

Capitan News.

A Journal Devoted to the Interests of Lincoln County.

VOLUME 7.

CAPITAN, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, MAY 11, 1906.

NUMBER 10

THE PIANO

is the visible sign of culture in every gentle household. A fine instrument bespeaks eloquently the musical feeling, the artistic appreciation of the family, and lends a certain distinction to its environment however simple. Similarly is it true that an inferior piano cheapens the effect of the richest surroundings and hints of some stain on the owner's esentecheon of taste.

AGENT FOR THE

IVERS & POND PIANOS

Now is the time to purchase a High Grade Piano. You may not have this splendid opportunity to have placed in your home the famous Ivers and Pond instrument again. We give the best of terms; anyone with moderate means can afford to buy one of these magnificent instruments. If you intend making a purchase let us quote you prices first. On cash sales we make liberal discounts.

A Complete Line Stringed Instruments and Accessories always carried in stock

CALL ON OR ADDRESS:

J. W. BARRETT
CAPITAN, N. M.

Notice.

Parties who contemplate building or making ranch improvements, come and see O. L. Henry, Capitan. Will sell all or any one of the buildings now at Coalora. This is your chance to get lumber cheap.

O. L. HENRY,
Agt. Dawson Fuel Co.

The Court's Grind.

The special May term of court for Lincoln county began grinding Monday. The grand jury was empanelled and sworn, and A. C. Storms appointed foreman. The instructions of Judge Mann were written, and cover the whole catalogue of crime. The grand jury received special instructions to investigate the county books and conduct of the officials of the county.

The grand jury is made up of the following:

1. Eucarmacion Fresquez,
2. E. P. Prichett,
3. T. C. Jacobs,
4. A. C. Meek,
5. S. J. Woodland,
6. W. P. Blevins,
7. Ross Bentley,
8. Edward Lee,
9. Juan L. Reyes,
10. Samuel Farmer,
11. Peter Burleson,
12. A. J. Hurst,
13. Agustin Silva,
14. Trinidad Vigil,
15. Pedro Rodriguez,
16. Patricio Miranda,
17. J. A. Hobbs,
18. J. W. Craig,
19. A. C. Storms, foreman.

The following indictments have been returned:

- Abran Miller: Unlawfully killing neat cattle; arraigned; plea not guilty. Set for next Monday.
- Charles Bell: Larceny of a mare; arraigned; plea, guilty.
- Paz Otero: Murder; no arraignment.
- Salomon Aragon: Murder; arraigned; plea, not guilty.

The petit jury is composed of the following:

1. Candelario Griego,
2. Felipe Gomez,
3. Inez Garcia,
4. Manuel Lueras,
5. Epatacio Guajaca,
6. Felipe Sanchez,
7. Frederico Montoya,
8. Florencio Mirales,
9. Wayne Van Schoyck,
10. Martiniano Lujan,
11. B. F. Johnson,
13. Clark Hust,
14. Frank Phillips,
15. H. B. Roberts,
16. Jose Trujillo,
17. W. L. Gumm,
18. Rafael Sanchez,
19. J. R. Chrisman,
20. Pablino Aldaz,
21. W. H. Rule,

HATS! HATS!

Just received a large and varied assortment of Men's Hats, all sizes, all shapes. Hats to suit everybody and at most reasonable prices.

OVERALLS JUST ARRIVED

Stock Salt, 200 pounds for . . . \$1.00
Rye Flour, 100 " " . . . \$2.00

CAPITAN MERCANTILE CO.

P. G. PETERS, PROPRIETOR.

22. Juan Peppin,
23. Ross Coe,
24. Paul Mayer.

The first criminal case set for trial is one against W. A. McKean, which went over from last term, and will be heard today. The charge is impersonating an officer.

In Furrin' Parts.

It appears from the almanac that one Miguel A. Otero, major, together with one Miguel A. Otero, minor, have landed at Funchai, on the island of Madeira, on the northwest coast of Africa. Although Miguel, the Two, suffered severely with seasickness, it is said the ex-governor was not affected, as he had become accustomed to the motion in the violent rocking of the ship of state which he guided in New Mexico. Whether Miguel is ever coming back is not stated. While he finds the climate warm, he is said to have stated that the water is not as hot as that which he encountered in New Mexico and that while there is a lack of the restraints of civilization among the Africans and silk hats are a rarity nevertheless Mr. Otero finds the seclusion most grateful. The rumor that the Zulus have started a boom for Miguel for chief is denied, and it is thought that he will keep out of the political arena for the present and devote his time to scientific studies such as the true theory of the boomerang and the question as to whether the citizens of Darkest Africa are fit for statehood. Further advices from the two Miguels are awaited with interest.—Solos by Second Fiddle in Albuquerque Morning Journal.

Big Crowd—Fine Sport.

A large crowd gathered in town Saturday from the surrounding country to take part in and to witness the sports that were to be pulled off that day. The baseball game, however, was not played, the Lincoln team failing to arrive.

The race was pulled off at 3 o'clock, p. m., as scheduled, the entries being the following four horses: Will Marr's gray, Monroe Howard's black, W. H. Johnson's bay and Isidro McKinley's black. The favorite in the betting was the gray, though all kinds of bets were made, many of them carrying considerable money.

The quartette were tapped off by S. T. Gray and whip and spur were plied for all they were worth by all but one—the gray's rider, and in that case it was not necessary, as the gray came in far in advance of the others. Each of the other three sought to stick his nose across the line first for second money, and the contest was so close that it was difficult to tell the result. The final decision of the judges was that they came in in the order each has been named: Marr's gray, 1st; Howard's black, 2nd; Johnson's bay, 3rd and McKinley's black, 4th.

After the main event Johnson's bay was matched against McKinley's black for a purse of \$25.00 a side. In this race the bay won easily, the black quitting the track. Many minor races were run during the afternoon, on each of which some money changed hands.

THE CAPITAN NEWS

CAPITAN, - - NEW MEXICO.

The frequent recurrence of the headline, "Fraud Fails," suggests an amendment to the proverb about the birthrate of suckers.

To a man who can take a pants button of fact and evolve from it a whole wardrobe of scandal nothing is impossible except the truth.

The prototype of "Huckleberry Finn"—Capt. A. O. Tonkrey of Murray, Idaho—is dead. "Huckleberry" himself bids fair to be immortal.

Some of the composers of modern music should consult the dictionary as to the meaning of the word music. They seem to have forgotten it.

New York announces that its high art theater will not be run for profit. That is lucky. It is not likely to be profitable if it sticks to high art.

One congressman wants a law taxing the bachelors of the country an amount sufficient to support all the spinsters. There is a logical mind for you.

Senator Clark says he is sorry he did not become an artist. If we could draw checks as well as the senator our artistic achievements would satisfy us.

How many people, do you suppose, will be set to writing by the publication of the statement that Henry Harland received \$70,000 for one of his novels?

Before Mr. Walter Wellman starts on his journey by airship to the pole, wouldn't it be well, just by way of trial, for him to go in his airship from Paris to Berlin?

Not only is plenty of pure fresh air good for people who are suffering with pneumonia, but it is also a fine preventive of pneumonia and other varieties of disease.

Most people like French bread, but if the Countess de Castellane were Anna Gould again, and were to pick out another husband, she probably wouldn't choose that kind.

The young man may shrink from buying chocolate for the young woman on account of the paraffin, but doubtless she will be willing to compromise on something just as expensive.

A special to a New York paper tells of the plans for a great tiger hunt in the State of Tamaulipas, Mexico. Unfortunately it neglects to name the country from which the tigers were imported.

The question, Why do boys leave their studies so early in life? suggests that other question, Why do boys who are ailing from Monday to Friday inclusive suddenly regain robust health on Saturday?

It is unfortunate for little baby Pu that he is descended from the gods. The gods do not seem to have the pull that they had in former times. Even the Chinaman is saving money on punk sticks, these days.

Rev. Dr. Van Dyke says that he doesn't like the proverb, "A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush." If you say, "A thorn in the bush is worth two in the hand," he will doubtless readily agree with you.

The new edition of "Who's Who in America" contains 16,216 names. Now why doesn't somebody get up a volume entitled "Who Isn't Who in America," and print the names of the rest of the 80,000,000? Then nobody could feel neglected.

