

Coke County Rustler.

VOL. VI. ROBERT LEE, COKE COUNTY, TEXAS, SATURDAY, JULY 20, 1895. NO. 6.

TURKISH OUTRAGES.

MADE FUNERAL PYRES OF LIVING HUMAN BEINGS.

In the Beautiful Land Supposed to Have Been at One Time a Part of the Garden of Eden, Death and Woe stalk abroad.

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1. That the law of 1891, by which it was sought to prohibit prize fighting, is invalid for two reasons: (1) Because it denounces the offense as a felony and affixes thereon the punishment of a misdemeanor. (2) Because the act was so indefinitely framed and is of such doubtful construction, considered either by itself or in connection with the other provisions of the written law, that it can not be understood.

2. Because the twenty-fourth legislature, in adopting the revised codes, carried into the civil code the act of 1891, which licenses prize fighting, and that the civil code with the provision in it was finally passed at a time subsequent to the adoption of the penal code, in which is incorporated the statute prohibiting prize fighting, and that, therefore, the statute licensing prize fighting by implication repealed the penal law on that same subject which had been previously passed. I am unable to agree with those who insist that the laws of Texas permit prize fights. On the contrary I think they are plainly prohibited by the statute. That the law of 1891, by which the legislature sought to prohibit such contests, was and is operative is not an open question. The court of criminal appeals has held it to be valid (Sullivan's case, 33 App. 50). Sullivan had been convicted in Dallas county for giving an exhibition of the kind in question without having paid the occupation tax levied thereon by the act of 1889. From the judgment of conviction he appealed, insisting that he had been wrongfully convicted, be-

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In swinging timber around the point at Dreddy's landing, 160 miles above Orange, on the Sabine river, the other day, a young man whose home was in Shelby county, went on shore to attend to the rope. His skiff got away and he plunged into the river to swim to it, but before he had gone far he cried for help and disappeared. He came up again, but sank for the last time before assistance could reach him. His body was recovered and buried.

J. A. Millard, captain of the sloop Nonesuch, left his boat anchored in Sabine lake the other day and went to Orange in a skiff, where he remained until 9 o'clock at night, when in company with Milo Stark and a man named Phillips he started back. Millard fell out of the skiff, but was picked up by the men in the boat, and when near the mouth of South-west pass he fell overboard again and was lost. The body has not been recovered.

The other night the city council of Austin approved the action of the water and light commission in offering the Burt Construction company, which proposes to put up an ice factory there, a rate of \$2.50 per horse power for electric power and a rate of 5 cents per 1000 gallons for water, the contract to run two years with the privilege of renewal for two years longer at expiration. Work is to begin on the plant within thirty days.

The railroad commission has authorized the Chicago, Rock Island and Texas railroad to transport mixed carload shipments of beer and ice, minimum weight 24,000 pounds per car, from Fort Worth to all points on said railway in Texas at the current carload rates for the actual quantity of each of those commodities loaded, provided that each mixed shipment shall contain 10,000 pounds or more of beer. Effective after July 3.

At El Paso a red hot legal fight against open gambling is going on. John Westley Hardin, who recently played craps, lost and retook his money, was fined \$25, while Phil Baker, the dealer in the game, got \$50 and ten days. Jim Beverly was acquitted, but his partner, Ben Patterson, was fined \$50 because he refused to testify. There is much feeling in town on the subject, but the games on.

Ex-Congressman Walter Gresham, heading a Galveston delegation, recently called upon the governor to protest against the construction of the law under which the pilot commissioner restricts the number of branch pilots to eight. They insist upon the governor taking a hand by appointing additional pilots. The matter was taken under advisement by the governor.

The city council of San Antonio has authorized the cleaning of the old Alamo building, the construction of a new roof and tile floor and the organization of a state museum for historical relics. The legislature will be asked to help out and all individuals and citizens in the state will be asked to contribute historic relics in their possession to add to the collection.

Hereafter Sherman will be the general relay office of the Southwestern Telegraph and Telephone company for the Red river belt section.

The fourth was becomingly celebrated at Corpus Christi, Weatherford, Corsicana, Dallas, Terrell, Plano, Brownwood, Gainesville, Ennis, Waxahachie, Paris, Mexia, Rockwall, Hutchins, Gonzales, Sherman, Texarkana, Denison, Canton, El Paso, McKinney, Fort Worth, San Antonio, Del Rio, Galveston, Hillsboro and Holland.

Trainmen on the San Angelo branch of the Santa Fe road report finding the dead body of a man three miles from Lometa, Lampasas county, recently. Bruises on the body indicate that he was struck by a train. Letters on his person show his name to be Lindsay and that he was from the Austin insane asylum.

The governor, attorney general and secretary of state as a state board of equalization recently considered an appeal of the Milburn Wagon company from the comptroller's assessment of 17,259 acres of land situated in the unorganized counties. The board reduced the assessment from \$1.50 to \$1 per acre.

The mills at Rockland, Tyler county, are running regularly and are shipping from four to eight carloads of lumber daily. Most of the mills on the Sabine and East Texas road are running and making big shipments.

At Navasota, recently, a negro woman, Laura Smith, left home to get groceries. She left her 1-year-old baby in a rocking-chair. When she returned the baby was lying dead on the floor its neck broken.

At Sherman recently, while ascending the stairway to the Linz block, Mrs. W. H. Trollinger of Whitesboro tripped on a wire matting and fell against the marble steps, breaking her right arm.

A train load of vinegar reached Texas over the Missouri, Kansas and Texas road a few days ago. One car was left at Denison and one at Dallas, while the others went to various points.

At Hillsboro, recently, a complaint was filed against Robert Debord, about 17 years old, tempting to outrage a 9-year-old girl. Officers are looking for him.

A curiosity was seen upon the square at Paris recently. It was a pig weighing over 800 pounds. It was the property of Dr. W. W. Stell, who fixes its value at \$600.

At Orange, the 5-year-old son of J. W. Hardin drank half a teacup of gasoline and came near suffocating recently from the effects of the gas. He is all right now.

George White recently took too much morphine, intentionally it seems, at Palestine and died. He was assistant postmaster at Huntsville and was interred there.

Deputy sheriffs raided two "blind tigers" at Lancaster, Dallas county, a few days since and destroyed several kegs of beer and some whiskey in jugs and bottles.

The governor has renewed the reward of \$250 for the arrest of Bud Woods, charged with murdering Al Crouch and J. L. Curry in McLennan county in 1878.

Jesse Moore, colored, was shot the other night at Oak Cliff, Dallas county, by a deputy city marshal while burglarizing a store. His wound may prove fatal.

At Van Alstyne, Grayson county, recently, a farmer exhibited two turkeys that weighed twenty pounds.

Milk men of Galveston sell milk with pus globules in it, an inspection is called for by the people.

Dr. G. W. Holcomb, living near Denton, took too much morphine a few days since and died.

Fifty thousand bushels of Irish potatoes have been shipped north during this year from Denison.

The taxpayers of San Antonio have voted for another issue of bonds, amounting to \$300,000.

Houston is trying to "figure out" how more bonds can be issued for public improvements.

One farmer's oats threshed 814 bushels per acre near Van Alstyne, Grayson county.

At Denison recently footpad Ed Reese, Ed only but they took it.

And now Jasper county ward with a spring to 54 pounds.

The county commissioners are raising railway bonds. An issue of \$20,000 bonds are offered to

H. S. Pearson

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The railroad commission has authorized the Chicago, Rock Island and Texas railroad to transport mixed carload shipments of beer and ice, minimum weight 24,000 pounds per car, from Fort Worth to all points on said railway in Texas at the current carload rates for the actual quantity of each of those commodities loaded, provided that each mixed shipment shall contain 10,000 pounds or more of beer. Effective after July 3.

At El Paso a red hot legal fight against open gambling is going on. John Westley Hardin, who recently played craps, lost and retook his money, was fined \$25, while Phil Baker, the dealer in the game, got \$50 and ten days. Jim Beverly was acquitted, but his partner, Ben Patterson, was fined \$50 because he refused to testify. There is much feeling in town on the subject, but the games on.

Ex-Congressman Walter Gresham, heading a Galveston delegation, recently called upon the governor to protest against the construction of the law under which the pilot commissioner restricts the number of branch pilots to eight. They insist upon the governor taking a hand by appointing additional pilots. The matter was taken under advisement by the governor.

The city council of San Antonio has authorized the cleaning of the old Alamo building, the construction of a new roof and tile floor and the organization of a state museum for historical relics. The legislature will be asked to help out and all individuals and citizens in the state will be asked to contribute historic relics in their possession to add to the collection.

Hereafter Sherman will be the general relay office of the Southwestern Telegraph and Telephone company for the Red river belt section.

The fourth was becomingly celebrated at Corpus Christi, Weatherford, Corsicana, Dallas, Terrell, Plano, Brownwood, Gainesville, Ennis, Waxahachie, Paris, Mexia, Rockwall, Hutchins, Gonzales, Sherman, Texarkana, Denison, Canton, El Paso, McKinney, Fort Worth, San Antonio, Del Rio, Galveston, Hillsboro and Holland.

Trainmen on the San Angelo branch of the Santa Fe road report finding the dead body of a man three miles from Lometa, Lampasas county, recently. Bruises on the body indicate that he was struck by a train. Letters on his person show his name to be Lindsay and that he was from the Austin insane asylum.

The governor, attorney general and secretary of state as a state board of equalization recently considered an appeal of the Milburn Wagon company from the comptroller's assessment of 17,259 acres of land situated in the unorganized counties. The board reduced the assessment from \$1.50 to \$1 per acre.

The mills at Rockland, Tyler county, are running regularly and are shipping from four to eight carloads of lumber daily. Most of the mills on the Sabine and East Texas road are running and making big shipments.

At Navasota, recently, a negro woman, Laura Smith, left home to get groceries. She left her 1-year-old baby in a rocking-chair. When she returned the baby was lying dead on the floor its neck broken.

At Sherman recently, while ascending the stairway to the Linz block, Mrs. W. H. Trolinger of Whitesboro tripped on a wire matting and fell against the marble steps, breaking her right arm.

A train load of vinegar reached Texas over the Missouri, Kansas and Texas road a few days ago. One car was left at Denison and one at Dallas, while the others went to various points.

At Hillsboro, recently, a complaint was filed against Rob. Debord, about 17 years old, tempting to outrage a 9-year-old, colored girl. Officers are looking for him.

A curiosity was seen upon the square at Paris recently. It was a pig weighing over 800 pounds. It was the property of Dr. W. W. Stell, who fixes its value at \$600.

At Orange, the 5-year-old son of J. W. Hardin drank half a teacup of gasoline and came near suffocating recently from the effects of the gas. He is all right now.

George White recently took too much morphine, intentionally it seems, at Palestine and died. He was assistant postmaster at Huntsville and was interred there.

Deputy sheriffs raided two "blind tigers" at Lancaster, Dallas county, a few days since and destroyed several kegs of beer and some whiskey in jugs and bottles.

The governor has renewed the reward of \$250 for the arrest of Bud Woods, charged with murdering Al Crouch and J. L. Curry in McLennan county in 1878.

Jesse Moore, colored, was shot the other night at Oak Cliff, Dallas county, by a deputy city marshal while burglarizing a store. His wound may prove fatal.

At Van Alstyne, Grayson county, recently, a farmer exhibited two turkeys that weighed twenty pounds.

Milk men of Galveston sell milk with pus globules in it, an inspection is called for by the people.

Dr. G. W. Holcomb, living near Denton, took too much morphine a few days since and died.

Fifty thousand bushels of Irish potatoes have been shipped north during this year from Denison.

The taxpayers of San Antonio have voted for another issue of bonds, amounting to \$300,000.

Houston is trying to "figure out" how more bonds can be issued for public improvements.

One farmer's oats threshed 814 bushels per acre near Van Alstyne, Grayson county.

