

# THE PORTALES TIMES

Volume Ten

Portales, Roosevelt County, New Mexico, Thursday, October 3, 1912

Number 25

**5 PER CENT DISCOUNT**

We Will Make a Discount of 5 Per Cent on All Cash Purchases Made on Each Trades Day

**HUMPHREY & SLEDGE**  
**HARDWARE**

**5 PER CENT DISCOUNT**

We Will Make a Discount of 5 Per Cent on All Cash Purchases Made on Each Trades Day

## ROOSEVELT COUNTY FAIR SURE WAS A HUMDINGER

Many Prizes and Ribbons Were Awarded for Best Farm Products, Dry Farmed and Irrigated

Coe Howard and R. P. Connally to Accompany These Exhibits to the Albuquerque State Fair

The Roosevelt county fair was a howling success and the exhibits were equal, if not better, than anything that has ever before been produced in Eastern New Mexico. It is to be regretted that the fair was held too late for the irrigated farms to be fully represented, yet, what was an exhibition from the wet as you like farms was of an exceptionally good quality and size. As a matter of fact, all the products displayed were a surprise even to the farmers, themselves, and the most persistent boosters would have hesitated to have promised anything nearly so good as the plain facts demonstrated. Work is now rapidly progressing on the packing and necessary preparation for shipping the entire exhibit to Albuquerque, where it will be entered in competition with products from all parts of the state. Messrs. Coe Howard and Reagan Connally will accompany our car to the state fair and it is a foregone conclusion that with these jolly boosters in charge, Roosevelt county will get all that is coming to her, and unless extreme caution is used by competing districts, they will tote off all the grapes. Following is the list of premiums awarded:

Cantaloupes, first prize, A. A. Rogers, 50 lbs. flour.  
Tomatoes, first prize, Portales Times one year, B. B. Greathouse, Inez; second prize, R. W. Jones, Bethel, ribbon.  
Cabbage, first, 50 lbs. flour, Will Faggard; second, \$1.50 in trade, Joe Addington, W. E. Lindsey.  
Onions, first, 500 lbs. coal, Walter Jackson; second, 250 lbs. coal, Park Parks, Inez; third, ribbon, E. P. Williams, Inez.  
Sweet Potatoes, first, 500 lbs. coal, E. C. Murrell; second, 250 lbs. coal, J. H. Wolf; third, A. J. Allen.  
Irish Potatoes, first, \$1.00 trade at Pearce Drug Store, E. C. Murrell; second, ribbon, E. Depperman, Rogers.  
Watermelons, first, 50 lbs. flour, A. J. Allen, Inez; second, 25 lbs. flour, B. B. Greathouse, Inez; third, ribbon, S. B. Haskew, Portales.  
Pumpkin, first, 25 lbs. flour, Martha Holland, Rogers; second, Portales Times one year, J. H. Wolf.  
Squash, first, 250 lbs. coal, S. B. Haskew; second, Portales Times one year, H. T. Long, Longs.  
Peppers, first, 500 lbs. coal, James Ryther, Portales; second, ribbon, W. O. Dunlap, Portales.  
Peanuts, first, one lb. coffee, Frank Beard, Inez; second, ribbon, L. P. Jones, Portales.  
Peas, first, one lb. coffee, George E. Johnston, Portales;

second, ribbon, B. B. Greathouse, Inez.

Beans, first, 250 lbs. coal, Mrs. Ida Vincent, Inez; second, Portales.

Grapes, first, one lb. coffee, Mrs. W. E. Lindsey.

Apples, first, 500 lbs. coal, William Battenfield, Portales; second, 25 lbs. flour, Mrs. W. E. Lindsey, Portales.

Peaches, first, 250 lbs. coal, Mrs. Joe Howard, Portales; second, ribbon, J. W. Thompson, Portales.

Kaffir corn, first, \$2.50 in hardware, A. N. Sanders, Lacy; second, two lbs. coffee, Joe Bradley, Arch.

Wheat, first, \$2.50 in hardware, Shannon Clark, Inez.

Millet, first, 25 lbs. flour, B. B. Greathouse, Inez; second one lb. coffee, J. M. Witt, Carter.

Cotton, first, one lb. coffee, L. P. Jones, Portales; second, ribbon, S. B. Haskew, Portales.

Broom Corn, first, 25 lbs. flour, A. N. Sanders, Lacy; second, 1 lb. coffee, J. B. Garrett, Inez.

Corn, (dry) first, 50 lbs. flour, P. C. Lavally, Delphos; second, 2 lbs. coffee, T. J. Mullins, Inez.

Corn, (irrigated) first, 50 lbs. flour, J. H. Cave, Portales; second, 1 lb. coffee, Mrs. W. E. Lindsey, Portales.

Maize, first, 50 lbs. flour, G. W. Lackey; second, 1 lb. coffee, J. B. Vernon, Inez; third, ribbon, Cap Hodges, Inez.

Farmer bringing in greatest variety of products, (dry farming) first, \$5.00 cash by Portales Times, J. M. Witt, Carter; second, \$3.50 in blacksmithing by Duncan & Crawford, W. O. Dunlap, Portales.

Best cow, ribbon, W. O. Dunlap, Portales.

Best pen chickens, first, \$4.00 rocker by Ed J. Neer, Harley Thompson, Portales; second \$3.50 in dry goods by Reagan & Moody, Mrs. John R. Hopper, Portales.

Geo. Deen, F. E. Turner, W. E. Lindsey, F. T. McDonald, judges.

### ART WORK

Embroidery, (colored) \$3.00 in millinery by Mrs. M. A. Knight, Mrs. R. A. Larson.

Embroidery, (white) \$3.00 in millinery by Mrs. A. B. Seay, Mrs. J. B. Priddy.

Embroidery, any design, first, season ticket to Lyceum course, Woman's club, Mrs. R. A. Larson.

Battenburg, any design, first, magazine one year, C. M. Dobbs, Mrs. R. A. Larson.

Point lace, first, joy ride for party of four, by L. W. Fiscus, Mrs. Lomax.

Crochet work, first, 20 day family ticket to Cosy theatre, Mrs. R. A. Larson.

Drawn work, first, 20 day

### KEEP THE WHISTLE BLOWING



family ticket to Cosy theatre, Mrs. A. T. Monroe.

Patch work, first, pair scissors, Humphrey and Sledge, Mrs. Porter Deen.

Oil painting, first, 6 o'clock dinner party of four, Portales Hotel, Walter Farmer.

Hand painted china, first, decorated cake, Axel Blomquist, Mrs. A. F. Jones.

Water colors, first French plate hand mirror, Portales Drug Co., Mrs. A. F. Jones.

Knitting, first, Portales Times two years, Mrs. R. P. Bishop.

Kneadwork, any design, children under 15, first, one lb. Vassar chocolates, Miss Lomax.

Mrs. Ward, Mrs. Alldredge, Mrs. Austin, judges.

### Woman's Club Notes.

The woman's club met Sept. 25th in the commercial club rooms with Mrs. Nixon presiding and eighteen members present. As outlined in year book the program of civic department was given the first forty-five minutes, followed by literature department program. In the absence of their leader, the subject was presented by Mrs. Nixon, who gave a full and comprehensive account of the "Home league work and what it stands for." Mrs. Dunaway led the discussion which followed, in the absence of Mrs. Rogers, leader. Mrs. Oldham had charge of the literary program, subject, "South America, discovery, early progress and results and primitive races and developments," by Mrs. Culberson and Mrs. Oldham. The work of the department being concluded, a business session was called in which the following business was transacted:

Three new members were received into the club, Mesdames Porter and George Deen and Mrs. Fred Crosby.

It was voted to tender thanks to Mr. George Deen for use of club rooms.

Motion made and carried that all ladies having topics assigned them must prepare same and either present them in person or

on paper to be read by chairman of department.

The following amendments to constitution proposed and upon motion and second, voted to be acted upon at first meeting in November. Moved to amend article 2 of the constitution of woman's club of Portales, by striking out three sections therein contained and substituting the following three sections:

### ART. 2 DEPARTMENTS.

Sec. I. This club may form the following departments: Cemetery, civic, education, domestic science, library, literature, music and art and philanthropic.

Sec. II. The cemetery department of the club shall have charge of the cemetery of the town of Portales. This department shall consist of a chairman and six members, elected from the club at large; shall be empowered to transact any and all business pertaining to said cemetery, but are hereby instructed that it shall incur no debts nor liabilities, but shall manage and maintain said cemetery with moneys derived from its own resources.

Sec. III. All departments of this club other than cemetery department shall at their first meeting, after the annual election of officers of the club, elect a chairman who shall represent these said departments on board of managers. All departments other than the said cemetery department shall have the power to transact all business necessary to their well being and pleasure, but shall incur no indebtedness whatever. Each member of the club shall be required to register in some department other than the cemetery department.

Moved to amend Sec. I Art. 1 by inserting the following words: No special business meeting of the club shall be official unless called by the board of managers.

E. B. Hawkins this week purchased the Floyd Stone place from D. Hardy. This is one of the very nice residences in the city and Mr. Hawkins has a home to be proud of.

## THE INEZ AGRICULTURAL EXHIBIT PROVES SUCCESS

Best of the Exhibits Were Taken to the County Fair at Portales--Big Boost for the Inez Country

List of the Prize Winning Exhibits at This Great Exhibition of Stock and Farm Products

The agricultural exhibit at Inez on the 28th inst., was well attended and those who expected it to be a success were not disappointed, but were agreeably surprised by the wonderful display of dry-land products.

In order to get the best of the display for exhibition at the county fair at Portales, T. J. Mullins, of Inez, J. Phillips, of Rogers and Burl Johnson, of Redland, were named as judges and their decisions were as follows:

Red maize—1st, L. V. Brown, Givens; 2nd, J. B. Vernon, Inez; 3d, T. J. Mullins, Inez.

White maize—1st, L. V. Brown, Givens; 2nd, B. B. Greathouse, Inez; 3d, J. A. Hawk, Mt. Vernon.

White Kaffir—1st, Mrs. Ida Vincent, Inez; 2nd, R. M. Harding, Redland; 3d, J. B. Garrett, Inez.

Red Kaffir—1st, S. A. Clark, Inez; 2nd, P. B. Westbrook, Inez.

Sugar Cane—1st, J. B. Vernon, Inez; 2nd, F. H. Hill, Redland; 3d, R. M. Harding, Redland.

California wheat—1st, T. J. Alliston, Inez; 2nd, J. B. Vernon, Inez; 3d, Mrs. Ida Vincent, Inez.  
Broom corn—1st, W. O. McCormack, Rogers; 2nd, J. A. Hawk, Mt. Vernon; 3d, J. B. Garrett, Inez.

Millet—1st, B. B. Greathouse, Inez; 2nd, E. P. Williams, Inez.  
Jerusalem corn—1st, D. M. Robinson, Inez; 2nd, C. B. Vaughan, Mt. Vernon.

Indian corn—1st, L. V. Brown, Givens; 2nd, T. J. Mullins, Inez; 3d, J. H. Johnson, Redland.

Watermelon—1st, D. Brown, Garrison; 2nd, J. R. White, Longs; 3d, B. B. Greathouse, Inez.

Pielmelon—1st, Mrs. Jno. Spurlock, Inez; 2nd, J. B. Vernon, Inez; 3d, Henry Holland, Rogers.

Kershaw—1st, J. B. Vernon, Inez; 2nd, W. O. McCormack, Rogers; 3d, J. B. Garrett, Inez.

Pumpkin—1st, Marsh Holland, Rogers; 2nd, T. H. Long, Longs; 3d, Henry Holland, Rogers.

Sugar beet—1st, Henry Holland, Rogers.

Squash—1st, T. H. Long, Longs; 2nd, John Tyree, Inez.

Cucumbers—1st, Henry Holland, Rogers; 2nd, T. H. Long, Longs; 3d, D. M. Robinson, Inez.

Muskmelon—1st, J. B. Vernon, Inez; 2nd, H. Holland, Rogers.

Turnips—1st, J. R. White, Longs; 2nd, B. B. Greathouse, Inez; 3d, J. B. Vernon, Inez.

Sweet potatoes—1st, H. T. Mayes, Rogers; 2nd, B. B. Greathouse, Inez; 3d, J. B. Vernon, Inez.

Irish potatoes—1st, H. Depperman, Rogers; 2nd, J. B. Vernon, Inez.

Peaches—1st, Mrs. T. J. Mul-

lins, Inez; 2nd, T. J. Mehuron, Inez; 3d, T. H. Long, Longs.

Apples—1st, T. H. Long, Longs.

Onions—1st, Park Parks, Longs; 2nd, Ben Hill, Longs; 3d, H. D. Mayes, Rogers.

Radishes—1st, Mrs. Jno. Spurlock, Inez; 2nd, T. J. Mehuron, Inez.

Tomatoes—1st, Mrs. Jno. Spurlock, Inez; 2nd, B. B. Greathouse, Inez; 3d, E. P. Williams, Inez.

Okra—1st, B. B. Greathouse, Inez.

Cotton—1st, Mrs. Ida Vincent, Inez; 2nd, Frank Halford, Givens; 3d, Clint Webb, Inez.

Beans, on vine—1st, Mrs. S. W. Tollet, Inez.

Sorghum molasses—1st, T. H. Long, Longs; 2nd, W. A. Marrs, Longs.

Mexican Beans—1st, Roy Carder, Mt. Vernon; 2nd, B. B. Greathouse, Inez.

Wheat 1st, A. E. Paget, Inez; 2nd, B. B. Greathouse, Inez; 3d, T. J. Mehuron, Inez.

Pink Beans—1st, S. A. Corbin, Inez.

Huckleberry, garden—1st, Mrs. H. T. Mayes, Rogers.

Soup Beans—1st, Mrs. H. T. Mayes, Rogers.

Crowder Peas—1st, Mrs. H. T. Mayes, Rogers.

Stock Peas—1st, B. B. Greathouse, Inez.

Peanuts—1st, J. B. Vernon, Inez.

Canned Beans—1st, Mrs. A. J. McCray, Mt. Vernon.

Preserves, five kinds—1st, Mrs. E. P. Williams, Inez.

The magnificent display speaks more eloquently of the interest of the people in the advertisement and development of our agricultural resources than mere words could possibly do, so on this we need not dwell.

In the forenoon an appreciative audience heard an interesting and instructive address on educational subjects by county superintendent, Mrs. S. F. Culberson. In the afternoon Congressman H. B. Fergusson and Judge W. E. Lindsey made talks which were well received by an attentive audience.

D. Hardy this week purchased the lots formerly owned by Dr. Penn, situated in the same block with the A. B. Seay residence. These are choice residence lots and Mr. Hardy has made a good purchase.

Dr. W. E. Patterson, who about a month ago moved to Texas, returned Wednesday and will now make this his sure enough home. Dr. Patterson says that Portales looks mighty good to him and it should be distinctly understood that Dr. Patterson looks mighty good to the people of Portales.

# PORTALES TIMES

By H. B. RYTHER

PORTALES, NEW MEXICO

After all, a peasant is only a flag.

Dictating is the latest addition to the English vocabulary.

If you are in favor of palamas, an against nighties, tell it to the machine.

Man's best friend at present is the electric fan. It is better even than a snow-bank.

If Boston wins the American league pennant baked beans will become the national dish.

A Philadelphia policeman is going into vaudeville. Going to do a sleep-walking act, probably.

What a happy little world this would be if we could only shovel snow in the summer time.

Speaking of civilization, Chinese women once crippled their feet but never wore tight skirts.

A Missouri woman has written a book with her toes. Probably it was made up from footnotes.

The letter-carrier will be glad when the vacation season with its flood of foolish post cards is over.

An aviator fell 200 feet without being hurt, but this is no proof that aviation is being made safer.

If a lobster is "not an animal," what is it? You can't classify it either as a vegetable or as a mineral.

A Long Island woman eloped the other day with a liveryman. We supposed liverymen had become obsolete.

Eat six times a day, if you want to be healthy, says a New York doctor, but not if you would be wealthy, too.

Man in Vienna shot himself because three girls were in love with him. He was loved not wisely, but too well.

Farmer in Ohio says he owns a cat with three heads. Think of listening in the still night to a cat with three voices.

Woman in New York has left all her money to her lawyer, probably on the theory that he would get it anyhow.

The recent death of the 185 year old Mexican must have been a happy one. Think of living 185 years in Mexico!

Man in Indiana ate a gallon of ice cream at a single sitting. All of which goes to show how easy it is to break a record.

A New York woman says she loves her horses better than she does her husband. Probably she doesn't drive them as hard.

The fear that the price of shaves may be fixed under the patent law need not alarm. There is no law against whiskers.

However, perhaps we ought to be glad that the girls are showing a tendency to wear their own hair in fascinating little bunches.

Archaeologists in Asia have run across remains of a nation that once worshiped the peacock. But the peacock, in all his glory, was not arrayed as one of these up-to-date deities.

A scientist says that Cleopatra would, if now alive, be put in a lunatic asylum, but she might put the alienist there first.

The mayor of Boston says that women know less about flying than men. They know more, because fewer of them are doing it.

"If you want to be beautiful, do your own washing," says one of the doctors. Most women will prefer the drug store brand of beauty.

A cow up York state is said to have caught a fish with her tail, but who wants to fish with a cow? Fawncy casting a cow in a trout stream.

Woman up state wants a divorce because her husband insists on talking politics. This comes under the head of cruel and inhuman treatment.

Theaters without orchestras? Without the shivery music, how are we to know whether the villain is hunting mushrooms or creeping up to the sleeping hero to stab him through the heart?

A contemporary asks: "Can a married man be a hero?" Yes, verily, he shows his heroism by marrying.

Let us remark in charity that perhaps some of the young women on the street never realized how unclothed they were until they saw it in the papers.

The treasury department plans to make paper money smaller in size, but not because the ultimate consumer is troubled with enlargement of the bank roll.

## ALTHOUGH GOOD RUSTLERS SHEEP SHOULD BE GIVEN THE ATTENTION THEY DESERVE

Animals Are Always Most Neglected and Receive Least Notice of All Stock Kept on Farm—Profitable to Give Them Best Treatment Possible.



Four Excellent Rustlers.

As far as my observation goes, sheep are always the most neglected and least noticed of all the stock kept on the farm. I am pretty sure the reason of this is that the sheep usually takes care of itself so well, without the assistance of man, and can make its living on so little, that gradually the idea of looking after the flock, and doing something for their benefit, passes out of the mind of most men who keep a few sheep, but are not in the business of keeping them as their principal interest.

But in spite of this negligence and lack of interest, I am sure that sheep pay much more in proportion to the amount invested and the cost of maintaining them than any other farm stock. In view of this fact, it would seem to me that the sheep ought to be the best cared for animal on the farm, and should have the best treatment that the owner can give, says a writer in the Farm Progress.

Sheep on the farm, or on the plains, receive less care and attention than any other farm stock, yet so far as my personal experience is concerned, pay a better profit on the investment than any other farm stock. I suppose the chief reason for this indifference on the part of most men lies in the fact that sheep cannot be made to multiply as fast as hogs, and the public demand is never so great as that for pork and beef.

It may be truthfully said that beef is the mainstay in filling the demand for fresh meat, and pork in the shape of hams, shoulders and sides, in the shape of breakfast bacon, constitutes the main supply of cured meats. I really think if lamb and mutton were used to a larger extent, and constituted a much larger portion of the meat eaten by the people generally, it would be better for the health of the people generally and, probably, have a tendency to improve the farms devoted to stock raising, and perhaps would also be conducive to the better average health of the people who consume very much meat.

I have been associated with farming a great many years, and owned several farms, and have kept stock of all kinds, and I can say without prejudice that my sheep have always given me less trouble than the other kinds of stock and, for the investment, have paid me much more clear profit. I can therefore urge with great sincerity upon all who have not put at least a few sheep on their farms to do so as soon as possible.

That they will pay well is as certain as anything on the farm can be, and I know it is impossible for any farm stock to cost so little or give so little trouble.

My personal preference is for one of the "Down" breeds, and though the Southdown is probably more popular in a general way, I think the Shropshire is the most attractive. I think, too, that they average somewhat heavier in weight.

On a 400-acre farm I kept for a long time a flock of thirty to forty, and from the time that the pastures were suitable to graze in the spring till the freezing weather in the late fall, my sheep never needed to be fed a mouthful. And the winter keep has always been so small that I am sure that half of the increase of the flock would offset the entire cost, if it were possible to estimate that cost, for the whole year.

We have made it a practice to use on our own table as lamb and mutton most of the surplus of our own flock, and aimed to keep the flock down to about forty in number. As they are always left in the pasture all the time, including even most of the winter, the cost of keep is too small to count.

Half of the returns for wool would more than pay for all the feed, forage and pasture they get, and I have noticed that some of my thinnest and most run-down land on the place is getting better all the time.

I have heard some complaint about sheep being affected with the bot fly, but all injury to the sheep may be avoided by applying a mixture of pine tar and grease—say axle grease—around the nostrils. To save the trouble of catching and applying the tar to the sheep direct some people bore holes in a log with a two-inch auger, and put salt in them, and then smear around the edge of

the holes with a mixture of pine tar and grease. When they lick the salt they get their nostrils smeared with the tar. The smearing may be done often, say once a week. I am of the opinion that a sort of muzzle made of fine woven wire, and so shaped as to be attached to the nose of the sheep, and will not come off, will serve perfectly to keep off the bot fly that lays the eggs of the grub in the sheep's nose. It would be well for some whose sheep are much bothered with grubs to make a test of this.

## PROFITABLE FEEDING OF CHESTER WHITES

Difference Shown Between Hog Given Plenty of Feed and One Neglected.

