

THE RANDALL COUNTY NEWS.

Vol. XIV.

CANYON, RANDALL COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, APRIL 8, 1910.

No. 2

CANYON CITY BIG LOSER BY FIRE

CONFLAGATION WHICH OCCURRED AT AN EARLY HOUR TUESDAY MORNING ENTAILS LOSS OF \$15,000.

Victoria Hotel and Land Offices Burn—Insufficient Water Supply Retards Fighting of Flames—Other Buildings Escape.

Early Tuesday morning the citizens of Canyon were startled by an alarm of fire, it was soon discovered that the large three story frame building occupied by the Victoria Hotel was in the upper portion ablaze, and spread with such rapidity, that when the fire department reached the scene, their efforts was directed to saving adjoining and nearby property, which was ignited from the great heat. The recently completed new home of the First National Bank building worth \$35,000 narrowly escaped destruction, having taken fire several times. The Lair-Cowling Land Co's fine office building across the street east from the Victoria Hotel was one of the first to take fire from the hotel and was almost completely destroyed, it was on this building that the fire company did effective and heroic work, and the fires destructive work was checked on this building, as should it get past this building all of the property east and located on the north side of the square would in a short time be wiped out and the loss would have been heavy. A small cottage north of the hotel was burned together with some smaller wooden sheds.

The fire ladders were handicapped for a few moments before they succeeded in getting in their work but when they did, they worked with a vengeance and the way they had the water a going was a caution, their water supply was taken from a tank near the Rogerston Hotel some 500 feet distant, which was a long lead of hose, but it saved the property and the fire company won praises from all who witnessed their work, it will be remembered this is the first large fire Canyon has ever had and was the first practical test made, and boys you did well.

At the time of the fire scarcely no wind was blowing, had a high wind been blowing at the time it would have been a difficult matter to state what the losses might have been on the north side of the square as all of the buildings are frame.

The loss is estimated at about fifteen thousand dollars with the insurance at half the amount. The burden of the loss is with J. H. Dunbar, proprietor of the Victoria Hotel who we are informed was offered \$12,000 for the property a short time ago. A brief history of the Victoria Hotel will be interesting. The building was built by our respected townsman L. G. Conner who commenced the building February 1891 and was completed, the first meal which was a free dinner was served June 20th 1891, a large number were present, but the great number was not definitely ascertained, as people failed to register, Mr. Conner continued to manage and conduct the hotel until some time in 1893, when he rented the property to L. S. Kingsley, who continued the management for some time when he sold to J. M. VanSant and son who sold to John Hutson, who sold the property to H & C Smith who became proprietors for a while when it was sold to L. T. Lester who disposed of the property to J. H. Dunbar,

who was the owner at the time of the fire April 5th. It will be remembered that Canyon is now installing a water works and when completed will be a great relief to those who are possessed of property within the business district, as water in accessible places is a source of inconvenience, for fire purposes just now.

Condensed Facts About Halley's Comet

The comet first crossed the earth's orbit about March 10th at a point where the earth will arrive at the middle of next October but far above where the earth will be, so to speak, for it will be some 10,000,000 miles above the plane of the ecliptic. In April the comet will emerge from behind the sun, and will become visible to the naked eye in the eastern sky before sunrise.

On April 20th, when the comet will swing around the sun, it will be 57,000,000 miles away from the sun. Its velocity will be 26 miles a second. The earth travels at about 19 miles a second. On May 2nd the comet will traverse the orbit of Venus, some 6,000,000 miles above the planet. In other words an astronomer on Venus would find the comet a far more impressive spectacle than a terrestrial astronomer. As it rushes on, Halley's comet will pass between the earth and sun close to its ascending node. On May 18th the earth will be about 13,000,000 miles away from the nucleus or head, as against 5,000,000 miles in 1835. Moreover, on May 18th the earth will be developed in the comet's tail for a few hours. A few days later the comet will be visible in the western sky after sunset with a 15 deg. or 20 deg. splendor. After that it will speed away from the solar system. The last glimpse of it with the naked eye will be obtained probably at the end of June. It will not reappear for seventy-five years.

Halley's comet is noteworthy because it was the first comet for which an orbit was plotted and a time table calculated. It has a history more or less identified with history of human thought and civilization. The superstitions dread with which it was regarded in medieval and ancient times swayed many a monarch. It was instrumental in forming the policies of Louis le Debonnaire in 837. It blazed in the sky when the Turks threatened to overrun Europe in 1456 and when the Reformation was at its height in 1531. It struck terror to the Saxons under Harold in 1066, when they were conquered by William of Normandy. This fear of the middle ages was dispelled only when Halley made his great prediction in 1682 that the comet would return in 1758, a prediction which was verified after the great astronomer was in his grave.

A comet which has reappeared regularly for over two thousand years must be composed of fairly enduring stuff. Just what its composition may be, the present reappearance will for the first time enable us to tell, for in 1835 the spectroscope was not invented, nor astronomical photography perfected.

Tall Building for Texas

What will be the tallest building in the state of Texas and possibly the entire South will in the near future be built by Edward Rand of San Antonio on property, facing Main avenue, Huston, Soledad and Veramendi streets. The structure will be 16 stories high, of steel and concrete construction, and will be used for office purposes.

Range Fires do Not Exterminate Fever Tick

Contrary to a widespread belief the U. S. department of Agriculture does not consider the burning over of National Forest lands as an effective means of dealing with the cattle tick and the dreaded fever which it spreads. This is set forth by Secretary Wilson in the following passages of a recent letter to Representative Floyd, of the Third Arkansas district.

"I have just received a communication from Dr. Cooper Curtice, Veterinary Inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry of this department, setting forth certain opinions respecting the burning of forests and ranges to destroy ticks which infest cattle and transmit disease, in which the department fully concurs. Dr. Curtice has had many years experience with the department, is one of the original investigators of the fever tick, and has had more experience in this line of work than any other scientist. He has recently made a tour through northern Arkansas and investigated the conditions which exist in that locality, and his observations are therefore quite pertinent to the question of conflict in the policies of the Bureau of Animal Industry and the Forest Service. The observations of Dr. Curtice are, in effect as follows:

It is true that at certain times of the year burning the grass on an enclosed field may remove the ticks wherever the fire travels, but even then many places remain unburned and the owner depends on the fire for eradication and consequently fails. At meetings of cattle men and others I have been speaking against the practice of burning over the forest ground and have held that no work would be saved in the process of eradication because the cattle should necessarily be treated according to some one of the methods specified in Farmers' Bulletin No. 358 (Methods of Exterminating the Fever Tick), in order to secure perfect results. It is necessary to remember in this connection that there are many unburned places, especially around the dwellings, barn and other places where cattle lie.

Whenever the grass is repeatedly burned, the roots become eventually destroyed, the sweeter grasses give way to the more resistant and finally the latter perish. Not only does fire destroy the scanty sod but in removing the leaves at a protective covering the hot sun of summer is permitted to dry the soil to a crust and continues the devastation. The best grass I saw was in a place where the young growth was at least three years old. In so far as tick eradication is concerned, it seems to me an injustice that the necessities of the work should be quoted as being opposed to the needs of the Forest Service. Firing the leaves has not eradicated ticks, although followed for years. Instead of being beneficial in the forest, it has killed out the grass and even the new growth of trees, which so often furnish in spring the only source of nourishment, the buds upon which the cattle may browse while the scanty herbage grows.

I have steadily advised that pastures, meadows and growing crops be provided, upon which the cattle could be held and fed the year round, and thus the need for using the range be obviated, and the farmer by securing control of the feeding and breeding factors, be able to raise better cattle for the market. Under present conditions the mountain farmers are sav-

ing no manure, making small crops, and are raising a very poor quality of cattle and hogs. By attending to better cultivation, diversified crops, and feeding stock on the farm, and abandoning the prejudicial burning of the woods and range, they can raise a very high quality of live stock and acquire a better money crop than they have heretofore held.

From my observations and conversations with the farmers of the Ozark Forest, on my recent trip, I am led to believe that they will take up tick eradication as soon as they can raise the necessary money. The Legislature meets in 1911 and they will then ask for a new Five-Cent District in addition to State funds.

Building the Huge Concrete Locks at Panama

The locks at Gatun, Panama will pass vessels up or down between the level of the lake which will be formed by the great Gatun dam immediately joining the locks. The total height of 85 feet will be covered in three flights of approximately 28 feet each. In order to provide ample accommodation for future increase in traffic, and also a contingency against total disablement of the locks, they are being built in duplicate. Each lock will be 110 feet wide and will have a usual length of 1,000 feet. To provide against the carrying away of gates and the consequent rush of water out of the lake, the former will be built in duplicate, with a considerable space of water between them, so that if a ship, overrunning, should strike the first gate, the second will remain intact. Also at the entrance to the upper lock, there will be a huge swing bridge which, in the event of the gates being carried away, can be swung across the lock entrance, and a series of horizontal, vertically sliding steel gates lowered down from the bridge, thus effectually shutting off the flow of water. Heavy fender chains will also protect the gates by receiving the first shock of a collision and thus, partially if not altogether, absorbing the momentum.

But the present story is concerned with the methods which have been adopted for building this huge monolithic, or unjointed, mass of artificial masonry, into the construction of which will enter about four million cubic yards of concrete. In general, the locks may be described as consisting of a floor, 400 feet by 3,500 feet in area, and of 20 feet maximum thickness of two side walls, 50 feet in thickness at their lowest part, and of a central dividing wall, 60 feet thick. The clear height of these walls from the floor of the dock to the coping is 68 to 96 feet. The inner faces forming the sides of the lock are vertical. The outer faces are built on an incline and are stepped, the horizontal thickness increasing with the depth of water in order to resist the lateral pressures. For emptying and filling the locks a series of transverse culverts, formed in the floor, lead to large longitudinal culverts in the base of the walls and latter ranging in diameter from a minimum of 18 to maximum of 22 feet, the size varying according to the number of side culverts that are served. Now it can readily be understood that the cost of a work of this kind, involving the handling of 4,000,000 cubic yards of material, depends very largely upon the amount of labor is the principal item, and hence much thought has been given to the design of the appliances for handling the concrete and huge "forms" (temporary inclosing

walls) within which the concrete is deposited. At the Gatun locks the sand and stone are deposited from cars in a stock pile running parallel with the lock site. On either bank above the huge excavation in which the locks are being built are a series of lofty steel towers between which are strung heavy, steel cables, by which the buckets containing the materials are transported. The concrete is picked up by these cables, run over the excavation and lowered at the desired point.

The first part of the concrete work consisted in the laying of the huge slab of concrete, 892 feet wide and nearly 4,000 feet long, with a maximum thickness of 20 feet, which forms the locks. During the construction of this floor, care was taken to provide circular transverse conduits with vertical openings through the floor, which led alternately to opposite side walls, there to connect with the main longitudinal, emptying and filling conduits. The next task was to erect the side walls; and it is this interesting work which is shown so clearly in this description. —Scientific American.

Hereford Preparing Location for Court House

The Recorder states men are busily engaged taking the foundation out from under the old court house preparatory to putting the trucks under and carting off to the lots just across the street north, recently purchased by the county from C. S. Richards. The foreman for the Falls City Construction Co., which has the contract for building the new court house, is here on the grounds and is getting everything in readiness. The county clerk's office has been moved to the county jail.

A further purusal of the plans and specifications of Hereford's \$125,000 court house, will occupy a ground space of 126.3x128.2 feet, to be excavated for a basement which will be devoted to county exhibits of all kinds, closets, toilets and other rooms for storage purposes. The county court room and offices occupy the first floor, the second floor is being devoted to the uses of the circuit court and quarter for the officers all nicely and conveniently arranged, besides a library on the third floor there will be suitable sleeping quarters for the jury, also there will be a gallery from which to view the proceedings of the court.

An Eruption of Etna

On March 24th the Sicilian volcano Etna began to erupt. The lava united in a vast stream 24 feet high and 1,200 feet wide and at the time of going to press was threatening the destruction of Belpasso and Borello.

The lava devastated large tracts of cultivated lands, such as vineyards and orchards, and has wrought havoc in the woods. The village of Nidojo, near Nicolosi, has been covered completely, and many huts and farm houses have been destroyed.

Entertains Merry Matrons.

Mrs. C. N. Herrison, at her beautiful home on West Cedar Street, was the hostess for the Merry Matrons' Club last Thursday afternoon.

After an interesting game of 42, delightful refreshments consisting of banana salad, sandwiches and tea were served. There was in attendance outside of the Club members, Miss Young of Mineral Wells.

O. E. Cannon spent several days transacting business at Happy the fore part of the week.

Our Telephone Service Needs Revising

The service that the North-west Telephone Co. is giving this locality is getting fierce, this office is paying into this corporation about three dollars a month and getting about three cents worth of service in return for their money; when it takes an hour to get a call in to Amarillo and an automobile can make the trip in forty minutes, the public can easily see where the service is. The operators in this city is all that can be desired but the Amarillo annex is where the revision is needed most, right at the door of the administration, where we might expect the best service possible under existing conditions, and what are the results of the service? It simply is nothing but an insulting reply to an urgent call, by the operator at Amarillo, a fire was raging an important message was wanting to be sent and the central operator saw to hold up the service and to such time as would suit their convenience and when that time did arrive the property was all consumed, now if this service it is very poor to say the least.

