

THE PORTALES VALLEY NEWS

The Official Paper of the City of Portales and the Only Newspaper in Roosevelt County that is Read by the People

Volume II

PORTALES, ROOSEVELT COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1915

Number 26

The Deen-Neer Company

The Deen-Neer company is having its articles of incorporation prepared and, it is understood, that the capital stock, \$10,000.00, has been subscribed and paid in. The officers of this company are J. P. Deen, president and manager; Edwin N. Neer, vice president and secretary; Ed J. Neer, director. Messrs J. P. Deen and Edwin Neer left Tuesday for various cities in the east to buy their stock of groceries. This house will start out with absolutely all new and fresh goods and of the very best brands that can be had on the market. They will specialize on strictly quality goods and courteous treatment to their customers and friends. Arrangements have been made to buy cream from the farmers and everything will be done that will make the convenience of the public their first thought. They have purchased a new Ford automobile which will be converted into a delivery truck. This store will be made as near perfectly sanitary as lays within the power of mere mortals to accomplish. Sanitation, efficiency, quality goods and courtesies make a combination that should appeal strongly to the housewife who is thrifty and who wants the best. This new grocery house will make good in Portales. Watch this paper for announcement of opening date.

Carter-Robinson Abstract Company

The Carter-Robinson Abstract company, incorporated, opened its offices in the Reese building this week with Lee Carter as manager. This is one of the oldest abstract companies in this part of the state and has complete abstract indexes to all the real property in this and Curry counties. The management is well qualified to give accurate and efficient service and will appreciate any business entrusted to their care. Read their advertisement in this paper.

New Car of Fords Arrive

Messrs. P. E. Jordan and Coe Howard this week received another car load of Fords which, if sufficient persuasion is used, they may be induced to part with to those who enjoy auto riding and who want a dependable car to do that riding in. They will not object to exchanging them for lawful money of the United States, provided a sufficient amount of it is tendered.

Joyce-Pruit's New Manager

Mr. E. E. Hoagland, the new manager of the Joyce-Pruit company, has arrived and taken charge of the big stores of this company. Mr. Hoagland has had much experience in the mercantile business and there is no question but what he will keep this company up to its past high standard of excellence.

T. E. Mears this week purchased a new Buick 25 that is certainly a peach. It is fully equipped, with all the very latest improvements, including self starter, electric lights and the new shape. There is no better car on the market than the Buick and Mr. Mears will not have cause to regret his selection.

The people of Portales who desire to keep the blue grass growing on their lawns will do well to rid it of dandelions else they will soon put the blue grass on the hummer.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Depperman, on April 4, a fine nine pound boy, John Karl Depperman by name. Mrs. Florence J. Hardin in attendance.

Buchanan's Buy a Buick

Louie Kohl Thursday of this week received two Buick automobiles from the Tucumcari agency and before night of the same day had sold one of them, a 25 model, to the Buchanan Brothers, who own a splendid irrigated farm just west of town. The other, a Model 37, is, practically, sold. These cars were driven here by John C. Jones, agent in charge at Tucumcari and an assistant. The Buick has no equal among the medium priced cars and no superiors in point of efficiency among any of them. The Buchanan Brothers have a fine machine and one that they need not be afraid to take anywhere they are inclined to go.

W. F. Faggard Back From Markets

W. F. Faggard returned this week from Kansas City where he had been with a car of fat calves. The News man has not seen Mr. Faggard since his return but it is stated that his stuff brought top prices and that he made some money on feeding them. It will be remembered by the readers of this paper that last fall Will bought a bunch of calves to feed on ensilage, more as a sort of an experiment than with the idea of making any great amount of money out of the venture. That he did make a success of his undertaking all will be glad to learn, as it will encourage others to take a chance.

Your Home Merchants

You will make no money by buying cheap, shoddy, racket store goods, paying almost as much for them as you do standard, trade marked merchandise. Auction stores that are here today and gone tomorrow are neither interested in the country, nor do they contribute towards its maintenance. You buy this sort of stuff under the most solemn promises of its quality, only to find that you have been skinned and that the skinner has flown the coop. Stick to your home merchant, he will be your friend in time of need and he is as necessary to your prosperity as you are to his.

Rozelle Culberson Injured

Wednesday of this week Dr. W. E. Patterson was called to the ranch of William Elliott to attend to the injuries sustained by Rozelle Culberson in a runaway. Mr. Culberson is the father-in-law of Mr. Elliott and was visiting at his ranch. While driving a team the horses became frightened at something and began to run. Mr. Culberson was thrown out and the wagon ran over him inflicting very serious, but not necessarily dangerous, injuries. Dr. Patterson dressed the wounds and at the last accounts Mr. Culberson was resting easier.

We have the largest display of samples of made-to-measure clothes in town, ranging in price from \$14 up. Fit and workmanship guaranteed. Warnica and Landers.

"Woody" McCall, county assessor, returned Tuesday morning from Roswell where had been taking treatment for his eyes from Drs. Presley & Swearingin.

John C. Jones, the Tucumcari Buick distributor, is in town with an eye single to the sale of a few Buick machines.

Judge G. L. Reese was in Roswell the latter part of last week attending to business before the district court.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Ward, on Friday, April 23, 1915, a boy.

Roy Connally returned the first of the week from Amarillo.

ADOLPHUS MOLSBERGER, A PEACEABLE FARMER, HAS HIS BRAINS SHOT OUT MONDAY NIGHT

Sam M. Conn, a Young Man About Eighteen Years Old, Attempts the Life of R. E. Curd With a Shot Gun and Kills Companion of Curd In the Mix-Up That Follows

Curd and Conn Had Difficulty Over Attention the Latter Had Been Paying to His Daughter and Threats Had Been Freely Made as to What Would Happen Unless They Were Discontinued. Defendant Held to Grand Jury Without Bond

On Monday night of this week occurred a tragedy that was the most shocking that has ever occurred in the city of Portales, in which an entirely innocent person, and one who had no knowledge that trouble of any kind was brewing, paid with his life, the penalty of being in company with one of the parties to a quarrel in which he had no interest and no knowledge of the existence of. Adolphus Molsberger, a peaceable German farmer, who lives at Pleasant Valley, about eighteen miles southeast of town, arrived here on the train Monday morning on his return from visiting relatives in Texas. He stayed around town during the day and at night, as he was going to the saloon in company with R. E. Curd, was met at the corner of the First National bank by a boy, Sam M. Conn, by name who, in an attempt to kill Curd, blew out his brains instead. It is difficult to get at all the facts connected with the homicide as there were no witnesses close enough to accurately describe the happenings as they occurred. The story of Mr. Curd indicates one thing and the physical facts another. This is due to the fact that Mr. Curd was laboring under great excitement and extreme fright, and he does not know, himself, just what did happen, except that he was the man fired at and that the other man was killed. It appears that the trouble grew out of the attentions that Conn was paying to the daughter of Curd, and that threats and counter threats had been made. On Monday night, April 19th, Conn secured a single barreled, twelve bore shot gun from the residence of Mr. Spears, in the eastern part of town, and that he repaired to the scene of the tragedy for the purpose of having it out with Curd. He met Curd and the deceased about the front door of the First National bank and, in the mix-up that followed, Molsberger was killed. The gun was loaded with No. 4 shot and it entered the head about midway of the occiput and a little to the left, tearing a large hole in the head and scattering brains and portions of the skull over the sidewalk and on the front of the bank. Immediately after the shooting, Mr. Curd grabbed Conn and they fell to the sidewalk together, Curd landing on top, whereupon Curd began to call lustily for help. Sheriff Deen was the first on the scene, followed almost immediately by Constable Louie Anderson. The boy was permitted to get to his feet and was put under arrest and the coroner summoned. An inquest was held and the remains were taken to the undertaking parlors of Ed J. Neer, where they were embalmed. Deceased was a single man and owns a farm at Pleasant Valley, and was a very peaceable and jovial German. His cousin, of San Antonio, Texas, arrived Thursday to look after his affairs. Conn appears to be deeply grieved because he killed the wrong man.

The preliminary hearing of Conn was held Thursday and he was bound over to await the action of the grand jury without bond. Assistant District Attorney Hocken-hull appeared for the state and Compton & Compton conducted the defense.

This is the first killing that has occurred in Portales since the organization of Roosevelt county, and the first one in the county for a matter of three or four years. The criminal docket of this county will show that little crime has been committed here, and that little has been committed by floaters and non-residents. There appears to be considerable difference of opinion relative to the outcome of this trouble, and the boy seems to have a great many followers who think he should be dealt with leniently, while others are of opinion that he should suffer.

Sampo Savvies Something

That Mr. S. Sampo savvies the farming game no one who has taken a look at his place will deny. He came to the Portales Valley some four or five years ago with but little of this world's goods, barely enough, in fact, to pay the land office charges when he made application to file on his place. What he did have, however, was worth more to him than money. He had the know how and the energy, and he took to it. He says that there has never been a year but what he has made a little to the good and this little he has put back on his place until now he has about all that he needs and many little luxuries that all do not possess. He has managed to get a few cows, on which he does not owe a dollar, has as many head of work stock as he has any use for and, in fact, is just getting to that place where money matters are easier and where his stuff will commence to multiply fast enough to permit him cutting out many of the rougher places along the pathway of life. Mr. Sampo has worked hard, but he has made a success of farming in the Portales Valley.

Humphrey & Sledge Will Dissolve

The well known hardware firm of Humphrey & Sledge some time in the near future, will dissolve, both gentlemen continuing in the hardware business as separate institutions. Mr. Humphrey has bought the old Citizens National bank building, which is now undergoing repairs preparatory to its occupancy by Mr. Humphrey. Mr. Sledge has bought from the same banking company the building formerly owned and occupied by the T. C. White drug company, and which is now occupied by Mrs. Knight's millinery store. As soon as this building can be vacated it will be worked over and the necessary shelving and fixtures put in and occupied by Mr. Sledge. Both these gentlemen are old timers in Portales and Roosevelt county and both of them have many friends who will be glad to learn that neither will withdraw from the mercantile business in this city.

Ervien Working on Scheme

Robert P. Ervien, state land commissioner, is working on a scheme that, should it succeed, will be of inestimable value to the state of New Mexico. He is trying to perfect an organization of the various state land commissioners and of the governors of the different states for the purpose of bringing influence to bear on congress to have the unappropriated lands of the United States given to the states within whose borders such lands are located. This is a meritorious proposition and Mr. Ervien should be given all the support possible to the end that favorable legislation along these lines may be accomplished without any unnecessary delay.

Off For the State Hosoegow

Deputy Sheriff B. B. Clayton and Jeff Hightower will leave Saturday morning for the state penitentiary where they will deliver to the custody of Warden McManus the Stidham kid and Batson the automobile thief. It is understood that Bent and Jeff will have all their personal effects together with their clothes and false teeth, securely fastened to their person with every safety device known to mortal man, to the end that they may arrive at their journey's end without fear that this bunch of choice crooks will relieve them of any of their belongings. It's a little risky but these are the boys to get by with them.

Stidham Stealing Stopped

The sheriff's office has, apparently, put a quietus on the thieving propensities of the male members of the Stidham family. This highly meritorious stroke of business was not accomplished without more or less inconvenience and many disappointments. While their exploits in the way of annexing the property of others to their own use and benefit were crude and woefully lacking in that finesse of the educated crook, they managed to save a getting out place when it came to a show down. However, the sheriff's office kept on their trail and, at the last term of court convicted the boy, Walter, of being too free with things not his own, and he drew a suspended sentence of two years. This managed to hold him for four or five days, after which he again got busy, and people began missing things again. The show down came when they made a sort of a neighborhood haul, gathering in saddles, bridles, harness, school books, pens, pencils, ink, tablets and, in fact, a miscellaneous assortment of things in general. The next morning, Sheriff Deen, Deputy Clayton, J. B. Crawford and others took the trail and followed it to the Stidham hang out where most of the stuff was recovered. This week Stidham Jr. was remanded to the penitentiary on the suspended sentence for a term of two years, while his father was bound over to await the action of the grand jury. Another of the bunch, one Batson, plead guilty and drew two years. None of these people belong here and no one will care how soon they leave.

T. F. Jones in the Toils

Some time ago a man arrived in Portales who professed to be a write-up man for some kind of a publication that was supposed to be exploiting the resources of various localities. He stayed some little time in the city and, upon his departure, had Mr. A. E. Seigner, of the traveler's Inn, cash a draft for him, in an amount sufficient to pay his board and give him some money to get away on. Not long after that the draft came back protested and with the protest fees added. T. F. Jones was the name of the artist who pulled this stunt and he was finally located at Roswell. Mr. Seigner swore out a complaint charging him with uttering worthless checks and Deputy Sheriff Bent Clayton went to Roswell and brought him back. Portales has been grafted unusually hard by write-up sharks and magazine grafters, nearly every one of these gentry who has lit in the city, has landed on our business men for a good piece of money and it is about time that some of them were getting what is coming to them.

Lightfoot is Bound Over

Jack Lightfoot, alias "T. C. Crane," was given a hearing on Wednesday of this week on a charge of horse stealing and was bound over to await the action of the grand jury, his bond being fixed at \$1000.00. Reese and Hocken-hull prosecuted while Compton & Compton appeared for the defense. The capture of Lightfoot and the recovery of the stolen horse was the result of some really clever work by the sheriff's office. Lightfoot is a very elusive individual and he managed to get as far as Arizona before he was caught up with and brought back to stand trial for his crime. The horse was the property of George Byars.

TO PREPARE AND USE VEGETABLES

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT EXPERTS GIVE RESULTS OF STUDY AND EXPERIMENT.

