

County of Roosevelt  
 This instrument was filed for record on the 4th day of January, 1919 at 4 o'clock P. M., and is recorded in Book \_\_\_\_\_ page \_\_\_\_\_ Fees \_\_\_\_\_  
 Seth A. Morrison  
 County Clerk

# PORTALES JOURNAL

VOLUME II PORTALES, ROOSEVELT COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 3, 1919 NUMBER 30

## Larrazolo Inaugurated

The big stunt at Santa Fe has been pulled off. Larrazolo has been inducted into the gubernatorial chair with all the pomp and glory incident to the crowning of kings in the old world. There was no lack of hot air, tinsel or brass trimmings. It was much like the customary festivities that accompany a bull fight or a mardi gras. The principal in the festivities, his back bowed with the weight of countless ages of dignities, real and imagined, ran true to form. He delivered the customary address, in much the same manner as the young man delivers his maiden effort upon graduating from the little white school on the hill, and forgets the promises made just as quickly. There is nothing in the address of Larrazolo to especially distinguish it as a state paper. It is about what one would expect from most any man of ordinary intelligence. It is given below in full:

Fellow Citizens:

The oath that I have just taken before the worthy Chief Justice of our Supreme Court, is the solemn pledge that you, under the Constitution, demand of me for the faithful performance of the duties of the high office to which your generous partiality has elected me.

For the distinguished honor that you have thus so graciously conferred, I beg to assure you that I feel deeply indebted to you, and for myself and voicing the sentiments of all the members of my family, I thank you all, and assure you that this proof of your esteem and confidence will be treasured as a sacred and respected heirloom by all those who bear my name.

Yet, while deeply impressed and emotionally by this spontaneous testimonial of popular friendship, I am not unmindful of the heavy and most serious responsibilities of the duties imposed; the fact that under our form of government a public office is a public trust, that the officer, be his position ever so high and exalted, is but the servant of the public charged and commissioned by it with the duty of administering public affairs in the interest of the commonwealth, are all circumstances ever present in my mind, coupled with the certainty that disgrace and public condemnation will certainly be visited upon the faithless servant who betrays his trust.

Confidently hoping, however, that in your kindness of heart you will pass judgment on my official conduct, viewing it in the light of its honesty of purpose and good will, rather than from the standpoint of its failure of salutary accomplishments, I approach my task in an untried field with the confidence born of a set purpose and firm determination to do my whole duty honestly, for the welfare of our State, and without fear or favor, as God gives me that duty to understand. In this my solemn undertaking, I find further encouragement in the belief which my intimate knowledge of you sanctions, and which you conduct here to-day further justifies, that in my administration of the affairs of State, I will have the good wishes and the cheerful and whole-hearted co-operation not only of my political friends, but of you, honest Democrats, who after having loyally stood by your political convictions, and given undivided support to the distinguished son of Rio Arriba, will also rally to the support of your Chief Executive in his earnest efforts to serve the State, because patriots as you all are, you know that our country should be foremost in all our acts and thoughts and our party should come next.

With these assurances, and humbly invoking the Divine assistance and guidance of Him who rules the universe, I now assume the duties and responsibilities entrusted to my keeping, with a serene confidence in the judgment of posterity, and you, my fellow citizens.

To the incoming State administration will fall the duty of making proper provision in harmonious co-operation with the Federal Government, for the reception and proper employment of that

## Peace Brings Us New Mouths to Feed



army of young heroes who, with manly courage and patriotic devotion, upheld the honor and the dignity of our flag in foreign lands; they, who in co-operation with our mighty Allies beyond the seas, brought the arrogant Hun to his knees and made him bow humbly before this noble emblem of Liberty, deserve well of their country, and we should be solicitous for their future happiness and welfare.

Provision should also be made, in such manner as may appear feasible to render material assistance to the farmers and livestock men, who have suffered so much by reason of the drought, to the end that those great sources of revenue in the economic life of our State may not be permanently and irreparably injured and set back.

Public education must be not only encouraged but compelled, if we would have this magnificent Government of ours to survive, and spare the nation the horrible and bloody scenes that have converted Russia into a land of crime and barbarism. To that end, our institutions of learning, penal institutions and other establishments kept and maintained by the State, must be made to serve and answer the purposes of their creation, and not used as a political asset.

Good roads are a positive necessity in the State; they serve the demands not only of the traveling public, but are of incalculable value and advantage to the farmer; besides, they invite the tourist and sight-seer and thus become efficient advertising mediums of the varied resources of our soil, and will eventually bring immigration to our State.

Our State forms part of the so-called dry belt of the United States, and while our exceptionally rich soil often yields abundant crops under the modern system of dry farming, yet it is unquestionably true that agriculture under the ancient system of irrigation that has been practiced here since the early days of colonization in the sixteenth century, is by far the most satisfactory and certain of productiveness; hence every acre of land susceptible of irrigation should be utilized. Many thousands of acres in the Rio Grande valley, of as rich soil as can be found anywhere in the world, are now converted into swamps and thus lost to the farmer's plow. Some method or process of drainage should be adopted and put in practical operation for the purpose of reclaiming this vast area of most valuable land, at the earliest possible time.

The people have a right to demand that economy, as distinguished from ex-

travagance, be practiced and observed in the administration of the Government; yet, taxation, be it ever so light, is always a vexatious proposition, and one that to the nature of things can not and will not deal with equal justice in all cases, and this by reason of its complexity which baffles all efforts, be they ever so well intentioned, to find general rules or to make classifications which will apply with equal justice to kindred subjects of taxation differently situated and conditioned. At its very best, that is a matter that requires the best and undivided efforts and constant study and attention of men qualified and mentally equipped for that delicate undertaking. On this subject such legislation will be recommended as shall be considered to be best calculated to accomplish the desired results.

I might properly close my remarks at this point, without further taxing your patience and benevolent attention; but I am loath to let this opportunity pass without calling the attention of the young men of our State to the lessons taught us by the happenings of this day, so eminently calculated to inspire us all to higher and nobler efforts and endeavor.

Men are born under vastly different conditions and circumstances; and the poor man's son who measures his probabilities of success in life by comparison with the means that capricious fortune has scattered in the path of wealth and influence, is apt to lose heart at sight of what at first glance may appear to him to be a most unequal struggle; yet, if he will only appeal to his Mother land for counsel and advice, he will hear the encouraging voice of his beloved country say to him: "My son, be not disheartened by the circumstance of birth; you are all my children and, within the pale of the law, you all stand on an equal plane, with equal rights, with equal privileges and with equal opportunities; for, behold, if it fell to the lot of the immortal Washington, born of rich parentage, to lead the Armies of the Revolution and to secure the independence of your country, it became the glorious privilege of the son of toil and labor to save that country from destruction, to unify it and to make it the proud and noble nation to which you belong;" and so it has come to pass that both conditions in life, typified in Lincoln and Washington, upon the altar of our common country, now receive, and for generations without end will receive, the undivided respect, veneration and loving gratitude of mankind.

Those two noble figures, surrounded

by a bright galaxy of resplendent names who adorn the political firmament of your country proclaim to you and to the world that in the land of the Stars and Stripes there are no privileged classes, but that the avenues to place and distinction are open equally to you all, if you will but do your part, and follow strictly the road that leads to immortality. But remember, my young friends, that there are no short cuts whereby you may reach that end; those short cuts that always look inviting and alluring, invariably prove fatal and end in tragedy; there is but one road to success, and that is not a path of roses either, it is rather a Via Dolorosa, such as marked the progress of the innocent martyr of Golgotha; but at the end there is a crown.

Hence, I say to you, young men of New Mexico, who are now basking in the bright sunlight of life's alluring springtime, if you would still add other gallant pages to the proud history of our State, seek inspiration from the great men that have arisen from the various walks of life in our common country, and you will not fail, for it has been truthfully said by a poet that,

"Lives of great men all remind us  
 We can make our own sublime,  
 And, departing, leave behind us  
 Footprints on the sands of time."  
 O. A. LARRAZOLO.

Mrs. Temple Molinari left Wednesday morning for Artesia to visit for a time with Miss Mattie Doss Hightower.

## Hard Month for Bunny

The two commission houses in Portales, Walter Crow and Carl Moss, proprietors, respectively, report that they have bought since the 20th day of December, up to but not including January first, five thousand five hundred and thirty-one rabbits, Walter Crow buying thirty-two hundred and Carl Moss twenty-three hundred and thirty-one. One day last week J. F. Morgan, of west of town, brought in three hundred and one, the result of one night's catch. These rabbits brought a uniform price of ten cents each, or a little better than five hundred and fifty dollars worth of rabbits sold in approximately ten days. Also there will be just that number of rabbits less this year to eat growing crops.

Reports from cattle men are to the effect that quite a big die-up is due this part of the state unless there is a marked change in the weather for the better.

## New Grocery

The Priddy-Fooshee company building formerly occupied by the White house grocery. An opening will be cut through connecting the dry goods department. Mr. Priddy says that it will be the policy of the new house to sell the very best goods the market affords for the least cash price. The Well-known reputation of this house is sufficient guarantee that the new venture will be a success from the start.

There is a report current in Albuquerque, unofficial, to the effect that Chief Justice Hanna and W. E. Lindsey will form a law partnership and make a try for business in the Duke city.

Tom Reynolds, brother of Jim Reynolds, and formerly a citizen of Portales, died at Apache, Oklahoma, Monday, December 30, of pneumonia. He leaves a wife and two children. Deceased was at one time marshal of the town of Portales. Jim Reynolds, brother of the deceased, was with him at the end, and he wired the notice of his death here.

## Somewhere in France

Nov. 28, 1918.—Dearest Aunt Rena:—Just a few lines to let you know I am still all together, it takes more than a Hun to get an Irishman. They sure are licked to a finish and we will all be back home before many months. Of course you know how we will hate to get back. The old U. S. A. never looked as good to me as it does now. Have been here about two months. They sure don't have any dry years here, it rains all the time. If I stay here long I will be web footed. I just had a letter from Mamma, Aunt Alice is out there with her. I wish you could go out to see her. How are all Uncle Charlie's folks? Give them all my best wishes for a happy Christmas. I am hoping to come to see you. If I do you will have to tell me a bear tale it sure makes me homesick to think of the old kid days when we used to get around your knee and you told us stories. How is Olin? Don't thing I will ever forget those days we were out on the Pecos river. Ask him if he remembers when we roped the wild cat. Think he was riding his little black horse, Frank.

Well Aunt Rena dear, the great world struggle is just about over and I am sure none of Uncle Sam's boys will be sorry. We are stationed at Brest at the present time, it is the main port of embarkation and think we will be here till we go home unless they send us to Germany.

Well the boys are making so much noise I will have to stop. Give all the folks my best regards and write when you can.

Your loving nephew, Mike.  
 Capt. Mike B. Osborn.

The Journal got a little mixed in its dates last week. In the notice of County Clerk Seth A. Morrison being at Albuquerque as a witness against Mr. Owens, it should have been a witness against one, Collins. Mr. Owens is the newly elected clerk of De Baca county and a gentleman in every respect. The Journal offers what apology is possible to Mr. Owens, for the error.

At last the exciter for the new engine has arrived and is working. The town has been put to much trouble and expense by reason of the negligence and carelessness of the shippers or manufacturers of this exciter.

