

ADVERTISE IN THE DEVIL'S RIVER NEWS.

VOL. 7.

SONORA, SUTTON CO., TEXAS. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1896.

NO. 318

Jno. W. Hagerlund, James A. Hagerlund, S. J. Palmer.

HAGERLUND BROS. & CO.

In studying our own interests we consider the interests of our customers ---the two are inseparable.

We have now increased our Capital and are doubling our storage capacity, to meet the requirements of our steadily growing trade.

We expect to handle cattle and sheep and Mr. S. J. Palmer will have charge of that department. The management of the store will be as before.

Heartily appreciating the support we have had, for which we are thankful, will say we will strive to further merit it in every way. Respectfully,

HAGERLUND BROS. & CO.

GENERAL MERCHANTS, SONORA, TEXAS.

CITATION.

State of Texas,
County of Sutton.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Sutton County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Texas Western Narrow Gauge Railway company and assigns by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in Sutton county, four weeks previous to the return day hereof to be and appear before the Hon. District Court of Sutton county, for the 51st Judicial District at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the Court House of said county in the town of Sonora, on the 3rd Monday in February A. D. 1897, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court, on the 6th day of October A. D. 1896, in a certain suit, No. 43, in which said suit the State of Texas is plaintiff, and Texas Western Narrow Gauge Railway company and assigns are defendants, the nature of the demand set out in said petition being an action to recover of the defendants the sum of twelve dollars and thirty-two cents being the amount due plaintiff for taxes for the year 1895 on the following described property located in Sutton county, Texas, to wit: 640 acres, abstract No. 629, certificate No. 0-258, survey No. 13, granted to the Texas Western Narrow Gauge railway company by the State of Texas, and that plaintiff's lien on said property be foreclosed. And plaintiff further prays for cost and general relief.

Herein fail not but have you then and there before said court this writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, S. H. Stokes Clerk of the District Court of Sutton county, and seal of said court attached, this sixth day of October A. D. 1896.

S. H. STOKES,
Clerk of District Court,
Sutton County, Texas.

CITATION.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Sutton.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Sutton county, greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon John Gibson his heirs and assigns by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in said County of Sutton for four weeks previous to the return day hereof to be and appear before the Hon. District Court of Sutton County, for the 51st Judicial District, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the Court House of said County, in the town of Sonora, on the 3rd Monday in February, A. D. 1897, then and there to answer a Petition filed in said Court on the 6th day of October A. D. 1896, in a certain suit, No. 41 in which said suit The State of

his heirs and assigns are Defendants the nature of the demand set out in said Petition being an action to recover of the Defendants the sum of Six and 16-100 Dollars, being the amount due Plaintiff for taxes, for the year 1895 on the following described property, located in Sutton County, Texas to wit: 320 acres, abstract No. 101, certificate No. 24, survey No. 11, granted to John Gibson by the State of Texas, and that Plaintiff's lien on said property be foreclosed. And Plaintiff further prays for cost and general relief.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said Court this Writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, S. H. Stokes, Clerk of the District Court of Sutton County, and the seal of said Court attached, this 6th day of October A. D. 1896.

S. H. Stokes
Clerk District Court, Sutton County,
Texas.

CITATION.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Sutton.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Sutton county, greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Beaty, Seal & Forward and their heirs and assigns by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in Sutton county for four weeks previous to the return day hereof, to be and appear before the Hon. District court of Sutton county, for the 51st Judicial District, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the Court House of said County, in the town of Sonora, on 3rd Monday in February A. D. 1897, then and there to answer a Petition filed in said Court on the 6th day of October A. D. 1896, in a certain suit, No. 45, in which said suit The State of Texas is Plaintiff, and Beaty, Seal & Forward and their heirs and assigns are Defendants the nature of the demand set out in said Petition being an action to recover of the Defendants the sum of \$6.16, being the amount due Plaintiff for taxes, for the year 1895 on the following described property, located in Sutton County, Texas, to wit, 320 acres, Abstract No. 16, Certificate No. 1, 303, Survey No. 7, granted to Beaty, Seal & Forward and that Plaintiff's lien on said property be foreclosed. And Plaintiff further prays for cost and general relief.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said Court this Writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, S. H. Stokes, Clerk of the District Court of Sutton County, and the seal of said Court attached, this 6th day of October A. D. 1896.

S. H. Stokes
Clerk District Court, Sutton County,
Texas.

FOUNDING OF ST. PETER'S.

It Began With a Little Oratory Built Over the Apostle's Tomb.

In the deep Mamertine prison, behind the tabular of the Forum, it was customary to put to death only political misdoers, and their bodies were then thrown down the Gemonian steps. "Vixerunt," said Cicero grimly when Catiline and his fellow conspirators lay there dead, and perhaps the sword that was to fall upon his own neck was even then forged. The prison is still intact. The blood of Catiline, of Verceingetorix and of Sejanus is on the rocky floor. Men say that St. Peter was imprisoned here. But because he was not of high degree Nero's executioners let him out and across the Forum and over the Sublician bridge up to the heights of Janiculum. He was then very old and weak, so that he could not carry his cross, as condemned men were made to do. When they had climbed more than half way up the height, seeing that he could not walk much farther, they crucified him. He said that he was not worthy to suffer as the Lord had suffered and begged them to plant his cross with the head downward in the deep yellow sand. The executioners did so. The Christians who had followed were not many, and they stood apart, weeping.

When he was dead, after much torment, and the sentinel soldier had gone away, they took the holy body and carried it along the hillside and buried it at night close against the long wall of Nero's circus, on the north side, near the place where they buried the martyrs killed daily by Nero's wild beasts and in other cruel ways. They marked the spot and went there often to pray.

After that, within two years, Nero fell and perished miserably, scarcely able to take his own life in order to escape being beaten to death in the Forum. In little more than a year there were four emperors in Rome. Galba, Otho and Vitellius followed one another quickly; then came Vespasian, and then Titus, with his wars in Palestine, and then Domitian. At last, nearly 30 years after the apostle had died on the Janiculum, there was a bishop called Anacletus, who had been ordained priest by St. Peter himself.

The times being quieter then, this Anacletus built a little oratory, a very small chapel, in which three or four persons could kneel and pray over the grave. And that was the beginning of St. Peter's church. But Anacletus died a martyr, too, and the bishops after him all perished in the same way up to Eutyebianus, whose name means something like "the fortunate one" in barbarous Greek-Latin, and who was indeed fortunate, for he died a natural death. But in the meantime certain Greeks had tried to steal the holy body, so that the Roman Christians carried it away for 10 months to the catacombs of St. Sebastian, after which they brought it back again and laid it in its place. And again, after that, when the new circus was built by Elagabalus, they took it once more to the same catacombs, where it remained in safety for a long time.

Now came Constantine, in love with religion and inclined to think Christianity best, and made a famous edict in Milan. And it is said that he laid the deep foundations of the old church of St. Peter's, which afterward stood more than 1,100 years. He built it over the little oratory of Anacletus, whose chapel stood where the saint's body had lain, under the nearest left hand pillar of the canopy that covers the high altar as you go up from the door. Constantine's church was found on the south side, within the lines of Nero's circus, outside of it on the north side and parallel with its length. Most churches are built with the apse to the east, but Constantine's, like the present basilica, looked west, because from time immemorial the bishop of Rome, when consecrating, stood on the farther side of the altar from the people, facing them over it. And the church was consecrated by Pope Sylvester I in the year 326.—Marion Crawford in Century.

Edison Curious.
The Electrical Review says that a few days ago Mr. Edison received at his laboratory the hollow eyepieces of a pair of opera glasses with the request that he "fit them with the X rays" and return them to the Vermont sender. Evidently this Green Mountain individual had a desire to see things. Another seeker after the unobtainable, writing from Pottstown, Pa., sent the following matter of fact epistle: "Thomas A. Edison: Dear Sir—Will you please send me one pound of X rays and bill as soon as possible?" This order was filed away with the opera glasses.

Logie In Rags.
"I fine you \$15 for being a vagrant," said the judge. "Have you the money 'o pay the fine?" "Your honor," said the man plaintively, "if I had \$15 I wouldn't be fined as a vagrant."—Brooklyn Citizen.



CHAS. SCHREINER.

WOOL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

BANKER AND DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Headquarters for Ranch Supplies.

KERRVILLE, TEXAS.

Consign Your WOOL To

JACKSON & RICHARDSON,

San Angelo, Texas,

Whose charges are the Lowest—Only 2-1-2 per cent. which covers everything and whose prices are always satisfactory.

Wool Sacks and Twine to our Customers at Cost.

Reasonable Advances Made.

J. P. McCONNELL,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

MAUD S SALOON

Carries the finest line of Wines, Liquors and Cigars in the West.

Every thing first-class. Just the place to treat your friends.

Niagara Whiskey is the Medicine.

STAR SALOON

FRED GERBER & CO.

Handle the Finest Brands of Whiskies, Wines and Cigars, both Foreign and Domestic. Also proprietors of the

SAN ANGELO BOTTLING WORKS,

OF SAN ANGELO, TEXAS.

