No? Well, here is the greatest chance you'll ever get, but you must order at once, as we will not guarantee to fill orders at this price after 30 days, and remember

Express Charges are Prepaid

This is your opportunity to stock up for Fall and Winter. It doesn't matter where or how we got this consignment of real old Wildcat; the point is we've got it, and you can get a supply at the unheard of price of \$5.00 for Ten full bottles, all charges prepaid.

ORDER NOW—TODAY

SOUTHERN LIQUOR COMPANY

410 ELM ST., DALLAS, TEXAS



## CIGARS GO HIGHER

Wholesale Price on Havanas Has Been Raised

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 1.—Local wholesalers received notice of an advance in price of imported cigars.

"While the price of leaf tobacco has gone up the main reason for the increase is due to the strikers in Havana having won their fight and the consequent increase in their wages," said a local wholesaler. "Lower priced cigars have been increased \$3 to \$5 per thousand and the higher grade \$5 to \$8 per thousand, wholesale."

The prices went into effect yesterday in New York and any new shipments received here will be at the advanced price.

## OPEN IDAHO LAND

150,000 Acres in Lincoln Offered to Settlers

BOISE, Idaho, Oct. 1.—One hundred and fifty thousand acres of land, at the new town of Jerome, Lincoln county, was opened today by means of a drawing in charge of the Idaho state land board. Contrary to the government demand that a settler live on his property five years to prove the title, those securing land under the Carey act may prove up at the expiration of thirty days. The price of the land opened today is \$35.50 per acre, in ten annual installments. An irrigation

## NELSON-DRAUGHON BUSINESS

College

Fort Worth, Texas, guarantees to teach you bookkeeping and banking in from eight to ten weeks, and shorthand in as short a time as any first-class college. Positions secured, or money refunded. Notes accepted for tuition. For catalogue address J. W. Draughon, president, Sixth and Main streets, Fort Worth, Texas.

canal is now being constructed thru the tract, starting with a \$1,000,000 dam at Milner.

## BORDEN COUNTY DRY

Pros Win Over Antis by Safe Majorities

GAIL, Texas, Oct. 1.—In the election held Sept. 28 this county went prohibition by an overwhelming majority. All the boxes have not been heard from, but it is conceded that all will give large pro majorities and doubtless they will win by at least 7 to 1. Gail stood 51 pro to 10 anti; Durham, 10 pro and 1 anti; Parks, 15 pro and 2 anti. The two boxes to hear from will stand about the same ratio. About two-thirds of the full vote was cast.

# Fort Worth Business College

School of Commerce of the Fort Worth University.

## UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

Teaches the best systems of Bookkeeping and Shorthand ever published. So confident are we of this that we make the following

## GREAT OFFER

We will, for a short time, sell you a

## \$50.00 LIFE SCHOLARSHIP FOR \$25.00

GOOD TO COMPLETE EITHER OUR FULL BUSINESS OR OUR FULL SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING COURSE, and we will give you a

## WRITTEN GUARANTEE

To refund you the \$25 when you complete the course, if you will come to our office and say you are not satisfied with it. We thus make you the sole judge.

Secure your scholarship before the price is raised. For further particulars, write or phone 802.

# Fort Worth Business College

THE OLDEST BUSINESS COLLEGE IN TEXAS  
Continental Bank Building, Cor. 7th and Houston Sts.

## Texas Ranger Was a Fighter

Smiling Silas Pursued Robber Band  
Into Mexico and Exterminated Them

The pluckiest chap I ever saw was a young Texas ranger known as Smiling Silas, one of Simmons' band, on the Rio Grande border, and I will never forget the way that lad, single-handed, rounded up Pantaleon Calderone, a Mexican terror, and three of the Greaser's followers. I didn't see the sensational finish to the chase across the plains—no, I wish I had—but it was given to me by a half-breed boy who'd looked on from a safe distance."

Harry McChesney, a cattleman with a ranch near Denham, Texas, sat talking with some friends on the broad veranda fronting the St. Charles Palm Gardens, on a warm evening, a fortnight since, and the group liking the way the visitor started off, insisted that he tell the story of Smiling Silas' fight.

"It was back in the early '80s," Mr. McChesney began, as he tilted back his big wicker chair and struck a match to a fresh cigar, "that Simmons' rangers came down to the river to round up Calderone and his cut-throats. The Mexicans made life on the border miserable and were capable of all sorts of dark deeds. No, they weren't brave in the same way that American road agents were courageous, but they possessed a certain amount of daring, which, combined with the craftiness of Satan himself, made them desperadoes of the worst type.

