

The Weekly Sentinel.

HALTOM & HALTOM, Publishers.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 Per Year

VOL. V

NACOGDOCHES, TEXAS, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1904.—10 Pages

NO 39

PRESCRIPTIONS AS PERKINS FILLS THEM

Every prescription that comes here is filled from the purest drugs obtainable, and carefully and skillfully compounded just as the doctor orders it.

"Perkins" on a prescription is like "Sterling" on a piece of silver.

Perkins Bros

The people who fill your prescription like your doctor writes it.

Of Interest to Readers of Sentinel.

Next week we will have a change of ad for you, something more that will interest you. So read carefully this advertisement once more, and remember it is facts we advertise. Many have visited our store during the past two weeks saying "I have seen your big talk in the paper and want to price around." With out one exception we sold them and they went away praising Tucker & Zeve as a firm who sell goods and do things as they advertise. A visit from you will be appreciated.

Tucker & Zeve.

If you want a wagon you can't do better than buy a Schuttler, a Studebaker, a Linstroth or an Improved Espenschied. Cason & Richardson have all four of these. See them.

A New Remington Hammerless Shot Gun to exchange for corn. Apply to Engledow at Sentinel office.

Mr. Frank Goldsberry, of Caro, was married Sunday at Allentown, Louisiana, to Miss Eva Hood. The bride and groom spent last night in this city on their way to Caro, which will be their future home. Mr. Goldsberry is a popular young business man, a native of Nacogdoches county and well known in Nacogdoches, where he has held responsible positions with the leading commercial concerns of the city. His bride is also well known here, where the family lived many years until they recently moved to Allentown. She is a most attractive, beautiful and lovable young lady and is a favorite with a large circle of intimate acquaintances here. May sunshine and prosperity ever attend the happy young couple.

For Sale.

Fine pair young work mules. Good size and condition. 2tw Cason & Richardson.

27 TRUNKS

To close out at prices never made before on Trunks. All fresh and new goods.

Our \$16.00 Trunks	Special price.....	\$12.00
Our \$14.00 Trunks	Special price.....	\$10.00
Our \$12.50 Trunks	Special price.....	\$ 8.50
Our \$10.00 Trunks	Special price.....	\$ 7.00
Our \$ 9.00 Trunks	Special price.....	\$ 6.00
Our \$ 6.50 Trunks	Special price.....	\$ 4.00
Our \$ 4.00 Trunks	Special price.....	\$ 2.75

Come early and get your choice.

COX & WADE.

SUDDEN DEATH.

Mr. Phillip Teutsch Striken While Riding in a Buggy.

Saturday a personal appeared in The Sentinel that Uncle "Milton" Teutsch was visiting Nacogdoches on a business trip. It should have read Phillip, instead of Milton. Mr. Teutsch was apparently in the best of health while in the city, and he left about 9 o'clock in company with Mr. F. P. West in a buggy. When they had reached about half the distance between Nacogdoches and Melrose Mr. Teutsch pressed his hand against his breast and exclaimed that a severe pain had struck him. That was the last spoken by him and in a few seconds he was dead.

Mr. Teutsch was quite an old man, probably past 70, but he was still a sufficiently vigorous man to follow his trade as a blacksmith and he ran a little shop at Melrose. He was quite popular and beloved by the people of Melrose. He is connected with the Teutsch family of this county, but had only lived here about eight years, coming here from Kentucky where he raised a family and where his children still live. He was an uncle of Mr. J. E. Tuetsch of this city. His remains were interred at Melrose Sunday.

Last Call.

To the Fruit and Truck Growers Association of Nacogdoches, Texas.

This is my last call for the year 1904 as regards fruit and truck. Next Saturday, Oct. 1st, 1904, is the annual election of officers and I hereby request that every one interested will be present, and meet promptly at the court house at 2 o'clock p. m. and a room will be secured for said meeting. I will tell you something about my trip to California, and how those people are doing business. I am satisfied it will do you good. In the first place, the acreage has got to be increased sufficiently to let the people know we have something for the markets. Then the buyers will hunt us, and I think there will be no trouble to sell good stuff. At least that is the case where I investigated. I don't feel inclined to ask space for any further details along this line. My time expires Oct. 1st, and I do urgently request that everybody that is in any way connected in this matter to be present at the time stated in this call. I am sure if the business is properly managed that satisfactory results can be obtained. Come out Saturday, Oct. 1st, 1904. J. A. Pirtle, Pres.

Stolen.

A bay mare about 8 years old, 15 1-2 hands high, long black mane and tail, long scar on right foreleg made by barbed wire. Stolen from Shepherd Aug. 29th. \$25 reward for her return to me. Address any information to me at Shepherd, or A. J. Spradley, Nacogdoches, Texas. R. Cole. d-w Shepherd, Texas.

Get a genuine Victor or a Kentucky cane mill from Cason & Richardson.

DISTRICT COURT NOTES.

Important Cases Set For Trial During Present Term.

Judge Simpson, of Tyler, is presiding this week, having exchanged places with Judge Davis, who is trying cases in which Judge Simpson is disqualified.

The Frank Forney murder case was tried yesterday, and the jury brought in a verdict of acquittal.

The following felony cases have been set for trial:

Charley Roberts, murder, set for Tuesday, Oct. 4th.

Mrs. M. A. Miley, murder, set for Wednesday, Oct. 5th.

Dr. A. M. Denman, rape, set for Tuesday, Oct. 11th.

Goober Earle, murder, set for Tuesday, Oct. 11th.

Cal Scott, murder, set for Wednesday, Oct. 12th.

Will Whitaker, murder, set for Thursday, Oct. 13th.

W. D. Heath, forgery, eleven cases, set for next Monday, Oct. 3rd.

The grand jury have returned indictments in only four felony cases up to this date.

The Cox and Scott cases will be called tomorrow.

The case against Obey Dennis, charged with assault to murder, was dismissed yesterday on motion of State's attorney.

G. G. Russell, who is now in jail at Franklin, has been indicted for forgery. Russell's uncle, Mr. Lewellen, of Tennessee, was here a few days ago, and returned the money obtained by Russell on a forged check from J. R. McKinny at the Banita hotel. Russell's father is the county judge of some county in Tennessee, and is a prominent man and leading citizen of his section of the state.

Berry Patton, colored, was arrested yesterday on an indictment for assault to murder.

The grand jury has returned a bill of indictment for murder against H. V. Fall, growing out of the killing of a negro boy in Mr. Fall's water melon patch this summer.

Miss Teresa Watkins, daughter of Prof. G. I. Watkins, formerly of Nacogdoches, died at their home in Overton last Saturday. The family has the sincerest sympathy of many friends and the patrons of the schools here where the Prof. taught so long, in their sad affliction. Miss Teresa was a most estimable young lady, just passing the threshold of womanhood, and her untimely death is a severe blow to those who loved her, and is deeply regretted by all who knew her.

Rose Lake trees grow.

Cason & Richardson have sold out four sets of Victor and Kentucky cane mills and Evaporators in the past 60 days and have received their second car. They have the two best mills made.

Bring us all your Nut Cracker tobacco tags at 25 cents per hundred. Will sell you Nut Cracker tobacco at 37 1/2 cents per pound by the caddy, for cash.

H. J. Burke, Rose Lake trees grow.

We claim to have the largest stock of

Genuine Victor and Kentucky CANE MILLS.

Espenschied, Linstroth, Studebaker and Schuttler WAGONS,

Buck's STOVES,

FURNITURE and BUGGIES

In East Texas and to make the prices right. If interested call on or write us.



1904	THE CAMPAIGN IS ON.	1904
We are for you first last and all the time. If you vote for us we both get elected. See?	<p>The State and National platforms have been adopted, and they point with pride to former great deeds, and outline for the future a policy liberal and loyal.</p> <p>OUR PLATFORM</p> <p>Expansion—We believe in the achievement of greater things, and our increasing business shows that this is a cardinal point with us. Good goods, reasonable prices, fair and liberal dealings do the work.</p> <p>Sound Money—Makes things move. Its all sound, (single standard or double standard, all look alike to us) and what we want is more of it. We believe in quick sales on small profits, that makes business, and safe business makes Sound Money.</p> <p>Protection—We shield our customers from unfair treatment, and shoddy goods. We guarantee full stock, good measure, high grade workmanship and satisfaction, will protect you against unreliable outside (away from home) dealers if you'll stay with us.</p> <p>Trusts—The people trust us for fair and impartial dealing. It has become widely known that we handle only high grade merchandise. We do not have a monopoly on good goods, but we keep no other kind, and while we do not seek to throttle competition, we always make it interesting for our competitors.</p> <p>The Labor Question—We do not feel ourselves above the laboring man, for that's just what we are. We toil early and late to provide a good living for ourselves and families, and at the time provide the public with a first-class trading place. We strike for more business, and are satisfied when you give us a portion of your trade.</p>	Vote our ticket straight and see the good old times of long ago. Good goods at reasonable prices is bound to win. That's our ticket.
1904	This Platform is safe and mutually beneficial.	1904

We would be pleased to have you make our store your headquarters when in town and get better acquainted with our way of doing business—and if you are not already a customer of ours you will be after you have looked our Fall and Winter stock over.

SEALE & DONEGAN

Outfitters for Men, Women and Children

Weekly Sentinel.

HALTOM & HALTOM, Proprietors.

R. W. HALTOM, Editor

For President
ALTON B. PARKER
of New York.
For Vice President
HENRY G. DAVIS
of West Virginia.
For Congress
M. L. BROOKS
of San Augustine.

TOM WATSON is an entertaining performer but it is now generally understood that for the purposes of this campaign he is merely a fiddler in the Roosevelt orchestra.

CHAIRMAN Taggart, himself a citizen of Indiana, has had the entire state polled so far as that it is practicable and now gives it out unqualifiedly that Indiana will go democratic.

THE democratic campaign book is out, and if you need "fax and figgers" to prove that the republican lease of the government should be cancelled next November by all means get a copy.

THE national campaign is waking up at the North where the real battle is to be fought, and democratic leaders and managers in that section are manifesting a faith and confidence in success they didn't feel four years ago.

AN army of democratic spellbinders will be at it in the doubtful states of the North from now on until the eve of the election. The list included nearly every able-bodied democratic orator of national repute in the country.

CONFEDERATE Veterans have been doing the right thing for the best interest of the South ever since the close of the civil war, and now they are denouncing lynching in the strongest terms as a brutal and shameless expression of barbarism that must be put down at any cost. No class of men can better voice the best sentiment of the South for they represent the best of Southern manhood.

DR. KNAPP the representative in Texas of the Department of Agriculture in the boll weevil campaign, stood sponsor for the Gautamalian ant as an exterminator but has now repudiated it. He says: "I do not think the ant proposition is very practical on account of the great length of time it will take to propagate enough of them to make any perceptible effect on the vast cotton acreage of this great state."

THE FORT WORTH RECORD is not up-to-date on horticulture. It says that the Elberta peach of East Texas is "almost equal to the California peach." We join with the Palestine Herald in denouncing this statement as absurd. It is more than absurd—it hardly falls short of treason, and to say the least it reveals most astonishing ignorance in a Texas newspaper professing to be well informed about the state and its resources. It is a matter of common knowledge that the Elberta brings more money in the northern market than the California peach, and that is a conclusive test of comparative merit.

MR. FAIRBANKS has issued his letter accepting the republican nomination for vice-president—but as it is merely an echo of what his running mate said before him it hasn't attracted much attention. Mr. Fairbanks is a nice man and a good citizen, but he is cold and clammy and the great American people do not enthuse over a temperature of that kind.

THE supreme court of New York is doing well by the democratic party this year. It gave its chief justice as the democratic nominee for president, and now it has given one of its associate justices, D. Cady Herrick, as the democratic nominee for governor of the pivotal state of New York. The two judges will probably go up or down together, with the chances growing in favor of the former.

WACO is one of the great school towns of Texas and many young men from various parts of the state whose characters are in the formative period, gather there every year to get their education. For this reason, if for no other, the Waco authorities do right to wage relentless war on the horde of gamblers in that city and drive them all out. This much is the imperative due the patrons of the schools.

HERE is an incident just reported by the Associated Press from Chicago which may help the people of that section to a more charitable view of some of the difficulties encountered by the Southern people in dealing with the negro question: "Resenting an accidental collision between himself and Charles Myres, Calvin Linden, a negro, tonight shot Myres through the head, killing him instantly. He then turned the weapon against men who came to the aid of Myres, shooting George Denards in the back and Guy Jones in the shoulder.

THE railroad damage suit industry works much injustice to the roads at times; but it has been productive of vast benefit to all concerned in compelling the roads to use the utmost vigilance and diligence to make their service as near perfect as possible and thereby avoid all causa for damage suits. And it is right that they should do so, but it is doubtful if they would but for the damage suit held in terrorem over them. There is a good deal of human nature in railroad corporations even though they have no souls.

HERE is a pen portrait of Judge Parker drawn by that masterly artist, Henry Waterson, which deserves to be carefully inspected, especially by those democrats of the luke warm variety who seem to suspect that the democratic nominee for the presidency isn't up to their standard of a democrat: "He belongs to none of the factions. He is a democrat. That is all. He is a democrat as Tilden was a democrat. He is a democrat as all of us are democrats who love truth for truth's sake and hate hypocrisy, lying and

cant. He is no man's man. Under his wise, benignant and just rule the humblest of democrats will require no chalk-mark. Though twenty years a justice on the bench he is up-to-date on every political issue of the time. Though living apart from the haunts of men, he is in close touch with all the currents of life and thought. He is a healthy-minded man, a wholesome-bodied man, a right-hearted sensible, matter-of-fact man, nothing spectacular or eccentric about him; the best man we have had at the front in thirty years, and exactly the kind of leader wanted to take the helm of state and steer the ship away from treacherous waters, to go into the Augean stables and to clean them out."