Manufacturers of and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all goods in this line. Write for prices and list of goods handled.

SONORA and SAN ANGELO

Mail, Express and Passenger Line,

A. J. SAVELL & SONS, PROPRIETORS.

Single trip \$4. Round trip \$6.50.

Tickets for sale at the Post Office Sonora, and at Harris' Drug Store, Angelo

Stage leaves Sonora and San Angelo every day, Sundays excepted, at 7 o'clock a. m. The trip being made in one day.

All business entrusted to our care will receive personal attention. Comfortable Hackes. Low rates on Express parcels.

GO TO THE SANTA ROSA BEER GARDEN,

R. C. McMAHAN, Manager.

FOR A DRINK OF COLD BEER IN A COOL PLACE, WHERE

A PLEASANT HOUR MAY BE SPENT.

BEER, SODA, CIDER, LEMONADE, ETC., ALWAYS ON ICE.

W. H. CUSENBARY.

E. S. BRIANT

CUSENBARY & CO.,

CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,

Drugs, Chemicals, Perfumery, Fancy Toilet Articles, Toilet Soaps, Sponges, Brushes, Combs, Pipes, Cigars, Window Glass, Paints, Putty, Etc. A choice line of WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY. Prescriptions Carefully Compounded. Always Open. AT POST-OFFICE, SONORA, TEX.

THE DECKER HOTEL,

MRS. LAURA DECKER, Proprietress.

Offers the Resident and Traveling Public

THE BEST ACCOMMODATIONS

In West Texas at Reasonable Rates.

Commercial Men put up at the DECKER

Hotel which is sufficient guarantee that

OUR TABLE IS THE BEST.

Livery Stable and Feed Yard in Connection.

SHEEP DIP

—AT—

HARD TIMES PRICES!

We shall soon receive a carload of the world famous COOPER SHEEP DIP and will sell same at slight margin above cost. The best is the cheapest in these times. You cannot afford to experiment with new dips. COOPER DIP is the boss the world over and is still unequalled as a Scab Cure and Wool Improver. It increases the weight and improves the condition and commercial value of the clip.

HAGERLUND BROS.

The proprietors warn sheepmen against repeated imitations of their well-known dip.

Sonora & Junction City

Mail, Express and Passenger Line.

Leaves Sonora Tuesdays and Fridays at 1 o'clock p. m.

Single trip, \$4.50 round trip, \$8.00

G. H. ALLEN, Proprietor.

W. H. DODSON,

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY,

All work promptly attended to. Shop in connection with J. B. Hill's barber shop.

J. M. BABB,

PRACTICAL WATCH-MAKER

AND REPAIRER.

SHOP WITH HAGERLUND BROS.

Santa Fe Route.

The GULF COLORADO and SANTA FE Railway is the best and quickest route to all points in the

Southeast,

North and East.

The direct line to

Colorado, Utah, New Mexico, Arizona, and California.

For rates, maps, folders, or any other information, call on any Santa Fe agent, or address,

W. S. KEENAN, G. P. A.

Galveston, Texas.

W. A. TULEY, T. P. A.,

Dallas, Texas.

Cheap as Dirt.

The James Gillespie residence on Oak street is for sale. Price \$350. Apply at this office or to JAS. GILLESPIE, Ozona.

DEVIL'S PARADISE.
 Medium of the
 Entered at the Postoffice at Sonora,
 as second-class matter.
 MIKE MURPHY, Proprietor.
 SONORA, TEXAS, - October 21, 1896.

H. A. Shurmon, editor of the Concho Herald, of Paint Rock, was married at the Christian Church in San Angelo on Sunday Oct. 18, 1896, to Miss Alvia Reasonover, Rev. G. W. Swofford of Paint Rock officiating. The DEVIL'S RIVER NEWS extends congratulations and best wishes.

The complete registration in New York city was 331,180 and in Brooklyn 207,333, or a total of 538,513. Chicago's registration will be 400,000, or 70,000 greater than New York city's and 133,000 under New York and Brooklyn combined.

The wheat markets have hardly stopped to breathe for the past three weeks, and in that time wheat has advanced 18c per bushel. Flour is now \$1 per barrel higher than it was a month ago, and is higher than it has been since the summer of 1895. In that year wheat sold at 48c per bushel in January and by the following May had advanced to 85c. The conditions this year are said to warrant 90c wheat, while many put the top at \$1 per bushel.

What the complexion of the next senate will be has been agitating the minds of the people in this country for some months past and investigation shows the status to be as follows: The full senate has ninety members. The terms of one-third of the senators expire on March 4th 1897. Of this thirty, 19 are for free coinage and 11 against free coinage. Of the 60 hold over senators, 29 are for free coinage and 31 against free coinage. The New York World then shows that two sound money senators have been elected since the adjournment of congress and gives reasons for the entire 11 sound money senators either succeeding themselves or being succeeded by sound money men and states that no matter what the result of the election sound money can lose no seats and will gain at least three. Free silver can gain no seats and will lose at least three, or probably four or five. The world continuing says:
 Now we are able to look at the Senate as a whole. Upon a basis of certainty, with no allowance for almost certain sound money gains, we get the following result:
 Hard and fast free silver 37
 Absolutely opposed to free coinage 45
 Leaning toward free coinage 4
 Doubtful 4
 This is the best showing a free silverite could make even on the basis of Mr. Bryan's election. If Mr. McKinley is elected the Republican Senators who have stood upon the anti-free silver declaration of the Republican platform will stand with the administration on the money question. Dividing the next senate by many leaderships and giving all seats to the Democrats where there is any hope of Democratic success, we have:
 Republicans 48
 Democrats 33
 Populists and silver party senators 9
 If a free coinage act was proposed, with McKinley President and the Republican party drawn up as a party against it, the seven avowed sound money Democrats would join the forty-eight Republicans. This would reduce the allied silver vote to thirty-five and would swell the sound money vote to fifty-five a majority of twenty against free silver.
 The next senate will have a certain majority for sound money. —New York World.

A union church choir was organized in Sonora recently with 26 members. Miss Abby Miller first organist and Miss Mamie Sue Tom second organist. J. W. Keene first chorister and Mark Baugh second chorister. The choir meets for practice every Monday night at the church. A good choir has been needed in Sonora for a long time and it is hoped that the members will attend regularly and make the choir a success. Mr. Keene is taking interest in the work and there is no doubt that his labors will be rewarded.

Boston Wool Market.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 16.—The Boston commercial Bulletin says of the wool market:

The market shows a slight improvement over the last week chiefly because holders decline to sell. All prices are slightly higher. Since the Maine election Michigan has advanced a full cent, from 14 to 15 cents, and wool is being held all over the country for an advance in case of McKinley's election. In Michigan and Ohio the supplies thus held are large. All holders in Boston are firm in their views, and in view of the continued dullness in manufacturing circles the sales are large. Though foreign wool has recently been reshipped abroad Americans are buying again at the London auctions where competition is keen.

The sales of the week are 2,804,000 pounds domestic, and 771,000 pounds foreign, against 5,509,000 pounds domestic and 798,000 pounds foreign last week, and 4,736,000 pounds domestic and 1,674,000 pounds foreign for the same week last year. The receipts to date show a decrease of 149,265 bales domestic and 135,447 bales foreign.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 17.—United States Consul Meeker at Bradford reports to the State department that over 1,000,000 pounds of American wool was sold in England early in autumn at an average price of 9 cents per pound.

Americans Sentenced.

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 17.—Henry Coleman and John Reed the American cowboys who have been in the Juarez Mexico jail since last spring, were yesterday sentenced to four years each in jail. Coleman and Reed worked for the late Israel King of New Mexico who was held in the Juarez jail until he contracted pneumonia, from which he died a few weeks ago. Coleman and Reed went to Juarez to testify in the King case and were arrested, charged with driving out of Mexico cattle that did not belong to them or to King. The men whose cattle the cowboys are charged with driving out of Mexico testify that Coleman and Reed did not drive out any of the stock.

Col. Buford, United States consul at Juarez, thinks the cowboys have been unjustly sentenced, and he will report the case to the department at Washington.

Tried to Acquit Himself.

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 15.—John Shoddy, for eight years postmaster at Big Springs, Texas, was today convicted in the United States Court here of embezzlement. Shoddy issued money orders for \$1000, appropriated the money to his own use and failed to send advice to officers on which the orders were issued.

After hearing the verdict of the jury Shoddy drew from his pocket three morphine pills and swallowed them before the officer in charge noticed what he was doing. A box containing morphine pills was taken from the prisoner and the officers are of the opinion that Shoddy intended to kill himself. The dose he took done no serious damage.

Tom Martin, of Midland county sold 600 yearlings to a Crosby county buyer at \$13.

R. W. Prosser bought 1,300 head of stock sheep from D. H. Rutledge this week at \$1.20, and 650 head from Bowen at \$1.10. He is in the market for 5000 more.