ALL DISAGREE OVER EDEN

The location of the earthly paradise or garden of Eden is still a matter of dispute among Orientalists and scriptural scholars of highest reputation, says the Brooklyn Citizen. Some have endeavored to locate it by the fruits and mineral productions named in the biblical descriptions as they appear in the second chapter of Genesis; others by the rivers mentioned in verses 11 to 14 of the above mentioned chapter. The weight of investigation and tradition inclines to an agreement that the Tigris and the Euphrates of modern geography are the third and fourth rivers mentioned in the biblical description of the garden. Those who agree so far differ widely as to what rivers should now be regarded as the ancient Pison and Gihon. The Buddhistic scholars, although they reject our Bible in greater part, incline to the opinion that the Pison is the sacred Ganges, and that the Gihon is none other than the Nile. As to the last, it is altogether probable

that they are correct on that point, because the biblical account plainly says that Gihon "compasseth the whole land of Ethopia."

Some investigations confirm that Eden was a spot of comparatively small area located on the tablelands of what is now Armenia, from which rise the Tigris and the Euphrates. A few scholars of distinction argue that the Adamic paradise was located in Africa, in the vicinity of the mountains of the Moon. Still another school of Orientalists locate the celebrated garden in the vicinity of the ancient city of Babylon.

You will notice, however, that none of these theorists has been able to get the four rivers mentioned in the biblical account properly located. Neither have they found a place where one great river "separates into four heads." This being the case, it is hardly necessary to add that the exact location of Eden is a mystery that will probably never be solved.

LOCATING MEN IN SNOWSLIDE

Eli Smith is credited with having saved the lives of twenty-five men at Sheep Camp in the spring of 1898 at the time of the great snowslide on the Dyea trail. It will be recalled that sixty-three men were killed by the slide, most of them suffocating before rescuers could reach them. Smith was on the trail several miles below the slide. He came up three-quarters of an hour after the tragedy and found the survivors frantically trying to dig the victims out.

"Give me that stick," said Smith to a man who had a flat lathlike piece of wood in his hand.

The stick was turned over to Smith, who immediately whittled the end so that he could insert it in his mouth and grasp it firmly with his back teeth. Then he thrust the stick in the snow and held the end in his mouth, apparently listening. He repeated the operation at several points in the slide. Finally he shouted:

"Come! Dig here, quick!"

At a depth of nine feet the rescuers took out three men, unconscious, but alive. Those three men recovered and were all right by morning.

In the same manner Smith pointed out other places, which resulted in the locating of many bodies and the uncovering in all of twenty-five men whose lives were saved.

"Where did you learn that trick?" Smith was asked the other day.

"I learned that in Idaho, at Wood river," said he. "The Indians know that trick. I guess a wire would be better than a stick, but they don't keep wire in stock out in the wilds, so Indians always use a stick. You see if a feller is alive, you can sort of hear him breathe, or I guess it's more like feelin' him breathe. If he is kicking or moving around you can hear him plain. You just put the stick down into the snow two or three feet and you can hear a feller breathing, even if he's twenty feet further down."—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

TWO ANECDOTES OF CRANE

A New York newspaper man who knew Stephen Crane, one of the most promising writers of English of his generation—who died before he was 30—when he was in London just after his return from the Graeco-Turkish war, relates some amusing stories concerning that erratic genius.

One morning Crane dropped into a newspaper office to borrow a sovereign from a friend. He said that he was going to luncheon with Harold Frederic, now also dead, for whom he had an admiration almost amounting to awe, but with whom he was then only slightly acquainted, though they afterward became inseparable friends.

In the middle of the afternoon Crane came back for another sovereign and told a tale of woe. He had asked Frederic into a "pub" to have an appetizer on their way to luncheon, and had handed out the sovereign he had just borrowed in payment therefor. The barmaid had laid the change

down before Frederic, who, engaged in an earnest discussion with Crane, had mechanically picked it up and put it in his pocket, without pausing for a moment in his conversation. Crane's reverence for his fellow-craftsman was so profound that he preferred to lose the money rather than embarrass him by asking for it.

Acquaintances of S. S. McClure, proprietor of McClure's Magazine, will appreciate Crane's emotions on another occasion about the same period. McClure has two brothers, and the three bear a striking resemblance to one another, with their pronounced Scotch features and fair hair and mustaches. Crane rushed up to a friend in Trafalgar Square one morning in a condition of great excitement.

"I've had a terrible shock," he said. "I was coming through the Strand just now and I saw three S. S. McClures standing at the corner of Bedford Street."

WOMAN AND THE HAIRPIN

Whenever her switch would grow suddenly loose

She would fasten it up with a hairpin; And if her belt buckle grew too weak for use.

She would fasten it up with a hairpin. Of mornings, when she wished to open her mail.

Or if in a magazine she read a tale And wished to cut pages, this maid young and frail

Reached up in her hair for a hairpin.

A man might call for a whole box of tools—

She simply reached up for a hairpin; A man might spend years in mechanical schools

To learn what she did with a hairpin; A man would get flustered, and frown, and perspire,

And ask who the dickens had taken his wire

When for some repairing such stuff he require—

She always relied on a hairpin.

A scissors, a knife, or a tweezers or awl—

She did very well with a hairpin. She found that the stairway that rose from her hall

Was measured quite well with a hairpin;

An egg beater broken? A laundry pipe plugged?

A corkscrew not found? Then her shoulders she shrugged

And reached, while her sense of contentment she hugged,

Right up to her hair for a hairpin.

A manicure set, and a button hook, too,

She always could find in a hairpin; In fact, there was nothing a person could do

That she couldn't do with a hairpin. One day she was wrecked in a passenger train;

The crew cried: "We'll have to send back for a crane!"

She murmured, her arm through a cracked window pane:

"Don't bother. I'll lend you a hairpin."

Worth Knowing

—that Allcock's are the original and only genuine porous plasters; all other so-called porous plasters are imitations.

Even the fellow who invents an egg-beater dreams of being a world beater.

Smokers appreciate the quality value of Lewis' Single Binder cigar. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Wigg—Clothes don't make the man. Wagg—No, but they make a rather close imitation sometimes.

Many Children are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, Break up Colds and Destroy Worms. At all Druggists', 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Man hopes for the best, but woman insists on having something better.

NO REST NIGHT OR DAY.

With Irritating Skin Humor—Hair Be-
gins to Fall Out—Wonderful Re-
sult from Cuticura Remedies.

"About the latter part of July my whole body began to itch. I did not take much notice of it at first, but it began to get worse all the time, and then I began to get uneasy and tried all kinds of baths and other remedies that were recommended for skin humors; but I became worse all the time. My hair began to fall out and my scalp itched all the time. Especially at night, just as soon as I would get in bed and get warm, my whole body would begin to itch and my finger nails would keep it irritated, and it was not long before I could not rest night or day. A friend asked me to try the Cuticura Remedies, and I did, and the first application helped me wonderfully. For about four weeks I would take a hot bath every night and then apply the Cuticura Ointment to my whole body; and I kept getting better, and by the time I used four boxes of Cuticura I was entirely cured, and my hair stopped falling out. D. E. Blankenship, 319 N. Del. St., Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 27, 1905."

African Sleeping Sickness.

Prof. Robert Koch lectured in Berlin recently on the "sleeping sickness," which he investigated for several months in equatorial Africa during the year 1905. Emperor William and a distinguished company were present.

The malady, said the professor, had been known on the west coast of Africa since the beginning of the last century and it had spread to the north shore of the Victoria Nyanza and then entered German Africa. Probably 200,000 persons had died from the disease. The infection was spread from human to human by the sting of a fly. The poison affected the usual health for several days and then the sufferer was attacked with fever, became incoherent, the glands were swollen and the patient became enfeebled and eventually was seized with the sleep mania. Professor Koch knew of no remedy for this disease.

Sale of Luther's House.

It is reported from Dresden that Germany will witness a public auction that is probably unique. The house at Eisenbach in which Martin Luther lived from 1498 to 1501, being then a youth of from fifteen to eighteen, is to be offered for sale, together with all the historical objects and documents associated with Luther and his period which it contains.



BIGGEST BUG ON EARTH

To the Hercules beetle, a giant among insects, which is found in certain portions of Central and South America, as well as in the island of Dominica, one of the British West Indies, belongs the distinction of being the biggest bug in the world. In appearance this creature is anything but prepossessing, and looks as if it belonged with pink snakes, purple spiders and other creatures of the imagination.

It is a common trait of tourists and travelers to make little of anything seen in foreign lands, especially in the little West Indian islands, and to declare that similar things of vastly greater size or better quality occur in "God's country." When they run across the Hercules beetle, however, they are obliged to acknowledge themselves beaten.

