WILL MAKE FIGHT ON GOVERNMENT SUITS

WESTERN RAILROADS WILL BIT-TERLY FIGHT FREIGHT RATE INJUNCTION.

th and

ATTORNEYS FOR ROADS MEET

Legal Representative of Twenty-Five Lines Affected Will Gather in St. Louis in Next Two Days.

St. Louis, Missouri: Within the next two days attorneys for the twenty-five Western railroads temporarily been for some time. The State Board restrained from advancing freight rates by Judge David P. Dyer of the United States Circuit Court Puesday will meet here to plan an answer to the Government's suit. It has been announced by an attorney for one of the roads that Attorney General Wick- items of expense stood in the way; junction will be bitterly contested.

The principal ground upon which the suit will be fought is the contention that there is an agreement among there were many points upon which the railroads to advance freight rates there could not be reached an agree in violation of the Sherman anti-

If any agreement at all is admitted the railroad compannies will contend that it is legal in every respect and that it is necessary because of present industrial conditions to protect the Interests of the general public. The COTTON SEED FLOUR FACTORY fact that the railroads are members of the Western trunk line committee, an official said, does not indicate that they are in any agreement, because the schedule of rates promulgated by the Western trunk line committee is not binding on the different members without their express consent.

The order of Judge Dyer restrain-Ing twenty-five Western railroads from advancing freight rates was placed in the hands of the United States Marshal here. Three of the companies having general offices here will be served at once. They are the Missouri Pacific, the Wabash and the Frisco Systems.

Copies of the order were sent to Chicago, Kansas City, St. Paul and Parsons, Kan., where general offices of the various railroads are located.

Following the filing of a request to expedite the hearing of the case it was announced that the Judges of the terprise by subscribing liberally. United States Circuit Court-Adams take it up before the vacation season In that event the hearing would take place in St. Paul, where the

Judges are now holding court. Though the temporary injunction is not effective until served on all the railroads, it was announced here that to effort has been made to collect the Gregg, who has returned to Texas, had advanced rate.

NEW VAGRANT LAW A TANGLE the construction of an eight-inch wa-

Cases Now Pending In Court of Criminal Appeals.

Austin: There are some six or seven general statutes which may be aegatived by the new and elaborate general vagrancy act put on the statate books by the last Legislature. Already cases are pending in the Court of Criminal Appeals raising the question of repeal in two of the six statates in question. There are four or five cases involving the two laws in question-that imposing a \$4,000 tax on persons soliciting orders for intoxicating liquor in prohibition territory and that providing severe punish ment for a keeper of a house of gambling or gaming. The last act makes it a felony, while the vagrancy act imposes a light punishment amounting to almost nothing, the person being declared a "vag" The same is true of missioner of Insurance and Banking. the law imposing the \$4,000 tax on stated that the total noninterest-bearthose soliciting orders in prohibition ing and unsecured deposits in all State districts, the idea being to prohibit banks on May 2, 1910, amounted to such practice by a high tax, which \$31,733,913.24. The total amount of could have \$2,000 added by the county depositors' guaranty fund on the same and \$2,000 by the city, a total of \$8,000, date was \$402,959.18, the same being obliterated, and Sec. 12, which con-\$2.50 per ton additional. but the vagrancy act says such a per- approximately 121/2 per cent of the son is a "vag" and an infinitesimal total noninterest-bearing and unsecurpunishment is meted out to him, if ed deposits.

TEXAS MINERS' STRIKE SETTLED Several Thousand Resume Work After on Jan. 31, 1910, the date of the pre-Two Months' Idleness.

Indianapolis, Ind.: The strike of the United States Mine Workers in Texas is over. It came to an end tifled that their companies will neither when an agreement affecting all the extend the time for the payment of operators, providing for the immediate ing the settlement of the rating conresumption of work. While the agree- troversy, and the business men must ment is in the nature of a compro- pay the new rates or go uninsured. mise, it is said to be in a measure Preparation for the organization of lo favorable to the miners, and under cal insurance companies is going on. the circumstances it is acceptable to The feature most complained of is that \$30,000 prize for a successful aeroplane great trust cases, the Supreme Court, in skeletonized cablegrams received the metal was dug from under the cell them. The mines at Thurber and the companies declare all policies can flight from New York to St. Louis. reduced by death and illness to seven here by representatives of both the Bridgeport are the leading ones, but celed and none will be issued except all are included, and between 3,000 at the new rates, which are an in Flights from New York to Chicago, for ly upon the constitutionality of the of Nicaragua. Neither side claims vio setting in the center of it. Charcoal and 4,000 men will be affected by the crease in some instances of 400 per which a purse of \$25,000 is offered. new law. wage agreement.

NO HOOKWORM FUND FOR TEXAS

Board of Health Failed to Agree With Commission.

Austin: Texas will not enjoy the benefit of any of the \$1,000,000 donated by John D. Rockefeller for carry. ing out the work of hookworm extermination in the Southern States. President Brumby of the State Board of Health announced that the hookworm in Texas is a closed incident and that there will be no work carried out in Texas under the supervision of the Rockefeller Hookworm Commission. Dr. Brumby would not discuss the matter at all, saying that it would be best to say nothing about it. Texas is practically the only Southern State which will not get the benefit of any of the Rockefeller money. The work is now progressing in a number of the other States, and has of Health has never been able to reach an agreement which Dr. Wickliffe Rose of the Rockefeller Hookworm Commission, though he has conferred with members of the board several times. It is understood that ersham's petition for a permanent in- that the State Board of Health could not meet its part of the expenditures for carrying out the work along educational and practical lines and that

It is not known just when the State authorities decided that the matter should be dropped or it was finally decided to abandon all hopes

Members of Crushers' Association to Establish \$100,000 Plant.

San Antonio: In order to success fully combat the press cloth trust, which it is claimed is making a profit of from 50 to 70 per cent per annum, the Texas Cotton Seed Crushers' association Wednesday voted to establish a factory in Texas. It will have a capital stock of \$100,000 and the stock is being rapidly subscribed. The location is to be selected. Also in or accrue from manufacturing cotton seed Republican Senators under Senators same provision. flour, cotton seed breakfast food and meal it was voted to establish such tion are showing their faith in the en-

Vandeventer, Hook and Sanborn-may GALVESTON MAY GET \$20,000

Texan Inserts Items in Sunday Civil Bill.

Washington: Representative Burleson, on behalf of Representative put into the sundry civil bill pending in the House the following items: For ter main from Pier No. 14, Galveston, Texas, across the channel, Pelican Spit, to furnish water facilities to the immigrant station thereon, \$15,153. For the construction and complete installation of electric light, power and telephone cables between Galveston and the immigration station, \$5,000; in all \$20,158, provided that the city of Galveston shall deposit \$10,000 to the credit of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor. The adoption of this item makes the money, which was authorized in a bill already adopted by Congress, available at once for the work.

STATE BANKS SHOW PROGRESS

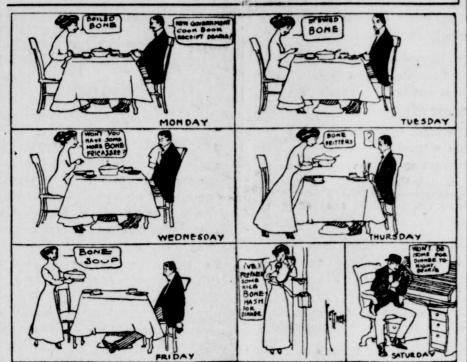
Noninterest Bearing Funds On Hand May 2, \$31,733,913.24.

Austin: William E. Hawkins, Com-

The amount of deposits as shown above shows a decrease of the same character of deposits from that shown vious call of \$380,000.

Must Pay New Insurance Rates. El Paso: Fire agents have been no-

WHEN UNCLE SAM'S COOK BOOK IS IN USE



SENATE PASSES RAILROAD BILL

MONTHS, CONTEST HAS PRAC-TICALLY ENDED.

Bill Passes Senate By Vote of 50 to 12 at 10 O'clock Friday Night.

and La Follette, sometimes railroad bill by a vote of 50 to 12.

Summary of Main Points.

Senate provides:

Commerce Court, with Attorney General in control of litigation.

Representation for shipper and commission in all appeals. Initiative for commission to inves-

tigate rates and issue orders. Authority for commission to hold up

any new rates 120 days, and rates representing increases six months longer Effective long and short-haul clauses.

Control by commission of classifica-That telephone and telegraph com-

panies shall be under jurisdiction of the commission.

three Federal Judges.

with consent of the commission.

That no order of the commission on five days' notice and after a hear-

attacked.

ferred the right upon the railroads of swept out. The unconstitutional provision, giving the Government control over the capitalization of State railroads, has also been eliminated. Unfortunately, the La Follette amenduation of railroads, was voted down.

Take Purse.

SENATE ADOPTS AMENDMENTS

Two Important Measures Get Into the

verts to more drastic railroad regula- will be offered in a few days. ed, but two important ones succeeded has been subscribed, and it is believed were offered by Senator Burton of a few days. Ohio, who up to this time has voted consistently with the Senate machine. for the contest had been changed ico, the greatest single reclamation Both of the Burton amendments are slightly, and that the purse would be project & er undertaken by the service. regarded as of importance, but one is given as a prize for a race across the designed to have a far-reaching ef- State, instead of for the first flight. fect. It provides that where a rail- He said, also, it was probable that road reduces its rates to meet or de- the purse would be increased to \$15,-Washington, June 4.—After a hard stroy water competition, the road may 000 or \$20,000, so as to provide second fought contest dragging over three not increase such a rate without first and third prizes. Albert Bond Lammonths, in which the reactionary Re- obtaining the permission of the Inter- bert, who is planning a race over a publicans of the Senate, under the state Commerce Commission. This triangular course from Chicago to Inleadership of Senator Aldrich, fought amendment is believed to be beyond dianapolis, to St. Louis, to Chicago, the fight of the great transportation the reach of the conferees, as the now is assured that a purse of \$40,000 der to get the advantages that must interests, and the handful of insurgent House has adopted practically the will be raised for the event.

The second Burton amendment proother such products from cottonseed supported by a solid Democratic vote hibits a railroad or its agents from and sometimes by a mere handful of disclosing information about the shipa factory with a capital stock of \$100, Democrats, contested the ground in ments or business it has with other 000. The members of the associa the interest of shipper and the public shippers. This amendment is designgenerally, inch by inch, the Senate at ed to reach the great evil by which 10 o'clock Friday night passed the the Standard Oil Company, according to the testimony developed in the famous Ohio prosecutions, succeeded in obtaining information about the busi-The railroad bill as it passed the ness of its rivals by means of which it was enabled to crush competitors. Both amendments were pressed so vigorously and obtained such support in debate that they were adopted without roll call.

ALASKAN COAL FOR U. S. NAVY to Advantage.

Washington: Admiral George Dewtions and establishment of through United States Navy, has forwarded a lowing the reading of the reports, the none of this land will be worth less report to the Secretary of the Navy old crop months lost 21 to 23 points, than \$200 per acre, on account of the as to the possibility of procuring and while the new crop lost 15 to 19 character of crops that it will grow. the economy of using Alaskan coal in points. At noon the prices showed a the navy. The report is in the form recovery of about 10 points. of answer to questions concerning the New York: The government's first COUNTERFEIT PLANT IN PRISON That no State law shall be blocked matter. In answer to the question as cotton crop report of the season by injunction except on hearing by to whether the Alaskan coal would, proved rather more favorable as to Raided After Being Operated by Prisin case of war with Japan, be of use conditions than had been anticipated, That no rates, reduced to meet wa- to the Government for the Asiatic and caused a quick break in the prices ter competition, may be raised except fleet, the report states that should this from 24 to 30 points under the clos-Alaskan coal be of the grade required ing figures of day before. Trading was That no carrier may disclose infor- by the navy, the cost of mining and very active, and at the declines there ped counterfeiting plant in operation mation about the business of shippers transportation not greatly exceeding was a great deal of buying owing to at the State penitentiary at Jefferson that for coal in the Eastern States the fact that while the condition was City for twenty years was raided by and it be laid down in an accessible above the ten-year average, the acre- Government Inspector Edward J. Mcmay be temporarily enjoined except and safe Alaskan harbor with proper age showed an increase of only 2.8 per Hugh. facilities and in quantities necessary cent. for the fleet, it would be of advantage That the carrier must prove the rea-figures and data are given. The West sonableness of every rate increased Virginia fields supply the greater part since Jan. 1, 1910, when that rate is of the coal used upon the Pacific, the rest being imported from Australia. The cost of transportation of West Sec. 7, which practically repealed Virginia coal to the Pacific Coast avthe Sherman anti-trust law, has been erages \$4.50 per ton, to Manila about

merging and consolidation, has been TAX HEARING IS POSTPONED Test of Legality of Law Delayed By Supreme Court.

ment, providing for the physical val. and American Tobacco cases in the of damages resulting from such unlaw-Supreme Court of the United States, ful acts. the suits to test the constitutionality of the corporation tax will go over BLOODY BATTLE IS FOUGHT \$30,000 FOR AIRSHIP FLIGHT until next fall for a rehearing. This decision was announced by the Su- Reports Say Losses Heaviest of the mines in Texas was signed with the premiums or give the old rates pend. Trip From New York to St. Louis Will preme Court. It delays a determination of the legality of the new tax, which is bringing in revenue at the New York: Mayor Gaynor announc- rate of more than \$22,000,000 a year, fighting, with an unusually heavy cas- Jaynes for 50c pieces, one for 25c and ed on behalf of the New York World until next winter. This action by the ualty list on both sides, marked Saturand the St. Louis Post-Dispatch a court indicates that, as in the two day's events at Bluefields, is indicated ter of Paris furnace used for heating Glenn H. Curtiss will compete in active members, is divided very close- Madriz and provisional Governments mit a receptacle four inches square

Dispatches Indicate Interest Has Increased.

