

PORTALES JOURNAL

VOLUME II

PORTALES, ROOSEVELT COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 10, 1919

NUMBER 31

Poultry Meeting

County Agricultural Agent J. B. Petersen is in receipt of a letter from Professor Lewis C. Taylor advising him of the dates that he will be here to talk to the people of the city and country about poultry. Professor Taylor is an authority on poultry raising, the most profitable breeds to raise, its care, food and all other elements that enter into the industry. With eggs bringing from sixty cents to one dollar per dozen this promises to be one of the coming industries of the nation. The letter follows:

My dear Sir: Just in from a few days trip and find yours of January 2nd, and have now to advise you that I will be with you on the 17th and 18th and would suggest a meeting for Portales people, Friday evening and the country people Saturday afternoon or evening, and a meeting with the women at any time to suit them. Yours very truly,

LOUIS C. TAYLOR,

Extension poultry husbandman. The people of Portales and surrounding country should give Professor Taylor an overflow meeting. He is here exclusively in your interests and for your welfare.

Louis Kohl, of Friona, Texas, was in Portales a few days this week attending to business matters.

Bad Hombres What

Last Sunday two young men of Tolar, Roy Eastwood and George Rogers, decided to put on a show and selected Tolar as the place blossom into full fledged desperadoes. Accordingly they hid themselves to the depot where they found the agent in blissful ignorance of the his impending danger. With true movie show bravado they rushed into the depot, flourishing their six guns and cursing in approved "Deadwood Dick", fashion. The agent hurriedly sent out a wire S. O. S. and hiked for scenes where the landscape pictured no six guns and no bold, bad highwaymen. Sheriff Arch Gregg answered the hurry-up call and, with no casualties, placed the bad actors under arrest, brought them to the county seat and, in default of one thousand dollars bond each, lodged them in the bastle. The charge is for flourishing a deadly weapon and for using abusive language.

James Warnica this week opened his tailor shop and states that he is prepared to attend to the wants of the trade.

War Souvenirs

Mrs. Dr. Bailey this week received a box from her nephew, Bailey Stewart, that contained many relics of the war. Among other things were some German helmets, gas masks, etc. Bailey has been in France for nearly a year now, some times close up to the front where shells were thick, at other times driving a motor truck after night without lights and close to the enemy trenches. Bailey has had some experiences in the past year that will last him through life.

J. B. Priddy announces that his grocery will be opened to the public some time the latter part of next week.

No. 6187

Reserve District No. 11

Report of the condition of the

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

At Portales, in the state of New Mexico, at the close of business on Dec. 31, 1918.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts, including re-discounts (except those shown in b and c)	\$299,708 18
Notes and bills re-discounted (other than bank acceptances sold) (see item 57a)	\$ 55,889 15
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	50,000 00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure postal savings deposits (par value)	1,000 00
Liberty loan bonds, 3-1-2, 4, 4-1-4 per cent, unpledged	\$3,300 00
Payments actually made on Liberty 4-1-2 per cent bonds of the Fourth Liberty Loan owned	3,800 00
Stock of Federal Reserve bank (50 per cent of subscription)	7,100 00
Value of banking house, owned and unincumbered	\$24,800 00
Equity in banking house	24,800 00
Furniture and fixtures	10,110 20
Real estate owned other than banking house	12,300 00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve bank	26,901 81
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks	33,130 62
Checks on other banks in the city or town as reporting bank (other than item 17)	1,170 29
Total of items 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18	\$34,300 81
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items	2,000 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	2,500 00
Total	\$417,831 85
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 50,000 00
Surplus fund	50,000 00
Interest and discount collected or credited, in advance of maturity and not earned (approximate)	1,269 26
Amount reserved for taxes accrued	1,762 15
Circulating notes outstanding	50,000 00
Net amounts due to national banks	4,155 08
Net amounts due to banks, bankers and trust companies (other than included in items 31 or 32)	808 66
Total of items 32 and 33	\$4,963 74
Individual deposits subject to check	181,433 92
Certificates of deposit due in less than thirty days (other than for money borrowed)	4,789 20
Cashier's checks outstanding	3,787 15
State, county, or other municipal deposits secured by pledge of assets of this bank	24,119 70
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve, items 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40 and 41	\$214,129 97
Certificates of deposits (other than for money borrowed)	23,022 35
Postal savings deposits	34 38
Total of time deposits subject to reserve, items 42, 43, 44 and 45,	\$23,056 73
Other U. S. deposits, including deposits U.S. disbursing Officers, Drouth relief fund	\$22,500 00
Cash letters of credit and travelers' checks outstanding	150 00
Total	\$417,831 85

STATE OF NEW MEXICO, COUNTY OF ROOSEVELT, SS:
I, W. B. Oldham, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. B. OLDHAM, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of January, 1919.
(SEAL) IRVINE SMITH, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest: G. M. Williamson, J. B. Priddy, T. E. Mears, Directors.

RECAPITULATION

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and discounts	\$299,708 18	Capital stock	\$ 50,000 00
U. S. bonds	51,000 00	Surplus	50,000 00
Liberty Bonds	7,100 00	Unearned interest	1,269 26
Stock in Fed'l Reserve bank	3,000 00	Reserved for taxes	1,762 15
Banking house, Fur. and Fix.	34,910 20	Circulation	50,000 00
Other real estate owned	12,300 00	Re-Discounts	55,889 15
Redemption fund, U.S.Treas	2,500 00	Deposits	264,800 44
Cash and exchange	63,202 62		
Total	\$473,721 00	Total	\$473,721 00

D. W. Jones, County Highway Superintendent, met with the board of county commissioners Tuesday. From here Mr. Jones went to Fort Sumner to meet with the commissioners there. Mr. Jones congratulated the Curry county commissioners on the fact that they would have the largest road fund for the betterment and maintenance of the county and state roads in the history of Curry county.

Mrs. A. A. Williams has yet for sale two dressers, one dining table, one cover, four chairs, one stove, one four burner oil stove, kitchen furniture, one piano, a few chickens, some canned tomatoes, three bedsteads and one sanitary cot. Any of this can be bought at a bargain.

Private L. B. Harrington arrived from Newport News, New York, Thursday of this week, having been mustered out. He says that he got as far as the embarkation port and was rearing to go the balance of the way.

Miss Sallie Nash died last Thursday from an attack of the flu. It is reported that she has three sisters living somewhere in Oklahoma.

A letter from County Commissioner Charles S. Toler, dated at Elida, says that Commissioner "Uncle" Ed Wall is improving; that he has a touch of plurisy in connection with the flu but, that barring accidents, he will be about again in a few days.

County Agricultural Agent J. B. Petersen has been assigned an office in the grand jury room up stairs in the court house. Parties having business with his department will hereafter find him there.

Coe Howard of Portales was in the city Monday attending business matters. Mr. Howard will leave shortly for Santa Fe where he will be in attendance upon the session of the legislature.—Clovis Journal.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilcox and Scott McDowell of Portales were Clovis visitors Monday night. Mr. and Mrs. Wilcox attended the opening of the Elks Bridge Tournament.—Clovis Journal.

"Rough" Reynolds returned home this week from Arizona where he had been working for the past six months.

The board of county commissioners recessed until the 20th, account of the illness of Commissioner Ed Wall.

A New Deputy Clerk

The county commissioners this week granted County Clerk Seth A. Morrison an additional clerk and he appointed his brother, Paul, to that position. The commissioners, like the public, have realized for the past year that Mr. Morrison was doing the work of several men, working nights and Sundays in order to keep the business of the office up to the minute. There is no doubt but what he has done and is now doing more actual, hard labor, than any county clerk in the state. Other counties, where the work was no more arduous, than here, have employed as many as two extra deputies, however. Mr. Morrison in his first campaign promised the voters that he would transact the business of the office with one deputy and he has carried out that promise. The time has come, however, when it is not humanly possible to do so any longer, hence the additional deputy, Paul Morrison is a young man with all the necessary ability to make good in his new job, also, he was a member of the American army and willing, though not actually in France, to meet the Hun on his own terms, confident of the American superiority and his own ability to take what was in store for him. The appointment should meet with the approval of all good citizens.

Mrs. Lila Uxer, of Austin, Texas, who has been visiting her parents here for the past few weeks, returned home the first of the week. She was accompanied by her sister, Miss Mamie.

Grandma Neely Dead

Grandma Neely was born June 30, 1833. At the age of fifteen she was converted and joined the Missionary Baptist church. She was devoted to her Christian duties through her girlhood days. On December 15, 1852, she was married to M. E. Neely in Springhill, Tennessee. To this union were born nine children, six boys and three girls. The three youngest children died in infancy. Two sons and two daughters are left to share Grandpa's sorrow. They are, T. J., of Texola, Oklahoma, Mrs. J. D. Wood, Portales, Mrs. John A. Chism, Llano, Texas, and J. M. Neely, Sheridan, Wyoming.

Some ten years after her marriage Mrs. Neely joined the Progressive Christian church with her husband, living a true Christian life until in their ripened years her husband came with her back to the Baptist church. In this church she continued until death called her home, January 8, 1919, at eight o'clock in the morning. When the summons came, Grandma was ready to go, perfectly willing to obey His call, come up higher.

Lieutenant E. L. Hinton, returned last week from Camp Sherman, Ohio, having been given his honorable discharge on account of the war being over. Lieutenant Hinton was nearly eighteen months in the service and is greatly disappointed that he did not get foreign service, however, the work he did do was fully as important and patriotic as active duty on the firing line.

No Need to Suffer

There is no necessity in Roosevelt county for people who are in destitute circumstances to suffer for want of clothing or something to eat. One case, thus far, has been reported from Redlake, that of a family of the mother and five or six children, the children ranging in age from three months to fourteen. This case was reported to the Red Cross and their needs relieved through that organization and by private subscription. The officers of the Red Cross urge upon all citizens the importance of reporting a cases of destituteness that come within their knowledge. The above case came to the attention of Roosevelt county citizens only through the columns of a Topeka Kansas newspaper. The Red Cross is prepared to relieve a where necessity is urgent and the parties worthy but it cannot do so unless they are reported to the proper officers.

Re-Elected

Mr. Joseph Boren, custodian of the county property, was this week presented with a beautifully engraved certificate which certified that he had been unanimously elected to succeed himself. The presentation was made in the office of the county clerk and in the presence of quite an audience, County Chairman Dr. J. S. Pearce making the presentation. Mr. Boren responded in one of his customary flowery and eloquent speeches, acknowledging the wisdom of the board in its choice for custodian. He will have the certificate framed and hung in a conspicuous place in the temple of justice. In fact Mr. Boren's re-appointment was an acknowledgment of two years of efficient service.

Into New Quarters

The Journal has moved into the building formerly occupied by the First National bank where has a much more desirable house. The intention is to put in an electric motor for power and to otherwise improve the equipment. It is a well known fact that the Journal does only the better grades of job printing and that its work cannot be duplicated elsewhere. The new home and equipment will add much to its efficiency.

Pay Your War Work Pledge

W. B. Oldham, collector for this county of the United War Work pledges, has a call from the state director of collection to remit the fund paid in to date. Half of the pledge should have been paid December 2nd and another payment of one-fourth nearly due. See Mr. Oldham at the First National Bank and lift his burden in the amount due from you.

Theodore Roosevelt Dead

Theodore Roosevelt died at home at Oyster bay, New York, January six, after a short illness. It is stated that he was sleeping when the end came.

County Agricultural Agent J. B. Petersen announces that he has secured the half freight rate on feed for stock. This will mean the saving of many dollars to our stock men this winter.

GUNNER DEPEW

By Albert N. Depew

EX-GUNNER AND CHIEF PETTY OFFICER, U. S. NAVY
MEMBER OF THE FOREIGN LEGION OF FRANCE
CAPTAIN GUN TURRET, FRENCH BATTLESHIP CASSARD
WINNER OF THE CROIX DE GUERRE

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CHAPTER XXI.

—18—

A Visit From Mr. Gerard.

