

PRESIDENT COUSINS ASKS SCHOOL UNION

President R. B. Cousins is asking that the public schools of Canyon be united with the Normal training school. He has been interviewing large numbers of people this week regarding the proposition and stated yesterday that he was gratified to know that the prominent men of the city with whom he had talked, favored the plans.

Mr. Cousins is asking this union not only for the benefit of the training school, but also for the benefit of the children of the town. The plan is, not a new and untried one, but is in operation in many cities in the United States and its success cannot be questioned. It will be of benefit to the Normal in that it will give a larger training school for the practice teachers, and this is absolutely necessary to keep in pace with the great increase in the Normal. It will be of benefit to the children in so much that they will at all times have the very best of expert supervision and the very best teachers and will be furnished with more books free of charge than is possible where the parents furnish the books.

Mr. Cousins stated that the union at this time was of great importance and that it would be the greatest advertisement the town could possibly procure.

TRACK MEET ON NEXT TUESDAY

Next Tuesday will be held the annual track and field meet of the Panhandle Athletic Association. The Normal team is working hard to put out a strong team and they have great hopes of winning many events. Invitation have been sent to Lowery, Phillips, Wayland, Seth Ward, Clarendon, Goodnight and Hereford high school to participate in the meet. It is expected a number will accept.

The tennis players have also invited Hereford and Tulia to send teams here that day and Hereford has accepted.

More Light Improvements.

Manager Will Sydow reports to the News that two new generators have been received at the power plant, one of 45 horse power and the other of 7 1/2 horse power. The blowers received two weeks ago have been installed and with the simple use of a valve the engineer may have the effect of a smoke stack varying all the way from 1 foot to 300 feet in height.

Mr. Sydow says that his company will make other improvements during the summer, announcements of which will be made later.

Cemetery Clean Up Day.

We have 131 trees donated to the cemetery. The holes are all dug. The people are earnestly requested to lend a helping hand in putting out these trees and to clean up the cemetery on Monday, April 20th. Meet at 9 o'clock a. m.

Cemetery Association.

Four Ball Games.

The Normal baseball team will play Plainview high school in Canyon this afternoon and Friday, Wayland next Monday and Goodnight Tuesday. All of the visiting teams are strong.

ARCHITECTS GIVE THEIR OPINIONS ON NEW BUILDING

Two architects visited the city this week to inspect the ruins of the West Texas State Normal College building and to make estimates as to the cost of putting up a fireproof building. One of the men, M. L. Waller, was the architect who drew the plans for the old building, and the other was George A. Endress, who has done most of the architect work for the Denton Normal College.

These men made very different reports to President R. B. Cousins as to how much of the old foundation could be used and as to the cost of building a fireproof building. However, they stated that they wished to go over the plans more thoroughly before they presented their figures as final.

President Cousins stated Tuesday that each man was given the outline of the old building and asked to work out the details for a new fireproof building, making such changes as would be most economical and convenient. Mr. Cousins has written other architects to come and examine the foundation, and they will also be asked to draw plans for a new building and to make estimates of cost. He wishes to get the opinion of a number of experts so as all the information possible may be presented to the Board of Regents when they shall meet to discuss the plans.

Mr. Waller is of the opinion that a large part of the foundation could be used, for the new building, with supplementary piles to hold the weight of the building. Mr. Endress is of the opinion that very little of the foundation can be used.

Mr. Cousins reports that the faculty has gone over plans and have a general idea of the building they wish erected. They desire expert advice in order to make the new home as economical, useful and desirable as possible. The new building will be on the general outline of the old structure. The old building was one of the most modern and improved as to general outline. In the "School Board Journal" of this month is produced a sketch of what the magazine called "a modern sanitary school" and the general outline coincided exactly with the old building.

Mr. Cousins states that he will ask that the Board of Regents recommend to the Governor a three-story building with a half story basement which can be used for lunch and play rooms. The New High School of Commerce, Springfield, Mass., has a building which Mr. Cousins very greatly admires and which is of the same general outline as the old building. With a fireproof structure, additional rooms could be added to the north wings as soon as needed, thus placing all of the institution under one roof.

Mr. Cousins believes that within a short time he will have the plans of a number of architects and that at the meeting of the Board of Regents the architect and plan will be selected. He states that he has heard from a number of the board, and each man is very anxious to have a meeting. After they have decided upon a creditable and safe building, the board will then take the matter up with the Governor in order to secure additional funds for the erection of a modern fireproof structure.

Hardware and Implement Dealers Meet

The annual meeting of the Panhandle Hardware and Implement Dealers' Association will be held in Amarillo next Monday and Tuesday. T. C. Thompson of this city is president of the association and reports that the meeting will be very largely attended and that the program is one of the best ever prepared for the association. At the meeting Monday Mr. Thompson will deliver the President's annual address.

Y. M. C. A. Meeting.

Mr. Guenther will address the Y. M. C. A. next Sunday, April 19, at the Methodist church. His subject will be "The Y. M. and Y. W. C. A. as a factor in the Ethics of a school and religion in the Public School."

A cordial invitation is extended to everyone.

Maybe We Don't See Ourselves as Others See Us. But our motto is 'do right'

We are aware of the fact that there are lots of families in Canyon and near Canyon who are sending to Amarillo and other towns for Dry Goods that would not do so if they knew they could get the same merchandise here in Canyon for the same money or less. The people have never thought of the several different points in this matter and with your permission we are going to give you a few of them. Every cent you send to Amarillo goes to build up Amarillo and her merchants, and not one cent ever comes back to Canyon. The chances are you have ordered goods from other and never tried your home merchant to see if he had in stock what you wanted or if he would not order same for you and in most instances better merchandise for less money than you can get from catalog houses.

Is it not a fact that the merchants of Amarillo and other towns where you send your money do not care what becomes of you or your family, whether you are sick or well, whether you have churches or schools, or what becomes of you so long as they get your money and when that plays out, maybe have had sickness in your family and it becomes necessary to have credit for a short time, you go to your Amarillo merchant and ask him to carry you for 30 or 60 days and he says NO. If your home merchant or bank can't carry you, how can you expect us to--but we will do this. We will gladly pay your railroad fare from Canyon and give you 10 per cent off of your purchases.

Now do you realize what this means? You know the average man has little idea what dry goods cost. For instance, if we have a nice pattern in a suit of clothes that cost \$10.00 the merchant of Canyon would mark same to sell for \$17.50. The Amarillo merchant would mark same suit to sell for \$25.00 and pay your railroad fare and give you 10 per cent off, which would make the suit cost you \$21.50, and if they can't sell for that price they will scatter circulars in our town advertising \$25.00 suits for \$17.50. The merchants of Canyon would be satisfied to get \$17.50 for the same suit and would cheerfully give a part of that amount to any charitable cause or any one in distress. Suppose some of our home people burn out or get sick and need help, do you go to Amarillo for help? (What's the use.)

We realize the fact that we can't afford to carry the stocks that the Amarillo merchants carry, but we do carry a reasonable stock of dry goods and if we haven't what you want we will send and get it for you and save you money. And every dollar you spend in Canyon helps Canyon and her people. Four years ago we started out on a very small scale. Today we are doing a large business. We think we have built up our business on square dealing, live and let live prices, and we appreciate the trade we have had and we don't intend this as a chronic kick but we do believe you ought to give us a chance to show you what we have any time we can serve you in any way. If you are asking for help for any worthy purpose, don't pass us by as we are as anxious to help in a just cause as we are anxious to get your trade.

We want to thank you for your trade with us and if you are dissatisfied in any way come to see us and let's see where the mistake is and if it is on our part we will gladly correct the same. Come in and see us and when you go out of our store you will be satisfied with us and we will feel better by your coming in.

