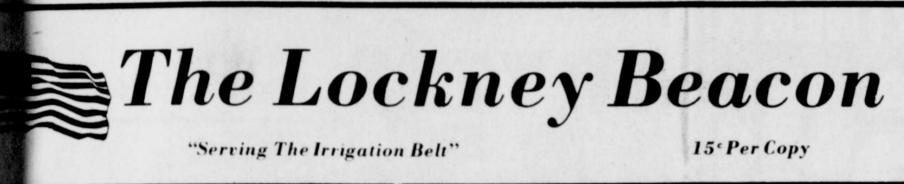


NDERLAND...Ice-encrusted branches created frosty scenes in Lockney Thursday morning. (But some didn't think it was so pretty.)



Lockney, Floyd Co., Texas 79241

Sunday, January 15, 1978

12 Pages in One Section

Number 5

AFTER THE FLOOD ... Mize Pharmacy employees Bettye Diepenhorst and Alicia Gallegos clean up. A broken water line flooded the (Staff Photo) front part of the Lockney store Wednesday night.

onday American Ag Day In Floydada

By Wendell Tooley

Farm tractors will enter the streets EACON of Floydada from all directions Monday morning and there should be a sizeable

to a chili noon meal Monday in the Massie Activity Center.

Featured speaker at the noon meal will be Mell Cherry of Lorenzo who was

FARMERS TAKING OVER KFLP

Floydada farmers will be in complete control of Radio Station KFLP all day Monday as part of the big Floydada

Dusty Rhodes To Be Here Wednesday

A.L. (Dusty) Rhodes, a candidate for U.S. Congress from this area will be in Lockney, Wednesday, January 18, at Strickland's Restaurant here in Lockney.

from this area as possible. Dusty Rhodes, of Abilene, is seeking election to the place held by Representative Omar Burleson, who is retiring. Mr. Rhodes is part-

Lockney Store \$4,000 Victim Of Cold Weather

A frozen water line burst above Mize Pharmacy Wednesday night, causing an estimated \$4,000 in damages to the store and contents, according to owner Wilbur Mize.

Mize said Lockney police discovered the damage about 10:30 p.m. Wednesday, after water falling from the store ceiling apparently set off a sound-sensitive burglar alarm.

The loss was not covered by insurance, Mize said.

Mize expressed thanks to employees and friends who helped clean up the store Wednesday (and early Thursday morning). Those helping were store employees BettyeDiepenhorst and Alicia Gallegos; Roy Kidd, Dale Kidd, Phillip Kidd, Tony Couick, Van Bradley, Don Sutterfield, Jerry Klein, Mize's wife Jan and son Monty, and Thurman Davis, who loaned a vacuum to pick up the water and helped repair the break



LIGHTS

Jim Huggins

WITH THE COUNTY reported that the jail had ned and of course did not requirements. Friday County Commissioners, and the auditor met with

s, architect from Lubbock. presented blueprints for and possibly adding on to jailhouse.

of making a jailhouse out of ure building does not seem

e more on this as soon as

M S. MCNAMEE writes in 12 edition of Southwest why the American farmer in business with the es of the free market. I am the article in this edition ... lengthy, but, I believe it is time to read. I'm allowing ge of space (\$150) because it ng and contains a lot of

lower than the cost of production.

area.

On December 14 the American Farm Strike began with farmers all over the United States riding their tractors to town, closing down various food oriented businesses, stopping trucks loaded with cattle at the Mexican border. and more recently stopping trains

hauling farm products in the Lubbock

NO VIOLENCE

Local farmers and most area farmers have maintained acts and parades within the laws of the land and in Floydada, there was no demanding that businesses close Monday. Instead farmers visited with merchants around the town asking them if they would

CHILI DINNER

As the farmers visited the business men and women they also invited them



MAKER...Georgia Ford of Lockney crocheted this red, d black Grecian-design afghan and donated it to the Lockney ack Club. It will be given away February 10 between all games at the LHS gym. (Staff Photo)

crowd of farmers from 10 a.m. until 12 a representative of this state when a all over the streets. few farmers met with Secretary of Floydada will be experiencing its Agriculture, Bob Bergland at Omaha

first American Agriculture Day as recently. businesses will close for the day in tribute to the community's farmers who have found the going pretty rough with farm commodity prices much

close up for an official American Agriculture day.

ward. When the cardboard began to look limp, new cardboard was cut. for a flap or bonnet tail to protect the neck from the sun. The bonnet was held on by the use of two bonnet strings tied under the chin.

more than the back of the hand.

bonnet type. Some had fancy machinestitched patterns in the head part. These were not so much for protection as for looks.

"I also remember high button shoes. They were buttoned on the outside of the leg and came quite a ways up the leg. We had to use button hooks to button them.

"There was an art in using a button shoes.

"Maybe I remember cotton cards more than anything. I guess it's because I carded to many cotton bats for quilts. In fact, since quilt making was my hobby, I had to card bats. I would rest one of the cards with its fine wire teeth full of cotton on my knee while I pulled the other card with fine wire teeth through the cotton and repeated this until the cotton was very fluffy and clean and nice, in soft bats about three or four inches wide and seven long. It certainly took many bats American Agriculture Day. Anyone wanting further information about working in the radio station should contact Craig Edwards.

He will arrive at 9:30 a.m. and be here until 11:00 a.m., during which time he would like to meet as many people

icularly interested in learning the views of area residents concerning agricultural and energy policies.

'I can't remember ever going to Sunday School.....'

Felicia Applewhite

"We didn't go to church much and didn't go to Sunday School because there were none near," says Annie Reeves Smith of Lockney who came here in 1904 when she was ten years

"There are many things I do remember. Among them is the split bonnett." "You couldn't see a thing with one on. Their purpose was to keep sun and wind off the face. They did this along with cutting visibility down to zero."

The split bonnet was made of a rectangular piece of cloth with a lining in the head part stitched in parallel rows of stitching about two inches apart, to hold cardboard strips the same width. The head part of the bonnett was long enough to run from the back of the head to "way out too far" out front of the face. The cardboard slats were removed for bonnett washing and replaced after-

Enough material was in the bonnet

Along with the bonnet for working outside were gloves made out of the legs of cotton hose that were worn out in the feet. A hole was cut for the thumb. The fingers were free from the middle out to the end. These homemade gloves were similar to the knitted type; they protected not much

Bonnets were not all of the split

hook. If it was not used from the right angle, the button would miss the button hole and the work would have to be repeated. Too, if you couldn't find the button hook, you couldn't wear the

for the average quilt." "Quilt-making interest was from my

mother who had lots of quilts that she had made. I have three now that she had pieced and quilted before she married.

"She had the heaviest, old quilt made from my grandfather's suits. The cloth from the suits was home spun. She just ripped the old suits up, washed the material and made a quilt."

Of course, Annie Smith has a first-hand knowledge of quilt making and other practices connected with West Texas pioneer life having come here at such an early age. When her family came here, they brought furniture, horse feed and all else that could be brought in a three-wagon move. They were several days in coming since, it was necessary to give the horses time each day to rest and eat. "We cooked over a campfire the

things we didn't have cooked before like bread and cake," she remembers. "We came to bare prairie land. We"

had to put down a windmill, build a house and build sheds and lots for the stock.

"Always my sister helped Mother with the house, and I helped Daddy. I helped milk three or four cows each day. I didn't mind this so much. We made cottage cheese. Our slap-dash churn held about three gallons of cream. Before we had a milk trough at the windmill. Mother kept milk and butter in the storm cellar. It kept so fresh and cool there.

"Perhaps the saddest part of our move here was my unhappiness with school. I had left my playmates. I had left the school by the creek where trees and grapevine swings were a part of our school life.

"Instead, after our move, I had to walk four miles to Lone Star to school in wind and other disagreeable weather. It was just too much. It was necessary to start from home pretty early to get to school by ten. We were always late, but it made no difference."

In the one-room school house at Lone Star, coats and other wraps were hung on the back wall on nails. When it was time for recess, noon and close of the school day two "monitors" loaded all coats and other wraps on their arms and passed them out to the owners. This saved crowding where the things were hanging. As a result of monitoring of coats, "itch," known as the "seven-year itch" was often passed through the school.

"We never did catch the itch, but were always afraid that we would."

Water was carried for the school from the nearest house 1/2 mile by two students balancing the bucket between them on a stick. They "just fought" for the privilege of being a water carrier. When the water was brought, it was

passed between the rows of desks for each child to drink from the dipper in the bucket. They all used the same dipper.

One real improvement came to the school when outdoor toilets with windbreaks were built.

We rode to school sometimes when the horses were not busy in the field. That was not often.

"I remember there was one job I could not avoid. It was rubbing clothes on a rub board and boiling them either in a tin wash boiler in the house in bad weather or outside in a pot in good weather. With plenty of boiling water, aided by lye soap, clothes came out fresh and clean. We starched all clothes."

Wash day meant, first, rubbing out a tub of white clothes and putting them on to boil while another load was being rubbed to get ready to boil. A "punch stick" helped in swishing the water through the boiling clothes. Load by load the clothes went through until all clothes were rinsed, wrung by hand and were on the fence to dry.

"There was something that I'll never forget-hog killing. From neighbor to neighbor, each family would have one. I was in all of it except when they scaleded and scraped a hog. They swung it on a scaffold or tree after it was scalded in a vat of scalding water and scraped it. I didn't stay around for that.

"We had a smoke house to put meat in. The hams were delicious.

Like all our neighbors, our family lived on what we raised with exception of staple foods. Sugar and flour were freighted by the hundred pounds from Esteline.

Gardens were watered from windmills. This was the "best kind" of watering. A garden "stayed watered" when a windmill was used to water it.

"It's a marvel to me how we gathered the vegetables from the garden, ran a chicken down, wrung its neck, dressed it and did the other necessary things and had it all for twelve o'clock dinner. Usually, we had more than our family to cook for. We nearly always had a hired hand to cook

"Of course, in my job of helping Daddy, I had to head maize. We usually tied the lines together and hung them over a stick we had on the side of the wagon. We would tie a rope to the lines and let it drag behind for us to grab if the team didn't stop when we said whoa." After a certain amount of heading they listened to "get up" and "whoa.