H. McKenzie bought through J. H. Bedford from the Reynolds Land & Cattle Co., of Shackelford county, 3000 mattons, three and up with wool on at about \$1.75. This is about the best bunch of mattons in the county being graded with Shropshires and in one straight mark.

Webb & Houghton sold to Drumm & Collins all their cattle in the TX and HW Brands in Runnels, Coke and Tom Green counties, numbering about two thousand head, for \$20,000, with the exception of one thousand head previously sold W. Bookler of Austin for \$19 per head. The trade to Drumm & Collins includes their thoroughbred bulls and all their well graded cattle. —San Angelo Standard.

The rains of the past two weeks has kept the candidates housed up pretty much and the dear people have not been bothered very much.

SPECIALISTS OF LARGE INCOMES.

Physicians Who Sometimes Earn Their Fees Easily.

A visit in the morning to the office of any of the specialists who have succeeded in establishing themselves in business in this city will make it clear why so many young medical students are possessed of the philanthropic intention of devoting their careers to alleviating a single human ill.

The usual office hours are from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. During that time from 2 to 20 patients will generally be found waiting their turn in the reception room. The fee commonly charged by specialists of the first class is \$10 for the first consultation and \$5 for each subsequent interview. The physicians who are at the very top in their special branches of the medical profession have a higher scale of fees. From these figures one may calculate incomes of specialists ranging upward from \$10,000, \$20,000 and \$30,000 a year. That is from their office practice in the morning. In addition they have the afternoon in which to visit patients and to perform operations. The fees charged for performing operations are exceedingly high in special cases, so that altogether the specialist is very well rewarded for whatever peculiar skill and knowledge he may have acquired.

The proceedings of one of the interviews between specialist and patient are sometimes of a simplicity surprising to a layman, and the physician seems to earn his fee easily. Not long ago, when it came a man's turn to be admitted into the consultation room of an oculist of high standing in this city, the physician requested him to wait a moment while he attended to another patient. The other patient was then admitted into the room. It was a young girl, who was accompanied by her mother. The oculist merely raised the girl's eyelid, looked at the eye and told the mother to bring her daughter back in three days. For this performance he accepted the usual fee of \$5. The proceeding lasted about one minute.

Often people who are being fitted with glasses are told to return again and again to the oculist, while he goes over the measurements until the patients are profoundly impressed with the conviction that while it is well to be careful it must also be exceedingly profitable.

Oculists are not alone among specialists as regards earning their fees with apparent ease—for instance, some physicians who make a specialty of skin complaints seem to be equally fortunate. The man who saw the oculist charge \$5 for a minute's work told some friends about it. When he got through, his experience was capped by a man who went for treatment to a skin specialist of the same standing as the oculist.

"I had a light attack of eczema," he said. "I went to him, was assured that my case was curable, got a prescription and paid \$10. I never had any trouble since. But the doctor had told me to come back to him in a week, and I went. Then he told me to come back in another week, and I did so. Each visit cost me \$5. Finally I asked him how much longer he thought I'd have to go there. He said about a year. Then I stopped off short and saved about \$260 in fees and haven't regretted it since. The trouble with him was that he cured me too quick."

This physician, like the others referred to, is of the highest standing in his profession, does not advertise and hates quacks. Many of his patients are women, who show less strength of mind than the man who told the story. —New York Sun.

The Zeece.

A single vertical wrinkle between the eyebrows shows strict honesty in money matters. Economy broadens the nose, making it rather short and thick above the nostrils; it gives in age a broad double chin. Lines extending downward from the angle of the mouth toward the chin, when marked, show a tendency to sadness and melancholy. The lines ranging outward from the eyes show capacity for enjoyment, as well as the two deep furrows framing the mouth by the upper lip. The former are the penalty we pay for mirth and form the future channel of the tear. When one has short vertical lines in the red parts of the lips, strongly marked, they indicate a capacity for friendship. If the lips be full, the chin well developed and square, one has much vital power over others, a strong capacity for loving and self-reliant spirit. —Chicago Times-Herald.

Bloodhounds.

The sense of smell in a bloodhound is of very remarkable delicacy. Bloodhounds trace a fugitive by the small portion of animal odor left by his boots or clothing, and so keen is their scent that they will frequently follow with ease a trail 24 hours old. When tracking a man on horseback, they will jump up from the ground and smell at the bushes which he brushed aside in his course.

Oh, welcome, calm of heart and mind! As falls yon fir tree's loosened hind, to have a tenderer growth behind, so fall the weary years away. A child again, my head I lay upon the lap of this sweet day. —Whittier.

The small waists of Frenchwomen are believed by some scientists to be the result of heredity. Ages of tight lacing, they say, has produced a physical peculiarity in the nation.

CITATION.

STATE OF TEXAS, COUNTY OF SUTTON. To the Sheriff or any constable of Sutton county, greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon W. H. Mauldin his heirs and assigns by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in Sutton county for four weeks previous to the return day thereof, to be and appear before the Honorable District Court of Sutton county, for the 51st Judicial District, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the Court House of said County, in the town of Sonora, on the 3rd Monday in February, A. D. 1897, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the sixth day of October A. D. 1896, in a certain suit, No. 42, in which said suit the State of Texas is plaintiff, and W. H. Mauldin and his assigns are defendants, the nature of the demand set out in said petition being an action to recover of the defendants the sum of nine dollars and 24 cents being the amount due plaintiff for taxes for the year 1895 on the following described property located in Sutton county, Texas, to wit: 480 acres, abstract No. 495, certificate No. 1528, survey No. 9, granted to W. H. Mauldin by the State of Texas, and the said property is said to be property of the said defendant, and plaintiff further prays for cost and general relief. Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said Court this writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, S. H. Stokes, Clerk of the District Court of Sutton county, and the seal of said Court attached this 6th day of October A. D. 1896. [Seal] S. H. Stokes, Clerk District Court, Sutton county Texas.

CITATION.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Sutton. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Sutton county, greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon W. A. Harris his heirs and assigns by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in Sutton county for four weeks previous to the return day hereof to be and appear before the Hon. District Court of Sutton county, for the 51st Judicial District, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the Court House of said County, in the town of Sonora, on the 3rd Monday in February A. D. 1897, then and there to answer a Petition filed in said Court on the 6th day of October A. D. 1896, in a certain suit, No. 44, in which said suit the State of Texas is plaintiff, and W. A. Harris and assigns are defendants, the nature of the demand set out in said Petition being an action to recover of the defendants the sum of twelve dollars and thirty-two cents, being the amount due plaintiff for taxes for the year 1895 on the following described property, located in Sutton County, Texas, to wit: 182 acres, Abstract No. 274, Certificate No. 98, survey No. 112 granted to W. A. Harris by the State of Texas, and that Plaintiff's lien on said property be foreclosed. And Plaintiff further prays for cost and general relief. Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said Court this writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, S. H. Stokes, Clerk of the District Court of Sutton County, and the seal of said Court attached, this 6th day of October A. D. 1896. [Seal] S. H. Stokes, Clerk District Court, Sutton county Texas.

CITATION.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Sutton. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Sutton county, greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Jacob Faulkner his heirs and assigns by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in Sutton county for four weeks previous to the return day hereof to be and appear before the Hon. district court of Sutton county, for the 51st Judicial District, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the Court House of said county, in the town of Sonora, on the 3rd Monday in February A. D. 1897, then and there to answer a Petition filed in said Court on the 6th day of October A. D. 1896, in a certain suit, No. 47 in which said suit the State of Texas is Plaintiff, and Jacob Faulkner his heirs and assigns are Defendants, the nature of the demand set out in said Petition being an action to recover of the defendants the sum of twenty-four dollars and 64 cents being the amount due Plaintiff for taxes for the year 1895 on the following described property, located in Sutton county, Texas, to wit:

1280 acres, abstract No. 850, certificate No. 1502, survey No. 14, granted to Jacob Faulkner by the State of Texas, and that Plaintiff's lien on said property be foreclosed. And Plaintiff further prays for cost and general relief.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said Court this writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, S. H. Stokes, Clerk of the District Court of Sutton county and the seal of said Court attached, this 6th day of October A. D. 1896. [Seal] S. H. Stokes, Clerk District Court, Sutton county Texas.

CITATION.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Sutton. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Sutton county, greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon J. A. Reed his heirs and assigns by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in Sutton county for four weeks previous to the return day hereof, to be and appear before the Hon. District Court of Sutton County, for the 51st Judicial District, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the Court House of said County in the town of Sonora, on the 3rd Monday in February A. D. 1897, then and there to answer a Petition filed in said Court on the 6th day of October A. D. 1896, in a certain suit, No. 46, in which said suit the State of Texas is Plaintiff, and J. A. Reed and assigns are Defendants, the nature of the demand set out in said Petition being an action to recover of the defendants the sum of \$1.54, being the amount due Plaintiff for taxes for the year 1895 on the following described property, located in Sutton County, Texas, to wit: 70 acres, Abstract No. 518, Certificate No. 1887, Survey No. 39-10, granted to J. A. Reed by the state of Texas, and that Plaintiff's lien on said property be foreclosed. And Plaintiff further prays for cost and general relief.

ed this 6th day of October A. D. 1896 [Seal] S. H. Stokes, Clerk District Court, Sutton county Texas.