With the experience that we have of late we sometimes wonder if the central really understood their duty, and it may not be amiss if we should point some of the cardinal principals that constitute a good and efficient service. In every use of the telephone system three human factors are brought into action, one at each end, one or both anxious and probably impatient, the one at central office, as nearly a machine as possible, a supposed trained expert with at least as much intelligence and reliability as the best stenographers, typewriters. This central office factor is a personal servant for the time of the factors at the end and is entitled to the same consideration as that is given to their own personal staff.

Perfect service depends on the perfect co-ordinate action of all of these factors, any one failing, the service fails. This should not be forgotten. All attempts so far to eliminate the personal factor of the central office, to make a machine, have failed in systems of any extent. There are many times when, at the central office, action should be guided by intelligence, and it is absolutely necessary. At the central office in Amarillo this absolute necessary intelligence seemed a lost art when they refused to make the service operative, even made the abusive talk, that if we told them what we wanted to say to the party we wanted, we would have the service we paid for and not until we submitted to their request of revealing our conversation to the operator first would the service be granted, now if this is not a peculiar circumstance for the public to get into with nothing to sell but "Simply Service" it is time that their policy was revised.

Mme. Leaves Tonight

The Yaw party, consisting of Madame Yaw, Miss Marguerite De Armond, Vere Goldwaite, and Jay Plowe will leave at 11 o'clock tonight for Pueblo, where Mme Yaw will sing tomorrow night. Mme. Yaw perferred to spend Sunday in Amarillo instead of Pueblo, hence the party did not leave last night.

An auto ride has been arranged for them this afternoon and they will spend the balance of the day in rest.—Amarillo News.

J. M. Redfearn of Plainview made a brief visit with Canyon friends between trains Monday.

Your Supplies

are matters that interest you very much just at this time. We are in a position to offer you some exceedingly low prices in the lines of goods which we handle. Our expenses at Umbarger are small and we can therefore sell on a closer margin than other people.

Dry Goods

Particular attention is called to the prices on our dry goods, wearing apparel. They are well worth investigating.

Groceries

Our good stock of things to eat, bought at the right time and at low prices, gives us an opportunity to save you money which you musn't miss.

Hardware

If you are in need of anything in this line let us show you our line and name the price. You will buy.

It is our intention to keep what you need and sell it at a low price. Come to see us.

**Paul M. Will
Umbarger, Texas.**



The Careful Business Man

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—AN ABSTRACT—

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We have some nice lots 50x140 feet in one half block of the Normal Campus for \$250.00 each. Peeler Real Estate Co.

Miss H. E. Hughes of Amarillo was in Canyon Monday.

I. N. Bates made a business trip to Amarillo, Tuesday.

J. O. Brandeubaugh of Happy was in Canyon, Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Brown went to Amarillo, Tuesday.

L. D. Guinns of Rusk, Texas was a business visitor in Canyon, Monday.

Have you tried that Perfection Toilet Cream at the City Pharmacy 50tf

E. S. Edwards M. D. of Paris, Texas, was a Sunday visitor in Canyon.

Miss Nell Johnson of Happy is spending the week with Miss Winna Brown.

Mrs. McReeves went to Amarillo, Monday to attend the cattle-man's convention.

If you are wanting choice residence lots near the Normal, call on Peeler Real Estate Co.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Rusk went to Amarillo, Tuesday to take in the convention.

If quality and price cuts any figure, we are sure to please you. Fulton Lumber Co

W. S. Keiser and family went to Amarillo, Wednesday by auto to attend the convention.

W. Seago of Amarillo, Texas, was in Canyon, Thursday looking after some business matters.

Thank you for telling me how good that Perfection Toilet cream is at the City Pharmacy. 50tf

Sam Snyder of Shannon, Iowa arrived in Canyon, Thursday and expects to visit a short time.

J. M. Evans of Creston, Iowa, arrived in Canyon, Thursday and expect to remain a few days.

Give me your fire insurance. I will take good care of your interests. T. P. Turk. 49-4t

Mr. Everett Peeler went to Hereford, Monday to assist in the Hereford-Clovis ball game.

S. A. Howell of Creston, Iowa was looking up some business matters in Canyon, Thursday.

Lawrence Lillard, L. J. Sherman and wife of Friona, were visitors in Canyon, Wednesday.

Before building call on or see W. H. Ring, Contractor and builder, Office at the old Foster blacksmith shop. tf

Judge Tomlinson of Tulia was in Canyon, Thursday enroute to attend the Convention in Amarillo this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lem Scroggins returned to their home in Happy Tuesday after a short visit with Canyon friends.

F. L. Brown, J. Meredith of Hale Center, and J. J. Bromly of Plainview were over Sunday guests of E. A. Ackley

Canyon Lumber Company, the home of Southern Long Leaf Yellow Pine, the place of low prices, fair and courteous treatment.

Rev. C. Weigand of Umbarger was a social caller at the News office Monday, we are glad to have him call.

Canyon City Election.

The city election held Tuesday of this week, while superficially seemed rather quiet some deep laid plans were being worked and in a quite unassuming way were carried out. There was no brass band indulged in, but lots of scheming being done and with as little noise as possible. The number of votes cast was unusually light with the following results:—

For Mayor, C. V. Woolley, 86; Geo. A. Brandon, 83.

For Councilmen
Ward 1. Service, 91; Upfold, 78.

Ward 2. (Full Term) Guthrie, 67; Foster, 61; Black, 56. Short Term; Stewart, 70; Winkleman, 40; Wirt, 57; Harbison, 15.

Ward 3. Ingham, 109.

High School Play April 15.

L. L. Monroe transacted business at Happy, Monday.

C. W. Mann of Happy visited over Sunday with his sister.

Sanders Nelson and son were stopping at the Baltimore, Sunday.

For Sale, seed wheat, barley and spelts, inquire of the Elevator & Coal Co. 52-4f

Everett Noid of Enid, Okla., was a business caller in Canyon, Thursday.

We will have some nice fresh tomatoes today, pineapples and strawberries next week. Dawson Bros. 52-4f

Mrs. J. D. Gamble and J. D. Jr. returned Tuesday from a short visit with friends at Chilli-clotho, Texas.

Fred Geedes and wife of Shannon, Iowa, were in Canyon, Thursday and are stopping at the Hotel Baltimore.

We are headquarters for good things to eat. Phone us when you want good corn-fed beef, pork, all kinds of sausage, cured meats, pickled meats, fish, oysters and all kinds of vegetables obtainable. Dawson Bros. 52tf

B. L. Graves, manager of the Dallas branch for the Ford auto was in Canyon, Thursday, the guest of our local agent, W. E. Groendycke, they brought from Amarillo auto show some fine cars, and if any are thinking of making a purchase it would be well to see these cars, before placing their order for a car.

Mrs. J. Hutson went to Amarillo, Monday.

Victoria Hotel fire photos at Lusby studio.

J. C. Pipkin transacted business in Happy, Monday.

Harry Bruner of Clovis, N. M. was a caller in Canyon Wednesday.

We have a few country cured hams and bacon on hand. Dawson Bros. 52-4f

Mrs. J. W. McDorman went to Amarillo, Monday for a few days visit.

Miss Susan Bechtel came up from Happy, Saturday to visit Canyon friends.

Miss Ella Brunsteter and Dolie Yosselt of Amarillo were in Canyon, Tuesday at the Baltimore.

Mesdames W. S. Keiser, S. L. Ingham, J. W. Inkleman and Moreland went to Umbarger, Tuesday to visit Mrs. Mantz.

J. L. Murphy, Lem Scroggins, Miss Margaret Dixon, Miss Randolph Carter, of Happy were in Canyon attending the funeral of Mrs. Jessie Lester nee June, Thursday.

R. C. Peacock returned home from an extended trip to Kansas City, Mo., and other northern points, he expects to be in Canyon for sometime.

F. P. Gunther arrived in Canyon Thursday, Professor Gunther is instructor of Modern Languages in the West Texas State Normal and the News welcomes him to Canyon.

R. G. Oldham made a business trip to Happy, Monday.

Mrs. J. M. Hobson went to Amarillo, Tuesday to visit her mother.

Canyon Coal & Elevator offer for sale some choice seed wheat, barley and spelts.

D. Lillian Lewis, of San Francisco, Cal., was stopping in Canyon, Thursday.

J. M. Byrnes of Waco, Texas, made a short business call in Canyon, Tuesday.

H. E. Tomlinson of New Market, Iowa was in Canyon, Thursday, looking after some business matters.

Mrs. R. F. Roger and sons of Hereford, Texas who arrived Saturday is visiting at the home of her parents, J. T. Holland for a week.

Brother Callahm of the Tulia Standard made the News office a call Wednesday while enroute with a party who autoed to Amarillo to the Cattleman's Convention which was held this week.

E. H. Griggs, one of Randall county's progressive farmers called at the News office, Monday enroute to Amarillo, which place he went to attend the Cattlemen's convention held in the latter place this week.

Before the News reaches all its readers, the sewerage of Canyon will be all completed. It is said that Canyon City can boast that she has as good a system as there is anywhere in the Panhandle or State.

D. M. Redburn was a visitor at Hereford, Monday.

J. R. Cullum made a business trip to Amarillo, Monday.

W. R. Hager of Chicago was a business caller in Canyon, Wednesday.

If you want to spend a pleasant hour come out to the picture show, only 10c.

Grady Pipkin of Hereford was in Canyon, Thursday calling on old time friends.

Mrs. Tom Dowlen and children went to Amarillo, Monday for a few days visit.

A small fire on last Sunday started in a stack of rough feed on lot near Mr. Harstrom, the damage was small but with the breeze that was blowing, if left unchecked might of been quite a blaze, the cause of fire unknown.

O. D. Whittenburg left at this office last Saturday a common ordinary looking hen's egg, which has created considerable excitement throughout the country. On this egg in plain raised letters is "Rev.—87." and on the opposite side of the egg in the same raised condition is the picture of what is supposed to be Halley's comet the tail of which scientists say will switch around over the earth about the 18th of May. Quite a number of people throughout the country have hunted up their old dusty Bibles since the appearance of this egg and have read the verse in the chapter referred to, and what that verse says is a plenty.— Florence Vidette.



Guarantee

YOU are entitled in buying Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes, to a most positive assurance of your satisfaction. Every dealer in our clothes is authorized to say this to you:

Every garment made by, and bearing the label of Hart Schaffner & Marx, is guaranteed to be of all-wool or wool-and-silk fabrics, with no "mercerized" or other cotton added; thoroughly shrunk before cutting; seams sewed with pure silk thread; tailored in clean, sanitary shops; and free from every defect of material or workmanship.

More than that: The dealer is authorized to say that if the clothes are not right, or not satisfactory, your money will be refunded.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

THE LEADER

Mortuary

Mrs. Jessie Lester, nee June, wife of W. Frank Lester, died at the Baptist Sanitarium in Dallas at 12 o'clock Tuesday, April 5, 1910, to which place she had gone some two weeks ago for her health. It deemed soon after her arrival that an operation was necessary and she was placed in care of the most skillful physicians, who gave her the best attention known to medical science and skill, but she grew gradually weaker until the end.

Funeral services were held from the Baptist church in Canyon, Thursday afternoon at 4:15 o'clock conducted by Rev. J. M. Harder assisted by Rev. R. F. Jenkins of Amarillo, who preached the funeral sermon. The lateness of the hour selected for the services, was to let her many dear friends from Happy attend. A large concourse of friends and relatives were present, the house was overflowing. Interment at Dreamland Cemetery at Canyon.

Miss Jessie June was born at Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, October, 11, 1886. Her parents G. P. June Hattie June proceeded her to the goodly land some years ago, leaving one son and one daughter to be cared for by others. These children, Jessie and Charley had the good fortune of being cared for and a good Christian home provided for them by their cousin, Miss Kuapp of Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, who was present with her in her last hours of suffering and death.

Jessie and her brother Charley moved to Texas in October 1908, and located near Happy, Texas and resided there since that time.

She united in marriage with W. Frank Lester, January 19th 1910 at the L. T. Lester home of this city.

She gave her life to Jesus at 12 years of age, joining the Methodist church at Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, October 1898, she united with the Baptist church at Happy, Texas, February last. She passed into the home with triumphant faith.

Canyon 7, Amarillo 5.

Last Saturday afternoon the team representing the Amarillo High School was defeated in a very slow ball game by the Canyon High on the local school diamond, the final score standing 7 and 5 in favor of Canyon. The home team started with a rush and the first few innings the visitors did not have a look-in being unable to hit Pritchard until in the ninth with a hit and a series of errors and "bonehead" plays allowed the visitors to score three times.

Amarillo was lacking in slab artists for several men were tried but Canyon hit one as well as any other running the number of hits up into the "teens" and the man that didn't get a hit wasn't in the game. Pritchard, in the local pitcher's box, did excellent work, mowing them down in one, two, three fashion while Shotwell, on third, and "Shorty" Pritchard, on short took in several hard chances. Amarillo's short stop and left fielder deserve special mention as they were the only ones on that side who played an errorless game.

Canyon will play Tulia this (Friday) afternoon on the school grounds and the boys are looking for a hot game for Tulia is coming "with blood in their eye" to revenge for the drubbing given by Canyon two weeks ago at Tulia.

Announcement

J. D. Knically wishes the News to announce that he is a candidate for re-election to the office of County Commissioner precinct No. 2, subject to the action of the Democratic election.

A COUNTERFEIT QUARTER

By M. QUAD

Copyright, 1909, by Associated Literary Press.