"After a team was used very many days in heading, it would begin to "pick up" and get fat. They ate continually each day in the maize rows. I was

around eleven when I helped. We headed from the same side of the wagon. Dad was always a little in front of me.

It was real sport one time when the snow was so deep that we could walk over the chicken house and over six-feet high feed stacks.

In later times, when sheep was on the place, they shipped wool off for blankets and comforts. The company buying from them bought some old feather matresses that had wanted out of the way for a long time. The feathers were used in making satin comforts that were beautiful.

Too, in her married life, she and her husband Rob, milked registered jersey cows for a living. Depression times came. There was no grass. Finally, it came to nothing but taking of milk to town and trading it for cow feed, nothing more. It was a very vicious circle

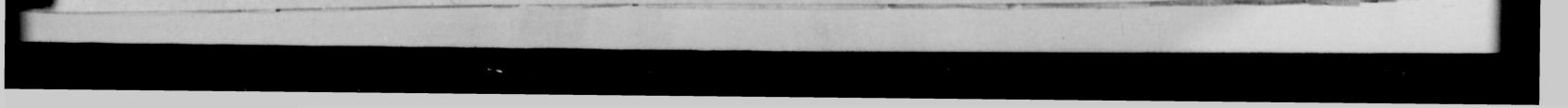
"That was when I quit milking. Do what you want to, I am through," she said.

They put the cows in one of the first government programs of the depression where owners were paid for cows to be shot. The county maintainer made a deep ditch and the cows were buried.

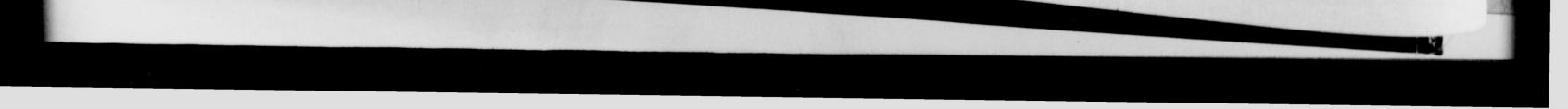
Annie Smith might not remember "ever going to Sunday School" when there was not one close by, but she remembers the close-by affairs connected with making a living in early West Texas.



ANNIE REEVES SMITH (Mrs. R.W.)...Picture made about 1913, when she was a student at Seth Ward College, Plainview.









NG PLANS ANNOUNCED ... Mr. and Mrs. Granvel Lockney announce the engagement and approachjage of their daughter Rubie to Jimmy Wardlow of son of Mrs. Aulton Patrick, of Gentry, Arkansas, ate W.C. Wardlow. Miss Webb attended high school ney and Plainview, and West Texas State y, and is a member of Kappa Upsilon Chapter of ma Phi, Plainview. The bride-elect is employed as er at the Coca Cola-Dr Pepper Bottling Company in Wardlow, an equipment operator for Southwest-Service, attended Plainview schools. The couple ned a February 24 wedding in the First Baptist Aiken.

ings and pillows. They are

projects all the family can

do as they are easy to do as

well as interesting. Some

lovely rugs were shown and

some members brought kits

Members present: Mrs.

to make pillows.

Ruth Trapp Entertains Sand Hill Hobby Club

Sandhill Hobby the home of Mrs. January 5. Roll answered by 6 nd one guest. the February meetings were and a Valentine planned.

Neva Smith, Billie Hanna, Mary Lou Bullock, Doris nn Daniel from Huckabay, Nora Hatley, Morning gave a Ruth Trapp and guest, Lynn ion on making rugs, wall hang-Daniel.

Baby Shower Honors Courtney Lynn Allen

The Lockney Beacon

Harmony H. D. Club Enjoys Salad Supper

Homebuilders The Home Demonstration club met in the home of Mrs. Elmer Norrell on January 10. Mrs. Bill Smith, president for 1978, called the meeting to order by reading the Thda Creed.

Roll call was answered by members showing or telling of a homemade gift received for Christmas.

Other new officers assuming duties were Mrs. Ernie Widener, vice president; Mrs. O.G. Mayfield secretary - treasurer, and Mrs. Ruth Trapp, reporter. Mrs. Smith appointed chairpersons for various commit-

Mrs. John Walker gave an interesting talk about her Caribbean cruise. She reported a wonderful experience, good food served differently each day, entertainment of every kind, meeting people, tours to

islands, just a fun trip all the Refreshments were served to Mrs. Raymond Williams, O.G. Mayfield, Raymond Evans, John Walker, Bill Smith, Ernie Widener,

Harold Norrell. The next meeting will be with Mrs. Weldon McClure January 24.

Ruth Trapp and guest, Mrs.

Karen Alldredge Honored With Bridesmaid's Dinner

Karen Alldredge was honored with a bridesmaid's dinner in the home of Mrs. J.S. Hale on the evening of December 30, Kathy Hale and Mary Alice Craig serving as co-hostesses.

The candle centerpiece for the table was presented as a gift to the bride. Place cards used for seating guests were brides and groo.ns.

Following dinner those present made rice bags. Attending were the honoree and her mother, Mrs. Bob Alldredge, Lisa Thomp-

ociety

Victory Ladies Fellowship **Elects Officers**

The Ladies Fellowship of Victory Baptist Church met at the Church on January 9, 1978. Mrs. Edna Cochran opened with prayer after a brief business meeting and "Secret Pals" exchanged gifts and drew names for the coming year.

Page 3

New officers were elected for the coming year, they were: President-Mrs. J.W. Hendricks; Vice President-Mrs. C.L. McKay; Secretary-Treasurer-Mrs. David Hale; Reporter-Mrs. George Quisenberry; Food Chairman and Decoration Committee-Mrs. Edna Cochran,

> **Clothing Leaders** Workshop In Brownwood

A weekend workshop following the theme "Sew New for Spring/Summer 19-78" will be offered at the Texas 4-H Center near Brownwood on Saturday and Sunday, January 28 and 29, 1978. County Extension Agent Sharon Hillis notes that this week-end training opportunity is especially for adult 4-H leaders who assist youth in clothing and sewing

projects. Texas Agricultural Extension Service Area Clothing Specialist Mrs. Becky Culp of Amarillo will lead workshop instruction sessions. She will be assisted by three resource instructors from the Abilene area. Topics for the week-end participants include: Fashion trends for youth; Fabric and Notion Trends: Fashion/Fa

Lamb and Mrs. Curtis Clevenger; Flower Chairman Mrs. Emmitt Clampitt. Mrs. Elmer Smith brought the

Those present were Mmes.: George Quisenberry, Bill Lamb, Wayne Fuller, Doyle Brown, Curtis Clevenger, C.L. McKay, Edna Cochran, Emmitt Clampitt, Elmer Smith, Buddy Hendricks, David Hale, and Donald Quisenberry. Mrs. Wayne Fuller dismissed with prayer.

that participants will need to take their own sewing equipment for use in the workshop sessions. For additional information about registrations, Mrs. Hillis may be contacted at the County Extension Office, Courthouse-Ag. Bldg. Floydada, Texas 983-2806.

Women's Chamber

To Plan Banquet

The Floydada Women's Chamber of Commerce announces a meeting for Monday, January 16, at the Bank Room at 7 p.m. Everyone is invited to attend to make preparations for the C. of C. Banquet.

Mrs. Walker Speaker For Homebuilders' H.D. Club

Members of Harmony Home Demonstration Club met Monday, January 9, in the home of Mrs. Everett Miller, for the first meeting of the new year. A salad luncheon, with each member bringing her favorite salad was served at the noon hour. Recipes were exchanged. After lunch a game of

bingo was played. Each member wrote in the squares "a way to improve my club." And as they were read, those who had a matching answer got an M&M candy to eat.

In the business session the new president, Mrs. Vivian Curtis named the new committees for 1978. They are - Program, Luc-

ille Miller, Ruth Scott, Imelda Murry.

Finance- Ruth Scott, Wanda Turner, Doris Snodgrass, Blanche Williams Cultural Arts & Recreation, Billie Hanna, Rubie Rotjen, Lucille Miller and Murl Kelly.

Sunshine, Anna Maude Hopper, Arvie Schulz, Wanda Turner. Health & Safety, Juanita Pool, Martha Williams, An-

na Maude Hopper. Future programs were di-

scussed Some members brought

hand work that was done intermittantly. Present was Mmes. Vivian Curtis, Doris Snodgrass, Ruth Scott, Juanita Pool, Anne Maude Hopper,

Blanche Williams, Billie Han na and the hostess, Lucille Miller. The next meeting will be January 23, in the home of

Vivian Curtis at 2 p.m.

Two people or less live in more than half of the U.S. households, although in 1960, such households num bered only 40.9 percent, says Dr. Carolyn McKinney, family resource management specialist with the Texas Agricultural Extension Service, The Texas A&M University System.

Mrs. Jim Smith Hosts Study Club

The 1956 Jr. Study Club

met Tuesday, evening in the

The meeting was called to

order by president, Mrs.

Gordon Hambright and roll

call was answered by each

member telling about a

needle work item she had

club collect together and

Mrs. Tommy Cathey read

the minutes. Reports were

given by the various com-

mittees. The spirit award

was given to Mrs. James

McNeil and the brag award

for the most "original ideas.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Howard

of Lockney are parents of a

baby boy, Billy Joe, born at

2:15 a.m. Tuesday, January

10, weighing eight pounds,

Grandparents are Mr. and

Mrs. Weldon Graves of

Lockney and Mr. and Mrs.

Thurman Chapman of Ida-

grandparents are Mrs. Des-

bell.

Floydada.

Oklahoma. Great

eight and a half ounces.

The members read the

made.

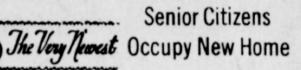
home of Mrs. Jim Smith.

February for the Federation Contest.

Auction items were made by Mmes.: Gordon Hambright, Dale Lawson, James McNeil and Eddie Smith.