At Denison recently footpad Ed Reese, Ed only but they took it.

And now Jasper county ward with a spring to 54 pounds.

The county commissioners are raising railway bonds.


An issue of \$20,000 bonds are offered to

H. H. Pears,

Insist on
ARM AND HAMMER SODA
in packages

Costs no more than inferior package soda—never spoils the flour, keeps soft, and is universally acknowledged purest in the world.

Made only by CHURCH & CO., New York.
 Sold by grocers everywhere.
 Write for Arm and Hammer Book of valuable Recipes—FREE.



BEWARE
 of imitation
 trade marks
 and labels.

Robert Lee Livery Stable.
E C GOOD Proprietor.
 Repaired and Re-furnished with new Baggies,
 and Hacks and fast Teams.
 Old W. L. Lowe Stand. **YOUR PA-
 ONAGE SOLICITED.**
R. P. PERRY, Man'G.

TO THE COKE CO. TRADE.
 I am Still in Ballinger, selling
Saddles and Harness
 At Bedrock Prices.
STOCK SADDLES GUARANTEED!
 CALL and SEE ME WHEN IN BALLINGER.
S. J. Carpenter.

New Wagon Yard.
 And CUT PRICES.
 Mr. TRESLER wishes to inform the Public that he has taken charge the OLD PEARCE WAGON YARD, (attached to the BARRON HOUSE) and is now prepared to accommodate the traveling public with first class accommodations. Double Teams 15 cts. for night and 10 cents for single. Hay 5 cents per chip. Please give him a trial when in BALLINGER.

J. W. REED.
 DEALER IN
Saddlery.
 collars, and Bridles. And in connection a full line of
GROCERIES
 CALL ON ME. WILL TRAT YOU RIGHT.
 WEST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE.

BURROUGHS & CO.
 DEALERS IN
Hardware,
Farming Impliments, furniture,
COFFINS GLASS AND
QUEEN WARE
 All kinds of Tin Work Done To Order.
 South West Corner Of Square.
 ROBERT LEE TEXAS.

Saddles and Harness!
 In connection with my Saddlery and Harness business I will do general repair work—Saddles, Harness, and Shoes repaired by a practical workman, all work guaranteed. A full stock, give me a trial, Respectfully,
Mace DAVIS.

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SATURDAY, JULY 20 1895.
 It seems that Corbett and Fitzsimmons will not fight at Dallas with the consent of the state. If they fight at all it will be in open violation of the laws of Texas. But then what do the gamblers of Dallas care about the laws.—S. Review.

There will be no Cotton Palace because the directory objects to guaranteeing the contractors from loss, and the contractors were unwilling to sign without a personal guarantee. This is a black eye for Waco. The whole state will learn this unwelcome news with much regret. And now the pride of the Waco people has received a shock.

Today and yesterday it has rained continuously; rainfall up to date about 11 inches for the past week, and the indications are good for about 30 inches more. People down the Colorado and Brazos rivers may begin to make their arrangements to stand from under. She's coming in torrents, from the great water sheds of the northeast.—Colorado Times.

The western prairie states have again been visited by devastating storms and cyclones, doing incalculable damage to crops, and over fifty lives are reported to have perished in the path of these winds and rain storms.—Ex.

It is thought they will bring a good price this year, not because the crop is short, but because there will be more feeding done than ever before. Grass as a crop is beginning to assert its self. Like truth, though crushed to earth and plowed under, and violently attacked with plows and harrows and hoes, it will rise again, for of grass all flesh is made. Texas farmers are just beginning to learn some things they did not know very well before.—Texas Farm and Ranch.

Judge Willingham, of Ballinger says milo maize is being largely grown in Runnels county, not only for forage, but for human food. The mills are grinding the grain and bolting it, and large quantities are being used for making bread, and the verdict is one of approval. The writer, 15 years ago, tested milo maize for table use by simply grinding it on a family grist mill, carefully sifting, and found it excellent for battercakes, waffles, gems and mush. Let others try it.—Texas Farm and Ranch.

Mr. J. H. Beall of Sweetwater has called the free, 16 to 1 Democrats of Nolan county to meet in Sweetwater on the 27th of July for the purpose of electing delegates to the state convention at Ft. Worth on the 6th of August.

SLICED TO PIECES!

- Five cases Best Prints Only - - - - - 4c.
- One case Bleached Domestic yard wide at - 4c.
- One case Brown Domestic, yard wide, at - 4c.
- 9-4 Bleached Peperell Sheeting, at - - - 16c.
- 9-4 Brown Peperell Sheeting, at - - - 15c.
- Best Quality WASH SILK (per yard), at - 25c.
- 3 1/2 inch Swiss Batiste per yard - - - 7c.
- Splendid Apron Ginghams per yard - - - 4c.
- Elegant Quality Gply Ingrain Carpet per yard 30c.
- 200 Men's Silk ties, each at - - - - - 10c.
- 10 Dozen Men's Fast Black Sox worth 25c, at - 15c.

Our Entire Stock of Spring Clothing On Sale Less 25 Per Cent Discount.
SIG SIMON & BROTER.
Colorado Texas.

ROBERT LEE AND SAN ANGELO U.S. Mail And Stage Line
 Leaves Robert Lee and San Angelo every morning (except Sunday, at 7:30 a. m. and arrives at each place at 5-30 p. m. Passenger and express traffic solicited. Fare \$1.50 or \$2.50 for round trip. Heavy express 35cts. per hundred. Connects with Ballinger stage line daily, and with Sweet water stage line Tuesdays and Saturdays. Accommodations first class, good hacks and teams.
 Offices: Hamilton & Paterson, Robert Lee, Harris' Drug store, San Angelo.
 Don Green Proprietors.

DAVIS HOTEL.
 First class house, Good nice, clean beds a specialty.
FARE \$1. PER DAY.
 Patronage of the PUBLIC Solicited.
G. W. WEBB, Proprietor

Killed By Falling Rock.

Ballinger, Tex., July, 8.—A sad occurrence took place about 12 miles out of Town last night which has left a gloom over the entire country.

Yesterday Messrs. Bob Dunlap and Marston Cotton with some other gentlemen went down the river to some high bluffs for the purpose of blasting out some bees and honey. After the blast went off they were standing around and without warning a large mass of rock weighing about ten tons crashed down upon the crowd, instantly killing Marston Cotton and Bob Dunlap. They were smashed into pulp and had to be dug out from under the rock by a large crowd of men who went from town for that purpose. Both were prominent and highly respected citizens, and were buried here today. Mr. Cotton leaves a wife and three children. Mr. Dunlap leaves mother, father and brother. He was to have been married, on August the 1, and he was buried in his intended wedding suit.—Ballinger Ledger.

Cattle are dying in Seary county with Texas fever.

more substantial and inspire confidence. I would soon think of doing business without clerks as without advertising.

Do Yu Read?
 We offer the RUSTLER and either of the following papers for one year for the prices named. Now while the opportunity presents itself, and you have the money subscribe and keep posted:

- Dallas Semi-weekly News, \$2.00
- Galveston Semi-Weekly News, \$2.00
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- Atlanta (Ga.) Constitution, 2.00
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 Book-keeping, Shorthand, Penmanship and Geography. We spend more money in the interest of our Employment Department than half the Business Colleges take in as tuition. 4 weeks by our method teaching book-keeping is equal to 12 weeks by the old plan. 11 teachers. 600 students past year, no vacation enter any time. CHARGES MODERATE. We have recently prepared books especially adapted to

HOME STUDY.
 Sent on 60 days trial. Write us and explain "your wants." N. B.—We pay \$5, cash for all vacancies as book-keepers, stenographers, teachers, clerks, etc. reported to us, provided we fill same.
 The Texas Farm and Ranch, of a recent date, devotes more than a column of its valuable space to the discussion of ticks on stock. The RUSTLER would suggest to those people who's stock are troubled with ticks, that to bring them, to this country is a "dead shot" on the ticks, as stock shed them, at once when brought here and never have them again.

A substitute for ice has been invented.

THE HYMENAL ALTER.

It was understood that on the evening of the 10th of July 1895, there would be a marriage ceremony at the court house (where a protracted meeting was being held) just before preaching. The evening was cloudy and drizzling rain, the ground wet and muddy; But notwithstanding the threatening aspect of the weather, the people could be seen in buggies and on foot long before the hour for preaching making their way to the court house. The room was brilliantly lighted, and by sun set the throng pressed their way into the house.

Just at 8:20 o'clock, Dr. J. B. Latham, a popular young physician of Robert Lee, and Miss Leah Reed, the only daughter of J. W. and M. P. Reed, attended by J. H. Burroughs and Miss Lula Douglas, made their appearance and marched through the aisle to the stand, where they were greeted by the officiating minister, who arose and in the presence of a large concourse of admiring friends, pronounced the ceremony which made Miss Reed Mrs. Latham. The bride was beautiful and lovely, being dressed in cream silk, trimmed with lace and cream ribbon and bridal veil arranged with a wreath of orange blossoms. The groom was genteelly dressed and looked very manly.

After the marriage ceremony, Rev. M. H. Grooms preached a good sermon of forty-five minutes length.

As soon as the audience was dismissed the friends congratulated the bride and groom and pronounced their blessings upon them, which if all are realized; will insure a life of loveliness and perpetual bliss.

On the following day, the officiating minister and wife, the attendants, Mr. Burroughs and Miss Douglas and Rev. M. H. Grooms, by invitation met at the residence of the brides parents and partook of an excellent dinner, which was enjoyed immensely, especially by one of the guest.

After dinner we spent a few hours in social conversation, to the exquisite delight of all present. The brides second day costume was a tan albatross, trimmed with ribbons and lace. The entire bridal costume cost about sixty dollars.

The groom showed his appreciation of his beautiful and lovely bride by putting into the ministers hand a \$5 bill. The bride is 17 years old and the groom 23 years of age.

May fortune ever smile on the young couple, is the sincere wish of the officiating minister.

GEO. F. FAIR.

Olga Notes.

Olga, Texas, July 15th 1895. ED. RUSTLER: Plenty of rain: Some are ungrateful enough to say to much.

Mrs. J. W. Glass, of this place has gone on a visit to Bee county and Mr Glass looks sour.

Jim Hardin and W. C. Jones, of Decker, were in Olga Monday looking after their interest in our roads.

J. G. McColloch and Bud Warren accompanied Ed Good to east Texas after a bunch of cattle.

Several of the good people of Olga intend taking in the Reunion at Lee.

access to the RUSTLER.

J. T. Hamilton payed his farm and ranch on Boozer, a visit this week. He says his grass and crop of 35 acres of milo maize some corn and cane as fine as can be.

MILO MAIZE AGAIN.

Mr. S. C. Wilkins has received a letter from the Ballinger mill which, in substance is as follows: Ballinger, Tex., July 12 1895. Mr. S. C. Wilkins.

Dear sir. Yours of the 9th to hand and in reply wish to say: We have no milo maize flour on hand at present, will have some soon as a new crop is threshed. We claim it to be good for bread; for meal well as flour bread. Of course the flour is not as good as wheat flour and we do not expect to put it in

Come See My Hammocks.

Well as to furniture I have an elegant line now of new suits, wicker chairs, etc., curly birch suits and in fact suits from \$17.50 to \$75.00. Goods and prices will convince you. New line of wall paper just arrived yesterday. Remember we do paper hanging painting, sign painting, etc. as cheap as the cheapest and work guaranteed.

F. K. NANCE.

Why does Nance keep handling shoes and hats? Because he cant sell in bulk the entire furnishing goods stock. This being so I have now a full and complete stock of Shoes and Hats coming and expect daily, direct from factory. No middle men. This stock consists of Hamilton Brown and Banister shoes fine and medium goods and the best line of Baltimore hats made. All above goods sold on the closest margin as it costs nothing extra to handle them. All shirts, notions underwear and the McMillan stock of shoes and hats continue to go at and below cost. Several more suit patterns left at half price, also lining, buttons, etc.