The result of different treatments of hogs came to my notice last spring, when a neighbor sold two average pigs eight weeks old to a man who did not have any other hogs. He bought the two hogs to make pork the next fall and, of course, wanted to give them a good chance to do their best. They were fed wheat middlings, milk and scraps from the table, in addition to the pasture they gathered. They were grade Chester Whites, farrowed in April. These two pigs dressed between 150 and 175 pounds each when about seven months old.

The pigs that had not been sold out of the same litter were allowed to run on pasture, and when corn was ready to feed they were fed enough corn to put them in pork condition, but when slaughtered at about the same time as the other two they only weighed 65 to 70 pounds each. There was a difference of nearly 100 pounds between these well-fed hogs and their mates not so fed, and it is wholly due to different treatments. It is easy to see which was the most economical pork producer—the well-cared-for hog or the one which got enough feed to barely live until fattening time. The difference in value was almost \$10, as pork sold at 10 cents a pound here last fall. The two well-cared-for hogs did not eat near \$10 worth of feed from the time they were separated from their mates until they were slaughtered.

## EXCELLENT FLOORS FOR A HOG HOUSE

Easy Matter to Secure Comfortable Quarters if Cold is Kept Out.

I am using concrete floors in our hog houses and have found that I need very little bedding, just enough to keep the body of the pig from coming in contact with the concrete. It is easy to keep a concrete floor warm if the cold air cannot get under it, says a writer in an exchange. With one hundred pigs in the house, during zero weather, I had to keep some of the windows and the upper end doors open for ventilation. I have never had pigs get stiff from lying on concrete floors. Good, dry bedding, straw or shredded fodder, is used, and is removed as soon as it becomes damp and replaced with a fresh supply. Ventilation is such that cold winds cannot blow in on the pigs. I disinfect the houses often with air-slaked lime.

A dipping tank is essential, not only for destroying lice, but for promoting health conditions in general. I dip my pigs once in two months, more often if the animals are bothered with lice, and use any of the dip on the market that have crude oil as a basis. I do not dip in winter, but crowd the hogs into the house and spray them, leaving them until dry. I spray hogs, walls, bedding and all.

I keep wood ashes and a little lime in a self-feeder before the pigs all the time. Hogs need more mineral matter than they usually get. During the summer the hogs should be provided with ample shade.

## Health & Beauty Hints

By Katherine Morton

A becoming arrangement for the hair is a very important feature of the bride's altar getup, and this naturally includes the right draping of the veil; so it would be ridiculous to claim that any one style of coiffure is to be used, for the lines of hairdressing must conform to the size of the head, the cut of the features and the height of the bride. But, for the most part, hairdressing is done on a very elaborate scale, and to accomplish the vast structures piled upon heads many false pieces are needed. These go under names too numerous to mention, but the bang, the switch, the psyche puff, the cluster puff, the transformation and the pin curl are some familiar titles. In buying any of these pieces by mail, the bit is matched to a lock of hair from that part of the head where the false piece would be worn. Thus bangs and transformations are matched to the front hair, switches are judged by the tints of the back hair, and so on. The reason for this particularity is that naturally colored hair is of many tones, and these seem to dispose themselves over the hair as they see fit; wherefore it is easy enough to tell dyed false hair at a glance, for the changing tones of the natural color cannot be imitated. So dyed false hair is without the commercial value of the false pieces in natural colors, and when the tint required is a rare one the false fixing is still dearer. All those shades of brown which have a drablike tint, Titian red, reddish gold and golden and white blonde are dearer than other colors.

A very handsome hair arrangement for the bride who is not too tall—that is, much taller than the average woman—is called the "coronation," this lending itself most charmingly to the lace veil put on in cap fashion, as is shown by the bride of the fashion pictures. For this style, which is rather intended to give a little height to the figure, the hair is parted in the middle, and two braids are carried around the head to form a large knot, showing from the front view of the head. This knot gives the support needed for the mop arrangement of the veil, which is fastened to it with a wreath of orange blossoms, the lace border of the veil falling about the face in a shaped fringe. Such veils, be it understood—those with lace borders—are more widely trimmed at the bottom, and sides than at the top, so the tightly trimmed and narrower end is shaped as it should be for a pretty fall about the sides of the face. With the "coronation" coiffure a ribbon is often worn about the braided knot, this ending in a bow without ends at the side.

For classic, statuesque types lace veils are far more becoming than those of tulle, which seem rather to belong to youthful brides of saucy or demure types.

For the bride who is much below the average height, the hair is always piled at the top of the head, the knot often taking a pointed form, which is, of course, emphasized by a cunning massing of the lace or tulle veil work.

The bang will be a salient feature of the coiffure of every girl who can wear the forehead fringe, but the bang is the merest cobweb, and it is slightly waved or left straight, as suits the face. The fringe is also quite short, and when it seems undesirable to cut the natural hair for it, the little piece, delicately woven to a silk thread, is bought in false shape for about seventy-five cents. A narrow, ventilated and naturally curly bang of "covent hair" in every shade is sold for a dollar and a half, and where the forehead is very high, and the face thin, this is very softening to the features.

The smartest tendency of all coiffures is toward a distinct flatness of the top of the head, where the hair is parted at the middle or at one side; from the parting, wherever disposed, the side locks go back with a light waving, and the large knot of braids, or puffs and curls is placed high enough to show all the nape of the neck, and besides, elongates the back of the head to a great extent. This flatness of the top and rear extension gives the head a very lovely contour, and if the face needs the softening of little curls they are put in many places—at the nape of the neck, below or above the ears, or else in the round or pointed rear knot. As to the deep waving once done at the sides and under the back hair, it is still a feature of the coiffure of the waxen ladies, but is by no means so conspicuous on human heads. The undulations admired are wide and loose, as if the waving were natural, for this method certainly gives a very legitimate look to the artificiality.

Ornaments for the bride's coiffure are numerous enough, some very splendid bandeaux of pearls being seen, as well as pearl combs and barrettes and pins. But if the veil is to cover the whole head, as it generally does, the ornaments had better be of shell in the color of the hair, as in this way they will not conflict with the half of whole wreaths and the separate knots of orange blossoms, used upon pins, for fastening on the veil.

## Social Forms and Entertainments



For Club Entertainment. I belong to a ladies' club. The ages of the members are from twenty-five to fifty. Will you please suggest some way of entertaining them? I would like something in which all might take part.—Violet.

A number of ladies spent a most enjoyable afternoon in this manner: Each one was asked to dress her hair to represent some famous woman. It was surprising what a change was wrought in the appearance, and it was a jolly crowd, I assure you. Some of the personages were Martha Washington, Mary Queen of Scots, Queen Victoria, Queen Alexandra, Frances E. Willard, Priscilla, etc. Old pictures furnished the ideas. Programs and pencils were passed and a prize was given to the lady who guessed the most and one to the person who remained the longest unguessed. I should think this would furnish entertainment for your club.

Regarding Mourning. Would it be proper for me to receive a gentleman caller while I am still wearing black and my mourning veil? I have worn it a year. I would not go driving Sunday because I didn't know whether it was proper. How long does one usually wear the mourning veil? Would it do for me to wear it with all white dress? In taking off mourning is it necessary to wear black and white a while before you go out in white?—M. B.

There is no harm in receiving calls while you are in mourning. About the driving, you must be guided by your own feelings. All white is considered mourning and black and white half mourning. A year is long enough to wear a heavy veil.

Duties of Bridal Attendant. Will you please tell me what the duties of the bridesmaid and groomsmen are, also at a home wedding who should receive the guests at the door?—Mabel.

At a home wedding the mother and father of the bride receive the guests; in other words, those who issue the invitations are the host and hostess of the occasion. A bridesmaid, if there is no maid of honor, immediately precedes the bride, stands beside her and holds her bouquet. The groomsmen supports the groom, enters with him, produces the ring at the critical moment and relieves him in all possible ways of the details of the preparation.

Compensation for Organist. Is it the custom to pay the organist at a wedding for her services, if you are well acquainted with her; if so, what compensation would you give her?—Blanche.

If you are well acquainted with the young woman and hesitate to offer her money, give her something to equal what she would receive in money from a stranger, for an organist is always paid for a wedding. I cannot set the amount, not knowing her terms.

For a Scotch Entertainment. Will you please give me some suggestions as to representing some Scottish character or books for an entertainment.—Lassie.

"The Heart of Midlothian," "Annie Laurie," "Scottish Chiefs," "The Monastery," "A Highland Laddie," "Ivanhoe" (carry a small hoe). If you go to the library doubtless many others will be suggested.

For a Dinner Dessert. Is maple mousse suitable for a dinner dessert? How is it pronounced?—M. E.

Maple mousse is delicious for dessert and always acceptable to every one, as maple flavoring is a general favorite. Mousse is pronounced exactly like moose, a deer.

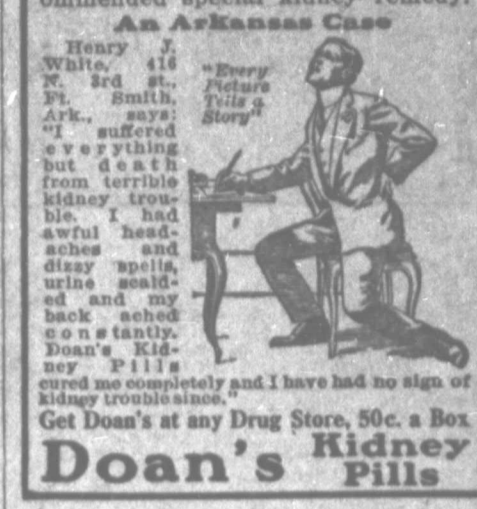
Making the First Call. In making a first call, if the maid takes my card at the door, when and where do I leave my husband's cards?—D. E.

Hand your husband's cards, with yours, to the maid, the courtesy is understood, as no one expects men to make daytime calls.

Picnic Invitation. Here is the invitation sent out for our club picnic that you helped us with when I wrote you a few days ago: (To be sung to the tune of "Annie Laurie.") You are cordially invited our picnic to attend. (Individuals can put "I surely am delighted." Next Tuesday morn'g the time, and the place; and so we send this little rhyme to help the way gloom to chase. The dashes can be filled in as desired. —Sarah. MADAME HERR.

## WHAT WILL CURE MY BACK?

Common sense will do more to cure backache than anything else. 'Twill tell you whether the kidneys are sore, swollen and aching. It will tell you in that case that there is no use trying to cure it with a plaster. If the passages are scanty or too frequent, proof that there is kidney trouble is complete. Then common sense will tell you to use Doan's Kidney Pills, the best recommended special kidney remedy.



An Arkansas Case. Henry J. White, 415 W. 1st St., Ft. Smith, Ark., says: "I suffered every thing but a pain from terrible kidney trouble. I had awful headaches and dizzy spells, urine acid and my back ached so I bought Doan's Kidney Pills. They cured me completely and I have had no sign of kidney trouble since."

Get Doan's at any Drug Store, 50c. a Box. Doan's Kidney Pills.

No Kick Coming. "But the portrait doesn't resemble me!" "Then what are you kicking about?"

As a summer tonic there is no medicine that compares with OXIDINE. It not only builds up the system, but taken regularly, prevents Malaria. Regular or Tasteless formula at Druggists.

His Weapon. "Did you see where an escaping malaric somewhere struck down his pursuers with a cake of soap?" "Then I suppose he made a clean getaway."

Goffer's Grand Army Score. A golfer playing his first game of the season reported downtown the next day that he had made a Grand Army score—he went out in 61 and came back in 65.—Chicago Evening Post.

In Gotham. "I know a policeman who always puts by something every week of what he earns." "Humph! I know one who always puts by every week more than he earns."

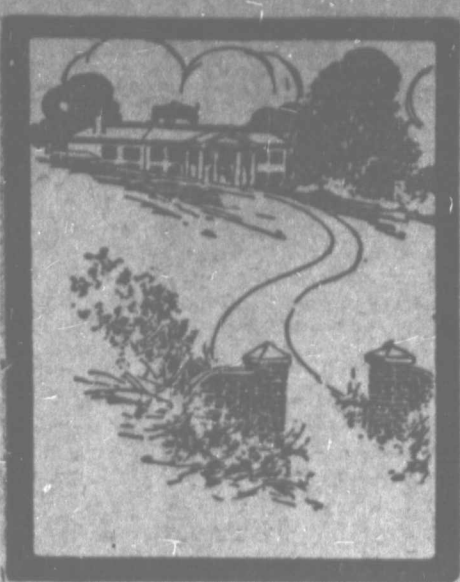
Child's Popularity Explained. A winning lottery ticket of \$100,000, in connection with the Nobles Bank was recently presented for payment at the State Bank in St. Petersburg, and it now transpires that the owner is an eight-year-old orphan, an inmate of the orphanage at Peckoff. The lottery ticket was her sole possession. Her relatives have hitherto done nothing for the child, but when the news of her good fortune became known they were one and all eager to adopt her. The authorities have placed her in the charge of an arch-priest, a distant connection of her father.

Robert Browning's Will. Diligent search is being made at Florence, Italy, for the will of Robert Browning, son of the famous poet, but so far it has not been found. The fact that there apparently is no will is causing considerable gossip, as the property, of which there is a good deal, both in Asolo and Florence, will pass to his wife, who was Miss Coddington of New York, and from whom he lived apart for year, owing to incompatibility of temper.

Browning's property in Florence included Casa Guidi, where he spent his childhood days. When his mother died the property passed out of the family, and was acquired by him a few years ago.

A FOOD CONVERT. Good Food the True Road to Health.

The pernicious habit some persons still have of relying on nauseous drugs to relieve stomach trouble keeps up the patent medicine business and helps keep up the army of dyspeptics. Indigestion—dyspepsia—is caused by what is put into the stomach in the way of improper food, the kind that so taxes the strength of the digestive organs they are actually crippled. When this state is reached, to resort to tonics is like whipping a tired horse with a big load. Every additional effort he makes under the lash diminishes his power to move the load. Try helping the stomach by leaving off heavy, greasy, indigestible food and take on Grape-Nuts—light, easily digested, full of strength for nerves and brain, in every grain of it. There's no waste of time nor energy when Grape-Nuts is the food. "I am an enthusiastic user of Grape-Nuts and consider it an ideal food," writes a Maine man: "I had nervous dyspepsia and was all run down and my food seemed to do me but little good. From reading an advertisement I tried Grape-Nuts food, and, after a few weeks' steady use of it, felt greatly improved. "Am much stronger, not nervous now, and can do more work without feeling so tired, and am better every way. "I relish Grape-Nuts best with cream and use four heaping teaspoonfuls as the cereal part of a meal. I am sure there are thousands of persons with stomach trouble who would be benefited by using Grape-Nuts." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason." Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.



# THE PRODIGAL JUDGE

By VAUGHAN KESTER  
ILLUSTRATIONS BY D. MELVILLE



## HOME TOWN HELPS BOOSTER TRIPS WORTH WHILE

If Actual Financial Benefit Cannot Be Shown, They Still Have a Distinct Value.

There is a difference of opinion among Burlington business men as to the value of so-called booster trips. Close figuring has convinced a number that these trips do not pay. That is, that there is not sufficient new business developed to make up for the time and money expended.

And perhaps that may be true. But there are always things which your mathematical man is apt to overlook. He is of the kind who counts the day wasted that is spent at the fishing club or on the golf grounds. The booster trip has a value, and a much greater one than is generally appreciated. It enables the members of the booster party to get acquainted with some of the actual or prospective customers. It may open the way for future business. But what is much more valuable and important, it makes the members of these parties better acquainted with each other. And, then, it is a day, or a week, ostensibly devoted to business, but partly devoted to pleasure. It is a change from the eternal routine, and few of your mathematical men realize how important, how necessary, an occasional change of this kind is, and how heavy is the cost that those are called upon to pay who never indulge themselves with such a change of program.

Even where there are no direct demonstrable benefits, the booster trip is of great value, of real benefit, to all who take part therein.—Burlington Hawkeye.

## UPLIFT IN LOVE OF NATURE

Cultivation of Ornamental Trees and Plants Marks Always a People of Refinement.

It is an unquestioned fact, certified by all observant travelers of broad experience, that the cultivation of ornamental trees and plants has an uplifting and ennobling influence on all mankind. No matter in what quarter of the earth you are traveling, you will invariably meet with the best reception at that domicile where the greatest love of nature is manifest, through the cultivation or presence of plants and flowers.

Aside from the orchard sections, it is a rare occurrence, in any state, to note in rural districts a farmyard where any intelligent or orderly attempt has been made to beautify the grounds, and in small towns decorated, tidy premises are equally rare. Doorways in the outskirts of cities are often just as unkempt. In places of lawns, flowers, trees and shrubs we find broken-down wagons, farm implements and machinery about an unpainted house scarcely fit for a stable, and not infrequently stock runs loose about the house.

This disagreeable phase of life is pictured merely to ask if good, cheerful, intelligent citizens of high standard may be reared amid such surroundings. Can you expect culture and refinement in young men and women coming from such so-called homes? And the pathos of it all is that they are not to be held accountable for their uncouthness, for, given a fair chance, most of them would develop into men and women of many graces and accomplishments.—Exchange.

## Street Paving.

Macadam roads, long the standard paving construction for highways, have had their day; the automobile has made it necessary to adapt pavements to a new traffic. Prof. Arthur H. Blanchard of Columbia notes in Engineering News that the yardage of new bituminous pavements, constructed by "penetration" methods, increased in eight states from 25,200 in 1908 to 8,680,500 in 1911, and of bituminous concrete pavements, from 4,400 yards in 1908 to 508,100 in 1911. Of the surfaces for macadam pavements already laid, Professor Blanchard says:

"That more permanent forms of construction are favored by our state commission is clearly shown by the marked decrease in use of light oils for surface treatment of roads, and the decided increase in the surface treatment of roads with heavy asphalted cements."

## Move for Civic Beauty Is Old.

At Stockbridge, Mass., modern neighborhood improvements were begun through the efforts of Mrs. Mary G. Hopkins in 1855; she started the Laurel Hill Village Improvement association and rescued the neglected cemetery and church green from a condition reflecting on the refinement of the village which associates the names of Jonathan Edwards, Nathaniel Hawthorne, James Russell and others equally as distinguished.

## Remarkable!

A local preacher who was addressing the public meeting of a Sunday school anniversary made an eloquent appeal to the risible faculties of his audience by declaring: "I'm glad to be here, because this meeting has to do with boys and girls. I do not forget I was a boy and girl myself once!"

## WATER SUPPLY ON DRY FARM

Plant for Average Home Need Not Be Elaborate or Extensive to Be Convenient.

(By PROF. E. S. KEENE, Dean of Engineering, North Dakota Agricultural College.)

An adequate and well arranged water supply system contributes to the comfort and well being of the family to a greater measure than any other form of household convenience. Such a system not only lightens the burden of household drudgery, but adds immeasurably to the contentment of those who enjoy its service. When there is added to the convenience of such a plant that of a system of sewage disposal, the equipment of the suburban or country residence becomes as complete as can be obtained where city water supply and sewer service is available. That plants of this kind are in general use is a matter of common knowledge, and that they are successful in service is attested by the number of companies engaged in their manufacture.

A water supply plant for the average home need not be elaborate or expensive in order to be convenient. The water may be taken from any suitable source of supply, and the plant may be made to suit the available conditions, no matter what they may be.

The system is simple in construction, not at all difficult to operate, and contains all of the essentials necessary to the demands of the average home.

The source of supply is a rain water cistern sunk below the level of the basement floor, the top of which extends above the level of the floor. The water is pumped from the cistern by a common tank pump and forced into the pressure tank, where it furnishes a supply of water as desired. The tank is an upright cylinder made perfectly tight and constructed to withstand the necessary pressure required to perform its service. It may be galvanized as a precaution against rust, but this is not absolutely necessary.

The pipe which conveys the water from the pump enters the tank near the bottom, and as the water enters the contained air is compressed into the decreasing space above its surface. The pressure developed by the compressed air furnishes the force by which the water is driven out of the tank and through the distributing pipes as the supply is demanded. If the air of the tank when empty of water is compressed until it occupies one-half of its original volume, then the pressure will be twice the original pressure, which in this case will be about 15 pounds to the square inch. The higher the water rises in the tank the greater will be the pressure developed. This may be as high as 125 pounds to the square inch if occasion requires, but 40 pounds pressure is generally sufficient for all the requirements usually demanded in a house plant.

## MANY BENEFITS FROM SHEEP

No Kind of Live Stock That Can Be Handled More Advantageously With Dry Farming.

(By W. F. STEVENS, Live Stock Commissioner of Alberta.)

There is no kind of live stock that can be handled as advantageously in connection with extensive grain growing in a dry-farming country as can sheep.

This is due to one fundamental fact—the large number of weeds that sheep will eat. Of the 300 grasses and weeds known in Canada, sheep will eat 260. Horses and cattle will eat only about one-fourth that number.

The most serious problem confronting the average grain farmer in Western Canada today is the weed problem. While the weed problem can be handled by proper cultivation, this cultivation can be greatly facilitated by keeping the right kind of animals on the land, and in addition to solving the weed problem the productiveness of the soil will also be maintained.

Anything that will destroy weeds is worthy of the farmer's attention; anything that will maintain the fertility of the land demands his attention. Sheep will do both, and are therefore entitled to the attention of every grain grower in a dry-farming country.

## Overhead Irrigation.

Many gardeners using cold frames for the forcing of early summer crops have found the overhead system of irrigation very practical. Instead of placing the pipes several feet above the frames they are usually placed very close to the frames and in some instances on the inside of the side boards. This method of irrigation greatly reduces the cost of watering and secures more equal distribution of the water than usually occurs by hand watering. When using this system it is always better to water thoroughly and then refrain from applying more water until it is actually needed.

