

STERLING CITY NEWS-RECORD

STERLING CITY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1912.

VOL. XII.

NO. 31.

EXTERMINATE REBELS IN MEXICO IS PLAN

MERCILESS CAMPAIGN BY THE FEDERALISTS BEGINS.

CONDITIONS ARE NO BETTER

Zapatistas Spreading Zone of Activity and Other Insurgent Forces Giving Government Much Trouble.

Mexico City: Merciless extermination of rebels and all those who support them is the feature of the new campaign officially begun.

Throughout regions infested by rebels, whether captives by Orozco, Zapata or chiefs of lesser renown, the measure providing for a suspension of Constitutional guarantees of regular trial went into effect and any offender above the rank of major now has the right to inflict summary capital punishment on all rebels who fall into their hands if he is satisfied of their guilt.

Comparatively few of the insurgents rallied themselves of the offers of amnesty extended for almost a month for the putting into effect of the measure of suspended guarantees, and reports from Toluca, in the state of Mexico; from other districts in the South, and from Torreón indicate that conditions are little better, and perhaps, worse than they were a month ago.

Instead of having disappeared from the State of Mexico into the mountains of Guerrero, the Zapatistas are reported as practically in control of the villages and haciendas a few miles south of Toluca, capital of the State of Mexico, Benjamin Argumedo and Durillo, two of Orozco's officers, are operating in the rear of Gen. Huerta near Torreón, while no attempt is made to disguise the fact that Camacho Campa, Fernandez and Rojas are driving the Government forces in Sonora plenty to do.

Orozco himself and Salazar are dodging about the Federalists in the northern part of the State of Chihuahua and along the Sonora State line. The exact whereabouts of Orozco is a favorite guess in the capital and little assistance is given by official reports and censured stories sent from the Federal headquarters in Chihuahua. The Government commanders express optimism in their plans to effect his capture, but it is admitted that he is riding with little encumbrance in country every mile of which is thoroughly known by him.

ADDITIONAL TROOPS GOING TO NICARAGUA

WILL EXTEND FULL PROTECTION TO U. S. CITIZENS.

THE KILLING OF AMERICANS

Mississippi and Another Man Reported Deliberately Murdered and Investigation Is Being Made.

Washington: The State Department is determined to extend the fullest possible measure of protection to American life and property in Nicaragua. It was announced that the naval forces now in that country, even when heavily reinforced by the large contingent now being assembled at League Island and the several hundred bluejackets en route to Corinto are not sufficient to assure that protection, additional forces will be rushed forward.

The State Department still is unmoved by utterances in Congress, relying implicitly and confidently upon the long line of precedents, where American military and naval forces have been employed without Congressional direction in cases where American life and property were in jeopardy. Officials declare that it is the sole purpose of the landing of the fighting force in Nicaragua.

It has not been found necessary to send any special instruction to American Minister Weltzel or Capt. Terhune of the Annapolis.

When the reinforcements, which will be en route to Nicaragua before the end of this week have arrived at their destination, the navy will have ashore in that country the most numerous force it ever has landed in an American Republic in time of peace.

The reported killing of two Americans, Dodd and Phillips, in Nicaragua, is being thoroughly investigated. Dodd, the Mississippian who was slain, was well known to Representative Sisson of Mississippi, who said that both Dodd and his father were lawyers in his Congressional district.

"The situation in Nicaragua is serious and critical," said Representative Sulzer, chairman of the House Foreign Affairs Committee. "The massacre in Nicaragua of Americans and native citizens is one of the greatest tragedies in Central American history. I am in communication with the State Department and know that everything is being done by this Government to protect life and property there."

HIS EMBLEM



OROZCO CAUGHT LIKE A MOUSE IN A TRAP

ADVICES TO FEDERAL LEADER AT JUAREZ.

IS HEMMED IN ALL AROUND

Rebels Suffer Great Deal for Want of Food for Both Horses and Men.

Juarez: Caught as a mouse in a trap, although the trap is 100 miles wide and 200 miles long, is Pascual Orozco, commander in chief of the rebel forces in the North. This is declared by advices received here by Gen. Joaquin Tellez, Federal commander of this zone. The official announcement is verified by railway representatives and other sources.

Orozco now has only about 600 men. He is surrounded by Federal forces aggregating 10,000 that are spread out from the city of Chihuahua to the south to the border at this point and along the Mexican Central running directly north to the border and the Mexican Northwestern, which runs from Chihuahua City west and north of Juarez.

Orozco left Villa Ahumada, a station midway between Chihuahua and Juarez, only Thursday. Three times he attempted to move away from the railway, only to have his scouts encounter some Federal force. On his final departure he burned his trains, forty-five cars; destroyed three locomotives and, mounting his men, rode away to the southwest. The rebels are suffering greatly for want of food for themselves and horses.

Moving across this same territory, Gen. Antonio Rabago, with 2,000 Federal cavalry and 1,500 additional troops, has gone west from the city of Chihuahua and 400 troops were dispatched from Juarez over the railway for the southwest. This, it is believed here, will insure the capture of Orozco.

Coincident with the last departure of Orozco for the Southwest, the main Northwestern Railway was cut between Pearson and Cumbeo. Two hundred rebels thus attempted to make a way for their commander to escape into the State of Sonora, where the greater part of the rebel army is moving toward the west coast with the evident intention of taking a seaport.

But the communication was cut only temporarily. Seventy-five Federal cavalrymen were sent out from Pearson and met the rebels near Cumbeo. The insurgents were routed, losing three killed and twenty-six captured, besides suffering the loss of their ammunition and provision train. The road has been repaired and travel resumed.

WRECK TA GALV. CAUSEWAY

T. & B. V. Engineer, W. L. Dodd, Is Scalded to Death by Steam.

MT. VERNON HAS \$50,000 FIRE.

First National Bank and Big Store Buildings Are Total Losses.

Galveston, Texas: Emergency brakes gripping the wheels, Trinity and Brasos Valley freight No. 202 Thursday morning tore through a frogless switch at the Virginia Point station, on the mainland end of the causeway. The results of the wreck are: Weaver L. Dodd, Teague, engineer, killed by scalding steam; W. D. Simpson, Tomball, fireman, right leg cut and torn, left ankle broken; Fred Leahy, Galveston, conductor, body cuts and bruises; J. E. Hamill, and W. Mays, Tomball, minor cuts and bruises.

The damage is estimated variously from a minimum of \$5,000 to a maximum of \$50,000. The engine, after crashing through the switch, shot along the track for seventy-five feet, snapping ties and landing its right side in a pocket between tracks. The tender was sky-rocketed over the engine, tore off the cab and landed fifty feet ahead of the cow catcher. Of the twenty-five cars on the train, five were piled up about the wreck engine and a miscellaneous collection of merchandise scattered about.

Mount Vernon, Texas: A very destructive fire occurred here early Thursday morning, totally destroying the First National Bank Building and G. P. Hill's large furniture and hardware store, both two-story buildings. Dr. H. O. Collier, who occupied the two front rooms over the bank and his dental parlors, lost all his instruments and office furniture. The I. O. O. F., W. O. W. M. W. A., U. B., Royal Neighbors and Maccabee lodges, which were jointly the large hall over the bank, lost all their furniture and paraphernalia. No insurance was carried.

Prompt use of plenty of water and salt by Mount Vernon's bucket brigade saved the entire block on the south side of the square. The First National Bank's loss is about \$18,000 insurance \$7,500. G. P. Hill's loss is about \$50,000, insurance \$12,500. Dr. Collier's loss is about \$900, insurance \$600.

SHIP COLLIDED WITH ICEBERG

Allen Liner Corsican Reaches Liverpool After Accident in North Seas.

430 NICARAGUAN TROOPS MASSACRED

INSURGENTS, AFTER WINNING BATTLE, PUT FEDS. TO DEATH.

