Chase County Courant.

W.E. TIMMONS, Editor and Proprietor.

HEW TO THE LINE LET THE CHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY.

VOL. XVII.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1891.

NUMBER 49.

THE WORLD AT LARGE.

Summary of the Daily News.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

INTERNAL revenue collections for July amounted to \$14,188,481, an increase over July 1890, of \$1,529,641. The principal items were: Spirits, \$8,. 170,744, an increase of \$1,617,292; tobacco, \$2,686,412, a decrease of \$301,679; fermented liquors, \$3,207,978, an increase of \$130,937.

ACTING SECRETARY NETTLETON has instructed the collector at New York to take such steps as may to him seem necessary to prevent the importation from Germany of goods produced by convict labor. The United States consul-general at Berlin is of the opinion that a considerable quantity of "convict goods" are imported into the United States annually in contravention of

THE fifth international congress of geologists began in Washington with many scientists present from Europe. Secretary Noble delivered the address of welcome.

SECRETARY NOBLE, in a letter to a friend, signifies that he has no intention of resigning.

SECRETARY NOBLE says that the day for opening Indian lands has not been THE free delivery experiment at small

towns of the country is declared not a success by the post office officials, the gross receipts having decreased under the system.

CATTLEMEN in the Cherokee strip drove several thousand head upon the Chillocco school reservation and destroyed fifty tons of hay and other crops. Superintendent Coppock tele-graphed to Washington demanding that the school property be protected.

Gov. PAGE, of Vermont, has appointed Secretary of War Proctor United States senator to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Edmunds.

LATER searching at the Park place horror in New York indicated that ninety persons lost their lives.

ALFRED H. HILDICK, a prominent

importer of New York City, committed suicide by taking Paris green. THE largest vein of gas ever struck

at Sandy Creek, Oswego county, N. Y., was tapped the other day at a depth of 102 feet. The noise of escaping gas was heard for one mile away. It blew the tools in all directions, PENNSYLVANIA prohibitionists met at

Harrisburg, adopted the usual resolu-tions and nominated W. W. Hogue for result, the heaviest rain of the year auditor-general and George Drayton for state treasurer.

city council and mayor arrested. CHARLES R. FLINT has been appoint ed consul-general of Chili at New York

by President Balmaceda.

THE coroner's jury inspected the ruins of the New York disaster and found that the walls were not poorly constructed. A lot and a monument in Mount Hope cemetery has been offered for the unknown dead. THE North American St. George's

union in session at Oswego, N. Y., elected Dr. E. H. Smythe, of Kingston, Ont., president and Thomas Y. Yates, of Washington, D. C., secretary. LIZZIE WILSON, an unmarried woman

of Philadelphia, poisoned herself and her year old child because the author of her ruin refused reparation. Hon. S. C. Pomeroy, ex-senator from

Kansas, died in Massachusetts on the 27th at the age of 76. SIXTY thousand dollars damage by fire was done to Moses Coleman & Son's

four-story building in Boston. WESTERN New York has been flooded by cloud bursts. WALTER CARR & Co., produce deal-

ers of New York City, have assigned, with liabilities and assets each about \$80,000. THE Knights of Labor, of Boston,

have indorsed General Master Workman Powderly. A serious storm visited Newark, N.

J., on the the 28th, accompanied by tornado. Much damage was done.

THE WEST.

THE low summer tourist rates adopted by the Soo are to be met by all the western roads that come in competition with it. Authority has been so given by Chairman Finley.

LEE QUAN, a Chinaman, was fatally shot as he was being taken to a place of safety at Ouray, Col., for assaulting the daughter of Col. Shaw.

It is said by the Chicago Inter Ocean that Senator Stanford considers himself a republican presidential possibility.

Two letter carriers, Thomas Nolan and Albert Wiley, and Assistant Postmaster Henry, of Duluth, Minn., have been arrested for collecting amounts due on inadequately stamped letters and pocketing the money. About \$500 had been secured.

A DENIAL of the report that the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway to build a line to San Francisco has been made by Vice-President Rheinhardt. Mr. Rheinhardt also said that there was no truth in the statement that the company was buying land for such a

DR. LYMAN C. DRAPER, for three years secretary of the Wisconsin state historical society, died of paralysis at

Madison, Wis., recently, aged 76. THE Kansas league of republican clubs met at Topeka on the 26th. Hon. J. W. Stailey, of Nemaha county, was chosen president

194

A CONVENTION of the Irish national eague has been called to meet at Chieago October 1 and 2 next.

WILLIAM SHERRILL, of Salt Lake City, Utah, got out of his buggy and shot himself. Cause, morphine. THE frost damage in North Dakota was not nearly so great as had been

feared-wheat was not injured. THE Sons of Veterans met in convention at Minneapolis, Minn., on the 25th. THE Worden furniture factory, Grand

Rapids, Mich., has been destroyed by fire. Loss, \$70,000. THE coal miners' strike of the region about Sprinfigeld, Ill., has ended in the

defeat of the men. THE National Brewers' union, in ses sion in St. Louis, has decided to press more strongly than ever the boycotts against the Anheuser-Busch and W. J.

Lemp beers. THE employers of California have started an association to resist the encroachments of trades unions.

EXPERIMENTS with a troop of Brule Sioux show that they make good soldiers.

STOCKMEN from the southern portion of New Mexico bring discouraging news about the condition of the cattle. REPORTS from Manitoba, North and South Dakota and Minnesota are that frosts did great damage to wheat and

Six sailors have deserted from the United States steamer Pensacola, now at San Francisco, because they are afraid to go to China in her.

By the explosion of a beer vat in a Cincinnati brewery Inspector Louis Birkenbusch was struck by a heavy piece of timber and killed.

A TRAIN going north near Canton, N. D., frightened a yoke of oxen attached to a binder led by a woman, the man who operated the machine being perched on the seat. The woman was literally cut to pieces by the binder, her legs, arms and head being cut off. The man escaped. St. PAUL Sons of Veterans won the

competitive drill of the national encampment. Tacoma, Wash., was sec-

FIRE in Danville, Ind., destroyed five stores and a residence. Loss, \$40,000; insurance, \$30,000.

A FAST freight on the Santa Fe was wrecked at Willow Springs, I. T., the engine and ten cars being thrown from the track. Engineer Dimmers, Conductor Meyers and Fireman Pat Cullen were badly injured. The wreck was caused by boomers' horses on the track.

LARGE quantities of dynamite have been exploded from the highest peak of the Socorro mountains, N. M. As a fell, breaking the drought.

MAJ. McKINLEY will speak at the BECAUSE of their refusal to do away with a sewage nuisance the Altoona, lican day, September 23. Senator Palmer and Congre speak on democratic day.

THE SOUTH.

THE lumber mill, dry kiln and lumber at Clawson, Tex., were destroyed by fire. Loss, \$75,000. ABOUT thirty-five feet of levee just below Plaquemine, La., caved in. The levee at that point will have to be re-

with the cotton about Little Rock, Ark. THE largest sale of bottled whisky ever made in the world took place at firm of Joseph E. Pepper & Co. selling to Krauss, Hart & Felbit, of New York, Charles Harris, San Francisco. 6,000 cases of eleven-year-old Pepper whisky. The sale amounted to nearly

\$500,000. WILL LEWIS, colored aged 18 years, was taken from the calaboose at Tullahoma, Tenn., by eight masked men and hanged to a tree. Lewis was 2 drunken rowdy, but had been guilty of no grave crime so far as known.

NEAR Nicholasville, Ky., a special engine on the Richmond, Nicholasville. Irvine & Beattyville railroad ran down and killed Mrs. Mary Richardson and two children who were walking across the bridge over the Kentucky river. POSTMASTER HUGH MULHOLLAND, of Paducah, Ky., has resigned because of

charges. DR. R. C. CHENAULT, superintendent of the state insane asylum at Lexington, Ky., has been sued for \$10,000 by Col. Melvin Stinnett, a patient, for shooting

him August 2. THE cave-in of the bank of the Mississippi river below Plaquemine, La., has reached alarming proportions. It

One of the Georgia train robbers has been arrested. He returned nearly

RAILWAY employes of Texas are signing a petition to the state board

against the sweeping reduction in freight rates as certain to reduce wages. THE entire police force of Middles-borough, Ky., is on trial on the charge

A STORY from Genoa, Italy, that the borough, Ky., is on trial on the charge of lynching John Rosmuss, a stonecutter of Cincinnati, several months ago. The police at the time had a fight with officers. desperadoes and happening upon Rosmuss, who had nothing to do with either side, arrested him and that night he was lynched.

A TERRIBLE accident occurred on the Western North Carolina railroad at Statesville at 2 a. m. on the 27th, a in which to work the convicts. passenger train going through a bridge 200 feet from the ground. At least twenty persons were killed and many died at Manchester, N. H.

THE Bremaker-Moore Paper Co. Louisville, Ky., has assigned. Liabilities, \$250,000; assets, \$700,000.

FRANK HUGHES, a murderer, was taken out of jail at Georgetown, Ky., and hanged by a mob.

GENERAL.

THE Grand Trunk railway tunnel under the St. Clair river at Sarnia, Can., and Port Huron, Mich., will be opened September 19 in grand style. A grand banquet in the tunnel is proposed

MISS LENORA MITCHELL, the New York actress found shot in a railroad carriage in England two weeks ago, died in London. The police declare it was a case of suicide.

Excessive rains and floods are reported in lower Austria and upper Italy. Great damage is being done. CONFLICTING reports have been received from Chili. One was that the in-

surgent army at Valparaiso had sur-rendered and the other was that Balmaceda's army had taken flight. MR. GLADSTONE has written a letter denouncing gambling as a formidable

and growing national evil. EMIGRATION from Italy continues on vast scale.

MANY young Englishmen and Americans hold commissions in the insurgent army in Chili. REPORTS from Warsaw show that the

peasants of central Russia are emigrating by the wholesale. Five hundred men have already abandoned their families in order to emigrate.

THE marquis of Lorne, in an article in the Berlin Deutsche Revue, declares the German colonies the hottest and most worthless territories in the world. An international prison congress in session in Christiana, Sweden, favors fining criminals instead of imprisoning

THE Canadian authorities are accused of sending all the Russian refugees to this country.

GERMAN farmers along the Volga river in Russia are reported in great distress.

THE Munich Allgemeine Zeitung has received a telegram saying that the situation in China is exceedingly grave, and that combined action by the powers is imperative.

CONSIDERABLE sedition is reported existing in many of the cities of India, arising from the recent marriage reform law, events in Manipur and other

BALMACEDA'S army was routed by the congressionalists at Valparaiso on the 28th and the city captured. Balmaceda was practically a fugitive, his cause being hopeless. President-elect Vicuna likewise went down. The two generals of Balmaceda's forces were killed one after the other. Gen. Canto. the leader of the insurgents, received many congratulations for his brilliant victory.

SERIOUS riots are reported in Russia, peasantry attacking Jewish middlemen engaged in exporting rye. Soldiers were ordered to repress the troubles, which they did, killing two peasants and wounding others.

THE great rubber syndicate ha THE steamships Gambier and Easby

were in collision off Port Philip heads, Melbourne, Australia. The Gambier sunk and twenty-six persons on board were drowned.

VIENNA reports indicate a deficiency

in the world's supply of wheat at 90,-000,000 bushels. The deficiency of rye is placed at 330,000,000 bushels.

MRS. JULIA FILLMORE HARRIS, the survivor of eight brothers and sisters. one of whom was Millard Fillmore. Louisville, Ky., recently, the distilling thirteenth president of the United States, died at the home of her son,

THE American bank of Corder, Mo., was robbed in regular bandit style by two masked men on the afternoon of the 31st. One of the robbers was soon after captured and, it was reported, lynched.

Four persons were killed and a dozen badly injured by the wreck of a mixed train between Tell City and Troy, Ind. NEARLY 300 lives were lost, mostly sailors, by the recent typhoon off the Japanese coast.

PRESIDENT DIAZ has appointed Joseph Ives Limantour minister plenipotentiary to arrange a commercial reciprocity treaty between Mexico and the United

A DENVER & Rio Grande train was reported held up and robbed early on the morning of the 1st near Canon City, SECRETARY NORLE has sent the fol-

lowing telegram to Gov. Steele: "The president has ordered that no exception shall be made of Cherokees locating or has reached alarming proportions. It is now over 1,000 feet long and 350 feet der of October last. In doing so they are evading the order."

By the explosion of coal dust in a colliery near Badminster, England, seven miners were killed and a number injured

C. HULL GRANT has been appointed enior aide de camp and D. U. Quick,

robbed of £250,000 is denied by London GEORGE MOERLEIN, a noted brewer

of Cincinnati, is dead. THE extra session of the Tennessee egislature began at noon on the 31st. In his message the governor suggested the purchase of undeveloped coal lands

REV. DR. J. W. OLMSTEAD, editor emeritus of the Baptist Watchman. THE business part of the village of

Ceres, N. Y., was destroyed by fire. In a collision between two sections of freight train near Princeton, Minn., Conductor Young and four brakemen were injured.

A BROKEN FLANGE.

Cause of a Terrible Railway Wreck in Indiana.

THE BROKEN CARRIAGES IN FLAMES.

Four Persons Killed and Twelve Injured The North Carolina Wreck Due to Villainy-Destructive Wreck on the Union Pacific.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Sept. 1 .- About 10 'clock yesterday morning, between Tell City and Troy, a mixed train in which were twenty passengers en-

countered a broken flange. The engine left the track, bumped on the ties for awhile and then took a header down a steep embankment and all the cars piled on it. The passengers were all taken out, four dead and sixteen more or less scalded by escaping steam and otherwise injured. The wreck caught fire and burned up completely. Engineer Jake App and his fireman escaped injury by jumping. Conductor Gordon, in the coach, was badly hurt. Following is a list of the dead: Emma Schu, 10 years old; Rob-ert Grau, 4 years old; Mrs. Sarah Grau, Mrs. Barbary Mesmeyer. The injured are: Sidney Hess, Kate

Keller, William Newman, Mrs. William Chose and child, Manuel Durbin, Henry Bodine, Michael Ellenthurn, Mrs. William Newman, Maggie Hudson, G. F. Bolt. All the injured are in Tell City. Nearly all the passengers were from local points on the road.

THE NORTH CAROLINA WRECK. RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 1.—The cor-oner's jury in the case of the Bastiani bridge railway wreck near Statesville has rendered its verdict, finding that the wrecking of the train was caused by a loose rail, the bolts and spikes of which had been taken out by some person or persons unknown, with tools or implements belonging to the railroad company, which tools or implements were left by the gross negligence of the railroad company in an open shed

accessible to everybody.

The jury also found that several cross ties near where the rail was removed were unsound and that the superstructure of the track was in part defective. The high rate of speed maintained in going over the bridge was censured.

This verdiet, although it condemns

the railroad company, accepts the theory that the prime cause of the wreck was the malicious removal of a rail by some miscreant.

WRECK ON THE UNION PACIFIC. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 1.—Information was received late last night that a freight train on the Rock Island ary by means of private subscriptions and a Union Pacific construction train had collided near Muncie, a small station on the Union Pacific, about ten miles west of this city. The collision occurred about 8 o'clock, and although there were forty men on the construction train and a dozen cars were ditched nobody was hurt. The loss to the rail-

roads was heavy. The wreck delayed westbound Rock Island and Union Pacific trains last night. They went over the Santa Fe as far as Lawrence, Kan. Between Kansas City and Topeka the Rock Island uses the Union Pacific track.

THE TENNESSEE LEGISLATURE.

Convened to Investigate the Convict Lease System and Other Matters. NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 1 .-- The extra session of the Forty-seventh general assembly of Tennessee convened at noon Monday. The chief business will be the settlement of questions that have grown out of the recent trouble between the miners and convicts at Briceville, referring to the abolition of the lease system and to the removal, retuilding and enlarging of the state prison. The lease system, as now operated, yields the state \$100,000 per annum, and if it is abolished the tax rate of the state must be increased. There is strong sentiment among the members of the assembly against a

change. The military laws are to be changed so as to give the executive more power in emergencies like that at Briceville. The criminal laws are to be revised so as to send fewer offenders to the penitentiary, probably establishing the whipping post for misdemeanors, or houses of correction for youthful offenders. A world's fair appropriation is to be voted upon, and the election laws, which were left in a faulty condition by the regular session, will be corrected.

The body will be in session twenty days, but it is not thought that the work before it can be attended to in that time. If not, an extraordinary session will be called.

A committee representing the miners of the state will be in constant attendance during the session, their object being the abrogation of the lease system or the passage of such laws as will keep convicts from being subleased to any mining company that will pay for their services.

African Expedition Defeated.

PARIS, Sept. 1.-The government has received a dispatch announcing that Fourneau's expedition to explore the valley of Sangha Hayen, Central Soudan and the French Congo, was at tacked by the natives with the result that sixteen were killed and thirty-one, including Fourneau himself, were

KANSAS STATE NEWS.

The state fair will be held at Topeka,

ommencing September 14. The farmers' elevator company, of Hiawatha, has filed a charter with the

ecretary of state, with a capital stock of \$2,000. Ex-Senator Ingalls has not sailed for Europe, as has been reported. He is at home, and has no intention of going abroad this year.