IT has been left for Professor T. B. Harris, a colored school teacher in Belton, to lift his voice against an evil not only in Texas but in the entire South which has been endured so long that it has acquired almost the immunity of a venerable and cherished institution. In a recent letter to a Belton paper Prof. Harris says among other things, that "too many negro families are fed from the white man's kitchen and it ought to be stopped." Every white family in the negro belt of the South knows this to be true, but while it may be possible to reform the tariff, restore bimetalism, discover the North Pole and navigate the air, it may well be doubted if this generation or its successor will succeed in stopping the leaks in the white man's kitchen to which Prof. Harris has referred in terms of such eloquent simplicity. The labor problem in the South is undoubtedly aggravated by this notorious and widespread evil, for Mr. Buck Nigger in thousands of instances firmly declines to toil when his services are besought, so long as his female consort continues to carry back and forth with her from the white man's kitchen the modest little tin bucket which looks so harmless and means so much for her arrogant lord lolling in the shade at home. Much has been said in praise of "the tin bucket brigade" and how to increase it, meaning thereby the long files of working men on their daily way to shop and factory, each with his dinner in his bucket, but there is another tin bucket brigade fastened on the South like the Old Man of the Sea, and it is but another form of the "white man's burden," and by no means the least, which Rudyard Kipling did not suspect when he wrote his poem.

AMONG the Texas truck-growers who recently visited California to inspect methods and conditions there with a view to improvement of our own trucking interests was Mr. Dudley White, a gentleman well known in this section as a close and intelligent observer, and in the following taken from an interview when he returned, he gets right to the point and says things which can not be too well memorized by the truck and fruit growers of Texas: "Heretofore, as is well known, shipments have

been made from this section without any regard whatever to quantity or quality, and as a natural result the growers here lose heavily. I need cite only to one instance to prove the condition. A certain eastern market was offering \$1.75 for tomatoes. The Texas shippers as a whole directed their shipments to this market. The result was the market became glutted, and the shippers were forced to sell their products for even 25 cents. Again, the Californians have the most rigid rules for classifying and packing their stuff; in short, they will not permit anything to go to market bearing the California brand that is not as good as it is represented. In this way they have established a good name, and it has paid them to do so. On the other hand, the Texas shippers have been very careless indeed in both shipping and classing, and as a result Texas products are placed at a great disadvantage."

THE other day near Temple, on the Santa Fe, a fireman on a freight train saw a baby on the track in front of the advancing engine which the engineer was trying in vain to stop. He ran out over the running board of the engine, leaped from the pilot to the track, seized the baby, jumped from the track and handed the infant to its mother who paralyzed with terror was standing by, tipped his cap to her, got back on his engine and went on his way. There is a real hero for you—the genuine article without military trimming.

THE Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company has demolished and removed its station buildings at Roma, a town of 600 people, in the Indian Territory, and issued orders terminating permanently all business relations with the place. This order was the outgrowth of opposition from the town to the employment of non-union telegraph operators who have been stationed there since the recent telegrapher's strike began. The officials of the road complain of the ill treatment of their operators, residents even refusing to receive them as boarders. Not a shingle was left on the depot site.

GOVERNOR TERRELL, of Georgia has issued a proclamation in which he says that the courts and juries of that state had better get a hustle on them in the matter of punishing the mob ruffians who trample the laws of Georgia under foot and burn human beings at the stake, for if they don't it is not impossible that the United States government may step in and take charge of the business. Mobs may defy the state authorities and treat their laws with contempt, but they can't run over Uncle Sam. United States marshals running down the members of a mob and dragging them into United States courts may not be a desirable state of affairs and it not consistent with local self government, but it is better than the utter barbarism of mob law.

Boll Weevil Sacrifice Sale.

We bought our goods expecting an immense cotton crop but instead of cotton we have boll weevils. This makes us feel shaky. Goods piled from front to back, from floor to ceiling, in the shelves, on the counters, on the floor, and still they come. They must be sold. Come. They are yours at

Boll Weevil Prices

Men's and Boys's Shoes

One lot worth \$1.50 to \$2.00, boll weevil pr. \$1.10	One lot children's shoes worth 75c to \$1.25, boll weevil precet. 50c
One lot worth \$3.00 to 3.50, boll weevil price 2.50	One lot, all sizes, worth 75c to \$1.25, at actual cost. 65 pairs ladies' slippers worth \$1.50 to 3.00. 75c
All regular stock at regular prices.	Beautiful line of ladies shoes, regular price \$1.50 to 2.00, boll weevil pr. \$1.10
One lot of boys regular \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75, boll weevil pr. \$1.00	

Men's and Boys' Hats.

36 mens' hats, 6 3/4 to 7 3/8, the very newest shapes, bought to sell at \$2. for **\$1.00**

Everything is new; J. S. Shield's brands at boll weevil prices; 36 men and boys' hats (job lot) just half price.

Dry Goods.

One job lot standard prints, while they last, per yard 3 3/4c	Lot dress worsted, wool one way, per yard 10c
Larger and better lot at boll weevil price 4c	Yard-wide quilt lining, per yard 4c
Very best Americans, Calcuttas, etc. 5c	Corsets, every kind, every style at boll weevil prices up from 15c
One lot percales, a big bargain at 6 1/4c	All the new creations in ladies' dress goods. Prices former price down.
Beautiful line Pacific foulard, former price 7 1/2c, now 6c	6 dozen mixed and all-wool ladies skirts, worth all the way from \$2.50 to \$7.00; boll weevil price up from \$1.00
300 yards outing flannel, boll weevil price 4c	Celebrated Francis T. Simon kid gloves, actual wholesale cost. 50c
Full yard-wide L. L. Sheeting, per yard 5c	
Full yard-wide bleaching, per yard 5c	
Good quality cotton checks, per yard 5c	

AUCTION EVERY NIGHT AT 7:30.

Look for the Red Flag. **C. A. JONES** Listen for the Music.

Gold Premium Stamps Given With Each Purchase.

The Best Is None Too Good for You

Our line of Wagon Harness is now complete. We have the best line of Wagon Breeching in town. We also have any extra attachment you may want to make you an up-to-date set of Harness. Remember we can make any changes you may want made. We also have a large stock of the best Blind Bridles that are sold in town. Be sure and see us before buying your fall Wagon Harness.

STROUD & COX

Horse Furnishing Goods.

A Big Strike!

You will make a catch if you strike
A. A. Morgan's Furniture Store.

We have a complete line of Household and Kitchen Furniture, Stoves, etc. New goods arriving all the time. We believe in lite, hustle, quick sales and small profits.

General Dealer in Furs, Wool, Hides and Beeswax. Houses at Athens and Nacogdoches.

A. A. MORGAN,

New and Second Hand Furniture.

Nacogdoches Mercantile Co.

(INCORPORATED FOR \$40,000.)

J. M. WEEKS, President; T. B. HARDEMAN, Vice-President and Manager; J. F. SUMMERS, Secretary; S. L. MILLER, Director; B. V. TUCKER, Director.



Do - some fine
Fittin' Collars - for Men
The **E&L** Brand
"They Stand the Laundry"

Beautiful line neckwear, also nice line of men's shirts, underwear, collars, suspenders, handkerchiefs and hoisery at prices to suit the times.

Our dry goods department is not as complete as we expect to have it soon, but you will find it to your interest to see what we have in the way of staples and fancy dress goods. Calico 20 yards for \$1. 18 yards domestic 90c.

We have a nice line of shell hardware and queens-ware.

Bagging and ties 67 1/2 c. in ten bale lots.

Get our prices on Barbed wire.

Car load of Red Rust Proof Seed Oats.

Call on us for feed of all kinds at 10 per cent cheaper than elsewhere.



Thursday, October 6, 1904 Grand Opening and Bargain Day

To the people of Nacogdoches and surrounding country of the Nacogdoches Mercantile Co., the pioneers of live and let live prices. We do not want the world but think we are entitled to a part of it and, like the little Japs, have made every effort to meet all competition in the way of prices. Having bought all our goods from the best factories at the lowest spot cash prices we will be able to make our store of special interest to thoughtful buyers who cannot afford to ignore our Grand Opening as well as to continue to give us their patronage.

We want to say to our many friends in Nacogdoches and surrounding counties that we are here to do business with you on a fair and honest dealing plan.



We are agents for the celebrated Aurora Corset, the best corset on the market, perfect form fitter, only \$1.00.

We have other makes as low as 40 and 50c.

We are agents for the New Idea Patterns, one of the best made, only 10c. Call and get one and save 15c.

Ladies, see our line of up-to-date suits from \$1.50 to \$5.00 cheaper than elsewhere.

Call on us for your gowns, chemise, etc.

See our mill end and remnant department which will be sold at 50c on the dollar.

See our hat department and save 25 to 50c on a hat.

Our motto, mutual confidence and live and let live prices.

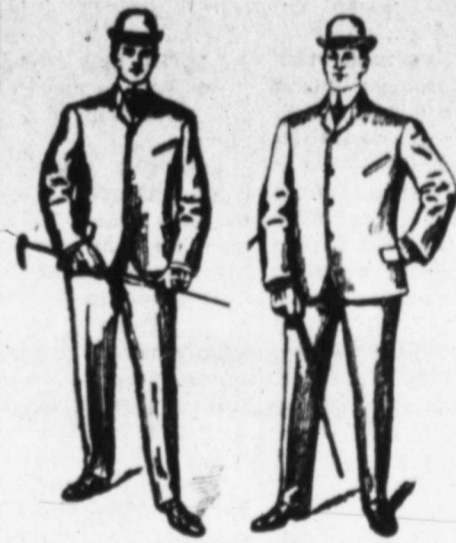
OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT



Will be grand and the most up-to-date in East Texas and selected and bought in New York and St. Louis by one of its most experienced milliners that ever came to Nacogdoches. Ladies and children come to see us and buy your hats and we will meet you with a smile and your good husband will do the same when he pays the bill.

Special Suit Values

Elegantly made in every line in best makes out in slim, regulars and stout to fit before and after taking and at a price the fellow would not kick at who killed a flea for his hide and run a foot race for a crackling.



BOYS' SUITS.

Prices from 75c to \$6.00 per suit and they will fit nice and wear like iron.

See our line of OVERCOATS.

Shoe Leather Miller

Has secured the agency for Zingler Bros., Banister, Clover and Douglass Shoes, and if you want the best shoes made, and one that won't hurt your foot, try a pair at right prices.

We are agents for Link's Union made Pig's Snout Overalls and Jumpers, the best made at a popular price \$1.00

Our Grocery Department

Is full and complete at boll weevil prices, and will deliver promptly to all parts of the city. Give us a trial and we will try and please you. We have arranged to keep a good supply of water ground meal, the best made.

18 lbs best Granulated Sugar for	\$1.00
20 lbs best Rice for	\$1.00
Best ground Rio and Java Coffee per pound	18c
Regular price	30c.



They're Bully Collars -
For Men.
The **E&L** Brand
"They Stand the Laundry"

We solicit all our old friends and customers and every man, woman and child to call and see us on our Opening Day, October 6th and register their name whether they want to buy or not.

Every one who makes a purchase has a guess and the one that guesses the closest to the number that registers gets A TEN DOLLAR GOLD PIECE.

Come to see us and we will appreciate it and hope you will never regret it.

Yours to please,

NACOGDOCHES MERCANTILE CO.

JUDGE PARKER'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE

Sept. 23, 1904.

To the Hon. Champ Clark and Others,
Committee, Etc.

Gentlemen—In my response to your committee at the formal notification proceedings I referred to some matters not mentioned in this letter. I desire that these be considered as incorporated herein, and regret that lack of space prevents specific reference to them all. I wish here, however, again to refer to my views there expressed as to the gold standard, to declare again my unqualified belief in said standard and to express my appreciation of the action of the convention in reply to my communication upon that subject.

Grave public questions are pressing for decision. The Democratic party appeals to the people with confidence that its position on these questions will be accepted and endorsed at the polls. While the issues involved are numerous, some stand forth pre-eminent in the public mind. Among these are tariff reform, imperialism, economical administration and honesty in the public service. I shall briefly consider these and some others within the necessarily prescribed limits of this letter.

Imperialism. While I presented my views at the notification proceedings concerning this vital issue, the overshadowing importance of this question impels me to refer to it again. The issue is often-times referred to as constitutionalism versus imperialism.

If we would retain our liberties and constitutional rights unimpaird we cannot permit or tolerate at any time or for any purpose the arrogation of unconstitutional powers by the executive branch of our government. We should be ever mindful of the words of Webster: "Liberty is only to be preserved by maintaining constitutional restraints and a just division of political powers."

Already the national government has become centralized beyond any point contemplated or imagined by the founders of the constitution. How tremendously all this has added to the power of the president! It has almost equals that of many monarchs. While the growth of our country and the magnitude of interstate interests may seem to furnish a plausible reason for this centralization of power, yet these same facts afford the most potent reason why the executive should not be permitted to encroach upon the other departments of the government and assume legislative or other powers not expressly conferred by the constitution.