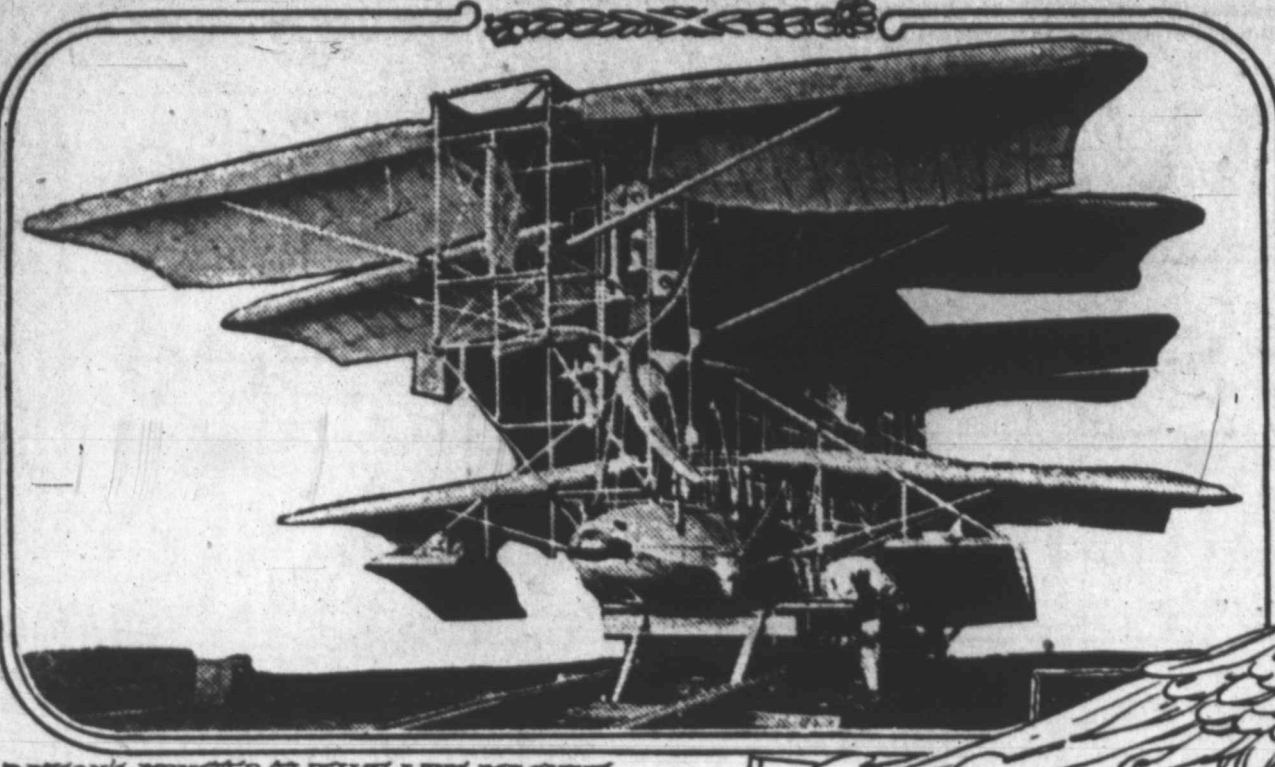
THE LEADER

JOE & JIM

The AIR RACE 'ROUND the WORLD



LINCOLN BEACHEY



BALDWIN'S BIPLANE TWELVE WING MACHINE



CHRISTMAN FLYING MACHINE



ROUND THE WORLD AIR ROUTE

MAJORITY of experienced aviators believe the proposed aeroplane flight around the world this summer, while it will be a marvelous demonstration of human progress and efficiency, is nevertheless feasible. The directors of the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco are assured of the co-operation of all the great nations over whose territory the monoplanes and aeroplanes will whirl.

Feat after feat of endurance must be performed by the aviator who traverses the broad American continent, makes the great jumps from island to island of the North Atlantic, pursues the well-traveled air lanes of Europe, safely passes over the bleak and forbidding wastes of Siberia, and fringes the almost uninhabited coast line of northern Asia and Alaska.

But each of these feats has been exceeded already in the air records now on the books. Now all that is needed is the combination of them. The performance of one great air journey after another means luck, enormous luck, to a greater degree than in almost any sporting contest ever organized.

Several aviators have signified their intention of entering. They are willing to take the risks. They are not actuated by the desire for gold, for even the successful contender, who will win the \$150,000 first prize and also the \$50,000 offered by Lord Northcliffe for the first crossing of the Atlantic, will find his \$200,000 and perhaps more eaten up by the expenses of his undertaking.

It is quite certain, however, that plenty of men of large fortunes and sporting proclivities will be found to finance this peerless air event.

The eyes of the world will be upon the brave contenders, even more than they were upon the pioneer aviation racers in that first meet at Rheims in 1908.

The attention of the close students of the race is centered upon the problem of the Atlantic. After passing due east from San Francisco across the Sierras, through Reno, Nev.; Cheyenne, Wyo.; Kansas City, St. Louis and New York, the aviators will coast along the seaboard to Belle Isle, between Newfoundland and Labrador. Here the flight across the Atlantic will begin. The flyers will probably head for Cape Farewell, Greenland, 610 miles away. From Cape Farewell to Iceland the distance is 670 miles, and from Iceland to Stornaway, in the Hebrides, is 570 miles.

Three enormous leaps—610, 670 and 570 miles. None of them insurmountable in itself. But to hit the bull's-eye three times in succession—there's the rub.

Then these seas are not always as hospitable as the Mediterranean, which Roland Garros has now crossed twice. There are fog and wind and rocky landing places.

But if a row of warships patrol the course, lent by their governments in the interests of science and human progress, the risk will not be greater (for instance) than that taken by the late John B. Moisant when he set off in an untried machine with a fog in his face to fly from Paris to London at a time when the channel crossing alone was considered almost a miracle.

Compared with the Atlantic crossing, too, the rest of the journey seems fairly simple.

The proposed route is by way of Edinburgh, London, Paris, Berlin, Warsaw, St. Petersburg, Moscow and the Trans-Siberian railway to Manchuria and then south to Vladivostok. The next lap takes the aviator across the sea to Corea.

He must then cross the Japan sea to Kobe and Tokyo, turn north to Kamchatka and travel along the coast either to East cape or to the Aleutian islands. The distance between the two continents here varies from 30 to 200 miles. From Alaska the course will be southward to Vancouver, Seattle, and home to San Francisco.

The aviators who hesitate about pronouncing the journey possible in the present stage of their calling attention to the distance—25,000 miles. The successful flyer must travel an average of more than 200 miles a day for four months. Will it be possible to accomplish the trip in the few months of summer of the Northern regions through parts of which the course lies? Vedrines was five weeks in doing the 3,500 miles from Paris to the pyramids, flying at an average of only 100 miles daily.

This explains clearly how greatly the proposed journey would outdo anything yet accomplished. Besides the notable flights already mentioned, Oscar Bider has flown over practically every high mountain in Europe, Garros has made a flight from Marseilles to Paris without stopping; Brindejone des Moulinais has toured the capitals of Europe, and two besides Vedrines have reached Egypt from France. Yet these journeys pale before the difficulties of the race around the globe.

It is to be noted, however, that the history of aviation is one succession of surprises. Scarcely anything of importance accomplished has not been called impossible beforehand. Aviators have done so much that one hesitates to doubt their ability to do anything.

Special aeroplanes will be constructed for the race. These will probably be swift, but not built for the maximum speed. They will make say, 60 miles an hour. Reliability will be the object.

There will be accommodations for two men, both pilots, who will relieve each other at the tiller. A large supply of fuel and oil must be carried. It will be a splendid test for the machine builders, and most of the factories on both sides of the Atlantic are expected to be in the field.

In the United States the following constructors have tentatively signified their willingness to build a 'round the world plane: Glenn H. Curtiss of Hammondsport, N. Y.; Orville Wright of Dayton, O.; W. Starling Burgess of Marblehead, Mass.; Thomas Benoist of St. Louis, Emile Berliner of Washington, D. C.; the Heinrich Brothers of Baldwin, L. I.; John E. Sloane of New York city, Edmon F. Gallaudet of Norwich, Conn., and Ingles Uppercu of New York city.

There are now 7,000 licensed aviators in the world. Out of this field there must be several hundred who would attempt the proposed flight if the financial backing were forthcoming. The first man in America to get in his entry was Beckwith Havens. Capt. Mathew A. Batson of Savannah, Ga., a former army officer, who is the inventor of a flying boat, announces he will enter the race. Lincoln Beachey will also compete. From abroad come many expressions showing enthusiasm for the race.

The time before the start is short, however. By May 1, few could have their machines in readiness at the Golden Gate. Claude Grahame-White, the noted English aviator, thinks the exposition officials should take off the time limit entirely. He thinks the trip around the globe cannot be made this summer, but might be accomplished in 1916. He said:

"They (the exposition officials) might as well offer \$10,000,000. It is as safe as in the Bank of England if the offer is to be withdrawn at the end of 1915. I do not believe you would have time now to get a machine ready even if you worked day and night.

"I think it would need to be a comparatively slow machine for the race; that is, one doing 60 miles an hour. I certainly would not have a monoplane, for I do not think monoplane construction lends itself to a big weight-lifting machine."

The London Daily Mail, Lord Northcliffe's newspaper, doubts that the feat can be accomplished. It says:

"The exhibition committee's offer indicates remarkable confidence in the future of aircraft, though there is little prospect of the feat being accomplished by the proposed date. But it is merely a question of time before an airman puts a girdle around the world."

Roland Garros said:

"They can count me in, provided oceans are eliminated, as in the case of an automobile trip, and other conditions are decently fair. I am an aviator who will not attempt the impossible. I am positive that no engine today could stand the whole journey. Without having to fly across the oceans, I believe I could accomplish the feat with one engine, provided I were allowed to repair it."