The Misses Gladys Stone, Claudine Turner and Bessie Warnica and Mr. Heck Harris left Thursday morning for Clarendon, Texas, where they are attending the Clarendon college. They had been home for Christmas.

George L. Reese, Jr., left Sunday morning for Roswell after visiting with his parents here during the Christmas season. George is a student at the military institute there.

The county commissioners held a short session on Wednesday, New Year's day, for the purpose of organizing the board and for transacting some other business that could not be delayed.

Mrs. J. W. Cunningham, wife of our Santa Fe Agent, is visiting with her mother at Moran, Texas. She is expected home about the first of the week.

**Hard Work Alone Never Kills**

Hard work never killed anybody. But hard work, with irregular hours and neglect of rest does weaken the kidneys and keeps one tired, miserable and half sick. If your back aches—if you have headaches, dizziness and urinary disorders—don't wait! Help the weakened kidneys before dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease attacks you. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. They have helped thousands and are used the world over.

**An Oklahoma Case**

Maud Shields, 1002 N. Washington Ave., Enid, Okla., says: "I was in constant misery from distress across my back. It hurt me when I walked, for at every step I felt a twinge shoot through my back. When I stooped over I was so dizzy for a few minutes I couldn't see. The first few doses of Doan's Kidney Pills gave me wonderful relief, for the pain disappeared. I kept on using this medicine until I had taken one box. They cured me permanently, for I haven't had any return of these ailments."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Get all your **Hides, Wool and Furs** are worth by shipping to **CENTRAL HIDE & FUR CO.** 302 E. Main St. Oklahoma City. Write or call for tags and prices.

No Exception. "That man owes a great deal to his wife."  
"I'm not surprised. So he does to everybody he knows."

RECENTLY there has swept through the city of New York and across the neighboring towns of Long Island a kind of wartime entertainment called



credible imitation of war chargers bent on carrying death and destruction to the enemy.

The big event of a block party is the raising of a service flag, while the band plays "Over There" and the crowd cheers.

But though this is the main event of the evening, "The Star-Spangled Banner" is played first while the flag is raised and the people stand at attention. Then follow the national anthems of the allied powers while their flags are raised to wave over the street.

The block is gayly decorated with bunting of all colors, with little flags of all the allies, with colored lights and lanterns and streamers of ribbons.

After the ceremony of the raising of the flags is over a dance takes place. The couples dance in the center of the street, for which they are charged a small sum, and this money is contributed to various wartime activities, such as the smoke fund for the boys abroad, the Red Cross and the Y. M. C. A.

The expense? There is not much expense. People contribute pretty liberally to these war block parties in the way of work and material. The actual money expense is paid from the receipts from the dancers. The various war activities get pretty much all of the money taken in.

**"Anguish Squad" Thinks Sherman Hit It Right**

HOUSTON.—Orders were issued recently from division headquarters that all officers of the Fifteenth division would be required to devote two hours a day to equitation or the practice of horsemanship. To many of the officers this order involved no little anguish of body and mind.

Horsemanship is, like ancient Gaul, divided into three parts: The horse, the saddle and the rider.

In the first division, the horse, many factors, certain and uncertain, reside. If the mount has reached the age of discretion through years of experience and much service the third factor, the rider, passes through the varying stages of the ordeal with comparatively few misadventures. If, however, the horse proves to lack in judgment and reasonable discretion, the initial stages of acquiring skill in horsemanship combine all the features of a popular definition of war.

Officers of the Eightieth Infantry are now regularly devoting at least two hours each day to the development of the latent powers or abilities of equestrianism, which military regulations assume to be more or less dormant in each of the commissioned officers of the Fifteenth division.

Each day the "anguish squad" sets forth upon its parade. Promptly to the minute at the expiration of the two-hour period the more or less subdued rider releases his mount into the custody of his orderly and redires to his quarters for witch hazel and other soothing external applications.

It has been observed that officers of the various organizations of the Fifteenth division now stand in preference to sitting down.

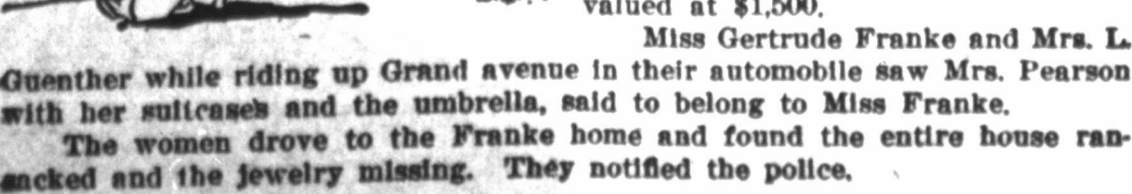
**Purple Silk Umbrellas Are Scarce in Milwaukee**

MILWAUKEE.—It is the small things of life which frequently make or break the careers of people, and the fact that Mrs. Helen Pearson, a maid in the employ of H. E. Franke, 228 Thirteenth street, president of the Franke Grain company, was seen walking toward a railroad depot with a purple silk umbrella, resulted in the discovery of a jewelry theft at the Franke home and the arrest of Mrs. Pearson at Evanston, Ill.

Mrs. Pearson, who is forty-seven years old, and whose home is in Chicago, was returned to Milwaukee and locked up in central police station in connection with the robbery of jewels valued at \$1,500.

Miss Gertrude Franke and Mrs. L. Guenther while riding up Grand avenue in their automobile saw Mrs. Pearson with her suitcase and the umbrella, said to belong to Miss Franke.

The women drove to the Franke home and found the entire house ransacked and the jewelry missing. They notified the police.



**EAT A TABLET! DYSPEPSIA GONE**

**PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN INSTANTLY RELIEVES SOUR, GASSY OR ACID STOMACHS.**

When meals hit back and your stomach is sour, acid, gassy, or you feel full and bloated. When you have heavy lumps of pain or headache from indigestion. Here is instant relief!

Just as soon as you eat a tablet or two of Pape's Diapepsin all the dyspepsia, indigestion and stomach distress ends. These pleasant, harmless tablets of Pape's Diapepsin never fail to make upset stomachs feel fine at once, and they cost very little at drug stores. Adv.

**Pa's Predicament.**  
Jimmie—Say, pa, I thought you told me a person has only five senses.  
Pa—So I did, son; what of it?  
Jimmie—Why, teacher told us that some people have six.  
Pa—Of course, but one of 'em is the war tax.

**Cause for Sadness.**  
The Thrift Stamp—Why so jealous?  
The Rubber Stamp—I'll never grow into a War Stamp.

The Chinese do not, as a rule, appreciate foreign sweetmeats.

**ROAD BUILDING**

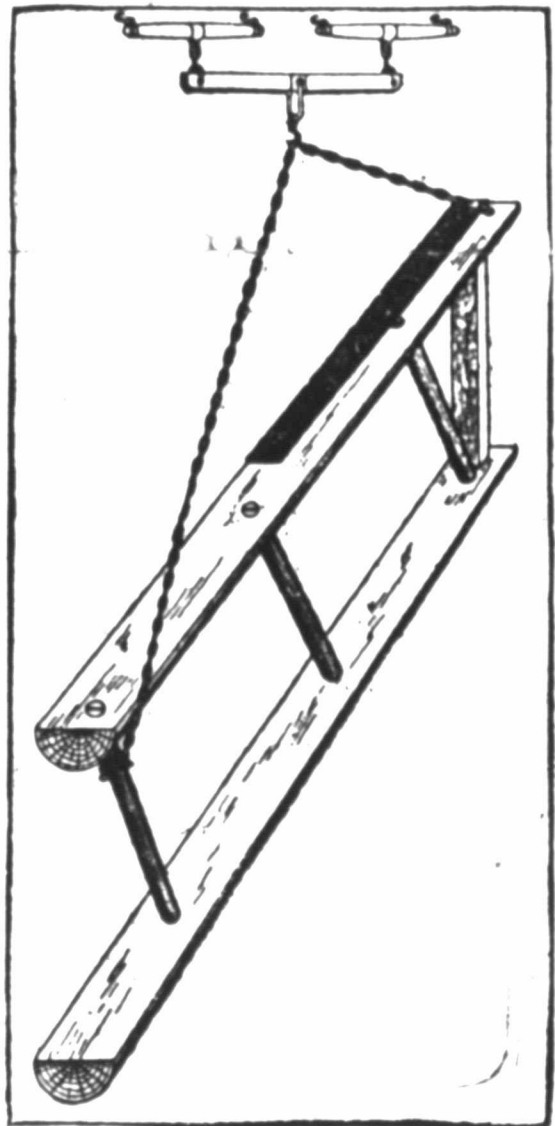
**GOOD WORK OF A ROAD DRAG**

Implement Should Be Used Properly at Right Time—Repair All Ruts and Depressions.

After two days of rain, says a writer in Hoard's Dairyman, we took an eight-mile drive out into the country to buy some pigs. One piece of road was like a city boulevard, only better. Despite its being only a gravel road there was little mud or water, and one would have thought that there had been only rain enough to settle the dust instead of the big rainstorm. We inquired and found that two neighbors had made it a practice to alternate in going over this road with a road drag after every rain. Just beyond, we came to a piece of road muddy, slippery and full of chuck holes that sent us up a mile for every mile covered.

The only difference between these two pieces of road was a road drag and an hour's time spent when field work could not be done. We estimate that it took twice as much gasoline to cover the undragged road. Multiply our experience by the dozens of teams and autos going over this muddy road, and then compute the expense of failure to use the road drag that was doubtless rotting away in some fence corner.

We do not now have in mind the demands of the good roads extremist, but are considering what may be done and what should be done with the common dirt road. It does more harm than good, as a general rule, to plow up the sod on the sides of the traveled track and pile it up in big lumps in the center of the track, leaving them there to be broken up by passing vehicles, and the loosened dirt washed away by the rain or blown away by the wind. Keep all the sod, grass roots and other



Perspective View of Split-Log Drag.

trash out of the road bed. It merely decays and makes ready for a splendid hole to form.

Whatever is worth doing at all is worth doing well. No part of a repaired highway should be left until its surface has been thoroughly and evenly compacted and shaped to let all the water run off. And when, as will most always happen, ruts and depressions make their appearance, they should be smoothed down, filled, and well compacted so that water may not remain in them to soften the ground and permit further damage by the traffic.

When using the road drag, use it properly at the right time. Don't go out when the road is too wet or too dry. Take it when the mud will make a good mortar and will puddle down like the little girl's mud cakes or the mason's mortar.

**MACADAM ROAD PROVED BEST**

There Are Several Varieties, Chopped to Suit Localities and Circumstances Everywhere.

For over a century now the macadam road has been in use and has proved itself to be the best all-round road that can be built. In fact, so good is it that all military roads in the war area in France are of this type. There are several varieties of it, changed to suit localities and circumstances. The regular water-bound macadam is without doubt, the best and safest for horses. But we cannot build for horses alone, it is necessary to preserve the broken stone road against the automobile tires, otherwise the road surface would soon go to pieces.

**I am Sincere! Stop Calomel! I Guarantee Dodson's Liver Tone**

Listen to me! Calomel sickens and you may lose a day's work. If bilious, constipated or headachy read my guarantee.