The magnitude of the country and its diversity of interests and population would enable a determined, ambitious and able executive, unmindful of constitutional limitations, and fired with the lust of power, to go far in the usurpation of authority and the aggrandisement of personal power before the situation could be fully appreciated or the people be aroused.

The issue of imperialism which has been thrust upon the country involves a decision whether the law of the land or the rule of individual caprice shall govern. The principle of imperialism may give rise to brilliant, startling, dazzling results, but the principle of democracy holds in check the brilliant executive and subjects him to the sober, conservative control of the people.

The people of the United States stand at the parting of the ways. Shall we follow the footsteps of our fathers along the paths of peace, prosperity and contentment, guided by the ever living spirit of the constitution which they framed for us, or shall we go along other and untried paths hitherto shunned by all, following blindly new ideals which, though appealing with brilliancy to the imagination and ambition, may prove a will-of-the-wisp, leading us into difficulties from which it may be impossible to extricate ourselves without lasting injury to our national character and institutions?

The Tariff and Trusts. Tariff reform is one of the cardinal principles of the Democratic faith, and the necessity for it was never greater than at the present time. It should be undertaken at once in the interest of all our people.

The Dingley tariff is excessive in many of its rates and, as to them at least, unjust and oppressively burdens the people. It secures to domestic manufacturers, singly or in combination, the privilege of exacting excessive prices at home and prices far above the level of sales made regularly by them abroad with profit, thus giving a bounty to foreigners at the expense of our own people. It levies oppressive and unjust taxes upon many articles forming in whole or part the so-called raw material of many of our manufactured products, not only burdening the consumer, but also closing to the manufacturer the markets he needs and seeks abroad. Its unjust taxation burdens the people generally, forcing them to pay excessive prices for food, fuel, clothing and other necessities of life. It levies duties on many articles not normally imported in any considerable amount which are made extensively at home, for which the most extreme protectionist would hardly justify protective taxes, and which in large amounts are exported. Such duties have been and will continue to be a direct incentive to the formation of huge industrial combinations, which, secure from foreign competition, are enabled to stifle domestic competition and practically to monopolize the home market.

It contains many duties imposed for the express purpose only, as was openly avowed, of furnishing a basis for reduction by means of reciprocal trade treaties, which the Republican administration, impliedly at least, promised to negotiate. Having on this promise secured the increased duties, the Republican party leaders, spurred on by protected interests, defeated the treaties negotiated by the executive, and now these same interests cling to the benefit of these duties which the people never intended they should have and to which they have no moral right.

Even now the argument most frequently urged in behalf of the Dingley tariff and against tariff reform generally is the necessity of caring for our infant industries. Many of these industries after a hundred years of lusty growth are looming up as industrial giants. In their case at least the Dingley tariff invites combination and monopoly and gives justification to the expression that the tariff is the mother of trusts.

For the above mentioned reasons, among many others, the people demand reform of these abuses, and such reform demands and should receive immediate attention.

The two leading parties have always differed as to the principle of customs taxation. Our party has always advocated the theory that the object is the raising of revenue for support of the government whatever other results may incidentally flow therefrom. The Republican party, on the other hand, contends that customs duties should be levied primarily for protection, so called, with revenue as the subordinate purpose, thus using the power of taxation to build up the business and property of the few at the expense of the many.

This difference of principle still subsists, but our party appreciates that the long continued policy of the country, as manifested in its statutes, makes it necessary that tariff reform should be prudently and sagaciously undertaken on scientific principles, to the end that there should not be an immediate revolution in existing conditions.

In the words of our platform we demand "a revision and a gradual reduction of the tariff by the friends of the masses, and for the common weal, and not by the friends of its abuses, its extortions and discriminations."

It is true that the Republicans, who do not admit in their platform that the Dingley tariff needs the slightest alteration, are likely to retain a majority of the federal senate throughout the next presidential term and could, therefore, if they chose, block every attempt at legislative relief. But it should be remembered that the Republican party includes many revisionists, and I believe it will shrink from defying the popular will expressed unmistakably and peremptorily at the ballot box.

The people demand reform of existing conditions. Since the last Democratic administration the cost of living has grievously increased. Those having fixed incomes have suffered keenly; those living on wages, if there has been any increase, know that such increase has not kept pace with the advance in the cost of living, including rent and the necessities of life. Many today are out of work, unable to secure any wages at all. To alleviate these conditions in so far as is in our power should be our earnest endeavor.

Trust Remedies. I pointed out in my earlier response the remedy which, in my judgment, can effectually be applied against monopolies, and the assurance was then given that if existing laws, including both statute and common law, proved inadequate, contrary to my expectations, I favor such further legislation within constitutional limitations as will best promote and safeguard the interests of all the people.

Whether there is any common law which can be applied and enforced by the federal courts cannot be determined by the president or by a candidate for the presidency.

The determination of this question was left by the people in framing the constitution to the judiciary and not to the executive. The supreme court of the United States has recently considered this question, and, in the case of the Western Union Telegraph company versus the Call Publishing company, to be found in the one hundred and eighty-first volume of the United States supreme court reports, at page 92, it decided that common law principles could be applied by United States courts in cases involving interstate commerce in the absence of United States statutes specifically covering the case. Such is the law of the land.

Reciprocity. In my address to the notification committee I said that tariff reform "is demanded by the best interests of both manufacturer and consumer." With equal truth it can be said that the benefits of reciprocal trade treaties would ensue to both. That the consumer would be helped is unquestionable. That the manufacturer would receive great benefit by extending his markets abroad, hardly needs demonstration. His productive capacity has outgrown the home market. The very term "home market" has changed in its significance. Once, from the manufacturers' point of view, it meant expansion; today the marvelous growth of our manufacturing industries has far exceeded the consumptive capacity of our domestic markets, and the term "home market" implies contraction rather than expansion. If we would run our mills to their full capacity, thus giving steady employment to our workmen and securing to them and to the manufacturer the profits accruing from increased production, other markets must be found. Furthermore, when our manufacturers are dependent on raw materials in whole or part imported, it is vital to the extension of their markets abroad that they secure their materials on the most favorable terms.

Our martyred president, William McKinley, appreciated this situation. He pointed out in his last address to the people that we must make sensible trade arrangements if "we shall extend the outlets for our increasing surplus." He said: "A system which provides a mutual exchange of commodities is manifestly essential to the continued and healthful growth of our export trade." The period of exclusiveness is past. The expansion of our trade and commerce is the pressing problem. Commercial wars are unprofitable. A policy of good will and friendly relations will prevent reprisals. Reciprocity treaties are in harmony with the spirit of the times; measures of retaliation are not.

This argument was made in the interest of our manufacturers, whose products, he urged, "have so multiplied that the problem of more markets requires our urgent and immediate attention." He had come to realize that the so-called stand-pat policy must give way; that there must be a reduction of duties to enable our manufacturers to cultivate foreign markets. The last words of this president, who had won the affection of his countrymen, ought to be studied by every man who has any doubt of the necessity of a reduction in tariff rates in the interest of the manufacturer. They present with clearness a situation and a proposed remedy that prompted the provision in our platform which declares that "we favor liberal trade arrangements with Canada and with peoples of other countries where they can be entered into with benefit to American agriculture, manufactures, mining or commerce."

The persistent refusal of the Republican majority in the federal senate to ratify the reciprocity treaties negotiated in pursuance of the policy advocated alike by Mr. Blaine and Mr. McKinley, and expressly sanctioned in the Dingley act itself, is a discouraging exhibition of bad faith. As already mentioned by me, the exorbitant duty imposed on many an imported article by the Dingley tariff was avowedly intended by its author not to be permanent, but to serve temporarily as a maximum, from which the federal government was empowered to offer a reduction in return for an equivalent concession on the part of a foreign country. President McKinley undertook honestly to carry out the purpose of the act. A number of reciprocity agreements were negotiated, which, if ratified, would have had the twofold result of cheapening many imported products for American consumers and of opening and enlarging foreign markets to American producers. Not one of those agreements has met with the approval of the Republican masters of the senate. Indeed they did not even permit their consideration. In view of the attitude of the present executive, no new agreement need be expected from him. Nor does the Republican platform contain a favorable reference to one of the suspended treaties. The reciprocity clauses of the Dingley act seem destined to remain a monument of legislative chicanery and political bad faith unless the people take the matter in their own hands at the ballot box and command a reduction of duties in return for reciprocal concessions.

Independence For the Filipinos. In some quarters it has been assumed that in the discussion of the Philippine question in my response the phrase "self government" was intended to mean something less than independence. It was not intended that it should be understood to mean nor do I think as used it does mean less than independence. However, to eliminate all possibility for conjecture I now state that I am in hearty accord with that plank in our platform that favors doing for the Filipinos what we have already done for the Cubans, and I favor making the promise to them now that we shall take such action as soon as they are reasonably prepared for it. If independence such as the Cubans enjoy cannot be prudently granted to the Filipinos at this time, the promise that it shall come the moment they are capable of receiving it will tend to stimulate rather than hinder their development. And this should be done not only in justice to the Filipinos, but to preserve our own rights, for a free people cannot without freedom from another people and themselves remain free. The toleration of tyranny over others will soon breed contempt for freedom and self government and weaken our power of resistance to insidious usurpation of our constitutional rights.

American Citizenship. The pledge of the platform to secure to our citizens, without distinction of race or creed, whether native born or naturalized, at home and abroad, the equal protection of the laws and the enjoyment of all the rights and privileges open to them under the covenants of our treaties, as their just due, should be made good to them. In the accomplishment of that result it is essential that a passport issued by the government of the United States to an American citizen shall be accepted the world over as proof of citizenship.

Civil Service. The statute relating to civil service is the outcome of the efforts of thoughtful, unselfish and public spirited citizens. Operation under it has frequently been of such a character as to offend against the spirit of the statute, but the results achieved, even under a partial enforcement of the law, have been such as to both deserve and command the utterance of the Democratic party that it stands committed to the principle of civil service reform and demands its just and impartial enforcement.

Reclamation of Arid Lands. A vast expanse of country in the west, portions of which are to be found in each of the sixteen states and territories mentioned in the law, is directly affected by the national statute—the outcome of intelligent and persistent efforts of leading citizens, providing for the reclamation of the arid lands for the benefit of home seekers. During the years of the development of the measure which finally received the vote of every member of the upper house of congress it encountered opposition, based to a large extent upon the view that the aim of its promoters, was to secure the benefits of irrigation to private owners at government expense. The aim of the statute is, however, to enable this vast territory to reclaim its arid lands without calling upon the taxpayers of the country at large to pay for it. Whether the purposes of the bill will be fully accomplished must depend in large measure upon the ability, sobriety of judgment, independence and honesty of the officers of the interior department having this great work in charge.

In 1902 the main canals and ditches in the region affected aggregated more than 59,000 miles, and the work of reclamation is but in its infancy. The total cost of construction of the necessary head gates, dams, main canals, ditches, reservoirs and pumping stations was at that time a little over \$83,000,000, which of itself suggests the hundreds of millions that may eventually be invested in the territory covered by the statute. The magnitude of the conception and the enormous expense its carrying out involves make us realize the overwhelming importance of a broad, capable and honest administration of the work authorized by the statute if effect is to be given to that part of the plan that relieves the country at large from ultimate liability.

Panama Canal. An isthmian canal has long been the hope of our statesmen and the avowed aim of the two great parties, as their platforms in the past show. The Panama route having been selected, the building of the canal should be pressed to completion with all reasonable expedition.

The methods by which the executive acquired the Panama canal route and rights are a source of regret to many. To them the statement that thereby a great public work was assured to the profit of our people is not a sufficient answer to the charge of violation of national good faith. They appreciate that the principles and healthy convictions which in their working out have made us free and great stand firmly against the argument or suggestion that we shall be blind to the nature of the means employed to promote our welfare. They hold that adherence to principle, whether it works for our good or ill, will have a more beneficial influence on our future destiny than all our material upbuilding, and that we should ever remember that the idea of doing a wrong to a smaller, weaker nation that we, or even all mankind, may have a resultant good is repugnant to the principles upon which our government was founded.

Under the laws of the United States the duty is imposed on the executive to proceed with due diligence in the work of constructing the canal. That duty should be promptly performed.

American Shipping. Our commerce in American bottoms amounts to but 8 per cent of our total exports and imports. For seventy years prior to 1860, when the Republican party came into power, our merchant marine carried an average of 75 per cent of our foreign commerce. By 1877 it had dwindled to 27 per cent. Now we carry but a contemptibly small fraction of our exports and imports.

American shipping in the foreign trade was greater by over 100,000 tons in 1810, nearly 100 years ago, than it was last year. In the face of the continuous decline in the record of American shipping during the last forty-three years the promise of the Republican party to restore it is without encouragement. The record of the Democratic party gives assurance that the task can be more wisely intrusted to it.

It is an arduous task to undo the effect of forty years of decadence and requires the study and investigation of those best fitted by experience to find the remedy, which surely does not lie in the granting of subsidies wrung from the pockets of all the taxpayers.

Investigation of Government Departments. Recent disclosures, coupled with the rapid augmentation of government expenditures, show a need of an investigation of every department of the government. The Democrats in congress demanded it. The Republican majority refused the demand. The people can determine by their vote in November whether they wish an honest and thorough investigation. A Democratic congress and executive will assure it.