Refreshments were served by the hostess and cohostesses Mrs. Jerry Neeley, Mrs. Mac Willson and Penny Bertrand. The program was presented on how to do needlework by Mrs. Danny Daniel. She assisted members with any problems they had on items they had already started.

to Mrs. Jerry Neeley. The Members present were treasurer's report was given Penny Bertrand and Jo Ann by Mrs. Tommy Farris and Stelter, and Mmes. Frank Barrow, Tommy Cathey, Bilthe departmental chairmen gave their reports. Mrs. ly Don Colston, John Dun-Eddie Smith gave the conlap, Tommy Farris, Gordon servation awards to Mrs. Hambright, Johnny Harris, Johnny Dunlap and Mrs. Dale Lawson, Melvin Lloyd, Don Rainer were awarded James McNeill, Gary Matsler, Vernie Moore, Jerry Members were reminded Neeley, Pedro Ochoa, Joe to turn in their names for Paty, A.C. Pratt, Don Rainthe outstanding youth for er, Brent Sanders, Eddie January to Mrs. James Mc-Smith, Choise Smith, Jim Smith, Fred Thayer, Mark Neil. Members were also reminded to have their re-Wideman, Mac Willson, ports turned in by the 1st of Jakey Younger.

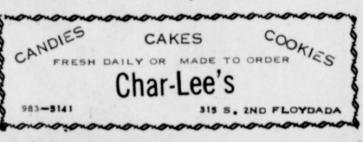


The Floydada Senior Citizens will meet Wednesday January 18 in their new location at 301 East Georgia at 11:00 a.m.

Entertainment will be furnished by Jim Fullungim of Petersburg; also Mr. Rusty Rhodes will give some information on taxes.

Each person is to bring a covered dish for the noon meal

sie Graves of Lockney and All Senior Citizens are Mr. and Mrs. H.F. Pratt of urged to be present for the Open House.



Sunday, January 15, 1978

Mrs. Wayne Fuller, Mrs. Elmer Smith, Mrs. Bill

devotion on "Sarah."

cookies.

Shower honoring of Courtney Lynn ighter of Mr. and y Allen, was held e of Mrs. Vernie ednesday, January

> were greeted by n and Mrs. Ted special guest inryl Bruce of Est-

bock, Lou Ann Watson, Sharon Fulton, Linda Nor-Guests were served punch man, Ellen Bradley and Mrs. or coffee and homemade Floyd Bradley. Hostesses for the evening were Mrs. Don Wilson, Mrs. Phillip Wilson, Mrs. Don

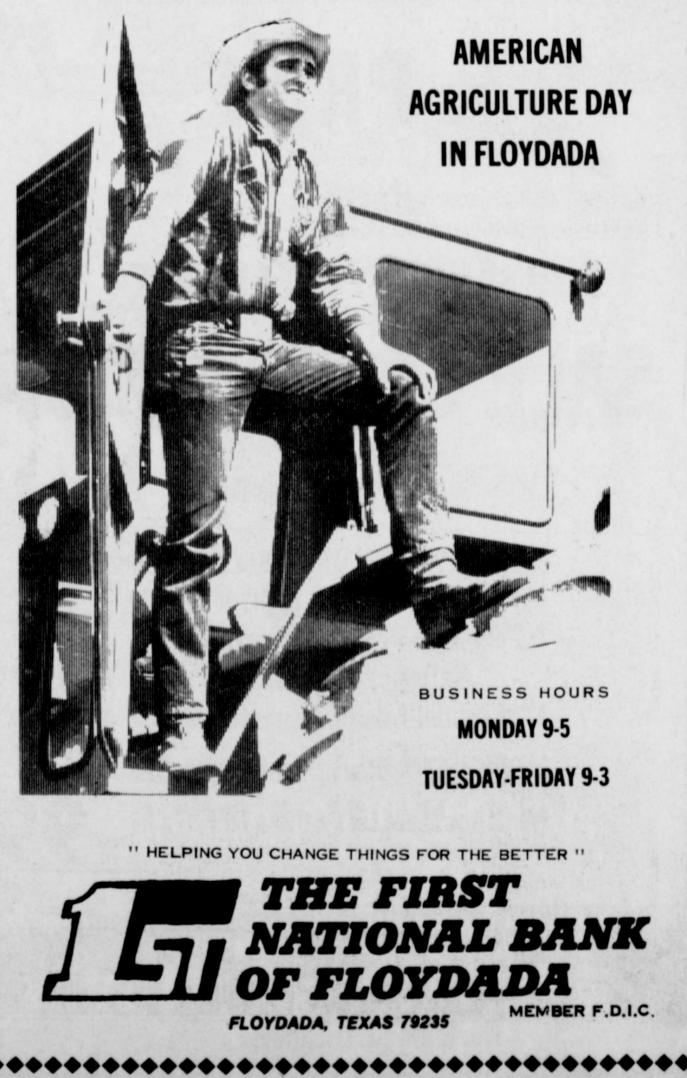
Rainer, Mrs. Royce O'Neal, Mrs. Georgia Finley is recuperating following knee Mrs. Jakey Younger, Mrs. surgery at Highland Hospi-Bob Ross, Mrs. Eddie Smith, Mrs. James McNeill, Mrs. tal, Room 204, Lubbock. She Norman Ferguson and Mrs. is reported doing well, and would enjoy visits and cor-Vernie Moore. Their gift for

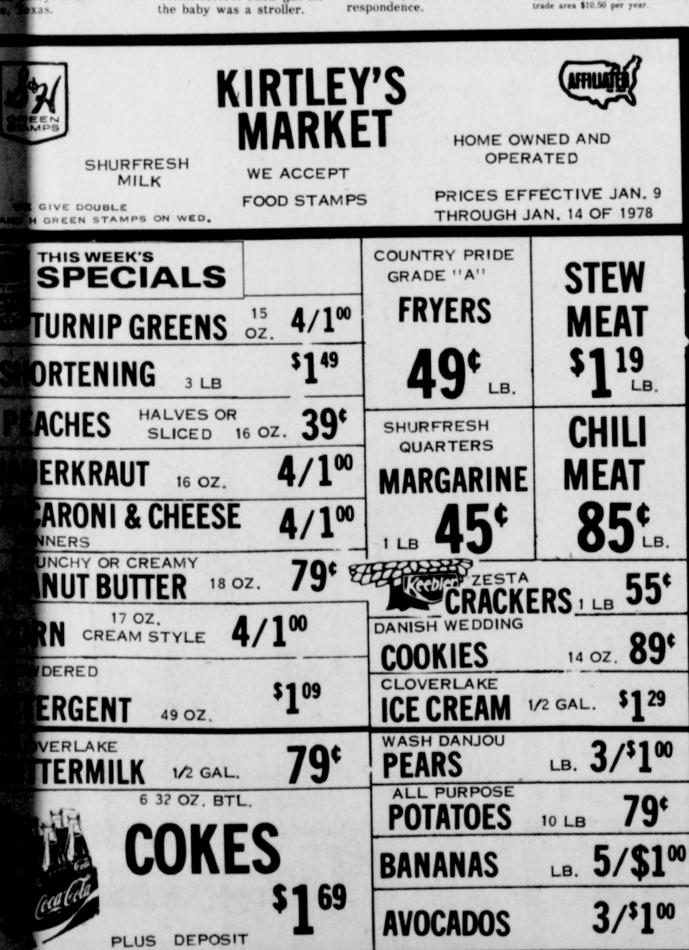
son, Sharon Vickers of Lub-Sewing bric coordination; machine and adjustments for today's facrics; and Contemporary sewing techniques. Mrs. Hillis also points out

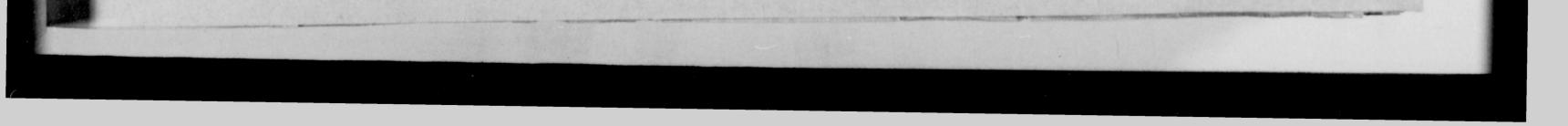
FLOYD DATA

THE LOCKNEY BEACON LOCKNEY, TEXAS 79241 Published each Sunday and Thurs day at 220 S. Main, Lockney, Texa 79241. Publication No. 317220. Wendel Tooley, Publisher, James Huggins Editor. Second Class Postage Paid a Lockney, Texas 79241. Subscription Rates: Local \$9.50 per year. Out o trade area \$10.50 per year.













"OKAY FELLERS...LET'S GET ON WITH IT!...Nathan Whittle son of Mr. and Mrs. Mark Whittle portrays the miniature version of a striker's tractorcade. (Staff Photo)



OBITUARY

Salazar Infant

Graveside services for Elizabeth Salazar, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andres M. Salazar of Plainview, were held Friday afternoon in Plainview Cemetery with the Rev. Rex Nicholl, pastor of Sacred Heart Catholic Church, officiating. Burial was under the direction of Moore-Rose Funeral Home, Lockney. The infant was born and

died Friday morning in Lockney General Hospital. Survivors in addition to the parents include a brother, Andres Jr. of the home, and grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Euselio Salazar, Plainview, and Mr. and Mrs Alvelarido Marcus, Plainview.

James Burk^e

rell in 1946 they moved to New Mexico, then to Elm Springs S.D. in 1951 where he was a farmer-rancher.

He is survived by wife, Bobbye, two sons, James L. of San Bernardino, California, Lee of the home, two daughters Mrs. Richard (Jessie) Burnaham of Kansas City, Missouri and Mrs. Michael (Barbra) Turman of Fairbanks, Alaska; one brother Lawrence of Elm Springs, two sisters, Mildred Cates and Jonelle Fawver both of Floydada, two grandsons of Kansas City, Missouri.

He is the son of the late Mr. and Mrs. D.W. Burke and was preceded in death by a brother and a sister. James was a Methodist and belonged to the American Legion.

Mildred Cates and Jonelle Fawver and their husbands returned home Wednesday after attending the funeral.

James E. Burke was born January 21, 1923 in Conway, Ark. expired January 8, 1978 at a hospital in Rapid City, South Dakota of virile pneumonia after a short illness. Services were held January 10, at Behrens Mortuary at Rapid City with Rev. Vernon Morrison of Wall, S.D. officiating. Interment was in the Black Hill National Cemetery at Sturgis. S.D.