Capt. Thomas Baldwin, a veteran of the balloon field before he took up aeroplanes, said the great-

est difficulty would be to cross the Atlantic ocean, and for this trip special machines with arrangements to carry provisions and fuel for 20 hours at least must be constructed.

"Except for the flight across the Atlantic," said Captain Baldwin, "the race will not be difficult. I figure that the aviators will have to travel 28,000 miles. Of course it will be necessary for two pilots to travel in each machine so that they can relieve each other.

"Motors now are made so that they are fairly reliable, and the trips across the water for stretches of 500 or 600 miles may be accomplished with comparative ease. The trip by land over Europe and Asia will be made without great difficulty, and arrangements for crossing the Bering strait will insure success for that stage of the journey."

The exposition officials expect to have at least \$300,000 to offer in prizes. The first prize will probably be \$150,000, although it may be \$100,000 or \$200,000. The race will be under the supervision of an international commission consisting of men from all the countries on the route of the race. The commission will be to suggest the route and offer counsel on geographic, meteorologic and scientific problems.

The commission will be named by the president of the United States, the king of Great Britain, the president of France, the German emperor, the emperor of Russia, the emperor of Japan, and the premier of British Columbia. An international fleet will be organized. Japan and the United States will be asked to patrol the Pacific ocean course with scout cruisers, and the United States, England and France to establish the same sort of a guard in the Atlantic. Russia will be requested to distribute troops over the desolate wastes of Siberia and Manchuria.

TALKED TO DEATH.

The toastmaster was in despair. Looking down the table he saw a friend, an Irishman, noted for his wit, and he thought that he might help. He called on him. With due solemnity the Irishman responded:

"I cannot say what I want to say," he began with "for we are all limited to five minutes. So I will tell you of an Irishman who came to this country. He wrote home telling of things here, and recounted that no longer were men put to death in this country by being hanged. 'The way they kill 'em here,' he wrote, 'is by elocation.'"—Raleigh News and Observer.

A REAL BARON.

"At last," exclaimed the long-haired inventor, "I have evolved the greatest practical blessing of the age!"

"Oh, tell me, Theophilus, tell me what it is," begged his wife.

"A collar button with a little phonograph inside that will call out when it rolls into a dark corner under the dresser: 'Here I am! Here I am!'"—Cleveland Leader.

HOUSEHOLD PROBLEMS.

"Housekeeping in a small flat has its problems."

"How now?"

"My wife is kicking because she has to buy 5 cents' worth of ice to preserve 4 cents' worth of milk."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

VOLUNTARY.

First Grad—My wife's gone to the West Indies.

Second G.—Jamaica!

First G.—No—she wanted to go.—Orange Peel.

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For Sale Exclusively by
Randall County News

Making Tomorrow's World

By WALTER WILLIAMS, LL.D.
(Dean of the School of Journalism of the University of Missouri)

"ONE MAN, ONE VOTE"

Milan, Italy.—Is more democracy the cure for democracy?

Certainly the trend in European countries is toward the trial of the prescription. The demand for an extension of the suffrage is confined to no nation, but may be heard from Great Britain to Greece, from big Russia, where the desire is for a *duma* chosen by a genuinely popular vote, to little Portugal, where the slight semblance of a republic seeks to hold power by permitting all men to vote who vote the ticket of the republic.

Italy Gets Manhood Suffrage.

In Italy, where this letter is written, the most colossal experiment in the extension of the suffrage is having its first trial. The electoral law, passed by the late chamber of deputies, raises the number of voters in Italy from 3,319,200 to 8,762,250, an increase of more than five million. Under the new law Italy has practically manhood suffrage for the entire nation. All males thirty years of age and over, and all males twenty years of age and under thirty who can read and write, or who have performed military service, are permitted to vote. Illiteracy and non-performance of military duty alone exclude from suffrage and these only where the age of the prospective voter is under thirty years. It is an experiment, which, though paralleling it in some degree, far surpasses even the war measure, which thrust unprepared the colored men of the United States into politics. The questions as to the extent to which the Italians heretofore excluded will avail themselves of the new privileges and the manner in which they will exercise their right of choice, can not now be answered with any degree of accuracy. The in-

fluence of a minority. This is particularly desirable in the final balloting where the candidates have not been selected or nominated in a popular convention or primary election.

The scenes at preliminary meetings and today at voting places in Milan resemble the scenes at an election in the United States, with some differences. Making the rounds of the polling places with reporters from the *Carriere del Sera*, Italy's most widely circulated newspaper, was not unlike visiting the polls, with American reporters, on a congressional election day. The eager, excited crowds, the hired helpers circulating candidates' circulars, the one or two policemen to preserve order, the voters in line to cast their ballot—it was not unlike an American election.

Political Bossism to Increase.

In making a Greater Italy, what will be the results of universal suffrage? The mayor of an Italian city, returning for a day from a holiday in Switzerland, that he might cast his ballot for a Liberal deputy, "a supporter of the great Giolitti of the school of Cavour," expressed one opinion: "It means the immediate awakening and going forward of Italy." Another opinion was expressed by a Milan merchant: "It will set back Italy a half century by giving votes to this great mass of ignorant men. The elections will be dominated by priests who wish clerical deputies chosen or by professional demagogues who care nothing for Italy's real needs." Perhaps a more well-considered view was that of Dr. M. Borsa, a Milan journalist, opposed to the Giolitti policy, but sympathetic with progress: "For a time the effect will be to give strength to what you

between a party which holds church interests supreme and a party which holds church interests secondary.

Secret Ballot in France.

In other European countries the same trend toward democracy may be found. France, under the popular president, Poincare, has just substituted the secret ballot for the ballot voted in public in an urn, thus giving to democracy a chance to express itself without outside knowledge or interference. At the next general election in France a system similar in principle to the so-called Australian ballot, now general in the United States, will be employed. "It is estimated that 100,000 isoloirs—which is the French word for polling booth—will be required in France when the system comes into operation," said a French journalist. "And they will cost 15 francs each (about \$300,000), an enormous and unnecessary expense," said a Conservative. The comment suggested the argument of cost once employed against the adoption of the secret ballot in the United States.

Suffrage Reform Promised in Germany.

In Prussia and some other German states, where the election conditions are little removed from feudalism, only the strong arm of monarchical authority has kept back reform. The growing opposition to the illiberal "three class" system in Prussia by which one-third of the so-called popular house of the Prussian parliament is elected by 200,000 voters, one-third by 800,000 voters, and one-third by 6,000,000 voters, has become strong enough to compel a promise of reform in a speech from the throne. Mecklenburg is worse off than Prussia but here, too, reform is imminent. Saxony recently modified its system by adopting manhood suffrage and the secret ballot, though giving two votes to the possessors of incomes of more than \$400 a year, while incomes of \$50 a year entitle to three votes and certain standards of education, certain professions and incomes of \$700 a year to four votes. Baden has gone to the extreme of liberality—for present-day Germany—and provided in its constitution for manhood suffrage, secret ballot and "one man, one vote." In all the German states the most casual looker-on at the things political finds a movement, which can not long be denied success, in favor of a modification into a more democratic system of the present inheritance from feudalism under which, as a Munich Conservative mildly pointed out, "the advantage is somewhat too large on the side of brains, caste and money."

Plural Voting Doomed in England.

In Great Britain the Liberals and many Conservatives are supporting a bill which will abolish the archaic system of plural voting. Under this system it is possible for electors to be on the voting lists of several constituencies, with the results that the residents in localities have been swamped by outsiders possessing votes because they happened to own land in those divisions or in adjoining constituencies. If the system prevailed in the United States, a voter might cast his ballot for congressman, for example, in Columbia, Missouri, in Kansas City, in Chicago, and in Louisville, if he owned property in or adjoining these constituencies. There are tens of thousands of British voters who are thus entitled to cast their votes in more than one constituency and at least 50,000 university voters who can vote more than once. It is a remedy for this condition by giving "one man, one vote," that the new election bill in England provides. It will doubtless soon become a law.

Officialdom the Plague of Europe.