Although so formidable in appearance, this insect is perfectly harmless. It lives in the heavy forests and feeds on the sweetish sap or gum of native trees. The larva, or grub, is about four inches long and as thick as a

man's thumb and looks like a huge white maggot. It is considered a delicacy by the native negroes and caribs, who roast it in hot ashes and say that it tastes like roasted nuts.

Clumsy in appearance, the Hercules beetle possesses great powers of flight and in the outlying villages it is not uncommon for one of these huge creatures to enter the native houses, being attracted thereto by the lights. The invariable result is a prompt extinguishing of the candle by the wind created by the beetle's buzzing wings, accompanied by screams from the inmates of the house, who imagine a jumble or evil spirit, has invaded their dwelling.

A popular belief among the natives is that the Hercules beetle saws off limbs of trees by grasping them between two horn like appendages and flying round and round. This is a manifest impossibility as the insect has but little power in the horns, and, moreover, the upper one is lined with a soft, velvety hair, which would be rubbed off at once by any friction.

OLD EGYPT'S GOLD MINES

Prof. R. D. George of the University of Colorado suggests that the ancient Egyptians drew the larger part of their gold from the old workings near Coptos, latitude 26 degrees north, and from the mountains some distance to the south. The mountains to the south of Coptos are probably the mines for which the kings of the twelfth dynasty sacrificed the lives of many thousand men; for the rule of Egyptian kings who wanted gold was to invade Nubia and take possession of the mines, just as when they wanted copper they drove back the nomadic tribes of Sinai and built fortresses to protect their miners. The Nubian gold workings of which Prof. George speaks are placed in an almost inaccessible mountain group surrounded on all sides by a waterless desert. Here may be seen tunnels and shafts penetrating the mountains to almost unknown depths.

Three hundred stone huts shelter 300 mills used in pulverizing the ore; immense cisterns once caught the scanty water supply from the upper slopes; and near them stand the sloping tables on which pulverized ore was washed. Records show that these mines were worked with little interruption for twenty centuries by the Egyptians, and there is no means of knowing how long they were worked by the Nubians before them.

In the inscriptions of the New Empire various kinds or grades of gold are mentioned; and in one of the Tell-el-Amarna letters, written during the eighteenth dynasty, the king of Babylon accuses Amenophis III. of Egypt of sending him a mass of base metal for gold. He says: "The twenty minas of gold you sent me contained, when melted down, only five minas of pure gold." So that the "gold bronze" even then was not unknown.

WHIG HAD GOOD MEMORY

In the decade of 1840-50 Col. W. A. Bryant was a young attorney in Barre, Mass., and also editor of the Barre Gazette and an ardent Democrat, the leading parties in the country then being Whigs and Democrats.

In the campaign of the fall of 1841 Col. Bryant was to make an address in Hubbardston and drove over during the afternoon, the distance being about eight miles. In the course of his tirade against the Whigs he said: "Their case is lost, and they will get lost themselves if they stay out after dark."

After a rousing meeting he started home, and as it was dark, with no moon and the sky cloudy he got off the road. Noticing a light in a farm house, he stopped and knocked at the door. The farmer came to the door

with a lantern and asked what was wanted. The colonel politely asked to be directed to the straight road to Barre.

At a glance the farmer discovered who the caller was, having attended the meeting, and said: "Ain't you the young feller that was making the address at Hubbardston this evening?"

"Yes," said Col. Bryant, "and I have lost my way."

"Well," said the farmer, "I'm a Whig and have found my way home, and, by gosh, you can find yours, if you can," and slammed the door in the colonel's face.

The colonel finally found his way home, and related the incident to his friends with great glee.

GOOD JOKE NEATLY TURNED

In the fifties of the last century there were two young lawyers, Gould and Robinson, practicing in the court at Wiscasset, the shire town of Lincoln county, Me. No doubt many old residents of Wiscasset and other towns in Lincoln county remember them for their keen wit and ingenuity in examining witnesses, and also for their many severe thrusts at each other.

On one occasion, when Robinson had finished an unusually able argument for his client, containing some stinging allusions to the opposing counsel, Gould, by whom he was followed, and who retaliated, Robinson was seen to take a card, write something on it, which was later found to be the Latin words caput vacuum (empty head), and drop it into Gould's hat on the table, returning to his seat with the

air of one who had placed a bomb which would soon explode and annihilate his opponent.

Gould's curiosity sent him immediately to investigate. Going to the table, he took the card from his hat, and, loud enough to be heard all over the court room, he read: "Caput vacuum." Turning to the judge, he said: "Your honor, I claim the protection of the court." The judge replied: "You may state your case."

Gould answered: "My case is this, your honor: I see my brother at my right has placed his name in my hat, and what can be his motive, if not to claim it as his own? I claim your protection."

The judge, with his face all smiles answered: "Mr. Gould, you shall be protected."

COULD NOT KEEP UP.

Broken Down, Like Many Another Woman, with Exhausting Kidney Troubles.

Mrs. A. Taylor, of Wharton, N. J., says: "I had kidney trouble in its most painful and severe form, and the torture I went through now seems to have been almost unbearable. I had backaches, pains in the side and loins, dizzy spells and hot, feverish headaches. There were bearing-down pains, and the kidney secretions passed too frequently and with a burning sensation. They showed sediment. I became discouraged, weak, languid and depressed, so sick and weak that I could not keep up. As doctors did not cure me I decided to try Doan's Kidney Pills, and with such success that my troubles were all gone after using eight boxes, and my strength, ambition and general health is fine."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.



Panama Is All Right.

Contrary to some reports which have been sent to the United States regarding the general condition prevailing in Panama, according to a letter from Preston King, Jr., formerly of Steamboat Springs, the Americans now in that country are in good health and there is little or no discontent among the people. Mr. King, who is now engaged as a civil engineer, writes from Bohea to a friend in Denver, concerning the white inhabitants on the isthmus, Mr. King states there are few. Of the small number, however, he says most of them are enjoying good health and are suffering no ill effects from the climate. This statement contradicts in some respects dispatches which have been sent from the Panama country, many reports having been heralded of deaths from disease and lack of substantial nourishment. Mr. King speaks encouragingly of the conditions, and for his own part makes no complaint of illness.

"While a great many things could be well wished otherwise," continues the writer, "taken all in all, I believe matters are going along as well as any rational man might expect."

Most men try both evils in order to determine which is the less.

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HARDESTY'S VANILLA LEMON

GOBBER TRADE MARK DEATH

Kills Prairie Dogs and Gobbers of all kinds. Endorsed by State Experimental Stations. 1,400 tablets prepaid for \$1.25. Warranted. Rattleide Tablets 25c. Ask druggist or send direct. Booklet free.

F. D. Chemical Co., Fort Dodge, Ia.

HOWARD E. BURTON, Assayer and Chemist. Specimen prices: Gold, silver, lead, \$1. gold, silver, 75c; gold, 50c; zinc or copper, \$1. Cyanide tests. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and umpire work solicited. Leadville, Colo. Reference, Carbonate National Bank.

A man can stand an awful lot of abuse without having his feelings hurt if it is because he is rich.

A small man's idea of greatness is to have other men point him out and say: "There he goes."

A loud noise is a sign that the man making it thinks he is a good arguer.

Lewis' Single Binder — the famous straight 5c cigar, always best quality. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Lots of the fun we have wouldn't be if it was cheaper.

It matters but little what you think of a man provided that you do not think aloud.

"Do professional humorists ever laugh at other people's jokes?" "No. They never admit that other people can make jokes."

Denver Directory

A \$40 Saddle for \$28 c.o.d.

For a short time only we offer this saddle, steel horn, double cinches, wool-lined 28-inch skirts, 2 1/2-inch stirrup leathers, steel leather-covered stirrups, warranted in every respect, and equal to saddles sold for \$40 everywhere. Catalogue free.

The Fred Mueller Saddle & Harness Co.
1413-1419 Larimer St., Denver, Colo.

THE FAMOUS **J. H. WILSON STOCK SADDLES** Ask your dealer for them. Take no other.

N. Y. WALL PAPER CO. Jobbers of Wall Papers, Room Mouldings, French Glass, Painters' Supplies, &c.

AMERICAN HOUSE DENVER. Two blocks from Union Depot. The best \$2 per day hotel in the West. American plan.

BROWN PALACE HOTEL Absolutely fire-proof. European plan. \$1.50 and upward.

Oxford Hotel

Denver. One block from Union Depot. Fireproof. C. H. MORSE, Mgr.

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HALLACK MIXED PAINT
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CAPITAN NEWS.

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JNO. A. HALEY, - - - Editor.

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Six Months, - - - - - \$1.00

He Wasn't Lonesome.