USING FLOWERS AND FRUITS

Certain Species Are Eaten as Vegetables—Garden Flowers for Cooking Purposes—Stale Cucumbers Are Bad for Digestion.

Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.

It is not generally realized that there are certain flowers and fruits that we prepare and eat as vegetables. One example is the portion of the cauliflower we eat, namely the flower head, and the globe artichoke (quite a different plant from the Jerusalem artichoke which yields edible tubers) is another. Capers, cassia buds and cloves are unexpanded flower buds. Among the fruits that we use as vegetables are mentioned the pumpkin, squash, cucumber, peppers, okra, eggplant and tomato, and very often the banana and more commonly the apple, for instance, in the old-fashioned fried apples often served with meat.

Pickled Nasturtium Buds. Some of our popular garden flowers occasionally have been used for cooking purposes. Nasturtium buds are sometimes pickled, and as their flowers have a flavor like water cross, they are sometimes eaten in a salad.

Orange flowers are well-known ingredients of cakes, creams and confectionery, being added for the flavor which they impart. Saffron and marigold petals once were considered important adjuncts in cookery, chiefly for the yellow color they imparted, and are often mentioned in old recipes for soups, etc. Saffron is still a staple article in use by professional cooks. In southern Europe squash blossoms and the tiny squash to which the blossom is attached are dipped in batter and fried, and locust flowers also are used for fritters in France, as are elder blossoms in Germany. Cooked squash flowers may be folded in an omelet. But such things have little food value in themselves, though they help to give variety to the diet.

Sometimes rose petals, violets, and mint leaves are candied, but are used more for garnishing than for food purposes. Rose petals are used in the Orient for making a very sweet preserve.

Violets are used in cookery for imparting a purple color, while a number of other colors are made from blossoms or leaves, the more common being spinach. Some highly-prized flavoring extracts are made from flowers; for instance, rose extract, orange flower water, and a sirup of violets. Nasturtium flowers are used like tarragon flavoring vinegar.

Valuable Vegetable Fruits. The distinction between a fruit and a vegetable is not always easily made. On the borderland between the two are a number of valuable food plants which have appropriately been called "vegetable fruits." Members of the gourd family have already been cited. This family furnishes the largest fruits of any known plants, some being over eight feet around and weighing more than two hundred pounds. The squash, both winter and summer varieties, vegetable marrow, cucumber, and melons, belong to this family. Careful cooking will make a great deal of difference in modifying the texture or flavor of squashes or pumpkins. The best of these are heavy in proportion to their size, having thick rather than thin flesh. Where the fibers are coarse, long cooking and straining will reduce them, and an excess of water may be evaporated. Where the shells are hard, bake or steam and then scrape out and mash the flesh. Baked in the pan with roast beef, mutton or other meats they gain an added flavor.

The cooked, strained pulp of squash or pumpkin, in addition to its use for pies, is sometimes combined with milk or stock for soups, or is added to doughs like those of corn bread or muffins, or may be cooked with sugar and spices for marmalades.

The summer squash is not always fully appreciated because often allowed to grow too large. Either variety, crook-neck or turban, should be so tender that the seeds and skin are edible when cooked. Summer squashes may be cut in slices and fried, though they are most commonly boiled. When fully grown they may be used like winter squash, skin and seeds being removed.

Stale Cucumber Bad for Digestion. Many people do not eat cucumbers, because they fear they may cause indigestion. This is often true if the cucumber is stale, wilted or overgrown. A fresh young specimen, thoroughly peeled and left in cold water (sometimes salted) before serving, loses its bitter juices and is a palatable and usually healthful relish.

The cucumber may be served as a salad by itself or to accompany fish or meats, or may be grated to add to fish soups. Cut in strips it may be candied, and served on toast like asparagus, and cooked in many other ways. The skin and seeds may be removed, and the firm flesh used as a stuffing for mince or, like pepper and onion, mixed with brown meat and

baked. A little onion cooked with creamed cucumber improves it for many.

The tomato is a vegetable fruit to which cookery owes much, although for many years it was supposed to be poisonous. It has been used in this country for less than a century, but its growth in popularity has been rapid. Tomatoes are used in many combinations of soups, sauces, relishes and a large variety of many dishes because their appetizing flavor makes many more mildly flavored food materials appetizing. The sour taste of the tomato is due chiefly to citric acid, its distinctive flavor to special substances difficult to identify.

The peeling of tomatoes may be easily removed if the tomatoes are plunged into boiling water for less than a minute, then drained, and chilled over ice, if possible. They may then be peeled when needed. Perfectly ripe tomatoes may be scraped with the back of a knife to loosen the skin, which then will peel easily, but this is less rapid than the scalding process. If cooked tomatoes are to be strained, it is unnecessary to peel them before stewing, as the skin will remain in the strainer with the seeds. Some persons believe that immersion in hot water injures the appearance and flavor of the tomato and peel them without this treatment.

Many persons prefer to serve tomatoes unpeeled, particularly the hot-house tomato or other varieties with thin, tender skins. If this is done, the tomatoes, like all other fruits or vegetables eaten raw, should be washed carefully. The very small red tomatoes which grow in clusters, known as cherry tomatoes, often found in large markets, are very attractive for salads. These and the yellow plum tomatoes are perhaps always eaten without peeling.

When a banana is used underripe it is less of a fruit than a vegetable. It is also commonly used for fritters. It may be baked or fried like a potato or yam, and served with meats. The South has come to appreciate this fruit as a vegetable more readily than the North, though such uses are now very general.

A simple way to cook bananas: Remove the skin, scrape off the rough outside, cut large ones in two across, dip in egg and crumbs, and fry brown in deep fat.

HER TIME WELL OCCUPIED

Pity the Poor Society Woman Who is a Martyr to Duty of Being Well Dressed.

The other day I called on a friend who lives in a fashionable New York apartment. She told me she went every morning for a "fitting."

"You mean in the spring and fall, when you are getting your things, don't you?"

"No; I mean every day, through the eight winter months. It's an awful nuisance. No wonder I'm a nervous wreck. I wish John would let me wear ready-made things. It's absurd, but it's a fact that I hardly ever go through the day without going either to the tailor, the dressmaker, or try on hats or shoes or corsets. I have a good many things made between seasons, when the prices are lower. And I have to squeeze in time to go shopping; I want to see what the new imported things look like, and go to the openings. I've discovered a dear little Frenchwoman who makes all my lingerie (my friend wears lingerie, not underwear), and very cheaply, too, considering the exquisite work she does, but she expects me to tell her just how I want everything done, and to choose designs for the embroidery, and to buy the lace and ribbon; and, of course, I try on every garment. Stockings and veils are about the only thing I can get ready-made, and it takes a lot of time selecting them. Don't you think the new veils are awfully trying?"—Atlantic.

Tobacco in History.

It has been settled to the general satisfaction of students of tobacco history that one Hernandez de Toledo introduced the smoking habit into Spain and Portugal in 1569, and that he brought his tobacco from Santo Domingo. Jean Nicot was the ambassador of France at the court of Portugal and he, acquiring the habit in Lisbon, carried it with him back to France, where the habit took hold in fashionable circles some time before Sir Francis Drake and his men carried Indian pipes and tobacco to England in 1585, at which time Sir Walter Raleigh set the pipe-smoking fashion at the court of Elizabeth, whence it spread over England. The habit of taking snuff followed closely in the trail of the pipe smoke.

Fishes See Well.

An examination of the eyes of many fishes in the tanks of the public aquarium at New York was recently made by means of the retinoscope and other instruments. It was learned not only that all fishes can see well, but that of the many examined none was near-sighted nor suffered from any abnormality. Considering their big, rolling, glassy eyes, a squint-eyed fish would be a horror! The glassiness, by the way, is owing in many cases to the fact that, in the absence of lids, the eyeballs are protected either by a slimy material, or by a transparent skin; these are not noticeable in life, but after death quickly become cloudy or opaque. Fishes such as the absurd little puffers, which dig in the sand, have real lids that close over the eyes. The studies of fishes' eyes have proved valuable in understanding and relieving human near-sightedness.

Tailored Costume Has Won Approval



Covert cloths, shepherd's-checked and striped suitings seem to be drifting honors in tailored suits for spring. It is hard to say which is most favored. All of them are developed in many smartly cut and perfectly tailored main suits that are far and away the most elegant of all street dresses.

Some of the new models are what may be called severely plain, allowing themselves only machine stitching and buttons by way of garniture and finishing touches. Buttons this season are made of the fabric of the garment in many elegant suits, but in unusual shapes. In an equal number of designs they are selected from the various composition, bone or pearl designs. But severe lines and finishing do not characterize all the new spring tailor-mades.

The coat-suit shown in the picture belongs to the plain well-tailored class that should be found in every woman's wardrobe. It is just right for the business woman, the traveler, or for street wear where one finds need for only one-gew tailored costume.

Revealing Charm of Classic Coiffure



A coiffure which is beautiful from any point of view is not met with every day. Here is one which is exquisite from whatever side you look upon it. It convinces one that there is nothing quite so pretty as curls, and should prove that the classic lines, which it follows closely, have never been improved upon.

The hair for this coiffure is waved and parted at the left side. The short hair about the forehead and temples is curled into very short ringlets. The back hair is brought to the top of the crown and coiled in a loose soft coil. The waved front hair is brought back to the coil and pinned to it, leaving the ends free. These ends are separated into strands and curled in short tight curls. They are pinned close to the head about the coil. Finally a narrow band of silk or velvet ribbon is fastened about the head to support the waved hair and keep the ringlets about the face in place. But one's hair must be naturally curly in order to make successfully the short ringlets about the coil. Also there must be no end of time to give to hairdressing. When neither of these requisites is present, pinned-in curls are to be used. They save time and stay in curl better than the natural hair. They may be bought in any length needed and are always ready. Even one who cherishes a prejudice against acquired hair will forgive its use when it is impossible to detect it and when a coiffure is as adorably pretty as that one described and pictured here.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

GOOD USES FOR KEROSENE

Excellent for Cleaning Glassware—Will Remove Rust From Kitchen Stove—For the Refrigerator.

A little kerosene added to very hot water will make windows, looking glasses and picture glasses bright and clear. Use a small, clean cloth, wring it dry and rub it over the glass, after wiping down the framework with an oiled cloth. Then proceed to the next window and treat it similarly on both sides. After that go back to the first one and wipe it dry with a large clean cloth. No real polishing is required and the window or glass will look clear and shiny.

Kerosene will clean your hands better than anything else after blacking a range or stove. Pour a little in the water, wash your hands in it, then wash them in tepid water, and finally with plenty of soap and a stiff brush in hot water. If possible finish up by rubbing the hands with lemon and rosewater and glycerin.

When your kitchen sink is rusty rub it over with kerosene.

Sneakers in shoes may sometimes be prevented by dipping the soles in kerosene.

The white spots appearing in the spring on the lining of your refrigerator will disappear if you rub the zinc with kerosene. Leave the refrigerator open several hours, then wash with water, soap and ammonia. The refrigerator will then be clean and sweet and all spots will have disappeared.

To clean painted walls wipe them first with a cloth wet in kerosene and let stand 15 minutes. Then wash the walls with good warm soapuds, but do not rub soap on the cloth, or the paint will be streaked. Rub spots of tar or pine pitch on clothing in kerosene before washing them.

MANY WAYS TO SERVE EGGS

Albumen Water, for One Thing, is Palatable and Highly Beneficial for Children.

After a bilious attack or any other kind of stomach trouble when a child cannot digest the yolk of the egg, it is possible to make the needed albumen more palatable by poaching just the white, removing the yolk before the white is dropped into the poacher.

Of course this can only be done in the transition period after the albumen water (raw white shaken up in water) is no longer strong enough. Those who have babies generally know how to make albumen water, but for the benefit of those who do not know, the proportion depends upon the age of the child.

The usual formula for older children is the white of one egg shaken up in a glass of water, put on ice or served with ice chopped with a little orange juice for flavoring. If the doctor will allow it.

A refreshing drink for a sick person is the white of egg shaken up in two-thirds of a glass of water, mixed with the juice of a whole orange and half a lemon, with a little cracked ice. The acid cuts the albumen and prevents the stringiness besides adding a delicious flavor, cooling to a fevered throat.

Beefsteak Pie. Have butcher cut 1 1/2 pounds of round steak into small squares. Put meat, with one small onion chopped fine, in frying pan with two table-spoonfuls of butter and simmer for a few minutes. Cover with boiling water and boil—not too rapidly—until tender. Add four potatoes, cut into small cubes the last 15 minutes. Make pie crust and line baking pan. Prick and place in oven until dry but not brown. Put stew into this, adding one-half teaspoonful of chopped parsley, one-quarter teaspoonful of black pepper and one-half teaspoonful of salt. Put on top crust and brown in oven. Serve from baking dish. Mushrooms may be added with potatoes if desired.

Fruit Sherbet. The juice of two oranges, two lemons, a pint of cream and a cupful of sugar sirup (or less, depending upon the fruit); Strain the juice and add the cream and sirup, then freeze.

The proportion of ice and salt for ice cream is one part salt to three of ice.

For ices and sherbets use one part salt to four parts of ice. For packing use one part of salt to four parts of ice. Use a gunnysack and a heavy mallet to crush the ice.

Lentil Croquette. Take one pint of lentil pulp, one-half pint of bread crumbs (entire wheat preferred), three beaten eggs, two table-spoonfuls of grated onions, one-quarter cupful of butter. Salt and pepper to taste. Mix ingredients together, cook in double boiler or steam until eggs are set. Chill, then form in croquettes. Dip in egg, roll in crumbs and fry in deep fat. To add one-half cupful of shredded English walnuts or pecans imparts a rich, delicate flavor.