"They worked principally on the American side, and after raiding a lonely ranch and murdering every man, woman and child in their way, they would swim their horses across the river, gain Mexican territory and laugh at pursuit. Simmons' men struck their trail and followed it for about ten miles along the river, and they were just in time to see the Greasers walking their dripping horses up the opposite bank of the yellowish stream.

### Desperate Murderer

"Calderone had burned a ranch, killed the ranchero, a man named Dayton, from Michigan, and ruthlessly slaughtered about fifteen or twenty head of cattle, and Simmons wanted him the worst in the world, but Simmons wasn't for running a chance of international complications by crossing that river and invading Mexican territory. He dispatched a messenger over to the alcalde of a little sun-baked town, and the drowsy official assured the senior American that he would send word to El Captain Barrios, who would soon get the murderers with his brave rurales. That was all there was to it, tho. It is true that El Captain Barrios, a little, swallow-faced, cigarette-smoking chap, did cross the river and confer with Simmons, but despite the fact that Barrios made himself out to be a hero of the Sir Gallahad type, the rurales never stirred from their comfortable barracks in the shade of the palm trees.

"Simmons and his rangers spent a few days in loping back and forth along the border, keeping a sharp lookout for Calderone and expecting every hour to receive some word from Barrios, but no sight of the robber did they get and never a message came from the rurales.

"While the rangers were in camp one dark night Calderone and his band, numbering twenty, I believe, recrossed the river with their horses and struck northward over a sweep of prairie land. It was late the next day when the rangers were apprised of the bandit's venture, and, saddling horses, they hit the trail with a vengeance.

"The Mexicans looted a small ranch, killed about half a dozen people, and then, describing a large circle, headed back for the river. Late in the afternoon, by cutting across the prairie, the rangers closed in with the band, and Simmons, urging his ten sturdy fellows forward, put his straining horse to its best to get within shooting distance of the robbers.

### The Battle

"Just when the river was in sight the Greasers, appreciating that their horses were spent, and that the Americans were gaining on them, turned to fight. They quickly dismounted and fought Indian fashion, resting their carbines on their saddles and shooting from behind their horses. They outnumbered the rangers almost two to one, but, then, they lacked the sand and fighting skill that Simmons' boys had. The rangers, seeing the stand the Greasers had taken, drew up their horses out of shooting range, and, springing from their saddles, advanced on foot thru the long prairie grass, in

crouching attitudes. Finally, when within good pistol range, Simmons yelled a command to his men, and down they fell on their faces, while from their elevated right hands cracked the deadly pistols. Nearly every shot told, and half a dozen kicking horses went to the earth and three or four bandits yielded up the ghost at the same time.

The Mexicans had reserved their fire too long—that is a failing with them, you know, for they either shoot too soon or too late—and when they did blaze away at the enemy with their carbines and pistols their aim was bad and their bullets either flew over the heads of the attacking party or plowed up the soft soil in front of them.

Simmons, seeing the disastrous effect of his first fire, jumped to his feet and calling to his men to follow him, charged straight for the line of struggling horses and shrinking men. The rangers fired as they ran, and this time the shots were so directed that they claimed eight human victims and laid low only one luckless steed. The Greasers were throry beaten and the eight or nine still on their feet dashed toward the river, leaving their wounded mates to their fate. Simmons called to the two men left with the corral to bring the horses up, and the tired beasts responded bravely to the demand made upon them.

### Four More Fall

"The Americans followed the Mexicans on a swinging lope, and before the half mile to the river had been covered by the leaders in the mad chase four saddles were emptied and only murderous Pantaleone himself and three of his crew were on the break for safety.

"The surviving brigands urged their panting steeds down the slope to the river, forced the horses to take the water, and when the rangers gained the Texas bank the fugitives were in Mexican territory, and Simmons held up his hand in a mute signal, forbidding that any more shots be fired.

"The rangers were altogether a dashed lot when they lined up on the Texas side of the Rio Grande. They had made a splendid fight, it is true, and rid the earth of fifteen or sixteen desperadoes, but, then, the prize beauty of the robber bunch had escaped and their work was practically for naught, as Calderone would soon recruit his band. Simmons called the roll and found all his men in sound, good health, with the exception of two, Riley and Brinsmead, who had received slight wounds in the fray on the prairie. Of the robbers, eight were stone dead, and the rest were wounded, some badly and some with only scratches. I might as well get thru with the prisoners at once—three of them died of their wounds and the rest were hanged to trees and riddled with bullets.