Foreign Relations. The foreign relations of the government have in late years assumed special importance. Prior to the acquisition of the Philippines we were practically invulnerable against attacks by foreign states. Those tropical possessions, however, 7,000 miles from our shores, have changed all this and have in effect put us under bonds to keep the peace. The new conditions call for a management of foreign affairs the more circumspect in that the recent American invasion of foreign markets in all parts of the world has excited the serious apprehension of all the great industrial peoples. It is essential, therefore, more than ever to adhere strictly to the traditional policy of the country as formulated by its first president and never, in its judgment, wisely departed from—to invite friendly relations with all nations while avoiding entangling alliances with any. Such a policy means the cultivation of peace instead of the glorification of war, and the minding of our own business in lieu of spectacular intermeddling with the affairs of other nations. It means strict observance of the principles of international law and condemns the doctrine that a great state, by reason of its strength, may rightfully appropriate the sovereignty or territory of a small state on account of its weakness. It means for other American states that we claim no rights and will assume no functions save those of a friend and of an ally and defender against European aggressions. It means that we repudiate the role of the American continental policeman, that we refuse to act as debt collector for foreign states or their citizens, that we respect the independent sovereignty of each American state and its right to preserve order and otherwise regulate its own internal affairs in its own way, and that any intervention in its

Army and Navy. We are justly proud of the officers and men of our army and navy. Both, however, have suffered from the persistent injection of personal and political influence. Promotions and appointments have been frequently based on favoritism instead of merit. Trials and court martials have been set aside under circumstances indicating political interference. These and other abuses should be corrected.

Pensions For Our Soldiers and Sailors. The national Democracy favors liberal pensions to the surviving soldiers and sailors and their dependents on the ground that they deserve liberal treatment. It pledges by its platform adequate legislation to that end. But it denies the right of the executive to usurp the power of congress to legislate on that subject. Such usurpation was attempted by pension order No. 78, and effect has been given to it by a congress that dared not resent the

assumption. It is said that "this order was made in the performance of a duty imposed upon the president by act of congress," but the provision making the imposition is not pointed out. The act to which the order refers, which is the one relating to pensions to civil war veterans, does not authorize pensions on the ground of age. It does grant pensions to those "suffering from any mental or physical disability or disabilities of a permanent character, not the result of their own vicious habits, which so incapacitates them from the performance of manual labor as to render them unable to earn a support." This specified requirement of incapacity is in effect set aside by order No. 78 as to all persons over sixty-two.

The war closed nearly forty years ago. In the meantime many of our soldiers and sailors long survived the age of sixty-two and passed away without receiving any pension. Skillful pension attorneys, hunting through the statute, failed to find there a provision giving a pension to all who had reached sixty-two. Many prominent veterans urged the justice of congressional action giving a service pension to all veterans. Bills to that effect were introduced in congress. And not until March of this year did any one ever claim to have made the discovery that the president had power to treat the statute as if it read that when a claimant had passed the age of sixty-two years he is necessarily disabled one-half in ability to perform manual labor and therefore entitled to a pension.

The present pension commissioner indicated his view of the order when in a recent address he thanked the president for what he had done and advised his hearers to use their influence that a law might be passed to the same effect. Full confidence, after all, seems not to have been placed on the defense of justification, for it is pleaded in mitigation that a former Democratic president did something looking in that direction. Even if that were so, which is not admitted, our present duty would be none the less plain and imperative. Our people must never tolerate the citation of one act of usurpation of power as an excuse for another. The first may possibly be due to mistake; the second, being based on the first, cannot be. In explanation, however, it should be said that the order relied on simply provided that the age of seventy-five years should be regarded as evidence of inability to perform manual labor. Few men are able to perform manual labor at that age, but nearly all men are at sixty-two. The first order is based on a fact that experience teaches; the other is based on the assertion of that which is not true as a general rule.

The old inquiry, "What are you going to do about it?" is now stated in a new form. It is said by the administration, in reply to the public criticism of this order, that "it is easy to test our opponents' sincerity in this matter. The order in question is revocable at the pleasure of the executive." If our opponents come into power they can revoke this order and announce that they will treat the veterans of sixty-two and seventy as presumably in full bodily vigor and not entitled to pension. Will they authoritatively state that they intend to do this? If so, we accept the issue.

This suggests the suspicion at least that the order was made to create an issue; that it was supposed to present a strong strategic position in the battle of the ballots. But as the making of that order was, in my judgment, an attempted though perhaps unwitting encroachment upon the legislative power and therefore unwarranted by the constitution, the challenge is accepted. If elected I will revoke that order. But I go further and say that, that being done, I will contribute my effort toward the enactment of a law to be passed by both houses of congress and approved by the executive that will give an age pension without reference to disability to the surviving heroes of the civil war and under the provisions of which a pension may be accepted with dignity because of the consciousness that it comes as a just due from the people through their chosen representatives and not as largess distributed by the chief executive.

Foreign Relations. The foreign relations of the government have in late years assumed special importance. Prior to the acquisition of the Philippines we were practically invulnerable against attacks by foreign states. Those tropical possessions, however, 7,000 miles from our shores, have changed all this and have in effect put us under bonds to keep the peace. The new conditions call for a management of foreign affairs the more circumspect in that the recent American invasion of foreign markets in all parts of the world has excited the serious apprehension of all the great industrial peoples. It is essential, therefore, more than ever to adhere strictly to the traditional policy of the country as formulated by its first president and never, in its judgment, wisely departed from—to invite friendly relations with all nations while avoiding entangling alliances with any. Such a policy means the cultivation of peace instead of the glorification of war, and the minding of our own business in lieu of spectacular intermeddling with the affairs of other nations. It means strict observance of the principles of international law and condemns the doctrine that a great state, by reason of its strength, may rightfully appropriate the sovereignty or territory of a small state on account of its weakness. It means for other American states that we claim no rights and will assume no functions save those of a friend and of an ally and defender against European aggressions. It means that we repudiate the role of the American continental policeman, that we refuse to act as debt collector for foreign states or their citizens, that we respect the independent sovereignty of each American state and its right to preserve order and otherwise regulate its own internal affairs in its own way, and that any intervention in its

Conclusion. I have put aside a congenial work, to which I had expected to devote my life, in order to assume the great responsibilities your convention put upon me. I solicit the cordial co-operation and generous assistance of every man who believes that a change of measures and of men at this time would be wise, and urge harmony of endeavor as well as vigorous action on the part of all so minded.

The issues are joined, and the people must render the verdict. Shall economy of administration be demanded or shall extravagance be encouraged? Shall the wrongdoer be brought to bay by the people, or must justice wait upon political oligarchy? Shall our government stand for equal opportunity or for special privilege? Shall it remain a government of law or become one of individual caprice? Shall we cling to the rule of the people, or shall we embrace beneficent despotism? With calmness and confidence we await the people's verdict.

If called to the office of president I shall consider myself the chief magistrate of all the people and not of an faction, and shall ever be mindful of the fact that on many questions of national policy there are honest differences of opinion. I believe in the patriotism, good sense and absolute sincerity of all the people. I shall strive to remember that he may serve his party best who serves his country best.

affairs by us is limited to the single office of enabling the people to work out their own political and national destiny for themselves free from the coercion of any European state.

Reform in Governmental Expenditures.

Twenty-eight years have passed since the Democratic party of the state of New York, in convention assembled, recommended to the national Democracy the nomination of Samuel J. Tilden as its candidate for the presidency and declared it to be "their settled conviction, based on the constitutional principles, frugal expenses and administrative purity of the founders of the republic is the first and most imperative duty of the times—the commanding issue before the people of the Union." This strong expression was called forth by the national expenditures for the year 1876, which amounted to \$74,000,000—a situation which, in the opinion of a majority of our people, justified an imperative demand for reform in the administration of public affairs. As the expenditures of the last fiscal year amounted to the enormous total of \$82,000,000, it is evident that a thorough investigation of the public service and the immediate abandonment of useless and extravagant expenditures are more necessary now than they were then. This astounding increase is out of all proportion to the increase of our population and finds no excuse from whatever aspect we view the situation. The national Democratic platform declares that "large reductions can easily be made in the annual expenditures of the government without impairing the efficiency of any branch of the public service." Can there be any doubt that the economy of this statement? Between the expenditures of the year 1888, amounting to \$22,000,000, and those of the last fiscal year—the seventh after Grover Cleveland was elected to be president—amounting to \$82,000,000, there is a difference so great as to excite alarm in the breasts of all thoughtful men. Even excluding the sum of \$60,000,000 paid for the Panama canal rights and to the state of Panama, the expenditures of the last fiscal year exceeded the sum of \$22,000,000, being more than double the expenditures of the government for all purposes during the first year of Mr. Cleveland's administration.

The expenses of the first four years succeeding the last Democratic administration amounted to the enormous average of \$31,000,000 per year. This large expenditure was due to a considerable extent to the cost of the Spanish-American war, which occurred during that period. But the termination of that war brought no relief to the treasury, for the average annual expenses of the government during the three subsequent years ending June 30, 1894, were about \$19,000,000, which is the largest sum hitherto reached during a like period since the close of the civil war.

This draft upon the revenues of the country has had the effect which might have been anticipated, and now we have presented the reverse of the situation, which led to the famous observation, "It is a condition, and not a remedy, which confronts us," for although the present incumbent was at the close of the first fiscal year during which he assumed control of the administration a surplus of receipts over expenditures of about \$9,000,000, there was an excess of expenditures over receipts at the close of the last fiscal year of \$2,000,000, and the official monthly reports made by the treasury department show that expenditures are continuously and rapidly increasing, while the receipts are diminishing.

In this connection it is interesting to note the recent administrative orders forbidding government officers from making public any statement of estimates on which future appropriations are to be based.

If a man of ordinary intelligence and prudence should find in the operating expenses of his business such a tremendous percentage of the receipts as we are not promptly set on foot an inquiry for the cause of the waste and take immediate measures to stop it, especially when trusted employees have been found dishonest and convicted of fraud, and an impression exists that a thorough investigation may discover other cases of malfeasance? When the chief executive reported to congress that "through frauds, forgeries and perjuries and by shameless bribes the laws relating to the proper conduct of the public service in general and to the due administration of the post-office department have been notoriously violated . . ." there was a general popular demand for a rigid, sweeping investigation by congress in addition to that undertaken by the executive. But such an investigation the Republican majority in congress would not permit, although the minority insisted that the interests of good government demanded it. And the minority was right. The liberty, patriotism and national pride of the people should not be made an excuse for waste of the public funds. Official extravagance is official crime.

There is not a sentence in the Republican platform recommending a reduction in the expenditures of the government, not a line suggesting that the increase in the cost of the war department from \$8,000,000 in 1886 to \$15,000,000 in 1904 should be inquired into, and not a paragraph calling for a thorough investigation of those departments of the government in which dishonesty has been recently disclosed. The people, however, can by their votes, if they desire it, order such an investigation and inaugurate a policy of economy and retrenchment. It is said that this will not be accomplished by indolence at the polls the Republican majority of the house of representatives which refused to investigate and made the appropriations, not by continuing in power the administration which made the disbursements.

Reform in expenditures must be had in both the civil, military and naval establishments in order that the national expenditures may be brought to a basis of peace and the government maintained without recourse to the taxes of war.

Conclusion. I have put aside a congenial work, to which I had expected to devote my life, in order to assume the great responsibilities your convention put upon me. I solicit the cordial co-operation and generous assistance of every man who believes that a change of measures and of men at this time would be wise, and urge harmony of endeavor as well as vigorous action on the part of all so minded.

The issues are joined, and the people must render the verdict. Shall economy of administration be demanded or shall extravagance be encouraged? Shall the wrongdoer be brought to bay by the people, or must justice wait upon political oligarchy? Shall our government stand for equal opportunity or for special privilege? Shall it remain a government of law or become one of individual caprice? Shall we cling to the rule of the people, or shall we embrace beneficent despotism? With calmness and confidence we await the people's verdict.

ALTON B. PARKER.

Ayer's

For coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma, weak throats, weak lungs, consumption, take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Cherry Pectoral

Always keep a bottle of it in the house. We have been saying this for 60 years, and so have the doctors.

"I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my family for 40 years. It is the best medicine in the world, I know, for all throat and lung troubles."
Mrs. J. K. Noncoros, Waltham, Mass.
J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

The Lungs

Daily action of the bowels is necessary. Aid nature with Ayer's Pills

THURSDAY'S LOCALS.

B. L. Jopling, of Garrison, was here today.

Buck Lowery, of Etoile, is attending district court.

H. V. Fall, Esq., of Chireno, is attending district court.

J. C. Martin, of Attoyac, was in the city today with court.

Mr. Shippey, of Chireno, was in town this morning on a trading trip.

Tom Martin, of Martinsville, was in the city today on a business trip.

Frank Goldsberry, of Caro, was in the city yesterday on a short business trip.

Mrs. Sowell and daughter, of Etoile, were in the city today on a shopping trip.

R. J. Vawter and son, of Cushing, were here today attending district court.

A number of prominent citizens of Cushing are attending district court today.

Wm. Whitehead and daughter, of Etoile, are attending district court as witnesses.

Messrs. Frank Garrison and Isaac Lawler, of Garrison, were in the city last night.