Tongue Sandwiches. Mince cold boiled tongue and mix it with half as much finely diced celery. Moisten with mayonnaise and to a cupful add a table-spoonful of good tomato catchup. Spread between white bread and butter.

Macedoine Salad. Take an even quantity of cold, cooked vegetables—peas, turnips, beets and potatoes, cut fine. Add a little minced onion. Cover with salad dressing, mix lightly and serve cold.

MRS. WILLIAMS' LONG SICKNESS

Yields To Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Elkhart, Ind.—"I suffered for fourteen years from organic inflammation, female weakness, pain and irregularities. The pains in my sides were increased by walking or standing on my feet and I had such awful bearing down feelings, was depressed in spirits and became thin and pale with dull, heavy eyes. I had six doctors from whom I received only temporary relief. I decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial and also the Sanative Wash. I have now used the remedies for four months and cannot express my thanks for what they have done for me.



"If these lines will be of any benefit you have my permission to publish them."—Mrs. SADIE WILLIAMS, 465 James Street, Elkhart, Indiana.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record of being the most successful remedy for female ills we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., seem to prove this fact.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Yes, It Could Be Done.

Pat Whelan, the new lodger, was engaged in lacing his shoes in the kitchen. His landlady, standing near, remarked:

"Pat, would you like an egg for breakfast?"

"Faith, ma'am," replied Pat, grimly, "I heard of a man who ate two and he is alive yet."

If You Can't Get It in Town.

Someone in almost every town in the United States sells Hanford's Balsam of Myrrh. If you can't get it, write G. C. Hanford Mfg. Co., Syracuse, N. Y. Price 50c and \$1.00. Adv.

Reflections.

"Have you ever thought seriously of marriage, sir?"

"Indeed I have; ever since the ceremony."

Its Reason.

"This idea of trying a new play on the dog—"

"Is to get it licked into shape."

Nothing kindles the fire of suspicion quicker than an unnecessary explanation.

Every woman's pride, beautiful, clear white clothes. Use Red Cross Ball Blue. All grocers. Adv.

But the man who says nothing seldom has the wood-sawing habit.

Answer the Alarm!

A bad back makes a day's work twice as hard. Backache usually comes from weak kidneys, and if headaches, dizziness or urinary disorders are added, don't wait—get help before drowsy, gravel or Bright's disease set in. Doan's Kidney Pills have brought new life and new strength to thousands of working men and women. Used and recommended the world over.

An Oklahoma Case

W. A. Reed, Tahomingo, Okla., says: "My back ached dreadfully and the kidney secretions passed irregularly, especially at night. The kidney secretions were painful, too. Doan's Kidney Pills removed all these ailments and I have since felt like a different man."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-LUBBERN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

PERFECT HEALTH.

Tutt's Pills keep the system in perfect order. They regulate the bowels and produce A VIGOROUS BODY.

Tutt's Pills

Official Denial

No War Tax on Homestead Land in Canada. The report that a war tax is to be placed on homestead lands in Western Canada, having been given considerable circulation in the United States, this is to advise all acquirees that no such tax has been placed, nor is there any intention to place a war tax of any nature on such lands. (Signed) W. E. Scott, Supv. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, March 15th, 1918.

Sudan Grass Seed

Guaranteed pure; 40c lb., 10 lb. lots 15c, 20 lbs. or over 30c lb. prepaid. Jack Lewis, 508 E. 5th St., Oklahoma City, Okla.

PORTABLE SWINE HOUSES ARE ECONOMICAL



Farmer's Type of Sunlight Hog House.

(By J. G. FULLER.)
The proper housing of swine is best accomplished by using a central hog house with a number of colony pens. The large central house is well suited for winter shelter and spring farrowing. The portable houses are especially useful for housing different classes and sizes of hogs in separate fields, particularly during summer or after farrowing.

Portable hog houses have been used satisfactorily for a good many years. They are quite generally in use by breeders of pure-bred swine where they often find it more satisfactory to quarter but a few animals together. The farmer who produces swine for the market and depends on a large central hog house will also find a few portable pens very useful in separately housing odd lots of swine.

Some farmers prefer a shed roof hog house to the A-shaped cot. Six feet four inches wide and eight feet long makes a good size house. In the rear it is provided with a door two feet wide and two one-half feet long, the same size as a lower front door which is placed diagonally opposite so that by opening all the doors it makes a cool house in summer. On the other hand, by closing both lower doors and opening an upper door which is put in above the lower door in front, so that ample ventilation is provided, it makes a warm house for cold winter weather. It is very important to have a door at the top in front for it is a serious mistake to build these houses with but one opening, as is sometimes done. There is no ventilation whatever, and in warm weather the house becomes suffocating. The upper front door is arranged with a wooden ratchet on the back side, by means of which it may be held in any desired position. By having hinges on the top, the storms and hot sun cannot enter, and yet air can circulate freely without causing a draft on the animals.

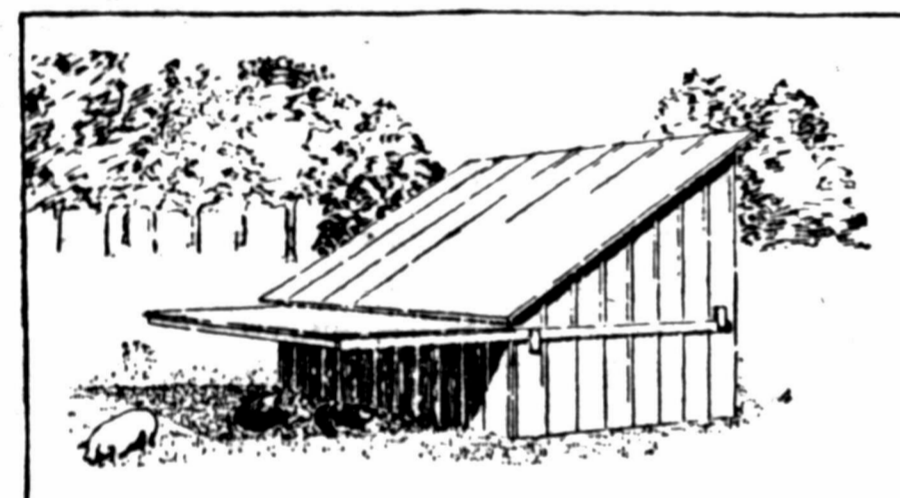
To build the shed roof house, construct the frame eight feet long by

One piece 1 in. by 12 in. by 16 ft. for sides and ends.
One piece 1 in. by 6 in. by 12 ft. for braces and cross pieces for doors.
Thirty-six pieces O. G. battens 10 ft. long for sides.
Thirteen pieces 1 in. by 12 in. by 10 ft. for roof.
For a shingled roof it will require 130 feet of rough lumber 14 feet long and six bunches of shingles laid four and one-half inches to the weather. A shingle roof is preferable.
A practical farmer's sunlight hog house may be constructed 24 feet by 50 feet with a four-foot alley. The building should face the south. A most substantial building may be built with ends and sides, six feet in height, of solid concrete, eight to twelve inches thick. Nine windows are placed in the first elevation, four of which are continued to the floor to form door openings. The top of the low roof is eight feet and the top of the high roof 14 feet from the ground. Movable partitions are provided and stored above to give separate pens for 20 sows at farrowing time. The floor is of solid concrete, and concrete feeding floors are laid outside on both sides of the building. The dimensions and height of this building are arranged to secure the maximum amount of sunlight, for early spring farrowing.

AVOID EGG EATING BY PROPER FEEDING

Hens Seldom Indulge in Habit While on Free Range—Grit Is Quite Essential.

Wrong feeding is the commonest cause of hens eating their eggs. They seldom do it in the summer when they are on free range. Then, the fowls get everything that their system craves. It is the craving for some-



Large Portable Hog House With Temporary Shade Roof Attached—A Most Excellent Arrangement for Summer.

six feet four inches wide on seven two-inch by four-inch joists six feet long, and two pieces of two-inch by four-inch nailed across the ends of the joists. This will make the foundation for the floor six feet four inches wide and eight feet long. Beneath the frame are nailed three two-inch by four-inch pieces which serve as runners for moving the building. The house is built six feet two inches high in front and three feet high in the rear. Seven 12-foot boards cut in two can be used for boarding the front of the house. The small space left at the top may be closed by a batten or frieze board. Two eye-bolts should be securely inserted in one end of the joist, for attachment when the house is to be moved. A shingled roof is necessary to insure the best results, and that, of course, is what should be desired.

A large portable hog house eight by twelve feet may be constructed on the same plan as the small shed roof house just described. It will accommodate from eight to ten mature hogs or twenty or more growing pigs. By constructing a partition in the middle the house can be used for two different lots of pigs or for two sows at farrowing time. Being provided with four doors in front and one in the rear, it is well ventilated and may be adjusted to suit many conditions. A shade may be attached to the house during the summer.

This house has proved very satisfactory where it has been found desirable to keep more animals in a lot than can be accommodated by the smaller houses. However, it is more difficult to move and does not differ greatly from a small stationary house in that respect. The bill of lumber for this house is as follows:

- Eight pieces 2 in. by 4 in. by 12 ft.
- Three pieces 2 in. by 6 in. by 12 ft.
- Two pieces 2 in. by 4 in. by 18 ft.
- Six pieces 2 in. by 4 in. by 16 ft.
- Three pieces 2 in. by 4 in. by 14 ft.
- Eight pieces 1 in. by 12 in. by 12 ft. (rough for floor).
- Eight pieces 1 in. by 12 in. by 14 ft.
- Six pieces 1 in. by 12 in. by 12 ft.

thing that is lacking in the winter ration that causes egg eating. Usually the thing that is lacking is some form of animal food to take the place of the bugs and worms the fowls pick up in the summer. Meat scraps, green cut bone or skim milk should be fed. Hens won't lay well, anyhow, unless some one of these enters into the rations.

Soft shelled eggs which are easily broken in the nest are a constant temptation to the hens. The cause of soft shelled eggs is either not enough lime from which the hens can make shells or the hens being too fat.

Ground oyster shells kept where the hens can help themselves is about the cheapest way of supplying lime. To prevent the hens from getting too fat, see that they take a proper amount of exercise. Feed the grain in litter so the fowls must scratch for it. It is probable that egg eating may be caused from the hens not having enough grit. Grit is the hen's teeth. They can't digest their food without it. So, if grit is lacking, much of what they eat passes through them undigested. The fowls will feel hungry though getting plenty to eat. Then they are apt to eat eggs—but not to lay very many or look very thrifty. Small pebbles, broken crockery or stones will do for grit.

Have the nests rather low. A hen must stand up in the nest to eat eggs. If the nest is too low to allow her to stand up she can't eat the eggs. Gather the eggs two or three times a day and don't have too many nests. Nests which the hens are not using with eggs laying in them are a temptation to the hens.

Value of Chief Crops in 1914.
The value of the principal farm crops was:

Corn, \$1,702,599,000;	wheat, \$779,069,000;	cotton, \$519,616,000;	oats, \$499,431,000;	potatoes, \$198,609,000;	barley, \$105,903,000;	sweet potatoes, \$41,294,000;	tobacco, \$101,411,000;	rye, \$27,018,000;	sugar beets, \$27,056,000;	rice, \$21,849,000;	flaxseed, \$10,540,000;	buckwheat, \$12,692,000.
------------------------	-----------------------	------------------------	----------------------	--------------------------	------------------------	-------------------------------	-------------------------	--------------------	----------------------------	---------------------	-------------------------	--------------------------

GOOD DRY FARM CROP

Broom Corn Becoming Popular in Semiarid Districts.

Being One of Sorghums, is Naturally Drought Resistant, Especially in Dwarf Varieties — Planting Often Done With Lister.

The largest proportion of the broom corn crop which enters into the interstate trade is produced in a certain small area in Illinois and in a number of counties in Oklahoma, according to the statistician of Orange Judd Farmer.

Kansas and Texas contribute to the southwestern crop, varying amounts are raised in Nebraska, and a number of other states like Tennessee, Missouri and Iowa grow some broom corn, and small acreages of it have been successfully grown in Idaho. Indications are that the Illinois acreage is growing smaller in recent years, and it is certain that the broom corn acreage is expanding in the Southwest. The Illinois district raises the standard variety from which brush for large, heavy brooms is secured, while the dwarf varieties are favored more in the Southwest.

Generally speaking, any good corn land is good broom corn land. Broom corn, however, being one of the sorghums, is naturally drought resistant, and in the dwarf varieties this characteristic is developed to a marked degree. This is why the crop is so popular in the dry districts of the southwestern states. In fact, in the unusually dry season of last year broom corn was one of the few crops that made the southwestern farmer a dollar. Although current reports stated that even the broom corn crop was severely injured, harvest results showed a fairly satisfactory output in that region. In several counties where broom corn is largely grown the farmers would have been in hard circumstances indeed, had they not raised a fairly good crop of broom corn and received particularly high prices the past season.

In this district the planting is frequently done with a lister, although on well-prepared ground the corn planter can best be used. About three quarts of seed per acre are sufficient. A sorghum plate may be used, which will drop the seeds about a foot apart in the row. Cultivation is then given as needed, the same as in raising corn or any of the sorghums.

