

STERLING CITY NEWS-RECORD

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NO. 7

SEVEN PEOPLE PERISH IN SAN ANTONIO FIRE

MINOR TEXANS LOSE LIVES FOLLOWING BRILLIANT SOCIAL EVENT.

COUNTRY CLUB CONSUMED

Mr. D. Walthall and Wife Among Victims of Flames That Spread Rapidly, Cutting Off Escape.

San Antonio, Texas.—In a fire that completely consumed the San Antonio country club house Sunday morning, five of the members of the club were killed and almost all the elements of the flames were prominent in social and business circles of Texas, were reduced to the elements of the flames. The victims of the flames were Mrs. Maco Stewart of Galveston, Mr. and Mrs. James D. Walthall, Mr. J. E. Webb, Homer Jones, and Mrs. Cockrell, maid at the club, all of whom were in the building, three persons were injured.

The club house, a large, handsome building, built at a cost of \$30,000, and recently improved to the extent of \$15,000, was reduced to cinders in almost incredibly short time, only a few brick chimneys remaining up to distinguish the place as the site of a structure of human abode. The contents of the house, all of which were destroyed, were valued at \$100,000. Insurance was carried for the sum of \$30,000. The fire originated in a collection of paint used in painting a new grill stored in the basement, and is believed to have been due to spontaneous combustion. The bodies were burned beyond recognition. All that remained were charred bones, which were unearthed by the cinders and ashes that made a basement cavity resembling a huge crater. The names of the victims were first ascertained by examining the inmates who had escaped.

The fire broke out about 3 o'clock in the morning, shortly after the club house, brightly illuminated, decorated with gala style, and filled with music, was the scene of merry-making. A dinner party was given by Mrs. J. Tarleton Lavelle. Hardly had the guests said good night when the lights being extinguished in the rooms as the inmates who had attended the festive dinner retired one by one, Frank Maco, one of the departing guests, however, the flames as he was about to drive away in his automobile. With the fire broke out in the club house and the alarm. So rapidly did the flames spread, however, that only a few inmates on the lower floors could escape.

\$500,000 Fire at Houston. Houston, Texas.—Houston's existence was seriously threatened Sunday afternoon when a large cotton warehouse, filled to the roof with cotton, burst into flames, with a gale blowing from the north. Although the damage amounted to more than \$500,000, the members of Houston congratulated themselves over the efficiency of their fire department.

The fire occurred in the very heart of the city, at the north end of the street viaduct, and it was confined to that particular area. For two hours great blazing embers were carried long distances by the wind and deposited on wooden sheds which were as dry as tinder. By strategic distribution of its forces in the threatened district, the fire department officials were able to extinguish all incipient flames.

AMERICANS STILL MISSING. A steamer Sussex Torpedoed Without Warning.

London.—Although there is still some uncertainty as to the loss in the disaster to the cross-channel steamer Sussex last Friday, there is no doubt that the death toll is much larger than the early reports indicated. The latest figure reported in London show as many as 100 persons missing, including five of the crew. The Sussex had 436 persons aboard.

The list of missing may be slightly enlarged later by the fact that some of the passengers who landed unharmed their journey without returning safe to the proper authorities. The casualties occurred in two ways, first, the ship was torpedoed and second by drowning two lifeboats capsized and only a few of their occupants could be rescued.

Captain Moutie, together with several officers and a number of the passengers, assert that the ship was torpedoed. Most of the witnesses, including the captain, state they saw the torpedo approaching.

WILLARD WINS FROM MORAN. Champion Scores on Points in New York Bout.

New York.—Jess Willard is still the heavyweight pugilistic champion of the world. In ten rounds of fast fighting here Saturday night he defeated Frank Moran of Pittsburgh on a crowd of about 13,000 persons. Approximately \$150,000 to see the fight and went away apparently with the result. It was the

MRS. J. C. W. BECKHAM



Mrs. J. C. W. Beckham is the wife of the newly-elected United States senator from Kentucky. She already has taken a prominent part in the social life of Washington.

ALARM FELT ALONG BORDER DIMINISHES

HOWEVER, IN MANY QUARTERS, IT IS FELT TROUBLE ONLY MATTER OF TIME.

PRECAUTIONS BEING TAKEN

Civil and Military Authorities at El Paso Ready for Any Contingency That May Arise.

El Paso, Texas.—Mexican Consul Garcia announced Thursday night he had received a telegram from General Berran that Villa was surrounded at El Paso, five miles south of Namiquipa, by American and Mexican troops and that a decisive battle was imminent.

Berran's message said that the American troops were following up the defeat earlier in the day by Carranza troops at Santa Gertrudes.

Herrera Loyal to Carranza. El Paso, Texas.—Carranza officials insist that none of their garrisons has defected and that their forces in Chihuahua are "still pursuing Villa." It is declared, through Carranza Consul Garcia at El Paso, that General Herrera, who was supposed to have turned from the first chief to Villa, remains loyal to the de facto government and will continue to co-operate toward the capture of the bandit. The undisputed alarm that was felt on the border has been diminished by these assurances, but there lurks a smouldering fear that some Carranza organizations in the interior may sever sooner or later. This feeling has existed here from the moment the American expedition after Villa was announced, and it probably will continue either until it is verified or circumstances demonstrate with absolute conclusiveness that it is unfounded.

Well considered military preparations continue here, and both civil and military authorities have stated that preparations have been made to meet any hostile contingency.

Villa Holds Up Passenger Train. El Paso, Texas.—Garcia Flores, a Spanish merchant of the city of Chihuahua, who has arrived here, said that Villa had held up a train on which he was traveling at Motezuma, 85 miles northeast of Namiquipa, where the Carranza authorities have insisted the bandit chief was located. Flores is well known in business circles in El Paso.

Merger of Insurance Companies. Austin, Texas.—The contract has been closed whereby the California State life takes over the business and assets, with the exception of the home office building, of the Amarillo National life, and the contract has been approved by John S. Patterson, commissioner of insurance and banking. All life, accident and other insurance contracts are assumed by the California company.

Taggart Will Be Appointed. Indianapolis, Ind.—Thomas Taggart, Democratic national committee man from Indiana, it became known here, is to be named successor of the late Benjamin F. Shively in the United States senate.

260 Per Cent Gain in Steel Earnings. New York.—The annual report of the Bethlehem Steel corporation for 1915, issued here, discloses that the net earnings of the corporation and its subsidiary companies after deducting expenditures, amount to \$24,821,408, as compared with \$9,649,667 in 1914, an increase of nearly 260 per cent. Orders on hand Dec. 31 aggregated \$175,432,895, as against \$46,513,189 on the corresponding date of the previous year.

\$5,000,000 FIRE AT AUGUSTA

Fire Starting in Heart of City Sweeps Through From 20 to 25 Blocks.

Augusta, Ga.—Fire caused a damage estimated from \$5,000,000 to \$8,000,000 in the heart of Augusta's business district and the adjoining residence district Thursday.

No lives were reported lost, but several persons were homeless as the flames cut a swath through 20 to 25 city blocks.

The fire started at 6 o'clock Wednesday night in a store on Broad street, and the high winds that swept over the southeast fanned it into fury until local fire-fighting apparatus was helpless. Several cities responded to calls for aid and rushed fire-fighting equipment here.

BIG FIRE SWEEPS NASHVILLE

\$1,500,000 Estimated Damage Caused By Lighted Ball of Yarn.

Nashville, Tenn.—Fire in East Nashville Wednesday swept an area of 35 city blocks, causing damage estimated at \$1,500,000. One death, that of a negro, was reported.

The section was largely occupied by residences and hundreds of families were made homeless.

A small ball of yarn, lighted and tumbled by a boy into dry grass in a vacant lot started the conflagration, which fanned by a high wind, burned a path three blocks wide and a mile long. About 500 houses were destroyed.

TWO VOTES AGAINST ARMY BILL

Measure Passes House Practically as Drafted, By Vote of 402 to 2.

Washington.—The Hay army increase bill, providing for a regular army peace strength of 140,000 fighting men, instead of the present 100,000, passed the house Thursday by a vote of 402 to 2. It goes to the senate for immediate consideration virtually as drafted by the house committee.

The negative votes were cast by Representative Britten, Republican, of Illinois, and London, Socialist, of New York.

The bill carries a provision which renders it possible for states to maintain state police or constabulary, and insures no interference with the Texas Ranger force.

Mr. Britten opposed the bill because he favored a still further increase in the army, and Mr. London because he favored no increase.

The bill is the first of the great national preparedness measures urged by President Wilson to pass either house, although various related measures have been approved.

Snow Adds to Pershing's Trials. Columbus, N. M.—Snow and sleet, coming after a nine days' march under a withering desert sun, brought difficulties to the American troops in the Casas Grandes district, according to reports received from Gen. J. J. Pershing, expeditionary commander in Mexico. None of the troops are equipped for unusual weather, their baggage as much as possible in order that the utmost speed might be made. Consequently the average soldier carried with him from the border only a sweater and single blanket for protection against the cold, no overcoats or other heavy clothing having been taken.

\$8,000,000 Insurance Loss in 3 Fires. Chicago.—Fire insurance men have come to expect a great conflagration every few years. There has been none since the Salem fire in May, 1914, but within two days the past week there have been three—at Paris, Texas; Nashville, Tenn.; and Augusta, Ga.—all in the same section of the country. The insurance loss is estimated at \$8,000,000. In addition there were several large fires in Oklahoma, with additional losses of over \$2,000,000.

Chinese Monarchy Becomes Republic. Peking.—A state department mandate announces the abandonment of the monarchy and resumption of the republic. The mandate says the revolution shows that the demand for a monarchical form of government is not unanimous, and that therefore Yuan Shi Kai rejects the emperorship and resumes the presidency. The imperial documents will be returned by Yuan Shi Kai to the state council, which will reconvene at the senate preparatory to the resumption of the republic.

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CHARLES B. TIMBERLAKE



Congressman Charles Bateman Timberlake is a Quaker, and he doesn't come from the state of William Penn, either. He is from Colorado and besides being a Quaker is a big farmer and ranchman. Mr. Timberlake was born in Clinton county, O. His boyhood was spent on a farm and he received his education at Earlham college, Richmond, Ind. In 1887 Timberlake took up a homestead in Colorado. He represents the Second district of the state and is a Republican.

RUSSIANS IN DEADLY GRIPS WITH GERMANS

SEVERE FIGHTING REPORTED OVER FRONT FROM FREIDERICHSTADT TO VILNA.

FRENCH ARTILLERY IS BUSY

Bombardment of Woods of Malancourt and Avocourt Northwest of Verdun is Uninterrupted.

London.—It is still in the French and Russian war theaters that the heaviest battles are in progress, but fighting also continues in the Austro-Italian zone, in Serbia, near the Greek frontier, and in Asiatic Turkey.

The French are keeping up their vigorous bombardment of the woods of Malancourt and Avocourt, northwest of Verdun, which are held by the Germans, and also are hammering away with their guns at German lines of communication in the eastern fringes of the Argonne forest.

North and east of Verdun an intermittent bombardment by the Germans of French second line positions is still going on, with the French replying energetically.

The only infantry encounter along the western front took place in the Argonne forest, where the Germans gained a portion of French first line trenches, but were expelled from it by a counter-attack and lost some 30 men taken prisoners.

All along the Russian front, from the region of Friedriehstadt to the district around Vilna, the Russians and Germans are at hard grips. Petrograd says that near Wladyslaw, between Dvinsk and Vilna, the Russians forced all the German lines and barricades and repulsed a vigorous German counter-attack.

Berlin, however, says that here the Russian attacks failed, with heavy losses, before the German entanglements.

Dutch Banks Hold Big Gold Surplus. Amsterdam.—As evidence of the unprecedented amount of gold now held in Holland, it is noted that the Dutch banks have reduced the rate of interest paid to depositors from 1 1/2 to one-half of 1 per cent. This is the lowest figure ever known in Holland. The latest return of the Netherlands bank shows that it now holds \$205,000,000 in gold, as against an average of about \$50,000,000 before the war. Moreover, this does not include a large sum held in New York for its account.