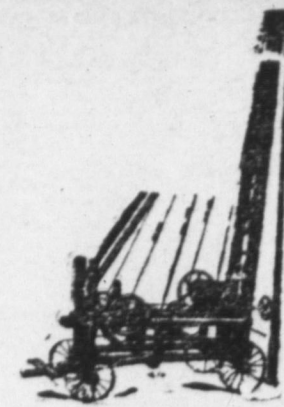
"Simmons and his men remained on the bank of the Rio Grande until nightfall, and the chief refused to listen to the importunities of his men to carry the pursuit into Mexican territory. 'We can't cross the river, boys,' he said, 'cause the Greasers down in Mexico City won't stand for it.'

"That night, tho, Smiling Silas, who had been one of the boldest in the fight on the plains, slipped from camp, saddled his horse, and, holding the steed by the bridle, swam the river. He landed safely on Mexican territory, his pistols and ammunition all right, and waited until daylight behind a fringe of chapparal. When the sun was up he looked for Calderone's trail and found it. It led south thru the mesa district to a range of hills, and about 11 o'clock in the forenoon he came upon Pantaleone and his three companions. The robbers were sleeping under a broad palm tree, their horses tethered close by, and Silas could have shot them ere they would have had time to arise and defend themselves. But he disdained such a course.

### Hand-to-Hand

Dismounting from his horse and tying the animal to a tree, he walked right into the midst of the robbers and aroused them with a loud cry. The Greasers sat up and reached for their guns instinctively, but a pistol barked from each of Silas' hands and two of the ruffians toppled over to arise never again. The other two, Calderone and one of his lieutenants, gained their feet, and the lieutenant broke to the woods. 'Bang!' cracked Smiling Silas' long-barrel gun, and the runaway fell on his face with a bullet in his spine. Just as Silas fired Calderone turned loose his gun and the bullet carried

## Well Drilling Machinery

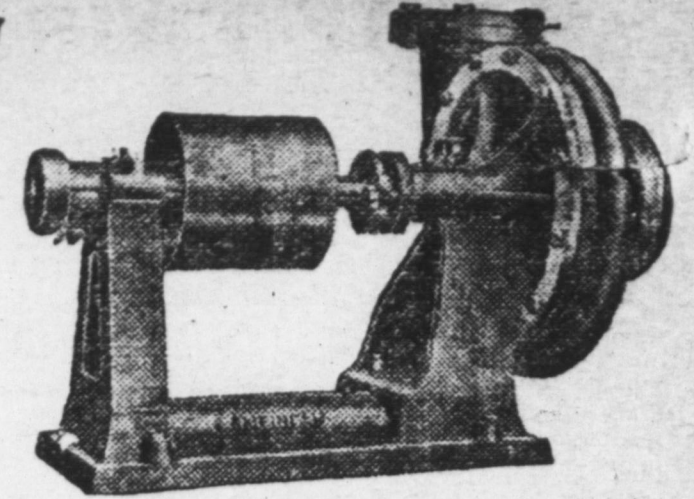


Drilling Machine.

## Pumping Machinery

For Deep or Shallow Wells, in Stock at Dallas

Come and see us. Write us for Catalogue B. It is yours for the asking. Our goods are the best, our prices right.



Centrifugal Pump.

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Low Prices      CAKE AND MEAL      Any Quantity

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Street & Graves, Houston, Texas

away the ranger's hat. Silas jumped toward his foe before a second shot could be fired, and, striking him in the face with the butt of his revolver, stretched him, dazed and bleeding, on the ground. The American drew back as Calderone struggled to his feet, and the half-breed boy who was attending to a flock of sheep on the rising ground gazed at the strange and thrilling picture spellbound. Calderone swung his pistol over his head in a trembling hand, but ere he could use it Silas stepped in and wrenched it from his grasp. 'You Mexican snake!' cried the ranger, 'pull your knife, I'll give you a chance!'

"Calderone was an expert with the bowie—most Mexicans of his stamp are—and, seeming to gain strength on the instant, he whipped out his long dagger and sprang toward the American. Silas had dropped his pistol, and, with bowie in hand, met the assault. The knives clicked as the ranger parried the downward thrust of the Mexican, and the quivering bodies of the two combatants came close together, with the long strips of steel locked at the hilts. It was then that Silas' American training stood him in good stead, and while his right hand was engaged with the knife his left swung free, and he brought the member over with a wide sweep, flush upon the side of the Mexican's face. Calderone fell back,

groggy and bleeding from the force of the blow, and Silas leaped after him like a tiger cat bent upon securing prey. The Greaser feebly raised his knife to fend a stroke, but Silas' blade swept under his arm and buried itself to the hilt in his heart. Calderone fell to the ground a corpse, and so the band was exterminated. Silas reached the camp the same night, but he did not tell where he had been until the half-breed Mexican boy related the story a week subsequent to the combat."