Live up your sluggish liver! Feel fine and cheerful; make your work a pleasure; be vigorous and full of ambition. But take no nasty, dangerous calomel, because it makes you sick and you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver, which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

Listen to me! If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced, just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight. Your druggist or dealer sells you a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone for a few cents under my

personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick. Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning, because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working; headache and dizziness gone; stomach will be sweet and bowels regular.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and can not salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—Adv.



**COLT DISTEMPER**

You can prevent this loathsome disease from running through your stable and cure all the colts suffering with it when you begin the treatment. No matter how young, SPOHN'S is safe to use on any colt. It is wonderful how it prevents all distempers, no matter how colts or horses at any age are "exposed." All good druggists and turf goods houses and manufacturers sell SPOHN'S at 60 cents and \$1.15 a bottle. \$5.50 and \$11.00 a dozen. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

**Indefinite Liability.**  
A true story about a citizen whose daughter is about to be married, and who has been trying to get a line on what the expense of the rather elaborate ceremony will be. He approached a friend of his, seeking information.

"Morris," he said, "your oldest daughter was married about five years ago, wasn't she? Would you mind telling me about how much the wedding cost you?"

"Not at all, Sam," was the answer. "Altogether, about \$5,000 a year."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**PROVEN SWAMP-ROOT AIDS WEAK KIDNEYS**

The symptoms of kidney and bladder troubles are often very distressing and leave the system in a run-down condition. The kidneys seem to suffer most, as almost every victim complains of lame back and urinary troubles which should not be neglected, as these danger signals often lead to more dangerous kidney troubles.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root which, so many people say, soon heals and strengthens the kidneys, is a splendid kidney, liver and bladder medicine, and, being an herbal compound, has a gentle healing effect on the kidneys, which is almost immediately noticed in most cases by those who use it.

A trial will convince anyone who may be in need of it. Better get a bottle from your nearest drug store, and start treatment at once.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

**Might Have Been.**  
"I see where a man fell dead while waiting in a restaurant to have his dinner served."  
"What was the cause?"  
"Apoplexy."  
"Then it wasn't the price list?"—Birmingham Age-Herald.

**Important to Mothers**  
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

**Why They Are Cheerful.**  
"Those aviators all seem to be cheerful fellows."  
"Why shouldn't they be? Don't they all have a chance to see the clouds' silver linings?"

**No Worms in a Healthy Child**  
All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. **JOY'S TABLETS** chill TONI given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the Child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle.

**No Wonder.**  
"What a smooth look the convict yonder has."  
"Naturally. He has just been ironed."

**Your Eyes**  
Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by **Murine Eye Remedy**. No Smearing, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggists or by mail 60c per Bottle. For Book of the Eye free write **Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.**

The Very Name Jars on Him. "Can't you find congenial work?" "Madam, for me no work is congenial."—Boston Evening Transcript.

Headaches, Bilious Attacks, Indigestion, are cured by taking May Apple, Aloe, Jalap made into Pleasant Pellets (Dr. Pierce's). Adv.

St. Paul, Minn., has a union of fur workers composed of women.

Don't trifle with a cold—it's dangerous. You can't afford to risk Influenza. Keep always at hand a box of



Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

**Calf Enemies**

**WHITE SCOURS BLACKLEG**

Your Veterinarian can stamp them out with **Cutter's Anti-Calf Scour Serum** and **Cutter's Germ Free Blackleg Filtrate** and **Aggressin**, or **Cutter's Blackleg Pills**.

Ask him about them. If he hasn't our literature, write to us for information on these products.

**The Cutter Laboratory** Berkeley, Cal., or Chicago, Ill. "The Laboratory That Knows How"

**Gratifying Relief**

**Inflamed Eyes**  
Granulated eye lids—styes, etc., has been experienced by thousands who value their eyesight. Never take chances with powerful drug "drops" but use that simple—dependable—absolutely safe remedy. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists, or by mail from **HALL & RUCKEL**, 214 Washington St., New York. **MITCHELL EYE SALVE**

**WINTERSMITH'S GILL TONIC**

Sold for 20 Years. FOR MALARIA, CHILLS AND FEVER. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. At All Drug Stores.

**Every Woman Wants**

**Paxtine**  
**ANTISEPTIC POWDER**

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Also extensively used in general hygiene. Sold by all druggists, or by mail from **The Paxtine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.**

### LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE IF SICK, CROSS, FEVERISH

HURRY, MOTHER! REMOVE POISONS FROM LITTLE STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS.

GIVE CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS AT ONCE IF BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED.



Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, it is a sure sign that your little one's stomach, liver and bowels needs a gentle, thorough cleansing at once.

When peevish, cross, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, doesn't eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has stomach-ache, sore throat, diarrhoea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of the little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

You needn't coax sick children to take this harmless "fruit laxative;" they love its delicious taste, and it always makes them feel splendid.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. To be sure you get the genuine, ask to see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.—Adv.

#### At Is Were.

"The Turtle is an unsociable critter." "Lives too much within himself, so to speak."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The Universal shipyard at Houston, Texas, has a woman oakum spinner who works nine hours every day.

### HOW MRS. BOYD AVOIDED AN OPERATION

Canton, Ohio.—"I suffered from a female trouble which caused me much suffering, and two doctors decided that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well.



"My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try it before submitting to an operation. It relieved me from my troubles so I can do my house work without any difficulty. I advise any woman who is afflicted with female troubles to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and it will do as much for them."—Mrs. MARIE BOYD, 1421 5th St., N. E., Canton, Ohio.

Sometimes there are serious conditions where a hospital operation is the only alternative, but on the other hand so many women have been cured by this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after doctors have said that an operation was necessary—every woman who wants to avoid an operation should give it a fair trial before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

If complications exist, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice. The result of many years experience is at your service.

Get the Genuine and Avoid Waste

**MORGAN'S SAPOLIO**

SCOURING SOAP

Economy in Every Cake

**PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM**

A toilet preparation of merit. Relieves itching and dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and \$1.00 at Druggists.

Stop Your Coughing

No need to let that cough persist. Stop the irritation, and remove tickling and hoarseness by soothing the inflamed throat with

**PISO'S**

## FARM POULTRY



### FOWLS IN WINTER QUARTERS

Careful Handling While Moving Will Prevent Setback in Proper Production of Eggs.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The ideal way to manage laying hens is to have suitable houses at maturity, with other yards or ranges suited to the flock while growing, and have each flock of layers occupy the same quarters all their lives. If pullets must be moved from the quarters they have occupied during the growing season every effort should be made to make the change as little disturbing to them as possible. The method of removal will not be the same for all cases and conditions. Each poultry keeper must consider the situation as it exists for his stock and adapt his treatment to the circumstances.

#### Make the Change Early.

In general it is desirable that pullets be in the houses they are to occupy during the winter three or four weeks before they are expected to lay; but if the pullets are on a good range, and placing them in winter quarters would deprive them of this and make it necessary to put them on winter rations several months earlier than if they remain on the range, it may be better to leave them in the small coops in which they were grown until winter. Then, if they are moved gently and carefully, and special attention is



Contented Flock in Winter Quarters.

given to making them comfortable and contented in their new home, the change may have but slight effect on their egg production.

Whether the change to permanent winter quarters is made before or after laying begins, gentle handling and good treatment will go a long way toward offsetting the unfavorable effects of moving pullets. In reality it is not the change that is the chief disturbing factor but the way the change is made. Rapid and rough handling is bad, yet most persons think it too much bother to handle hens gently and carefully. A little extra time and care in moving pullets makes a difference of weeks and sometimes months in egg production.

To change pullets from one coop to another with the minimum disturbance to egg production, whether the pullet is laying or not, have the new home ready in every detail.

Move the pullets after dark. If only a few birds are to be moved and the distance is short, the best way is to carry them two by two, one under each arm, the legs being grasped by the thumb and fingers and the breast and body of the bird resting on the hand and wrist. In this position the bird feels secure and safe and well treated. When the number of birds and the distance to be traversed make this method too laborious a convenient box or coop should be used, the birds being lifted carefully, one by one, from their places on the roosts to the box. The birds should not be overcrowded and should be taken with the same care from the box on arrival at the new location, where they should be placed on the floor near the rear of the pen.

The first thing the hens will know about their new home will be that as soon as they can see they find feed and drink there. With provision made for litter and nests there is no occasion for an attendant to come into the pen to do anything that in the least disturbs the birds. Every visit to them the first day or two should be for the purpose of doing something which even hens will recognize as done for their welfare. With this treatment the effects of change are not great. It is a little trouble, but it pays

### DANDRUFF MAKES HAIR FALL OUT

A small bottle of "Danderine" keeps hair thick, strong, beautiful.

Girls! Try this! Doubles beauty of your hair in a few moments.



Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine for a few cents at any drug store or toilet counter, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.—Adv.

#### One Way of Killing Competitor.

"I want to know if you will give me a recommendation?" "I should say not. I discharged you for incompetency."

"Your competitor tells me, sir, that if you will write a letter of recommendation, he will give me a position. I hope you won't stand in my way."

"That's different. I don't know any quicker way of crippling his business than to get him to hire you. Sure I'll give you a letter."

#### Which Was It?

Knicker—An exalted personage forgot himself.

Bocker—Or else remembered himself.

#### Money-Minded.

"Well, I've got a commission." "Good! How much per cent?"—Boston Transcript.

Leaves are gathered four times a year from the tea plant after its third year.

When Baby is Teething GROVER'S BABY BOWEL MEDICINE will correct the Stomach and Bowel troubles. Perfectly harmless. See directions on the bottle.

There are more than 25,000,000 cats in the United States.

# WRIGLEY'S

### Announcement:

To help meet the needs of the government, Wrigley's has discontinued the use of tin foil as a wrapping for **WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM**

Hereafter all three WRIGLEY flavors will be sealed in air-tight, pink-end packages.

So look for

**WRIGLEY'S**

in the pink sealed wrapper and take your choice of flavor. Three kinds to suit all tastes.



SEALED TIGHT—KEPT RIGHT

Be SURE you get WRIGLEY'S—

The Flavor Lasts!



## CHRONIC CONSTIPATION IS A CRIME AGAINST NATURE

Stop it or you never can keep well. If you wake with a bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, perhaps headache, your liver is torpid. A torpid liver deranges the whole system, produces dyspepsia, costiveness and piles. There is no better remedy for these disorders than DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS. Try them just once and be eternally convinced. For sale by all druggists.

**Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills**

#### "After-the-War" Dressing.

Discussion of the "after-the-war period" is becoming more general, some believing that it is too early to predict which effect victory will have on women and their mode of living. One couturier predicts that the most elaborate things will be made and women should wear them as an expression of victory. Banquets and receptions in honor of foreign visitors and our returning men will demand such clothes, and it is really up to the women to heal their heartaches as best they can and lift the spirit of the country. The English women have been doing this for some time; they have avoided mourning and are creating as gay a note as possible in London.—Women's Wear.

#### Dark.

"Don't you know I tol' yo' not to go swimmin' wid no white trash chillun, eh?" sternly asked Sambo Johnston. "But he wa'n't white before he went in," replied Sambo's small son.—Boys' Life.

There are about 13,000 square miles of coal fields in the United Kingdom.

#### An Easy Matter.

An American and an Irishman were telling each other wonderful things which had been done in their respective countries.