Carranza Editor Arrested at El Paso. El Paso, Texas.—Fernando Gamiochipi, editor and proprietor of El Paso Del Norte, the official organ here of the Carranza government, was arrested and the edition which was ready to put on the streets, confiscated. The direct cause of the action was an inflammatory article in which the editor called on all to prepare to defend themselves against "the common enemy" and predicted that all factions would unite if the Americans crossed the border.

Patria Narrowly Escapes Torpedo. New York.—The French steamer Patria of the Fabre line, carrying among her passengers 29 Americans, including an American consul, was attacked without warning by a submarine off the Algerian coast on March 1. Capt. Pierre Deschelles announced upon the arrival of the ship from Mediterranean ports, a torpedo missed the ship by about 30 feet. Olney Arnold, American consul general at Cairo, was a passenger on the ship from Naples to Lisbon.

PARIS FIRE DAMAGE IS TEN MILLIONS

PROPERTY ON BETWEEN 90 AND 100 BLOCKS IN RESIDENCE DISTRICT DESTROYED.

TWO DEAD AND ONE MISSING

Every Important Business House and Hotel Destroyed—Flames Were Fanned by High Wind.

Paris, Texas.—Estimates of the property loss from Tuesday night's fire range from \$10,000,000 to \$15,000,000. The first figure is probably the most conservative, however, some of the oldest settlers of Paris believe the damage will reach \$15,000,000. The assessed valuations of the property facing on the public square before the fire was \$20,000,000, and all there is left is the ground on which the buildings stood. In addition to the loss on the square between 90 and 100 blocks in the residence section of the town were destroyed, over half of which was in the wealthiest portion of the town.

Two persons are known to be dead and one missing. Captain John Straub was caught in his home by the flames as he was gathering together a few of his personal belongings while other occupants escaped. The burned body of a man was found in a wagon yard, which is believed to be that of Bob Huddle, another white man, Miss Lizzie Carpenter, 76 years old, is missing, and it is believed that she perished in the flames that destroyed her small cabin which she occupied alone for years. Miss Carpenter is said to have been worth \$75,000, all of which was in cash on deposit in a local bank.

Paris, Texas.—One of the most fearful fires that ever swept a town in this section of the state swept over about 60 per cent of Paris Tuesday afternoon. The fire swept over 30 blocks. The loss is estimated at fully \$2,000,000. Fully 10,000 people were rendered homeless.

The fire started at 5:30 o'clock in a storage warehouse belonging to S. J. Long at the foot of South Eighth street. The wind at the time was blowing almost a gale and drove the flames so fiercely that they were soon beyond control, and in less than two hours a desolate waste was created extending in width from Eighth street to Twenty-fifth street and from half way up from the Texas & Pacific depot to the square, including many costly dwellings and the Episcopal, Congregational and First Baptist churches, the Smiley apartment house, the Bedford flats, a four-story building erected a year ago, the new six-story Gibraltar hotel, the Merrick hotel and many other structures.

While the fire was burning from the south part of town another fire broke in the northeast section and burned toward the business section until the two fires met, destroying the federal building and the new \$100,000 postoffice building, the Morgan hotel and other business structures.

Soon after the fire started it was easily apparent that on account of the wind blowing almost a gale it would be impossible for the department unaided to check it and Dallas, Sherman, Greenville and other points were called on by Mayor McCullough for help. Bonham and Hugo, Okla., were the first to respond, but the water service was crippled.

The area of the fire was of such wide extent that some people downtown were cut off from their homes. Like being waterbound, and the telephones being out of commission, they were unable to communicate with their families to ascertain whether their homes were still standing. Some people lost both their business homes and their dwellings. The courthouse and jail were seriously threatened and the prisoners were all chained together and were taken to a vacant lot, where they were kept guarded.

The business part of Clarksville street was consumed on both sides and Bonham street from the square nearly down to the Rodgers-Vade five-story furniture store building, North Main street was laid waste from the square several blocks out in the residence district.

There is not a dry goods store nor a drug store nor a wholesale grocery store left and but few retail groceries. There is not a hotel left nor a restaurant except at the Texas & Pacific and Union depots.

\$30,000 Fire at Waco. Waco, Texas.—The plant of the Waco Barber Supply company is a total loss and the Waco Morning News plant was badly damaged by a fire of unknown origin Tuesday morning. The loss is estimated at \$30,000, mostly covered by insurance.

State Troops Will Not Be Called Out. Washington.—The question of calling the national guard for border duty to release regulars for service in Mexico was discussed at a cabinet meeting, but it was decided there was no prospect of such action at this time. The cabinet was told that there was sentiment in congress to protect the constantly lengthening line of communications of the American punitive expedition by sending more regulars into Mexico and placing guardsmen along the border.

\$20,000 FIRE AT M'KINNEY

Greater Part of Loss Was 2,500 Bales of Cotton at Compress.

McKinney, Texas.—The entire plant of the McKinney Compress company 2,500 bales of cotton, three residences, eight freight cars and several small outbuildings were the toll exacted by the most disastrous fire in the history of McKinney Tuesday afternoon. The total loss will approximate \$200,000. The cotton burned is estimated at \$125,000, fully covered by insurance. The plant of the compress company was valued at \$45,000, with insurance of \$20,000. The residences were partly covered by insurance.

The fire originated from the explosion of an oil stove in the kitchen of the home of J. C. Gardner on South Tennessee street shortly after 2 o'clock. It spread rapidly, augmented by the high wind, and soon several houses in the vicinity were afire. A two-story house adjoining it on the north was destroyed before the fire department could check the flames. Other buildings in the vicinity were only slightly damaged.

Compress Plant Burns. At 2:30 o'clock, while the entire department was still desperately trying to control the fire on South Tennessee street, fire broke out at the compress, 15 blocks away. It is thought that a burning shingle was blown by the wind and dropped on cotton on the platform of the compress company. The fire was discovered immediately and three lines of hose were turned upon it by the employees, but without avail, as the flames spread rapidly across the platform into the cotton shed and thence to the plant proper.

Texas Cattlemen Gather in Houston. Houston, Texas.—The state convention of the Texas Cattle Raisers association formally opened at Houston Tuesday morning. The city was profusely decorated with bunting on all the principal buildings, and down the entire length of Main street through the business district. The lobbies of all the principal hotels were crowded and the groups almost blocked the sidewalks along the hotels. Convention time is the one time of the year when the West Texas rancher sets out to have a good time, and Houston's guests are here, ready for this part of the program.

\$500 Goose Killed at Gainesville. Gainesville, Texas.—Dick, the famous goose that is known in all parts of the United States for its almost human mind and actions, was killed in the street near his home here by a transfer wagon when he attempted to follow his master, J. W. Eckelberger, across the thoroughfare. This goose was the only bird of the kind known that followed his master like a dog, and would "honk" all day when left at home alone. Mr. Eckelberger refused an offer of \$500 for him.

Jake Giles Slain on Katy Train. Muskogee, Okla.—Jake Giles, sheriff of Jefferson county, Texas, was shot and killed on a Katy train early Friday morning. A man and woman later ordered the conductor to stop the train near Checotah for them to get off. The assassin is said to be a man wanted in Texas, who was apprehended in Nebraska. Sheriff Giles was taking him back to Beaumont for trial. It is said the sheriff died in three minutes after being shot.

Baptist Convention in Open Session. Fort Worth, Texas.—More than 300 delegates registered at the convention of the Baptist students' missionary movement, which began its sessions here Thursday, some from Texas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Arkansas and other states, and with prominent speakers from various parts of the United States and Canada. The convention is not officially related to any Baptist convention, but represents all parts of the United States and Canada.

Railroads Complain of Unjust Taxes. Austin, Texas.—Some of the railroads of Texas, particularly in the southwestern portion of the state, may resort to the courts to stop the practice of improvement districts overlapping the railroad right of way for what appears to be the sole purpose of exacting tax tribute. In some instances three districts overlap the right of way, having been built in that manner in order that the railroad's property may be assessed.

His Love Everlasting. And let us not forget that all this time the Lord is loving us; the affectionate energy is flowing from his heart, and is working upon us for our redemption. While we are looking love is strengthening our eyes! While we are endeavoring, love is strengthening our wills! "Be ye therefore imitators of God, as beloved children."

I am to move like a child among all this, and I am to imitate the walk of the master. I, too, am to go down to the right and to the left in ministries of love. I, too, am to use my gifts and powers in generous offering. If need be I, too, am to shed my blood. Let us watch and listen and then confidently imitate. Let us live with him as children, and we shall begin to imitate his life. We shall not rise into his likeness in a day. The glory will come line by line, color by color, until the fashion is perfected.

Before All Things, This! There is no action so slight or so mean but it may be done to a great purpose and ennobled therefore; nor is any purpose so great but that slight actions may help it, most especially that chief of all purposes, the pleasing of God.—Ruskin.

IMITATORS OF GOD

In All Ways His Children Should Strive to be Like Their Heavenly Father.

"Be ye therefore imitators of God, as beloved children."—Eph. 5:1, (R. V.)

Where shall we begin our expression of these words? Where shall we place the emphasis? Everything depends upon our point of view. We must not begin with the word "imitators," or the ideal may paralyze us. We must begin with the word "children," and imitation will appear as the natural and inevitable fruit. We are the "children" of the Father, with the large privileges and enjoyments of "at-homeness" with God. We are "beloved" children, the life of the eternal God flowing out toward us in affectionate goodwill and ministry. "Be ye therefore imitators of God." Why, if we realized and utilized the privileges enfolded in the two words "children" and "beloved," we should not need to be counseled to imitate the Father. Imitation would become inevitable; we could not help it!

Take a little child; let her be set in a home of perfect freedom; enswrap her with a conscious possession of parental love, and what will happen? The ministry of imitation inevitably begins. We speak of our little ones as "perfect little mimics." They mimic our ways, our words, our tones, our accents. In them we find ourselves repeated. One little trait appears, and the father says to the mother, "That's you," or another little feature is produced, and the mother discovers the father repeated. Well, now, this word "mimic" is the literal word that lies behind our English word imitator. In the profoundest and most deeply spiritual sense we are to be mimics of God; we are to catch his ways, his tones, his accents. We are to repeat and reproduce him.

Vigilance Essential. What, then, are the essential factors if beloved children are to be imitators of God? Can we fruitfully analyze the mimicry of a little child? I think we can mention two or three elements which enter into a little child's imitativeness. Before a child can imitate a parent it must observe him. Vigilance is essential. We say of little children that they are "all eyes and ears." They are alert, observant, receptive, ever watching for unveilings. But they are more than observant. They are aspiring. They want to become like that which they see. The child notices its mother's attire, and wishes to wear it. She delights in putting on her mother's gloves, or hat, or ribbon. Ah, but the aspiration proceeds to deeper and more vital ends. They not only wish to imitate in external attire; little eyes can see through the vesture of the body and can perceive the habit and garments of the mind and the soul. What they discover they desire to reproduce. They want to wear our clothes!

But they do not rest contented with the mood of aspiration. They make ceaseless endeavors to repeat us. They are forever trying to be like us. Almost unconsciously they seek to obtain our likeness. Now, can we carry over these suggestions into the realm of the spirit, and find in them any help to express our relationship with God? If we are to be imitators of God we must certainly watch him. We are to have a similar vigilance in the spirit. We must fix our eyes upon the revelation of God in Christ, and mark every line and feature and color in the glorious unveiling. But we must not only fix our eyes, we must set our desires upon the Lord. And let us remember for our encouragement that a desire can be trained, taste can be acquired. To wish to be like the master is to intensify desire. To express a wish is to confirm it. To be in the presence of God, even to wish to desire is to have the beginnings of heavenly aspiration. And like the children, in their imitativeness, our aspiration must be registered in endeavor; we must seek to repeat what we see. Deliberately and strongly must we attempt to reproduce the lines and colors of the glory we have witnessed.

And let us not forget that all this time the Lord is loving us; the affectionate energy is flowing from his heart, and is working upon us for our redemption. While we are looking love is strengthening our eyes! While we are endeavoring, love is strengthening our wills! "Be ye therefore imitators of God, as beloved children."