The crop may be planted any time after May 1, depending upon heat and moisture conditions, and planting may be continued up to the middle of June. Five hundred pounds per acre are considered a good yield of brush, and this is probably above the average for the Southwest. On this basis it will take from four to five acres to produce a ton. The heads are cut or pulled from the stalk, leaving 12 to 16 inches of the stalk attached, are dried slightly, hauled in on wagons, the seed is removed, and the brush is then best piled on shelves under a roof and allowed to cure there. Dry, clear weather is essential in curing, so that the bright green color so much desired may be retained. Afterward the brush is placed in bales of from three to four hundred pounds each and is ready for shipment.

DEEP TILLAGE AN ESSENTIAL

Positively No Argument Against Deep Tillage in Dry Sections to Conserve Soil Moisture.

Deep tillage we consider absolutely essential to the gathering and saving of the greatest possible amount of soil moisture. We do not believe that the dry farmer can ever grow profitable crops over a series of years on a seed-bed but four or five inches deep, says a writer in Dakota Farmer. A ten-inch seed-bed should be made the minimum under a fifteen-inch rainfall; and on normal Dakota loam soils. And the sooner his depth is reached the better it will be. If it is possible to get the depth at the first breaking so much the better. No matter what may be said for or against deep tillage in the humid sections there can positively be no argument against it in the drier areas. It must be made the foundation of soil tillage there.

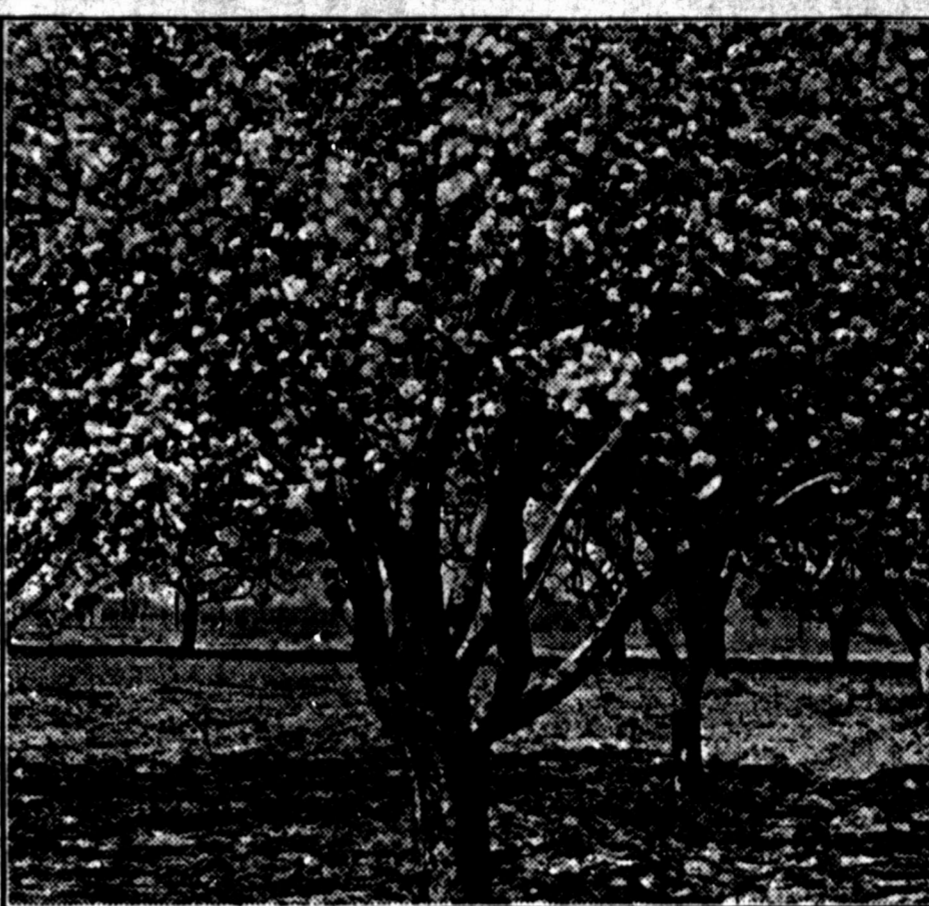
CARE IN SELECTING A BOAR

Breeder Aims to Have Hogs Sent to Market of Same Size and Color—Bring Best Prices.

In selecting a boar one should take pains to always get a pure-bred boar of whatever breed he is breeding. Many farmers like to use a boar of different breed and make a cross. This may be all right for a first cross, but the sows from such a cross should never be kept for breeders. The same old sows should be kept as long as they prove good mothers. This also makes it unnecessary to change boars each year, where, if one was selecting young sows he would have to get a new boar each year. Even with the man who buys hogs to ship to market, he prefers a load that are all alike, or of the same breed. Such a carload will sell better in the market and generally brings more money.

Watering a Horse.
When possible to avoid it, never give a full draft of water within an hour after feeding the horses. This effect is to carry much undigested food into the bowels, producing serious disorganization thereof.

CARE NEEDED IN OPERATION OF PRUNING



Correct Pruning Results in Fine Trees Like This Baldwin Apple in Bloom.

(By W. M. KELLY.)
Pruning apple trees may be done any time from late fall until spring. Care should be exercised in pruning to give the trees an open head.

This does not imply that all small side limbs should be removed, leaving a lot of whippocks, but that such of the largest limbs that are parallel and close together, or those that cross, should be cut out. Half of the difficulty of pruning is avoided if one decides to allow the tree to take its natural turn rather than to shape it to some particular model.

Too many fruit growers think that pruning a tree shortens its life. There is little reason for such a belief other than the general statement that it is

unnatural to prune a tree. However, nature prunes more heavily than men at all seasons and in the rudest manner.

By this it should not be understood that care is not necessary in the mechanical operation of pruning. It is important that large limbs be removed with great care and the wounds painted to prevent the entrance of fungi which will induce decay.

Avoid all croches that will have a tendency to split down or break when the trees become loaded with heavy fruits, or sleet and ice. If bad croches cannot be avoided they should be strengthened with iron bolts to prevent them from breaking and ruining the tree.

INJURIOUS WORK OF A SHOT-HOLE BORER



At Left, Openings in the Bark Through Which Insects Escape—At Right, Burrows as They Appear When the Bark is Removed.

(By W. O'KANE.)
The first evidence that usually comes to the orchardist indicating the presence of the shot-hole borer in his trees is the dying back of limbs; or the weakening or death of whole trees. As the tree is examined, it is found that the bark is peppered with tiny, round holes, each one not more than the twentieth of an inch in diameter. It is from this characteristic sign that the pest gets its name.

Sometimes the numerous tiny holes are seen in the bark of apparently healthy trees, and in such cases there may be little drops of gum at each hole. This is especially true where peach, plum or cherry are attacked, because of the propensity of these trees to bleed when injured. But if, as is often the case, the tree is weakened or dying when examined, there will be no gum and each hole will be clean cut.

Each of the little round holes represents the point at which an adult beetle cut its way out from the sapwood, where it has been going through part of its life cycle as a small grub. By removing a piece of the peppered bark the characteristic burrows of the grubs will be revealed. It will be found then that there is a short main

channel usually an inch or so long, and running more or less in the same direction as the grain of the wood. From each side of this a number of small channels lead off at right angles, gradually enlarging and diverging, and finally wandering about, to end suddenly in a round cell.

The beetles begin cutting their way out fairly early in the spring and soon afterward the females are at work making the brood chambers and laying eggs. In the South there may be four generations in the course of the summer; in the North, probably only three. The last generation remains within the burrows until the following spring.

This makes clear the principal means for fighting these pests—to watch sharply for evidences of their work, and at once cut out and burn the limbs or branches attacked. If an entire tree is infested and dying, it should at once come out and be burned. Too much emphasis cannot be placed on the burning of such trees and limbs. If a limb or branch is cut down and is left lying on the ground, the damage may readily be increased. Burn every part of a tree infested with the shot-hole borer and keep the orchard clear of rubbish.

MUCH ADVANTAGE IN FEEDING OF ROOTS

They Push Ewes Easily and Naturally to Strong and Healthy Flow of Milk.

The use of roots is productive of great good to the ewe flock. They are succulent and start a natural milk flow, whereas grain naturally goes more to producing flesh and fat.

There is no danger of the ewes consuming too many roots. They push her easily and naturally to a strong flow of milk that has very healthy properties.

Ewes highly fed on grain often give milk that is injurious to their lambs. Of this there is no danger when roots are substituted in large part for the grain.

The shepherd who can readily grow roots has a distinct advantage over the one who relies upon dry hay and grain for wintering his ewe flock. Most of the best developed sheep, the ones seen at our fall shows, come from root-growing regions.

TRUE FOUNDATION OF THE DAIRY COW

Breed Is Simply Care, Food and Environment—Coax Young Calf to Drink.

The feeding of the mother who must nourish and build up the frame and give constitutional vigor to the young calf, is the true foundation of a dairy cow, yet the average dairyman feeds his pregnant cows the refuse of the farm.

Nature's rigid statutes have proved that breed is simply care, food and environment, followed through successive generations, aided by careful selection, until an improved type is produced.

Coaxing a calf to drink is easier than pushing its head into a pail and holding it there. When we wet the fingers and coax its head into the pail, it will soon drink of its own accord.

More milk to the acre and not more milk to the cow should be the aim of the successful dairy farmer. A cross-bred cow is a mistake.

IMMENSE QUANTITY OF WHEAT TIED UP

There Will Still, However, Be a Heavy Deficit of the World's Normal Crop.

A grain expert who has been watching the grain markets and the world's grain fields for a number of years, says:—

"There is at the present time about two billion bushels of wheat, the production of the countries at war, tied up. This is about one-half the world's total production of wheat, which is four billion bushels. One writer argues that, granting that the warring nations produce a one-half crop in the coming year, a deficit of one billion bushels will still be shown. The three countries upon which the filling of this deficit of one billion bushels will rest are the United States, Canada, and Argentina. The combined output of these three countries is only 1,249,000,000, their exportable surplus would of course be much less, so it can easily be seen that the question is not one to be easily solved and it behooves all the above countries to increase their respective productions as much as they possibly can, for when the war is over and trade begins to re-establish itself and the nations undergo a process of rehabilitation, the demand for all breadstuffs will be enormous.

"During the three years following the declaration of peace the farmers of all neutral wheat-producing countries will have ample opportunity to market their wheat at good prices, and it may safely be assumed that the demand will be heavy. Canada has an unusual opportunity in that she has the natural environment for wheat production; she is under the protection of the British flag, and she will not be molested upon the water to any great extent; she can increase her acreage and greatly enhance her production. In other words, she can become a far greater wheat-producing country than she is at the present time."

If the summing-up as made by this expert be correct, is there not the very best reason for the continued effort that is being made by the Government of the Dominion of Canada to secure settlers on the productive vacant lands of the country? Not only are these lands capable of producing high class wheat in large quantities, but cattle, pigs, sheep and horses also do well. The climate is admirably suited.—Advertisement.

A Great Scheme.
"How are you going to spend your summer vacation?"
"I'm going to put it in traveling from one summer resort to another until I find a girl worth a million or two who wants to be loved and married for herself alone."

ONLY A FEW PIMPLES
But Many More May Come If You Neglect Them. Try Cuticura Free.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are most effective in clearing the skin of pimples, blackheads, redness, roughness, itching and irritation as well as freeing the scalp of dandruff, dryness and itching, besides satisfying every want of the toilet and nursery.

Sample each free by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. Y, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

What a great and glorious thing it would be if some enterprising man would get busy and corner the trouble market.

For hot grease burns apply Hanford's Balsam lightly until the fire is extracted. Adv.

After a lively race for a husband many an heiress marries a run-down nobleman.

Give Yourself a fair chance

The thrill of health and vigor can only be experienced when the digestion is normal, the liver active and the bowels regular. Any disturbance of these functions should suggest an immediate trial of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It is a tonic, appetizer and strength maker of well known ability, and will help Nature restore health and vigor to the entire digestive system.

BLACK LEG

LOSSES SUICIDALLY PREVENTED by Cuticura's Healing Pills. Lacerated, fresh, reliable, prepared by Western scientists. Success has proved where other remedies fail. Write for booklet and 15-day trial. Healing Pills 60c. 15-day trial. Healing Pills 60c. The star indicator, but Cuticura's best. The specialty of Cuticura is due to over 20 years of specializing in medicine and surgery. Send for Cuticura. It's unobtainable in your district. The Cuticura Laboratories, Portland, Ore., or Chicago, Ill.

THE PORTALES VALLEY NEWS

J. E. HENDERSON, Editor and Proprietor

Entered as second-class mail matter November 14, 1912, at the post office at Portales, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Published weekly at Portales, New Mexico, and devoted to the interests of the greatest country on earth, the Portales Valley and Roosevelt County.