Liverpool.—The Allen line steamer Corsican, which struck an iceberg east of Belle Isle, near New Foundland, on the afternoon of Aug. 12, while on her voyage from Montreal for this port, arrived here Wednesday morning. The fore part of the vessel was protected with collision bulkheads, otherwise she showed no signs of damage.

Captain Cook, the commander of the Corsican, in the course of an interview when the vessel had docked, said:

"The weather was hazy when the Corsican collided with the iceberg on Aug. 12. She was traveling at dead slow speed when the iceberg was sighted right ahead. The engines were immediately put astern but the Corsican touched before she could be stopped. She suffered no damage below ten feet of the water line. The crew was at once called to stations and the boats were swung out, but were soon taken back again. All the water tight doors were at once closed. The weather continued foggy for four days after the collision but the ship was able to proceed at moderate speed. Her bows were protected with collision bulkheads."

Most of the passengers of the Corsican say there was no panic at the time of the collision. Two Cambridge students named Bethell and Stevens, however, say they were almost thrown out of their bunks by the violence of the impact. They also assert that a number of passengers were panicked and that one woman called on everybody to kneel and pray.

The students assert that a hundred tons of ice fell on the ship decks and that there was nineteen feet of water in the hold last Sunday.

The crew, they said, were unable to sleep in the forecastle after the collision. Several of the passengers had narrow escapes. Stevens continued:

"Several Italians on board were seized with panic, grabbed their bags and jumped into boats. If we had taken to the boats there would have been no chance of being picked up, as the fog bank was said to be 100 miles wide. As a matter of fact, we did not sight a boat for two days."

AMERICANS ARE IN DEFENSE

Bluejackets Play Prominent Part in Repulse of Rebels Who Attack Capital City.

MANAGUA, NICARAGUA: NEARLY THE ENTIRE DETACHMENT OF 500 NICARAGUAN TROOPS, COMPRISING THE GARRISON OF THE CITY OF LEON, TO THE NORTH OF MANAGUA, WAS MASSACRED BY A FORCE OF INSURGENTS SATURDAY NIGHT, ACCORDING TO REPORTS.

Managua, Nicaragua: Nearly the entire detachment of 500 Nicaraguan troops, comprising the garrison of the city of Leon, to the north of Managua, was massacred by a force of insurgents Saturday night, according to reports.

The Government troops on reaching Leon camped on the plaza in the center of the town. The insurgents, who greatly outnumbered the Government force, attacked the city Saturday night and after a fierce engagement the garrison surrendered. Instead of holding their captives prisoners of war, it is reported that the soldiers were slaughtered by the rebels. Out of a force of 500 men all except 70 were killed.

After the repulse of the insurgents last Wednesday night after a four days' battle at Managua, in which the American marines and bluejackets from the gunboat Annapolis and from Panama played a prominent part as defenders of the capital, the insurgents retired, ostensibly to their headquarters at Masaya, the capital of the department of the same name.

It was learned that the insurgents had sent large quantities of arms and ammunition from Masaya to Leon through the mountain passes, and that the rebels were hurriedly concentrating their forces at the Northern town. It also became known that Gen. Mena, the deposed Secretary of War and leader of the insurgents, whose health has become greatly impaired, had gone to Leon to direct the operations of his men. Lieut. Edward H. Conger of the American marine battalion stationed at Managua, returned to the capital from Masaya, where he went to confer with Gen. Mena. Lieut. Conger reports that Gen. Mena is a very sick man and that the Liberal Generals, Rebit and Amend, are in command of the insurgents in the South.

TAF TURNS PANAMA CANAL BILL.

Suggests Congress Declare Measure Not Violation of Treaty.

Washington: President Taft signed the Panama Canal bill Saturday night. Following this, he sent to Congress a memorandum suggesting the advisability of the passage of a resolution which would declare that this measure was not considered by this Government a violation of the treaty provisions.

In discussing the British protest, Mr. Taft says the irresistible conclusion to be drawn from it is that, "although the United States owns, controls and has paid for the canal, it is restricted by the way that all other nations of world may freely do."

"In view of the fact," Mr. Taft continues, "that the Panama Canal is being constructed by the United States wholly at its own cost, upon territory ceded to it by the Republic of Panama for that purpose, and that unless it has restricted itself the United States enjoys absolute rights of ownership and control, including the right to allow its own commerce use of the canal upon such terms as it sees fit, the sole question is:

"Has the United States (by the terms of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty) deprived itself of the exercise of the right to pass its own commerce free, or to remit tolls collected for the use of the canal?"

APPROVE NEW NAVAL PROGRAM.

One Battleship, 8 Submarines, Torpedo Boats and Auxiliaries.

Washington: One battleship to cost \$7,425,000 without armor or armament and not to exceed \$15,000,000 when completed; eight submarines, costing \$4,480,000, and a fleet of torpedo boats, colliers and machine ships constitute the building program for the navy, approved by the Senate and which probably will be adopted without change by the House.

It was agreed the new battleship should not be a superdreadnought, but a vessel of standard size. The question of armament was left to the naval instructors and the Secretary of the Navy.

The bill as agreed upon also provides for a round-the-world wireless system by which the Naval Departments could keep in touch with its ships on virtually every part of the globe.

A movement to name the battleship Constitution has been started. Under the law the Secretary of the Navy would be obliged to christen the new ship Arizona or New Mexico, but the Senate and House conferees will be urged to amend the bill with a provision that the new ship be named after "Old Ironsides."

FOUR ARE DROWNED IN RIVER.

Woman, Two Girls and Boy Meet Death Near San Benito.

San Benito, Texas: Mrs. George Keltie, age 25; Ida Keltie, age 13; Sarah Robinson, age 15, and Charles Myer, age 17, were drowned in Arroyo Colorado when the Keltie family was picnicking. Keltie himself narrowly escaped drowning in attempting to save the others. The bodies were recovered. Myer lived at San Antonio and was visiting here.

Mexico Aids American Miners.

Austin, Texas: According to a telegram to Gov. Coquit the American miners at Tomlin who have been threatened by striking Mexican miners have received assistance from the Mexican Government. The detail of troops has reached them and is escorting them to coast, where they may leave Mexico. Gov. Coquit requested President Madero to afford these citizens protection and the notice that they have received it comes in a telegram of thanks from J.B. Underwood.

Fatal Gin Accident at Mexia.

Mexia, Texas: Frank, the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Warren J. Steele, of this city, met with a fatal accident Saturday while at work in a cotton gin, in which his left arm was caught by the gin saws and was so badly lacerated that amputation was necessary between the shoulder and elbow. Mr. Steele died from the effects of his injuries. Mr. Steele is survived by Mrs. Steele.

New Interurban in Operation.

Cleburne, Texas: The first electric car came in over the Fort Worth-Cleburne Interurban line at 12:45 o'clock Thursday afternoon, with G. W. Caiman motorman and J. A. Campbell conductor. This car brought General Superintendent Clifford and several other interurban officials. The car from the regular city line started at 9:30 a. m. Stops were made at the substations, gravel and sand pits along the way. The track is rough in places, but will soon settle down and permit of good time.

Death Sentence for Negro.

Fort Worth, Tex.—Paul Fowler, a nineteen-year-old negro, was given the death penalty for the murder of Robert Knetach, a sculptor. Fowler attempted to hold up Knetach July 1 and when the sculptor screamed, Fowler shot him. Fowler confessed when first arrested but denied the confession on the witness stand. He said that he was near when the shooting was done, but the fatal shots were fired by his pal, Ernest Harrison. This is the first death penalty assessed in Tarrant county in four years.

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Canal Five-Sixths Finished.

Apparent Backward Movement in Work on Waterway Is Explained.