Deacon Wrenn, widower, hesitated between two women, Miss Brown, a spinster of forty, who owned a house and lot, and the widow Norman, about the same age as Miss Brown, who owned a farm.

One day the deacon got stuck on a counterfeit quarter. The next time a peddler came along he offered it to the man in change.

"Don't look right, deacon."

"Oh, I guess it's all right," was the reply.

"Lots of counterfeit around."

"You needn't be afraid of that."

It wasn't a square thing to do. The deacon knew it, and the peddler knew it. The peddler pocketed the coin and went away, but he made up his mind to get even. At the next house he stopped at he was told that the deacon was hanging off between the widow and the spinster, and he thought he saw his way clear. Three days later he returned and halted on the road opposite to where the farmer was hoing corn. The deacon came walking out to the fence to say:

"Being you accepted that quarter you'll have to keep it."

"Oh, it isn't about the quarter. I just wanted to tell you a bit of news. You know the old maid Brown in the village, don't you?"

"Seems to me I've heard of her," replied the deacon in his cautious way.

"Well, an uncle of hers in California has died and left her \$15,000 cash. She's keeping it mighty quiet. She wants some one to marry her for love instead of money."

Half an hour later the deacon was hitching up to drive to the village. Two hours later he was saying to the blushing old maid:

"Sarah, I'm alone and lonely. I've concluded to take another wife. Will you have me?"

Sarah could have said "Yes" in a second, but Sarah was no spring chicken. She also weighed and balanced things. She'd said "Yes" to two different men before, but with no witnesses present, and they had left her all forlorn. Therefore she replied:

"Deacon, I respect and admire you and believe you to be a sincere man. Think of this matter on your way home and then write me a letter."

The deacon jogged home and took his pen in hand and wrote. He didn't wait for the mail, but sent his message to the village by his hired man. It was straight talk, and the written answer was "Yes."

Four days had passed when the peddler appeared again. Deacon Wrenn was out in the woodshed drying his whiskers. As for hair, he was so nearly baldheaded that it wouldn't pay to fool with. He suspended operations to hear the peddler say:

"Another bit of news for you, old man, and you mustn't give it away. You've heard of the Widder Norman, mebbe?"

"Yes, kinder beard."

"Got five children and never hoped to find a stepfather for 'em, but this is a world of change. It seems she had a brother in New England who hadn't been heard of in twenty years. Well, he turned up his toes the other day and left her \$30,000 in cold cash. She's keeping still about it. There's a windmill man making eyes at her, but she won't let on until she knows he loves her for herself and her five sore eyed young uns. Don't breathe a hint to put him on to the dough."

The deacon promised and finished his drying. As he dyed he thought. He thought of the difference between \$15,000 and \$30,000. An early hour in the evening found him at the Widow Norman's. They talked crops and weather for awhile, and then, with her five fatherless children standing around with their mouths open, he stated that he had long and secretly admired the mother and desired to make her his wife. She wouldn't believe it at first, but his assurances finally prevailed, and she said yes. For an hour afterward the children took turns sitting on their to be stepfather's lap and pulling his dyed whiskers, and they called him "poppy" as he departed.

It has been said that Deacon Wrenn weighed and balanced things, and it may surprise the reader that he should tangle himself up with two engagements. He had figured it out that he could square things with the old maid for \$1,000 or for double that at the most. This would leave him \$28,000 clear, and that was a good enough bargain for any man. In a week he married the widow, and on the same day he called and offered Miss Brown a thousand big dollars. She drove him from the house in indignation. Then he learned that his wife had no brother to die and leave her even 15 cents and that no windmill man had ever wanted her. He had just charged her with conspiracy to defraud an innocent hearted man when he was served with a summons in a breach of promise suit, and when the case was finally called and tried it cost him his farm to make good the verdict. And then one day the peddler met him in the road and halted to say:

"More news, but don't give it away. If you can get a divorce from your wife I can locate a widder who invested in Texas oil stock when it was only 5 cents on the dollar and has held on to it until it's now selling at—"

"D— your widder and you, too?" replied the deacon as he passed on. He didn't even stop to pick up the counterfeit quarter thrown after him.

High School Play April 15.

Rooms for rent, three cozy rooms in a quiet location, men preferred. Inquire of Mrs. S. J. Moreland.

If you are not a customer of ours, you should be. Why not give us a trial. Fulton Lumber Company.

Notice

Mrs. McDorman wishes to announce that she has opened up a new stock of millinery at the old stand, prices reasonable.

A Card of Thanks

I wish, through the columns of the News to Thank all of the good people of Canyon who so kindly and bravely assisted in removing my goods from the burning Victoria Hotel on last Tuesday morning.

J. H. Dunbar.

The State of Texas

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Randall county, Greeting,

You are hereby commanded to summon J. R. Hall, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 47th Judicial District but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 47th Judicial District to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Randall county, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Canyon City, Texas, on the 17th Monday after the 2nd Monday in January A. D. 1910, the same being the ninth day of May A. D. 1910, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 6th day of April A. D. 1910 in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 461, wherein David Thomas is Plaintiff and J. R. Hall is Defendant, and said petition alleging that on the sixth day of June 1907, plaintiff was lawfully seized and possessed of the lot or parcel of land hereinafter described, situated in Canyon City, Randall county, Texas, holding the same in fee simple, that on the sixth day of June 1908, the defendant entered upon said premises and ejected plaintiff therefrom, and unlawfully withheld from plaintiff the possession thereof, to his great damage.

The premises so entered upon and unlawfully withheld by defendant from plaintiff, is as follows:

All of lot No. eight (8), in block No seventy two (72), in Canyon City, Randall county, Texas, according to the plot of said town recorded in Vol. 1-2, page 403, of the Deed Records of Randall county, Texas.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff prays that the defendant be cited to answer this petition, and that on final hearing hereof, plaintiff have judgement of the court for the title and possession of the above described premises, for damages, for all costs in this behalf expended and for such other and further relief as he may show himself entitled.

Herein Fail Not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, M. P. Garner, Clerk of District Court of Randall County.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court at office in Canyon City, Texas, this 6th day of April A. D. 1910. M. P. Garner, Clerk, District Court, Randall County. 2-4t

Excursions

To Los Angeles or San Diego, Cal., and return, \$76.80. Final limit six months from date of sale.

To San Francisco, Cal., and return \$84.90. Final limit nine months from date of sale.

To Mineral Wells, Texas and return \$16.35. Final limit sixty days from date of sale.

For further particulars apply to

C. C. MILLER, Agt.

NEW GOODS STILL ARRIVING

During this week we have received additions to several of our different departments. In our

LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR LINE

we have received a number of very pretty and serviceable waists in several styles and quantities. The line of dresses and skirts have also been replenished and we are still able to give you a wide range of styles and prices from which to make your selection.

Our line of Men's and Youth's Ready Made Clothes is now in and our trade is already sufficient evidence to us that those who have inspected it find our prices and quality of goods right.

We have also received another large shipment of Ladies' and Misses' Oxfords and Pumps and we say without fear of contradiction that we have the largest and best assortment of entirely new styles in the city and would be pleased to have you call and see them whether you buy or not.

TURK & ARMSTRONG

No. 7961

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Canyon National Bank.

At Canyon in the State of Texas, at the close of business Mar. 29, 1910.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$105,740.81
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	3,665.03
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	50,000.00
Premiums on U.S. Bonds	2,000.00
Banking House Furniture & Fixtures	7,000.00
Due from National Banks, (not reserve agents)	15,833.48
Due from approved Reserve Agents	50,383.81
Checks & other cash items	619.88
Notes of other Nat'l Banks	4,590.00
Fractional paper currency, Nickels and Cents	60.35
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ:	
Specie	6,421.10
Legal-tender notes	6,015.00
Redemption fund with U.S. Treasurer 5% circulat'n	2,500.00
Total	\$254,829.47

LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock paid in	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus Fund	20,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and taxes paid	3,127.80
National Bank Notes outstanding	50,000.00
Due to other Nat'l banks	2,500.00
Due to Trust Companies and Savings Banks	4,183.48
Individual deposits subject to check	89,474.78
Demand certificates of deposit	800.00
Time certificates of deposit	9,743.16
Cashier's checks outstanding	.25
Bills Payable, including certificates of Deposit for money borrowed	25,000.00
Total	\$254,829.47

State of Texas, County of Randall, ss I, I. L. Hunt, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

I. L. HUNT, Cashier.

CORRECT—Attest:

W. C. BAIRD } Directors.

J. M. BLACK }

R. H. WRIGHT }

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 5th day of Apr., 1910.

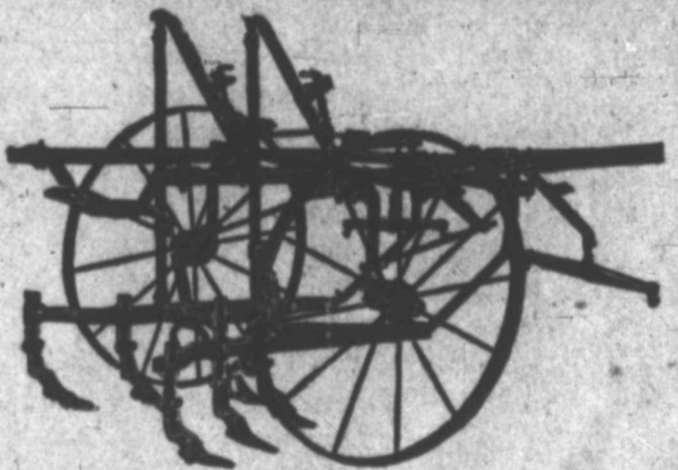
W. D. SCOTT, Notary Public.

(Seal)

Lost—A watch charm while going to the fire Tuesday morning with name and address with number of K of P and Oddfellow lodges, a reward will be given, return to News office or R. E. Poster.



Horse-Lift Cultivators



Always in Perfect Balance; the Team Does the Work.

Both gangs raised by the right hand lever, leaving the left hand free to drive the team. It is always in balance, whether the gangs are raised or lowered, and the pole will not fly up. The gangs are raised from the ground by the team; that's why it is called a "Horse-Lift" Cultivator.

This is the principle upon which it is constructed, but the perfection of this movement will be better appreciated when you realize that this Cultivator is composed of fewer parts than are used in other cultivators of this class.

THOMPSON HARDWARE COMPANY

HEADQUARTERS FOR All Kinds of First Class Farm Implements.

Letter Heads
Statements
Bill Heads
Envelopes
Cards

Anything and everything in the way of high-grade commercial printing. Our assortment of job type is complete, our press facilities of the best, and our workmen true typographical artists. This tells all the story of our facilities for doing job printing of the right kind at the right prices.

Cards
Envelopes
Bill Heads
Statements
Letter Heads

The Randall County News

By Chas. K. Needham
L. B. Christman, Managing Editor

Entered at postoffice at Canyon, Texas, as second class matter. Office of publication, West Evelyn street.

Subscription Rates.
One year, in county \$1.00
One year, outside of county 1.25
Six months .75
Two months .25

Papers sent out of the county promptly discontinued at expiration of time paid for.

Contributors Notice.

The editor of this paper is anxious to receive from time to time communications from its readers, but we request that all such communications be signed, not for publication, but that we may know the source from which the article comes.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of The News will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the publisher.

Railway Time Table.

MAIN LINE, WEST BOUND.
No. 37 to Clovis 8:55 p.m.
No. 112 to Carlsbad 10:40 a.m.
No. 73 Local Freight 10:45 a.m.

MAIN LINE, EAST BOUND.
No. 38 from Clovis 10:00 a.m.
No. 114 to Kansas City 4:55 p.m.
No. 74 Local Freight 5:55 p.m.

PLAINVIEW BRANCH, NORTH B'ND
No. 26 to Amarillo 2:55 p.m.
No. 91 Local Freight 4:30 p.m.

PLAINVIEW BRANCH, SO. BOUND.
No. 27 to Plainview 11:15 a.m.
No. 92 Local Freight 7:15 a.m.

Trains No. 27 on the Main line leaving Canyon City at 2:50 p.m. is made up here, and Train No. 26 on the Main line arriving from Clovis at 10 a.m. stop at this place.
Local freights and trains Nos. 27 and 28 don't run on Sunday.

Announcements.

We are authorized to announce the following persons as candidates for the respective offices, subject to the action of the voters at the Democratic Primary to be held on July 23rd, 1910.

- FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY
HENRY S. BISHOP.
- FOR REPRESENTATIVE
J. C. HUNT.
- FOR COUNTY JUDGE
W. D. SCOTT.
- FOR SHERIFF AND TAX COLLECTOR
R. H. SANFORD.
J. T. JENNINGS.
WORTH A. JENNINGS.
- FOR COUNTY AND DISTRICT CLERK
M. P. GARNER.
- FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY
W. J. FLESHER.
- FOR COUNTY TREASURER
P. H. YOUNG.
- FOR TAX ASSESSOR
G. G. FOSTER.
T. V. SLACK.
WILL CAGE.
C. L. DANIELS.
CYRUS EAKMAN.
O. C. DAVIS.
H. J. CAVET.
M. M. WESLEY.
- FOR COMMISSIONER PRECINCT NO. 1
HENRY J. WEBER.
W. J. REDFEARN.
- FOR COMMISSIONER PRECINCT NO. 3
SAM WIGGINS.
J. D. KNICELY.
- FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
W. J. REDFEARN.

One thing worth mentioning that shows that the Plains country is up-to-date is that the weekly newspapers are far above the average of those in the old state.