St. Louis, Missouri: Breaking their long silence, the Wright brothers competing for several of the prizes, aggregating \$130,000, which have been offered for aeroplane flights in Amer-

In a telegram from Dayton, Ohio, the Wright Company announced that WORK BEGINS ON ENGLE DAM Wright biplanes would be entered in long-distance flights, and George B. Harrison, a representative of the Wright Company, held a conference Secretary Ballinger Authorizes the Sere with John H. Curran, Missouri Immigration Commissioner, who is raising a purse of \$10,000 for an aeroplane race from St. Louis to Kansas City.

Harrison went over the plans for several changes in the route to be followed which probably will be made. The first plan was for the race to be held over a course on the south side country north of the river would be unfavorable.

Dispatches indicate that interest in cross-country flying has increased by leaps and bounds since Curtiss' record flight from Albany to New York. Several notable additions to the rich list of prizes have been announced, Washington: Eleventh-hour con- and it is probable that several others

LASTING MORE THAN THREE tion than is desired by the Senate In addition to the prize of \$25,000 leaders came to the front in the Sen- for a race from New York to Chicago ate with amendments and speeches in and \$30,000 for a flight from New York behalf of the shippers and public gen- to St. Louis, \$7,200 of a purse of \$10,erally. Most of the amendments fail- 000 for a cross-Missouri flight already in getting into the bill. Both of these the entire amount will be made up in

Curran announced that the plans of the Engle dam project in New Mex-

Acreage Given at 33,196,000, An Increase of 2.8 Per Cent.

Washington: The first cotton report of the season by the crop reporting board shows that the condition of ations on July 1, 1911. the growing crop on May 25 was 82 last ten years. The acreage is 33,196,-000, an increase of 2.8 per cent.

another sharp break when the gov- preliminary work on the Engle project. ernment's acreage and condition reports were received. October op- 200,000, which includes 1,000 miles of tion dropped to 12.05, a loss of \$1 a canal that will water a valley 100 miles Admiral Dewey Says It Might Be Used bale, while December option went to long and three miles wide. One hun-12 level. Reports on the whole were dred and eighty thousand acres of ferinterpreted as being decidedly bear- tile land tributary to El Paso will be

to the Government. Other interesting WICKERSHAM ASKS FOR \$20,000 Money Wanted for Prosecution In Land Title Frauds.

Washington: Attorney General Wickersham, in a letter addressed to Congress, asks that the sum of \$20,000 be made immediately available for the Department of Justice in its prosecutions for crimes committed in the United States or Mexico in connection with the unlawful procurement of conveyance purporting to affect title to lands in Oklahoma allotted the Washington: Like the Standard Oil Kickapoo Indians and in the recovery

War.

New Orleans, La.: That severe

WRIGHTS WILL ENTER RACES RECLAMATION WORK GOING FORWARD

have announced their intention of THE ADVOCATES OF MEASURE TO RAISE \$30,000,000 BY BOND ISSUE.

vice to Proceed With Actual Construction.

Washington, June 6 .- The advocates the race with Curran. He suggested of the measure to raise \$30,000,000 by bond issue for the completion of the various reclamation projects now under way are confident that they will succeed in attaching this bill to the of the Missouri River, but Harrison land-withdrawal bill, which is the first pointed out the topography of the of the Administration conservation

measures to come up in the Senate. House Committee on Ways and Means refused to let the reclamation bond go before the House, but if the Senate tacks the measure to the Senate land-withdrawal bill, it will get before the conference and the House will thus get a chance to vote on it. despite the obstructions of the Ways and Means Committee.

Senator Borah, who is championing the bill, stated that the measure is sure to be attached to the conservation. bill, which he expects will reach the Senate Monday. Interest in the South-

est in this bill lies in the fact that it means the completion within five years

With assurances that the bond bill will be enacted into law, Secretary Ballinger has finally authorized the reclamation service to proceed with the construction of the Engle dam work on the ground that the international treaty aspect of the project gives it precedence over all other pending pro-

\$1.500,000 Allotted 1911.

To this the sum of \$1,500,000 has COTTON REPORT LOWERS PRICE been allotted for this work during 1911. There is already on hand \$70,-900 available for immediate construction, and Director Newell has ordered that the preliminary work begin so that contractors may commence oper-

The preliminary work includes a per cent of normal, as compared with great mass of tasks, including the 81.1 per cent on that date last year, building of twenty miles of railroad. and 80.9 per cent, the average for the Charles J. Blanchard of the service leaves in a few days on a Western business trip which will bring him to New Orleans: Cotton futures scored | El Paso in July to take charge of the

The Engle dam project will cost \$7 .put under irrigation by this project. ey, president of the General Board, In fifteen minutes of trading fol- and in the opinion of Mr. Blanchard

oners 20 Years.

Jefferson City, Mo .: A fully equip-

Molds, fire pots, spurious coins and other paraphernalia were confiscated and two prisoners arrested. Both confessed having made spurious gold dollars, quarters and 5c pieces.

The plant, Inspector McHugh declares, has been in the penitentiary for twenty years and has been handed down from prisoner to prisoner. The men arrested are a five-year man from Kansas City and another long-term prioner from there.

A quarrel between four prisoners occupying the same cell regarding the division of the spoils was responsible for the raid.

The Government has applied for warrants charging the prisoners with counterfeiting.

Gov. Hadley announced that he will pardon both men in October, when Federal Court convenes, that they may be prosecuted.

Three molds, used by counterfeiters the other for 5c pieces. A small plaswas used for fuel.

W. F. Kellis. Editor and Proprietor.

Entered Nov. 10, 1902, at the Sterling

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY AT STERLING CITY, TEXAS.

Subscribers failing to et their paper on time, will confer a favor by 16

ANNOUNCEMENTS

and Tax Collector of Sterling the Democratic party.

We are authorized to appounce J. H. Allard a candidate for the office of Sheriff and Tax Collector of Sterling county, subject to the action of the Democratic primary

We are anthonized to announce J. L. Glass a candidate for election to the office of County Judge of Sterling county, subject to the action of the Democratic primary

We are authorized to announce B. F. Brown a candidate for Connty Judge of Sterling county, subject to the action of the Demoeratic primary.

We are anthorized to ann sonnce Leonce B. Cole a candidate for re-election to the office of District and County Clerk, of Sterling county, subject to the action ot the Democratic party.

We are anthorized to appounce Ed L. Gilmore a candidate for reof Sterling county, subject to the Democracic primary.

D. O. Durham a candidate for re- below town. messor of Sterling county, subject side of Carlsbad with their work, to the action of the Democratic having put the track in shape for

We are anthorized to apponnce S. L. Hall a candidate for the oftice of Commissioner and Justice subject to the action of the Demoeratic Primaries.

We are authorized to appounce J. S. Johnston a candidate for re-election to the office of Commissioner of Precinct No. 4, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

That ebony bued evangelist, who, after taking one good, long, wistful look at Halley's comet, tail and all, dreamed a dream about making the Lone Star State a veritable beaven for all African descent, ought to get a good look at Sterling City-jast as a good, wholesome sample of what this glorious State of Texas is like in that regard, and the negro evangelist would back up some. Texas is no haven of rest or paradise of joy for Africans, -San Angelo Standard.

Teach him when he once becomes have ever seen. The fiber is almaster of himself, he is master of most as fine as silk, and fully three the whole situation. Try as you inches long. may, you can never hope to remove all the obstructions from the sheep, but we doubt if there his pathway. Instead of trying is a place in the world where a to fill up the creek, teach him to better quality of wool can be proswim. Instead of trying to run all duced. the horses and cattle out of the country to keep him from steal- NOTICE OF MEETING OF DEMOCRATIC ing them, teach him to be honest. Teach him to be sober and tem perate at all times and at all places, and that hooze fighting is Executive Committee of Sterling a combat in which booze will al- county is bereby call for Monday, ways get the best of it. Teach June 20th, at 3 o'clock in the him that the man who sells booze afternoon, at the office of the is as much of a gentleman as the Chairman, for the purpose of trans man who buys it.

houses and fencing, known as the bers of the Committee are arged Sterling Hotel. Buyer must move to be present. houses etc. away. Call at this

TERRIFIC HAIL

Crops and all Other Vegetation Badly Damaged By Hail Last Tuesday Evening

Last Tuesday evening a hard houses in town. rain and hall storm struck this town. Much damage was done to fruit and gardens, more than half the fruit being knocked off and in some instances the leaves were entirely stripped from the

About 7 o'clock, a small, green bowl-shaped cloud formed to the We are authorized to announce northwest, and potting on a Jno. B. Ayres a candidate for re- splendid electrical display, it election to the office of Sheriff formed itself into a large, black ball and came toward town. Those county, subject to the action of who had been watching it went to storm cave and other places when they saw it coming, for they felt sure a cyclone was upon them; but it proved to be only a terrific hall and rain storm. Soon the streets were flooded with water. Hailstones lay about in heaps, but we rejoiced to know that did not swoop down upon as.

the crops were beaten into the earlies moment. ground, windows demolished and the timber stripped of its foliage.

Railroad Notes

But little tracklaying has been done this week, only about two miles having been laid this week Steel will be laid up to Cox hollow next week, where it will prob ably be delayed for a day or two.

The bridge work is progressing election to the office of Treasurer nicely. The bridge across China draw will be finished tomorrow morning, and the pile driver mov. ed up to Cox Hollow. One of the We are authorized to appounce pile drivers is about four miles

trains up that far.

HURT BY A HAILSTONE

During the hailstorm Tuesday of The Peace of Precinct No. 3, evening some parties seeking shelter drove up to T. G. Brennand's house, eight miles north of here, and while assisting in attending to the teams a large hailstone struck Mr. Brennand on the head and laid the scalp open almost to the skull. He received several bruises about the body.

> One of the teams ran away and was not recovered until after the

The roof of Mr. Brennand's house was badly damaged. One large bail stone tore its way thru the roof like a cannon shot. Screens over the doors and windows were torn away, the door panels splintered and a number of window panes knocked out.

Some Fine Wool

W. L. Foster exhibited some of the finest camples of wool; taken from some yearling sheep of the Teach your child self-restraint. Foster & Batton flock, that we

Sterling is not only the home of

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

A meeting of the Democratic acting business of importance, as required by Section 111 of the FOR SALE: - The buildings, out Terrell Election Law. All mem-

> Jeff D. Ayres, Chairman

BUILDING NOTES

N. A. Austin has jast finished putting in a nice cement side walk in front of his store building

Geo. Conger has awarded the contract for a commodious residence to Evans & Slaton. It is said this will be one of the best

We learn that work on the people. \$12,000 stone passenger depot is to begin at an early date.

W. L. Foster is having the lamber of the Ferguson wagon yard moved out on his ranch for the purpose of building stock sheds

We learn that parties from Okla homa will be here soon to begin ing, facing the public square. Jack Cole's new residence is

rapidly nearing completion. The old shop, once occupied by

B. Z. Cooper, which has been standing behind B. F. Roberts' store, is being torn down and settlers, through necessity, were moved away to make room for a forced to irrigation in order to new building.

what seemed a deadly cyclone the Lowe & Darham 50x90 stone The storm did the most damage rashing the work as fast as men in that section of country lying to and movey can do it, in order to

> Henshow & Dolton were awarded the contract for building the two-story 50 95 structure for the Firet State Bank. Work in the quarries has already began, and dirt for the foundation will be broken next Monday.

W. A. Griffin bus been award- in the Coucho valley where water that work will begin next . eek.

The West Texas Lumber Co. is erecting a lot of big sheds extending all around its property. The contract for several thousand feet of cement side walk has

About Irrigation Concholand

California would rate very low as man must have. an agricultural region, for in most parts of that state the rainfall is mengre. But in an early day the garded as a veritable treasure. right. than in California?

ment sent an irrigation expert to one hundred fruit trees now Thos. Brennand and son, T. G. Coucho from an irrigation stand | collection of roses and other flow Brennand will begin next Monday point. After looking over the ers in the county. All on four removing the little wooden build- ground and gathering data as to lots of 50x140 each, two blocks ing now occupied by the City the water supply of the Conche from court house square. Market, on the North Side, to basin, he reported that it was as He said there were but few places

ed the contract for erecting the could not be had at a reasonable 25x95 two-story building for the depth, and expressed great sur-First National Bank. We learn prise at the people not taking advantage of it.

that there is not water enough to do any good.