G. K. Clark, of Appleby, was in the city today on business and gave The Sentinel a pleasant call.

Col. A. B. Martindale and son, of Cushing, were in the city yesterday afternoon. They were inspecting our new school buildings, and say they were taking notes for the benefit of Cushing, which is to erect a new school building soon.

The little daughter, Mabel Virginia, of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. McDaniel, of Appleby, which died at the Thompson House in this city, Tuesday night, was laid tenderly in its last resting place in the City Cemetery yesterday evening at 5:30 o'clock, the little grave being surrounded by the sorrowing family and many friends. The sincerest and deepest sympathy is tendered the bereaved parents by the entire community, where they are well known, having lived here more than a year before they moved to Appleby. Mr. McDaniel is connected with the Nacogdoches Grocery Co., of this city, as traveling man, and has a host of friends throughout East Texas, and at Shreveport, where he formerly lived.

FRIDAY'S LOCALS.

Mansfield Crawford, of Tra- wick, was here today.

W. M. Alders, of Woden, was in the city this morning.

Dr. H. A. Hardeman, was here today on a short business visit.

M. D. Lambert, of Chireno, spent yesterday and last night in the city.

Frank Moore, the Chireno merchant, was in the city on a business trip today.

Capt. S. B. Thomas, of Chireno, was in the city yesterday afternoon on a trading trip.

B. F. King, the Toliver merchant, was looking after his business affairs in the "hub" today.

L. C. Broom, of Martinsville, was here again this morning, with something to sell as usual. He seldom comes to town without making expenses.

Jesse Rice, who has been over in Louisiana the past two months, has returned to Nacogdoches. He says the boll weevil has done lots of mischief along the Texas border in Louisiana.

In the district court this morning the injunction case of Allie L. Smith vs. Emmet Smith was called up on a motion to dissolve the injunction, but because of the absence of Mrs. Smith action in the matter was deferred until next week.

I. J. Rogers, of Douglass, was in the city yesterday, and was in attendance at the meeting of the democratic executive committee. By request he appeared for Col. J. J. Watkins, who is the member for the Douglass beat but was too sick to come.

The democratic executive committee held a meeting in Nacogdoches yesterday at 10 o'clock a. m. There was not a full attendance present owing to sickness and other causes, but there were enough members on hand to decide upon a plan of campaign, which will be announced later. From letters in possession of Chairman Mims it is probable that some prominent orators of Texas will speak in Nacogdoches county during the next month.

W. S. Patton was in town today from his tobacco farm in the suburbs and is feeling justly elated at the result of the hard work he has put in there. He had four acres in tobacco and from this he has gathered 3200 pounds which is now ready for the sweating process. He brought in a little of this tobacco which had been thoroughly cured and H. S. Edler, a tobacco expert and cigar manufacturer, rolled a few cigars from it which he pronounced equal to the best Cuban leaf. Mr. Patton is negotiating for the sale of his entire crop at 35c per pound and we understand that the sale is assured. This means a very handsome profit and establishes the fact that tobacco may be considered one of the reliable money crops of this section.

BOILS AND ERUPTIONS

Have been suffering from Impure Blood for many years, having Boils and other eruptions. Having heard of S. S. S. I decided to try it, and am glad to say that it has done me a great deal of good. I intend to continue to use it, as I believe it to be the best Blood Medicine on the market. Cleveland, Tenn. W. K. DETERS.

For over fifteen years I have suffered more or less from Impure Blood. About a year ago I had a boil appear on my leg below the knee, which was followed by three more on my neck. I saw S. S. S. advertised and decided to try it. After taking three bottles all Boils disappeared and I have not been troubled any since. Geo. G. FERRIS. 114 W. Jefferson St., Louisville, Ky.

Newark, Ohio, May 23, 1903. From childhood I had been bothered with bad blood, skin eruptions and boils. I had boils ranging from five to twenty in number each season. The burning accompanying the eruption was terrible. S. S. S. seemed to be just the medicine needed in my case. It drove out all impurities and bad blood, giving me permanent relief from the skin eruption and boils. This has been ten years ago, and I have never had a return of the disease. Mrs. J. D. AHERTON.

Write for our book on blood and skin diseases. Medical advice or any special information about your case will cost you nothing. The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

SATURDAY'S LOCALS

Uncle Milton Teutsch, of Melrose, was in the city this morning.

Mr. Thresher, who is sinking a well in the Nacogdoches oil field, was in town today but said that he had nothing to give out for publication concerning the well not even as to the depth that had been reached.

Messrs. Tyler and Windham, ginners of Aiken, Shelby county, were in Nacogdoches yesterday and bought a big lot of machinery from Casson & Richardson. They report fine crops in their section of Shelby county, and say cotton is being hauled in so fast that the gins are running day and night over there.

Messrs. Arthur Seale, of this city and Eli Morgan and Eugene Sanders, of Melrose, and "Pete's Will" their colored man "Fiday," left this afternoon to take in the excursion to Houston and Galveston. This is Will's first trip on the railroad, which he has contemplated with great glee for many days.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve Has world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for cuts, corns, burns, boils, sores, felons, ulcers, tetter, salt rheum, fever sores, chapped hands, skin eruptions; intallible for piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c at Stripling, Haselwood & Co's.

Mr. J. A. King, the barber, has been suffering severely the past week with an abscess of the jaw bone, which pains him so that he is unable to masticate food. He is undergoing a forced fast which he says is almost starving him.

What is Life? In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, pain results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in constipation, headache or liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly readjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at Stripling, Haselwood & Co's.

Blum Mast is reported quite sick with typhoid fever.

Potato. The so called Irish potato has so far, in the south, been free from disease, except the scab, the rot of the early crop, if left in the hot ground, and possibly, in rare instance, that disease that made its appearance in 1846, causing that dreadful famine in Ireland. But it is well to be prepared. The scab is a well known fungus growth of the tubers, and, unfortunately, inoculates the ground in which the scabby crop is grown. The scab is made worse by the use of strong animal manure. The best way to control it is to treat the seed with corrosive sublimate [poison]. Most of the other diseases to which the potato is subject can be kept in check by spraying.—The Truck Farmer.

Fearful Odds Against Him. Bedridden, alone and destitute. Such, in brief, was the condition of an old soldier by name of J. J. Havens, Versailles, Ohio. For years he was troubled with Kidney disease and neither doctors nor medicines gave him relief. At length he tried Electric Bitters. It put him on his feet in short order and now he testifies: "I am on the road to complete recovery." Best on earth for liver and kidney troubles and all forms of stomach and bowel complaints. Only 50c. Guaranteed by Stripling, Haselwood & Co.

The mast crop of East Texas is heavier than it has been for years. One of the route carriers on the rural free delivery brought in a twig from a post oak yesterday evening that was about six inches long and contained over two dozen fully developed acorns. All kinds of mast, both sweet and bitter, are unusually abundant, and this twig is only a sample of that that exists everywhere.

A Boy's Wild Ride for Life. With family around expecting him to die, and a son riding for life, 18 miles, to get Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death's agonies from asthma; but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep soundly every night." Like marvelous cures of consumption, pneumonia, bronchitis, coughs, colds and grip, prove its matches merit for all throat and lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Stripling, Haselwood & Co's drug store.

Sweet Potato Has at present few enemies to contend with, chiefly web worm that must be carefully watched for and destroyed by a spray of poison; and also black mold, occasioned by a fungus that attacks where the tubers have been bruised by careless handling.—The Truck Farmer.

I will stand my stallion, Sam, at Ogg's Livery Stable. He is a Black Steel Dust horse, 16 1/2 hands high. Terms \$12.50 on guarantee. Colt stands good for fee. T. J. Self.

The attendance at our public schools continue to increase at a gratifying rate. The total attendance at the white schools is now about 400.

THERE'S A DIFFERENCE.

Have you ever noticed what a marked difference there is in Furniture?

You can't always judge good furniture by the price—some dealers put high prices on cheap stuff because it happens to show up well. With us it's different—we have a small per centage we add to the factory cost to each article alike. We show our customers the difference, and how the cheap and the good kind of furniture is made. Come and see us and we'll convince you with the fact that our goods and prices are right. We'll appreciate your visit.

BURK'S FURNITURE STORE.

HOMES.

BUY A HOME AT RENT PRICES.

We offer below a few of our choice bargains. Come and see us and be convinced:

- Two nice houses one mile south of town, 2 1/2 acres of land.
- Nice dwelling on Fredonia Hill, 4 acres land.
- Five room house, 6-8-10 acres land, 1 mile west of town.
- Nice lot on Irion Hill.
- 36 acres land 1 1/4 miles northwest from town.
- 10-acre farm 1 1/2 miles northwest from town.
- Three lots on Irion Hill close to new school building.
- Three lots on South Fredonia Hill.
- Two nice lots and houses on Irion Hill.
- 30 acres land 2 1/2 miles on North Street.
- Lot on Mound street, east front, 100x500. Nice shade trees.
- Four lots close to Hayard mill.
- Two nice dwellings on Taylor avenue.
- Three beautiful lots on North street.
- Three lots on Starr avenue.
- Two nice houses on Mound street.

H. T. & W. O. CRAIN,

Land and Immigration Agents Southern Pacific System, and H. E. & W. T., and Houston & Shreveport Rys. Rooms No. 9 and 10, Blount Bldg., Phone 25.

Rose Lake Nursery Co.

The best by test of everything in Fruit and Shade Trees, Shrubs, Ornamentals, Flowers, Etc.

Buy of us and you will not be disappointed when your trees come to fruiting. We want all your trash peach seed.

POWER & BURGESS, NACOGDOCHES, TEXAS. Phone 173.

How's Your Machinery?

We make a specialty of boiler work, and also overhauling and rebuilding all classes of engines and machinery.

Nacogdoches Machine Works

W. B. KILLOUGH & SON, Prop's. Nacogdoches.

THOMAS B. LEWIS, Attorney-at-Law.

Will practice in all the courts. Office in Blount building. Nacogdoches, Texas.

Dr. M. N. Terrell, DENTIST.

Specialist in Dental Surgery. Office in Perkins building. Phone 249.

C. C. PIERCE, DENTIST.

NACOGDOCHES, TEXAS.

Ingraham, Middlebrook & Hodges, LAWYERS.

Land and Collection Agents. OFFICE East of Court House, NACOGDOCHES, TEXAS.

Local Atty H. E. & W. T., H. A. S. T. & N. O. R. V.

BEEMAN STRONG, County Atty. Attorney-at-Law.

Nacogdoches, Texas. Prompt attention to collections placed in our hands. Will practice in all courts of the State. All Kinds of Lands.

W. G. RATCLIFF, LAWYER.

Nacogdoches, - - Texas. Office in Stone Fort National Bank.

Weekly Sentinel.

HALTOM & HALTOM, Proprietors.
R. W. HALTOM, Editor

JUDGE PARKER'S letter of acceptance published in today's Sentinel is altogether the most satisfactory political document we have read for years past. It discloses both the wisdom and the temperament of its author and puts him almost in startling contrast with Roosevelt—it need not be added, vastly to his advantage. There isn't a weak phrase in the letter, no evidence of ultra-conservatism or indecision, and it is just as far removed from radicalism and the bumptious, cock-sure style that marks the public utterances of his opponent. It is a calm, wise, comprehensive paper which discusses all issues in national politics with force and clearness, has the sound democratic ring throughout and marks its author as a true party leader of high and noble type—the right man to lead democracy to victory and administer the government with Jeffersonian wisdom, honesty and firmness. The democrat who carps and sneers at this great document because, forsooth, it isn't up to his standard of democracy and puts in his time "knocking" his own chief deserves 4 years more of Roosevelt, and when he gets it will have no right to complain of the inflection.

A Malicious Falsehood.

The Sentinel is requested to say on behalf of C. B. Patton, the democratic nominee for County Commissioner of Beat No. 4, that the report that he is advocating the removal of the Martinville and Shady Grove voting boxes is a malicious falsehood, being circulated for the purpose of injuring him in the election.

MELROSE LOCALS.

Melrose, Sept. 26.—Rev. Jim Wilson's entire family are sick with measles.

The hum of the gin is heard continually. The cotton in our neighborhood is supposed to be as good or better than any in the county. By the way, we have a healthy, prosperous community.

The people will have an ice cream supper at the school house, Friday night, the 30th, the proceeds to be used in painting the school building. They cordially invite all to come and help with their money and enjoy the social company of the large crowd they will meet.

Mr. Horace Wilson has accepted a position with Cason & Richardson, of Nacogdoches, for the coming season.

Rev. McIntyre and family have returned to their western home after a pleasant stay with the Melrose people.

Mr. Johnnie and Ernest Mathews left on the 17th for Huntsville, to attend the Sam Houston Normal. We are glad to note our young people are coming to the front in educational acquirements, and trust they will realize the path to honorable position is paved with self denial and patience.

Mr. W. F. Gross brought a stalk of corn to The Sentinel office this morning which measures fourteen feet in height and contains two well developed large ears of corn. The stalk was taken from a patch of June corn raised by Mr. Will Monk in the southern suburbs of the city. It was planted about the 10th of June on the ordinary sandy soil found around Nacogdoches. It was heavily fertilized, however, and was carefully cultivated, which goes to prove that it only requires the proper effort to raise the finest crops on the poorest soils found here.

FROM THE RECORDS.

Marriages, Births and Death For Week Ending Sept. 26.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

W. F. McBride and Little Blakey.
W. J. Mayes and Sallie Grisham.
Peter Ferrell and Lizzie Mound, col.
Birdie Murphey and Fannie Day, col.