The Leavenworth mutual sick relief association has been chartered for the purpose of relieving sick members by the payments of fixed weekly benefits.

Newell S. Pond, of Arkansas City. having recently discovered a plan of his wife to elope with George Pile, went home and accused her and then broke or cut up every article of furniture and clothing in the house and threatened to take his wife's life, but finally allowed her to escape. He then left the city. Pile is married.

A petition, signed by a large number of citizens of Stevens county, has been received by Gov. Humphrey, asking him to cause an investigation into the financial affairs of the county. The petition sets forth the fact that the indebtedness of the county is \$75,000, onehalf of which was incurred in a fraudulent way by the county officers.

The survivors of the Quantrell raid recently held a meeting at Lawrence and effected an organization with the following officers: President, F. W. Read; vice-presidents, G. Grovenor, Samuel Kimball, C. T. K. Prentice; secretary, C. W. Smith; corresponding secretary, B. W. Woodward; treasurer, L. Bullene: executive committee, R. W. Sparr, J. C. Watts, J. G. Sands, J.

H. Shimmons, E. W. Wood. The grand lodge of colored Masons, lately in session at Fort Scott, elected officers as follows: G. W. Smith, of Topeka, grand master; G. A. Dudley, of Kansas City, deputy grand warden; J. W. Steward, senior grand warden; J. S. Brashear, of Topeka, grand treasurer; H. H. Curtis, of Baxter Springs, grand secretary. The reports of the various grand officers show the order to be in a flourishing condition and full of cheering and consoling news to the craft throughout the entire jurisdiction.

The new school law for cities of the first-class, passed by the last legislature, it has been discovered will work a delay in opening the schools of several cities from early in September, the usual time, to January, 1892. The cities that will suffer are Kansas City and Atchison, the school boards of both being in debt and the new levy not being available until January next. Kansas City (Kan.) proposes to open the

and charging a small tuition fee. The Kansas association of Pennsylvania settlers recently held an annual reunion at Emporia, which ended with a picnic which was attended by over 3,000 people. Nearly everycounty in the state had representatives present. The following were elected officers: President, Rev. D. B. Shuley, of Emporia; treasurer, D. C. Lake, of Osage City; secretary, C. H. Bollman, of Topeka. Lyon county has over 1,000 Pennsylvanians and not less than 600 others were present. Topeka was

chosen as the place for the next reunion. E. W. Deming, of New Orleans, who owns a large sugar mill at Attica, is in Kansas to push the work of manufacturing sugar from sorghum. He has great faith in the sugar industry in Kansas and believes that Kansas sorghum can be made as productive of sugar as southern cane. At present the best plantations in the south get 200 pounds of sugar from a ton of cane. while Kansas sorghum yields but 100 pounds. Kansas sorghum contains more glucose than southern cane, and this is a serious diffiulty in the way of making sugar.

Special Policeman Grigsby, on duty at Chelsea park, Kansas City, Kan., during the recent heavy storm, attempt ed to remove a telephone wire which had been blown down. He grabbed it with both hands and in a moment realized that he had hold of a "live" wire. The man was unable to release his hands and he writhed around in great agony. By the time assistance arrived smoke from his burning flesh was arising and he was in most terrible agony. It took several moments for the people who came to his assistance to comprehend the situation, but Grigsby, although undergoing awful torture, shouted to them to cut the wire. This was quickly done and the policeman was enabled to drop the wire. The palms of both hands were quite badly burned. Fred Cook, a lineman employed by

the Western Union telegraph company, recently had a marvelous escape from death while at work on the corner of Sixth street and Minnesota avenue in Kansas City, Kan. Smith was engaged in repairing a wire at the top of a telegraph pole when it accidently came in contact with a 'live" electric light wire. In an instant he was jerked from the pole and his body was dangling in the air. When the current struck him he gave one loud shriek. A scene of wild excitement followed, as the crowd expected to see Cook fall to the pavement and be dashed to death. Cook's face turned black from the effects of the heavy shock, but he recovered his senses long enough to shout: "For God's sake cut the wire." The deadly current again rendered him unconscious. Another lineman rushed to his rescue and cut the wire. Cook's hands were terribly burned, -

EXIT BALMACEDA.

The Congressionalists in Full Possession in Chili-Rioters Apply the Torch at Saa-tiago-Order Being Restored.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.-The Herald this morning prints special Chilian ad-

vices as follows: VALPARAISO, Chili, Aug. 30.-The Chaneral regiment of the congressional army took formal possession of Santiago last night, and practically the last act in the bloody drama of revolution which has torn Chili to pieces for the past seven months is closed.

As soon as the news reached Santiago of the overwhelming defeat of the government troops on the heights of Placilla and the fall of Valparaiso, and the people knew that Balmaceda's power was gone and they had nothing to fear from his wrath, their enmity to

his government broke forth. The ery was raised that the president should be killed, and a mob started for his house. It grew in numbers and fury as it went through the streets and by the time it reached the executive mansion was ripe for any deed. Short shrift would have been allowed to the president had he been caught, but the bloodthirsty fury of the mob was

balked. Then the mob, started for revenge, found vent in the application of the torch. Soon Balmaceda's house was a mass of flames. Before it had been destroyed the mob marched off to the home of Senor Goday, the ex-minister of the interior and an ardent Balma-

cedist, and fired his place. Then the residences of Balmaceda's mother, Gen. Barabos, who was killed at the battle of Placilla, Senors Me-Kenna and Eastman, the government newspaper offices and the houses of several prominent officials were burned

to the ground. Comparative order has at last been restored in this city. It took strong measures to do it. Rioters who were caught in the work were summarily dealt with and many of them were shot out of hand. But rioting was not stopped until property estimated to be

worth \$1,800,000 had been destroyed. Numerous arrests of government officials have been made. The insurgents show a moderate disposition, however, and the leaders say that every man against whom charges are made will have a full and fair hearing before the proper civil authorities when order is

fully restored.

STUDYING UP. The Senators Deputed to Find Out All About Tariff Duties.

Boston, Aug. 31.-For several days Senators Carlisle and Aldrich with Secretary Burfee, of the sub-committee of the United States senate finance committee, have been hearing testimony at the Hotel Vendome from leading manufacturers in this vicinity regarding the cost of producing various commodities with which they are identified. The shoe industry of Massachusetts has occupied a good share of their attention, as has also the manufacture of woolens. It is the intention to take up every article of general consumption and throroughly analyze its course from the shop or the

field to the consumer. Senator Carlisle said to-day: "There appears to be a belief that we are in some way attempting to gather material simply to show what effect the McKinley bill has had upon values and wages since it went into operation. Now this is entirely erroneous. Our work comprehends the whole range of tariff legislation, both in this and foreign countries, and we go as far back in our research ax practicable, gathering all the facts that manufacture, transportation, wages, etc., comprehend, and applying them in the final determination in a way that shall show to us what influence they have had in increasing the value of necessary commodities. We have had before us many eminent economists, and have obtained an enormous mass of statistical matter that will have its proper place in our final report. With regard to wages, we have an agent at work gathering statistics and he is making a satisfactory degree of progress. Nothing that has been published or presented to congress bearing upon this subject is of any practical value, as it is lacking in the very information that it purports to give. When our labors are finished we will be prepared to give to the country a mass of data unexcelled in the consideration of economic questions."

THE GRAIN SUPPLY.

Hungarian Estimates of the Amount of Breadstuffs in the World. VIENNA, Aug. 31.—The Hungarian government has issued an estimate of the world's grain harvest based upon consular reports from all parts of the

world. The yield of wheat is estimated at from 725,000,000 to 736,000,000 hectolitres and rye at from 350,000,000 to 860,000,000 hectolitres—being from 44,-000,000 to 50,000,000 hectolitres below the average for wheat, and from 90,-000,000 to 100,000,000 hectolitres below the average for rye. Austria requires to import from 10,000,000 to 12,000,000 hectolitres of wheat and 6,000,000 hectolitres of rye; Germany, 10,000,000 hectolitres of wheat and from 25,000,000 to 26,000,000 hectolitres of rye, and France

30,000,000 hectolitres of wheat. Hungary has a surplus of 12,000,000 to 13,000,000 hectolitres of wheat, but in rye there is a large deficit. In Russia the wheat surplus amounts to 16,500,000 hectolitres and the rye deficit amounts from 40,000,000 to 45,000,000 hectolitres.

THE COTTONWOOD FALLS COURANT W. E. TIMMONS, Publisher.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, - - KANSAS

THE SPOONY MARRIED MAN. Tis mostly trifles in this world that make our

sum of woe,

A sort of moral insect tribe that sting where'er we go; But of all plagues devised to mar the great terrestrial plan,

I think the biggest nuisance is the spoory mar-

ried man, With his: Petsie, itsie darling, place oo hand in mine

Round oo littledainty waist, arm um twinum twine: Tiss oo huggen huzzens, while um smoove

Don't be tross and fretful, now, or baddest

A Jew once had an enemy who kept a big hote! Down where the waters green and cool in crested billows swell, He sought revenge, but much despised all com-mon modes of strife. He simply sent as boarders there a spoony man

It was:
"Itsie bitsie wild bird, pining for its mate,

Bad tunductor stopum train make um husband late,
Brought um's dess and bonbons, Cinderella's

Birdy nest on dear one's breast, while um tell Full soon the boarders left the stoop, and some

came home with jags.
Each morn revealed a jostling line of town-bound traveling bags;
They pleaded business, flood and fire, ship-

But no one breathed a word about the spoony The landlord wildly paced the beach, and

He thought of money rashly spent, or dropped upon the turf;
"But what has ever brought me this?" he cried

in wild despair, When suddenly he came upon this spoony mar-ried pair.

Tootsie wootsie dum-drop, little huzzens tum. Don't oo pout so naughty, don't oo bite oo Ownest tried to get here sooner than him am, Muzzer's bird of birdies and dear one's pettest lamb."

The landlord raged and stamped and swore; his passion knew no bounds; He bade the man, with one wild roar, to quit

his house and grounds; He fired his baggage in the sand and chased him with a knife,

And now contests a lawsuit with the spoony

man and wife. -George E. Devyr, in Puck.





died of typhoid ment three years ago, says the New York Sun, the people around mourned the loss of a man who was the hero of one of the wildest races for love and liberty

this part of the Adirondack region ever

never allowed work to interfere with an opportunity to attend a dance.

Because of his love of a good time and lack of thrift Farmer James John Roberts scowled whenever he saw him, for Elizabeth, his daughter, was very plainly in love with the reckless Northwood man. Johnnie came no more to the Roberts farm after he was told to keep away, but Elizabeth went visiting her cousins, the Hodges, down at Remsen, and called at Bob Pony's, on the Northwood road corners, and went to the Verdan's, over in Bellnertown, more frequently than before, and it usually happened that Duquesne was somewhere in the neighborhood when she arrived at either of these places.

Matters went on this way for a year or so, when one day after Elizabeth left home to go to Remsen her father concluded he must go over to Forestport to see Black Dan, a noted character there, about some spars he had to sell. It was rather late in the afternoon when he drove up to the hotel. nd he concluded he would wait for



JOHNNIE GRITTED HIS TEETH AND HELD A TIGHT REIN.

supper. Meanwhile he learned that a dance was advertised for that night, and so, since dancing in Forestport nized not only the crack bay team, but always begins immediately after sup- the form of Farmer Thomas in shirtper, he thought he would look in and see the first quadrille. He appeared at the door. There on the far side of the room stood Miss Elizabeth and Johnnie Duquesne, the girl looking the handsomest he had ever seen her, as he often said afterward, and Johnnie "not so bad ef't hadn't been for his pizen laziness." His first impulse was to go in with foam and trembling with exhaus

As he stood by the door, considering what to do next, the dance began.

To settle the matter Farmer Roberts concluded he would wait until the dance was over and then take Elizabeth home. He could afterward make up his mind how to break up the match, and with that he secured a room and "Presently! That won't do. Bring and with that he secured a room and went to bed, leaving word to be called him here quick-ah!" at five o'clock, sharp. The dancing in these days usually ended at six o'clock in the morning.

After the old man had turned in, the where Johnnie was seated and exhad to be done to save the girl from trouble, but what to do was the question. It took several hours to reach a turn, said: decision, but at half past four o'clock the next morning the young couple left the hotel in the rig they had come in and drove on a jog trot out of town and over the river near the big tanneries and up the hill on their way to Prospect. They were going to see the Methodist preacher there and get mar-

As luck would have it, Farmer Roberts woke up just as the couple started. Hearing the noise of their departure, he jumped to the window just in time to recognize the gray horse (the farmlive? er's own, by the way) that Johnnie was driving, and he concluded that they were bound for Remsen. Down the stairs he tumbled, calling to the hostler to get out the buckboard "as quick as the Lord'll let ye," and ran to the barn. And so in the course of half an hour he was on the trail, hot to overtake the lovers. As he mounted the hill beyond the tannery the first rosy streak of light appeared in the east, and, elated at the thought of having the quarry soon in view, he whipped up the nag and was off at a pace that should have accomplished his desire very quickly.

Here, however, he made a mistake. One may go to Remsen by either of two roads. Farmer Roberts had the better road for that place, and away he went and drove nearly one-third of the way to his destination without seeing anything of the gray horse. Then he found a farmer out after the cows who said no such rig had passed that way. "Look at that dust, Mr. Roberts," he

said. "Why, there ain't no tracks in Sure enough, Farmer Roberts had

never thought of that, and back he went. He had lost a good hour by his mistake, but he had got an idea that he thought would help him. Instead of immediately taking the other road, as he reached the tannery he paid five dollars for the use of a fresh team, the tannery bays, a famous pair of horses, and then drove over to the telegraph office at Forestport, routed out the HEN JOHN-nie Duquesne this message to be sent to Remsen:

"Constable John Davis: A reward of fever at his twenty-five dollars will be paid for the home in the arrest of John Duquesne, charged with Fair Lake stealing gray horse of James John Stream settle-Roberts."

This done he started on the true trail of the runaway lovers at a gait to make the slow-going farmers along the route

gasp as they saw him. Meantime Johnnie and Elizabeth were jogging on with considerable comfort. Reaching the corner where the Remsen road turns off, they suddenly decided to go there instead of to Prospect, especially as that village was two miles nearer. It was about seven o'clock when they reached the long row He was as fond of a fiddle as a bear is of wooden houses along the railroad track at Remsen station. The main road passed about one hundred yards from the depot, and as he drove along he saw the agent coming out of the station carrying an envelope in his hand. The agent, a good friend of Johnnie's, held up his hand.

"Drive to Prospect like the devil and John Davis was after you," he yelled, and Johnnie, without a question, shook the reins and said: "Get up."

Johnnie knew very well it was a question of speed now, for he understood the reference to Constable John Davis, and that the old man would stop at nothing to intercept or overtake

The farm folks stared in amazement as they flew along the road. Some men ran out, thinking it a runaway. Men in milk wagons pulled hastily to one side lest a collision upset them. Some recognized them and the circumstance and yelled and cheered hilariously, while Johnnie gritted his teeth and held a tight rein, and the girl at his side, with flushed cheeks and her hair streaming out, looked straight ahead and never said a word.

The preacher's wife stood smiling in the garden.

"Tell Mr. Jordan to come right here, quick," said Johnnie. "I can't," said the woman. "He's

gone to Wilmurt." "Great Lord! Get up, Bess! We can reach Trenton ahead yet," said Johnnie, and the horse dashed off toward Trenton, but was turne : at the next corner around the block, and away they went up the road toward Northwood, where workmen and the parson were building a little Presbyterian church. Johnnie had hoped to throw the old man off the trail by the remark and the feint toward Trenton, and he partly succeeded. He was galloping off the planks at the end of the turnpike up to Gang's mill, before Farmer Roberts, plunging down towards Trenton,

earned that he was astray. Turning his head as the Thomas house was passed, Johnnie saw a cloud of dust thrown suddenly in the air at the end of the corduroy, and recog-

sleeves plying the whip. The gallop and roar as the runaways crossed the little bridge at the sawmill brought the loafers in the little yellow store in Northwood out on the veranda to see what in the world had struck the of the knife. If this is done by a town, but they had hardly reached the store door before the old gray, covered there and take Miss Elizabeth by the tion, was pulled up in front of them. arm and march her out of the room. At the head of the store procession Then he recollected that Forestport stood Dave Thomas, an uncle of the On no account must she take the last young men didn't countenance any such girl, with whom Johnnie had once had piece of toast or bread on the plate, interruption of their fun, and that Forestport boys were bad ones to tackle.

a substantial row. Johnnie's face unless she wishes to be an old maidturned deathly pale. If Dave interfered N. Y. Advertiser.

he would kill him, and it was with the feeling that he was saved from erime that he saw Dave run hastily around the store.

Where was the parson? Reckon "He's about somewhere.