Washington: The figures showing the amount of excavation to be done on the Panama Canal indicates that the great work was five-sixths finished on August 1, but there actually remain 16,903,000 cubic yards more earth to be removed than had been estimated for a year before.

The apparent backward movement is explained in the official record by a large amount of sludge in the canal bed which must be removed from the finished tunnels and also by the necessity for extensive excavation for dry docks, coaling stations and terminals at Balboa, which were not taken into account in the original estimate.

House Objects to Texas Item.

Washington: The Senate has passed the general deficiency bill with all the items for Texas, but Senators learned that the House leaders will make a fight on the item to pay Texas \$217,000 in final settlement of the services rendered in putting down the Indians prior to 1851. It is probable that in the interest of speed adjournment, the conferees will yield and that the item will go out of the bill in conference.

Passes Conference Naval Bill.

Washington: By a vote of 151 to 80 the House adopted the conference report on the naval appropriation bill. The measure, which will now go to the President, provides for only one battleship and a number of submarines, colliers and auxiliary vessels. Thirteen members opposed to the battleship program voted "present." The bill as it goes to the President carries \$123,220,707, an increase of approximately \$4,220,707, an increase of approximately \$4,600,000 over the measure as passed the House.

Agree to Finance Interurban.

Fort Worth, Texas: The Mercantile Trust Company of St. Louis has made to Dr. W. E. Brown and Engineer Paul Hurley a proposition to furnish the money to build the Fort Worth and Mineral Wells Interurban, estimated to be \$1,200,000. The proposition is definitely made on the condition that the interested people of this city, the intervening country and of Mineral Wells raise, in preferred 7 per cent stock, the sum of \$529,000. It is estimated that sum will construct the line.

State Department Budget.

Austin, Texas: The State Department estimates its needs for the next two fiscal years at \$50,000. The last appropriation was \$33,580, and Secretary McDonald includes in the request increase the creation of the office of Inspector of Corporations, with \$1,800 salary and \$1,200 expenses allowance; an additional employe as cashier and general clerk, with \$1,500 salary, and an additional stenographer at \$1,200, extra help \$1,800 a year, assistant bookkeeper \$1,200 a year.

Change of Food Brought Success and Happiness.

An ambitious but delicate girl, after failing to go through school on account of nervousness and hysteria, found in Grape-Nuts the only thing that seemed to build her up and furnish her the peace of health.

El Paso, Texas: Two American of

El Paso, Texas: Two American of the Mulateo mine at Dolores, Sonora, are being carried by the rebels now invading that State is the statement of American arrivals at Douglas, Arizona. The rebels demand \$40,000 and are slowly starving the prisoners to enforce payment of the sum. Arrivals from the west coast say the rebels there are inflicting such terrible indignities upon their own people that it is foolish for American women to remain and risk similar treatment.

Six Killed by Lightning.

St. Louis, Mo.: A woman and a boy were killed and eight other persons were injured, one probably fatally, by lightning which accompanied a severe electrical storm that visited the city and vicinity Sunday. Four members of the family of Jefferson Shibus, a road worker, were killed by lightning which struck the tent they were living in near De Soto, Mo. Shibus, his wife, a 16-year-old daughter and a baby girl were instantly killed. A grown son escaped death, but was stunned and severely burned.

Everybody in Hard Luck.

Suddenly he stepped up to a gentleman, who was waiting for the tram, and, tapping him lightly on the shoulder, said: "Excuse me, but did you drop a five-pound note?" at the same time holding out in his hand the article.

Everybody's Getting Their Party Emblem.

Everybody's getting their party emblem; here's mine: I'm the goat!

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Sterling City News-Record

W. F. Kellis, Editor and Proprietor.

Created Nov. 10, 1902, at the Sterling City postoffice as second-class matter.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY AT STERLING CITY, TEXAS.

Subscribers failing to get their paper on time, will confer a favor by reporting same to us.

Don't fail to attend the teachers institute. This institute is not only for teachers, but it is for parents as well and all who are interested in the welfare of boys and girls should attend.

The man who wants to whip the teacher because his boy got a flogging at school is the one who in the future will be circulating a petition to the governor to pardon one of his near male relatives.

A certain Bible Students Association has decided that there is no hell. Never having visited the place, we are not in a position to give any light on the subject, but if there is no hell, there ought to be one for the man who borrows his neighbor's paper because he is too stingy to pay for it himself.

The Wickenburg (Ariz.) Miner has announced that hereafter it (she) will be a "Bull Moose" in politics because the Bull Moose advocates woman suffrage. That is all right, sister, but in addressing you in the future, what kind of an adjective shall we use before "Moose?" You know there are several other kinds of Mooses.

If a boy gets into some kind of devilment, it is always in order to make excuses for him by saying he was "led off." But if you will investigate a little, you will find that the boy furnished the string by which he was "led off." A little further investigation will disclose the fact that the carelessness and indulgence of his parents make the string by which he was "led off."

Among the many good planks of the San Antonio Democratic platform is that he who circulates a campaign lie shall be made by law responsible for it. During the last campaign there seems to have been an epidemic of campaign lying and of course many of the victims of these flannel mouthed prevaricators were present in the convention and were only too glad to put unctious on their recent wounds by voicing a quietus on this pernicious practice.

The mail order merchants are the best advertisers in the world. They take the country papers and where they find but few advertising merchants in a town, they flood it with their catalogs. If you don't believe this statement, just take a stand at the postoffice some evening and watch the people get their mail. Then go to the express office and watch the agent handed out the bundles. The man who advertises is the one who takes in the cash, even if he lives a thousand miles from here.

To the man who eats his bread by the sweat of his brow, the road and bridge bond proposition should be nearest his heart and he should do all he can for it. Just when he has a steady paving job, the road overseer notifies him to work the road or dig up some cash. If he sows his back while digging up stumps all day, he has nothing coming to him at night, whereas if the bond issue carries, he will get paid for this work. Of course it is a good thing for the automobile man, but remember, he is usually the man who pays the tax and if he is willing to put up the cash, why should not you be willing to do your part Mr. Workman?

C. W. Post a few weeks ago at Battle Creek, Mich., got his rain making batteries planted and then wired Washington for weather predictions. The chief weather rod wired to Mr. Post that the forecast for Battle Creek was fair for the next three days. Then Post turned loose his guns and before night a regular tracklayer and roosterkicker was falling. The scientists are demonstrating beyond the possibility of a doubt that Post's methods

won't make the rain come, but he keeps right on; and when he shoots up the elements, the rain persists in falling. Only a few years ago, it was demonstrated to a mathematical certainty by some scientist after whom we read, that a heavier-than-air machine could not be made to fly, yet the Wright Brothers kept right on until aeroplanes are common as buzzards in the air.

WRONGFUL USE OF MONEY.

In his speech before the United States senate last week, Senator Bailey had the following to say about the wrongful use of money in elections:

"I want to say to my friends on this side who are eager to prevent the wrongful use of money in elections," he said, "that if I had my way I would pass a law in every state prohibiting a candidate from spending far in excess of traveling expenses while conducting a campaign. That would give the poor man an equal chance with the rich man. As things now stand, a campaign fund, if it is large enough, counts for more than a lung and honorable career."

"I never paid a man to work for me politically. I never paid a man to write a line in the newspapers in my behalf. Yet one of the candidates in the primary to succeed me in the Senate spent about \$15,000. Another who prides himself on his economy spent in excess of \$5,000. I was elected several times to membership in the House of Representatives, and I had opposition each time, yet my total election expense was not one-seventh of what it cost the candidate who spent the lesser sum in the contest before the Texas primaries."

PARABLE ON ADVERTISING.