## Profit Lies in Seed Bed.

There are few farms on which additional labor expended in preparing the seed bed would not yield handsome returns. It costs about 15 cents per acre to harrow land and about 35 cents per acre to disk land. For one dollar land can be double disked and harrowed twice. One bushel of wheat or barley, two bushels of corn, or one-half bushel of fax, increase per acre will pay for this extra labor.

### SYNOPSIS.

The scene at the opening of the story is laid in the library of the old worn-out southern plantation, known as the Barony. The place is to be sold, and its history and that of the owners, the Quintards, is the subject of discussion by Jonathan Crenshaw, a business man, a stranger known as Blon, and Bob Yancy, a farmer, when Hannibal Wayne Hazard, a mysterious child of the old southern family, makes his appearance. Yancy tells how he adopted the boy, Nathaniel Ferris buys the Barony, but the Quintards deny any knowledge of the boy. Yancy to keep Hannibal, Captain Murrell, a friend of the Quintards, appears and asks questions about the boy. Trouble at Scratch Hill, when Hannibal is kidnapped by Dave Blount, Captain Murrell's agent, Yancy overtakes Blount, gives him a thrashing and secures the boy. Yancy appears before Squire Halaam, and is discharged with costs for the plaintiff. Betty Malroy, a friend of the Quintards, has an encounter with Captain Murrell, who forces his attentions on her, and is rescued by Bruce Carrington. Betty sets out for her Tennessee home. Carrington takes the same stage. Yancy and Hannibal disappear, with Murrell on their trail. Hannibal arrives at the home of Judge Solomon Price. The judge recognizes in the boy, the grandson of an old-time friend. Murrell is seen at Judge's home. Cavendish family on raft rescue Yancy, who is apparently dead. Price breaks jail. Betty and Carrington arrive at Belle Plain. Hannibal's ride discloses some startling things to the judge. Hannibal and Betty meet again. Murrell arrives in Belle Plain. He is playing for big stakes. Yancy awakes from long dreamless sleep on board the raft. Judge Price makes startling discoveries in looking up land titles. Charley Norton, a young planter, who assists the judge, is mysteriously assassinated. Norton informs Carrington that Betty has promised to marry him. Norton is mysteriously shot. More light on Murrell's plots. He plans uprising of negroes.

### (CHAPTER XVII—Continued.)

"I have never so regarded it, Solomon," said the judge mildly. "I have read a different meaning in the beef and flour and potatoes she's sent here. I expect if the truth could be known to us she is wondering in the midst of her grief why I haven't called, but she'll appreciate the considerate delicacy of a gentleman. I wish it were possible to get out flowers in this cussed wilderness!"

The judge had been occupied with a simple but ingenious toilet. He had trimmed the frayed skirts of his coat; then, by turning his cuffs inside out and upside down a fresh surface made its first public appearance. Next his shoes had engaged his attention. They might have well discouraged a less resolute and resourceful character, but with the contents of his ink-well he artfully colored his white yarn socks where they showed through the rifts in the leather. This the judge did gaily, now humming a snatch of song, now listening civilly to Mahaffy, now replying with undisturbed cheerfulness. Last of all he clasped his dingy beaver on his head, giving it an indescribably jaunty slant, and stepped to the door.

"Well, wish me luck, Solomon, I'm off—come, Hannibal!" he said.

At heart he cherished small hope of seeing Betty, advantageous as he felt an interview might prove. However, on reaching Belle Plain, he and Hannibal were shown into the cool parlor by little Steve. It was more years than the judge cared to remember since he had put his foot inside such a house, but with true grandeur of soul he rose to the occasion; a sublimated dignity shone from every tattered feature, while he fixed little Steve with so fierce a glance that the grin froze on his lips.

"You are to say that Judge Solomon Price presents his compliments and condolences to Miss Malroy—have you got that straight, you pinch of snoot?" he concluded affably. Little Steve, impressed alike by the judge's air of condescension and his easy flow of words, signified that he had.

"You may also say that Judge Price's ward, young Master Hazard, presents his compliments and condolences—" What more the judge might have said was interrupted by the entrance of Betty, herself.

"My dear young lady—" the judge bowed, then he advanced toward her with the solemnity of carriage and countenance he deemed suitable to the occasion, and her extended hand was engulfed between his two plump palms. He rolled his eyes heavenward. "It's the Lord's to deal with us as his own inscrutable wisdom dictates," he murmured with pious resignation. "We are all poorer, ma'am, that he has died—just as we were richer while he lived!" The rich cadence of the judge's speech fell sonorously on the silence, and that look of horror which had never quite left Betty's eyes since they saw Charley Norton fall, rose out of their clear depths again. The judge, instantly stricken with a sense of the inadequacy of his words, doubled on his spiritual tracks. "In a round-about way, ma'am, we're bound to believe in the omnipresence of Providence—we must think it—though a body might be disposed to hold that west Tennessee had got out of the line of divine supervision recently. Let me lead you to a chair, ma'am!"

Hannibal had slipped to Betty's side and placed his hand in hers. The judge regarded the pair with great benevolence of expression.

"He would come, and I hadn't been here—since—her voice broke suddenly.

"I understand, ma'am," said the judge soothingly. He gave her a glance of great concern and turned to Hannibal, "Dear lad, you'll be very quiet and obedient, and do exactly as Miss Malroy says? When shall I come for him, ma'am?"

"I'll send him to you when he is ready to go home. I am thinking of visiting my friends in North Carolina, and I should like to have him spend as much time as possible with me before I start for the east."

It had occurred to Betty that she had done little or nothing for the child; probably this would be her last opportunity.

The state of the judge's feelings was such that with elaborate absence of mind he poured himself a second drink of whisky; and that there should be no doubt the act was one of inadvertence, said again, "My best respects, ma'am," and bowed as before. Putting down the glass, he backed toward the door.

"I trust you will not hesitate to call upon me if I can be of any use to you, ma'am—a message will bring me here without a moment's delay." He was rather disappointed that no allusion had been made to his recent activities. He reasoned correctly that Betty was as yet in ignorance of the somewhat dangerous eminence he had achieved as the champion of law and order. However, he reflected with satisfaction that Hannibal, in remaining, would admirably serve his ends.

Betty insisted that he should be driven home, and after faintly protesting, the judge gracefully yielded the point, and a few moments later rolled away from Belle Plain behind a pair of sleek-coated bays, with a negro in livery on the box. He was conscious of a great sense of exaltation. He felt that he should paralyze Mahaffy. He even temporarily forgot the blow his hopes had sustained when Betty spoke of returning to North Carolina. This was life—broad acres and negroes—principally to trot after you totting liquor—and such liquor!—he lolled back luxuriantly with half-closed eyes.

"Twenty years in the wood if an hour!" he muttered. "I'd like to have just such a taste in my mouth when I come to die and probably she has barrels of it!" he sighed deeply, and searched his soul for words with which adequately to describe that whisky to Mahaffy.

But why not do more than paralyze Solomon—that would be pleasant but not especially profitable. The judge came back quickly to the vexed problem of his future. He desired to make some striking display of Miss Malroy's courtesy. He knew that his credit was experiencing the pangs of an early mortality; he was not sens-

itive, yet for some days he had been sensible of the fact that what he called the commercial class was viewing him with open disfavor; but he must hang on in Raleigh a little longer—for him it had become the abode of hope. The judge considered the matter. At least he could let people see something of that decent respect with which Miss Malroy treated him.

They were entering Raleigh now, and he ordered the coachman to pull his horses down to a walk. He had decided to make use of the Belle Plain turnout in creating an atmosphere of confidence and trust—especially trust. To this end he spent the best part of an hour interviewing his creditors. It amounted almost to a mass-meeting of the adult male population, for he had no favorites. When he invaded virgin territory he believed in starting the largest possible number of accounts without delay. The advantage of his system, as he explained its workings to Mahaffy, was that it was a noble spirit of emulation.

He let it be known in a general way that things were looking up with him; just in what quarter he did not specify, but there he was, seated in the Belle Plain carriage, and the inference was unavoidable that Miss Malroy was to recognize his activities in a substantial manner.

Mahaffy, loafing away the afternoon in the county clerk's office, heard of the judge's return. He heard that Charley Norton had left 'will; that Thicket Point went to Miss Malroy; that the Norton cousins in middle Tennessee were going to put up a fight; that Judge Price had been retained as counsel by Miss Malroy; that he was authorized to begin an independent search for Charley Norton's murderer, and was to spare no expense; that Judge Price was going to pay his debts. Mahaffy grinned at this and hurried home. He could believe all but the last; that was the crowning touch of unreality.

The judge explained the situation. "I wouldn't withhold hope from any man, Solomon; it's the cheapest thing in the world and the one thing we are most miserly about extending to our fellows. These people all feel better—and what did it cost me?—just a little decent consideration; just the knowledge of what the unavoidable associations of ideas in their own minds would do for them!"

What had seemed the corpse of credit breathed again, and the judge and Mahaffy immediately embarked upon a characteristic celebration. Early candle-light found them making a beginning; midnight came—the gray and purple of dawn—and they were still at it, back of closed doors and shuttered windows.

CHAPTER XVIII.

Betty Leaves Belle Plain.

Hannibal had devoted himself loyally to the judge's glorification, and Betty heard all about the letter, the snuffing of the candles and the reward of five thousand dollars, it vastly increased the child's sense of importance and satisfaction when he discovered she had known nothing of these matters until he told her of them.

"Why, where would Judge Price get so much money, Hannibal?" she asked, greatly astonished.

"He won't have to get it, Miss Betty; Mr. Mahaffy says he don't reckon no one will ever tell who wrote the letter—he 'lows the man who done that will keep pretty mum—he just doesn't tell!" the boy explained.

"No, I suppose not—" and Betty saw that perhaps, after all, the judge had not assumed any very great financial responsibility.

"He can't be a coward, though, Hannibal!" she added, for she understood that the risk of personal violence which he ran was genuine. She had formed her own unsympathetic estimate of him that day at Hogg's race-track; Mahaffy in his blackest hour could have added nothing to it. Twice since then she had met him in Raleigh, which had only served to fix that first impression.

### (TO BE CONTINUED.)

### Bank of England Employees.

There are about 1,066 persons on the staff of the Bank of England, of whom 840 are at the head office in London and the remainder in the branches throughout the country. Five hundred porters and mechanics are also employed. The bank prints its own notes and Indian rupee notes, together with all postal orders and old-age pension orders; this work is done at the head office.

### Royalty Sacred in Austria.

A woman in Vienna has been sent to prison for three months for speaking disrespectfully of Maria Theresa, who has been dead for 131 years. In Austrian law royalty is protected from criticism, written or spoken, for 200 years after death.



"Since You Inlet, Ma'am—My Best Respects."



# THE COUNTRY'S BUSINESS IS NOW AT FLOOD TIDE

From Every Section of the Nation Comes the Good News of a People's Prosperity

That Is the Chorus That Comes from Every State, and It Is a Song That Gladdens the Heart of All

**T**HE country is at the flood tide of prosperity. The last four years under Republican laws and Republican policies mark a triumphant climax in the nation's history.

From the day that William McKinley, in the name of the Republican party, assumed control of the government, down to the present time, when William Howard Taft is proving the worthy and patriotic successor of the martyred president, there has been uninterrupted progress, unexampled prosperity, marvelous growth.

Business everywhere is booming. Labor is in great demand and wages were never better. Banks' deposits are increasing. Railroads are carrying enormous quantities of freight. Shipbuilding has taken on a new lease of life. Farmers are making money and miners and all other classes of workers are busy. Never was such universal activity known before.

The details presented in these columns tell their own convincing story. They are gathered from all sections of the country—a broadside of interesting, instructive facts that demonstrate the widespread blessing of prosperity all over the land.

## BUSINESS IS BRISK

Local Merchants in the Towns Find Receipts Increasing Each Month.

Under the heading, "Business is Brisk this Fall," the Freeport, Ill., Journal says that local merchants are optimistic and that "autumn displays in local windows include great variety of high class goods that will sell well." The Journal then says:

"Recent reports from shippers in almost every section of the country give one the idea that the only farms we will have is one of freight cars rather than of produce. The conditions in the harvest fields of our great grain sections this year have demanded more labor than they could get, and that condition has not existed for several seasons. Wages are at the top notch and there is plenty of work. Factories are working full force and many of them over-time. And the farmer still buys automobiles.

"Among local merchants business has been good this summer and each month has shown an improvement over the corresponding month one year ago."

## WILL DEPEND UPON ELECTION

Politics, Unfortunately, Will Have an Influence Upon Continued Prosperity.

In an interview published in New York, Mr. James S. Alexander, president of the National Bank of Commerce, said:

"Merchants have been increasing their stocks. Labor is well employed. Tremendous crops are assured. The outlook is exceedingly good."

But Mr. Alexander added that politics, unfortunately, were a factor in the situation and that if present conditions were changed by the election, the business world would naturally suffer.

## THE STORY IN HEADLINES

From the Chicago Record-Herald, Sept. 17, 1912.

### AMPLE CASH IN BANKS FOR BUSINESS NEEDS

Enough for Crop Moving and Legitimate Enterprises, but None for Speculation.

### GOLD COMING FROM EUROPE

Engagement of \$750,000 First of Series—New York Exchange a Premium.

### Bright Business Signs.

From the Reading, Pa., Times. It gratifies the Times to be able to bring to the attention of its readers the many evidences of business improvement appearing in all sections of the country. These come from the west as well as from the east, and affect the agriculturist as well as the industries and financial and commercial houses.

### Let Well Enough Alone.

From the Quincy, Ill., Whig. It strikes us that we should be satisfied with our present prosperity under President Taft and not be misled by those who are trying to create a spirit of unrest throughout the country.

## WILSON WOULD REPEAL ALL PROTECTIVE TARIFF LAWS.

The following is taken from an address delivered by Professor Woodrow Wilson before the tariff board in 1882, showing his view then on the question of the tariff and the distinct announcement of his position as a free trader, opposed to all tariffs except merely for the purpose of raising revenue:

"But the danger of imposing protective duties is that when the policy is once embarked upon it cannot be easily receded from. Protection is nothing more than a bounty, and when we offer bounties to manufacturers they will enter into industries and build up interests and when at a later day we seek to overthrow this protective tariff we must hurt somebody and of course there is objection. They will say, 'Thousands of men will be thrown out of employment and hundreds of people will lose their capital.' This seems very plausible; but I maintain that manufacturers are made better manufacturers whenever they are thrown upon their own resources and left to the natural competition of trade."

"Protection also hinders commerce immensely. The English people do not send as many goods to this country as they would if the duties were not so much and in that way there is a restriction of commerce and we are building up manufacturers here at the expense of commerce. We are holding ourselves aloof from foreign countries in effect and saying, 'We are sufficient to ourselves; we wish to trade, not with England, but with each other.' I maintain that it is not only a pernicious system, but a corrupt system."

"By Commissioner Garland: 'Q. Are you advocating the repeal of all tariff laws?'

"A. Of all protective tariff laws; of establishing a tariff for revenue merely. It seems to me very absurd to maintain that we shall have free trade between different portions of this country and at the same time shut ourselves out from free communication with other producing countries of the world. If it is necessary to impose restrictive duties on goods brought from abroad it would seem to me as a matter of logic, necessary to impose similar restrictions on goods taken from one state of this Union to another. That follows as a necessary consequence; there is no escape from it."

Scattered among the platitudes of Dr. Wilson's speech of acceptance are some truths. None is more significant than this:

"We stand in the presence of an awakened nation, impatient of partisan make believe."

Following which he makes believe that he is telling the voters of the country his position on the campaign issues. No one has yet been able to determine from a reading of the speech precisely what that position is. Some slight enlightenment comes from time to time in his later utterances, like, for example, the declaration the other day that Tammany is to be safe from his assaults; but none of it is satisfying.

Dr. Wilson, in the pre-convention days, was represented to the country as a scholarly gentleman, too lofty of mind to practice the wiles of the professional politician, too earnest in the cause of good government to be sly but frank and fearless in his expression, too unselfish to put private ambition above the public weal, too idealistic in character to truckle to the forces of evil in the nation.

But how singularly he has masked all of these qualities since William Jennings Bryan forced his nomination at Baltimore.

There is no difference, save in the polity of the English, between his speeches and the speeches of the worst professional office seeker of the worst period in American politics. He steps puffy footed over all the large questions of the day. He exhibits a suspiciously broad tolerance for all elements in the body politic, even the elements which, to nominate him, Bryan found it expedient to denounce by name in the convention. There is none of the rugged frankness of utterance that characterized his writings in the days before he was inoculated with the virus of political ambition. He is proving over apt as an advanced student of practical politics.

It is not a pleasant nor a heartening exhibition he makes of himself. The right minded citizen can feel nothing but sadness in contemplating a man of education and culture so intent upon partisan and personal victory that he sacrifices those ideals of truth and honesty for which he has always stood to fawn upon and honeyfag the voters.

Dr. Wilson as a candidate is not in character with the Dr. Wilson that was pictured to us prior to the Baltimore convention. This "awakened nation, impatient of partisan make believe," detects the difference.

## HAPPY FARMERS

They Have Every Cause for Joy on the Next Thanksgiving Day.

From the Detroit Free Press, Sept. 13, 1912.

A marvelously fortunate year is this of 1912 for this land of ours. The government crop report yesterday renews once more the proof that all things are uniting for the welfare of Americans. It is an amazing showing, 300,000,000 bushels of spring wheat being reported as in sight, where last year the yield was only 190,000,000 bushels, and the year before 200,000,000. Added to the winter wheat, which in spite of the soft wheat losses in our own section of the country, will still pass the 1911 mark, the total yield of this grain will run well above 700,000,000 bushels, and if private advices are reliable, even above 800,000,000 bushels.

We have had but two years in the past when the 700,000,000 mark was passed, 1906 and 1901, and the outlook is that the return per bushel for the harvest now available will exceed that of either of these.

Nor is wheat the only crop that is practically assured of reaching record figures. Corn, potatoes, barley, rye and some others are already in the class of bumper yields. The indications amount to assurance that they will all exceed any previous aggregate.

While the American fields are teeming with their produce across the ocean is heard the cry of distress. Cold weather and prolonged rainfall have played havoc there. The land is sodden and unfruitful. What crops have grown are drowning in flood. The American farmer, with his barns bulging with the yield of his acres, will get big prices for his big stock of food supplies.

A bountiful harvest and a strong demand should make the farmer of this country a happy man on Thanksgiving day.

## BRIGHTENING WEEKS.

From the New York Commercial, Sept. 11, 1912.

Each week is more auspicious than its predecessor in the auspicious promise of a great business year. This implies according to the laws of trade chances universal to succeed it. With immense uniform crops as a foundation, accompanied by conditions in the Old World much less favorable, it gives this country a place of vantage which it has rarely if ever experienced, so concurrently do the general facts at home and abroad run in our favor.

A significant fact is that New York for the last week has been put to its trumps to accommodate adequately the immense throngs of business visitors. No city is better supplied with such resources of hospitality, but they have been strained to the uttermost since the middle of August. There is nothing in the capacity of our transportation lines which does not fully conjoin with the sanguine outlook that pervades the whole country.

While all the activities of trade are notable now they will be vastly more so in a few weeks.

## BANKS SHOW PROSPERITY.

From the Beloit, Wis., Free Press, September 11, 1912.

Bank deposits are a sure indicator of prosperity in a city, and on this point Beloit banks show a steady increase and this city on this score compares most favorably with the outside world. Total deposits in the four banks according to the current statements aggregate \$4,548,418.45, of which \$2,569,571.14 represent the savings of the people. Rockford with three times the population has little more than double the amount of money on deposit in her seven banks. Figuring Beloit's population at 18,000, which is probably conservative, the per capita deposits in the banks amount to \$241.4, which is a pretty good showing.

## Can We Affected by Politics.

Henry Claws, the New York financial expert, says in his weekly letter that business conditions are good, especially in the west, but he points that they may become unsettled by political developments.

There were good times before the last Democratic administration, but they soon became bad times. The country does not want history to repeat itself.

Secret Service Chief Says That With Good Times There is Less Law-Breaking.

From the Buffalo, N. Y., Inquirer.

The department of agriculture in its latest announcement reports bumper crops of corn, white potatoes, spring wheat, oats, rye and buckwheat.

Business agencies report booming iron and steel trade, strong demand for cars and decrease in the number of commercial failures.

The most novel sign of prosperity, however, is recorded by Chief John E. Wilkie of the United States secret service. "Whenever work is plentiful and employment easily obtainable," says Chief Wilkie, "crime is less, and this rule, which has been demonstrated by years of experience, applies as much to counterfeiting as to other offenses against the law."

As a general proposition easy times are the times freest of crime, indicating that distress is the cause of much law breaking.

## "THE SCUM OF THE EARTH"



## PORTALES

AFTERNOON AND NIGHT

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10th

KIT CARSON'S  
BUFFALO RANCH WILD WEST  
AND  
TRAINED WILD ANIMAL EXHIBITION.



TENTH TRANS-CONTINENTAL TOUR.

THE LARGEST WILD WEST SHOW ON EARTH  
COMING DIRECT ON THEIR OWN SPECIAL TRAINS  
OF DOUBLE LENGTH RAILROAD CARS FROM  
THE BIGGEST RANCH IN THE WORLD.

Menagerie of Trained Wild Animals

From all parts of the Globe. Daring and death defying acts almost beyond the realms of lucid imagination.