Bread is not the only product of the breadfruit tree. From it cement cloth, tinder and lumber are also obtained. A glutinous, milky juice oozes from the trunk of the tree, which makes excellent cement when boiled with coconut oil. From the fibrous inner bark a kind of coarse cloth is made, and the big leaves make good towels. The lumber is used for building houses and many other purposes. Besides all this the dried blossoms are used as tinder when fires are kindled.

To the Working Girls of Fort Worth: Why not invest your surplus earnings on small monthly payments in our Queensboro residence property, as the investment will grow while you are paying the property out. Consult our lady's department. The West Fort Worth Land Co., Flatiron Bldg.



We will have a good lot of

GERMAN  
COACH STALLIONS

in our stables all the year. When at the stockyards call and see them. Terms to suit you. All fully guaranteed breeders and our insurance contract with each animal.

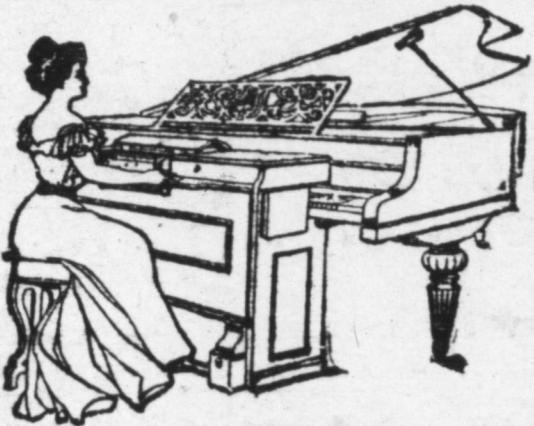
J. CROUCH & SON  
Stockyards, Fort Worth, Texas.

## COME TO THE FAIR

The greatest fair, amusement carnival and race meet ever given in Fort Worth is scheduled to occur in this city beginning Oct. 8 and ending Oct. 17. This is the fair to be given by the Fort Worth Fair Association and a list of attractions has been booked that is unrivaled anywhere. One of the many features that is entirely new in this state, and, for that matter, in this section of the country, is the designating of each day of the fair as some special railroad day. It might also be stated here that the roads tapping Fort Worth have been especially liberal in making reduced rates from all points along their lines.

Present indications justify the assertion that more people will attend this fair than have ever before been in Fort Worth at one time. There will be many attractions that have never before been seen in the state, while the racing and other sports each day will be of such a class that for wholesomeness and cleanliness they cannot be beaten anywhere.

The special attractions that will be at the fair will be described in later editions of this paper. Governor Campbell, United States Senators Culberson and Bailey and many of the state officials will be invited to attend the fair and they will probably accept.



## BEFORE BUYING A PIANO

No matter where you live write to us for free catalog

No. 180, describing our well-known, elegant, reliable, durable Pianos—

Pianos known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

We will also send our easy payment plan and other valuable information. We

sell Pianos everywhere.

Forty-one years in Texas. **Thos Goggan & Bros**

250 Elm St. Dallas

Stores in Galveston, San Antonio, Houston, Dallas and Waco.

Largest Piano House in the Southwest

**Good Rain in Arizona**  
To The Stockman-Journal.  
ARIZONA, Ariz., Sept. 20.—We have had a very fine rainy season. Grass was never better than it is now. My range is not stocked at all, comparatively speaking, and I see by your paper that western Texas is dry. I could handle 500 or more cows for a term of years and make money both for the owner and myself. Yours very truly,  
W. M. MARTENY.

## FARMERS

BY W. C. WELBORN,  
Texas Experiment Station, College Station.

(Concluded.)  
**Value of Seed to the Mill**  
However much or little seed may be worth to the farmer or feeder, the oil mill may be able to pay more.

Without trying to be scientifically exact, it may be said that the oil mills average from each ton of good seed 40 gallons of oil, 800 pounds of meal, 800 pounds of hulls and 30 pounds of lintners. At present quotations of 42 to 48 cents a gallon for oil, these 40 gallons should be worth \$17; the meal is worth \$10, the lintners worth \$1 and the hulls, say, \$1.75, making an entire value of \$29.75 from one ton of seed.

The cost of crushing a ton of seed was well worked out some ten years ago by a government agent, who concluded that every item of expense in the crushing of seed, including labor, salaries, taxes, repairs, fuel and supplies, amounts to \$2.49 for each ton of seed crushed.