"Delegate Andrews has introduced a bill in Congress to raise the wages of members of the New Mexico Legislature to ten dollars per day. Cheap enough, if the right kind of men were elected—but twenty dollars a month would be about right for some of those in the last Legislature."—Roswell Daily Record.

This is especially true of the man who was sent to the 36th Legislative Assembly by the sublime and unterrified Democracy of Chavez, Eddy, Roosevelt and Lincoln counties. He was a disgrace in every sense the word implies, to the people and the New Mexican hopes to the Democracy of southeastern New Mexico. The New Mexican can furnish particulars at any time.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

About the worst accusation we have heard against Mr. Ellis was that he played into the hands of his opponents; and if this is so the New Mexican is certainly ungrateful in singling him out of the aggregation as the least worthy. Unfortunately, gratitude is not one of the New Mexican's strong points.

Many advocates of real railroad rate legislation are greatly disappointed over the action of the President in accepting the Allison amendment to the rate bill now before Congress. The amendment carries with it a broad court review, just the proposition that may make the bill inoperative. On the other hand, the President has asserted that the amendment does not divert from his original idea, and that he still favors a rate bill that will regulate. Only time will tell whether the bill, when passed, will meet the requirements. We sincerely trust it may, for the relief it will bring to the people, and for the character it will give the President, who has so persistently advocated a regulation measure.

Governor Hock received the republican nomination for governor of Kansas, despite the fact that, on the eve of the conven-

tion, Ex-Governor Stanley's wife published a statement that Hock had kissed her about one year ago. The peculiarity of the situation is that Mrs. Stanley waited a whole year before she made the affair public. Her present indignation may be accounted for from the fact that during that long twelve months past the governor didn't repeat the dose.

The unspeakable Turk has been told to get off the grass, with respect to Egyptian territory over which England holds a suzerainty. There is one thing which the Turk would do well to learn, and that is that England, with all her faults, means what she says when territory is involved; and a long sleep is denied the Sultan on this proposition. Already English ships have started for the Dardanelles.

The great coal strike that has been brewing for months, and if put in operation would have caused untold misery, has, happily, been settled, for three years at least. A compromise has been effected, which, while not altogether pleasing to either side, will no doubt bring better results.

If the salaries of the members of the territorial legislature are raised to \$10.00 per day, its members will have an opportunity to pay their board, cigar and whisky bills while sojourning at the Ancient, without engaging in any shady transactions.

Estray Notice.

On this the 18th day of April, 1906, personally appeared before me, the undersigned Justice of the peace of precinct No. 9, county of Lincoln, territory of New Mexico, Milton Read, a resident of said precinct, who is desirous of estraying one horse, upon his oath deposes and says that one roan horse, with white face, about 13 hands high, about 12 years old, branded circle M on right hip, B4 on left hip and S on left thigh. Said animal has been ranging on and about his premises for over one year, and that he has made diligent search and inquiry for owner of said animal and failed to find any such. MILTON READ.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of April, 1906.

JNO. A. HALEY,
Justice of the Peace,
Precinct No. 9.

Silas May came down from Tucumcari Friday, and spent a week in Capitan and surroundings. Silas has nothing but good words for the Tucumcari country, yet has a hankering for this section that brings him back occasionally.

Stetson hats, Welch & Titsworth.

IT IS THE MAN with money saved—in bank—who makes a success. Will you have any money saved to take advantage of the opportunity when it comes? Deposit your savings with

The Exchange Bank, White Oaks, New Mexico.
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

HENRY PFAFF.

110 San Antonio Street, El Paso, Texas.

WHOLESALE OF

Liquors, Brandies, Wines and Cigars.

SOLE AGENT FOR

Anheuser-Bush Brewing Association, St. Louis, Mo. Manitou Mineral Water Co., Manitou, Colo.
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G. H. Mumm & Co., Reims Champagnes. P. A. Mumm, Frankfort, O.M., Rhine Wines.
Landau Fils, Bordeaux Cognac. Sergnonnet Freres, Bordeaux Clarets.
Dr. Alexander, Ciudad Juarez, Mex., Native Wines.

Branch at Capitan, New Mexico.

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Is the Train Service maintained by the

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Bisbee, Douglas, Tombstone, Old Mexico,
California; also, Kansas City, St.
Louis, Chicago, and the North and East.

All Wide Vestibuled throughout, carrying Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Buffet Library Cars, Dining Cars, serving meals a la carte.

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El Paso, Texas.

J. E. Wharton...

Attorney at Law,
Alamogordo, New Mexico.

I do a general practice in all territorial, state and federal courts, including the Supreme Court of the United States. Give prompt, personal attention to all business.



KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

MYRTLE LODGE NO. 19.

Meets every Saturday night at 8 o'clock at K. P. Hall, in school building. Visiting Knights cordially invited.

J. C. COPPLAND. L. J. MUNDRELL.
K. of R. & S. C. C.

Wanted.—Hides, sheep pelts goat skins, etc. Highest market price paid by Welch & Titsworth.

E. E. BURLINGAME & CO., ASSAY OFFICE AND CHEMICAL LABORATORY

Established in Colorado, 1866. Samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention
Gold & Silver Bullion Refined, Melted and Assayed
OR PURCHASED.
Concentration Tests—100 lbs. or car load lots.
Write for terms.
1736-1738 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

WELCH & TITSWORTH

White Seed Oats.

PRIDE OF DENVER FLOUR PER CWT.	\$2.60
IMBODEN'S BEST " " "	\$2.70
GRANULATED SUGAR 16 POUNDS PER	\$1.00
" " per cwt.	\$5.60

RUBBER BOOTS,
SASSAFRAS BARK,
STETSON HATS

ALFALFA SEED,
GARDEN SEED,
MEN'S SUITS,

Patent Medicine Boots and Shoes.

ONION SETS

Barbed Wire for sale at Welch & Titsworth's.

P. G. Peters returned yesterday from El Paso.

Salt your stock now. Stock salt \$1.00 for 200 lbs sack. Peter's store.

Frank G. Walmsley, we regret to say, has been seriously indisposed, and is at present unable to leave his room.

Star Brand Shoes are the best. They cost no more than the other kind: for sale by Welch & Titsworth.

Judge Mann, District Clerk Downs and Court Stenographer Flint passed through Sunday en route to Lincoln.

An almost new high grade piano with pianola attachment to be sold at 50 per cent of its original cost. For particulars apply to this office.

J. F. Bonham, a Las Cruces attorney who appeared for the territory at the last term of Lincoln county court, is among the visiting attorneys at this term.

H. B. Holt, district attorney, residing at Las Cruces, came through with the court officials Sunday, and is quite busy aiding the grand jury in its investigations of criminal matters, which have been accumulating for a year.

Salt your stock. Stock salt \$1.00 for 200 lbs sack. Peter's store.

Attorneys Hall and Jewett drove down to Lincoln Monday, to be present at the opening of court.

Attorneys Hewitt and Huds-peth, a White Oaks law firm, came through Saturday on their way to Lincoln court.

Meadow Gold butter at Welch & Titsworth.

John Norton, a brother of Mrs. Frank G. Walmsley, arrived last week from Georgia, and is staying at the Walmsley cottage.

Judge R. P. Barnes, a prominent attorney of Silver City, passed through Capitan Tuesday on his way to Lincoln court.

Kansas stock salt 60 cts per cwt, at Welch & Titsworth.

Uncle John Ritter, assistant postmaster at Capitan, left on yesterday's train for Santa Rosalie hot springs, Mexico, in the hope of securing relief for rheumatism. Rev. F. M. Wylder is assisting in the postoffice.

J. G. Riggle has been suffering the past week from an acute attack of rheumatism. Mr. Riggle had some difficulty four years ago with the same affliction, but went to Palomas hot springs, and this is the first time the malady has returned.

Judge Wm. Burns, Henry Pfaff's auditor, was in Capitan Monday to Thursday.

The Lincoln baseball team has agreed to play the Capitan team here on Sunday, May 20th.

The weather has been damp the past week, and slight showers have fallen, but a good rain would do no harm.

A car of coal has been received here from Dawson, which is being hauled to Fort Stanton. The fuel supply question is a troublesome one just at present.

J. V. Ormand, once a resident of this place, now a solicitor for the Endowment Rank Knights of Pythias, was in Capitan Saturday.

Lieut. Cipiano Baca and Ranger Dudley, of the Territorial Mounted Police force, arrived on Monday's train, and proceeded to Lincoln that afternoon.

Salt your stock now. Stock salt \$1.00 for 200 lbs. sack. Peter's store.