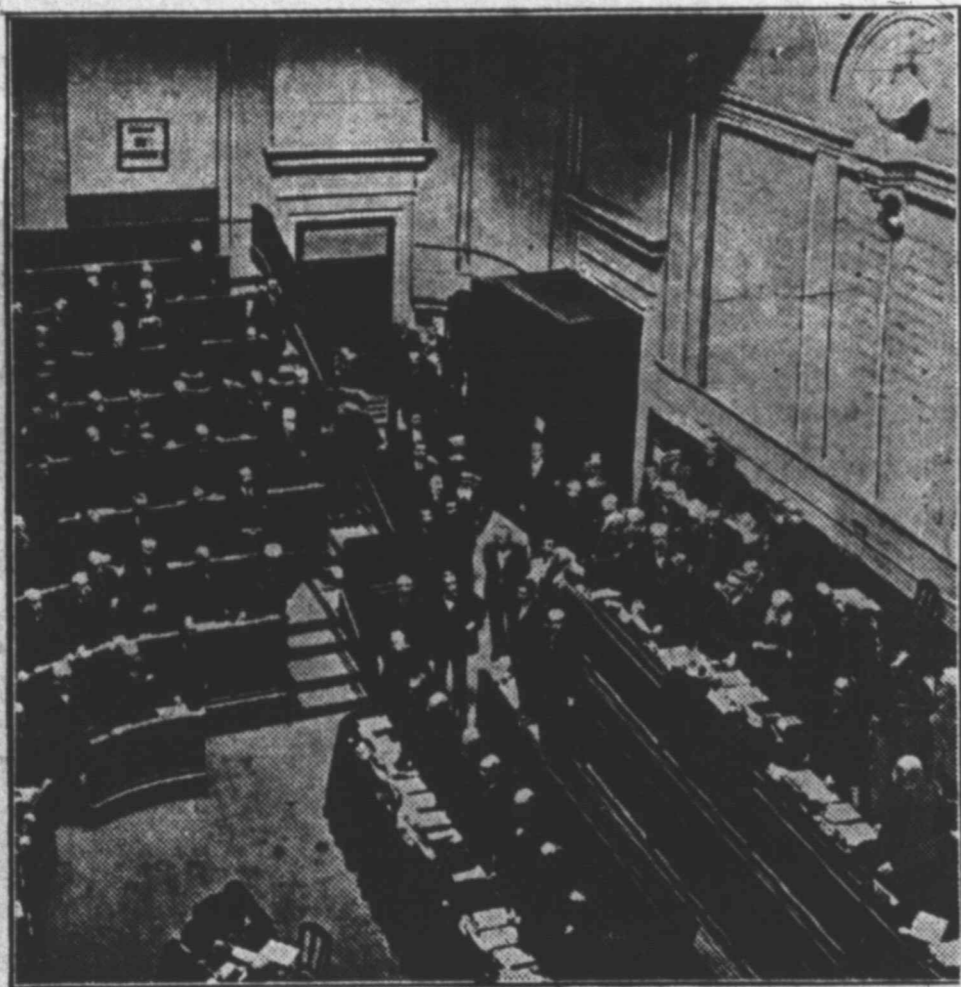
It is perhaps the official in Europe, pointed out Henry W. Nevins, rather than the crown, the aristocracy or even the plutocrat, who now most endangers liberty. Bureaucratic interference with personal life, long the plague of most European capitals, threatens to infect the world. We are called upon to accept "the expert" as our controlling guide and "efficiency" as the final test of government. Many of the perils of monarchy or any other government from above lurk in such advice. Bees and ants are efficient, but their progress appears to have stopped—stopped dead, as we say; or, if you want expert government watch the law and order of sheep before a dog. Officials, even in the best countries, usually govern badly, because they naturally magnify their office and routine above life, regarding the intrusion of reality as an unwarrantable disturbance to their habitual toil or leisure. But that is not the worst of it, as the traveler through Europe soon learns. Even under the most efficient officialdom, the governed suffer a degrading loss of personality. It is disastrous to maintain order, however mechanically perfect, or to organize virtue and comfort, however judiciously proportionate, if personality and variety are gone.

Self Government Gaining.

It is the increasing sense that "self-government is better than good government"—to quote the forceful phrase of a British statesman—that is promoting the movement for democracy, for political liberty, and for its expression by ballot at the polls, which is so pronounced in Europe, and of which Italy's experiment in universal manhood suffrage is the most recent and significant result.

Yet this movement finds indifference, if not hostility, in unexpected quarters. "We have too much voting in my canton," said a Swiss university professor yesterday. "I am fined if I do not vote. And there have been three elections this year. Voting is getting to be a nuisance!"

(Copyright, 1914, by Joseph B. Bowles.)



Scene in Italian Chamber of Deputies.

dications tonight, at the close of the first day's voting for members of the Italian chamber of deputies or parliament, are that at least 60 per cent of the electors have voted and that the relative membership in the chamber of the principal political parties or groups will be only slightly changed, the clericals and radicals each increasing their vote and gaining a few seats.

The Latest Election.

The election today in Italy was for 508 deputies in the parliament. The candidates numbered more than 2,000. The political issues were somewhat vague. Signor Giolitti, the prime minister, appealed for an endorsement of his past achievements without any definite statement as to his future policy. "Here is what I have done," said, in substance, Italy's most powerful statesman, "I have carried on with success the Libyan war, I have perfected the state monopoly of insurance and given other social reform legislation and now I give universal suffrage." The opposition, led by Baron Sonnino, urged that Giolitti give no assurances as to tomorrow's program.

Such, urge his opponents, is the Italian premier's reply. Without any more definite statement, however, and despite the coldness, not a characteristic Italian trait of Giolitti, the first day's balloting gave him an overwhelming majority of deputies chosen.

Balloting Done on Sundays.

Elections in Italy, as in other countries on the continent of Europe, are held on a Sunday. In Italy, if the candidate for deputy does not receive at the first ballot a majority of all the votes cast, a second or supplementary ballot takes place on the following Sunday. At the second ballot voters must choose between the two names for which the highest number voted at the first ballot. In this way the candidate selected is really the choice of a majority of the electors, not, as is frequently the case in elections in the United States, the choice

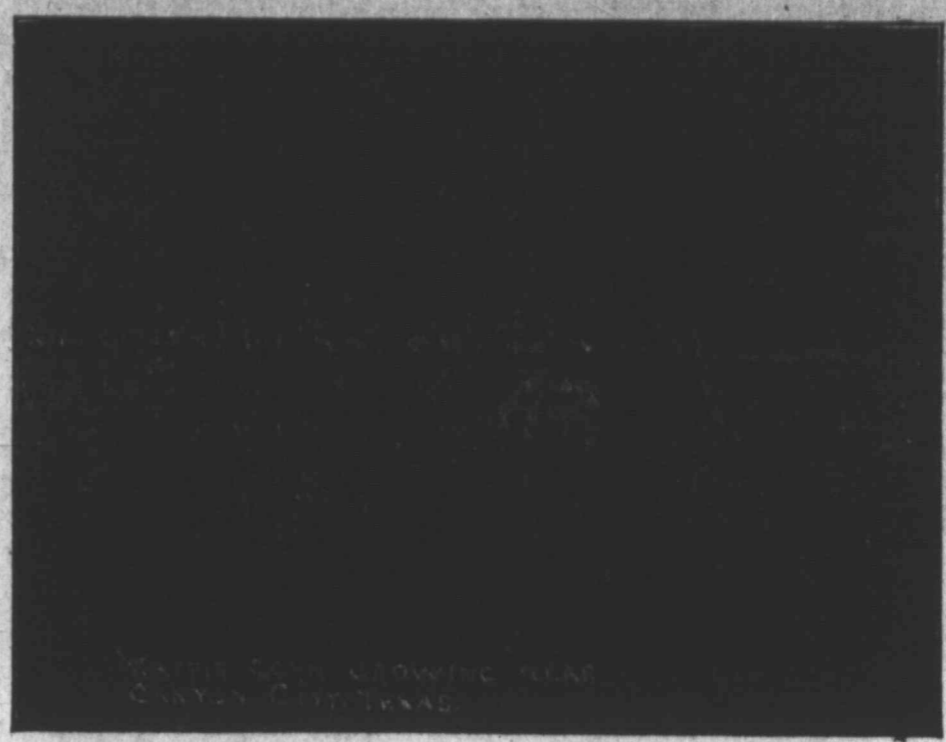
call bosses in America. These men will, to a greater or less extent, control elections for several years. This, however, will not continue for gradually, indeed swiftly in northern Italy, the masses will learn to appreciate their own power and will support men and measures of genuine value to the nation. Tomorrow Italy will be not only freer politically, but stronger agriculturally, industrially and commercially for universal suffrage. But this will take time.

Socialist Demands Moderate.

Two elements enter into a consideration of Italy's tomorrow, concerning which prophecy is vain, the Socialists and the Clericals. The Italian Socialist, led by El Secolo, the Milan journal, is in the main more moderate in his aims than the members of political parties bearing the same name in the countries of northern Europe. The reduction or abolition of the corn duty and the transfer of the burden of taxation to inheritances and incomes are among the chief planks in his platform. With increased power he may demand more, as indeed now do the few extreme Radical Socialists.

Clerical Party Develops—King Democratic.