Late that night we arrived at Dulmen, Westphalia. We were rousted out of the carriages, mustered on the platform, counted, then drilled through the streets. In spite of the lateness, the streets were pretty well filled with people, and they zig-zagged us through all the streets they could, so that all the people would have a chance to see the crazy men, as they called us. Most of the people were women, and as soon as they saw us coming, they began singing the "Watch on the Rhine" or some other German song, and it was funny to see windows opening and fat fraus, with night-caps on, sticking their heads out of the windows. They would give us a quick once-over, and pipe up like a boatswain: "Schweinhund—Vaterland—Wacht am Rhein"—all kinds of things and all mixed up. So we gave them "Tipperary" and "Pack Up Your Troubles," and showed them how to sing. Our guards had no ear for music and tried to stop us, but though they knocked several men down, we did not stop until we had finished the song. Then, after we had admitted to each other that we were not downhearted, we shut up.

We would have done so, anyway, because by this time we were on the outskirts of the town, and we needed all the breath we had. The road we were on was just one long sheet of ice, and we could hardly walk more than four steps without slipping and falling. My shoes had wooden soles, and it was just one bang after another, with the ice and myself trying to see which could hit the hardest. Every time we fell—smash! came a rifle over the back.

I was getting pretty tired, so I said to some of the fellows that I was going to sit down and rest, and they said they would also. So we dropped out and waited until the guards behind had just about caught up with us, and then we would go on. We did this several times until they got on to us, and we could not do it any more. Up the road a piece I fell again, and this time I did not care what happened, so I just sat there in the middle of the road until Fritz came up. Instead of giving me the bayonet, he made me take off my shoes—that is, he took them off of me with a knife through the strings—and I had to walk the rest of the way in my bare feet. It was about four miles altogether from the station to the camp.

When we got near the camp, all the boys came out of the barracks and lined up along the barbed wire, and yelled us a welcome. We asked them if they were downhearted, and they said no, and we said we were not either. We could hardly see them, but they began yelling again when we got nearer, and asked us, "Is there anyone there from Queenstown?" and then Hull, and Portsmouth, and Dover, and Toronto and a lot of other places.

I did not pay much attention until I heard, "Any Americans there?" and I yelled back, "Yes, where are you?" "Barracks G-B, Gruppe 3." "Where from?" I yelled. "Boston. Where're you from?" "The U. S. A. and Atlantic ports. See you later."

So, the next morning, I went over to his barracks and asked for the Yank. They pointed him out to me, where he was lying on the floor. I went over and laid down with him, and we had quite a talk. I will not give his name here for certain reasons.

He had received several wounds at the time he was taken prisoner. He had been in the Canadian service for two years. We used to talk about New York and Boston and the different places we knew in both towns, and we also talked a lot about the rotten treatment we were receiving, and tried to cook up some plan of escape. But every one we could think of had been used by some one else, and either had failed, or the Huns had fixed it so the plan could not be tried again. We doped out some pretty wild schemes at that. Altogether, we became great pals, and were together as much as possible at Dulmen. The day I left the camp, he gave me a ring made from a shell, and told me to get it safely back to the States, but some one stole it at Brandenburg. One day while I was in his barracks

an Englishman stepped out of the door for some reason or other, and though he did not say a word to Fritz, in two minutes he was dead, in cold blood. We never knew why they killed him.

At Swinemunde and Neustrelitz, I must admit that the Germans had us pretty badly buffaloed, but at Dulmen the prisoners were entirely different. Dulmen was the receiving camp for the whole western front, and the prisoners there got to be pretty tough eggs, as far as Fritz was concerned, before they had been in camp many days. They thought nothing of picking a fight with a sentry and giving him a good battle, even though he was armed with rifle and bayonet. We soon learned that unless his pals are around a German will not stand by his arguments with his fists. In other words, if he can outtalk you, he will beat you up, but if he cannot, it is a case of "Here comes Heinie going back."

The Russian prisoners at Dulmen were certainly a miserable looking bunch. They spent most of their time wandering around the Russian barracks, hunting for rotten potato peelings and other garbage, which they would eat. When they saw Fritz throw out his swill, they would dive right through the barbed wire one after another, and their hands and face and clothes were always torn from it. It was unhealthy to stand between the Russians and their garbage prey—they were so speedy that nothing stopped them.

One morning, just after barley-coffee time, I came out of the barracks and saw an Australian arguing with the sentry. I was not only curious, but anxious to be a good citizen, as they say, so I went up and slung an ear at them. The Australian had asked Fritz what had been done with the flag that the Huns were going to fly from the Eiffel tower in Paris.

That was too deep for Fritz, so the Australian answered it himself. "Don't you know, Fritz? Well, we have no blankets, you know."

Still the sentry did not get it. So the Australian carefully explained to me—so that Fritz could hear—that the Germans had no blankets and were using the flag to wrap their cold feet in.

This started a fight, of course—the German idea of a fight, that is. The sentry, being a very brave man for a German, blew his whistle very loudly, and sentries came from all directions. So we beat it to the Australian's barracks, and there I found the second American in the camp. He was a barber named Stimson, from one of the Western states. He had heard I was there as well as the Boston man in the Canadian service, but he had been too sick to look us up, and in fact did not care what happened, he was so miserable. He had been wounded several times, and died in a day or two. I never knew how he came to be in the Australian service.

Those two and myself were the only Americans I knew of in this prison camp—whether in Canadian, Australian or French service. The other two had been captured in uniform, so there was no chance of their being released.

Dulmen was very near the Dutch border and as it was quite easy to get out of the camp attempts at escape were frequent. Most of those who ran away were brought back, though. The Germans were so easy on those who tried to run away that I almost thought they were encouraging them. One chap was doing his ten days in the guardhouse for the sixth time while I was there—that is, he had just about completed his period of detention. He claimed that the sixth time he had really got across the border and was arrested in a little town by the Dutch authorities and turned over to the Germans. That is against the law in most countries, but he swore it was the truth. I am not so sure, myself. He got away for the seventh time while I was at Dulmen and was not returned.

Ten days in the guardhouse is not such a light punishment after all, because water three times a day is all the prisoner received during that time, but it is pretty mild compared to some of the things the Huns do.

One morning I thought for sure I was going cafard. I was just fed up on the whole business and sick of do-

ing nothing but suffer. So I strolled along, sticking my head into barracks doors, sometimes trying to have a talk, other times trying to pick a fight. It was all one to me: I just wanted something to do. I found what I wanted, all right.

I had quite a talk with a sentry in front of a barracks. It must have lasted three-quarters of an hour. He did not know what I was calling him, and I did not know what he was calling me. I could have handled him all right, but another sentry came up on my blind side and grabbed me and the talk was over.

They dragged me to the commander of the camp and he instructed them to give me a bath. So they took me to the bathroom, where I was stripped and lashed. All the time they were whipping me I was thinking what a joke it was on me, because I had been looking for excitement and had got more than I wanted, so I laughed and the Huns thought I was crazy sure.

I was dumped into a vat of hot water and at the same time my clothes were given a boiling, which was good for them.

Then I was forced into my wet clothes and marched back to the barracks. This bath and the stroll through the snow in wet clothes just about did for me. Nowadays, when I sit in a draft for a second and catch cold, I wonder that I am still alive to catch it. Having gone through Dixmude and the Dardanelles and the sinking of the Georgic and four German prison camps and a few other things—I shall probably trip over a hole in a church carpet and break my neck. That would be my luck.

There were all the diseases you can think of in this camp, including black cholera and typhus and somebody was always dying. We had to make coffins from any wood we could find. So it was not long before we were using the dividing boards from our bunks, pieces of flooring and, in fact, the walls of the barracks. The officers were quartered in corrugated iron barracks, so they had to borrow wood from us for their coffins. We would make the box and put the body in it, give it as much service as we could, in the way of prayers and hymns, and put it away in a hole near the barracks. There was so much of it that a single death passed unnoticed.

One morning the German sentries came to our barracks—they never came singly—and told us that an officer was going to review the prisoners and ordered us to muster up, which we did. I was the last man out of the barracks and on account of my wounds I was slower than the rest.

You understand I had had no medical treatment except crepe-paper bandages and water; my wounds had been opened by swimming from the Georgic to the Moewe and they had been put in terrible shape in the coal bunkers. On account of the poor food and lack of treatment they had not even started to heal. Incidentally, the only cloth bandages that any of us had were what we would tear from our clothes and I have seen men pick up an old dirty rag that someone else had had around his wound for a long time and bandage his own wounds with it.

So it was all I could do to drag myself along. The officer noticed that I was out of line and immediately asked my name and nationality. When he heard "American" he could not say enough things about us and called me all the swine names he could think of.

I was pretty thin at this time and getting thinner, so I figured I might just as well have it out before I starved. Besides, I thought, he ought to know that we are not used to being bawled out by German swine in this country.

So I told him so. And I said that he should not bawl Americans out, because America was neutral. He then said that as America supplied food and munitions to the allies she was no better than the rest.

Then I said: "Do you remember the Deutschland? When she entered Baltimore and New London she got all the cargo she wanted, didn't she?"

"Yes." "Well, if you send over your merchant marine they will get the same." For that answer he gave me ten days in the guardhouse. He did not like to be reminded that their merchant marine had to dive under to keep away from the Limeys.

I admit I was pretty flip to this officer, but who would not be when a slick German swine officer bawled him out?

It was while I was in the guardhouse that Mr. Gerard, the American ambassador, visited the camp. He came to this camp about every six months, as a rule. Even in the German prison camps the men had somehow got information about Mr. Gerard's efforts to improve the terrible surroundings in which the men lived. Some of the men at Dulmen had been confined in various other camps and they told me that when Mr. Gerard visited these camps all that the men did for a week or so afterward was to talk about his visit and what he had said to them. We knew Mr. Gerard had got the Germans to make conditions better in some of the worst hell-holes in Germany and the men were always glad when he came around. They felt they had some-

thing better to look forward to and some relief from the awful misery.

Mr. Gerard was passing through the French barracks and a man I knew there told him there was an American there. The Germans did not want him to see me, but he put up an argument with the commanding officer and they finally said he could interview me. I never was so glad to see anyone as I was to see him. The picture is still with me of him coming in the door. We talked for about an hour and a half, I guess, and then he got up to go and he said I would hear from him in about three weeks. Just think what good news that was to me!

They let me out of the guardhouse and I celebrated by doing all the damage to German sentries that I could do. The men in the camps went wild when they learned that Ambassador Gerard was there, for they said he was the only man in Germany they could tell their troubles to. The reason was that he was strong for the men, no matter what nationality, and put his heart into the work. I am one of those who cannot say enough good things about him. Like many others, if it had not been for Mr. Gerard I would be kaput by now.

A few days after this I was slow again as we were marching to the bread house and the guard at the door tripped me. When I fell I hurt my wounds, which made me hot. Now I had decided, on thinking it over, that the best thing to do was to be good, since I was expecting to be released, and I thought it would be tough luck to be killed just before I was to be released. But I had been in the American navy and any garby of the U. S. A. would have done what I did. It must be the training we get, for when a dirty trick is pulled off on us we get very nervous around the hands and are not always able to control them.

So I went for the sentry and walloped him in the jaw. Then I received his bayonet through the fleshy part of the forearm. Most bayonet wounds that we got were in the arm. But those arms were in front of our faces at the time. The sentries did not aim for our arms, you can bet on that. A wound of the kind I got would be nothing more than a white streak if properly attended to, but I received absolutely no attention for it and it was a long time in healing. At that, I was lucky; another bayonet stroke just grazed my stomach.

I had been at Dulmen for three weeks when we were transferred to Brandenburg, Havel, which is known as "the hell-hole of Germany" to the prisoners. It certainly is not too strong a name for it, either.

On the way we changed trains at Osnabruck and from the station platform I saw German soldiers open up with machine guns on the women and children who were rioting for food.

CHAPTER XXII.

"The Hell Hole of Germany."

On arriving at Brandenburg we were marched the three or four miles northwest to the camp. While we were being marched through the streets a woman walked alongside of us for quite a way, talking to the boys in English and asking them about the war. She said she did not believe anything the German papers printed. She said she was an Englishwoman from Liverpool and that at the outbreak of the war not being able to get out of Germany, she and her children had been put in prison and that every day for over a week they had put her through the third degree; that her children had been separated from her and that she did not know where they were.

She walked along with us for several blocks until a sentry heard her say something not very complimentary to the Germans and chased her away. When we arrived at the camp we were put into the receiving barracks and kept there six days. The condition of these barracks was not such that you could describe it. The floors were actually nothing but filth. Very few of the bunks remained; the rest had been torn down—for fuel, I suppose. (TO BE CONTINUED.)