But the day is here when men are beginning to remember that this water runs day and night, that concrete dams can be buit cheaply and the water stored; and Perhaps California is the great- when this is done and the Conthe erection of a large stone baild est agricultural region on the chos are made to hold a bank full per annum as shown in the figure beglobe; yet, if the people of that supply of the life giving fluid, low. state depended on the raine as this valley will rival the boasted they do in the Eastern states, California in producing that which

FOR SALE

One piece of residence propergain a subsistance. So surpris- ty in Sterling City, consisting of Dirt was broken yesterday for ing were the results of the half a six room bouse, splendid well hearted efforts of thee pioneers, of water, with two good tanks, bailding. Contractor Henry is that soon the people began to good winds ill, one bundred bearmake a study of the problems of ing fruit trees, and one acre of irrigation, with the result that to- land, close in with sou b and west the north of town. Near lolanthe be ready for occupancy at the day a stream of water, whether exposure on corner of two prinsurface or or underground, is re- oipal streets of the town. Price,

Two residences, three rooms. make room for a 25x60 stone bus- good a proposition as California. good wells, windmills and out houses, on two lots each, two and be-half blocks from square.

good well of fine water, brand new windmill and tower, on four lots nicely located two and onebalf blocks from court house square. This can be had at a bargain if taken at once.

and city property, from a 25 foot lot to a 20 section ranch.

For particulars see or write,

competiton, but let 'er go, Galla- line of optical goods, also preand a bunch of your business.

Later on, small pumping plants bave been installed, and they have proven themselves a success from the firs: stroke of the engine. But now comes the knock. er, who knows as much about been let by the Sterling View such things as a cow does theology; and tells the timid investor

No where in the world is mother | One residence, six rooms, well earth giving up more wealth to finished throughout; good well our climatic conditions more favorthe efforts and ingenuity of man with windmill, tanks and com- able to farming than in Illinois. In plete system of piping; good cis-A few years ago, the govern- tern, barn chicken, house, over investigate to resources of the | loaded with fruit, and the finest

One residence, four room house

Also all sorts of farm, ranch

CUMMINS & DUNN

SILVER ECHOES

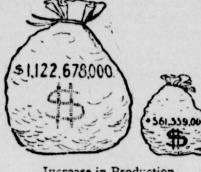
Quality counts at the best store in the best town in the best county in the best state, and the best people are coming to my store for the best Goods at the best prices

And remember, when you spend a dollar in cash with me, you get a chance at a beautiful dining room set, consisting of a set of Rodger's silver knives, force and spoous, a 42-piece set of china dishes, and an elegant, six-foot oak extension dining table, ALL WITHOUT COST!

> Yours for a square deal, N. A. Austin

Increasing Production.

The increase in agricultural production has both an individual and community interest. The farmer is vitally interested in increasing the yield, as it costs no more to cultivate an acre of land that produces two bales of cotton than it does an acre of land that produces one bale of cotton, and the second bale is clear profit to the farmer. The farmers who have followed the advice of our agricultural departments in selecting seed, methods of culture, character of crops, combating pests, etc., have been able to double production. The farms of Texas are yielding an average of \$1,540,000 per day, and by doubling production in that portion of the land now under cultivation we can produce \$1,122,678,000 instead of \$561,339,000



A concrete example would perhaps be more satisfactory than an imaginary standard, says the Texas Commercial Secretaries' Association, and we will, therefore, compare Texas



To build up the Texas farmer we must improve our public highways, build railroads, build factories, open mines, build cities, and otherwise increase our markets and facilities for reaching the market. We must look to our Agricultural Department, A. & M. Colleges, Experimental Scations and agricultural agents to build up the farn, and instruct the farmer. These institutions ought to be liberally supported by appropriations and co-operation in their work.

EYES TESTED AND **GLASSES FITTED**

Burwell L Cooper, Optician and Watchmaker, of Colorado, is These facts are startling all at Butler Drug Co.'s with a full gher! I want your best wishes pared to repair watches and clocks. From 2:00 to 5:00 p. m. Satisfaction guaranteed.

GRAIN U K WAGON YARD COAL WOOD CEMENT

> ₩J*E*CARNES,₩ GARPENTER AND BULDER

*ACENT FOR SHAWNED FIRE INSURANCE

GOODS

In stock a complete line of Men's and Boy's up-

to-date Ready to Wear Clothing. Prices 1 anging

from \$1 50 to \$6 00 on Boy's Clothing, and from

\$7.50 to \$20 00 for Men's Suits. WCall in and let

us show and convince you that we have as pret-

ty a pattern, as well made, as late a style and as

good a fit as any tailor. We also have a large

Stock of Men's and Boy's Pants, ranging from

\$1.50 to \$6 00 per pair. We can fit the largest

or the smallest, with prices and quality to suit.

TREMEMBER: Goods of all kinds are still ad-

vaucing in price; but I am giving my customers

the advantage by selling at the same old prices.

When in town make my store

H.Q.LYLES

your headquarters.

If you want anything in the late styles and up-to-date Spring fabrics, just call and see my new goods

Tanjor Tussah Kanoko Silk Silk Stripe Crepe Egyptian Tissue Flaxon Checks Fancy Madras Percales

English Poplin Oostume Chiffon Victoria Silk Slupee Puritan Gallecea Soisette Priscilla Poplin Ginghams

Ladies white Tailored and Fancy Waists, Skirts and Ties, and many other things too numerous to mention.

Get my prices, buy, be happy

B. F. Roberts

W. F. KELLIS, Editor

STERLING CITY, - - TEXAS

Chicago boasts 46 cemeteries, all

well patronized. Speaking of sunshine, the more you

have the more you want.

The aristocrat germs on a \$10 bill do not recognize the herd on a dollar

Paying interest on the mortgage is one of the best cures for automobil-

Jousness. In the matter of capturing a husband the girls should remember that

coarse work is fatal. Although cottonseed has gone up

In price olive oil is useless for purposes of replanting. Those New York hens that lay black eggs are infringing upon the province

of the Easter rabbit.

And now they are mixing poker and bridge. The anti-adulteration laws

should be strictly enforced. German dirigibles have been making

flights over Holland. This may be significant, for it beats the Dutch. Farmers are organizing to cut out the middlemen. That old reliable end

man, the consumer, will hold his job. About this time of year the university alumnus, after trying to remember his college yell, gives it up as a

The man who stole a duck and was sent to Auburn for it must now realize that it is much cheaper merely to

chase the duck. According to a scientist, dreams are the fulfilment of wishes. At any rate | ject. they are all the fulfilment a lot of

wishes ever get. The college professor who insists that the dangers of kissing have been immensely overrated is making

a strong bid for popularity. Verily, the complications of life multiply. It takes enough men now to train a champion prize fighter to put a play on the stage with a large cast.

Viewed as peace preservers the new battleships, costing \$6,000,000 each, ought to be put under bonds to furnish us with \$12,000,000 worth of peace.

Berlin workingmen have taken a pledge not to eat butter for three months. That indicates one place where oleomargarine is likely to be sold for what it is.

Los Angeles school children have been ruining their little tummies by eating too much pie. The great American nation may have to establish a ple censorship.

A St. Louis woman who was dying asked to have her pet dog poisoned, that it might accompany her to the spirit world, or, probably, at least, until she was safely out of St. Louis.

A Chicago judge declares married men have a right to squander some of their money on themselves if they want to. Yes, judge, but how much? That's the real point.

The recent cannibalistic performances in the South sea islands seem to be a conclusive answer to the old charge that the cannibal natives of that part of the world don't like missionaries.

A blind singer of Massachusetts took a trip in a balloon in order to enjoy a new sensation. He made a totally new record in ballooning; he did not remark when he came down "how strange it was to see the earth dropping away from under him."

According to a New York dispatch wedding rings are passe, and "smart young matrons" no longer wear them. Perhaps this is because so many "smart young matrons" haven't room for their entire collection of wedding rings.

A new order of the treasury department prohibits the importation into the United States of the European starling, putting the bird in the same class with the mongoose, the English sparrow and fruit-eating bats. So far as this country is concerned, therefore, the cry of the starling will be, not, "I can't get out," but "I can't get in!"

Of late the shadow of the fatal microbe has hovered over the trembling lips of expectant lovers. They have been browbeaten, cowed, terrified. Intimidated by cold-blooded investigators their kisses have become of the Intangible Tennyson kind, by "hopeless fancy feigned as lips that are for others." The cold-blooded bacteriologist has meanwhile buttressed the cry of that cynic of cynics, Dean Swift, who wrote: "Lord, I wonder what fool It was that first invented kissing."

Though a man dropped dead in department store while shopping with his wife, it is doubtful if even this will break some women of the habit of taking their husbands along.

Several firms who have been selling fine Mocha and Java coffee which did not contain a berry of either of those coffees have been fined \$10 on prosecutions by the government. Really it would not seem as though such a fine would act as a deterrent; maybe, however, it was intended merely to be a



FARM NOTES.

Don't worry about overstocking the market with good cows. Frames of sealed honey can be given on any warm day to colonies that seem likely to fall short.

There is very little difference be tween venison, bacon and beefsteak. All are "dear" meat this season.

Bees can fly for two miles from the hive and are then able to return after gathering their supply of honey. Every gardener should now "make hay while the sun shines." It is very essential that we cultivate our plants

while they are young. If you expect the hired man's confidence you must put confidence in him. You will find that it pays to

talk matters over with him.

Mustard should be taken up and destroyed after it has become too tough for use. Its pungent odor attracts insects which often attack other

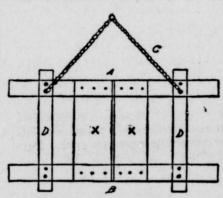
If an embargo of the same force were laid on the ports that are laid on farm traffic by bad roads, the noise that would follow could be heard

around the world. Plant beans, radishes, cucumbers and tomatoes for further use. If the seasons continue favorable they will furnish you fresh vegetables when

you need them most. No community can have a more valuable citizen than he who understands the theory of road building and who is at the same time a practical road builder and an enthusiast on the sub-

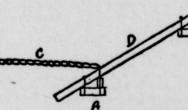
Cannot Take Place of Harrow, Roller or Disk Harrow, But Can Do Some Things Far Better.

The writer has used several kinds of drags on plowed fields, and has seen a is found, which is also an excellent large number in use, ranging from a material for a wearing surface. sled upside down to a lever harrow with the teeth set back. Of all the



Top View of Drag.

devices used for dragging the soil, the times saves 19. One of the great troudrag shown in diagram here is probably most effective, says a correspond- that we spend a large sum of money to ent in Rural New Yorker. The plank build the road and make no provision drag made by lapping some two by for taking care of it. eight-inch plank works all right in very dry soil, but is all wrong for soils properly moist for best results in SORTING MACHINE FOR SEEDS working. The drag shown above will work anywhere, and at almost any time. Such a drag is easy to make



and not at all expensive. In the diagrams a and b are 2x6 or 8-inch plank seven feet long for two horses, or 11 feet for three, a and d are 2x4 pieces bolted to the plank, c is a draft chain. and may be fastened where shown or farther back, while xx are two short boards nailed in place for the driver to stand on. The latter pieces, xx, should not be too wide, as they might cause the soil to collect and pack underneath.. The plank a and b should be set at angle of 80 degrees to d-d; and the joints should be secured with two bolts each. This drag is simple and strong, will stand a lot of rough usage in the field, and its use will give satisfaction to the user, and particularly where it is desired to level up inequalities of the surface. This drag cannot take the place of a harrow, roller or disk harrow, but it can do a few things more easily and quickly and in some cases far better.

Keeping Out Flies.

Gunny sacks nailed over the windows of the stables will greatly reduce the number of flies that will pester the animals. These should not be at the bottom. nailed down tight at the bottom or air will be excluded and the stable will become warm and unhealthful. If the sacks are partly loose at the bottom they will shade the stable satisfactorily, and yet at the same time will both are natural products, collected admit air.

Best Soll for Potatoes.

A sandy loam soil usually produces potatoes of a better quality than the or other added sugars. heavier soil. It remains more mellow giving the potatoes a chance to become more shapely and making them easier to dig. Heavier soil sometimes yields larger results because of its greater fertility, but the tubers are world, has there been such widespread more subject to brown rot in such activity for good roads as is the case soil than in sandy loam.

BUILD COUNTRY ROADS GOOD

Highway Commissioners Charged With Responsibility Do Not Inform Themselves on Subject.

(By HOWARD H. GROSS.) One of the chief drawbacks to the good roads movement is the slipshor methods of road building. Highway commissioners, who are charged with the responsibility of road building and maintenance, do not as a rule take the trouble to inform themselves upon the subject, and the result is what one should expect-poor construction and expensive repairs, and good roads

given in some degree a "black eye." It is a costly fallacy to assume that anyone can fix the road. The writer heard a commissioner say:

"I hauled ten wagons of gravel and dumped them into that big mud hole by Jackson's pasture." No attempt was made to drain the

road, and yet this was what was most needed in that particular case. The most important rule in road building is to drain the road. Get the water off the surface and away from the road as quickly as possible. A road

that is well drained is half built. The amount and kind of material used is as important as the method of construction. Ordinarily the main body of a road, the first layer, may be of any hard material-stone, gravel, slag or cinders. The top course of three inches, however, ought to be hard, so as to resist the wear, and for this purpose the best material in the central west is crushed granite, large deposits of which cover nearly onethird of the state of Wisconsin. This is excellent road material and can be furnished from at least half a dozen different points of the state, upon as many different railway lines, and it is feasible and practical to ship this several hundred miles for road building purposes. On a well-drained roadway, four inches of stone, gravel, slag or cinders, covered with three inches of Wisconsin granite, making a hard road seven inches deep, will last longer and PRACTICAL PLANK SOIL DRAG wear better, and require less repairs than twice that thickness of any of the softer materials, and the dust will be less. The increased first cost will be

In Lake Superior districts trap rock

more than offset by the less repairs

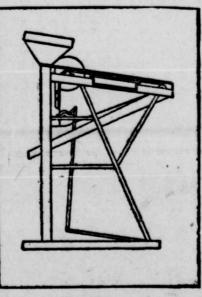
and the longer life of the road.