SAN ANGELO - TEXAS.

competition with wheat flour. But by mixing a little wheat flour with the milo maize—say 1-4 wheat flour, it makes a bread that any body will eat for pure wheat bread. I think all farmers will do well in taking good care of their milo maize. Thresh it properly—dont break it up too much in threshing. It is good for bread, good feed for hogs and cattle. In grinding, it makes 1-3 flour, 1-3 meal and 1-3 bran and offall.

What we will give in exchange for it will be owing to the value of it in the market. We are going to try hard to get a market for it.

No farmer in west Texas will starve if he will plant milo maize. It will give him bread, hog, hominy and milk as it is good feed for cows.

Will send you prices, and flour and meal as soon as I make some.

Yours Truly, W. J. MILLER.

SPECIAL SALE!

Bennick, Stewart & Co.

ROBERT LEE TEXAS.

Have Just Bought a \$3,500 stock of

Dry Goods

Which Must Be SOLD AT Once.

Goods At And Cheaper Than, FACTORY PRICES.

WE GIVE BELOW A FEW PRICES,

Good prints at 3 1-2, 4, 4 1-2 and 5 cents per yard,

Men's Pants at 50 cts per pair, Men's shirts 20 cts apiece,

Ladies G. G. Calf Button shoes 75c Pr. Jeans 12 1-2 ct per yard.

Extra good Pants shirts, Shoes and Dress Goods A Specialty.

Come at Once

AND GET THE BEST.

We also carry a full line of

GROCERIES AND GRAIN.

RESPECTFULLY,

Bennick, Stewart & Co.,

DROWNED.

On last Monday, the 15th, at about 3 o'clock in the evening, our little town was suddenly plunged into sadness and excitement. The Colorado river was higher than it had been for years, being, in many places, over one half mile wide and at the time above mentioned, Mr. G. E. Trimble attempted to swim it and was drowned. Mr. Trimble is said to have been an excellent swimmer, is said to have swam the Colorado on several occasions while it was up. He seemed to have no fear of the wide, swift and rough stream, and seemed to have all confidence in his ability to swim it, and when the subject was brought up, said he had swam it and could swim it again, and it seems, that to settle the question as to whether he could swim it or not, is the sole cause for the venture, which ended in his death.

Mr. W. C. Hayley, his father-in-law, S. C. Wilkins, Dr. J. B. Latham, Geo. Williamson, J. T. Parker Judge Perryman, Will Perry, Albion Hayley and many others of our citizens went with him to the water and several if not all asked him not to try to swim it, but he seemed to have no thought of danger and went in. He swam nearly to large timber on the opposite bank, which he evidently could have reached if he had wanted to do so, but instead of going across, he turned back toward the bank from which he had started and again come in contact with the swift current, from 40 to 60 ft. off the bank, where he began to call for help. He called several times, and went under was seen no more until found by H. M. Bennick and other faithful hunters on Wednesday following about 10 o'clock, and about one and one half miles below where he went in. He was buried in the evening after being found, surrounded by his young wife, a brother and many sorrowing friends. Mr. Trimble was one of our most prominent business men

and was respected by all. Nothing has ever before occurred in the town or county to so shock and sadden every-one. The RUSTLER extends a most hearty sympathy to his grief stricken wife and relatives.

BRIAR PIPE GIVEN AWAY



DUKES MIXTURE

for 35 cents Every pipe stamped DUKES MIXTURE or

2oz. PACKAGES 5¢

Mr. S. C. Wilkins has offered Dr. Latham two ponies for a half interest in a 6 acre field of milo maize. Mr. Wilkins says he would not give a man a nickel to insure him 100 bushels to the acre on a part of the field.

There will be several hundred bales of cotton raised in a few miles of town, and there is no gin here to bring it to town, and if present conditions exist this fall all the cotton in the county will go to Angelo, Ballinger, Colorado, Sweetwater and Abilene, as well as all the milling. It would be a big thing for every business in Lee to bring all our milling and gining to town, and if it is to be done, we must hustle.

The Coke county people are invited to call and see my fine, new line of Millinery, when in Sweetwater.

Respectfully, MISS LELIA BARR

Sheriff Murray visited Bourne and Bronte the week.

SENSATIONAL ARREST

SENATOR HARRIS' PRIVATE SECRETARY IN TROUBLE.

Was Discovered in a Young Lady's Room at Midnight, She Having Refused to See Him that Evening—Texas River and Harbor Work.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The grand jury of the district has returned an indictment against Benjamin Harrison Milliken, formerly of Memphis, Tenn., a young man well known in official and social circles in this city and private secretary to Senator Harris of Tennessee, for housebreaking and felonious assault. The offense of which he is charged was committed on the night of the 4th of July, at which time he was arrested and taken to the stationhouse, but was subsequently released. Two days later Milliken left the city and has not yet returned. For some time past Milliken has been a caller at the house of ex-Solicitor General Samuel F. Phillips, 1515 Rhode Island avenue. Mr. Phillips has two daughters, Gertrude and Nora, both accomplished young ladies of high character, and to the former Milliken was especially attentive. He was always welcome to the house, as his character was supposed to be of the best. On the night of the 4th Milliken called at the Phillips residence and asked for Miss Gertrude. When the latter saw him she noticed that he acted queerly, as if under the influence of liquor. She left him at once. Milliken then summoned a servant and sent up his card to the young lady, but she refused to see him again and the servant showed him the door. About midnight, after every one in the house had retired, Mr. Phillips was suddenly aroused by his daughter, Nora, calling to him excitedly. Nora and Gertrude occupy communicating rooms on the third floor. When Mr. Phillips reached their room he found both his daughters there in a high state of excitement, Gertrude being apparently terror-stricken. The doors leading to the latter's room were unlocked. Gertrude finally managed to tell him there was a man in her room. She had been awakened by the smell of chloroform and had found a man leaning over her. She had struck his hand away from her face and escaped to her sister's room. Mr. Phillips started for his daughter's room, while his wife and daughters ran to the lower floor. He was joined by his partner, Frederick McKenrick, but in the meantime two policemen arrived on the scene. The man, however, ran downstairs and escaped into the back yard. As he passed the back yard, he was recognized as Milliken. The police followed and the man and he was taken to the stationhouse. He was released in the night. How Milliken got into the house is not known. The servant says the door was securely locked as usual. Entrance could easily have been effected, however, by means of the side window on the first floor. When Mr. Phillips learned that Milliken had been released he was intensely surprised. While naturally disposed to shun the unpleasant notoriety which would ensue he thought the law should take its course. Milliken is about 30 years old, rather attractive in appearance and a good conversationalist. He came here from Memphis, Tenn., some years ago as a correspondent for some southern newspapers. Later on he was connected with the local press.

Michigan Forest Fires.

DETROIT, Mich., July 13.—The telegraph companies report communication cut off to Traverse City, Charlevoix, Petoskey and other points in that region. Trains on all roads in that locality are badly delayed and in some cases cut off. Nothing has been received here in response to inquiries sent to Thompsonville, where most of the residents of Benze county, who on Thursday lost their homes by fire, had taken refuge. The new town of Clary, North of Wallin, is also reported destroyed. Forest fires are raging along the line of the G. R. and I. railroad, in Wexford, Kalkaska and Antrim counties, but a light shower in Mechanic city averted serious danger in that section. Oden, in Emmett county, between Petoskey and Mackinaw City, was also reported in danger from fire, and at Mill creek considerable timber was destroyed. There are extensive fires in Charlevoix county and heavy damage is already reported. At present there is no means of learning the exact status of affairs and much anxiety is felt.

Texas River and Harbor Work.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Gen. Craig-hill, chief of engineers, in his annual report to the secretary of war gives a historic summary of the work done in the improvement of Galveston harbor. He says that during the last fiscal year the expenditure of \$1,222,623 has resulted in obtaining 17 1/2 feet of water on the outer bar, an increase of 3 1/2 feet since last year. The work done consists in extending the north jetty gulfward 6300 feet and in com-

pleting 8500 feet of this jetty, in repairing and partly rebuilding the south jetty trestle, preparatory to extending the jetty gulfward and in supplementing the action of the jetties by dredging. The total amount of work done since 1887 is represented by 32,829 feet of south jetty, of which 32,000 feet is completed; and 22,500 feet of north jetty, of which 18,500 feet is completed. The amount of material dredged was 68,071 cubic yards. Of the appropriation there were \$61,368 available at the end of the year. On the ship channels \$31,859 was expended in widening the Morgan cut from 75 to 150 feet and deepening in the center from 9 1/2 to 12 feet the lower part of its length. The available depth remains the same as last year, but the channel is considerable wider. On the Trinity river but \$3732 was expended during the year, principally in making a survey from Magnolia to Dallas. The channel remains about the same as last year, ample for navigation, but to preserve it the east jetty must be extended out to the five foot contour in the bay. On Buffalo bayou practically no work was accomplished, although a contract for dredging was made, owing to the insufficient plant of the contractors. Gen. Craghill incloses the detailed report of Maj. A. M. Miller, directly in charge of this district, who sums up the results of the work in Galveston harbor as follows: The surveys made in May and June show that a marked change has taken place in the outer bar, due to the rapid extension of the north jetty. The 12-foot curve has entirely disappeared; the inner 18-foot curve has advanced 5400 feet into the gulf, while the corresponding advance of the outer 18-foot curve has been 1800 feet, the distance between these curves at the narrowest part being 220 feet. This rapid pushing out of the outer 18-foot curve has caused the formation of a new channel across the bar known as the east channel, which was first used by vessels on November 15, 1894. This is 340 feet wide and has a depth of 17 1/2 feet. Last year the least depth was 12 1/2 feet, a gain of 5 feet in two months. The 18-foot curves in the old southeast channel have approached each other 3900 feet, leaving between them a bar 1000 feet wide, over which there is 16 1/2 feet, as against 14 feet last year. The advance of the outer curves has been small, the maximum advance of the outer curve being 1200 feet. The proposed extending 1200 feet of the north jetty to the east channel.

The Christian Gang.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Ok., July 13.—Officers are in close pursuit of the Christian gang of desperadoes and it is believed will break it up, but not without a battle. Sheriff Deford returned from the front yesterday morning and states that a force of at least fifty officers is after the desperadoes and has them located in one of their strongholds near Violet Springs, Seminole nation. The governor has offered a reward of \$6000 for the two Christians and lesser rewards are offered for other members of the gang. This gang promises to outdo the Daltons and Cooks in desperate deeds if their plans are not frustrated. The leaders, Bob and Bill Christian, killed Chief of Police Jones in this city on June 20, while making their escape from jail, where they were awaiting trial on a charge of the murder of Deputy Sheriff Turner. Although badly wounded, they succeeded in making their escape to their old haunts on Little river, sixty miles east of Oklahoma City, and there gathered around them a band of twelve men as desperate as themselves. With this band, it is feared, they propose entering upon a series of train and bank robberies, and the country adjacent to their haunts is in a state of terror. Monday night J. C. Simron's store, at Violet Springs, was raided and \$380 in money and much more in goods was secured. The houses of ex-Secretary Lamrott and other prominent Seminoles were robbed, and the bank at Wewoka has been guarded for the past week by a detachment of Indian police. Every passenger train on the Santa Fe south of Purcell is guarded by deputy marshals, and engineers have instructions to be especially careful. The northbound train Tuesday night had eight marshals secreted in the express car, and a warm reception would have been given the gang had it made its appearance. With the gang are two prepossessing girls, who are the sweethearts of two of them. It was one of them, it is charged, who smuggled revolvers to the Christians in jail and assisted in their escape. Sheriff Deford returns to Violet Springs to-day, taking more men and an extra supply of ammunition with him. He will also take an extra quantity of dynamite, which may be needed in dislodging the gang.