A COSMOPOLITAN COLLECTION OF COWBOYS AND GIRLS, VANQUEROS, SENORITAS, GUARDIS RURALES, CHAMPIONS OF THE LARIAT, ROUGH RIDERS, PONY EXPRESS VETERANS, DARING ATHLETES, COMICAL CLOWNS, THRILLING INDIAN FIGHTS AND WAK DANCES.

PRINCE BOTLOINE'S TROUPE OF RUSSIAN COSSACKS,  
The most daring Horsemen in the World.

BANDS of SIOUX, CHEYENNE and COMANCHE INDIANS,  
Fresh from the Camp-fire and Council, making their first acquaintance with pale face civilization.

The Grand Ethnological Performance concludes with the Superb Spectacular, Dramatic, Historical Fantasy,



"The Battle of Wounded Knee"

Introducing a vast and motley horde of Indians, Scouts, Trappers and Soldiers that actually took active part in the last brave stand and hopeless struggle the noble redskin made for his freedom and rights.

TWO PERFORMANCES DAILY, RAIN OR SHINE  
Afternoon at 2. Evening at 8. Doors open One Hour earlier.  
WATER PROOF CANVAS. CANNOT LEAK.

Grand, Gold Glittering Free Street Parade  
TWO MILES LONG at 11 a. m. daily on the main thoroughfare.

BIG FREE EXHIBITIONS on Show Grounds immediately after the Parade

BRING IN YOUR BAD HORSES AND MULES  
Our Cowboys will ride them FREE OF CHARGE.  
\$25.00 will be paid to our persons bringing a horse or mule they cannot ride

# Portales Times

CAPT. T. J. MOLINARI, Editor.  
H. B. RYHER, Manager.

Published as second-class mail matter at the post office at Portales, New Mexico.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.00 PER YEAR.



Portales, Hub of the Universe

For President  
**WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT**

For Vice President  
**JAMES S. SHERMAN**

For Representative in Congress  
**NATHAN JAFFA**  
Of Roswell

An Appeal to Young Men.

(By JOHN HAY)

(Note—This Republican classic written by the late John Hay, author, poet, diplomat, statesman and lover of humanity, has an especial value in this campaign, when millions of young men voters will cast their first vote. In words of wisdom should be read and heeded by every young man.)

I want to say a word to the young men whose political life is just beginning.

Anyone entering business would be glad of the chance to become one of an established firm with years of success behind it.

Everything great done by this country in the last fifty years has been done by the Republican party. Is not this a priceless asset?

Lincoln and Grant, Hayes and Garfield, Harrison and McKinley—names secure in the heaven of fame—they are all gone, leaving small estates in world goods, but what vast possessions in principles, memories, sacred associations! It is a start in life to share that wealth.

But what young man would not rather belong to the party that does things, instead of one that opposes them; to the party that looks up, rather than down; to the party of the dawn, rather than of the sunset?

For fifty years the Republican party has believed in the country and labored for it in hope and joy; has revered the flag and followed it; has carried it under strange skies and planted it on far receding horizons;

Has seen the nation grow greater every year and more respected; has seen the country extend its intercourse and its influence to regions unknown to our fathers.

Yet it has never abated one jot or tittle of the ancient law imposed on us by God-fearing ancestors. The constitution of our fathers has been the light to our feet. Our path is, and will ever remain, that of ordered progress, of liberty under the law.

But we are not daunted by progress. We are not afraid of the light!

The fabric our fathers builded will stand all shocks of fate or fortune.

While there will always be a proud pleasure looking back on the history they made, the coming generation has the right to anticipate work not less important.

We who are passing off the stage bid you, as the children of

Israel encamping by the sea were bidden, to go forward. We whose hands can no longer hold the flaming torch pass it on to you that its clear light may show the truth to the ages that are to come.

## The Passing of Theodore

(A parody on Phillips' "Fall of Napoleon")

The following clever and powerful article, which appeared in the Tulsa, Oklahoma, Daily World and other American newspapers, was written by Judge A. A. Freeman, of Victoria:

He is fallen! We may now pause before that unique prodigy that towered amongst us like some modern Don Quixote, whose insolence terrified the glance its audacity attracted. Aggressive, intolerant, and peculiar, he strode the halls of the White House, a sceptred dictator, wrapped in the glory of his own egotism. A mind bold in its comprehension of popular ideals—a will, despotic in its dictates, an energy that distanced expedition, and a conscience pliable to every touch of interest marked the outlines of this extraordinary character; the most extraordinary that, in the annals of the United States, ever rose, resigned and fell.

Flung into life on the ebb of a revolution that taxed every device of a people that acknowledged no superior, he commenced his course, an aristocrat by birth and scholar of no mean attainments.

With wealth and fortune for his friend, he rushed into the lists where rank and wealth and the "four hundred" arrayed themselves and Depew and Platt and the "bosses" fled from him as from the glance of destiny.

He knew no motive but interest—he acknowledged no criterion but success—he worshipped no god but ambition; and with an eastern devotion, he knelt at the altar of his idolatry.

Subsidiary to this there was no creed nor opinion that he did not avow or repudiate, as self interest seemed to dictate.

In the hope of the presidency he upheld the "machine" and when that deserted him he appealed to the mob.

The orphan of McKinley, he became the adopted child of the "interests;" the denouncer of bosses, he became himself a boss; the pretended friend of law, he defied the law, the courts and the government; and on the ruins of McKinleyism, the courts, the bosses, the interests, and the government itself, he reared the throne of his own despotism!

A professed Christian, he was the idol of the profane and dissolute; a professed patriot, he made his country subservient to his own ambition, and under the name of Lincoln he grasped without shame and wore without remorse, the diadem of Burr!

But in all he did he was consistent—with himself.

He was unique; sui generis; he was the same defiant and aggressive egotist; he was T. R.; he was the Melchizedek of the modern age, without prototype and, we trust, without antitype. There was but one of him; there could not be a second, for nature was without material for its construction, and the world without room for its exploitation.

In all this, his affectation of politics and other creeds must not be omitted. A Republican, a Democrat, a standpatter, a Progressive, a protectionist and a free trader, a Socialist, an anarchist, he was all things to all men and to himself alone was he true!

He affected a crusade against the "bosses," that he himself might become the country's only boss.

He made war on predatory, wealth and tainted combines and

trusts, which did not support him.

He divided the big corporations and trusts into two classes, the good, which supported him, and the bad, which did not.

In the south he was the people's friend with democratic tendencies—in the north a progressive Republican.

He was an eastern puritan and a western pugilist.

That he might secure negro support in the north, he admitted them to terms of political equality; and that he might obtain white support in the south, he excluded the negro from his political conventions.

Affecting to hate "muck-raking," he was himself a political scavenger.

A rough-rider, he attempted to rough-ride the Chicago convention and got "steam-rolled" for his pains. Failing to rough-ride the Republican party, the only party which had ever honored him, he bolted, and, of his vassals, formed a party which he could ride at pleasure; a party "quick to do the master's will."

He selected the moose as his emblem, because that animal changes its coat every year, and is never found twice in the same place.

He was a political chameleon, that took the hue of every party with which he associated.

He could play the roll of Prince Rupert or Falstaff with equal talent.

He wielded the bible or the "big stick" with equal skill; and quoted scripture with as much ease and application as Satan himself.

He insisted on a "square deal," when he held four acres, but refused to play if not allowed to stack the cards.

Professing to be a reformer, he attempted to reform everything but himself; professing to venerate the memory of Lincoln, he was everything that Lincoln was not; and in the name of Washington and the famous cherry tree, he became the mogul of his self-created Order of Ananias.

So long as the Republicans kept him in office, he was as true to them as it was his nature to be true to anyone but himself. But when the party could submit no longer to his intolerant bigotry; when it refused to be made the footstool of his insatiable ambition, when it refused to keep him perpetually in office, he deserted it, that he might form for himself a party of serfs and satellites.

He was grand, gloomy and hilarious by turns, and through all his moods he was the same selfish, egotistic, ambitious self.

But he is fallen.

He declined Hadley's admonition to fling away ambition, and by that sin he fell.

Politicians may learn from him, that the safest study as well as the noblest, is the real interest of the people; the people are taught by him, that there is no demagogy, however adroit, through which they may not discover the outlines of the ambitious leader, and he is a living lesson that if egotism and ambition can raise one to the highest station, common sense and patriotism can prostrate him to the lowest.

80 ACRES: 6 miles east Holdenville, Ok.; valley land; half prairie; 50 cultivated; 30 timber and grass; 10 Bermuda; cross fenced; double houses; two cribs; shedded; good water; daily mail, school house and church; cash and time; would add another 80 joining if wanted; best improved. T. A. Bell, Portales, N. M.

25-41.

**THE HEATER WHICH MAINTAINS A STEADY, EVEN TEMPERATURE**

Throughout every weather you can keep your house plants by using Cole's Original Hot Water Heater. It boils for over night and you can heat your living rooms for two hours next morning with the coal put in the night before. Allow us to show you this heater. Prices \$12.00 and up.

(12-12)

## The Materia Medica

Come, ye sufferers, one and all, Heed old Dr. Teddy's call. Doesn't matter what you've got, He has panaceas hot. Waiting for you in his chest, All of which have stood the test. If you're fat, or if you're lean, Try Old Teddy's Tincturine.

Have your chickens got the pip? Do you suffer from the grip? Have you trouble with your toes?—Vote for Teddy and it goes.

Have your children got the mumps? Has your neighbor got the jumps? Do you suffer from the chills?—Try a box of Teddy's Squills.

Are there wrinkles on your spouse? Have you measles in the house? Have you lost your sense of smell?—Vote for Teddy and get well.

Can't you find an easy job? Is your neighbor's wife a snob? Can't you liquidate your debts?—Try one dose of Teddyettes.

Have you water on the brain? Does your roof leak in the rain? Don't you dare discharge the cook?—Vote for Teddy and 'The Hook'!

Do you suffer from the gout? Are you getting rather stout? Does your back ache from your toll? Try St. Teddy's National!

Doesn't matter what your case—Moles or freckles on your face; Too much taxes; too much wealth; Too much labor; too much health; Too slight tendency to drink; Too much tendency to drink; There's no ill that men endure Teddy's Quick-Quack Cannot Cure!

—Horace Dodd Gastin in Harper's Weekly.

## Notice of Pendency of Suit

To Young Green Stanley, defendant, you will take notice that suit has been filed against you in the District Court of the Fifth Judicial District of the State of New Mexico, in and for Roosevelt county New Mexico, wherein Willie Bell Stanley is plaintiff and you, the said Young Green Stanley, are defendant, said cause being numbered 844 upon the civil docket of said court.

The general objects of said action are as follows: The plaintiff sues for an absolute divorce on the grounds of abandonment; for the custody of Fay Stanley, Opal Stanley and Robert Stanley, children of the plaintiff and the defendant, for costs and general relief.

G. L. Reese is attorney for the plaintiff and his post office address is Portales, New Mexico.

You are further notified that unless you enter your appearance in said cause on or before the twenty-third day of November, 1912, judgment by default will be taken against you in said cause and the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Witness my hand and the seal of the said court this 2nd day of October, 1912.

(SEAL) C. P. MITCHELL, Clerk  
By S. A. MORRISON, Deputy.

## Notice of Publication.

Non-coal land 05180

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 10, 1912

Notice is hereby given that John R. Hall, of Carter, N. M., who, on March 17, 1908, made homestead entry No. 05180 for northeast quarter section 25, township 3 south, range 34 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 15th day of November, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: Fenton G. Edmonds, Samuel H. Harris, William F. Burney, John W. Thompson, all of Portales, N. M.

C. C. Henry, Register

## Notice of Publication.

Non-coal land 05751

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 17, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Jackson L. Wyatt, of Texico, N. M., who on June 20, 1908, made homestead entry No. 05751, for northeast quarter section 30, township 1 north, range 37 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 15th day of Nov., 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: Harvey T. Hollis, R. Clarence Houston, James W. Powell, Layton A. Reeves, all of Texico, N. M.

C. C. Henry, Register

## Notice of Publication.

Non-coal land 024135

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Roswell, N. M., Sept. 23, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Annie N. Keller, of Redland, N. M., who, on Jan. 10, 1911, made homestead entry serial No. 024135, for west half section 33, township 6 south, range 38 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Manes, U. S. commissioner, in his office near Redland, N. M., on the 29th day of October, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: Robert D. Turner, Asberry E. McCullough, Thomas J. Keller, Joseph M. McGaha, all of Redland, N. M.

T. C. Tiltonson, Register

## Notice of Publication.

Non-coal land 024135

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Roswell, N. M., Sept. 23, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Warchan H. Bingham, of Floyd, N. M., who, on May 15, 1908, made homestead entry No. 024135, for northeast quarter southeast quarter, south half southeast quarter and southeast quarter southwest quarter section 25, township 1 south, range 31 east, N. M. P. M. has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 15th day of November, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: J. C. Jerman, of Upton, N. Mex. James E. Spear, of Floyd, N. Mex. Wesley R. Armitage, of Lloyd, N. Mex. Clarence Newman, of Upton, N. M.

C. C. Henry, Register

## Notice of Publication.

Non-coal land 02348

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 17, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Leonard M. Widener, of Redland, N. M., who, on Feb. 24, 1911, made homestead entry No. 02348 for the west half section 22, township 5 south, range 37 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Manes, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Casey, N. M., on the 15th day of November, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: Harvey E. Weyandt, of Casey, N. M. Ezra E. Range, of Redland, N. M. Jesse M. Campbell, of Redland, N. M. Thomas E. Manes, of Casey, N. M.

C. C. Henry, Register

## Notice of Publication.

Non-coal land 03724

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Sept. 19, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Carrie A. Talbot of Cassey, N. M., who, on Oct. 29, 1906 made homestead entry No. 03724 for southeast quarter sec. 22, township 5 south, range 37 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Manes, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Casey, N. M., on the 9th day of November 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: Edward M. Manes, Robert L. Little, all of Casey, N. M. C. C. Henry, Register

## Notice of Publication.

Non-coal land 03095

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 24, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Elmer E. Edmondson, of Long, N. M., who, on March 26, 1906, made homestead entry No. 03095 for southeast quarter section 25, township 4 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Manes, U. S. commissioner, in his office at Casey, N. M., on the 13th day of November, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: Calvin M. Horton, Cary B. Vaughn, Charley R. Potter, James E. Tollett, all of Mt. Vernon N. M.

C. C. Henry, Register

## Notice of Publication.

Non-coal land 06153

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 15, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Eliza Flocom, for the heirs of Joseph McCord, deceased, of Portales, N. M., who, on April 5, 1909, made homestead entry No. 06153 for the northeast quarter, section 22, township 3 south, range 38 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, probate judge, Roosevelt county, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 9th day of November, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: Grover C. Hurke, of Eiland, N. M. Elbert Decker, of Eiland, N. M. Berry H. Wilson, of Eiland, N. M. Gustav A. Dickbreder, of Portales, N. M.

C. C. Henry, Register

## Notice of Publication.

Non-coal land 09133

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 25, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Margaret A. Hughes, of Mt. Vernon, N. M., who, on Dec. 13, 1910, made homestead entry No. 09133, for north half section 22, township 3 south, range 37 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, probate judge, Roosevelt county, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 14th day of November, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: Calvin M. Horton, Cary B. Vaughn, Charley R. Potter, all of Mt. Vernon, N. M. James H. Tollett, of Inez, N. M.

C. C. Henry, Register

## Notice of Publication.

Non-coal land 04628-06950-06950

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 27, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Earl E. McCollum, of Portales, N. M., who, on August 27, 1907, made homestead entry No. 04628, on September 25, 1909, made additional homestead entry No. 06950, and on September 25, 1909, made homestead entry No. 06950, for northeast quarter, section 22, township 3 south, range 38 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 9th day of Nov., 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: Clifford J. Reynolds, James C. Hones, Monroe Hones, William R. Chesley, all of Portales, N. M.

C. C. Henry, Register

## Notice of Publication.

Non-coal land 0551-07094

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 15, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Cornelius G. Miller, of Benson, N. M., who, on May 2, 1908, made homestead entry No. 0551, for the northeast quarter section 4, township 2 south, range 37 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 8th day of November, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: Emmer E. Higgins, Charles C. Higgins, Oscar O. Ellett, Don F. Grimes, all of Macy, N. M.

C. C. Henry, Register

## Notice of Publication.

Non-coal land 05502

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 15, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Warchan H. Bingham, of Floyd, N. M., who, on May 15, 1908, made homestead entry No. 05502, for northeast quarter southeast quarter, south half southeast quarter and southeast quarter southwest quarter section 25, township 1 south, range 31 east, N. M. P. M. has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 15th day of November, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: J. C. Jerman, of Upton, N. Mex. James E. Spear, of Floyd, N. Mex. Wesley R. Armitage, of Lloyd, N. Mex. Clarence Newman, of Upton, N. M.

C. C. Henry, Register

## WASHINGTON E. LINDSEY

Attorney at Law, United States Commissioner, Portales, N. M.

Office Next Door to the Post Office

## DR. L. R. HOUGH,

Dentist, Crown and Bridge Work Specialty.

Office Up Stairs in Reese Building

## GEORGE L. REESE,

Attorney at Law, Next door to Post office.

Office Up Stairs in Reese Building

## E. T. DUNAWAY, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon, Telephone No. 1, Residence Telephone No. 4

Office at the Portales Drug Store

## H. C. McCallum

Is the man to get to do your dray and transfer work. Always on the job.

Call me at Phone 104

## J. S. YATES

TRANSFER

Prompt attention given to all kinds of light and heavy hauling. Special attention given to local freight and household effects.

Portales - - - - - New Mexico

## MARBLE AND GRANITE

## MONUMENTS

I have the Agency for the Moore Monument Co. of Sterling, Ill., and can furnish all kinds, designs and prices of work. Call and see me.

A. I. KUYKENDALL, Portales, N. M.

## MONUMENTS

We are Resident Agents of the Sweetwater Marble Works. See us for Designs and Prices.

HUMPHREY & SLEDGE

## Notice of Publication.

Non-coal land 0102

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 17, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Mary A. Knight, of Portales, N. M., who, on March 25, 1907, made homestead entry No. 0102, for the southwest quarter section 25, township 3 south, range 33 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, probate judge, Roosevelt county, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 8th day of Nov., 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: O. Cloud Clifton, Arthur McFall, Pinkney H. Morris, William D. Wrayrick, all of Redlake, N. M.

C. C. Henry, Register

## Notice of Publication.

Non-coal land 04020

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 17, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Margaret A. Hughes, of Mt. Vernon, N. M., who, on Dec. 13, 1910, made homestead entry No. 04020, for the southwest quarter section 25, township 3 south, range 37 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 12th day of November, 1912.

# PERSONAL & LOCAL

Best school tablet in town.—Dobbs.

New line of fall street hats at Mrs. Seay's.

We sell and exchange land. W. B. Reid Land Co.

Let us sell your land for you. W. B. Reid Land Co.

List your land with W. B. Reid Land Co. for quick sales.

The Eastman is the best kodak in the world. Get one at Neer's.

Have you seen Mrs. Seay's new line of street hats, better hurry.

For kodak work, call on Fred Zinn, or leave orders at Neer's drug store.

If you have good shallow water land you want sold list with W. B. Reid Land Co.

For Sale or Trade—A good gentle horse. Will trade for a good cow.—Martin & Ball Realty company.

For Sale—I have for sale one good eight year old mare. Also a Holstein-Jersey cow. T. B. King, Rogers, N. M.

Mrs. Seay has her new fall line of street hats, and invites the ladies of Portales and vicinity to call and inspect them.

You can get your clothes cleaned and pressed by the French Dry Cleaning System at B. L. Lawrence's pantorium; phone 7.

For Sale—Jersey cow, about seven years old, fresh, \$45.00 if taken at once. J. A. Bivens, two and one half miles southwest of Portales.

Mrs. J. E. Redden has opened a dressmaking parlor in the Laster Building. All late styles and reasonable prices. Your patronage solicited.

Dorothy and Sadie Greathouse will give a recital at the picture show, Tuesday evening, Oct. 8. It is worth the money to hear "The Jingo Boo Man."

When you want your suit neatly cleaned and pressed, call for N. C. Landers, phone 91, and you will receive prompt and careful service. Ladies' suits a specialty.

For Sale—My five-acre handsomely improved home, \$5000.00. Also five-roomed house close in, on lot 70 by 100, city water, blue grass and trees, \$1200.00, terms. Oct. 30. JOHN R. HOPPER.

Boarding and day school for girls and young boys, under the direction of Amy H. W. Bullock, A. M., Ph. D., and Elizabeth J. Hunter, A. B., will open Oct. 1, at 411 N. Missouri Ave., Roswell, N. M. Catalog and terms may be had by application to the directors.

A well dressed young man took his "Great Big Beautiful Doll" out to the park, while the Portales Concert band played "Everybody's Doin' It Now!" Doin' what? Wearing International Clothes. Suits cleaned and pressed; hats blocked. Phone 91. N. C. Landers.

Don't miss the free aeroplane flights, a genuine Curtis-Farnum biplane makes daily flights from the show grounds rain or shine, not a lifeless model but a real airship. Sails through the clouds daily, to be seen only with Kit Carson's Buffalo Ranch Wild West show at Portales, Thursday, October 10.

Miss Dorothy and Mrs. Sadie Greathouse will give a recital at the picture show Tuesday evening, October 8th. The program will consist of piano solos, readings and songs. Miss Greathouse is a Portales girl, but for the past two years has given recitals all over Texas, Oklahoma and New Mexico. Only those who have heard her know what a rare voice she has and what a gifted reader she is.