ADVERTISING RATES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, ONE DOLLAR FOR ONE YEAR

The Nomination of Mr. Richardson for Governor of New Mexico Would Prove a Costly Error to Democracy of the Sunshine State

Notwithstanding the fact that the recent Republican legislature was the most corrupt, the most intensely partisan and the most arrogant body of political malefactors that ever encumbered the legislative halls of any state, it is not yet at all certain that they have so far besmirched the g. o. p. escutcheon as to render a Democratic victory so certain that care in the selection of candidates would be unnecessary. Should the Republicans nominate Mr. Ely for Governor the Democrats would be hard put to find a man who would be strong enough to separate him from his political curly locks and hang them from the ridge pole of the gubernatorial wickiup. He who enters the coming campaign will have his work cut out for him. He must be a man of more than ordinary ability as well as being one whose personality will be in harmony with his statesmanship. A swell front and a generous pomposity are not necessarily a sure guarantee of profundity, neither does it follow that a fairly good stump speaker possesses all the qualifications for a high degree of statecraft. It is well understood that the Republicans will be, practically, a unit in the next campaign, that the, so called, progressives are disillusioned as to their prospects of ever becoming a power in the dispensation of political patronage and that they are ready to return to the parental roof and the gathering of such crums as may fall from the festal board of the stand patters. That they would go to the extreme of tendering their suffrage to Secundino Romero should this sacrifice be demanded of them and the political exigencies of the party put his name at the head of their ticket. With all these conditions to combat, it would be suicidal to come to the east side for a Moses to lead us out of our troubles, even if the east side possessed such an individual, which is not admitted. It is true that Mr. Richardson is being spoken of in certain quarters as the "white hope," yet it is in no manner certain that he could carry the solid east side and it is confidently asserted that, in the event of his nomination, Curry county would return a majority adverse to Democracy. It would be the height of folly to go into the coming struggle under the banner of Mr. Richardson, who has neither personal magnetism nor profound knowledge and who, as a leader, could hope for no victory in the contest. The Democratic party has a herculean task before it which, however, lacks much of being a hopeless one, but the gubernatorial nomination must not be permitted to be gathered by any city or town on the eastern slope. Given a strong, clean ticket with proper attention to geographical locations, with the extravagance and profligacy of the last legislature a slogan, the Republicans will be kept busy explaining why they did this, or why they failed to do that, but to head our ticket with Mr. Richardson would be equivalent to turning the state over to the enemy without a struggle.

Something About Political Patronage

There is a strange peculiarity about political patronage in the state of New Mexico. It is noticeable that the publications which have performed the least service for the administration are the most clamorous for a monopoly of the land office notices and other pickings which they have neither any valid claim to or reasonable ground for asking for. There are papers that might be read from one year's end to another without any one ever suspecting that a Democratic bug had ever buzzed in its sanctum. They remain strangely silent when the administration is assailed by its enemies, yet they cry out in strident tones for all the easy money the party controls. They see nothing in their party except an opportunity to filch from its pie counter. They are greedy and grasping in their demands and miserly and penurious in making returns. The papers that fight the party battles usually accumulate a choice selection of warm, personal enemies while their timid competitors annex the emoluments. Will politicians never learn to distinguish between the loyalty of the one and the parsimony of the other? It is high time that papers that perform no service for the party be divorced from its cash box. It is unjust to the party and unfair to the publications that fight the party battles to continue in rewarding these fence riders for their cowardice and duplicity. Make them ginger up, get in the game and put up a fight against the common enemy, at least, so long as they have their lips glued to the public teat. Readers of the News do not have to hunt through its columns for final proof notices to decide as to its political affiliations, and evidences of party appreciation are strangely lacking in its pages. Is this good politics?

MEATS

We always carry a complete line of Fresh Meats and Pure Lard
PHONE 11

COX'S MARKET
At Strickland & Bland's

H. C. McCALLUM....

**Dray and Transfer
Baggage & Express**

Telephone 104

Prompt and careful attention is given to all work intrusted to my care. Will appreciate your patronage and serve you to the best of my ability.

Portales, New Mexico

Needles!

Complete line of Boye machine needles, bands, shuttles, bobbins and hand needles. Machine threader given with bottle of machine oil sold.

**Dr. J. S. Pearce's
Pharmacy**

**JACK THOMPSON
Auctioneer**

For dates, call at the News office
Portales, New Mexico

Dr. Swearingin's Dates
Dr. Swearingin, of the firm of Doctors Presley & Swearingin, specialists, Roswell, New Mexico, will be in Portales, at Neer's drug store, on the 20th, 21st and 22d of each month, to treat diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, and to fit glasses. 1-1f

**Spring Fever is a Very
...Common Complaint...**

Men, women and children are subject to it, and Watches and Clocks are not immune from it. The symptoms are, rapid or lethargic action, loss or stoppage of motion and a general uselessness and no account condition. When so afflicted, take it to Whitcomb, he will give it good going over and cleaning out, it needs it, then it will be just as good as new. Ishcabibbel.

...The Kandy Kitchen...

EGBERT WOOD

(Successor to Portales Drug Company)

Drugs, Proprietary Medicines, Sundries
Toilet Articles, Perfumes and Jewelry
.....Headquarters for Sporting Goods.....

Bring Us Your Prescription Work

..Same Store in the Same Location..

DR. W. E. PATTERSON
Physician and Surgeon

Office at Neer's Drug Store. Office phone 67 two rings, Residence 65

DR. N. F. WOLLARD
Physician and Surgeon

Office in Sam J. Nixon building. Residence Phone 169. Portales, New Mexico

PRESLEY & SWEARINGIN
Specialists

Roswell, N. M. Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Portales dates, 20th to 22d of each month at Neer's Drug Store

DR. L. R. HOUGH

Dentist

Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Office in Reese building over Dobbs' Confectionery. Portales, New Mexico

GEORGE L. REESE

Attorney at Law

Practice in all courts. Office up-stairs Reese Building

W. E. LINDSEY

Attorney at Law

United States Commissioner. Final Proof and Homestead Applications. Office second door south of postoffice

COMPTON & COMPTON

Attorney at Law

Practice in all courts. Office over Humphrey & Sledge Hardware. Portales, New Mexico.

CHAS. GOODLOE

First Class Auto and Buggy Painting. : :
= SIGNS =

Also house painting and paper hanging. Carry a small stock of paint and varnish specialties not to be found elsewhere in town.

..Old Mirrors Re-Silvered..

Groceries

Clean, Fresh Groceries brought to your door on short notice, together with your fresh meats. Phone 11.

Strickland & Bland

..FARMERS..

NOW is a good time to form a Banking Connection, while you are marketing your crops, and by opening a deposit account now, you will be in line to ask for an accommodation during the lean months next spring and summer. It is our earnest endeavor to help build up the Farmers and Stock Farmers of this county.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Portales, New Mexico

Member Federal Reserve System

W.H. Braley & Son

...INSURANCE...

"We Know How" Portales, New Mexico

Kohl's Garage

...Telephone Number 45...

Notice to Automobile Owners

Commencing on April 1st, of this year, automobile work will be 75c per hour for mechanic and 50c per hour for helpers. These prices are current throughout the country and living expenses are no less here than elsewhere. We appreciate your patronage and will render the best of service.

KOHL'S GARAGE

LOUIE KOHL, Proprietor

Listen

The "Rent Habit" is a bad habit to break, but don't let it break you.

BUILD YOU A HOME

PORTALES LUMBER COMPANY

ED J. NEER UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER

LICENSED BY STATE OF NEW MEXICO

Coffins, Caskets and Undertakers' Supplies. Calls answered day and night. Our motto, "Courtesy and Efficiency." Office phone 67 2-rings, residence 67 3-rings.

You Are Next Mrs. F. J. Hardin

(NEE KINMAN)

to the smoothest, easiest and most satisfying shave and the most up-to-date hair cut you ever got when you get in one of the chairs at

NURSE and MIDWIFE

The Sanitary Barber Shop Box 344 Portales, New Mexico

**MOGUL FARM WAGONS,
STEEL FARM TRUCKS,
AVERY LISTERS, all sizes.**

Hardy Hardware Co.
Telephone Number 91

Elwood Fencing, Banner Poultry Netting, Baker Perfect Barb Wire, black and Galvanized

**Carter-Robinson Abstract
COMPANY, INCORPORATED**

Complete abstract indexes to all property in in Roosevelt and Curry Counties. Accuracy and efficiency guaranteed. If prompt and correct work is wanted we can serve you satisfactorily.

LEE CARTER, MANAGER
TELEPHONE NO. 64.

Office Upstairs Reese Building PORTALES, NEW MEXICO

Busby's Minstrels Please

The best tented show seen in Grand Junction in a long time, was produced last evening when the minstrels owned and produced by J. M. Busby appeared before a crowd that packed the seats. The show is full of tuneful and humorous acts and keeps the audience in a roar of laughter from start to finish. The singing had all the fascinating qualities which only the negro can impart, wondrous applause. The band yesterday entertained the crowd at the parade and won many compliments for their excellent grade of music. The wardrobe of the company is exceptionally fine and the costumes are new and of unusual quality. The acts are clean and the humor refined and appealing to the highest grade of the audience.—Grand Junction News.

Portales, Saturday, April 24th.

Eighth Grade Examinations

The dates for the next Eighth grade examination will be Friday and Saturday, May 7th and 8th. Teachers desiring questions prepared by the state department of education should notify the county superintendent and the county superintendent will send for the number of sets needed. All requests for questions are required to reach the state department at least ten days before the dates fixed for the examinations.

Yours truly,
MRS. S. F. CULBERSON,
County Superintendent.

Revival at Christian Church

Come worship with us and we will do thee good. Ralph D. Field, the regular pastor, is doing the preaching. Special music. Here are subjects of interest that will be treated: "There Is a Judgement," "The Unpardonable Sin," "The Strangest Thing in the Modern Church," "The Crime of Littleness," "God Says What He Means and Means What He Says," "When is a Man Right?" "Help for Unbelief," "The Honor of a Horse Trader." Come and let us read God's word together.

Floyd Items

Well, it rained and then it came a big rain, and mother earth put on her robe of green and everything looks fine.

There was a large turn out at church Sunday in spite of the rainy weather, and Rev. James Cyphers delivered one of his big sermons. He will preach regular each third Sunday.

The Singing at L. D. Looper's was fine Sunday evening and everybody seemed to enjoy themselves, especially Mr. Walter Griffith.

W. R. Armitage is putting down a well for W. L. George.

J. P. Nash and family went to the singing Sunday.

Divine Cook says he wishes he could sing.

School Notes

Professor Long, Miss Edith Reagan and Mr. Carl Owens returned Sunday from Roswell, where they had attended the Pecos Valley oratorical contest. Portales won second place in both the boys and girls contests, being but about one point less than the winners, Clovis High school receiving first in the boys', and Roswell in the girls' contest.

The arrangement of the program whereby school is assembled at 8:30 and dismissed at 3:15, is proving quite satisfactory in most respects, affording a larger part of the work to be done in the morning than in the afternoon.

Rev. Bell visited the chapel Monday morning and Rev. Fifield Tuesday morning, each giving excellent addresses. They reiterated very forcibly the truth, "You can if you will."

A short program was rendered by the Periclean society last Friday afternoon.

Examinations this week. Only four weeks of school after this.

THE ROLL OF HONOR

FIRST GRADE
Durward Jones Bernice Lawrence
Cecil Cave Perle Ferguson
Willie Terrell Lois Cave
Lela Mai Freeman Lewis Terrell
Amos Heneise John Fairly Jr
Ruby Adams Minnie Munsinger
Lora Nelson Hazel Beard
Clovis Garrett Edwin Johnston

SECOND GRADE
Marjorie Pearce John Wily
Weimar Norris Dudley Pitts
Lorraine Reynolds Nettie Lee Allison
Maxine Dameron Inman Freeman
Graydon Hough Elvie Terry

THIRD GRADE
Bettie Stevenson Kathryn Kenady
Clay Nelson Bernice Blanchett
Jack Hopper Milton Hardy
Kenneth Rogers Milton Anderson

FOURTH GRADE
Jewel Dunlap Charles Hart
Howard Kenady Dorothy Ham
Madge Shepard Kenneth Bell
Reginald Smith Ruffin Sledge
Carr Hopper Roma Stone
Lavon Brown Hershel Boucher
Imogene Beard Carry Lynn Dawn
Ruth Watson

Judge G. L. Reese received a telegram Wednesday of this week from the clerk of the supreme court which conveyed the intelligence that the case of Klutts et al vs. Jones had been reversed and the cause remanded. Judge Reese carried the case up and on an appeal and this telegram informs him that he has won.

R. C. Beard and wife of Mineola, Kansas, brother of Frank Beard, of this place, arrived here Tuesday of this week and is well pleased with the country. Some time ago he bought, through his brother, the hundred acre irrigated farm owned by Romulus Jones and this is the first time he has seen it.

Dr. D. D. Swearingin, eye, ear, nose and throat specialist, filled his regular appointment here this week. Dr. Swearingin is an able specialist as well as a mighty genial companion and he is always sure of a welcome in Portales.

Baptist Notes

The coming of the Methodist friends, as well as some from the Christian church, added much spice to our service last Sunday morning. Come again, you are welcome. The evening congregation was very good. We take our hat off to some of our members for attending church twice on Sunday. Such nobility on your part puts both spice and ginger in the sermon. Some of the ladies in the Sunday school work are rejoicing over a pretty little desk for literature presented by Brother Watson. I wonder who will be next to add something nice to the Sunday school furniture. Subject for Sunday morning, "Goliath of Gath and Young David." A sermon for the children. We want all the children to stay for church. There will be no service in the evening owing to the meeting in progress at the Christian church. Come thou with us.

W. E. DAWN, Pastor.

Methodist Church

Our regular service next Sunday morning. Sunday school at 10 a. m. and preaching at 11 a. m. Subject, "The Healing of the Centurion's Servant." We call in our night service for the revival at the Christian church. The meeting which we were to assist in at Dexter last week started off splendidly, but on account of the heavy rains we had to close out, returning home Saturday. But as we had announced that there would be no service at our church Sunday, we let our people visit the sister church in the morning but preached to a splendid and attentive audience at night. A welcome is extended to all to worship with us.

A. C. BELL, Pastor.

Presbyterian Church

We will have Sunday school and preaching in the morning next Sunday as usual, but no service at night on account of the meeting in progress at the Central Christian church. We will be glad to see every member of the Sunday school and congregation present. Let each one make a special effort to come. We also extend a cordial invitation to the public to come worship with us.