It is related that a prisoner escaped from jail in one of the eastern counties and mysteriously disappeared. The sheriff hunted high and low and offered a big reward, but to no purpose for he could find no trace of his man. A certain merchant who did not believe in advertising went to the jail and the sheriff took charge of his store to run things awhile. The sheriff advertised that the goods in the store would be sold at auction and when sale day came, a big crowd was on the ground as is usual in cases where goods are advertised for sale.

When the sheriff began to cry off the goods, they went like hot cakes. Soon the shelves were emptied and while Mr. Sheriff was digging under the counter for more, he discovered his long lost jail bird snugly tucked under the counter where had been hiding since he broke jail.

When the sheriff had hauled him out, he asked the prisoner why he had selected such a place to hide, to which he replied that he knew that the man who owned the store never advertised, and that he had always observed that such a place was the most quiet and least frequented locality in town; so he stole in there while the merchant had gone to the postoffice, and of course as there were no customers who came to the store, he was perfectly safe. He further said if the sheriff had kept his notice of sale out of the papers, he never would have been caught. Moral: If you don't advertise your business, the sheriff may sooner or later advertise it for you.

ANXIOUS TO LOCATE HIM.

The Kansas City Star is in receipt of the following letter of inquiry and if the author of the poem in question should prove to be old Bill Kellis of the News-Record, or Bill Kestling of the Alpine Guide, this will put them on notice that behind the counter of some merchant who never advertises may be found the safest hiding place this side of the Sierra Madre. Read on:

Editor: Poems Asked For department, The Star. Dear Sir: Please inform me who was the author of the following verse:

The pace is red, The violet blue; Sugar is sweet, And so are you."

When I was a freckled-necked school boy with the nail of at least one of my superior toes habitually turned back like the clasp of an old-fashioned portmanteau, I wrote these lines on a fly-leaf torn from my McGuffey, and handed it to the little red-headed girl who sat across the aisle. The years were marching down the corridors of time and she wedded in succession

four different gentlemen, and, having divorced them in turn, she recalled that I had made the above metrical statement about her, and forthwith married me. I am now exceedingly desirous of learning the name and address of the unmitigated wolf who composed that rhyme. Henry Pecque."

While we have our store counter selected under which to hide in case Henry Pecque comes here on a man hunt, we want Henry to distinctly understand that we did not perpetrate the above "metrical statement." It must have been George Cowan who did it. George came from Arkansas and settled in Coke county and everything points to his guilt. We believe George "done it."

ABILENE BECOMING FAMED FOR HER GOOD ROADS.

Judge T. A. Bledsoe is pleased at the enquiries he is getting about our good roads and they show that Abilene's good roads are becoming famous from one end of the State to the other as the best that's made.

Many delegations of county commissioners have come and are coming to look them over, the latest was a delegation of commissioners from Stealing county, who departed for home last night after being shown over the roads by Engineer W. A. Riney yesterday.

The delegation consisted of Commissioners J. S. Johnston, E. A. Atkinson, C. J. Copeland and B. F. Roberts of this city.

They were highly pleased with the roads. They are anticipating a bond issue but will only grade the roads of the county, and it was this feature of our work they were most interested in.

The county is thickly settled and they think roads well graded will suffice for them at present.

Mr. Johnson formerly lived at Colorado and built the Taylor county courthouse.

The courthouse has nice concrete walks around it and leading to the four gates, the tabernacle is built and our ten dollars has been covered and taken from us, the new jail is now well nigh completed, but those good roads and bridges are in the future and their fate hangs on the ballot of our citizenship in November. But we have most of the ranchmen, farmers, laborers, merchants and business men on our side and we hope to win out by a big majority. Then we can be free to hammer for some other good thing.

TRESPASS NOTICE

Any person hunting wood, fish, hunting, or in any way trespassing on any lands owned or controlled by us, will be prosecuted.

W. R. MERTENS & SON

NOTICE TO HUNTERS.—Posted.

My pasture is posted according to the law made and provided in such cases and all persons are hereby warned and forbidden to hunt, fish, or otherwise trespass upon any of the enclosed lands owned or controlled by me, under pain of prosecution to the full extent of the law. J. T. Davis 5-6-102

CARIBOU IS FASTEST RUNNER

Maine Woodsman Tells of Scoping Greyhound Let Behind by Herd of Four.

In Maine it is contended that the caribou can outrun any other animal. According to the testimony of one woodsman, caribou left behind a greyhound that had been matched against them.

A guide succeeded in starting the dog after some caribou—a herd of four standing like statues on the ice of one of the big ponds in the region along the west branch of the Penobscot.

Now, the caribou trots. Instead of running, like most other wild animals, in the present case there had been a plentiful fall of snow, and then another fall of snow, all of which constituted the very finest surface whereon to hold a race of this description. When the greyhound was loosed its owner confidently expected that it would outrun the caribou.

When the caribou took up and hit their pace it was a sight to see them. They did not appear to be proceeding with much speed, but as the sound drew on they increased their gait. The sound was doing his very best, but made no headway against the caribou at all. The dog stuck to it with courage, but before it was half way across the pond the caribou had reached the other side and disappeared in the woods.

A Woman's Retort. "The impudence of some people!" snapped Mrs. Parvency. "She told somebody I did my own washing!" "Well," replied Mrs. Manor innocently, "whose washing do you do?"

Proposed Amendment to the State Constitution Providing that Members of the Board of Regents of the State University and Boards of Trustees and Managers of the Educational, Eleemosynary and Penal Institutions Shall be Elected for Term of Six Years.

(H. J. R. No. 9.) House Joint Resolution.

An Act proposing an amendment to Article 16 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, by adding a new section thereto, to be entitled "Section 30a," providing that the members of the Board of Regents of the State University, and the boards of trustees or managers of educational, eleemosynary and penal institutions of the State and such other boards as have been, or may hereafter be established by law, may be elected or appointed for term of six (6) years, one-third of the members of said boards to be elected or appointed every two (2) years in the manner provided by law, fixing the time for holding the election and making the appropriation therefor.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Article 16 of the Constitution be amended by adding a new section thereto, to be known and designated as "30a," and to read as follows:

Section 30a. The Legislature may provide by law that the members of the Board of Regents of the State University and Boards of Trustees or Managers of the educational, eleemosynary, and penal institutions of the State, and such boards as have been, or may hereafter be established by law, may hold their respective offices for the term of six (6) years, one-third of the members of such boards to be elected or appointed every two (2) years in such manner as the Legislature may determine, vacancies in such offices to be filled as may be provided by law, and the Legislature shall enact suitable laws to give effect to this section.

Section 2. The foregoing Constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors for the members of the Legislature, at the next general election to be held in this State, at which election all voters favoring said proposed amendment shall have printed or written on their ballots: "For the amendment of Article 16 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, regulating the term of office of the Board of Regents of the State University, and other Boards of Trustees, or Managers, heretofore or hereafter established by law." And all voters opposed to said amendment shall have printed or written on their ballots the words: "Against the amendment of Article 16 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, regulating the term of office of the Board of Regents of the State University, and other Boards of Trustees, or Managers, heretofore or hereafter established by law."

Section 3. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election, and have the same published, as required by the law of this State.

Section 4. The sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00), or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expenses of said proclamation, publication, and election.

Proposed Amendment to the State Constitution Authorizing Cities of More Than 5000 Inhabitants to Adopt Their Charters by Vote of the People.

(H. J. R. No. 10.) House Joint Resolution.

House Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Section 5, of Article II, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing for cities of more than five thousand (5000) inhabitants to adopt their charter by a vote of the people.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 5 of Article II of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so as to hereafter read as follows:

Section 5. Cities having more than five thousand (5000) inhabitants may, by a majority vote of the qualified voters of said city, at an election held for that purpose, adopt or amend their charters, subject to such limitations as may be prescribed by the Legislature, and providing that no charter or any ordinance passed under said charter shall contain any provision inconsistent with the Constitution of the State, or of the general laws enacted by the Legislature of this State; said cities may levy, assess and collect such taxes as may be authorized by law or by their charters; but no tax for any purpose shall ever be lawful for any one year, which shall exceed two and one-half per cent of the tax value of such city, and no such tax shall be levied or collected by any city, unless at the same time provision be made to assess and collect annually a sufficient sum to pay the interest thereon and creating a sinking fund of at least two per cent thereon; and provided further, that no city charter shall be altered, amended or repealed oftener than every two years.

Section 2. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation, submitting this amendment to the qualified voters of the State, at the next general election to be held in this State, at which election all voters favoring the amendment shall have printed or written on their ballots the words: "For amendment to Section 5, Article II, of the Constitution, authorizing cities of more than five thousand inhabitants to adopt their charters by a vote of the people;" those opposing said amendment shall have printed or written on their ballots the words: "Against amendment to Section 5, Article II, of the Constitution, authorizing cities of more than five thousand inhabitants to adopt their charters by a vote of the people;" the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of the Treasury of the State of Texas out of moneys not otherwise appropriated to pay the expenses of the publication of this amendment and the proclamation for the election.

Powdering Goggles.

When capricious fashion ruled that ladies should wear only white hair—the color supplied by nature being of no importance—the operation of putting on the powder made special arrangements necessary.

These took the form of a special room or cabinet, and in every house of any pretension a small chamber was set aside for the exclusive use of powdering the hair.

A certain divided in the middle, a powdering stand to hold the bowl of powder, and possibly a stool, were all that the closet contained, and through this curtain the lady whose head was to be powdered protruded her head, the maid standing on the other side and "throwing" the powder at her head by means of a powder puff.

To powder the eyes and complexion a mask was held to the face—Spurrier de Londres.

A Splendid Wife. "She plays a splendid game of bridge." "That so?" "Yes, I don't believe she's cost her husband a dollar this year."

Proposed Amendment to the State Constitution Creating the Office of Prison Commissioner and Making the Term of Office of the Board of Prison Commissioners Six Years.

(H. J. R. No. 11.) House Joint Resolution.

A Joint Resolution proposing to amend Article XVI of the State Constitution by adding thereto Section 53, creating the office of Prison Commissioner, and making the term of office of the members of the Board of Prison Commissioners six years, and making an appropriation.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Article XVI of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended by adding thereto a new section which shall be known as Section 53 and shall read as follows:

Section 53. (Article XVI.) The Board of Prison Commissioners shall be created by the Governor, by and with the consent of the Senate, and whose term of office shall be six years, or until their successors are appointed and qualified; provided that the terms of members of the Board of Prison Commissioners first appointed after the adoption of this amendment shall begin on January 20th of the year following the adoption of this amendment and shall hold office as follows: One shall serve two years, one four years and one six years; and thereafter to be decided by lot after they shall have qualified, and one Prison Commissioner shall be appointed every two years hereafter. In case of a vacancy in said office the Governor of this State shall fill said vacancy by appointment for the unexpired term thereof.

Section 2. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue and have published the necessary proclamation for the submission of this proposed amendment to the qualified voters for members of the Legislature of the State of Texas at the next general election to be held in this State. All persons favoring said amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots "For a six years term for Prison Commissioners and those opposed to the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots "Against a six years term for Prison Commissioners."

Section 3. The sum of three thousand dollars (\$3,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expenses of publication of the Governor's proclamation submitting this proposed amendment.

Proposed Amendment to the State Constitution so as to Authorize the Grant of Aid to Indigent and Disabled Soldiers and Sailors and Their Wives.

(S. J. R. No. 3.) Senate Joint Resolution.

Senate Joint Resolution to amend Section 51, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, so as to authorize the grant of aid to indigent and disabled Confederate soldiers and sailors and their widows, and to soldiers who served in the militia and in organizations for the protection of the frontier and their indigent widows, and to grant aid for the establishment and maintenance of a home for the indigent and disabled widows and their widows of Confederate soldiers and sailors, and such women as aided the Confederacy, and authorize a special ad valorem pension tax, and making appropriations for same.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 51, Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas be so amended as to hereafter read as follows:

Article 3. Section 51. The Legislature shall have no power to make any grant or authorize the making of any grant of public money to any individual, association of individuals, municipal or other corporation whatsoever; provided, however, the Legislature may grant aid to indigent and disabled Confederate soldiers and sailors who came to Texas prior to January 1, 1909, and their widows in indigent circumstances, and who have been bona fide residents of the State of Texas since January 1, 1906, and who were married to such soldiers and sailors prior to January 1, 1909; to indigent and disabled soldiers, who under special laws of the State of Texas, during the war between the States served for a period of at least six months in organizations for the protection of the frontier against Indian raids or Mexican marauders, and to indigent and disabled soldiers of the militia of the State of Texas, who were in active service for a period of at least six months during the war between the States, to the widows of such soldiers who are in indigent circumstances, and who were married to such soldiers prior to January 1, 1909; provided that the word "widows" in the preceding lines of this section shall not apply to women born since 1861, and also to women aid for the establishment and maintenance of a home for said soldiers and sailors, their wives and widows, and women who aided in the Confederacy under such regulations and limitations as may be provided for by law; provided,

NOTICE TO HORSEMEN

Please Remember that the German Coach Horse EPOS 3221

Is making the season of 1912 at the Rogers Ranch at the low price of \$15 to insure

he is making his fifth year in Texas, he ought to give better satisfaction than ever before, as he is now in the prime of his life and is showing up nice, large colts all over Runnels county. Those interested in this class of stock can't beat him the country over. Will take best care of mares, but not responsible for accidents. Yours for business and Satisfaction,

Ira E. Rogers, Sterling City, Texas.

Lyles Brothers Dealers in Furniture, Undertakers Goods, Farm Implements

J. B. Minyard Physician & Surgeon OFFICE OVER COLLINS' DRUGSTORE STERLING CITY, TEXAS

Hanks & Rawls DEALERS IN PURE BRED RAMBOULETTE RAMS One of the Leading California Herds Heavy Shearers and Mutton Combination Sheep For Sale by HANKS & RAWLS San Angelo, Tex. Car load lots 2c a Specialty.

The Legislature may provide for husband and wife to remain together in the home.

The Legislature shall have the power to levy and collect, in addition to all other taxes heretofore permitted by the Constitution of Texas, a State ad valorem tax on property not exceeding five cents on the one hundred dollar valuation for the purpose of creating a special fund for the payment of pensions for services in the Confederate Army and Navy, frontier organizations and the militia of the State of Texas, and for the widows of such soldiers serving in said armies, navies, organizations, or militia.

Section 3. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for the submission of this amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Texas at the general election of State officers, in November, 1912. At which election all voters favoring this amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words: "For the amendment of Section 51, Article 3 of the Constitution relating to increase of Confederate pensions;" and the voters opposed to said amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words: "Against the amendment to Section 51, Article 3 of the Constitution, relating to increase of Confederate pensions."

Section 3. The sum of \$5,000.00 or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated to pay the expenses of carrying out the provisions of this resolution.

The Signit's Deduction.

The great detective eyed his visitor thoughtfully.

"Yes, Mr. Blake," sobbed the grief-stricken woman, "many attempts—eight in all, I think—have been made on his life, but he was so strong and handsome that he felled them all."

She bared her face in her hands, and her shoulders shook.

"You say your husband wears a green tiffin but long slender side-whiskers?" asked the great detective gently.

"Y-y-yes, sir!" stammered the weeping woman, wiping her eyes with her gloves.

Mr. Blake thought sadly of the man he had seen by the river bank only that afternoon, and of the strange bundle the said man had borne. Then he bent gently towards the woman.