"Uncle Dave! Uncle Dave!" girl jumped up on her feet, her face fairly radiant. Then she sat down again and hid her face from bashfulhotel proprietor slipped around to ness. Uncle Dave held no illwill, He had, indeed, gone for the parson, and plained the lay of the land. Something here he was. The parson smiled appreciatively on everybody, and then, as the spectators stood grinning in re-

"Join your right hands." A cloud of dust that made Johnnie tremble with apprehension appeared

on the hill beyond the sawmill. "What is your name, sir?"

"John Duquesne."

"And hers?" "Elizabeth Roberts."

"John Duquesne, do you take this woman, Elizabeth Roberts, to be your lawfully wedded wife, and do you promise to love, cherish and protect her as such as long as you and she shall

"I do." The bays were plunging down the hill toward the bridge over the brook

by the mill-pond. "Elizabeth Roberts, do you take this man, John Duquesne, to be your lawfully wedded husband, and do you prom-



WHERE IS THE PARSON?

ise to love, cherish and obey him as long as you and he shall live?"

The answer, "Yes, sir," was scarcely heard because of the roar of the farmer's wheels over the little bridge, and before more could be said he dashed around the corner, yelling: "I forbid! I forbid!"

"Then I pronounce you man and wife," said the parson. "Let us pray." Farmer Roberts was wild with anger, but he was a devout church member, and when he pulled up his team before the group, where all heads were bared and bowed and the parson was praying, his religion got the better of his anger and his hat came off.

They say that this prayer was longer than such prayers are wont to be, and that in calling upon the Almighty to bless the newly-wedded pair the parson did not tail to argue the case with the father. It seems to have been a fervent and effectual prayer, for they say that the father and the son-in-law came friends then and there, and that Duquesne ceased from that time on to go about the country seeking for dances and soon became one of the substantial citizens of the Fair Lake Stream settlement.

FATE IN TEACUP.

Spooning Couples Should Learn All Their Lessons by Heart. Here are a few old superstitions re-

garding the ever-friendly cup that If while the tea is being made and the lid, which has been removed to pour in the water, is forgotten, it is a sure sign that some one will "drop in to tea."

If a single person happens to have two spoons in his or her saucer, it is a prediction that the fortunate (or unforunate?) drinker of that particular cup will be married within a year from that date.

If you put cream in your cup before the sugar it will "cross your love," so be very careful.

If a tea stalk floats in the cup, it is called a "beau" and when this is seen unmarried women should stir their tea and regularly .- St. Louis Republic. very quickly round and round, and then hold the spoon upright in the center of the cup. If the "beau" is attracted to the spoon and clings to it, he will be sure to call very shortly, if not that same evening, but if the stalk goes to the side of the cup he will not come.

Examine the tea leaves in your cup if you are plebeian enough to boil your tea instead of drawing it in the refined and dainty fashion, for a lot of leaves mean money and fortune.

years will elapse before you may expect to be married, balance your spoon for them. Large bearing trees have on the edge of your cup, first noting that it is perfectly dry, fill another spoon partly with tea, and holding it above the balanced spoon, let the drops of the tea gather to the tip of the spoon and gently fall into the bowl of the one below. Count the drops-each one stands for a year.

It is a sign of fair weather if the

cluster of small air bubbles formed by the sugar collect and remain in the center of the cup. If they rush to the sides it will surely rain before night.

When toast is made three or four thin slices of bread must be cut the whole length of the loaf, and placed one over the other. This done, they must all be cut in half with one sweep young woman, and the slices are not young woman, and the sites are the severed clean through to the plate, she of the pipe becoming filled with the will not be married within the year; if the bread parts in two even heaps, she might as well order her trousseau.

AGRICULTURAL HINTS. A PERNICIOUS WEED.

Chess or Cheat Is Utterly Worthless as a Forage Plant. Chess or cheat (bromus secalinus) is well known as a pernicious weed of wheat fields. It was probably brought to this country with wheat seed. It is worthless as a forage plant. The com-mon observation of farmers that a wheat field contains more chess than wheat and that wheat has turned into

Wheat will produce nothing else but wheat, chess nothing but chess. If one finds an abundance of chess in his field it is either because his ground was well stocked with seed or he sowed it with his wheat.

chess is entirely without foundation.

M. D. L. Howard, of Freeport, Ill., sends me some large seeds to show transition stages between chess and wheat. He feels confident that wheat



CHESS OR CHEAT (BROMUS SECALINUS). can turn into chess. His transition stages show that in one specimen of cheat the chaff is partially removed, while the third is an imperfect kernel of barley with part of the chaff removed. Some years ago Dr. Beal, of Lansing, Mich., made some experiments to settle this question. From wheat he was neverable to get anything else but wheat. The only way to destroy the weed is not to allow it to seed if it is in your meadow. A proper rotation with corn will remove it, since it is an annual or winter arnual. In sowing wheat use only clean seed .-Prof. L. H. Pammel, in Orange Judd

POULTRY YARD CHATTER.

BEGIN in good season to get the fowls to roost in the house. By care in feeding the eggs may be

dereased in size and richness. www feet is plenty high for the costs for the larger breeds of fowls. Push the fowls intended for fall market now so as to have them ready early. LATE-HATCHED pullets will rarely lay

until spring; the best plan is to market BEFORE the fall rains set in, store away a supply of dry dirt to use in the

poultry houses. Push the growth of the turkeys now. With the run of the stubblefields they should gain rapidly.

EVEN when feeding to fatten it is not a good plan to keep feed of any kind before the fowls all the time. Feed only what they will eat up clean at each meal.

GIVE the turkeys a good feed of whole corn every night now just before they are allowed to go to roost. It will help to fatten them.

NEARLY all the medium-sized birds are more active and easier to raise than those of a larger size, while the market prefers a medium size. GEESE if well cared for will lay three

times a year and will lay about one dozen eggs at each laying. They can be picked regularly until cold weather Ir is always best in fattening fowls of any kind to commence and gradual-

ly increase the ration until they are given all that they will eat up clean of fattening grains. ALLOWING the droppings to remain under the roosts too long is one cause of scaly legs. The safest plan is to

clean the poultry houses thoroughly

WHEN raised for market alone ducks can be kept with profit in very small yards. By hatching them early and pushing the growth only a short time will be required to make them ready for market.

DRAINING ORCHARDS.

Fruit Trees Are Greatly Benefited by Ar-tificial Drainage.

times to witness the advantages of good and that if either strayed on the propdrainage to apple orchards, and the in-If you want to know how many jury which the trees receive by watersoaked roots. Wet feet are not good



been sometimes greatly unproved by artificial drainage where standing in soils and subsoils liable to be heavily soaked by rains. The tile has been laid two and a half or three feet below between the two rows of trees, a rod distant from each, as shown in the annexed cut, the tile being in the portion of soil especially filled with the small fibers, that were particularly benefited by it. - Country Gentleman.

LIGHT IN THE STABLES.

Do Not Be Afraid of Letting the Cows Have Plenty of Sunshine

All will admit that most living things do better in sunlight than in darkness, We have never met anyone who claimed that cows were an exception to this general rule, yet many farmers and dairymen act as though they believed they were. In witness of this fact notice the barns and cowstables along your road the next time you go to town. In fact how is it upon your own farm? Those who have dark places claim

they do not see but their cattle are well enough, and that the milk is as good as that produced by other cows They have never tried the same cows in two different conditions so do not know from experience what the difference in results would be.

In a recent number of Hoard's Dairyman the editor told of an incident that occurred nearly a score of years ago in York state. He had been looking over a fine herd of dairy cows owned by an intelligent dairyman. "The cows were standing in the yard,

and," says the editor, "we were much impressed by the strong indications of tone, vigor and thrift which marked every animal in the herd. On inquiry we found that they were not highly fed, yet they looked and appeared better than some herds that consumed a much larger daily ration.

"The owner explained the mystery by saying that he ascribed the superior condition of his cows very largely to the care he had taken, in the construction of the stable, to have it well lighted. His stable was on the south and east side of the barn, and the wall was filled with windows with double sash. The stable was as light as day in every part of it.

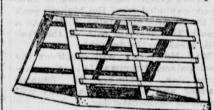
"The owner reported that he had no ticed two peculiar effects: (1) the color of the butter was much higher. Sunlight was the secret. One principal reason why winter butter is so muc. whiter than summer butter is that the cows do not receive as much sunlight in the stable as in the pasture. (2) He believed the light, and consequent increase of heat, decreased the consumption of food. At any rate, he thought he could winter his cows in the new, well lighted stable, with a considerable saving of food over what was consumed in the old stable."

Whether sunlight will make yellower butter than gloom or not matters little, but whether the cows are kept in damp and dark or in the full light of even a winter's sun matters much. Don't be afraid of letting in the light. Light is not cold .- Farm, Field and Stockman.

LIGHT SHIPPING CRATE.

A Coop That Has Given Satisfaction All Who Have Used It.

For shipping choice-bred fowls at any season of the year there is no more satisfactory coop, or one more easily and cheaply made, than the one illus trated. Before the slats are nailed on the frame is neatly covered with some thin, strong, cotton cloth like cheesecloth. The bottom and top of the crate is not covered with the cloth, and sep-



CONVENIENT POULTRY-SHIPPING CRATE.

arate three-cornered pieces are nailed on the ends. By covering the ends with cloth it makes fewer slats necessary and lessens the weight. The cloth keeps drafts from the birds, and shields them from the excitement which many strange sights would create. The bottom is tight, twenty by twenty-six inches, and the top is six by twenty-six inches. The connecting uprights are eighteen inches long and three inches broad. A rope handle to carry it by is put through holes bored in the top. The crate is made into two compartments by a cloth partition across the middle. Each compartment will accommodate a fowl, or for short distances two fowls. If dry this crate need not weigh over ten pounds .-American Agriculturist.

The Cow vs. the Railroad.

The supreme court of Indiana has af firmed a point of railroad law that is important in all agricultural communities. A farmer's cow straved on the railroad track and was killed by a train. He sued the company for the value of his cow, and the company saed him for damages to the locomotive. The suit has gone through all the courts, urtil now the supreme court of the state has decided, in effect, that it is as much the farmer's business to keep his cows off the railroad track as it was the business of the railroad company to keep We have had occasion at different its locomotives out of his pasture lots, erty of the other their owner was liable for the damage caused. Consequently the farmer pays for the damage to the locomotive, and the company does not pay for the cow .- National Stockman.

> The following is said to be an authentic account of how celery came to be used as a vegetable: An Italian nobleman in a paroxysm of passion slew his only brother. The church condemned him for three years to a monastery for prayer and penitence, his food to be of the weeds that grew in the inclosures about the prison. Celery bleached in the shade of a cloister then become a favorite food and when released from his confinement he transplanted the weeds to his garden. It was set in trenches to bleach it and make it crisp and tender to his palate He was a leader in fashionable life, and his example was imitated through out Europe, and celery became at first

Short History of Celery.

ury and now a necessary to every pal-On an average the best results are secured by keeping about fifty hens to-

a garnishment for the table, then a lux-



A woman "run-down." overworked, weak, nervous and debilitated—that's a woman that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is made for. It gives her health and strength. All woman's weaknesses and all woman's ailments are cured by it. It's a legitimate medicinenot a beverage; an invigorating, restorative tonic and a soothing and strengthening nervine, free from alcohol and injurious drugs. It imparts tone and vigor to the whole

For all functional irregularities, periodical pains, organic displacements and uterine diseases, it's a positive remedy.

And a guaranteed one. If it doesn't give satisfaction, in every case, the money paid for it is re-funded. No other medicine for women is sold on these terms. That's because nothing else is "just as good." Perhaps the dealer will offer something that's "better." He means that it's better for him.

'August Flower"

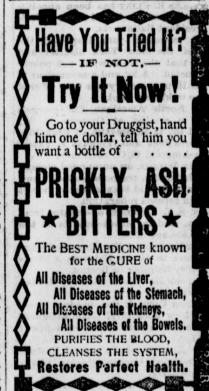
How does he feel?-He feels cranky, and is constantly experimenting, dieting himself, adopting strange notions, and changing the cooking, the dishes, the hours, and manner of his eating—August Flower the Remedy.

How does he feel?-He feels at times a gnawing, voracious, insatiable appetite, wholly unaccountable, unnatural and unhealthy .- August Flower the Remedy.

How does he feel ?- He feels no desire to go to the table and a grumbling, fault-finding, over-nicety about what is set before him when he is there—August Flower the Remedy.

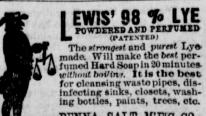
How does he feel?-He feels after a spell of this abnormal appetite an utter abhorrence, loathing, and detestation of food; as if a mouthful would kill him—August Flower the Remedy.

How does he feel ?-He has irregular bowels and peculiar stools-August Flower the Remedy. ®



GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878. W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa from which the excess of oil has been removed,
Is absolutely pure and it is soluble. No Chemicals are used in its preparation. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one centa cup. It is delicious, nourithing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalida as well as for porsons in health. Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.



PENNA. SALT M'F'G CO.,

Gen. Agts., Phila., Pa.

PENSIONS Due All Soldiers & disabled. 22 fee for increase 35 years expecience. Laws free.
A. W. B.CORRICK & SONS, Washington, D. C.; Cinelmati, O.
STNAME THIS PAPER every time you write.



ATATA-TA-Ratata-ta!" resounded in my poor aching head with unmerciful monot- oped in a fur cloak. ony. The train

rocked to and though thor - them.

oughly fatigued I could not sleep.
I reopened my eyes unwillingly, looked out into the impenetrable darkness, then at the flickering light of the lamp and finally at my fellow-travelers. It was a strange company.

Opposite me sat a deeply-bronzed, martial-looking corporal. He had drawn comfort. Between his legs, which were incased in searlet hose and light gaiters, stood a large, heavy box. Upon entering he had pointed it out as being never allowed such a large article to pass as hand-baggage, but in this instance they only smiled, and I drew up my feet on the seat resignedly.

Farther on, as near as possible to the

miserable lamp, sat a young, slender man. His pale, worn face was bent over a book he read all through the night. It was a newly-cut pamphlet-a late production of the Parisian bookmarket. Was it a political pamphlet or Zola's l .est novel? I could not make out. On the seat next me a son of the Celestial empire had settled himself ly, pale cheek, a shell-like ear, and —a veritable Chinese. I could see his golden curls in the near distance. modest little pigtail, ornamented with ribbons, moving back and forth, as he vant, disappeared in the crowd, I conturned his back on me to converse in soled myself with the hope of again fluent French with his vis-a-vis, who was a robust, pleasant-looking woman of about forty years of age, the wife of a soldier, whom she was going to meet, as I concluded from her conversation.

In these surroundings I, a northerner, attired in an elegant traveling costume, must have looked odd. But on that train there were no differences of class. It was the lightning express which rushes on to Marseilles with very few stoppages and carries only first-

class passengers.

Most of my companions had tickets to Algiers, and to-morrow would steam out into the Mediterranean. I was sent to Nice by the doctors and an overanxious mother, to spend the winter and to recover from the effects of a serious attack of inflammation of the

I was loth to leave my home associacould be of any benefit to an invalid.

an end when we reached Marseilles. The coupe was soon emptied. The student closed his book and

stepped out first. The rest followed him; the corporal, swearing and still half-asleep, knocked about everywhere with his case, and only the lady had a word of farewell for the remaining traveler.

I drew a deep breath, sprinkled some eau de cologne on my handkerchief and stretched myself out. I really succeeded in sleeping soundly, for the train had taken the pleasant, slumberproducing jog of an express. How long I slept, I do not know. Suddenly I felt the cool morning air, and the rustling of skirts together with a wonderfully sweet perfume, pass close by me, but I was so full of sleep that I could not rouse myself immediately.

When I finally opened my eyes they rested on the corner where a short while since the black-bearded corporal had snored.

There now sat in his place a slender female form in a long, clinging silk mantle. A thick, gray veil covered her traveling hat and face, about which some very light golden curls feli.

Those curls looked so natural they reminded me of a little cousin at home. The lady bent her head, seemingly as if she wished to sleep, and I, being ashamed of my lounging posture, tried

to raise myself quickly and quietly. As I did so I glanced out of the window and could hardly restrain an exclamation of delight.

There lay before me, at no very great distance, half enveloped in the morning mist, the magnificent Mediterranean; the sun rose from tix water, throwing a bright gleam of light through the mist, and covering mist, clouds and water, did; then there was the terraced garden with a rosy hue. High up along the rocky coast ran the train in and out of dangerous windings. Southern vegetation everywhere; evergreens, oaks, olives, oranges, everything glistened with the dew in glorious freshness.