The other element which is big with significance in Italy's future is the Clerical party. Gradually, in an election constituency here and there, the doctrine of "non expedit," enunciated by the great Pope Leo XIII, has been tacitly abandoned and a party formed which is devoted first of all to the interests of the Catholic church. Giolitti has been able to hold together in coalition two groups so widely differing in views as the Clericals and Socialists. To one he promised that no law should be enacted permitting divorce and that religious instruction in the schools should continue; to the other he promised certain social reform legislation. Should either element gain sufficient power by the coming of universal suffrage or otherwise, the coalition will fall to pieces and the conflict for dominance will come



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Location and Quality
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C. O. KEISER

Canyon, Texas
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The Highest Priced Texas Cattle Ever Sold on the Kansas City Market. Bred and Fed by C. O. Keiser, Canyon, Texas. Fattened on Randall County Products.

The Randall County News

Incorporated under the laws of Texas
C. W. Warwick, Managing Editor.
 C. O. Keiser, President
 Oscar Hunt, Vice President
 C. W. Warwick, Sec'y-Treasurer
 Directors: C. O. Keiser, Oscar Hunt, C. W. Warwick, J. E. Winkelman.

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One year, in advance	\$1.50
Six months	.75
Three months	.50
Two months	.40
One month	.35

DECREASING IN EFFICIENCY?

In the opinion of several heads of higher institutions of learning in the State, the graduate of the average high school in Texas today is not so well prepared to take advantage of a college education as was the graduate of the average high school in Texas fifteen years ago.

Professor Thomas Fletcher, who inspects for the University of Texas, has concluded, after interviewing the heads of various colleges and universities in Texas, that the training given in a great number of high schools in the State has deteriorated in the last fifteen years. In speaking of the causes of this deterioration, Prof. Fletcher says that the chief reason is the over-expansion of the high school programs of study, resulting in the overtaxing of both teachers and students. With a view to correcting this evil, the questions arise of how many classes a teacher can teach with a maximum of efficiency under given conditions, and how many recitations a day can the average high school student attend with profit? The practice in sixteen high schools in Texas was examined and it was found that eight of them require students to carry four subjects at a time.

The Springfield (Mass.) High School requires a minimum of three recitations per day; the St. Louis High School, four; the New York High Schools, the same. The Iowa Board of Education requires of its accredited list of schools that not more than four recitations be allowed per day. In short, the overwhelming verdict of pedagogical authority in the United States would limit the number of recitations per day per pupil to four. The trend is toward a less number.

Now, let us see what the practice is in this regard in 143 high schools of the rank and file in Texas. In thirty-eight of these schools pupils recite four times a day; in ninety, five times a day; in fifteen, six or more times a day; so, in the large majority of the ordinary high schools of the State the practice is against the great weight of reliable authority—the practice of over-burdening the pupils with work.

TEAM WORK



That is what counts. There must be co-operation, mutual aid and assistance. We are eager to help you, and our expert advice and long experience are at your disposal.

When you want PRINTING OF ANY KIND come see us and we will do a little team work that will insure the artistic results you desire.

BIGGEST PART OF THE GAME

Youngsters Given Money for Paraphernalia by Their Minister Immediately Seek the Umpire.

Congressman James L. Slayden of Texas told a story at a recent banquet to prove that occasionally you can't lose the kiddies when it comes to choosing the wisest course.

Connected with a religious institution in a certain city, the congressman said, there is a baseball team composed of twelve-year-old youngsters. Some time ago the team got a challenge from the club of a similar institution, and, wishing to encourage the boys, the minister gave them five dollars, telling them to spend it for bats, balls, gloves or anything else that would win the game.

Came the great day and the minister went down to the ball field. Glancing around, he saw the same old paraphernalia. Not a single new article was in sight.

"Come here a minute, Willie," said he, calling the captain. "Where are your new bats, balls and gloves?"

"We haven't got any new bats, balls and gloves," said Willie, glancing from the dominion to the opposing team.

"You haven't?" exclaimed the surprised pastor. "Didn't I give you five dollars to buy them?"

"Yes, sir," replied Willie; "but you told us to spend it in any way we thought best to win the game, so we gave it to the umpire."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

ONLY IN BOSTON.



"Dey sez he's interlectual."
 "Golly, dat's Berce! Is it ketchin'?"

A Novel Feature.

"Want time in vaudeville, eh? Are you a baseball player?"

"No."

"Shooe-somebody?"

"Never."

"What are you, then?"

"Merely an actor."

"An actor, eh? Well, I don't know. Actors are unusual in vaudeville, but the very novelty of the thing might make it a go."

He's Happy in the Summer.

"Please help a poor fellow who can't work at his trade on account of the weather!" whined the tramp.

"Here's a sixpence," said the charitable lady. "How does the weather interfere with your work?"

"Thanks, lady. Yer see, I'm a pickpocket, an' the cold weather makes everybody keep their hands in their pockets."

Light Fingered One.

"To succeed in life," said the sage, "a man should have the world at his finger tips. He should keep in touch with his fellow men."

"That's right," agreed the stranger. "Are you a student?" queried the sage.

"No," replied the stranger. "I'm a pickpocket."

Final Disposition.

"Has Dobbs disposed of his motor car?"

"Yes."

"I was not aware that he had disposed of it."

"Oh, yes. He disposed of it one morning between the hours of three and four o'clock, in a deep gully about ten miles east of town."

Wife Wielded the Razor.

Husband (shaving)—Bother the razor!

Wife—What's the matter now? You're dreadfully ill tempered!

Husband—The razor is so abominably dull!

Wife—Dull? Why, I ripped up an old skirt with it yesterday and it cut beautifully.—London Punch.

Vote Getting.

"How do you expect people to listen to your speeches if you don't make your ideas clear?"

"I don't want 'em to listen," replied Senator Sorghum. "I simply want to talk enough to get a good crowd together and then shake hands with everybody."

Too Much.

"Why did you divorce your husband?"

"He fussed and fumed too much about baseball."

"Oh, every man has a favorite team to worry about."

"This man had teams in three different leagues."

Silent Chivalry.

"Ah, yes! And who gave the bride away?" inquired the able editor of the Goshkonong Gazette.

"Nobody," replied Tobe Sags, who was relating the details of a recent wedding in high life. "If there was anybody present that could have done so, he never said a word."—Judge.

FARMERS RAISE FLAG OF TRUCE

City Prohibitionists Warned Against Strife.

Agricultural Legislation Demanded.

Fort Worth, Texas.—The following statement defining the position of the Farmers' Union on prohibition has been issued:

We recognize that the liquor question is a problem that is entitled to the consideration of the public, but we submit that the issue has but recently been passed upon by the voters of the state and that the past three or four sessions of the legislature have done little else than wrangle over the liquor question obstructing other important legislation for almost a quarter of a century.

Hurls Defy at Obstructionists.

We are as much opposed to legislation favorable to the Antis as we are to legislation favorable to the Pros. The introduction of a liquor bill has invariably swept the calendar of all other measures, however meritorious, and has thrown the legislature into a seething mass of dissension. It is between these combatants that the Farmers' Union, with a membership of a quarter of a million, marshals its forces, raises a flag of truce and hurls a defy at either Pro or Anti, great or small, who refuses to salute the flag and warns all obstructionists of whatever character to cease their activities until constructive legislation can be secured for the agricultural interests of Texas. Legislation that will help the farmer must be made the paramount issue in this campaign.

Eliminate the Politician.

We recognize that the elimination of this question from the present campaign will paralyze the ambition of many party leaders, strike dumb some of our foremost political orators and send many of our leading politicians to useful occupations for a livelihood, but the prosperity of all the farmers is more important than the preservation of a few contentions leaders.

It may be said that liquor legislation need not necessarily conflict with business legislation, but past experience completely blasts that hope. Then, too, it requires a different type of men to transact business from what it does to play politics. The next administrative and legislative branches of government should be a student body, addressing themselves exclusively to the solution of economic problems and they should not be disturbed with troublesome questions from the cities.

Laws That Will Build Needed.

The Farmers' Union, as an organization, will endorse no candidate for office, but its members will in the main support candidates who are in accord with its principles of peace and harmony. Perhaps seventy-five per cent of our members voted for state-wide prohibition when the question was last submitted, but they cannot live on water alone; they must have bread. There are things the farmers of Texas want for themselves far more than things they want to keep others from having. We need necessities for ourselves far more than to keep others from buying things that are unnecessary. We want the next legislature to develop the positive side of life, rather than the negative; we would like to hear the legislature say "thou shalt" to the strong and the capable as well as "thou shalt not" to the weak and vulgar. We want laws that build, as well as those that bind. We want strong men in the legislature who are able to deal with the tremendous forces of civilization rather than those who can gossip on the frailties of human nature.

The farmers of Texas will no longer be satisfied with platitudes or be further entertained with horrible stories of the wickedness of cities. Since the beginning of time, the cities have been seething in sin and they always will be. They have been blocking agricultural legislation in Texas for the past quarter of a century, asking for laws that will wash them whiter than snow. Will they please open up the gangway and let the farmer in?