Amarillo and Canyon City some day will be one city, making a city 15 miles long and possibly 10 miles wide. We may never live to see it, but we will live to see on each side of the inter-urban rail road that will be built settlements so thick that a stranger will think that it is one town.

The gubernatorial race in Texas is warming up. There are five good men in the race for governor, and with the intelligence and pluck of the Texas people, they never fail to elect a good man and the News is not very uneasy.

Lieut. Gov. Davidson has announced for re-election to the place of Lieut. Governor of Texas. He makes a good best governor

and we have an idea that he will get a fine vote in Randall county.

It begins to look already that our candidate for representative Mr. J. C. Hunt has the thing his way. His candidacy is already widely known, and favorably known as far as we have been able to learn. When you trot out a man more capable than he is for the place, you would have to rake with a fine toothed comb.

Mr. J. C. Hunt candidate for representative favors, a constitutional amendment separating the agricultural and mechanical college and establishing a branch of that institution in the 106 representative district. He also favors a court of civil appeals at Amarillo, Texas, for this part of Texas. The present court of appeals are a year behind with their work and there will have to be another established somewhere in Texas and Mr. Hunt says, if he is elected it must come this way.

In three or four years, Canyon will have a population of ten thousand inhabitants. Now keep this thought in your head see if we have not made a proper prediction. Look at Amarillo four years ago with 4000 population, has now at least nine thousand population. Hereford had 800 now has 4000.

A FINE FIELD FOR BOARDING HOUSES.

Mr. R. B. Cousins, President of the West Texas State Normal College, has just returned from a trip to Austin and other parts of middle Texas. He attended teachers meetings while he was away and had numerous inquiries about the work of the normal while on the trip. Scores of young people asked about the board, fees, etc.

Upon his return to his office he found a large number of letters requesting information about the proposed work of the school and especially about boarding facilities. There can be little doubt, Mr. Cousins thinks, that crowds of young people will come flocking here to attend school next September.

The question is, what will the people of Canyon City do with several hundred young men and women when they come? Who will take them to board?

Canyon City offers the best field for large private boarding houses of any in Texas. People who are of the right sort and who have had experience in the business and a little money to invest should be invited to Canyon City. Owners of vacant property would do well to sell at reasonable rates to people who will come here and build houses and help to take care of the great body of students that will be sure to come if the people of Canyon want them and will provide for them.

The Commercial Club should take up this question and see how many students could be cared for at present and then proceed to devise plans necessary for increasing this capacity.

If the people allow this matter to go by default and allow the town to become congested, what students that we can not take care of in September, it will give our Normal a burden that will be hard to bear.

Canyon City will allow no such emergency to arise, but this matter must have attention at once. What will you do about it?

Miss Letitia Lancaster calls attention to the fact that her primary school will open Tuesday, April 19, at the home of Mrs. R. T. Collins near the Presbyterian Church. Her terms are \$2.00 per month. Hours from 9 to 2. If you are interested please address her at Umberger, Texas.

The First State Bank

When will the First State Bank begin business? As we have heard of this question going the rounds, we take the opportunity of informing the public; that we are still in Canyon, hoping and expecting to remain. We now have most of our stationary, and expect the remainder in a few days, after which we expect to begin business.

As we announced through these columns, a few weeks gone, the organization of our bank, since which time we have been busily engaged, buying our Furniture. Stationary, safe, and other things necessary to do a banking business, as most business men know, it requires some time, as well as patience to secure all of these necessities as well as some time to arrange the continuous arising details.

As it is generally known, we will occupy the commodious Banking house, recently vacated by the First National Bank.

We have bought for our bank the latest improved Mosler Manganese safe, together with the burglar insurance we will carry we feel no hesitancy in soliciting your business along this line. Our vault is as good as the best, of brick and concrete, besides it is sufficiently large, to accommodate our customers and friends. If you have valuable papers or boxes you wish fire protection, we have ample room, bring them on.

Our opening capital is \$15000, and we fully expect from time to time to increase our capital as the needs of the business demands, so for this small capital we offer no apology, most of you who have arrived at adult age, and grown up from the ranks of and girls can well remember when you were not half so large as you appear today. So it is said of some of our great manufacturing interests of our country, they began their operations in a log shop with limited means. Compare Fulton's "Clearmont" to the "Utah" American dreadnaught, the latest and greatest floating battleship, and classed as one of the largest man-of-war that plows the ocean, examples of small beginnings are to numerous to mention.

We want some of your business, we must have some of your business, and we are here to stay until we get it. If its honest, upright, patient and courteous treatment you want, we expect in our humble way try to render this kind of service.

With the rapid growth, and progress of our great state and more especially of the God favored spot, the bright and prosperous Panhandle, we feel sure there is and will continue to be sufficient business for all. We are not here to attempt to tear down, the already well established business of our town, such an idea would be folly, even to the simple, but under the Texas banking laws, we are permitted to handle collateral, National Banks, heretofore under the present law, have not been allowed to handle, such as real-estate collateral. With the hustling, wideawake business men, of the Panhandle, the constant influence prosperous, energetic, noble and thrifty population from the north and east, that has, and is continuing to come our way, we feel no hesitancy, in saying, we think there is business for all.

The Guaranty Fund Law, as Texas has adopted, is attracting the attention of the best financiers of our great state, realizing the fact, from past records financial panics have come, and well do we all remember the recent panic, with their object lesson before us, our people as a state, have spoken out as one man, by their actions, demanding some form of protection, not that our Banking interests have not done a great and noble part in the development of our coun-

try, helping those who at times were unable to help themselves and have been and are today, first in every worthy enterprise, nor would we were it possible, detract from these grand institutions, but realizing the fact without some special fund set aside for their protection, they did not have the protection desired, hence the passing of the Guaranty Fund Law, under which, we organized.

A State Bank can handle any kind of business handled by other banks we are governed locally by a Board of Directors, we make sworn statement to the Commissioner of Insurance and Banking just as other banks, and are examined by Examiners, appointed by the state authorities, once during each quarter. No active officer can enter upon the duties of the Bank, without first securing an approved bond.

To those who have not had the opportunity, or privilege to investigate for themselves, in regard to the State Banking laws and more especially, the Guaranty Fund Plan, we hope in the near future to give you through these columns, a better, and more complete outline of this law.

We herewith submit for your consideration a list of our shareholders and Directors. Shareholders: Jno. T. Holland, Thos. H. Rowan, G. S. Ballard, H. F. McNeal, John Rowan, R. G. Oldham, J. M. Harder, J. B. Rowan, D. M. Stewart, L. A. Pierce, W. R. Foster and J. P. Winder.

Directors: Jno. T. Holland, G. S. Ballard, R. G. Oldham, Thomas H. Rowan and J. P. Winder.

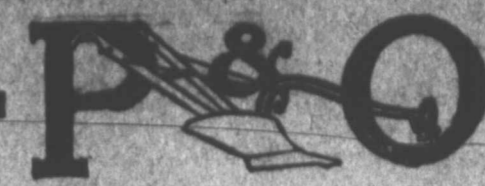
We cordially solicit your business upon the reputation and integrity of the above named, and the solid rock, Guaranty Fund Plan, of Texas Banking Laws. Yours Very Truly,
The First State Bank.
J. P. Winder, Cashier.

Canyon City Club Notice.

Section 3 of "Privileges of the Club by-laws provides that before taking visitors on the Club grounds, either male or female, that a written permit from the secretary must be secured. Said section also prohibits male visitors who are residents of Randall and Potter counties—they are not allowed on the club grounds. This by-law, as well as the other by-laws will be strictly enforced. By order of the Directors. P. H. YOUNG, Secretary. 1-3t

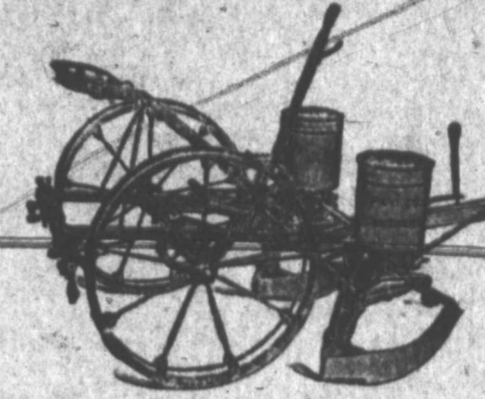
C. C. Miller and wife entertained in their elegant new home, Friday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Utter of Amarillo. Forty-two was the order of the evening, while the day (April first) was remembered by an April fool menu. Had this been the limit of the refreshments, some of the guests would have had to have been satisfied with a glass of water and a toothpick or a paper napkin and one lone olive. This was not the case however and very dainty refreshments were served by Mrs. Miller assisted by Mrs. Hoff. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Utter, C. P. Burrows and wife, J. R. Cullum and wife, R. A. Terrill and wife, L. B. Christman and wife, Dr. Griffin and wife, Mrs. Moreland, Mrs. Winkelman, Mr. Hoff, Mrs. Ecker, Miss Young, Miss Grimes, Messrs James Black, Oscar Gamble, and Burette Burrows. Mr. Thornburg of Amarillo was also expected but was detained by business.

A party of about twenty-five people of Canyon who are opera lovers and some of our best citizens attended the Mma. Yaw opera last Friday evening. Mme. Yaw and her company of noted singers captivated her hearers, and those who had the pleasure to hear her thought it a great musical treat and all of one opinion, in praise of the great singer.



Two Row Cotton Drill

In Material, Workmanship, Finish, Strength and Working Qualities it Excels Any Other Cotton Planter Made



Can be Furnished as a Cotton and Corn Drill, or complete with Check Heads, Wire and Reel, and all the appliances for PLANTING IN HILLS.

Backed by an Unqualified Guarantee.



THOMPSON HARDWARE COMPANY

Headquarters for
All Kinds of Up-to-Date Farm Machinery

Clothes made for "U" and Guaranteed by "ME" at

THE KIRK SUITATORIUM

Room 12 Smith Bldg.

Cleaning and Pressing of all kinds.

WORK CALLED FOR AND DELIVERED

Phone 142.

Enlarging Your Business



If you are in business and you want to make more money you will read every word we have to say. Are you spending your money for advertising in haphazard fashion as if intended for charity, or do you advertise for direct results?

Did you ever stop to think how your advertising can be made a source of profit to you, and how its value can be measured in dollars and cents. If you have not, you are throwing money away.

Advertising is a modern business necessity, but must be conducted on business principles. If you are not satisfied with your advertising you should set aside a certain amount of money to be spent

annually, and then carefully note the effect it has in increasing your volume of business; whether a 10, 20 or 30 per cent increase. If you watch this gain from year to year you will become intensely interested in your advertising, and how you can make it enlarge your business.

If you try this method we believe you will not want to let a single issue of this paper go to press without something from your store.

We will be pleased to have you call on us, and we will take pleasure in explaining our annual contract for so many inches, and how it can be used in whatever amount that seems necessary to you.

If you can sell goods over the counter we can also show you why this paper will best serve your interests when you want to reach the people of this community.

THAT PERFECTION TOILET CREAM

....OF OURS....

You know how it is, when one has something to sell that is of EXTRA quality. He just can't keep still about it. That is the way we feel about our Toilet Cream. We have a specially fine article and we want every one to know it. We use the very best drugs in making up this Toilet Cream. None better at any price. Price 25c bottle. On sale at

CITY PHARMACY and STAR BARBER SHOP

The Canyon National Bank
Canyon, Texas.

CAPITAL \$50,000.00
SURPLUS \$20,000.00

We expect business because we work to get it and work to keep it by doing our best to please.

NO DISTINCTION

Is made in the treatment of customers, small depositors receiving the same courteous consideration of our officers and employes as those having larger accounts.

LAND BARGAINS

BEING an "Old Timer" here I am well posted on values and know bargains when I see them. I am in a position to show you the best FARMS, RANCHES and CITY PROPERTY at the LOWEST PRICES

L. G. CONNER
Real Estate Loans, Live Stock, Rentals
Office Building, North Side of Square, Canyon City, Texas

The "OUTDOOR" Herd
OF REGISTERED
HEREFORD CATTLE

BULLS IN SERVICE

Strike Twenty No. 188,865 (Anxiety-Hesoid)
Winsome Prince No. 172,425 (Rose Stock-Post Obit) Imp.
Armour Dale No. 156,843 (Anxiety-Dale)

FOR SALE

One car load two and three year old bulls.
One car load yearling bulls.
Ten head two year old heifers with suitable bull.
Ten head yearling heifers with suitable bull.
One hundred head cows with calves on foot.

—ADDRESS—
John Hutson, Canyon City, Texas

LET ME FIGURE WITH YOU ON YOUR
Brick and Cement Work
Foundations and Flues
Cement Walks and Curbing

Prices right Best workmanship

JOHN BEGRIN
Phone 161.

MONEY LOANED
ON REAL ESTATE
LONG TIME, EASY PAYMENTS,
RELIABLE REPRESENTATIVES WANTED.

The Jackson Loan & Trust Company
Ft. Worth, Texas and Jackson, Mississippi.

See the News Printery
FOR THE SUPERIOR KIND OF
Commercial Job Printing

THE THIRTEENTH GENERAL CENSUS

Uncle Sam About to Ask Questions of His Family.

TO GET AT THE ACTUAL FACTS

Taking the Decennial Census a Tremendous Undertaking and a Colossal Expense, but Necessary to the Proper Conduct of Our Vast Domain.