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Cattle and Real Estate Loans

We make loans on cattle and real estate at reasonable rates and on good terms; also, combination cattle and land loans.

Write us if interested.

Guaranty Trust Company
Abilene, - - - Texas

L. C. DUPREE IS KILLED BY A TRAIN

Last Saturday O. H. Graham received a telegram from an undertaking company that L. C. Dupree of Colorado City had been killed by an express train at Chicago, Ill. It developed later that deceased's brothers, Charles and Ed Dupree had been notified. We failed to learn the details of the accident.

L. C. Dupree with his family once resided here where he had many warm friends who regret to learn of his untimely end.

He was born about 61 years ago and grew to manhood near Mt. Vernon, Franklin county. In his younger days he served Camp county as sheriff. Later he moved to San Angelo where he resided many years. He then bought a ranch on Kiowa creek in Sterling county and was engaged in farming and stockraising for several years. Afterward moved to Sterling City where he still operated his ranch and engaged in the real estate business. Later he moved to Colorado where he resided until his death.

He was the author of a book entitled "The Cowboy and the Bible." We learn that his mission to Chicago when he met his death was to arrange for the publication of a revision of his book.

L. C. Dupree was one of the most generous hearted men we have ever had the pleasure of meeting. He would divide his last cent with anyone whom he found in distress. He was a man who was firm in his con-

He is a marvel in horse flesh and bears the ribbons to show that he is the best and most perfect Percheron stallion in Texas.

He was imported as a prize colt at a year old from France and has taken prizes wherever he has been exhibited. He is six years old and weighs 2375 pounds and is clean of limb and active as a cat. So far as we can judge, he is the best Percheron we ever saw. Those who like good horses would enjoy a treat to see this wonderful animal.

Mr. Davis will use this horse in breeding up his already high grade Percherons. Later on he plans to add a number of the best Percheron mares that can be had from which he hopes to produce the best horses that can be produced in the best horse country in the world. If you would see real horses with wind and "bottom," come to West Texas.

proof throughout. Preliminary work has already begun and will be pushed to completion.

IOLANTHE ITEMS

Miss Neita and Jessie Allard visited with Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Boswell last Sunday.

Mrs. Link Wood is much improved in health. Mr. Wood contemplates building a small bungalow addition to his house for sleeping purposes.

Steve Hull during the past winter has caught 3 coyotes, 1 wild cat, 2 badgers, 7 ferrets and 1 opossum.

James preached for us last Sunday. A full house greeted him in the afternoon upon the subject of the Lord's supper.

S. L. Hull has bought the John Purves 'phone line and sold two parts of it, one to R. L. Boswell, and the other to O. F. Jones which runs to the Walter Arnold ranch.

A cowhide or sheep pelt that H. Deck don't buy is because he don't get a chance at it.

The school is progressing nicely under the teaching of Miss Neita Longshore.

A horse ridden by Cotton Smith near Iolanthe was bitten four times by a rattlesnake. The continued warm weather has caused these reptiles to come out of their dens earlier than usual this spring.

Corra Spontent.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE.

Public notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Tom Green county, Texas, on the 9th day of February, A. D. 1916, by the Clerk thereof, on a judgment rendered in Cause No. 2784 on the docket of said court, entitled J. L. Smith versus R. M. Mathis, et al, for the sum of three hundred and ninety-seven and 70/100 (\$397.70) dollars, with interest thereon from the said 14th day of December, 1915, at the rate of eight per cent per annum, in favor of J. L. Smith, plaintiff, and against R. M. Mathis and W. C. Mathis, which said judgment is a foreclosure of plaintiff's vendor's lien as said vendor's lien existed on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1910, against R. M. Mathis and W. C. Mathis and each of them, on the following described tract of land situated in Sterling county, to-wit:

Lots Nos. nine and ten (9 and 10) in block No. forty-one (41), Sterling addition to the city of Sterling City, Texas. And which said order of sale was directed and delivered to me, the undersigned, sheriff of Sterling county, Texas, on the 14th day of February, A. D. 1916, have on this 9th day of March, A. D. 1916, levied on the real estate above described, as commanded in said order of sale, and will sell the same to the highest and best bidder for cash, before the court house door of Sterling county, Texas, in the town of Sterling City, Texas, on the first Tuesday in April, 1916, the same being the 14th day of said month, 1916, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of enforcing the payment of the sum of three hundred ninety-seven and 70/100 dollars, together with interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum thereon from the 14th day of December, A. D. 1915, and all costs of suit and the further costs of executing said order of sale.

Witness my official signature at my office in the Town of Sterling City, Texas, this 9th day of March, A. D. 1916.

Dee Davis,
Sheriff, Sterling County, Texas

WHO WANTS TO DIE?

Not you, of course! Then it behooves you to keep that erratic stomach in better working order. Talk it over with us the next time you pass our store, and most likely we have a "life preserver" for you. Most people live to a ripe old age in this community, and we sell most of them "life preservers," too. We have many makes, all good, and you can take your pick. The cost won't break you, and the remedy may make you. Butler Drug Co.

Small for its Size.

An admiring constituent gave Congressman Leake of South Carolina one of those vest pocket edition Lilliputian Mexican dogs to take home to the children. Leake pronounced Leake, by the way, was leading the dog along by a cotton string, when a South Carolina mountaineer stopped him.

"Are it a reglar dog?" the man asked.
"Yes, it's a Ch—. Well, I can't pronounce the name of it," said Leake.
"No, it's some kind of a Mexican dog."
"Just a pup, I reckon."
"No, it's full grown."
"Well," opined the mountaineer, "that's the best dog I ever saw at one time."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Teachers' Examination

An examination for teachers' certificates will be held at Sterling City on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, April 6, 7 and 8, A. D. 1916.

In this examination the following schedule will be used:

Thursday forenoon: History of Education, Physics, Solid Geometry, American Literature.

Thursday afternoon: Psychology, Chemistry, Bookkeeping, Plane Trigonometry.

Friday forenoon: Physical Geography, Physiology, Composition, Arithmetic.

Friday afternoon: Texas History.

ALL'S READY FOR TRADESDAY

The people of Sterling City have provided many attractions for you next Monday, but it you fail to visit our Store you will have missed the best attraction. Don't fail to take advantage of our bargains in DRESS GOODS MILLINERY LADIES' SHOES, MEN'S SHOES, CHILDRENS SHOES, SUITS, HATS, OR ANYTHING ELSE TO BE FOUND IN AN UP-TO-DATE STORE.

Make Yourself at Home Here.
C. W. Workman

Sterling City News-Record

W. F. Kellis,
Editor and Proprietor.

Created Nov. 10, 1892, at the Sterling City postoffice as second-class matter.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY AT STERLING CITY, TEXAS.

Subscribers failing to get their paper on time, will confer a favor by reporting same to us.

Cyclone Davis, who has heretofore railed against extravagance and graft until he was black in the face, has proven himself to be the champion grafter and blackguard of the age. If this old freak had the job of chief masticator of grease in a soap factory, he would soon be fired for swallowing the grease.

There is a prowler who makes nightly visits to homes here. So far as we can learn, no one has sustained any serious losses from these visits, but several ladies have experienced the fright of their lives. If this person keeps up his snooping around people's houses, it is only a matter of time when we shall have the pleasure of attending his funeral and publishing his obituary, for nearly every old gun in town has been cleaned and freshly charged for the occasion.

A few weeks ago Cyclone Davis invented a huzzard's mess which he calls a speech before Congress, but never delivered it before that body, but had it printed at the expense of the tax payers and is now abusing his franking privilege by sending the mess broadcast over the land. It is said to be too dirty to send through the mails except as a government document, and there is a move in Congress to expunge it from the records, thereby suppressing it because it is too dirty, slanderous and vulgar for decent people to read.

GET HIM DEAD OR ALIVIE

In his ten minutes' speech before Congress on March 10th, about the Mexican situation, Representative W. R. Smith, of Texas, among other things, uttered the following words to which every patriotic citizen of Texas will say, Amen:

"Mr. Speaker, let me ask what our Government should do with reference to this appalling crime? Shall we let it go unavenged? Shall we depend upon the Carranza government, weak and inefficient as it has proven itself to be, to capture and punish these offenders? x x x [Applause]"

"If we let this awful crime go unpunished, there will in future be no safety for Americans living along the border of Mexico. The feeling of security will be absolutely gone, and Mexican murderers will be encouraged to repeat the Columbus massacre when and where they please.

"Mr. Speaker, I know not what the views of the other members of this House may be regarding this matter, but I want to say that I myself have come to a very definite conclusion. This Government should take this matter into its own hands. An adequate military force of our own should at once be ordered to take the trail of this band of night assassins and pursue them until they are captured, dead or alive. [Applause.] If captured alive, they should be brought back to Columbus, where they are guilty of murder, and hanged. And I would put no 2-mile nor 15-mile limit on our troops. I would say, 'Go to the uttermost parts of Mexican territory if necessary.' And I would say to Carranza, 'We are only performing a duty in the name of justice and

humanity that you should, but can not, perform. We are determined that those who have violated our laws shall pay the penalty."

"If the President is without authority to send troops into Mexico for such a purpose, then I am in favor of conferring the authority upon him.

"It is said that these murderous attacks upon Americans are made by Villa with the deliberate purpose of forcing American intervention in Mexico. If this be true, I, for one, am in favor of accommodating ourselves to his purpose; but when we go into Mexico let our first and chief aim and purpose be to get his own head.

"Mr. Speaker, I am offering no criticism of our administration. The President has no doubt pursued the policy which he was convinced was best for all concerned, which he thought would keep us out of war with Mexico and result in the rees-

tablishing of stable and efficient government in that country. None of us has wanted war, and we do not want war now. And the course I have suggested should not mean war now. The sending of troops into Mexican territory to capture and bring back those who have committed such a diabolical crime against our people and against our laws should not provoke a war with Mexico, but if it should, if the Mexican people shall force a war upon us because we seek for ourselves the justice and protection which it is their duty to give us, then I say let it come. If peace is to be purchased at the cost of other Columbus massacres, then the people I represent are not for peace." [Applause.]

Subsequent events have proven that Judge Smith's speech went home and that his pertinent suggestions were heeded to the letter.

For Sale, or will trade for cattle One big, fat, stout horse, and good buggy. S. Kellogg. If

A Champion Horse

The big French Percheron stallion which J. T. Davis purchased at Ft. Worth last week is now at his new home in Mr. Davis stables.

Another New Building

This week W. L. Emery let the contract to Lem Latimer for the building of a brick garage on the corner northeast of the public square on the ground formerly occupied by the old Sterling hotel of former days.

The structure will be 50 feet wide, 100 feet long and 12 feet high. The walls will be of brick, the floor of concrete and the roof of tar and gravel, and will be practically fire-

OUR PUBLIC FORUM



Henry N. Pope
New President of the Farmers' Union.

The farmers of today are divided into two classes—the old and the new. The old farmer represents the ancient regime—a regime that has passed into history. The new farmer is the modern business agriculturist and combined with his knowledge of raising the products of agriculture, as well as the modern embodiment of the farmers' progressiveness. To the stock of information which has been handed down to him from generations past on production, he has added a knowledge of the manner in which these products in a practical and businesslike manner. And where his forefathers lived by themselves alone, he has learned the lesson of cooperation not only with his neighbors who till the soil, but with all lines of industry whose interests are bound up with his own.

It is in this new type of farmer that the new President of the Texas Farmers' Union believes. In selecting Henry N. Pope as the official head of their organization the farmers of Texas have chosen a man whose policy are in keeping with progressive methods and whose far-reaching vision will lead the Union safely over the shoals which beset every association whose numbers among its membership men of different minds and varied opinions.

Mr. Pope has been the state lecturer and organizer of the Texas Union for several years and in this capacity has met and solved many problems connected with the organization which comprises practically the entire agricultural population of Texas.

It is the opinion of President Pope that it needs no prophetic eye to see the vast change for the better in rural life and conditions that is now a progress. A thorough student of economic conditions, he believes that the evolution of farming methods will steadily continue until the farming interests of the state and nation are placed on a firm financial basis and agriculture takes its rightful place as the foundation upon which all other industries are built.