Then, a mill that crushes 4,000 tons of seed per annum should cost about \$30,000 complete. Fifteen per cent on this amount of capitalization for interest and depreciation would look like a fair return, or \$4,500, making \$1.12½ on each ton of seed crushed. Then each ton usually costs in buying \$1 agent's commission and each ton shipped to the mill probably averages \$1 freight.

We have then the following items of cost per ton of seed crushed:

Buying commission	.....\$1.00
Shipping	..... 1.00
Milling expenses	..... 2.49
Dividends and depreciation	..... 1.12½

Total .....\$5.61½  
Total returns, \$29.75. Take from this expenses, including fair return on invested capital, \$5.62½, and we have \$24.13 as the price the mill could afford to pay the farmer for good seed at present prices of products.

It is very true that the mill man wants to buy cheaper for fear of a slump in oil. It is also true that lard is high, in fact, so high that a higher price for cotton seed oil would be fully justified. Every edible oil on earth is high. Coconut oil, peanut oil, sesame and rape oils are higher than for years and all are higher than cotton seed oil. And yet its quality is such that it is largely used to adulterate olive oil. The farmers should see to it that oil does not go below a figure that will give them a fair price for seed, or else take their seed off the market. It is also true that buyers are apt to get bad seed that will not make prime oil, but just here more care should be exercised and the man having good, sound, dry seed should get good prices and the other fellow should get less. Yes, seed sometimes heats in the warehouses at the mill. If sound when it reaches the mill, it is gross carelessness if the mill lets it spoil.

It is true that sometimes mills build so close together that each gets a short supply of seed and hence cannot crush and handle it so cheaply. This is not the farmer's fault and this very condition should make competition so keen that the farmer would get still higher prices for his seed.

Another thing: The mills so situated as to gin a good deal of cotton and to receive a supply of seed from wagons save freight and commissions and still pay no more for seed. The farmer hauling his seed to the mill should get \$2 a ton more than the man at a distance, or, according to the calculation made above, the mill could afford to pay \$26.135 per ton for local seed.

It should not be contended that mills are in honor bound to pay \$24 or \$26, or the utmost they could pay, any more than it should be urged that the farmer ought to part with his seed at \$18 if he can get only this amount by feeding them. Theoretically, the mills should have some concession from the top price they could pay to compensate for risks and the farmer should have something well above the values he might realize otherwise to induce him to sell. Any fair trade or exchange should be profitable to both parties.

**Used Brother to Win Nomination**  
Politicians were astounded at the primaries in Boston to find Joseph Leonard, candidate for councilman, electioneering at different places at the same time.

Telephone messages often reported him at two polling places at the same moment. It was a puzzle.

After he got the nomination Leonard let it be known that his twin brother, Martin Leonard, his exact double, had been helping him.

Dressed like his brother, Martin was taken for Joseph, and did effective work.



## Crescent Stock Dip

The Greatest Tick Destroyer on the Market, and cures Mange and Itch. Manufactured by CRESCENT CHEMICAL CO., Fort Worth, Tex. The only plant in the Southwest for the manufacture of stock dips. Ask your dealer for it or write

Crescent Chemical Co., Fort Worth, Texas

## VETERINARY DEPARTMENT

J. P. James of Silver City, N. M., has written a letter to The Stockman-Journal and asks: "What can I do to cure my cow from giving a small quantity of blood in her milk. She stumbled about ten weeks ago and since that time has had a calf which is five weeks old. She has been in good condition in every way, but still there is a very small amount of blood appears in the bottom of the milk after standing a short while. I judge it might amount to one-third of a teaspoonful, no more. I mentioned it to a friend and he told me to write you. The cow has just come in fresh on her second calf and gives from five to six quarts each milking."

Captain Joseph Mitchell, who at one time was a breeder of fine dairy cattle, being questioned upon the statement above, said: "You may give this recipe to Mr. James, as what is necessary for him to do from my experience: If the cow weighs less than a thousand pounds give one and one-half pounds of Epsom salts and an even tablespoon of best ground ginger, dissolved in a quart of boiling water. When cold give at a dose. If the cow is over 1,000 pounds, give two pounds Epsom salts and a heaping tablespoonful of ginger, in three pints of hot water. Give at a dose. This will effect a cure."

From the experience of Captain Mitchell, it is sure that this will effect a cure.

## SUGGESTIONS FOR DAIRYMEN

BY DR. DAVID ROBERTS,  
Cattle Specialist, Wisconsin State Veterinarian.