BIRTHS.

Sept. 11.—To Mallery A. and Emma Greer, white, boy.
Sept. 19.—Hill and Emma Y Barbo, Mexican, girl.
Sept. 20.—George and Emma Little, white, girl.
Frank Moss and wife, colored, girl.
George and Millie May Matthews, white, girl.
Sept. 21.—George and Vesta Flauncy, white, girl.
Sept. 22.—Willie H. and Eva L. Terna, white, girl.
Wm. T. and Fannie Parish, white, boy.
Mr. and Mrs. John Thrash, white, boy.
Jeff and Anna Crisp, white, girl.
J. C. and Jennie McDonald, white, girl.

DEATHS.

Sept. 15.—Laurella Bridwell, white, female, age 18; black jaundice.

Cason & Richardson will save you ten cents on every dollar on furniture. They have the largest stock in town.

The Sentinel is sending out a circular letter presenting a little scheme, conceived from necessity, to enable it to own its own home after Jan. 1st 1905. The first to respond was our old friend, Mr. J. S. Stewart, of Melrose, who called yesterday with a dollar and words of kindness and encouragement. If The Sentinel succeeds in "landing" seven hundred friends like Col. Stewart, which it has not the least doubt that it will, the purpose will be accomplished and after next January landlords will have no terrors for us. Jeff Blakey, of Melrose, was the second to respond to the "call," dropping in on us like a ray of sunshine while in the city yesterday afternoon. Dr. F. A. Mast, of Chireno, was third responding by letter with a two-dollar money order. The Sentinel will explain more fully this "scheme" later on, and will start an honor roll in behalf of its "brick pile."

Farmers' Union Cotton Yard. Weigh for 5c.
A. J. Murphey, Agt.

Rose Lake trees grow.

Cash paid for all your Red Elephant, Schnapps, Natural Leaf, Strawberry and Early Bird tobacco tags at the Plain-dealer office. w2t

Sheriff Spradley is desirous to know the location of Stein Tully and wife, recently from Huntsville, Texas. They are important witnesses in a felony case at Huntsville. 2t

"DO IT NOW"

The hardware store, like all other lines of business, must have a cleaning up sale. Since my return from the markets, I have gone through the stock and fine some excellent bargains. If you are interested in

HARDWARE and KITCHEN FURNISHINGS

come in and see what we are offering. Don't put it off, but "Do it now."

In Saddles

The line shown in my store is all that the critic of good Saddles could ask for. I have a big stock and most close same out. You'll get a bargain if you come soon. Better "Do it now."

Oliver Chilled Plows

The best plows ever manufactured. They were giving satisfaction when you were a boy and are better now than ever. Have a few on hand to close out. If you want to buy a plow, better "Do it now."

GIN AND MILL BELTING To be closed out at actual cost.

STOVES and RANGES. The most complete line of

Bridge & Beach "Superior" stoves and Ranges in Eastern Texas. None better, few as good. The prices for a few weeks will be lower than usual. If you are in the market, better "Do it now."

H. T. BURK.

Notice.

To the farmers of this and adjoining counties: I am still in the wagon yard business. I have always appreciated your patronage and solicit the same in the future. My yard is on West Main street, stables with doors and good freestone water in yard. Prices same as usual. Also have beds for rent. 3tw W. E. Baxter.

For Sale.

Full blood Poland China pigs. T. J. Lloyd.

Lost.

Medium size black and white hound, slender built, about two years old. Carries high tail. Hair rubbed off end of tail, and has small sore under neck. Will pay suitable reward for return to J. W. Byrd or Geo. C. Ingraham. If

Rose Lake trees grow.

Wanted 50,000 Nut Cracker tobacco tags at 25c per hundred. Will sell you Nut Cracker tobacco at 37 1/2 cents per pound by the caddy, for cash H. T. Burk. 4tw

Rose Lake trees grow.

Rugs, Drapery and White Quilts at . . .

Big Reductions..

For the remainder of this week we will make great reductions in all articles in the above lines. We can save you at least

25 Per Cent

on these goods by buying them from us.

Yours for Bargains,

John W. Davis.

W. D. LAMBERT & CO.

CHIRENO, TEXAS.

We have just received our Fall stock of goods, the largest, best and cheapest ever sold in CHIRENO. Brand new styles of Dress Goods and Notions for the Ladies.



Stetson Hats, Hamilton Brown

Shoes and International Clothes for men.

Special pains taken in selecting quality as well as style of goods. We also have a select stock of Saddlery, Machines, Guns, Stoves, etc..

Will give away first Premium October 8th, 1904, and will continue to give one each week from that date to our cash customers. Call and see prize and get particulars. Make our store your headquarters when in Chireno. Remembering that we will give you close prices and will appreciate your trade.

W. D. LAMBERT & CO.

CHIRENO, TEXAS.

IT STILL GOES ON

Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, cloth..... 75c
Books to suit all sizes, creeds and colors..... 10 and 15c
Sweetheart Toilet Soap, 10c quality..... 5c
Red Cross Toilet Soap, 25c quality, per box..... 10c
New stuff all arrived.

Hall's Racket Store

TUCKER & ZEVE

Want to buy your Cotton and sell you your Cotton Goods.
 Want to buy your Wool and sell you your Woollen Goods.
 Want to buy your Hides and sell you your Shoes and Leather.
 Want to buy your Beeswax and sell you your Groceries and Hardware.
 We give one-half a cent each for all Spot Cash or Red Hatchet tobacco tags.
 For anything you have to sell we pay you the highest market price, and any article you buy from us we give you the highest quality and lowest price of anybody in our city. Our buyer spent the month of August in New York and Eastern markets selecting a choice stock of merchandise in all lines, from the smallest item to the finest fabric

We meet and defy all competition. Guarantee every item we sell.

If any unsatisfactory purchase made of us, goods will be taken back, exchanged or money refunded

Shoes.

Our Shoe Department is the pride of our store. Every pair guaranteed. For men and boys we sell you those made by the Brown Shoe Co., Keith, and Wolfe Bros. For the ladies, misses and children, Krippendorf, Dittman and Wolfe Bros. make them. These are the Big Four in the shoe manufacturing world. When you buy shoes of us you pay only one profit from the maker to the consumer, and that a small one to us.

For Ladies, we start the price at **\$1.00**
 For Men, we begin the price at **\$1.25**
 For Boys, we begin the price at **\$1.00**
 For Children, we begin the price at **.50**

And a few cheaper ones. Remember, they are all leather and guaranteed. No shoddy or paper stuff. We carry them all sizes from No. 1, infant, to No. 14 for men. Our shoes fit the feet and the prices fit your pocketbook.

Ye lovers of fine footwear, remember that for men Brown's "White House" and Keith's "Konqueror" are "The It's It." and for the ladies Brown and Krippendorf Dittman made the latest, newest and best. You can buy these brands from no one in the city but ourselves.

Remember to buy your Fall and Winter Footwear from

Tucker & Zeve,

The Big Shoe Dealers of Nacogdoches.



THIS SHOE FOR \$1.75.
Good as anybody's \$2.00.



THIS SHOE FOR \$1.50
Good as any \$2.00 Shoe.

Dress Goods

And Ladies' Ready-to-wear Garments in Every Line.

We are carrying one of the most complete and the best selected stock in town. All the new fabrics in Dress Goods and Fall Waistings, from the cheapest to the finest.

Ladies' Shirt Waist Suits in a Foulard that looks like Silk, worth \$6.00, for **\$3.50**

Ladies' All-wool Tailor-made Suits, Silk-lined Jacket and Skirt to match, worth \$12.00, for **\$7.50**

This sounds like a big one, but if you don't agree with us we give you the garment. Come and judge for yourself.

Ladies Jackets that fit and have the style and quality, from **\$2.00** UP

The best Ladies All-wool Skirts in Nacogdoches, none excepted, for **\$1.50**

And on up as high as you want them and as nice as they make them.

Children's Reefers, Longcoats and Jackets, from **.75** UP

Guarantee them to be the cheapest line in town. WE MEAN IT.

The widest kind of Ribbon, per yard **.05**
Come and see if it isn't cheap.

The best Kid Glove on the market for **.75**

The best 50c Corset ever sold in the town, we sell.

Ladies, Hats, All-silk Velvet, trimmed up in latest style **\$1.50** TO **5.00**



In Men's and Boys' Clothing and Gents' Furnishings and Hats, we have the stock of goods and at the right price. Knee suits, **\$1.00** up. Men's and Boys' Clothing at any price to suit the customer. We have 20 dozen Boys' Laundered Shirts, new, just arrived, from 12 1/2 to 14 size for **25c** each, worth really four bits.

One good lot Calicoes at **25 yds for \$1.00**
 One lot 32-inch Standard Percale, worth 10c for **7cts**
 One lot A. F. C. Gingham, worth 10c, for **7cts**
 Domestic Jeans, A. C. A. Ticking, Outing Flannel as cheap as any store.

All this talk may sound big, but come to our store and you will find the bargains bigger; if not, then brand us as a liar the biggest. Yours, anxious to please,

TUCKER & ZEVE

Nacogdoches Mercantile Co

Is Now Open For Business

In the different departments of goods which they will carry, and will soon be as complete as they can get them this season, and will consist of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, NOTIONS, LADIES' and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, SHOES, HATS, HARDWARE, GROCERIES, ETC.



Our Clothing Department.

Our Clothing is of the best style and made up in regular slims and stouts to fit a pole or hoghead at prices \$1.50 to \$3.00 per suit cheaper than elsewhere.

Sole agent for Union Made Pig's Snout Overalls and Jumpers best made and can fit anybody.

Shoe Department.

We have the best Shoes made, such as Banister, Zigler Bros., Clover, and Douglass. This department will be complete October 1st.

Our Millinery Department.

Our Millinery is the finest in the city and is the talk of the town.

Ladies' and Misses' Suit Department

The ladies who have seen this department say our prices are from \$2.50 to \$5.00 cheaper than elsewhere.

Dry Goods and Lace Departments.

We have some specially low prices in Dry Goods, Laces and Embroideries, and would give the prices but you can tell better by seeing for yourself.

Our Grocery Department.

Our Baker will have charge of the bread and grocery department, and he will be pleased to receive your orders, and will deliver promptly to all parts of the city.

Our goods are bought in the best markets at the lowest spot cash discount and you will find our prices like the little Japs—hard to overcome

We solicit all of our old friends and the public generally to come to see us and they will not regret it.

Call and make our store your stopping place when in the city and you will feel like coming again.

Yours to live and let live,

Nacogdoches Mercantile Co

Timpson's Troubles.

Ernest Weaver is in Center today with the names of nineteen persons with whom the city of Timpson had failed to agree in regard to right-of-way for the Texas & Gulf extension, asking County Judge Sanders to sign condemnation papers and to appoint commissioners to proceed in the premises according to law. The building of this railroad is a great thing, and we cannot see how any one interested in the welfare of Timpson and the surrounding country could refuse to grant a right-of-way through their property. —Timpson Times.

Cured of Bright's Disease.

Geo A Sherman, Lisbon Red Mills, Lawrence Co., N Y, writes: "I had kidney disease for many years and had been treated by physicians for twelve years; had taken a well known kidney medicine and other remedies that were recommended but got no relief until I began using Foley's Kidney Cure. The first half bottle relieved me and four bottles have cured me of this terrible disease. Before I began using Foley's Kidney Cure I had to make water about every fifteen minutes, day and night, and passed a brick-dust substance, and sometimes a slimy substance. I believe I would have died if I had not taken Foley's Kidney Cure." Sold by Perkins Bros.

Stoker's Gin.

The public is hereby informed that I am now ready for ginning and that I gin for the 18th.

M. D. Stoker.

Cancer Cured by Blood Balm—All Skin and Blood Diseases Cured.

Mrs. M. L. Adams, Fredonia Ala., took Botanic Blood Balm which effectually cured an eating cancer of the nose and face. The sores healed up perfectly. Many doctors had given up her case as hopeless. Hundreds of cases of cancer, eating sores, suppurating swellings etc, have been cured by Blood Balm. Among others Mrs B M Guernsey, Warrior Stand, Ala. Her nose and lip were as raw as beet, with offensive discharge from the eating sore. Doctors advised cutting but it failed. Blood Balm healed the sores, and Mrs. Guernsey is as well as ever. Botanic Blood Balm also cures eczema, itching humors, scabs and scales, bone pains, ulcers, offensive pimples, blood poison, carbuncles, scrotula, rising and bumps on the skin and all blood troubles. Druggists, \$1 per bottle. Sample of Botanic Blood Balm free and prepaid by writing Balm Blood Co, Atlanta Ga. Describe trouble and special medical advice sent in sealed letter. It is certainly worth while investigating such a remarkable remedy, as Blood Balm cures the most awful, worst and most deep-seated blood diseases.

Evie Day is now operator of the local telephone exchange at Center. Miss Etta Day has charge of the long distance office at that place. Their mother, Mrs Mollie Day, has moved from San Augustine to Center in order to be with the girls. They were formerly from this city.

In Favor of Mally Nursery.

Interest continues to grow in the fruit and vegetable industry recently organized in Center. At the meeting Saturday much interest was manifested. The sentiment was in favor of the Mally nursery, and a committee was appointed, at the solicitation of Prof. Mally, to go to Garrison and see the nursery stock and report to the society. When the orders for trees are placed the Champion will publish the list of names and acreage in full. The future salvation of Shelby county depends on diversified farming, and we hope to see interest in the movement continue to grow. Every citizen should lend encouragement to the enterprise. —Center Champion, Sept 21.