President Pope invites the continued cooperation of the business interests of the state in helping to solve the problems of the farmer and is especially grateful for the assistance and encouragement being extended by the bankers and business men in trying to finance and develop the cotton crops of Texas. He will endeavor to bring about a closer understanding between the men who follow the plow and the men who direct the financial affairs of the state, hoping that when his tenure of office shall have expired he will retire with the assurance that the gap of misunderstanding which has so long existed between the farming and allied industries may be bridged over in such a manner as will bring progress and prosperity to the entire state of Texas.

MONEY TO LOAN

On improved farms and ranches; Vendor's lien notes taken up and extended. No red tape; quick action.

CONCHO VALLEY LOAN & TRUST CO.
SAN ANGELO, TEXAS

ANNOUNCEMENTS

We are authorized to announce the following candidates subject to the action of the Democratic Primary to be held July 22, 1916:

FOR JUDGE OF THE FIFTY-FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF TEXAS:

W. C. Blanks
J. W. Timmins (re-election)

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:

J. A. Thomas

FOR COUNTY JUDGE:

Jeff D. Ayres
A. R. Pool

FOR SHERIFF & TAX COLLECTOR:

B. F. Roberts
R. M. Mathis

FOR COUNTY & DISTRICT CLERK:

D. C. Durham
B. A. Austin

FOR TAX ASSESSOR:

W. E. Allen
H. Q. Lyles, Jr.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:

R. B. Cummins

FOR COMMISSIONER AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, PRECINCT NO. 1:

J. A. Jackson

FOR COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT NO. 3:

M. Odum

FOR COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT NO. 4:

J. S. Johnston

Posted

All persons are hereby forbidden to hunt, fish, gather pecans, haul wood, drive stock or otherwise trespass upon any lands owned or controlled by us. 1-815. W. R. McENTIRE & SON

ATTENTION, LADIES.

On Thursday afternoon of each week, special attention will be given to ladies' work at my barbershop in the First State Bank building. Try us for a massage or shampoo.—R. M. Mathis

MARES WANTED.

To breed to Bon Bon, Percheron stallion No. 3254, weighs about 1900 pounds, seal brown. Cols to show. Terms: \$10, colt insured. Can pasture mares. 8 miles north of Sterling City. J. E. Davis

Professional.

J. E. Hayward
Physician & Surgeon

OFFICE OVER COLEMAN'S DRUGSTORE
RESIDENCE TELEPHONE NO. 33
STERLING CITY, TEXAS

Dr. W. B. Everett

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
EYES TESTED—GLASSES FITTED
OFFICE OVER BUTLER'S DRUG STORE
STERLING CITY, TEXAS

Dr. W. B. Morris

Office: Suite 408, Trust Building
San Angelo, Texas
Regular trips to Sterling City.

TRADES

SANITARY BARBER SHOP
SOLICITS YOUR TRADE. EVERYTHING UP-TO-DATE. CLEANLINESS & CONFIDENCE.

R. M. Mathis, Prop.

BROWN & PEARCE

DEALERS IN AUTOMOBILES AND ACCESSORIES

Repair work a specialty
Oils and Gasolines
Blacksmithing and Horse-shoeing.
Terms: 30 days. All bills less than \$1.00, cash

WE WANT TO SELL.

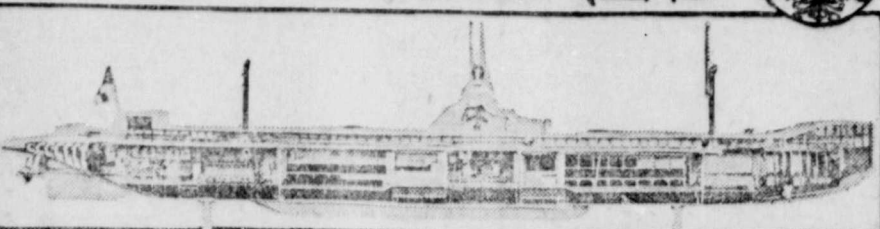
Our property in San Angelo, or trade it for property in or near Sterling City.—S. Kellogg, Sterling City.

POSTED

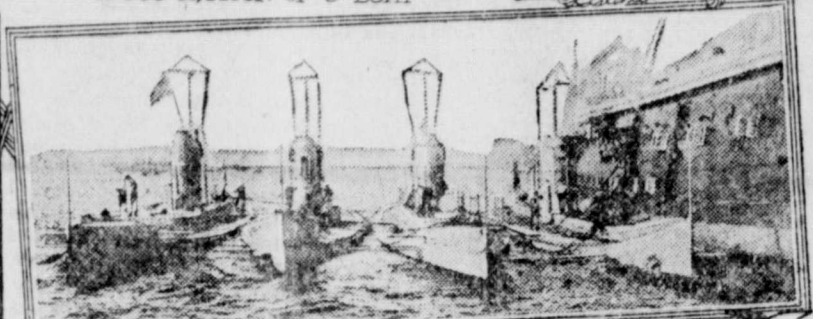
Notice is hereby given that driving any stock across, working stock or otherwise trespassing upon any lands owned or controlled by me is hereby forbidden under pain of prosecution.

11-12-11
E. F. AUSTIN

THOSE GERMAN SUBMARINES



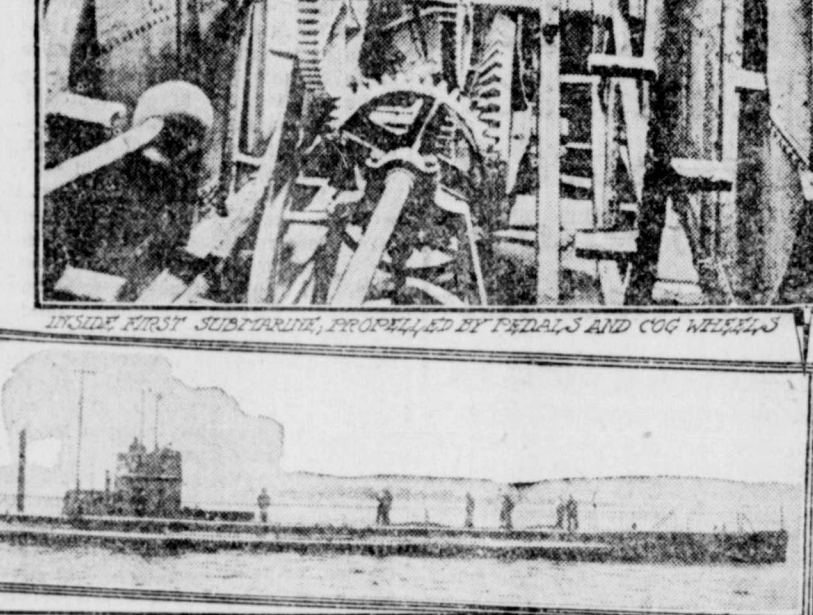
THE "U-Boats" which have done much damage have been developed rapidly by the Kaiser's naval constructors.



More striking proof of the rapidity of modern advance in engineering could be quoted than the startling career of the ship and submarine, both but a few years ago a mere possibility looked upon with more or less skepticism, but at the present day among the most fearful weapons of this greatest of wars.



The beginnings of the submarine, though not dating back to Greek antiquity as the inception of aerial navigation, are older than is generally thought. Leaving out of account the early attempts of a Dutch physicist—in 1620—and the Englishman Symon de 1747—it will come as a surprise to many that the Americans in the War of Independence, in 1773, endeavored to make the first submarine attack.



Though this attempt was not successful, the idea was never since lost sight of. Fulton offered Napoleon a submarine of his invention for the contemplated invasion of Great Britain, and a German engineer, Wilhelm Bauer, in 1850, came forth with plans for a submarine by which, as stated by Burgoyne, an English writer on maritime subjects, "the solution of the problem of submarine navigation was promoted to a higher degree than by any other inventor."

whereas at the surface, 18-20 knots per hour are reached by modern submarines, the radius of action, without replenishing the oil tanks, being 5,000 to 7,000 miles. The torpedo is to the submarine what the projectile is to the gun. Each of the later type of German submarine is fitted with ten to twelve torpedoes and six torpedo tubes (four ahead and two astern) thus allowing the torpedoes to be fired, if desired, in quick succession.

Bauer's attempt to attack the Danish fleet with his "branttaucher" ("iron diver"), it is true, proved a failure, the craft foundering in Kiel harbor. However, his boat was rescued in 1887 and now stands in the courtyard of the Berlin Museum of Oceanography, a lasting monument of Bauer's inventive genius. The Swedish engineer Nordenfjeldt, about thirty years ago, completed the invention of the modern submarine in its leading lines.

The problem of submarine navigation has ever since been on the order of the day, the French marine being the first to undertake methodical tests designed to promote the development of the submarine. Other countries—Germany (in 1905) among the last—were slow in following suit. As long as there were no really suitable submarines available, there was in fact no harm in observing a wise reserve, while other nations were spending time and money on costly experiments. Events go to show that the German navy has known how to make up for any delay in this respect.

Germany Held Back. Bauer's attempt to attack the Danish fleet with his "branttaucher" ("iron diver"), it is true, proved a failure, the craft foundering in Kiel harbor. However, his boat was rescued in 1887 and now stands in the courtyard of the Berlin Museum of Oceanography, a lasting monument of Bauer's inventive genius. The Swedish engineer Nordenfjeldt, about thirty years ago, completed the invention of the modern submarine in its leading lines. The problem of submarine navigation has ever since been on the order of the day, the French marine being the first to undertake methodical tests designed to promote the development of the submarine. Other countries—Germany (in 1905) among the last—were slow in following suit. As long as there were no really suitable submarines available, there was in fact no harm in observing a wise reserve, while other nations were spending time and money on costly experiments. Events go to show that the German navy has known how to make up for any delay in this respect.

Many Problems Involved. A submarine to be really suitable, should be especially seaworthy, being able not only to sail on the surface, but to stand the enormous water pressure at considerable depth. Its hull, therefore, is made of highly resistant steel plates. An oval or lengthy cylindrical shape is most convenient. The problem of propulsion is one of the most important. While the use of the same type of motor for submarine navigation and sailing at the surface would be satisfactory, it is for many reasons preferred to propel the craft by means of an electric motor (fed from accumulators) when submerged, using a steam engine, gasoline or preferably, a Diesel (oil) motor for surface navigation. A speed of 10-11 knots is all that is required below wa-

WORTH KNOWING

Forty-eight different materials are used in the construction of a plane, which come from no fewer than sixteen countries. Eighteen thousand bricks can be manufactured by the steam process in ten hours. An induction balance has been developed for the purpose of locating buried shells in the soil of the former battlefield, so that the farmer may go over it safely with the plow. Enrico Caruso, the noted singer, who now earns as high as \$5,000 a night, says that he was happier when he was making \$10 a night than he is at the present time. The wireless station at Colon at noon each day sends out broadcast forecasts of the weather in the Caribbean, South Atlantic and Gulf regions to aid shipping. Among the titles of the sultan of Turkey are Sultan of Sultans, King of Kings, Bestower of Crowns Upon the Princes of the World, Emperor and Sovereign of the Two Seas and Shadow of God Upon Earth.

Bananas can be ripened in a room kept at 110 degrees. Every day the River Thames scoops 1,500 tons of earth from its banks. A full-grown elephant yields 120 pounds of ivory. The government of Argentina plans to import camels as an experiment to take the place of horses and oxen in semiarid regions. James Berry, who recently celebrated his eightieth birthday, has been employed in the United States capitol at Washington for 60 years. Except that of China, San Marino has the longest national hymn. The prince of Wales occupies a lower military rank than any other royalty serving in the war, he having repeatedly refused to accept promotion. The king of Spain has recently interested himself in the condition of Spanish prisoners, and has been visiting the chief penal institutions in his realms. Great Britain is now using three times as much of American products as any other foreign country, and last year spent over a billion dollars in this country.

FOODS FOR THE CHILDREN

Palatable and Nourishing and So Many That Constant Variety is Made Possible.

Many children do not know the taste of meat up to the seventh year, but if a child is anemic, a tender, juicy chop, cooked slowly, but not too well done, or a piece of roast mutton or beef may be given once a day, at breakfast or noon, but never at night. Never give pork, veal or fried food.