CITATION.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Sutton. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Sutton county, greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railroad company and assigns by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in the County of Sutton, for four weeks previous to the return day hereof, to be and appear before the Honorable District Court of Sutton County, for the 51st Judicial district, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the court house of said county, in the town of Sonora, on the third Monday in February A. D. 1897, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court, on the sixth day of October, A. D. 1896, in a certain suit, No. 48, in which said suit the State of Texas is plaintiff, and the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railroad company and assigns are defendants, the nature of the demand set out in said petition being an action to recover of the defendants the sum of \$4,000.00 and fifty cents being the amount due plaintiff for taxes, for the year 1895, on the following described property, located in Sutton county, Texas, to wit: 160 acres, abstract No. 171, certificate No. 5078, survey No. 13, granted to the G. C. & S. F. Ry company, by the State of Texas, and that plaintiff's lien on said property be foreclosed. And plaintiff further prays for cost and general relief.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said court this writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, S. H. Stokes, Clerk of the District Court of Sutton county and the seal of said court attached this 6th day of October A. D. 1896. [Seal] S. H. Stokes, Clerk District Court, Sutton county Texas.

CITATION.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Sutton. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Sutton county, greeting:

You are hereby commanded, to summon the Texas Western Narrow Gauge Railway company and their assigns by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in the county of Sutton, for four weeks previous to the return day hereof, to be and appear before the Honorable District Court of Sutton county, for the 51st Judicial District, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the court house of said county, in the town of Sonora on the 3rd Monday in February, A. D. 1897, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court, on the 6th day of October, A. D. 1896, in a certain suit, No. 40, in which said suit the State of Texas is plaintiff, and Texas Western Narrow Gauge railway company and their assigns are defendants, the nature of the demand set out in said petition being an action to recover of the defendants the sum of twelve dollars and thirty-two cents, being the amount due plaintiff for taxes, for the year 1895, on the following described property located in Sutton county, Texas, to wit: 640 acres, abstract No. 628, certificate No. 0257, survey No. 11, granted to the Texas Western Narrow Gauge railway company by the State of Texas, and that plaintiff's lien on said property be foreclosed. And plaintiff further prays for cost and general relief.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said court this writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, S. H. Stokes, Clerk of the District Court of Sutton county and the seal of said court attached, this 6th day of October A. D. 1896. [Seal] S. H. Stokes, Clerk District Court Sutton county Texas.

CITATION.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Sutton. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Sutton county, greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon J. A. Reed his heirs and assigns by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in Sutton county for four weeks previous to the return day hereof, to be and appear before the Hon. District Court of Sutton County, for the 51st Judicial District, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the Court House of said County in the town of Sonora, on the 3rd Monday in February A. D. 1897, then and there to answer a Petition filed in said Court on the 6th day of October A. D. 1896, in a certain suit, No. 49, in which said suit the State of Texas is plaintiff, and Texas Western Narrow Gauge railway company and assigns are defendants, the nature of the demand set out in said petition being an action to recover of the defendants the sum of twelve dollars and thirty-two cents being the amount due plaintiff for taxes for the year 1895, on the following described property located in Sutton county, Texas, to wit: 640 acres, abstract No. 764, certificate No. 0641, survey No. 101, granted to the Texas Western Narrow Gauge railway company by the State of Texas, and that plaintiff's lien on said property be foreclosed. And plaintiff further prays for cost and general relief.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said court this writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, S. H. Stokes, Clerk of the District Court of Sutton county and the seal of said court attached, this sixth day of October A. D. 1896. [Seal] S. H. Stokes, Clerk District Court, Sutton County, Texas.

CITATION.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Sutton. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Sutton county, greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon J. A. Reed his heirs and assigns by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in Sutton county for four weeks previous to the return day hereof, to be and appear before the Hon. District Court of Sutton County, for the 51st Judicial District, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the Court House of said County in the town of Sonora, on the 3rd Monday in February A. D. 1897, then and there to answer a Petition filed in said Court on the 6th day of October A. D. 1896, in a certain suit, No. 46, in which said suit the State of Texas is Plaintiff, and J. A. Reed and assigns are Defendants, the nature of the demand set out in said Petition being an action to recover of the defendants the sum of \$1.54, being the amount due Plaintiff for taxes for the year 1895 on the following described property, located in Sutton County, Texas, to wit: 70 acres, Abstract No. 518, Certificate No. 1887, Survey No. 39-10, granted to J. A. Reed by the state of Texas, and that Plaintiff's lien on said property be foreclosed. And Plaintiff further prays for cost and general relief.

Lovelace & Duke,
General Blacksmiths,
 Wheelwrights and Horse Shoers.
 Give us a Trial. All work Guaranteed
 Shop at Wyatt's old stand on Main street, Sonora, Texas.

C. J. NICHOLS,
Builder and Contractor,
 Estimates Furnished on Application.
 SONORA, - TEXAS.

McCleary & Clark,
 Windmill Builder and Repairer,
 Dealer in Piping and windmill fittings. Country orders promptly attended
 SONORA, TEXAS.

C. F. ADAMS & CO.
 General Agents for the sale of
 Or Trading in
 Live Stock And Ranch Property.
 SONORA, SUTTON CO. TEX.

RANCH SALOON
GEO. S. ALLISON, Pro.,
 KEEPS ON HAND OLD PHILADELPHIA CLUB WHISKEY
 *AND THE FINEST WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
 EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS. GIVE US A CALL.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said Court this writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, S. H. Stokes, Clerk of the District Court of Sutton County, and the seal of said Court attached, this 6th day of October A. D. 1896. [Seal] S. H. Stokes, Clerk District Court, Sutton County, Texas.

CITATION.

State of Texas, County of Sutton. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Sutton County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Texas Western Narrow Gauge Railway company and assigns by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in Sutton county, four weeks previous to the return day hereof, to be and appear before the Hon. District Court of Sutton county, for the 51st Judicial district at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the Court House of said county in the town of Sonora, on the third Monday in February A. D. 1897, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court, on the 6th day of October A. D. 1896, in a certain suit, No. 49, in which said suit the State of Texas is plaintiff, and Texas Western Narrow Gauge railway company and assigns are defendants, the nature of the demand set out in said petition being an action to recover of the defendants the sum of twelve dollars and thirty-two cents being the amount due plaintiff for taxes for the year 1895, on the following described property located in Sutton county, Texas, to wit: 640 acres, abstract No. 764, certificate No. 0641, survey No. 101, granted to the Texas Western Narrow Gauge railway company by the State of Texas, and that plaintiff's lien on said property be foreclosed. And plaintiff further prays for cost and general relief.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said court this writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, S. H. Stokes, Clerk of the District Court of Sutton county and the seal of said court attached, this sixth day of October A. D. 1896. [Seal] S. H. Stokes, Clerk District Court, Sutton County, Texas.

Minstrel Show.

The Sonora Minstrels will give a show on the night of Oct. 31st for benefit of the churches one-half of proceeds to go to Methodist and Baptist church and one-half to the Episcopal church. Reserved seats, 50c. General admission 25c, children 15c.

NERVOUS Troubles are due to impoverished blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the One True Blood Purifier and **NERVE TONIC.**

Financial Definition.

In response to many inquiries as to the meaning of expressions commonly used in the discussion of issues involved in this campaign, the N. Y. Press has prepared the following brief table of terms and equivalents:

Free Coinage:—The melting and stamping into money, without charge for the service, of all silver bullion brought to the mints.

Sixteen to One:—The ratio sought to be maintained by law, according to which sixteen ounces of silver shall equal in value one ounce of gold.

Commercial Ratio:—The ratio of actual value, the rate at which gold and silver can be exchanged. It is now thirty-one ounces of silver to one of gold.

Sound Money:—A currency of which every dollar is exchangeable at par with the standard dollar of the country—in this country a gold dollar.

The Gold Standard:—The measure of value adopted by the leading nations of the world as a basis for their currency—the coin (gold) in which all obligations are finally redeemable.

A Fifty-Cent Dollar:—One which, owing to the depreciation of silver, is intrinsically worth only this amount, and maintains its face value only by reason of the Government's pledge to keep it at a parity with gold.

J. S. Miles sold for Godfrey Miller to Sam Runkles 200 yearling heifers at \$8 50.

P. Nation bought from Godfrey Miller through J. S. Miles 650 two-year-old steers at \$14.

J. S. Miles sold to P. Nation for Jim Henderson 300 steers 4's and up at \$26.50.—San Angelo Enterprise.

J. W. Hill and W. A. Wright have formed a law partnership, and the firm of Hill & Wright, composed of two of our strongest legal lights, have entered on what will undoubtedly be a most successful career.—San Angelo Standard.