State-Wide Prosperity the Issue.

We want to counsel the conservative and warn the radical that the paramount issue in this campaign is state-wide prosperity for the farmer and the more rapid development of the resources of Texas. We ask the farmers of Texas and the city business men to co-operate with the Union in its efforts to secure political peace and constructive legislation. W. D. LEWIS, President. PETER RADFORD, Ex-President. Farmers' Educational and Co-Operative Union of Texas.

NO DISCOMFORT FROM DODSON'S LIVER TONE

Violent Purgatives Need No Longer Be Used for Constipation, so Why Run Risks of their Disagreeable After-Effects.

To overcome constipation and sluggish liver pleasantly, easily and safely, Dodson's Liver Tone is guaranteed by Holland Drug Company, who will cheerfully refund purchase price (50c) at once if you are not entirely satisfied with it.

Dodson's Liver Tone is made to take the place of calomel and other strong purgatives. It has none of the disagreeable and of ten dangerous after-effects of calomel, which is in fact a poison, a mineral, a form of deadly mercury.

Dodson's Liver Tone is a strictly vegetable liquid, containing nothing harmful. It not only leaves no bad after-effects, but works easily and naturally, without pain or gripe and without interfering at all with your regular habits, diet or occupation. A trial may benefit you greatly, why not see about it today?

(Advertisement)

Sheriff's Sale.

The state of Texas, county of Randall. Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the honorable District court of Randall county, on the 26th day of March, A. D. 1914, by the Clerk of said court for the sum of Five Thousand, Seven Hundred and Twenty-five Dollars, with 7 per cent interest from the 9th day of March, A. D. 1914, and costs of suit, under a judgment in favor of Sarah J. Hewitt, joined by her husband R. H. Hewitt, in a certain cause in said court, No. 748, and styled Sarah J. Hewitt et al. vs. Anna P. Taylor et al.

And whereas in said judgment a second lien was established against the land described herein below, for two notes, one for Six Hundred dollars, the other for Two Thousand dollars, executed by Anna P. Taylor and Price Taylor, January 30, 1913, said notes being owned by Newt Reeves, George Reynolds and Smith & Monroe:

And, placed in my hands for service, I, Worth A. Jennings, as Sheriff of Randall County, Texas, did on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1914, levy on certain Real Estate, situated in Randall County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: All of School Section No. Thirty-six (36), Block No. One (1), located by virtue of Certificate No. Sixty-six (66), issued to the Taylor Tap Ry. Co. containing 600 acres, situated about four miles north of Canyon City, in Randall County, and levied on as the property of Anna P. Taylor and Price Taylor, and on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1914, the same being the 3d day of said month, at the Court House door, of Randall County, in the city of Canyon, Texas, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. by virtue of said order of sale, I will sell said above described Real Estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said Anna P. Taylor and Price Taylor.

Witness my hand, this 27th day of March, 1914.

Worth A. Jennings, Sheriff Randall County, Texas.

Electrically equipped motorcycles, "The Indian." T. V. Reeves, Agent.



AS good a story as you have ever read. A story with a universal appeal—wholesome, inspiring, engrossing. A story for old and young alike. A story for the home.

Be sure to get the issue with the first installment!

UNIVERSITY HOME AND SCHOOL LEAGUE

A New Movement for Improving Country Life.

How can we make living in the country more satisfactory and enjoyable to boys and girls? How can we check the



Prof. F. M. Bralley

drift of our best blood to the cities? What can the University of Texas do to promote community life and really help the 75 per cent of the population of Texas who make their living on the farm?

These are some of the big questions that Professor F. M. Bralley, formerly Superintendent of Public Instruction and now at the head of the Extension Department of the University of Texas, attempts to answer in Bulletin No. 322, which is sent free to all who apply for it. This bulletin contains the purposes and plans of the University Home and School League which Professor Bralley hopes to see organized in every country community in Texas. Through this organization it is his belief that great good can come to country folks.

To Prevent Blood Poisoning apply at once the wonderful old reliable DR. PORTER'S ANTISEPTIC HEALING OIL, a surgical dressing that relieves pain and heals at the same time. Not a Hainment. 25c. 50c. \$1.00 (Advertisement)

Sheriff's Sale.

The state of Texas, county of Randall. Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a order of sale issued out of the honorable District court of Randall county, on the 27th day of March 1914, by the Clerk of said court for the sum of Six Thousand Seven Hundred Sixty Six and 52/100 Dollars and costs of suit under a judgment in favor of H. B. Ayres in a certain cause in said court, No. 740 and styled H. B. Ayres vs. Wilhelm Erdmann et al. and placed in my hands for service, I, Worth A. Jennings, as Sheriff of Randall county, Texas, did on the 28th day of March 1914, levy on certain Real Estate, situated in Randall county, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: Survey No. one hundred and five, Block B-5, Certificate No. 15-3592, H. & G. N. R. R. Co. land, containing 640 acres, more or less, in Randall County, Texas, and situated about six miles in a southwesterly direction from the town of Canyon, the County Seat of said Randall County.

And levied upon as the property of Wilhelm Erdmann, H. E. J. Peacock, Richard C. Peacock and the First National Bank of Canyon, Texas, and that on the first Tuesday in May 1914, the same being the 5th day of said month, at the court house door, of Randall county, in the town of Canyon, Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. by virtue of said levy and said order of sale I will sell said above described Real Estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said Wilhelm Erdmann, H. E. J. Peacock, Richard C. Peacock and the First National Bank of Canyon, Texas.

Witness my hand, this 28th day of March 1914.

Worth A. Jennings, Sheriff Randall county, Texas.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine. It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 25c (Advertisement)

Important to all Women Readers of this Paper.

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it. Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer a great deal with pain in the back, bearing-down feelings, head-ache and loss of ambition. Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be despondent; it makes any one so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

A good kidney medicine, possessing real healing and curative value, should be a blessing to thousands of nervous, over-worked women.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy will do for them. Every reader of this paper, who has not already tried it, by enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., may receive sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottle at all drug stores.

(Advertisement)

Notice of Sheriffs Sale.

The state of Texas, county of Randall.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the honorable District court of Randall county, on the 3rd day of April A. D. 1914, by the clerk of said court, for the sum of Three Thousand, One hundred thirty five and 77/100 (\$3135.77), and costs of suit, under a judgment rendered on the 24th day of February A. D. 1914, in a certain cause of said court, No. 739, and styled Lon D. Marrs vs. F. R. Cook, et al, and placed in my hands for service, I, Worth A. Jennings as Sheriff of Randall County, Texas, did on the 6th day of April A. D. 1914, levy on certain Real Estate situated in Randall County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit:

The South one half (1-2), of Survey No. Eighty One (81), in Block M-6, Certificate No. 183, Stone Kyle & Kyle land, situated in Randall County, Texas, about twelve miles south from the center of said county, and containing 200 acres, more or less.

And levied upon as the property of F. R. Cook, Frank L. Caskey and Florence E. Caskey, and on the first Tuesday in May 1914, the same being the 5th day of said month, at the Court House door, of Randall county, in the City of Canyon, Texas, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., by virtue of said levy and said order of sale, I will sell said above described Real Estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said F. R. Cook, Frank E. Caskey and Florence E. Caskey.

Witness my hand, this 7th day of April A. D. 1914.

Worth A. Jennings, Sheriff Randall County, Texas.

By T. V. Reeves, Deputy.



Amarillo District Conference M. E. Church South, Higgins, April 22-26. Fare and one-third for round trip. Tickets on sale April 21-24, limit April 28.

Annual Convention Panhandle Hardware Dealers association, Amarillo, April 20-21. Fare and one-third for round trip. Tickets on sale April 19-20, limit April 22.

R. McGee, Agt. P. & N. T. Ry. Co.

--try an electric iron ten days free—let electricity transform the drudgery of ironing into a light interesting operation for you. Let a HOT-POINT save you half the time and most of the fatigue that follows older methods—and does it cheaper. Yes, you can iron in comfort. Tell us to send you an electric iron in your home. Give it a thorough ten day trial; then if you want to keep it, the cost is only \$3.50; if you don't want it there is no charge. Call us up right now. Telephone 14. Canyon Power Company

DR. PRICE'S CREAM Baking Powder

Received the highest award
at Chicago World's Fair

Misses Tommie Foster and Winnie Brown were in Amarillo Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Wiggins' music classes will give a recital at the G. & L. Theatre Friday and Saturday nights of next week. It

Mrs. Bob Pipkin and Miss Mary Jones spent Sunday in Hereford.