"I guess we have the best jumpers in the world," said the American. "Why, one of our men ran thirty miles and then jumped over a 5-barred gate."

"Sure, no wonder he did," said the Irishman. "Look at the run he took."

The cherry, peach and plum originated in Persia.

**ASTHMA**

INSTANTLY RELIEVED WITH

**ASTHMADOR**

OR MONEY REFUNDED ASK ANY DRUGGIST

Boys and Girls

Clear the Skin

with Cuticura

Druggists, Soap, Ointment, Tablets 25c. each.

You Are Dying By Acid

When you have Heartburn, Gas, Bloat, and that Full Feeling after eating. TAKE ONE

**EATONIC**

FOR YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE

Rids you of the Excess Acid and Overload and you will fairly feel the GAS driven out of your body—THE BLOAT GOES WITH IT.

IT GIVES YOU REAL STOMACH COMFORT

Sold by druggists generally. If your druggist can't supply you a big box of Eatonic for 50c, send us this adv. with your name and address and we will send it to you—you can send us the 50c after you get it. Address Eatonie Remedy Co., 1018 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.



A Big Box for 50c

THE PORTALES JOURNAL

Entered as second-class matter June 6, 1917, at the post office at Portales, N. M. under Act of March 3, 1879.

H. B. RYTHER, Manager

Published every Friday at Portales, New Mexico, and devoted to the upbuilding of Roosevelt County, the garden spot of the Sunshine State.

One Year \$1 00  
Six Months .50  
Three Months .25

A DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER

"JEFFERSONIAN SIMPLICITY"

Under the above heading the Santa Fe New Mexican throws a few choice fits because of the fact that England and France staged a welcome for President Wilson that stands unequalled in the annals of history. Neither of these nations were doing homage to Wilson, the man, but were honoring President Wilson, the chief executive of the United States, the nation that saved to each its independence; the nation that turned the European defeat into victory; that saved the homes and firesides from the merciless Hun. It is a rather peculiar coincidence that while the governments of the world are falling over themselves to show their appreciation of the part played by America in the war, and showing it in the only manner they have any knowledge of; the Santa Fe New Mexican, and other quasi disloyal publications, are seeking in every manner known to their crooked little sheets, to prove to these countries that America is sore at them for their efforts. Supposing that the demonstration was copied from the days of chivalry, when pomp and show was the one best bet, would you have had the president of the United States play the part of the bull in the china store, call a halt on the whole thing and tell those people that the government of the United States would not permit them to make any demonstration of gratitude; that it was pandering to the extravagancies of monarchy and was undemocratic? It is a noticeable fact that President Wilson did not make use of any of the nice court methods of address. He referred to the king as sir, not to his majesty; as a matter of fact his method of address was much more democratic than is customary in our own courts. One cannot but wonder what would have happened had the greatest four-flusher of the age been the recipient of the monarchical show instead of President Wilson. "Teddy" would surely have busted a hame-string. He would have been the one and only it on the beach. He would have made an ass of himself and cheapened the character of the American people in the eyes of the world. Another thing, Mr. New Mexican, your own little back-woods town, composed, for the most part, of mud huts and dirty alleys, has seen fit to ape the arts of royalty in so far as your meager means will permit for the inauguration of a governor of the state; a matter that is really of so little importance as scarcely to deserve more than a passing mention. As a matter of fact, your inauguration program is of nearly as much importance as is the coming J. P. election in this county, yet you have seen fit to endeavor to give it all the pomp and glory so loudly complained of under "Jeffersonian Simplicity." Go on and pull your own little show.

# In Our New Home

At last we are in our new home and we want you to come in and see us. It is the same bank it was before we moved. We are your friend and we want you to know it.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK

"The Bank Where You Feel at Home."

# Buick Automobiles

The Highest Type of Beauty  
World's Standard in Service

W. B. OLDHAM, MONROE HONEA



RICHELIEU COFFEE. Its flavor and aroma cannot be surpassed. Do you drink it? If not, TRY IT.

JOYCE-PRUIT  
COMPANY

Get the whole darned rag, tag and bob tail and parade all you please; make just as big monkeys of yourselves as you know how, tell the whole world how the "Fertile soil of New Mexico was soaked with the blood of my ancestors;" pull all the fancy stunts you know how, if that kind of hog wash pleases you, no one else will care, and President Wilson is not losing any sleep over the fact that you and your little bunch is peeved because you have been overlooked in the big show.

The various state institutions are clamoring for largely increased appropriations for the coming two years. If these institutions are strictly state affairs, it may be all right, but if any portion of the increase is to go to the private institutions that are fattening from the public crib; alleged religious and charitable grafts, then appropriations not only should not be increased, but should be eliminated entirely.

The political forecaster of the New Mexico State Record broke loose last week with something like a column of first page dope which attempted to tell the vot-

ers of the nation the reason why the Democrats lost the recent elections. If he is no better informed on other matters than he is on the one just bughered up his family should make some provision for his safe keeping. The egotism of some Republican politicians, and near politicians, is almost as prominent as their ignorance. Just why their number five hats need a concrete foundation is not apparent.

When New Mexico had a Democratic governor, the state game protective association made a great spiel for a non-political game warden and it was enthusiastically backed by the state Republican press. Now we have a Republican governor, and no one has heard anything about a non-partisan game warden. Verily the ways of the average Republican politician are devious and dark.

It is rumored that the inaugural exercises at Santa Fe were accomplished with all the pomp and show; the regal splendor and glittering buncombe characteristic of the imperial courts of Europe in their palmiest days.

Notice of Trustee's Sale

Whereas, James H. Fletcher and Ruth Fletcher, his wife, and R. T. Fletcher and Leapha Fletcher, his wife, of the County of Jefferson, State of Oklahoma did execute and deliver a certain deed of trust bearing date the 20th day of September, 1915, to James A. Hall as trustee, for the benefit and security of Max Buchmann, of Alamogosa, in the State of Colorado, which deed of trust was recorded in the office of the County Clerk of the County of Roosevelt, State of New Mexico, on the 6th day of October, 1915, in book one of trust deeds, at page seven thereof; and

Whereas default has been made by the said James H. Fletcher and Ruth Fletcher, his wife, and R. T. Fletcher and Leapha Fletcher, his wife, and by their assigns as well, in the payment of the promissory note and interest coupons secured by said deed of trust, and the said Max Buchmann, the legal holder of said note and interest coupons did, on the 11th day of October, 1918, demand that said trustee, James A. Hall, should forthwith proceed to sell the lands, tenements and hereditaments in said deed of trust described;

Now, therefore, pursuant to the said request and in accordance with the terms and under the authority of the said deed of trust, the said James A. Hall, as such trustee, does hereby give notice that on the third day of February, 1919, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the northeast front door of the court house in the town of Portales, County of Roosevelt, State of New Mexico, he will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for current lawful money of the United States of America, all that certain piece, parcel, tract, and lot of land, with the appurtenances, situated, lying and being in the County of Roosevelt, State of New Mexico, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

The northeast quarter [NE 14] of northwest quarter [NW 14], northwest quarter [NW 14] of northeast quarter [NE 14], south half [S 1/2] of northeast quarter [NE 14], southeast quarter [SE 1/4], and southeast quarter [SE 1/4] of southwest quarter [SW 1/4], all in section twelve (12) and the northeast quarter [NE 1/4] of the northwest quarter [NW 1/4] and north half [N 1/2] of the northeast quarter [NE 1/4], all in section thirteen (13), all being in township two (2) south of range thirty four (34) east of New Mexico Meridian, containing four hundred eighty (480) acres.

Dated the second day of January, 1919.  
JAMES A. HALL, Trustee,  
Portales, New Mexico.

For all kinds of  
**Sanitary Work**  
see me or phone 70.

Keep your premises clean and conform to the ordinance. Work under supervision of the city officers.

**T. B. BAKER,**  
Sanitary Officer.

**JAMES A. HALL**  
Attorney At Law  
U. S. Commissioner

Homestead Applications, Final Proofs, Etc.  
Office in Howard Block, Phone 60

**DUDLEY B. WILLIAMS, M.D.**  
Office in rear of First National Bank,  
office phone No. 60, residence phone No. 90.  
Calls answered day and night.  
PORTALES, NEW MEXICO

Am prepared to handle some good land loans. W. B. Oldham.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Original 011197, Add 016208  
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, N. M., December 6, 1918.  
Notice is hereby given that S. Leeroy Baugh, of Emzy, N. M., who, on Feb. 9th, 1914, made original homestead entry No. 011197, for northwest quarter section 27, and on March 1st, 1917, made additional homestead entry No. 016208, for lots 1, 2, 3, 4, section 22, lots 1, 2, section 27, township 5 south, range 37 east, New Mexico Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Will A. Palmer, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Emzy, N. M., on the 15th day of Jan. 1919.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
William F. Grant, Jesse M. Campbell, Rubier L. Waller, John W. Stone, all of Emzy, N. M.  
W. R. MCGILL, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

032850 043764  
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., Dec. 9, 1918.  
Notice is hereby given that Joe Addie Hill, of Lingco, N. M., who, on Sept. 13, 1915, made homestead entry 032850 for southeast quarter, south half north half section 31, township 7 south, range 38 east, and on June 12, 1918, made additional homestead entry for lots 1, 2, south half northeast quarter, southeast quarter, section 1, township 8 south, range 37 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Will A. Palmer, U. S. Commissioner, at Emzy, N. M., on the 25th day of January, 1919.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Thomas J. Keller, of Allie, N. M., Robert L. Finney, of Blunt, N. M., Joseph E. Alexander, of Blunt, N. M., Walton T. Bankston, of Blunt, N. M.  
EMMETT PATTON, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

043881 043883  
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, Dec. 6, 1918.  
Notice is hereby given that Albert Franklin Falls, of Minesand, N. M., who, on June 12, 1918, made homestead entry 043881 for north half section 14, and Add. homestead entry No. 043883, for south half section 11, township 8 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before R. H. Grissom, U. S. Commissioner, at Eлда, N. M., on the 17th day of January, 1919.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Thomas M. Parkinson, Buelah E. Herrington, Albert E. Williamson, John W. Williamson, all of Minesand, N. M.  
EMMETT PATTON, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

043919  
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, Dec. 2, 1918.  
Notice is hereby given that Matthew R. Rolston, of Minesand, N. M., who, on June 15, 1918, made homestead entry No. 043919, for west half section 25, township 8 south, range 36 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before James A. Hall, U. S. Commissioner, at Portales, N. M., on the 3rd day of February, 1919.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Arch L. Gregg, Portales, N. M.; Jess M. McCormack, of Portales, N. M.; Sam Rogers, Minesand, N. M.; Richard O. Rogers, of Minesand, N. M.  
EMMETT PATTON, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

MK 033563  
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, Dec. 30, 1918.  
Notice is hereby given that William S. Moore, of Richland, N. M., who, on Dec. 20, 1915, made homestead entry, No. 033563, for south half north half, north half south half, section 8, township 7 south, range 36 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before R. H. Grissom, U. S. Commissioner, at Eлда, N. M., on the 11th day of February, 1919.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
John W. Stigall, William Jewell, James H. Henderson, Tony Jewell, all of Richland, N. M.  
EMMETT PATTON, Register.