A good time to do your dehorning is to dehorn the calves with a good dehorner when they are a few days old. Mark them with an aluminum ear mark so you can keep a record of them.

Keep a record of the breeding of each cow, so you will know when she is due to calve, and then allow her to go dry six weeks before calving. The dairy bull should be fed like

## FOR SALE

100 three-year-old Steers, fairly well graded; good condition; located 12 miles from Marble Falls, Texas. Price \$25.  
H. E. CRAFTS,  
Cypress Mills, Texas.

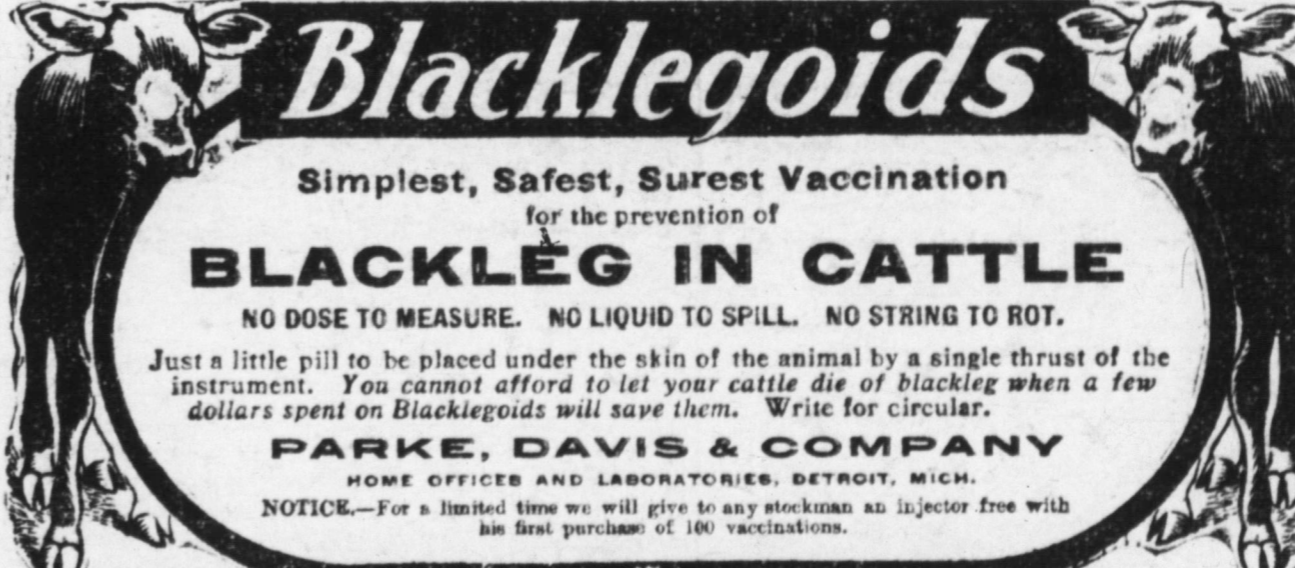
a working horse and should receive plenty of exercise. Work him in a tread power.

The milking is one of the most important parts of the dairy business. The cows should be milked quickly, clean and quietly. Do not excite your cows or they will not let their milk down. Don't lick a cow because she kicks. If she kicks there is some cause for it. Look for the cause and remedy it. It may be a sore teat, it may be an inflamed udder, or it may be that she has been misused and regards her milker as an enemy that she must fight. If such is the case, treat her kindly and she will soon learn that you are not going to harm her.

Clip the long hair off the udder and flanks and tail, and wipe off the udder with a damp cloth before milking, and you will be surprised to see how much cleaner the milk will be.

Weigh each cow's milk with an accurate scale and test the milk with a Babcock tester and you will be able to see how many of your cows are paying for themselves.

Did you know that the survey of the Turner interurban line runs thru our Queensboro and Factory Place Additions? This line will be built very soon and we expect to have to pay our subscription, and in view of this fact we will not enhance the selling price of our property for a short time in order to augment our sales. Better investigate now. The West Fort Worth Land Co., Flatiron Bldg.



### Blacklegoids

Simplest, Safest, Surest Vaccination  
for the prevention of

## BLACKLEG IN CATTLE

NO DOSE TO MEASURE. NO LIQUID TO SPILL. NO STRING TO ROT.

Just a little pill to be placed under the skin of the animal by a single thrust of the instrument. You cannot afford to let your cattle die of blackleg when a few dollars spent on Blacklegoids will save them. Write for circular.