Could it be December? Were the folks at home sitting shivering around the stove, while our feeble, wintry sun forever. shone coldly and faintly through the frozen window panes? I felt as if I were under a magic spell, and as I their rosy complexions and white turned to the other side, driven by an aprons, who attended to part of the impulse, I beheld a lovely girl's face work, were much pleasanter to look suffused with the tints of the morning upon than the dark waiters with the sun. For one short moment our eyes met, then the train ran into one of the linen. numerous tunnels. The lady sat back in her seat, drew her veil over her face, and by the dim light of the lamp I now saw next me a man's form, her companion's. I awaited the reappearance of daylight and examined the gentle-

The sun lit him up, too, and showed unrelentingly every wrinkle, every ugly shade of color on his worn countenance, which, when the leaden lids were lowered, had something deathlike about it. His slight form was envel-

Was it the sun or was it my gaze that rushed swiftly affected him-he opened his eyes sudthrough the denly. Now his face became animated, dark December but it was not an improvement; it apnight. I was peared better in its deathlike calm. The man seemed to be aware of it, for fro on my soft he drew out a pair of spectacles, and cushions; al- his piercing eyes disappeared behind

This face dispelled every morning dream, and I felt very sober and remembered that I was very near Nice and Monaco, where one could walk under the palms at one's pleasure, and need not be so particular about forming one's friendships. With this thought, and having in mind my former drowsithe hood of his black cloak over his ness, I felt for my portfolio; it was head and was snoring with enviable there. It almost seemed as if those spectacles had watched my movements, and as if a mocking smile lurked under his black mustache.

Yet several tunnels, from whose gates filled "du liquide," and handled it with loving care. Our strict officials had delight, and we were at Nice. It was still early, for Nice very early;

my chronometer, which I had set at Geneva, pointed to half past seven. A servant in livery stood at the coupe

I stepped back, in order to allow the others to pass out.

The gentleman, who was nearest me, passed me by with a polite bow. The young lady drew her cloak closely about her delicate form, and as the soft material brushed me, and the delicious perfume floated about me. I saw a love-

As both forms, followed by the servant, disappeared in the crowd, I conmeeting the handsome blonde; of course only because she reminded me of my little cousin'

In the meantime I entered a cab mechanically, and the coachman was obliged to ask twice where Monsieur wished to go before I remembered that I had some luggage. At last everything was all right, and we drove through the as yet quiet and deserted streets.

The awakening of nature is truly magnificent. In a German beech forest or in a mountain village, where the crowing of the cock and the reed of the shepherd rouses the inhabitants, it is grand; but in a city, and in such a city as Nice, which has no peculiar character of its own, but is cosmopolitan, and serves as a bathing resort, these early hours have no charm. It is almost as if one were to surprise an tions and my calling, and indignantly elegant woman of the world before she raveling in such a mood | has made her toilet. The inexplicable on! He was a veritable icicle, even The long December night was not at still wanting, one is let into all the secrets of the art.

On the little market-place all was bustling, mountains of flowers were being piled up-fruit, vegetables, poultry, and, amongst all these, flowers,

flowers, everywhere. Yes, Nice is the garden of France; everything is blossoming and growing there, while with us the Christmas roses send forth their pale buds from beneath the snow, and instead of fresh figs and oranges, the baked apple sizzles in the oven!

"Hotel et pension suisse." situated close to the sea, was my destination. The house proved to be very good.

For comfort things might have been arranged better; the drawing-room was uncomfortably small, but the location,



THE ARRIVAL.

with the view over the sea, was splenwith its innumerable nooks and corners, where the sun shone so warmly, and where one could be sheltered by the wall from strong winds!

There sat the poor invalids under blooming oranges, palms and other evergreens, and drank in once more the beauty of God's earth before leaving it

The proprietor of the hotel was Swiss. and the dear little Swiss maidens with indispensable frock coat and doubtful

The guests at "Hotel Suisse" I first met at dinner; I did not make my ap-pearance at the twelve o'clock break-

As I entered the brilliantly-lighted must be the heart that can turn long-dining-room, coming direct from the ingly to these ill mannered, little good fresh'sea air, the atmosphere seemed so for nothings!"

oppressive that a mist passed before my eyes, and I feared that I was about to faint.

After a glass of wine the attack passed off, and I began to examine my "Are you better now?" asked a gentle

Surprised, yet grateful for sympathy, I turned toward the speaker and looked into a fine, elderly face and a pair of dark brown eyes which still retained their warmth, though at the same time they were very piercing.

"Our friend Louis, here," continued she, pointing to the waiter, "has already informed me that you are a countryman of mine, so I noticed you at once on your entrance and was startled at your pallor. Now, compose yourself; Louis offers you a dish of which we are very proudmacaroni-than which one could not find better in Naples."

With a friendly smile she turned away toward her neighbor, a com-fortable, rosy Englishman with gray hair and beard. She addressed him as "Mr. White;" and Mr. White, with his spotless linen, his fine teeth and his enviable appetite, was such an excel- had grown quite mild, my overcoat was lent "point de vue" that I was well sat- almost too warm. isfied with this vis-a-vis.

The old lady chatted to him in English and he listened, smiling pleasantly, without allowing himself to be interrupted in his meal. She ate very little, but appeared to be an honored guest, for Louis often recommended her a dish; and with her roast, instead of a almost to her roguish eyes. salad, she received a small dish of apple compote.

I watched the old lady with delight, as she talked and her fine features lighted up. She must have been charming in her youth—she had still some-thing attractive about her. Over her gray, simply arranged hair, she wore a black lace cap, tied under her chin; it framed her countenance nicely. Now she conversed in French with her other neighbor, a tall Russian, whose serious, rather melancholy face brightened up as he answered her. A delightful old lady!

From my vis-a-vis I turned to my neighbors:

At my right I had a dear, little woman with dark, curly hair and a wonderful complexion. She was the wife of an English clergyman, who sat next her very dignified in his long, black coat with a broad, white tie-this couple looked as if they were on their wedding tour. But if that was her



husband's honeymoon face and temper, then I pitied the lively little wife later spell, the famous "je ne sais quoi" is | under the fire of her eyes he did not thaw.

Hers were the loveliest eyes that one could picture, dark blue with long lashes, which lay so languishingly on her blooming cheeks.

As I passed her a dish she raised the dark curtains for a second, and I looked into the blue stars, then she turned to her husband again, and there was nothing left for me to admire but the movements of the lovely white hands with their dimples. The wide wedding ring seemed far too heavy for the dainty

My other side was less interesting. There sat a pale, fat, scrofulous boy, who dangled his legs, ate with his knife, and stuck his fingers in all the dishes. He was the youngest member of the family, which consisted of six persons, occupied the lower end of the table and ended next Mr. White with a lanky, lean, bread-and-butter miss. They were countrymen of mine-alas! that I should have to admit it-for I was an involuntary witness of their family manners!

Next to Edward, such was my youthful neighbor's name, sat his youngest sister, according to my opinion a not very wise arrangement, for the two sweet cherubs quarreled incessantly.

As they handled their knives and

forks very carelessly, I was at times quite nervous, but their mamma seemed accustomed to it; it neither disturbed her peace of mind nor her appetite, both being of unusual durability. Between the mother and father, a timid, little man, sat their oldest daughter, probably so placed that the society of the frivolous people of Nice should not contaminate her, so that no bold neighbor could address her. As far as I could tell, such great care was not

necessary. "I assure you, good people, the races will be positively grand this time!" I heard said at my right in rather snarling tones: "You should certainly not neglect to obtain carriages and places!"

My eyes sought the owner of this voice and easily found him in a large, very light complexioned man of elegant carriage and dress, whose sharp features and inflamed eyelids might tell of some sorrow, but more probably of nights spent in gaming at Monaco.

Suffering spoke plainer on the face of the lady next him; one might doubt whether it was of the mind or body, perhaps both.

She was neither handsome nor young, and sat apathetically at the table: occasionally I noticed that her eyes were fastened with sorrowful interest on the children next me.

"My God," thought I, "how desolate

When I rose from the table, I felt as if I were very pleasantly situated, and thought that my good mother would be well satisfied, could she see how harmless a table d'hote company at Nice was.

I felt a trifle wearied. The drawing-room was uncomfortably crowded and very warm. The grown daughter and the lanky miss were just seating themselves to play a duet; their mother took her seat near the piano, and at the first notes looked reprovingly towards the door, where several rest

less people were standing. I beat a noiseless retreat, another fugitive followed, my vis-a-vis, the young Russian, whom I had noticed very little at table, for he rarely spoke. 'Will you go out?" he asked in French.

"Gladly, but whither?" "Let us drink a cup of coffee at Rumpelmeyer's," he suggested. "All right, we will drink a cup of

coffee at Rumpelmeyer's," I repeated, smiling. "You laugh," said the Russian, "but you will see that it pays even if only to escape from the artistic performances

in the drawing-room." We strolled through the streets, it

At cafe Rumpelmeyer we found brightly lighted rooms, with many nooks and corners, the charming graces and different Parisian wares on the side

We gave our order to the piquante little waitress, whose light hair reached

It may have been those roguish eyes, it may have been the china, but it seemed to me as if I never had drank such coffee; Kranzler could not compare with Rumpelmeyer. TO BE CONTINUED.]

HOW ABLE WOMEN DRESS.

Literary Talent and Good Taste in Dress

An editor of unquestioned eminence and authority asserts emphatically that no woman of real literary ability ever dressed well, says the Illustrated American. The architect of a graceful gown, he says, could never be the author of a clever book, the power to achieve one annulling the capacity for accomplishing the other. This connoisseur of literature and frocks continues as follows. citing his own varied experience, that has brought under notice nearly every notable writer of the day: "The very instant a woman crosses the threshold of my office," he says, "I can vaguely grasp something of her personality, and am always impressed by such trifles as hats and veils at the first cursory glance. When the visitor is neatly shod, smartly coated, wears becoming bangs, bonnet, gloves, etc., I know in a flash that while she may write acceptably no spark of genius burns behind such shining love-locks. Fashionable clothes and a sense of fitness are fatal to true mental vitality, and she can never hold a candle to one of those weirdly-dressed women of talent whose masterly work I have often learned to respect before I met the author. Truly, ugly garments are no indication of abil ity, but genuine brain force subtly afects the feminine instinct for suitable plumage. And, strangely enough, nearly every gifted literary woman I know is inordinately fond of fine clothes. loves to discuss them and is full of confidence in her capacity for selecting them. Such strange shades, materials and patterns as they combine-clumsy bonnets and fashions the most unflattering. Their shoes are earnest, hats and rs vivid and costumes pathetically unbecoming. They make a toilet just as they write a story-take the matter seriously-weave so fine a web of romance the homely reality is utterly ignored. I can think of only three exceptions to the above

THE COOL ENGLISHMAN.

Goes to a Carpenter's Shop to Have His

A florid-faced, white-whiskered Englishman was riding in Rome the other day through the via Felice. The horse stumbled and fell, but rose unhurt. The rider, however, had dislocated his knee. Several bystanders ran to his assistance and carried him to a house. Their faces showed their distress. But the Englishman was unmoved. His cheeks were as fresh, his looks as calm as before the accident. Seated in a chair, he began to feel his keee care-

"Shall we send for a doctor?" they

asked. "Oh, no! Is there a carpenter near

bv?"

"Yes." "Be so kind as to help me there."

The Italians exchanged glances of amusement in the midst of their distress. Was the Englishman eccentric, or was he entirely out of his head? However, they did his bidding. Once more seated, he asked for a sheet, and bound it round his leg. Then, after feeling the knee joint again, he put it into the screw vise and told the joiner to tighten it prudently.

At first with some hesitation, and afterward encouraged by the composure and authoritative manner of the foreigner, the man did as he was told and tightened the screw slowly, while the patient made the most singular grimaces, till at last he called out: "Enough!" and, tossing a crown to the carpenter, got on his horse and galloped away, leaving the bystanders convulsed with laughter at this singular surgical operation.

—Sweet Girl—"Pa, the house next door was robbed last night." Pa— "Mercy! Next door?" Sweet Girl— "Yes, and the burglars have been in two or three houses on this block within a week." Pa-"I know it. I know it It's terrible. But what can we do?" Sweet Girl-"I was thinking it might be a good plan for Mr. Nicefellow and me to sit up a few nights and watch for them."-Demorest's Monthly.

-"How do Henry and his wife get along together? Are the relations between them pleasant?" "Quite pleasant; excepting, of course, a mother-in-law and a maiden aunt."-Boston Transcript.

Driven By a Lady. Irate Purchaser-See here! You said that horse you sold me had been driven by a lady for two years. He ran away the first time my wife tried to drive

Dealer-That there hoss was driven by er lady fer two years, just as I said, and no one kin contradict it, nuther. "Humph! That's very strange. Who

was the lady?" "Madame Ludowoski."

"Who is she?" "She's the female cannon ball thrower in Fourtent's circus." - Good

His Duty Well Done. Mr. Stalate-So your sister keeps you well supplied with pocket money, does

Stalate-I presume you have to render some little equivalent. Tommy (yawning)-Oh, yes. I have to come in and yawn when visitors are

staying too late.-Yankee Blade. AS SEEN BY UNACCUSTOMED EYES.



Pat (politely accosting lady with fashionable trailing skirt)-Mum, I beg pardon, but hadn't yez betther give yure suspenders a hitch?-Judge.

For Future Reference. He-Is your father wealthy? She-Yes. He-Is he old?

He-Mother dead? She-Yes. He-Is your temper good?

She-Very.

She—They say so. He—Well, I'll make a memorandum and perhaps I may see you again before the close of the season .- Life.

Could Not Be. The simplest and most elementary truths may be stated in such a way as

to possess something of the charm of novelty. "Why," said Mrs. Bronson, as the clock struck, "it is only one o'clock. I

thought it was two." "No, mum," said Bridget, "it's niver later than one at this toime of day."-Harper's Bazar.

The Height of Exclusiveness Mrs. Hayseed-Talkin' bout airs, the most airish, exclusive, stuck up thing I ever saw is that Mrs. Hayfork, on the next farm. from the heat and mosquitoes when you

City Geest-Proud, is she? Mrs. Hayseed-Haughty as a priness. Why, she's so stuck up she won't take a summer boarder 'til July .- Good News.

An Anti-Revolutionist.

Jawkins (in the menagerie) - It's jolly odd, this wastefulness of nature. Hogg-What now, Mr. Crank?

Jawkins-Why, here's the kangaroo with a pocket, and nothing to put in it, and the girl who's looking at the beast has her handkerchief, gloves, purse and umbrella in hand, and no available pocket .- Texas Siftings.

Time to Stop Fooling. Dr. Gruff (to fashionable patient)-It's merely the same old ailment, my

dear madam. Mrs. Style-Oh, no, doctor; I really am ill now.

Dr. Gruff-H'm! If that is really so I'll have to change the whole course of treatment!-Leslie's Illustrated News-

A Short-Sighted Man.

She-What do you mean, sir, by speaking to me in the street? I want you to understand that I am a respectable married lady.

He-Excuse me, but I'm so shortsighted that at first glance I cannot distinguish a married lady from any other lady.-Texas Siftings.

After the Tiff.

He-Well, we won't quarrel about it any more, but just let it go as it is, eh? She-Yes. But, George, dear, for the sake of the future-and a harmonious future-I think you would better acknowledge before we drop it altogether that you were wrong! Don't you, dear? -Puck.

Easy Work.

"Well, of all the ways of makin' a livin'," said Binks, "I think literature is the easiest."

"The easiest?" "Yes. I've watched the fellers that do it. All a man's got to do is to sit down and slide his pen over the paper." -Jury.

A MILK SHAKE. -Munsey's Weekly.



Small Boy-You're in love with my sister, aren't you?

Sappy-How do you know that? Small Boy-Because you're always sending her presents, just like Mr. Brown, who's going to marry her .-Munsey's Weekly.

Going to Stay in Canada

An inquisitive man on a train on the New York Central going out of New York was seated next to a fashionablydressed young man, who looked as if he might be a bank clerk. "Going to Poughkeepsie?" asked the

inquisitive. 'Yes." "Going to stay there?"

"No, I'm going on to Albany." "Going to stay in Albany?" "No, I'm going to Niagara Falls"

"Going to stay there?" 'No, I'm going on to Montreal." The inquisitive man smiled, nodded his head, as much as to say: "Now I know all about you," and finally added: "Well, I guess you are going to stay

in Canada, ain't you?"-Texas Siftings. Very Simple.

Tangle-I've struck an idea that will save millions of dollars to this country every year.

Brown-Indeed! What is it? Tangle-You know the last two

inches of a cigar have to be thrown away, because you can't smoke them. Well, I'm going to take out a patent on a cigar that won't have any last two inches, because I'll make it just two inches shorter than usual. isn't it?-Munsey's Weekly.

Under the Rose.

Wife-I see you are advertising a free excursion, with a lunch and a brass band, to your sale of lots at Paradiseville. Husband (a real estate agent)-Yes.

my dear, we'll have a big crowd, too. 'I should like to go. It will be a delightful trlp, I am sure." 'The ride will be pleasant enough, my dear, but think how you will suffer

get there."-Good News. A PROVERB ILLUSTRATED.



"The mouth often utters that which the head must answer for."-Jury.

No Possible Use. Good Sister (at revival meeting, to young lady mourner)-Don't you want

Brother Jimpson to pray for you? Mourner-No; he has prayed for me time and time again, and I wouldn't heed his prayer. I won't have him; that's all.-N. Y. Herald.

A Natural Mistake.

Hyde-I saw Charlie Fanshawe on Michigan avenue this afternoon. Parker-That's impossible, for Charlie started for Europe yesterday.

Hyde-Well, then it must have been some dude with a dog and cane just like his.—Chicago Saturday Evening Herald. Couldn't Get Out of It.