YOU ARE INVITED

To attend the—

GRAND BARBECUE

To be given at—

SONORA, on OCT. 31st.

To the people of the Sonora Country. The barbecue in non-political. It is expected, however, that speakers will be present to address the people on the issues of the day.

Remember the Minstrels Saturday night at the Court House

THE SECOND

GRAND BALL

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE

Sonora Fire Department

WILL BE GIVEN AT THE

COURT HOUSE

IN SONORA, ON THE NIGHT OF

Friday, November 6th, 1896.

THE PROCEEDS TO BE DEVOTED TO THE FUND.

ADMISSION: GENTS, \$1, LADIES FREE.

Tickets on Sale at all Business Houses.

Music Furnished by Prof. J. B. HILL'S Sonora String Band.

Committees:

Door Keepers—CARL ATKINSON, JOHN McCLEARY.

Arrangements—D. H. BURROUGHS, W. H. MOON.

Floor Management—T. D. NEWELL, GEO. TRAWEEK, MAX MAYER, FELIX VANDER STUCKEN.

THE SAN ANGELO NATIONAL BANK,
SAN ANGELO, TEXAS.

Capital Paid in - \$100,000.
Surplus Fund - \$25,000.

Offers to Depositors all the Accommodations which their Balances, Business and Responsibility Justify.

M. L. MERTZ, President. C. W. HOBBS, Vice-President.
A. A. DeBerry, Cashier.

John Blanks. F. M. Wyatt.
BLANKS & WYATT,
LIVESTOCK AND FEED STABLE.

CAREFUL ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL OUR CUSTOMERS.
MAIN STREET, NEXT TO WYATT'S HOTEL.

DEVIL'S RIVER NEWS,
PUBLISHED WEEKLY.
Advertising Medium of the
Stockman's Paradise.

Subscription \$2 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.
Entered at the Postoffice at Sonora as second-class matter.

MIKE MURPHY, Proprietor.

SONORA, TEXAS. - October 24, 1896.

Dr. H. Guernsey Jones,
PHYSICIAN, OBSTETRICIAN & SURGEON.
SONORA - TEXAS.
Country calls promptly answered.
Office at Residence.
N. W. Cor. Public Square.

DR. H. G. COLSON,
Physician, Surgeon and Obstetrician.
Office at Casenberry & Bryant's drug store. Residence on Poplar Street.
All calls promptly answered.
Sonora, Texas.

Christian Meeting.

Rev. John S. Durst of the Christian Church of Junction City, will begin a protracted meeting at the church in Sonora on Saturday Nov. 7th. Rev. Mr. Durst is said to be an eloquent divine and all are invited to attend this meeting.

The cheapest place.—The Pioneer Drug Store, San Angelo. 38 tf

J. B. Hill's cottage in east Sonora is completed but the family has not yet moved in.

For a pleasant smile, a good smoke and genial company, make Zenker & Maier's your head quarters while in San Angelo.

J. W. Keene's residence on Main street is beginning to take form. It would have been nearly completed this week had it not been for so much rain.

Rheumatism is a foe which gives no quarter. It torments its victims day and night. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and cures the aches and pains of rheumatism.

Hood's pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable, sure.

T. D. Newell has the inside track on marriage licenses or anything pertaining to the clerks office as he is helping S. H. Stokes this week during the rush of business.

Goodness, honesty and value, shows in the BUCKSKIN BREECHES; doesn't matter if you wear the strongest kind of critical spittachs, you can't discover a loose button, a weak seam or a trippable corner or pocket. They wear longer and fit better than any other Jeans Paris on earth. We guarantee this. Look for warranty in pocket.

Hagerlund Bros. have Buckskin Jeans in all sizes. 27.

Announcements.

The following rates will be charged for announcing candidates for office:

District - - \$15.00
County - - 10.00
Precinct - - 2.50

Strictly Cash in Advance.
These rates include the printing of candidates name on the general election tickets.

The DEVIL'S RIVER NEWS is authorized to announce the following candidates for the office specified:

For Congress:
Geo. H. Noonan.

Tax Assessor:

A. J. Swearingen as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Sutton county at the ensuing November election.

M. B. Atkinson as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Sutton county at the ensuing election.

Steve Murphy as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Sutton county at the election on November 3rd, 1896.

J. W. Patton as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Sutton county at the November election.

W. R. Rudick as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Sutton county at the November election.

J. M. Bell as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Sutton county at the ensuing election.

For County Judge.

J. O. Rountree as a candidate for the office of County Judge of Sutton county at the ensuing election.

L. N. Halbert as a candidate for the office of County Judge of Sutton county at the November election.

Gus A. Batts as a candidate for the office of County Judge of Sutton county at the ensuing election.

Sheriff and Tax-Collector:

J. P. McConnell as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff and Tax-Collector of Sutton county at the election in November.

J. L. Davis as a candidate for the office of Sheriff and Tax Collector of Sutton county at the election on the 3rd of November.

J. E. Fulcher as a candidate for the office of Sheriff and Tax collector of Sutton county at the election in November.

For Treasurer.

John W. Hagerlund as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Sutton county at the general election on Nov. 3rd.

W. H. Casenberry as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Sutton county at the ensuing election.

For Clerk.

J. B. Hill as a candidate for the office of District and County Clerk of Sutton county at the ensuing election.

S. H. Stokes as a candidate for re-election to the office of County and District Clerk of Sutton county at the ensuing election.

Justice of the Peace and Commissioner.

W. A. Stewart as a candidate for re-election to the office of Justice of the Peace and Commissioner of Precinct No. 1, at the November election.

Robert English as a candidate for the offices of Justice of the Peace and Commissioner of precinct No. 1, at the ensuing election.

P. Hurst as a candidate for the office of Commissioner and Justice of the Peace of precinct No. 1, at the ensuing election.

For Commissioner.

O. T. Word, as a candidate for Commissioner for Precinct No. 2, at the November election.

O. H. Wood as a candidate for Commissioner of Precinct No. 2, at the ensuing election.

Sam Merck as a candidate for county commissioner of precinct No. 3 at the ensuing election.

W. A. Holland for Commissioner of precinct No. 4.

For Constable.

James Carothers as a candidate for Constable of precinct No. 1, at the ensuing election.

Mark Tallaferro as a candidate for the office of Constable of precinct No. 1, Sutton county, at the ensuing election.

Rams For Sale.

I have at Sonora 80 head of fine acclimated Delaine Rams for sale at low prices. Robt. Anderson.

\$1,000 Will Buy

The C. C. Lemen property in West Sonora. Good 3 roomed house, stable, etc. Fine well of water, fitted up with a 12 foot Aermotor windmill, 8000 gallon galvanized iron tank. Lot 300 x 200 feet well fenced and one acre of it in cultivation, Peach trees, etc.
Apply to
C. C. LEMEN,
Sonora, Texas.

Born on Oct. 14th 1896 to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas G. Gilbert a girl.

D. R. Holland the well-known cattleman was in town this week.

Jo Turley the cattleman was in Sonora this week.

Dock Joy was in from the North Llano this week for supplies.

G. D. Felton of San Angelo is in the Sonora country on business.

R. T. Baker the cattleman from the North Llano was in Sonora this week trading.

S. C. Martin and Wm. Terry from the North Llano were in Sonora Wednesday.

W. A. Glasscock the Schleicher county cattleman was in Sonora this week for supplies.

Grady Wallace the Franks Defeat country sheepman was in Sonora Wednesday.

Born at Ozona to Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Williamson on Oct. 14th a boy.

W. J. Fields the cat stahn took advantage of the fine weather and came to town Tuesday.

J. W. Putnam the sheepman was in town this week for supplies.

C. T. Turney the cattleman returned from a business trip to San Antonio Monday.

Joe T. Gurley and daughter Miss Ollie, of Ozona were in Sonora on a short visit this week.

Don Cooper one of the successful young cattlemen of the Sonora country was in town Tuesday.

Sam Merck the candidate of precinct No. 3, was in Sonora Tuesday for supplies and electioneering.

B. B. McKenzie of Burnet county sold to G. W. Whitehead & Sons 1000 stock sheep at \$1 a head.

Miss Agnes Black of Liva Oak Park, Schleicher county is in Sonora the guest of her sister Mrs. H. G. Jones.

Fred Kessler the popular young manager of the Maud S returned from a pleasant weeks visit to San Angelo Monday.

Carr Cheney the well driller was in Sonora this week. The wet weather is delaying the work on John Boyd's well.

Mat Karnes the sheepman from the mouth of the Maud and Sonora districts was in town this week in Sonora this week trading.

C. C. Smith one of the DEVIL'S RIVER NEWS' old friends was in Sonora from his ranch in Edwards county Tuesday for supplies.

T. J. Moss the well-known and obliging sheepman of Edwards county was in Sonora for supplies Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McKee were in Sonora from their ranch in Crockett county this week trading.

John McKee and Hank Silvey the cattlemen from the Franks Defeat country were in Sonora this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jo North moved into one of Gus A. Batts houses Friday where they will remain until their own home is completed.