Winnipeg's Growth.

Prior to 1870 Winnipeg was nothing more than a chief trading post of the Hudson Bay company, whose headquarters were at Fort Garry (erected in 1835), on ground now included in the city. The first house of the hamlet was built in 1800. The city was incorporated in 1873, and its growth since has been marvelous. The area of the city by 1912 was 12,700 acres. The population in 1870 was 300; in 1916 it was 162,999.

Lose Hair Suddenly.

In the western parts of New South Wales men are often denuded of all their hair. A man will go to bed apparently nothing wrong with him and wake up in the morning to find that every hair on his body has fallen out during the night. This disease has never been known to attack a woman. Once the hair falls out in this fashion, nothing yet invented will make a new crop grow.

No really great man ever thought himself so.—Hazlitt.

THE JOY OF MOTHERHOOD

Came to this Woman after Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to Restore Her Health

Ellensburg, Wash.—"After I was married I was not well for a long time and a good deal of the time was not able to go about. Our greatest desire was to have a child in our home and one day my husband came back from town with a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and wanted me to try it. It brought relief from my troubles. I improved in health so I could do my housework; we now have a little one, all of which I owe to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. O. S. JOHNSON, R. No. 8, Ellensburg, Wash.



There are women everywhere who long for children in their homes yet are denied this happiness on account of some functional disorder which in most cases would readily yield to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Such women should not give up hope until they have given this wonderful medicine a trial, and for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of 40 years experience is at your service.

Cuticura Soap
Best for Baby

Soap 25c, Ointment 25c & 50c., Talcum 25c. Sample each mailed free by "Cuticura," Dept. E., Boston.

RAT IS FRIEND OF MINERS

Workers Warned of Coming Catastrophe When the Rodents Leave Tunnel—Are Fed by Men.

Investigators of mining conditions and the peculiar dangers to which miners are subjected recently have taken much interest in the practice of Western gold miners to make pets of the rats which commonly infest mines. On the mother lode of California it has been found that the miners invariably feed the rats and take care of them, believing that the rodents are a source of protection against accident, says Our Dumb Animals. This is due, the men say, to the instinct of the rats, which warns them when a tunnel is unsafe. And when the rats leave a tunnel it is almost impossible to get the miners to work there. This recalls the belief among sailors that rats will leave a doomed ship. The miners also have found that rats are much more susceptible than humans to the dangerous gases that so often cause loss of life in the mines. Long before the miners themselves are affected by these gases the rats become sick and show symptoms of distress. So the men keep close watch of the rats' good health.

A Giveaway.

"Jones is boasting that he is a push bag sort of fellow."
"Between the lawn mower and the baby carriage, I think he ought to be."

Success is nothing more than duty well done.

Some people learn of the harmful effects of coffee by reading. Others find it out through experience. In either case it is a good idea to adopt :

INSTANT POSTUM

A delicious drink made : from the finest cereals, harmless and nourishing. Made in the cup, instantly. Saves sugar and fuel. :

BIG LIVING ROOM ALWAYS POPULAR

One of Most Essential Features
of Modern Home.

LIGHT AND AIR IMPORTANT

Furnishings That Obstruct Ventilation
and Accumulate Dust Are Detri-
ment to Both Comfort and
Health.

By WM. A. RADFORD.

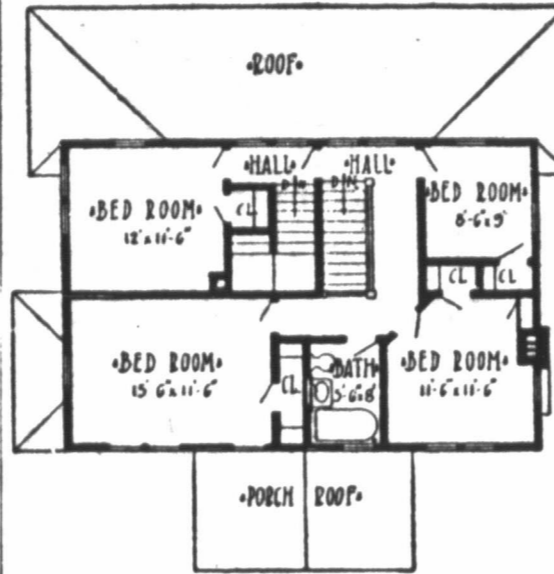
Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 1827 Prairie avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose three-cent stamp for reply.

The living room, where for the most part the family life centers, is undoubtedly the most important apartment in the entire house, and to its arrangement and furnishing careful attention should be given, lest through over-ornamentation and elaboration of detail it lose the simple cheery atmosphere that should be its chief characteristic, and without which it lacks the most essential asset to its success.

We of the present generation have come to a realizing sense of the importance of fresh air, and perfect ventilation in our homes, and the houses of today are happily being built with a view to obtaining all the air and

built for business as well as for residence purposes, but the comforts of home are not to be sacrificed to accommodate business.

This plan is arranged to keep the farm work in the rear so far as possible, leaving the front of the house to family comfort and sociability. There is a wide rear entrance to the cellar because a farm house cellar is the most important part of the house. The cellar entrance should be wide, with easy concrete steps leading down to a 4-foot door. Household supplies in the country are provided in wholesale

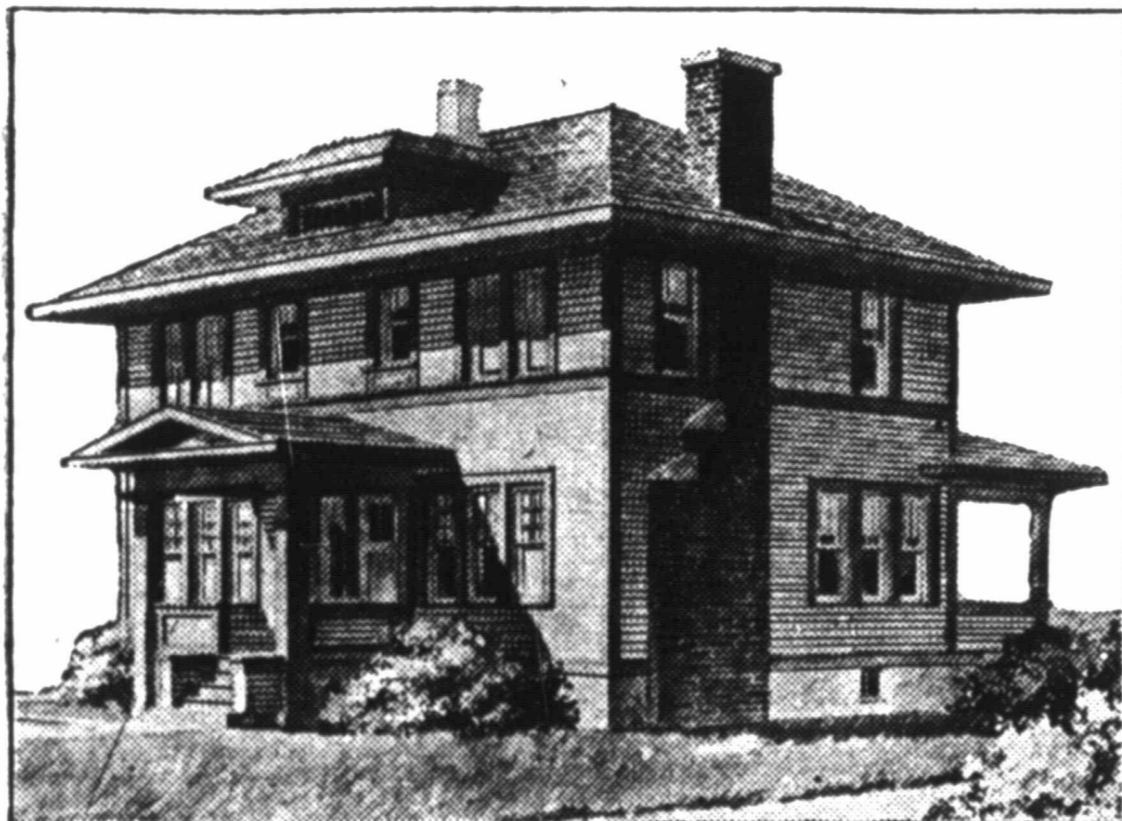


Second Floor Plan.

quantities, so that plenty of storage is required, and it should be cool, if not cold. For this reason farm cellars should be partitioned off into compartments in order to have rooms for different purposes.

Conveniences for Workers.

The floor plans of this house show conveniences for farm help, both on the first and second floors. On the first floor is a washroom with lockers so that each man may have a separate cupboard for his extra clothing. All farm hands like to have a place to

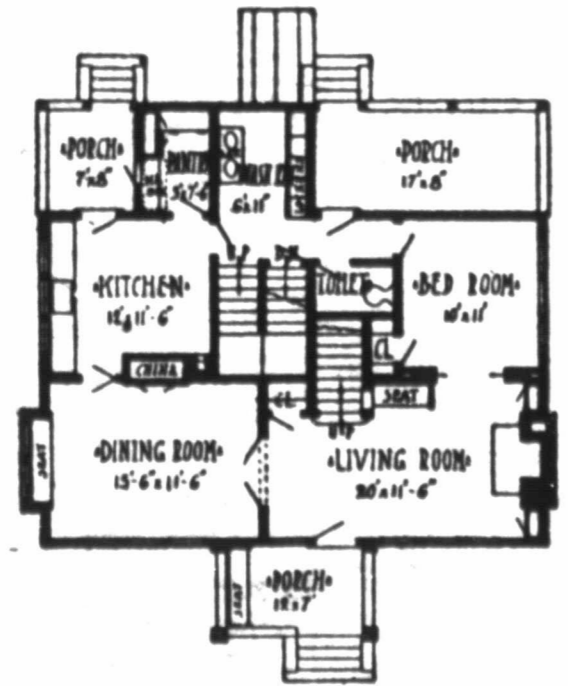


light possible in each and every apartment. Frequently, however, rooms in which the ventilation and light have been carefully attended to are robbed of their healthful atmosphere through the nature of the furniture employed and thus it will be seen that the equipment of a room is quite as important as its construction, and it is this point above all others that the housewife must bear in mind in the arrangement of the living room.

Foes to Comfort and Health.

The living rooms of yesterday were adorned with heavy curtains, fringed window cornices, crowds of ornaments, chimney boards and other devices for keeping out the air, as well as mantle curtains, picture throws, and several other dust accumulators, and it seems unfortunate that in many homes of the present some of these same undesirable adjuncts are still used, and no doubt will continue to be, until all housekeepers come to a realizing knowledge of their detriment to comfort as well as to health.

The sizable living room is just as popular with the rural women as it is



First Floor Plan.

in the cities. Notice the amplitude of the living apartments in the farm house illustrated. Here we have a full two-story country house, 37 by 32 feet 6 inches in size, including the projection at the back. It is square built and is covered with a hip roof. The plan is designed especially for the farm. Farm houses differ from town houses in many respects. They are

keep their small belongings under lock and they like to have a comfortable place to wash. The old-fashioned plan of washing in a tin basin on a bench near the pump may never go out of fashion on farms in hot weather, but for about nine months in the year a special washroom provided with hot and cold water on tap is a modern necessity on the farm.

The rooms upstairs intended for the family are in the front part of the house, and space for farm help in the room at the head of the back stair. In fact, there are two bedrooms upstairs that may be used for the help when necessary, leaving the downstairs bedroom and the two front bedrooms and the upstairs bathroom for the farmer and his family.

STRANGE INCIDENT OF WAR

How Two Young Englishmen Joined
Army Together, Fought Together,
and Were Killed Together.

More than once attention has been directed in our columns to the curious meetings, and coincidences, often stranger than fiction, brought about by the war.

Sometimes these are happy, more often tragic. Strangely enough, it is the tragic story which is frequently the more interesting.

One of the most remarkable in this category concerns two young soldiers who recently made the supreme sacrifice. They were Lance Corporal William Roe and Lance Corporal George Roe. Both were Englishmen, but natives of widely separated parts, and in no way related to each other.

Bearing the same surname, the lads were twenty years of age. Each worked for a co-operative society and was called to the colors on the same day. They were drafted to the same unit, became great chums, and received their first stripes together. After going to the front they were buried by the same shell, but came out unharmed. A couple of months later this experience was repeated, but, unfortunately with less happy results. The lads were killed at the same moment.—Montreal Herald.