J. E. Wharton, and old-time Lincoln county attorney but at present a resident of Alamogordo, came up Saturday evening on his way to Lincoln court.

A runaway disturbed the slumbers of late sleepers this morning. The occupants jumped out, or were thrown out, and the horse left for pastures new, trailing the buggy behind him.

John Kerr, supervisor of this reserve, and A. C. Ringland, forest assistant, left Saturday for Cloudcroft where they conducted a ranger's examination on the 10th. They will return to headquarters next Monday.

So much business has accumulated the past year, both criminal and civil, that it is really unfortunate that the court fund is so small as to prevent a final disposition of the cases. In the nature of things, a great many cases must be continued.

Coal Strike Doubtful.

Scranton, Pa., May 5.—There will be no strike of anthracite miners. That is now settled, judging from the advice President Mitchell and Secretary-Treasurer Wilson and other leaders gave today when they addressed the convention of miners before the report of the scale committee was presented. The addresses fully forecasted the report of the committee, which recommended that the miners return to work under the scale of 1903. The suspension order will immediately be raised and the miners will go back to work. Later they will seek to obtain through a board of arbitration a betterment of the conditions which the miners complain is working hardships upon them.

SIGNIFICANCE OF MONEY SIGNS.

English Terms Derived from Latin Words—Dollar Mark.

They were discussing the other afternoon the question of currency symbols. The discussion had started by some one making a casual remark about "L. S. D.," referring, of course, to "pounds, shillings and pence," says the Washington Star. The question arose why some of the coins were denoted by letters that had nothing at all to do with their selling, and there was not one in the crowd, though there were some nominally well-informed people present, who could tell the significance of the letters till the question was looked up. It appeared that the pound sterling mark was simply a capital L. with a line drawn across the stem. It came from the Latin word "librae," meaning a pound. The "d" used for the penny came also from the Latin, meaning "denarius," originally a small Roman silver coin, but later having developed into a generic term for money and specifically for a small copper coin of insignificant value.

The "lb" mark, also used for the avoirdupois pound, came from the same word "librae" as in Saxon times the pound avoirdupois was the same weight as a pound sterling of silver and the shilling was one-twentieth of this, making the old shilling about three times the size of the present one.

When it came to the dollar mark, "\$," there was more discussion, there being half a dozen explanations for this sign. But the most likely seemed to be that it was simply a modified figure "8," there having been eight silver reals in the old Spanish dollar, or "piece of eight," in use in this country long before the introduction of American currency.

Barbarity of Russian Surgeons.

This incident of the late war in the east is told by a Russian soldier: "After each battle the sanitaries would mark with red paint those wounded who were to be taken away for treatment and with black paint those apparently hopelessly wounded, who were to be left on the field and buried with the dead. I myself was lying on the ground when a hand touched me and then proceeded to fetch the black paint. I fully realized my fate and said to the officer: 'But I am alive and may recover. How can you act like this?' 'Have you money?' he then asked. 'Yes,' I replied. 'How much?' 'Ten rubles' (\$5.15). 'Give them to me.' He just managed to put the money in his pocket and was stretching out his hand for the red paint, when tra-a-akh tra-a-akh—the enemy's shrapnel struck him dead on the spot, only a couple of steps from myself. I lay and listened, but not a sound came from him. Then I thought, why should I lose my money? and, gathering strength, I crept up to him and began to search his pockets, when, to my astonishment, I found not only my 10 rubles but more than 300" (\$154.50).

Educating Children.

Forcing the youthful mind is a practice no longer obtaining in schools of the best standing but not yet obsolete in many of the common schools. In schools which represent the dominant ideas of education today, stimulation, interest, suggestion prevail, and driving is avoided. If there has been some leaning toward the prosaic, there is now a fresh interest in stimulating the emotions, and a full realization of the need of many things conventionally not classed among the useful, says Collier's Weekly. The greatest problem of education unsolved to-day relates to girls. Heretofore their education has been a mere copy of that long ago established for boys. Some day a genius will come along and conceive thoughts that shall form the basis of an education which shall help girls to all their best possibilities, without dissipating their strength on lines of effort established for natures in some respects entirely different.

HAD HEART PAINS

A Critical Case of Rheumatism Cured By Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

While Mr. W. S. Geisel, of No. 125 East Coates street, Moberly, Mo., was steadily working at his trade in a foundry at that place, he became the victim of an attack of rheumatism, and his experience is that of thousands who are compelled to work in similar surroundings. He describes his situation as follows:

"I had been at work for a long time in a foundry where I was exposed to dampness. First my feet began to hurt and to swell, then my knees and my shoulder joints began to be affected in the same way. Finally I could not walk without great difficulty and suffering and had to stop work altogether. My appetite was feeble and I grew very pale and weak. I began to have pains about my heart and it fluttered a great deal. I became greatly alarmed about my condition. My mother knew about the virtues of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as they had given her back her health when she was nearly wasting to death, and when she found that they were good for rheumatism too, she began to give them to me about a month after I was attacked. That was in the early part of March, 1903, and by June they had driven away the pains and swelling and had restored my appetite and color. Then I felt strong enough to take up a line of outdoor work and now, in October, I regard myself as entirely well and I am about to go into a foundry again at St. Louis."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills also cure other diseases springing from impure blood or disordered nerves, such as sciatica, locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis and all forms of weakness in male or female. They may be had at all druggists or directly from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

The Emperor's Physicians.

The Emperor of Japan is always attended by physicians, despite the fact that he is in excellent health. Four eminent medical gentlemen are attached to the imperial household, and one is within call at all hours of the day and night. The pulse and temperature of his majesty are taken four times each day, and the results are carefully recorded.

Important to Mothers.

Examines carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Nothing knocks out and disables like

Lumbago and Sciatica

Nothing reaches the trouble as quickly as



St. Jacobs Oil

Known the world over as

The Master Cure for Pains and Aches

Price, 25c. and 50c.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MCNEE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri

Monkeys at University.

"Monkey talk" is to be added to the curriculum of the University of Chicago. Cages are now in readiness for about thirty simians being imported for a novel experiment which will be conducted until definite results are obtained. The plan is to go thoroughly into the question of whether or not monkeys have a distinct language—one that may be mastered by humans. It is said the monkeys will be subjected to a series of experiments, pain, joy, hunger. In each instance a record will be kept of their expressions.

The experiments will be repeated often enough to determine if the same expressions are used to voice the same emotion, and if this proves the case, the sounds will be classified and an alphabet worked out.

Bottled whisky is said to be the best kind. True; but as soon as it is unbottled it can raise as much hades as any other kind.

Widow is a Farmer.

Mrs. Virginia E. Bland, widow of "Silver Dick" Bland, has become one of the most successful agriculturists and horticulturists in the country. Her farm near Lebanon, Missouri, to which she gives her personal attention, is a model, and for its acreage produces more than any similar tract in the country.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all Druggists, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

"A tree gets a new ring every year." "Just like a society flirt," growled the young man who had been thrown over."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation. Even a piano tuner will kick about cats screeching on the back fence.

Patent medicine almanacs have prolonged the life of many a joke.

FARMERS' ACCOUNT BOOK.

Simple and easy to keep. Scientific in arrangement of accounts. A whole year's results shown on one page. Instructions and an Illustrative Set accompany each book. 200 pages, 10x13 inches; will last about three years. Used and endorsed by farmers everywhere. Price \$3.00 prepaid. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Special price for introductory period \$2.25. If ordered before March 15th, we will send free our 50-page book on Business Writing and Lettering, value \$1.00. Descriptive circulars free. Address H. G. PHELPS & CO., Bozeman, Montana.

HOSPITALS CROWDED

MAJORITY OF PATIENTS WOMEN

Mrs. Pinkham's Advice Saves Many From this Sad and Costly Experience.



It is a sad but certain fact that every year brings an increase in the number of operations performed upon women in our hospitals. More than three-fourths of the patients lying on those snow-white beds are women and girls who are awaiting or recovering from operations made necessary by neglect.

Every one of these patients had plenty of warning in that bearing down feeling, pain at the left or right of the abdomen, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back, pelvic catarrh, dizziness, flatulency, displacements or irregularities. All of these symptoms are indications of an unhealthy condition of the female organs, and if not heeded the trouble may make headway until the penalty has to be paid by a dangerous operation, and a lifetime of impaired usefulness at best, while in many cases the results are fatal.