"I am sorry, madame, believe me," he said softly, "but it is too late! You are dead!"

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The Ideal Summer Beverage Is

LIPTON'S TEA

HOT OR ICED.

AGENTS WANTED—Sell greatest home article ever offered. Healthful, delicious, invigorating. Story. Credit. 305 S. Jennings, Fort Worth, Texas

Paradoxical Effect.
"There was so much fire in her eyes."
"There always is when she is put out."

As a summer tonic there is no medicine that compares with OXIDINE. It not only builds up the system, but taken regularly, prevents malaria. Regular or Tasteless formula at Druggists.

Appropriate Trimmings.
"What was that ice palace trimmed with?"
"I suppose it had a handsome frieze."

Easy.
"I put the wrong couples together at that dinner and I don't know what to do about my mistakes."
"Why, repair them."

Appropriate.
"That angling friend of yours certainly has a fitting physique."
"In what way?"
"I noticed he has fishy eyes and a decided catch in his voice."

The Marvel of It.
"There is one thing in life which always struck me as queer."
"What is that?"
"While so few are successful in looking for an opening, almost every one can find himself in a hole."

Where He Balked.
"She has a terrible time with her husband."
"Yes, she is driving him to drink."
"Nonsense! If she was driving him to drink things would be different; she's trying to drive him the other way."

Barber Shops in China.
Since the Chinese revolution a great many Chinese have had their cuts cut off, and this has led to the opening of a large number of barber shops throughout the far east wherever Chinese are located, says an exchange. Several progressive business men of Singapore, anticipating this, imported a large number of American barber chairs, and they are now unable to get supplies quickly enough. It has also been learned that the Chinese insist on having American hair clippers, and refuse all other makes offered them.

It would seem that American manufacturers of barbers' supplies should experience a large increase in their Oriental trade.

Sparrow Sets House Ablaze.
An English sparrow was the cause of three houses catching fire at Lawrenceburg, Ind., recently, and had it not been for the prompt work of the neighbors and friends all would have been destroyed. The sparrow was building a nest under the eaves of the home of Mrs. Mary Webber, and it picked up a long cotton string from a pile of rubbish that had just been burned. With the burning string in its beak, the sparrow flew to the roof of Mrs. Sophia Shaffer's house, then to Otto McCright's house and then to the roof of Emanuel Wuest's home, where it dropped the burning string. A fire started in the shingles of each building. Each was extinguished by neighbors before much damage was done.

A Word to the Wise.
The proverbial advice, "Cobbler, stick to your last," had an opposite exemplification in the following anecdote, for which Zion's Advocate is responsible.
"A colored man was brought before a police judge, charged with stealing chickens. He pleaded guilty, and received sentence, when the judge asked how it was managed to lift those chickens right under the window of their owner's house when there was a dog in the yard."
"Hit wouldn't be of no use, judge," said the culprit, "to try to explain dis thing to you all. Ef you was to try it, like as not you would git yer hide full of shot, an' git no chickens, neither. Ef you want to engage in any rascality, judge, yo' bettah stick to de bench, whar yo' am familiar."

A Large Package Of Enjoyment—

Post Toasties

Served with cream, milk or fruit—fresh or cooked.

Crisp, golden-brown bits of white corn—delicious and wholesome—

A flavour that appeals to young and old.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers.

Patent Corn Company, Limited, Battle Creek, Mich.

EXCELLENT FOR SWINE

Cowpeas Almost as Good as Clover for Hog Pasture.

Forage Plant Well Adapted to Needs of South and Among Best Crops for Grazing and Sowing—Source of Profit.

Hog raisers should grow cowpeas for hogs are fond of them, and they are almost as good, if not fully as good, as red clover or alfalfa. In fact the cowpea has been described as being to the south what red clover is to the north, or alfalfa to the west—a forage plant well adapted to the needs of the region—and esteemed among the best crops for grazing and sowing.

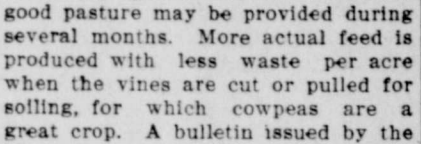
By judicious selection of varieties, fields ready for use can be had from midsummer until cold weather, and a good part of what is needed for this purpose can be grown as a catch crop without interfering with the regular crops grown on the same ground. This is especially so when they are grown between corn rows, being planted when the corn is laid by and grazed after the corn is gathered.

Probably about half of the cowpeas grown in the south are grown and grazed in this way, and are regarded as providing the best possible pasture for hogs. They just can't be beat, and more of them should be raised for the bacon and lard makers.

When cowpeas are pastured by hogs the droppings return nearly all the fertilizing elements of the crop to the soil and benefit the field nearly as much as though the entire crop were plowed under as a green manure. The meat produced is clear profit. The crop does not bear continuous grazing, still it gives abundant feed for a month or six weeks, and by arranging a succession of fields good pasture may be provided during several months. More actual feed is produced with less waste per acre when the vines are cut or pulled for soiling, for which cowpeas are a great crop. A bulletin issued by the Mississippi experiment station says that in that state cowpeas for hogs pasture, without grain, have given better results than any other crop. In one test the crop was grown on their hill land, where one acre of cowpeas produced 350 pounds of pork. In another test on rich valley land one acre of cowpeas produced 483 pounds of pork. The hogs were turned into the field when the peas were about ripe. Cowpeas will do well in any state south, and they can be made a source of great wealth to the south by feeding them to hogs if southern farmers will catch on and plant more hogs and cowpeas.

Cost of Brood Sow.
It costs about \$10 to keep a breeding sow a year. If she gives you two litters of pigs each year, there should be a clear profit of at least \$20 from her, and you have your sow left in the bargain.

SATISFACTORY FIRE-PROOF SMOKE HOUSE



View of the Fire-Proof Smoke House.

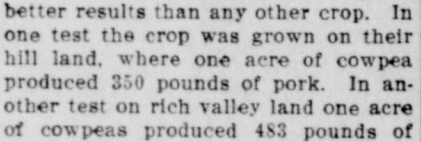


Diagram of Smoke House.

In response to a query as to a simple smoke house for family use and the best methods of smoking hams and bacon in small quantities the Country Gentleman makes the following reply:
A fire-proof smoke house, and store-room combined that has given excellent satisfaction was built as follows:
The building is divided into two sections, that facing the dwelling and situated at the right end in the diagram being encased in stone walls and closed with dark shutters when desired, answers a useful purpose for keeping fruit, fresh meat and provisions generally.
The left-hand half of the building is occupied with the smoke house. The diagram shows the position of the different parts. The ash pit, surrounded by stone walls and a layer of stone beneath, laid in water-lime mortar, and securely coated with the same, keeps the ashes dry, and no water can enter. The ash pit is entered by an iron door, shown both in the view and section. Over it is a brick arch, containing several holes the size of a half brick, through which the smoke passes into the smoke apartment above, which is entered by the outside door on the left end of the building. This smoke house is six by ten feet in the clear. The ventilating chimney at the end, and the ventilating chimney at the top, are both opened when the hams are smoking, and closed when the operation is completed. The top of the arch forms the floor of the smoke room.

A large number of hams may be placed in this room by the following arrangement: Pieces of hardwood plank, eight inches wide and long enough to reach across the room, rest

on a ledge or projection from the walls on each side. These pieces of plank have hooks driven in on both edges far enough apart to receive the hams, so that a row may be hung on each side. When full, each is pushed along to the side and another filled, and so on until all are in their places. The ventilators above are then opened, and smoke is started on the heap of ashes below. For this purpose, cobs are used, or unseasoned maple, or body hickory. The smoking should be slow. By the time the smoke has passed up through the opening in the arch, it has become cold, and cannot heat the hams. Ten or twelve days will usually be enough for the completion of the operation, when the ventilators at the end and in the chimney above are closed shut. The hams being now kept perfectly dark and thoroughly excluded from the air outside, they will keep in good condition; files will do no injury through the summer with a small fire started once a month, and with the upper ventilator partly open at the time. This obviates the common and troublesome task of encasing the hams in muslin, whitewashing them, or packing them in oats or ashes.