School supplies of all kinds.—Dobbs.

Portales high school pennant pencils.—Dobbs.

Judge G. L. Reese is attending court at Clovis this week.

Second-hand school books bought and sold.—Dobbs.

Mrs. J. P. Henderson and daughter, Miss Sue, are doing the Roswell fair this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Jones will leave the latter part of the week for the Albuquerque fair.

FOR SALE: Lot 9 of block 9, East Portales. Price \$75.00.

C. C. COWAN, Concan, Tex.

Wanted—German girl for general housework. Address, Harry Jaffa, 123 S. Richardson, Roswell, N. M.

Ed. J. Neer will attend the meeting of the state undertakers association which convenes at Albuquerque next week.

Three more cars of cantaloupes were shipped this week and there is still left oodles of cantaloupes in the field awaiting shipment.

You can get your clothes cleaned and pressed by the French Dry Cleaning system at B. L. Lawrence's pantorium; phone 7.

All parties knowing themselves indebted to Dr. W. E. Patterson will find their accounts at the store of Ed J. Neer, and they are requested to please call and settle.

Indians from every tribe are carried with the Kit Carson Buffalo Ranch Wild West. This will be a good chance to see the red man as he exists on Uncle Sam's reservation.

Don't forget that two mile parade of the Kit Carson Buffalo Ranch shows. Get up town early and get a good place as our streets will be crowded. There will be people here from thirty miles around.

Jim May, of the rural free mail service, is taking an eighteen day vacation and T. E. Landers is filling his place during the interim. Jim will do Roswell and some of the other small towns in the Pecos Valley.

D. P. McDonald, manager for the Fairbanks-Morse people at Denver, Colorado, was a business visitor in Portales this week. Mr. McDonald is a mighty agreeable gentleman and thinks a whole lot of the Portales Valley and her people.

**Special Rates**

Reeves County Fair Association, Pecos, Texas, October 8-11, 1912. Dates of sale, October 7 to 11, 1912. Limit, Oct. 13, 1912. \$9.70 for round trip.

Meeting Masonic Grand Bodies at Albuquerque, October 21-26, 1912. Dates of sale, Oct. 18th to 23rd. Final limit, Oct. 28th, 1912. \$13.90 for round trip.

New Mexico Territorial Fair, Albuquerque, Oct. 7-12, 1912. Dates of sale, Oct. 5th to 11th. Final limit, October 14th, 1912. \$11.60 for round trip.

W. S. MERRILL, Agent.

**For Exchange**

Two well improved Oklahoma farms, good farms, for land in the shallow water belt. Inquire. F. DUHNING, R. F. D. No. 1 Mulhall, Okla.

**For Sale**

A complete irrigation outfit, Master Workman 12 horse-power engine, No. 4 American centrifugal pump. Good as new.—A. H. Heuise, Melrose, N. M.

**Wanted.**

Relinquishment in shallow water belt. Must be good irrigable land. New State Development Co. DAN VINSON.

With Kit Carson's Buffalo Ranch Wild West show are some of the most expert and daring horsemen in the world. Impördirect from Russia and are known as the Czar's Cossacks.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 65398  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that William R. Cover, of Garrison, N. M., who on April 27, 1906, made homestead entry No. 65398 for northeast quarter section 36 township 3 south, range 35 east, New Mexico Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described before J. C. Compton, probate judge, Roosevelt county, Portales, N. M., on the 7th day of November, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Hance Arnold, John A. Walters, Clarence B. Luther, Thomas S. Cover, all of Garrison, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 61339  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 8, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that William H. Prewitt of Dora, N. M., who, on January 26, 1909, made homestead entry No. 61339 for northeast quarter sec. 34, range 23 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, probate judge, Roosevelt county, Portales, N. M., on the 2nd day of Nov., 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Charles H. Prewitt, Walter J. Cochran, Walter J. Shupe, Charley Carter, all of Dora, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 67016  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Walter I. Shupe, of Benson, N. M., who on June 17, 1909, made homestead entry No. 67016 for northeast quarter section 33, township 4 south, range 34 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, probate judge, Roosevelt county, Portales, N. M., on the first day of Nov., 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: William W. Murphy, Everett O. Shuler, Samuel Dunkelberger, all of Dora, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 66628  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Joseph J. Jordan of Benson, N. M., who on October 16, 1907, made homestead entry No. 66628, for east half northeast quarter, northwest quarter north east quarter, and northeast quarter northwest quarter section 33, township 4 south, range 34 east, and on May 17, 1909, made additional proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, probate judge, Roosevelt county, in his office at Portales, N. M., on the first day of Nov., 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: William W. Murphy, Everett O. Shuler, Samuel Dunkelberger, all of Dora, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 66628  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that John W. Clifton, of Benson, N. M., who on September 17, 1908, made homestead entry No. 66628, for east half northeast quarter, northwest quarter north east quarter, and northeast quarter northwest quarter section 33, township 4 south, range 34 east, and on May 17, 1909, made additional proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, probate judge, Roosevelt county, in his office at Portales, N. M., on the first day of Nov., 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: William W. Murphy, Everett O. Shuler, Samuel Dunkelberger, all of Dora, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 66455  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Jesse E. Williams, of Canyon, N. M., who on Sept. 19, 1906, made homestead entry No. 66455, for southeast quarter section 22, township 5 south, range 36 east, and on July 17, 1909, made additional proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, probate judge, Roosevelt county, in his office at Portales, N. M., on the first day of Nov., 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Sarah K. Boyd, James A. Kay, James W. Dunn, Ernest L. Hoover, all of Canyon, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 66493  
Department of the Interior, United States land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Henry M. Jordan, of Minco, New Mexico, who, on May 21, 1909, made additional homestead entry No. 66493, for southeast quarter section 2, township 5 south, range 35 east, N. M. principal meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 7th day of November, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Warren McClellan, of Minco, N. M.; William S. Anderson, Walter J. Anderson, both of Longa, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 62941  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 15, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Everet E. Taylor, of Mt. Vernon, New Mex., who, on Feb. 13, 1911 made homestead entry No. 62941, for east half section 33, township 3 south, range 37 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before F. M. Smith, United States commissioner, in his office at Mt. Vernon, New Mex. on the 7th day of November, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Sarah K. Boyd, James A. Kay, James W. Dunn, Ernest L. Hoover, all of Canyon, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 66493  
Department of the Interior, United States land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Henry M. Jordan, of Minco, New Mexico, who, on May 21, 1909, made additional homestead entry No. 66493, for southeast quarter section 2, township 5 south, range 35 east, N. M. principal meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 7th day of November, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Warren McClellan, of Minco, N. M.; William S. Anderson, Walter J. Anderson, both of Longa, N. M.; Luby A. Pruitt, of Minco, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 69461  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 15, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Sherwood Callerson, of Redland, N. M., who, on Jan. 19, 1911 made homestead entry serial No. 69461 for southeast quarter, section 33 township 5 south range 37 east New Mexico Principal Meridian has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described before J. M. Maues U. S. Commissioner in his office at Canyon, N. M. on the 24 day of November 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: David M. Ausley, Tillman M. Trammell, George W. Hargrove, Carl S. Turner, all of Redland, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 69150  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 15, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that George W. Hargrove, of Redland, N. M. who on Dec. 22, 1910 made homestead entry No. 69150 for northwest quarter section 34 township 5 south range 37 east N. M. P. M. has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described before J. M. Maues U. S. Commissioner in his office at Canyon, N. M. on the 24 day of November 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Thomas D. Jacobs, William H. Rudder, David M. Ausley, James T. Pennoe, all of Redland, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 66992  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Clarence S. Greathouse, of Upton, N. M., who, on October 7, 1907, made homestead entry No. 66992 for northwest quarter section 20, township 1 south, range 31 east, and homestead additional No. 66992, on Nov. 19, 1909, Township 1 south, range 31 east, N. M. P. M. has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 6th day of November, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Lewis J. Deatherage, John M. Price, both of Painter, N. M.; Joseph R. Hatfield, Lee Walker, both of Upton, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 66992  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Charles E. Makinson, of Floyd, N. M., who on Feb. 6, 1908, made homestead entry No. 66992 for the northeast quarter, section 27, township 1 north, range 32 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 4th day of November 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: William H. Beck, of Floyd, N. M.; William A. Trotter, of Floyd, N. M.; Lloyd Wharton, of Portales, N. M.; James S. Masdin, of Floyd, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 66330  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that John H. Cave, of Portales, N. M., who, on June 11, 1907, made homestead entry serial No. 66330, for southwest quarter section 34 township 5 south range 37 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Maues, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 6th day of November, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Harley E. Thompson, Robert Hicks, John H. Martin, B. F. Morrison, all of Portales, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 69129  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Thomas D. Jacobs, of Redland, N. M., who on December 19, 1910 made homestead entry No. 69129 for southwest quarter section 34 township 5 south range 37 east, N. M. P. M. has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Maues, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Canyon, N. M. on the 4th day of November 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: William H. Rudder, George W. Hargrove, David M. Ausley, Hiram P. Brown, all of Redland, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**OFFICIAL**

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Roswell, New Mexico, September 3, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that approved plats of townships 6 and 7 south, range 35 east have been filed in this office.

Filing applications will be received on and after October 10, 1912.

T. C. Tillotson, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 624134  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Roswell, N. M., Sept. 23, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that James F. Keller, of Redland, N. M., who, on Dec. 24, 1910, made homestead entry serial No. 624134, for southwest quarter, south half northwest quarter, section 29; and southeast quarter northeast quarter, northeast quarter southeast quarter, sec. 29, township 6 south, range 38 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make 3 year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Maues, U. S. Commissioner, in his office near Redland, N. M., on the 27th day of October 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Robert D. Turner, Asberry E. McCullough, Thomas J. Keller, Joseph M. McGrath, all of Redland, N. M.; T. C. Tillotson, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 610303-6667.  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 24, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that John H. Bollinger, of Delphos, N. M., who, on Jan. 26, 1906, made homestead entry No. 610303, for northeast quarter, section 33, township 3 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make five year original and three year on additional proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 6th day of November, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Frank H. Wood, Burns M. Schumpert, Eli C. Cummings, all of Delphos, N. M.; Pink C. Lovalley, of Portales, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 63141  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Lloyd S. Horner, of Eiland, N. M., who, on April 10, 1906, made homestead entry No. 63141, for the west half northeast quarter and west half southwest quarter section 14, Township 3 south, range 36 east, N. M. P. M. has filed notice of intention to make five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before F. M. Smith, United States commissioner, in his office at Mt. Vernon, N. M., on the 7th day of November, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Otto Brown, of Arch, N. M.; Grover C. Burke, of Arch, N. M.; Eugene L. Trammell, of Eiland, N. M.; Simeon E. Rouson, of Arch, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 69311  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 8, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Everett E. Taylor, of Mt. Vernon, New Mex., who, on Feb. 13, 1911 made homestead entry No. 69311, for east half section 33, township 3 south, range 37 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before F. M. Smith, United States commissioner, at his office at Mt. Vernon, New Mex. on the 7th day of November, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Sarah K. Boyd, James A. Kay, James W. Dunn, Ernest L. Hoover, all of Canyon, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 66493  
Department of the Interior, United States land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Henry M. Jordan, of Minco, New Mexico, who, on May 21, 1909, made additional homestead entry No. 66493, for southeast quarter section 2, township 5 south, range 35 east, N. M. principal meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 7th day of November, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Warren McClellan, of Minco, N. M.; William S. Anderson, Walter J. Anderson, both of Longa, N. M.; Luby A. Pruitt, of Minco, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 69461  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 15, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Sherwood Callerson, of Redland, N. M., who, on Jan. 19, 1911 made homestead entry serial No. 69461 for southeast quarter, section 33 township 5 south range 37 east New Mexico Principal Meridian has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described before J. M. Maues U. S. Commissioner in his office at Canyon, N. M. on the 24 day of November 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: David M. Ausley, Tillman M. Trammell, George W. Hargrove, Carl S. Turner, all of Redland, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 69150  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 15, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that George W. Hargrove, of Redland, N. M. who on Dec. 22, 1910 made homestead entry No. 69150 for northwest quarter section 34 township 5 south range 37 east N. M. P. M. has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described before J. M. Maues U. S. Commissioner in his office at Canyon, N. M. on the 24 day of November 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Thomas D. Jacobs, William H. Rudder, David M. Ausley, James T. Pennoe, all of Redland, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 66992  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Clarence S. Greathouse, of Upton, N. M., who, on October 7, 1907, made homestead entry No. 66992 for northwest quarter section 20, township 1 south, range 31 east, and homestead additional No. 66992, on Nov. 19, 1909, Township 1 south, range 31 east, N. M. P. M. has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 6th day of November, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Lewis J. Deatherage, John M. Price, both of Painter, N. M.; Joseph R. Hatfield, Lee Walker, both of Upton, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 66992  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Charles E. Makinson, of Floyd, N. M., who on Feb. 6, 1908, made homestead entry No. 66992 for the northeast quarter, section 27, township 1 north, range 32 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 4th day of November 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: William H. Beck, of Floyd, N. M.; William A. Trotter, of Floyd, N. M.; Lloyd Wharton, of Portales, N. M.; James S. Masdin, of Floyd, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 66330  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that John H. Cave, of Portales, N. M., who, on June 11, 1907, made homestead entry serial No. 66330, for southwest quarter section 34 township 5 south range 37 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Maues, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 6th day of November, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Harley E. Thompson, Robert Hicks, John H. Martin, B. F. Morrison, all of Portales, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 69129  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Thomas D. Jacobs, of Redland, N. M., who on December 19, 1910 made homestead entry No. 69129 for southwest quarter section 34 township 5 south range 37 east, N. M. P. M. has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Maues, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Canyon, N. M. on the 4th day of November 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: William H. Rudder, George W. Hargrove, David M. Ausley, Hiram P. Brown, all of Redland, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

## Portales Bank and Trust Co.

Capital Stock, \$25,000.00  
Surplus, 5,000.00  
Resources, 100,000.00

### Portales, - New Mexico

**The Prime Objects** of every money earner should be to lay up something for the future; to reach middle life with something substantial to show for the labor of years; to have a home and property. ✕ ✕

Then the inevitable emergency, or declining years can be approached without flinching; trouble can be looked in the eye. ✕ ✕ ✕ ✕

The world owes us a living and more, too. The "more" represents what we put aside in a good bank where it may grow in safety. ✕ ✕ ✕ ✕

Put your surplus in this bank. We have space on our ledger for YOUR account. ✕ ✕ ✕ ✕

G. M. Williamson, President. T. E. Mears, Vice-President.  
Arthur F. Jones, Cashier.

Directors—G. M. Williamson, T. E. Mears, A. F. Jones, R. M. Sanders, C. V. Harris



**REMINGTON UMC**

**AUTOLOADING SHOTGUN**

For singles—trap or field—just toss in a shell, press the button and—"FULL." The slide bolt makes it easy. You don't have to tug at the barrel or watch an on-and-off device. The action stays open after each single shot is fired.—Always stays open when the magazine is empty. Five shots—three to get the cripples—each under absolute control of the trigger finger. The recoil loads for you—kicks another shell in; takes the strain off the gun—the discomfort out of the kick—all without diminishing the drive behind the shot. Simple take-down—a few turns of the readily handled magazine screw-cap makes cleaning, carrying and interchange of barrels quick and easy.

Send for a motion picture booklet telling how the kick is used—how a friction device found only on the Remington-UMC Auto-loading Shotgun takes the punishment out of heavy loads.

Write to-day:  
**REMINGTON ARMS-UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE CO.**  
209 Broadway New York City

## H. S. DOUTHIT

### Cash Coal and Feed Store

Carries the Best grades of Grain, Hay, Coal, Flour, and Meal. Every sack of our flour carries a coupon, and \$2.28 in coupons gets you a full and complete dinner set free. Don't lose this opportunity to save money and get a free dinner set. A trial order will convince you. Free delivery to any part of the city.

### Douthit Coal and Feed House

Main Street, Telephone No. 26

## ED J. NEER

### Drugs and Furniture

Undertaking and Embalming—Licensed Embalmer.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 66330  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that John H. Cave, of Portales, N. M., who, on June 11, 1907, made homestead entry serial No. 66330, for southwest quarter section 34 township 5 south range 37 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Maues, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 6th day of November, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: Harley E. Thompson, Robert Hicks, John H. Martin, B. F. Morrison, all of Portales, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non coal land 69129  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 9, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Thomas D. Jacobs, of Redland, N. M., who on December 19, 1910 made homestead entry No. 69129 for southwest quarter section 34 township 5 south range 37 east, N. M. P. M. has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Maues, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Canyon, N. M. on the 4th day of November 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses: William H. Rudder, George W. Hargrove, David M. Ausley, Hiram P. Brown, all of Redland, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

### Department of Education

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 18, '12. To School Boards of New Mexico: Our educational development in this state has been more rapid perhaps than in any other section of the country. This has been due in a great measure to the hearty co-operation among teachers, superintendents and school officers in all efforts for the improvement of our schools.

The State Board of Education, as it has often expressed in its meetings, feels that our most intelligent and effective measures come from conference and consultation and that the enthusiasm arising from well attended educational meetings is of the very greatest value. Last year approximately five hundred teachers attended the meeting of the New Mexico Educational Association at Santa Fe and an attendance of seven or eight hundred is expected at the annual meeting of our association to be held at Albuquerque, Nov. 7th to 9th. Not only teachers and school superintendents, but parents and members of school boards and all others who can do so should attend this meeting. The programs will be of great interest to all classes of people. By direction of the State Board of Education, I am urging especially that members of school boards attend this meeting if it is possible to do so and that such boards see to it that their teachers attend. School should be dismissed for such a time as will enable teachers to get to Albuquerque by Thursday morning, November 7th, and no pay should be deducted for time that the teachers are absent in attendance. So important is it that your teachers should keep in intelligent touch with the best educational thought and effort by going to Albuquerque that the expenses of your teachers and superintendent, whatever funds are available, should be paid in whole or in part by the various boards employing them. Let me hope, therefore, that you will present this matter to a full meeting of your board and that you will take action in accordance with the wishes of the State Board of Education and this department in this matter, and that we shall have the pleasure of seeing your district or town represented by a member or members of your board and by all means by your teachers.

I might dwell longer upon the importance of you and your teachers attending this meeting but I take it for granted that you understand how important it is and how much benefit will be derived from attendance without my presenting further argument to you. Certainly your teacher will more than repay the expense incurred and the time absent, by doing much better and more effective work. Special railroad rates and low hotel accommodations at Albuquerque have been obtained. The expenses will not be great, the benefits will be.

I shall appreciate hearing from you that you and your teachers will be in attendance. Feeling sure of your hearty co-operation in this matter, I remain,

Yours very truly,

ALVAN N. WHITE,  
State Superintendent Public Instruction and Secretary State Board of Education.

### D. P. Gaines Recovering

Rev. E. P. Alldredge of this city has just received a wire from Rev. D. P. Gaines, formerly of Portales, stating that he underwent an operation at Albuquerque, Tuesday morning, had the appendix removed and is doing fine. Mr. Gaines has many friends in Portales who will be glad to know of his recovery of this old chronic trouble.

### New and Marvelous.

Something absolutely new, something never before carried with a wild west show is but one of the many features of that most noted of all American Amusement Enterprises, Kit Carson's Buffalo Ranch Wild West. We refer to the excellent and most complete Menagerie of trained wild animals in existence today. Carried simply as an added feature for your inspection and no extra charge for viewing same. During the course of the performance animal acts of all description are presented for your approval. This with the fancy riding roping and other traits of expert horsemanship, displayed by the Cowboys, Cowgirls, Cossacks and Mexican Vanqueros constitutes but part of the two hours of solid amusement. A dozen clowns are continually at play and it will be hard to stop watching the antics long enough to view some of the imported European artists in novelty acts of every description. The performance ends with the superb, spectacular, historical fantasy, "Battle of Wounded Knee" in which over two hundred Indians, Soldiers, Trappers, Cowboys and Scouts take part. Many of the Indians were actually present at this famous battle and it is reproduced exactly as they describe it.

The two mile parade will pass on the main thoroughfares and a grand free exhibition takes place immediately after on the show grounds. Only two performances in Portales on October 10th.

### Library Department Meeting

The Library Department met at Mr. Neer's drug store Saturday, September 28th and transacted the following business: A library table was purchased for the use of the librarian. Only one book can be taken out at a time by library members and a charge of 3 cents per day will be made for any book kept out beyond the time limit of two weeks. Anyone having library books in their possession before the new rules were adopted will kindly return same. "The Winning of Barbara Worth," "The Rosary" and "The Long Roll" are among the missing books and the librarian asks that they be brought in.

MRS. WILLIAMSON,  
Secretary Library Dept.

### Baptist State Mission Day.

By special appointment next Sunday is state mission day at all the services in the Baptist church, including the Sunday school at ten o'clock and both the morning and evening preaching services. The Baptists of New Mexico are expending \$32,000 in mission work and church building in the state this year. Of this amount, the Baptists of the state are to raise \$6,000. It is expected that the local church will raise \$150.

We have several hundred pounds of nice cabbage the head has bursted, fine for kraut or chow chow, for two cents per pound in hundred pound lots. See W. F. Faggard.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Farmer, of Fultonville, Kentucky, parents of Mrs. W. B. Reid, are in the city on account of the serious illness of Mrs. Reid.

Texas state fair, Dallas, Texas, Oct. 12 to 27, 1912. Dates of sale, Oct. 11th to 27th, return limit Oct. 28, 1912. \$17.50 for round trip.