His family moved to Floyd County in 1928 and James attended schools at Allmon, Sand Hill and Floydada High. He entered the U.S. Air Force during World War II and returned to Floydada marrying. Bobbye Jean Har-

Mrs. W.J. Wilks had visiting in her home during the holidays all of her children: Mr. and Mrs. C.M. Norris, Carlsbad, New Mexico; Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Wilks, Kathy, John David, Jeff. and a, friend Pam Washington, all of Tulia; Mary Day, Kevin and Karrie, Irving, Texas, and Mrs. C.M. Norris Sr., Floydada

Miss Mary Pearl Cowand had lunch with her of New Year's Day.

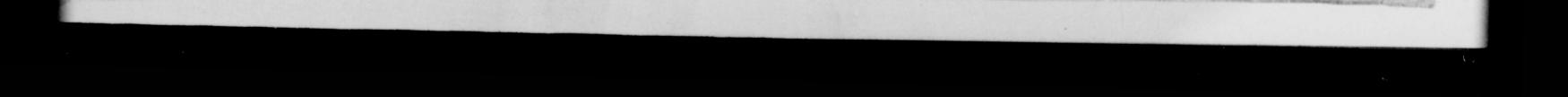
Floydada Baptist Church Library NEWS & REVIEWS

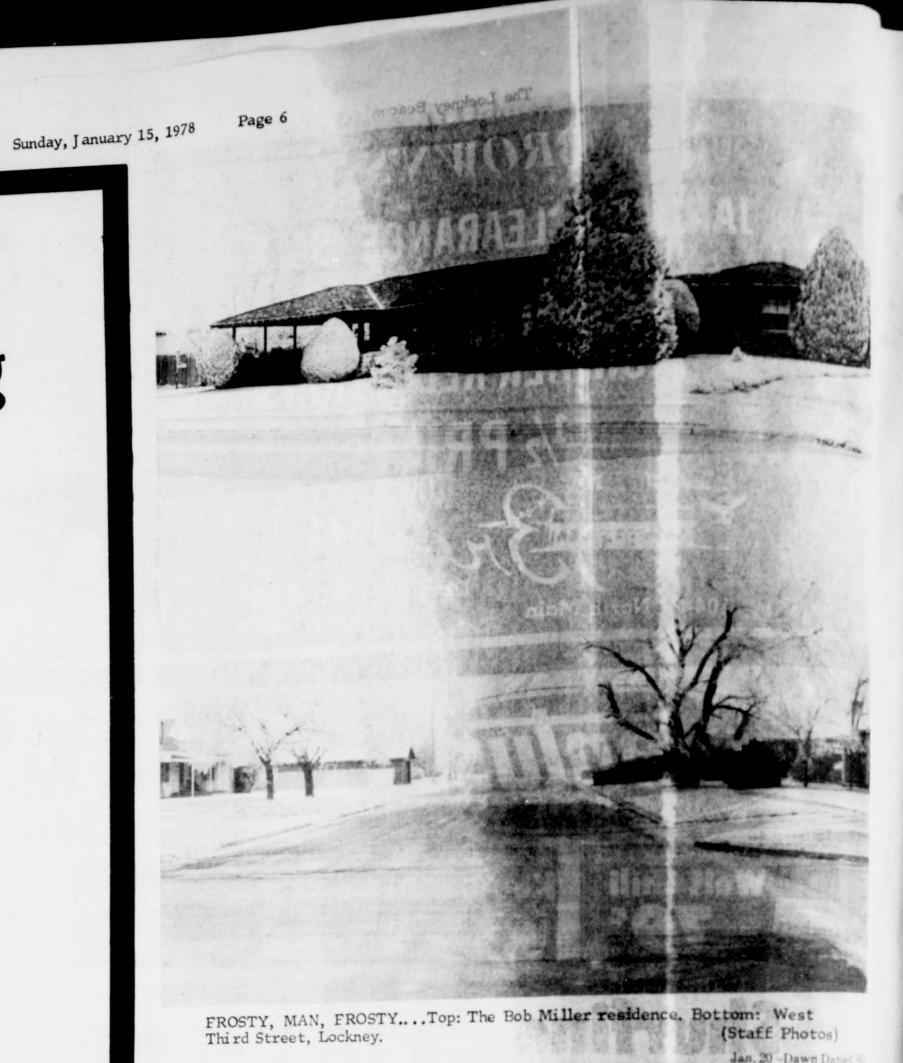
Is life a masquerade? And is it any fun like that? Mere existence is a masquerade, but life results at midnight when you and I are willing to remove our masks. In HOW TO FIND OUT WHO YOU ARE, Nelson Price urges the real you to stand up. It's amazing how much you'll like yourself-and it will thrill you how much a life-style can be changed if you don't like it. Solomon declared: "As a man thinketh in his heart, so is he." Proverbs 23:7) Nelson Price says in the preface to the book, "It should be the objective of every individual to make his conduct coincide with his true self. Maximum internal harmony results when what is stated orally agrees with what is whispered by the conscience. Thus the true self is revealed, and hypocrisy is avoided." Many helpful ideas are packed into this small 126 page volume.

Since January is often a time of winter in the soul, as well as dreary weather, Russell Dilday's YOU CAN OVERCOME DISCOURAGEMENT may be just the tonic you need. This is another small book (127 pages) packed with powerful ideas. Some of the chapter titles are: You Can Come Back from a Knockout Blow; You Can Live with Disappointment: You Can Forgive Yourself; You Can Overcome Anxiety; You and Love and Be Loved; You Can Discover God's Plan for Your Life. Reading one brief chapter a day, this book can be finished in twelve days and applying one new principal each day could give you a new zest for living. Some times we try to bite off great chunks of helpful advise and end up choking and worse off than we began. Try small bites and see if you are not ablt to better digest these helps for abundant living.

CAPADA THEATER Showtime 7:30 P. M. Box Office Opens At 6:45 P. M.

FLOYD DATA





If You're Buying

The Lockney Beacon

- ★ OFFICE SUPPLIES
- ★ OFFICE EQUIPMENT
- ★ OFFICE MACHINES

Out Of Town

YOU CAN NOW PURCHASE

THESE ITEMS AT

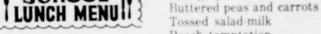
THE LOCKNEY BEACON

We Will Meet Or Beat

The Out-Of-Towners

Quality And Prices!

State Barries and the second



LOCKNEY

I SCHOOL I

January 16-20 Monday Lunchmeat sand. Veg. soup-milk Jellied Applesauce salad White cake w/chocolate frosting

Tuesday Spaghetti and meat Collard greens Buttered corn-milk Cornrolls-Peanut brittle Peach temptation Thursday Beef and gravy Buttered green beans Waldorf salad Hot rolls-milk Buttered rice Plain cookies

Wednesday

izza

Orange juice

Carroll Friday Fish burger-tartersauce die Taylor French fried potatoes Tossed salad-milk Catsup-apple cobbler

Cathy Archer, Pat Нарру Nick Muniz Jr. Birthday

Happy Anniversary

isdom, Cotton Collins

Jan. 21 -Carol Heb

Jan. 15 Mr. Kenneth Edwards, Mr Jan. 15 -James Harris. Mrs. Douglas Degge Jesus M. Garza, Mrs. Hugh Jan. 17 -Mike and Carthel Jan. 16 -Lisa Terrell Jan. 18 -Mr. and Mr. Jan. 17 - Joe Sustatia Bailey Jan. 19 - Mr. and Mrs Jan. 18 -Abigail Blanco, Courtney Ann Blenden, Tru-Neil Rexrode, Mr Alton Barnes Jan, 19 -- Wilma Adams, Jan. 20 -M Mrs. Olan R. Poteet, R. W. Donnie Bybes Johnson, Gerardo Rodriquez Jan. 21 -- Mr. Kenneth Murdock

it's elementary



The Clue To Increasing Sales... Advertise In The Newspaper!

Can you solve this riddle? What advertising medium can get your message across to the most amount of people ... and for the least amount of money? We'll give you a hint. It's black and white ... and read all over the community ... (our entire circulation, in fact!)

You guessed it! Newspaper advertising does it all and may be the answer to your sluggish sales problem! Now that you have the your sluggish sales problem! Now that you have the answer ... call us right now!



The Lockney Beacon

Sunday, January 15, 1978 Page 7

LETTERS

(the following is a memorandum from Texas Hospital Association president O. Ray Hurst to Texas hospital administrators).

Due to the efforts of many of you and your community leaders, the frightening proposed "National Guidelines for Health Planning" are being re-examined by appropriate personnell within DHEW. It appears that these proposals will be changed considerably before another attempt is made to finalize them.

Texas hospitals can be exceedingly proud of the unity these undesirable shown in voicing their concerns of guidelines. The listing of the number of responses by state, shown on the reverse hereof, was for warded to us by Daniel I. Zwick, Associate Administrator for Planning, Evaluation ministration, Hyattsand Legislation, Health Resources Ad ville, Maryland, under a buckslip on which he wrote, "Ray, ush will interest you, following the report on Project Paper I believe. A good new year. Dan Z sh was called for by

You will recall that Project Paper Chairman Richard L. Epperson on 1 mber 11 during the THA Open Forum re the Natio Guidelines. The 22,632 comments icially recorded by the total from the HEW from Texas represents 41.1% of the data furnished entire nation. Unfortunately, a review by Mr. Zwick will indicate what appears to be lack of concern or fear in many of the other states, at least so far as these guidelines are concerned.

Again, thank you very much for your efforts in letting Washington know our feelings on unreasonable regulations, which would curtail health care services.

Health Planning

The more than 22,000 letters to HEW represents a small percentage of the total correspondence on this subject as you also deluged the Congressional offices with your comments.