Among vegetables, spinach, carrots, onions and baked potatoes are best. Salads with mayonnaise dressing are excellent for children, but they seldom care for them, except lettuce sandwiches, made of buttered whole-wheat bread with young leaves of lettuce between, sprinkled with salt.

Cooked fruit is good for young children. The best way to cook is to put it in the double boiler with half a cupful of water to a quart of fruit, and let cook until soft, then add the sugar at the table as required. Many fruits are sweet enough in their cooked form. A little cornstarch will make the juice appetizing, thick and rich. Apples, pears, peaches and bananas may be baked in the oven, in a casserole, only a little water being added and the casserole covered.

Cereals, properly cooked, mixed with lates or figs, are excellent, accompanied by rich milk or half milk and half cream. An ideal breakfast for a child of six consists of either stewed fruit or a small glassful of orange juice, a well-cooked cereal, slices of whole-wheat or Boston brown bread, or toast, and glass of milk.

Among cakes, gingerbread, ginger cookies, raisin cookies and pattycakes can be eaten. Chicken, roasted or broiled, is also suitable for children, together with rice. The rice should be well boiled in salted water, or in half milk and half water, in a double boiler, or it may be made into a creamy rice pudding, the proportions being a tablespoonful of well-washed rice to a quart of milk and two tablespoonfuls of sugar. Bake slowly for two hours.

Colorado handkerchiefs should be soaked in cold water for a short time before they are washed. This will prevent the colors from running or fading. When about to clean paint in a kitchen or other rooms where there is a stove heat a boiler of water and allow it to boil without a cover for a long time. As you pack each article for moving, make a note of where you put it and when you want to reach a certain article you can do so without any difficulty.

Clean the glass over pictures with a cloth wrung from hot water and dipped in alcohol. Polish them immediately until they are dry and glossy with chamois or tissue paper. Soap and powdered chalk mixed and rubbed on mildew spots will remove them. To expedite matters let the spotted article lie in the sun for a few hours, dampen it again as it dries.

Apple Roll With Lemon Sauce. Two cupfuls flour, one-half teaspoonful salt, four level teaspoonfuls baking powder, two tablespoonfuls butter, two-thirds cupful milk, one cupful chopped apple, three tablespoonfuls sugar, one-half teaspoonful cinnamon. Sift flour, salt and baking powder together and thoroughly mix in butter with tips of fingers. Add the dough out to one-quarter inch thick and spread with chopped apple, sugar and cinnamon. Roll like jelly roll, cut in three-quarter inch slices and place in buttered pan, flat side down. Bake 15 minutes in hot oven and serve hot with lemon sauce. Boil three-quarter cupful sugar and one-half cupful water five minutes; add two teaspoonfuls butter and one teaspoonful lemon juice, dash of nutmeg.

French Cream Candy. Mix the whites of two eggs and beat as much water, but do not beat. Stir in powdered or confectioner's sugar until stiff enough to handle. Use any preferred flavoring—vanilla, lemon or rose—or half of lemon and vanilla is nice. Break off pieces, roll in small balls, and press half an English walnut meat on each side. This cream may be used for a great variety of candies, by mixing with chopped nuts or candied fruits, raisins, figs or dates, and by using strong black coffee instead of water for a maple taste and cream color, or chocolate may be used, or half chocolate and half coffee, flavored with vanilla, produces a very agreeable taste.—Farm and Home.

Bread Pudding. One-half pound scraps of bread, two ounces suet, one ounce candied peel, one-quarter pound currants, raisins or sultanas, one-quarter pound brown sugar, one egg. Soak the scraps of bread in cold water, then squeeze very dry, put in a basin and beat out the lumps; chop the suet fine, clean the fruit, shred the peel and beat the egg. Mix all the dry ingredients, then add the egg and a little water, if required. Grease and sugar a pie dish or tin, fill with the mixture and bake about one hour.

Jam Omelet. One tablespoonful powdered sugar, one teaspoonful cornstarch, three tablespoonfuls milk, strawberry jam, five eggs. Beat yolks of the eggs light with the powdered sugar, into this stir the cornstarch dissolved in the milk. Then fold in the stiffly beaten whites. Cook in a buttered frying pan until set; spread with jam; fold and serve as a dessert.—Mother's Magazine.

Lemon Apple Pie. Take two large tablespoonfuls of cornstarch, dissolve it in cold water to a smooth paste, pour on one-half pint of boiling water and stir until it thickens. Remove from the fire and add one cupful of sugar, two apples grated, juice, rind of one lemon and a teaspoonful of butter. Bake in two crusts. Will make two medium-sized pies.

Smooth Silo Walls. The silo should be smooth on the inside and perpendicular from top to bottom. Uneven walls prevent the silage from settling evenly, all air is not excluded and spoiled silage is certain.

Get Manure on Soil. Spread the manure on orchard or field every week or so. Don't let it pile up all winter, heat and be worthless. Get it out on the ground whenever weather and soil conditions permit.

Test the Seed Corn. Now is the time to test the seed corn. When the weather is bad and work cannot be done in the fields the seed corn may be tested, the poor ears discarded so they will not have a chance to produce their kind.

Time for Watering Horses. Water taken into the stomach of a horse is bound to go on quickly. If given after feeding, it will carry much undigested food with it. Before meals is the time for watering.

SOUND POULTRY HINTS

Cull Out All Superfluous Males and Unprofitable Hens.

Every Fowl That Does Not Appear Healthy and Vigorous Should Be Sent to Market—Feed Liberally During Cold Weather.

One of the very first things to do to secure a profit from the farm flock during the winter is to cull out the flock and sell every bird that does not show a promise of returning a profit. Old hens, superfluous males and pullets that do not show good healthy development had better be sold for what they will bring. All birds that do not appear healthy and vigorous should be placed in a house by themselves and given a chance to become marketable. In this way the size of the flock can be reduced and only hens that are capable of paying for their feed and care kept through the winter.

The flock must be fed liberally during the cold weather. Nothing is to be gained by feeding starvation rations. This much is an assured fact.

It is better to sell half the flock and give the feed to the ones that are left. With feeds of all kinds at present prices, it requires strict economy and careful management to secure results during the winter months.

Wheat, corn and oats make an ideal grain ration for laying hens. It forms a palatable feed, furnishes variety and is well balanced for egg production. With boiled vegetables and meat scraps added or mixed with cut clover it makes a well-balanced feed.

The grain feeds can be improved by grinding and feeding in the form of a mash a part of the time. The change is highly beneficial and increases egg production. Meat scraps are a good source of protein. Green bones is preferred by many poultrymen, but it is out of the question with many poultry keepers on account of the amount of labor required in its preparation.

If one is situated near to a large market and can buy bone and meat at a low cost and has plenty of time to prepare it, he may then secure a good feed at a moderate cost. However, I believe that the average poultry keeper will find meat scraps at three dollars a hundred fully as cheap and economical a feed.

Hens must have bulky and succulent feed to take the place of the green grass they get during the summer. Alfalfa and red clover cut and cured early, are the best substitutes. If the hay is run through a cutting box or grinder and steamed for an hour and a half the hens will consume nearly all of it.

It is rich in protein and a good egg-producing food. If the flock has a dry and comfortable house, free from vermin, they will furnish an abundant supply of winter eggs, providing, of course, that other conditions are right.

USE CARE IN HANDLING BEES Little Honey Gatherers Are Not Such Dangerous Creatures as Many Are Willing to Believe.

Bees are not such dangerous creatures as many suppose. Treat them well, and as a rule they will return the same treatment. True, they sometimes sting when they are disturbed. Wouldn't you, especially if you thought you were being robbed? Besides, they are often pinched in the operation.

When removing the supers aim to never hurt a bee; smoke down if necessary. Rub honey over the hands before commencing to work with them and when a bee alights intending to sting the honey so tickles its palate, that it settles down to eating and forgets its rage.

BUYING EGGS FOR HATCHING Breeder, If He Knows His Business, Will Mate Up Fowls With an Eye to the Best Results.

If you expect to buy eggs for hatching, don't expect too much. The breeder, if he knows his business, has mated up his fowls after careful study of each individual, with an eye to the best results. He may wish, or expect to sell most of the eggs produced, but he will probably use quite a portion for hatching at home, and for this wants the best results from such matings.

Smooth Silo Walls. The silo should be smooth on the inside and perpendicular from top to bottom. Uneven walls prevent the silage from settling evenly, all air is not excluded and spoiled silage is certain.

Get Manure on Soil. Spread the manure on orchard or field every week or so. Don't let it pile up all winter, heat and be worthless. Get it out on the ground whenever weather and soil conditions permit.

Test the Seed Corn. Now is the time to test the seed corn. When the weather is bad and work cannot be done in the fields the seed corn may be tested, the poor ears discarded so they will not have a chance to produce their kind.

Time for Watering Horses. Water taken into the stomach of a horse is bound to go on quickly. If given after feeding, it will carry much undigested food with it. Before meals is the time for watering.

LIQUID MANURE IS VALUABLE

Marked Increase of Hay Crop Obtained by Tests Conducted by Scotland Experiment Station.

In four years' field fertilizer experiments with liquid manure on quarter-acre plots of hay land, conducted by an experiment station in Scotland, the liquid manure was applied at different times during the winter, the standard dressing being 2,000 gallons per acre applied in two portions of 1,000 gallons each with an interval of a few days between. It was found that a marked increase of hay crop was obtained from the application of liquid manure in winter or early spring.

Treatment with liquid manure had no bad effect on clover, but was on the contrary distinctly beneficial in several of the experiments. The after effect of treatment with liquid manure was also good. No correspondingly greater return was obtained when 4,000 gallons per acre were supplied. In several cases the crop was too heavy and was inclined to lodge. It is concluded that about 2,000 gallons of liquid manure per acre for hay land is sufficient and that the profit realized by such an application is sufficient to justify the trouble and expense of applying the liquid manure instead of letting it go to waste.

Every gardener and grower of small fruits should have a spraying outfit and be ready for war in time of peace. This is the kind of preparedness that pays; it is the preparedness that insures fruits and vegetables.

No one enjoys producing fruits and vegetables for bugs, worms and plant diseases. There is nothing more exasperating than to see the "swarm of bugs" ruin a bed of plants and destroy one's hope for reward. The spraying outfit will give you a chance to defend your trees, plants and vines. After insects get a start it is too late to spray. Spraying should be done when the first insects are seen and before they reproduce their young. When the sprayer is handy this may be done, but if one must wait several days till one may be ordered it may be too late. Arm yourself and be prepared. Should there be no need of spraying you will have your outfit for future use.

USEFUL SHEEP FODDER RACK Long, Narrow, Portable Feeding Pen That May Be Taken From Place to Place Is Handy.

Sheep do not relish fodder after it has been trampled on by themselves or other live stock, or if it has been thrown down where it can get soiled or muddy. Sometimes it is difficult to have feeding racks of a permanent

kind where the sheep are being fed. When this is the case, a long, narrow, portable fodder pen, that may be taken from place to place, will make an excellent feeding rack. It can be made of the pieces of lumber found around the premises.

FAVOR WOODEN WATER PIPES Better Than Iron for Carrying Water Supply, According to United States Forestry Bureau.

Wood pipes are better than iron pipes for carrying water supply, according to a report issued by the United States forestry bureau. It says that timber, saturated with water and protected from outside influences is practically everlasting.

There is a line of two miles of wood pipe at Fayetteville, N. C., laid in 1829, which is sound and in constant use at the present time.

Wood pipes cost only one-quarter as much as cast iron and one-half as much as steel, they have greater discharging capacity, they are not affected by electrolysis and they are poor conductors of heat, thus keeping the water cooler in summer and warmer in winter.

Kind Treatment of Cows. When the cow gets uneasy and kicks do not get mad and rush for a club. Better see whether or not you have been squeezing a sore teat or if your finger nails dig into the teat. Trim your nails and milk gently. Rough handling will never break a cow of kicking.

Become a Quinness Farmer. Take an inventory and keep a record of all transactions during the year. Determine to become a business farmer and to use your head as well as your hands.