O. H. Wood the well-known sheepman was in Sonora this week for supplies. O. H. looks to the future with encouragement. He is a strong believer in sound money and protection.

Charlie Singleton while working cattle at the Vermont Ranch in Schleicher county Monday had the misfortune to have his leg broken by his horse falling on him. Dr. H. G. Jones of Sonora was sent for and set the wounded member.

Geo. B. Black when returning from court at Red Springs recently matched a nice trotting race with Stanley Green to be raced at Sonora Christmas for \$30 a side. The race is to be trotted with teams now in the possession of Messrs Black and Green.

Clyde Bell second son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Bell returned from an extended visit to his grand parents at Bowie Texas, Friday. Clyde is about 9 years of age and made the trip to and from Montague county without accident or inconvenience.

Aea Robertson the wellknown and successful raiser of fine cattle from the lower edge of Sutton county was in Sonora this week. Aea thinks his younglings next year will be better than they were this year. If they are they will be hard to down.

Taylor at Guest's

Sonora's successful and talented young attorney S. G. Taylor addressed the voters at the Guest school house in precinct No. 2, on Saturday last on the political issues of the day. Owing to the muddy condition of the roads and the fact that the rain had delayed work with many of the ranchmen there was not a very large attendance. Mr. Taylor has devoted much time and research to the financial issue involved in this campaign and is an enthusiastic believer in bimetalism and has entered whole souled into the advocacy of free silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 as approved by all the silver forces and particularly the Chicago platform of the democratic party. He also believes in protecting the raw material of the producer as long as the manufactured article is protected. He is secretary of the Sonora Bryan and Sewall Club and is earnestly working for the election of Jas. L. Shyden to congress from this the 12th district of Texas. Should Mr. Taylor continue to take interest in politics as he does at present it will be but few years till his voice may be heard in the legislative halls of the country. Mr. Taylor is a forceable speaker and those who hear him cannot fail to recognize his sincerity. The friends of free silver in the Sonora country are proud of Sam Taylor.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Wyatt on Saturday Oct. 24th 1896 a boy.

John Keton and his sister Miss Lou were in Sonora this week the guests of the Wyatt Hotel.

D. Swift the stockman from Edwards county has moved his family to their home in Sonora.

Tobe O'Neal the cattleman from the Franks Defeat country was in Sonora Monday for supplies.

On Monday the cattle receipts at Chicago ran to 19,000 of which 13,000 were Texans.

It is a hopeful future of the situation that Bryan and McKinley continue to go to church Sundays.

The lumber is on the ground for Jo North's new home but the work of building has been delayed by the rains.

The entertainment given by the ladies of the Episcopal church Friday night was a grand success. Further particulars next week.

Rev. A. Rooney of the Episcopal church will hold services at the court house at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m. Sunday. All are invited.

T. T. Thomason & Bro. have 85 head of Spanish Merino rams for sale. These rams are native raised and are one and two years old.

O. H. Wood who represented Precinct No. 2 in the County commissioners court for several times has consented to again become a candidate for that office. His name will be seen in the announcement column.

Go to SAM BUNKLES' Moss House saloon, under Hotel San Angelo, for fine Imported Brandies, Imported Claret, California Orange wine, fine liquors and cigars. 17-tf

FACTS AND FIGURES

Tell the Tale.

Our steadily growing trade has induced us to purchase the **Largest Stock of Fall and Winter Goods** ever shown in Sonora.

Our buyer being in the Eastern markets has taken advantage of the

Great Bargains Offered Every Day caused by the Money Panic in the East, and has secured the best and most complete assortment of

Ladies Dress Goods, Trimmings, Ladies and Misses Trimmed Hats, Ribbons all of the Latest Designs, Capes, Jackets, Mens and Childrens Clothing, Boots and Shoes at VERY LOW PRICES

And we propose to give our trade the **Best Bargains** ever offered in Sonora.

Our buyer having been an experienced Milliner has selected a beautiful line of **Ladies Trimmed Hats** and our always ready saleslady, Miss Florence Felton, will take pleasure in showing you through the line.

All we ask is a trial. Inspect our goods and prices. All goods marked in plain figures. Special attention given to Mail Orders. Samples cheerfully sent on application.

Very Respectfully,

Mayer Bros. & Co.

GENERAL MERCHANTS

SONORA, - TEXAS.

Thoroughbred Spanish Merino rams raised by T. T. Thomason & Bro. for sale. They are one and two years old. See them before buying others.

Private Detectives.

We want one or two young men in this country to represent us as private detectives. Money for the right man. Experience unnecessary. Address with stamp, Texas Detective and Protective Agency, San Antonio, Texas. 13 12t.

WOODFORD (1881)

WHISKEY

is the finest article that has ever sailed over the San Angelo bars. No headache guaranteed. For sale only at the **Corner Saloon San Angelo.**

DEVIL'S RIVER NEWS,
PUBLISHED WEEKLY,
Advertising Medium of the
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Subscription \$2 A YEAR IN ADVANCE
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MIKE MURPHY, Proprietor.
SONORA, TEXAS, - October 24, 1896.

KATY'S QUESTION.
"Way down in the battercup meadow
I saw a white lamb sleep today.
And close by her side, in the clover,
A dear little lamb was at play.
Does the sheep mamma love her white lammy,
Just as you love me? Say, mamma, say?"
"Yes, Katy, yes,
So I guess."
"In the orchard, up in the old pear tree,
There are four little birds in a nest;
Will you says they belong to the robin
That has a red leg or her breast set.
In all the great, wide world of birds,
Does she love her own birdies the best?"
"Yes, birdie, yes,
So I guess."
"The last time I played in the garden
There was just one red rose to be seen,
But today there's a tiny pink rosette
Wrapped up in a blanket of green.
Does the rose want to kiss baby Rosebud
When she tries so far over to lean?"
"Yes, baby, yes,
So I guess."
"Last night I peeped out at the window
Just before I repeated my prayer,
And the moon, with a star close behind her,
Was walking high up the sky.
Did God make the little star baby
'Cause the moon was so lonely up there?"
"Yes, darling, yes,
So I guess."
—The Church Standard.

The Well to Do Choctaw.
"There are few sections in the world that can say no pauper is a member of it," said G. R. Jackson, national secretary of the Choctaw Nation, "but I have the honor to represent just such a people. There are no poor Choctaws. Every man has land, and, if he has not money, he at least has the United States government as a creditor, and those debts will be paid. Even a better scheme of paternal government than that of Bellamy, if it was adorned with modern art and refinement, can be found in that of the Choctaws. While there are no destitute, there are some criminals, most of whom are renegade whites, but it is a remarkable fact that when a Choctaw violates the law and is sentenced to death such are his honor and reverence for authority that he can be released upon his own recognizance with safety. He will return at the time appointed for execution. There are many things about the tribal government that would be valuable if properly studied and understood." Mr. Jackson, who is a full blooded Choctaw, is a graduate of Roonoke college and represents his nation as to its important interests at Washington. He is a dignified, courteous gentleman, who stands high in Indian councils.—Washington Star.

Borrow as a Missionary.
Strangest of all missionaries was George Borrow. He had a genius for language, a gift of style and an inveterate love for horse dealing. Like Carlyle, he had a singular power of reading the inner man from his outward garb and bearing. Like Carlyle, too, with all his literary gifts and attainments, Borrow was at heart the peasant adventurer—of the eastern counties—and was never really at ease in higher society. His theology never sits easily upon him. In his missionary work he has the oddest way of persuading himself that it is his duty to follow his wildest caprices, as when he makes a journey to Cape Finisterre, which he longed to see, to leave there a single copy of the New Testament, and he gives thanks most piously for his neighbors' misfortunes. "After traveling four days and nights we arrived at Madrid without having experienced the slightest accident, though it is but just to observe, and always with gratitude to the Almighty, that the next mail was stopped" (Volume 2, page 217).—Academy.

Famous Baths.
Marie Antoinette's bath, which was prescribed by her doctor, was a compound of aromatic herbs mixed with a handful of salt. She took it cold in summer and tepid in winter. Later on Mme. Tallien had brought every morning to her house 20 pounds of strawberries and two pounds of raspberries, which were washed in her bath of warm milk and water. Another preparation, used by the eastern women, is composed of barley, rice, horrage, thyme and marjoram boiled together and then thrown into the water. Ninon de l'Enclos took a bath every night in which there was salt, soda and three pounds of honey mixed with milk, all well beaten in tepid rainwater.—Philadelphia Press.

Baron Rothschild includes in his "Personal Characteristics" the reply of the Marquis de Bièvre to Louis XV: "I hear that you make jokes on every subject. Well, make one on me." "Your majesty is not a subject."

An alien may file a caveat for an invention or discovery provided he has resided within the United States for one year and has given notice of his intention to become a citizen.

The manner of a vulgar man has freedom without ease and the manner of a gentleman has ease without freedom.—Chesterfield.