HUGH M. SMITH, Pastor.

Fly Campaign Now On

Everyone should have his fly trap in operation now as the large flies are coming. If these are caught it will materially lessen the oncoming troop. See to the backyard and place the traps where the greatest number of flies accumulate. Let us see that Portales is a flyless town this year. The beginning made last summer was momentous and Portales did not even boast of a full fledged case of typhoid fever. Therefore, besides the annoyance of flies, this protection is a saving of life, misery and money. Let everyone lend a hand. It is a disgrace to see flies around. Bed bugs would be no more disgraceful than flies, and as we found out so well last summer how to combat them, we can keep them away this year with much less effort.

Notice of Dissolution

The firm of Braley & Ball is hereby dissolved. Mr. Ball will continue the real estate business and Mr. Braley will continue to write your insurance for you. All accounts due the firm will be collected by Mr. Braley. We shall each, for the present, maintain our offices at the same place as heretofore and will be glad to receive you at our place of business in the future as in the past.

W. H. BRALEY,
W. H. BALL.

Nice dressed poultry every Saturday at Cox's Market. 1t

WANTS

CURD will buy your second hand goods. Phone 188. 19-tf

FOR SALE—A span of good work mules. See Tom Taylor. 14-tf

OLD OR DEFECTIVE mirrors re-silvered. See Chas Goodloe. 1t

FOR SALE—A Kingston piano, in good shape. See J. M. Cochran.

WATKINS REMEDIES may be had at Curd's Second Hand store. 19-tf

Cover your floors with Lakeoleum, costs less, wears longer. For sale by C. M. Dobb.

BARGAINS in furniture, both new and second hand. See Cur's Second Hand store.

ED. J. NEER is agent for the Clovis Green house, the Amarillo Green house and the Alameda Green house, of Roswell. Parties desiring cut flowers may give their order to him. 19-tf

FOR SALE—Pure white Wyandotte eggs, per dozen 50c, reduced rate for incubator hatches. Mrs. J. J. Pinson.

WANTED—Tract of land near Portales. Give complete description and best price first letter. A. R. Hicks, Duke, Oklahoma. 26-4t

WILL PAY CASH—I will buy and pay the cash for chickens, turkeys, eggs, beef hides and all country produce. Bring your stuff to me. Curd's Second Hand store. 2-tf

NEER'S TOILET CREAM will cure chapped hands and chapped lips. It is my own prescription and I can assure you that there is none better. Price, 25c at Neer's drug and furniture store.

WANTED—All kinds of poultry. Pay the highest cash price. J. A. Saylor, at Saylor's Cafe. 12-tf

ALFALFA HAY for sale. Slightly damaged alfalfa hay \$10.00 per ton; slightly bleached but good quality \$12.50 per ton; No. 1 pea green at \$15.00 per ton; prices f. o. b. warehouse. We also have a limited quantity of first-class hay in Bethel at \$12.50 per ton. Portales Utilities company. 23-tf

FOR SALE—One 34 barrel overhead tank, one 20 foot tower for same; one 3 inch deep well cylinder and 65 feet of sucker rod and casing for same. Will sell all or any part at less than half price. Can be seen at Crow's tin shop. Carl A. Johnson. 24-tf

Notice of Pendency of Suit

The State of New Mexico to L. W. Hardy and Jennie Hardy, Greeting: You will take notice that a suit has been filed against you in the district court of the Fifth judicial district of the state of New Mexico, in and for Roosevelt county, wherein William P. Quantmeyer is plaintiff and L. W. Hardy, Jennie Hardy and the First National Bank of Portales, New Mexico, are defendants, said cause being numbered 1088 upon the civil docket of said court. The general objects of said action are as follows: The plaintiff seeks to foreclose a mortgage deed executed and delivered to the plaintiff by the defendants, L. W. Hardy and Jennie Hardy, on the 26th day of October, 1910, for the sum of twelve hundred twenty-five dollars with interest thereon at twelve per cent per annum from the 25th day of October, 1911; ten per cent additional upon said amount for attorney's fees, with costs of suit, said mortgage having conveyed and being upon the following described real estate, to-wit: The southwest quarter of section nineteen, containing one hundred fifty-three and fifty-six hundredths acres, the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter, the north half of the northwest quarter of section thirty, all in township two south of range thirty-three east of the New Mexico meridian, New Mexico; and the northeast quarter of section twenty-five in township two south of range thirty-two east of the New Mexico meridian, New Mexico. To have said property sold under such foreclosure and the proceeds of such sale applied to the satisfaction of plaintiff's said demands.

You are further notified that unless you enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 14th day of June, 1915, judgment by default will be rendered against you and the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

George L. Reese is attorney for the plaintiff and his postoffice address is Portales, New Mexico. Witness my hand and seal of said court this 21st day of April, 1915.

(SEAL) C. F. MITCHELL, Clerk.
By J. W. BALLOW, Deputy.

Some Clubbing Offers

The El Paso Herald and the Woman's Home Companion, both publications for one whole year \$7.00. The El Paso Herald and the Metropolitan Magazine, both publications for one year \$7.00. The El Paso Herald and the Sun-set Magazine, both publications for one year \$7.00. The El Paso Herald and the American Magazine, both publications for one year \$7.00. The El Paso Herald and the Santa Fe New Mexican, both publications for one year \$8.00.

The above combinations at the remarkable low prices are good temporarily only. Therefore, if you intend to take advantage of any of the offers, kindly send your check or money order to the El Paso Herald, and indicate which one of the offers you desire. 14-tf

Dr. L. R. Hough will be in Elida on Friday before the first Saturday in each month, and at Melrose three days preceding the last day of each month to do all kinds of first class dental work.

The Portales Bank and Trust Company

There is just enough "fellowship" in our bank to make you feel that you are amongst home-folks when paying us a visit. We always like to meet you for a little talk-fest.

Portales Bank & Trust Co.
Portales, New Mexico, U. S. A.

..Special Coming..

RUNAWAY JUNE
in song. To appreciate same see the best yet, installment No. 14 of Runaway June, Monday night at the

The Cosy Theatre

COMING SOON

BEST OF ALL COLORED MINSTRELS

UNDER CANVAS



**PORTALES
Saturday
APRIL
24TH**

...NOW DON'T MISS THIS REAL FUNNY SHOW...
PARADE AT NOON—PERFORMANCE AT 8 P. M.

DARK HOLLOW

By ANNA KATHARINE GREEN

(Copyright, 1914, by Dodd, Mead & Company)

SYNOPSIS.

A curious crowd of neighbors invade the mysterious home of Judge Ostrander, following a veiled woman who has gained entrance through the gates of the high double barriers surrounding the place. The woman has disappeared but the judge is found in a catatonic state. Bela, his servant, appears in a dying condition and prevents entrance to a secret door. Bela dies. The judge awakes. Miss Weeks explains to him what has occurred during his absence. He secretly discovers the whereabouts of the veiled woman. She proves to be the widow of a man tried before the judge and executed for murder years before. Her daughter is engaged to the judge's son, from whom he is estranged, but the murder is between the lovers. She plans to clear her husband's memory and asks the judge's aid. Alone in her room Deborah Scoville reads the newspaper clippings telling the story of the murder of Algron Etheridge by John Scoville in Dark Hollow, twelve years before.

CHAPTER VI—Continued.

"Ah, Judge Ostrander," she exclaimed in a hasty but not ungraceful greeting, "you are very punctual. I was not looking for you yet." Then, as she noted the gloom under which he was laboring, she continued with real feeling, "Indeed, I appreciate this sacrifice you have made to my wishes. It was asking a great deal of you to come here; but I saw no other way of making my point clear. Come over here, Peggy, and build me a little house out of these stones. You don't mind the child, do you, judge? She may offer a diversion if our retreat is invaded."

The gesture of disavowal which he made was courteous but insincere. He did mind the child, but he could not explain why; besides, he must overcome such folly. "Now," she continued as she rejoined him on the place where he had taken his stand, "I will ask you to go back with me to the hour when John Scoville left the tavern on that fatal day. I am not now on oath, but I might as well be for any slip I shall make in the exact truth. I was making pies in the kitchen, when some one came running in to say that Reuther had strayed away from the front yard. And here I found her, sir, right in the heart of these ruins. She was playing with stones just as Peggy dear is doing now. Greatly relieved, I was taking her away when I thought I heard John calling. Stepping up to the edge close behind where you are standing, sir—yes, there, where you get such a broad outlook up and down the ravine—I glanced in the direction from which I had heard his call—just wait a moment, sir; I want to know the exact time."

Stopping, she pulled out her watch and looked at it, while he, faltering up to the verge which she had pointed out, followed her movements with strange intensity as she went on to say in explanation of her act: "The time is important, on account of a certain demonstration I am anxious to make. Now if you will lean a little forward and look where I am pointing, you will notice at the turn of the stream a spot of ground more open than the rest. Please keep your eyes on that spot, for it was there I saw at this very hour twelve years ago the shadow of an approaching figure; and it is there you will presently see one similar, if the boy I have tried to interest in this experiment does not fall me. Now, now, sir! We should see his shadow before we see him. Oh, I hope the underbrush and trees have not grown up too thick! I tried to thin them out today. Are you watching, sir?"

He seemed to be, but she dared not turn to look. Both figures leaned, intent, and in another moment she had gripped his arm and clung there. "Did you see?" she whispered. "Don't mind the boy; it's the shadow I wanted you to notice. Did you observe anything marked about it?" She had drawn him back into the ruins. They were standing in that one secluded corner under the ruinous gable, and she was gazing up at him very earnestly. "Tell me, judge," she entreated as he made no effort to answer.

With a hurried moistening of his lips, he met her look and responded, with a slight emphasis: "The boy held a stick. I should say that he was whittling it." "Ah!" Her tone was triumphant. "That was what I told him to do. Did you see anything else?" "No. I do not understand this experiment or what you hope from it." "I will tell you. The shadow which I saw at a moment very like this, twelve years ago, showed a man whittling a stick and wearing a cap with a decided peak in front. My husband wore such a cap—the only one I know of in town. What more did I need as proof that it was his shadow I saw?"

"And wasn't it?" "Judge Ostrander, I never thought differently till after the trial—till after the earth closed over my poor husband's remains. That was why I could say nothing in his defense—why I did not believe him when he declared that he had left his stick behind him when he ran up the bluff toward Reuther. But later, when it was known, when the disgrace of his man of mystery flung aside the reticences of years to harbor an inno-

cence which he refused to let weigh against the claims of a son he had seen fit to banish from his heart and home!

"You may take time to think of it," he continued, as he watched the confused emotions change from moment to moment the character of her mobile features. "I shall not have my affairs adjusted for such a change before a week. If you accept I shall be very grateful. If you decline I shall close up my two rear gates, and go into solitary seclusion. I can cook a meal if I have to."

And she saw that he would do it; saw and wondered still more. "I shall have to write to Reuther," she murmured. "How soon do you want my decision?" "In four days."

"I am too disturbed to thank you, judge. Should—should we have to keep the gates locked?" "No. But you would have to keep out unwelcome intruders. And the rights of my library will have to be respected. In all other regards I should wish, under these new circumstances, to live as other people live. I have been very lonely these past twelve years."

"I will think about it." "And you may make note of these two conditions: Oliver's name is not to be mentioned in my hearing, and you and Reuther are to be known by your real names."

"Yes, madam. No secrecy is to be maintained in future as to your identity or my reasons for desiring you in my house. I need a housekeeper and you please me. That you have a past to forget and Reuther a disappointment to overcome gives additional point to the arrangement."

Her answer was: "I cannot take back what I have said about my determined purpose." In repeating this she looked up at him askance.

He smiled. She remembered that smile long after the interview was over and only its memory remained.

Dearest Mother: Where could we go that disgrace would not follow us? Let us then accept the Judge's offer. I am the more inclined to do this because of the possible hope that some day he may come to care for me and allow me to make life a little brighter for him. The fact that for some mysterious reason he feels himself cut off from all intercourse with his son, may prove a bond of sympathy between us. I, too, am cut off from all companionship with Oliver. Between us also a wall is raised. Do not mind that tear-drop, mamma. It is the last.

Kisses for my comforter. Come soon—REUTHER. Over this letter Deborah Scoville sat for two hours, then she rang for Mrs. Yardley.

The maid who answered her summons surveyed her in amazement. It was the first time that she had seen her uncovered face.

Mrs. Yardley was not long in coming up. "Mrs. Averill—" she began, in a kind of flutter, as she met her strange guest's quiet eye.

But she got no further. That guest had a correction to make. "My name is not Averill," she protested. "You must excuse the temporary deception. It is Scoville. I once occupied your present position in this house."

Mrs. Yardley had heard all about the Scovilles; and, while a flush rose to her cheeks, her eyes snapped with sudden interest.

"Ah!" came in quick exclamation, followed, however, by an apologetic cough and the somewhat forced and conventional remark: "You find the place changed, no doubt?"

"Very much so, and for the better," Mrs. Yardley. Then, with a straightforward meeting of the other's eyes, she quietly added, "I am going to live

with Judge Ostrander, Mrs. Yardley—keep house for him, myself and daughter. His man is dead and he feels very helpless. I hope that I shall be able to make him comfortable."

Mrs. Yardley's face was a study. In all her life she had never heard news that surprised her more. In another moment she had accepted the situation, like the very sensible woman she was, and Mrs. Scoville had the satisfaction of seeing the promise of real friendly support in the smile with which Mrs. Yardley remarked:

"It's a good thing for you and a very good thing for the judge. It may shake him out of his habit of seclusion. If it does, you will be the city's benefactor. Good luck to you, madam. And you have a daughter, you say?"