Nearly all states have an experienced and capable highway engineer, and local authorities who desire to improve the roads should always consult him. If his advice is followed, better work will result and money will be saved. These men are employed by the states for this very purpose, and the highway commissioners should make use of them.

At the great International Good Roads congress in Paris the writer heard the question asked of an emiter the road is completed should repairing it begin?" The answer was: "The next day." This means, of course, stitch in time saves nine," and it some bles with us, where roads are built, is

Michigan Man Invents Contrivance That Will Be Found Useful on Farms-How Constructed.

A sorting machine for seeds has been invented by a Michigan man, and it will be found useful on large farms or on seed firms' estates. A wooden framework has a conveyor device running longitudinally toward a chute. This conveyor, which is operated by a chain gear worked by a treadle, contains trays with blades projecting above one edge. The trays being shallow, the refuse material is cuffed over



Seed Sorter.

the sides and the beans are carried on to the chute, dumped therein as the trays turn and shot down a receptacle

No Fear of Adulteration. Notwithstanding the material difference in chemical composition between honey-dew honey and nectar honey. and stored by the honey bee, and as such are free from adulteration in the usual sense of the word, and may, therefore, be used without fear of

their containing commercial glucose

The Universal Report. Never before in the history of the United States, perhaps not in the

WAS GREAT SLEUTH WOMAN SAFE LOCK EXPERT

Inspector Byrnes' Death Recalls Activity as Officer.

Rose From the Ranks to a Millionaire and Laid the Clever Trap That Caught Jay Gould's Blackmailer.

New York .- Probably no man was better known in the world of police and none was more feared by crocks than Thomas F. Byrnes, former detective and inspector who died in this city a few days ago. It was while inspector and in charge of the detective bureau at police headquarters in Mulberry street that Byrnes won his greatest fame.

From the day he became a member of the police, in August, 1869, until he retired on May 27, 1895, Inspector Byrnes was a thief catcher first of all and it was as such that he became a valuable servant of the people.

Byrnes rose quickly from the ranks. He was first a patrolman, then a roundsman, later on a sergeant, then captain, inspector and finally commissioner.

Thirty years ago the city was overrun with thieves and thugs. A reign of terror had spread over the town. Murders were committed almost nightly. It was at that time that Byrnes was called to Mulberry street and told to organize a detective bureau. He had shown considerable detective ability while occupying positions of lower periors to the quiet but determined

In a short time he had organized what became known as the central office of detectives and assigned to that bureau were the best thief catch-



ers in the department. He had only a limited number of detective sergeants under his command, but had the power M'CALLA WAS NAVY HERO that in taking care of the road, "a to reduce those at any time and without trial. In that way he was able to surround himself with the best talent the department could afford.

> Byrnes was a man of striking personality. He was tall and well put together. He wore a big mustache and never talked in a loud voice. except when he wanted to let people know that he would stand no trifling. His wife was a school teacher in

her earlier days. Their daughters, pretty and highly educated, adored their father, who was intensely proud of them. He was proud, too, of his fine summer home at Red Bank, N. J. Byrnes was a very rich man. He was said to have been a many times millionaire. He was a witness before the Lexow committee and there he told how he came to make his fortune. It was generally believed that Jay Gould was among other of his friends who gave him valuable tips on money

Byrnes was not ungrateful. Gould became the victim of a blackmailer. who wrote so many threatening letters that Gould was in constant fear of his life. The letters were always mailed on a Sunday, but never from the same box. There was no clue to his identity and to catch him seemed hopeless. Byrnes undertook the task. First he distributed photographs of an envelope addressed to Jay Gould by the blackmaller among the entire police force. Then, on a Sunday, he stationed a policeman, plain clothes man or postal inspector at every mail box in the city. Every time a letter was dropped in the box was opened and the letter inspected. Finally the right man dropped in the right letter and was promptly arrested.

"Colonel Wells," as he was known, was convicted and got a long term. The case perhaps brought Byrnes more fame than any of his others.

Defect in Wireless Telegraphy. It is remarkable that, while wireless telegraphy has made rapid strides, very important considerations have been almost entirely neglected. Much attention has been paid to attunement and selectivity and also to the refinement of instruments, while the development of the antenna has been slow. At the receiving station particularly not much has been done toward locating the antenna wires so as to intercept a maximum of wave energy. Aside from Braun's fanshaped grid, which marked an epoch, very little along this line has been extensively adopted in practise.

The Latest Dress. "I see Japanese dialect is very popular among the press humorists these done over into it."

Sex in World in the Busi-

Portland, Ore.-The unique distinct tion of being the only woman safelock expert in the world and the most expert at that business of any man or woman living, is that claimed by Miss Stella Darling, a young Portland woman. Solving combinations is a second nature with Miss Darling, and so capable is she that a well-known manufacturer's agent here pays her a handsome salary.

Whenever the locks on the various vaults and safes of the banks, ex-



Miss Stella Darling

rank in the police department, and this in the city refuse to respond to the had attracted the attention of his su- usual number of twists and turns of the combination the owners, instead of tearing their hair and saying naughty things step to the telephone and call for Miss Darling. She takes a few tools and goes to the street and number given.

With an inborn knowledge of the mechanism and its whims, Miss Darling examines it critically and listens to an explanation of the difficulty. With a smile that is contagious she puts her alligator handbag on a nearby desk, removes her gloves and approaches the box of steel. After a few deft turns of the combinationand she knows most of them; it is more than likely that she set this one-the bolt may refuse to move. She smiles at her failure and as if by some mutual understanding between safe and woman, it opens at her second attempt.

To show the high esteem in which she is held by the manufacturers through the United States it is only necessary to state that she is the recipient of a number of costly and beautiful jewels which have been given to her from time to time. It is only her love for Portland that has prevented her from accepting lucrative offers

Admiral Who Died Recently Distinguished Himself in Spanish War and at Peking.

Washington.-The most brilliant achievements of Rear Admiral B. H. McCalla, U. S. N., who died in Santa Barbara, Cal., recently, were in connection with the war with Spain and the Peking relief column, for which he received signal recognition in the shape of a congressional medal for distinguished service in battle and also international acknowledgment of



Rear Admiral McCalla.

his labor through the bestowal upon him of the order of the Red Eagle by the German emperor and the Chinese war medal by the king of England.

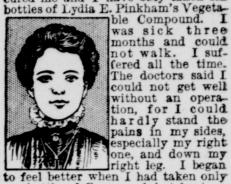
McCalla, then commander of the cruiser Marblehead, was in the first fighting line in the Spanish-American war. He landed the marines at Guantanamo, the first of the American troops to set foot on Cuban soil, in the face of a fierce fire from the Spanish troops, and maintained them there for many days until regular troops could be brought to their support. At Cienfuegos he went in boldly under the Spanish batteries and cut the cables that connected Cuba with Spain, thus accomplishing one of the most important functions in warfare. But perhaps his most brilliant achievement was in connection with the Boxer uprising in China in 1900. when the legationers were besieged in

Peking. Rear Admiral McCalla was born at Camden, N. J., in 1844, entering the navy in 1861. His services during the days." "Yes; many of the good old almost 39 years of active duty in all Irish and German jokes have been parts of the world were noted with conspicuous acts

WOMAN **ESCAPES OPERATION**

WasCuredbyLydiaE.Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Elwood, Ind.-"Your remedies have cured me and I have only taken six



SADIE MULLEN, 2728 N. B. St., Elwood, Ind. Why will women take chances with operation or drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's

one bottle of Compound, but kept on as I was afraid to stop too soon."—Mrs.

Vegetable Compound? For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indiges-

tion, and nervous prostration. If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be absolutely confidential,

The dyspeptic, the debilitated, whether from excess of work of mind or body, drink or ex-

MALARIAL REGIONS, will find Tutt's Pills the most genial restora-tive ever offered the suffering invalid.



PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free, Highest references. Best results. WHY HE THOUGHT SO.



Willie-Is Mr. Jones pear-sighted. mama?

Mama-Not that I know of, dear. Willie-Well, he always sits so close to sister when they're in the parlor.

Calculation. "Mr. Nippen always wants the most

possible for his money." "Yes. He invariably selects a cloudy day to go to a baseball game in the hope of seeing several innings and then getting a rain check."

Some choirs have the artistic temperament so bady they will sing a lullaby just before the sermon.

FEED CHILDREN On Properly Selected Food. It Pays Big Dividends.

If parents will give just a little intelligent thought to the feeding of their children the difference in the health of the little folks will pay, many times over, for the small trouble. A mother writes saying: "Our children are all so much better and stronger than they ever were before

we made a change in the character of

the food. We have quit using pota-

toes three times a day with coffee and so much meat. "Now we give the little folks some fruit, either fresh stewed, or canned, some Grape-Nuts with cream, occasionally some soft boiled eggs, and some Postum for breakfast and supper. Then for dinner they have some

meat and vegetables. "It would be hard to realize the change in the children, they have grown so sturdy and strong, and we attribute this change to the food elements that, I understand, exist in

Grape-Nuts and Postum. "A short time ago my baby was teething and had a great deal of stomach and bowel trouble. Nothing seemed to agree with him until I tried Grape-Nuts softened and mixed with rich milk, and he improved rapidly and

got sturdy and well." Read "The Road to Wellville," found in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A one appears from time to time. are genuino, true, and full of he

ROMANES LECTURE GIVEN BY THEODORE ROOSEVELT

Event Postponed by King's Death Attracts a Large Audience at Oxford---Lord Curzon Introduces the Distinguished American.

ence of distinguished men and students of Oxford university, Theodore Roosevelt on June 7 delivered the Romanes lecture, his subject being "Biological Analogies in History." The lecture had been scheduled for delivery on May 18, but of course was postponed on account of King Edward's demise. It was given in the Sheldonian theater and Lord Curzon, as chancellor of the university, presided and introduced the lecturer.

In seeking to penetrate the causes of the mysteries that surround not only mankind but all life, both in the present and the past, said Mr. Roosevelt, we see strange analogies in the phenomena of life and death, of birth growth and change, between those physical groups of animal life which we designate as species, forms, races and the highly complex and composite entities which rise before our minds when we speak of nations and civilizations. It is this study, he asserted, that has given science its presentday prominence, and the historian of mankind must work in the scientific spirit and use the treasure-houses of

To illustrate, the lecturer took several instances of the development of new species and the extinction of species in the history of mammalian life, showing that in some cases the causes can be traced with considerable accuracy, and in other cases we cannot so much as hazard a guess as to why a given change occurred.

Analogies In Human History. Continuing, Mr. Roosevelt said in

Now, as to all of these phenomena in the evolution of species, there are, if not homologies, at least certain analogies, in the history of human societies, in the history of the rise to prominence, of the development and change, of the temporary dominance, and death or trans-formation, of the groups of varying kind

As in biology, so in human history, a new form may result from the specialization of a long-existing and hitherto very slowly-changing generalized or non-specialized form; as, for instance, when a barbaric race from a variety of causes suddenly develops a more complex cultivation and civilization. That is what occurred, for instance, in western Europe during the centuries of the Teutonic and later the Scandinavian ethnic overflows from the north. All the modern countries of western Europe are descended from the states created by these northern invaders. When first created they could be called "new" or "young" states in the sense that part or all of the people composing them were descended from races that hitherto had not been civilized at all, and that therefore for the first time entered In the southern part of western Europe the new states thus formed consisted in bulk of the inhabitants already in the land under the Roman empire; and it was here that the new kingdoms first took shape. Through a reflex action their nfluence then extended back into the cold and Germany and Scandinavia witnessed the same civilization as their southern neighbors; though in those communities, unlike the southern communities, there case the new civilized nation which gradumembers of the same race which in the same region had for ages lived the life of a slowly changing barbarism. The same was true of the Slavs and the Slavonized Finns of eastern Europe, when an infil-tration of Scandinavian leaders from the north and infiltration of Byzantine the changes which have gradually, out of the little Slav communities of the forest

and the steppe, formed the mighty Russian "New" and "Young" Nations.

Again, the new form may represent nerely a splitting off from a long-established, highly developed and specialized nation. In this case the nation is usually spoken of as a "young," and is correctly spoken of as a "new," nation; but the term should always be used with a clear described in such case, and what is dea civilized nation just developed fro barbarism. Carthage and Syracuse were new cities compared with Tyre and Cor inth; but the Greek or Phoenician race was in every sense of the word as old in the new city as in the old city. So, nowadays, Victoria or Manitoba is a new community compared with England or Scotland; but the ancestral type of civilization and cul ture is as old in one case as in the other.