Miss Luella Adams, of Seattle, Wash., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"About two years ago I was a great sufferer from a severe female trouble, pains and headaches. The doctor prescribed for me and finally told me that I had a tumor and must undergo an operation if I wanted to get well. I felt that this was my death warrant, but I spent hundreds of dollars for medical help, but the tumor kept growing. Fortunately I corresponded with an aunt in the New England States, and she advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it was said to cure tumors. I did so and immediately began to improve in health, and I was entirely cured, the tumor disappearing entirely, without an operation. I wish every suffering woman would try this great preparation."

Just as surely as Miss Adams was cured of the troubles enumerated in her letter, just so surely will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure other women who suffer from female troubles, inflammation, kidney troubles, nervous excitability or nervous prostration.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all young women who are ill to write her for free advice. She is daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge. Address, Lynn, Mass.

LEGAL ADVICE ANY QUESTION. ANY STATE. Mail \$1.00. Law Bureau, People's Institute, Chicago.

PENSIONS NEW LAWS SENT FREE. Write Nathan Bickford, 914 F St., Washington, D. C.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

For Your Family and Your Horse
The Best Antiseptic Known.

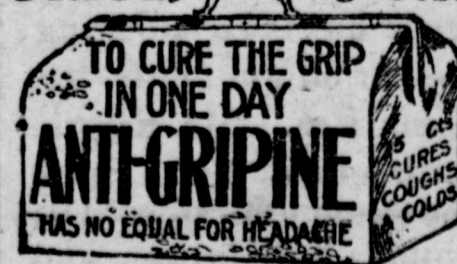


TRY IT FOR
Rheumatism, Strains,
Sprains, Swellings
and Enlargements.

Price, 25c., 50c. and \$1.00.

Dr. EARL S. SLOAN,
615 Albany St., Boston, Mass.

PRICE, 25 Cts.



ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE
GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't guarantee it. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MCNEE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri

Mrs. Winslow's Sooting Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A burglar is not inclined to be talkative, but he is likely to prove a great bore when he finds the safe locked.

Impatient men seldom accomplish anything of great importance.

Spring!

Time to cleanse the system and purify the blood. Take Garfield Tea, Nature's perfect laxative—it is the best blood purifier known. It cures sick headache, regulates the liver, cleanses the stomach and bowels. Send for sample. Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

The World's Biggest Book.

The biggest book in the world has just been found in the British museum, where Turner's pictures in the National Gallery, it lay unnoticed many years. This huge volume is a Dutch atlas of the world, containing maps and descriptions of all the countries of the world as it was known to the geographers of 1650. It is as large as the average man, being five feet high and four feet eight inches wide. It is superbly bound and decorated with gilt tooling and gold clasps. The gigantic title page is hand-illuminated, the initial letter being gold.

The great volume was presented to King Charles II. before his departure from Holland to come to England to claim the throne in 1660. The book came into the possession of George III., who presented it with his library to the British museum. It is now one of the chief treasures of the museum, almost rivaling in value the Rosetti stone.

To Feed School Children.

The ministry of Campbell-Bannerman has already commenced the redemption of its debt to the British working classes, whose votes gave the Liberals their signal triumph in the recent elections. One of the earliest bills introduced in the House of Commons, at the instance of the labor group, proposes to empower the local authorities, which have now full control of elementary education, to provide meals for the underfed school children of indigent parents. The minister of education at once announced that he would, with the concurrence of his colleagues, endeavor to secure its passage into law during the current season.

GRAND TO LIVE.

And the Last Laugh Is Always the Best.

"Six months ago I would have laughed at the idea that there could be anything better for a table beverage than coffee," writes an Ohio woman—"now I laugh to know there is."

"Since childhood I drank coffee as freely as any other member of the family. The result was a puny, sickly girl, and as I grew into womanhood I did not gain in health, but was afflicted with heart trouble, a weak and disordered stomach, wrecked nerves and a general breaking down, till last winter, at the age of 38 I seemed to be on the verge of consumption. My friends greeted me with 'How bad you look! What a terrible color!' and this was not very comforting.

"The doctors and patent medicines did me absolutely no good. I was thoroughly discouraged.

"Then I gave up coffee and commenced Postum Food Coffee. At first I didn't like it, but after a few trials and following the directions exactly, it was grand. It was refreshing and satisfying. In a couple of weeks I noticed a great change. I became stronger, my brain grew clearer, I was not troubled with forgetfulness as in coffee times, my power of endurance was more than doubled. The heart trouble and indigestion disappeared and my nerves became steady and strong.

"I began to take an interest in things about me. Housework and home-making became a pleasure. My friends have marveled at the change and when they inquire what brought it about, I answer 'Postum Food Coffee, and nothing else in the world.'" Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

DACHSHUND A GOOD FIGHTER

The good-natured, philosophic German dachshund has always been regarded as more or less of a joke in this country. Even in the Fatherland he is a staple for jesting. His elongated body, his crooked legs, his animated tail, his resemblance to a sausage—who could fail to make some sort of joke about a dachshund?

But the dachshund has a very serious side, and a work in life.

"Dachshund" means "badger-dog."

Now, the badger is an animal that, generally speaking, needs neither game laws nor sympathy, because he is able to take care of himself and fight his own battles. Naturalists place him as a link between the bear family and the weasels. He has about all the strenuous characteristics of both, with some of his own in addition.

Badger-baiting was formerly a barbarous rustic sport that drew trade to country inns and taverns. A badger was placed in a barrel and the man whose dog could bring him out got a prize. A single dog seldom did it. A full pack might—sometimes. The

badger is a tremendous burrower, and the jolly dachshund of the jokes has been trained for centuries in Germany to go into his burrows like a ferret after rats and drive the badger out or fight him. In some German and Austrian cities there were formerly badger-baiting tournaments in which crack dachshunds entered a pit with an able-bodied badger and fought for points. It is said that such contests are still held in Vienna. For spirit, endurance and agility the dachshund has no peer in this work, and a bulldog pitted against a badger would probably find himself cutting a poor figure.

So, to make the jokes about the dachshund if you will, but give him credit for his prowess, and for that gentleness, characteristic also of the best bulldogs, that makes either an affectionate companion to man and a loyal playmate to children. Give the dachshund credit, too, for intelligence. He has it in large degree. Few dogs are keener, and probably his acumen is such that he even sees a good many of the dachshund jokes.

SUNLIGHT AND THE HOUSE

Sunlight is nature's most health-giving scavenger. A house without sunlight is unhealthy and unsafe for human occupancy and it is necessary not only to have some sunlight, but to have as much of it as possible. It is, of course, not feasible to admit the direct rays of the sun to every room of a house; the typical plan of all houses is square or rectangular, and at least one side of the house is entirely beyond the reach of the sun.

The other three sides, however, can receive more or less direct sunlight and the problem of the plan is thus reduced to arranging the various rooms so that the amount of sunlight is adjusted to their uses, and it must be sunlight, for mere light itself is not sufficient; the rays of the sun have curative and cleansing properties that nothing else has.

It is generally admitted that a southern exposure is the best for all houses and should be obtained whenever possible. It is immaterial whether the entrance is placed on this side or not, so long as the rooms most in use open onto the house.

In dwellings of average size the entrance front will also be the front on which any important room opens, but in large country houses, the old distinction of a front and back to a house has disappeared and instead we have the entrance front and the garden front; the service and servants' quarters, so long regarded as characteristic of the "back" of a house, may be relegated to a side end or placed in a wing that abuts directly on the entrance front. In such cases it must be well screened, and its purpose thoroughly subordinated.—American Homes and Gardens.

BOOKS HAD DOUBLE USE

The following incident, illustrating the rough humor of the late "Luke" Poland, then a congressman from Vermont, was related to me a number of years ago by our family physician, says a writer in an eastern publication.

I had been ill a number of days with tonsillitis, and had reached the restless stage of convalescence, when the doctor called one morning and found me propped against the pillows and deeply interested in a paper-covered volume of the yellow variety. My mother attempted to apologize for the cheap character of my literature, but was interrupted by the doctor, who laughingly exclaimed: "Oh, let him read anything he wants to, if it will only keep him quiet."

"And, do you know," he continued. "I read some pretty cheap looking

stuff myself, especially on a train. I hardly ever come home from a trip that I don't bring a cheap novel with me, and sometimes I am so ashamed of the blood and thunder stories that I tear off the covers before taking the books into the house.

"I remember once when going from Rutland to Burlington, Vt., I noticed Congressman Luke Poland sitting a few seats in front of me with a novel he had purchased of the train boy. At the next stop I left my seat, and, stopping beside him, said: 'Good morning, Mr. Poland. I see you have my bad habit of reading cheap literature on the train.'