After Mrs. Yardley's departure Mrs. Scoville, as she now expected herself to be called, sat for a long time brooding. There was one thing more to be accomplished. She set about it that evening.

Velled, but in black now, she went into town. Getting down at the corner of Colburn avenue and Perry street, she walked a short distance on Perry, then rang the bell of an attractive-looking house of moderate dimensions. Being admitted, she asked to see Mr. Black, and for an hour sat in close conversation with him. Then she took a trolley car which carried her into the suburbs. When she alighted, it was unusually late for a woman to be out alone; but she had very little physical fear, and walked on steadily enough for a block or two till she came to a corner, where a high fence loomed forbiddingly between her and a house so dark that it was impossible to distinguish between its chimneys and the encompassing trees.

Was she quite alone in the seemingly quiet street? She could hear no one, see no one. A lamp burned in front of Miss Weeks' small house, but the road it illumined, the one running down to the ravine, showed only darkened houses.

She had left the corner and was passing the gate of the Ostrander homestead, when she heard, coming from some distant point within, a low and peculiar sound which held her immovable for a moment, then sent her on shuddering.

It was the sound of hammering. Hearing this sound and locating it where she did, she remembered, with a quick inner disturbance, that the judge's house held a secret; a secret of such import to its owner that the dying Bela had sought to preserve it at the cost of his life.

Oh, she had heard all about that! The gossip at Claymore inn had been great, and nothing had been spared her curiosity. There was something in this house which it behooved the judge to secrete from sight yet more completely before her own and Reuther's entrance, and he was at work upon it now, humming with his own hand while other persons slept! No wonder she edged her way along the fence with a shrinking, yet persistent, step. She was circling her future home and that house held a mystery.

As she groped her way along, she had ample opportunity to hear again the intermittent sounds of the hammer, and to note that they reached their maximum at a point where the eel of the judge's study approached the fences.

Rat-tat-tat; rat-tat-tat. She hated the sound even while she whispered to herself: "It is just some household matter he is at work upon—re-hanging pictures or putting up shelves. It can be nothing else."

Yet on laying her ear to the fence she felt her sinister fears return; and, with shrinking glances into a darkness which told her nothing, she added in fearful murmur to herself: "What am I taking Reuther into? I wish I knew. I wish I knew."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



"If You Deny Me I Shall Seek Another Counsellor."

was the first time that she had seen her uncovered face.

Mrs. Yardley was not long in coming up. "Mrs. Averill—" she began, in a kind of flutter, as she met her strange guest's quiet eye.

But she got no further. That guest had a correction to make. "My name is not Averill," she protested. "You must excuse the temporary deception. It is Scoville. I once occupied your present position in this house."

Mrs. Yardley had heard all about the Scovilles; and, while a flush rose to her cheeks, her eyes snapped with sudden interest.

"Ah!" came in quick exclamation, followed, however, by an apologetic cough and the somewhat forced and conventional remark: "You find the place changed, no doubt?"

"Very much so, and for the better," Mrs. Yardley. Then, with a straightforward meeting of the other's eyes, she quietly added, "I am going to live

with Judge Ostrander, Mrs. Yardley—keep house for him, myself and daughter. His man is dead and he feels very helpless. I hope that I shall be able to make him comfortable."

Mrs. Yardley's face was a study. In all her life she had never heard news that surprised her more. In another moment she had accepted the situation, like the very sensible woman she was, and Mrs. Scoville had the satisfaction of seeing the promise of real friendly support in the smile with which Mrs. Yardley remarked:

"It's a good thing for you and a very good thing for the judge. It may shake him out of his habit of seclusion. If it does, you will be the city's benefactor. Good luck to you, madam. And you have a daughter, you say?"

After Mrs. Yardley's departure Mrs. Scoville, as she now expected herself to be called, sat for a long time brooding. There was one thing more to be accomplished. She set about it that evening.

Velled, but in black now, she went into town. Getting down at the corner of Colburn avenue and Perry street, she walked a short distance on Perry, then rang the bell of an attractive-looking house of moderate dimensions. Being admitted, she asked to see Mr. Black, and for an hour sat in close conversation with him. Then she took a trolley car which carried her into the suburbs. When she alighted, it was unusually late for a woman to be out alone; but she had very little physical fear, and walked on steadily enough for a block or two till she came to a corner, where a high fence loomed forbiddingly between her and a house so dark that it was impossible to distinguish between its chimneys and the encompassing trees.

Was she quite alone in the seemingly quiet street? She could hear no one, see no one. A lamp burned in front of Miss Weeks' small house, but the road it illumined, the one running down to the ravine, showed only darkened houses.

She had left the corner and was passing the gate of the Ostrander homestead, when she heard, coming from some distant point within, a low and peculiar sound which held her immovable for a moment, then sent her on shuddering.

It was the sound of hammering. Hearing this sound and locating it where she did, she remembered, with a quick inner disturbance, that the judge's house held a secret; a secret of such import to its owner that the dying Bela had sought to preserve it at the cost of his life.

Oh, she had heard all about that! The gossip at Claymore inn had been great, and nothing had been spared her curiosity. There was something in this house which it behooved the judge to secrete from sight yet more completely before her own and Reuther's entrance, and he was at work upon it now, humming with his own hand while other persons slept! No wonder she edged her way along the fence with a shrinking, yet persistent, step. She was circling her future home and that house held a mystery.

As she groped her way along, she had ample opportunity to hear again the intermittent sounds of the hammer, and to note that they reached their maximum at a point where the eel of the judge's study approached the fences.

Rat-tat-tat; rat-tat-tat. She hated the sound even while she whispered to herself: "It is just some household matter he is at work upon—re-hanging pictures or putting up shelves. It can be nothing else."

Yet on laying her ear to the fence she felt her sinister fears return; and, with shrinking glances into a darkness which told her nothing, she added in fearful murmur to herself: "What am I taking Reuther into? I wish I knew. I wish I knew."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

ROYAL IN ITS MAGNIFICENCE

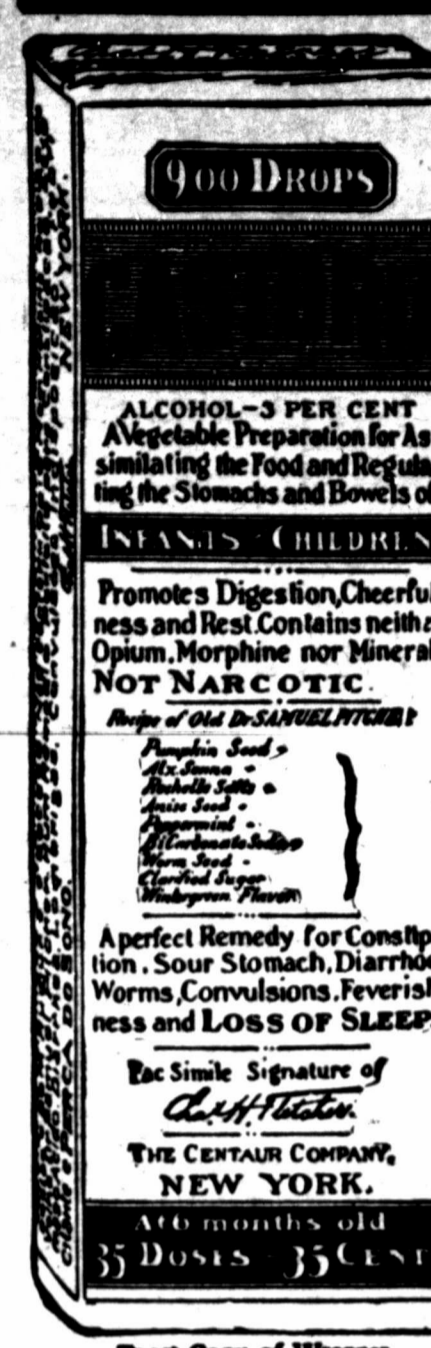
"Founder's Room" in Pittsburgh Carnegie Library is a Splendid Apartment.

A recent report of the Pittsburgh Carnegie library contains a picture of the "founder's room," of which a writer in the Boston Evening Transcript says:

"It seems to be a vast apartment, about fifty or sixty yards long and nearly as wide. It has indirect lighting and a flagged floor, upon which one might play hopscotch if one felt inclined. There are four or five thrones in the room, one on each side of the fireplace, and there is a table with a lamp on it. The room is very magnificent; it has all the spaciousness and discomfort of a royal palace."

"What Mr. Carnegie does in this room we are not told. There are no sleeping accommodations, unless one of the thrones is really a folding bed. It does not look cozy enough to use for an office."

Infantile Paralysis. A famous German physician proves that infantile paralysis is often carried from one household to another by domestic animals, such as chickens, ducks and cows.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

J. C. Ayer & Co.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK OFF.

Rheumatism Muscle Colds

"It is easy to use and quick to respond. No work. Just apply. It penetrates without rubbing."

Read What Others Say:

"Have used your Liniment very successfully in a case of rheumatism, and always have a bottle on hand in case of a cold or sore throat. I wish to say I think it one of the best of household remedies. I would not have used it only it was recommended to me by a friend of mine who, I wish to say, is one of the best boosters for your Liniment I ever saw."—J. W. Fuller, Denver, Col.

"Just a line in praise of Sloan's Liniment. I have been ill nearly fourteen weeks with rheumatism, have been treated by doctors who did their best. I had not slept for the terrible pain for several nights, when my wife got me a small bottle of the Liniment and three applications gave me relief so that I could sleep."—Joseph Tamblin, Pa.



SLOAN'S LINIMENT

Good for Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sprains and Bruises.

All Dealers 25c.

Send four cents in stamps for a free TRIAL BOTTLE.

DR. EARL S. SLOAN, Inc. Dept. B Philadelphia, Pa.

His Tour. "That man never seems to stay long at any one place. What is he doing, anyway?" "He is helping to take a census of the birds." "Oh, that accounts for his being constantly on the wing."

Some Sprinter. She—I suppose the duke has landed estates. He—Landed one every time he married, but he managed to run through 'em all.

The best sermon is one that goes over your head and hits the other chap.

Every man is capable of doing his best—and he should always do it.

UGH! CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK! CLEAN LIVER AND BOWELS MY WAY

Just Once! Try "Dodson's Liver Tone" When Bilious, Constipated, Headachy—Don't Lose a Day's Work.

Liven up your sluggish liver! Feel fine and cheerful; make your work a pleasure; be vigorous and full of ambition. But take no nasty, dangerous calomel, because it makes you sick and you may lose a day's work. Calomel is mercury or quicksilver, which causes necrosis of the bones, Calomel enters into your bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. Listen to me! If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick. Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning, because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and cannot salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.



IN THE WAR ZONE.



First War Correspondent—I wish I was back in the United States.
Second War Correspondent—Why?
First War Correspondent—Then I could find out what this blamed war is all about.

True Gratitude.
God bless the simple citizen
Who isn't hard to please
And for a square meal now and then
Gives thanks upon his knees.

His Type.
The writer you introduced to me
was very stooped and awkward. And
he has such a poor carriage.
"Of course. He's nothing but a
hack."

No Inferior Place.
"Did you select your son's college
for its curriculum, Mrs. Comeup?"
"Of course, we did. The boy's al-
ways been accustomed to the best
kind of a one at home."

It's a Hurry Call, Officer!
Boozywoos—Nature must have
picked the camel for a sure winner.
Blinkywink—What's the reply?
Boozywoos—Because that is the only
animal she backed up.

Mermaids Plentiful.
Bill—it has been estimated that ev-
ery square mile of the ocean is in-
habited by 120,000,000 living beings.
Jill—Then, of course, there must
be a lot of mermaids in the bunch.

Dressy Collegians.
Patience—An automobile repair
course has been added to the curricu-
lum of an Iowa agricultural college.
Patrice—Now in speaking of college
togs don't forget the overalls.

Legal Talk.
"That fellow must be a lawyer."
"Are you a reader of character?"
"No," said the waiter, "but when I
asked him to repeat his order he said
a ham sandwich as aforesaid."

Collectors.
"Of course we must have a watch-
dog of the treasury."
"Not yet. What we want is a few
good shepherd dogs to chase the funds
in."

Raising It.
"Why do you go so fast when you
take that prospective customer out
in your machine?"
"Because he wants speed, and I'm
out for the dust."

Sure Proof.
"Mr. Smith, to whom you were talk-
ing so much, is a married man."
"Oh, I know that."
"How did you know it?"
"By the way he listened."

EXCELLENT LUCK.



The Hunter—I can't imagine
what's the matter with me today. I
haven't had a bit of luck.
The Old Settler—Yes, ye hev, young
fellow, ye just missed me by about
six feet a few minutes ago.

Taking No Chances.
Jack—The ring doesn't seem to fit
very well, Alice. Hadn't I better take
it back and have it made smaller?
Alice—No, Jack; an engagement
ring is an engagement ring, even if I
had to wear it around my neck.

Know Him?
Howell—What sort of a fellow is
he?
Powell—He can make two lemons
grow where only one grew before, and
then hand them both to you when
you are not looking.—Judge.

THE LOAFING ROOM.

It was a busy day, with night ap-
proaching.
She floated into the literary room
like a vision.
She lingered like a nightmare.
When at last she departed, leaving
the delayed book reviewer hesitating
between tears and spartan fortitude,
she smiled sweetly:
"You have so many books to read,
don't you. How nice to do nothing
but read books all day and then write
about them. You must pardon me if
I've kept you talking too long, but it
does seem so fascinating to find some-
one in a newspaper office who doesn't
have to work!"