OLD Dr. U. S. Census will begin making his thirteenth diagnosis of the condition of Uncle Sam and his family April 15 next. He made the first in 1790 and has been repeating it every ten years since. Uncle Sam has footed the bills, to date amounting to about \$47,000,000. Our venerable dad has calculated that the thirteenth investigation will cost about \$12,000,000, so that when old Dr. U. S. Census finishes his current work there will have been spent about \$60,000,000 for this purpose since 1790. The twelfth census cost about \$12,000,000, and as Uncle Sam's landed



DIRECTOR E. DANA DURAND.

possessions have increased since then and his family gained about 15,000,000 more members than belonged to it in 1900 it would be considered no more than fair if the present diagnosis were to call for the spending of about \$12,000,000, which would be the sum if the rate of increase of expense at each census up to the twelfth were to be maintained for the thirteenth.

A census expert has estimated that of the \$12,000,000 the headquarters office force will earn \$4,800,000, the enumerators \$4,500,000, the supervisors \$910,000 and the special agents \$700,000. The administrative cost will be \$300,000, the stationery \$200,000, rent \$125,000, tabulating machines \$250,000, cards for tabulation processes \$100,000, printing \$800,000, Alaska \$85,000, Porto Rico \$160,000; total, \$12,930,000.

If that is all the expense it is cheap. The late General Francis A. Walker, who was a census authority greater than any other, living or dead, once wrote that "the people of the United States can well afford to pay for the very best census they can get." He penned this in connection with a frank confession of his own shortsightedness in underestimating the cost of the tenth census.

It's the old story—when you are ill get the best doctor you can afford.

The comparative cheapness with which the thirteenth census will be taken will be largely due to Director E. Dana Durand's economical methods, to the introduction of semiautomatic electrical card punching, tabulating and sorting machines and to the inheritance of wisdom from the experience gained by the permanent census bureau.

Modern Methods For Accuracy.

Mr. Durand is responsible for many of the new methods to increase statistical accuracy at every step of the census taking and to decrease the per capita cost of the enumeration. The card punching, tabulating and sorting machinery is the invention of a census mechanical expert, and the patent rights belong to Uncle Sam. The machines are novel in plan and design, are of greater speed and efficiency than those they superseded and can be built and operated at a large saving of money as compared with previous expenditures for this purpose.

Other money saving features are the elimination of the vital statistics inquiry from the work of the decennial census, as it belongs to the permanent branch of the United States census; the reduction in the number of schedules, the piece price method of paying for machine work, the omission of the hand, household and neighborhood industries from the manufactures branch of the census and the reduction of the size and number of copies of the final reports.

The larger part of the \$12,000,000 will be expended in the fiscal year which began July 1 last and ends June 30, 1910, the first of the three years within which time the thirteenth census must be over, the temporary clerks and special agents discharged and the permanent census bureau with its office force of 700 clerks again performing its annual interdecennial functions. Fully half of the total to be expended will be Washington's share

and the remainder will be distributed all over the country.

Congress has limited the thirteenth census to four general subjects—population, agriculture, manufactures and mines and quarries. The director is authorized to determine the form and subdivision of inquiries. The inquiry as to population relates to April 15, 1910; that as to agriculture concerns the farm operations during 1909 and calls for an inventory of farm equipment April 15, 1910; that relative to manufactures and mines and quarries is for 1909.

An Army to Get the Facts.

The enumerators will carry only the population and agriculture schedules April 15, 1910. Special agents will be sent out with the schedules for the manufactures, mines and quarries data. There will be fully 45,000 enumerators, of whom about 45,000 will carry both the population and agriculture schedules, as it is estimated that there are now fully 7,000,000 separate farms in America, with farmers numbering well up into a score of millions. In 1900 there were many more billions of dollars of fixed capital invested in agriculture than there were in manufactures, strange as it may seem. And the farmer is getting better off all the time; his mortgage indebtedness is decreasing fast, his taxation is small as compared with the urbanite's burden, and he has taken to automobile riding on a large scale.

This is the heyday of the farmer, and old Dr. U. S. Census is going to diagnose him pretty carefully for fear that with ease comes evil—that is, the neglect of those essentials which have made his prosperity possible.

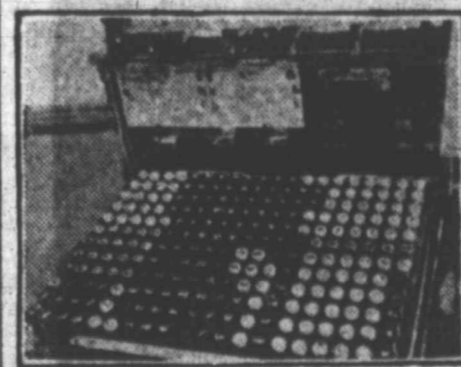
Census taking every ten years is a tremendous task. It is the greatest single operation undertaken by Uncle Sam with the exception of the Panama canal work and the assembling of an army in time of war. The American census is the largest, costliest and most accurate of any taken by the civilized nations. Its methods are the most modern and its equipment the most complete. The census bureau force comprises, first, Director E. Dana Durand of Michigan, who, although only thirty-eight years old, is older than most of the generals commanding the forces in the civil war and who is, too, a statistically scarred hero, a veteran in government service and likely to prove the most practical and efficient director connected with any of the past censuses. Then there is the assistant director, William F. Willoughby of Washington, former secretary of state of Porto Rico. Next in rank are the five chief statisticians—William C. Hunt, in charge of the population division; Le Grand Powers, heading the agricultural division; William M. Stewart, overseeing the manufactures division; Dr. Cressy L. Wilbur, the vital statistics work, and Dr. Joseph Adna Hill, the division of revision and results. Charles S. Sloane is the geographer, Albertus H. Baldwin is the chief clerk, Voler V. Viles is chief of the publication division, Hugh M. Brown is private secretary to the director, Robert M. Pindell, Jr., is the appointment clerk, George Johannes is the disbursing officer, and C. W. Spicer is the mechanical expert. In addition to these are the chiefs of the divisions under the chief statisticians.

There are about 750 permanent clerks, and there will be 3,000 temporary clerks, etc. The supervisors will number 330, and they will employ and direct the 65,000 enumerators. Twenty expert special agents will exercise an advisory function. There will be about 1,000 chief special agents and assistant special agents. The supervisors will also probably employ 1,000 clerks, 500 special agents and 4,000 interpreters.

Tabulating the Returns.

The preparation of the schedules for the tabulating process will begin as soon as they are forwarded by the supervisors. The data on them relating to population will be transferred to manila cards by the punching of holes in them to correspond with the different items in the schedules. An electrical machine controlled by a clerk can punch holes in 3,000 cards a day. There will be 300 of these, and 90,000,000 cards have been ordered.

After the punching the cards are hand fed into an electric tabulating machine with a "pin box" attachment.



CENSUS TABULATING MACHINE.

which permits the required pins to pass through the variously placed holes in the cards, in this way establishing an electric circuit, resulting in the tabulation of the items on counters which register their results in printing on spooled paper somewhat like a stock ticker. There will be a hundred of these machines. After certain comparisons to prove accuracy the schedules are permanently preserved in a great iron safe in the census bureau. As the card does not contain the name of the person for whom it stands, all personal identity is eliminated from the cards. All danger of misuse of such information disappears. Severe penalties are provided in case any employee discloses census information to outsiders. The next step is the making of the maps and tables to accompany the analyses and then finally the issue of the printed bulletins and reports. Before July 1, 1912, the work must be over and the thirteenth census gone to join its scientific ancestors.

OUR IMPORTED GERMAN COACH HORSE

KONIGSTEEN NO. 2551

Will make the season 1910 at the Livery Barn in Canyon, Texas.

Terms—\$20.00 to insure living colt. If mare is traded, the season falls due and we hold breeder responsible for same.

CANYON COACH HORSE CO.

SHOTWELL & SEVALL

Wholesale and Retail

Coal, Grain, Hides and Field Seeds.

Best Grades of Nigger Head and Maitland Coal.

TERMS CASH

SELECTING YOUR SPRING SUIT

Will prove to be a very easy task and a real pleasure if you will make it a point to look at our stock of

HARVARD CLOTHES
made by Daube, Cohn & Co. of Chicago.

Harvard Clothes are strictly young men's clothes—snappy and up-to-date styles. All the latest patterns.

The workmanship is guaranteed to be the very highest grade.

You'll be satisfied with them.

The price is no more than you pay elsewhere for a good deal less value, so why not get a Harvard and know you have the best.

For sale by **The Leader**
TEXAS DRY GOODS & CLOTHING

GOING TO BE HUNG!

Hitchcock & Brock have just received 20,000 rolls of wallpaper, some of the nicest designs that has ever been in the city.

J. W. CARTER, Manager
Phone 216

YOU DON'T HAVE TO WAIT
When you let
THE PEELER ABSTRACT COMPANY
Do your work.

SOME PLAIN CENSUS FACTS

Its Purpose Not to Pry Into Anybody's Private Affairs.

EVERYBODY'S DUTY TO ASSIST

Officials Bound by Solemn Oath Not to Disclose Information Received Except to Proper Departments—Refusal to Answer a Violation of Law.

THE census is not, never has been and cannot be used to obtain information in connection with the enforcement of tax rates, deportation proceedings, extradition measures, army or navy conscription, compulsory school attendance, child labor prosecutions, quarantine enforcement or in any way to interfere with the enjoyment of life, liberty or property by any person.

It has nothing whatever to do with the legal detection, arrest, prosecution or punishment of any person for any suspected or actual violation of a law, whether of a city or state or the national government or of a foreign nation.

It is to find out how much bigger the nation has grown since ten years before, how many more people, how many more native born, how many more foreign born, how many work for their bread, how many for whom there is no work, how many own their own homes and other similar facts.

That is all. It is not to pry into your private affairs. It is not to increase your taxes. It is not to find out who should be deported. It is not to send



ASSISTANT DIRECTOR WILLOUGHBY.

any person back to his native country. It is not to make any person join the army or navy. It is not to find if any are breaking the laws of a city or state or the United States. It is not to trouble or to harm or to prosecute anybody for anything he has done or is doing.

The census count is made by men called enumerators, which means counters. The enumerator asks the questions. The questions are not from his own mind. They are from the bureau of the United States census, which prints a list for the enumerator. He simply sets down the answers opposite the questions. He will not ask questions not on the list. All persons must answer the same questions.

The counter, or enumerator, will call at your home Friday, April 15 next, maybe a day or three days or a week later. He will call as soon as he can. You will know him by a census badge. "United States Census, 1910," he will wear on his coat and a yellow khaki bag he carries. In this are his printed questions. He may have an interpreter with him. The enumerator may be a woman.

You must not refuse to admit him to your home. You must not refuse to answer. You must not answer falsely.

Listen to him. Answer him willingly and truthfully. Encourage your relatives, friends and neighbors to tell him. Help him in every way you can. It is your duty. It is everybody's duty. It is the law of the United States. He is not a spy, a policeman or a tax assessor. He is not an agent of the city, county or state. He is working for the bureau of the United States census. He tells no one but the census bureau what is told him, and the United States law will not let the census bureau tell any other persons or officials or other government departments or any foreign ambassador, consul or nation.

The census law with reference to population requires that the enumerator's questions shall for each inhabitant call for—

"The name, relationship to head of family, color, sex, age, conjugal condition, place of birth, place of birth of parents, number of years in the United States, citizenship, occupation, whether or not employer or employee, and if employee, whether or not employed at the date of enumeration (April 15, 1910), and the number of months unemployed during the preceding calendar year (1909), whether or not engaged in agriculture, school attendance, literacy and tenure of home and whether or not a survivor of the Union or Confederate army or navy, and the name and address of each blind or deaf and dumb person."

The same law with reference to agriculture requires that the enumerator's questions shall for each inhabitant call for—

"The name, color and country of birth of occupant of each farm, tenure, acreage of farm, acreage of woodland and character of timber thereon, value of farm and improvements, value of farm implements, number and value of live stock on farms and ranges, number and value of domestic animals not on farms and ranges and the acreage of crops planted and to be planted during the year of enumeration and the acreage of crops and the quantity and value of crops and other farm products for the year ending Dec. 31 next preceding the enumeration."

All questions relating to population and the inventory of farm equipment apply to conditions existing only on April 15, the "census day."

The census bureau's instructions to enumerators with reference to the enumeration of the population present some important and interesting distinctions.

Persons living on April 15, 1910, but who died after it and before enumerators call, are to be counted, but persons born after April 15 are not to be included in the count. Persons who were single on April 15 are to be reported as single even though they have married subsequently and before the canvasser has called. This is true similarly of persons who become widowed or divorced after April 15.

The census law provides that all persons shall be enumerated at their "usual place of abode" on April 15. This means the place where they may be said to live or belong or the place which is their home. As a rule, the usual place of abode is not the place where a person works or where he eats, but where he regularly sleeps. The enumerators are cautioned, however, that where a man happens to sleep at the time of the enumeration may not be the place where he regularly sleeps.

As to Absentees.

If any one in an enumeration district is temporarily away from home on a visit or on business or traveling for pleasure or attending school or college or sick in a hospital such absent person is to be enumerated and included with other members of the family. But a son or daughter regularly living in another locality should not be counted with the family at home.

Servants, laborers or other employees who live with the family and sleep in the same house or on the premises should be enumerated with the family.