An individual drinking cup is made of aluminum and oiled silk and folded up like a purse.

WORK OF COUNTY AGENT IN SOUTH

Satisfactory System Has Been
Firmly Established in
Several States.

PROGRESS HAS BEEN RAPID

Recent Report Shows Status of De-
velopment of Organization, and
Discusses Some of Problems
Which Have Been Met.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

That the county-agent plan of carrying agricultural information to the farmer is firmly established as a satisfactory system in 15 southern states is shown in a review by officials of the United States department of agriculture of progress made during the last calendar year. A report of this work recently made public shows the status of this rapidly developing agricultural organization in the South during 1916, and also discusses some of the problems which are being met in the effort to increase this service in accordance with the country's emergency agricultural needs. The confidence of the states in the county-agent plan is shown by the fact that most of the legislatures in the South are making liberal appropriations to aid in its support.

Number of Extension Workers.

There were employed in the 15 southern states during the year 890 regular county agents, 28 assistant county agents, 31 boys' club agents and 66



One of Branches of County Agent
Work in South is Interesting Boys
in Better Farm Methods.

colored men agents for work among colored people. Each state also has a director of extension and a state agent or assistant director in charge of the work of the county agents. Women engaged in the home-demonstration work numbered 576. Of these 13 are state agents in charge of the work in their respective states, 41 are assistants and district agents, and 513 county women agents and 7 colored home-demonstration agents.

Increase in Community Organizations.

Progress in organizing the county agents' work in the South this year was gratifying, officials of the department of agriculture say. The last annual report shows the formation of 1,654 community organizations of farmers, with a membership of 44,548. The report for the present year shows an increase to 2,508 organizations with a membership of 78,660. This report does not include co-operative organizations not formed by county agents, even though they gave active support and assistance to the county representative and served in the capacity of a local community organization. Such associations include local granges, farmers' unions and church and civic organizations of varied character. It is estimated that 200,000 farmers are enrolled in all these community organizations which are assisting county agents.

PROFITABLE FARM SIDE LINE

One That Can Be Worked at Odd
Times When Other Work is Slack
Will Boost Income.

A profitable side line that can be worked at odd times when other work is slack will go far toward boosting the income of the average farm. Where there is a ledge of salable stone a quarry may be made to fill in the gaps in the labor schedule, or an outcropping of limestone may be made profitable to the advantage of the whole neighborhood by the installation of a stone crusher.

Don't Pamper Ducks.

Do not pamper ducks or they will stay near the house waiting to be fed. Let them forage for their living and they can be raised at very little expense.

Shelter Will Save Feed.

The man who wishes to save on his feed bill should provide his stock with suitable shelter during the winter.

Since this report was made there has been a great increase in this work. At the present time the total number of agents is approximately 2,200, consisting in part of 980 county agents, 815 county home demonstration agents and 85 negro agents (men) and 70 women.

SYSTEMATIC BATTLE WILL STOP RODENTS

Little Animals Extort Heavy Toll
From the Farmer.

Annual Loss Caused to Crops Esti-
mated at \$300,000,000—Active Co-
operation of Neighbors Need-
ed for Extermination.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Systematic and organized campaigns, in which the entire community is interested, are suggested as means of successfully exterminating injurious rodent pests on the farm by the bureau of biological survey of the United States department of agriculture. There are about 750 forms of rodents inhabiting the United States, and the annual loss which they cause in food and feed crops is estimated at fully \$300,000,000. They feed upon crops in the field and in storage, in some cases destroying grass land so completely that erosion follows. In the irrigated sections of the West some species burrow through the dikes, releasing the water and flooding the crops. Methods of exterminating these pests by trapping and poisoning, which the individual farmer as well as the community can employ, are told in Farmers' Bulletin 932, recently published by the United States department of agriculture.

Any farmer may, by care and industry, free his own premises of harmful rodents, but he is helpless to prevent an early recurrence of the trouble unless he can secure the active co-operation of his neighbors. The department of agriculture urges, therefore, that whenever possible the destruction of these pests be a community undertaking. In the past, individual efforts often supplemented by the payment of bounties by state, county or township have been only partially successful in reducing rodent depredations. In many western counties the amount paid out in a single year for bounties on pocket gophers and ground squirrels, would, if wisely expended in poisoning operations such as have been practiced under government supervision on public lands, secure the destruction of nearly every such animal in the county and make unnecessary much further outlay for the purpose.

A few of the rodents which inhabit the United States are not classed as injurious as they live in deserts, mountains or swamps and rarely come in contact with cultivated crops. Some are valuable because they feed largely upon insects, some because they produce fur and others because they are useful as human food. Of the injurious species all are native to this country with the exception of four—the house mouse and three kinds of rats—but these four cause approximately two thirds of all the damage. Field mice, kangaroo rats, pocket gophers, ground squirrels, prairie dogs, woodchucks, and rabbits are among the most destructive of the native species.

Chickens on Every Farm.

A hundred hens on each farm and a hundred eggs per hen each year will give Americans five billion dozen eggs. Something to crow over!

Causes of Much Damage.

Lice, mites and fleas are often the causes of serious damage among the farm flock.

SMUTS DESTROY MUCH WHEAT

Farmer Can Do Nothing More Patri-
otic Than Treat Seed—it is
Inexpensive and Sure.

Preventable smuts destroy enough wheat every year to make 4,000,000 barrels of flour, oats enough to feed 1,000,000 cavalry horses, and barley and rye enough for 400,000 barrels of wheat substitutes. You can do nothing more patriotic than treat your seed. Simple, inexpensive, sure. For information write to your state extension department or the United States department of agriculture. Do it now.

Hogging Off Corn Crop.

Hogging off corn has been tested thoroughly at several agricultural experiment stations and by practical hog raisers, and the practice is strongly recommended.

Cool Cream Immediately.

The cream must be cooled immediately after it is skimmed and warm cream must never be added to cold.

A Chicago servant girl recently stayed at one place six months. Then she was discharged—from the hospital.

Most men would rather give good advice away than keep it themselves.

ASTHMADOR
GUARANTEED
TO INSTANTLY RELIEVE
ASTHMA
OR MONEY REFUNDED—ASK ANY DRUGGIST

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Prints 2x4 1/2 or smaller, 4c. 3x4 1/2 and up to 12x, 5c. Post cards 5c each. Remittance must accompany order, or we will ship C. O. D. We do not sacrifice quality for speed. Let our film experts give you better results.
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Auto fenders and bodies straightened out as good as new.
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Our specialties: Replacing leaky, smashed up and frozen radiators. We do not plug holes but we replace old tubes with new tubes. 208 W. SECOND ST.

Clean Your Clothes
to look like new at largest place in city. Wrap in paper, send Parcel-post; we do the rest promptly.

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420 NORTH BROADWAY OKLAHOMA CITY

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One or a carload of vigorous, rugged beef bulls in ready for service. Always we hand out the best. LOOKABAUGH & CO. Sales and Beginners Dept. 120 Exchange Bldg. Stock Yards, Oklahoma City

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416 N. Broadway, Oklahoma City
Quick service on Re-tread and Vulcanizing. All work guaranteed. Largest tire shop in the State. WRITE OR CALL.

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Home of Diamond Tires. Factory methods in vulcanizing and retreading. Retreads guaranteed 2500 miles.

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Bronchial Troubles
Soothe the irritation and you relieve the distress. Do both quickly and effectively by using promptly a dependable remedy—

PISCO'S

THE PORTALES JOURNAL

Entered as second-class matter June 6, 1917, at the post office at Portales, N. M. under Act of March 3, 1879.

H. B. RYTHER, Manager

Published every Friday at Portales, New Mexico, and devoted to the upbuilding of Roosevelt County, the garden spot of the Sunshine State.

One Year..... \$1.00
Six Months..... .50
Three Months..... .25

A DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER

THE NEW EQUIPMENT

The town of Portales has installed, at great expense, the best power equipment that is to be had for money. It would well repay every citizen for his time and effort to make a visit to the town plant and have a look for himself. This equipment was put in for the sole purpose of furnishing service to the citizens of the town, but this object can be attained only in one way, that is for the citizenship to avail itself of the opportunities afforded. The entire system belongs to the people of the city, is managed for them and their convenience. If it patronized liberally, it will succeed and prove a boom to all, if not, it will prove a failure and a useless expenditure of money. The town board has no more interest in this matter than has any other citizen. It has done its best in providing the equipment and promulgating rates for service that will pay the opening expenses. It makes no profit from this service, nor hopes for profit beyond that of the average citizen. An effort is being made to secure a day load that will make it possible to furnish continuous service, a demand that heretofore has been impossible to meet. Whether this continuous service may be maintained depends entirely upon the load factor secured. The rates have been made much lower than is customary in other cities and towns, and it was made lower for the sole purpose of encouraging connections. The whole idea of this city plant is to render a needed service to the public but this cannot be done compulsorily. If the people of the town will not patronize their own institution then must it fail of its purpose. In the past there has been much of grief and worry, both for the town officials and the consumers, but this grief has been overcome and the service that will be rendered will not be surpassed by that of any city in the nation, except as to volume. It is hoped that the public will look at this matter in the proper light and give it that consideration its importance merits. It is your affair and its success or failure rests entirely in your hands.

The railroad officials want the roads turned back to them, but they also want the bridge pulled off and a free hand given to make any sort of combination that may look good to them, and that will help to milk the public dry. And there will be many who will favor the milking process.

Notwithstanding the fact that the Associated Press is supposed to furnish a non-partisan news service it nevertheless permits its rabid Republicanism to distort the facts and, in some instances, to prevaricate, in that service.

The native, or Spanish-Americans, have a half-Nelson on the Larrazolo ear, and common white folks won't get a look in.

In Our New Home

At last we are in our new home and we want you to come in and see us. It is the same bank it was before we moved. We are your friend and we want you to know it.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

"The Bank Where You Feel at Home."

Buick Automobiles

*The Highest Type of Beauty
World's Standard in Service*

W. B. OLDHAM, MONROE HONEA



RICHELIEU

RICHELIEU COFFEE. Its flavor and aroma cannot be surpassed. Do you drink it? If not, TRY IT.

JOYCE-PRUIT COMPANY

The new governor will accomplish the impossible. He will cause two blades of grass to grow where but one grew before. Formerly there was but one private secretary in the gubernatorial office, now there will be two salary attachments where but one grew previously.

And now there is to be a new office created, that of assistant secretary to the governor. Apparently, there are not enough jobs to go around and a few more must be incubated in order that needy Republicans may get their nose in the public crib.

The boys in khaki returning home from foreign service and the training camps are not falling over themselves, to any appreciable extent, in order to homologate with the slackers who evaded the draft.

What should you do after the "flu"? Use Dolge Disinfecting Candles. --- Portales Drug Store.

Get your two-way Benjamin sockets, so you can iron and have light at the same time, at Braley's Service Station.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF ROOSEVELT COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.
In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of Lois Bow, Deceased } No. 165.

NOTICE TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
Notice is hereby given that an instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of Lois Bow, deceased, has been filed for probate in the probate court of Roosevelt County, New Mexico, and that by order of said court the fourth day of March, 1919, at the hour of one o'clock, p. m., at the office of said probate court, at the courthouse, in the Town of Portales, New Mexico, is the day, time and place set for hearing proof in support of said last will and testament. Therefore any person or persons wishing to enter objections to the probating of said last will and testament are hereby notified to file their objections in the office of the County Clerk of said County of Roosevelt, on or before the time set for said hearing.
Dated at Portales, New Mexico, this 8th day of January, 1919.
(SEAL) SETH A. MORRISON, County Clerk.
By A. J. GOODWIN, Deputy.

Besides such incidental benefits as the improvement in figure and health that we've reaped from our mentless, wheatless days, think of the fun we've had out of them—the new crop of jokes, jibes, topical songs and cartoons to replace the mother-in-law joke and the boost to our reputation for ready humor!