I of course do not mean for a moment that great changes are not produced by the mere fact that the old civilized race is suddenly placed in surroundings where has again to go through the work of taming the wilderness, a work finished many centuries before in the original home of the race; I merely mean that the ancestral history is the same in each case. We can rightly use the phrase "a new people" in speaking of Canadians or Australians, Americans or Afrikanders. But we use it in an entirely different sense from that in which we use it when speaking of such communities as those founded by the northmen and their descendants during that period of astonishing growth which saw the descendants of the Norse sea-thieves conquer and transform Normandy, Sicily, and the British islands; we use it in an entirely different sense from that in which we use it when speaking of the new states that grew up around Warsaw, Kief, Novgorod, and Moscow, as the wild savages of the steppes and the marshy forests struggled haltingly and stumblingly upward to become builders of cities and to form stable governments. The kingdoms of Charlemagne and Alfred were "new, compared with the empire on the Bosphorus; they were also in every way dif-ferent; their lines of ancestral descent had nothing in common with those of the polyglot realm which paid tribute to the Caesars of Byzantium; their social prob-lems and aftertime history were totally different. This is not true of those "new" nations which spring direct from old nations. Brazil, the Argentine, the United States, are all "new" nations, compared with the nations of Europe; but with whatever changes in detail, their civilization is nevertheless of the general Euro-

Oxford, England.-Before an audi- | pean type, as shown in Portugal, Spain, and England. The differences between these "new" American and these "old" European nations are not as great as those which separate the "new" nations one from another and the "old" nations one from another. There are in each case very real differences between the new and and for evil; but in each case there is the same ancestral history to reckon with, the same type of civilization, with its at-tendant benefits and shortcomings; and, after the pioneer stages are passed, the problems to be solved, in spite of superficial differences, are in their essence the same; they are those that confront all civilized peoples, not those that confront peoples struggling from barbarism into

> So, when we speak of the "death" of a tribe, a nation or a civilization, the term ay be used for either one or two totally different processes; the analogy with what occurs in biological history being complete. Certain tribes of savages, the l'asmanians, for instance, and various little clans of American Indians, have within the last century or two completely died out; all of the individuals have perished, eaving no descendants, and the blood has isappeared. Certain other tribes of Indians have as tribes disappeared or are now disappearing; but their blood remains, being absorbed into the veins of roduced by these white intruders; so that in reality they are merely being kind. different from what they were.

A like wide diversity in fact may be covered in the statement that a civilization has "died out."

Phenomena That Puzzle.

In dealing, not with groups of human out with highly complex, highly special-zed, civilized, or semi-civilized societies, here is need of great caution in drawing levelopment of the animal world. Yet w some of the phenomena in the owth and disappearance of these complex, artificial groups of human beings resemble what has happened in myriads of instances in the history of life on this

dizens are knit by a bond of speech and culture much more than by a bond of growth, and again of sudden or lingering readily enough; in other cases we cannot as yet even guess what the proper answer should be. If in any such case the centrifugal forces overcome the centripetal, the nation will of course fly to secome a dominant force is patent to every one. The minute that the spirit every one. The minute that the spirit which finds its healthy development in local self-government, and in the antidote to the dangers of an extreme centralizaon, develops into mere particularism, into inability to combine effectively for opeless to expect great results. Poland hemisphere are the standard examples of would have ranked with them, and its derision, if the forces of union had not growth of soft luxury after it has reached patent to all. Again, it needs but little of happen in any community if the average family of healthy children, if the average up to old age and to fight whenever the eed arises. If the homely, commonplace virtues die out, if strength of character vanishes in graceful self-indulgence, if the virile qualities atrophy, then the nation has lost what no material prosperity can

But there are plenty of other phenom ena wholly or partially inexplicable. It is easy to see why Rome trended downward when great slave-tilled farms spread over what had once been a countryside of peasant proprietors, when greed and luxry and sensuality ate like acids into the fiber of the upper classes, while the mass of the citizens grew to depend, not upon their own exertions, but upon the state. for their pleasures and their very livelihood. But this does not explain why the forward movement stopped at different times, so far as different matters were concerned; at one time as regards literature, at another time as regards architec ture, at another time as regards city uilding. We cannot even guess why the springs of one kind of energy dried up while there was yet no cessation of an-

Holland as an Example.

Take another and smaller instance, that of Holland. For a period covering a little more than the seventeenth century, Holland, like some of the Italian city states at an earlier period, stood on the dangerous heights of greatness beside na tions so vastly her superior in territory and population as to make it inevitable glorious and perilous eminence to which she had been raised by her own indomita-ble soul. Her fall came; it could not have been indefinitely postponed; but it came far quicker than it needed to come because of shortcomings on her part to which both Great Britain and the United States would be wise to pay heed. Her government was singularly ineffective, the decentralization being such as often to permit the separatist, the particularist. spirit of the provinces to rob the central authority of all efficiency. This was bad But the fatal weakness was that so common in rich, peace-loving societies, where men hate to think of war as possible, and try to justify their own reluctance to face it either by high-sounding moral platitudes or else by a philosophy of short-sighted materialism. The Dutch were very wealthy. They grew to be-lieve that they could hire others to do their fighting for them on land; and on where they did their own fighting. and fought very well, they refused in time of peace to make ready fleets so efficient as either to insure the Dutch against the peace being broken or else to give them the victory when war To be opulent and unarmed is to secure ease in the present at the almost It is therefore easy to see why Holland ost when she did her position among the powers; but it is far more difficult to explain why at the same time there should have come at least a partial loss of posi-tion in the world of art and letters. Some spark of divine fire burned itself out in the national soul. As the line of great sea, came to an end, so the line of the great Dutch painters ended. The loss of pre-eminence in the schools followed the

loss of pre-eminence in camp and in In the little republic of Holland, as in the great empire of Rome, it was not death which came, but transformation. Both Holland and Italy teach us that races that fall may rise again.

Danger of Race Suicide. There are questions which we of the great civilized nations are ever tempted to ask of the future. Is our time of growth drawing to an end? Are we as nations soon to come under the rule of that great law of death, which is itself but part of the great law of life? None can tell. Forces that we can see and other forces that are hidden or that can but dimly be apprehended are at work all around us, both for good and for evil. The growth in luxury, in love of ease, in taste for vapid and frivolous excitement, is both evident and unhealthy. The most ominous sign is the diminution in the birth-rate, in the rate of natural increase, now to a larger or lesser degree shared by most of the civilized nations of central and western Europe, of America and Australia; a diminution so great that if it continues for the next century at the rate which has obtained for the last 25 years, all the more highly civilized people will be stationary or else have begun to go backward in population, while many of them will have already gone very far backward. There is much that should give us con

cern for the future. But there is much also which should give us hope. No man is more apt to be mistaken than the prophet of evil. I believe with all my heart that a great future remains for us; but whether it does or does not, our duty is not altered. However the battle may go, the soldier worthy of the name will with utmost vigor do his alloted task, and bear himself as valiantly in defeat as in victory. Come what will, we belong to peoples who have not yielded to the craven fear of being great. In the ages that have gone by, the great nations, the nations that have expanded and that have played a mighty part in the world, have in the end grown old and weakened and vanished; but so have the nations whose only thought was to avoid all danger, all effort, who would risk nothing, and who therefore gained nothing. In the end the same fate may overwhelm all alike; but the memory of the one type perishes with ne white intruders, or of the black men | it while the other leaves its mark deep on the history of all the future of man-

A nation that seemingly dies may be physical sense it die utterly, it may yet hand down a history of heroic achievement, and for all time to come may profoundly influence the nations that arise in its place by the impress of what it has done. Best of all is it to do our part well, and at the same time to see our blood live young and vital in men and women fit to take up the task as we lay it down; for shall our seed inherit the earth. But if this, which is best, is denied us, then at least it is ours to remember that if we choose we can be torch-bearers, as our athers were before us. The torch has been handed on from nation to nation from civilization to civilization throughut all recorded time, from the dim years history dawned, down to the blazing splendor of this teeming century of ours. It is dropped from the hand of the coward and the sluggard, of the man wrapped in luxury or love of ease, the indulgence; it has been kept alight only by those who were mighty of heart and cunning of hand. What they worked at, of no less matter than how they worked, whether in the realm of the mind or the realm of the body. If their work was good, if what they achieved was of substance, then high success was really In the first part of this lecture I drew

certain analogies between what had oc-curred to forms of animal life through the procession of the ages on this planet, surface during the thousands of years that have elapsed since cities of temples and palaces first rose beside the Nile and Minoan Crete bristled with the masts of the Aegean craft. But of course the parallel is true only in the roughest and most general way. Moreover, even between the civilizations of today and he civilizations of ancient times there are differences so profound that we must be cautious in drawing any conclusions for the present based on what has hap-pened in the past. While freely admitting all of our follies and weaknesses of today, it is yet mere perversity to refuse to realize the incredible advance has been made in ethical standards. I do not believe that there is the slightest nec essary connection between any weakening of virile force and this advance in the moral standard, this growth of the sense of obligation to one's neighbor and of reluctance to do that neighbor wrong. We need have scant patience with that silly cynicism which insists that kindliness of character only accompanies weakness of character. On the contrary, just as in private life many of the men of strongest character are the very men of loftiest and most exalted morality, so I believe that in national life as the ages go by we shall find that the permanent national types will more and more tend towards those in which, while the intellect stands high, character stands higher in which rugged strength and courage rugged capacity to resist wrongful agwith a lofty scorn of doing wrong to others. This is the type of Timoleon, of Hampden, of Washington and Lincoln. These were as good men, as disinterested and unselfish men, as ever served a as ever founded or saved a state. Surely such examples prove that there is nothing Utopian in our effort to combine The really high civilizations must them selves supply the antidote to the self-in dulgence and love of ease which they

tend to produce. Problems of Modern Nations. Every modern civilized nation has many and terrible problems to solve within its own borders, problems that arise not merely from juxtaposition of poverty and riches, but especially from the self-consciousness of both poverty and riches. Each nation must deal with these matters in its own fashion, and yet the spiri in which the problem is approached must ever be fundamentally the same. It must be a spirit of broad humanity; of brotherly kindness; of acceptance of all; and at the same time a spirit as re-mote as the poles from every form of weakness and sentimentality. As in wa to pardon the coward is to do crue wrong to the brave man whose life his cowardice jeopardizes, so in civil affairs, it is revolting to every principle of justice to give to the lazy, the vicious, or even the feeble and dull-witted, a reward which is really the robbery of what braver, wiser, abler men have earned. The only effective way to help any man is to help him to help himself; and the worst lesson to teach him is that he can worst lesson to teach him is that he can be permanently helped at the expense of some one else. True liberty shows itself to best advantage in protecting the rights of others, and especially of minorities Privilege should not be tolerated because it is to the advantage of a minority, no yet because it is to the advantage of a majority. No doctrinaire theories of vested rights or freedom of contract can stand in the way of our cutting out abuses from the body politic. Just a lit-tle can we afford to follow the doctrinaires of an impossible—and incidentally of a highly undesirable—social revolution which, in destroying individual rights which, in destroying individual rights (including property rights) and the fam-ily, would destroy the two chief agents is

chief reasons why either the advance o the preservation of mankind is worth while. It is an evil and a dreadful thing to be callous to sorrow and suffering, and blind to our duty to do all things possible for the betterment of social conditions. But it is an unspeakably foolish thing to strive for this betterment by means so destructive that they would leave no social conditions to better. In dealing with all these social problems, with the intimate relations of the family, with wealth in private use and business use, with labor, with poverty, the one prime neces-sity is to remember that, though hardness of heart is a great evil, it is ne greater an evil than softness of head. But in addition to these problems the most intimate and important of all which to a larger or less degree affect all the modern nations somewhat alike, we of the great nations that have expanded, that are now in complicated relations with one another and with alien races, have special problems and special duties of our own. You belong to a nation which pos-sesses the greatest empire upon which the sun has ever shone. I belong to a nation which is trying, on a scale hitherto unexampled, to work out the problems of gov-ernment for, of, and by the people, while at the same time doing the international duty of a great power. But there are certain problems which both of us have to solve, and as to which our standards should be the same. The Englishman, the man of the British isles, in his various homes across the seas, and the American, both at home and abroad. brought into contact with utterly alien peoples, some with a civilization more andent than our own, others still in, or having but recently arisen from, the barbarism which our people left behind ages ago. The problems that arise are of well-nigh inconceivable difficulty. They cannot be solved by the foolish sentimentality of stay-at-home people, with little patent recipes, and those cut-and-dried theories of the political nursery which have such limited applicability amid the crash of elemental forces. Neither can they be solved by the raw brutality of the men who, whether at home or on the rough frontier of civilization, adopt might as the only standard of right in dealing with other men, and treat alien races only as

subjects for exploitation. No hard and fast rule can be drawn as applying to all alien races, because they differ from one another far more wide-ly than some of them differ from us. But there are one or two rules which must not be forgotten. In the long run, there can be no justification for one race managing or controlling another unless the management and control are exercised in the interest and for the benefit of that other race. This is what our peoples have in the main done, and must continue in the future in even greater degree to do, in India, Egypt, and the Philippines alike. In the next place, as regards every race, everywhere, at home or abroad, we cannot afford to deviate from the great rule of righteousness which bids us treat each man on his worth as a man. He must not be senti-mentally favored because he belongs to a given race; he must not be given im-munity in wrong-doing, or permitted to cumber the ground, or given other privi-leges which would be denied to the vicious and unfit among themselves. On the other hand, where he acts in a way which would entitle him to respect and reward if he were of our own stock, he is just as much entitled to that respect and reward if he comes of another stock, even though that other stock pro-duces a much smaller proportion of men of his type than does our own. This has nothing to do with social intermingling. with what is called social equality. has to do merely with the question of doing to each man and each woman that elementary justice which will permit him or her to gain from life the reward which should always accompany thrift, sobriety, self-control, respect for the rights of others, and hard and intelliwork to a given end. To more than just treatment no man is entitled. and less than such just treatment no man

should receive. Duty of Nation to Nation.