NOTICE OF PENDENCY OF SUIT

The state of New Mexico, To A. M. Halford, Elizabeth Cochran, Marietta Jewell, Charles Halford, Daniel Halford, Benjamin F. Halford, Silas B. Halford, Lizzie Halford, Nannie May Halford, Eddie Halford, Penri Billingsly, John B. Halford, Myrtle Halford, Willie May Halford, Mend Halford, all unknown, heirs at law of James B. Halford, deceased, and all other persons having any interest in the premises, Defendants greeting.  
You are hereby notified that suit has been filed against you and each of you in district court of the Fifth judicial district of the state of New Mexico, in and for Roosevelt county, wherein the above named parties, and Mary J. Halford and James B. Halford, Jr. are defendants, and J. H. Halford is plaintiff, said cause being numbered 1430 upon the civil docket of said court. The general objects of said action are as follows: The plaintiff, J. H. Halford, as administrator of the estate of James B. Halford, deceased, alleges that James B. Halford died on the twenty-second day of February, 1918, and that he, the said J. H. Halford, is the duly appointed qualified and acting administrator of the partnership estate of the said deceased, that he and the deceased were partners at the time of the death of the deceased and for some time prior thereto, that he as said administrator has sold all the personal estate of said deceased belonging to said partnership, which said personal estate brought the sum of \$405.00, the proceeds and accounts against said estate allowed by the probate court of said county amount to the sum of \$29.22, and that the outstanding accounts not allowed and the expenses of administration will amount to the sum of approximately \$377.00, that said deceased, at the time of his death, owned an undivided one-half interest, and title in and to the west half of section thirty six in township six south of range thirty five east of the New Mexico meridian, New Mexico, that said real estate is incumbered by a mortgage for the sum of \$1000.00, that the personal estate, and the proceeds thereof are wholly insufficient to pay off and discharge the debts allowed, and to be paid against said estate, and the plaintiff prays that the court order: the interest of the deceased in and to said real estate so d for the purpose of paying off and settling of said debts against his estate, and that the partnership estate of the deceased be settled and closed, and for general relief. You are further notified that unless you, the said defendants enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 27th day of January, 1919, the plaintiff will take judgment against you and each of you, by default, and will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint. You are further notified that George J. Keese is attorney for the plaintiff and that his post office address is Portales, N. M. Witness my hand and the seal of said court on this the third day of December 1918.  
SKITH A. MORRISON,  
County Clerk.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Original 011094, additional 015550  
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Nov. 21st 1918.  
Notice is hereby given that Leonidas Beatty, of Portales, N. M., who, on December 1st, 1913, made original homestead entry, number, 011094, for southwest quarter, south half southeast quarter, section 29, east half southeast quarter section 30, and on May 17th, 1918, made additional northeast serial 015550, for north half section 30, township 1 north range 34 east N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before James A. Hall, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Portales, N. M., on the 8th day of January 1919.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Lee Garrett, William H. Beck, Robert L. Wood, Samuel H. Stinnett, all of Portales, N. M.  
W. R. MCGILL, Register.

# A Bank of Service

Our Bank is distinctly "A Bank of Service." By a bank of service we mean a bank that can and does fill the wants of the community, and it can fill your wants, also. Come in, let's talk it over.

## SECURITY STATE BANK

UNDER STATE SUPERVISION

# Farm Loans



Money in Hand  
When Papers  
Are Signed.

## COE HOWARD

At Security State Bank

## ...THE LID IS OFF...

The government now permits you to build buildings not exceeding \$10,000 in cost without permit, and up to \$25,000 under permit from the state council of defense. But remember, all the world is starting to build, and there is no surplus of building material.

Now, today, we are able to help you build, but with a demand ahead of us beyond the human mind to comprehend, there is no telling when that world demand is going to pass the possible source of supply, and then someone will be cut off.

We want to impress on you, with all the force that we can, that now is the time to get busy with your building. Come in, get your estimates, if you can't build now, make arrangements to get your materials later. That's the only way to be sure.

BUILD YOU A HOME

## Portales Lumber Company

A. D. RIBBLE, Manager

Telephone No. 10

Telephone No. 10

## Braley's Insurance Agency

EVERY KIND OF INSURANCE  
EXCEPT LIFE

"We Know How"

PORTALES.

NEW MEXICO

did before it became an auxiliary of this chapter, or one box of knitted articles sent direct to Denver from Richland.

Roosevelt county is now receiving the heaviest allotments it has ever had. There is now on hand; 200 pajamas, 125 pounds of yarn, 450 chemise, 500 boys under drawers, 20 infant layettes. These refugee garments must be finished by the 1st of February.

Since there is no monthly collecting don't feel that you are doing your part by paying. Every lady in town is urgently asked to help in some way.

Mrs. Rhoda Johnson has the sweater yarn, Mrs. Dickbreeder, sock yarn; Mrs. Morrison, refugee garments; Mrs. McConnell, pajamas; Mrs. Arthur Jones, infant layettes.

The suspension of hostilities does not in any manner relieve the people of America from a continuance of the work but, if anything, renders the demand more imperative. There are thousands of destitute and homeless that must and will starve and freeze if left to their own resources. Every citizen is urged to make every effort towards completing the quota of this local for refugee garments. Much has been done, but there is much more yet to do. It would be just as unpatriotic to lay down at this stage of the game as it would have been at the beginning of hostilities. The duty of the American people is just as plain now as it was at the entrance of our country into the war. You were not slackers at that time, and you must not be at this.

U. N. Hall has purchased equipment and has engaged in the dray and transfer business. He says that service is his middle name.

TO TRADE—House and lot, (Cottage Studio). Prefer small tract of shallow water land.—Whiteman at Journal office.

### Ranch for Sale

I have a good ranch to sell plenty of water and good grass about twenty miles from R. R. about a section of land heavy timber around headquarters, the rest prairie land. Will sell so a man can run from five hundred to a thousand head of cattle and sell it at a bargain, and give five per cent commission to the man who sells this ranch first. Write or see. Address,

W. O. DUNLAP,  
Dunlap, New Mexico

County Agent Peterson announces that Professor Taylor of the state agricultural college will be here for two days, on date to be announced later, and he will give the people the latest dope on what kind of poultry to raise and how to raise it. He is said to be an expert on such matters. Also Mr. Petersen says that he has a large number of poultry bulletins that should prove to be of value to those interested in the chicken business and that they are free to any calling for them. His office, at present, is in the county clerk's room in the court house.

Deputy Sheriff McCormac made the semi-annual inspection of scales in the county this week and last. Jess thinks that a war fire these days is much preferable than the hurricane deck of jitney.

Get your batteries charged at Braley's Service station.

Am prepared to handle some good land loans.—W. B. Oldham

FOR SALE or TRADE—One second-hand Chevrolet touring car, good condition. Will trade for cattle, horses or mules. E. A. Herndon, Portales, New Mexico, phone 178.

FOR SALE—A car of alfalfa and cane hay, \$30.00 and \$35.00 per ton, on car, R. H. Bailey, call at McDonald & Ison's.

### Red Cross Report

The local chapter of the American Red Cross herewith tenders a report of its activities for the year just completed. This report is not complete for the reason that a great deal of stuff was shipped before proper records of same were obtainable, and from chapters that did not co-operate with the county organization at the time of shipment. However, there is in this report ample evidence that the chapter has made good use of the time at its disposal and has made a showing that is extremely creditable.

Shot bags	30
Ambulance pillows	159
Afghans	5
Mufflers	13
Socks	1276
Sweaters	508
Pajamas	800
Wristlets	15
Bed jackets	5
Bed shirts	39
Pillow cases	166
Gun wipers	858
Gauze wipes	22650
Helmets	1
Girls dresses	210
Water-proof bags	197
Men's shirts	50
Chemise	349
Sheets (hospital)	60
Bath towels	220
Hand towels	420
Napkins	50
Handkerchiefs (men's)	290
Chemise	400
Under drawers for boys 12 years	500
Infant layettes	20
Pajamas	200
Yarn	125

The above does not include the first shipment of knitted articles. At that time there were no invoices and knitted articles were shipped in sets. There were about one hundred sets shipped. Mrs. Carr will make a report of surgical dressings later. This list does not include a big shipment of ambulance pillows, gun-wipers, mismatched pajamas, shot bags, a few bed sheets and bath robes etc. These were things that were not finished on time or sent in separately, and so were all shipped at one time. This does not include the work Elida

## Leach Coal Co.

DEALERS IN

# Coal, Grain

SOME ICE ALSO  
SPECIALIZES IN COAL

Chandler Lump, Nigger Head and Smithing Coal

Telephone 3, Portales, New Mexico

## Ed J. Neer, Undertaker Embalmer

LICENSED BY STATE BOARD

Calls answered day or night. Office phone, 67 two rings, residence, 67 three rings. Agent for Roswell and Amarillo Greenhouses. Portales, New Mexico.

BONDED ABSTACTERS

## Carter-Robinson Abstract Co.

LEE CARTER, Manager

Abstracts, Insurance, Notary Public. Portales, New Mexico

# Gunner Depew

By  
**Albert N. Depew**

Ex-Gunner and Chief Petty Officer, U.S. Navy  
Member of the Foreign Legion of France  
Captain Gun Turret, French Battleship Casard  
Winner of the Croix de Guerre

Copyright, 1918, by Kelly and Britton Co., Through Special Arrangement With the George Matthew Adams Service

CHAPTER XIX—Continued.

I noticed that all the time he was writing the word and giving us the stationery, the sentry was laughing and having a great time with his own little self, but I figured he was just acting German, and that nothing was important about it.

We were all tickled to death to get a chance to let our people know where we were, and each man thought a long time about what he would say, and who he would write to, before he ever started to write. Each man wanted to say all he could in the small space he had, and we wanted to let our friends know how badly they were treating us without saying it in so many words, because we knew the Huns would censor the letters, and it would go hard with anyone who complained much. So most of the men said they were having a great time and were treated very well, and spread it on so thick that their friends would figure they were lying because they had to.

One fellow had an idea that was better than that, though. He had been in jail in Portsmouth, England, for three months, for beating up a constable, and he had had a pretty rough time. So he wrote a pal of his that he had been captured by the Germans, but that everything was going along pretty well. In fact, he said, the only other trip he had ever been on, where he had a better time, was the three months' vacation he had spent in Portsmouth two years before, which he thought the friend would remember. He said that trip was better than this one, so the friend could figure out for himself how pleasant this one was. Everybody thought this was a great idea, but unfortunately not all of us had been in jail, so we could not all use it. Which was just as well, we thought, because the Germans would be suspicious if all of us compared this vacation with others.

A few of the men did not have anybody they could write to, and some did not know their friends' addresses, so they would write letters to friends of the other men, and sign it with the friend's nickname.

As soon as a man had finished his letter, he had to go out to the center of the camp, where they had built a raised platform. There the sentries took the letters, and the men formed around the square. There were officers on the platform reading the letters. We thought they read them there in the open, before us, so that we would know they were not tampering with the letters, and we thought the heaven would fall if they were getting so unskilled as that.

Finally, all the men had finished their letters and turned them over to the officers, who read them. And then we saw why the sentry laughed.

The officers tore up every one of the letters. They were anxious that we would see them do it, so none of us would have any hope that our friends would get word.