Value of Broom Sedge. If broom sedge is made into hay before it gets tough and woody it is about equal in feeding value to corn fodder. It can be safely fed with shorts and meal.

Use for Coal Ashes. If you are using coal for fuel, try sifted ashes as material for covering floors and making dust baths in your chicken houses. It has valuable qualities.

Give Chicks Sour Milk. Don't be afraid to give the chicks all the sour milk they will eat. It is good for them. We have never found anything better.

Sow Some Clover. No harrow can be made to accomplish what clover roots will do for you. Sow clover next spring.

Keep Your Stomach Well

It's the Secret of Good Health

The Stomach is the controlling power in all matters pertaining to health and it must be kept strong and active. At the first sign of weakness, try

HOSTETTER'S Stomach Bitters

Weariest Waiting. "Paw, what's the longest period of time?" "From one payday to the next." Buffalo Express.

TRY CAPUDINE —For Colds and Grip—RELIEVES THE ACHING and FEVERISHNESS. Helps Nature to get right again. Good for Headaches also. —Adv.

Those Women. Patience—She has a pretty mouth. Patience—A mere incident. "Yes, but one that is never closed."

A FRIEND IN NEED. For instant relief and speedy cure use "Mississippi" Diarrhoea Cordia, Price 50c and 25c.—Adv.

Willing to Try. Bix—Can I trust you? Dix—Actions speak louder than words. Try me with \$10.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE FOR THE TIRED. Many war zone hospitals have ordered Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, for use among the troops. Shaken into the shoes and used in the foot-bath, Allen's Foot-Ease gives rest and comfort and makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. Try it today. Adv.

Revenge is Sweet. Teacher—Willie, what is your greatest ambition? Willie—To wash mother's ears.

For old sores apply Hanford's Balsam. Adv. It costs a lot of money to educate girls, and after they graduate very few of them are able to support a husband.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*. In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Juvenile Knowledge. "What is the plural of 'cent,' Johnny?" asked the teacher. "Two cents," was the prompt reply.

DEATH LURKS IN A WEAK HEART, so on first symptoms use "Renovine" and be cured. Delay and pay the awful penalty. "Renovine" is the heart's remedy. Price \$1.00 and 50c.—Adv.

Exceptional Case. "Thinks well of himself, doesn't he?" "I'll tell you the sort of fellow he is." "Yes." "He takes off his gloves to shake hands with himself."

Delicate Woman Is Truly Grateful For Stella Vitae

Mrs. Paralee Frazier, of Longview, Tex., who had been in bad health for two years, writes this heartfelt letter in behalf of this great preparation for women.

"I have taken a few bottles of STELLA VITAE and am now almost well from a long siege of sickness. I cannot say too much for this wonderful medicine. I had taken other female medicines for two years with no good results. I am truly grateful for the good Stella Vitae has done for me." MISS. F. FRAZIER.

STELLA VITAE is guaranteed. If you are not benefited with the first bottle, your money back if you want it. Do not delay. Begin taking it now. At your dealers' in \$1 bottles.

THACHER MEDICINE CO., CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

SAVE YOUR MONEY. One box of Tutt's Pills saves many dollars in doctor's bills. A remedy for diseases of the liver, sick headache, dyspepsia, constipation and biliousness. A million people endorse it.

Tutt's Pills TRY THE OLD RELIABLE WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC For MALARIA, CHILLS & FEVER & FINE GENERAL STRENGTHENING TONIC PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, D.C. Div. of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. Gallstones FREE W. N. U., DALLAS, NO. 14-1916.

COMB SAGE TEA IN HAIR TO DARKEN IT

It's Grandmother's Recipe to keep her Locks Dark, Glossy, Beautiful.

The old-time mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur for darkening gray, streaked and faded hair is grandmother's recipe, and folks are again using it to keep their hair a good, even color, which is quite sensible, as we are living in an age when a youthful appearance is of the greatest advantage.

Nowadays, though, we don't have the troublesome task of gathering the sage and the mussy mixing at home. All drug stores sell the ready-to-use product, improved by the addition of other ingredients, called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" for about 50 cents a bottle. It is very popular because nobody can discover it has been applied. Simply moisten your comb or a soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also produces that soft lustre and appearance of abundance which is so attractive. This ready-to-use preparation is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire a more youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.—Adv.

What It Was.

"There's something in this world besides money." "Yes," said the cynic, "the work-house."

FRECKLES

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots. There's no longer a specialist need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription of this double strength is prescribed to remove these blemishes. Simply get an ounce of this double strength—two from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning, and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the light ones have vanished entirely. It is a cream that more than one woman is so proud to apply to her skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Speaking Literally. "Is that car of yours satisfactory?" "It suits me." "From the ground up, eh?" "Well, not exactly. I've had some tire trouble."

TAKE SALTS TO FLUSH KIDNEYS IF BACK HURTS

Says Too Much Meat Forms Uric Acid Which Clogs the Kidneys and Irritates the Bladder.

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders. You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.

A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.—Adv.

At the Chemistry Examination. Professor—Can you tell me what will happen to gold when it is left uncovered in the air? Student—It will be stolen.

HOW MRS. BEAN MET THE CRISIS

Carried Safely Through Change of Life by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Nashville, Tenn.—"When I was going through the Change of Life I had a tumor as large as a child's head. The doctor said it was three years coming and gave me medicine for it until I was called away from the city for some time. Of course I could not go to him then, so my sister-in-law told me that she thought Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound would cure it. It helped both the Change of Life and the tumor and when I got home I did not need the doctor. I took the Pinkham remedies until the tumor was gone, the doctor said, and I have not felt since. I tell every one how I was cured. If this letter will help others you are welcome to use it."

—Mrs. E. H. BEAN, 625 Joseph Avenue, Nashville, Tenn. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a pure remedy containing the extractive properties of good old-fashioned roots and herbs, meets the needs of woman's system at this critical period of her life. Try it. If there is any symptom in your case which puzzles you, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Would You Spy for Your Country?



WORK that calls for the finest sort of heroism—how one lad died for German cause

Then he started toward the little harbor at the foot of the cliffs. Skirting about the fleet, he reached a small skiff, with its oars in it, tied to a stake. Quickly the lad untied the rope, and, shoving the boat far out, sprang into it. He waited until the force of the shove had spent itself, then, cautiously, began rowing along the beach. He was not strong, however, and it was an effort. But he kept it up for a quarter of a mile. His eyes had grown accustomed to the darkness by now, and he narrowly inshore and pulled his boat after him up on the sandy beach. Then he approached the cliff, and after a search found what he was looking for—a bundle containing a precious rocket. Farther on, in a fissure of a rock, hidden under a large stone, he found his packet of instructions. He had left both bundles hidden there early in the morning after he had been landed by a fishing smack from Spain.

He planted the rocket in the sand and touched it off. Instantly there was a flash of fire and a trail of sparks as the rocket soared upward and burst into a white light. Johann, with his precious packet in the bosom of his shirt, sprang into the boat just as an answering signal, a white rocket, soared upwards from the surface of the water, nearly a half mile away.

The tide had gone out and was almost on the turn, but there was a heavy swell and it was hard work rowing. But scarcely had the lad gotten a hundred yards from the shore when there was a flash of light from the cliffs near the village. It crept out over the water and close to the shore, sweeping and reaching out over the expanse of sea. Far out it caught a narrow black hull and held it a moment. Then it swept closer to shore and in a few moments was focused on the tiny boat beating its way out to sea. Shots were fired from the shore, but the lad, in the midst of the glare, bent far over his oars, straining every effort of his feeble body to fulfill his task.

Somewhere, farther along the coast, the signals of the early evening had been observed, and a coast patrol had been sent to investigate. From the top of the cliff came the sputter of a machine gun, and off to one side the lad, rowing desperately, saw the bullets drop. The submarine was coming closer inshore and, turning his head, he saw several men with rifles on the tiny deck of the monster. From the cliffs there was another sputter and suddenly a sharp pain struck him in the right breast and a sharp hot flow of blood. But it appeared to give him more strength, and with apparently no effort he drove his boat through the water. There were answering shots from the submarine. They were firing at the searchlight on the cliff and at the spurts of flame.

But the dark red spot on the front of the lad's shirt was growing larger. And there were holes in the bottom of the boat, through which the water was spurting in thin jets. Another bullet struck him in the right arm. He gasped, then continued his rowing. A hall from behind him and he suddenly stopped rowing. He had reached the submarine. A rope was thrown to him and the skiff pulled up close to the undersea craft. Kindly hands helped him aboard while the machine gun continued its sputtering and a hall of bullets struck the water nearby. The whole thing had scarcely taken five minutes.

The agent was quickly taken below and he handed his packet to the commander. "My work is done," gasped the lad, trying to choke back the blood that welled up from his lungs. "We did not dare rise to the surface until the next night," continued the officer, in relating the story. "And then we buried him in the sea, where thousands of other heroes have found their resting place in the last few months."

HERE is another class of heroes in this war besides those in the actual fighting zone, of whom the public knows nothing unless an official announcement is made of the execution of some man or woman "convicted of espionage." Thousands of men and women, on both sides, are risking their lives every hour, every minute of the day, in the secret service. And they are doing it for their country. There is no reward for them in their stern duty is laid out before them. They can hope for no reward except the satisfaction of doing their duty. At the best they live through the conflict. At the worst they are captured by the enemy and meet an ignominious death.

It takes as much courage to perform a duty like this as to lie in the trenches day after day and participate in charges against the enemy or defend the trench from the enemy's assault and to be at all times subject to a terrific artillery bombardment or the more dreaded assault with asphyxiating gases.

The man who meets his death in the trenches has at least the consolation of dying amid his comrades and friends—of dying a glorious death. But the spy has not this consolation. Every secret-service agent feels that his death is certain, and that when it comes it will not be a glorious one. For he will die alone, with none of his friends about him. His people back home will not know his fate. He will die alone in a foreign country, not as a hero, but as a spy.

And yet if the annals of the secret service bureau of the various countries were made public, it would tell of wonderful deeds of daring of strength, fearlessness and of physical and mental heroism.

With the arrival of the first German submarines in Constantinople, after the inauguration of the British Dardanelles campaign, there became known a story of the heroism of one of these secret-service agents. His name was not given, and the exact locality where he performed his final act of duty was not told, but an officer of the German U boat related the story to a personal friend.

We will call the secret-service agent Johann. He was a youngster, hardly twenty years old, and a university man, a student at Heidelberg. He always had been weak and delicate, and at the beginning of the war he was not allowed to go to the front. He belonged to a wealthy family, had traveled extensively through Europe, and was an accomplished linguist. He made application to the secret-service bureau and his application was accepted.

He was sent to England. There he passed as an American. He had an American passport and was connected with the English branch of an American concern. How did he do it?

The history of the German secret-service will never be written, and not more than a dozen living persons will ever know its extraordinary scope. The passport proposition and the connection with the London branch of the American concern were more matters of detail with which Johann had nothing to do. It was after he was established in London that his real work

began. He spoke perfect English, but he used an American accent and affected American clothes and mannerisms, for he knew both well enough to affect either successfully.

But at any rate he had worked in the French capital several months, still posing as an American who knew but a few words of French, although he was thoroughly familiar with the French language, when he was ordered to take certain orders to a little French fishing village and deliver them to the commander of a submarine boat which was due there about a certain date on its way to the Dardanelles. The submarine commander had orders to wait off the coast for two nights for the messenger, and if no sign came to proceed on his way to the Dardanelles.

How the secret-service agent did it is not known, but early one morning he was found on the beach tied to a deck chair, and apparently half dead from exposure and exhaustion. Two aged fishermen found him and carried him into a hut.

When partially revived, he murmured a few words in English and then in broken French, from which his rescuers gathered that he had been in some accident at sea. Also that he was an American on his way from Naples to the United States.

As stated, the village was isolated. The nearest city was Marseilles, and it would take several days for news to travel between the two points, especially in that time.

Johann remained in bed the greater part of the day, tended by a fisherman and his aged wife. Toward dusk he insisted on arising and walking out on the edge of the cliff. He still appeared partially stunned, but he explained in his broken French that he thought the fresh air would help to clear his mind.