The other type of duty is the interna-tional duty, the duty owed by one na-tion to another. I hold that the laws of morality which should govern individuals in their dealings one with the other are just as binding concerning nations in their dealings one with the other. The application of the moral law must be different in the two cases, because in one case it has, and in the other it has not, the sanction of a civil law with force behind it. The individual can depend for his rights upon the courts, which them-selves derive their force from the police power of the state. The nation can de-pend upon nothing of the kind; and therefore, as things are now, it is the highest duty of the most advanced and freest peoples to keep themselves in such a state of readiness as to forbid to any barbarism or despotism the hope of arresting the progress of the world by striking down the nations that lead in that progress. It would be foolish indeed to pay heed to the unwise persons who desire disarmament to be begun by the very peoples who, of all others, should not be left helpless before any possible foe. But we must reprohate foe. But we must reprobate quite as strongly both the leaders and the peoples. who practise, or encourage or condone, aggression and iniquity by the strong at the expense of the weak. We should tolerate lawlessness and wickedness neither by the weak nor by the strong; and both weak and strong we should in return treat with scrupulous fairness. The foreign policy of a great and self-respecting country should be conducted on exactly the same plane of honor, of insistence upon one's own rights and of respect for the rights of others, as when a brave and honorable man is dealing with his fellows. Permit me to support this statement out of my own experience. For nearly eight years I was the head of a great nation and charged especially with the conduct of its foreign policy; and during those years I took no action with reference to any other people on the face of the earth that I would not have felt justified in taking as an individual in dealing with other individuals. I believe that we of the great civilized nations of today have a right to feel that

long careers of achievement lie before our several countries. To each of us is ing his part, however small, in that work. Let us strive hardly for success, even if by so doing we risk failure, spurning know neither failure nor success. Let us hope that our own blood shall continue in the land, that our children and chil-dren's children to endless generations shall arise to take our places and play a mighty and dominant part in the world. But whether this be denied or granted by the years we shall not see, let at least the satisfaction be ours that we have carried onward the lighted torch in our own day and generation. If we do this, then, as our eyes close, and we go out into the darkness, and other hands grasp the torch, at least we can say that our part has been borne well and valiantly.

Charity and Prudence. The contradictions of life are many. An observant man remarked recently that he was prowling about a certain city square, when he came upon a drinking fountain which bore two conflicting inscriptions.

One, the original inscription on the fountain, was from the Bible: "And whosoever will, let him take the wa-

ter of life freely,"
Above this hung a placard: "Please do not waste the water."-Youth's Companion.

TO CLEAN WITH GASOLINE

Delicate Fabrics May Be Easily Rejuvenated In Very Simple Method.

Chiffon ruchings, which are soiled but not crushed, can be rejuvenated by shaking them in clear gasoline and then drying them in the sunshine and air. Small articles, such as fancy neckwear in general, which must be treated gently, can be put into a fruit jar nearly filled with gasoline. Using a rubber ring, screw the top on tightly. Let the articles soak for some time, and then shake them vigorously. Rinse in the same manner in clear gasoline. Dry in the sunshine and air.

Coat collars can often be cleaned by wetting a cloth in gasoline and then rubbing the soiled part. Occasionally, if the fabric will warrant it, and is very much soiled. I have used an old toothbrush for this purpose, instead of the cloth. Neckties cannot always be cleaned by the simple rubbing process. If that is so, try using a brush dipped in gasoline, to scrub the very soiled parts. Satin, of course, does not permit of this treatment. Grease spots can be removed by rubbing the spot with a good white soap, after the article has been soaked in gasoline. Rub hard and rinse thoroughly. Gasoline in which soap has been used cannot be used a second time. White kid gloves, as everyone knows, can be successfully cleaned in gasoline, and almost everyone has her own special method. Colored gloves do not clean well as a rule. It is best not to try them .-Woman's Home Companion.

TO SAVE THE TEA TOWELS

When Not Used as Lifters They Will Last Three Times as

Tea towels would last three times as long and look much whiter and neater during their lifetime if they were not used as lifters.

"Pernicious, slovenly habit!" says the neat housekeeper. Perhaps, but one that is common practise while utensils are hot and fingers sensitive. One housekeeper has broken her maids of this habit by providing them with a lifter that is always in evi-

dence when it is needed.

She makes an eight-inch square of several thicknesses of old tea toweling, in which she slips a layer of asbestos paper or a thickness of canvas. The edges are turned in, stitched, and to one corner is fastened a long tape with buttonhole at other end.

By means of buttonhole, the holder can be fastened to button of apron band and the lifter kept in apron pocket until needed.

Candied Pineapple Strips. "Candied pineapple strips are dell

cious and are easily prepared," says Sally Sanders in Woman's Home Companion. "The fruit is first peeled. then cut in strips two inches long. half an inch wide and about a quarter of an inch thick. Measure the fruit and add half the quantity of granulated sugar, and let it stand until the sugar is dissolved, which may be nearly twenty-four hours. Drain off the juice and boil it five minutes, then add the fruit and cook for three or four minutes; drain the pineapple and spread on a platter to dry. The process may be hastened by putting the platter in the sun, the warming-closet, or even on the top of a radiator. The fruit should be turned once and then rolled in fine granulated sugar. The process is a much more lengthy one than that required for the fruit peel, but a few pieces put in each box makes a delicious addition."

Featherlight Waffles. The following recipe cannot be sur passed either for excellence or economy. The quantity of cornmeal used is so small that it does not give the taste of cornmeal but imparts a delicate, nutty flavor which is lacking where it is not used: Break two eggs in a round bottom bowl and beat well. Pour over them two cups of sour milk (or buttermilk), add one-fourth cup cornmeal, two cups flour, one teaspoon sugar, one teaspoon salt, one full tablespoonful butter, one level tablespoonful lard (lard and butter should be melted), and one scant teaspoon of soda dissolved in a tablespoonful of warm water. Stir the mixture well.

Yorkshire Pudding. A good Yorkshire pudding will need two eggs, two cupfuls of milk, six tablespoonfuls of flour, one saltspoonful of salt and half a teaspoonful of baking powder. Sift the flour into a basin with the salt, stir in the milk gradually, beat up the eggs and add them to the batter when quite smooth. Allow this to stand for two hours; add the baking powder and pour into a baking dish with some melted drippings; bake half an hour. Baste frequently with some of the meat fat. When ready cut the pudding in squares and serve it around the roast.

Vinegar Sauce. One and one-half cups sugar, one and one-half tablespoonfuls of flour in a little water, two tablespoonfuls vinegar, a little grated nutmeg and a pinch of salt. Pour over this mixture one and one-half pints boiling water and boil ten minutes; just before taking from the stove add a dessertspoonful of butter.

To Boll Eggs.

Most persons prefer their eggs
boiled medium. That is, boiled for three minutes. It you prefer them very soft, for two or 21/2 minutes. If hard, boil for four minutes or more, Water should be at the boiling point.

Libby's Cooked Corned Beef

There's a marked distinction between Libby's Cooked Corned Beef and even the best that's sold in bulk.

Evenly and mildly cured and scientifically cooked in Libby's Great White Kitchen, all the natural flavor of the fresh, prime beef is retained. It is pure, wholesome, delicious, and it is ready to serve at meal time. Saves work and worry in

Other Libby "Healthful" Meal-Time-Hints, all ready to serve, are:

> Peerless Dried Beef Vienna Sausage, Veal Loaf **Evaporated Milk** Baked Beans, Chow Chow Mixed Pickles

"Purity goes hand in hand with the Libby Brand."

Insist on Libby's at your



Libby, McNeill & Libby Chicago



Waffileted with Thompson's Eye Water

Harvard College.

This celebrated instituotion is pleas antly situated in the barroom of Par ker's, in School street, and has poopils from all over the country. I had a let ter yes'd'y, by the way, from our mootual son, Artemus, Jr., who is at Bowdoin college, in Maine. He writes me that he is a Bowdoin Arab. & is it cum to this? Is this boy as I nurtured with a parent's care into his childhood's hour-is he goin' to be a grate American humorist? Alars, I fear it is too troo. Why didn't I bind him out to the Patent Travelin Vegetable Pil Man, as was struck with his appearance at our last county fair, & wanted him to go with him and be a Pillist? Ar, these boys-they little know how the old folks worrit about 'em-From Life's Reprint From ArtemusWard.

His Excellence.

"I tell you," said one man to another as they emerged from the dimly lighted corridor of a concert hall, "I envy that fellow who was singing."

"Envy him!" echoed the other. "Well, if I were going to envy a singer I'd select somebody with a better voice. His was about the poorest I ever heard."

"It's not his voice I envy, man," was the reply. "It's his tremendous courage."-Ladies' Home Journal.

The Bald-Headed Man. "The wife's clothes must match the

husband's hair this year." "That's all right; my wife's dresses are always decollette."

A Taste

A Smile

And satisfaction to the last

Post **Toasties**

There's pleasure in every package. A trial will show the fascinating flavour.

Served right from the package with cream or milk and sometimes fruit - fresh or

"The Memory Lingers" Pkgs. 10c and 15c.

> Postum Cereal Co., Ltd. Battle Creek, Mich.

Sold by Grocers.

HE STERLING CITY News-RECORD.

Advertising rates:-Locals, oc per line for first issue and per line for each subsequent issue. ngie column, 50c per inch per month. ouble column, \$1. per inch per month. pecial rates to those wishing large

Fine job printing a specialty.

General Directory.

Distalet Officare.

Judge-J. W. Timmins. Attorney-1. H, Brightman Clerk-I. B Cole, Court meets 4th Monday after first onday in February and September.

County Officere. Judge-A. V. Patterson. Attorney-Clerk-I.. B. Cole Sheriff-Jno. B. Ayres. Treasurre-E. I. Gilmere Assessor-D C. Durham Inspector-W. T. Conger, Buveror-W F KELLIS Coart meets tiret Monday in Febru ry. May, August and November.

CHURCHES.

M. E. Church-Preaching every secand and fourth Sanday at 11 a. m. and 30 p. m., and fourth Sunday at 7:30 p. Sunday School at 9:80 a. m. every

Rev. W .A. Dunn Pastor. R. W. Foster. S. S Sapt.

Baptist-Preaching every lat and 3rd Banday in each month at 11 o'clock a.m. & 7:30 p.m. Conferance Saturday night before the 4th Sunday. Sunday school rery Sunday at 8 o'clock p.m.

Rev W. E. Dawa Pastor. Prof. L. C. Durham, Supt.

Preshyterian-Preaching every 3s Sunday on e.wh mouth at 11 o'clock a.m. Rev. Black, Pastor.

SACIETIES.

Masonic .- Sterling todge No. 728, A before the full moon in each month.

N. I. Douglass Secretary W. L. Foster W. M.

Bastern Star-Meets Saturday 1'. M 3 o'clock on or before the full moon in each mouth.

Mrs. Nannle B. Kellis W. M. Mrs. N. L. Douglass Sceretary.

County Commissioners.

- Com'r. Pre. No. 1-4. Black, " 2-E. F. Atkinson
 - " 3-D. D. Davis " 4-J.8 Johnston

Justice Court. Court, Precinct No. 1, meets 3rd Satarday in each month. Malcom Black J. P

LOCAL

Meals 35c at Central Hotel. Fresh bread at the restaurant.

For city lots in the Phillips Addition see Cummins & Dunn.

Ride in Savell's cars. Good service, polite employes and fast time.

ICE! I will open my ice house to supply the trade early each morning only. Be on hand J. O. WEST

liunters: - All persons are forbidden to hunt on any lands owned or controled by me.-W. L. Foster

I am now open and ready to serve you in the Jewelers Repair work. You will find me at Rob-

erts, store.-H. O. Pope Found: -- Baby's ring. Owner to show this. can have same by calling on B.

paying 25c for this notice. Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Cooper of hundreds of people work. Colorado are here fishing and

Deceased was once a citizen of package crates ready to ship to ware- has no right to her property after Sterling and there are many old houses from which our grocer gets | marriage and no control of her dowtimers who will regret to learn his supply. of his death.

summer outing.

The Baptist meeting at this place closed Wednesbay night. Three pew converts were added to the church, and several were ucts, maybe the conditions in some Queen Margherita is mid to be in united by letter. There are sev bake shops could be improved sympathy with the movement to ob- polite attention. Your patronerul converts who will likely join through public sentiment."-Mil- tain it, and have better laws made age will be appreciated. other churches.