America's food pledge
20 million tons

Notice of Trustee's Sale

Whereas, James H. Fletcher and Ruth Fletcher, his wife, and K. T. Fletcher and Leapha Fletcher, his wife, of the County of Jefferson, State of Oklahoma, did execute and deliver a certain deed of trust bearing date the 20th day of September, 1915, to James A. Hall as trustee, for the benefit and security of Max Buchmann of Alamogosa, in the State of Colorado, which deed of trust was recorded in the office of the County Clerk of the County of Roosevelt, State of New Mexico, on the 6th day of October, 1915, in book one of trust deeds, at page seven thereof; and

Whereas, default has been made by the said James H. Fletcher and Ruth Fletcher, his wife, and K. T. Fletcher and Leapha Fletcher, his wife, and by their assigns as well, in the payment of the promissory note and interest coupons secured by said deed of trust, and the said Max Buchmann, the legal holder of said note and interest coupons did, on the 11th day of October, 1918, demand that said trustee, James A. Hall, should forthwith proceed to sell the lands, tenements and hereditaments in said deed of trust described;

Now, therefore, pursuant to the said request, and in accordance with the terms and under the authority of the said deed of trust, the said James A. Hall, as such trustee, does hereby give notice that on the third day of February, 1919, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the northeast front door of the court house in the town of Portales, County of Roosevelt, State of New Mexico, he will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for current lawful money of the United States of America, all that certain piece, parcel, tract, and lot of land, with the appurtenances, situated, lying and being in the County of Roosevelt, State of New Mexico, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

The northeast quarter (NE 1-4) of northwest quarter (NW 1-4); northwest quarter (NW 1-4) of northeast quarter (NE 1-4); south half (S 1-2) of northeast quarter (NE 1-4); southeast quarter (SE 1-4); and southeast quarter (SE 1-4) of southwest quarter (SW 1-4); all in section twelve (12); and the northeast quarter (NE 1-4) of the northwest quarter (NW 1-4) and north half (N 1-2) of the northeast quarter (NE 1-4), all in section thirteen (13); all being in township two (2) south of range thirty-four (34) east of New Mexico Meridian, containing four hundred eighty (480) acres.

Dated the second day of January, 1919.
JAMES A. HALL, Trustee.
Portales, New Mexico.

For all kinds of
Sanitary Work

see me or 'phone 70.

Keep your premises clean and conform to the ordinance. Work under supervision of the city officers.

T. B. BAKER,
Sanitary Officer.

JAMES A. HALL
Attorney At Law
U. S. Commissioner

Homestead Applications, Final Proofs, Etc.—Office in Howard Block, Phone 60

DUDLEY B. WILLIAMS, M.D.
Office in rear of First National Bank, office phone No. 60, residence phone No. 90. Calls answered day and night.
PORTALES, NEW MEXICO

Am prepared to handle some good land loans. W. B. Oldham.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Original 011197, Add. 016208
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., December 6, 1918.
Notice is hereby given that S. Leeroy Baugh, of Emzy, N. M., who, on Feb. 9th, 1914, made original homestead entry No. 011197, for northwest quarter section 27, and on March 1st, 1917, made additional homestead entry No. 016208, for lots 1, 2, 3, 4, section 22, lots 1, 2, section 27, township 5 south, range 37 east, New Mexico Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Will A. Palmer, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Emzy, N. M., on the 15th day of Jan. 1919. Claimant names as witnesses: William F. Greer, Jesse M. Campbell, Rubier L. Waller, John W. Stone, all of Emzy, N. M. W. R. MCGILL, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

032850 043764
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., Dec. 9, 1918.
Notice is hereby given that Joe Addie Hill, of Lingo, N. M., who, on Sept. 13, 1915, made homestead entry 032850 for southeast quarter, south half north half section 31, township 7 south, range 38 east, and on June 12, 1918, made additional homestead entry for lots 1, 2, south half northeast quarter, southeast quarter, section 1, township 8 south, range 37 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Will A. Palmer, U. S. Commissioner, at Emzy, N. M., on the 25th day of January, 1919.
Claimant names as witnesses: Thomas J. Keller, of Allie, N. M., Robert L. Finley, of Bluit, N. M., Joseph E. Richardson, of Bluit, N. M., Walton T. Bankston, of Bluit, N. M. EMMETT PATTON, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

043881 043883
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, Dec. 6, 1918.
Notice is hereby given that Albert Franklin Fails, of Minesand, N. M., who, on June 12, 1918, made homestead entry 043881 for north half section 14, and Add. homestead entry No. 043883, for south half section 11, township 8 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before R. H. Grissom, U. S. Commissioner, at Elida, N. M., on the 17th day of January, 1919.
Claimant names as witnesses: Thomas M. Parkinson, Beulah E. Herrington, Albert E. Williamson, John W. Williamson, all of Minesand, N. M. EMMETT PATTON, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

043919
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, Dec. 21, 1918.
Notice is hereby given that Matthew R. Rolston, of Minesand, N. M., who, on June 15, 1918, made homestead entry No. 043919, for west half section 25, township 8 south, range 36 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before James A. Hall, U. S. Commissioner, at Portales, N. M., on the 3rd day of February, 1919.
Claimant names as witnesses: Arch L. Greer, Portales, N. M.; Jess M. McCormack, of Portales, N. M.; Sam Rogers, Minesand, N. M.; Richard O. Rogers, of Minesand, N. M. EMMETT PATTON, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

MK 033563
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, Dec. 30, 1918.
Notice is hereby given that William S. Moore, of Richland, N. M., who, on Dec. 20, 1915, made homestead entry, No. 033563, for southeast half north half, north half south half, section 8, township 7 south, range 36 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before R. H. Grissom, U. S. Commissioner, at Elida, N. M., on the 14th day of February, 1919.
Claimant names as witnesses: John W. Stigall, William Jewell, James H. Henderson, Tony Jewell, all of Richland, N. M. EMMETT PATTON, Register.

NOTICE OF PENDENCY OF SUIT

The state of New Mexico, To A. M. Halford, Elizabeth Cochran, Marietta, Fredrick Charles Halford, Daniel Halford, Benjamin F. Halford, Silas B. Halford, Lizzie Halford, Nannie May Halford, Eddie Halford, Pearl Billingaly, John B. Halford, Myrtle Halford, Willie May Halford, Mead Halford, all unknown, heirs at law of James B. Halford, deceased, and all other persons having any interest in the premises. Defendants, greeting.

You are hereby notified that suit has been filed against you, and each of you, in the district court of the Fifth judicial district of the state of New Mexico, in and for Roosevelt county, wherein the above named parties, and Mary J. Halford, and James B. Halford, Jr., are defendants, and J. H. Halford is plaintiff, in a suit being numbered 1439 upon the civil docket of said court. The general objects of said action are as follows: The plaintiff, J. H. Halford, as administrator of the estate of James B. Halford, deceased, alleges that James B. Halford, deceased, on the twenty-second day of February, 1918, and that he, the said J. H. Halford, is the duly appointed qualified and acting administrator of the partnership estate of the said deceased, that he and the deceased were partners at the time of the death of the deceased and for some time prior thereto, that he as said administrator has sold all the personal estate of said deceased belonging to said partnership, which said personal estate brought the sum of \$405.00, that the claims and accounts against said estate allowed by the probate court of said county amount to the sum of \$29.22, and that the outstanding accounts not allowed, and the expenses of administration will amount to the sum of approximately \$37.00, that said deceased, at the time of his death owned an undivided one-half interest, and title in and to the west half of section thirty-six in township six south of range thirty-five east of the New Mexico meridian, New Mexico, that said real estate is incumbered by a mortgage for the sum of \$1000.00, that the personal estate, and the proceeds thereof are wholly insufficient to pay off and discharge the debts allowed, and to be paid, against said estate, and the plaintiff prays that the court order the interest of the deceased in and to said real estate sold for the purpose of paying off and settling of said debts against his estate, and that the partnership estate of the deceased be settled and closed, and for general relief. You are further notified that unless you, the said defendants, enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 7th day of January, 1919, the plaintiff will take judgment against you, and each of you, by default, and will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint. You are further notified that George J. L. Reese is attorney for the plaintiff and that his post office address is Portales, N. M. Witness my hand and the seal of said court on this third day of December 1918.
(SEAL) SETH A. MORRISON, County Clerk.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Original 011094, additional 015550
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Nov. 21st 1918.
Notice is hereby given that Leonidas Beatty, of Portales, N. M., who, on December 1st, 1913, made original homestead entry, number, 011094, for southwest quarter, south half southeast quarter, section 29, east half southeast quarter section 30, and on May 17th, 1918, made additional northeast serial 015550 for north half section 30, township 1 north range 34 east N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before James A. Hall, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Portales, N. M., on the 8th, day of January 1919.
Claimant names as witnesses: Lee Garrett, William H. Beck, Robert L. Wood, Samuel H. Stinnett, all of Portales, N. M. W. R. MCGILL, Register.

A Bank of Service

Our Bank is distinctly "A Bank of Service." By a bank of service we mean a bank that can and does fill the wants of the community, and it can fill your wants, also. Come in, let's talk it over.

SECURITY STATE BANK

UNDER STATE SUPERVISION

Farm Loans



Money in Hand
When Papers
Are Signed.

COE HOWARD

At Security State Bank

...THE LID IS OFF...

The government now permits you to build buildings not exceeding \$10,000 in cost without permit, and up to \$25,000 under permit from the state council of defense. But remember, all the world is starting to build, and there is no surplus of building material.

Now, today, we are able to help you build, but with a demand ahead of us beyond the human mind to comprehend, there is no telling when that world demand is going to pass the possible source of supply, and then someone will be cut off.

We want to impress on you, with all the force that we can, that now is the time to get busy with your building. Come in, get your estimates, if you can't build now, make arrangements to get your materials later. That's the only way to be sure.

BUILD YOU A HOME

Portales Lumber Company

A. D. RIBBLE, Manager

Telephone No. 10

Telephone No. 10

Braley's Insurance Agency

EVERY KIND OF INSURANCE
EXCEPT LIFE.

"We Know How"

PORTALES,

NEW MEXICO

Generous Doing Without in America Supplied Food to Europe.

Exports from this country since it entered the war have kept starvation from Allied Europe and have maintained the health and strength of those who have been bearing the brunt of our battles, so that they could hold out to victory. Now that hostilities have ceased we must assume the added burden of keeping starvation from increasing its toll upon the millions who have been liberated from the Prussian yoke. Famine would undo the work which has been accomplished in freeing the world for democracy. No stable government can be established and maintained by a nation harassed by hunger. A starving people turns to rioting and anarchy. Food has given strength and courage to the nations fighting for democracy; it must now give the nations strength and tranquillity to re-establish themselves in freedom and democracy. Without our help it would have been absolutely impossible for the Allies to maintain a living ration. Since our entry into the war we have been contributing largely to the support of one hundred and twenty million people whose normal food supplies have been cut off, whose production has fallen almost to the vanishing point, whose fields have been devastated by Germany. The food exported from the United States in the past year has been sufficient to supply the complete ration of twenty-two million people.

It is hard to grasp the magnitude and significance of the assistance which has been lent the Allies by the patriotic, voluntary service of the American people. The food we sent abroad last year would have been sufficient to feed one-fifth of our population. And this was done in spite of the fact that we entered the year with short crops. Our surplus was practically nothing. An overwhelming proportion of the food that left this country last year was saved out of the normal home consumption of our own people.

In spite of difficulties met in international transportation and shortage of ocean tonnage our food exports last year amounted to a figure that a few years ago would have been unbelievable. Even the most optimistic element of our population faced with anxious consternation the prospect which opened before us with the beginning of the 1917 harvest year.

The American people have not been compelled to save. They have been appealed to on the basis of humanity and of patriotism. They have responded voluntarily.

What should you do about the "flu?" Use Dolge Disinfecting Candles.--Portales Drug Store.

Winter Hats--Winter hats at your own price, also a few coats. Call at Whitcomb-Williams Millinery and Ready-to-Wear house, in the building with Whitcomb jewelry store.

The largest and best assortment of tires and tubes in Roosevelt county (prices are right) Braley's Service Station.

WINTER HATS--Winter hats at your own price, also a few coats. Call at Whitcomb-Williams Millinery and Ready-to-Wear house, in the building with Whitcomb jewelry store.

We will take your Baby and Liberty bonds at face value payment for our goods. Braley's Service Station.

DR. JAMES F. GARMANY
Physician and Surgeon
Residence phone 193, office 188. Office in Liberty building, Portales, New Mexico.