"They say there is poison in ice cream, Ethel," he said, as they passed by the ice cream saloon. "Well," she said, "I would like to see

whether there is or not. Let us try it." -N. Y. Press. Only a Little Spark.

The mistress of a mansion looked over the handrail of the stairway which led to her kitchen and asked her servant if she didn't have a fire there, contrary to the mistress' orders. And the domestic replied: "No ma'am; only a spark." And Patrick was not disturbed any more that evening .- Chicago Tribune.

Railroad Cooking. Traveler (in dining car, fast express) -Waiter, these eggs are too soft. Waiter-S'prised to heah dat, sah. Traveler-They were taken out of the

hot water too soon. Waiter-Well, sah, I'll put 'em back an' let 'em boil another mile, sah .- N. Y. Weekly.

Accommodating. She (her first season)-I have been shut up in boarding-school so long that I feel very awkward and timid in company. I do not know what to do with my hands.

Weekly. Advantages of Foreign Travel. He-You saw some old ruins while ou were in Europe, I suppose?

He-I'll hold them for you.-N. Y.

She-Yes, indeed! Some of them were so old that they were all tumbled down. -Munsey's Weekly.

Official Paper of Chase County.

The People sparty polled only 25,631 votes in Kentucky, or 2.450 less than the Democratic plurality.

Secretary of State Higgins kindly

Democrats may be carried away temporarily by some new idea which comes up with vigor and plausability. Committee was continued for another but they soon return to the fold of Jeffersonian Democracy, the true Pecple's party of the country.

The New Orleans Delta says: "The harvest out West is plentiful, but the The New Orleans Delta says: "The harvest out West is plentiful, but the holders of the mortgages are reaping the benefit." Well the holders of the benefit." Well the holders of the to nominate a candidate for Judge of this Judicial District, which was not for only 30 cents; a club four for \$1.00 mortgage are the men who leaned the money to the farmers with which they purchased their lands. Without bor-rowed capital the soil which is producing so abundantly in the west this year would not have been placed under caltivation. The lender furnished

Central Committee, and the call was read by W. E. Timmons, Secretary of their money in Kansas. The people of the Committee.

On motion, the following commit-

On Permanent Organization-A.

On Resolutions—James Martin, of Bazaar township; J. R. Blackshere, of Cottonwood: L. M. Swope, of Falls, and Robert Matti, af Toledo.

Leverybody in Kansas who knew Col.

On re assembling, the Committee on S. S. Prouty—and who did not?—will Order of Business made their report, be gratified to learn that his widow which was adopted.

ganization reported in favor of making ling to \$550. This was accomplished the temporary organization the per manent; and the report was adopted. The Committee on Resolutions then

made the following report, which was unanimously adopted: unanimously adopted:
The democratic party of Chase County in convention assembled, declares the basis of its policieal faith and practice as follows:
We are in favor of tariff reform and tariff reduction, in the interest of the masses of our fellow citizens, and in the interests of honesty and examony in the administration of the government.

low citizens, and in the interests of honesty and economy in the administration of the government.

We denounce the McKinley tariff bill. It increases the taxes upon the necessaries of life, with few exceptions, and decreases them upon inxuries. It makes the life of every farmer and wage earner harder that the profits of trust and monopolies may be swelled. "It does nor open a warket for a single businel of wheat not a barrel of American pork." It has established in this country an iniquitous bounty system, and we demand that tariff taxes be levied as far as possible upon the luxuries instead of the necessaries of life.

The creation of trusts, trade conspiracies and the monopolies is the legitimate result of unjust tariff and class legislation. We do not only emand tariff reform as a remedy for said evils, but we also call for the enactment and enforcement of such other laws, both national and state, as may be necessary to completely exterminate such infiquitous and dangerous combinations and to prevent their further formation.

We demand a careful regulation by law state

national bank currency.

all classes.

We demand the passage of such laws as shall effectually prevent the dealing in futures in all agricultural and mechanical productions, preserving such a stringent system of procedure upon the guilty in trials as shall secure the pracipt conviction and imposing such penalties as shall secure the most perfect compliance with the law.

monthly in this ideal Magazine, which is published a year, by W.Jennings Dem Kitchelaw.

The democratic party can never die. It is the only party which has ever been able to survive defeats in politics. Its very name is synonimous with liberty. When the democratic party dies American liberty will depart never to return. It is the party of the people and is opposed to special legislation which tavors the few to the expense of the many.

We pledge ourselves that we will stand firm for good old democratic principles, such as were taught by Jefferson, that we will fight the republican party in the future as we have in the past. That we will present a solid front against paternalism in government of all kinds That we will enlitivate the twin spirits of integendence and self reliance, and continue to bathle for manhood's rights.

Democraty means with us as it has always meant with the founders of the Republic, that every citizen without distinction shall be left to pursue his own business and vocation without being compelled to pay a cent more than is necessary to help maintain the revenues of the government economically administered.

J. R. BLACKSHEER, Chairman.

government economically administered.

J. R. BLACKHERE, Chairman.

H. S. F. Davis was then nominated, acclamation, for County Teasurer. motion of Messrs Swope and Fritze,

asclamation, for this office.

C. S. Ford was then nominated, by acclamation, for Sheriff.

A. Bandelin was then nominated, by sends this office a copy of the official directory of Kansas, which contains considerable imformation of value.

Jas. R. Jeffrey was then nominated, by acclamation, for County Surveyor. Isaac Matthews was then nominated,

W. E. Timmons then maved that the convention proceee to elect five delegates and five alternates to the nonseconded

L. M. Swope then moved that the Democrats have no Judicial convention to nominate a candidate for Judge; which motion J. R. Blackshere, moved to lay on the table, and Mr

ermine degraded and men elected to the bench who wilod pervert the law and use their power arbitrarily against the eastern capitalists who are loaning their money in Kansas. The people of Kansas are honest and pay their debts. They are not repudiators.—Topeka Democrat.

The Maritime Province penitentiary, at Dorchester. N. B., is described in the last issue of the Dominion Il.ustrated, with a series of fine illustrations reproduced from photographs the Committee.

J. L. Cochran was then elected temporary Chairman, and W. E. Timmons

Kansas are honest and pay their debts.
They are not repudiators.—Topeka
Democrat.

On motion, the following committees were then appointed, and a recess of an half hour taken:

The Maritime Province penitentiary, at Dorchester. N. B., is described in the last issue of the Dominion Il.usof an half hour taken:
On Order of Business - J. L. Pratt rated, with a series of fine illustraof Bazaar township; A. Lehnherr, of Cedar; J. M. Bielman, of Cottonwood; Robert Teat of Diamond Creek, Rich ard Cuthhert, of Falls, and Albert Matti, of Toledo.

On Order of Business—J. L. Fratt. Trace, with a series of fine flustration reproduced from photographs St. Anne's, the most charming summer resort in the vicinity of Montreal, affords two fine pages of illustration, and there are fine views from Sault Ste. Marie and from the Rocky Moun-Tilton, of Baziar township; Orson tain region. Types of Britain's Colon Eager, of Cottonwood: Wm. Sullivan, of Diamond Creek: C. M. Frye, of Falls, and J. T. Prichard, of Toledo.

has received a posion allowance of The Committee on Permanent Or- \$17 per mounth, and back pay amount through the efforts of P. B. Plumb who believes that it is the duty of United States Senator to make himself useful to his constituents instead of running up and down the country disseminating slanders about his state -Burlington Independent.

> A flood of socialistic literature has been pouring into Kansas for five years. Kansas is the greatest community of reader in the world, for the result is a new party numbering 115,-000 who advocate socialism.—Topeka Journal.

"WAS IT SUICIDE?" Why marriage is sometimes failure is an interesting and important question to all; and every one, married or single, should read the absorbing story with the above title, by the poetnovelist Ella Wheeler Wilcox, written in that popular author's most forcible style, which is published in the Sept. mation.

We demand a careful regulation, by law, state and nation, of the tolls of common carriers to prevent unjust charges and discriminations between persons or localities, and to secure to the employs of such carriers just returns for his labor. We believe that transportation corries services tendered, and not based on what the traffic will bear,"

Ye favor the tree coinage of silver and the sub-titution of 1 gal tender treasury notes for hational bank currency. number of that always bright pericorner" and protraits of her in some permitting the redemption of property, by the cover, sold under mortgage at any time with-friend of the laborer, and we demand the enactment and rigid enforcement of lows requiring the use of the best sateguards possible for the protection of the life and limbs railroad employes and others engaged in dangerous vocations. "A Seven Days' Tramp and What it Cost" describes a "tramp" made by eight satisfaction their struggle against the eneroachments and oppressions of capital. We hail with satisfaction the awakening among the furners to the evils of republican legislation under which they are sufering and invite them to loin with us to promote legislation which will better their condition and be just to all classes. nearly 200 illustrations, besides a beautiful water-color "Play ball, Pa!" which appeals to every admirer and devotee of baseball. And this is only a fair sample of what one gets monthly in this ideal Family Magazine, which is published for \$2 a year, by W.Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th St., New York City

LETTER LIST.

Letters remaining in the postoffice at Cottonwood Falls, Kansas, Sept. Hulley, Miss Lenie 2 McKnight H. C. Stewart, H. C. All the above remaining uncalled for, September 17, will be sent to the Dead Letter office.

S. A. BREESE, P. M. Wood taken on subscription.

A LIBERAL PROPOSITION. Who has not heard of that paragon A. F. Fritze, L. M. Swope and J. I. Hey were then placed before the convention, for the nomination for County Clerk. After one hallot (Fritze, 7; Swope, 12: Hey, 8.) had been taken, on excellent, pure and elevating in jourrespectively, their names were with drawn, and Mr. Hey was nominated by acclamation, for this office.

nalism. It is delightfully entertaining, without resort to cheap sentimentalism instructive without being prosy or pedentic. Combining the literary qualities of the expensives magazine with the bright, breezy characteristics of the newspaper, it leaves nothing to be desired by the average reader. It is looked upon as a welcome visitor by every family who reads it, while by acclamation, for Coroner.

On motion, the old County Central and would on no account go without it. An enormous circulation of 125, 000 copies per week attests its won-derful popularity. Recognizing the fact that there are those who are unfamiliar with its surpassing merits as or a club of ten for \$200. All our readers should subscribe at once.

DON'T FAIL TO READ THIS OFFER.

Sample copies free.

ing so abundantly in the west this year would not have been placed under calidy taken. The lender furnished the means which enabled the borrower to produce the crops which are to be employed in liquidating the indebtedness of the farmers. The mortgages which are so forcibly decried by the calamity shrickers and professional agitators all over the land are merely piedges for the redemption of debts incurred in a perfectly honest and legitimate manner, and their cancellation, which is going on at a rapid rate, means that the farmers are gradually making out of the soil the price of their land. It is about time to call a halt upon the contemptible clap trap and vicious demagogism which is resounding through the country about mortgage.

DEMOCRAIC MASS CONVENTION.

Pursuant to call, the Democrats of Chase county, Kansas, met, in mass convention, at the Count house, in Cottonwood Falls, at 1 o'clock, p. m., on Saturday, August 29, 1891, for the purpose of nominating a county ticket and a County Commissioner for the 2d District, and the election of a County Central Committee, and the cell was read by W. B. Timmons, Secretary of the cast of the cas

NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing between E. F. Holmes and Guy Johnson, under the firm name of Holmes & Johnson, has this day been dissolved, by mutual concent. E. F. Holmes continuing the business, who will pay all debts against said firm, and collect all E. F. HOLMES, aecounts.

GUY JOHNSON, CEDAR POINT, KANS, Aug. 25, 1891,

POSTAL LAWS.

 Any person who takes a paper regular-ly cut of the lost office—whether directed to his name or who ther he has substribed or not—is responsible for the payment. 2. If a person o ders his paper discontinued, he mus pay all arreatages or the publisher on continue to sen it but I payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office

J. W. Mc Williams wants town loans large and small

PHYSICIANS.

A. M. CONAWAY.

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON

Residence and office, a half mile north of Toledo.

F. JOHNSON, M. D. CAREFUL attention to the Lactice o Medicine in all its branches-Extracting OFFICE and private dispensary two doors north of Eureka House, Main St. Residence, first house south of the Widow

Cottonwood Falls, - - Kansas

PUBLISHED IN BOSTON BY A. M. THAVER & CO.

BUTLER'S BOOK

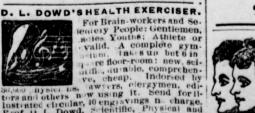
200 ORIGINAL ENGRAVINGS. ELEGANT EDITION. PUPLISHED IN 3 LENGUAGES. POPULAR PRICES.
FIRST EDITION, 100,000 COPIES.
THE ONLY AUTHENTIC WORL BY

Gen. Benj. F. Butler. EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY AND LIBTRAL TERMS

GIVEN TO RELIABLE AGENTS. Address S. F. Junkin & Co. ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,

MISSOURI, KANSAS & COLORADO.





ROLAND ROBERTS.

CHARLES H. KUDDES.

ERIE MEAT MARKET.

SCHLAUDECKER & ROBERTS Proprietors.

All Kinds of FRESH MEAT. Cash paid for HIDES. COTTON WOOD FALLS, -- - - KANSAS

W. H. HOLSINGER

Hardware. Stoves. Tinware. Farm Machinery.

COTTONWOOD FALLS,

Fittings.

Hose and

Pumps,

Pipe,



RACINE, WISCONSIN. Manufacturers of "THE RACINE" FARM AND WAREHOUSE FANNING MILLS DUSTLESS GRAIN SEPARATORS AND LAND ROLLERS.



These Mills and Separators have long been used by the Farmers, prominent Millers, Grain and Seed Dealers throughout the United States, who highly recommend them as being the BEST MACHINES ever made for cleaning and grading Wheat, Barley, Onts. Corn and Seeds of every description.

tion.

They do the work more thoroughty, have greater capacity, built stronger and heavier and better finished than any other Mills.

Six different sizes, two for Farm Use, four for Warehouse, Elevater and Mills. Use, four for Warehouse, and Hillers use. The Land Rollers are the BEST and CHEAPEST for the money. WADRANTED. ALL MACHINES WARRANTED. Write for Circulars and Prices before buying. We can vouch for the reliability of the firm.-EDITOR.

PORTABLE SODA



Over 26 Years in Use all Over the World.

No generators or extres. Operated by a child. Will stand by any \$4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO..

MADISON, - - - · INDIANA. لابتهام والمراجات المام المراجات

YEARS ... OF VARIED EXPERIENCE In the Use of CURA. TIVE METHODS, that and Contro!, we Alone own for all Disorders of 9 6 9 . . . Who have weak orun a Who are NEATH POYENT, thes fellows THE PROPERTY OF FOR A LIMITED TIME FREE all patients, POSSIBLY BE RE-own Exclusive pliances will There is, then, method and ap-afford a CURE! REAL HOPE FOR YOU AND YOURS. Don't brood over your condition, nor give up in despair! Thousands of the Worst Cases have yielded to our HOME TREATMENT, as set forth in our WONDERFUL BOOK, which we send scaled, post paid, FREE, for a limited time. 62717 TO-DAY, Remere ber, in one else has the methods, appliances and experience that we employ, and we claim the MONDPOLY OF UNIFORM SUCCESS. ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 NIAGARA S.T., BUFFALO, N. Y.

2.000 References. Name this paper when you write.



EXCURSION

LAWRENCEBURG,

TENNESSEE.

The new city that has made rand and sub-tantial growth during in late d pression its record hears anything ever witnessed in the South.

ONE RATE

Sept. 15 & 29.

BUY TICKETS TO COLUMBIA, TENN, and pay local fare (30 miles) from that point to Lawrenceburg. Ask your ticket agent for ticket to COLUMBIA, TENN, You will then see Lawrenceburg, with the new business and industrial enterprises that have gone in since the hard times set in. If you know anything about the depression of the last twelve mon'hs, you will simply be astonished at what Lawrenceburg

WRITE US, so that we can secure you accommodations. Address W. R. King, Treasurer, and tell him what day you will come and how long you will stay. We must know in advance, because we want to prepare entertainment for all.

More room for wood and iron workrs. MUST HAVE THEM.

Write for illustrated l'rospectus. We also went more men i terested in our own, and to enable others to "get in" we are offering 100 lots on monthly installments-\$50 per lot for inside lots, \$100 per lot for cor ners. All fine and no special choice. All equally good But in order to get a corner lot you must buy an inside lot, too; \$10 cash, balance \$5 per month. Deed with cash pay-ment. These lots are all high and dry, and are worth three times the money. We will show them to you, if you come on the excursion Only t ree-fourth of a mile from the Court house. Nearly all these lots have fine swn trees upon them. The finest place in he world for both winter and summer resort. The healthfulness of the location will make t a great resort.

FRUI FARMS - Some fine tracts of fruit land nc-half mile from Court-house; 5 acre tracts at \$500 each-\$100 cash, balance \$10 per month. Good farms in the vicinity of Lawrenceburg.

COME COWN AND SEE OUR

PROSPERITY!