Z. T. Lewis of Urbana, O., is charged with having forged bonds of various kinds to the amount of \$11,000, and is gone.

Joe Foster, colored, was hanged by a mob near Baldwin, Miss., the other morning for an attempted assault on a respectable widow of that place. Foster made a confession.

THE CHOCTAWS MEET.

RESOLUTIONS FAVORABLE TO ALLOTMENT PASSED.

A Number of Chicago Aldermen Are in Trouble Because of an Effort to Sell Out to the Ice Companies—Conversation Overheard.

SOUTH McALESTER, I. T., July 12.—The following resolution was unanimously adopted by a mass meeting of representative Choctaws in convention assembled. The Dawes commission was present by invitation and made an address suitable to the occasion. The Choctaws will undoubtedly accept allotment at an early day.

Whereas, we, the citizens of the Choctaw nation, regardless of party affiliation, in convention assembled at Hartshorne, I. T., July 11, 1895, realizing the danger which surrounds us affecting our tribal government and the tenure of our lands, and the feeling that we have no interest in common with the other three nations, viz, the Creeks, Cherokees and Seminoles, as we have more at stake, have everything to lose and nothing to gain, and believing that whatever is done on this line should be done at once, and

Whereas, the change contemplated affects the great mass of our people, the poor and uneducated, whose rights it is our duty to protect and promote, as they are becoming poorer and more dependent each year, and

Whereas, the United States courts in the Indian Territory are gradually encroaching upon and depriving our courts of their jurisdiction, making it impossible to properly enforce our laws, and

Whereas, we have evidence to believe that the congress is taking steps to make radical changes affecting our government and the holdings of our lands, and

Whereas, we believe that if we refuse to recognize the steps taken by the government on this line that the government is preparing to sectionize this country to settle this question for us, in which case we are confident that such settlement will be detrimental to our future welfare, and

Whereas, we believe that in case of the dissolution of our tribal relations, being the party most interested, we should have complete control of the division of our possessions, and

Whereas, we are informed by the commissioners and also by other parties in authority at Washington that if we take this question up of our own free will then we will have the authority to dictate terms to the United States government, and it will accept them, which we are confident would be to the best interest of all our people; therefore be it

Resolved by this convention, that we hereby memorialize the general council in regular session October, 1895, to enact a law creating a commission to confer with the Dawes commission and that whatever terms be agreed upon by the commission shall be submitted by the council to the people to be voted on.

GREEN McCURTAIN, Chairman.

E. N. WRIGHT, Secretary, and others.

Aldermen in Trouble.

CHICAGO, July 12.—At the request of State's Attorney Kern, Judge Tut-hill has issued a call for a special grand jury which is to investigate charges of boodling in the city council. The information was given to State's Attorney Kern by H. H. Kohl-satt of this city and is said to be most conclusive in its nature. The charge will be that they attempted to procure bribes in connection with an ordinance introduced sometime ago into the city council providing that the citizens of Chicago should be given pure ice. The terms of this ordinance were such as would have driven a number of the large ice companies out of business. They naturally used all possible effort to defeat it. It was brought to the ears of the managers of the ice companies that a certain clique in the council would consent to some other ordinance for a consideration of \$50,000. The ice companies seemingly fell into the trap and while conducting negotiations arrangements were made to entrap the aldermen. The measure had been introduced into the council by Alderman Martin and was referred to a committee, of which Alderman Finkley was chairman. The order was reported upon favorably by the committee and then an agreement was reached by which the aldermen were to smother the ordinance, for \$50,000. The interviews was held in Finkley's office, and through a hole in the ceiling photographs were taken of the men, their propositions were recorded by a stenographer and the sound of their voices taken with a phonograph. The entire case is said to be clear and straight and the state's attorney said Wednesday night that the grand jury would not be in session over two hours. Finkley will be charged with soliciting bribes and Councilman Martin with conspiracy to solicit bribes. Both deny soliciting bribes.

Found Hanging.

DENTON, Tex., July 12.—R. T. Fagan who about a year ago married

the Widow Mangum, was found dead late Wednesday afternoon in the open woods one mile north of Garza, in this county. From the indications it appears that Fagan had climbed a tree, tied one end of a rope around his neck and the other to the tree, and standing in the fork of a limb and the tree's trunk jumped into eternity. When found the body was hanging by the neck and the legs were resting on the ground. Death was instantaneous. He had often threatened suicide, and several times before had left home carrying a rope, declaring as he did so that he would end his life. As many times had the neighbors hunted him up, only to find that he had not put his threats into execution. When he left home Wednesday morning he made similar threats, and later, when a neighbor went to look for him, he was found as above. It is believed that the deceased was insane. In one of Fagan's pockets a note was found which declared: "My wife is not to blame for what I am about to do; I alone know the cause of my troubles."

What Ambassador Eustis Says.

PARIS, July 12.—The Figaro publishes a statement from Hon. James B. Eustis, United States ambassador to France, in which the latter says: "The fact is now recalled to my memory that Secretary Vignand introduced Rottier to me May 13, not as a journalist, but as a writer. According to my custom I had a conversation with him, but I certainly did not authorize Rottier to publish it. He did not tell me he had such intention, and if he had I should have taken the necessary precaution. Indeed, I should have forbidden him, as would have been my duty, to divulge anything of our conversation. I did not use language Rottier attributes to me and I do not understand why Rottier thought he had a right to invite me to discuss delicate questions of international policies." The Estoffette discussing affairs remarks: "It would not require many such incidents especially in view of the effect which it produced in Spain to lead to serious complications with the United States. The fault rests entirely with the United States, which by carrying out the application of the Monroe doctrine to abuse and by ubiquitous intervention to disturb European nations and injure in the end their most legitimate interests."

A Double Murder.

WATERLOO, N. Y., July 12.—A girl 16 years old was murdered and an old man fatally wounded by an ex-convict at Chapel Hill, near Towville, Lewis county, Wednesday night. The victims of the assassin were Minnie Ingersoll, who lived with her brother Eugene, and Nicholas P. Strife, a farm hand in Ingersoll's employ. The murderer is John Hoch, aged 30. He met Miss Ingersoll this spring and became infatuated with her, but the girl would have nothing to say to him. Wednesday evening Hoch sneaked into Ingersoll's barn and when Miss Ingersoll passed with a pail of milk he fired, the ball lodging in her heart. She fell dead. Strife was following the girl, and the murderer fired a second time, the ball entering Strife's left side. Strife ran into the farmhouse. Hoch made for the woods and escaped. Yesterday morning the sheriff found Hoch hiding at a farmhouse. He showed fight to the officers, but finding resistance useless he put a revolver to his forehead and fired, fracturing his skull. Strife may die. It is expected that Hoch will recover.

Riots in China.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The state department has received the following advice, under date of June 4, from Minister Denby of the recent riots at Cheng Tu, in which mission property was destroyed. In the riots at Cheng Tu, the capital of Szechwan, the Catholic mission building and those of the China inland and Canadian missions were destroyed. The Catholic bishop was the only person injured, and he not seriously. Virgil C. Hart is the only American known to be at the Cheng Tu. Strong measures have been taken to prevent the spread of the riotous spirit among the Yang Tze towns. Cheng Tu is a place of about 1,000,000 people and has great wealth. In another dispatch Minister Denby said that he had secured from the Tsung Li Yamen an order on the Canton vicerey for \$550 to pay the American Presbyterian mission at Yung Yung, in the province of Kwaig Tung, for losses sustained by a recent riot.

The work of Ainsworth R. Shafford, librarian of the congressional library, is being investigated.

Cubans in the United States are voting for a president of the to be Republic of Cuba.

Fully 50,000 delegates are in attendance upon the World's Christian Endeavor convention at Boston, Mass.

The Tsung Yi Lamen (Chinese foreign office) has intimated that a portion, probably half of the second Chinese indemnity loan which will amount to 100,000,000 taels, will be reserved for Great Britain and that the other half may go to Germany.

WHISKERS AND WIND.

A Further Contribution to the Literature of an Interesting Affair.

"That feller," said the man with the ginger beard, as the smooth-shaven new settler drove by, "that feller, when I knowed him out in Kansas, had a set of goat trimmin's that would discount Peffer. And he lost 'em in the funniest way."

"Got 'em shaved off?" asked the grocer, trying to be sarcastic.

Much to the surprise of the man from Potato creek the man with the ginger beard replied:

"That's jest the way. Exactly."

When the man with the ginger beard had enjoyed the grocer's surprise, he continued:

"Course, he didn't have to have 'em shaved off, but after the way they took to actin' he allowed that was the best thing he could do. You see, they was a cyclone come along across his place. He seen 'er a-comin', an' by the time he got the cow and the dog and his 'wife an' chillern in the cyclone pit, there was so little room that he had to leave his head stickin' out. Purty soon along comes de Si—"

"Old Si who?" asked the grocer.

"It might have been old Si Hubbard, but this time it happened to be ole Si Clone. Well, that there wind took them flouin' whiskers and wrapped 'em round and round his neck, and darn nigh choked 'im."

"And he 'lowed after that it would be safer to go smooth, I suppose?" asked the man from Potato creek.

"Hardly. Ketch any Kansas man takin' off his whiskers for any sich frivolous reason. But the ellectricity, or something, had sot 'em so that they wouldn't grow no other way than just round and round. I tried to persuade him to leave 'em that way, seel'n' as how he had the finest neck comforter ever a man had in them whiskers, but he was too daddarned highminded, an' he was 'em cut clean off now."

The man from Potato creek slowly gathered up the two burlap sacks that served him as a saddle, put them on his yellow mule, and rode homeward, pondering, pondering.—Ex.

NO STAINED GLASS THERE.

Commander Booth Says None Shall Be Permitted in the New Building.

Some newspaper men and women got an impressive glimpse of the aims of the Salvation Army one day last week, says the New York Press. Commander Booth was showing the party over the new building just before it was opened for public inspection. On each side of the stage in the auditorium is a large window and both give light enough by day with the glass roof over the top to make artificial lighting before sundown unnecessary. These two windows are so situated that one's first thought is what a magnificent effect could be created if the windows were filled with stained glass. A young chit of a woman, a dainty little thing who does art work for one of the city papers, voiced what was probably in everybody's mind when she said: "Of course you hope that somebody will give you stained glass for those two splendidly situated windows, Commander Booth?" To the surprise of everybody the commander replied to the young woman: "No, never, never, never! We don't want stained glass there nor anywhere else. The aim of the Salvation Army is to keep down near the lower strata of society. Stained glass is beautiful to look at, but it removes a religious organization one or more steps from the people. We won't have it because we want to be as plain as the plaikest and as homely as the homeliest. We aim to reach the great human family, the very dregs, you may say, of humanity. Never forget that. We are pleased to have the rich and wealthy patronize us and even good-naturedly coddle us. We thankfully accept your dollar, not only because it does you good to give it, but it helps us to get down nearer to those we want to reach. We do not want to rise. We want to go lower instead of higher. No stained glass for the Salvation Army as long as I live if I can help it."

What Is a Snob?

A writer in the Toronto Week is exercised upon the question of snobbery, and entitles an article, "What is a Snob?" in which, after two full columns of argument he comes to no conclusion better than "Who is not a Snob?" I think I can answer the first question in a few words. A snob is a person (not more often a woman than a man) who:

First—Strives to appear what he or she is not.

Second—Forces upon the attention of others what he or she is.

Third—Ignores the rights and often the very existence of those who he or she should politely recognize.

And I think, too, that I can answer the second question: "Who is not a snob?" The man, who, being himself, allows all members in the circles of his friends and acquaintances to be themselves, and who, to persons in every walk of life, shows a thoughtful consideration for their rights.—Ex.

The cordage on a first-class man-of-war costs about \$15,000.

A Pretty Window.