DR. N. F. WOLLARD,
Rectal Diseases a Specialty
Piles Cured Without the Knife
Office at Neer's Drug Store. Office phone, two rings, residence, 169, Portales, N. M.

DR. M. BYRNE,
DENTIST
SUCCESSOR TO DR. HOUGH
Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Office in Reese building, over Dobb's confectionery, Portales, New Mexico.

COMPTON & COMPTON
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
Practices in all courts. Office over Humphreys Hardware store, Portales, N. M.

GEORGE L. REESE
Attorney at Law
Office up stairs, Reese Building

Ranch for Sale

I have a good ranch to sell--plenty of water and good grass, about twenty miles from R. R.; about a section of land heavy timber around headquarters, the rest prairie land. Will sell so as a man can run from five hundred to a thousand head of cattle and sell it at a bargain, and give five per cent commission to the man who sells this ranch first. Write or see. Address,

W. O. DUNLAP,
Dunlap, New Mexico.

Get your batteries charged at Braley's Service station.

For Sale

I own 160 acres land 10 miles south and east of Portales, N. W. 1/4 section 15, township 2 south, range 36 east. Will sell worth the money. Address J. R. True, Ryan, Oklahoma.

Am prepared to handle some good land loans. -- W. B. Oldham.

FOR SALE or TRADE--One second-hand Chevrolet touring car, good condition. Will trade for cattle, horses or mules. E. A. Herndon, Portales, New Mexico, phone 178.

Latest equipment for charging batteries at Braley's Service station.

FOR SALE -- One six horse power engine and two-inch centrifugal pump, complete with suction and discharge pipe. Also one twenty-horse power Detroit engine. See me for a bargain. U. N. Hall.

Freeze-Proof will keep your radiators from freezing this kind of weather.

TO TRADE--House and lot, (Cottage Studio). Prefer small tract of shallow water land. -- Whiteman at Journal office.

FOUND--A set of wagon bows, owner can have same by calling at this office, proving property and paying for this notice.

Strayed--From my place 1 mile west of Portales, gray mare 4 years old, branded L.7N on right hip. Frank M. Beard.

Protect your radiator this zero weather with Johnson's Freeze Proof. -- Braley's.

Leach Coal Co.

DEALERS IN

Coal, Grain

SOME ICE ALSO
SPECIALIZES IN COAL

Chandler Lump, Nigger Head and Smithing Coal

Telephone 3, Portales, New Mexico

Ed J. Neer, Undertaker Embalmer

LICENSED BY STATE BOARD

Calls answered day or night. Office phone, 67 two rings, residence, 67 three rings. Agent for Roswell and Amarillo Greenhouses. Portales, New Mexico.

BONDED ABSTRACTERS

Carter-Robinson Abstract Co.

LEE CARTER, Manager

Abstracts, Insurance, Notary Public. Portales, New Mexico



Back Feel Achy After Grip?

COLDS and influenza leave thousands with weak kidneys and aching backs. The kidneys have to do most of the work of fighting off a cold or a contagious disease. They weaken—slow up. Then you feel dull and draggy, irritable or nervous, and have headaches, dizzy spells, lame back, backache, sore joints and irregular kidney action. Give the kidneys quick help and avoid serious kidney troubles. *Doan's Kidney Pills* are always in unusual demand after grip epidemics as so many people have learned their reliability. *Doan's* are used the world over. They are recommended by your own friends and neighbors.

Personal Reports of Real Cases

AN OKLAHOMA CASE.

F. J. Fritz, butcher, Broadway, Weatherford, Okla., says: "A great deal of horseback riding, exposure and being on my feet for long periods as well as being in a cold room considerably, tended to cause my kidneys to become disordered. There was a tender feeling across my back just over my kidneys. These organs were disordered, also. I had known of *Doan's Kidney Pills* for a long time, so I bought some. Several boxes afforded me much relief and I soon found it unnecessary to take any further medicine."

AN OKLAHOMA CASE.

Mrs. James Manning, 312 Summit Ave., Lawton, Okla., says: "I suffered severe pains across my kidneys and through my shoulder blades. I believe the trouble was caused by a cold, which settled on my kidneys. I felt miserable all over and frequently had spells of languidness. When on my feet very much, my back ached terribly. I started to use *Doan's Kidney Pills* and in less than a week the pains left my back and I was no longer bothered by languidness."

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

60c a Box at All Stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y. Mfg. Chem.

Chopping Him Off.

"Say!" snarled an impatient customer in the rapid-fire restaurant. "Do I get a little service, or don't I?" "What d'ye want—to have year beams loaded into a glass pistol and shot into yeh?" sarcastically returned Heloise, the waitress.—Kansas City Star.

To keep clean and healthy take Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach. Adv.

A bright man usually looks on the bright side of life.

To be content is the greatest of riches.

Don't wait until your cold develops Spanish Influenza or pneumonia.

Kill it quick.



Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

W. N. U., Oklahoma City, No. 49-1918.

GOOD-BYE BACKACHE, KIDNEY AND BLADDER TROUBLES

For centuries all over the world GOLD MEDAL Haarem Oil has afforded relief in thousands upon thousands of cases of lame back, lumbago, sciatica, rheumatism, gallstones, gravel and all other affections of the kidneys, liver, stomach, bladder and allied organs. It acts quickly. It does the work. It cleanses your kidneys and purifies the blood. It makes a new man, a new woman, of you. It frequently wards off attacks of the dread and fatal diseases of the kidneys. It often completely cures the distressing diseases of the organs of the body allied with the bladder and kidneys. Bloody or cloudy urine, sediment, or "brickdust" indicate an unhealthy condition.

Do not delay a minute if your back aches or you are sore across the loins or have difficulty when urinating. Go to your druggist at once and get a

box of imported GOLD MEDAL Haarem Oil Capsules. They are pleasant and easy to take. Each capsule contains about one dose of five drops. Take them just like you would any pill. Take a small swallow of water if you want to. They dissolve in the stomach, and the kidneys soak up the oil like a sponge does water. They thoroughly cleanse and wash out the bladder and kidneys and throw off the inflammation which is the cause of the trouble. They will quickly relieve those stiffened joints, that backache, rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, gallstones, gravel, "brickdust," etc. They are an effective remedy for all diseases of the bladder, kidney, liver, stomach and allied organs. Your druggist will cheerfully refund your money if you are not satisfied after a few days' use. Accept only the pure, original GOLD MEDAL Haarem Oil Capsules. None other genuine.—Adv.

POULTRY

CARE OF PROMISING PULLETS

Unprofitable to Waste Feed on Under-sized Birds—Layer is Worthy of Good Feed.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

It may pay to keep late-hatched pullets that are well grown for their age even though they should not lay until midwinter, but an early-hatched pullet that is undersized at this season will never make a good hen. To get all that is possible out of all the promising pullets good care and good feeding should be the rule at all stages. It is impossible to grow pullets carelessly and on short rations until they reach the age when they should be full grown and mature, and then bring them forward quickly by a short course of good management.

A pullet that is worth keeping as a layer is worth good care and full rations all the time. A pullet that is not considered worth keeping should be eaten or marketed as soon as she is eatable. The one exception to this is where there is more than enough waste feed for all the poultry kept. Even then it will pay better to sell the unthrifty birds as soon as their character is apparent and to buy good, thrifty ones to replace them.

DETERMINE SEX IN CHICKS

Difficult to Distinguish Until Head Parts Begin to Develop, Says Oklahoma Expert.

A correspondent asks if there is any way of telling a male chick from a female when they are a week old. The Leghorns are probably the quickest breed to develop, but even with these it would be a hard matter to tell a cockerel from a pullet at so early an age. You will have to wait until the head parts begin to develop to have the difference indicated, according to Prof. Harry Embleton of the department of poultry husbandry at Oklahoma A. and M. college.

FALL WORK WITH POULTRY

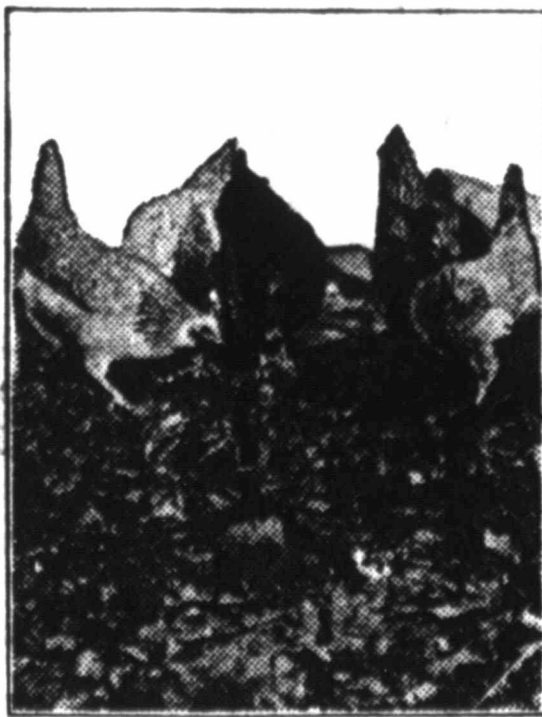
Overcrowding is Liable With Growing Chicks Unless Closely Watched—Three Big Points.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Growing chicks should be looked after very closely, as overcrowding is liable to happen, owing to the fact that the chicks are getting larger and need more room. This is a very important point. Care given the flock at this time means a profit; lack of care, a loss. The three important points are (1) fresh air, especially during the night, (2) fresh water at all times and (3) clean quarters.

In every instance where egg production is the end sought, the pullets should be put into winter quarters as soon as possible. Their winter quarters should be ready in advance. At this season cockerels should be selected for next spring's breeders and placed by themselves with plenty of run if possible. None but strong, vigorous specimens should be selected.

Culling can be done all through the year, but at no time is it more profitable than at this season with the grow-



Hens Scratching in Autumn Leaves.

ing flock. All the weaklings should be culled at once. This will save feed and give the stronger birds that remain room and opportunity to become more vigorous. The laying hens should be gone over again very carefully at this time and inferior ones should be taken out and marketed or eaten. Besides culling for egg production, look out for lice. Hens that have become too heavy or too light should be discarded.

Fertile Egg Spills Easily.

A fertile egg, kept in a warm room or exposed to a temperature of 80 degrees or higher, for 24 hours, will be rendered unfit for food.

A CROSS, FEVERISH CHILD IS BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED

LOOK, MOTHER! SEE IF TONGUE IS COATED, BREATH HOT OR STOMACH SOUR.

"CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS" CAN'T HARM TENDER STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS.



Every mother realizes, after giving her children "California Syrup of Figs," that this is their ideal laxative, because they love its pleasant taste and it thoroughly cleanses the tender little stomach, liver and bowels without griping.

When cross, irritable, feverish, or breath is bad, stomach sour, look at the tongue, Mother! If coated, give a teaspoonful of this harmless "fruit laxative," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. When the little system is full of cold, throat sore, has stomach-ache, diarrhea, indigestion, colic—remember, a good "inside cleansing" should always be the first treatment given.

Millions of mothers keep "California Syrup of Figs" handy; they know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child to-morrow. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups printed on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here, so don't be fooled. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."—Adv.

When a man goes in politics the chief interest at election is to see how he comes out.

Aduco Barbed Wire
Linalment
heals without
a scar.—Adv.

Slander is a moth that eats holes in a good name.

RECEIVING WAR CROSS



The patriotic spirit and devotion with which American women have so far performed war-service work and made sacrifices has never been equaled in the history of any country. Mothers, wives and sisters support this burden with strength and fortitude. But those who are already miserable from the complaints and weaknesses which are so common to women, should take the right tonic for the womanly system.

If a woman is borne down by pain and sufferings at regular or irregular intervals, by nervousness or dizzy spells, by headache or backache, "Favorite Prescription" should be taken. "Favorite Prescription" can now be had in tablet form as well as liquid at most drug stores. Send to Doctor Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for a ten-cent trial package of tablets.

For fifty years Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets have been most satisfactory in liver and bowel troubles.

Anadarko, Okla.—"When I was badly run-down I used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as a woman's tonic. I took only one bottle but it helped me at once; it made me stronger and better able to do my work. I have taken it in this way several times.

"You may say I endorse 'Favorite Prescription.'"—Mrs. N. M. Turner, 612 E. Oklahoma Ave.