Given Up to Die.

B. Speigel, 1204 N Virginia street, Evansville, Ind., writes: "For over five years I was troubled with bladder and kidney affections which caused me much pain and worry. I lost flesh and was all run down and a year ago had to abandon work entirely. I had three of the best physicians who did me no good and I was practically given up to die. Foley's Kidney Cure was recommended and the first bottle gave me much relief, and after taking the second bottle I was entirely cured." Sold by Perkins Bros.

J. O. Ray has been appointed trustee of the estate of T. J. Smith, who recently filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy, and is now at work on the books, invoicing the stock, etc. He will endeavor to collect all accounts, dispose of the stock and settle up the affairs of the bankrupt as rapidly as possible.

Do Not be Imposed Upon.

Foley & Co., Chicago, originated Honey and Tar as a throat and lung remedy, and on account of the great merit and popularity of Foley's Honey and Tar many imitations are offered for the genuine. Ask for Foley's Honey and Tar and refuse any substitute offered as no other preparation will give the same satisfaction. It is mildly laxative. It contains no opiates and is safest for children and delicate persons. Sold by Perkins Bros.

Prof. Binkley, of Temple, has succeeded Prof. Anderson as principal of the Nacogdoches Business College.

The mother's friend is Dr. Moffett, And much it will be to their profit If his "Teethina" they will try For teething babes that fret and cry.

"Teethina" aids digestion, regulates the bowels, and makes teething easy and mother happy by counteracting and overcoming the effects of the summer's heat.

Dan Murphey and several other farmers from over about Alto, were in the city today selling cotton and trading.

How's This.

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him to be perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. WALTER KENNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

JUNE C. HARRIS, Att'y-at-Law.

DIRECTORS: JUNE C. HARRIS, ROBERT LINDSEY, S. E. B. MORSE.

ROBERT LINDSEY, Manager.

FRUIT, TRUCK, TOBACCO and OIL LANDS.

NACOGDOCHES LAND COMPANY
SUCCESSORS TO LINDSEY & HARRIS, NACOGDOCHES, TEXAS

NOTARY PUBLIC and SPANISH TRANSLATOR IN OFFICE

Abstracts of Land Titles. Land Titles examined and perfected. Attention given to rendering and paying Taxes. Redeeming Lands from Tax Sales. Lands Surveyed and blocked up. Maps furnished on application. Attention given to squatters. Immigration Agents Southern Pacific and H. E. & W. T. Ry's.

A Cold Settled In His Kidneys.

A J Jenesse, 9201 Butler street, Chicago, writes: "I am a switchman and am out in all kinds of weather. I took a cold which settled in my kidneys and I was in bad shape. I tried several advertised remedies with no benefit until I was recommended to try Foley's Kidney Cure. Two-thirds of a bottle cured me." Sold by Perkins Bros.

Blanche Mast and Messrs Madison and Conley, in addition to the names previously given, are riding bailiffs for the grand jury.

Shingles.

Sawed sap shingles in any quantity delivered at Nacogdoches for \$1.25 per thousand Will make special prices at the mill. Leave orders at Sentinel office.

J. J. Haltom.

Estray Notice.

In compliance with law and upon the return of J. W. Byrd, county commissioner of precinct No. 1, Nacogdoches county, Texas, I hereby give notice that there has been found running at large, and estrayed, the owner of which is unknown Small bay mare about 12 or 14 hands high, about 10 or 12 years old, branded with Spanish brand on right shoulder and right thigh; said animal now ranging 3 miles northeast from Nacogdoches, and left in care of Eddie Logan (col). If not legally proven away by the owner thereof within twenty days from the date hereof, the same will be advertised and said commissioner will proceed to sell the same according to law. E. M. Weeks, County Clerk, Dated, Nacogdoches, Texas, this 17th day of September, 1904.

Estray Notice.

In compliance with law and upon the return of G. L. Muckleroy, county commissioner of Prec. No. 4, Nacogdoches county, Texas, I hereby give notice that there has been found running at large, and estrayed, the owner of which is unknown One gray mare, about 10 or 12 years old, about 14 or 15 hands high, no brands; said animal now ranging 20 miles east from Nacogdoches at Chireno, and left in care of J. H. Atkinson. If not legally proven away by the owner thereof within twenty days from the date hereof, the same will be advertised and said commissioner will proceed to sell the same according to law. E. M. Weeks, County Clerk, Dated at Nacogdoches, Texas, this 17th day of September, 1904.



Buy your

CLOTHING
FROM
P. G. RICHARDSON

Dealer in

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Etc.

He'll save you big money.

Commercial National Bank

Of Nacogdoches. Capital Stock \$50,000.

Solicits the patronage of the public. We have abundant means, first-class facilities and will try to handle all business promptly and satisfactorily. We have the new Corliss Revolving Safe, said to be the best and only Strictly Burglar Proof safe made. We will gladly receive deposits for any amount.

E. A. BLOUNT, G. C. INGRAHAM, EUGENE H. BLOUNT, President, Vice-President, Cashier.

We are SOLE DISTRIBUTORS

For Arkansas, Louisiana & Texas

FOR

4 Great Brands

Of Pure and Unadulterated Whiskey



which enables us to sell at prices no higher than others sell inferior goods. To convince you, we will ship you,

EXPRESS PREPAID,

4 Full Qts. Private Stock, \$2.50

4 Full Qts. Belle Louisiana, \$2.75

4 Full Qts. Golden Rye, \$3.00

4 Full Qts. Virginia Mt. Rye, \$3.20

We guarantee satisfaction. If not as represented, return at our expense and your money will be cheerfully refunded. We are the OLD RELIABLE, and refer to any bank or business house as to our responsibility. Give us a trial.

Kaufman & Myer,

104-106 Texas Street,
Shreveport, Louisiana.

N. B. CHANCEY,

Fine Wines and Liquors

LUFKIN, TEXAS,

Prices Delivered

CASE GOODS (Per 4 Quarts)	BARREL GOODS (Per Gallon)
Cedar Growth.....\$3.50	Kentucky Judge.....\$2.50
Old Deerfield.....\$4.00	Comet.....\$3.00
Paul Jones.....\$4.50	Stony Ford.....\$3.75
XXX Pearl Rye.....\$5.00	Canadian Rye.....\$4.00
Parker Rye.....\$5.00	Old Henrietta.....\$4.00
Cream Pure Rye.....\$5.50	Chad Buford.....\$4.00
Porrest Park.....\$5.50	Paul Jones.....\$5.00
Hunter Rye.....\$6.00	Alcohol (188 proof) \$4.00
Old Forester.....\$6.00	Gin.....\$3.50
Mumm's Extra Rye \$6.00	Rock and Rye.....\$2.50

Schlitz Beer, per cask, \$11.00 net.

The shipping trade a specialty. All orders promptly filled.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

Dead Body Not Discovered Until Clothing had Burned Off.
From Thursday's Daily:

News was received here this morning of the sad death of Mrs. Patty Dean, who was struck by lightning yesterday afternoon at her home in Shelby county. Mrs. Dean lived about nine miles this side of Center and was stricken during an electric storm when there was no one but herself at home. Her clothing were set on fire and were still burning when her dead body was discovered some time after the storm had passed over. She has relatives in this city.

Abscess.

W. H. Harrison, Cleveland, Miss., writes, Aug 15, 1902: "I want to say a word of praise for Ballard's Snow Liniment. I stepped on a nail, which caused the cords in my leg to contract and an abscess to rise in my knee, and the doctor told me that I would have a stiff leg, so one day I went to J F Lord's drug store (who is now in Denver, Col.) He recommended a bottle of Snow Liniment. I got a 50c size and it cured my leg. It is the best liniment in the world." Abscesses, with few exceptions are indicative of constipation or debility. They may, however, result from blows or from foreign bodies, introduced into the skin or flesh, such as splinters, thorns, etc. Sold by Perkins Bros.

THERE will possibly be sharp competition in cotton seed buying here this fall, but the farmers should, when they can do so without too much sacrifice, give preference to the home mill. The saving in cotton seed products, when bought at a home mill and a middle man's profit escaped, is quite an important item; then, too, it is right and proper to sustain home institutions when they are run along legitimate lines.—Center Champion.

Beautiful Women.

Plump cheeks, flushed with the soft glow of health and a pure complexion, make all women beautiful. Take a small dose of Herbine after each meal; it will prevent constipation and help digest what you have eaten. 50c. Mrs. Wm M Stroud, Midlothian, Texas, writes May 31, 1901: "We have used Herbine in our family for eight years, and found it the best we ever used for constipation, bilious fever and malaria." Sold by Perkins Bros.

We are Wealthy in Spots.

The Sentinel comes forth with a statement showing that the deposits of Nacogdoches banks on Sept. 6th amounted to \$312,758.79, making a better showing than either Rusk, Henderson or Jacksonville. We are willing to admit that there is more money on deposit in Nacogdoches than at this place; it is a much older town, and is the home of many wealthy people, while in Jacksonville we are all comparatively poor, but nearly every man you strike here, either in town or country, has a little money ahead, and is able to draw his check for a reasonable amount against the local bank. The difference is this—Nacogdoches is wealthy in spots; Jacksonville is in a prosperous condition, and the wealth

is more evenly distributed. We have very few aristocrats, and no plebeians at all—Jacksonville Banner.

Sprains.

S A Read, Cisco, Texas, March 11, 1901: "My wrist was sprained so badly by a fall that it was useless; and after using several remedies that failed to give relief, used Ballard's Snow Liniment and was cured. I earnestly recommend it to any one suffering from sprains." 25c. 50c \$1. Sold by Perkins Bros.

COMMISSIONER MAYFIELD of the Texas Railroad Commission has been doing some detective work recently, and as a consequence the Fort Worth and Rio Grande railroad company finds itself under arrest, so to speak. The commissioner charges that the company has improperly issued nearly a million dollars of bonds and that it has violated the state law by unlawfully consolidating with the Frisco system. A hearing of the case before the Commission is set for next month.

Best in Existence.

"I sincerely believe, all things considered, Hunt's Lightning oil is the most useful and valuable household remedy in existence. For cuts, burns, sprains and insect bites it has no equal so far as my experience goes." — G. E. Huntington, Eufala, Ala. 25c and 50c bottles.

A CRANK has been arrested in Washington who insisted on seeing Roosevelt and declared that he had a message from Heaven for him. Teddy certainly needs a message from that quarter if all this democratic talk about him is well founded.

Seeks No Further.

"No more nauseous doses of quinine and the like for me. Cheatam's Laxative Tablets are surer in effect and far more pleasant and convenient to take. I seek no further for a safe and sure cure for chills, biliousness and malaria." — Edw Dubois, Baton Rouge, La. 25c per box.

THE long and persistent work in the Humble oil field on the H. E. & W. T. road, not a great distance north of Houston, is beginning to bring results. At a depth of 600 feet a slight flow of oil has been encountered, and although the prospect of a gusher is not brilliant, the presence of oil there has been demonstrated and it may be found in paying quantities.

Attend to Your Liver.

No organ in the human body can give as many different kinds of trouble as the liver when it is not right. Simon's Liver Purifier makes it right and keeps it so.

DeWITT'S WITCH HAZEL SALVE

THE ORIGINAL. A Well Known Cure for Piles.

Cures obstinate sore-throats, eczema, skin diseases. Makes burns and scalds painless. We could not improve the quality if paid double the price. The best salve that experience can produce or that money can buy.

Cures Piles Permanently

DeWitt's is the original and only pure and genuine Witch Hazel Salve made. Look for the name DeWITT on every box. All others are counterfeit. PREPARED BY E. C. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO. For sale by Perkins Bros.

DO YOU NEED A MEDICINE?

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO INVESTIGATE.

There is no one who does not need a Liver Medicine occasionally.

The symptoms of Liver Complaint are well known to every one, such as constipation, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, sleeplessness, headache, a tired feeling and many others of a similar nature.

Thousands die annually by not heeding the warnings of nature.

Many acquire some chronic disease from which they never recover.

Many of these could be spared for years of usefulness, by keeping in the home some reliable remedy.

We believe that we can convince any fair-minded person that there is no better remedy for the Liver known, than Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup. The formula is known, consisting of Buchu, Hydrangea, Mandrake, Yellow Dock, Dandelion, Sarsaparilla, Gentian, Senna and Iodide of Potassium. You know just what you are taking. How many other formulas of a liver medicine are published? Ask your druggist about this. It is already prepared and can be taken immediately.

The strength is extracted in the most skillful manner, certainly superior to any powdered preparation known. (We also manufacture a Liver Medicine in a powdered form, with which any druggist can supply you, but this, like all other dry Liver Medicines requires preparation.)

Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup is pleasant to take, does not lose its strength, as Liver Medicine in dry form, and will keep in any climate.

Your doctor, however skillful, could prescribe nothing better.

There is no opportunity for a doctor to make a mistake in writing a prescription, or a drug clerk to make a mistake in compounding the same, (besides a doctor's bill and the cost of the medicine.) You can be absolutely sure of the proper proportion being in every dose.

Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup has been used with the greatest confidence and success in thousands of homes for 62 years, and is prepared by a pharmacist of 25 years' experience, in a laboratory equipped with the most modern appliances for the most perfect safety.