The papille on the tips of a lady's fingers are three-millionths of an inch smaller than those on the fingers of a man.

The archbishop of Canterbury ranks immediately after the members of the royal family.

Nervous

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Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and they have done me much good. I will not be without them. I have taken 13 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and through the blessing of God, it has cured me. I worked as hard as ever the past summer, and I am thankful to say I am well. Hood's Pills when taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla help very much." Mrs. M. M. MESSINGER, Freehold, Penn. This and many other cures prove that

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THE PETRIFIED CITY.

Explorers Have Failed to Find the Fabled Town.
Among cities of fable the petrified variety was interesting. We have it in most parts of the world. Our prosaic islands knew it, but as a submarine curiosity. In the days when London enjoyed the presence of an ambassador from Tripoli that personage astonished the Royal society once at least. The famous traveler, Dr. Shaw, had mentioned the story of a petrified village near Cyrene. Scientific people derided it; scientific people upheld it. In short, a discussion arose. Some members of the Royal society, recollecting that there were grave and responsible inhabitants of Tripoli within reach, put the question before the ambassador. He explained with a vengeance. One of his friends, a person, of course, whose honor could not be impugned, was well acquainted with the spot. Shaw made a great mistake in describing it as a village. City was the proper word. The walls inclosed an exact circle, numerous streets crossed at right angles, with shops and avenues of trees, and a noble castle stood in the midst. In the shops and streets were people variously employed—the gentlemen noted in especial a baker and his customers, leaves in hand, a woman suckling her baby, etc. He entered the castle and found a king, or somebody of rank, lying on a gorgeous bed, with guards about him. Animals abounded, such as donkeys, camels, oxen, sheep, birds. But everything was stone of a peculiar bluish tint, even the money lying on shop counters and in people's hands. Witness brought a quantity away, and the ambassador regretted that he could not find some pieces presented to himself at the moment. A description was forthcoming, however. The coins were as large as English shillings, with a horse's head on one side and writing in unknown characters on the other. A happy little touch represented that many of the figures had lost head or limbs—petrifications will not endure forever, of course. The Royal society expressed warm gratitude for this communication.

It is scarcely worth while to seek the origin of a fable which is sufficiently explained by the vagaries of imagination. That it was localized at Cyrene, among countless other spots, may be due to the existence of a large and well preserved necropolis there, with many statues erect in Shaw's time, if not now. He himself made a long and perilous journey to Harnam, in Numidia, where, as the Arabs avouched, a Bedouin encampment was on view, surrounded by oxen and sheep, all turned to stone. In this instance no shadow of foundation for the legend could be found. But it was so widely diffused in those days that rumors of the marvel reached the court of France, and M. le Maire, consul at Tripoli, received instructions to inquire. He employed some janizaries, who undertook to bring away a petrified Bedouin, but they pointed out, very reasonably, that a full grown specimen would be too heavy. The consul declared that a baby would satisfy him, to begin with at any rate. After many months, during which his interest was kept up by frequent drafts for expenses, the janizaries returned, and, sure enough, they had a stone baby—a very pretty one, too, for it proved afterward to be a little statue of Cupid, found among the ruins of Leptis. They had broken off the wings and quiver. Bruce also was tempted to visit this spot, called Rai-Sem, and Captain Smyth of her majesty's ship Adventure went in search of it, but in another direction. The sultan of Fezzan told him a story so much like the ambassador's that he traveled, full of hope, nine days through a desert country. In this case, however, there were really buildings and bas-reliefs of men and animals, if not statues.—London Standard.

A Gentle Hint to Her Guests.
The Empress Frederik unwittingly brought on herself the hostility of the Prussian army by a course she took, or that was taken in her name, when she was crown princess. The crown prince gave a great military dinner soon after his father came to the throne. Officers of all grades were invited. Some of those who were then subalterns are now hoary headed generals and cannot speak of the circumstance without getting red in the face with anger. When they had all sat down to dinner, a gentleman of the court went round to say that her royal highness particularly desired officers not to eat with their knives. It is not usual in good English society to eat with the knife, but Germans and Poles do not see that it is enough to stamp a man as vulgar.—London Truth.

A Man of Resource.
"I come to see if I could get 50 cents to go and see my pore old father," said the ragged one doubtfully.
"Say," said the client, "you must have forgotten that you had told me you were an orphan."
"Orphan? Oh, yes. This here half dollar is to go into a spiritualist meeting."—Indianapolis Journal.

Soothing.
Alice—Oh, Edith, the honeymoon is beginning to wane. Percy called me plain Alice today.
Edith—And yet you are not so very plain, dear.—Detroit Free Press.

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SLAUGHTER OF THE GALILEANS.

It was Pilate's custom to come to his official residence—a kind of palace for public business—during all feasts, and he was there that day, but he was in a very ugly frame of mind. Such men as Ben Nassur, aided by zealots from other places, were arousing their followers more and more from hour to hour until at last an angry multitude swarmed around the gates of Pilate's house, cursing him in the name of the law and of the temple. They clamored for the restitution of the treasures taken from the priests, the cessation of the aqueduct work, which the fall of the tower so plainly declared to be wicked, and they furiously demanded the removal of the temple guards.

The Roman governor had not the least idea of granting any of these demands, and he determined to teach the angry Galileans a lesson. He sent to his camps for a large number of soldiers. They were not to come in armor, but in ordinary clothing, and were to be armed only with clubs. Strong men can do a great deal of damage with heavy cudgels, but Pilate's idea was to express in this way his soldierly contempt for a Jewish mob. His men were ordered to surround it and to wait for such commands as he might give them.

Cyril's fear of the rabbi and priests grew stronger as he drew near the temple. There was no other place on earth, he believed, where a sacrifice to God could be offered as solemnly as upon the brazen gold ornamented altar of burnt offering, which he and his father were soon to see.

Louder and louder grew the sounds of the tumult in the open space before the governor's palace, but Cyril and his father could no longer hear it, for they were now in the outer court of the temple. They advanced toward the steps leading up to the gorgeously gilded portals of the inner court. Here they were met by a Levite, to whom Ezra at once handed the fleecy offering which he had brought and had so far carried in his arms. During several minutes, however, there had been strange sounds beyond the gate of the outer court, and they were fast growing louder. Ezra and his son would have paused to listen, but the Levite led the way into the inner court, and they followed. In a moment more Cyril could see the smoking altar, the splendidly arrayed priests, the chanting Levites, the swinging censers and all the grand appliances of the temple worship. Everything was splendid beyond his imaginings, but he could not look at it for more than a moment. Behind him, surging through the gate into the outer court, filling that space and then pouring on into the inner court, came a shouting, shrieking, maddened multitude.

Pilate's club men had been doing their brutal work only too well, and, if his soldiers carried clubs only, other enemies of the Galileans—and they were many—had seized this opportunity, for steel blades were flashing among the pursuers. An angry mob was now pitilessly smiting down the Jews who had protested so zealously for the temple and the law.

They did not pause at the gate of the inner court, but in a moment more there were slain Galileans lying among the bodies of the animals prepared for sacrifice, and the revenge of Pilate upon those who had upbraided him was becoming terrible.—W. O. Stoddard in St. Nicholas.

The first trip had been successfully made. After an ovation the train returned to Manchester with Edward Entwistle's hand upon the throttle. The railway for the transportation of freight and passengers by steam power had become a fixed and demonstrated fact.

The line being opened for general traffic, young Entwistle was given charge of the Rocket and for two years made two round trips every day between Liverpool and Manchester—one in the forenoon, the other in the afternoon. The work so wore on the youth that he asked to be relieved, having grown nervous and unwell. Stephenson at first said that Entwistle was but an apprentice and would have to stay anyway, but Entwistle promptly replied that he had not been apprenticed to run a locomotive. Through the efforts of Stephenson he was secured a place as second engineer on one of the coasting steamers of the Duke of Bridgewater. On that vessel he completed the last three of his seven years' apprenticeship and remained one year thereafter.

Then, being 22 years of age, he determined to come to the United States. He landed in New York in 1837.—Chicago Record.

Business Is Business.
A short time since a workman employed by a wealthy firm of manufacturers in Birmingham committed suicide. On behalf of the man's widow and child the firm was asked to state what money was due to the deceased, but no satisfactory statement could be obtained, and ultimately a solicitor's letter was sent. To this the firm replied that the sum was in their hands, which they forwarded, less 1 penny for postage.—London Truth.

The and ities that soothe and heal are scattered at the feet of flowers.—Wordsworth.

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RAN THE FIRST LOCOMOTIVE.
An Iowa Man Who Was Engineer on the Rocket of George Stephenson.

For 40 years Edward Entwistle has had his home on a lot which he purchased for himself upon his coming to Des Moines. Edward Entwistle was born in 1815 at Tilsley's Banks, Lancashire, England. At the age of 11 he was apprenticed to the Duke of Bridgewater, who had large machine shops at Manchester, 11 miles from the lad's birth-place and home. The first railway for general passenger and freight business was completed in 1825 between Manchester and Liverpool, a distance of 31 miles. The Rocket, the first locomotive or passenger engine, was built under the direction and according to the plans of George Stephenson in the works where young Entwistle was serving an apprenticeship. He was to be an engineer, and he closely watched the work.