The census bureau states that there will be, on the other hand, a certain number of persons present and perhaps lodging and sleeping in districts at the time of the enumeration who do not have their usual place of abode there. These are not to be enumerated. It must be assumed that they will be enumerated elsewhere. They should not, therefore, unless it is practically certain that they will not be enumerated anywhere else, enumerate or include with the members of a family they are enumerating any of the following classes:

Persons visiting a family, transient boarders or lodgers who have some other usual or permanent place of abode, students or children living or boarding with a family in order to attend some school, college or other educational institution in the locality, but not regarding the place as their home; persons who take their meals with a family, but lodge or sleep elsewhere; servants, apprentices or other persons employed by a family and working in the house or on the premises, but not sleeping there, or any person who was formerly in a family, but has since become a permanent inmate of an asylum, almshouse, home for the aged, reformatory, prison or any other institution in which the inmates may remain for long periods of time.

The words "dwelling-house" and "family" are, for census purposes, given a much wider application than they have in ordinary speech. A "dwelling" is defined as a place in which at the time of the census one or more persons regularly sleep. It need not be a house in the common meaning of the word.

A Census Family.

A "family," as a census term, may mean a group of individuals who occupy jointly a dwelling place or part of a dwelling place or an individual living alone in any place of abode. All the occupants and employees of a hotel, if they regularly sleep there, make up a single family because they occupy one dwelling place, and persons living alone are regarded as families.

The enumerators are required to enter on the schedule the name of every person whose usual place of abode on April 15, 1910, was with the family or in the dwelling place for which the enumeration is being made. The head of the family is to be entered first, then the wife, next the children, whether sons or daughters, in the order of their ages, and, lastly, all other persons living with the family, whether relatives, boarders, lodgers or servants.

If any adult refuses or willfully neglects to answer the questions on the enumerator's list or if he or she willfully gives answers that are false or he or she will be arrested, carried to court and fined up to \$100. Keepers of hotels, apartment houses, boarding or lodging houses, tenements or other buildings in which people make their homes must help the enumerator when requested or they will be arrested, carried to court and fined up to \$500.

It is everybody's duty to help make the next census, which is the thirtieth taken since the year 1790, an accurate statement of the population conditions in the United States as they actually exist April 15, 1910. It is not only their duty; it is the law.

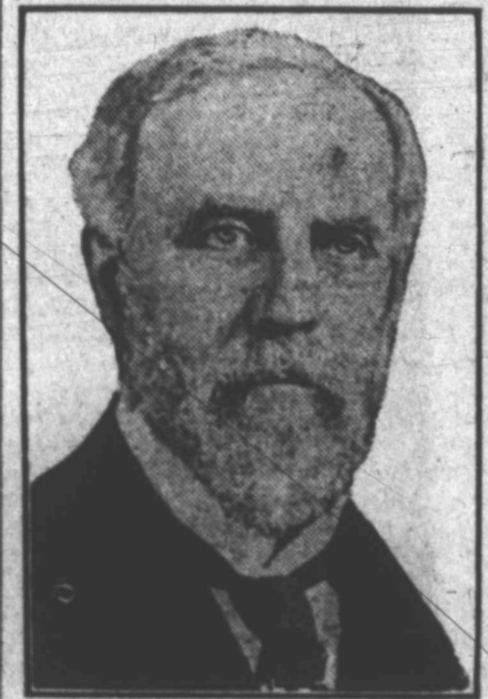
WHAT FARMERS SHOULD KNOW

Instructions Relative to the Taking of the Farm Census.

QUESTIONS SURE TO BE ASKED

By Preparing an Accurate Statement of Their Farm Operations and Making an Inventory of Their Possessions Farmers Will Speed the Work.

BY preparing an accurate account of their farm operations during the year ending Dec. 31, 1909, and by making an inventory on April 15, 1910, of all their farm possessions the farmers of the country can render the census bureau and the public at large an inestimable service. It is not to be expected that farmers will ever keep as complete accounts as do manufacturers and merchants. The very nature of their occupation—the long hours and arduous labor of the summer months—are a partial bar to



LE GRAND POWERS, HEAD OF AGRICULTURAL DIVISION.

scientific bookkeeping. The fact that a large part of his daily bread is supplied from his own farm instead of being purchased out of cash on hand naturally causes the farmer to place an uncertain value on the products consumed in his home. Nevertheless a constantly increasing number of farmers are keeping accurate records of their daily receipts and expenses and of the exact quantities of all classes of products grown or raised.

In order that the great majority of farmers who do not ordinarily keep book records of their farm operations may be given an opportunity to familiarize themselves with the scope of the census to be taken this year an outline of the schedule is here presented. Every farm operator is strongly urged to study this outline carefully and to write down the answer to each question as soon as the necessary information becomes available. When completed the notebook should be laid aside for reference when the enumerator calls. Questions to be asked concerning farm property will be these:

First.—Total value of farm, with all buildings and improvements.
Second.—Value of buildings.
Third.—Value of all improvements and machinery, including tools, wagons, carriages, harnesses, etc., and all appliances and apparatus used in farming operations.
Fourth.—Number and value of domestic animals, classified as follows:

- (a) Cattle—(a) Born before Jan. 1, 1909; cows and heifers kept for milk, cows and heifers kept for work, steers and bulls kept for work.
- (b) Born in 1909; Heifers, steers and bulls.
- (c) Calves born in 1909.
- (d) Horses—All horses born before Jan. 1, 1909; colts born after Jan. 1, 1909.
- (e) Mules—All mules born before Jan. 1, 1909; mule colts born after Jan. 1, 1909.
- (f) Asses and burros, all ages.
- (g) Swine—Hogs born before Jan. 1, 1909; pigs born after Jan. 1, 1909.
- (h) Sheep—Ewes born before Jan. 1, 1909; rams and wethers born before Jan. 1, 1909.
- (i) Goats and kids, all ages.
- (j) Poultry—Number and value of poultry over three months old: Chickens, ducks, geese, turkeys, guinea fowls, pigeons, etc.
- (k) Bees.—Number and value of swarms or bees.

The census will not ask the value of household goods nor that of hay, grain or other farm crops on hand on April 15. These items should be included, however, by all desiring a complete inventory of their farm property.

The Actual Value.

The value given to the farm should be as nearly as can be judged the amount that could be obtained for it if offered for sale under normal conditions. Current market prices should be carefully considered in estimating the value of live stock.

Although the census merely requires a statement of total value of all implements and machinery, it is believed that a classification of these items under the following four heads will be found valuable:

- First.—Vehicles, comprising automobiles, wagons, carriages and sleighs and equipment used in connection with them, as harnesses, blankets, whips, etc.
- Second.—Heavy farm implements, comprising all implements and machinery operated by any power other than hand power, as plows, harrows, rollers, reapers, mowers, hay loaders, feed grinders, etc.
- Third.—Hand machinery and tools, including carpenter's tools, hoes, shovels, axes, forks, grindstones, fanning mills, etc.
- Fourth.—Miscellaneous articles, including all minor equipment as hatters' galls, barrels, baskets, ladders, ropes,

chains, etc., not included in the first three classes.

Many farmers greatly underestimate the total value of their possessions of this character when considering them in the aggregate, and it is only by preparing an itemized list, as suggested above, that an accurate estimate of their worth can be made. The value assigned this class of property in the inventory should be the estimated amount it would bring at public auction under favorable conditions.

No special blanks or forms are necessary for preparing an inventory. An ordinary notebook answers all purposes, but it should be large enough to admit of carrying the figures for at least six years in parallel columns. This facilitates comparison of the figures for different years. Some may find it more convenient or desirable to use stock on Jan. 1 than on April 15. It will be a simple matter to bring such an inventory up to date when the census enumerator calls.

As in the case of the farm inventory no special blanks are required for the record of farm products of 1909. An ordinary notebook with leaves at least six inches wide will be found convenient. The following information will be called for:

- First.—Farm expenses in 1909: (a) Amount spent in cash for farm labor, exclusive of housework. (b) Estimated value of house rent and board furnished farm laborers in addition to cash wages paid. (c) Amount spent for hay, grain and other products (not raised on the farm) for feed of domestic animals and poultry. (d) Amount spent for manure and other fertilizers.

Not Too Curious.

No inquiry is made regarding household or personal expenses or expenditures for repairs or improvements. Each of the four questions asked is of fundamental importance in its bearing on agriculture as an industry.

Second.—Live stock: (a) Number of young animals of each kind born on the farm in 1909. (b) Number of animals of each kind purchased in 1909 and the amount paid, number sold and amount received and number and value of those slaughtered on the farm.

- Third.—Dairy products: (a) Quantities and value of milk, butter and cheese produced on the farm in 1909. (b) Quantities of milk, butter, cream, butter fat and cheese sold in 1909 and amounts received. (c) Amount received from poultry sold in 1909. (d) Quantity and value of eggs produced in 1909. (e) Quantity and value of eggs sold in 1909. (f) Quantity and value of wool and mohair: Number and total weight of fleeces shorn in 1909 and amount received from sale.

Sixth.—Crops: For each crop harvested on the farm in 1909 give the number of acres, the quantity produced and the value of the products. The number of acres of each crop to be planted for harvest in 1910 will also be called for by the enumerator. This cannot be determined much before the date of the enumeration. Instead of giving the number of acres in orchards and vineyards, give as nearly as possible the number of trees and vines of bearing age. The quantity of certain fruit products, as cider, vinegar, wine and dried fruits, produced in 1909 will be required as well as the quantity and value of sugar, syrup and molasses produced from cane, sorghum, sugar beets and maples.

Seventh.—Sales of specified products in 1909: A considerable part of the annual production of corn, oats, barley, kafir corn, milo maize, hay, flax fiber and straw, other straw, cornstalks and cotton seed is usually consumed on the farm. Owing to this fact a report will be asked concerning the quantity of each of these products sold in 1909 and the amounts realized therefrom.

Eighth.—Forest products: The value of all forest products cut or produced in 1909 for farm consumption will be asked, as will also the value of similar products cut or produced for sale, including receipts from the sale of standing timber.

Ninth.—Irrigation: Farmers who irrigate their land will be asked to report the source from which water is obtained, the number of acres of pasture land irrigated and the total irrigated acreage.

This outline covers every important question that will be asked concerning



WILLIAM M. STEWART, HEAD OF MANDARIN DIVISION.

the farm products of 1909. American agriculture is so diversified and so highly specialized in many of its branches that any schedule designed to secure a fairly complete exhibit of its resources and operations must necessarily contain a large number of inquiries. The average farm operator will not be called upon to answer one-seventh of the printed questions; hence the somewhat formidable appearance of the schedule should occasion no alarm.

No one should attempt to complete a farm schedule in one evening, but the work should be divided as indicated in the above outline, one evening being given up to farm expenses, a second to live stock, a third to dairy products, and so on through the list. In this way each topic can be given the consideration it deserves, and the resulting figures are certain to be more accurate than if compiled hastily.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLE LAND

We are just placing on the market at a very low price, and on very easy terms, about eight thousand acres of the finest land in South Texas. This land is practically level, with just enough slope to properly drain it. The soil is very rich, black sandy loam of great depth and fertility. Almost every known crop can be raised on this land, but on account of the richness of the soil and the nearness of the market, it is especially suited for the growing of fruits or vegetables. Oranges, figs, lemons, pecans, grapes, pears, water melons, strawberries, etc., and all kinds of vegetables, do extremely well in this South Texas country and always bring good prices. On account of the fact that we have practically no Winter crops can be grown every month in the year. Think what this means. You can have fresh vegetables for sale all the time at fancy prices.

This land is in Nueces County, on the Texas Mexican Railroad, about thirty miles west of Corpus Christi, and six miles east of Alice, Texas. We are starting a new town called Bentonville practically adjoining this land. We have divided the tract into farms of five acres each, every farm fronting on a public road, and you can buy one or more of them at

ONE DOLLAR PER ACRE

DOWN AND ONE DOLLAR PER ACRE PER MONTH

No interest and no taxes until your land is all paid for; possession given when first payment is made. The total price of the land is \$40.00 per acre and you have thirty-nine months in which to pay for it. We also agree that in case of your death that we will make a clear deed without further payment to whomever you may name as your beneficiary.

This land is located in the center of the Winter vegetable garden country of South Texas. Produce buyers are to be found there by the score at all seasons of the year, and will pay cash for your product in any quantity. The demand is so great that in many instances the product is contracted for before planting.

Our State Agent will be in Canyon at the Hotel Baltimore on Saturday, April 9th, with a plat of the land, showing location, and give all information necessary concerning our property. Anyone desiring information, address,

MEXICAN REALTY CO.

J. A. WISE, Manager

Amarillo, Texas

Don't Use a Scarecrow



To Drive Away the Mail Order Wolf

You can drive him out quickly if you use the mail order houses' own weapon—advertising. Mail order concerns are spending thousands of dollars every week in order to get trade from the home merchants. Do you think for a minute they would keep it up if they didn't get the business? Don't take it for granted that every one within a radius of 25 miles knows what you have to

sell, and what your prices are. Nine times out of ten your prices are lower, but the customer is influenced by the up-to-date advertising of the mail order house. Every article you advertise should be described and priced. You must tell your story in an interesting way, and when you want to reach the buyers of this community use the columns of this paper.

Social Paradox.

"It's impossible for me to dress on \$5,000 a year."
"Well, my love, you must wear less."
"Don't be silly! You know perfectly well that the less I wear the more it costs."—Judge's Library.

Common sense is instinct, and enough of it is genius.—H. W. Shaw

Livingstone.