It is obvious that the apartment used as a store room may be omitted, and the smoke house built alone. The smoke room in this building is six by ten feet in the clear, which is larger than most families require. The great points here attained are perfect protection from cool smoke, ready access, and handling, and an easy mode of keeping the hams through the summer in perfect condition. Double brick, hollow walls might be even better than stone. The rafters should be ten inches wide, strongly lathed, plastered, and filled with sawdust to keep the room cool.

Cane Hard on the Soil.
Many farmers avoid planting cane because they think it is hard on the ground. In some respects this, as the writer has seen, is true. All sorgho crops have the ability to use the water content of the soil down closer than most plants do. The effects are plainly seen the following season if the cane is followed by a spring crop. However, sowing some legume crop in early summer after harvesting the crop of cane would bring the soil into

fine working order for either wheat or corn.

One Good Mutton Breed Best.
Mutton sheep should never be of mixed breeds on one farm. Get one good mutton breed, stick to it and develop the highest notch possible. A lot of mixed lambs never bring the highest price on the market. It is those of one breed, uniform in size, shape and condition that get the big money.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Be sure there are no lice on the hogs.
Keep the calves in clean quarters out of the hot sun.
Do not put the colts in a pasture fenced by barbed wire.

A bottle of vaseline is handy to have around at milking time.
Scours in pigs is an indication of indigestion in the mother.
It may be wise to protect the colts from the flies during the day.
If a cow falls off in milk now it will be hard to bring back the flow.
Cows can't be blamed for trying the fences when pasture gets short.

Wheat middlings is one of the best feeds for young and growing pigs.
Be sure the mares and colts in pasture have shelter from the hot sun.
Only a little buttermilk not worked out will mean rancid butter in a short time.
Three hundred dollars in a silo beats having that much money in the bank.
Whole oats placed on a dry, raised platform are a most profitable feed for young pigs.

The man with cows coming fresh in the fall has cream to sell when the price is low.
Fruit of every kind should be thoroughly cooled before being packed for the market.
Ducks as a rule are hardy. They do not have the gaps. The weakest part of a duck is its legs.
Chicks on a hard board floor soon develop leg troubles. Sprinkle fine earth or sand over it.

Ewes that are broad and long will make good brood mothers, and produce vigorous offspring.
Orchard men of noted fruit sections of the country practice thinning as faithfully as they do the spraying and pruning of trees.
Pigs that have been properly grown up to five months with big strong frames, can be rounded up quickly for market with a ration consisting largely of corn.

When selecting a ram always pick out one that stands square on his legs and shows courage and masculinity. A slow, poky animal will prove a disappointment.
When pure-bred swine are kept for breeding purposes they should be given every opportunity for bone and muscle development, rather than the production of fat.

When disposing of some of the old stock pick out the poor layers. They are "just as good" for roasting purposes, and you cannot afford to part with the money-makers.

Necessity for Fresh Air.
Fowls are obliged to throw off much of the waste of the body through the lungs. They do not sweat in the sense that do other animals, but instead breathe several times faster than sweating animals when heated. To keep in good health a hen requires nearly seven times the amount of fresh air in proportion to its size as does a horse.



FOR Lucheon—or picnic sandwiches, nothing equals

Libby's Veal Loaf

Or, serve it cold with crisp lettuce. It is a tasty treat and economical as well.

At All Grocers

Libby, McNeill & Libby Chicago



French Motor Car is Driven in the Same Manner as an Aeroplane.

A successful trial run was made recently from Paris to London, about 320 miles, by a motor car driven by a revolving wing, the Paris Figaro states.

The vehicle, which was designed by M. Bertrand de Lesseps, and is called the "winged car," has the appearance of an ordinary motor car, save that in front it is shaped like the prow of a ship. From the extremity of the prow extends a shaft to which is attached the propeller—or revolving wing—invented by M. Filippi.

The wing is small, strong and thick and revolves within a protecting cage. The engine is of 40 horse power and rotates the wing by shaft and chain transmission.

There is no other mechanism, the wheels of the car being free, except for footbrakes. By the side of the driver is a single lever which controls the clutch and the forward and reverse movement of the wing. The wing can be reversed at a moment's notice, thereby forming an additional brake. In the trial runs a speed of 62 miles an hour was obtained with 2,100 revolutions of the wing a minute. One curious feature was that the car made no dust.

HANDS ITCHED AND BURNED
Warrenton, Va.—"My little girl was troubled with eczema for three years. Her hands burned and itched and looked as if they were scalded. She could not sleep at night; I had to be up all night to keep her hands in warm water. She rubbed her hands and large white blisters came full of yellow water. Then sores came and yellow corruption formed. She could not take hold of anything with her hands. I used an ointment and tried a treatment, but nothing did her any good, so I got some Cuticura Soap and Ointment. After bathing her hands with the Cuticura Soap and applying the Cuticura Ointment I was astonished to see the great relief, and Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment cured her hands in three weeks." (Signed) Mrs. John W. Wines, Mar. 8, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

A Diagnosis.
"What's the matter with your husband, Mrs. Mixey?"
"The doctor says he's got a bad attack of ammonia."

"When I guess it's apt to be fatal, for it's bound to take his breath."

A woman's mind is continually running through her hat she's laughing in her sleeve.

The nearest some people ever come to getting close to nature is to sit in a palm room.

A woman seldom hits anything she aims at, especially if she throws herself at a man's head.

If your appetite is not what it should be perhaps malaria is developing. It affects the whole system. OXIDINE will clear away the germs, rid you of malaria and generally improve your condition.

And many a girl who starts out with the intention of making a name for herself winds up by turning the job over to some man.

Many a dear girl remains in the spinster class because men are looking for something cheaper.

Cold Blooded and Death Dealing CHILLS. Cheatham's Chill Tonic is the only medicine which has entirely cured me of chills. After spending a great deal of money for several years to get cured, I bought and used your Cheatham's Chill Tonic which cured me and also two of my children. I recommend it to you as the best Chill Tonic I ever saw, says Mr. T. J. House of Bulcher, Texas. Guaranteed to cure malaria or price promptly refunded. All dealers sell it in 50c bottles. Mfd. by A. B. Richards Medicine Company, Sherman, Texas.

Patriotism.
Marks—So your Italian barber refused to shave you. Why was that?
Parks—I told him I'd just had a Turkish bath.

A great majority of summer ills are due to malaria in suppressed form. Lastitude and headaches are but two symptoms. OXIDINE eradicates the malaria germs and tones up the entire system.

Men and women who are odd might get even by marrying.

MAST TREES FOR THE CROWN

Mark of the Broad Arrow Was Placed on Pines in the Plymouth Colony.

In the provincial charter of 1691, under which the Plymouth colony and the province of Maine were united with Massachusetts, it was provided that all trees of the diameter of 24 inches and upward at 12 inches from the ground, growing upon land not heretofore granted to any private person, should be reserved to the crown for the furnishing of masts for the royal navy. Harper's Weekly observes:

A surveyor general of woods was appointed to see that this provision of the charter was carried into effect. Near the coast all white pines of suitable dimensions were marked with the "broad arrow"—three cuts through the bark with an ax, like the track of a crow. This was the king's mark.

Long after the revolution had obliterated the royal authority men who had been taught in boyhood to respect the king's mark hesitated to cut such trees.