Another beautiful window, the subject of which, symbolized, is the exploration of the Mississippi valley, will soon be placed in Memorial hall at Harvard by the class of 1895. The late Francis Parkman, the historian, furnished the designers of the window with a copy of the only known portrait of La Salle from the original at Rouen. The color scheme of the window is golden, running from yellow to deep orange. The figures, life-size, are in dark colors. La Salle is standing bareheaded, holding in his right hand a sword and in his left a scroll. Marquette, in the garb of the Jesuits, uplifts a cross in his right hand. In the small panel beneath the figure of La Salle is the royal seal of France, and below Marquette is the seal of the Society of Jesus. The design of the window is taken from a former window in the palace of Louis XIV at Versailles, and is in the style of that period, with fleur-de-dis in the ornamental border.

Had a Good Job.

Says a correspondent of a Washington paper. I met a man recently who had just come back from one of those pronounceable towns up in the Pennsylvania oil regions. He has been spending I don't know how many months among the Swedes up there, and he has a great many things to tell of them. He says that just before he left—I can't remember the town's name—there was a Methodist revival. A great many of the Oisens and Petersens and Knudsens were converted. To one of them, Nels Petersen, the leader of the meeting he said: "Nels, will you work for God?" Nels shifted uneasily. A Swede, you know, can't express anything at all with his face, except the national stolidity. "Ae don't know," he said, hesitatingly. "Ae got a gude yob at the factory. Ae take ae keep dat."

Celebrated Several Dates.

The early Christians celebrated Christmas at several different dates. So communities observed the 1st of January; others the 6th; others the 29th of March, the date of the Jewish passover; others the 29th of September, the date of the feast of the tabernacles.

Tobacco Chewing Dog.

Supt. McAlvey has a little English mastiff pup, eight months old and weighing 135 pounds, that has developed an abnormal appetite for tobacco. He acquired his taste for it by watching Amos chew, no doubt, and he is never happier than when he is given a "chaw." He chews and spits like any other man and has never yet been sick. His tobacco habit is a very expensive one and he will be given a treatment of No-to-bac in the hope of curing him.—Crawfordsville Argus News.

The best friend any man can have is his conscience.

If Troubled With Sore Eyes
Jackson's Indian Eye Salve will positively cure them. 25c at all drug stores.

The hearts of the people are better than their intelligence.

E. B. WALTHALL & CO., Druggists, Horse Cave, Ky., say: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cures everyone that takes it." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Sea water contains silver in considerable quantities. It is deposited on the copper sheathing of ships in amounts sufficient to make its reduction profitable.

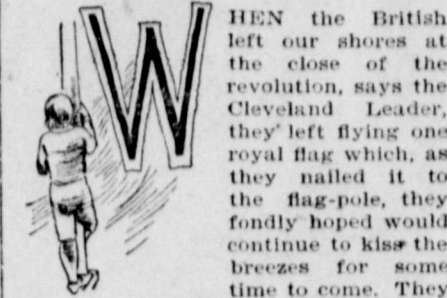


KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with a expenditure, by more promptly adopting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs. Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers, and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance. Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Solicitors to introduce Buggy Paints, Etc. SEIF SHINING MFG. CO., Louisiana, Mo.

AN AMERICAN LAB.



WHEN the British left our shores at the close of the revolution, says the Cleveland Leader, they left flying one royal flag which, as they nailed it to the flag-pole, they fondly hoped would continue to kiss the breezes for some time to come. They had done this as an act of defiance to the young republic, and many a soldier's eye was turned upon this lone British emblem as the ships of King George dropped down the bay, and the spires of New York faded from view.

Sir Guy Carlton had set apart a day for the evacuation of New York, and it fell on Nov. 25. He was not very reluctant to leave, for the long eight years' war was over, and the colonies had not only beaten the king's men in fair fight, but had captured two of his best armies. The Americans, led by some of their famous officers, were ready to march in and take possession of New York the moment the last red coat had vanished, and on the twenty-fifth there was a great deal of excitement, which could not be wholly subdued.

The streets were thronged with men and boys, and the latter were with difficulty kept from cheering the march of the British through the streets as they tramped down to the shipping to embark for England.

At the foot of the famous Broadway stood Fort George, named for the British king, and from its tall staff floated the flag which the enemy had left behind. It flapped in the breeze of that clear November day in a manner quite distasteful to the Americans who had seen it waving there for almost seven years. They did not like the thought that it was to float on even after the last British soldier had vanished down the bay, and when Gen. Knox and his troops took formal possession of Fort George all eyes were turned toward that obnoxious ensign.

It must come down, but how? The patriots did not want to destroy the tall flag-staff, for they wished to hoist upon it another flag, which would represent the newest republic on the face of the globe, so they gathered about the staff as they suggested means of lowering the British flag.

The English vessels were vanishing down the narrows, and their white sails would soon disappear, but there in the wind waved the flag they had left behind, bidding defiance to their conquerors, and saying in mute language that, though the colonies were free, the emblem of a king still remained to disturb them.

"I believe I could climb that pole," said a boy who stood looking at the flag.

An American officer, overhearing these words, turned and gave him a look of astonishment.

He was a good-looking boy, with a fresh face, and strong, young limbs.

"You do?" said the officer. "Do you



HE WORKED WITH A WILL. really think you could climb that flag-staff and tear that banner loose?" "I could try, anyhow."

"Here, sergeant, take this boy over to Gen. Knox, and let him tell him what he thinks he can do."

A continental sergeant stepped forward, and in a little while Johnny Van Arsdale was walking at his side toward Gen. Knox's headquarters.

The boy had seen the chief of Washington's artillery, but had never been in his presence.

The sergeant took the lad to the general's headquarters and saluted.

"This boy says he can climb the flag-staff and remove the British flag."

The kind face of Knox was illuminated by a smile. He looked the boy over from head to foot and said:

"You look agile, boy. You have climbed before, have you?"

"Yes, sir," replied Johnny, blushing.

"If you would let me try to take the flag down I would do my best."

"You shall try, and you look capable of doing it," and with another salute the sergeant withdrew and marched the delighted boy back to the parade ground.

The crowd gathered about the flag-staff, looked at the boy, and soon understood what was up. A great many of them knew him, and not a few knew how agile he was.

Not only had the departing British nailed their flag to the pole, but they had knocked out the cleats and greased the staff so as to make it hard to climb. New cleats were soon obtained, and Johnny Van Arsdale went to work. He had brought with him a lot of sand and by nailing back the cleats and applying the sand to the slick pole, he managed

to climb up hand over hand amid the cheers of the people.

Higher and higher he went, working like a beaver, but not looking down once upon the up-turned faces.

As he reached the top of the tall flag-pole a strange hush seemed to fall over the crowd below. It was expectation not altogether unmixed with fear. There were those who feared that even should he reach the top his hands would not be strong enough to tear the flag loose; but the little patriot persevered until he could touch the ensign.

"Look, he is up now," said a voice far beneath him. "He has caught hold of the flag! He is tearing it loose; there, see how it yields! He will accomplish his purpose!"

The boy looked like a black speck, as it were, as he clung to the flag-pole, while he wrenched the flag from its fastenings.

He worked with a will, watched all the time by those on the ground, and when they saw that he had wrapped the standard around his body, and had started upon his descent, a great cheer arose from every throat.

Lower and lower he came, hand over hand, with a flush of victory on his face. The banner flapped a little in the wind now, but its freedom was subdued. No longer it kissed the winds from the pinnacle of the lofty staff, nor was it nailed there in defiance to the colonies.

Louder than ever was the cheer that rent the air when the triumphant boy reached the ground, and unwrapped from his body the wind-torn banner which he had secured.

"I told the general I thought I could bring it down," he said to the officer who stepped forward to take the captured banner.

In another moment he was hemmed in by a wildly shouting crowd and strong men took him upon their shoulders and carried him in ecstasy across the parade ground.

It was a moment of proud triumph for the little patriot, and his pride increased when Gen. Knox sent to thank him for his daring act.

In a little while another flag floated from the flag-staff of Fort George; but it was not the standard of the king. It was the stars and stripes of the young nation which had secured its right to have a flag by seven years' war; and when Johnny Van Arsdale saw the other banner waving gracefully from the flag-staff his eyes lit up with joy.

"It is the prettier flag of the two. Long may it wave," cried he.

And while it floated there, the last British vessel vanished, and New York held no soldiers but those who would henceforth occupy it.

Johnny Van Arsdale lived a good many years after his daring act in lowering the British flag, and more than once he was compelled to relate to groups of children how he took it down from its lofty height, and saw the banner of freedom take its place.

Thus was the British flag, raised by men, taken down by a boy, whose name and deeds the pages of American history have kept alive even unto this day.

A CAT FIGHTS WITH FISH.

Pussy Likes the Sport and Is a Clever and Sure Catcher.

Cats, as a rule, don't like water, but an Italian fisherman named Michael has a large Maltese named Joe that loves water as much as other cats love a rug in front of a grate fire. Michael has one of those lattern-rigged boats, and goes fishing in the usual way, except that he takes Joe along. He likes to have Joe, and Joe likes to go. While the boat is on the way to the fishing grounds Joe lies still and don't mind how wet he gets or how much the little craft pitches about. But when the seine, with its load of wriggling fish, is hauled in, Joe's fun commences. He is most anxious to get hold of the largest, and will often jump into the net before it is landed. When a big rock cod is thrown on to the deck the cat is in its glory. He will run around and attempt to shake it as he would a mouse. The fish spreads out its fins and opens its mouth, and Joe gives it a twist by the tail that causes it to turn a dozen somersaults. Then the pair will roll over and over together, and the fishermen nearly kill themselves laughing at the sight. The cat gets wet and covered with scales, and possibly gets pricked several times with the spines of the fish, but it seems to thoroughly enjoy the sport. When the fish is almost dead from being out of the water Joe seems to think it is all his doings, and that he has really killed it in a pitched battle. He then waits for another fish fresh from the deep, and repeats the performance. The cat seems to have no other idea in playing with the fish except sport, for it never attempts to eat the larger ones, but lives almost entirely on the small fish that are used for bait. No other fisherman on the bay is known to own a cat, and Michael is as proud of Joe as if he were the only cat in the world.

Get an Egg and Spin It.

In fact, get two eggs, one boiled and the other raw, and spin them rapidly on their sides on a mirror or other perfectly smooth surface. If you put the palm of your hand gently upon the boiled egg while it is spinning, it, of course, ceases to move, and remains motionless after you have lifted your hand. But if you do the same with a raw egg, it will immediately begin to spin again when the hand is removed. Indeed, it is extraordinary how long you can hold your hand upon it without destroying its motion. The reason of this is no doubt apparent. The fluid within the egg continues to revolve, though the shell is stationary, while in the other case the whole egg is stopped. If you attempt to spin the eggs on the mirror like a top, you will find that the boiled egg will spin for a considerable time, but the other will fall almost immediately on its side.

Royal Baking Powder
Highest of all in leavening strength.— Latest U. S. Government Food Report
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Turkish Marriage.
Among the Turks bath money forms an item in every marriage contract, the husband engaging to give his wife a certain sum for bathing purposes. If it be withheld she has only to go before the cadi and turn her slipper upside down. If the complaint be not then redressed it is ground for divorce.

Just About.
A London paper, as a sample of American meanness, relates very circumstantially how an American gave one shilling to a man who found his lost purse, containing £40. If he had been an Englishman whose purse was restored, he would likely have had the fellow arrested on the charge of stealing it.

China No Fights.
Official report of Japanese losses in the late war with China show that an empire of 300,000,000 or 400,000,000 people was conquered with a loss of only 623 Japanese killed in battle. Apparently the Chinese soldier did not know just where the Jap was at.

A hoodlum humped over on a bicycle is a sight to weary the gods.

In some sections they say that ague is the result of laziness.