But we said to ourselves that, if it was information they wanted, they had as much as was good for them, which was none at all, because I do not think one letter in the bunch had a single word of truth in it. But we were all very angry and pretty low after that, because it showed the Huns still had plenty of kultur left, after all, and we knew there was rough sledding ahead of us. Also, some of the men were sore because they had wasted their time thinking up different ways of tipping their friends off to the real state of affairs, and all for nothing. Why they should worry about time, I could not see. Time was the only thing we had plenty of, and I for one, thought we were going to have still more of it.

Going back to the barracks we tried to sing "Pack Up Your Troubles," but there was not much pep in it. We were not downhearted, though; at least, we said we were not.

CHAPTER XX.

Kultur—the Real Stuff.

Neustrelitz was mainly for Russian prisoners, and there were neither British nor French soldiers interned there—only sailors of the merchant marine such as the men I was with. The Russians were given far worse treatment than any other prisoners. This was for two reasons, as near as I could make out. One was that the Russian would stand most anything, whereas the British and French could only be goaded to a certain point, and beyond that lay trouble. The other reason was that the Russians sent German prisoners to Siberia, or at least, so the Huns thought, and Fritz hates the cold. So, hating the Russians, and

realizing that they were used to being under-dogs, Fritz picked on them and bullied them in a way that the rest of us would not have stood. We would have rushed them and gone west with bayonets first.

The barracks were made of spruce, and were about ninety feet long and twenty-five feet wide, and you can take it from me that as carpenters, whoever made them were fine farmers. There were cracks in them that you could drive an automobile through. When we were there, each barracks had a stove in the center, a good stove and a big one, but at first it was of no use to us, because the Germans would not give us coal or wood for it. But after shivering for a while, we began ripping the boards out of the barracks, and taking the dividing boards from the benches that we used for beds.

Later, they gave each of us a mattress filled with wood shavings, and a blanket that was about as warm as a pane of glass. The mattresses were placed on the ground in the barracks, which were very damp, and after three or four days, the shavings would begin to rot and the mattresses to smell. In order to keep warm we slept as close together as we could, which caused our various diseases to spread rapidly.

When we were receiving our rations, the sentries would offer us an extra ration if we would take a lash from their belts. We were so hungry that many and many a man would go up and take a swat in any part of his body from the heavy leather belts with brass tongue and buckle, just to get a little more "shadow" soup or barley coffee or mud bread.

One morning the sentries picked out ten men from our barracks, of which I was one, and drilled us over a field near the kuche. There was a large tank in the field and we had to pump water into it. It was very cold, and we were weak and sick, so we would fall one after another, not caring whether we ever got up or not. Fritz would smash those who fell with his rifle butt. We asked for gloves, because our hands were freezing, but all we got was "Nichts."

After we had been there for about an hour and a half, one of our men became very sick, so that I thought he was going to die, and when he fell over, I reported it to a sentry. The sentry came over, saw him lying in the snow, yelled, "Schwein, nicht krank!" grabbed him by the shoulder, and pulled him all the way across the field to the office of the camp commander. Then he was placed in the guard house, where he remained for two days. The next thing we knew, the Russians had been ordered to make a box, and were being marched to the guard house to put him in it and bury him.

Another thing at Neustrelitz, that was pretty hard to stand, was the pretty habit the Huns had of coming up to the barbed wire and teasing us as though we were wild animals in a cage. Sometimes there would be crowds of people lined along the wire throwing things at us, and spitting, and having a great time generally. It was harder than ever when a family party would arrive, with vater and mutter, and maybe grosvater and grosmutter, and all the little Boche kinder, because, as you probably know, the Germans take food with them whenever they go on a party, no matter what kind, and they would stand there and stare at us like the boos they were, eating all the time—and we so hungry that we could have eaten ourselves, almost. After they had stared a while, they would begin to feel more at home, and then would start the throwing and spitting and the "schweinhund" sangerfest, and they would have a great time generally. Probably, when they got home, they would strike off a medal for themselves in honor of the visit.

Then, too, there were always Hun soldiers on leave or off duty, who made it a point to pay us a visit, and though I do not think they were as bad as the civvies, especially the women, they were bad enough.

We had one bucket in each barracks, and as these buckets were used for both washing and drinking, they were always dirty. We boiled the water when we washed the clothes, to get rid of the cooties, and that left a settling in it that looked just like red lead. We had to get the water from a hydrant outside of the barracks, and for a while we drank it. But after several of the boys had gone west and we could not figure out why, a man told us he thought the water was poisoned, and a Russian doctor, who was a prisoner, slipped us word about

it also. So, after that, very few of us drank water from the hydrant. I was scared stiff at first, because I had had some of the water, but after that I did not touch hydrant water.

It was a good thing for us that there was always plenty of snow in Germany, and even luckier that the Huns did not shoot us for eating it. It was about the only thing they did not deprive us of—it was not verboten.

I thought I knew what tough cooties were, in the trenches, but they were regular mollycoddles compared to the pets we had in the prison camps. After we boiled our clothes we would be free from them for not more than two hours, and then they would come back, with re-enforcements, thirsting for vengeance.

The camp at Neustrelitz was surrounded by big dogs, which were kept just outside the barbed wire. We had them going all the time. Every once in a while, some fellow would make an awful racket, and the next thing we knew, there was Fritz coming like a shot, with musket at his hip, just as they carry them in a charge, and blowing whistles at each other until they were blue in the face. Whenever they thought some one was escaping, they ran twice as fast as I ever saw them run, except when the Foreign Legion was on their heels at Dixmude.

When they got up to the dogs, they would first talk to them and then kick them, and after that, they would rest their rifles on the wire and yell "Zuruck!" at us. We all enjoyed this innocent pastime very much, and we were glad they had the dogs.

There were some things the Huns did that you just could not explain. For instance, one of the Russians walked out of the kuche, as we were passing, and we heard a bang! and the Russian keeled over and went west. Now, we had not done anything



The First and Last Cigarette.

and the other Russians said he had behaved himself, worked hard and had never had any trouble. They just killed him, and that is all there was to it. But not one of us could figure out why.

After we had been at Neustrelitz for three weeks, they drilled us out of the camp to a railway station, and stood us in the snow for four hours waiting for the train. We were exhausted and began falling, one by one, and each time one of us fell, the sentries would yell, "Nicht krank!" and give us the rifle butt. We had our choice of standing up and dying or falling down and being killed, and it was a fine choice to have to make.

The cars finally pulled in, and as usual, the windows were smashed, the doors open, and the compartments just packed with snow. When we saw this, we knew we were going to get worse treatment, even, than we had been getting, and many of us wanted to die. It had not been unusual for some of the men to tell the Germans to shoot them too, and it seems as though it was always a man who wanted to live who did get it and went west.

However, all of us nearly got killed when we reached Wittenberg. When the train stopped there, we saw a big wagonload of sliced bread on the station platform and we all stared at it. We stood it as long as we could, and then we made a rush for it. But when we got nearer, we saw that there were four sentries guarding it and four women issuing it out to the German soldiers. They would not give us any, of course.

So we stood around and watched the

Huns eat it, while they and the women laughed at us, and pretended that they were starving and would groan and rub their stomachs and say, "Nichts zu essen," to each other, and then grab a big hunk of bread and eat it. What we did not say to them was very little indeed. We were certainly wild if any men ever were.

Then some of us said we were going to get some of that bread if we went west for it. So we started a fight, and while they were attending to some of us, the others grabbed and hid all the bread they could. They roused us back into the cars and we were just starting to divide up the bread when they caught us with it and took it away. We were wilder than ever then, but we could not do anything.

It got colder after we left Wittenberg, and the snow blew into the cars through the windows and doors until we were afraid to sleep for fear of freezing. It was the worst night I have ever seen, and the coal bunkers on the Yarrowdale seemed like a palace compared to the compartments, because we could at least move around in the ship, while in the train we could not move at all, and were packed so close that we could not even stretch our legs and arms. Some of the men did die, but not in my compartment, though most of us were frost-bitten about the face.

We thought that night would never end, but day came finally, and though it seemed to get colder and colder, we did not mind it so much. At about eleven that morning, we arrived at a place called Minden and saw a prison camp there—just a stockade near the tracks with the boys out in the open. We waved to them, and they waved back and gave a cheer-oh or two. We felt sorry for them, because we knew we were not going to that camp, and from what little we saw, we knew we could not be going to a worse place than they were in. I shall never forget Minden, because it was here that I received the only cigarette I had while I was in Germany.

Minden is quite a railway center, I guess, and when we pulled into the depot, we saw many troops going to the front or coming back. As at all important German railway stations, there was a Red Cross booth on the platform, with German girls handing out barley coffee and other things to the German soldiers. I saw a large shanty on the platform, with a Red Cross painted over the door. I saw the girls giving barley coffee to the soldiers, and I thought I would have a try at it and at least be polite enough to give the girls a chance of refusing me. I was refused all right, but they were so nasty about it that I put down my head and let something slip. I do not remember just what it was, but it was not very complimentary, I guess. Anyhow, I did not think anyone near there understood English, but evidently some one heard me who did, for I got an awful boot that landed me ten or twelve feet away. I fell on my hands and knees, and about a yard away I saw a cigarette stub. I dived for it like a man falling on a football, and when I came up that stub was safely in my pocket. And it stayed there until I reached Duimen and had a chance to light it behind the barracks. If any of the other men had smelled real tobacco, they would probably have murdered me, and I could not have blamed them for it.

That was the first and last cigarette I got in Germany, and you can believe me when I say that I enjoyed it. There was not much to it, but I smoked it until there was not enough left to hold in my mouth, and then I used what was left and mixed it with the bark that we made cigarettes out of. Incidentally, this bark was great stuff. I do not know what kind of tree it was from, but it served the purpose. Whenever a fellow wanted to smoke and lit one of these bark cigarettes, a few puffs were enough. He did not want to smoke again for some time afterward, and like as not, he did not want to eat either. They were therefore very valuable.

It is very hard to get matches in the camps, and when any prisoner does get hold of one, it is made to last a long time. Here is how we make a match last. Some one gives up the sleeve of his coat, and the match is carefully lit, and the coat sleeve burned to a crisp. Then we take a button from our coats—the buttons are brass with two holes in them—pass a shoestring through the holes, knot the ends, and with the button in the center of the string, buzz it around as you have seen boys do, with the string over both hands, moving the hands together and apart until the button revolves very fast.

We then put a piece of flint against the crisped cloth, and buzz the button against it until a spark makes the crisp glow, and from this we would light our bark cigarettes. I do not think any man in the world could inhale one of these bark cigarettes; some of us tried and went right to sleep.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Lines to Be Remembered.  
Good nature will always supply the absence of beauty, but beauty cannot supply the absence of good nature.—Joseph Addison.

## AFTER EFFECTS OF MEASLES

MOTHER, WHO LIVES IN TENNESSEE MOUNTAINS WHERE BLACK-DRAUGHT IS RELIED ON IN MANY TROUBLES, SAYS IT MADE HER BOY SOUND AND WELL.

Coal Creek, Tenn.—Up in the mountains, quite some distance from town, lives Mrs. U. S. Fritts, who relates her experience with Theford's Black-Draught as follows:

"My little boy, James, took sick with diarrhea, about five years ago, and was badly swollen. He had the measles and this was, no doubt, an after-effect. I made him well by giving him Theford's Black-Draught. I gave it to him three times a day for a month. I firmly believe it saved his life.