THE FARMER'S DAUGHTER

The agriculture strike, is really quite plain, The cause to help farmers, breaking even they'll gain. I know how it is. for I've been around. You always see a farmer working his ground. Yet what do they get for debts never in reach. And how can they profit from an invisible leech? Money they borrow to sow in the fields. And money they borrow to harvest their yields. More money is borrowed supplies need to be bought. While down at the store by a banker he's caught. It's time for a payment to payoff a loan. And my, oh my, how the interest has groan. The farmer goes home, but no time to relax. He's back in the field close to breaking his back. But this time it's not his back that is broke. It's the choke on the tractor, it just won't choke! But the farmer does. So back to the bank, he once more goes. Praving the banker won't see to foreclose. More money is borrowed the debt is reaching sky high. And all the farmer can do is wave extras good-bye. The farmer keeps trying so sure to succeed Then someone turns up and steals all his seed More money is borrowed, and more seed is bought. A problem is rising an answer is sought. The year is soon over, how quickly it goes. And the farmer stands proud, the best crop ever he shows. But the markets are bitter so little is spent. And the farmer goes home, without 50 cents. Back to the bank the farmer now goes. To pay back one loan, though more he owes. He now stands alone, on a crop that was best. Never owed so much money, yet never had a rest. So what does he do with no way to go on What would you do without bread just for one. The farmer has a family, and a middle-man, too, The middle-man gets T-bone, the family bone stew. For all of you people that think prices are slaughter. Just come to me, a farmers' daughter. After you read this you may do what you like. As for all of us. The farmers on strike TEK From: Terri Kinard, 16 Route Q Lockney, Texas 79241

time out for Goo

LOCKNEY AREA CHURCH PAGE

MAIN STREET CHURCH OF CHRIST

Bible Study 9:30 Morning Worship 10:30 Evening Worship.....6:00 WEDNESDAY Ladies Bible Class 9:30 Bible Study 8:00

EVANS CHAPEL

BAPTIST CHURCH Rev. Bennie Anderson, Pastor

Sunday School 10 a.m. Morning Worship 11 a.m. Training Union . . . 6 p. m. Evening Worship 7 p.m. Wednesday Prayer Meeting

Sunday afternoon worship.

FIRST UNITED METHODIST CHURCH Hugh Daniel, Pastor

SUNDAY Sunday School 9:45 Worship Service 10:55 United Methodist Women First Tuesday of Month Circles ... Monday (2nd & 4th Monday nights) Tuesday & Wednesday mornings.

TRINITY LUTHERAN CHURCH

Providence Community Andrew Mild Sunday School & Adult Bible Class 10:00 Divine Worship Service

ASSEMBLY OF GOD CHURCH Sunday School 10:00

Morning Worship 11:00 Evening Worship 7:00 Prayer Service Wed. . . 7:00 Rev. Bob Wright, Pastor

Parents make wishes 100

Every year there's one more candle. Jeannie makes a wish - and blows them all out with a single breath.

Jeannie's parents make wishes too. But grown-ups' wishes are called hopes, and they can't be achieved by merely blowing out candles

Jeannie's parents take her to church every Sunday. There she learns right from wrong and acquires the faith that will sustain her throughout life.

At candle-blowing-time her mother and father smile. It's a smile of confidence, of conviction. They know that their hopes for Jeannie can best be realized in a Christian environment

> Copyright 1977 Keister Advertising Service, Strasburg, Virginia Scriptures selected by The American Bible Society



FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH John C. Jenkins Pastor Miles G. Boucher, Minister of Music and Youth

Sunday School 9:45 a.m. Morning Worship 11:00 a.m. Church Training 6:00 p.m. Evening Worship 7:00 p.m.

Prayer Meeting-Wednesday 8:00 p.m.

Nursing Home Services Thursday 11:20 a.m.

YOUTH

High School Youth Night 7:30 p.m Monday Junior High Youth Night Wednesday 7:00 p.m.

BAPTIST CHURCH

Sunday School. 9:45 Morning Worship 10:50 WMU, Brotherhood. . .5:00 Training Union . . . 6:00

LATIN AMERICAN

CHURCH OF CHRIST Bible School 9:45 Morning Worship 10:45 Evening Worship . . . 6:00 Vednesday Service . . .8:00

LOCKNEY LATIN ASSEMBLY OF GOD Margarito Salazar.

	Pastor
	Sunday School 9:45
	Morning Worship 11:00
	Evening Worship 7:30
	Men's Fellowship Tuesday
	Evening
	W.M.C. Thursday 8:00
1	Christ's Ambassadors Satur-
	day Evening 7:30

WEST COLLEGE **CHURCH OF CHRIST**

LATIN AMERICAN Mickey Munoz, Pastor



pound of fertile garden soil may contain as many llion bacteria.



evenson's "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" was based on the al-life William Brodie who was a respected businessman day and leader of a gang of robbers at night. **TEMPLO BAUTISTA** SALEM

Sunday School 9:45 Worship Service..... 11:00 Christian Training Time.... Evening Worship 6:00 Wednesday Prayer Meeting & Choir Practice 7:30

AIKEN BAPTIST CHURCH Bill Sessom, Pastor Morning Worship 11:00 Training Union 6:00 Evening Worship 7:00 Prayer Service Wed. . . 7:30 Brotherhood, W.M.U. And Auxiliary Wednesday . 7:30

SAN JOSE CATHOLIC CHURCH Father Richard Thomas Casey Sunday Morning Mass 8:30 Saturday Evening . . .8:30 Wednesday Evening ... 8:30 Each Service Preceded By Confessions Baptism - 1st Sunday of the Sunday of month at . .3 p.m.

Electrical Irrigation Installation

Davis Lumber Company Lumber and Building Supplies

> The Longhorn Inn The Glen Cooper Family

Jackson Tire Company Shamrock Products - National Tire

Moore-Rose Funeral Home Phone 652-2211

> Lockney Lumber & Supply We Appreciate Your Business

This Inspirational Message Sponsored By The Following

Brown's Department Store Plains Electric Ready-to-wear-Quality Cleaning

> **Baccus Motor Company** "Where To Buy Them"

> > **Byrd Pharmacy** Fred D. Byrd, Pharmacist

Consumers Fuel Association Everything For The Farmers

Patterson Grain Company Lockney

Schacht Jewelry & Floral "It's Our Pleasure To Serve You"

Lockney Beacon

Your Hometown Newspaper

West College And Third Frank Duckworth. Evangelist Sunday Morning Worship Services 10:30 Sunday Evening Worship Wednesday Evening Prayer

LONE STAR BAPTIST CHURCH

Frank Lorillard Jr., Pastor

Sunday School	0:00
	1:00
Bible Study	5:00
Evening Worship	6:00
Prayer Service	
Wednesday Evening	6:30
Brotherhood Breakfast,	
First Saturday	7:00
r iist Saturday	

CEDAR HILL BAPTIST CHURCH Sunday School 10:00 Morning Worship 11:00 Evening Worship 6:30 Prayer Service Wednesday

Sun-Vue Fertilizers Your Smith-Douglas Dealer

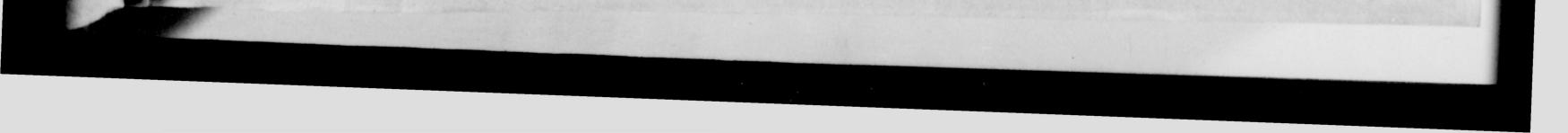
Page's Thriftway Friendly Service Every Day of the Week

Dan's Auto Service Repair Specialists

Perry Implement Company Lockney's John Deere Dealer

Lockney Co-Op Gin

& Elevator Serving Yourself thru Ownership





Farmers Present12-Point Program

By IRA PERRY

Avalanche-Journal Staff WHILE CHASTISING the Carter adinistration for dragging its feet, Amerin Agriculture Movement farmers rallyin Lubbock Thursday unveiled their in proposed 12-point plan designed to ing market prices to 100 percent parity vels.

Amarillo agribusinessman Don Kim-Il presented the proposal he said was afted by representatives of 44 states eeting in Omaha, Neb., last week, to ore than 3,000 area farmers, bankers d businessmen gathered in Lubbock's air Park Coliseum.

The plan, Kimball said, will be taken to shington when striking farmers move air "National Paritycade" there idnesday for presentation to represent-

res of the Carter administration. o far, however, strike leaders only be been able to arrange meetings durthe week with an assistant secretary agriculture.

Limball, in his address to the Lubbock wd, urged Carter, Secretary of Agriture Bob Bergland and the Congress arrange sessions where farm leaders present their plan. according to Kimball, the farmers will

Laws making it illegal for anyone to sell or trade any agricultural prodat a price less than 100 per cent of ity as determined by the U.S. Departat of Agriculture.

Total abstinence by the United s government from buying or selling agricultural product except for its use or unless government purchases made on the open market on the basis as any other trade or business. Consolidation of all federal departts with functions dealing with agriaral products under a special adminive commission whose members Id be agricultural producers elected their peers to represent farmers of or commodi Storage Plan Wanted stablishment of price provisions to or the cost and storage of agriculturintil they can be used. For

products requiring lengthy storage, the market price would be set at 95 per cent of parity and then be adjusted at 1 per cent per month for one year to pay for costs, according to the proposal

costs, according to the proposal. — All perishable or immediately processed agricultural goods be priced at 100 per cent of parity.

- Provisions to be made for the long range production of items such as timber that would take into consideration such factors as the long term use of the land, labor and taxes.

 Permission to negotiate the price for quality products on a marketing and supply basis where agricultural producers would organize their own marketing structures.

- A ceiling price of 115 per cent of parity on agricultural products at the producer level to protect the consumer against excessive price manipulation.

— Unrestrained planting of any crop item guided only by USDA need projections. Farmers would be issued marketing certificates based on the anticipated production and needs of the nation proportionally to their history of crop production to assure every producer the opportunity to market a fair share of the market's needs.

 Laws making goods produced above domestic and export needs the sole property and responsibility of the producer.
Establishment of the United States

- Establishment of the United States parity level as the world price level in all trade transactions with other countries. Under this provision, agricultural products imported would not be allowed to enter the country for less than 110 per cent of the American established market prices. Tariffs from imports would be placed in a credit hold for exporting countries to purchase American goods at American prices. All imported goods would be labeled imported until purchased by the consumer.

- Enlargement of the federal minimum wage law to cover farm laborers, swered questions ranging from why Farm Bureaus across the nation have not supported the movement to when and how the proposal would be submitted. Most of his remarks, however, chas-

Most of his remarks, however, chastised Bergland and Carter for not addressing themselves to the farm problem before. His comments drew rounds of heavy applause that frequently interrupted his speech for several minutes at a time.