500 pounds of pure lard at 12 1/2 cents per pound. City Meat Market. 3t2

E. L. King of the King-Holland Furniture Co., Amarillo, was a business caller in the city Wednesday.

Misses Artimissa Pitman and Lucile Rowley of Okla., who have been spending the winter with Mrs. J. W. Rose, returned Sunday.

Count the "Indians" on the road. There's a reason. It

John A. Wallace went to Clarendon yesterday to attend the annual meeting of the board of trustees of the Clarendon college.

It is easy to clean furniture of dust with V-AVA.

Miss Annita Garrett was in Amarillo Sunday.

G. W. Masters of Panhandle visited Friday and Saturday in the city with his family.

The commissioners court was in session this week to make the annual settlement with Tax Collector W. A. Jennings.

Ride an "Indian". T. V. Reeves, Agent. It

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. McAdams of St. Francis spent Sunday in the city.

Mrs. W. B. Robison of Hereford visited Mrs. W. E. Laughary over Sunday.

D. N. Redburn—Headquarters for bulk garden seeds. It

Mr. and Mrs. Travis Shaw and children were Amarillo callers Monday.

J. H. Nall was in Floyd county from Friday until Monday.

Our auto contest closes April 25. The Leader. It

J. C. Redfearn left Tuesday for Spokane, Wash., where he will visit his brother.

A. A. Dunagan was in Floydada last week.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will hold a bake sale at Thompson's Hardware Saturday afternoon. It

Don't forget the New Orleans minstrel will be here Friday, April 17. It

J. P. Winder was in Amarillo Monday on business.

Hugh Goggans of Falls is visiting at the Jim Redfearn home. O. N. Gamble was an Amarillo caller Tuesday.

Mesdames C. O. Keiser, L. A. Brier and C. W. Warwick were in Amarillo Tuesday.

Boys get busy. We are going to give that big fine auto away April 25 th. The Leader. It

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Pyeatt of Silverton visited relatives in the city last week.

Elbaige Gatewood left Monday for San Angelo. He expects to spend a few days with relatives in Silverton and Gomez.

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Lester were Amarillo callers Tuesday.

Mrs. J. A. Harbison was an Amarillo caller Saturday.

Misses Mattie and Tommie Foster are visiting with Albert Foster in Amarillo this week.

Rooms to Rent—Inquire at the News office. It

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Foster were Amarillo callers Thursday.

Oscar Hunt was in Amarillo Thursday.

Largest colored minstrel show under canvas Friday April 17. It

Dr. Stewart was in Amarillo Thursday.

L. G. Allen was a business caller in Amarillo Tuesday.

B. A. Stafford attended the Panhandle Teachers Association in Memphis Friday and Saturday.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will hold a bake sale at Thompson's Hardware Saturday afternoon. It

Captain Howren left Saturday for Dallas on a four days business trip.

Capt. T. J. Tilson of Plainview was in the city Tuesday evening. He is a candidate of the legislature.



HAVE YOU CATARRH? Is nasal breathing impaired? Does your throat get husky or clogged?

Modern science proves that these symptoms result from run down health. Snuffs and vapors are irritating and useless. You should build your general health with the oil-fool in Scott's Emulsion—its nourishing powers will enrich and enliven the blood, aid nutrition and assimilation and assist nature to check the inflammation and heal the sensitive membranes which are affected.

Scott's Emulsion will raise your standard of health to correct catarrh. Shun alcoholic mixtures and insist on SCOTT'S



TO COMPLETE THE RECORD

Reporter Was Then on His Way to Football Field With His Hopes Strong.

"You—you are a reporter, perhaps?" queried the paternal old chap on the street car of the young man who was writing in a notebook.

"Yes, sir," was the reply. "I am glad to meet you. You go everywhere, don't you?"

"Most everywhere." "And write up all sorts of incidents?"

"Yes." "Then you have been a witness of all sorts of death?"

"I have seen victims of fire, water, railroads, street cars, brewery wagons, poison, hanging and what not. I think there is only one form of death I have not seen."

"Indeed. That may be a fatal balloon accident!" "O, no. I have seen six different men fall from balloons and meet death."

"Boiling in oil, then?" "My own brother died that way. No; singular as it may seem, I am just now on my way to complete the record."

"And you are bound for—?" "The football grounds. I want to see every bone in a player's body broken at one kick!"

Midnight

A black Jack with white points will make usual stand at the Bader farm 8 miles west of Canyon. Terms: \$10.00 to insure colt to stand and suck. Parties disposing with mares or moving them out of the county forfeit insurance and bill becomes due. Care will be taken to avoid accidents but will not be responsible to customers losses. Services noons and nights after six o'clock only.

R. G. Bader Owner

My jack will make the season at my place one mile southwest of Canyon. Fees \$10.00 insurance. Amount due when mare is known to be in foal or is traded or sold. This is less than we ever charged for the service of this excellent jack. He is finely bred, is 14 1-2 hands, standard measure, black with white points, an excellent breeder. Mules to show. For particulars see or write me.

Welton Winn

DICK

Stallion, cross between Hambletonian and Percheron, stands 15 hands high, weight 1300, black.

Terms: \$10 to insure a colt to stand. Parting with your mare or removing same from county forfeits insurance and payment becomes due. Care will be taken to prevent accidents, but will not be responsible if any occur. Good pasture can be furnished if wanted, free of charge during season. Will make the season at the Von Holt farm 6 miles southwest of Canyon.

JIM JOHNSON
R. F. D. Canyon, Tex.

"VICTOR"

Dappled Grey Percheron Stallion 16 1-2 hands high, weighing 1500 pounds will make the season at my farm 2 miles east of Canyon.

Terms: Owing to the hard times I will cut the price to \$10 this year to insure a colt. Will handle with care but will not be responsible for accidents. For particulars see me.

J. D. KEY

8% Money

On Improved Farms. No Commission Charged For Placing Loans

C. P. Hutchings
AMARILLO, TEXAS

Wanted—Clean cotton rags at the News office. Please don't bring us old overalls, pants, lace curtains, etc., for rags. We can't use them. Such trash makes printers cuss. It

Spring House Cleaning

Is the problem that confronts every woman just now. Before the house is put in order some things in the way of Carpets, Draperies, Furniture, etc., must be bought. No matter what you need you will find it at our store—goods of the very best quality—goods we can and do guarantee—and for less money than you are sometimes asked to pay for ordinary merchandise.

RUGS AND DRAPERIES

Our rug and drapery departments were never so heavily stocked with new, bright attractive things. And they are without doubt the most complete departments of the kind in the entire Panhandle. We have just received a number of shipments of rugs in many different beautiful patterns, any size to fit the room and in all qualities.

VISIT OUR SAMPLE ROOM

Visit our sample room and see our bed room suits in sircassion walnut, mahogany, bird's eye maple and golden oak finishes. Dining room suits in golden oak, fumed oak, and Early English. Parlor suits in mahogany and golden oak.

These sample rooms are especially arranged in separate apartments, electric lighted, for the purpose of displaying goods in complete suits as they would appear in the home, thus enabling the purchaser to more easily select goods according to his taste.

We invite the people of Canyon and Randall county to visit our store and we take great pleasure in showing our stock whether you buy or not.

FREIGHT PREPAID TO YOUR STATION.

King-Holland Furniture Co.

518 Taylor St.

Amarillo, Texas

Miss Thelma Reid visited relatives and friends in Amarillo from Saturday until Tuesday.

Miss Dixie Foster visited over Sunday in Amarillo.

Watch for the New Orleans minstrel parade Friday, April 17th. It

Mrs. Tucker spent Sunday at her home in Hereford.

Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Hanna and Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Cullum attended church in Amarillo Sunday.

Ailer's big show Friday, April 17. It

Miss Malinda Wiseman of Barrington, Ill., arrived Monday to visit at the J. B. Kleinschmidt home.

For Sale—Top buggy. Call this office. 4p4

Mrs. J. C. Pipkin and Jess Pipkin were Amarillo callers Friday.

Mrs. P. B. Mills of Tenn., is visiting her son and daughter who are attending the training school.

Mrs. C. H. Dorsey of Talia visited this week with her sister Mrs. U. S. Gober.

Mrs. M. Locke was in Amarillo Monday.

S. A. Shotwell was in Amarillo Monday and Tuesday.

John Guthrie was in Amarillo on business Friday.

The housekeeper's best friend—V-AVA.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to sincerely thank the many friends who supported our daughter in the piano contest at the Leader.

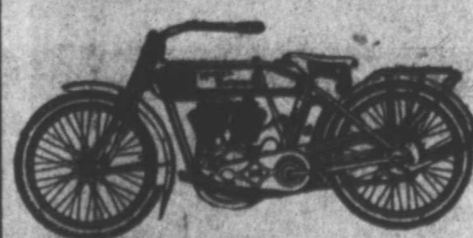
Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Harter.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Beginning April 16 the electric light plant will not operated during the morning hours.

Canyon Power Co.