We always keep Black-Draught in our house. It is our doctor. Always easy to get and prompt in giving relief.

A small pinch of Black-Draught after each meal and at bed time for headache, stomach and liver trouble, and we are well the next morning.

It certainly works wonders sometimes and saves no end of trouble, relieves pain, and there is no need for another doctor.

I have recommended Black-Draught to all my neighbors and will continue to recommend it."

Theford's Black-Draught is a pure, vegetable herb liver medicine, acting gently, yet promptly, on liver and bowels.

Thousands of people, everywhere, have found it to relieve constipation, indigestion, biliousness and many similar disorders.

Try Black-Draught. Your druggist sells it.—Adv.

### Old-Clothes "Clinics" the Fashion.

To be up to date these days your community should have an old-clothes clinic, the department of agriculture suggests. Not the amount you spend on clothes but the amount you save is the criterion by which you are judged in this year of war. The home demonstration agents usually hold the clinics, and old garments are brought, ripped and made over by the women under their direction. This wool-conserving campaign in Iowa is particularly strong.

## Lives 200 Years!

For more than 200 years, Haarlem Oil, the famous national remedy of Holland, has been recognized as an infallible relief from all forms of kidney and bladder disorders. Its very age is proof that it must have unusual merit.

If you are troubled with pains or aches in the back, feel tired in the morning, headache, indigestion, insomnia, painful or too frequent passage of urine, irritation or stone in the bladder, you will almost certainly find relief in GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. This is the good old remedy that has stood the test for hundreds of years, prepared in the proper quantity and convenient form to take. It is imported direct from Holland laboratories, and you can get it at any drug store. It is a standard, old-time home remedy and needs no introduction. Each capsule contains one dose of five drops and is pleasant and easy to take. They will quickly relieve those stiffened joints, that backache, rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, gall stones, gravel, "brick dust," etc. Your money promptly refunded if they do not relieve you. But be sure to get the genuine GOLD MEDAL brand. In boxes, three sizes.—Adv.

### Sun Bean for Him.

Mother was having home Sunday school services. A song suitable for the kindergarten worshiper was selected. Spying Uncle Harry driving up, the other children at once "cut services," but Nancy Jane continued her wavering solo, "Sun bean, sun bean, Jesus wants me for a sun bean. I'll be a sun bean for him."

### Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarrh. It is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

### Unchecked.

"How did Teller get his cold?" "All the drafts in the bank go through his cage."—Boston Evening Transcript.

### Have a Clear Skin.

Make Cuticura Soap your every-day toilet soap and assist it now and then by touches of Cuticura Ointment to soften, soothe and heal. For free samples address "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

### The Reason.

"Jinks has so much poor health." "That is because he eats so much rich food."

## NEW BRIDAL VEIL

White Chiffon Edged With Silver Gauze Ribbon.

Cut in Wide Panel Back and Front, Gathered at Top to Bandeau That Fits Low on Head.

One cannot help but notice the change to square, boxlike lines in garments or accessories worn above the waist, while the skirts take on bias lines and spiral draperies. It is an odd combination. Even a bridal veil, observes a fashion correspondent, has been made in an entirely new manner and was shown at an exhibition which always includes one quite fascinating bridal costume. This veil, by the way, may be worth describing in detail for November brides.

It is of thin white chiffon, a novelty indeed. It is cut in a wide panel back and front, gathered at the top to a bandeau that fits low on the head, on a level with the eyebrows. There is nothing over the top of the head. The chiffon falls over the face to the toes in front and to the hem of the trainless skirt in back. It falls apart from the bandeaux, down each side, where it is bordered with a supple quality of silver gauze ribbon.

The bridal veil, while it is the most novel touch, is a companion to another novelty in veils that looks peculiarly like the chin band which is held out by the beauty specialists as a trick, above all others, to reduce a double chin.

It has taken the place of the floating veil of October among those who go in for the smart thing. It is usually of mauve, gray or black lace net. It is drawn tightly over and under the chin, then upward to the top of the hat, where it is fastened with a jeweled ornament. It is called the "bandage" veil. If does not cover the eyes and

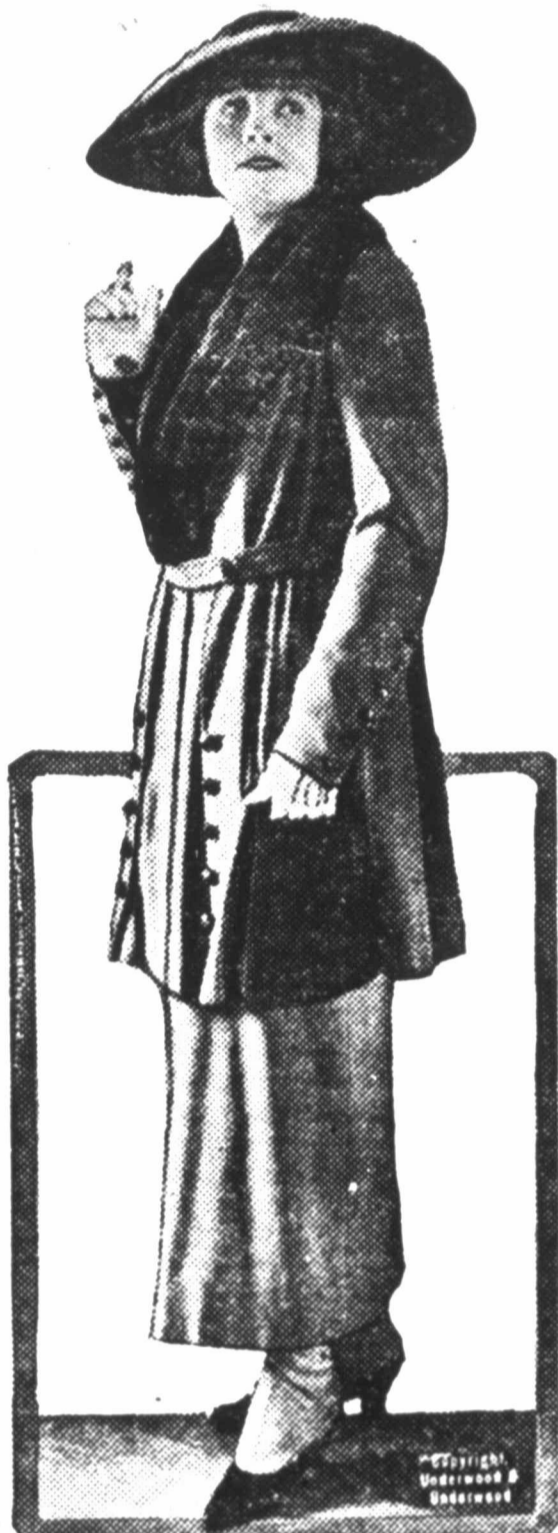


This original wedding veil is of two panels of chiffon gathered to a bandeau, which is worn low over the forehead.

drapes a little loosely just below them. It leaves the back of the neck and the hair exposed. This chin veil, by the way, is as effective as the chin band, as it draws up all the surplus flesh from the front of the neck and the side of the cheek and gives one a decidedly sharpened and youthful line.

This veil is supposed to be particularly smart for young women with the new overseas cap which is made of

## TRIMMED WITH HUDSON SEAL



Cafe au lait duvetyn, with collar and pockets trimmed with Hudson seal, is the material in this smart little suit. The outfit is interestingly designed with many bone buttons.

squirrel, sealskin, chinchilla or klank-colored panne velvet. The cap is an exact reproduction of those our soldiers wear, and it is tilted forward over one eye in the same rakish manner.

## SILK GLOVES ARE IN FAVOR

Hand Covering That Is Not Only Economical but Is Happily in Height of Fashion.

Do you remember when you somehow associated the wearing of silk gloves with old ladies in general and rather fussy old ladies in particular? If you were young and prided yourself on your smart dressing you would sooner have gone gloveless than don gloves of silk.

Just why you felt this way it is hard to say. Silk stockings carried no such odium or distinction. And surely silk gloves have always had a good deal in their favor for warm weather wear.

Cotton gloves, of course, we thought of as well, something that you would endure bravely if you were reduced to them. They were associated with the last stages toward the poorhouse in the minds of most of us.

Then France began to wear fabric gloves and gradually we discovered that they were more easily washed and cooler than wash chamolis or doeskin gloves. But the best thing that ever happened to silk gloves or cotton fabric gloves was the fact that because of the war their price went up.

For the first time people were willing to try them without feeling that in doing so they would be effecting an enormous economy. Moreover, being economical has come in favor since the war. Now, although silk gloves cost probably very little less than kid gloves did before the war, still kid gloves have gone soaring so that they are in the category of luxuries.

material which has a large oblong buckle covered with the material, or with suede in a color to match the fabric.

Doucet's jacket, which is cut out in square battlements at the neckline, where they are mounted on a strip of fur that runs up the front, is especially attractive to the individualists, and it is copied in the best of the new models.

There is no inclination in these new jackets to cling to the figure; they are as shapeless as a sacque, and they are made of heavy, shaggy materials. There is an evidence of warmth and protectiveness there, but not slenderness or curves. And yet, those who are looking for the new thing, like them better than the slim, long, pointed jacket of September.

### Harmonizing Colors.

- Red and blue.
- Blue and gold.
- Wine and black.
- Gray and flesh pink.
- Purple and gold.
- Yellow and black.
- Yellow and lavender.

## INJURY DONE BY RAT IS IMMENSE

Far Greater Than That Wrought by All Larger and Other Mammals Together.

## IS MENACE TO HUMAN LIFE

Rodents Are Almost Wholly Responsible for Perpetuation and Transmission of Bubonic Plague—Loss in Rural Districts.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A single rat does far less harm in a year than one of the larger mammals, such as a lion, tiger, or wolf; but the large mammals of prey are comparatively few in number, while rats are exceedingly abundant. North America or any other continent has probably as many rats as people—possibly two or three times as many. The destruction wrought by this vast horde of rodents is far greater than that wrought by lions, tigers, wolves and all other noxious mammals together.

Injurious insects are enormously destructive to crops. Probably their combined ravages inflict greater economic losses than do those of rats; but no one kind of insects destroys as much. The harm done by any species of insect is usually confined to certain geographic limits, rarely extending



To Combat the Rat Successfully Is Largely a Building Problem.

over large parts of a continent; that done by the rat extends over the whole world. Oceans fail to limit its activities.

### Menaces Human Life.

The rat's destructiveness is not confined to crops and property; it menaces human life as well. This rodent is responsible for more deaths among human beings than all the wars of history. Not all the fatal epidemics of the past were bubonic plague, but enough of them have been so identified to show that almost every century of the Christian era has had at least one great pandemic of this scourge which destroyed millions of the world's population. The great plague of London, which killed more than half the inhabitants that did not flee from the city, was by no means the worst outbreak recorded. The plague called "black death" devastated Europe for 50 years of the fourteenth century, destroying two-thirds to three-fourths of the population of large territories and one-fourth of all the people, or

about 25,000,000 persons. Since 1896 plague has carried away nearly 9,000,000 of the population of India alone. The disease is still entrenched in Asia, Africa, Australia and South America, and cases of it have occurred in Europe and North America.