"To be a farmer most of your life and to imply ignorance to the farm problem while you serve this nation as Secretary of Agriculture is a disgrace no farmer in this nation will tolerate," Kimball said. Lubbock National Bank Assistant Vice President Johnny Lutrick also spoke to the farmers, telling them, "There has been no extra attempt to lower the inventories of our market. The farmer has done too good a job is what it amounts to, and now it is up to the officials to fulfill their obligation and produce more market demand for our commodities." Some area farmers will begin leaving Saturday for Washington, D.C., as part of the national protest of low farm prices.

FROSTY FORES There is frost upon the pumpkin And blight upon the vine. There's a crimson nose and cherry

On the husband which is mine.

But there's action on the golf course Though feet are cold and wet. Winter holds no fear for one Who may break a hundred yet.

GOOD NEWS: Someone in Detroit has developed a car that gets 70 miles to the gallon. Had news: It runs on coffee. FLOYD COUNTY AG-INFORMATION DAY Monday January 23, 1978 MASSIE ACTIVITY CENTER 9:00 - 9:20 a.m. - REGISTRATION & COFFEE

9:20 - 9:30 a.m. - INTRODUCTIONS

9:30 -10:15 a.m. - BUDGETS (Corn vs Grain vs Cotton) Marvin Sartin Area Econom

10:15 -10:45 a.m. - COTTON VARIETIES FOR PROFIT

10:45 -11:40 a.m. - HARD TO CONTROL WEEDS

11:40 -12:00 noon - QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

12:00 - 1:00 p.m. - CHILI LUNCH

12:45 - 1:00 p.m. - PRESENTATION OF OUTSTANDING AGRI-BUSINESS

1:00 - 1:30 p.m. - COTTON MODULING

Floy

1:30 - 2:00 p.m. - SPRINKLER INSTALLATION & USE

2:00 - 2:30 p.m. - PEST MANAGEMENT

2:30 - 2:50 p.m. - COFFEE BREAK

Floydada, Texas

Craig Edwards Chairman-Floyd County Program Building Committee

Area Economist-Management TAEX- Lubbock

Dr. James Supak Area Agronomist-Cotton TAEX-Lubbock

Dr. Zoel Daughtrey Area Agronomist TAEX-Lubbock

Laron Fulton Floyd County Producer Marvin Sartin Area Economist Management TAEX-Lubbock

James Hinton Floyd County Producer

Dr. Jim Leser Area Entomologist TAEX-Lubbock

with the minimum wage set at the same price level as 100 per cent parity for a bushel of corn. Kimball explained the proposals to the crowd in a 30-minute speech and then an-

THE OLDER A MAN gets, the farther he had to walk to school as a boy.

2:50 - 3:30 p.m. - COTTON PROFIT & FARM LEGISLATION Doyle G. Warren County Extension Agent Floyd County

Sponsored by Floyd County Program Building Committee & Crops Sub-Committee

Educational programs conducted by the Texas Agricultural Extension Service serve people of all ages regardless of socio-economic levels, race, color, sex, religion or national origin.



Your Independent Insurance Agents

WILL BE CLOSED MONDAY, JANUARY 16

IN OBSERVANCE OF

FLOYDADA AMERICAN AGRICULTURE DAY

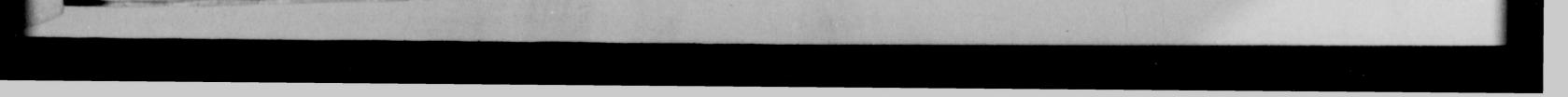
*** BAKER INSURANCE**

★ FLOYDADA REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE AGENCY

GOEN AND GOEN INSURANCE

★ HALE IN SURANCE AGENCY

***** WILLIAMS INSURANCE - REAL ESTATE AGENCY



Trade Boards Edgy Over Grain-Buying Threat By Farmers

United Press Internation1 HICAGO and Kansas Trade are edgy about farmers' plans to ain prics up to 100 percent parity ng large commodities purchases, ican Agriculture spokesman said

Kerr said farmers can purchase ops through the boards for less cost of production. He said armers decided to plow their inder and instead purchase the om the markets at the going

is, they don't have enough grain the increased demand and you the price is going to rise when we and delivery," he said. "The say they have a lot of new customnly and are getting worried." ding to Kerr, the resulting de-

and lack of supply will force grain until they hit 100 percent parie amount it costs farmers to grow

High Costs Cited

"And then it will be worthwhile to row again, instead of harvesting this op," said the wheat and milo "You can't even break even now costs you more than \$5 to grow a shel and they will only pay you \$2.45 or

The move to achieve 100 percent parity via the commodities market reflects a sophistication in the grass roots nt. However, Kerr said the farmers have not shifted their demand and more farmers are joining each day.

An estimated 500 strike offices have been set up around the country, compared to 200 when the strike was called Dec. 14. He said produce growers in California and Florida have been slow to join, but are starting to come around.

Spreading South In Texas In Texas, organizers said meetings are planned for today in the lower Rio Grande Valley to spread the movement into south Texas where farmers in the plush vegetable-citrus growing valley have ignored the movement.

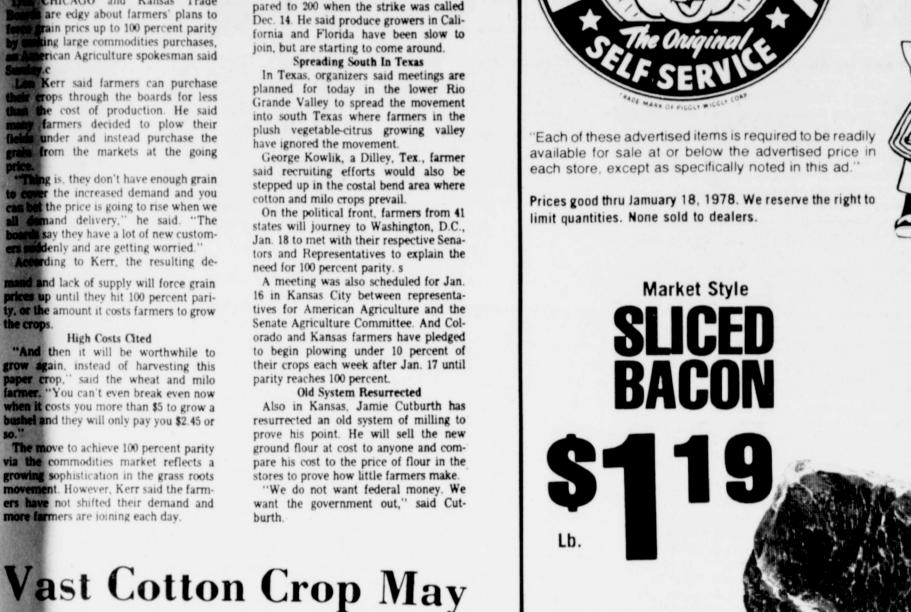
George Kowlik, a Dilley, Tex., farmer said recruiting efforts would also be stepped up in the costal bend area where cotton and milo crops prevail.

On the political front, farmers from 41 states will journey to Washington, D.C., Jan. 18 to met with their respective Senators and Representatives to explain the need for 100 percent parity. s

A meeting was also scheduled for Jan. 16 in Kansas City between representatives for American Agriculture and the Senate Agriculture Committee. And Colorado and Kansas farmers have pledged to begin plowing under 10 percent of their crops each week after Jan. 17 until parity reaches 100 percent.

Old System Resurrected

Also in Kansas, Jamie Cutburth has resurrected an old system of milling to prove his point. He will sell the new ground flour at cost to anyone and compare his cost to the price of flour in the stores to prove how little farmers make. "We do not want federal money. We want the government out," said Cutburth





WASHINGTON (AP) - With producon up 71 percent in Texas and Oklahomthe 1977 cotton crop is expected to total 14.5 million bales, 37 percent above on and 1 percent more than foreast in December, the Agriculture Dent said Monday.

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Foreshadow Low Price

Expected average yields, with harvests nearly complete in all areas, were put at 525 pounds an acre, an increase of almost 13 percent.

The Texas-Oklahoma crop was pegged at 5.9 million bales.

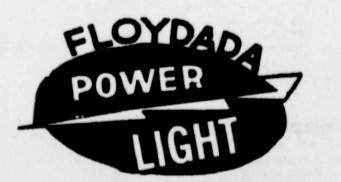
In the Mississippi Delta states, the 3.9million-bale crop is 34 percent greater

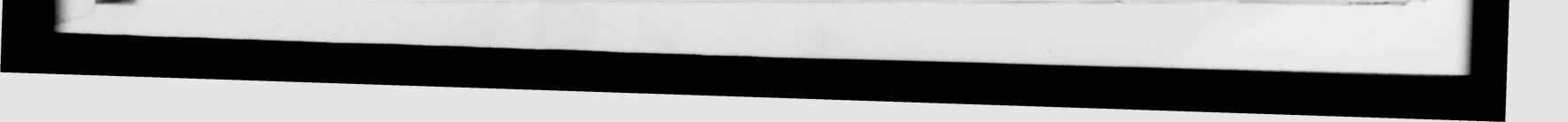
Sunday, January 15, 1978 Page 9



With electric heat you stay comfortable throughout the heating season. Thermostatic controls automatically hold housing temperature to the evel you select. This means that your home is warm enough on coldest winter days . . . never too warm on mildest fall and spring days. With electric heat your comfort comes easily . . . no fuel to order . . . no fires to start ...; no ashes to remove.

There are many types of electric heat for you to choose from: electric furnace, baseboard, ceiling cable and the amazing heat pump that heats and cools in one efficient unit. One of these electric heating systems will it your building or remodeling plans.