The Lawrenceburg Land and Mineral Company,

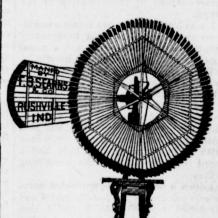
Lawrenceburg, Tennessee,

LA'NRENCEBURG COUNTY,

or Room 63, 185 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

THE

-:-STEARNS WIND MILL-:-



The only flexible wheel Wind Mill manufactured; we have had more than 16 years' experience in the manufacture and sale of this line of goods: we build all sizes of both lower and Pamping Mills, Tanks, and general mill suppies. Goods are reliable and fully guar nteed.

We will give farmers and others wholesale prices where we have no Agents. Address

F. B. STEARNS.

RUSHVILLE, IND., U. S. A. Mention this paper.



ENCE AND CONTINUED PROGRESSIVE IMPROVEMENT IS REPRESENTED IN THE LEADER LINE"OF

A THIRD OF A CENTURY OF EXPERI-

STOVES AND RANGES.

LEADER RANGES FOR WOOD AND FOR COAL.

LEADER COOKING STOVES FOR WOOD AND FOR COAL. LEADER HEATING STOVES

FOR ALL USES, FOR WOOD AND FOR COAL ALL MODERN AND IN GREAT VARIETY. IF YOUR DEALER DOES NOT HANDLE THESE STOVES, WRITE TO COLLINS & BURGIE, CHICAGO, ILL., FOR PRICES.

ing Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising sets may be made for it IN NEW YORK

We are opening the finest and largest and best line of CLOAKS, JACKETS and REEFERS that we have ever had. We took particular pains, this year, to get the very best and very cheapest direct from the Manufacturers. Our prices will be the lowest in the history of the Dry Goods Rusiness Our en tire new stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes and Cloaks is being received and we can show you NEW GOODS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

NEW GOODS. CALL AND SEE THE

YOURS, RESPECTFULLY.

CARSON & SANDERS,

COTTONWOOD FALLS,

KANSAS.

The Envise County Courant.

COTTONWOOD FALLS: KANS. THURSDAY, SEPT 3, 1891.

W. E. TIMMONS, Ed. amd Prop.

'No fear shall awe, no favor sway; Hew to the line, lett he chips fail where they may."

Terms-nerver \$1.50 cash in advance, after three months, \$1.75; after six months, \$2.00. For six months, \$1.00 cash in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

ilin |2 in. |8 in. |5 in. | %col. |1 col.



TIME TABLE.

TIME TABLE A., T. & S. F. R. R. BAST. NY.X. Chi.x MR X. KC. X. WFt.

| P m p m s m p m s m p m s m Saffordville. 4 27 3 27 3 20 1 57 8 43 | Saffordville. 4 27 3 27 2 04 8 55 | Strong. 4 46 3 40 6 45 2 16 9 20 | Strong. 4 55 3 46 3 57 2 25 9 13 | Elimale 5 00 3 50 4 03 2 30 9 53 | Clements. 5 16 4 02 4 22 2 46 1 53 | Cedar Grove 5 26 4 10 4 34 2 57 11 30 | Supplies for all kinds of sewing machines are constantly on hand at

C. K. & W. R. R. Hymer ... 11 58pm 6 45pm Evans ... 12 17 m 7 15 Strong City ... 12 30 7 30 4 50pm Strong City ... 1 Cottonwood Falls. Gladstone

Frt WEST ottonwood Falls. Cottonwood Pans. 3 50pm 7 20am Strong City 3 50pm 7 20am Evans ... 4 00 7 45 Hymer ... 4 18 8 20

LOCAL SHORT STOPS.

Business locals, under this head, 20 cents a line, drst insertion, and 10 cents a line for each subsequent insertion.

Ben Sharp is now at Wonsevu. Some things crowded out, this week Dennis Madden was at Marion, this

T. H. Grisham was down to Topeka. Monday.

Perforated chair seats 10c at HAGER'S. jly16 at this office.

town, yesterday. T. W. Hardesty has gone to his ranch in Nevada.

C. M. Frye was up to Superior. Nebraska, this week.

Wanted, at Union Hotel, this city, week. a dining room girl.

Mrs. T. S. Slaughter has gone on a visit to Lamar, Mo.

J. C. Dwelle, of Cedar Point, was in county. town, last Thursday.

was in town, Sunday. James O'Byrne, of Strong City,was at Emporia, Saturday.

are visiting at Admirc. E.A. Hildebrand, of Kansas City, was

at Strong City, last week. Geo. W. Somers returned Tuesday, from his visit at Wichita.

W. S. Romigh was down to Topeka. last week, on law business.

D. S. Sauble, of Cottonwood township, was in town, Tuesday.

J. F. Kirk, of Kansas City, is visiting at Strong City, this week

Jerry Lansbury murder case.

Hon, J. W. McWilliams was up to Salina, last week, on business. Miss Eva Cochran returned, Mon-

day, from a visit at Osage City. John F. Cook, of Strong City, has returned from his trip to Montana.

of cattle and one of hogs, Monday.

Capt. H. A. Ewing, of Wonsevu, was in town, Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs M. Oliver returned, yesterday, from her visit in Howell county, Mo.

City, visited in Emporia, last Sunday. A. P. McMinds, of Strong City, is taking a two weeks' vacation in Colu-

rado.
Miss Fanny Evans, of Emporia,
visited the family of S. A. Breese, last week.

Capt. Henry Brandley. of Matfield Green, was down to Emporia, last

A child of James R. Jeffrey's, at Elmdale, died and was buried, last

Wm. Gullifoad has bought the mill of Dainkwatea & Schriver, at Cedar

The Chase County National Bank is being repainted. H. A. McDaniels

being the artist.

cents per gallon. J. W. McWilliams went to Conneil Grove, Tuesday, by buggy, and came

machines are constantly on hand at R. L. Ford's jewelry store. About 4 o'clock, yesterday morn day.

ing, a good rain began falling and continued during the day.

Mixed Osage City, last Saturday. M. W. Lynn, of Strong City, has pur better. down a stone walk at the residence of Geo. B. Carson, in this city.

Messrs. Henry E. and Chas. J. Lantry and J. C. Farrington, of Strong City, were at Emporia, Friday

H. F. Gillett is enjoying a visit from his brother. Walter Gillett, of Grand Rapids, Mich., and wife.

R. L. Ford, the jeweler, is agent for the Domestic sewing machine, one of the best machines on the market.

J. I and Lee Cochran, N. B. Scrib-ner and Dr. J. M. Hamme went up to Morris county, yesterday, for a hunt. Born, at 3 o'clock, Thursday morn-

His Honor Mayor George George

The Rev. R. E. Maclean. of Strong Emporia, to visit his parents before City, was in attendance at the M. E. going to Colorado Springs, Col., where

The Rev. W. T. Blenkharn and fam- day afternoon. ily. of Strong City, have gone back to their former home, in Waubaunsee county.

James McWilliams, a brother of Hon. J. W. McWilliams, is here for a few months, for the benefit of his

The Rev John Maclean and fami. W. L. B. Newby, of North Topeka, ly were at Burlington, last week, at-District.

The primaries for the Republica C. B. Hunt, wife and two daughters county convention, next Satuaday, will take place to morrow (Friday) evening.

The Governor has offered reward of Lansbury.

Geo. Ferraer, of Topeka, spent a few days, last week, visiting friends in State Republican Leagues. Strong City, his engine being in the repair shop. H. N. Simmons, who has been in

J. F. Kirk, of Kansas City, is visit
g at Strong City, this week.

An inquest is now being held in the erry Lansbury murder case.

Language Langu

vanians from here were down to Emporia, last week, attending the Penn-

The Rev. E. Y Hill, who has been preaching at the Presbyterian church for the past six weeks, left, Monday, to renew his studies, at college.

soon as corn cutting is over.

Chas. McDowell, Sr., and wife left, last week, for an extended visit in Ill-Richard Cuthbert has 100 gallons of cider vinegar he wants to sell, at 25 cents per gallon.

inois, Iowa and Ohio. They were accompanied as for as Atchison by W. W. Sanders, who has returned home.

The city school building in Strong City has been thoroughly renovated. Sheriff E. A. Kinne has advised us calsomined, and the roof repainted, to have our friends order their "Sheriff's Sale" notices published in

Wm. Heintz left, last Friday night for Pueblo, Colorado, called there by Miss Anna Zane, who was visiting a telegram announcing the serious ill relatives returned to her home, in ness of his sister, Mrs. Lizzie Stewart, who, we are pleased to learn, is getting

W.Y. Morgan and Owife of Strong City, have returned home from Minne apolis, Minn., where they were at tending the encampment of the Commanders-in-Chief of Sons of eterans.

Died, on Thursday, August 20, 1891, t the residence of her son-in-law, A R. Ice, in Cottonwood township, from dropsy of the heart. Mrs. Margaret Culp illustrated with several hundred wood

The merchants and business men of this city and Strong, who do no advertising in the county papermust have never heard about ing, September 3 1891, in this city, to Killing of the goose that laid the Dr. and Mrs. F. Johnson, a daughter.

Five innings were played at Elm Residence property for sale. Apply this office.

Z. T. Lillard, of Newton, was in own, yesterday.

T. W. Hardesty has gone to his

His Honor Mayor George George five innings were played at Elm dale, last Friday afternoon, between the Elmdale First Nine and the Yellow Hammers, of this city, rewinings were played at Elm dale, last Friday afternoon, between the Elmdale First Nine and the Yellow Hammers, of this city, rewinings were played at Elm dale, last Friday afternoon, between the Elmdale First Nine and the Yellow Hammers, of this city, rewinings were played at Elm dale, last Friday afternoon, between the Elmdale First Nine and the Yellow Hammers, of this city, rewinings were played at Elm dale, last Friday afternoon, between the Elmdale First Nine and the Yellow Hammers, of this city, rewinings were played at Elm dale, last Friday afternoon, between the Elmdale First Nine and the Yellow Hammers, of this city, rewinings were played at Elm dale, last Friday afternoon, between the Elmdale First Nine and the Yellow Hammers, of this city, rewinings were played at Elm dale, last Friday afternoon, between the Elmdale First Nine and the Yellow Hammers, of this city, rewinings were played at Elm dale, last Friday afternoon, between the Elmdale First Nine and the Yellow Hammers, of this city, rewinings were played at Elm dale, last Friday afternoon, between the Elmdale First Nine and the Yellow Hammers, of this city, rewinings were played at Elm dale, last Friday afternoon, between the Elmdale First Nine and the Yellow Hammers, of this city, rewining the Indiana the Indi

Chas. Evans left, Monday night, for Distrist Conference, at burlington, last he has a situation; and he started from Emporia, for the latter place, Tues-

health, and to enjoy himself with friends in whose midst he lived about

thirteen years ago. Earle M. Blackshere took his horse Don Q., to Kansas City, this week, to take part in the pacing races there, and he won \$600 in the 2:30 race. Tuesday, taking the last three heats,

in 2:281, 2:274 and 2:26. L. A. Lowther, of this city, and J \$300 for the arrest and conviction of the murderer, or murderers, of Jerry R. Horner, of Clements. Presidents of the Republican Clubs of their respec-

whose best wishes follow them.

Harry Young left, Tuesday afternoon, for Colorado City, Colorado, the home of his mother, where he will remain for a while.

Mrs. Geo, B. Carson and son went to Emporia, last Thursday, to visit at the parents of Mrs. Carson, and they returned home. Mose best wishes follow them.

What with the different styles of Wheeler & Wilson, Domestic and Standard sewing machines, if R. L. Ford, the jeweler, can not furnish you with a machine that will do satisfactory work, you will be hard to please.

A Forlot wishes follow them.

Whose best wishes follow them.

What with the different styles of Whereford bull, one years old; one mare, 4 years old; one mare, 10 years old; one folley, 2 years old; one filley, 2 years old; one horse colt.

TERMS OF SALE.—One year, on TERMS OF SALE.—One year, on the parents of Mrs. Carson, and they present the parents of Mrs. Carson, and they have best wishes follow them.

What with the different styles of Wheeler & Wilson, Domestic and Standard sewing machines, if R. L. Ford, the jeweler, can not furnish you with a machine that will do satisfactory work, you will be hard to please.

If you wish to buy a Wheeler & home, to-day, accompanied by his sis-Wilson sewing machine, go to the jewelry store of R. L. Ford. home, to-day, accompanied by his sis-ter, Miss Rosa Ferlet. This is no joke. We must have

Mrs M. Oliver returned, yesterday, rom her visit in Howell county, Mo.

Miss Anna Roberts, of Emporia, was visiting Mrs. Geo. B. Carson, last week.

Goe. McGovern and wife, of Strong Quite a number of Ex-Pennsyl
Goe. McGovern and wife, of Strong Quite a number of Ex-Pennsyl
Goe. McGovern and wife, of Strong Quite a number of Ex-Pennsyl
This is no joke. We must have money; and if you can not pay all of what you owe us, please to make an effort and pay us part of it; because we can not meet our obligations without money; and we need the money to do so, not next week, or some time soon,

but right now. Geo. B. Carson returned, Tuesday morning, from Chicago, where he had been purchasing new goods for the store of Carson & Sanders.

Married, on Sunday evening, Aug 23, 1891, in Kansas City, Mo., Mr. Robert Falconer, and Miss Ruth Gruwell Mr. Falconer is connected with a large drug store in Kansas City, and Miss Gruwell is a daughter of T. M. Gruwell, of this city. They have the best wishes of their friends.

James McNee will gather up the week.

Chas. Minor we to Emporia. Tuesday night, to take a situation in that place.

Mrs. Joshua Burkhead went back to Pike county, Illinois, Monday night, and Mr. Burkhead will go as soon as corn cutting is over.

Exhibits at our County Fair to be forwarded to the World's Columbian Exhibition at Chicago. However, W. L. B. Newby was highly recommend If the date to which you have paid washington, and will collect exhibits

f Dainkwatea & Schriver, at Cedar your subscription to the Courant is wrong on your paper or wrapper call in or send word and have it corrected.

A law passed by the last Legisla. Miss Rida Winters has returned to her studies at the Emporia Normal School.

Mrs. W. H. Cushing, nee Nellie Lantry, who had been visiting at her father's, B. Lantry, in Strong City, has returned to her home at Plattsmouth.

Mrs. Capt W. G. Patton, who was quite sick with typhoid fever, is impressed to her home at Plattsmouth.

Neb. fact in mind when the Sheriff may

Miss Grace Smith, of Strong City, was visiting friends at Osage City, last week.

Mrs. B. U. Schlaudecker went to St. Joseph, Mo., Sunday, for a visit with friends.

Married, on Tuesday afternoon, Sept.

Miss Grace Smith, of Strong City, The Rev. Carl Eberhardt and Ed. Lovecamp and family were at Hiawaths, last week, attending the Synod of the German Lutheran Church.

Married, on Tuesday afternoon, Sept. Married, on Tuesday afternoon, Sept.

Misses Etta and Julia McCabe, of Bazaar, have returned from their visit in the far west.

The Chase County National Bank

Married, on Tuesday afternoon, Sept.

1, 1891, at the home of the bride and groom, in this city, by Judge G. W. Kilgore, Mr. M. Young and Miss Mattie Muck.

Wednesday of last week, Home their visit to the parents of Mrs. Eberhard, at 'ilwaukee, Wis. They were accompanied by Mrs. E. F. Bauerle and children, of this city, who had been visiting the parents of Mrs. Bauerle, in Chicago, Ills.

Beginning with September 1st, R. L Ford, the popular jeweler of this city, who has now been doing busioff here, a few hours, Tuesday afternoon, to visit friends and relatives, while on his home from a two weeks' absence in the west part of the Company of the absence in the west part of the State. evening, and he will continue to do! so in the future.

Sheriff E. A. Kinne has advised us ng;and it will be reopened, next Mon | the Courant, as he says he will not otherwise give us the publication of a single one of these notices; which smacks very much of being the truth when we concider the "Sheriff's Sale" notices that are now being published in the other county papers; therefore, our friends will please bear this in mind, and give us cause to know that even it their hour of trouble, we are remembered.

Butt. Fals 8008

BUTLER'S BOOK General Butler's forthcoming book will be one of the largest historical autobiographies ever published. It will contain one thousand large pages, printed upon high grade paper and all. Nodelays. Carothers, aged 91 years, 3 months engravings. It will be published in English. German and French. The st artists are now employed on the work The Dickinson Type Foundry is casting type especially for it. The typography and press-work will be by ne Barta Press of Boston, the first dition to be not less than one hunired thousand probably double that number. The publishers are A. M. Chayer & Co., of Boston, but inquiries hould be addressed to S. F. Jun-

eription. LABOR DAY CELEBRATION. The third annual Labor Day Celebration and Basket Picnic given by the Topeka Trades and Labor As-embly will be held at the Kansas State Fair Grounds, at Topeka, on Monday, September 7th. All the railoads entering Topeka have given a aniform rate of one and one-third fare or the round trip, and it is hoped that many of our citizens will attend and participate in the exercises. For particulars address G. Max Claudy, Secretary, P. O. Box 137, Topeka, Kan.

Sincerely yours, A. R. Taylor, President. Emporia, Kas., Aug. 21, 1891.