Wise Move.
"Do you mean to tell me you are
running away from a man half your
size?"
"Of course, I'm not running away.
I am merely effecting a strategic re-
treat."

Smart Set Comparisons.
"Why should you regard yourself as
her social superior? Her family is as
distinguished as yours?"
"Yes, but my alimony is much
larger."

Fatal to Bachelorhood.
He—Do you think kissing is as dan-
gerous as the doctors say?
She—Well, it has certainly put an
end to a good many bachelors, at any
rate.

Dissatisfied.
Small Daughter—Dad, did the doc-
tor bring my little sister?
Dad—Yes, dear.
Small Daughter—Dad, would you
mind trying another doctor next time?

WAY TO KEEP OUT OF JAIL.



The Candidate—My friends, what is
the price of liberty?
One of His Hearers—One of the
prices is honesty.

Mechanical Aid.
A statesman works too hard by half.
"His life is awful fustierin."
Why can't he hire a foneygraf
To do his filibusterin'?

Gashed.
First Chauffeur—Who was that fel-
ler you ran over?
Second Ditto—I guess it must o'
been th' glass eater at the vedyville
theater. Look at that tire!

Qualifications.
Caller—Pardon me, sir, but is there
another artist in this building?
Artist—There is not. There is, how-
ever, a man on the fourth floor who
paints.

Paradoxical Proposition.
"Do you use the world 'politics' as
singular or plural?" asked the person
who is always wanting to know some-
thing.
"That has always puzzled me," re-
plied Senator Sorghum. "There is
nothing more singular than some of
the pluralities that politics develops."

Two Methods.
"I buy my wife everything she wants.
How about you?"
"I keep mine wanting a few things,
just to be sure that her interest in
me is maintained."

A Practical Girl.
"Hello Jacqueline! Knitting socks
for the Belgians?"
"No, you stupid. I'm knitting a muf-
fler for father, who's in a positicn to
reciprocate."

Not a Promising Menu.
Traveler (in southern hotel)—Car,
I get anything to eat here?
Sambo—Yes, sah.
Traveler—Such as what?
Sambo—Such as it is, sah.

A Case of Sex.
Mrs. Henpeck—Is there any differ-
ence, Theodore, do you know, be-
tween a fort and a fortress?
Mr. Henpeck—I should imagine a
fortress, my love, would be harder to
silence.

Modern Superciliousness.
"My ancestors came over in the
Mayflower."
"Yes?" rejoined Mrs. Cumrox. "I un-
derstand the fare was quite low. But
the boat must have been terribly over-
crowded."

Don't Forget!

An eminent physician
lays down these simple rules for better
health:
1.—Drink lots of water. 2.—Eat slowly. 3.—Chew your
food well. 4.—Have plenty of chewing gum on hand. Use
it shortly after meals and chew until the "full" feeling
disappears.

Be sure of the Perfect Gum in the Perfect Package—made
clean, kept clean, sealed against all impurities:

WRIGLEY'S

The Wrigley Sparmen want to help you remember these bene-
ficial, long-lasting aids to teeth,
breath, appetite and digestion.
So they have done all the old Mother Goose "stunts" to the
"tune" of the new Wrigley
jingles. Their book is 28-pages
in four colors. It's free. Send
for your copy today. Address

WM. WRIGLEY JR. CO.
1318 Kesner Building
Chicago



Consideration.
"What is your reason for believing
in the nebular hypothesis?" asked the
man who is always seeking informa-
tion.
"I don't know that I exactly be-
lieve in it," replied the scientist. "But
after a man has gone to the trouble
of finding out what it is, it seems a
shame to contradict it."

MISERY IN HEAD AND BACK

A Lady Writes She Suffered So,
Would Have To Stay In Bed For
Days. Is Now Well.

Cartersville, Ga.—The following is
from Mrs. Will T. Lawhon, of Carters-
ville: "I am writing this because I
want other women to know what
Cardul has done for me.

Before I commenced taking Cardul,
I had headache so bad, I would have
to stay in bed for days at a time. I
suffered untold misery with my head
and back.

I saw Cardul advertised and decided
to try it. I took three bottles. After
taking the first bottle, I could see a
vast difference in my feelings, and de-
cided to take the second, and took
three in all.

After taking the third bottle, I felt
like a new woman altogether, and I
will always praise Cardul as a boon to
woman's ills.

I believe it saved my life and I am
now a well, healthy woman, and my
husband joins me in my praise for
Cardul.

Before I began taking Cardul, I was
irregular, but since I began taking it,
I have been regular and without any
pain.

Everyone tells me I am the picture
of health since taking Cardul. I will
recommend it to every suffering
woman.

If you suffer from any of the ail-
ments so common to women, or if you
feel the need of a good strengthening
tonic, why not give Cardul, the wom-
an's tonic, a trial? Begin today.
Your druggist sells Cardul.—Adv.

Thumb-Print Fantasia.
You seem very much interested in
those thumb-print records," comment-
ed the man at police headquarters.

"Yes," answered the visitor. "I
can't help feeling the greatest curi-
osity about how one of those things
would sound if you put it on a phono-
graph and played it."

The Kind.
"The politicians are looking in the
campaign barrel and licking their
chops."
"That's because they're pork chops."

An Unfit Companion.
Mrs. Atherton had tried to impress
upon her young son, Eugene, that he
should play only with good boys.
"Mother," said Eugene, as he came
in one day, "you don't want me to
play with wicked boys, do you?"
"No, indeed," said the mother,
pleased that her son had remembered
her teachings.

"Well, if one little boy kicks ano-
ther little boy, isn't it wicked for him
to kick him back?"
"Yes, indeed, it is certainly very
wicked," was the mother's reply.

"Then I don't play with Richard
Whitney any more," said Eugene;
"he's too wicked. I kicked him this
morning, and he kicked me back."

CHANDLER, OKLA., WOMAN TELLS OF ILLNESS

Mrs. Mary Bray of Chandler, Okla.,
suffered for years with stomach and
liver troubles. She tried all kinds of
treatments and medicines in vain.

At last she came upon Mayr's Wonderful
Remedy and got immediate re-
sults. Part of her letter is given here:

"I have been sick with gall stones
for over three years. I must say that
your wonderful stomach remedy com-
pletely cured me.

"I took all kinds of medicine, but
got no relief. I had heart trouble and
malaria so bad that I thought I would
have to change climate. I took all
kinds of pills and got no relief and I
suffered agony. I saw your advertise-
ment in the paper and sent for a
bottle. I must say that I am well. I
have gained in weight and look and
feel fine."

Mayr's Wonderful Remedy gives per-
manent results for stomach, liver and
intestinal ailments. Eat as much and
whatever you like. No more distress
after eating, pressure of gas in the
stomach and around the heart. Get one
bottle of your druggist now and try it
on an absolute guarantee—if not sat-
isfactory money will be returned.—Adv.

Tempting.
The sailor had been showing the
lady visitor over the ship. In thank-
ing him she said:
"I see that by the rules of your ship
tips are forbidden."
"Lor' bless yer 'eart, ma'am," replied
Jack, "so were apples in the Garden of
Eden."

Didn't Break Her Word.
"Maud married! Why only last June
she told me she wouldn't marry the
best man that walks the earth."
"That's all right; the man she mar-
ried rides in an automobile."

Unless a man can see a slight im-
provement in himself it's impossible
to make him believe the world is
getting better.

Crooked Dipper Saves Life.
Charles Glase, a building contractor
of York, Pa., resorted to a novel
method to save himself from choking
to death when a piece of meat lodged
in his throat. Realizing that he would
choke before a physician could ar-
rive, Glase grasped a dipper with a
curved handle and dislodged the im-
pediment, but lacerated his throat
considerably.

Slight Absent-Mindedness.
How are you getting on as the pre-
siding officer of your new club?"
"Pretty well," replied the emphatic
woman.

"No trouble with parliamentary
points?"
"Not much. The only difficulty I
have is to remember that you must
hold on to the gavel and hammer with
it instead of throwing it."

If, as reported, the cost of living
has increased 50 per cent in ten years,
a dead man ought to be in a position
to save a lot of money.

Always proud to show white clothes.
Red Cross Ball Blue does make them
white. All grocers. Adv.

Sawdust and shavings are now
pressed into briquettes and made into
kindling wood.

For calks use Hanford's Balsam.
Adv.

At the age of thirty a girl begins to
realize that she misses the "Mrs."

The chances are that the man in a
great hurry may be trying to get away
from something.

Hidden defects in Roofing

If your roofing is not guaran-
teed by a responsible company
you run the risk of finding
out its defects after it is on
the roof. It costs no more to get a
written guarantee with the best re-
sponsibility behind it.

Buy materials that last
Certain-teed

Roofing

—Our leading product—is guaranteed 5 years
for 1-ply, 10 years for 2-ply and 15 years for
3-ply. We also make lower priced roofing,
slate surfaced shingles, building papers, wall
boards, out-door paints, plastic cement, etc.
Ask your dealer for products made by us.
They are reasonable in price and we stand
behind them.

General Roofing Manufacturing Co.
World's largest manufacturer of Roofing
and Building Papers
New York City Boston Chicago
Philadelphia Atlanta Cleveland Detroit
St. Louis Cincinnati Kansas City Minneapolis
San Francisco Seattle London Hamburg Sydney

North Dakota Wheat and Corn Land For Sale—We
have 100,000 acres and 100,000 acres land
for sale, price \$20 and \$25 per acre, on easy terms;
located on the New York, North Dakota and
Gt. Northern, and east of Williston, on Northern
Pacific. BISMARCK REALTY CO., Bismarck, N. D.

W. N. U., Oklahoma City, No. 14-1915.

Canada is Calling You to her Rich Wheat Lands

She extends to Americans a hearty in-
vitation to settle on her FREE Home-
stead lands of 160 acres each or secure
some of the low priced lands in Mani-
toba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

This year wheat is higher but Canadian land just
as cheap, so the opportunity is more attractive than
ever. Canada wants you to help to feed the world
by tilling some of her soil—land similar to that
which during many years has averaged 20 to 45
bushels of wheat to the acre. Think what you
can make with wheat around \$1 a bushel and
land so easy to get. Wonderful yields also of
Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed farming
is fully as profitable an industry as grain
growing.

The Government this year is asking
farmers to put increased acreage into
grain. Military service is not com-
pulsory in Canada but there is a great demand for farm labor to replace the many
young men who have volunteered for service. The climate is healthful and
agreeable, railway facilities excellent, good schools and churches convenient.
Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Superintendent
Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

G. A. COOK
125 W. 9th St., Kansas City, Mo.
Canadian Government Agent

160 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

You Look Prematurely Old

Because of those ugly, grizzly, gray hairs. Use "LA OREOLE" HAIR DRESSING. PRICE, \$1.00, retail.

SEE US BEFORE BUYING YOUR LISTERS
SEE US BEFORE BUYING YOUR LISTERS

Humphrey & Sledge

HARDWARE AND IMPLEMENTS

SEE US BEFORE BUYING YOUR LISTERS
SEE US BEFORE BUYING YOUR LISTERS

..LATE SPRING STYLES..



A good many of the new Spring models, you'll notice, are a little too fancy for the average business man, but we have some that are just right. Stylish without being obtrusive, well cut but not too fancy, gracefully modern without being extreme; an ideal business suit for every day, and any day. This is a model you'll never tire of.

Three buttons, medium form-fitting coat, with moderately wide lapels, and natural shoulders and sleeves. Vest cut high, without collar. Trousers fairly narrow, made with or without cuffs, can be had in all the new solid and mixed colors and the new Glen Urquhart plaids.

PRICES ARE FROM \$15.00 TO \$25.00

Our lines are the celebrated SCHLOSS BROTHERS & COMPANY'S of Baltimore and New York, and other makes of high grade, trade-marked clothing. We are also showing the latest things in Stetson Hats, Gents' Furnishings and, in fact, everything in quality goods.

Where Quality is Supreme
And Where Price is Right

Warren-Fooshee & Co.
PORTALES
THE HOME OF GOOD GOODS

Every Day is Bargain Day
We Satisfy Our Customers

Portales Utilities Company

A House keeper is judged by the way she sweeps and tidies up her home. A town represents the collective energies or lack of energy of its citizens. A few citizens ALWAYS dig up to pay for street dragging---every citizen should be glad to do so---but clean streets is a municipal, community function, not the duty of individuals. If the city officials do not have funds wherewith to grade and drag streets, is it not your duty as a citizen to help place them in a position where they can? : : : : : : : : : : :

Portales Utilities Company

Volun
UNCL
RIS
YEA
STI
He Fough
in Heine
Encas
Wrote Mo
Being i
Pub
"Uncle
ex-Confe
two year
splendid
has one
acres in c
his own l
stock fa
checks a
the News
letters w
division
thirty m
Arkansas
ten by M
and a c
Heinman
follow:
Littl
Dear Uncle
I take my
that I am
write to yo
and I hope
hand it may
not preten
the boys ar
don't know
give to see
it will be a
at home, k
all live we
chance, bu
years and
honorably
am glad th
We can ge
all if we c
a better ti
like free p
a negro.
where we
was negro
ciose. W
this, so no
You
To J. A. M
Dear Fath
Sister
It is wit
myself to
you know
this note
all well an
of import
the clothi
glad to ge
and hear
come to a
thing to v
by subscri
To his fa
We hav
and I don
news out
to us oft
some stat
that cour
saying go
to all of
L
My Dear
After
all well
note corr
enjoying
nothing
time. V
all these
ing that
get them
The clot
they will
are cam
Rock.
across t
that we
we will
this pla
very coo
day and
well fix
ble plen
night to