Ten Thousand Miles or Thirty, it matters not which, may subject you to sea sickness on the "briny deep." Whether you are a yachtsman, an ocean traveler, out for a day or two's fishing on the salt water, or even an inland tourist in feeble health, you ought to be provided with Eosetor's stomach Bitters, a valuable remedy for nausea, colic, biliousness, acidity of the stomach, malaria, rheumatism, nervousness and sick headache. Lay in an adequate supply.

It is possible for a man to refuse to worry; a dead man cannot do it.



You can carry the little vial of Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets right in the vest pocket of your dress suit, and it will not make even a little lump. The "Pellets" are so small that 42 to 44 of them go in a vial scarcely more than an inch long, and as big round as a lead pencil. They cure constipation.

Cabled Field and Hog Fence.

The best in the market. Also

Cabled Poultry, Garden & Rabbit Fence.

Steel Web Picket Fence, Steel Wire Fence Board. A full line of Wire Fencing, Steel Gates, Steel Posts and Rails, Steel Web Picket Tree, Flower and Tomato Guards. Prices Low. Catalogue Free.

When you find a man with his heart right there is apt to be something wrong with his head.

I believe Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my boy's life last summer.—Mrs. ALLEN DOUGLASS, LeRoy, Mich., Oct. 30, '94

Most people have good hearts but mighty poor heads.

"I have tried Parker's Ginger Tonic and believe in it," says a mother, and so will you say when familiar with its revitalizing properties.

A chigger never turns back after he has once started in.

Just how it does it is not the question. It is enough to know that Hindercoats takes out the corns, and a very pleasing relief it is to be at the end of the road.

There are plenty model jurors, but model judges are scarce.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth, Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, EMERSON'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children Teething.

Your neighbors know more about you than you think they do.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve." Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

In Oklahoma they say every man who can write is known as "judge."

FITS—All Fits stopped freely by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after the first day's use. Barbed wire cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free by Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, J. C. Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

How absurd to try to make two men think alike on matters of religion, when we cannot make two timepieces agree!

Medical Department of Tulane University of Louisiana.

Advantages for practical instruction in laboratories and hospital materials unequalled. Free access given to great CLAYTON HOSPITAL, 700 beds, 30,000 patients annually. Special instruction given daily at the bedside of the sick. Next session begins October 15th, 1895. Catalogue and information address: PROF. S. E. CHAILLE, M. D., DEAN, 127 P. O. Drawer 261, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Patents, Trade-Marks.

Examination and Advice as to Patentability of Invention. Send for "Inventors' Guide," or How to Get a Patent." PATRICK O'FARRELL, WASHINGTON, D. C.

EVAPORATING FRUIT

Complete rig for evaporating fruit and big profits. AMERICAN MANUFACTURING CO., Box 407, Washington, Pa.

ARTIFICIAL LIMBS

Free Catalogue, 400, N. 7th St., Box 2146, Lancaster, Pa.

DALLAS BUSINESS FIRMS.

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS General Foundry and Machine Shop, Compresses, Flour Mills, Waterworks, Oil Mills, Gins, Ice Plants, Electric Light, etc. repairs. Write us. Mosher M'fg Co., Dallas.

EMERSON, TALCOTT & CO.

Standard Cultivators, PLANTERS, MOWERS, Dallas, - - - Texas. Wholesale dealers in Farm Wagons, Stoves, Abstract Huggies, Standard Plows, Rockford Sulky Plows.

W N U DALLAS 29-95

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.



Rest
Comes soon to all who employ the helpful services of
CLAIRETTE SOAP
CLAIRETTE SOAP.
Does the work quicker, does it better, lasts longer. Begin its use at once. Sold everywhere. Made only by
The N. K. Fairbank Company, - St. Louis.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never fails to restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 5c. and 15c. at Druggists.

FISO'S
Best Cough Syrup in time. CONSUMPTION

J. J. VESTAL.

Blacksmith and Wheel-Wright

East Corner Square. - - - ROBERT LEE TEXAS

CONSORIAL EMPORIUM
Jess. Buchanan, Pro.
 Shaving, Shampooing, Hair Cutting etc., done in the best
 manner. When needing work done in his line call on him

G. J. Moor's Saloon
 Is the place to get
Wines, Liquors and Cigars
OF THE BEST BRANDS
 I. O. O. F. Building

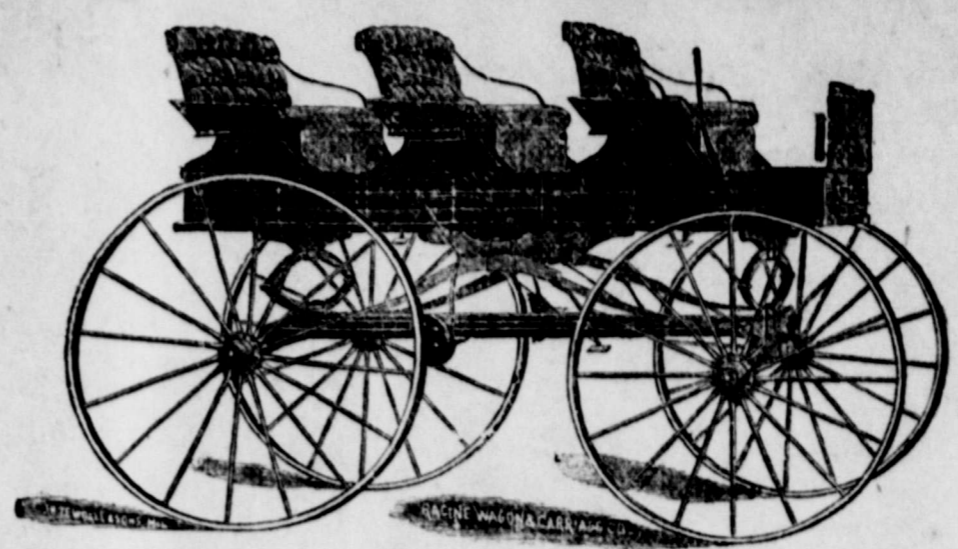
C L BEYRLE'S
Livery Stable
 Near the Depot.
 Fine Teams, Splendid Hacks and Buggies—Wagon yard in
 connection.—SWEETWATER - - - - TEXAS.

A. J. R O E.
Lumber, Shingles
Waukegan Wire
 CHICAGO - - - - TEXAS

R. P. PERRY.
HAS ASSUMED CONTROL OF THE
LEE HOTEL
AND PUTS UP THE VERY BEST.
AND INVITES HIS FRIENDS TO
CALL AND SEE HIM.

WM. CAMERON CO.,
Lumber, Shingles, Sash,
Doors And Blinds.
 Cement, Texas Wire and Picket Fence.
SAN ANGELO - TEXAS.

DON'T BE FOOLED
 into buying spurious imitations of
B. BABBITT'S POTASH
 Sold under similar names and labels.
THE BEST AND PUREST POTASH
 put up in
WHITE TIN CANS
 containing one pound full weight
 is manufactured only by
B. BABBITT
NEW YORK CITY.
 and has stood the test for over 50 years.



It don't make any difference what you want in the way of
 Wind Mills, Wagons, Buggies, Hacks, or Farming
 Machinery of any kind, you are NEVER sure of
 the best price and quality until you have
 seen our goods and had our prices.
CALL AND SEE US WHEN IN OUR CITY
J. L. Carlisle.
 SAN ANGELO - - - - TEXAS.

LOCAL CHIPS.

Marl Trammell has several acres of fine maize west of town.

Bose Motley, of Sterling is spending a few days with us.

Mr. Wyatt, of Valley View was water-bound in town Monday Tuesday and Wednesday.

A new Saddle, Harness and Shoe shop in town—see the advertisement in another column.

PICTURES.

You can get the best at Ragsdale Gallery, San Angelo Texas. Picture frame—any size—for sale.

Prominent business men predict that the present crop of cotton will sell at 8 to 10 cents a pound.

Mr. M. H. Davis and family have returned from Brownwood, where they have been visiting.

Mrs. Jeff Davis returned Wednesday from a visit to her parents in Brown county.

Mr. Ed M. Mobley returned Tuesday last from a lengthy visit to Dublin, where he says he had a nice time.

TOM YO!

Settlers desiring the advantages of the new law—call on A. P. McCarty.

It is "officially" stated that there will be more weddings in town e'er the leaves fall again.

Ex county Clerk, R. R. Smith, of Bronte was shaking hands with friends in town this week.

Messrs C. L. Hughes and Ethal Fairley, of Bronte, paid the RUSTLER office a pleasant call Tuesday morning.

Owing to the high water in different streams last week and the first of this week the U. S. Mail on several routes have failed to make the trips.

GEO. ALLEN,
MUSIC
 DEALER.
 All kinds Music, Musical Instruments, Strings, and etc.—
 A Handsome Catalogue with prices sent, if you ask for it.
 SAN ANGELO, TEXAS.

Covetousness Is a Fault.

WE PLEAD GUILTY OF
 We covet all the CANDY and PASTRY trade of your section, and will make every legitimate effort to secure it.
 Our Candies are fresh every week, and our Pastries are made on the premises every day.
WEDDING AND BIRTHDAY
 CAKES A SPECIALTY. Remember The Address.
BILLY WHYTOCK,
"The Pastry Cook."
 SAN ANGELO - - - - TEXAS.

I have the dearest, newest and finest line of Millinery ever brought to this market.
 MISS LELIA BANDY,
 Sweetwater, Texas.

M. D. Boyett, of Hylton, called and subscribed for the RUSTLER Thursday. He says that every thing in the way of crops around Hylton is as fine as grows any where.

The Coke county people are invited, when in Ballinger to stop at the Pearce Hotel, only \$1.00 per day to them. All trains met by porter. Free feed yard to patrons.
 H. D. PEARCE, Proprietor.

On Thursday morning, about 3 o'clock "Grand ma Black," mother of M. C. Brister, of Sauced died of paralysis.

Call on F. B. Perry at the Round Front Saloon for the best, nicest and coldest drinks in town Keg beer only 5 cents a glass.

Mr. G. W. Webb, the popular Davis hotel man, paid his farm at Ft. Chadbourne a visit this week, and reports crops "out of sight."

Miss Lula Webb has our thanks for a treat to some of the largest, nicest and best peaches we have had this season.

Rev. R. L. Killion, of Georgia, brother-in-law to Mr. Jim Stewart is to arrive here by the first Sunday in August and is expected to do some good preaching for our people.

Given away—a briar pipe, see special offer in advt of Duke's Mixture.

Samples of milo maize flour and meal at the RUSTLER office, and it is all right too. Come and see it.

Mrs. W. F. Buchanan has at the western extremity of town a field of 52 acres of corn, 35 of cane, 10 of milo maize, 4 of millet and 22 of cotton that will all yield a heavy crop.

If You Spend A Cent

this year, you'll save a fraction of it by consulting our big **Book for Buyers.** 625 pages. 35,000 pieces of merchandise and their prices. 12,000 illustrations. Sent anywhere on receipt of 15c. for partial postage or express charges. Book free. Write
MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
 111-116 Michigan Ave., CHICAGO.

There were two accidents of remarkable similarity in town last Sunday evening. Henry Fry, son of Mr. J. J. Fry's had a horse to fall with him and dislocate his shoulder and a little daughter of W. R. McDonald's had her shoulder dislocated by a fall while playing. Both doing well.

D. S. Arnold, of Sweetwater handles Michell wagons, stoves and hardware of all kinds by car load lots in connection with the leading grocery business of the town.

Easiest ride and quickest time made on Robert Lee and San Angelo Mail-hack.

The first crops of milo maize that have been threshed turned out about 60 bushels to the acre.

We are now located in our newly arranged quarters South of the Post Office. All ways keep in stock a fresh, full line of Groceries and Grain. Call and see us.
 Respectfully,
MONTGOMERY & Haggerton.

A part of the approach to the north end of the bridge across the Colorado river was washed away Monday.

For a nice quiet room, with all home comforts, go to the Oaks when in San Angelo.

Mr. Bill Eldson of Fish creek, was water-bound in town a day or two this week; He says crops and especially milo maize is fine in his country.