Through the fleas that infest them, rats are almost wholly responsible for the perpetuation and transmission of bubonic plague, and it has been proved also that rats are active, although not exclusive, agents in spreading pneumonic plague. Only the prompt measures against these animals taken by the United States public health service prevented disastrous epidemics of plague in San Francisco, Seattle and Hawaii in 1909, in Porto Rico in 1912, and in New Orleans in 1914.

The entire role of the rat in transmitting diseases to man is not fully understood. Septic pneumonia and epidemic jaundice in man have been traced to the rodent, and it is known to perpetuate trichiniae in the pig. It is suspected of being a carrier of infantile paralysis, and it undoubtedly carries many kinds of infectious germs from its haunts of filth, leaving them upon human food.

### Losses Due to Rats.

The economic loss due to rats is astounding. No extensive or exact statistics on the subject are available, but surveys of conditions existing in a few of the older cities of the United States show that losses due to rats are almost in exact ratio to the populations. In rural districts the losses are much greater in proportion to inhabitants than in cities. Assuming that there are in the United States only as many rats as people, and that each rat in a year destroys property valued at \$2, the total yearly damage is about \$200,000,000. To this must be added the expense of fighting rats, including the large sums paid for traps and poisons, the keep of dogs and cats, and the labor involved. In addition the loss of human efficiency due to diseases disseminated by the rat should be considered.

## TO CONTROL INSECT DISEASE

Gardeners Are Urged to Clean Up Plots and Burn All Dead Vegetation Soon as Possible.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The United States department of agriculture has issued an appeal to gardeners in the New England states to clean up their plots and burn all the dead vegetation as soon as possible after killing frost this fall. Destruction by fire of infested stock, stubble, garden plants, and weeds after killing frost is the only known method of combating the European corn borer, a dangerous insect pest of corn new to this country, and which has been found living in corn fields of eastern Massachusetts.

If strenuous methods are not made to check this insect, according to the bureau of entomology of the department, it will spread to the great field corn producing regions of the country, do incalculable injury to the corn crop and materially reduce the prosperity as well as the food stocks of the nation.

The pest is not definitely known to occur outside of Massachusetts, but it is possible that it may be present in the other New England states. The insect came from Europe, and is especially injurious to corn in Austria-Hungary, where it has been known to destroy at least one-fourth of the entire crop in a single year. During the cold months it lives within the dead and dried roots of corn, the larger grasses, weeds, and garden plants. Therefore the ease of destroying it at this time by burning garden trash of the kind mentioned.

Discovery of the insect should be reported immediately to the state agricultural college or to the bureau of entomology, United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

### Ravages of Abortion.

A loss of \$50,000,000 annually can probably be directly traced to the ravages of the disease known as contagious abortion of cattle.

### Spread Manure at Once.

Do not allow manure to collect around the barn door and in the corral.

### Cow for Each Family.

Every family with lot space enough should keep a good cow, and should feed and house such a cow well.

### Clean Milk Utensils.

Cleanse milk pails and milking apparatus thoroughly after each milking.

### Exercise for the Calf.

Don't forget to let the calf have exercise. If it must be tied arrange so it can be let loose in daytime at least.

### Keep All Cream Clean.

Keep the cream clean at all times, and remember that it is a food which must not be allowed to spoil.

## SPANISH INFLUENZA

Do Not Fear When Fighting a German or a Germ!

By DR. M. COOK.

The cool fighter always wins and so there is no need to become panic-stricken. Avoid fear and crowds. Exercise in the fresh air and practice the three C's: A Clean Mouth, a Clean Skin and Clean Bowels. To carry off the poisons that accumulate within the body and to ward off an attack of the influenza bacillus, take a good liver regulator to move the bowels. Such a one is made up of May-apple, leaves of aloe, root of jalap, and is to be had at any drug store, and called "Pleasant Purgative Pellets."

If a bad cold develops, go to bed, wrap up well, drink freely of hot lemonade and take a hot mustard foot-bath. Have the bedroom warm but well ventilated. Obtain at the nearest drug store "Anuric Tablets" to flush the kidneys and control the pains and aches. Take an "Anuric" tablet every two hours, together with copious drinks of lemonade. If a true case of influenza, the food should be simple, such as broths, milk, buttermilk and ice-cream; but it is important that food be given regularly in order to keep up patient's strength and vitality. After the acute attack has passed, which is generally from three to seven days, the system should be built up by the use of a good iron tonic, such as "Ironic" tablets, to be obtained at some drug stores, or that well known blood-maker and herbal tonic made from roots and barks of forest trees—sold everywhere as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

## IMMORTAL SPIRIT OF FRANCE

Woman a True Type of Gallic Character That Brute Force of Guns Could Never Crush.

A tired and dusty doughboy drew up in front of a shell-battered house in Chateau Thierry and asked a Frenchwoman if he could get a drink of water.

"Oui, mon garcon," said the woman. "You come right along with me."

After the soldiers had obtained his drink and was about to depart, he remarked that her house had suffered more or less from the guns.

"Yes," was the reply, "I used it as a dressing station for the Americans who were wounded here and the Boches seemed to know about it. But it's all right. We will build it up again and everything will be the same."

She explained in detail just how she would rearrange the architecture, how the windows would be built larger.

"We will have to carry a lot of rock," she smiled. "You see, those are all shot to pieces. But it's not far to the river."

Then she turned and resumed her task of clearing away the debris that had once been the east wall of her house.—From the Stars and Stripes, Official Publication of the American Expeditionary Forces.

Of the great quantity of silk produced by China and Japan, two-thirds is retained for home use.

Statistics show a marked decrease of pauperism in Ireland.

Thousands of under-nourished people have found that

# Grape-Nuts

food—a scientific blend of nourishing cereals—helps wonderfully in building health and happiness.

Needs no Sugar

# Season's Greetings

The management extends to the people of Portales and Roosevelt County, its very best wishes for your welfare and prosperity during the New Year. May you and yours get the best there is out of life. We hope to be able to greet you many times as the years roll by, and trust that our past friendly relations may continue to the end of time. "May you live long and prosper."

## PRIDDY-FOOSHEE COMPANY

### Sale Postponed

Because of inclement weather conditions which prevented the presence of purchasers, the sale of the Kohl Garage, advertised for December 23rd, 1918, was called at the time and place advertised and postponed until Saturday, January 11th, 1919, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon. The sale will be at the northeast front door of the court house in Portales, Roosevelt county, New Mexico.  
Bessie Kohl, Administratrix.

Miss Ruth Fields, who has been with Priddy-Fooshee company for the past few months while Miss Fannie Tinsley was taking her vacation, left Thursday morning for Amarillo, Texas.

**DR. JAMES F. GARMANY**  
Physician and Surgeon  
Residence phone 191, office 188. Office in Lindsey building, Portales, New Mexico.

**DR. N. F. WOLLARD,**  
Rectal Diseases a Specialty  
Piles Cured Without the Knife  
Office at Neer's Drug Store. Office phone, 67  
wo rings, residence, 169, Portales, N. M.

**DR. M. BYRNE,**  
DENTIST  
SUCCESSOR TO DR. HOUGH  
Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Office in Reese building, over Dobb's confectionery, Portales, New Mexico.

**COMPTON & COMPTON**  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW  
Practices in all courts. Office over Humphrey Hardware store, Portales, N. M.

**GEORGE L. REESE**  
Attorney at Law  
Office up stairs, Reese Building

### For Sale

I own 160 acres land 10 miles south and east of Portales, N. W. 1 section 15, township 2 south, range 36 east. Will sell worth the money. Address J. R. True, Ryan, Oklahoma.

County Commissioner elect Charles S. Toler, was in from his ranch Wednesday of this week. He says that the snow is some fierce and the roads almost impassable. Cattle are in a bad way unless a thaw shows up before many moons.

Ed. N. Neer, district superintendent for the Continental Oil company, left Thursday morning for Alamogordo, his headquarters. Mr. Neer and family were here visiting Ed. J. and family during the holidays.

**FOR SALE** — One six horse power engine and two-inch centrifugal pump, complete with suction and discharge pipe. Also one twenty-horse power Detroit engine. See me for a bargain. U. N. Hall.

Freeze-Proof will keep your radiators from freezing this kind of weather.

### NO SEALS SOLD THIS YEAR.

The customary sale of Red Cross Christmas seals will not be held this year. It seemed best to both the American Red Cross and the National Tuberculosis Association to unite in the Red Cross Christmas Roll Call to reduce the number of appeals to the public for contributions. There will be no lessening of activities by the National Tuberculosis Association through this arrangement, as the Red Cross War Council has appropriated \$2,500,000 for anti-tuberculosis work in 1919 in lieu of the money that ordinarily would be raised by a Christmas Seal Campaign. However, every person joining the Red Cross during the Red Cross Christmas Roll Call will be awarded ten seals to be used as herebefore.

### THE RED CROSS GORDON.

An American Red Cross worker who was among those volunteering to help in the hospitals and at the station where the hospital trains arrived, overheard some of the wounded talking about the American Red Cross.

"Gee! We'd a starved if it hadn't been for the Red Cross!" said one boy, and then, laughing at his own exaggeration, he went on to explain the circumstances under which the Red Cross representative with his division had done some timely service. The Germans, of course, were to blame, for they retreated so rapidly that it was practically impossible for the supplies to keep up with the pursuing Americans.

"We cleaned up seven kilometers in less than two hours," another reclining figure explained, "and they were still going when I was knocked out. For three days I had had nothing to eat but hard tack, and for some days before the food had been monotonous—to put it mildly. So you can imagine what it meant to us boys to have the Red Cross Gordon come up with a supply of chocolate, canned peaches and other good things. It was a life saver."

\*\*\*\*\*  
 + Eighty millions of men can-  
 + not be taken out of production +  
 + for four years without incurring +  
 + losses of yield. It will be years +  
 + before their fields recuperate, +  
 + farms are restored and herds re- +  
 + stocked. Save food.  
 \*\*\*\*\*

Dr. M. Byrne, the dentist, made his customary trip to Elida this week. He reports that business there is good considering the fact that it is almost impossible for farmers to get to town.

Wednesday and Thursday mornings of this week the thermometer registered nine degrees below zero, the coldest weather known here for fifteen years.

Latest equipment for charging batteries at Braley's Service station.

Strayed—From my place 1 mile west of Portales, gray mare 4 years old, branded L.7N on right hip. Frank M. Beard.

Protect your radiator this zero weather with Johnson's Freeze Proof. — Braley's.

**Who Buys Eggs ?**  
Hubbards Grocery and Pays the High Dollar, Spot or Trade.

**J. W. Hubbard's Grocery**

Don't forget we have the Wind Mills, Eclipse, Leader, Star and Challenge, and we can make the price.

**J. B. Sledge Hardware Co.**  
PORTALES, NEW MEXICO

**MONUMENTS**

For anything in the tombstone line see me; am agent for Rapp Monument Company, formerly represented here by Inda Humphrey.

JOHN W. GEORGE

**If You Have a Printing Want**  
**WE WANT TO KNOW WHAT IT IS**  
 Putting out good printing is our business, and when we say *good printing* we don't mean fair, but the best obtainable. If you are "from Missouri" give us a trial and we will  
**Show You**