Fine heads of cabbage suitable for chow chow or kraut in 100 lb. lots at two cents per pound. See W. F. Faggard.

The greatest musical instrument, the guitar harp given away free at Faggard's.

### Mr. Jobe Buys the Dr. Walton Place

Wednesday of this week Mr. W. D. Jobe, of St. Joseph, Missouri, bought the Dr. Walton place, two miles east of town. This place was bought through the New State Development company, Dan W. Vinson, manager and resident agent. Mr. Jobe has traveled rather extensively through the various irrigated districts of New Mexico and is taking no man's word, unsupported by visible proof, as to the merits or demerits of the various places visited. Mr. Vinson had to show him that we have the goods, but of course, that was an easy matter. The fact that he had visited all these other places before buying here should be some little proof that the Portales Valley looks good to actual home builders. Mr. Jobe will at once commence the erection of a handsome country residence, as well as to immediately take the necessary steps to put his new purchase under an approved system of irrigation. This property is one of the best shallow water bargains there was in the valley and Mr. Jobe is to be congratulated upon his business judgment and foresight in acquiring it. Also the people of Portales and vicinity are extremely fortunate in securing Mr. Jobe and his estimable family for citizens. They are of the very best citizenship of St. Joseph and Mrs. Jobe is a prominent club woman of that place.

Mr. and Mrs. George Helmers, of Kansas City, Missouri, were visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Ed J. Neer last week. Mr. Helmers is a member of the firm of Helmers Manufacturing company, of the above place, which, by the way, is the largest furniture manufacturing institution in the west, and it supplies practically all the furniture dealers west of Chicago with their goods. Mr. and Mrs. Helmers have made several visits to Portales and they have quite a wide circle of friends here, and, incidentally, they have a very warm place in their hearts for Portales and her people. They both believe that Portales is the coming town in eastern New Mexico.

Miss Nellie Burkett, a sister of A. J. Burkett of Minco, died Thursday of dropsy. She came here from Noble, Oklahoma, thinking the change of climate would benefit her health, but the disease was so deep seated that little, if any, benefit resulted from the difference in climatic conditions and she died. Mrs. C. J. Burkett accompanied the remains to Noble where they were interred.

B. H. Wilson, of eighteen miles southeast, was in town this week with some sweet potatoes that would be prize winners in any man's country, and they were raised without irrigation. He says that he has about three-fourths of an acre and that they will yield in the neighborhood of two hundred bushels. Also that he has fifteen acres of broom corn that will be hard to beat.

Mrs. E. E. Green, Mr. and Mrs. Will W. Green and children left last week for Corvallis, Oregon, where they will make their future home. Mrs. Green and family are old residents of Portales and they have a world of friends here who sincerely regret their departure. It is hoped that they will find everything to their liking in Oregon.

Man and wife want room and board in private family, where there is electric light and hot and cold bath. Address, giving terms, to Portales Times.

A house near school house for rent. See W. F. Faggard.

### Notice to the Public

Department of water, light and sewerage, Sept. 24, 1912.

Tests are being made by the management of the city power plant to determine accurately the costs of producing current for lighting purposes, so as to determine whether the rates are just and equitable.

The hearty co-operation of the consumers is earnestly requested. It is evident that if lights are allowed to burn throughout the main and back part of stores when closed, rooms that are not occupied in the homes etc., that power is being consumed uselessly. It is also evident that the consumer is uselessly burning up lamps that cost him money, thereby indirectly increasing his costs.

The useless consumption of current directly increases the expenses of operating the plant, and that in turn tends to increase the cost to the consumer.

This plant is the property of the people, and it is our intention to operate it so that they may get the greatest amount of service for the least possible cost consistent with a safe financial administration of its operation.

It is with this end in view that the consumers are requested to lend their assistance in placing the cost or operation at the lowest possible point for their own benefit.

J. F. L. CLACK, Manager.

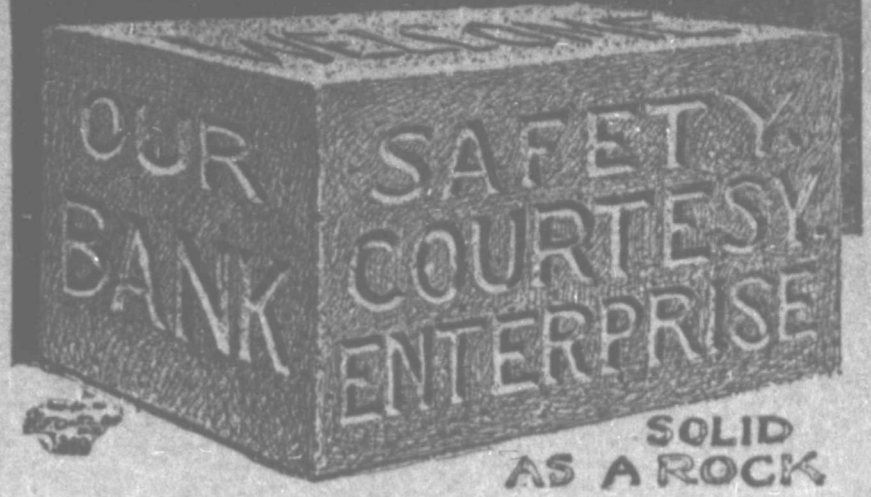
### Kit Carson's Wild West Show.

On Thursday, October 10th, Kit Carson's Buffalo Ranch Wild West show will exhibit in Portales, afternoon and night. This is the largest amusement enterprise of its character in the world. Solid trains of their own, double length cars are required for the transportation of this colossal attraction. Never before have so many features been combined under one management. The aeroplane for instance is but one of the great sights to be seen with this exhibition. Not a model but a Curtis-Farnum aeroplane furnished by the Chicago Aeroplane Manufacturing Co., and guaranteed to give flights daily. It will circle the city and alight at show grounds for the public's inspection.

A menagerie of trained wild animals is also an innovation with a wild west show. Elephants, camels, buffalo and on down to the smaller species of bipeds and quadrupeds. A two mile street pageant glittering with gold and silver will delight the eye and the exquisite music of the three big bands will please the lovers of harmony.

Coming as we do from the largest ranch in the world, we carry nothing but the very best of riders and ropers and guarantee to ride any horse or mule free of charge if brought to the show grounds and offer a reward if we fail. The Cossacks with the show were selected from the Czar's cavalry in Russia and are without doubt the finest horsemen in the world. Then there are the rough riders from the plains of South America, vanqueros from Old Mexico, champion lady riders of the world, imported European novelty acts of every description, bands of Sioux, Cheyenne and Comanche Indians with their picturesque squaws and papooses. A dozen comical clowns in fun and foolishness. In fact, two hours will be required to present the program and you will leave the show grounds a true friend and earnest advocate of Kit Carson's Buffalo Ranch Wild West. But don't forget the date. Two performances only on Thursday, Sept. 10, at Portales.

We refer those who have not banked with us to those who have.



We refer those who have not banked with us to those who HAVE. We are here to serve our patrons and are willing, at any time, to advise those who need help or advice. You go to the doctor when you are ill, you go to the lawyer to straighten out your legal difficulties; when you are in financial perplexity why not go to the BANK? The banker is the one man who gives his advice free and cheerfully.

Do YOUR banking with US

**The First National Bank**

of Portales, New Mexico

### "SHORTY'S" GARAGE

Will make your Livery drives or repair your Autos.

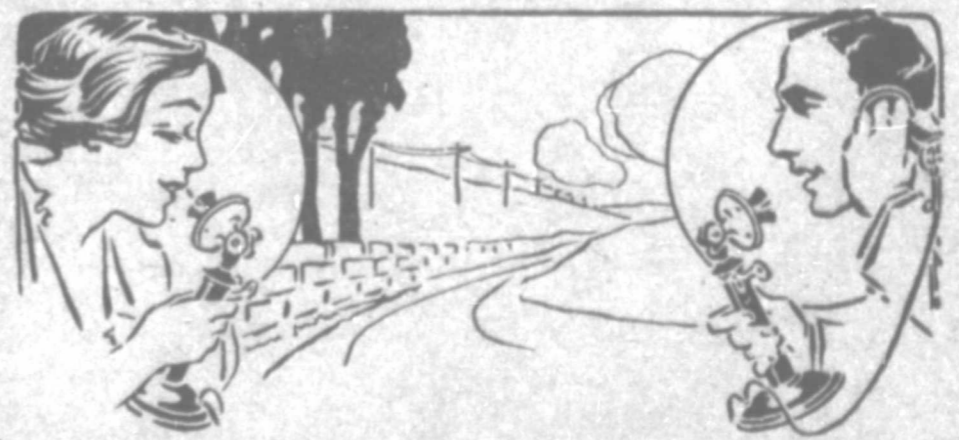
Satisfaction guaranteed.

HOWARD BLOCK Phone 188 PORTALES, N. M.

### FIRE!

You should have protection from loss by fire. Old Line Companies only represented, and the best in the world. We want your business.

CORNH BROS.  
In Hardy Building. Successors to A. G. Troutt.



New fields open to you if you use the telephone. Besides the local trade, our LONG DISTANCE LINES put you in touch with new territory. Try a telephone for a few months and let it prove how much it can help you in a business way.



THE MOUNTAIN STATES TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

### The Racket Store

A few things we handle: All kinds of gloves, men's and boys' caps, underwear, shirts, suspenders, towels, table cloths, sheets, pillow cases, hose for everybody and too many other things to undertake to enumerate. Prices are right—terms cash. Come in and see us, we can save you money. Yours for business,

THE RACKET STORE,  
Miller & Luikart Building.

New Mexico Territorial Fair, Albuquerque, N. M., Oct 7th to 12th, 1912. Dates of sale, Oct. 5th to 11th, 1912, final limit Oct. 14th, 1912. \$11.60 for round trip.

### DR. W. E. PATTERSON

Physician and Surgeon

Phone 67 2-rings

Office in Neer's Drug Store

### Notice Non-Residents

We make a specialty of handling non-resident lands. If you have lands in the Portales Valley that you want to sell, list them with us. We are not looking for high priced lands. We have several buyers right now. If we can get land in the right location and at the right price.

NEW STATE DEVELOPMENT CO.  
Dan W. Vinson.



**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 02898  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 23, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Emma Henderson, widow of James W. Henderson, deceased, of Adams, N. M., who on November 7, 1905, made homestead entry No. 9208, for the southwest quarter, section 33, township 3 south, range 34 east, New Mexico principal meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 21st day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Elmer J. Cameron, of Mann, N. M.; Aris J. Atkinson, of Portales, N. M.; John E. Bray, of Mann, N. M.; Wheeler C. Lavender, of Portales, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 04389  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 23, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Jonathan D. Tabor of Crozier, N. M., who, on August 10, 1907, made homestead entry No. 9439, for the southwest quarter, section 12, township 5 south, range 28 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 18th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Robert R. Hubbert, William H. Hubbert, William C. Terrell, Thomas M. Despain, all of Crozier, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 06023  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 23, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Mike Rainbolt of Garrison, N. M., who, on March 9, 1909, made homestead entry No. 9663, for the southeast quarter section 23, township 5 south, range 34 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 18th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
William K. Covert, Hance Arnold, Elgin D. Brown, Jacob C. Beckham, all of Garrison, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 04344, 06327  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 23, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Howland Dora N. M., who on June 24, 1907, made homestead entry No. 9434 for the northeast quarter section 7, township 5 south, range 34 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 4th day of November, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
C. H. Graf, Portales, N. M.; Marion C. Carter, Everett O. Shuler, Wesley Murphy, all of Dora, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 03665, 06410  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 23, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that John Harper, of Lykins, N. M., who, on October 2, 1906, made homestead entry No. 9365 for the east half of northeast quarter and west half southeast quarter section 7, township 1 south, range 29 east, and on May 17, 1909, made additional homestead entry No. 9641 for the east half southeast quarter section 7, township 1 south, range 29 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 24th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
William Longine, John T. Turner, John Harper, Jerome C. Benge, all of Lykins, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

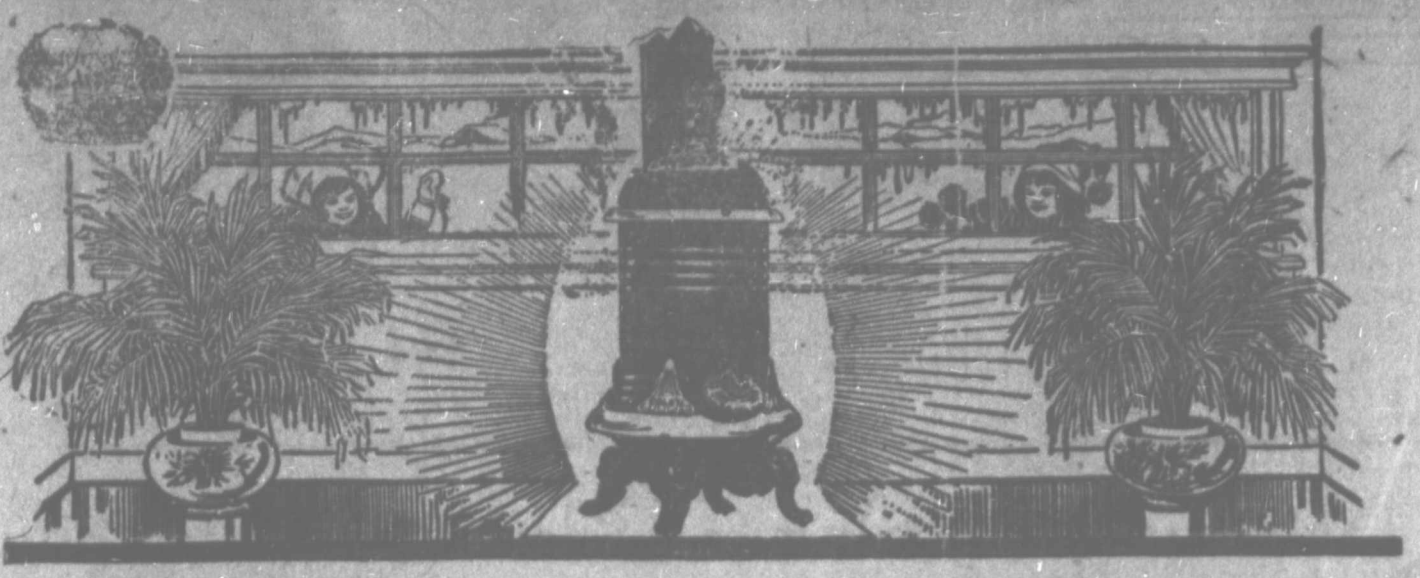
**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 02813-02714  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., August 1, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Elmer J. Cameron, of Mann, N. M., who, on November 17, 1905, made homestead entry No. 92813, for the northeast quarter, section 33, township 3 south, range 34 east, and on October 20, 1909, made additional homestead entry No. 92714 for the southeast quarter, section 33, township 3 south, range 34 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 21st day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Arrie K. Atkinson, Emma Henderson, John E. Bray, both of Mann, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 03344, 06625  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., August 17, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Hance Arnold, of Garrison, N. M., who, on July 23, 1906, made homestead entry No. 9344, for the southwest quarter section 25, township 5 south, range 34 east, and on June 11, 1909, made additional homestead entry No. 9625, for the southwest quarter section 24, township 5 south, range 34 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 18th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Henry H. Talley, of Garrison, N. M.; Frank N. Slough, of Longs, N. M.; Thomas H. Brooks, of Longs, N. M.; Edgar M. Mares, of Causey, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 04141-04159  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 17, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that John T. Murphy, of Benson, N. M., who, on April 12, 1907, made homestead entry No. 9414, for east half southwest quarter and west half southeast quarter section 23, township 1 south, range 29 east, and on December 27, 1910, made additional homestead entry No. 9219, for east half southeast quarter section 23, township 1 south, range 29 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 18th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Lizzie A. Prill, LeGrande P. Morgan, both of Lykins, N. M.; John O. Benson, Albert S. Pearson, both of Benson, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 04281  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 17, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Robert S. Adams, of Lykins, N. M., who, on May 8, 1907, made homestead entry No. 9281, for the southwest quarter, section 20, township 1 south, range 29 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 18th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Gilson D. Clark, George T. Clark, both of Benson, N. M.; Sarah J. Adams, LeGrande P. Morgan, both of Lykins, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 03204  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 17, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that William J. Thurman of Longs, N. M., who on May 8, 1906, made homestead entry No. 9204, for the southwest quarter section 3, township 3 south, range 36 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, probate judge at his office at Causey, N. M., on the 30th day of July, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
John M. Riley, William H. Ruby, both of Causey, N. M.; George H. Parks, Christopher C. Causy, both of Longs, N. M.; Arthur E. Curran, Register.



## Plants May Be Kept Throughout The Winter

Throughout zero weather you can keep your house plants by using Cole's Original Hot Blast Heater. This heater maintains a steady even temperature day and night. It will hold fire and heat over night and you can heat your living rooms for two hours next morning with the coal put in the night before.

## Cole's Original Hot Blast Heater

enables the manufacturer to guarantee it to remain always air-tight. You have perfect control over the fire at all times. Thus, the coal does not waste away and you don't have to kindle a fire in the morning as with other stoves. Think of it! Your dressing rooms and breakfast rooms warmed by the fuel put in the night before. This truly great heater is growing in popular favor year after year. The following is a message just received from the manufacturer:

We are working full force to supply the demand for Cole's Original Hot Blast Heater—Never in our history was the demand so heavy for our better finished heaters.

Colo Manufacturing Co.

Now is the time to select your heater. We will set one aside for you and have it ready when you wish it put up. Burns Soft Coal, Slack, Lignite, Hard Coal, Wood and lighter fuel. Come now while the assortment is complete.

## Hardy Hardware Company

Portales, New Mexico

This Store Car Service You Need Better Than Any Other If Given The Opportunity

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 09116  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., July 24, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Benjamin J. Gates, of Inez, N. M., who on December 27, 1910, made homestead entry No. 9916 for the northeast quarter section 31, and northwest quarter section 32, township 4 south, range 37 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 18th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
George C. Carter, Peter E. Brookes, John A. Fairly, Frank D. Galloway, all of Portales, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 06715, 07899  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., August 7, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that L. Wright Carleton, of Portales, N. M., who on May 28, 1907, made homestead entry No. 9475, for the south half southwest quarter section 34, township 1 north, range 34 east, and lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6, section 3, township 1 south, range 34 east, and on March 17, 1910, made additional homestead entry No. 9789, for the east half southwest quarter section 34, township 1 north, range 34 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 24th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
George C. Carter, Peter E. Brookes, John A. Fairly, Frank D. Galloway, all of Portales, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 02828  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Roswell, N. M., August 16, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Henry Rudder of Redland, N. M., who on October 24, 1909, made homestead entry No. 92828 for lots 1-2 section 4 and northwest quarter section 9, township 6 south, range 38 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Mares, U. S. commissioner in his office near Redland, N. M., on the 4th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Thomas D. Jacobs, George W. Hargrove, David M. Ausley, Edgar M. Mares, all of Redland, N. M.; T. C. Tillotson, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 04282  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 23, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Sarah J. Adams, of Lykins, N. M., who on May 8, 1907, made homestead entry No. 9282, for the northeast quarter section 21, township 1 south, range 29 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 18th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
LeGrande P. Morgan, Robert S. Adams, both of Lykins, N. M.; Gilson D. Clark, George T. Clark, of Benson, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 04790  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 23, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that William H. Adams of Inez, N. M., who on May 12, 1907, made homestead entry No. 9479, for the southeast quarter, section 21, township 4 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 18th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Samuel F. Anderson, Oliver B. Carter, John S. Seifried, Ezra Watts, all of Inez, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 05483  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 23, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Clinton Webb of Inez, N. M., who, on May 12, 1906, made homestead entry No. 9543, for the southeast quarter section 21, township 4 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 18th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
John F. Decker, Walter S. King, Nathan S. Webb, Elbert Decker, all of Inez, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 09556  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 23, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that John F. Decker, of Inez, N. M., who, on October 29, 1906, made homestead entry No. 9556, for the northeast quarter section 3, township 4 south, range 36 east, New Mexico principal meridian, has filed notice of intention to make five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 18th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Elbert Decker, Samuel W. Tollett, Walter S. King, Nathan S. Webb, all of Inez, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 06666  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 23, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that James H. Short, of Redland, N. M., who, on November 6, 1908, made homestead entry No. 9666, for the southwest quarter, section 26, township 5 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Mares, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Causey, N. M., on the 18th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Edward B. Childs, John D. Page, William A. Shepherd, all of Redland, N. M.; John L. Swafford, of Crozier, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 06537  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 23, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Adah Rea, formerly Adah May, of Portales, N. M., who on Sept. 16, 1907, made homestead entry No. 9537, for west half southeast quarter and northeast quarter southeast quarter, section 25, township 1 south, range 23 east, New Mexico principal meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 14th day of Nov. 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Lawson K. Terrell, of Portales, N. M.; Devine Cook, Donald Griffith, of Floyd, N. M.; Richard T. May, of Portales, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 04281  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 17, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Robert S. Adams, of Lykins, N. M., who, on May 8, 1907, made homestead entry No. 9281, for the southwest quarter, section 20, township 1 south, range 29 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 18th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Gilson D. Clark, George T. Clark, both of Benson, N. M.; Sarah J. Adams, LeGrande P. Morgan, both of Lykins, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 06666  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 23, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that James H. Short, of Redland, N. M., who, on November 6, 1908, made homestead entry No. 9666, for the southwest quarter, section 26, township 5 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Mares, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Causey, N. M., on the 18th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Edward B. Childs, John D. Page, William A. Shepherd, all of Redland, N. M.; John L. Swafford, of Crozier, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 07123  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., July 6, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that William C. Weatherby, of Redlake, N. M., who on February 12, 1908, made homestead entry No. 9503 for the southwest quarter section 1, township 4 south, range 33 east, and on Oct. 8, 1909, made additional homestead entry No. 9723 for southeast quarter section 1, township 4 south, range 33 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 14th day of Oct. 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Calvin E. Langston, Roy F. Epperson, Andrew F. Eggers, Ezekiel W. McFarland, all of Redlake, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice of Pendency of Suit**  
To C. A. Doud, and all unknown claimants of interest in the premises adverse to the plaintiff: You will take notice that a suit has been filed against you in the district court of the Fifth Judicial district of New Mexico, in and for Roosevelt county, wherein Olla L. Worrell is plaintiff and you, the said C. A. Doud, and all unknown claimants of interest in the premises adverse to the plaintiff, are defendants, said case being numbered 835 upon the Civil docket of the said court.  
The general objects of said action are as follows:  
To quiet the plaintiff's title to the following described premises, to wit:  
The southeast quarter of section fifteen in township one south of range thirty-one, east of New Mexico Meridian, in Roosevelt county, New Mexico, it being alleged in the complaint in said cause that the said C. A. Doud makes some claim to said premises adverse to the estate of the plaintiff; and to establish plaintiff's estate against the claim of said C. A. Doud and all adverse claimants; and that the defendants be barred and forever estopped from having or claiming any right or title to said premises adverse to the plaintiff for costs and general relief.  
You are further notified that unless you enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 15th day of September, 1912, judgment by default will be taken against you, and plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.  
G. L. Reese is attorney for the plaintiff and his post office address is Portales, New Mexico. Witness my hand and the seal of said court this 11th day of September, 1912.  
[SEAL] C. P. MITCHELL, Clerk.  
By S. A. MORRISON, Deputy.