When the road was built and the engine completed, Stephenson looked about for a man to run the engine. The foreman of the shops was consulted, and after a day or two reported that he had no man to recommend, but that if Stephenson would take the young apprentice, Entwistle, the foreman would recommend the lad. The duke's steward was applied to and gave written permission for Entwistle to go with Stephenson. When he was notified, after all these arrangements had been made, it was the first intimation Entwistle had that he was to be placed in the service. He did not flinch from it, but rather enjoyed the opportunity.

The formal opening of the road was to take place on Monday, and on Sunday young Entwistle and Stephenson took the Rocket out for a private trial trip. They ran over about one-half of the track of the road alone. All worked well, and they had no fear as to the final result. On the day of the formal opening of the road immense crowds gathered, not only at Manchester and Liverpool, but all along the 31 miles of track. The Duke of Wellington, many other distinguished noblemen, members of the cabinet and stockholders in the new road were present.

The passenger coaches were built in the first year of the road, similar to the stage coaches of those days, and three of them were attached to the Rocket. They were filled with distinguished persons, stockholders and their personal friends.

Stephenson and young Entwistle took charge of the engine, and a successful start was made toward Liverpool amid the cheers of the thousands of observers of the new wonder. All was well until the train was approaching Grand Junction, from where a branch road was building to Bolton. Close to that point a terrible accident happened. Among the distinguished passengers was Mr. Huskisson, a member of the cabinet a stockholder and promoter of the new road. While bowing in response to the cheers of the multitude he in some manner slipped and fell and was run over and killed by the coach following. The body was taken up and carried to Liverpool in the train.

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THE MASTERY OF PAIN.

Chloroform and Its Introduction Into the Practice of Medicine.
No event of the century has effected humanity so widely and so intimately as that crowning triumph of medical science which Sir Benjamin Richardson calls the "mastery of pain." The boon of anesthesia extends far beyond the domain of steam engine or telegraph and touches the individual more closely than anything in the world when his hour of suffering comes, as it may come to any of us at any moment. And in the popular view anesthesia means chloroform, whatever experts may think of the superior merits of other substances. People know that dentists use "gas," and some may have heard of ether or even of bichloride of methylene, but the household word is chloroform. Fifty years of usage have given it an unassailable position, and if a new anesthetic were to displace it tomorrow the old name would probably remain. Yet chloroform was not the first anesthetic discovered, nor is it so much used in the present day as its less famous predecessors. The early history of this great discovery, as of many others, is debatable ground, but certain facts have been clearly established.

The first chemical agent found to possess the property of producing insensibility by inhalation and used for that purpose was nitrous oxide, more familiarly known as "laughing gas" or simply "gas." It is still considered the safest and is administered every day to thousands of patients, not only for dental purposes, but in conjunction with ether for general surgery. To Priestley belongs the honor of identifying it chemically, to Sir Humphrey Davy that of expounding its anesthetic properties. He found them out by experimenting on himself, and suggested their practical application in these words: "As nitrous oxide, in its extensive operation, appears capable of destroying physical pain, it may probably be used with advantage during surgical operations in which no great effusion of blood takes place."

If any one deserves to be called the father of anesthesia, it is Sir Humphrey Davy. But the surgeons of this day, whether from blindness, timidity or prejudice, appear to have missed the significance of his announcement altogether, for, though the words just quoted were published in the year 1800, no practical use of the gas was attempted until 1844, and then the initiative came from America.

In that year a Connecticut dentist named Horace Wells submitted himself to the ordeal and had a tooth extracted under the influence of nitrous oxide. The next step was the introduction of ether, and the credit of this also belongs to America. It lies between two Boston gentlemen named Morton and Jackson, but some attempt was made to keep the discovery a secret for commercial reasons, the only result of which was to bury the facts in obscurity and to deprive the real discoverer of the honor that more straightforward conduct would have secured to him. The secret was immediately detected by Dr. Bigelow and sent over to England, where the leading surgeons of the day—Liston, Lawrence and Ferguson—took it up at once in their hospital practice. Sir Benjamin Richardson has described in the most graphic manner how the good news came to Glasgow, where he was studying at the time, and how great was the excitement in the profession. Ether, the second anesthetic in priority, is still the most also in point of safety and in the favor of the anesthetists at the present time.—Boston Herald.

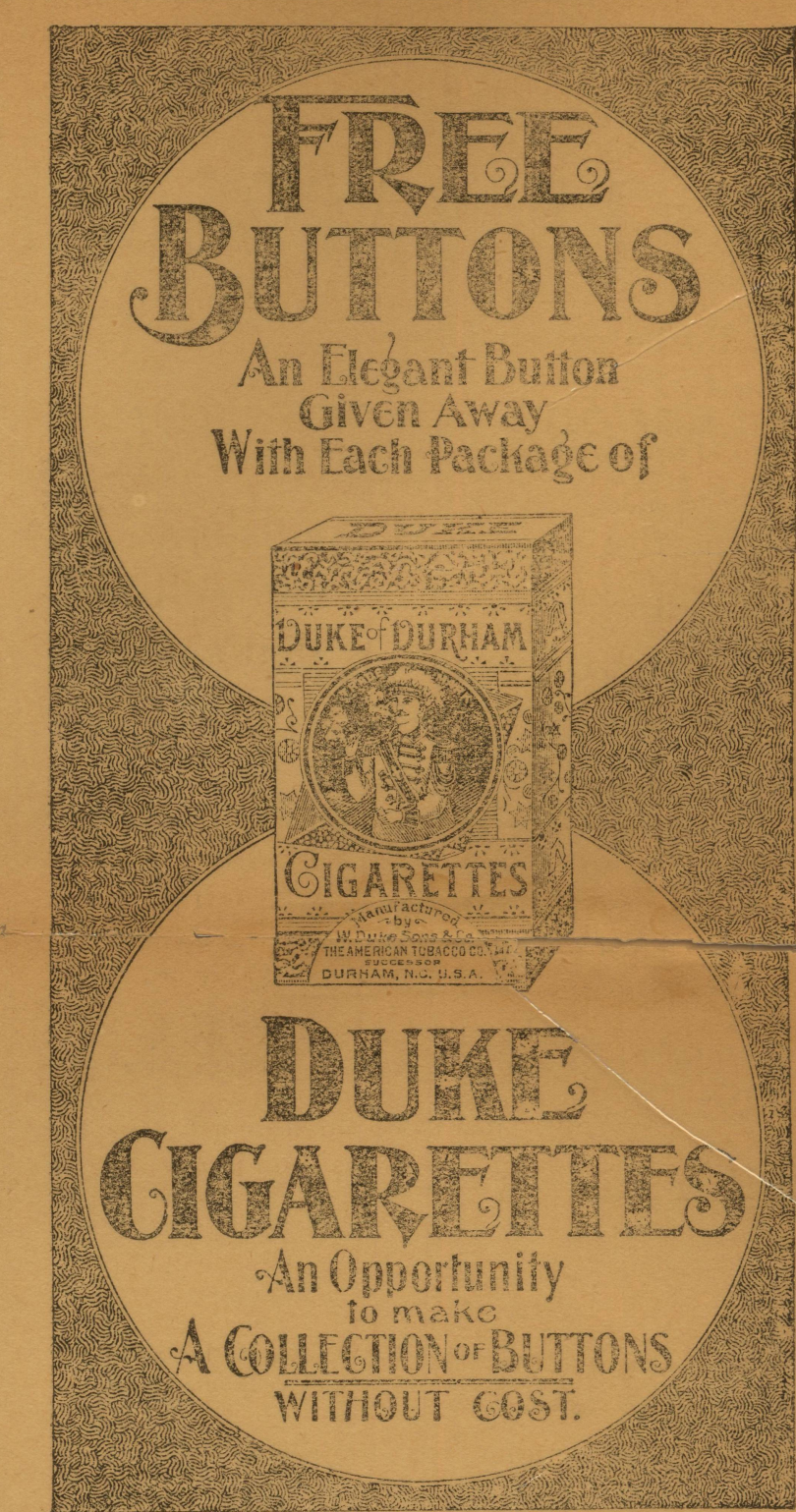
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CHURCH DIRECTORY.
METHODIST.—Rev. M. Coppedge Methodist minister of the Sonora Mission will attend the following regular appointments:
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Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30.
Union Sabbath school every Sunday at 9 o'clock a. m.

The Juvenile Aid Society will meet on Saturday at 7:30 p. m. before the second Sunday.
Remember revival services will be held on each 2nd and 4th Sunday evening in each month during this conference year.

BAPTIST.—Rev. H. Q. Kendall Pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:15 p. m., on the first and third Sundays in Sonora, also preaching and conference on Saturday night before the first Sunday.
Preaching on fourth Sunday and Saturday night before the fourth Sunday in Ozona.

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