COKE COUNTY RUSTLER

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. B. Latham, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.
ROBERT LEE, - - - TEXAS.
Office at Hamilton & Patteson's.

Dr. J. O. Toliver
Physician and Surgeon.
ROBERT LEE, - - - TEXAS.
Office—At My Store.

G. W. Perryman,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
(NOTARY PUBLIC).
Land and Collecting Agent
ROBERT LEE COKE CO., TEX.
Prompt attention given to
all Business Intrusted
to his Care

**OFFICIAL DIRECTORY OF
COKE COUNTY.**
DISTRICT OFFICERS.
J. W. TIMMINS - - - Judge.
D. D. WALLACE, - - - Attorney.
ED. M. MOBLEY, - - - Clerk.
COUNTY OFFICERS.
D. T. AVERITT, - - - Judge.
W. C. MERCHANT, - - - Attorney.
ED. M. MOBLEY, - - - Clerk.
L. B. MURRAY, Sheriff & Col'cl'r
H. E. Johnston, - - - Assessor
W. C. HAYLEY, - - - Treasurer
J. R. PATTERSON, - - - Surveyor
J. M. PERRY, - - - Inspector.

COMMISSIONERS.
M. H. DAVIS, - - - Pre. No. 1.
L. H. McDORMAN, - - - " " 2.
A. C. GARDNER, - - - " " 3.
J. H. CAMPBELL, - - - " " 4.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
M. H. DAVIS, - - - Pro. No. 1.

SOCIETY.
I. O. O. F.—Robert Lee Texas No. 357,
meets each Thursday night, George
Williamson N. G. F. B. Perry, V. G.
H. H. Hayley, Secretary, J. D. Dav-
is Treasurer.

A. F. AND A. M.
Hayrick Lodge No. 696 meets Satur-
day night on or before the full moon
in each month.
R. R. Smith, W. M., George Wil-
hamson S. W. W. R. Presler, J. W.
H. E. Johnston Sec. B. A. Boykin,
Treasurer J. A. Burroughs Tiler
J. H. Barron S. D. T. A. Higgin
botham, J. D.

Coke County Church Directory.

Robert Lee Mission, M. E. Church
South; services as follows:
Robert Lee, 1st Sunday, 11 a. m.
Hayrick, " " 4 p. m.
Bronte, 2d " 11 a. m.
Rock Springs, " " 4 p. m.
Mt Carmel, 3d " 11 a. m.
Cow Creek, " " 4 p. m.
Sanco, 4th " 11 a. m.
Tucker S. C., " " 4 p. m.
Decker, 5th " 11 a. m.
Geo. F. Fair, Pastor.

Methodist Protestant Church; ser-
vices as follows; Robert Lee 4th Sun-
day; Sanco, 1st Sunday; Silver, 2nd
Sunday; Live Oak, on Oak creek, 1st
Sunday; Rock Springs 3rd Sunday.
Each appointment begins Saturday
night before.

W. W. HAMERON, Pastor.
Baptist Church; 2nd Sunday. No
Pastor.

Christian Church 211 Sunday No
Pastor.

We Employ Young Men
to distribute our advertise-
ments in part payment for a high grade Acme
bicycle, which we send them on approval. No
work done until the bicycle arrives and proves
satisfactory.
Young Ladies employed on the
same terms.
If boys or girls apply they must be well recom-
mended. Write for particulars.
ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.



For July Only.

For the next 30 days or through
July only, we make the following
special offers:

The RUSTLER one year for \$1-
25 cents cash in advance. Three
copies for one year \$3.00.

The RUSTLER and Ft. Worth
Gazette one year for \$1.35.

The RUSTLER, Dallas News or
Galveston News, St. Louis Re-
public or Southern Mercury for
\$1.75.

Will take county Scrip, wood
or any kind of fruit or produce
that we can use.

Remember the above is good
for 30 days only.

Mr. Sam Lapowski reports that
a short distance west of Abilene,
the heavy rains of last week form-
ed a lake ten miles long, three
miles wide, with an average depth
of four feet, covering the Texas
Pacific railroad track the full length
of the body of water.—San An-
gelo Enterprise.

The Coke County RUSTLER has
grown to a five-column quarto.
Good grass works wonders in the
western country.—Ozona Courier.

The magnificent crops in West
Texas this year is a forcible an-
swer to the many misrepresenta-
tions published by the Eye Opener
of Midland.—S. Review.

Rev. Abe Mulkeys meeting has
closed at Colorado and the Times
heads its, two column account of
it in this way, except in large type:
"Homeward Bound."

Successful ending of the Great
Tabernacle meeting. Last two
days filled with glory, and fraught
with soul-saving interest—Eighty
four new-born souls thirst for
Righteousness and drink deep from
the wells of Salvation—Gracious
out pouring of the Spirit.

Among the 84 names given of
those who intended uniting with
some church, we notice those of
Mr. and Mrs. Sig Simon, a Jew
and his wife.

The San Angelo National Banks
Earnings from January 1, 1895, to
June 30, 1895. \$11,342.80
Expenses 3,631.68.

Net earning, 7,711.12
Undivided profits brought for-
ward January 1, '95. 1,441.82

Total Undivided profits 9,152.94
Dividend declared of 5 per cent.,
payable July, '95. 5,000.00.
Reduced Real Estate, 1,000.00
City and County Taxes, 750.00
Undivided profits carried for-
ward. 2,402.94.
\$9,152.94

The editor sat in his easy(?) chair
with all his comfort fled, and a-
round him scattered here and
there, lay bills as yet unread. He
thought of the plight an editor's
in, with bills all due and no mon-
ey to pay, and then came the
thought of many a sin his delin-
quents committed each day. First
came a burst of vengeful fire, and
then he sighed. "Ah, well, if I do
not collect here the unquenchable
fire will get hot after them when
they get to h—l."

Hylton Badget.
A. C. Eidson and Geo. Gardner
were here Wednesday.
Rev. Gjd. Graham and C. H.
Byett preached for the good peo-
ple in the Canon yesterday.
M. D. Boyett went along to keep
the peaches straight.
M. V. Brownfield came in from
Midland yesterday. He says Mid-
land is alright for some things but
it is the sorryest town in west Tex.
for racing—they beat Legs every
race.—Sweetwater Review.

Great Clearing Sale!

S. LAPOWSKI & BRO.

SAN ANGELO, TEXAS.

To enable us to make room for our NEW FALL STOCK OF GOODS which will shortly
be purchased by our I. Lapowski in New York and other large business centers, we have to
notify the public generally, that we are prepared, from now until further notice, to sell

Enormous Reductions

Our Immense and Beautifully Selected Stock of

**Dry-goods, Mens and Childrens Clothing, Hats,
Shoes, Gents Furnishing Good &c.**
Call and See Our Bargains.

You will buy the Best Goods at Less Cost than ever before. We carry a full line of
GROCERIES and buy in car load lots, enabling us to sell cheaper than any other house.

Respectfully,

S. Lapowski & Bro.

MILLINERY.

I have just received the Handsomest line of
Spring Millinery

In West Texas,
Don't Fail

to see the same before purchasing.
Mrs. B. T. Mills,
COLORADO, TEXAS.

RENDERBROOK HOTEL.

COLORADO - - TEXAS.

I have assumed management of and have refurnished the
house and solicit the patronage of the PEOPLE OF
COKE COUNTY.

Best for \$1.00 a day.
RESPECTFULLY,
G. W. Waddell.

Burns & Bell,
DRY-GOODS, CLOTHING,
GROCERIES AND MER-
CHANT TAYLORING.

When in COLORADO give us a trial.

COLORADO - - - TEXAS.

When In Sweetwater

CALL ON
D. S. ARNOLD & CO,
Groceries & Hardware.

R. B. HIGGINS.

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, and Notions

**In
Poor
Health**

means so much more than
you imagine—serious and
fatal diseases result from
trifling ailments neglected.
Don't play with Nature's
greatest gift—health.

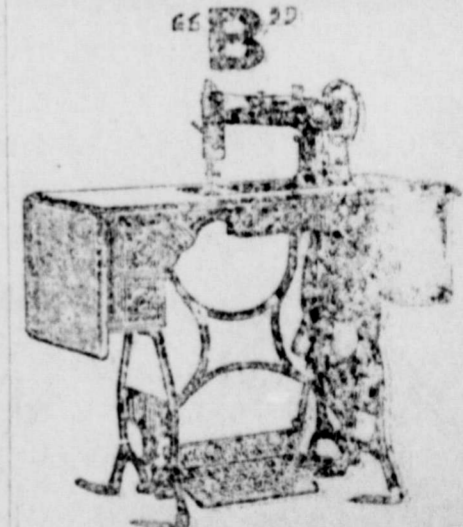
**Brown's
Iron
Bitters**

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Liver
Neuralgia, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood,
Malaria, Nervous debility,
Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—It is on the
lines on the wrapper. All other
imitations, for except of two or three
will send out of Ten Bitters, and
Fair Vials and book-free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

**..THE..
ELDREDGE**



A strictly high-grade Family Sewing
Machine, possessing all modern
improvements.

GUARANTEED EQUAL TO THE BEST

Prices very reasonable. Obtain them
from

ELDREDGE

HAS STOOD 170 YEARS.

CHURCH IN WHICH AARON BURR WAS MARRIED.

The First Marriage Ceremony Performed Within Its Walls Since Then Solemnized the Other Day—History of the Edifice.

(Special Correspondence.)

IN THE old stone Paramus church, which stands beside the Albany turnpike, near Ridgewood, N. J., the first wedding that has taken place within its historic walls for more than one hundred years was celebrated the other day.

It was on July 2, 1782, that Col. Aaron Burr was married to the Widow Prevost in the old Dutch Reform church, old even then. There is no record showing that since the morning Burr led his bride from the church door to the carriage which drove up the old turnpike to his home in Albany the Paramus church has been the scene of a marriage ceremony. There is little doubt, therefore, that the marriage of Dr. W. L. Vroom of Ridgewood to Miss Blanche Miller, which took place last week was the first that has been celebrated in the church for 113 years.

Surrounded, as it is, by a country full of historic interest, the old church is pointed out with great pride by the residents of the neighborhood. Built some

Paramus church of to-day stands in a historic grove of trees about one mile and a half from the Ridgewood railroad station. The quaint Dutch spire can be seen far down the turnpike, a well-known landmark rising above the foliage. The church stands at the intersection of two roads.

Some of the old peculiarities still remain. The body of the church is built of brown stone, and is covered with lichens and ivy. The windows are Gothic; the stout square tower ends in a tapering wooden spire, and the sloping



THE OLD CHURCH.

ing roof has the curved eaves so common among the old Dutch buildings. The interior of the church has undergone the most remodeling. The high-backed old-fashioned pews, from which the townsfolk saw Aaron Burr married, have given way to a more modern style, and the old pulpit has been taken away. The galleries have remained nearly the same, however. Three years ago a large pipe organ was added. Surrounding the church is the old

CORNER OF ODDITIES.

SOME INTERESTING ETCHINGS OF OUR TIMES.

The True Hearts That We Love—A Curious Fact—Odd, Queer and Truthful Tales Which Illustrate the Eccentricities of Life.



Ligher, let the world deceive us, The many quit our side, If changing years but leave us Peace, and a friend beside. The eagle's flight is higher, Yet gently soars the dove— Oh, fold we closer,

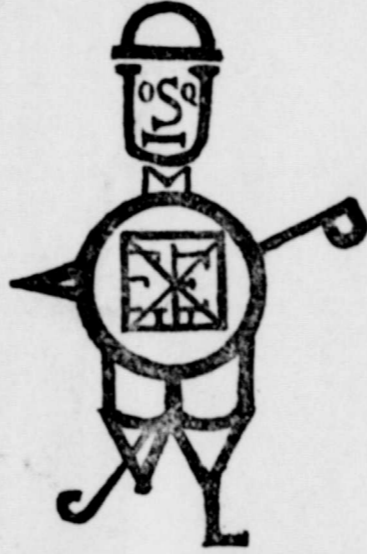
What though the proud and shining Disdain our low estate, 'Tis folly all repining— The good alone are great; Though honors fly before us, And Fortune fickle prove, We'll join in merry chorus The true hearts that we love!