**NOTICE OF SUIT**  
William L. George, plaintiff, vs. Ella George, Defendant.  
No. 831.  
In the District court, Roosevelt county, New Mexico.  
The defendant, Ella George, in the above suit, you will take notice that a suit has been filed against you in the District court within the 5th judicial district of the state of New Mexico for the county of Roosevelt, in which William L. George is plaintiff and Ella George defendant, numbered 831 on the docket of said court.  
That the general objects of the said suit are as follows:  
To quiet for divorce upon the grounds of abandonment and desertion, and that he be restored to the status of a single person and such other and further relief as the nature of the cause may require and the Court shall direct.  
You are further notified that if you fail to appear and answer and plead in this cause on or before the 20th day of October, 1912, judgment by default will be rendered against you in this suit and the allegations in Plaintiff's complaint be taken as confessed.  
Compton and Compton are attorneys for plaintiff and their business address is Portales, New Mexico.  
Witness my hand and the seal of said court this 16th day of August, 1912.  
[SEAL] C. P. MITCHELL, Clerk.  
By S. A. MORRISON, Deputy.

**Notice of Pendency of Suit**  
To J. H. Altizer:  
You are hereby notified that a suit has been filed against you in the district court of the 5th judicial district of the state of New Mexico, in and for Roosevelt county, wherein C. B. Wynn and Etta McKenzie are plaintiffs, and you, the said J. H. Altizer, are defendant, said case being numbered 833 upon the civil docket of said court.  
The general objects of said action are as follows:  
To quiet the plaintiff's title to, and to remove a cloud from the title to the following described real estate, to wit:  
The northwest quarter of section eleven in township five south of range thirty-two east of New Mexico Meridian, New Mexico, said alleged cloud consisting of the record in the office of the county clerk of Roosevelt county, New Mexico, of a transcript of a judgment of the district court of said county by the said J. H. Altizer against William P. McKenzie, et al., who on October 24, 1909, made homestead entry No. 9236 for lots 1-2 section 4 and northwest quarter section 9, township 6 south, range 38 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Mares, U. S. commissioner in his office near Redland, N. M., on the 4th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Thomas D. Jacobs, George W. Hargrove, David M. Ausley, Edgar M. Mares, all of Redland, N. M.; T. C. Tillotson, Register.

**Notice of Pendency of Suit**  
To J. H. Altizer:  
You are hereby notified that a suit has been filed against you in the district court of the 5th judicial district of the state of New Mexico, in and for Roosevelt county, wherein C. B. Wynn and Etta McKenzie are plaintiffs, and you, the said J. H. Altizer, are defendant, said case being numbered 833 upon the civil docket of said court.  
The general objects of said action are as follows:  
To quiet the plaintiff's title to, and to remove a cloud from the title to the following described real estate, to wit:  
The northwest quarter of section eleven in township five south of range thirty-two east of New Mexico Meridian, New Mexico, said alleged cloud consisting of the record in the office of the county clerk of Roosevelt county, New Mexico, of a transcript of a judgment of the district court of said county by the said J. H. Altizer against William P. McKenzie, et al., who on October 24, 1909, made homestead entry No. 9236 for lots 1-2 section 4 and northwest quarter section 9, township 6 south, range 38 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Mares, U. S. commissioner in his office near Redland, N. M., on the 4th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Thomas D. Jacobs, George W. Hargrove, David M. Ausley, Edgar M. Mares, all of Redland, N. M.; T. C. Tillotson, Register.

**Notice for Posting and Publishing**  
United States land office, Roswell, New Mexico, August 26, 1912.  
Serial No. 023397.  
Notice is hereby given that the Santa Fe Pacific Railroad company, by Howell Jones, its land commissioner, has this day filed in this office its amended application, serial No. 023397, to enter under the provisions of the act of congress approved April 21, 1904, (33 Stats., 211) the following described land, to wit:  
The west half of section ten, and the southeast quarter, and the east half of the southwest quarter of section nine, in township nine south of range thirty-seven east of the New Mexico meridian in New Mexico.  
Any and all persons claiming adversely the lands described, or desiring to object because of the mineral character of the land, or for any other reason, to the disposal of applicant, should file their affidavits of protest in this office, on or before the 6th day of October, 1912.  
T. C. Tillotson, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 04920  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., July 25, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Edgar P. Budd, of Richland, N. M., who on Jan. 20, 1908, made homestead entry No. 94920, for the northeast quarter section 21, township 5 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Mares, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Causey, N. M., on the 10th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Edward B. Childs, of Richland, N. M.; John L. Swafford, of Crozier, N. M.; George A. Hobbs, of Crozier, N. M.; William A. Shepherd, of Richland, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 05848  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., August 1, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Ellie T. Sartor of Longs, N. M., who on January 23, 1908, made homestead entry No. 9548 for southwest quarter section 29, township 4 south, range 36 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Mares, U. S. commissioner at his office at Causey, N. M., on the 14th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
George H. Parks, Thomas H. Long, Ulysses S. Frazee, Robert F. Long all of Longs, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 05031 07123  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., July 6, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that William C. Weatherby, of Redlake, N. M., who on February 12, 1908, made homestead entry No. 9503 for the southwest quarter section 1, township 4 south, range 33 east, and on Oct. 8, 1909, made additional homestead entry No. 9723 for southeast quarter section 1, township 4 south, range 33 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 14th day of Oct. 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Calvin E. Langston, Roy F. Epperson, Andrew F. Eggers, Ezekiel W. McFarland, all of Redlake, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 04545  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., July 25, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Thomas S. Covert, of Garrison, N. M., who on September 20, 1907, made homestead entry No. 94545, for the southwest quarter section 23, township 5 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, probate judge, at his office at Causey, N. M., on the 9th day of Oct. 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Dayton Brown, Hance Arnold, Jacob Beckham, C. B. Luther, all of Garrison, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 05290  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 5, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Elmer G. Watson of Longs, N. M., who on April 7, 1908 made homestead entry No. 95290 for northeast quarter section 12, township 5 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, probate judge, Roosevelt county, at his office at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 16th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
William H. Freeman, Andrew J. Watson, both of Crozier, N. M.; Benjamin J. White of Longs, N. M.; David King of Causey, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 09066  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 5, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that John E. Shafer of Givens, N. M., who on December 7, 1910 made homestead entry No. 99066 for lots 3 and 4 and east half southwest quarter and southeast quarter section 7, township 3 south, range 37 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before F. M. Smith U. S. commissioner at his office at Mt. Vernon, N. M., on the 15th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
William F. Hallford, Herschel P. Beard, Cleveland E. Wilson, James I. Wilson, all of Givens, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 024186  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Aug. 5, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Calvin M. Horton of Mt. Vernon, N. M., who on February 3, 1911, made homestead entry No. 924186 for lots 1 and 2 and south half northeast quarter and southeast quarter section 5, township 4 south, range 37 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, probate judge, Roosevelt county, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 16th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Charley R. Potter, James E. Tollitt, both of Inez, N. M.; Cary B. Vaughn, Dick C. Moppin, both of Mt. Vernon, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

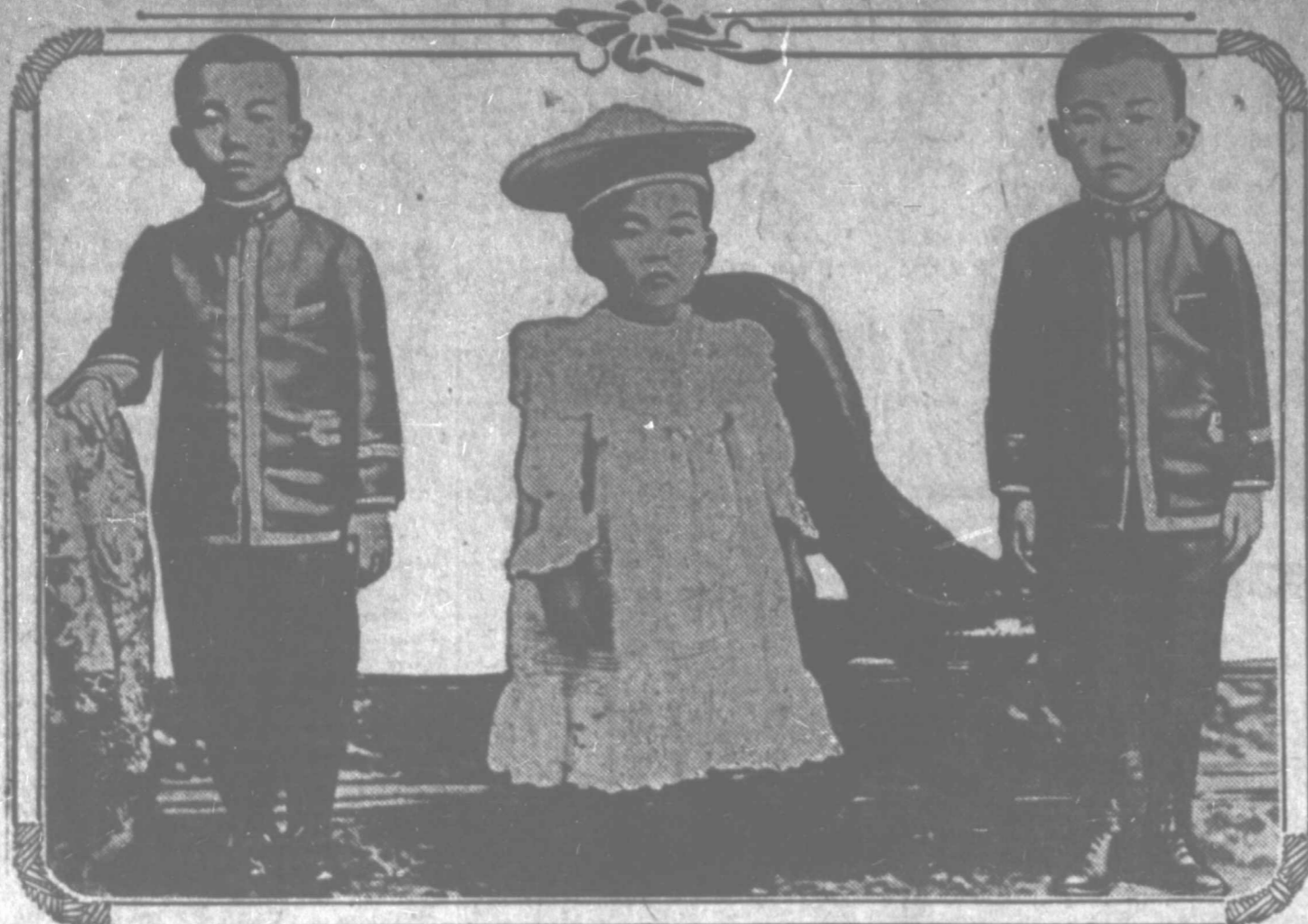
**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 024186  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Roswell, N. M., Aug. 26, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Jefferson B. Stratton, of Richland, N. M., who, on Jan. 4, 1911, made homestead entry serial No. 024186, for southeast quarter section 7; southwest quarter southeast quarter section 8; north half northeast quarter section 18; and northwest quarter northwest quarter section 17, township 6 south, range 17 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before F. S. North, U. S. commissioner, in his office at Richland, N. M., on the 4th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Alfred B. Cares, Lewis H. Faw, T. Lee Beeman, Francis M. Beeman, all of Richland, N. M.; T. C. Tillotson, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal F.S. 04920  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., July 25, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Edgar P. Budd, of Richland, N. M., who on Jan. 20, 1908, made homestead entry No. 94920, for the northeast quarter section 21, township 5 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Mares, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Causey, N. M., on the 10th day of October, 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Edward B. Childs, of Richland, N. M.; John L. Swafford, of Crozier, N. M.; George A. Hobbs, of Crozier, N. M.; William A. Shepherd, of Richland, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 03470 07039  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., July 25, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Edward B. Childs, of Richland, N. M., who on August 23, 1908, made homestead entry No. 93470, for southeast quarter section 21, township 5 south, range 35 east, and on September 20, 1909, made additional homestead entry No. 97039, for southwest quarter section 22, township 5 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. M. Mares, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Causey, N. M., on the 10th day of Oct., 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Edgar P. Budd, of Richland, N. M.; John L. Swafford, of Crozier, N. M.; George A. Hobbs, of Crozier, N. M.; John G. Horttor, of Richland, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**  
Non-coal land 04545  
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., July 25, 1912.  
Notice is hereby given that Thomas S. Covert, of Garrison, N. M., who on September 20, 1907, made homestead entry No. 94545, for the southwest quarter section 23, township 5 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, probate judge, at his office at Causey, N. M., on the 9th day of Oct. 1912.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Dayton Brown, Hance Arnold, Jacob Beckham, C. B. Luther, all of Garrison, N. M.; C. C. Henry, Register.

## CHILDREN OF JAPAN'S NEW EMPEROR



CONSIDERABLE interest attaches now to the children of the new emperor of Japan, a photograph of whom is here presented. From left to right, they are Crown Prince Nyeihinomya, Prince Tonomiya and Prince Apfunmya.

## IF ELECTORS FAIL

Suppose They Do Not Elect Any One for President.

House of Representatives Would Have Next Chance, and If No Candidate Had Majority of States, Vice President Would Occupy White House.

By E. W. PICKARD.

Washington.—Of course your presidential candidate will be elected, but just for the sake of an argument let us suppose the electoral college were so divided that no one candidate received a majority. The possibilities in such a case are interesting.

The fathers of the country who framed the constitution provided that the electors "appointed" by the states should vote on candidates for president and that the one receiving the largest number of votes should be president, and the one getting the next largest should be vice president. This worked very well for the two elections of George Washington, for there was really no opposition to him. But in 1796 John Adams was the candidate of the federalists and Thomas Jefferson of the Democratic-Republicans, and though Adams was elected president, Jefferson, his leading rival in the politics of the day, received the second largest vote and was seated in the vice presidential chair. This was embarrassing to both of them, and the system was so generally unsatisfactory that the constitution was amended in time for the election of 1804.

In accordance with the new plan, which is still followed, the electors vote for president and vice president by separate ballots and a majority is required in each case.

If no candidate for president has a majority vote in the electoral college, the house of representatives is required to proceed at once to elect a president from the leading candidates, not to exceed three in number. The house must vote by states, each state having one vote. Similarly, if the electors fail to elect a vice president, the senate chooses a man for the place from the two leading candidates. John Quincy Adams was elected president by the house in 1824.

Now come in some of the interesting possibilities of this most interesting political year. Republicans and Democrats alike declare that they expect to capture a majority of the electoral college, and the Progressives are not behind the older parties in their claims. If the results of the election bear out the predictions of the managers of these three parties to any considerable degree, it is easy to imagine the electoral college so divided that no one will have the requisite

majority. This would throw the election into the house of representatives, and again it would be no severe strain on one's imagination to fancy the house also about equally divided among the three candidates. For instance, though this is not a political prophecy, suppose the state delegations, voting as units, stood as follows:

For Wilson—Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, New Jersey, New Mexico, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia—18.  
For Taft—Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Kentucky, Maine, Massachusetts, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio, Oregon, Rhode Island, Utah, Vermont, Wyoming—18.  
For Roosevelt—California, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin—18.

That, or any division anywhere near it, would result in a beautiful deadlock, for the constitution says a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice, though a quorum consists of a member or members from two-thirds of the states.

Again quoting from the Twelfth amendment: "And if the house of representatives shall not choose a president, whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth

day of March next following, then the vice president shall act as president, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president."

Now, while the house was trying in vain to elect a president, the senate would be choosing the vice-president, and for this purpose the senators vote as individuals, two-thirds of them being a quorum and a majority of the whole number necessary to a choice. They are restricted in their choice to the two who received the highest vote in the electoral college, and still for the sake of argument we will take it for granted that James Schoolcraft Sherman would be one of those two. Whom do you suppose the senate, as at present constituted, would select? Mr. Sherman, possibly, and they would be "Sunny Jim" planted in the White House as chief magistrate of the United States for four years! Whoever expected that?

Of course the Progressives in the senate might combine with the Democrats and elect Governor Marshall of Indiana. Or, again, the Democratic senators might find their chance to defeat their old time rivals lay in a combination with the Progressives and the election of Hiram Johnson of California would be the result. And we have the word of Colonel Roosevelt that Governor Johnson is of real presidential caliber. Only it must be borne in mind that the vice presidential candidate who runs third in the electoral college is out of the race for good.

## SON 39, PADDLED MOTHER, 21

Reproof for Attending "Movies" Starts Row With Wife of Sixty-Five-Year-Old "Dad."

New York.—Twenty-one-year-old Mrs. Madeline Gray, blonde, petite and charming, invoked the law to make her stepson, Charley, behave himself. Charley is 39 and too big to be spanked.

The "movies" caused all the trouble. Or maybe matrimony was to blame. A week ago today Madeline was married to Richard Gray by Alderman James Smith in Borough Hall, Brooklyn. Maybe Smith is to blame.

Richard Gray is 65 and a widower of eight months' standing. He took his bride home to 354 Gates avenue. Richard is a milk inspector and has to be out nights inspecting.

Last night Madeline went to the movies and stayed after 9 o'clock. When Mrs. Gray got home Charley reproved her. She started to exercise her parental authority and then she says her stepson "paddled" her. "Do you want to say anything to your stepmother?" asked Magistrate McGuire, thinking the trouble might be patched up.

"Madeline," said Charley, "I want

you to promise that after you go home from here you will always be a good mamma to me."

Madeline's giggle was lost in the uproar. The court thought the Gray family had better go home and see if it couldn't behave itself without the law.

"My stepson's father isn't anything like his child," said Mrs. Gray. "They're as different as day and night."

## CITY IS BEING MODERNIZED

Riga, Near the Baltic Sea, Is Fast Becoming a Busy Industrial Center.

St. Petersburg.—The ancient city of Riga, on the River Dwina, near the Baltic sea, is undergoing a wonderful change. The place was founded in 1201 by the Knights of the Sword, a German order instituted to convert the Letts and Esthonians. It became in time a fortress of considerable strength. It did not lose the appearance of a medieval town until 1877, when its masonry walls were torn down. When Napoleon invaded Russia more than a century ago the governor of Riga burned 2,000 houses. Riga is now being converted into a modern industrial city. The centuries-old moat has been turned into a picturesque canal, and its banks have been planted with ornamental trees and shrubs, to provide a popular promenade. The old, narrow, winding streets of the inner town are being widened and straightened. The suburban quarter, for so long a collection of wooden huts, is being built over into large apartment houses.

Several squares and public gardens and buildings are being constructed. One of the squares is used as a military parade ground. On it is the Russian cathedral, the city museum and a school supported by the chamber of commerce.

## Won Bet By Drowning.

Butte, Mont.—Niek Velky, a Macedonian switchman, wagered his friend T. Suski \$10 that he could remain under the waters of the Country Club Lake for thirty minutes. He won the bet, but he will never collect the money for an hour and a half later his body was recovered in six feet of water near the shore, where it had become enmeshed in undergrowth.

## PICTURE WAS NEVER TAKEN

Late Emperor of Japan Refused to Break Rule for Photographer.

London.—The death of Emperor Mutsuhito of Japan has led to the publication of the story of an interesting and expensive journalistic enterprise that failed.

The Daily Mirror says that to obtain a photograph of the late Emperor one of its photographers, who was in China at the time of the recent rebellion, visited Japan. He found he had an impossible task.

"Before I left China to go to Japan," he writes, "I had guessed something of the difficulty there would be in trying to obtain permission to photograph the Mikado and the royal family.

"The matter was laid before the Mikado personally, and the secretary's reply was to the effect that his Majesty could not see his way to break the ordinary rule. He had added that if I had made inquiries beforehand I could have saved myself

the journey to Japan. To photograph the Mikado, he said, was absolutely impossible. The pictures that appear of the emperor are reproductions of drawings.