PUBLIC SALE OF STOCK.

The undersigned will sell at auc-State Republican Leagues.

Jacob Daub and his son, Allis, left, on Wednesday of last week, for Erie, Pa., where they will live in the future.

one Durham bull, two years old; one

J. A. GOUDIE,

DEALER IN

PICTURE



STRONG CITY,

MAKES A SPECIATY OF REPAIRING.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL CONVENTION. The Cotton wood township sanday-school Convention will be held i the M. E. Church. at Cedar Point, on Friday, Sep. 4th. The following is the program:

FRIDAY MORNING.

PRIDAY MORNING.

10 a. m. to 10:30, devotional exercises, led by the President of the township; 10:30 to 11, "Attendance at Sunday-School, discussion led by Rev. Stephenson; 11 to 11:30, Preparation for Sunday-School work, Rev. Mrs Carey; 11:30 to 15. How to secure a greater efficiency in Sunday-School teaching, paper, by Mrs E.C. Noel.

DINNEF, 12 to 2, 2 to 2:30 p. m., Song service led by Mr., W G. Patten; 2:30 to 3, Children's meeting conducted by Mrs. E W. Pinkston; 3 to 3:30, Reports from schools, and election of officers; 3:30 to 4. Question drawer, Judge

EVENING. 7:30 to 8. Song service; 8 to 9, Address by Judge Culver.
All are invited. Come. and bring your Gospel Hymns Consolidated. A portion of the time allotted to each topic will be spent in general discussion of the same. A. L. Seamans and I. A. Fern, committee of entertainment.

FROM PLAINS TO PEAKS.

FROM PLAINS TO PEAKS.
In the Ute Pass, near Colorado Springs, are several pleasant places to cool off in, during the hot summer months. Reasonable hotel, cottage and tent ates. You can go to the top of Pike's Peak on foot, horse back, in a carriage, or via the Cog-Wheel Railway.

Santa Fe Ronte is the only line that runs Pullman vestibule sleepers to Manitou without change.

Cheap excursion tickets now on sale to principal Colorado resorts and to Las vegas. Hot Springs, New Mexico, the favorite all-the-year round watering place, where Montezuma Hotel is located. Inquire of J, J. Comer, local agent santa Fe Route.

HOTTER BYE AND BYE. This is not a sermon. It is only a

BUSINESS BREVITIES. I want farm loans badly. Come and see me at once. I will give you good rates, and privilege to pay part or

J. W. McWILLIAMS. May 13th, 1891 For farm loans call on Frew & Bell. Candy 10 cents per pound at

HAGER'S Loans on farms; money ready; no elay. Papers made and money paid same day. Come at once, this mon-ey must go. J. W. McWilliams. Roland Roberts guarantees that he

will care fistula and poll evil hould be addressed to S. F. Man houses, the cine, and desires owners of horses after sole general agents for Missouri, flicted with these diseases, to give dec26 tf horses, with one application of medi-

FOR SALE:—My residence in Cottonwood Falls, Kansas, at a bargain. Address Scott E. Winne, Hutchinson,

Thoroughbred cockerels for sale Apply at this office.

Geo. A. Scott, Anita, Iowa, Breeder of Rose Comb Brown Leghorns. Eggs in season, at \$2 for 13, or \$350 for 26. Stock for sale after September 1st. Satisfaction guaranted. my14-4m J. W. MC'WILLIAMS'

Chase county Land Agency Railroad or Syndicate Lands, ill buy o sell wild lands or Improved Farms. ——AND LOANS MONEY.—

as supplied by FULLER'S ELECTRIC BELT rill cure more diseases than any other agent the current is constant and perfectly regulated and applicable for all chronic atlments lend \$1, for Trial Belt or write for further particulars.

W. C. FullErs, feb19-5mos.

Kigwin, Kan.

ELECTRICITY

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS

Important to Ladies Only. lay, from a visit at Osage City.

John F. Cook, of Strong City, has eturned from his trip to Montana.

Archie Miller shipped two car loads of cattle and one of hogs, Monday.

36 sheets of note paper 5c at HAGER'S.

For abstracts call on Frew & Bell.

Mrs. Geo, B. Carson and son went to Emporia, last Thursday, to visit at the parents of Mrs. Carson, and they returned home, Monday.

S. F. Perrigo will soon go east to purchase the fall and winter stock of goods for his store. He will be accompanied by his wife as far as St. Louis,

And I Mrs. Geo, B. Carson and son went to Emporia, last Thursday, to visit at the parents of Mrs. Carson, and they factory work, you will be hard to please.

A. Ferlet, mine host of the Union approved notes, at 8 per cent.; or 5 purchase the fall and winter stock of goods for his store. He will be accompanied by his wife as far as St. Louis,

For abstracts call on Frew & Bell.

KANSAS.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. JOSEPH C. WATERS.

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW Topeka, Kansas, (Postoffice box 405) will practice in the District Court of the counties of Chase Marlon, Harvey, Reno, Rice and Barton (e22-ti

THOS. II. GRISHAM WOOD & CRISHAM. ATTORNEYS . AT LAW

Will practice in all State and Federal Courts. Office over the Chase County National Bank. COTTON WOOD FALLS. KANSAS.

C. N. STERRY. ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

EMPORIA, KANSAS, Will practice in the several courts in Lyon Chase, Harvey, Marion. Morris and Osage counties, in the State of Kasas; in the Su-pseme Court of the State, and in the Federal ourts therein.

F. P. COCHRAN.

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS. Practices in all State and Feder,





LADIES have great success selling this Washer, Retail price only \$5. Sample to those desiring an agency \$2. Also the Celebrated MEYSTONE WRINGERS at manufacturers' lowest prices. We invite the strictest investigation. Send your address on a postal card for further particulars. LOVELL WASHER CO. 203 Huron St. ERIE, PA.

Savedigue Beldin's CROUP Remedy



THE DISABILITY BILL IS A LAW. Soldiers Disabled Since the War are Entitled; Dependent widows, and parents now dependent whose sons died from effect of army service, are included. It you wish your claim speedily and successfully pressented.

prosecuted, JAMES TANNER, address Late Commissioner of Pensions, 194-197 WASHINGTON, D. C.

STILL ANOTHER.

Awful Accident on a North Carolina Railroad.

A Passenger Train Goes Over a High Bridge -Every Person in the Sleeper Killed-The Dead May Number Forty-The Victims.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Aug. 28.-The most disastrous railroad wreck ever known in this state occurred yesterday morning about 2 o'clock at Boston bridge, two miles west of Statesville, on the Western North Carolina railroad.

Passenger train No. 9, known as the fast mail, which, made up at Salisbury, pulled out on time (1 a. m.) loaded with passengers. It was composed of a baggage and mail car, second and first class coaches, Pullman sleeper and Superintendent Bridge's private car, "Daisy." This sleeper, which was from Goldsboro, usually contains a good number of passengers from northern points, and last night was no exception.

The run to Statesville was made on time, a distance of twenty-five miles, but just after leaving Statesville there is a high stone bridge spanning Third creek and down into this creek plunged the entire train, a distance of at least sixty-five feet, wrecking the whole train and carrying death and destruction with it.

Twenty passengers were killed out right, nine seriously injured and about twenty badly bruised and shaken up.

The night was dismal and to add to the horror of the situation the water in the creek was up and it was only through the most heroic efforts of those who had hurried to the scene of the wreck that the injured were not drowned.

The accident was caused by the spreading of the rails. The bridge was not injured and trains are running on schedule time.

Twenty dead bodies are now lying in a warehouse at Statesville, and the injured are having the best of care at private residences and hotels. The following is a list of killed:

William West, engineer, Salisbury,

Warren Fry, fireman, Hickory, N. C. H. K. Linster, baggagemaster, Stateswille, N. C.

William Houston, Greensboro, N. C. P. Barnett, Asheville, 'N. C. Samuel Gorman, Asheville, N. C. W. E. Winslow, Asheville, N. C. Charles Bennett, Hendersonville, N.C. W. J. Fisher, Campbell, S. C. J. B. Austin, Hickory, N. C. T. Brodie, drummer, New York. J. M. Sykes, Clarkesville, Tenn. Mrs. Poole, Williamston, N. C. Jube Thefer, traveling salesman. Doc Wells, colored, Pullman porter. John Davis, Statesville, N. C. Mr. McCormick, Alexandria, Va. The injured were as follows: Dr. George W. Sanderlin, state aud-

itor painfully. Col. E. B. Cameron, of the governor' staff.

Patrick E. Ransom, Northampton county, N. C.
Otto Ransom, Norfolk, Va.
Worth Elliott, Hickory, N. C. George Bowles, Atlanta.

Col. O. W. Lawson, Louisville, Ky. Miss Llewellyn Poole, Williamston, Mrs. R. C. Moore, Helena, Ark. Miss Ophelia Moore, Helena, Ark.

S. Linke and wife, Lexington, Ky. B. N. Estes, Jr., Memphis, Tenn. John Gage, Asheville. R. E. Johnston, Newberry, S. C. Conductors Spaugh and H. C. Leeper Flagman Shoaf.

Among the killed was Rev. J. M. Sykes, a graduate of the Southwestert, Presbyterian university, Clarkesville, Tenn. He had just been assigned to missionary work in China and was to have left for that country September 26 next. He was married.

The Moores are prominent in literary and social circles in Helena, Ark., and are well known throughout the south. They were returning from a summer-

ing in the Blue mountains. Mrs. Poole was drowned before aid could reach her.

Three bodies have not been identified. One of these is an old lady. Another is a lady with a ticket in her pocket which reads: "Mrs. George Mc-Cormick and mother, Elmwood, N. C., to Alexander, N. C." . The third is also a lady. Upon her finger is a ring engraved "T. H. W. to M. B. R." The last mentioned is believed to be the wife of T. H. White, of Memphis, who had been spending the summer at Hillsborough, N. C., and was on her way to Memphis.

It is thought that all bodies have not been taken out of the debris, which is piled so high that it is impossible to make a thorough examination. Crowds have flocked to the scene all day.

Not a soul came out of the sleeper It is thought the number of dead may reach forty.

An Alien Conspiracy.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—The treasury department is advised that a syndicate of German bromine manufacturers have determined to make large consignments of bromine and bromide of potassium to this country, to be sold irrespective of cost at any price for the purpose of breaking up the American manufacturers and that the goods will be undervalued. The collector at New York is instructed to see that the latter part of of the design is not carried out. A Disastrous Storm.

VIENNA, Aug. 28. - A terrible thunder-

storm swept over the Trieste district yesterday. Lightning struck a church at Tualis on the Italian frontier while the building was crowded with women. Panie followed, women and children shricking and praying on their knees or else running wildly for the church doors. The priest who was celebrating mass, finally succeeded in restoring order, when it was found that three women who were supposed to have fainted from fright had actually been killed by the lightning which struck the church.

THE BATTLE DECISIVE.

Brilliant Victory Won By Gen. Cante Over Balmacoda in Chili—The Latter a Fugitive—Complete Rout of Govern-

VALPARAISO, Chili, Aug. 28.—Balma eda's power in Chili is broken. His army has been crushed after five hours' hard fighting and is scattered beyond all hope of reorganization.

The revolutionists have taken pos ession of Valparaiso.

The future of Chili for the time has een settled, and settled conclusively, on the hills to the east of the city by the grim arbitrament of war.

With Balmaceda practically a fugitive, without resources in men or money; with the principal seaports of the country in the hands of the congressionalists, and a consequent shutting off of all income from customs receipts; with President-elect Vicuna a refugee on board a German warship and the country flocking en masse to the standard of the invaders, it is only matter of a few days when the capitol will fall into the hands of the revolutionary leaders.

Gen. Canto and his army won yesterday's battle by superior generalship, good hard fighting, assisted by good fortune in the killing of Balmaeda's generals and the consequent demoralization of the army and the desertion of entire regiments.

Early yesterday morning the boom of cannon announced to the people of Valparaiso that a movement beyond the ordinary skirmishes had begun. The occasional loud reports of heavy guns soon swelled into one continuous roar and then it was known that the final, decisive struggle, which, at the cost of thousands of lives, perhaps, was to decide whether Balmaceda or the junta was to be the ruling power in Chili, had begun.

Gen. Canto's position was on the hills above the race track at Vina del Mar, outside of the city. His raiders had been getting bolder and bolder as the time passed and had been making excursions further into the country. He had absolute control of the railroad to Santiago and commanded the ordinary roads. Hence Santiage was practically

in a state of siege.

Affairs had come to such a pass that it was necessary for President Balmaceda to make some move, and a little after daylight yesterday morning the word was given to attack the position held by the revolutionists, and led by Gens. Barbosa and Alzerraca, the government troops left their breastworks and advanced on the enemy under cover of a heavy fire from their bat teries.

As soon as the approaching column got within range of the rifles of the inurgents a destructive fire was opened by the intrenched revolutionists. The government troops advanced with much steadiness to the attack. They were soon near enough to do effective work with their pieces and the engagement became general. Shot and shell, grape and canister, and rifle bullets tore through the ranks of the advancing troops until it became too hot and de spite the efforts of the offcers they broke and retired almost in a panic.

Then came another attack. In steady ranks the government troops started on double-quick up into the torrent of fire and lead which blazed from the ranks of the insurgent army.

Early in the second charge Gen. Barboso was shot down and killed. The live wavered but kept on. Then Gen. Alzerreca fell from his horse wounded

Another break and then Gen. Canto gave the order to charge. With a wild jell the congressionalist army left their defense and charged on the retiring enemy.

The fighting lasted a little less than five hours, and its desperate character may be judged by the fact that fully 5,000 men were killed and wounded. Shortly after noon the victorious a my began to enter the captured city

from the hills to the southeast. During the afternoon such of the goverument troops as were in the city, or who came in, gave up their arms and most of them were paroled. Guards were stationed in the streets to see that the crowds of disbanded soldiers and the dangerous classes did not make trouble.

TRADE REVIEW.

Dun's Weekly Report Shows the Crop and Business Prospects Good. NEW YORK, Aug. 29.-R. G. Dun &

Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Money is moving rapidly to the interior but the treasury has been strengthening itself, adding \$2,800,000 to its gold for the week and also taking in \$900,000 more treasury notes than it has put out. By requiring deposits of gold at New York against shipments of currency to the country banks, the treasury has somewhat increased its gold reserve, but the main fact is that its receipts for the past week have exceeded its payments of all kinds by about \$1,200,000. The official announcement that all the 41/2 per cent. bonds not offered for extension September 1 will be paid on demand promises a large addition to the available currency after the first of next month.

Crop prospects are in all respects exceedingly bright and the reports of injury by frost do not appear to affect any considerable portion of the crop. There is every reason to suppose that the yield of wheat would be larger than the 544,000,000 bushels estimated by the agricultural department, though a yield no greater would leave 200,000,-000 bushels for export. Hog products are somewhat stronger in sympathy

with corn.

At a Standstill. ALEXANDRIA, La., Aug. 29.-The construction of the Kansas City, Watkins & Gulf railway from Spring creek to this place is at a standstill, as the teams and commissaries of the Prosser-Ware construction company are still under seizure for about \$15,000 due to salaried

officers and laborers. It was expected some days ago that the construction company would send and pay the indebtedness, as they wired from St. Louis the day of the seizure, but R. L. Vanzant, who represents the firm, arrived here to-day, and says that he does not know what will be done, as the contract was taken too low.

THE PRESIDENT'S TOUR.

Waterbury and Other Places Visited-Speech at Montpelier.

WATERBURY, Vt., Aug. 27 .- The presidential train after leaving St. Albans made short stops at Essex Junction and Richmond. At these places the president spoke briefly. The next stop was at Waterbury. Gov. Page boarded the train here accompanied by his adjutant, Gen. T. S. Peck, in full uniform. The president made a few remarks, being introduced to the crowd by ex-Gov. Dillingham.

The train arrived at Montpelier at 11:10. The president and those accompanying him walked, with heads uncovered, the entire distance to the state house, where he was then introduced and said: "Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Legislature of the State of Vermont: I am grateful to you for this cordial reception. I am glad to meet the chosen representatives of the towns of Vermont. If we shall ever or anywhere allow a doubt to settle into the minds of our people whether the results of our elections are honestly attained, whether the laws made are framed by those who have been properly chosen by the majority, then all sanction is withdrawn from law and all respect from the rulers who by a false ballot are placed in public office. [Applause.] I am glad to congratulate you on constituencies intelligent, devoted and patriotic, that the state of Vermont and her sons in the councils of the nation and on the bloodstained battlefields of the great war have borne themselves worthily. Applause.] I am sure that we may each, from this occasion, in the discharge of public duty draw some impulse to a more perfect exercise of our powers for the public good." [Ap-

plause. President Harrison then received the members of the legislature. Meanwhile a great crowd massed on the grounds. The president finally made is way to the front of the capitol where Gov. Page introduced him and the president replied briefly.