**PARKE, DAVIS & COMPANY**  
HOME OFFICES AND LABORATORIES, DETROIT, MICH.  
NOTICE.—For a limited time we will give to any stockman an injector free with his first purchase of 100 vaccinations.

# GRADDOCK

GRADDOCK'S 92 and MELBA RYE  
ARE THE TWO BEST \$4.00 PER GALLON WHISKIES SOLD  
L. CRADDOCK & CO., DALLAS, TEXAS.

**CHARLES ROGAN**  
Attorney-at-Law  
Austin, - - Texas

**School Lands a Specialty**  
D. E. SIMMONS  
Lawyer  
Austin, Texas



# STATE FAIR OF TEXAS

AMERICA'S GREATEST FAIR AND EXPOSITION

WILL OPEN OCTOBER 19 AND CLOSE NOVEMBER 3

## Superb Racing Events

More than 900 horses will contest on Dallas track this year. Entries for the six running stakes average twenty-six to the race. Two hundred and twelve entries for the six harness stakes. \$50,000 in stakes and purses. From five to seven running and from three to five harness races during each week-day of the carnival.

## Music Hall Attractions

The Music Hall program will eclipse in attractions and repertoire of artists anything in that line that the management has heretofore been able to secure. Seymour's Band, of forty-five members, Delamotte's Quartette, in condensed acts from popular operas such as "Carmen," "The Bohemian Girl," etc. Moving pictures in storm scene from "Prince of India." Sugimoto's Japanese in acrobatic feats; Unita and Paul, gymnasts of national repute. Lamb's thirty fun-making Mechanical Figures, and many other attractions.

## IMPLEMENT AND VEHICLE EXHIBIT

Machinery Hall has been apportioned to the implement and machinery and vehicle makers and dealers, and not only is all of the space allotted, but exhibits will be made in the open spaces between buildings and along Implement Row. This year the State Fair will display for the benefit of its visitors exhibits of inventors, manufacturers and producers of every means contributing to the welfare of the farmer, the stockman and the poultry raiser.

## LOW RATES ON ALL RAILROADS

SIDNEY SMITH, Secretary

JAMES MORONEY, President

## FARMERS FORUM

### Preservation of Fence Posts and Other Farm Timbers

Forest Service, Washington, D. C. Experimental tests made by the government with a number of inferior woods have shown that it is practicable to subject them to preservative treatment by which they will be rendered durable and as lasting as the soundest oak in many cases.

This is of the highest importance in connection with the use of fence posts, telegraph and telephone poles, cross-ties and constructive timbers of many kinds. It is of special importance to farmers in many parts of the country, for with them the fence post problem is serious.

Almost every farmer in the South and East knows that the supply of locust, white oak, cedar and other durable woods has become so restricted in the last few years that their cost has become almost prohibitive. In the middle West the supply of good post material always was limited, while in many places in the far West it is becoming more and more expensive to build fences because good timber for posts is becoming very scarce. The fence post problem, therefore, appeals to the farmers of the whole country and they will be benefited by any process by which a poor post may be made to give double or treble service.

The preservative treatment can be employed more successfully with certain kinds of wood than with others, but it fortunately so happens that the open-grained, quick-growing, quick-decaying timbers are the easiest of all woods to treat. Among these are old field or loblolly pine of the South, lodgepole and western yellow pine, cottonwood, willow, buckeye, beech, sycamore and others in the West and middle West.

Woods which decay most rapidly in their natural state, with few exceptions, are best adapted for preservative treatment. This is important because it renders cheap and abundant timbers available and makes use of what would otherwise be wasted.

The process of treating farm timbers is simple and the cost is low. The apparatus may be set up and operated by a farmer on his own premises, or two or more farmers or timber users may join and lessen the expense for each. The only apparatus required is an open iron tank, large enough to receive fence posts in an upright position. Shingles,

stakes and other small timbers may be treated in the same tank.

The cost of the treatment, after the apparatus is ready, depends upon the size of the timbers and whether the entire posts or only the butts are treated, and the thoroughness of the treatment. Where freight rates permit the shipping of the preservative at a moderate expense, the total cost of a treated post of old field pine, lodgepole pine, cottonwood or similar timber ought not exceed that of a high grade post in its natural state and is often less.

The government considers the investigations in the preservative treatment of timber of such importance that the business of one branch of a bureau in the department of agriculture—the "office of wood preservation" in the forest service—is given over entirely to the work of experiments in co-operation with railroad companies, mining corporations and individuals in prolonging the life of railroad ties, mine props, bridge timbers, fence posts and transmission poles. Advice and practical assistance is furnished all who request it of the forester. The lengthening of life of timber means the saving of thousands of dollars annually through doing away with the heavy expense of labor and cost of material for renewals.