Of Dr. Livingstone it was said by Stanley that the missionary lived for years among the most cruel and ignorant savages in the world, but he never fired a shot in anger, never "clubbed or clouted or lanned or blasted." His manner was that of a "cool, wise old man who felt offended and looked grave."

No grip is so hard to shake off as that of early convictions.—Maurice Thompson.

Ministers Aboard Ship.

A minister aboard ship has always been taken as a "Jonah sign" by seamen. In recent years, however, this superstition has been modified to a certain extent. A young minister, the seamen believe, will not bring as much of a "Jonah" with him as an old one.

Virtue that parleys is near surrender.—French Proverb.

Wherein They Were Alike.

A country minister who in Scotland was notoriously defective and hesitating in his style of delivery in the pulpit was sitting having a cup of tea with one of the old spinners connected with his congregation when he observed that the spout of the teapot was either choked or too narrow.

"Your teapot, Miss Kennedy," he remarked, "dies—dies in its wheel."
"Aye, jist like yourself," Mr. Brown, returned the nettled lady. "It has an inner pair delivery."



If you are a business man, did you ever think of the field of opportunity that advertising opens to you? There is almost no limit to the possibilities of your business if you study how to turn trade into your store. If you are not getting your share of the business of your community there's a reason. People go where they are attracted—where they know what they can get and how much it is sold for. If you make direct statements in your advertising see to it that you are able to fulfill every promise you make. You will add to your business reputation and hold your customers. It will not cost as much to run your ad in this paper as you think. It is the persistent advertiser who gets there. Have something in the paper every issue, no matter how small. We will be pleased to quote you our advertising rates, particularly on the year's business.

Canyon City Professional Cards

H. Holte,
Watchmaker, Jeweler.
In City Pharmacy, West Side Square.
PHONE 32.

D. M. Stewart,
Physician and Surgeon
Office in Wallace Building on East side of square. Calls answered day or night. Office Phone No. 99. Residence Phone, No. 24.

F. M. Wilson,
Physician and Surgeon
Office, City Pharmacy. Calls answered day or night. Residence phone No. 46.

S. L. Ingham,
Dentist
Canyon National Bank building. All work warranted.

A. S. Rollins **C. V. Woolley**
Rollins & Woolley,
Lawyers
Court practice solicited. Will attend to cases in all courts of the state. Examination of land titles a specialty. Notary in office. Office in Smith building. Phone 92.

Jasper N. Haney,
Attorney-at-Law.
Practices in all courts in this state. Office phone 91. Canyon, Texas.

J. C. Hunt,
Lawyer
Does both criminal and civil practice. Twelve years' experience. Land titles passed upon. Write all kinds of contracts and instruments. Notary in office. Office northeast corner public square, up stairs. Canyon, Texas.

W. D. Scott **W. J. Flesher**
Scott & Flesher,
Lawyers
Civil practice solicited. Office in courthouse. Notary in office.
CANYON CITY, TEXAS.

H. V. Reeves,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office in Wallace Building on East side of square. All calls promptly answered.
Office Phone 90. Residence Phone 2339

T. P. Turk,
Fire Insurance—Real Estate
List your property with me and give me your fire insurance. Prompt and careful attention given to all matters. Offices in Store of Turk & Armstrong.

Northwestern Title Co.,
Complete Abstract of All Randall County Property
R. A. TERRILL, - MANAGER
Hay! Hay!!

We have some choice "Prarie Hay" to sell by the car, ton or bale. Inquire of J. L. Prichard & Co.

Every family—and especially those who reside in the county should be provided at all times with a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment. There is no telling when it may be wanted in case of an accident or emergency. It is most excellent in all cases of rheumatism, sprains and bruises. Sold by City Pharmacy

Pictures framed on short notice at Thomas Bros.

At Our Churches

METHODIST

Sabbath school at 9:45 a. m.
G. G. Foster, Superintendent.
Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m.
Pastor, Rev. Hawkins
Epworth League, 6:30 p. m.
Evening services at 7:30.
Prayer meeting, Wednesday, evening at 7:30
All are invited to these services.

PRESBYTERIAN

Sunday services
9:30 a. m. Sunday school
11:00 a. m. Public worship,
Rev. J. S. Groves, pastor
6:30 p. m. Christian Endeavor.
7:30 p. m. Evening services
7:30 p. m. Wednesday evening,
Bible study and prayer meeting.
You are cordially invited to any and all of these services.

BAPTIST

Sunday services,
9:30 a. m. Sabbath School
J. C. Hunt, supt.
11:00 a. m. Preaching
J. M. Harder, Pastor
6:30 p. m., B. Y. P. U.
Montie Ross, Pres.
7:30 p. m. Preaching, by pastor J. M. Harder.
7:30 p. m. Wednesday evening Prayer meeting.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH

Sunday services
10:00 a. m. Bible school
11:00 a. m. Public worship,
J. J. Hutchison, Pastor
6:30 p. m. Christian Endeavor.
7:30 p. m. Public worship
7:40 p. m. Wednesday prayer meeting.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

Services are held at the Christian Science reading room (one block south of square) every Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and Wednesday at 8 o'clock. Everybody welcome at these services. Sunday school every Sunday morning at 10:15. The pastor of this church is the Bible and Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures.

Your tongue is coated.
Your breath is foul.
Headaches come and go.
These symptoms show that your stomach is the trouble. To remove the cause is the first thing, and Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver tablets will do that. Easy to take and most effective. Sold by City Pharmacy.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the First National Bank of Canyon, Texas, has bought all the property of the Canyon Ice & Light Co., at Receiver's sale; and all of the original stock holders of the Canyon City Ice & Light Company, who desire to do so, will be given an opportunity to take stock in corporation to be formed for taking over the property at the actual cost to the Bank.

To School Trustees.

I find that a few of the trustees have been imposed upon by buying school supplies from traveling agents, paying about three times what supplies are worth. If the trustees will come to my office, I will order such supplies for you direct from wholesale dealers, or you can do so. It does not make a cent of money to me nor am I representing any house, but I object to our trustees being grafted or the children's money wasted.

A. N. HENSON.

Diarrhoea should be cured without loss of time and by a medicine which like Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy not only cures promptly but produces no unpleasant after effects. It never fails and is pleasant and safe to take. Sold by City Pharmacy.

High School Play April 15.

COLOSSAL ARCTURUS

The Fourth Brightest Star in All the Heavens.

IN REALITY A MONSTER SUN.

It is Thought to Be at Least a Hundred Times Larger Than Our Sun in Diameter and is About Nine Hundred and Fifty Million Miles Distant.

Most of us are prone to think of our sun as being the largest body in the heavens, the grand high lord of all the little planets and the twinkling stars. Such is very far from being the case. Practically all of the fixed and twinkling stars are as large as, and some even larger than, our own sun. They appear small only because of their great distance, for they are just as truly suns with families of planets flying around them as is our central orb.

There is one of these stars in particular that has attracted the attention of astronomers, not only on account of its great size, but also its enormous distance from our solar system. This is the star Arcturus. To have some conception of the almost inconceivable distance that separates it from us the astronomical standard of measuring distance must be comprehended. Now, light does not come from a luminous body instantaneously to our eyes. It takes time to come, because it is a wave motion in a medium. The velocity of light as most recently determined is about 186,000 miles a second. Multiply this by the number of seconds in a year and we have a distance known in astronomy as a light year. Therefore when a star is, say, six trillion miles away we say it is one light year off, which means that the light from the star takes one year to reach us. It may be of some interest to know that there is no fixed star less than ten light years away, or sixty trillion miles. This is the one known as Alpha Centauri. Most of the stars are much farther even than that, Arcturus being the farthest one measured to date.

Arcturus is thought to be at least a hundred times larger than the sun in diameter. That would make it 10,000 times larger in surface, or the dimension that is ordinarily compared. By means of the photometer its brightness has been determined to be 6,200 times that of the sun. It is the fourth brightest star in all the heavens, Sirius, the dog star, being first in brightness. As regards the distance from us, it has been found to be a little over 160 light years, or 960 trillion miles. This distance, of course, cannot be conceived by mortal man, it is so stupendous and amazing. However, one can get a slight idea of it by means of an everyday analogy. Think of the fastest express train going at the rate of 100 miles an hour toward such a star and compute the time it would take. It is found to be in round numbers exactly 120,000,000 years! Now, as we know that it has taken its light so long to come to us and as there are a great many stars whose distance has never been measured exactly, but which have been computed to be approximately several million light years away, we have absolute proof of the great age of the world and the stellar universe.

The elements composing the sun Arcturus are, peculiarly enough, very nearly the same as our sun. As it is one of the most wonderful and astounding things that a scientist can tell what a star so far away is composed of, a small explanation of the modus operandi would not come amiss here. It is done by means of a small instrument known as the spectroscope, which consists of glass prisms so arranged as to split up the light falling on them into its constituent parts. Now, every substance has the power to cause a certain color or line in the spectroscope if it is in a luminous condition, so this instrument is simply pointed at the star whose composition is sought, and if any line is found that corresponds to a substance that we know about we assume that this substance is found in the star examined.

Another interesting thing is the method pursued in determining the great distance of the stars. This is done by determining their parallax or angle made at the star between two rays from the star striking at two different points in space. As the greatest distance that we can measure off in this way and still take the angle is the diameter of the earth's orbit, that distance is invariably used. It is almost 200,000,000 miles, but that, as is seen, is very small compared with the enormous distance of the star. Now, the angle thus measured from Arcturus is only two-hundredths of a second! When it is remembered that there are 60 seconds in a minute, 60 minutes in a degree and 360 degrees in a circle, it is at once seen what a small angle the parallax is and how careful the astronomer has to be in his observations. Indeed, for a long time, before modern delicately measuring instruments were invented, no star's distance could be found, for there was seemingly no angle formed, and thus the old scientists had to assume the star to be at infinity.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Guess This is So.
Mrs. Benham—How much did you pay the minister when we were married? Benham—I didn't pay him, but don't worry; no man ever had the heart to attach a man's wages for that kind of a debt.—New York Press.

Be wary so long as you live of judging people by appearance.—La Fontaine.

BUSINESS LOCALS

NOTICE—No camping, hunting or fishing allowed on the following sections on the Terra Blanco and Palo Duro creeks: Sections No. 11, blk. K, 14, Deaf Smith county; 108, 117, 140 and 141, blk. K, 14; Nos. 11, 12, 13, 20, 21, 23, blk. 1, all in Randall county, Texas. Any parties found trespassing will be prosecuted. Signed, John Hutson, owner and agent, Canyon City, Texas. 12tc

WELLS DRILLED—To any depth, prices low and terms easy. Wells drilled anywhere in town at 35 cents per foot. All work guaranteed. Edward Hyatt, Canyon, Texas. 35tc

FOR SALE—400 acres 1 mile from Happy at \$25.00 per acre. Half cash, balance terms. Address, Lock Box No. 23, Happy, Texas. 46-tt

NOTICE—Having purchased the steam plow outfit that was formerly owned by J. A. Moony, I am prepared to do all kinds of breaking. Those wishing work done write me at either Canyon or Umbarger, Texas. H. G. Breckenridge ft

FOR SALE—Some good heavy horses. Inquire of Judd Johnson, 12 miles Southwest of Canyon and 7 miles northwest of Happy.

FOR SALE—Seventeen tracts, 2 acres to 75 acres, within 1 mile of Normal School and 2 miles of Randall Co. Court House; smooth upland and Tierra Blanca Creek valley; about 45 acres in 3 year old alfalfa. For prices and terms address R. E. Sanford, Canyon, Texas. 47-8t

WANTED—Two hundred hens. Will pay the highest market price. W. E. Thompson.

FOR SALE—Second hand furniture of all kinds at P. V. Weinsted's.

FOR RENT—A fine section of land, tributary to Canyon City, good set of buildings all complete; 600 acres in cultivation. Inquire of Keiser Bros. & Phillips.

For Sale or trade a well bred 'Jack' Inquire of W. E. Bates.

For Sale at a bargain a twenty horse Reeves steam engine and gang plows will take part payment in good mares or mules. W. E. Bates.

FOR SALE—Good second hand furniture of all kinds and we have cook stoves at a bargain. Call and inspect goods whether you purchase or not. P. V. Weinsted, 2nd hand store man.

FOR SALE—10,000 bundles of Kaffir corn at 2c, 3c and 5c. J. H. Morehead, 9 miles Northwest of Happy. 52-3p

I have a few milk cows for sale, 9 miles south of Canyon. J. M. Craig Ralph, Texas. 52-1f

FOR SALE—Genuine true dwarf Maizein heads for sale. J. M. Ruff, 7 miles west and 1 mile south of Happy. 52-3t

NOTICE—No camping, hunting or trespassing allowed on Sections No. 106 and 111, Block M 9, Randall County. Any party or parties found on said posted premises will be prosecuted. J. O. TURNER.

Closing out a stock of Racket Store goods at half price at P. V. Weinsted's

Prompt relief in all cases of throat and lung trouble if you use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Pleasant to take, soothing and healing in effect. Sold by City Pharmacy.

Two Thorough-bred Hereford Bulls for Sale.

If you are in need of such, you will do well to see these at once. They are in my feed pen and are fat and fine, coming three year olds. Choice for \$60.00. 51 tf John A. Wallace

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets assist nature in driving all impurities out of the system, insuring a free and regular condition and restoring the organs of the body to health and strength. Sold by City Pharmacy

Garden Seeds! Garden Seeds!!

Fresh seeds of all kinds will be found at the Racket Store.