Her Face Beams

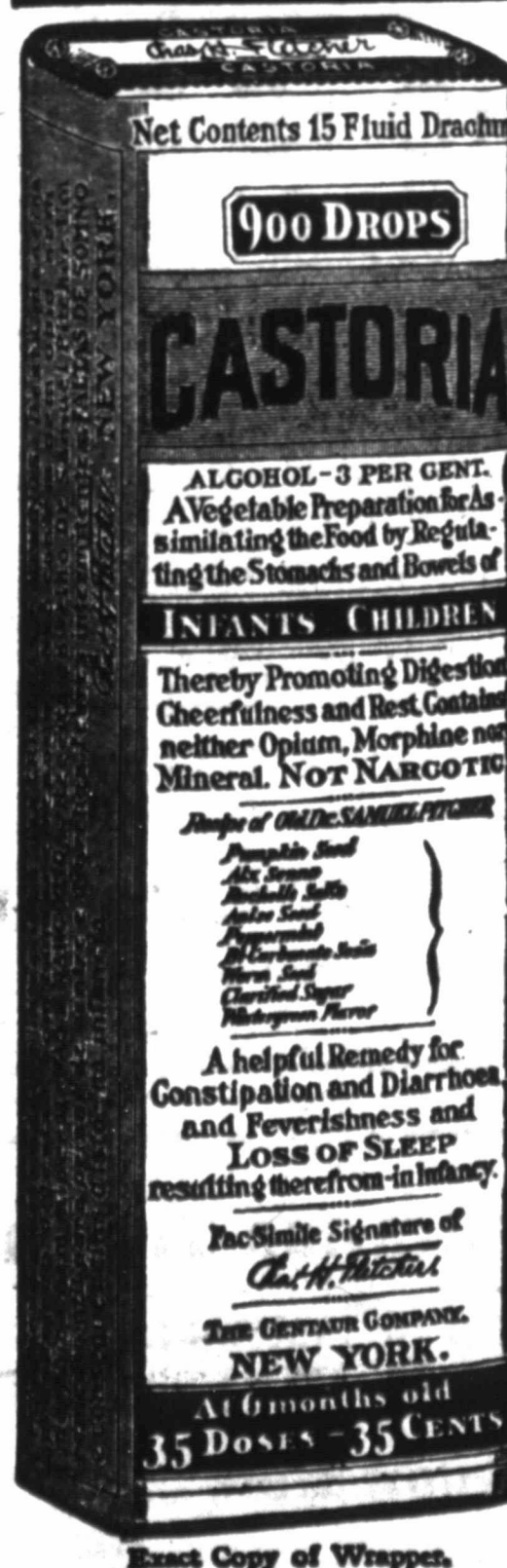


with the "Wash day smile," instead of the Wash Day Grouch, in sheer joy and delight at the gleaming, snowy white purity of her white goods.

Red Cross Ball Blue

will chase "wash-day-blues"—Succeed where others fail, and bring the smile of triumph to every housewife who really cares for pure, white, fresh clothes.

5 CENTS. AT ALL GROCERS.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

J. C. Ayer & Co.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

Meltonia Toilet Preparations

Household and Culinary Requisites are of the highest quality and are sold everywhere by resident women who make an independent living doing so. Would like to hear from a reliable woman in this territory. Will give her the agency for our goods without any cost to her.

The Meltonia Company Established 1885 63 E. Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

WHEN LUNGS HURT AND THROAT IS SORE

Astonishingly Quick Relief Follows the Use of Hunt's Lightning Oil

People suffering with INFLUENZA or with just an old-fashioned bad cold will be glad to know that HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL rubbed on the neck and chest promptly relieves the pain and soreness of throat and lungs.

There is nothing new-fangled and unknown about HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL. It is a time-tested and proven remedy that has afforded relief to thousands of people for the past thirty years.

A doctor who for many years has used HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL in his practice for the treatment of pneumonia, reports that he has found it to be more efficacious than any other external remedy that has come to his attention.

A well-known man, sick in bed with INFLUENZA, suffered agonies with the pain in his chest and a burning sore throat. Shortly after rubbing HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL on his neck and chest, the congested, stopped-up feeling in his lungs disappeared and the fiery soreness in his throat eased up. In twelve hours' time he felt like a different man.

A lady suffering from INFLUENZA reports that she suffered intense pain in the lungs and her throat was so sore she could hardly swallow. She was surprised and delighted to find that by applying HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL night and morning, the soreness and pain were soon gone.

HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL is a very powerful and penetrating external remedy. It seems to have a peculiarly beneficial effect on all kinds of colds, and affections of the throat and lungs. Do not forget, however, that in cases of Spanish Influenza and Pneumonia a competent physician should always have charge of the patient. He will prescribe internal medicine which taken in conjunction with external applications of HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL will generally result in speedy recovery and quick relief from all inflammation and pain.

HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL has been used extensively in the present epidemic of INFLUENZA with remarkable success.

Sold in 35c and 70c bottles at all reliable drug stores.

A. B. RICHARDS MEDICINE CO. SHERMAN, TEX.



FOR CONSTIPATION

have stood the test of time. Purely vegetable. Wonderfully quick to banish biliousness, headache, indigestion and to clear up a bad complexion.

Genuine bears signature *Brentwood*

PALE FACES

Generally indicate a lack of iron in the blood. Carter's Iron Pills will help this condition.

Where Are You Selling Your CREAM?

Have you considered the possibilities of the MERIDEN market? Our price for butter fat is generally higher than your local market affords. Send your next can to us.

THE MERIDEN CREAMERY CO. 21st and Central Sts. Kansas City, Mo.

Just as Mother Thinks. Son (reading the paper)—There's no use talking, dad. Absolute unity of command is essential to victory. Dad—That's what you mother thinks.—Life.

Dandruff and Itching. To restore dry, falling hair and get rid of dandruff, rub Cuticura Ointment into scalp. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

A Supposition. "Why did your doctor think this operation was absolutely necessary?" "I guess he needed the money."

When Baby Is Teething. GROVE'S BABY BOWEL MEDICINE will correct the stomach and bowel troubles. Perfectly harmless. See directions on the bottle.

Girls who say the least are the soonest married.

Your Eyes

A Wholesome, Cleansing, Refreshing and Healing Lotion—Murine for Redness, Soreness, Granulation, Itching and Burning of the Eyes or Eyelids; "2 Drops" After the Movies, Motoring or Golf will win your confidence. Ask Your Druggist for Murine when your Eyes Need Care. M-1 Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

THE KITCHEN CABINET

A friendly look is a better book For precept than you'll find 'Mong the sages wise or the libraries With their priceless wealth of mind. —A. H. Japp.

INVITING DISHES FOR COOL DAYS

It is often the little touch of garnish given to a dish which takes it out of the ordinary and makes it a thing to be remembered.

The woman who loves cookery and enjoys originating and experimenting will very often surprise herself most happily with the various results.

A half cupful of whipped cream and an ounce wedge of cheese may figure in a most tasty garnish. Heap the whipped cream on either pumpkin or apple pie and sprinkle over it the grated cheese. If the pie is served at the table it should be covered before taking in. If cut, each piece may be decorated. The latter makes a more attractive dish.

Marrons Glaces.—These will be fine to send to the sailor lad who loves sweets. Shell some large Italian chestnuts and blanch them in boiling water until the inner skin and outer shell can be easily removed without breaking the nut. Drop each nut in warm acidulated water for a few minutes; then simmer them in a sugar sirup until tender, using one part sugar to two parts water. When the nuts are tender bottle and fill with the thickened sirup, sealing like ordinary fruit. When wanted for use drop the nuts into a heavy sirup that cracks in cold water. Dip the nuts into this singly and dry on oiled plates. Walnuts, almonds or pecans may be dipped in melted chocolate and dried in the same way.

Rabbit Casserole.—Cut up the rabbit at the joints and lard the legs and breast with strips of bacon. Fry in a little fat until well browned, season with salt, pepper, sliced onion and sprinkle with flour, then brown again. Add a pint of stock and cook in the oven until tender. To many the wild flavor is objectionable. This may be removed by soaking in salt water a few hours. A bunch of herbs may be added to the rabbit while cooking if high seasoning is desired. Cook in a casserole and serve from it.

A hot chocolate sauce served with stewed ripe pears is a dish much liked by chocolate lovers. It is unfortunate that many who might entertain simply hesitate for fear of criticism; and so they lose the pleasure of giving and their friends the taking of their hospitality.

Man is not only his own architect, but he is even his own posterity.

THANSGIVING VEGETABLES.

The time-honored mashed potato, baked squash and boiled onions are still our favorites, yet a change in the manner of serving these same common dishes will make them much more interesting.

Beets that are baked in the oven have a better flavor than those which are boiled. Care should be taken in turning them not to break the skin. Serve them chopped or sliced and seasoned with olive oil, cayenne and a teaspoonful of sugar, with salt to taste.

Stuffed Onions.—Prepare as many onions as there are people to serve. Parboil until tender but unbroken. Drain and remove the centers and mix with a little cooked ham, finely chopped. Moisten with cream and the yolk of an egg well beaten; season with salt, pepper and sweet fat. Place a little fat on top of each, place in a deep dish and bake, basting with milk or better, cream, during the baking. Cook covered for the first few minutes, then heap a spoonful of buttered crumbs on top to brown.

When the large fresh mushrooms may be obtained there is nothing more delicious to serve with stuffing or forcemeat made of chopped ham and seasoning. Fill the caps and bake in a hot oven fifteen minutes.

Braised Cabbage.—After cutting a good-sized cabbage in half let it stand an hour or more, then boil in boiling water to cover until tender, adding salt when nearly done. Drain and remove the hard center after it has been cooking twenty minutes. Put into a saucepan one sliced carrot, one turnip, sliced, one stalk of celery, a few sprigs of parsley, one sliced onion and a bunch of any herbs. Lay the cabbage on top, pour over two cupfuls of stock and boil until tender. Drain and serve on a hot dish.

Neelie Maxwell

WELL & STRONG— WAS A WRECK

'Tis a Very Interesting Story Louisiana Lady Tells About What Cardui Did for Her.

Echo, La.—"For sixteen years, until a year ago," writes Mrs. J. O. Gueringer, of this place, "I suffered and suffered from all kinds of pain, until I got so run-down and weak I couldn't walk across the room... I was a physical wreck... I kept getting worse and worse and was confined to my bed for three months..."

Then some friends of mine advised me to try Cardui. After using three bottles... I was much improved... In a month I was able to get up... and do a little work, and soon after was built-up, well and strong... I used 13 bottles of Cardui all together. Have been well and strong ever since. I am giving Cardui now to my daughter. It did me so much good. I want her to try it.

I am glad to be able to make this statement so other sufferers may be benefited. I can never be thankful enough for what Cardui did for me."

Many thousands of women have had similar experiences with Cardui, the woman's tonic.

Try it, if you suffer pain, feel run-down and weak.

Cardui taken in time, when you feel the first symptoms of trouble, may save you a long spell of sickness. At all druggists.—Adv.

Precautionary Measure.

Mrs. Flatbush—Will you tack down that carpet for me, dear, before you go out to play golf?

Mr. Flatbush—No, I guess I'll go and have my game first.

Mrs. Flatbush—Why not lay the carpet before you go, dear?

Mr. Flatbush—Because I can smash my thumb after I've had my golf, but if I smash my thumb before playing I'm afraid it would put me off my game, love.—Yonkers Statesman.

STOMACH UPSET?

PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN AT ONCE ENDS DYSPEPSIA, ACIDITY, GAS, INDIGESTION.

Your meals hit back! Your stomach is sour, acid, gassy and you feel bloated after eating or you have heavy lumps of indigestion pain or headache, but never mind. Here is instant relief.



Don't stay upset! Eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin and immediately the indigestion, gases, acidity and all stomach distress ends.

Pape's Diapepsin tablets are the surest, quickest stomach relievers in the world. They cost very little at drug stores. Adv.

Consequence.

"That speaker has such a halting delivery." "No wonder, then, he puts up such a lame argument."

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic restores vitality and energy by purifying and enriching the blood. You can soon feel its strengthening, invigorating effect. Price 50c.

Too many men seem to have forgotten that their wives were once their sweethearts.