"The secretary regretted that I had had the journey for nothing and finished up by asking me to dinner in the friendliest fashion. So sacred, apparently, was the Mikado's personality that his head did not even appear on either coins or stamps."

## Value Frog at \$1,000.

New York.—Peter J. Stafford has captured a frog, one and one-half pounds. It is fifteen inches long and ten inches in girth. Experts at the Bronx zoo say the frog is worth \$1,000.

## Woman Arrested at Altar.

Perth Amboy, N. J.—While leaving the church here after her wedding ceremony, Mrs. Mary P. King was arrested on the charge of forgery. Her husband, Paul King, disowned her at once.

## METHOD OF USING WINDMILLS

Especially Adapted for Pumping Irrigation Water for Garden and Supplementary Supply.

(By G. E. P. SMITH, Arizona Experiment Station.)

The records of wind movement show considerable difference in the amount of wind in different months, but the wind for any month is approximately the same on succeeding years. In any locality, therefore, the experience of one or two years will enable an observant rancher to know in advance how much ground it is safe to plant.

Wherever windmills are much used, it is customary to build reservoirs close by. For house service and cattle watering they serve as storage to provide for periods of calm weather. For irrigation uses they are too small to be of importance as storage, but they serve as accumulators of water, perhaps for several days, and when they are filled the water can be drawn out and applied to the fields in a few hours. Thus they save the irrigator's time and they secure an irrigating "head" which can be gotten over the ground as desired. It is not desirable to build large reservoirs, as the loss by evaporation and seepage is then of greater moment than the gain in other directions.

Fortunately the months of greatest wind movement are the spring and early summer months, which include the best growing season. In order to take advantage of the high winds of early spring, the garden irrigator should borrow from the dry farmer the method of water storage in the soil. During the season before seed is planted, heavy irrigations can be given, preferably in deep furrows, and after each division of the garden is thus treated, the furrows should be covered by cultivation to prevent the escape of the moisture. If the soil is loamy and deep and retentive, fifteen to twenty inches depth of water can be advantageously stored in this way. If the soil is shallow and underlain by porous gravels, such irrigations are a waste of time and water.

There are two conditions in which windmills are usually adapted for irrigation purposes. First, for the house and garden lot, where no other pumping plant is available and where the depth to groundwater is not excessive. Very often the windmill is required for house service, and since that service does not work the mill to more than a fraction of its capacity, it can be utilized the rest of the time watering a garden or an alfalfa patch for poultry with no additional investment. In one instance on record a windmill lifting water ninety feet furnished the water supply for a house and for irrigating eighty-seven orchard trees and thirty-two other miscellaneous plants. The second condition in which the windmill is adapted for irrigation service is to provide a supplementary water supply to help out dry-farmed crops. There are large areas in Arizona where dry farming is almost, though not quite, successful, provided judicious selection of crops is made. The experiments of this station have shown that in such cases a small amount of supplementary irrigation increases the yield out of proportion to the small amount of water applied, even so small an amount as three or four inches depth making the difference between crop failure and profit. Over a considerable area which promises to be utilized in this manner the valley fill is of such a character that it is impossible to develop a well at one place which yields sufficient water for a centrifugal pump, yet the slow constant draught of a windmill pump can be supplied. Both conditions presuppose that the prevailing winds are strong.

If the windmill is used to irrigate garden crops such as tomatoes, which need irrigation every few days, it is desirable to purchase a small gasoline engine of one or two horsepower and connect it to the pump rods by belt or gearing. It is then available for use when the wind does not blow.

## It Pays to Fatten Poultry.

There is ordinarily from three to seven cents per pound difference in the price paid for well-fleshed or fattened birds, to that paid for birds just off the range or fields. This means a difference of from 15 to 35 cents on the five-pound chicken, depending upon the quality.

Not only does the feeder make upon the gain made while the chicken is being fattened, but the original weight is increased in value by the improvement in quality. There is always a market for good or prime quality, and the poor quality goes at begging prices, when the supply is great.

## System in Feeding.

Fowls should have empty crops in the morning, and the crop should never be quite full until it is time to go to roost. For the first feed grain scattered in the litter in the morning is preferred, the sooner the better. This induces them to exercise. In the middle of the day a warm, moistened mash should be given, about what they will eat. And at night before they go to roost a liberal feed of grain should be scattered in the litter. Fowls should be kept busy.

## Sunflowers in the Run.

A patch of sunflowers will not only furnish the flock of hens, refreshing shade during the hot summer days, but the seed from the ripe heads will furnish a most welcome change during the moulting season.

If a liberal amount of earth is taken up with the roots the plants may be reset in the henyard after they have reached a height of from 12 to 24 inches.

## A VARIATION.



"Your husband frequently misses his dinner."  
"Yes. Whenever there is a ball game in town he devotes himself to finding fault with the umpire instead of with the cook."

## RED, ROUGH HANDS MADE SOFT AND WHITE

For red, rough, chapped and bleeding hands, dry, fissured, itching, burning palms, and painful finger-ends, with shapeless nails, a one-night Cuticura treatment works wonders. Directions: Soak the hands, on retiring, in hot water and Cuticura Soap. Dry, anoint with Cuticura Ointment, and wear soft bandages or old, loose gloves during the night. These pure, sweet and gentle emollients preserve the hands, prevent redness, roughness and chapping, and impart in a single night that velvety softness and whiteness so much desired by women. For those whose occupations tend to injure the hands, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are wonderful.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

Norwegian Scientific Expedition. A Norwegian expedition will study the natives, flora and fauna of almost unknown regions of northern and central Asia.

The czar of Russia has 102 vast palaces, employing a staff of 32,000 servants, with an annual payroll of \$4,000,000.

To prevent Malaria is far better than to cure it. In malarial countries take a dose of OXIDINE regularly once each week and save yourself from Chills and Fever and other malarial troubles.

Ancient Idea of Dancing. Dancing was originally a means of expressing religious feeling.

A baseball player may be sluggish without being a slugger.

Keep on trying; it's often the last key of the bunch that opens the door.

Nothing keeps a man so busy as the attempt to idle away his time.

Collective Housekeeping. An English paper tells of an experiment in collective housekeeping in what is known as Great Garden village. The dwelling houses contain all improvements except a kitchen. Meals for everybody are cooked at a central hall, and may either be eaten there or sent home. A four-course dinner costs only 1s. 6d. and 6d. pence. Servants are supplied, when needed, from the central hall at a cost of about ten cents an hour.

If your appetite is not what it should be perhaps Malaria is developing. It affects the whole system. OXIDINE will clear away the germs, rid you of Malaria and generally improve your condition.

Grouchy Vacation. "Is your husband enjoying his vacation?" "Not as much as I am."

But a really clever woman is too clever to show it.

## THREE-YEAR HOMESTEAD LAW

IN THE GREAT NORTHWEST  
Full Title to 320 or 160 Acres in 3 Years

Take the Great Northern—see with your own eyes these fertile lands. Crops this year bigger than ever! Also wonderful opportunities in sale of 300,000 acres rich Montana state lands at low prices. Terms: 15% down, balance in 20 years.

## Low Fares

Via Great Northern Ry.

daily, Sept. 25 to Oct. 10, \$30.25 from Oklahoma City to many points in Montana—\$35.25 to Idaho, Washington, Oregon and North Pacific Coast points. Liberal stopovers. Tickets on sale daily, Sept. 25 to Oct. 10. For details address:

E. C. LEEDY  
Gen. Agent, International Exposition, San Francisco, 1915

## LEWIS' SINGLE BINDER

IF IT'S YOUR EYES PETTIT'S EYE SALVE IS WHAT YOU NEED

PENSIONS Write Miss R. Stevens & Co., Atty., 627 F St., Washington, D.C.

## THESE SIX LETTERS From New England Women

Prove that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Does Restore the Health of Ailing Women.

Boston, Mass.—"I was passing through the Change of Life and suffered from hemorrhages (sometimes lasting for weeks), and could get nothing to check them. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound (tablet form) on Tuesday, and the following Saturday morning the hemorrhages stopped. I have taken them regularly ever since and am steadily gaining."

"I certainly think that every one who is troubled as I was should give your Compound Tablets a faithful trial, and they will find relief."—Mrs. GEORGE JUNE, 503 Fifth Street, South Boston, Mass.

## Letter from Mrs. Julia King, Phoenix, R.I.

Phoenix, R.I.—"I worked steady in the mill from the time I was 12 years old until I had been married a year, and I think that caused my bad feelings. I had soreness in my side near my left hip that went around to my back, and sometimes I would have to lie in bed for two or three days. I was not able to do my housework."

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has helped me wonderfully in every way. You may use my letter for the good of others. I am only too glad to do anything within my power to recommend your medicine."—Mrs. JULIA KING, Box 283, Phoenix, R.I.

## Letter from Mrs. Etta Donovan, Willimantic, Conn.

Willimantic, Conn.—"For five years I suffered untold agony from female troubles causing backache, irregularities, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It was impossible for me to walk up stairs without stopping on the way. I was all run down in every way."

"I tried three doctors and each told me something different. I received no benefit from any of them but seemed to suffer more. The last doctor said it was no use for me to take anything as nothing would restore me to health again. So I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to see what it would do, and by taking seven bottles of the Compound and other treatment you advised, I am restored to my natural health."—Mrs. ETTA DONOVAN, 703 Main Street, Willimantic, Conn.

## Letter from Mrs. Winfield Dana, Augusta, Me.

Augusta, Me.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured the backache, headache, and the bad pain I had in my right side, and I am perfectly well."—Mrs. WINFIELD DANA, R.F.D. No. 2, Augusta, Me.

## Letter from Mrs. J. A. Thompson, Newport, Vt.

Newport, Vt.—"I thank you for the great benefit Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me. I took eight bottles and it did wonders for me, as I was a nervous wreck when I began taking it. I shall always speak a good word for it to my friends."—Mrs. JOHN A. THOMPSON, Box 3, Newport Center, Vermont.

## Letter from Miss Grace Dodds, Bethlehem, N.H.

Bethlehem, N.H.—"By working very hard, sweeping carpets, washing, ironing, lifting heavy baskets of clothes, etc., I got all run down. I was sick in bed every month."

"This last Spring my mother got Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for me, and already I feel like another girl. I am regular and do not have the pains that I did, and do not have to go to bed. I will tell all my friends what the Compound is doing for me."—Miss GRACE E. DODDS, Box 133, Bethlehem, N.H.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No one sick with woman's ailments does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine, made from roots and herbs, it has restored so many suffering women to health.

Write to LIDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.





# SOME SPECIALS FOR SALES DAY

On Monday, October 7th, we will make the following Special Prices for one day only. Remember our stock is now complete and Special Values await you in every department.

Clothing	Ladies' Garments	Men's Shirts	Ladies' Coats
In men's high grade clothing we offer the celebrated Hart-Schaffner & Marx and Kirschbaum clothes. None better at any price.	In our ladies' ready-to-wear department you will find a splendid showing of up-to-the-minute man-tailored garments in coat suits and long coats, also a line of silk and colienne dresses for all-around wear.	\$1.50 Men's dress shirts at..... <b>\$1.25</b> \$1.25 Men's dress shirts at..... <b>1.00</b> \$3.00 Men's wool overshirts..... <b>2.25</b> \$2.50 Men's wool overshirts..... <b>2.00</b> \$2.00 Men's wool overshirts..... <b>1.65</b> \$1.50 Men's wool overshirts..... <b>1.25</b> \$1.25 Men's wool overshirts..... <b>1.10</b> \$1.00 Men's wool overshirts..... <b>90c</b>	\$16.50 Long coats at..... <b>\$14.00</b> \$15.00 Long coats at..... <b>12.50</b> \$13.50 Long coats at..... <b>11.50</b> \$10.00 Long coats at..... <b>8.50</b>
Our \$25.00 suits at..... <b>\$21.00</b> Our \$22.50 suits at..... <b>20.00</b> Our \$18.50 suits at..... <b>16.00</b> Our \$16.50 suits at..... <b>14.00</b> Our \$15.00 suits at..... <b>12.50</b> Our \$13.50 suits at..... <b>11.00</b> Our \$12.50 suits at..... <b>10.00</b> Our \$10.00 suits at..... <b>8.50</b>	\$25.00 Ladies' coat suits for..... <b>\$21.50</b> \$22.50 Ladies' coat suits for..... <b>20.00</b> \$20.00 Ladies' coat suits for..... <b>17.50</b> \$18.00 Ladies' coat suits for..... <b>16.00</b> \$15.00 Ladies' coat suits for..... <b>12.50</b> \$13.50 Ladies' coat suits for..... <b>11.50</b> \$12.50 Ladies' coat suits for..... <b>10.50</b>	Men's heavy ribbed and fleece lined undershirts and drawers at 40 cents each. Ten per cent reduction on all men's and boys' hats.	<b>Corset Special</b> In Kabo, the live model corsets: \$1.00 quality for..... <b>90c</b> \$1.50 quality for..... <b>\$1.25</b> \$2.00 quality for..... <b>1.75</b> \$2.50 quality for..... <b>2.00</b>

Our entire line of Ladies' Skirts one-fourth off for this day. 1000 Yards of outing at 7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, 8<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, and 10c per yard. All dress gingham up to 15c per yard at 10c per yard. All calicos special for this day 5c per yard, and a host of other bargains too numerous to mention.

**DON'T FAIL TO COME FOR WE HAVE THE GOODS**

ONE PRICE  
TO EVERYBODY

**JOYCE-PRUIT COMPANY**

THESE PRICES  
FOR CASH ONLY

## COUNTY CORRESPONDENCE

### Langton Dots

Well I believe most everybody is busy heading maize this week.  
H. S. Moss who got his leg broke some time ago, is getting along fine.  
D. K. and Mrs. Montgomery spent the day Sunday at T. C. Martin's. Also Mr. and Mrs. Will Crenshaw in the evening and our postmaster, Jeff Keeter and family, and we all had a regular watermelon feast. We will be sorry to see fresh come and spoil so many good melons.

### "THE BLUE AND THE GRAY"

A mother's gift to her country's cause  
Is a story yet untold.  
She had three sons, three only ones,  
Each worth his weight in gold.  
She gave them up for the sake of war  
While her heart was filled with pain,  
As each went away she was heard to say  
He will never return again.  
One lies down near Appomatoz,  
Many miles away;  
Another sleeps at Chickamauga  
And they both wore suits of gray.  
'Mid the strains of 'Down in Dixie'  
The third was laid away  
In a trench at Santiago,  
The blue and the gray.  
She's alone tonight while the stars  
Shine bright,  
With a heart full of despair;  
On the last great day I can hear her say  
My three boys will sure be there.  
Perhaps they'll watch at the heavenly  
gate.  
On guard beside three guns:  
Then the mother, true to the gray and  
blue,  
Will enter with her sons.  
Darling fold me to you closer  
As you did in days of yore,  
Press your lips upon my forehead  
E'er I see the shining shore.

Life is from me fastly fleeting,  
Soon I'll be in sweet repose;  
When I'm gone I'll ask this favor,  
Lay my head beneath a rose.  
Lay me where sweet flowers blossom,  
Where the dainty lily grows;  
Where the pink and violets mingle,  
Lay my head beneath a rose.  
Darling one when first I met you,  
When I pledged your hand and heart,  
There were roses on your cheek, love  
And we vowed we ne'er would part.  
One more kiss for I am going  
Far beyond all earthly woes,  
Let my grave be like your cheeks love,  
Lay my head beneath a rose.  
Why am I so weak and weary?  
See how faint my heated breath,  
All around to me seems darkness,  
Tell me comrades is this death?  
Oh how well I know your answer  
To my fate I meekly bow,  
If you'll only tell me truly  
Who will care for mother now.  
Soon with angels I'll be marching  
With bright laurels on my brow,  
I have for my country fallen  
Who will care for mother now?  
Who will comfort her in sorrow,  
Who will dry the fallen tear,  
Gently smooth the wrinkled forehead,  
Who will whisper words of cheer?  
Even now I think I see her,  
Kneeling, praying for me, how  
Can I leave her in her anguish,  
Who will care for mother now?  
Let this knap-sack be my pillow  
And my mantle be the sky,  
Hasten comrades to the battle  
I will like a soldier die.  
Soon with angels I'll be marching  
With bright laurels on my brow,  
I have for my country fallen  
Who will care for mother now?

### Upton News.

Crops are good in this valley this year.  
A. J. McNutt is making sorghum again.  
Jip Hulén left Monday for the cotton "patch."  
Walter Upton is sure proud of "that new boy."  
Mart Watson is the champion

bronc buster of the valley. He rides any of them.  
Mrs. Hatfield returned to the ranch last Monday.  
Jess Dodgen left last Sunday for the Panhandle country.  
Mr. Guinn's boys and G. Ford are preparing to go to the cotton country soon.  
Mrs. Daisy Gore returned last Friday from Oklahoma where she has been visiting relatives.  
John Scissom and John Ramage returned last week from the mines at Kelly. They could not get work.

### Bethel Budget

Died—Mrs. M. E. Boone died last Saturday evening at the home of her daughter, Mrs. H. J. Farnham, after a short illness, during which time she was tenderly cared for by friends and loved ones, and everything done within their power to relieve her suffering, but about 4 o'clock the cruel hand of death laid its chill upon her brow. Mrs. Boone was born March 3, 1831, in the state of Georgia. In 1845, at the age of 14, she was married. Her husband was killed in the Civil war, during which time she lived in Arkansas.  
She was the mother of eight children, four of which survive her, Sam Boone, at Memphis, Texas, T. M. Boone, Claude, Texas, Mrs. F. T. Myers, Vernon, Texas, and Mrs. H. J. Farnham, of this place. The remains were buried in the Bethel burying ground, where a few songs were sung and a short talk was made by G. P. Smith. The entire community extend their deepest sympathy and condo-

lence to the beloved ones in this their dark hour of grief.  
Sam Boone, of Memphis, Texas, came in Saturday, being called here on account of the illness of his mother. He returned home Monday.  
J. H. Crabtree, of Hall county, Texas, who formerly lived here, was here last week on business.  
Mrs. S. F. Culberson, county superintendent, visited our school last Tuesday.

### Pleasant Valley

John Horne is putting an addition to his house.  
The Pleasant Valley Sunday school has been changed from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m. Everybody invited.  
Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Brown and little daughter, Ada Marie, are expected out to their claim in a few days.  
Mrs. Charles Isom and children and Mrs. Henry Horn, of Portales, were visiting in this community not long ago.  
Graham & Shafer are in the neighborhood with their baler. They have been baling for Grover Burks and Boyd Givens.  
Dr. Manes preached at the school house Monday night. We were glad to have him with us and hope he may come again.  
Sunday school was organized at Pleasant Valley school house last Sunday. B. H. Wilson was appointed superintendent and Mrs. Autrey secretary.  
The agricultural display at Inez was a grand success. Such a quantity of fruit, vegetables and farm products would have done credit to any country. Mrs. Culberson gave us a nice talk, also Judge Lindsey. Senator

Fergusson made a good speech. Among other things he spoke of a bill he is advocating in congress to give every claim holder 640 acres, not necessarily in the same body, but wherever they can get it. Dinner was served on the ground.  
His Royal Highness bade me, some time since, to take my spelling book and hike out across the prairie, to save my life, I can't remember all the adjectives he used, but I think he meant the prairie, and there court the muses for inspiration. I have no blue-back speller but maybe an under-the-bridge dictionary will do. So I high me hence and seat myself in the shade of a large spreading cactus tree and listen to the eloquent music that is wafted to my ears on the evening breeze. Hush! Listen! Did you ever hear anything half so grand and soul inspiring? The prairie dogs are holding an even-concert. After a time I endeavor to tear my thoughts away from their thrilling strains and fix them on things nearer at hand. Come glowing inspiration and perch upon my pencil and give the power of a Shakespeare or a Whittier or a Scott that I may— Ah! here it comes, I can hear its low soft notes now advancing, now receding, but still it comes. There, it has arrived. Did you ever see such a big mosquito in your born days? And not alone it came, for there is another perched upon my nose. Begone vile monster and let me get up before that old tarantula gets to me that I see headed this way. Excuse me, I'm for home. But then there is another way of getting items. It was to poke my

neighbors in the short ribs. Now I am just a little timid about that method. I might run up against one who carried a six-shooter and then someone else might get to chronicle the P. V. happenings.  
**I Have For Trade**  
\$6000.00 worth of city property at St. Joe, Missouri.  
City property in Hobart, Oklahoma, valued at \$3,500; revenue bearing piece of property.  
All kinds and descriptions of Clovis property, stocks of goods, houses and lots, business houses, etc.  
Three hundred acres of good farm land, well improved, thirty miles from San Antonio, Tex.  
Four thousand dollar residence in Arkansas City, Kan.; revenue bearing piece of property.  
Lots of other property in other localities to trade for shallow water land in Portales Valley.  
What have you to trade?  
New State Development Co.  
DAN W. VINSON.  
**The Racket Store**  
A few things we handle: All kinds of gloves, men's and boys' caps, underwear, shirts, suspenders, towels, table cloths, sheets, pillow cases, hose for everybody and too many other things to undertake to enumerate. Prices are right—terms cash. Come in and see us, we can save you money. Yours for business,  
THE RACKET STORE,  
Miller & Luikart Building.  
New Mexico Territorial Fair. Albuquerque, N. M., Oct 7th to 12th, 1912. Dates of sale, Oct. 5th to 11th, 1912, final limit Oct. 14th, 1912. \$11.60 for round trip.