E. E. Garnett, of Brownwood,

J T. Davis returned from Waco

Prof. Ussery is here instruct. ing a class in vocal music.

O H. Graham made a business trip to Witchita Falls this week .

Mrs. Mary Sullivan is visiting Lockney.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Cushing. of Konohassett. were shopping in our town Monday.

Miss Lilly Cobb came in from Brownwood today to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B S. Cobb.

Engineer Martin who has charge line of the Santa Fe was here passing on any lands owned or yesterday.

The contract for carrying the cated. mail between Sterling and Sau Angelo was awarded to Savell Bros. last week.

J. H. C. Pope finished chearing sheep this week. Mr. Pope employed white labor on this job which he says proved quite satisfactory.

ery for the new bank was pur- law. chased this week. The promoters hope to be ready for business by July 10th.

R. B. Cummine was recently awarded patentfor a windoull forbid, and will not allow any

The device will prove of much interest to windmill men

A. C. Pearson who went to Ft Worth last week with a consignment of muttons returned bome Wednesday. On account of a

Irving Cole who went to Morgan mineral well at Christoval cuted. last week in hopes of being releive ed of the pange of rheumatism by the use of the water, is reported to be greatly improved.

The Methodist protracted meet ing begins tonight. Rev. Biggs, of Baltinger, will assist Reverend

Later: We learn that Rev. Biggs has wired that he cannot

W.L. Emery who'has been suffering from an attack of appendicitis was operated Wednesday evening by Drs. Cerver and Odom of Sterling and Dr. Hickson of San Anglo. Whilet the patient was in a pecarious condition; yet the operation was in every way a successful one and when last heard from' Mr. Emery was doing as well could be expected under the cicumstances

TAKING THOUGHT FOR OTHERS

Consideration That Might Do Much Toward Lessening Friction of Workaday World.

"How interesting life would be if we could appreciate more sympathetically the work others do for us in the making and marketing of the articles of common use," said A. I. Flanders in the Republican house.

"It appears to me that the general public is not sympathetic enough in regard to the work that others do for us in an indirect way. There are many illustrations that can be used .

"Take sugar, for instance. When F. Roberts, identifying ring and we stir the sugar in our coffee it might be pleasant occasionally to reflect that this is the end for which

otherwise enjoying their annual might see them cutting the cane, over 45,000 were women, while out hauling it away on sledges, filling of a total of 35,629 employers 1,182 otherwise; trespass upon any inclosed G.R. Everett of Garden City great cars with it, putting it through were women. There are more womdiedyesterday of blood poisoning piling up in bags and barrels and other district. The Italian woman

would do much to lessen the friction is not accepted in a law court against feed, water, shelter and care for of the workaday world. If we her husband. Italian women are thought of the baker who makes it hoping to change all this and get possible for us to get bakery prod- the right of franchise besides, and waukee Sentinel.

bargain. Apply at this office.

as the ordinary railroad train. prosecuted. 4.2-9 W. J. MANN Their arrivals and departures can always be depended upon. Mrs. P. D. Coulson, Jr., at they make the trip to San Angelo in from two to three hours.2

> LET K. L. COPELAND Do your Blacksmithing and

Horse Shoeing TRESPASS NOTICE

Any person bushing wood, fish of laying heavy steel on the main ing, bunting, or in any wer tress controlled by us, will be Prose-

W. R. MCENTIES & SON

NOTICE-KEEP OUT.

Notice is hereby given that any person who shall bunt, fish, cut or haul wood or otherwise trespases on any of the lands owner or controlled by me will be pros Furniture, fixtures and station- ecuted by the full extent of the

G. W. Allard

NOTICE TO SHEEPMEN

Notice is hereby given that I full extent of the law, abeep berded on or driven across any lands owned or controolled by me, ander pain of prosecution Take notice and keep out. 4mpd

TRESSPASS NOTICE.

Any person hauling wood, fish F & A, M. meets Saturday nights on or bad market Mr. Pearson did not ag, hunting or in any way tresscontrolled by me, will be prose- creek. R. W. Foster

FOR SALE OR TRADE: - A used A'l persons are hereby notified 20 horsepower, 2-cylinder tour- that my pasture is posted accord ing car; thoroughly over hauled ing to law. Any person or per and fine running shape. It's a sons who shal hunt, fish, cut o haul wood or otherwise tre-pa-Savell's automobile passenger on lands owned or controled by service is as prompt and reliable me, without my consent, will be

TLESSPASS NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that an person who hall hunt, fish, euor haul wood, or otherwise trespass on any of the lands owner or controled by me will be proesuted by the full extent of the 4 5.0% A. F. JONE.

Notice to Hunters .- Posted My pasture is posted accor ng to the law made and provide in such cases and all persons at bereby warned and ferbidden to hunt, 6-h, or otherwise treaspass upon any of the enclosed lands owned or controled by me, under pain of prosecution to the fulextent of the law. J. T. Davi-5-6 '02

POSTED.

Our pasture is posted and al persons are hereby put upor legal notice that any one who shall hunt, cut or haul wood or o'herwise trespass upon any of the lands owned or controled by us will be prosecuted to the

10 -26-'01 Fisher Bros

Notice to Trespassers

Notice is hereby given, that any perso. or persons whe shall bunt, fish, cut F. M. Askey or haul Wood, work or drive stock, or otherwise trespass upon any land owned or controled by us, or either of u without our permission, will be pross cuted to the full extent of the law,

Those driving stock down lane passing on any lauds owned or must keep in the lane until across Beal's

W.R. Felke By J. D. Lane, mgr.

GO TO E. M. STAGGS **"你就是我们的**

For all kinds of Blacksmithing, Wood Work and Auto Repairing CASOLENE AND OILS

I have plenty of room and tools to do most any kind of work, and you will be

treated nicely

Shop Phone No. 87

Residence Phone No. 44

LYLES BROS.

HAME

Bed Steads Mattresses Chiffoniers Feather Pillows Divans Dressers

Folding Beds Carpets, Rugs Dining Tables Mattings Side Boards Shades

Stoves

Linoleum

and anything else you need in this line at

RIGHT PRICES

WOMEN WORKERS IN ITALY.

"With a proper imagination, we out of 224,717 registered laborers,

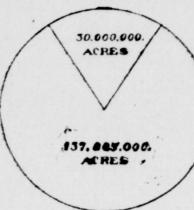
I have posted my pasture ac cording A recent inquiry in Italy in re- to the laws made and provided in such gard to women workers shows that cases, and all persons are hereby warned and put upon notice that any person who, shall bunt, ent and hant wood or land owned or controled by me, will b prosecuted to the full extent of the law J. S. Johnson.

I have leased the Tweedle wag ry. She cannot sign or draw a check on yard and will operate it in "Such thoughts now and then on her own money, and her evidence the future. I am prepared to your teams in the best manner. Good camp house, abundance of water and shelter. Prompt and

Idle Lands.

The prosperity of a community depends upon the activity of its property and the people. Improved public hraways afford facilities for marketing production, stimulate commercial activity and otherwise encourages agricultural development. To increase agricultural production we must bring under cultivation idle land and in

crease the yield per acre. We have in Texas 167,865,000 acres of land. Of this area there are 2.118,000 acres of water surface. All our land is susceptible to a high degree of cultivation except the city area and a small portion of our land which is mountainous. We now have less than 30,000,000 acres of land under cultivation, leaving 137,000,000 acres of land that has never been plowed Idle land is of course no value to a community, and to increase our prosperity we must put activit; into our vacant lands. The following cut illustrates the relative proportions of our cultivated and uncultivated areas:



Texas Land Comparison.

There are 109 counties that have less than 10 per cent of their land under cultivation. There are 43 counties that have a larger uncultivated area than the total area of the State of Rhode Island. The uncultivated area of Texas, says the Commercial Secretaries' Association, exceeds the total area of the thirteen original olonies, excepting Georgia and North Carolina. We need 3,000,000 farmers to develop our agricultural resources, and no country on the globe affords the opportunities to the homeseeker that Texas now offers. The land agent is an important factor in the development of agriculture There are 190 people moving to Texas daily, and remain here permanently and of this number probably half of



At the present rate of agricultural immigration it will take 400 years to secure a sufficient number of farmers to bring under cultivation our idle lands. We must get farmers from other States and countries more rap idly, and the improvement of our pub lic highways will influence the home seeker by making farm life attractive.

best "eatin" the market af- cuted.

General Practitioner with Surger. and Chronic diseases a specialty Calls promptly answered day or night. Office first door north of h Fisher Bros.' Drugstore. 'Phone 482

STERLING CITY, TEXAS CLEANING 4--> 4--> DEDIEDING

JAMES A. ODOM, M. D. ·{++}·

GERY A SPECIALTY. 4++3-Office at Coulson & Westbrook's. inventeranteranteranterantera

DISEASES OF THE EAR, EYE.

NOSE AND THROAT, AND SUR

JEFF. D. AYRES.

LAWYER AND

NOTARY PUBLIC.

STERLING CITY, TEXAS.

G25252525252525252525 Lyles Brothers Healers in Furniture, Undertakers Goods, Farm Implements % 252525252525252525252525

> LOWE & DURHAM Dealers in



Coffins and Caskets Carry in stock fine, complete line of Undertaker's Goods.

The Tonsorial Parlor 9. N. allard, Prop. HAIR CUTTING AND SHAVING IN MOST APPROVED SYLE

Doran Hotel

Comfortable Rooms and Clean Beds. Table supplied with the best on the market

K. L. Copeland, Proprietor

NOTICE

Any person hauling wood, fishing, hunting, or in any way trespassing on any lands owned or Go to the restnurant for the controled by me, will be prose-

W. L. Foster.

A GUARANTY FUND BANK

The First State Bank of Sterling City organized under the Banking Laws of Texas, is now operating as a

"GUARANTY FUND BANK"

Depositors in a Texas State Bank have never suffered loss

The Depositors of this bank have the following security for their deposits, viz .:

Capital paid in Liability of Shareholders!

Depositors Cuaranty Fund

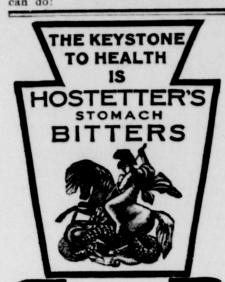
25,000.00 25,000.00

Amilable of the State Texas 1,175,000.00 Making a total security

\$1,225,000.00

We solicit your careful consideration and kindly ask for your patronage, with the assurance that every courtesy and accommodation consistent with sound banking will be accorded you.

W. H. Eddleman, Pres. Emette Westbrook, Cashier 4. V. Patterson, Vice-Pres. R. B. Patterson, Asst. Casheir



The fact that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has helped thousands of sickly people back to health during the past 56 years should convince you that it is the medicine you need for Indidestion & Stomach Ills.

The Drink of Quality



The Texatone Boy AT FOUNTAINS AND IN BOTTLES. CEXATONE COMPANY

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$5, \$4, \$3.50, \$3, \$2.50 & \$2

THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS. Millions of men wear w. L. Douglas shoes be-cause they are the low-est prices, quality con-sidered, in the world. Made upon honor, of the best leathers, by the most skilled workmen, in all the latest fashions.

W. L. Douglas \$5.00 and \$4.00 shoes equal Custom Bench Work costing \$6.00 to \$8.00.

Boys' Shoes, \$3,\$2.50 & \$2 . L. Douglas gnarantees th

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Purely vegetable -act surely and iver. Cure

ness, and Indigestion. They do their duty. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.



Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine. Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics FOR ALL TOILET USES.

TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth-antiseptically clean outh and throat-purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.



lution, possessing extraordinar cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harm-Try a Sample. 50c. large box at druggists or by mail.

PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth. 64-page Book Free. Est. 1890. Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys... Box K. Washington, D.C. W. N. U., DALLAS, NO. 24-1910.

FOR THE LAUNDRY

SUGGESTIONS THAT ARE WEL-COMED BY HOUSEKEEPER.

How to Wash an All-Wool Skirt Successfully-Soap Powders Will Fade Colored Materials-To Launder Pongee Waist.

Soap powders of any sort will fade the best of colored materials. They should be washed in a suds made of white soap jelly and dried quickly in the shade. Soaking colored garments in a strong brine of salt and water before washing will sometimes set an unstable color. Blue materials that fade much may be brightened with ually and before long I was suffering several deep bluing waters. To from dropsy. My body bloated and brighten up a pink that runs, rinse it my flesh was soft and flabby. I tired in cold water made red with a piece easily and suffered severely from pain of red turkey calico.

Handsome pearl buttons should be removed from a garment before it is bealth." washed. If they have been left on and look dull after the tubbing, wash their little faces with ammonia and water and polish them with a coarse flannel.

In froning a garment with hooks, don't pass the smoother over but around them. Use a doll baby iron for this and for all fine gathering.

A pongee shirtwaist that is trimmed with any other color needs to be quickly washed and wrung as dry as possible, so that the dark part will ot run into the lighter. As pongee cannot be soaked, all bad spots should be soaped with white soap and the garment left rolled up damp for several hours.