THE FIGHTING IN CHILI.

ceda Claims a Victory Over the Congressionalists.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.-A telegram from Valparaiso dated August 24 has been received, of which the following s a translation:

The insurgents succeeded in landing 10,000 soldiers at the bay of Quinteros, north of Valparaiso, where they started along the shore toward Valparaiso under the protection of six of their men-of-war and eight armed transports, besides all the boats of their fleet provided with mitralleuses, endeavoring to surprise the city by a rear attack. A government force of 5,000 men was

immediately dispatched from Valparaiso and succeeded in delaying the crossing of the Aconcagua river near its mouth, while a sufficient number of troops were moving by rail to protect Valparaiso and oppose the insurgents. The government forces succeeded in

stopping the insurgents for forty hours with a loss to the enemy of about 3,000 of their choicest men, notwithstanding the fire from the insurgent fleet, besides that of land forces. This operation enabled the govern-

ment to select the best positions for their 12,000 arriving troops, although this advantage cost the loss of half the men which contested the march of the rebels and their crossing the Aconcagua river.

The rebel fleet has been kept at bay by the fire of Fort Andes and the insurgent forces are deprived of the expected protection of their men of war, while the government forces are constantly receiving reinforcements from the interior. Now the rebel forces will be found without any possible way of retreat. Such is their situation.

THE WORK ENDED.

The Ruins of the Park Place Disaster Cleared Up-Sixty-one Bodies Recovered -Many Still Missing. NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The work of Inspectors, and ordered a writ to issue searching for the dead in the ruins of restraining the order of the prison in-

the block destroyed by Saturday's explosion was concluded last night, and victs from the stockades at Briceville, of the dead were terribly burned and prohibiting the working of the convicts presented a horrible sight.

The police record gives the number of dead bodies taken from the Park straining the defendants from executplace ruins up to 1 o'clock as sixty-one. Of these seven bodies were identified spectors to remove certain convicts immediately after being discovered and from the branch prison at Briceville, were taken direct to undertakers or but in no wise to interfere with the ortheir homes. There were fifty-four der of said inspectors prohibiting the bodies taken to the morgue, and of employment of said convicts in the these thirty-three were identified. There remain twenty-one bodies unidentified.

In the afternoon Acting Fire Chief Reilly announced that the search \$1,000 conditional as required by law." for the dead in the ruins was completed and that no more bodies remained there.

The bureau of incumbrances kept up its work of removing the debris from the street until 6 p. m., when all work stopped. There still remained about the spot several desolate women whose dead had not been found and who refused to believe that there had been a cessation of the work of the searchers. Indeed, it was a matter of wonder to all that there was so large a number of missing who could not be accounted for. The theory was advanced that owing to the fierceness of the flames, which raged several hours, some of the bodies were entirely consumed.

Explosion in the Lake Waterworks Tunnel -Fatal Results.

CHICAGO, Aug. 27 .- In the city water works tunnel, now being constructed under Lake Michigan, yesterday morning, men working two and one-half miles from shore struck a vein of quick-

was sent in to repair them. He carried where the gas had been leaking when was fatally burned and seven others pirates seems to be to capture influen-seriously hurt. seriously hurt.

POMEROY DEAD.

beath of Ex-Senator Pomercy—A Man Who Prominently Figures in the Stormy Times of Kansas Pioneer History. WORCESTER, Mass., Aug. 28.-Hon. S.

C. Pomeroy, ex-United States Senator from Kausas, died at the residence of Mrs. J. C. Whiten at Whitensville yes-terday. He was in the 76th year of his

The York-Pomerov bribery expose, in which the deceased was a central figure, is familiar to all readers.

Samuel C. Pomeroy was born in Southampton, Mass., January 3, 1816, and his boyhood was spent upon his father's farm. In 1836 he entered Amherst college, but at the end of two years leaving college he went to reside in Monroe county New York, where he continued for four years. He then returned to his notive town of South-

In 1840, during the time of his residence in New York, he heard Alvin Stewart speak on the subject of slavery,. and, deeply impressed with his eloquence, became a ready convert to antislavery principles and began to labor to promote them. He lectured in schools and preached from house to house. Annually for eight years he was on the anti-slavery ticket for the Massachusetts legislature, but was unsuccessful antil 1852, when he was elected over both whigs and democrats.

At the time of the passage of the Kansas and Nebraska bill in 1854 Mr. Pomeroy was in Washington. With the passage of this act immigration to Kansas became a sort of watch word. Eli Thayer under a charter obtained from the Massachusetts legislature organized the New England emigrant aid society, and in this enterprise was ably seconded by Mr. Pomeroy. On August 27, 1854, the first band of emigrants under the leadership of Mr. Pomeroy, numbering two humdred, started west from Boston.

Amid the disturbance and violence of the year 1856 Mr. Pomeroy was in the thickest of the fray. In 1857 his political career began with the Lecompton constitution. About this time he was elected mayor of Atchison. He was conspicuous in the organization of the territorial government and participated in the free state convention that met at Lawrence in 1859. During the famine in Kansas in 1861 he was president of the relief committee. Mr. Pomeroy was a delegate to the national republican conventions of 1856 and 1860. He was elected as a republican to the United States senate in 1861 and re-elected in 1867. He was a candidate for a third term in 1873, when the charges of bribery were presented by Col. York. For many years thereafter he made Washington his place of residence.

PATRIOTIC SONS OF AMERICA. The Negro Question Settled-Election of Officers.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 28.—The session of the Patriotic Sons of America yesterday morning was secret and the question of admitting colored members consumed the entire time. Stephen B. Gibson, colored, spoke for an hour in behalf of his race. A fourfifths vote of the entire convenis necessary to make any tion alterations in the constitution. The question came up on a motion to strike the word "white" from the constitution, but it failed to carry.

At the evening session the following officers were elected: National president-George P. Smith,

f Colorado. National vice-president-J. H. Williams, of Colorado. Secretary-E. E. Steise, of Pennsylvania, and E. W. Hendley, of Ohio.

Treasurer-J. H. Hofer, of Pennsyl M. S. Evans, of Kansas, was elected one of three masters of form and Dr. W. A. Foss, of Missouri, was elected

guard. CONVICTS PROHIBITED.

The Courts Befuse to Revoke the Order Prohibiting the Employment of Convicts in the Briceville Mines.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 28.-Judge McAllister has granted a fiat in the case of J. E. Goodwin vs. The State Prison a number of bodies were found. Most but refusing to interfere with the order in the mines: "The clerk and master will issue the writ of injunction reing the order of the state prison inmines at Briceville, it appearing to the court that such mines are not in the condition required by law. Complainants will enter into bond in the sum of

No Day Set. WASHINGTON, Aug. 28. - Secretary Noble yesterday sent the following telegram to the governor of Oklahoma:

egram to the governor of Oklahoma:
To Gov George W. Steele, Guthrie. Ok.:
Your dispatch received. There is no day
fixed for opening the Indian lands. The
president has not been consulted. He will
have to determine.

Have requested sufficient force to protect
the Indian lands until opened. I am sure
the people will understand that they cannot
convent these lands until all conditions on these lands until all conditions

go upon these lands until all conditions with the Indians are complied with and the proclamation issued.

The law-abiding people will be protected. so far as my authority goes, and those dis-obeying the law and committing trespasses shall gain nothing thereby but rather incur loss. Please keep me advised.

John W. Noble, Secretary.

OUTRAGES BY PIRATES.

A Gang of Chinese Rufflans Committing
Awful Crimes.
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 28.—Advices from Shanghai state that a gang of 500 armed pirates are creating havoe in the province of Wenchow, China Their progress through the country This morning at 1 o'clock the electric lights got out of order and Maurice Call and cold blooded crimes. Villages have been burned right and left a torch, and hardly approached the spot by them when refused hospitality, and the inhabitants, men, women and a tremendous explosion occurred. Call children, slaughtered. The object of the

REPUBLICAN LEAGUE,

feeting of Republican Clubs at Topeku-A Declaration of Princidles Favorable to Protection—Against the Sub-Treasury and Government Loss Schemes and Also Government Ownership of Railroads.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 27.-The convenion of republican clubs of Kansas met in this city yesterday and was called to order at 11 o'clock by president J. N. Miller. The usual committees were appointed and while awaiting their reports speeches were made by Hon. J. R. Burton, Lieut-Gov. Felt and others. Following is the committee on resolutions:

First district--W. J. Bailey and R. C.

Second-George W. Martin and W. A Trigg.

Third-J.B. Zeigler and D. McTaggert. Fourth-C. B. Graves and William Fifth-F. B. Davies and H. B. Daw. Sixth-Tell Walton and Frank Lock-

Seventh-J. W. Ady and George L Douglas.

At 2 o'clock in the afternoon the reports of the committees on credentials and resolutions were received, the report of the latter committee being as follows

Believing that it is not the province o this committee to formulate a platform for the republican party, we content ourselves with the following declaration:

We hereby approve the strong, able and successful administration of President Harrison. We recognize in the action of the president the members of the cabinet and the representative leaders in the late con-gress such a wise, conservative and patri-otic policy as will insure prosperity to the country and promote the interests of all our people. We especially commend the policy of reciprocity whereby the trade of this country will be increased by commencial readies with other nations, and we cordially commend the wigorous foreign policy which has characterized this administration

tion. We second the unexampled liberally of

ing pensions to ex-union soldiers and sail-ors, their widows and their orphans: We necognize the obedience of represent-atives to the express will of the people as atives to the express will of the people as the essential principle of republican government and we therefore commend the late republican congress in its faithful adherence to the pledges of the republicans in the platform of 1998.

We indorse the American doctrine of protection as essential to the maintenance of the control of the co

our industrial independence and the doc

We especially commend the policy of the administration in the opening of public lands to settlers and trust that this policy will be continued and all remaining publi land may be opened to actual settlers as rapidly as possible, and we also commend the administration for its application of the principle of local self-government to terri-tories for the first time in the history of the

We commend the liberal financial policy of the administration by which \$60,000 000 of silver has been added to the circulation during the past year, while paper, silver and gold have been maintained at par, and we are heartly in favor of the coinage of the full output of the silver mines of the

United States.

We indorse the republican state adminis tration and condemn the last house of rep resentatives of this state for its wasteful it for its attempt to enact laws tending to arouse alarm and distrust and destroy the credit of the state, and we denounce the leaders of the people's party for its mallelous misrepresentations of the resources and indebtedness of the people of this state, to which misrepresentation we attribate in a large measure any hardships which the people of the state may experience in the adjustment of their indebtedness, and we hereby declare as republicans our belief that the people of Kansas are not only able but are willing to pay every dollor of such indebtedness, and we now, as in the past, condemn the repudiation of debt in all its

treasury and government loan schemes of the people's party and to the government ownership of railroads and other means of transportation, believing that such schemes are visionary, impracticable and subversive

of the principles of free government.

We urge the republicans of the state to suppress factional feelings, waive differences of opinion and unite for a wigorous and successful campaign, believing, as we do, that if to our bountiful crops and high prices is added a republican victory Kansas ill at once enter upon a renewed season of prosperity.

Hon. J. W. Stailey, of Nemaha county was elected president; Hon. Richard Blue, of Linn, vice-president; Hon. J. Ware Butterfield, secretary, and J. L. Bristow, of Salina, treasurer.

The following committee was ap pointed to prepare an address to the people of Kansas: J. A. Troutman, of Topeka, chairman: C. P. Moore, First district, Holton; M. W. Martin, Second district, Kansas City; C. H. Kimball, Third district, Parsons; F. P. Harkness Fifth district, Clay Center: A. H. Ellis Sixth district; O. H. Bently, Seventh district, Wichita; S. B. Bradford, of Topeka, and H. B. Kelley, of McPherson, at large.

Secretary Stonecker, in submitting his report, said that in 1888 there were 600 clubs in the league. In March, 1890. there were only 115, but before the end of the year this had increased to 225. Now there were over 300. Each congressional district named

its own members of the executive committee and a recess was taken to enable the selections to be made. Following is the committee: First district, R. G. Robinson, of Holton, and V. H. Tracey, of Wamego; Second, Eli G. Chandler, of Kansas City, and W. A. Trigg; of Garnett; Third, Tom E. Thompson, of Howard, and Ed P. Greer, of Winfield; Fourth, C. M. Sheldon, of Burlingame and Fred A. Hoyt, of Eldorado; Fifth, T. A. Sawhill, of Concordia, and D. A. Valentine, of Clay Center; Sixth, K. E. Wilcockson, of Oakley, and J. J. Evans. of Ellsworth; Seventh, F. C. Raney, of Anthony, and Milton Brown, of Garden City.

At the night session Senator Plumb addressed the convention at some length on the issues of the day.

Knights of Reciprocity. TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 27.—The Knights of Reciprocity held a short session yesterday in the senate chamber before the league convention was called to or der, and made arrangements for their recognition by the league. The two organizations will work in harmony, and republicans who are members of both will be given important places in the league councils. The knights will good judge of wool so that he may deoperate in many sections of the state strong foothold. There were eighty delegates from the Knights of Reciprocity present

STOCK ITEMS.

It is best to commence feeding the hogs early in order to get them fattened early.

Now is the time to store away a sufficient supply of bedding for the stock all winter.

Market the surplus stock in good season. There is no gain in keeping stock that will not make a good growth for the food supplied. Commence feeding the calves or colts

few days before wearing them. Bran or chepped oats makes a good ration for this class of stock. It is not the largest animals that re-

turn the most profit, but the one that makes the best growth in the shortest-time in proportion to the amount of food supplied. Whether the hogs have the sun of the pasture or are fed in close pens, it-

is very mecessary to keep their sleeping and eating quarters clean and dry in order to maintain good health. Now is a good time to get rid of the dry fat cows. Generally they will

bring a better price new than at any other seasen, and they can usually be made ready for market at a low cost. Flies and other insects contribute largely to the misery of stock in summer season. Horses' tails should never be cut, or they will be unable to protect themselves. It is almost impossible to

make an animal fat if insects are very troublesome. It will pay to protect the animals at night by the use of fly screens on the door and windows. Butter can be produced at a cost of 12 cents a pound, according; to the results of experiments made, but to do so the silo must be used, the feed given judiciously, and the cows must be of the best, producing not less than 300 pounds of butter per year. Cows that produce less will increase the cost ac-

cording to the différence in the number of pounds below 300. Generally, all things considered, it will be best to let hogs run out. Cattle will fatten faster if stall-fed, but considering the risks of disease the better plan is to give them run of a good pasture and feed regularly. When slop is fed it is nearly always best to feed this before feeding grain. Water regularly, giving pure fresh water, and when in a good marketable condition sell rather

than incur the expense of feeding longer. One advantage in having the stock ready to market early is that; as a rule, it will cost less to fatten early than later. Under the average conditions of feeding stock to fatten during cold weather it requres a good deal of food to maintain animal heat, and this is adding to the cost without a corresponding gain. It is true that fat stock will often bring a better price during the middle or latter part of winter than if sold earlier, but, to a considerable extent at least, the additional cost will fully make up for any advance in price. -St. Louis Republic.

FARM NOTES.

One year's test should not always be taken as being conclusive with a new variety of corn. Save out some of the best and give a second crop.

The practice of whitewashing trees. is not injurious, but commendable. It destroys eggs of insects and insects.

Rev. B. H. Tripp, of Banner county, Neb., reports that for two years he has. planted potato sprouts, and has raised as good, or better potatoes from the sprouts than from the potatoes. In a majority of cases the late sum-

mer and early fall apples can nearly or always be evaporated, or made intocider for vinegar to a good advantage, and in this way be marketed and made to return a good profit. Corn, when dry, retains an even.

temperature in the bin. Eggs, apples. and potatoes packed in shelled corn, may be preserved for quite awhile, much depending on the dryness of the corn and its location in the bann. Here is a receipt for cabbage growers. to check the cabbage worms: While the dew is on sift flour on the heads of

the cabbage; repeat after a rain. If

the worms are on now it is best to pick off, and then use the flour to keep them off. Nearly all corn changed from one locality to another needs to become acclimated before the best growth and yieldiare possible, and it is for this and the lessened cost that, so far as possible, it is best to grow and select the

seed corn on the farm. Isaac Shumway, of Mill creek, has broken the potato record so far this year. While in town Monday he reported that from one potato planted in the spring he had lately harvested 126 good sized potatoes, or almost three pecks.—Manhattan (Kan.) Republic.

Barn yards are bad leaks in farm management. Thousands of cords of manure are wasted in them from comstant exposure to sun, wind and rain; and yet most farmers endure them just as though there were no remedy. Manure is needed on most farms more than anything else, and yet nothing is wasted with more readiness.

Sod land, when turned wader, requires time for the sod to rot, and when crops are broadcasted on such land the grass is sure to crowd out the crop. If sod is turned under in the fall and corn or potatoes planted on the land in the spring. the land will then be in excellent condition when the crop is harvested, and, may then be sowed to wheat. The rule is to put some kind of crop on sod land that requires cultivation, in order to

destroy both grass and weeds.

On very many farms a two-horse power to cut and grind feed and saw wood can be used to good advantage turing the fall and winter at least.

Corn for fodder should not be allowed to get too ripe, or there will be a loss of nutriment. After the grain begins to harden well is plenty late.

A sheep-grower should learn to be a termine the value of his fleeces. Much where the league has never secured a may be gained by com,paring the wool on the shoulders with the other parts of the body, as the wool there is the