"You are too weak to walk," exclaimed the old woman. "You must not exert yourself. Tomorrow, perhaps, yes, but not now."

And she gently took him by the arm to lead him back to the cottage.

"Sacre bleu!" suddenly exclaimed her husband and pointed out to sea.

A trail of sparks rose from the black surface of the water, and, ascending high into the air, burst into a white glare. Then darkness. More cries and exclamations were heard, for other fishermen had seen the rocket. Then silence, while everyone waited. In a few moments rose another trail of fire, and a brilliant green rocket exploded high in the air.

"Some of the boats of the fleet are nigh," cried a woman. "It is a part of the war. It has reached us here."

Hour after hour passed. The secret-service agent lay, tense and rigid, with his ear to a crack in the thin partition between his room and that of his hosts. After a while he heard them both snoring. Then very gently he rose, dressed himself, and opened a door, which let him out into the open at the rear of the house.

It was a rather dark night, but there were some stars shining, and, after standing in the night a few moments, his eyes became accustomed to

the gloom. Then he started toward the little harbor at the foot of the cliffs.

Skirting about the fleet, he reached a small skiff, with its oars in it, tied to a stake. Quickly the lad untied the rope, and, shoving the boat far out, sprang into it. He waited until the force of the shove had spent itself, then, cautiously, began rowing along the beach. He was not strong, however, and it was an effort. But he kept it up for a quarter of a mile. His eyes had grown accustomed to the darkness by now, and he narrowly inshore and pulled his boat after him up on the sandy beach. Then he approached the cliff, and after a search found what he was looking for—a bundle containing a precious rocket. Farther on, in a fissure of a rock, hidden under a large stone, he found his packet of instructions. He had left both bundles hidden there early in the morning after he had been landed by a fishing smack from Spain.

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FOR SIMPLE COOKERY

BEAN POTS, CASSEROLES AND RAMEKINS ARE GOOD.

Variety of Leftovers, Including Odd Vegetables, Can Be Used to Make Delicious Combinations, is Assertion Made.

Perhaps the woman who has learned to cook by imagination will find the casserole more useful than the one who cooks altogether by recipes, for the latter often contains various leftovers and odd vegetables which will fit into a delicious casserole better than into any other dish. For instance, the woman who uses ham or ten finds scraps left over from cutting bits of meat which have adhered to the bone and the end which is unavailable for slicing. Often she will utilize these strips for sandwiches, creamed ham, or an omelet for breakfast or luncheon, whereas they could be made into a much more substantial dish well suited to a home dinner. I discovered this while keeping house on a farm ten miles from a railroad when ham was a staple weekly article, and the garden in summer and the vegetable cellar in winter were my chief assets. I used to oil my largest bean pot with ham fat, put in a layer of sliced turnip, then a little minced ham, some parsnips, and more ham, a layer of sliced raw potatoes, some minced onions and shredded cabbage interspersing every layer with ham, a sprinkling of flour and a little salt and pepper. Sometimes a few parboiled beans were added, the ingredients depending on the season of the year. The whole was barely covered with ham liquor or stock and baked very slowly for at least three hours. I have given at length this homely dish because I firmly believe that we Americans are verging in our tastes far too much on the luxuries and should realize the possibilities of the things to be found in every household. Not long ago I tested a recipe in which beef tongue was used, but found myself confronted with the root end for utilization. Into the casserole went these bits of meat, together with some chopped carrots, minced onion, chopped green pepper, tomato, salt, pepper, a few spices, dry bread crumbs for thickening, and a little of the tongue liquor. It was a good casserole, but one truly inspired by imagination and necessity!

The old-time Boston bean pot is an excellent utensil for cooking meats which are cut in comparatively small pieces, as well as fruits and dried vegetables, while the old-fashioned blue and white stoneware, which can be obtained in almost any size, is especially suitable for use in large families and is inexpensive. Probably the most attractive utensil is the ramekin, little sister of the casserole. It is not only inexpensive, but is particularly useful for individual service, not only of savory dishes and vegetables, but of desserts. The family may tie, for example, of creamed corn, but if it is combined with a little leftover veal or chicken, well seasoned, strewn with crumbs, and served in ramekin, it becomes a "new dish." The youngsters may often rebel at such a plebeian desert as bread pudding, but if prepared in ramekins with a little meringue topped with currant jelly it becomes "something new!"—Good Housekeeping.

Lamb Curry. Cut the meat in small pieces (and inferior portions such as the neck can be utilized in a curry), dip in flour and fry in hot olive oil, pork fat or butter until a rich brown. Mince or slice an onion and fry in the same way. Then put into a saucepan, cover with boiling water and simmer until the bones and gristly pieces will slip out. When the meat is sufficiently tender add a cupful each of strained tomato and rice, then a little celery cut fine or celery salt to season, with salt, paprika and a little curry powder. Cook ten minutes longer as served.

Says the Cook. If you want the best pie crust, says the cook, it should be made the day before you wish to use and put into a cold pantry. Then the crust will be flaky and crisp. If you wish to retain the crispness after baking let the pie cool thoroughly before putting away. To improve the top crust of the pie she has found the following very good: Brush it over with water and then sprinkle with granulated sugar. This improves the appearance and makes it brown and crisp.

Codfish Loaf. Crumb enough of the inside of a loaf of bread to measure a cupful and soak these crumbs in a cupful of sweet milk. Shred dried codfish enough to measure a pint, and, after it is shredded, soak it in cold water to freshen it. Add it to the soaked crumbs and add three beaten eggs. Season with cayenne pepper. Put the mixture in a buttered mold and set the mold in a pan of water in the oven. Bake until firm and serve with Hollandaise sauce.

Chicken Croquettes. One and three-quarters cupfuls finely chopped cold chicken, one-half teaspoonful salt, one-quarter teaspoonful celery salt, cayenne, a few drops tabasco, one teaspoonful lemon juice, few drops onion juice, one teaspoonful chopped parsley, one cupful thick white sauce; mix in order given, cool, shape, crumb and fry. Croquette mixture should be as soft as can be handled, so as to be creamy inside when cooked.

Serving Baked Potatoes. Roll each hot baked potato in paper napkin, twisting each end. This serves three purposes: 1. Keeps potato hot. 2. Napkin serves as holder when removing the potato skin. 3. The napkin serves as a receptacle for the unsightly paring or skin. Potatoes served thus wrapped are artistic, especially when placed in a basket upon the table.

German cities have hit on a new scheme for advertising themselves. It is in the form of a brief description of the city on the back of a regular mailing envelope. Harry G. Selzer, American consul at Breslau, Germany, recently sent a sample to the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce at Washington.

Copenhagen has prohibited the wearing of unprotected hats by women in street cars.

Jose Valle-Riestra, a Peruvian composer, who was in this country with the Pan-American Scientific congress delegates, has devoted his life to studying melodies of the Incas, and two operas he has composed, "Ollantay" and "Atahualpa," are based entirely on the musical themes of that aboriginal and superseded race.

Horsehoes filled with rope, which picks up small stones and sand and forms a rough surface, have been invented by a German to help horses on slippery pavements.

Intensity of the tone obtained from a phonograph can be varied by a recently patented needle mounting provided with a counterweight to regulate its pressure.

Judge Henry Hudson of Oklahoma handed his State the New Year's gift of 2,229 new citizens by ruling that all Osage Indians are full citizens of the United States and entitled to all the privileges of such. The decision was incidental to his ruling out a divorce of an Osage chieftain's wife by tribal custom.

A new 6,000-mile coal basin is being opened up by a 500-mile extension to the Siberian railway.

Another Testimonial for CALUMET BAKING POWDER

The President's Wedding Cake

was prepared by Mrs. Marian Cole Fisher and Miss Pansy Bowen, both of whom are known throughout the United States as experts in Domestic Science Work. This Wilson-Gibb Wedding Cake was worthy of the occasion in every respect. Calumet Baking Powder was used in its preparation and both the above named ladies heartily recommend Calumet Baking Powder for its purity, wholesomeness, economy and never-failing results. These ladies use Calumet exclusively in all their work.

Received Highest Award World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912.

A woman can keep a secret all right if it is a good joke on herself.

STOP THOSE SHARP SHOOTING PAINS "Femina" is the wonder worker for all female disorders. Price \$1.00 and 50c.

A small man should never marry a buxom widow. He'll probably be referred to as the "widow's mate."

FOR ITCHING SCALP

And Falling Hair Use Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Trial Free.

When the scalp is itching because of dandruff and eczema a shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water will be found thoroughly cleansing and soothing, especially if shampoo is preceded by a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment to the scalp skin. Free sample each by mail with Cuticura Address: Sample, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

The Authority. "Pa, what is home rule?" "Don't ask me, son. Ask your mother."



A five-pound package of Alabastine, the beautiful wall tint, is mixed with two quart of cold water, stir for about one minute, and Alabastine is ready to apply. New and individual shades of tints can be obtained by combining regular tints.

And when you consider that you obtain the most beautiful, mellow, nature colors, viz., soft buffs, delicate greens, and exquisite blues, or any shade you wish by combining shades of Alabastine, then you will see that Alabastine is one of the most popular wall decorations with millions of Painters and Decorators, Decorators and Women, who take a pride in their homes the world over.

Write for Free Book "The Mystery of the Lost Women" and Free Color Scheme Cards

Special Stencil Offer

Stencils are for better designs. In the regular book you will find over 500 designs. Our new book of 100 designs has been prepared for you. It is a complete book of designs for your home. You should have one for each room in your house. Write for your free copy. Address: The Alabastine Co., 261 Grandville Rd., Grand Rapids, Mich.



Money - Money - Money FOR YOUR SECOND-HAND BURLAP BAGS LIBERAL ASSORTMENTS QUICK RETURNS Deal With Us Direct Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills DALLAS, TEXAS

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TO WIN THE PRIZE
 a horse or in fact any other live stock has got to be in first class condition. And that can only be obtained by supplying the best of feed. To be sure of getting such, better give us your order. We handle only the best, though we charge no more for it



BEN FINDT
WHAT YOUR AUTO NEEDS
 You can get it best here whether it be a wind shield, a horn, a pair of lamps, or a few tools. We specialize in high class supplies, the kind that give so much satisfaction that car owners gladly come back when they need anything in our line.



Brown & Pearce
FOR THE NEW PORCH
 or extension make sure that the roof joists be sound and thoroughly seasoned. You can rip up and replace the flooring any time. You can't do that with the roof. So when building build right. Get our joist, which comes in any size and you'll have a roof that will never cause you any trouble by shrieking or splitting.

South Texas Lumber Company



C. Potts
RETAILOR
 ino, Pressing and
 ing. Guaranteed

SHOOTING PANS
 der worker for all
 \$1.00 and 50c. Adv.
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FOOD NEWS
 ten & Davis
 re a delivery
 will deliver Goods in your
 at the same good old
 Telephone your order.
 Phone No. 9

WITTEN & DAVIS
 LAUNDRY
 worry about wash day?
 Puts send your "washin"
 hotel Steam Laundry. Bask-
 Tuesday and returns Thurs-
 remember the place—phone

Ben Findt pays the high-
 for Hides, Furs and Pelts

PATENTS
 TRADE MARKS
 DESIGNS &c.
 Copyrights &c.
 50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

LOCALS
 Penant Lubricating Oils and Gas-
 oiline, the best on the market, sold
 and delivered by H. H. (Pete) Al-
 lard.

We learn that a good rain fell in
 the Sonora and Eldorado country
 Wednesday night. About a quarter
 of an inch fell at San Angelo. While
 it was very threatening here, only a
 light shower fell.

G. W. Allard who sold his ranch
 a few days ago to A. C. Pearson had
 the county surveyor to make a care-
 ful survey of all the lands sold.

Sam Greer of Garden City is visit-
 ing friends here.
 Herman Everitt and other parties
 caught 4 bass last Saturday which
 weighed 14 1/2 pounds.