If you do not understand your case, write today for a "Free sample bottle and Dr. Thacher's Health Book." Give symptoms for advice. We stamp it. We try it at our expense. We know what it will do.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

50 cents and \$1.00.

THACHER MEDICINE CO. Chattanooga, Tenn.

Did You Guess?

The wedding, recently mentioned in an extract from the Beaumont Journal, to take place in this city, occurred yesterday afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Buck Nix, on Fredonia Hill, when Mr. George E. Kessler led to the altar Miss Leila, the charming daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nix, and the affair were made man and wife by Rev. W. W. Watts, of this city.

The Journal spoke truly when it said Mr. Kessler would "take unto himself a wife, one of the handsomest and most talented young ladies of this city.

The groom is roadmaster of the East Texas division of the Texas and New Orleans railroad, and has been given a twenty-days lay off, during which the newly-wedded couple will take their bridal trip, afterward making their home in Beaumont.

Neglected Colds.

Every part of the mucous membrane, the nose, throat, ears, head and lungs, etc., are subjected to disease and blight from neglected colds. Ballard's Horehound Syrup is a pleasant and effective remedy. 25c, 50c and \$1.00. W Aken, drick, Valey Mills, Texas, writes: "I have used Ballard's Horehound Syrup for coughs and throat troubles; it is a pleasant and most effective remedy. Sold by Perkins Bros.

M. E. Minton, formerly of Lindale, Texas, has leased the Hicks building and is conducting a brokerage business in this city. He moved his family here last week and will make this his home for the benefit of the schools.

Mr. J. C. Burnes, of Cushing, was married at the courthouse in this city Monday, Sept. 19th to Miss Savelin McClure, of Huntington, Rev. J. L. Watson, officiating.

Church Plans.

Attoyac, Texas.—Specification of church building: Size of foundation 30x50 feet, walls 16 feet high, tramed and weatherboarded with shiplap siding and ceiled with beaded ceiling. Overhead to have a rainbow arch, beginning 12 feet from floor. The rafters to be cut on a square angle and have on eve finish all around the building. The bellrey to be built from the floor 3 1-2x4 1-2 feet. The short side to be cut right angle and the long side parallel with the wall in front. When it reaches the eve gable it is to have one foot extension in front of the gable which makes it 4 1-2x4 1-2 feet square till it reaches 4 feet above the comb then it is to taper to a point 10 feet above. There is to be 2 doors in front, one on each side of the bellrey, size 3x7 feet. One door and four windows on one side and five windows on the other side; two in rear. It is to be seated with three tiers of slat benches 7 feet long and a complement of long benches 14 feet long for each side of the pulpit. The platform and Bible stand must be up-to-date fixtures. Everything furnished on the ground ready for use except the bench lumber which is to be dressed all over by hand. The entire structure to be completed in first class workmanship order. The contract for the building will be awarded on the 8th. of October. We reserve the right to reject any and all bids and ask that all bids be sealed and handed in by the above date. Each bid must be accompanied by one thousand dollar bond. Contractor to begin work by the 10th of October, and completed by the 10 of December.

J. Perritte,
B. F. Hargis,
W. H. Cade,
J. E. Sanders,
W. R. Blackshear,
Building Committee.

They Should.

"My honest conviction, based upon my own experience and that of my friends, is that 'Hunt's Cure' will cure a larger per cent of skin troubles, especially of an itching variety, than any other remedy. Certainly those afflicted with any form of itch should try it." — J O Monroe, Atchison, Kan. 50c per box.

SENATOR BAILEY has declined to discuss the prohibition question with Cyclone Davis in this state for the very sensible and sufficient reason that prohibition is not a political issue and the democratic party had separated it entirely from politics. It is not an issue in the campaign.

For Sale.

I have a few tall blood-barred Plymouth Rock, young roosters of good size and shape, and will barred, to sell at \$1.00 each, at my yard, with water. They are as good as the best.

Miss Elma Greer, Box 44, Appleby, Texas, dw2

AGENTS OF EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY OF AGENTS

THE GREATEST BOOK OF THE DAY

"CHRIST IN THE CAMP"

By Dr. J. WILLIAM JONES

AGENTS REPORTS:

N. C.—"Worked one day, received 10 orders."
Ala.—"Received from 1 o'clock, sold 7 by night."
Va.—"Sold 14 in 12 hours." L. P. Sanders,
Texas—"Worked one day, got 12 orders."
APPLY AT ONCE TO
THE MARTIN & HOYT CO., Atlanta, Ga.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

Always restores color to gray hair, all the dark, rich color it used to have. The hair stops falling, grows long and heavy, and all dandruff disappears. An elegant dressing.



BUY
TOM PADGETT & CO'S
FAMOUS - SADDLES
TEXAS
35 Years the Standard.
Ask Your Dealers for them.
Wholesale Manufacturers
Saddlery and Dealers in
Buggies,
WACO, TEXAS.

BANITA MANUFACTURING PLANT

IRESON BROS., PROPRIETORS.
Special Sash, Doors, Moulding, Lumber and Shingles. Manufacturers of Interior and Exterior Mill Work. Special designs in Columns, Brackets, Spindles, Gables, jib and Cottage windows, Store doors, and Fronts, Counters and Shelving.
We especially solicit country trade and we are prepared to work and dress your lumber any way. We have the best planer foreman in East Texas and can make anything from your rough stock.
If you want bills of lumber figured on and plans for building call on us. We can most tell you what you want and how to get it.

IRESON BROS.

30 Days!

Cabinet Photos \$1.00 Per Dozen

All Work Guaranteed to be FIRST-CLASS.
Twenty-five Stamp Pictures for 25 Cents.

Casley's Studio

CHAS HOYA President
L. L. STURDEVANT, Vice-President and Cashier.

Stenc Fort National Bank

We will show our appreciation of your banking business by giving it prompt, careful attention. Try us.
Directors: Chas. Hoya, J. J. Hayter,
W. F. Perkins, J. M. Weeks, L. L. Sturdevant

DAVIS BROS. The Cash Liquor House

When one gallon or four quart or more are ordered we pay express charges to the nearest express office.

We do not pay express charges on Paul Jones' Pure Rye for Catalogue.

Our Leader Paul Jones' Pure Rye 40 Cents per Quart

Glance at the
Beautiful Medallions
in
Stripling, Haselwood & Co's
Show Window.
Those Groups
of
Statesmen, Artists, Poets,
Musicians, Etc.,
Ought to be in every home.
The cost is only a
trifle.

Weekly Sentinel.

Office of Publication—Church and Main Streets
Opposite Opera House.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.

Entered at the Postoffice at Nacogdoches, Tex.,
as Second-Class Mail Matter.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Daily, per year, \$4.00 | Weekly, per year \$1.00
Daily, per month .35 | Weekly, six mo. .50

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

Judge, 2nd Judicial District:
JAS. I. PERKINS.
For District Attorney:
W. M. IMBODEN.
For Representative:
R. W. HALTOM.
For County Judge:
ROBERT BERGIE.
For Sheriff:
EUGENE BUCKNER.
For District Clerk:
R. W. MURPHEY.
For Tax Assessor:
LUTHER SWIFT.
For Tax Collector:
C. B. LAMI MARVIN.
For County Attorney:
BEEBMAN STRONG.
For County Clerk:
J. N. GILBERT.
For County Clerk:
P. M. SANDERS.
For Commissioner Precinct No. 1:
J. W. RYD.
For Commissioner Precinct No. 2:
H. V. SITTON.
For Commissioner Precinct No. 3:
R. L. WILLIAMSON.
For Commissioner Precinct No. 4:
C. H. PATTON.
For Justice of the Peace Prec. No. 1:
J. M. (Martin) JONES.
For Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 4:
J. P. PERUVILLE.
For Constable Precinct No. 1:
WILL McMILLAN.

MONDAY'S LOCALS.

J. P. Bruton and B. K. King, of Douglass, are in the city.

George D. Chandler, of Garrison, was in the city today.

J. W. Lowry and family, of Etoile, were in the city today on a shopping trip.

Dave Greer, of Appleby, was in the city today. He says cotton is turning out finely on his place. From nine acres of land a renter will gather over seven bales. The boll weevil did little damage on his farm.

Fifty Years the Standard

PRICES
CREAM



BAKING
POWDER

Made from pure cream of tartar derived from grapes.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
CHICAGO.

TUESDAY'S LOCALS.

Eli Westfall, of Garrison, was in the city today.

Tom Parton, of Etoile, was here today on a trading trip.

Mr. J. D. Fussell, of Cushing, was in the city yesterday.

Albert Brewer, of Trawick, was here on a business trip today.

J. O. Martin, of Martinsville was selling cotton in Nacogdoches today.

Ask Cason & Richardson about cane mills; they can interest you.

Mrs. J. E. Teutsch, of Chireno, is visiting in the city, and is the guest of her brother, E. M. Roberts.

Messrs. R. T. White and Charley Chapman, of Fairview took in the excursion to Galveston Saturday, returning today.

Mr. A. B. Seale, of the Melrose community, was in the city today with cotton seed to sell.

The Nacogdoches Mercantile company has just received a car of Red Rust Proof Seed Oats. d-w

We have two cars of Buggies and Surreys bought for cash. It will save you money. See us now.

Cason & Richardson.

Mrs. J. W. Curl, of Chireno, is taking care of things for her daughter, Mrs. Dr. W. I. M. Smith, while the latter and the Doctor are visiting the fair at St. Louis.

W. A. Stoker, of Stoker, spent last night in the city. He has been down with fever the past month and is just getting in good shape again. He had several bales of cotton on the market today.

Norman Muckleroy, who has been with The Sentinel as pressman the past year, left yesterday for Center, where he will spend a year at school. Norman is a "fine old-boy" and the whole Sentinel force loves him, and he carries with him their good will and best wishes for his rapid advancement in his studies and his future success in life.

We Have Been Keeping Quiet

UNTIL WE COULD GET THE GOODS.

NOW WE'VE GOT THE GOODS.

The Right Goods

The Best Goods

The Cheap Goods

Listen to us while we make our FUSS: We want this advertisement read by every man, woman, boy, girl and child in Eastern Texas. Never before have we had such a thoroughly complete stock, a Tremendous Stock, bought in anticipation of a tremendous cotton crop. Now that the cotton crop is cut half in two we are going to the bottom on our prices. BUT Nothing but the Highest Standard of Goods will we handle.

See what we have to offer you. Don't go elsewhere to buy until you get our prices.

Mitchell, Tennessee and Espenschied Wagons.

Blees, Jos. W. Moon and Patterson's Buggies, Surries and Hacks.

Padgett, Frank, and Strauss Saddles, and Double and Single Harness.

Garland and National Ranges, Stoves and Heaters.

Parlor, Bed Room, Hall, Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture

of every kind and quality from the cheapest to the best.

Barbed Wire, Elwood and American Wire Fencing.

"New Live Oak, "King" and "Victor" Cane Mills.

Cook's Patent, Copper and Galvanized Evaporators and Furnaces.

Three and Four Joint Stacks, Furnace Fronts, Grates and Doors.

Doors, Windows, Blinds, Nails and Building Hardware.

Blacksmith Coal, Cement, Lime and Tools of all kinds.

Full stock of Hardware, Groceries and Feed Stuffs.

Bagging and Ties, Rubber and Leather Belting and Oils for Ginners.

Crockery, Glassware and Tinware.

Guns, Pistols, Loaded Shells, Powder, Shot and Dynamite.

In Our Two Large Main Street Front Stores

We now have the most up-to-date stock of Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Ready-to-wear Goods for ladies from the daintiest Underwear, Hosiery and Corsets to the swellest Tailor-made Suits, Skirts, Shirt Waists, etc.

Our Millinery Department

Is again under the management of Miss Nora Evans with competent assistants. Quantities of Butterick's Fashion Sheets and Delineators, Butterick's Patterns, all numbers and sizes.

Our Mr. John Schmidt has just been to Boston where he bought an immense stock of BOOTS and SHOES. He bought them at 15 to 20 per cent cheaper than ever before. You are to get the advantage of this close buying. Our shoe men, Messrs. Jno. J. Baker and C. C. Rhein, have selected a stock of everything new and nobby in Ladies', Men's, Boy's, Children's and Infant's SHOES and BOOTS. In our special lines, such as Drew Selby & Co's., Godman & Co's., Irving, Drew & Co's., Mann's, Hanan & Son's, Walkover, and Friedman Bros. Shoes carefully fitted to your feet in our store.

Our Mr. B. M. Isaacs is still in New York selecting our Clothing, Gent's Furnishings, Hats, Shirts, Men's Underwear, Gloves and UNION WORKINGMEN' WEAR of every description.

Mr. Simon Hirsch and Miss Nora Evans are "ransacking" New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago and St. Louis markets for everything nice, new and stylish for their departments.

We don't buy old stocks of shelf worn goods and get up schemes to unload them on you. Regular legitimate dealing is our aim and practice. New, fresh and up-to-date goods for your good money.

We only ask an inspection of our goods and prices before you go elsewhere. We want to buy your cotton, wool, wax and other kinds of produce at highest market price.

MAYER & SCHMIDT.

N. B.—We have in transit a car each of Syrup Cans, Jugs, Cypress Barrels and Kegs.

Come to us for your complete Syrup Making Outfit.

We have the swellest Furniture department in Eastern Texas.