## CATTLE

Colonel Marion Sansom has returned from a trip thru the southwestern part of the state, where he had a look over the country in its relation to the cattle interests. "It is as dry down there as it is up here," said Colonel Sansom. "It has rained only in spots and there has been no such thing as a general rain in a long time. I was over a good part of the territory comprised in the southwest and it is pretty much all the same. Of course under these conditions it cannot be said that stock are at their best, but it can be said truthfully that things might have been worse, as all men in the cattle business any length of time will understand."

Captain Turner, whose ranch is at the cap rock, north of Big Springs, was in the Exchange with other cattlemen and for his section said: "I suppose it has rained since I heard from the ranch, as it did rain at Big Springs and Midland last week, but then there

is no telling. It was dry, but not suffering when I last heard. We have not suffered nearly so much for moisture as the cattlemen have below the railroad, and grass was pretty good. I have a small holding of yearlings on the ranch now, having sold off my steers in June. It is a good plan to have the pastures cleaned up during such a time, for there is no telling what kind of weather is coming to us before this drouth is over. It is too late for rain to do the grass much good, only to freshen it up and wash the dust off from it. No, I am not feeding. Feed is entirely too high and feeders, too."

C. S. Bounds of Indian Territory was on the yards from his home in Kiowa, Choctaw Nation, where he caters to his cattle interests. "Cattle are very scarce up our way, that is, shipping cattle are. Everything was shipped clean and there is but little good stuff left. While we do not ship many cattle to Fort Worth, still it is our home market for hogs, and we like to come to the city. There is a little cotton planted in our section, but very little comparatively; in fact, not enough to make it any cause for anxiety as to results. Of course, I am speaking generally. Yes, the election is over and we would rather the thing was thrown out, for we had rather remain under Uncle Sam as we are than to try statehood with all that is to follow. We have a large flock of lawyers that have got to be supported, I presume, but we would rather some other people had the job."

If you have a few dollars to invest, buy Fort Worth property—the city that gained 16,000 in population in the last year; the best town in Texas. Consult the West Fort Worth Land Co., Flatiron Bldg.

### Where They Die Only Once

A lumbering old stage was winding in and out over a remote road in the Adirondacks. There was only one passenger, and he had chosen to sit outside beside the driver. Several times he had tried conversation, but had met with so little encouragement that he had given up and was silently watching the landscape.

Presently they came to a tiny mountain burying ground, containing a few grave stones and a few unmarked graves. The passenger looked at it, struck by its air of loneliness, which seemed to stir in him afresh the desire for human intercourse. He turned again to the driver, pointed toward the graveyard, and observed:

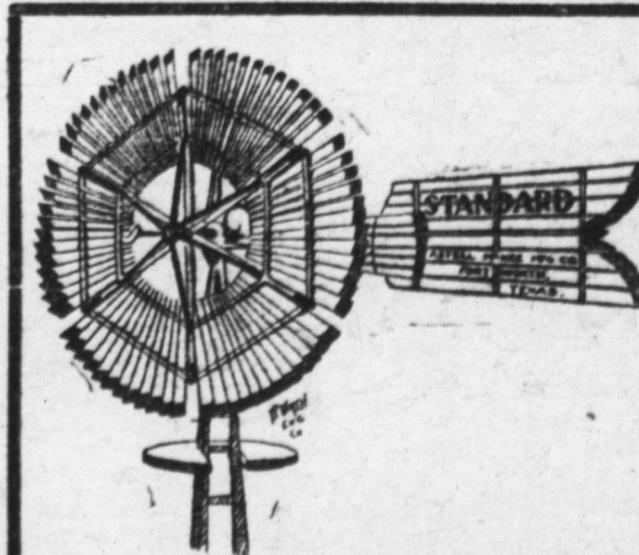
"People around here don't seem to die very often, do they?"

And without turning his head, "Just once," said the driver.

### He Had the Idea

The position of librarian in some of our city libraries often calls for qualities which would at first thought occur to one as indispensable to persons of the Sherlock Holmes persuasion rather than to those busy in the field of library work.

For example, in one of the crowded districts a little boy appeared at the desk one morning and demanded a "book by a feller named Dirt." Suspecting a discrepancy somewhere, the librarian searched the catalogue in vain, then had recourse to cross-questioning. This proved equally futile, and a note was sent to the boy's mother, asking her if she would be kind enough to write the name of the book she wanted. In about half an hour he returned with a slip of paper on which was written: "Please send something by George Sand."



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