In felling a tree it was necessary to "bed it" to prevent its breaking. This was done by cutting the small growth and placing small trees across the hollow, so that there should be no strain upon one section more than upon another when the monster pine struck the ground.

The mast was hauled out of the woods on one strong sled, whether in winter or summer, and so many oxen were required that the hind pair were often choked in crossing a hollow, being hung up in their yoke by the pulling of those ahead of them.

A mast hauling was a great event, and everybody within walking distance came to see it.

RELIEF.
The Editor—Well, there's hardly any chance of our going to war with Japan.

The Reporter—I'm glad of that. I never could spell those Japanese names.

Polar Exploration.
North polar exploration had attracted the attention of adventurous and ambitious men for nearly 400 years before Peary reached the top of the world. Search for the south pole has always proved less attractive, and only during the last 140 years have explorers turned their attention toward the goal recently reached by Amundsen.

No Concern.
"Mr. Mips must be a singularly pure and upright man."
"Why do you think he is unusually so?"
"Somebody told him there were well-defined reports that a Burns detective had been operating secretly in the neighborhood he frequents, and he said it was nothing to him."

Its Class.
"I don't like this chicken-raising for a man to go into."
"Why not?"
"It's such a hen-pecking kind of business."

The Long and Short of It.
"Struggling young lawyers mix things up, don't they?"
"In what way?"
"They seldom have a brief career when they run short."

Sounds So.
"How odd that man cleaning the machinery talks."
"How do you mean?"
"I heard him telling his helper to save the waste."

The Natural Inference.
While out motoring the other day, I ran across an old friend of mine."
"Was he much hurt?"

After Dark.
"Honest as the day is long, eh?"
"Absolutely. But you'd better keep your chicken coop locked."

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM. Take the OXIDINE. You know what you are taking. See the OXIDINE. It is a simple, safe and effective medicine. It is a simple, safe and effective medicine. It is a simple, safe and effective medicine. For grown people and children, 10 cents.

The average man can make a fool of himself almost as easily as a woman can make a fool of him.

NO CURE NO PAY
WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC FOR MALARIA AND AS A GENERAL TONIC
OLDEST OF BEST OF CURES

Diplomacy.
"Mrs. Jinks always has such a good time when she goes anywhere. How does she manage to convey the impression she is a widow?"
"She always makes an allusion to her tardy husband as 'my late husband.'"

"ABDO-SUPPORT" CORSETS HELP WANTED
We will pay you a salary to represent us in your city. The greatest opportunity ever offered to women who are direct representatives of our goods and services. We are now seeking women who will pay you a salary of \$100 per month and we will mail you a proposition you can't resist. RELIANCE CORSET CO., JACKSON, MISS.

BLUEJAY LIVES IN WOODS

Hawks, Owls and Other Birds Are Teased and Tormented by These Noisy Birds.

The bluejay likes best to live in thick woods, but it often comes into open fields, orchards and near dwellings in search of food. When it discovers you it assumes a proud and angry air of conceit and defiance.

The bluejay's upper parts are purplish-blue. The lower parts are purplish-gray. The wings and tail are bright blue with black bars. The tail feathers are tipped with white. It has a crested head.

The bluejay builds its nest about twenty feet above ground. It is made of twigs and fine roots. From four to six eggs are laid. They are of a greenish drab color flecked with brown.

Doublets the blue jay helped to name itself, as its common utterance is a long drawn, "Jay, jay, jay." This cry, with the bright blue color, has given it its name.

While the jay sings no song it is able to imitate the calls of other birds, by which means it often attracts them. It likes to tease and torment the owl and especially the little sparrow hawk. This is done by imitating the cry of a wounded bird, which draws the hawk near. Then several jays will dart at the hawk squealing and frolicking about in great glee. Sometimes the play ends in a tragedy, for the hawk pounces upon one of them to the dismay of the others. Jays may be caged and tamed like crows and some writers say they can be taught to utter words.

"Bird Studies," by Herman C. De Groot.

The Cannibals Need Food.
An officer of the French colonial army brought a letter from the chief of a group of missionaries in the southern islands of the Pacific not long ago, which winds up as follows: "I regret to tell you that our little company can do little against the fanaticism of these poor wretches. Moreover, famine is ravaging the country, for the harvest has been destroyed. Therefore the dispatch of more missionaries has become urgent."—La Petite Republique.

Opening Up Lhasa.
Lhasa, which is the capital of Tibet, for generations was known as the Forbidden City, because of its political and religious exclusiveness. In 1904 a British armed expedition opened the mysterious old city. Previous to that time practically every European traveler had been stopped in his efforts to reach the place. The population of Lhasa is about 35,000.

Remarkable Financiering.
"Figures don't lie."
"Don't they? Here's an item from New York that says a politician has saved \$80,000 in a month from his salary of \$2,800. Those figures must lie, for they won't stand."

More often it is the man who gets justice that kicks.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcherson* in Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Envious, Perhaps.
"I'm afraid our friend Scrapesley is a Socialist."
"No. You misjudge Scrapesley. What makes him sore is the fact that in spite of the high cost of living, some men manage to lead double lives."

Regular practicing physicians recommend and prescribe OXIDINE for malaria, because it is a proven remedy by years of experience. Keep a bottle in the medicine chest and administer at first signs of Chills and Fever.

Too Much Renunciation.
"How foolish you women are," said Mr. Nagg to his better half. "You don't catch men doing such things as joining 'Don't Worry' clubs."
"Of course not," snapped Mrs. Nagg. "Men don't give up the pleasure of worrying their wives."

The woman who cares for a clean, wholesome mouth, and sweet breath, will find Paxtine Antiseptic a joy forever. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Comparative Possession.
"I have an abstract theory."
"That's nothing. I've got a concrete cellar."

To prevent malaria is far better than to cure it. In malarial countries take a dose of OXIDINE regularly once each week and save yourself from Chills and Fever and other malarial troubles.

There isn't much doing in the self-love line when a man loves himself as he does his neighbors.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, etc. a bottle.

Ideals in America are almost as high as the cost of living.

CRITICAL TIME OF WOMAN'S LIFE

From 40 to 50 Years of Age How It May Be Passed in Safety.

Odd, Va.—"I am enjoying my health than I have for 20 years, believe I can say now that I am a well woman, reared on a farm, had all kinds of work to do, but I never had the trouble that came on me later. For five years during the Change of Life I was not able to lift a pall of sorrow."

Phages which would last for weeks was not able to sit up in bed, I suffered a great deal with my back and nervous I could scarcely sleep at night and I did not do any housework for years.

"Now I can do as much work as any woman of my age in the country, thanks to the benefit I have received from Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I recommend it to all suffering women."—Mrs. M. L. HOLLOWAY, Odd, Va.

No other medicine for woman's life received such wide-spread and unqualified endorsement. We know of no other medicine which has such a record of success as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. For more than 40 years it has been the standard remedy for woman's life.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham, Medford, (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

HE KILLED
City Passenger
Temple, Tenn.
Kansas
manager train
St. Louis
10 miles
person was killed seriously injured, and was shaken 1. Three miles crossing a trestle Elm Cr.

Make the Liver Do its Duty
Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

WATER
JOHN L. THOMPSON, DALLAS, TEXAS

TEXAS DIRECTORY
KODAKS AND HIGH GRADE FINISHING
"Prompt service," "quality work," "reasonable prices," "satisfaction guaranteed." THE CAMERA SHOP, DALLAS, TEXAS.

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"The School with a Reputation"
Write for Catalogue. State Capital Building.

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THOMPSON'S EYE WATER
JOHN L. THOMPSON, DALLAS, TEXAS

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Death Lurks In A Weak Heart

IN YOURS IS HARBORING... "REVOLVING" Stage by Von Viet-Wanfield Drug Co., Memphis, Tenn. Price \$1.00