"'Yes,' he replied, 'I confess I do read some worthless trash on the train, but it passes the time, you know, and, besides, some d— fool doesn't come and talk to you.'"

BOY INSISTED ON PIANO

Some funny stories get mixed up with the pathetic ones in the annals of the charity workers of the city of New York. Dr. H. S. Oppenheimer, chairman of the Gramercy district committee of the charity organization, tells one of a family which applied for relief in his district. It was an Armenian family, with a father 60 years old, broken in health, unable to find work, or to do much if he got it. The mother was also incapable of earning much. Two boys under working age had been practically supporting the family, but the truant officer had sent them back to school. An Armenian boarder was giving up his entire wages to keep the family from starvation when they applied for relief.

But in its investigations the committee unexpectedly came across an older

son, a good, steady boy, earning \$10 a week. His wages, with the boarder's, would have supported the family, but he had a fixed passion to become a musician, and was boarding with another family because they had a piano and would let him practice on it. He was perfectly tractable on all other points, but give up his music he would not. What! resign his ambition and ruin his life? No. The committee cast about and secured from an interested person the use of a piano. The boy was told that he could have this in his home free of charge, provided he would turn his wages into the family exchequer. He consented.

"And now," says Dr. Oppenheimer, "there is nothing the matter with the family except that they don't get enough sleep, as the boy practices at the piano unseemly hours."

Do You Want to Know

What You Swallow?

There is a growing sentiment in this country in favor of MEDICINES OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. It is but natural that one should have some interest in the composition of that which he or she is expected to swallow, whether it be food, drink or medicine.

Recognizing this growing disposition on the part of the public, and satisfied that the fullest publicity can only add to the well-earned reputation of his medicines, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., has "taken time by the forelock," as it were, and is publishing broadcast a list of all the ingredients entering into his leading medicines, the "Golden Medical Discovery" the popular liver invigorator, stomach tonic, blood purifier and heart regulator; also of his "Favorite Prescription" for weak, over-worked, broken-down, nervous and invalid women.

This bold and out-spoken movement on the part of Dr. Pierce, has, by showing exactly what his well-known medicines are composed of, completely disarmed all harping critics who have heretofore unjustly attacked them. A little pamphlet has been compiled, from the standard medical authorities of all the several schools of practice, showing the strongest endorsements by leading medical writers of the several ingredients which enter into Dr. Pierce's medicines. A copy of this little book is mailed free to any one desiring to learn more concerning the valuable, native, medicinal plants which enter into the composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines. Address Dr. Pierce as above.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are tiny, sugar-coated anti-bilious granules. They regulate and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Do not beget the "pill habit," but cure constipation. One or two each day for a laxative and regulator, three or four for an active cathartic. Once tried always in favor.

\$50,000 GIVEN AWAY, in copies of **The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser**, a book that sold to the extent of 500,000 copies a few years ago, at \$1.50 per copy. Last year we gave away \$30,000 worth of these invaluable books. This year we shall give away \$50,000 worth of them. Will you share in this benefit? If so, send only 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only for book in stiff paper covers, or 31 stamps for cloth-bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.



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W. L. Douglas \$4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.



W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S \$3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

\$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other \$3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, \$2.50, \$2.00, Boys' School & Dress Shoes, \$2.50, \$2.17, \$1.75, \$1.50

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W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.



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Detroit, Mich.

W. N. U.—DENVER.—NO. 12.—1906

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

MINING APPLICATION, No. 24.

United States Land Office,
Roswell, New Mexico,
March 5, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that The Iowa and New Mexico Mining and Milling Company, a corporation organized under the laws of New Mexico, by John Y. Hewitt, its attorney in fact, whose post office address is White Oaks, Lincoln County, New Mexico, has this day filed its application for a patent for the Turkey Creek Group of mining claims in Bonito Mining District, Lincoln County, New Mexico, consisting of Richard Carver Lode, Stonewall Jackson Lode, Lucky Lode, Sunday Lode, Mattie W. Lode, Little Iva Lode, Lawton Lode, King Rex Lode, Monte Carlo Lode, Monte Cristo Lode, and Motezuma Lode Claims, which are described by the field notes and plat on file in this office as survey No. 1267 in Township 9, S. Range 11 E., New Mexico Principal Meridian. Said survey No. 1267 being described as follows, to wit:

RICHARD CARVER LODE.

Beginning at S. E. Corner No. 1, whence the 1/4 corner between sections 4 and 33 on south boundary Township 9 S. Range 11 E. bears S. 14° 25' E., 2706.4 feet distant.
Thence N. 88° 14' W., Var. 13° 34' E., 1407.3 feet to corner No. 2. Thence N. 8° 01' E., Var. 13° 34' E., 603.6 feet to corner No. 3. Thence S. 85° 14' E., Var. 13° 44' E., 1407.3 feet to corner No. 4. Thence S. 8° 04' W., Var. 13° 41' E., 603.6 feet to corner No. 1, place of beginning. Area 19,382 acres.

STONEWALL JACKSON LODE.

Beginning at S. W. Corner No. 1, whence the 1/4 corner heretofore described on S. boundary of Section 33, Township 9 S. Range 11 E. bears S. 14° 25' E., 2706.4 feet distant.
Thence N. 8° 04' E., Var. 13° 34' E., 672.2 feet to corner No. 2. Thence N. 71° 15' E., Var. 14° 09' E., 1500 feet to corner No. 3. Thence S. 8° 04' W., Var. 13° 33' E., 672.2 feet to corner No. 4. Thence S. 88° 26' W., Var. 14° 05' E., 1500 feet to corner No. 1, place of beginning. Area 20,658 acres.

LUCKY LODE.

Beginning at S. W. Corner No. 1, whence the 1/4 corner between sections 4 and 33 on south boundary of Township 9 S. Range 11 E. bears S. 13° 44' W., 2910.5 feet distant.
Thence N. 0° 53' W., Var. 13° 33' E., 600 feet to corner No. 2. Thence N. 88° 26' E., Var. 13° 50' E., 1490 feet to corner No. 3. Thence S. 0° 53' E., Var. 13° 36' E., 600 feet to corner No. 4. Thence S. 88° 26' W., Var. 14° 05' E., 1400 feet to corner No. 1, place of beginning. Area 19,283 acres.

SUNDAY LODE.

Beginning at S. W. Corner No. 1, whence the 1/4 corner on south boundary Section 33, Township 9 S. Range 11 E. bears S. 8° 26' E., 3352.8 feet distant.
Thence N. 0° 53' W., Var. 14° 08' E., 630.3 feet to corner No. 2. Thence N. 71° 15' E., Var. 13° 49' E., 1500 feet to corner No. 3. Thence S. 0° 53' E., Var. 13° 50' E., 630.3 feet to corner No. 4. Thence S. 71° 15' W., Var. 13° 33' E., 1500 feet to corner No. 1, place of beginning. Excepting from this claim all that portion thereof in conflict with the Little Iva lode of this survey, and also excluding from this claim all that portion of the same in conflict with Lawton lode of this survey. Net area of this claim 20,588 acres.

MATTIE W. LODE.

Beginning at S. E. Corner No. 1, whence the 1/4 corner on the south boundary line Section 33, Township 9 S. Range 11 E. bears S. 7° 01' E., 1158.4 feet distant.
Thence N. 87° 12' W., Var. 13° 44' E., 1500 feet to corner No. 2. Thence N. 2° 12' W., Var. 13° 30' E., 602.2 feet to corner No. 3. Thence S. 87° 12' E., Var. 13° 30' E., 1500 feet to corner No. 4. Thence S. 2° 12' E., Var. 13° 25' E., 602.2 feet to corner No. 1, place of beginning. Area 20,658 acres.

LITTLE IVA LODE.

Beginning at S. E. Corner No. 1, whence the 1/4 corner on south boundary Section 33, Township 9 S. Range 11 E., bears S. 7° 50' E., 3558.7 feet distant.
Thence N. 87° 12' W., Var. 14° 15' E., 1500 feet to corner No. 2. Thence N. 2° 12' W., Var. 13° 48' E., 602.2 feet to corner No. 3. Thence S. 87° 12' E., Var. 13° 30' E., 1500 feet to corner No. 4. Thence S. 2° 12' E., Var. 13° 44' E., 602.2 feet to corner No. 1, place of beginning. Area 20,658 acres.

LAWTON LODE.