Tonight! Take Dodson's Liver Tone! Better Than Calomel For Liver

Calomel sickens! If bilious, constipated and head-achy read my guarantee.

Listen to me! Take no more sickening, salivating calomel when bilious or constipated. Don't lose a day's work!

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver, which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile, crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you are sluggish and "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour, just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store and get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone for a few cents. Take a spoonful tonight, and if it doesn't

straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous by morning, I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it can not salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.—Adv.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

MADE GERMAN AIRMAN SORE

That Opponent Did Not Adhere to Ordinary Rules of Fighting Seemed to Him Unfair.

Set strategy doesn't always work. But the German mind can't understand anyone's abandoning a fixed method.

"The sorest man I have ever seen," said an American aviator, "was Lieutenant Meinkopf, the star Boche flyer, when he was nipped by Lieutenant Avery. Meinkopf was Baron Richtofen's successor and the best flyer that Germany had left.

"When Avery tackled him, he abandoned all set principles of air strategy, simply sallied in and opened fire without indulging in preliminary maneuvers. He brought his man down in about three seconds, and this was his first Boche battle.

"When Meinkopf landed, he was purple with rage, and as far as I could make out his main complaint could be translated in this fashion: "What kind of flying is this, anyhow?"—Paris Stars and Stripes.

Wears Pleasant Smile.

"Is this picture like your husband?" "It's like him only when he has his picture taken."

Too many men attempt to pass through this world on the reputation of their ancestors.

Lattice-work of Gold.

Along with other revivals, by the way, there comes into the fashions a plentiful use of the old quilting stitch done in gold thread. It is nothing but simple lattice-work, and can be done by an amateur; but it is vastly effective. It has usurped the place of embroidery of a more lavish and brilliant type, but a gown loses nothing in the exchange. Those who are the apostles of simplicity prefer it. Dark satin frocks are enhanced by it, and also more practical ones of serge, velveteen and velours. The metal thread must be tarnished and dull; brilliancy is too glaring. It, as a fashion, should suggest itself immediately to a woman who is in need of a new idea for the front of a blouse, the end of a panel, or the hem of a long skirt.

Blouses and Collars.

Fichus are used on many dinner dresses and a number of black satin dresses are made with white georgette crepe or chiffon aprons. Many of the blouses are long and some are draped around the hips and tied at one side. Many of them are very long, with

Waistcoats of Silk.

Separate waistcoats to wear under autumn suits are made of silk and trimmed with colorful soutache braiding or yarn embroidery; some of these models close in the front with one or more buttons; others are more in the shape of slipover jumpers or over-blouses, so popular a number of years ago.

Satin Collar on Sweaters.

Some of the new sweaters are made with satin sailor collars and cuffs and satin sashes to match. On one such sweater the satin pieces were embellished with circular designs at the four corners of the collar, at the ends of the sash and at the front of the cuffs, done in embroidered wool.

Snapped Him Up.

She—You looked so sheepish when you proposed.

He—And you looked so wolfish when you accepted me.

You Are Dying By Acid

When you have Heartburn, Gas, Bloat, and that Full Feeling after eating. TAKE ONE

EATONIC

FOR YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE

Rids you of the Excess Acid and Overload and you will fairly feel the GAS driven out of your body—THE BLOAT GOES WITH IT.

IT GIVES YOU REAL STOMACH COMFORT

Sold by druggists generally.—If your druggist can't supply you a big box of Eatonic for 50c, send us this ad., with your name and address and we will send it to you—you can send us the 50c after you get it. Address Eatonic Remedy Co., 1018 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

A Big Box for 50c

Why Meat Prices Vary in Different Stores

Prime steers.....	\$19.00@20.35
Good to choice steers.....	17.00@19.00
Common to medium steers.....	10.75@16.75
Yearlings, fair to fancy.....	18.00@19.00
Fat cows and heifers.....	8.25@15.25
Canning cows and heifers.....	7.25@ 8.25
Bulls, plain to best.....	6.50@12.50
Poor to fancy calves.....	6.75@15.75
Western range steers.....	10.00@18.00

These newspaper quotations represent live cattle prices in Chicago on December 30th, 1918.

The list shows price ranges on nine general classified groups with a spread of \$13.85 per cwt.—the lowest at \$6.50 and the highest at \$20.35.

Why this variation in price?

Because the meat from different animals varies greatly in quality and weight.

Although the quotations shown are in nine divisions, Swift & Company grades cattle into 34 general classes, and each class into a variety of weights and qualities.

As a result of these differences in cattle prices, (due to differences in weights and meat qualities), there is a range of 15 cents in Swift & Company's selling prices of beef carcasses.

These facts explain:

- 1—Why retail prices vary in different stores.
- 2—Why it would be difficult to regulate prices of cattle or beef.
- 3—Why it requires experts to judge cattle and to sell meat, so as to yield the profit of only a fraction of a cent a pound—a profit too small to affect prices.

Swift & Company, U.S.A.



plies.....	17 55
J. W. Hubbard supplies..	1 00
Electric Appliance Co. supplies.....	9 35
C. O. Leach supplies....	13 85
Portales Publishing Co. printing and supplies....	17 76
C. V. Harris supplies....	3 60
J. L. Gilliam drayage....	1 00

Motion was made by Williamson and seconded by Morrison that the above claims be allowed and ordered paid, those voting "aye" Morrison, Williamson, Whitcomb, and Wilcox.

The council instructed the mayor and clerk to make a contract with the Gulf Confining Company for number 1 Solar Fuel oil at five and one halfcents per gallon F. O. B. West Fort Author Texas.

The council instructed the to notify all merchants and the public that all purchases for the city of all kinds of supplies must be ordered by the town clerk and that no bills will be approved unless ordered and O. Kd by the town clerk. There being no further business the council adjourned.

E. B. HAWKINS, Mayor.
Attest W. H. BRALEY, Clerk.

You can't make good bread inferior flour. Get Snow White from C. V. Harris.

Judge W. E. Lindsey and son, Miguel, arrived Tuesday from Santa Fe. Mr. Lindsey says that himself and family will move back to Portales to live and that he and son came on ahead to prepare their home for occupancy.

County Commissioner Ed Wall who had been here attending commissioner's court, went home Saturday on account of a serious attack of the flu. "Uncle" Ed has a world of friends here who sincerely hope that he will soon be up and around again.

U. S. HEALTH SERVICE ISSUES WARNING

Increase in All Respiratory Diseases After the Influenza Epidemic Probable.

Influenza Expected to Lurk for Months. How to Guard Against Pneumonia. Common Colds Highly Catching—Importance of Suitable Clothing—Could Save 100,000 Lives.

Washington, D. C.—With the subsidence of the epidemic of influenza the attention of health officers is directed to pneumonia, bronchitis and other diseases of the respiratory system which regularly cause a large number of deaths, especially during the winter season. According to Rupert Blue, Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service, these diseases will be especially prevalent this winter unless the people are particularly careful to obey health instructions. "The present epidemic," said Surgeon General Blue, "has taught by bitter experience how readily a condition beginning apparently as a slight cold may go on to pneumonia and death. Although the worst of the epidemic is over, there will continue to be a large number of scattered cases, many of them mild and unrecognized, which will be danger spots to be guarded against." The Surgeon General likened the present situation to that after a great fire, saying, "No fire chief who understands his business stops playing the hose on the charred debris as soon as the flames and visible fire have disappeared. On the contrary, he continues the water for hours and even days, for he knows that there is danger of the fire rekindling from smoldering embers." "Then you fear another outbreak of influenza?" he was asked. "Not necessarily another large epidemic," said the Surgeon General, "but unless the people learn to realize the seriousness of the danger they will be compelled to pay a heavy death toll from pneumonia and other respiratory diseases.

Common Colds Highly Catching.
"It is encouraging to observe that people are beginning to learn that ordinary coughs and colds are highly catching and are spread from person to person by means of droplets of germ laden mucus. Such droplets are sprayed into the air when careless or ignorant people cough or sneeze without covering their mouth and nose. It is also good to know that people have learned something about the value of fresh air. In summer, when people are largely out of doors, the respiratory diseases (coughs, colds, pneumonia, etc.) are infrequent; in the fall, as people begin to remain indoors, the respiratory diseases increase; in the winter, when people are prone to stay in badly ventilated, overheated rooms, the respiratory diseases become very prevalent.

Suitable Clothing Important.
"Still another factor in the production of colds, pneumonia and other respiratory diseases is carelessness or ignorance of the people regarding suitable clothing during the seasons when the weather suddenly changes, sitting in warm rooms too heavily dressed or, what is even more common, especially among women, dressing so lightly that windows are kept closed in order to be comfortably warm. This is a very injurious practice.

Could Save 100,000 Lives.
"I believe we could easily save one hundred thousand lives annually in the United States if all the people would adopt the system of fresh air living followed, for example, in tuberculosis sanatoria. There is nothing mysterious about it—no specific medicine, no vaccine. The important thing is right living, good food and plenty of fresh air.

Save that we may share Save food

Am prepared to handle some good land loans. W. B. Oldham.

Braley's service station has opened the garage that was formerly operated in the old skating rink building. Mr. Braley says that if you want real service he will appreciate an opportunity to demonstrate his ability to please you.

Winter hats at your own price, also a few coats. Call at Whitcomb-Williamson Millinery and Ready-to-Wear house, in building with Whitcomb jewelry store.

Wanted to buy—2500 yards of second hand barb wire or woven wire fencing. Wilhelm Drautz, half mile east of Portales.

There are a great many new cases of flu in Portales and vicinity, confined, for the most part, to children.

Mrs. Fred Gardner, formerly of this place but now of Clovis, was here the latter part of the week.

Mounted Policeman W. O. Biggerstaff returned this week from a business trip to Santa Fe.

Snow White flour is not war flour, it is sure enough flour, get it from Harris.

Get Johnson's Freeze-proof and save radiators, at Braley's Service Station.

Get your electric irons at Braley's Service Station.

Snow White flour at C. V. Harris.

MONUMENTS

For anything in the toombstone line see me; am agent for Rapp Monument Company, formerly represented here by Inda Humphrey.

JOHN W. GEORGE

Who Buys Eggs ?

Hubbards Grocery and Pays the High Dollar, Spot or Trade.

J. W. Hubbard's Grocery

Liberty Bonds, Baby Bonds

or stock in Central West Petroleum Company for credit or merchandise

J. B. Sledge Hardware Co.

PORTALES, NEW MEXICO

Watch for the

BIG

ONE CENT SALE

Which saves you 100 per cent. Date will be announced later.

Portales Drug Store

Rexall

Store of Service

Council Proceedings	
Portales, New Mexico, Jan. 7th, 1919.	
The town council met in regular session and upon roll call the following members were present; E. B. Hawkins, mayor, trustees, S. A. Morrison, Geo. M. Williamson, C. J. Whitcomb, Jack Wilcox.	
Minutes of previous meetings was read and approved. The following claims was presented and after having been examined and audited was ordered approved and paid as follows to wit:	
Krakauer, Zerk & Moye's for wire.....	\$156 58
A. F. Jones postal cards..	10 00
H. L. Netherton salary..	50 00
R. S. Adams drayage and express.....	3 72
J. W. Cunningham express charges on belting..	15 35
J. W. Cunningham freight on exciter.....	21 31
W. H. Braley salary.....	25 00
Western Union Telegraph Co. telegrams.....	3 90
Jack Norris salary.....	100 00
H. M. Livingston salary.....	75 00
Geo. Williams salary.....	75 00
J. M. McCormack salary.....	30 00
S. A. Morrison salary.....	25 00
A. T. Forbes labor.....	6 00
J. G. Berry labor.....	6 10
J. D. Wooten labor.....	15 00
Olen Braley labor.....	2 50
Portales Valley News printing.....	3 41
C. M. Dobbs supplies.....	9 20
J. B. Sledge supplies.....	3 45
Mountain States Telephone Co. telephone.....	3 80
Tom Baker hauling dogs.....	4 00
Gulf Refining Co. car oil.....	674 76
Goodloe paint Co. painting & supplies.....	15 70
Joyce-Fruit Co. supplies and oil.....	146 76
Texas Oil Co. oil.....	26 50
Braley's Service Station supplies.....	6 50
Wat Stewart rent for fire hose.....	20 50
C. W. Taylor service car.....	2 00
Hondrie & Belthoff sup-	