AMERICAN AGRICULTURE DONATION ... David Turbeville (center) of Boot Hill Western Store hands over a check for \$400, made out to American Agriculture, a donation from the Lockney store to send representatives from this area to Washington, D.C.to participate in the American Agriculture movement. Accepting the check are Keith Stansell (left) and Omar Burleson. Floyd County representatives were to leave Amarillo Saturday afternoon, joining a caravan which started in Los Angeles, bound for the nation's capital. (Advertisement)



and son David of Lubbock visited Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hal Thomas. In the afternoon they visited Miss Meredith.

Amarillo spent Saturday night with Mrs. Fred Battey, and they attended the wedding of Karen Alldredge and Tommy Klein at the First Baptist Church. Congratulations to this fine young couple. Mr. and Mrs. Joe Conway

arrived last Tuesday from California where they spent the holidays visiting their daughter. They came by Floydada for a short visit with her parents, the Claud

Mrs. Leonard Smith visited Miss Vera Meredith Monday. Mrs. Meredith spent some of the holidays in Dallas visiting her daughter and family.

Monday.

Joe Peck is in Caprock Hospital recovering from surgery performed last Friday

Page 4

The last of the Marion

Mrs. J.C. Odam visited

Mrs. Elmer Warren spent

Sunday Mr. and Mrs. Irv-

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas

Mrs. Ethel Warren visited

Mrs. C.M. Meredith and

Mrs. Ava Jackson awhile

attending a Conference.

Mrs. Clarence Foster is a patient in Caprock Hospital. J.B. Grunday is seriously ill in Methodist Hospital. All these good people need our prayers.

Mrs. Cecil Pope called at Mrs. Green's this morning.

Sunday, January 15, 1978

Floyd County 4-H'ers placed well at the Sandhills Jr. Hereford show at Odessa

Susan Hendrix showed a last week. fifth place lamb with Jodie Smith also placing a lamb in the sale. Susan's lamb sold for \$1.65 a pound with Jodie's selling for \$1.35 a pound.

Jon Jones and Byron Brock placed their steers in tough competition. Tom Ross, Mitch Ross and Kyle Brock also showed their steers

Kyle Brock and Byron Brock both won their respective heifer classes. Mr. and Mrs. Byron Brock, Mr. and Mrs. Travis

Jones, Bob Ross and Floyd County ACEA, Birch Lobban accompanied the 4-H members during the week long activities.

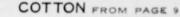
These young people and their parents represent the quality of the people residing in Floyd County and are to be commended for their hard work and cooperative spirit.

DUSTY RHODES COMING TO FLOYDADA

DUSTY RHODES, candidate for U.S. Congress, will be in Floydada, Wednesday, January 18, to meet with residents of this area.

He will be speaking to several groups that day, and has a meeting scheduled especially with farmers at 3:00 o'clock p.m. at the Massie Activity Center. All interested persons are invited to attend.

Rhodes, from Abilene, is a Democrat seeking to replace Congressman Omar Burleson, who is retiring at the end of this term.

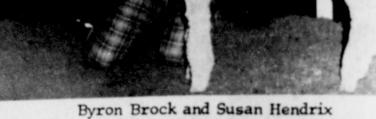


Georgia, Alabama and the Carolinas. At the end of last season, only 2.9 million bales of cotton were carried over in reserve, compared to 3.7 million the year before and 5.7 million two years earlier, helping boost prices and encourage planting

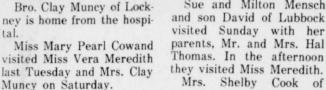
Foreign demand for the fiber helped the market last year, a recent depart-



SAND HILLS HEREFORD AN OIL CRHORSE SHOW and and and ices up . or the ices of the crops.



WASH n up 1 14.5 st sea artme



All Water Damaged Merch andise On Sale For

WATER DAMAGE

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¹/₂ **PRICE**

-PLUS-**OUR JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE CONTINUES**

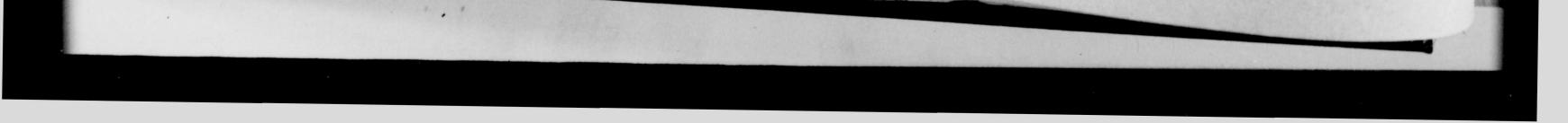
With Special Reductions On

2- RCA 1977 COLOR CONSOLE Televisions 1- Gold Set Whirlpool & Dryer 1-Gold Side By Side Whirlpool **Refrigerator/ Freezer 1-Whirlpool Trash Compactor** All Whiting & Davis Jewelry 20% OFF All Other JEWELRY 40% a OFF

Plus Many Other Items Too NumerousTo Mention!!!

MIZE PHARMACY & TV No. Main St. Lockney, TX





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Vast Cotton Crop May Foreshadow Low Price

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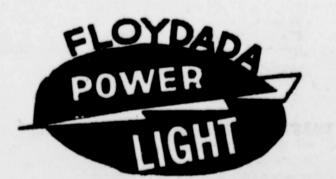
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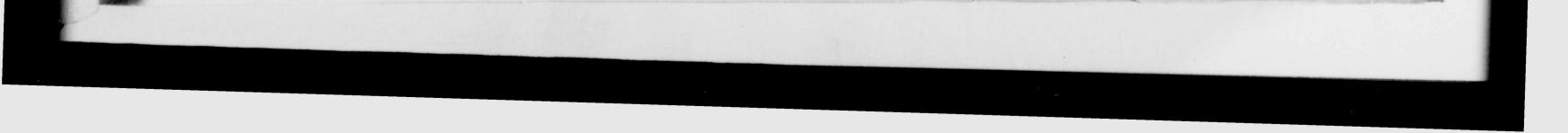
Sunday, January 15, 1978 Page 9



With electric heat you stay comfortable throughout the heating season. Thermostatic controls automatically hold housing temperature to the evel you select. This means that your home is warm enough on coldest winter days . . . never too warm on mildest fall and spring days. With electric heat your comfort comes easily . . . no fuel to order . . . no fires to start ... , no ashes to remove.

 There are many types of electric heat for you to choose from: electric furnace, baseboard, ceiling cable and the amazing heat pump that heats and cools in one efficient unit. One of these electric heating systems will fit your building or remodeling plans.





Sunday, January 15, 1978 Page 10

The Lockney Beacon

An Editorial Free Market, Love It Or Leave It

By Wm. S. McNamee, Publisher

We, at The FARM PRESS PUBLICATIONS, have held back on making a major editorial statement on the current enormous farm problem, not because we are not in sympathy with the plight of the protesting farmers, but because we could see no point to saying anything unless we had at least a proposed solution. At each protest meeting, and we believe that these

protests are an excellent way to call consumer attention to this incredibly severe national problem...the problem would be outlined very simply ... too much cost and too little income.

Then an array of politicians would get up and each blame it on his favorite prejudice, make some stirring remarks about motherhood and apple ple, get a round

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of applause, and sit down. Writing in our FARM PRESS PUBLICATION issues the last week in September, 1976 we said: "We believe that the thing that our readers like most about the current law (most farmers were worried then that Carter, if elected would do away with the "free market" that they were so pleased with at that time), is the unlimited planting feature and Carter does NOT plan to change that although he has been widely misquoted by some columnists as wanting farmers to return to "growing for the loan." He has made it abundantly clear that this is not his

Intention." "We, too, (continuing our own quote of September, 1976) at The FARM PRESS PUBLICATIONS support this approach to farm policy (with increased, but realistic target prices and loan levels) at this time, but with a great deal less enthusiasm than some of our good friends. We believe that honest disagreement is healthy. We happen to believe that this "free market" approach has benefitted tremendously from some very lucky and coincidental things such as bad crops in this country and a very unrellable Russian export market. We easily can look toward a short term future when we have bumper crops in this country (maybe even a bumper cotton crop finally) and bumper crops in the Soviet Union that would break "free market" prices to the extent that they would then be well below the cost of production."

"Sure, it seems great now to be able to plant formerly controlled crops, such as cotton, "wall to wall" and get 75 cents per pound for it, but what happens If we stop having crop failures (and this seems to us as a kinda tough way to get high prices) and the price drops below the cost of production? How's the "free market" going to look then?" (End quote.)

market price is lower than the loan at the end of a preset time limit, say 12 or 18 months, you let the CCC take possession of it at which time they (not the farmer) seil it at the world market price, thereby reducing CCC losses by the difference between the loan rate and the world market price. In the past this did not prove to be an extremely costly program for the government and was palatable to the rest of the population. It came under fire when the State Department stopped us from moving the cotton into overseas markets (dumping, if you will) and we built up the well-publicized 15 million bale surplus which then "overhung" the market causing the whole loan program to fall into disrepute. Soon after that we went into direct payments which everyone knew soon would be followed by limitations on payments, and they were.

So we do not advocate any form of direct payments, by that name or by target prices, or any other. Just a loan, but one high enough to allow farmers to continue to farm and have some assurance that they can market their products at a profit IF they do a good job of farming, producing good yields and holding their costs down as low as inflated inputs will allow them. In the present atmosphere of actual and impending

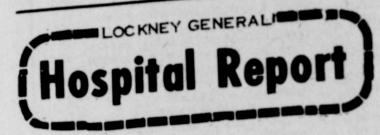
disaster for the entire American agricultural sector (and all those tens of millions of people who depend directly and indirectly upon it) this is an approach that can be obtained and it should be obtained early in the 1978 session of Congress so as to be effective on

That controls and allotments would have to go along 1978 crops. with this program is, of course, unavoidable.

The meat in the coconut is this: American farmers cannot, I repeat for emphasis, cannot, depend for the return of their cost of production, and any profit at all, on the volatile and undependable world market. American agriculture must have some stability. Our cost of living is too high, our production expenses are too high, the people from whom we buy inputs have almost complete control, at the manufacturing level, over their pricing situation while the farmers have absolutely none over theirs. If we are to feed the world it must be done through the U.S. government. Individual farmers, or even their co-ops, cannot do it alone. The free market is a good idea that may some day work, but we can't afford to wait for that day to arrive.