Beginning at S. E. Corner No. 1, whence the 1/4 corner on south boundary Section 33, Township 9 S., Range 11 E., bears S. 8° 45' E., 3253.8 feet distant.
Thence N. 88° 14' W., Var. 14° 05' E., 1279.5 feet to corner No. 2. Thence N. 1° 45' E., Var. 13° 43' E., 332.8 feet to corner No. 3. Thence S. 87° 12' E., Var. 13° 43' E., 1279.7 feet to corner No. 4. Thence S. 1° 45' W., Var. 14° 15' E., 309.8 feet to corner No. 1, place of beginning. Excepting from this claim all that portion thereof in conflict with Stonewall Jackson Lode of this survey. And also excepting from this claim all that portion in conflict with Sunday Lode of this survey. Net area of this Lawton claim 9,292 acres.

KING REX LODE.

Beginning at S. E. Corner No. 1, whence the 1/4 corner on south boundary line Section 33, Township 9 S., Range 11 E., bears S. 38° 19' E., 3360.6 feet distant.
Thence N. 63° 39' W., Var. 13° 34' E., 1500 feet to corner No. 2.
Thence N. 8° 04' E., Var. 14° 11' E., 631.8 feet to corner No. 3.
Thence S. 63° 39' E., Var. 14° 35' E., 1500 feet to corner No. 4.
Thence S. 8° 04' W., Var. 13° 44' E., 631.8 feet to corner No. 1, place of beginning. Excepting from this claim all that portion thereof in conflict with Monte Cristo Lode of this group. Net area of King Rex Lode claim 19,661 acres.

MONTE CARLO LODE.

Beginning at S. E. Corner No. 1, whence the 1/4 corner on south boundary Section 33, Township 9 S. Range 11 E., bears S. 49° 23' E., 3523.1 feet distant.
Thence N. 74° 59' W., Var. 14° 03' E., 1500 feet to corner No. 2.
Thence N. 8° 05' E., Var. 13° 37' E., 603.2 feet to corner No. 3.

Thence S. 74° 59' E., Var. 13° 33' E., 1500 feet to corner No. 4.
Thence S. 8° 05' W., Var. 14° E., 603.2 feet to corner No. 1, place of beginning. Saving and excepting from this claim all that portion thereof in conflict with King Rex Lode of this survey and all that portion hereof in conflict with Motezuma Lode of this survey. Net area of Monte Carlo Lode Claim 20,582.6 acres.

MONTE CRISTO LODE.

Beginning at S. E. Corner No. 1, whence the 1/4 corner on south boundary Section 33, Township 9 S. Range 11 E., bears S. 30° 23' E., 2365.4 feet distant.
Thence N. 80° 18' W., Var. 13° 31' E., 1500 feet to corner No. 2.
Thence N. 8° 05' E., Var. 14° 03' E., 603.2 feet to corner No. 3.
Thence S. 80° 18' E., Var. 14° E., 1500 feet to corner No. 4.
Thence S. 8° 05' W., Var. 14° 15' E., 603.2 feet to corner No. 1, place of beginning. Excepting from this claim all that portion thereof in conflict with Richard Carver Lode of this survey and also that portion hereof in conflict with Motezuma Lode of this survey. Net area of this the Monte Cristo Lode Claim 18,540 acres.

MONTEZUMA LODE.

Beginning at S. E. Corner No. 1, whence the 1/4 corner on the south boundary Section 33, Township 9 S. Range 11 E., bears S. 41° 36' E., 1330.9 feet distant.
Thence N. 79° 36' W., Var. 13° 40' E., 1500 feet to corner No. 2.
Thence N. 10° 00' W., Var. 14° 02' E., 640.1 feet to corner No. 3.
Thence S. 79° 36' E., Var. 13° 52' E., 1500 feet to corner No. 4.
Thence S. 10° 00' E., Var. 13° 33' E., 640.1 feet to corner No. 1, place of beginning. Area 20,657 acres.
Total area of Turkey Creek Group 210,329.6 acres.

Each of said mining claims is of record in the office of the Recorder of said county, at Lincoln, New Mexico.

The adjoining claims, so far as known, are, on the North, Red Fox Lode, Burrill James, Claimant; Roosevelt Lode, Coburn & Duke, Claimants; Plaquita Lode, Coburn & Balliett, Claimants; on the West, public lands; on the South St. Charles Lode, C.A. Stevens, Claimant; Little Mack Lode and Little Ffife Lode, H. B. White, et al Claimants; Ruben Lode, McIveys and Byfield, claimants; on the East public lands and the Ruben Lode.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the mining ground, veins, lodes, and premises, or any portion thereof, so described, surveyed, plated and applied for are hereby notified that unless their adverse claims are duly filed according to law with the Register of the United States Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, they will be barred.

HOWARD LELAND,
Register.

10t 3-16

Notice for Publication.

Homestead Application, No. 3070.
Land office at Roswell, New Mexico,
April 7, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before E. W. Hulbert, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Lincoln, N. M., on May 21, 1906, viz: Nancy E. Purcella, widow of Joseph Purcella, of Capitan, N. M., for the northeast quarter of section 19; T. 8 S., R. 14 E.

She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
A. W. Purcella, Louis Purcella, L. F. Avant, Milton Reed, all of Capitan, N. M.
6t 4-13 HOWARD LELAND, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Homestead Application No. 1320.
Land office at Roswell, New Mexico,
April 7, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before E. W. Hulbert, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Lincoln, New Mexico, on May 21, 1906, viz: William M. Ferguson, of Nogal, New Mexico, for the E 1/2 NE 1/4 Sec. 33, and W 1/2 NW 1/4 Sec. 34, T. 9 S., R. 13 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Ed. C. Phingsten, Robert Bourne, Lute A. Skinner, Andrew B. Zumwalt, all of Nezal, N. M.
6t 4-13 HOWARD LELAND, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Homestead application No. 1737.
Land office at Roswell, New Mexico,
March 31, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver at Roswell, N. M., on May 12, 1906, viz: Francisco Cordoba, of Arabella, New Mexico, for the S 1/2 of the NE 1/4 of Section 32, T. 8 S., R. 18 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Jose Romero, Francisco Montoya, Manuel Romero, all of Arabella, N. M., and Manuel Jeros, of Roswell, N. M.
6t 4-6 HOWARD LELAND, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Homestead Application No. 4027.
Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,
May 5, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before E. W. Hulbert, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Lincoln, N. M., on June 21, 1906, viz: Ernest E. Wright, of Richardson, N. M., for the E 1/2 SE 1/4 Sec. 11, SW 1/4 SW 1/4 Sec. 12 and NW 1/4 NW 1/4 Sec. 13, T. 7 S., R. 14 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
George A. Hunt, Henry A. Scott, William A. Yates, of Richardson, N. M.; George A. Peter, of Lincoln N. M.
5-11 HOWARD LELAND, Register.

**Santa Fe Central Railway System
Sunshine Route via Torrance.**

Connecting with the E. P. & N. E. and Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Ry. Shortest line out of Santa Fe or New Mexico, to Chicago, Kansas City or St. Louis.

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W. H. ANDREWS, S. B. GRIMSHAW,
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A. L. GRIMSHAW, FRANK DIBERT,
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Do you want the writing machine that does the most perfect work?
Practical work of all kinds, all the time?
Do you want the one that saves the most time?
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The World's Best Typewriter
Send for our little book which explains why.
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Notice for Publication.

Homestead Application No. 1108.
Land Office at Roswell, N. M., May 5, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before E. W. Hulbert, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Lincoln, N. M., on June 21, 1906, viz: John J. Neal, one of the heirs of William L. Neal, deceased, of Ruidoso, N. M., for the northwest quarter of Section 12, T. 11 S., R. 13 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Charles W. Wingfield, Fount A. Miller, Peter G. Hale, Nicholas Bastion, all of Ruidoso, N. M.
5-11 HOWARD LELAND, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Homestead Application No. 1146.
Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,
May 5, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before E. W. Hulbert, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Lincoln, N. M., on June 21, 1906, viz: Abner F. Mundell, of Capitan, New Mexico, for the north west quarter of Section 22, T. 9 S., R. 14 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
D. J. M. A. Jewett, George Smith, Thomas H. Moore, Ellen Mundell, all of Capitan, N. M.
5-11 HOWARD LELAND, Register.

Public Notice.

Bids will be received and the same may be filed with the Probate Clerk, to do the County Printing for one year, commencing May 16th, 1906.

The bids so filed will be opened and passed upon by the Board, on the 16th day of May, 1906, at the office of the Probate Clerk at Lincoln.

This is a true copy.
Attest: S. C. Wiener,
W. E. Kimbrell, Chairman,
Clerk.

American athletes, in the Olympian games at Athens, Greece, won more first and second honors than any other nationality represented in the contest. We're swift people.