An all-wool skirt may be made to look very well if it is washed when soiled in soap bark suds. Get ten cents' worth of the bark at the drug store and steep it to the boiling point in a quart of water. Add two or more quarts of warm water to the sudsthe bark must be strained out-and wash and rinse as usual, never allowing the water to reach the extreme while still damp and on the wrong

Fresh ink spots on house linen may be removed by soaking them in sweet milk, changing the milk as fast as it darkens. If the ink is stubborn rub the stained places with salt and lemon juice and continue washing.

Remove mildew by laying the article on the grass and pouring cold water through the spots. If this process is kept up for several days-assuming the bright sunshine continues -the mildew, unless it has rotted the material, will entirely disappear.

Sheets, bedspreads and table napery will be much improved in point of whiteness if a little kerosene or turpentine is put in the soaking water. About two tablespoonfuls of either is enough for a small tub of linen.

Where there is any infectious sickness in the home, the towels and bedding used should be washed separately from other linen in quite a strong solution of carbolic acid and water.

Lace curtains sometimes respond to a slight stiffening with gum arabic. It should be used lightly, and is a far better stiffener for any muslin, net or lace thing than starch.

Don't attempt to iron any dress or shirtwaist in crinkled crepe, for this is a superfluous task. After the garment has been washed, wring it very dry, pull every part of it in shape with the fingers, and hang it on the line. When you take it in the house

it is ready for wearing. Don't think you can do without a piece of wax for keeping the iron smooth, for this lessens labor by half. Keep the ironing cloth clean if you

would have your shirtwaists immaculate, for every spot on it is transferable. Even the yellow of scorched places will come off as well as dirt. Sweeten dish towels by boiling them with soda, and wash black stockings out quickly with tepid water.

When the summer fly begins to rampage, cover all newly-ironed things with mosquito netting until they can be put away. Flies are fond of starch and will soon destroy the good appearance of the most perfectly laundered

The New Dinner Sets. Sets of china for the guestroom are

seen in many pretty shapes and colorings this year.

One of the prettiest is of French china, showing an attractive design of cornflowers, arranged conventionally.

Color, blue or pink, as preferred. Those sets include a round tray, water pitcher (covered), candlestick, match holder and glass, and are specially designed to meet the needs in

country homes. Another set has the same number of pieces and was of French china, each article edged with a narrow gold banding and finished with gold han-

Folding Ironed Clothes.

In folding clothes for froning each article should always be folded lengthwise and the reason they should be so folded is because the thread that runs in that direction is always strongest. These threads go around the loom, while the woof, which goes to and fro over and under the long threads, is not so strong, so that froning crosswise will not only draw the article out of shape, but will cause it to wear more quickly. This is especially true of table and bed linens.

Corn Bread With Bread Crumbs. One cupful cornmeal, one cupful crumbs, ground fine, one-half cupful of shortening, one-quarter cupful of sugar, one egg, one and one-half teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one-half teaspoonful soda, one cup sweet milk.

AN ACHING BACK

Means Weak Kidneys.

Well kidneys filter the blood of uric acid and other impurities. When the kidneys are sick, waste matter accumulates and backache, headache and

urinary troubles result. To eliminate the aches and pains you must cure the kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys, and cure them permanently. J. N. Markham,

Montesano, Wash., says: "Kidney trouble came on me gradin my back. Doan's Kidney Pills cured

Remember the name-Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

me and I am today in much better



Clergyman-Remember, my friend, 'whom God hath joined together, let no man put asunder. Seeker After Divorce-Er-it was a

justice of the peace.

16 YEARS OF SKIN DISEASE

"For sixteen long years I have been suffering with a bad case of skin disease. While a child there broke out a red sore on the legs just in back of my knees. It waxed from bad to worse, and at last I saw I had a bad skin disease. I tried many widely known doctors in different cities but to no satisfactory result. The plague bothered me more in warm weather than it made it impossible for me to walk, ing room. and I was forced to stay indoors in the ery were by this time spent. Sleepless nights and restless days made life an brain. unbearable burden. At last I was advised to try the Cuticura remedies [Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills] and I did not need more than a trial to convince me that I was on the road of success this time. I bought two sets of the Cuticura Remedies and after these were gone I was a different man entirely. I am now the happiest man that there is at least one A. Hawtof, 11 Nostrand Ave., Brookiyu, N. Y., July 30 and Aug. 8, '09."

His Pull. "Does that 'ere thin, stoop-shouldered dyspeptic-lookin' drummer that you bought so much from today sell any better or cheaper goods than the fat one ye turned down so hard yesterday?" inquired Hi Spry.

"D' know as he does," confessed the Squam Corners merchant, "but his views on the criminal rapacity of the trusts are a whole lot sounder."-

Made His Reputation. Harker-That fellow Bilkins is an

nthusiast, isn't he?

Parker—That's what! You know le likes to speak of himself as a Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, tree.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Q. enthusiast, isn't he? he likes to speak of himself as a

sportsman? Harker-Yes. Parker-Well, the only thing he ever did in that line was to go on a

wild goose chase three years ago. Important to Mothers Examine carefully every bottle of

CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for on to say she had herself been in a infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of Chat H. Flitcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Let us be worthier of our friends, who trust us more than we dare to trust ourselves, and give them a better loyalty.-Kelman.

When our names are blotted out, and our place knows us no more, the energy of each social service will remain.-John Morley.

Bottomless steel tanks are water tight and cannot be injured by the stock. Can be installed easily, quickly and cheaply. Booklet "A" free. Alamo Iron Works, San Antonic, Texas. The best way to lead the weak to

wrongdoing is to make a mockery of the punishment of the strong. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets first put up 49 years

ago. They regulate and invigorate stom and bowels. Sugar-coated tiny granules. Too many sermons deal out sugar when the world needs moral sand.

LOADED TO THE GUARDS.



Jiggs-What makes Boozer have such a vacant look? Jaggs-I guess he's full.

Need of Beds for Consumptives. The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis says that in seven states, Alabama, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oklahoma, Wyoming and Utah, with a combined population of over 5,000,000, not one bed for consumptives has been provided. In nine states and territories, Alaska, Delaware, Florida, Kansas, Mississippi, South Carolina, South Dakota, Vermont and West Virginia, the number of beds for consumptitves in each case is less than fifty, while the combined population of these states is over 7,000,000. On the basis of 400 deaths to a million of population, which is approximately the present rate in the United States, there would be nearly 5,000 deaths annually from tuberculosis in these 14 states, with at least 20,000 cases of this disease all the time, and less than 500 beds to

GNAT CAUSES PELLAGRA.

care for them.

Committee on Disease in Europe Says Corn Is Not to Blame.

London, May 14.-Dr. Sambon, a member of the Field committee which has been investigating the disease pellagra, telegraphs from Rome that the committee has definitely proved that maize or Indian corn is not the cause of pellagra.

The committee finds that the parasitic conveyor of the disease is the "simulium repans," a species of biting

A Child's View.

Scarlet fever was in the house next door and a little girl of eight had listened to the recital of what was happening. A caller came and the child attempted to entertain the stranger in winter and being on my leg joints until her mother came into the draw-

She told about the trouble next warmest weather. My hopes of recov- door, but in the telling "broke in" and "broke out" got tangled in her child-

"Johnny's got scarlet fever, because his face is all red and his chest is

broken in!" she announced. The Business Instinct.

An English farmer, taking his little son with him, was going to the polling station to give his vote. On the way he met a friend on the same errand, and the two entered into contrue care for skin diseases. Leonard versation. After an excited and heated argument about the budget they came to blows. The poor lad was much frightened, and, seeing that his father was getting the worst of it, suddenly called out to him:

"Hit him in the watch, father; that'll cost him something!"

STATE OF OHIO CITY OF TOLEDO. | SS.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December. A. D., 1886.

SEAL A. W. GLEASON. NOTARY PUBLIC.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Reasoning of Youthful Mind. A schoolmistress whose hair was of the blackest hue, was one day giving a lesson on a coal mine to a class in Suffolk, England. To make the lesson interesting as possible she went coal mine. A little lad put up his hand, and when pointed to said: 'Please, teacher, is that what made your hair so black?"

Still a Chance. "Have you ever loved and lost?" asked the sweet young thing. "Not yet," replied the man who had been divorced three times.

Bottomless steel tanks can be taken down and moved at any time. All the water is in reach of all the stock all the time. Every farmer needs one or more. Book-let "A" free. Alamo Iron Works, San Antonio, Tex. Who has a favorite sin has a hard

PERRY DAVIS' PAINKILLER outs, bruises, burns and strains.

for all sorts of cuts, bruises, burns and strains. Taken internally it cures diarrhea and dysentery. Avoid substitutes. 25c, 35c and 50c. The deeper love's roots the less it runs to flowers of rhetoric.

Lewis' Single Binder 5c cigar equals in quality most 10e eigars. If a man would be himself he must

cease to think of himself.

Rather Personal.

Tallman-Only a fool makes the same sort of mistake the second time. Shortman-Do you mean to insinuate that I am a fool?

Tallman-Certainly not. Shortman-Well, I didn't know. I've

been married twice. For Any Disease or Injury to the eye, use PETTIT'S EYE SALVE, absolutely harmless, acts quickly, 25c. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

You will not get to heaven any quicker by provoking your neighbors to wishing you were there.

Bottomless steel tanks never wear out, are easily installed, cannot leak. Water your cattle Nature's way. Booklet "A" free. Alamo Iron works, San Antonio, Texas.

Some good men fear the world will forget they are shining if their lamps do not smoke.

Lewis' Single Binder eigar is never doped—only tobacco in its natural state. Your light goes down as the temperature rises in your neck.

Mrs. Winstow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces in-fammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

When a man dries up like a mummy he usually thinks he is a saint.

There's more strength in a bowl of

Quaker Scotch Oats

than in the same quantity or the same value of any other food you can eat.

> Most nourishing, least expensive

Packed in regular packages and in hermetically sealed tins for hot climates. 69

Solid Shaving Comfort NO HONING NO STROPPING -Gillette WORLD OVER

Aids Nature

The great success of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in curing weak stomachs, wasted bodies, weak lungs, and obstinate and lingering coughs, is based on the recognition of the fundamental truth that "Golden Medical Discovery' supplies Nature with body-build-ing, tissue-repairing, muscle-making materials, in con-densed and concentrated form. With this help Nature supplies the necessary strength to the stomach to digest food, build up the body and thereby throw off lingering obstinate coughs. The "Discovery" re-establishes the digestive and nutritive organs in sound health, purifies and enriches the blood, and nourishes the nerves—in short establishes sound vigorous health.



If your dealer offers something "just as good," It is probably better FOR HIM---it pays better. But you are thinking of the cure not the profit, so there's nothing "just as good" for you. Say so.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, In Plain English; or, Medicine Simplified, 1008 pages, over 700 illustrations, newly revised up-to-date Edition, paper-bound, sent for 21 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing enly. Cloth-bound, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

First Aid

For weak women, who suffer from women's ills, there is a standard medicine of proven merit-CARDUI, the woman's tonic. Cardui has been helping sick women for more than half a century, and has come to be recognized as the first aid for woman's troubles.

Letters come from all over the country, from women who have used CARDUI. They write to tell of the good that Cardui has done to them. Their letters give good reasons why you

The Woman's Tonic

Mrs. Nellie Duncan, 1917 So. 11th St., St. Joseph, Mo., writes: "If it will help some other woman, I am glad to send you my testimony about CARDUI. I had never been well since I came to womanhood, and suffered with female trouble until I could scarcely get around. Four bottles of CARDUI have done me more good than \$25.00 of doctoring. I feel fine and don't have that awful pain in my head and side. I can't praise

the CARDUI Home Treatment enough." Try Cardui. It has helped others. It will help you.

At all druggists.

ge totte field totte tot

is a perfect ointment—stops itching instantly. Prescribed by leading physicians throughout world. A few applications will cure the worst case of itching and inflamed piles, sale by all druggists or sent direct on receipt of price, 50 cents per jar.

RESINOL CHEMICAL COMPANY, BALTIMORE, MD.

I am glad to say that Resinol Ointment has completely cured me of itching piles. J. H. Kidall, Dentist, Mt. Washington, Ohio.

Combination Wood and Wire Fence and Corn Cribs The most practical and economical fence made for yard, lawn,

HODGE

HODGE

Garden, orchard or stock. Sold in 75 and 80-foot rolls and painted with the celebrated "Monitor" paint. Easy to erect and more durable than ordinary fences. Made in heights of three to six feet of selected straight grained yellow pine pickets. See your lumber dealer or write

THE HODGE FENCE & LUMBER CO., Ltd., Lake Charles, Le garden, orchard or stock. Sold in 75 and 80-foot rolls and

Nothing Too Good



The Discriminating for you. That's why we want you Woman Demands to take CASCARETS for liver and

effective that it has become a necessity. It is beauty for your asking. Two sizes-50c and 25c. All Dealers

Baker-Wheeler Mfg. Co., Dallas, Tex.

bowels. It's not advertising talk-FRECKELEATER on her toilet table. It is a face cream so exquisite, so lasting merit of CASCARETS that we want you to know by trial. Then you'll have faith-and join the millions who keep well by CASCA-RETS alone.

CASCARETS for a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

ou Look Prematurel