The USDA's Foreign Agricultural Service and Economic Research Service agree that of the free world nations, most, if not all, have some form of subsidized agriculture. Both Canada and Australia set prices and market their grains through a Grain Board. These U. S. government agencies also said that few if any farmers in most countries of the free world concern themselves with world markets. World markets are the concern of the government through one mechanism or another. We must have a permanent, workable farm program now, for 1978 and beyond. The continuous disaster approach that we're currently following is only digging the farmer's hole deeper and deeper. We believe that this business of trying to lend our foreign customers enough money through CCC credits and the Export Import bank to buy U.S. farm products is ridiculous.

GET THEIR LIMIT - Dennis Martin, left, and James Liles found on hunting good near South Plains last Saturday morning as both got their bird limit on the same hunt.



Josephine Smith, Lockney admitted 12-29 dismissed

Eula Thornton, Lockney admitted 12-10 dismissed Mae Bryant, Lockney

admitted 1-3 continues care. Clay Muncy, Lockney admitted 12-25 continues care.

Chester Copelin, Lockney admitted 1-3 continues care. Julia Rodriquez, Plainview admitted 1-3 dismissed

1-6. Ben Van Cleve, Floydada admitted 1-4 continues care. Fred Arnold, Silverton admitted 1-4 dismissed 1-6. Ruthie Duke, Floydada admitted 1-5 dismissed 1-6. C.L. Whitehead, Silverton admitted 1-5 continues care. Michael Crossland, Plainview admitted 1-5 continues

care. Adilia Maldonado, Floydada admitted 1-6. Baby boy

Rosa Borjon, Ralls admitted 1-7. Baby boy Mario born 1-7 dismissed 1-9. Letha Mae Jacob, Quita-

que admitted 1-7 continues care. Varney C. Permenter,

Lockney admitted 1-7 continues care. Doris Casey, Lockney

admitted 1-8 continues care. Lewis B. Roberts, Lockney admitted 1-8 dismissed 1-12.

Helen Huffman, Lockney admitted 1-9 continues care. Julia Rodriquez, Plainview admitted 1-9. Baby boy Jimmie born 1-9 dismissed

1-12. John T. Griffin, Lockney admitted 1-9 continues care. Lisa Younger, Silverton admitted 1-9 dismissed 1-12. Bobbye Howard, Lockney admitted 1-10. Baby boy Billy Joe born 1-10 dismissed

1-12. Janice Waggoner, Aike

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As we stated previously, we wrote this the last in September 1976. We were defending the Carter candidacy on the basis that if the "free market" was what the farmers wanted he certainly would not do away with it, only put in a little more underpinning and that's exactly what was done. But, we, as The FARM PRESS PUBLICATIONS, were saying that we had little faith in the "free market" concept regardless of Carter or Butz or Ford or the Farm Bureau or anyone else. We never trusted it to be in the best in-

terest of farmers and we believe that subsequent events have given validity to our opinion expressed at a time when we stood essentially alone against the "free market" ... and maybe we still do. But we believe that at this particular point in time there are a lot of people within sight of these words who are willing to read another point of view with more than passing interest.

Basically we do not believe, nor have we ever believed, that the farmer can sell his produce on a free market, with his prices wildly fluctuating up and down, while buying his input items on a stable, ef. fectively controlled market, where prices move only

Airight, you say, that's fine, so far you have only outlined the problem and we already know what the problem is, what do you suggest we do about it?

We first have to disabuse ourselves of the things that might be done about it but that cannot, as a matter of practical fact, be done. We can't roll organized labor back to 1910, we can't roll back the minimum wage, we can't break up the business "shared monopolies" that control and fix prices, we can't really do much about the budget deficit. It's pretty obvious that neither Nixon nor Ford nor Carter have been able to do much about inflation, we can't force the middlemen to give up their illgotten gains, we can't abolish the EPA, we can't force U. S. consumers or foreign buyers to give us more for our produce. Oh, we can try, sure, we can strike, we can protest, but it isn't really going to get the job done except to dramatize our problem so that the Congress will do the one thing that feasibly can be done and that must be done and must be done immediately:

Return the American farmer to a high loan program. We, here at The FARM PRESS PUBLICATIONS, have done 3 months research into past farm programs, how we got into them and which ones worked best, and the high loan approach (as long as we had no interference from the State Department) worked best of all. We have talked to hundreds of growers of all crops and acreages. We believe that the loan rate for all inadequately supported commodifies such as corn, soybeans, grain sorghum, wheat, barley, cotton and rice should have a loan rate of the cost of production (including return to land and labor) plus 10 percent. If the soybean growers, who have the best free market prospects, want to be left out that can be done. We believe that target prices should be abolished since any such direct payments are a red flag in the face of U.S. consumers and the loan, and the loan only, should be our protection.

It worked before (until the State Department got Into the act) and it will work again. Let's say the loan rate for cotton, for example, is set at 65 cents per pound. It should be raised from year to year to fit Inflationary costs. If at harvest time the free market price is less than this you put your cotton in the loan, effectively taking it off the market, and you wait for the price to go up. If it goes up you take it out of the

CCC loan paying the government the interest due so that the CCC actually makes money on the deal, and sell your cotton on the open "free" market. If the free

We have held off saying all this since 1973 because ... mainly it seems now ... prices were holding up and we thought, well, maybe, it's an "idea whose time has come." But obviously it has not.

To those who will say "If only we will wait, the world prices will come back up," we say yes, they probably will, they are coming back up somewhat now, but as soon as crops are planted world-wide to take advantage of these possibly improved prices the prices will come plummeting down again. It's a roller coaster. It was always a roller-coaster prior to 1933 so we decided to do something about it and we did for 40 years between 1933 and 1973. In 1973 did someone con us into thinking that this was "an idea whose time had come?" Did we just forget all that went on prior to 1933? Many of our present day farmers are too young to remember 1933. Someone has said that "he who fails to learn by his mistakes is doomed to repeat them." Those who remember must remind those who cannot.

A farmer told me recently that "he never had any really strong philosophical commitment to the free market idea, he just thought he could make more money on it." He went on to say that he had enjoyed about all the "freedom" he could stand right now.

And about "freedom" and the removal of "government interference" ... and we are clearly advocating going back to "government in-terference"... In the 40 years from 1933 to 1973 under Democratic administrations and Republican administrations I, for the life of me, can't remember seeing any farmers going around in chains, or being pistol whipped by ASCS men, or losing their self respect Some very few who had bad land or bad luck or under capitalization or bad weather went broke, but for the most part I remember larger cars, larger homes, Winnebagos, nice vacations, educations for their children and general prosperity.

Sure, you had the government telling you how much cotton or wheat or corn you could plant and you had to fill out some forms, but I put it to you, which do you prefer, all that, or what you've got now?

We realize that this cost of production plus 10 percent approach is only the most basic core of an idea. A tremendous number of details would have to be worked out. But they have been worked out before and they can be again. If some believe we'd never get It passed by an urban-dominated Congress I say don't underestimate your power. Labor doesn't underestimate its power. Business doesn't underestimate its power. Why should farmers underestimate their power?

If this only serves to plaue your interest, if it files in the face of a great deal that you believe to the contrary, we will only say "Cut this editorial out and save it. It may look better and better."

There are a number of segments of our economy who have a vested interest in the free market, such as the commodity exchanges (the more transactions the

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more money they make), and some who believe they have a vested interest in the free market when, as a practical fact, they do not. The latter would include agribusiness who may believe that with a free market more acres will be planted and this means more machinery and chemicals will be sold. This we believe is short sighted. Agribusiness, including The FARM PRESS PUBLICATIONS, cannot prosper in a depressed and unstable U.S. agriculture. If the farmers cannot see a profit coming they are either not going to buy anything, buy the very minimum, or worse still, buy and be unable to pay for it.

Of course, the mills like cheap cotton. Buy cheap, sell high, good business. But in spite of low prices, high prices or middle sized prices the domestic market continues to trend steadily down on balance. We believe that the work of Cotton Incorporated is vitally important and should be continued at least at the present level to help hold what we've got, it nothing more. But if we stimulate domestic demand for cotton they'll pay more and it doesn't seem to help much when we sell cheap anyway. At least the mills would know what they were going to have to pay removing uncertainty that probably costs us more sales than higher prices anyway.

No, the nation's continued prosperity lies in a strong and stable agriculture. Take this away ... and it is being taken away ... and you will have chaos and depression. It's too big, too important and too basic, and if our urban friends think that they are not involved beyond holding down taxes and inflation, they'd better look into the situation more deeply and very quickly. If our own commodity organization leaders and those of the more broadly based organizations, such as the Farm Bureau, the Grange,

the Farmers Union, etc. are waiting patiently for the free market to come back and bale us out, the "bale out" will be temporary if it comes at all.

In the interest of having such a program passed by Congress...If there is any interest in having this done ... we would suggest that the cost of production plus 10 percent description be scrapped. Have informed, fair-minded people arrive at a compromise cost of production, crop by crop, add the 10 percent (more or less if felt advisable) and then speak of it only as a price support loan at one figure without mentioning a profit or plus figure. You cannot guarantee a farmer a profit because of his problems with the weather, insects, poor land and many, many other factors, but it might be misunderstood if pushed as cost of production plus 10 percent. We could sell it as a loan that might cost the government nothing in years of rising prices and only a reasonable amount in years of failing prices. A small price to pay for such an important goal. Much more is being spent for

If it is the country's desire to have our farmers plant enough to feed starving nations and help maintain world markets in others then allotments could be on the generous side to allow for this, but the U. S. government would take the risk not the nation's

They cannot do it. They cannot buy inputs on a fixed or rising market and sell on a continuously fluctuating and totally undependable world market. We need wait no longer, the handwriting is on the wall.

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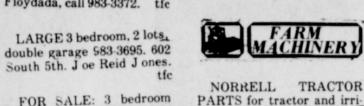
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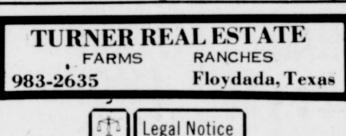


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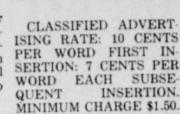
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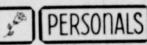
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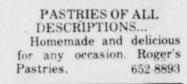


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