Toll, toll on, friend and neighbor In humble, honest ways, The dignity of labor Is not an empty phrase; From troubles that are near us We might in vain remove, But through them all will cheer us The true hearts that we love!

In fair or stormy weather, In sunshine or in rain, We'll sail our barks together Across life's changeable main; From May to dark December, Pleading our cause above, And at Heaven's throne remember The true hearts that we love!

A Man of Letters.

This is the portrait of a very literary personage, and if you look at him closely you will discover that he is made up of all the letters in the English alphabet. This is what one writer



has said about the remarkable man of letters. A quaint alphabetical monogrammarian In this illustration you see, A sort of letter-press type of barbarian, Whose parts are from A to Z.

A Curious Fact.

Almost every reader will, at first, be inclined to deny the truthfulness of the statement contained in the first paragraph. A little reflection, however, will make it clear: Two persons were born at the same place, at the same moment of time. After an age of fifty years they both died, also at the same place and at the same instant—yet one had lived one hundred days more than the other. How was this possible? Not to keep our friends in suspense, the solution turns on a curious—but, with a little reflection, a very obvious—point in circumnavigation. A person going around the world toward the west loses a day, and toward the east he gains one. Supposing, then, two persons are born together at the Cape of Good Hope, whence a voyage around the world may be performed in a year; if one performs this constantly toward the west, in fifty years he will be fifty days behind the stationary inhabitants; and if the other sails equally toward the east, he will be fifty days in advance of them. One, therefore, will have seen one hundred days more than the other, though they were born and died in the same place and at the same moment, and even lived continually in the same latitude, and reckoned time by the same calendar.

A Historic Poplar.

In Lewiston, Idaho, there is a historical tree. A merchant who rode a lazy mule to this city in 1864, the scene of future business enterprise of great magnitude, used on the journey from Walla Walla a poplar switch. That switch, which was by hard service on the journey reduced to a stout club, bruised and peeled, was set in the ground, nourished, and grew to be a tall, straight tree, the first on the then barren sandbar. That tree still flourishes by the edge of the sidewalk on Main street. It is seventy-five feet high and eight and a half feet in circumference. And this tree is the parent of all the trees in this valley of the poplar kind. Twigs were severed from this parent poplar as the years went by, till now every street in the city is shaded by a line of them on each side; the lanes in the country are lined with them; farmers have ornamental trees, groves and windbreaks—all in a direct line of ancestry from the club Robert Grostein used to encourage his mule when he

came to this city, in the history of which he has been so extensively associated.—Lewiston Teller.

Unique War upon Drunkards.

The war of St. Peter's Temperance society at Danbury, Conn., whose young women members have agreed they will not marry drunkards or men likely to become drunkards, went on gayly today, says a special telegram. Father Lynch, rector of St. Peter's church, spoke on the subject of "Marriage and Alcohol" at early mass. At 4 p. m. what he calls "the old ladies of the Rosary society," to the number of 30, agreed to stand by the younger women. Most of these old ladies already have husbands, but Father Lynch told them they were in danger of becoming widows at any moment, and that they would then be able to make their power felt. "If the widows support the movement, it will be a grand thing," said the priest, "as they can talk from experience." The business men of the town are almost a unit in opposing Father Lynch's movement, because it will not stop until it makes Danbury a prohibition town.

The Microbe of Death.

Dr. Wheeler of Chicago has discovered the "microbe of death." The doctor has pursued his investigations regardless of ridicule. He has hunted the microbe of death until he has caught it, and he finds that it resembles the microbe of consumption. If it can be destroyed, and no doubt it can, there is an end of death from what are called natural causes. Let us hope that this limitation of the discovery may be only temporary, and that a little further research will bring to light the "microbe of violent death," the extirpation of which will enable the human body to absorb revolver bullets like so many dewdrops, and make a thrust from a Bowie knife like the puncture of a hypodermic syringe. Dr. Wheeler has experimented upon a dog and an animal has become immortal. Of course, there is a serious side to the question. The elimination of death from the contingencies of the human lot must be fraught with many inconveniences. It will ruin undertakers, cemetery companies and all doctors, with the exception of Dr. Wheeler, and it will create a population question of increasing gravity.

To Pay Rent with a Rose.

That unique event, the "Feast of Roses," will occur next Sunday, when the congregation of Manheim Zion Lutheran church will pay the ground rent upon which the edifice stands by laying upon the altar one red rose, says a Philadelphia special. Baron William Henry Stiegel founded Manheim more than a century ago. He presented a plot of ground to the Zion Lutheran church and stipulated that all it should hold would be one red rose every June. Hence the unique ceremony. The rose is plucked by a certain member of the congregation, and it is laid with great solemnity upon the altar. There are special religious services held on that day. The life and virtues of the generous baron are retold, hymns are sung, and prayers said. If next Sunday shall be a fine day a great crowd of people will assemble at Zion church to see the sacred rose. Usually, however, bushels of roses are sent to the altar, although one is enough legally to cancel the rental.

"He Won't Let Me."

This old story illustrates the one peculiarity of the stuff we call money. It is just as true as a hundred other forms of worldliness: A soldier in battle cried to his sergeant: "I've got a prisoner." "Bring him on, then," said the sergeant. "But he won't come," cried the soldier. "Come on yourself, then." "But again came the cry: "He won't let me." A man thinks he has got so much money, but rather is it that so much money has got him, and mastered him, and prisoned him body, soul and spirit.

"And After the Uproar Ceased."

In a prominent New York church the other Sunday, the choir sang an unusually brilliant Te Deum which had a grand fortissimo ending. At its close the rector stepped quietly to the lectern and solemnly commenced the second lesson, which on that particular Sunday, was, beginning: "And after the uproar was ceased." When the announcement was made there was a slight titter throughout the congregation, but the choir-master was so absorbed in his grand performance just ended that he failed to appreciate the situation.

Burned Herself to Death.

Mrs. William Irvin, of Freeport, Ill., who for several months has been living at the home of her father, Mr. Levitt, committed suicide in a shocking manner, says an Ellsworth, Kan., telegram. She was insane and had been carefully watched, but during the evening she eluded the vigilance of her watchers and stole into the cellar. There she saturated her clothing with gasoline and applied a match. When found she was enveloped in flames and died a few minutes later in intense agony. Mrs. Irvin was a sister of County Treasurer Irvin.

Women Have More Endurance.

While men have more strength women have more endurance and a greater capacity for protracted and monotonous labor? In those countries where women work in the fields side by side with their husbands and brothers the later may accomplish more work, but the former can labor a greater number of hours.

Some Fly Observations.

If a fly drops into a beer glass, says a German paper, one who has made a study of national characteristics can easily tell the drinker's nationality by his action. A Spaniard pays for the beer, leaves it on the table and goes away without saying a word. A Frenchman will do the same, except that he swears while he goes. An Englishman spills the beer, and orders another. A German carefully fishes out the fly and finishes drinking his beer as if nothing had happened. A Russian drinks the beer with the fly. A Chinaman fishes out the fly, swallows it and then throws away the beer. An American, if it is on a Fourth of July, does not see the fly. It all goes.

Tobacco-Weakened Resolutions.

Nerves irritated by tobacco, always craving for stimulants, explains why it is so hard to wear off. No To Bacc is the only guaranteed tobacco habit cure because it acts directly on affected nerve centers, destroys irritation, promotes digestion and healthy, refreshing sleep. Many gain 10 pounds in 10 days. You run no risk. No To Bacc is sold and guaranteed by Druggists everywhere. Hook free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., New York City or Chicago.

If the lava and ashes vomited from Vesuvius since A. D. 79 could be moulded into bricks there would be a sufficient number to make a city as large as New York and London combined.

Galvanized Steel Wire Fencing.

The most extensive and complete plant for the manufacture of wire fencing in the United States is the De Kalb Fence Company, located at De Kalb, Ill. For years prior to 1890 barbed wire was extensively used for fencing, but those using it often lost in fine stock, more than its cost and to avoid danger to man or beast there was need of, and a demand for, a barbless fence. The proprietors of this company having spent more than 12 years in the manufacture of wire fencing, recognized this fact, and have produced the best lines of smooth wire fencing for all purposes now in use. The success of this company is due to the managers adopting the true business principle of making good what they make, putting enough material in their lines to make them both strong and serviceable, instead of producing a cheap flimsy article only to meet the price of a fence that has never given satisfaction. This is what has made their fence so popular and in such great demand and to-day they have over 40 special machines, with a capacity of over 22 miles of fence per day, and their fencing is used in every state in the Union. The fence most used is their Cable Steel and Hog Fence for field fencing, Cable Post and Rail, Steel Web Ficket Fence, and Park and Cemetery Fence, and to complete same they also make gates of wood or steel frames to match, and also furnish iron posts. All of their styles of fencing are strong, neat, durable and economical in price. And everyone needing fencing of any kind will consult their own interests by sending to the De Kalb Fence Co., 121 High street, De Kalb, Ill., for their 44 page catalogue and prices. The reader is also directed to their advertisement in this paper.

The chap who thinks he knows it all generally knows but little

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MRS. JOHN A. LOGAN.

time before 1725, the early records were burned and the exact date at which the first walls were erected is not known. In 179 years it has been once nearly entirely rebuilt and twice remodeled. In 1800 the primitive structure was partly torn down and the present walls, which contain much of the old stone, was erected. Later a chancel was added, and in 1872 the church was remodeled to its present form. The old records, written in Dutch, say that Reinhart Erickson first preached in the church some time between the years 1725 and 1730. There was at that early day no regular pastor. It was the custom of

Revolutionary burying ground. There are hundreds of brown stones marking the graves of Revolutionary heroes. Most of the inscriptions date back to the eighteenth century. During the revolution the church was used as a military prison, and it is said that at one time it did service as a hospital. It was around the old church that Col. Burr drilled the New Jersey militiamen, and it was near Hackensack, a few miles away, that his command fought and defeated the British.

MRS. JOHN A. LOGAN.

She Has Become a Writer Whose Articles are in Great Demand.

(Washington Correspondence.) Few American women preserve their youth as well as Mrs. John A. Logan, widow of Gen. Logan. Although near to 70, Mrs. Logan does not look to be more than 45. Ever since the death of her husband, Mrs. Logan has resided in this city, devoting her time almost exclusively to literary pursuits. She is regularly connected with the People's Journal, a publication devoted to departments. Many suppose that Mrs. Logan is rich. This is a great mistake. The money she earns goes for her own support and were her writings not in great demand she would be compelled to seek a living in other fields. Whenever reference is made to Mrs. Logan's poverty as they put it some say that it is because her husband was improvident. Others say that it is because he was a statesman whose influence could never be purchased. Mrs. Logan knows that the latter assertion is the right one. She and the general were partners in politics. He only made one move in his life without her consent. That was when he made the run for vice-president in 1884. Mrs. Logan thought the strain would be too great and that if he only waited a few years longer he would be nominated for the presidency. His defeat in 1884 led to his death. Had he declined to run for the vice-presidency our subsequent political history would probably have been written along widely different lines.



AARON BURR.

the early Dutch preachers to divide their time among the towns in Bergen county. One Sunday would be spent in Hackensack, the next at Schraalenburg, and so on until all the churches had been visited. Two of the pastors who had preached to the congregations that gathered in the old Paramus church are said to have been connected with the ancient edifice for nearly a century, fifty years each. Some of the names which appear upon the records kept of the Paramus church pastors contain the names of ministers closely connected with the early history of the New Jersey Dutch settlements. The