J. T. Davis left last Tuesday for
 Waco where he will spend a few
 days looking after his ranch inter-
 ests near Valley Mills.
 Have your shoes neatly repaired
 and they will last twice as long. L.
 Knaecker, Churchill residence. 4t

J. L. Latham this week returned
 from a trip to Menardville and Brad-
 dy. He reports that rain has fallen
 in that country and that the range
 is getting fine.

J. S. Kennelbrew is suffering a dis-
 located shoulder which resulted
 when his automobile turned turtle
 last week.

An epidemic of chicken pox is
 prevailing among the children of our
 public school. It is of a mild form
 and only keeps them out for a day
 or two.

The Baptist ladies will serve lunch
 next Monday to the Tradesday visit-
 ors.

Misses Pauline and Jessie Clare
 Short came home this week from
 Abilene where they had been at-
 tending Simmons College.

Have your shoes repaired. L.
 Knaecker, Churchill residence near
 school house. 4t

Miss Eula Tweedle is now operat-
 ing her dress-making establishment
 up-stairs in the Lowe & Durham
 building.

We learn that one of Mr. and
 Mrs. F. W. Cole's children has devel-
 oped a case of scarlet fever and that
 Dr. Brannan, our county physician,
 has quarantined the patient. Par-
 ents are requested to cooperate in
 preventing the spread of the dis-
 ease.

R. Y. Yarbrough, of Garden City,
 was here last Tuesday after feed-
 stuff and ranch supplies. Mr. Yar-
 brough says that owing to drouth in
 his part of the country, people are
 obliged to feed their stock later than
 usual.

Double the life of your shoes by
 having them repaired. L. Knaecker,
 Churchill residence near school
 house. 4t

**To our Out-of-
 Town Custom-
 ers and Friends**

We are now showing a big line of New Spring Mer-
 chandise at prices to please every one.
 The advance prices have been so great that many
 merchants have very materially increased retail prices.
 Foreseeing the advance we bought extremely heavy at
 old prices and now our customers are given advantage of
 this foresight.
 In Ready-to-Wear Coat Suits, Coats, Dresses, Skirts,
 Shirts, Middy Blouses, House Dresses, Millinery, Gos-
 sard Corsets, Notions, Piece Goods, Silks and Laces.

Shoes
 Our Shoe Department car-
 ries one of the largest, most
 complete line of Ladies' Chil-
 dren's and Men's Shoes in
 West Texas. Expert Shoe
 Men are always pleased to
 show you.

A visit to our Men's department is all we ask. The
 stocks are so complete and prices just what you want
 to pay that to see is to buy.
 If you are a customer of the House we can save
 you some money; if not one, by becoming one, we can
 save you money.
 A cordial invitation is extended to one and all to
 pay this store a visit.
 Mail orders receive the closest attention. All goods
 sent Parcel Post prepaid.

COX-RUSHING CO.
 San Angelo, Texas

MONARCH MILK MAKER
 Composed of 20 per ct. Molasses, 18 per ct.
 Cotton Seed Meal, 61 1-2 per cent. Ground
 Threshed Maize Heads, and 1-2 per cent.
 Ground Rock Salt.
 Protein, not less than 12 per cent.
 Fat, not less than 1.90 per cent.
 Nitrogen Free Extra ct, not less than 50.00 per cent.
 Crude Fibre, not more than 17.00 per cent.
STAMFORD MILL AND ELEVATOR COMPANY,
 Stamford, Texas.
 Try it and increase your supply of milk and butter \$1.50 per 100
 pounds. Sold by Ben Findt, O. K. Wagon Yard. 4t

W. L. FOSTER, PRES. J. S. JOHNSTON, VICE-PRES. J. T. DAVIS 2nd V. P.
 J. S. COLE, CASHIER SAM MAHAFFEY, ASS'T. CASHIER

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK
 OF STERLING CITY**
 Capital \$30,000.00

Accounts are solicited from individuals, who may
 rely upon courteous consideration and the very
 best terms that are consistent with good
 business methods

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE
 Public notice is hereby given that
 by virtue of an order of sale issued
 of Tom Green county, Texas, on the
 11th day of February, 1916, by the
 clerk thereof, on a judgment ren-
 dered in cause No. 2810 on the
 docket of said court, entitled E. K.
 Aly versus Wm. Gallia and A. J.
 Lewis, for the sum of one hundred
 seventy-seven and 99-100 (\$177.99)
 and dated December 14th, 1915, with
 interest thereon from said 14th day
 of December, 1915, at the rate of
 10 per cent per annum, in favor of
 said E. K. Aly, plaintiff, and against
 Wm. Gallia and A. J. Lewis, defend-
 ants, which said judgment is a fore-
 closure of plaintiff's vendor's lien as
 said vendor's lien existed on the 4th
 day of March, A. D. 1914, against
 Wm. Gallia and A. J. Lewis, and
 each of them, on the following de-
 scribed property and land situated
 in Sterling county, Texas, to-wit:
 Lot No. eight in block No. nine
 (9), in the town of Sterling City, in
 said Sterling county, Texas; and
 which said order of sale was direct-
 ed and delivered to me, the under-
 signed, sheriff of Sterling county,
 Texas, on the 8th day of March, A.
 D. 1916; have on this the 9th day of
 March, 1916, levied upon the above
 described real estate, as commanded
 in said order of sale, and will sell
 the same to the highest bidder for
 cash, before the court house door of
 Sterling county, in Sterling City,
 Texas, on the first Tuesday in April
 1916, the same being the 4th day of
 said month, 1916, between the hours
 of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p.
 m. for the purpose of enforcing the
 payment of the sum of one hun-
 dred seventy-seven (\$177.99) and
 99-100 dollars, together with inter-
 est thereon at the rate of 10 per
 cent per annum from the 14th day
 of December, A. D. 1915, and all
 costs of suit and the further costs
 of executing said order of sale.
 Witness my official signature at
 my office in the town of Sterling
 City, Texas, this 9th day of
 March, A. D. 1916.

Dee Davis,
 Sheriff of Sterling County, Texas.

NOTICE.
 Dr. Daly, of Abilene, will be in
 Sterling City, April 7 and 8. Prac-
 tice confined to diseases and surgery
 of the eye, ear and throat, and fit-
 ting glasses. Office at Coulson's
 Drug Store.

**TRADES DAY, MONDAY
 APRIL 3, 1916
 Sterling City, Texas**

**If you want to sell anything
 bring it over.
 If you want to buy, come.**

PROGRAM

Best Window Display by Merchants
 First, blue ribbon
 Second, red ribbon.
 Judges—W. F. Kellis, Mrs. A. C.
 Pearson and Mrs. R. M. Foster.
 Amusements—Forenoon.
 Sack Race—Entrance Fee 25 cents.
 First money, \$2.50
 Second, \$1.00.
 100 yd foot race—Entrance Fee 25c
 First money, \$2.50
 Second, \$1.00.
 Judges—J. T. Davis and two as-
 sistants selected by him.
 Boys' Apple Eating Contest.
 First prize, \$1.00
 Second, an apple.
 Girls' Pie Eating Contest.
 First prize, \$1.00
 Second, piece of candy.
 Judges—Mesdames W. L. Foster,
 F. M. Williams and R. L. Lowe.
 Noon.
 Two hotels, two restaurants and
 probably lunch counters where you
 can get a good dinner.
 AFTERNOON.
 Broncho Rusting—Entrance Fee \$5.
 First money, \$20.00

Second \$15.00
 Third, \$10.00
 We will give \$5.00 to the man
 who will bring in the worst broncho.
 Judges—H. K. Dunn, Walter Mann
 and A. A. Gamble.
 Dixie Picture Show evening and
 night.
 Come and bring somebody with
 you, "speaking the truth, acting the
 right and having all things seasoned
 with kindness."
 And don't forget that each and
 every first Monday following will be
 Tradesday.
 Buy and sell anything from a
 ranch for the stockman to a sand-
 wich for the hungry. Bring in your
 stock and products to sell. The
 merchants will have "leaders" on
 sale. Bring your cash and you can
 get bargains in things you need, as
 "money talks." Bring your fine
 stock for exhibition.
 Everybody come and have a good
 time.

**Ball at Night. A big time
 for everybody. COME ON.**

Hot Water Each Morning Puts Roses in Your Cheeks



To look one's best and feel one's best is to enjoy an inside bath each morning to flush from the system the previous day's waste...

If you want to see the glow of healthy bloom in your cheeks, to see your skin get clearer and clearer, you are told to drink every morning upon arising...

Indorsement. "Is Mayme's gold hair natural?" "Is it? I've known it to deceive a hairdresser."

There is No Art in Taking Medicine. Just follow directions on every bottle of "Plantation" Chill Tonic and see how quickly those dreadful chills will leave you.

Best Ever. "What is the defendant's reputation for veracity?" asked the judge. "Your honor," said the witness...

His Hobby. "Did you ever see one of these hairless Mexican dogs, Bill?" asked one of a pair of tramps by the roadside.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets are best for liver, bowels and stomach. One little Pellet for a laxative—three for a cathartic.—Adv.

President Wilson writes all his speeches and public letters in shorthand before doing them on the typewriter.

BACKACHE AND KIDNEYS Dear Mr. Editor: For the benefit of others, I gladly give this statement regarding the merits of "Anuric."

NOTE.—A new remedy, called "Anuric," has been discovered by Dr. Pierce. It cures backache, headache and the darting pains and aches of rheumatism, kidney and bladder troubles.

Why those Pains? Here is a testimonial unsolicited. Sloan's Liniment for RHEUMATISM, SPRAINS, SORE MUSCLES.

The HOME BEAUTIFUL Flowers and Shrubbery Their Care and Cultivation.



A Beautiful Avenue of Shade Trees.

SPRING IN THE GARDEN

By E. VAN BENTHUYSEN.

Just as soon as the lilac and other spring-flowering shrubs have done blooming, prune them. Cut back to a strong eye or shoot, preserving the characteristic form of the shrub.

Use a sharp knife or scissors when gathering flowers. Early in the morning is the best time, and the blooms not quite developed will last longest.

Make a place for the petunia. It is one of the most accommodating of plants. It makes a fine showing rapidly, grows easily and takes root readily.

As the weather moderates toward spring the double glass in the hotbed sash will not be needed and the top sash can then be dispensed with or used to protect from frost plants that are set out too early.

Look to the trees about the home and carefully destroy all bag cocoons, etc., that promise to develop into pests in the spring.

Don't let the weeds get a foot high and then pull them, disturbing the surrounding flowers, even if none are pulled out.

As to a Friend. "Why doesn't Mrs. Flubdub attend to her own business?" "She can afford to hire a lawyer for that purpose. That gives her plenty of time for more congenial pursuits."

Many a physically tall man is financially short.

PROPAGATING BY CUTTING By W. R. GILBERT.

Where thousands of plants are grown for positions in the open air during the summer, this is an important operation from March onward.

Although decry by some, the scarlet geranium still has hosts of admirers, especially since the introduction of the variety—Paul Grampel.

Good effects can be worked out in ribbon beds, by using different varieties of verbenas in rows. To make an effective design, however, it will be necessary to purchase plants of each color from your florist as seedlings are quite sure to bring plants of all colors common to the verbenas family.

Good Judge. "I take great pride in my ability to judge human nature," said Ike Van Quentin. "A few months ago I let a friend have \$10 and I was confident at the time he would not pay it back. And he didn't."—Kansas City Star.

Well Kept Grounds, Spacious and Attractive.



THE EUROPEAN WAR A YEAR AGO THIS WEEK

March 27, 1915. French captured summit of Hartmannswillerkopf. Violent fighting in the Carpathians. Austrians made gains in Bukovina. U. S. battleship Alabama sent to Norfolk to keep Prinz Eitel Friedrich from leaving. German aviators dropped bombs on Calais and Dunkirk.

CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK, UGH! IT'S MERCURY AND SALIVATE

Straighten Up! Don't Lose a Day's Work! Clean Your Stomach, Liver and Bowels With "Dodson's Liver Tone." Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. Take a dose of the vile, dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work.



That "Wade Right In" Feeling—first thing in the morning—comes naturally with right living. Daily food plays a big part, for unless it supplies proper rebuilding elements, and is properly digested, one's mental and physical power is bound to suffer.