Sweet potato, cabbage and tomato plants for sale. Write for price circular. T. Jones & Co., Clarendon, Texas. 2-2t

For Sale—Three hundred and thirty-seven acres, eleven miles northeast of Canyon, at a bargain if taken soon, will sell in one tract or divide. For particulars address box No. 69, R. F. D. No. 5, York, Neb. High School Play April 15.

19 YEARS
A Resident of Canyon City and Randall County, Texas.

Real Estate, Loans and Life Insurance. Choice residence property in southwest part of town, close to Public school and all the churches. A few five to eight acre blocks (1-2 mile south of town) extends into valley for alfalfa. Also 320 acres two miles south of town, cut in tracts to suit purchaser, prices and terms reasonable.

Non-resident interest attended to, pay taxes and collect rentals. Good farms for rent or sale in different parts of the county. Make your wants known. Come around and let us talk it over fully.

JOHN KNIGHT

Canyon Coal & Elevator
INCORPORATED. **Company** W. H. HICKS, Mgr.
Successors to Canyon Coal Company
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Coal, Grain, Hay, Field Seeds
We Sell the Best Quality at Lowest Prices.

Genuine "Nigger Head" Maitland
COAL

We pay the highest price for Grain and Hay.
Strictly a Home Concern.
Office at the Elevator. Telephone 72.

J. L. PRICHARD & CO.

are prepared to do all kinds of
Plumbing and
Steam and Water Heating

All work Guaranteed. Licensed
Plumber in charge of all works.
Every one desiring work done
please figure with us.

ABSOLUTELY NEW--ALTOGETHER DIFFERENT

THEREFORE CURES WHERE OTHERS FAIL

Ware's Black Powder and Ware's Baby Powder are tasteless and perfectly harmless antiseptics that kill the little germs in the Stomach and Bowels which cause **Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulence, Sick Headache, Dysentery, Cholera-Morbus, Intestinal Indigestion, Catarrh of the Stomach and Bowels, and Diarrhoea**—thereby removing the cause and relieving the trouble.

Ware's Baby Powder is for children, and if your baby is suffering from bad bowels, irritation from teething and condition that we call summer complaint, stomach all upset, food undigested, use Ware's Baby Powder. It cures the little ones.

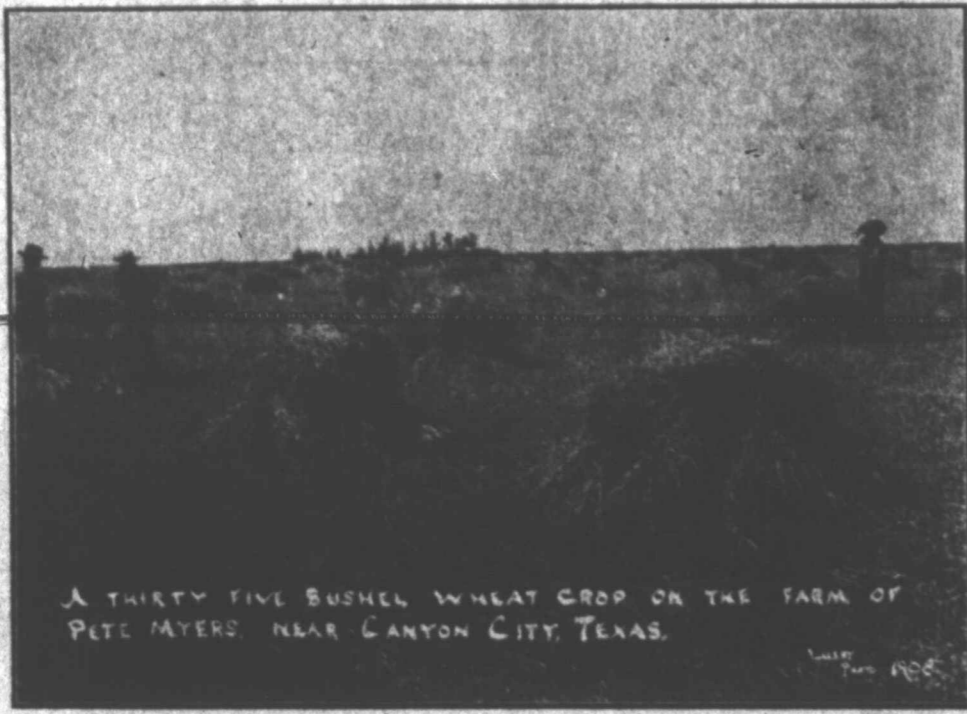
For Sale by CITY PHARMACY

Subscribe for the "Newsy" News.

WHEAT!

WHEAT!

WHEAT!



A THIRTY FIVE BUSHEL WHEAT CROP ON THE FARM OF PETE MYERS NEAR CANYON CITY, TEXAS.

The country that will grow wheat successfully, is, like the country that will grow corn successfully, limited in area, and bound to grow more valuable with each succeeding year.

The Panhandle country has a heavy, tight, soil pregnant with lime and magnesia and the elements used by the wheat plant, to make a strong, vigorous growth. Our altitude gives a summer temperature very similar to Minnesota and the Dakotas, the so called "bread-basket of the United States." The writer of this article has raised wheat in the famous James River Valley of South Dakota, for a period of twenty-five years, and after a residence of five years on the Plains of Texas, he is firmly convinced that this is a better wheat country than the aforesaid famous valley. In connection

with the wheat we can make splendid crops of kaffir corn and milo maize which is more nearly a perfectly balanced ration for stock of all kinds, than any other single grain crop. The mildness and dryness of the winter months make this an ideal place for feeding stock.

The Gulf ports of our own state give us a splendid outlet to the markets of the world for our wheat. We also have extensive packing plants in our own state which give us a market for our fat hogs and cattle.



Come and buy a piece of this splendid land while it can be obtained at a comparatively nominal price.

Keiser Brothers & Phillips

Buy and Sell Panhandle Lands.

Canyon City, Texas.

Keota, Iowa.

Redkey, Indiana.

Ralph Items

(To late for last week.) Easter has come and gone and was with out that customary freeze.

Every thing in the way of farming is in fine shape at this writing, most farmers report a good stand of oats.

Our school closed last Friday and the intertainment given by the school, was enjoyed by most of the patrons and our teacher Miss Cleveland has taught us a very successful school and we are in hopes that she will consent to teach our school another term.

The Easter egg hunt that was given by and at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Knicey's was well attended and a nice time reported by all.

Mr. and Mrs. Will White and son of Happy visited with Mr. and Mrs. Sam Wiggins on Sunday last.

Clay Ross our merchant was in Happy last Wednesday on business.

Mr. J. H. Walter was in Canyon last Tuesday looking after some business interests.

Mr. A. T. Roles is still on the sick list, we hope he will be out in a few days.

Our school trustee to be elected on next Saturday, April the 2nd don't forget the date.

The Ralph baseball team will reorganize at Ralph on Saturday afternoon at three o'clock, those that have been invited to play on the team, please don't forget the date, every body interested is cordially invited to play on the team.

If you are not a customer of ours, you should be. Why not give us a trial. Fulton Lumber Company.

Wayside News

Preaching at Beula, Sunday a. m. by Rev. Burgess. Sunday School at the usual time led by Mr. King, Supt.

Court at Claude this week, W. D. and J. T. McGehee have been subpoenaed for jury duty.

W. H. Hamble and wife visited Will Howard Sunday. We regret to lean the latter is expecting to leave the Plains this fall for Hunt county, Texas.

Bob Brooks and wife visited her mother Mayo Saturday.

Those who sat up and built smudge fires the past week at night are of the opinion they saved their fruit. Some who thought it wasn't cold enough, have come to the conclusion theirs died.

Some wheat crops are looking fine, most farmers are through sowing spring oats, a few yet to sow.

Lowe McGehee had the misfortune to get his left arm broken last Thursday during afternoon recess. He fell from a log prop or a brace of the school house, only about two feet. Mrs. Mayo assisted his father in setting the injured limb.

Trustee election at Beula, Saturday last resulted in the election of Mr. Adams for the ensuing term.

Will Sluder, wife and Grace accompanied by Mrs. S. J. McGehee spent Sunday with Jno. Gilliam and family.

Singing at W. T. Helms, Sunday afternoon.

Will Franklin and Miss Fannie Sluder were guests of Dave Hamble and wife Sunday.

Emmet and Mattie McGehee and Jim Sluder visited Floyd and Eva Painton Sunday. Friday, April 8 marks the con-

clusion of the literary meetings for the season. A good program is expected, Painton Bros. will favor the crowd with music.

TEDDIE

We are having some breezy weather now.

J. A. Curry and W. B. Walters went to Willis Fishers Monday in search of seed corn.

Mark Wesley, wife and little daughter, Irene, visited W. B. Walters and family this week.

W. T. Logan of Rhome, Texas, is visiting G. P. Bryan.

We are having some real cool weather again and plenty of ice Thursday morning.

H. B. Wesley and H. James were business visitors at Happy this week.

Quite a number from Fairview attended church at Sunnyhill Sunday.

Guy Allred of Tulia is visiting his uncle, J. M. Allred.

H. Miller and wife were Canyon visitors this week.

TASSIE

Umbarger Notes

Ed. Baird went to Amarillo Wednesday to take in the show.

T. B. Slaughter paid Hereford a business visit this week.

Mrs. S. Findly spent Wednesday in Dawn.

S. Burnham of Canyon was in Umbarger, Sunday.

A most enjoyable evening was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. Stratton, Wednesday in singing.

Miss Letitia Lancaster and Miss Catherine Beckman entertained the local "Theatrical Company" of Umbarger at the

home of Henry Beckman and wife, on last Thursday evening, a most pleasant evening was enjoyed by all present.

L. M. Williams and wife received a message Thursday stating that their daughter, Mrs. Ed Kelly of Jacksboro, Texas, was dangerously ill. They left on the evening train for Jacksboro. Mr. Williams returned Wednesday accompanied by his two small granddaughters. He reports his daughter much improved.

Don't forget that Saturday evening April 9th you will be given another opportunity to see the interesting program of the Umbarger school and that you are invited and expected to be present. No box social.

William, the seven months old child of Mr. and Mrs. P. N. Ater of Dawn died Tuesday evening at 8:20 after a weeks illness of pneumonia. The funeral will take place in Hereford, conducted by Rev. Score of Christian church.

A daughter arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clemens Friemel, Wednesday.

Herefords Cleanup Day

Hereford's annual "cleanup" day was celebrated Friday and twenty double team wagons had more than they could do in carrying off the accumulations. The mayor issued an official proclamation, making the day a legal holiday and a Commercial Club appointed captains to district the city and supervises the work. Everybody took a great deal of interest and Hereford is considerably cleaner than before, though wagons are still working at it.—Daily Panhandle.

The News thinks that Canyon should profit by Hereford's doings, and have a clean up. The

News has been advocating a clean up, have been calling the Civic clubs attention and they have been good faithful workers but the undertaking is too great for a handful of willing workers to do all that is required to be done let the Commercial club, the buisness interets and all property holders see what can be done towards making a general cleaning up day, and thereby show strangers who may be within our gates see what we are doing to make a city more healthful may and more beautiful. We are taught that "Cleanliness is next to Godliness," so let us be clean. Now who is going to come forward and act as a leader?

Patterson, Head of Tribune, Dies.

Robert W. Patterson, president of the Chicago Tribune and editor-in-chief of the Tribune, died suddenly at the Bellevue Stratford Hotel in Philadelphia at 9:45 o'clock on the night of April 1st after an illness of only two days. Half an hour before his death his mother, Mrs. Julia A. Patterson, had passed away in Chicago at the home of her son-in-law, John. M. Ewen, at 70 Bellevue place. Neither knew that the other had been ill.

By a remarkable coincidence the illness of each had lasted only two days. Both deaths were entirely unexpected, and came as a tremendous shock to the family. Mrs. Patterson's illness began as a cold and developed into pneumonia while her son's death was due to a sudden stroke of apoplexy.

Work on the main building of the normal school is progressing rapidly and the contractors say and assure us that they have no doubt about being able to give ample room to open school on time, Sept. 20th.

No. 5238.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF The First National Bank

At Canyon, in the State of Texas at the close of business, Mar. 29, 1910.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$284,000.49
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	8,236.18
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	100,000.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds	4,000.00
Bonds, Securities, etc.	51,992.80
Banking House Furniture and fixtures	30,986.96
Other real estate owned	15,350.00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	10,160.39
Due from approved reserve agents	84,756.07
Checks & other cash items	477.85
Notes of other national banks	2,585.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	219.66
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:	
Specie	4,608.05
Legal-tender notes	9,752.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)	5,000.00
Total	\$612,815.45

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$100,000.00
Surplus fund	50,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	9,879.00
National bank notes outstanding	98,150.00
Due to other nat'l. banks	13,273.98
Due to State and Private Banks & Bankers	10,485.17
Individual deposits subject to check	218,312.21
Demand certificates of deposit	50.00
Time certificates of deposit	33,665.99
Bills payable, including certificates of deposit for money borrowed	70,000.00
Total	\$612,815.45

State of Texas, County of Randall, ss: I, D. A. PARK, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

D. A. PARK, Cashier.

Correct Attest:
L. T. LESTER
L. E. COWLING } Directors.
L. C. LAIR

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of Apr. 1910.

A. S. ROLLINS,
Notary Public.

Photos in the latest styles, low prices, satisfaction guaranteed and promptly finished at the Lusby Studio.