Harley-Davidson



Remember these exclusive features—Double clutch control. Double brake control. Harley-Davidson Free Wheel. Band brake. Shuttle shift. Two speed gear, etc.

Bowen Brothers

HELPED WITH THE MILKING



A New York state farmer was at a loss to understand why one of his best milkers suddenly fell off in her milk. He watched the cow closely, and one evening discovered the roundest, sleekest porker on the farm making his supper off fresh Jersey milk instead of skim milk from the trough.

Slumming That Never Was. Professor Graham Taylor, head of the social settlement known as Chicago Commons, spent a good deal of time, during his last visit to London, in the densely crowded slum sections of East London.

It was no surprise to his family, therefore, when at their hotel late one afternoon they received a telegram signed with his name, and reading thus:

"Will not be home tonight. Am spending the night with bums."

Of course they asked him upon his return how he had enjoyed his visit to the underworld, and what kind of "bums" he had seen.

"Bums? What do you mean?" "They showed him the telegram. Then he explained that he had passed the night with John Burns, the labor member of the cabinet.

There are men who write more legibly than Graham Taylor.—New York Evening Post.

Money in Autographs. Autograph hunting sometimes proves a profitable pursuit. A Frenchman of the last century, Ludovic Picard, made a steady income out of it for some years.

His most successful coup was accomplished with a letter in which he posed as "one of the unappreciated who is meditating suicide and seeks for counsel and aid in this hour of sore distress."

This effusion drew a number of celebrities, including Beranger and Heine. Laocardre sent ten closely written pages, which were promptly converted into cash.

Dickens also fell a victim, and took the trouble to answer in French. Eventually Picard was shown up in the press by Jules Sandeau, and had to seek another occupation.

Ingratitude of Friends. You have read how the badger entertained the hedgehog in his cabin as his inward friend, but being wounded with the prickles of his offensive guest, he manfully desired him to depart in kindness as he came.

The hedgehog thus satisfied his just expostulations, that he for his part found himself very well at ease, and they that were not had reason to seek out another place that likes them better.

So the poor horse, entertaining help of the man against the stag, ever after cried! "They have rid us, and bridled us, and spurred us, and got a tyranny over us, whom we took in for our familiar friend and favorites."

Eggs Cheap in Australia. Eggs were bringing only 14 and 15 cents a dozen in Australia last month and the low price has caused business houses to buy them extensively for pulping.

Hundreds of tons were thus broken into cans, sealed up and placed in freezing chambers for sale in winter to makers. This season the pulping was done by machinery.

Artistic Absorption. "We'll have to give Rantington Roarer credit for one thing."

"And what is that?" "He acts with tremendous earnestness."

"Oh, he says, submerging himself completely in the part he is playing is the only way he can forget his arrears of salary."

Nothing Small About Him. "A good fellow, eh?"

"You bet he is! Why, he'll buy seven loaves a round of drinks any day, no matter how badly his children need shoes."

FRAN

BY

JOHN BRECKENRIDGE ELLIS

ILLUSTRATIONS BY
O. IRWIN MYERS

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BOBBS-MERRILL CO.)



OLD INNS OF TYROL

Summer Guests Invade Them Annually Seeking Simple Life.

Ancient Posting Towns, Struck Lifeless by Coming of Rail Line, Rescued by These Visitors on Pleasure Bent.

London.—In judging of a people's character and idiosyncrasies by its domestic architecture, it is safer to be guided by the habitations of the masses than by the more luxurious dwellings of the classes whose taste, in time, has become tinged by what they have seen in foreign lands. In Tyrol, though it is really divided into two distinct regions by the great main chain of the Alps which has endowed each half with a climate, a vegetation and inhabitants as distinct from each other as possible in a country of such diminutive size, we can observe these variations to better advantage than in most other places. Tyrol, which for centuries was the cockpit of Europe, held a unique position in another respect, for its two main valleys formed the chief approaches to the lowest, eastern, and therefore also oldest, of the great passes over the Alps. Not only countless armies, bent upon conquest or retiring in hasty flight, more particularly those all-devastating hordes let loose upon Europe by the Volkerwanderung, crowded over the Brenner, but also commerce and the arts and crafts of the middle ages took their route.

Today, as the traveler rushes through mole-holes many miles in length through the innermost bowels of the great chain, he hardly realizes, but for the presence of custom houses and the difference of vegetation, that he has performed in a few hours a journey which took Durer or Titian as many weeks; and as he looks from his luxurious railway carriage down on the zig-zags of the well kept but deserted Reichs Strasse, or state road, it is difficult to believe that along it,



Old Gasthaus in the Village of Oetz in Tyrol.

until a generation or so ago, wended slowly, inexpressibly slowly, the vast traffic that had gradually sprung up between the south and the north of Europe. Hardly fifty years have elapsed since the advent of the railways wrought extraordinary changes. To thousands of hitherto well-to-do natives the iron horse brought abject ruin, for it revolutionized commerce as well as travel. Scores of thriving little posting towns that had sprung up in the course of centuries along the great transcontinental Brenner highway were, with the suddenness of a bolt from the blue, struck lifeless. These places, at which the so-called "Schnellzuge" of today do not even deign to halt for a brief minute, and of which we see but little from the train, consisted, as a rule, of a single long street, in which practically every house was either an inn or existed by virtue of the road traffic. And now, after half a century's neglect and starvation, a kindly fate has at last come to the rescue of these old posting towns in the shape of an annual invasion of summer guests in search of the simple life. There they spend their six or eight weeks' vacation, their modest requirements being supplied in these roomy old hostleries on cheap terms. What the railway in its early days had ruined it now has tardily compensated.

Man Coughs Up Black Snake.

Pahs, Ill.—After every doctor in the neighborhood failed to diagnose the illness of William Austin, near here, the young farmer, during a severe coughing spell, dislodged a small blacksnake from his throat. He believes that he swallowed the reptile two years ago while drinking from a brook on his farm.

Operator Are Vaccinated.

Chicago.—Seven hundred employees of the Western Union Telegraph company here, including more than 100 women, were vaccinated because William C. Kuhn, a telegraph operator, was found to have smallpox.

Chloroforms Horses Before Shoeing.

New Brunswick, N. J.—It was necessary to chloroform "Maud," a vicious horse, before the blacksmith could put on her new shoes.

SYNOPSIS.

Fran arrives at Hamilton Gregory's home in Littleburg, but finds him absent conducting the choir at a camp meeting. She repairs thither in search of him, laughs during the service and is asked to leave. Abbott Ashton, superintendent of schools, escorts Fran from the tent. He tells her Gregory is a wealthy man, deeply interested in charity work, and a pillar of the church. Ashton becomes greatly interested in Fran and while taking leave of her, holds her hand and is seen by Sapphira Clinton, sister of Robert Clinton, chairman of the school board. Fran tells Gregory she wants a home with him. Grace Noir, Gregory's private secretary, takes a violent dislike to Fran and advises her to go away. Fran hints at a twenty-year-old secret, and Gregory in agitation asks Grace to leave the room. Fran relates the story of how Gregory married a young girl at Springfield while attending college and then deserted her. Fran is the child of that marriage. Gregory had married his present wife three years before the death of Fran's mother. Fran takes a liking to Mrs. Gregory. Gregory explains that Fran is the daughter of a very dear friend who is dead. Fran agrees to the story. Mrs. Gregory insists on her making her home with them and takes her to her arms. Fran declares the secretary must go. Grace begins nagging tactics in an effort to drive Fran from the Gregory home. Abbott while taking a walk alone at midnight, finds Fran on a bridge selling her fancies. Gregory and Ashton find her there and she is the famous lion tamer, Fran Nonpareil. She tired of circus life and sought a home. Grace tells of seeing Fran come home after midnight with a man. She guesses part of the story and surprises the rest from Abbott. She decides to see Bob Clinton at once. Fran enlists Abbott in her battle against Grace. Fran returns from Springfield and Gregory as secretary during the temporary absence of Grace. The latter, hearing of Fran's purpose, returns and interrupts a touching scene between father and daughter. Grace tells Gregory she intends to marry Clinton and quit his service. He declares that he cannot continue his work without her. Carried away by passion, he takes her in his arms. Fran walks in on them and declares that Gregory must leave the house at once. To Gregory's consternation he learns of Clinton's mission to Springfield. Clinton returns from Springfield and at Fran's request, Ashton urges him not to disclose what he has learned. On Abbott's assurance that Grace will leave Gregory at once, Clinton agrees to keep silent. Driven into a corner by the threat of exposure, Gregory is forced to dismiss Grace. Grace is offered the job of bookkeeper in Clinton's grocery store. Gregory declares he will kill himself if she marries Clinton.

CHAPTER XX.—Continued.

It was the close of a July day that Hamilton Gregory left his house resolved, at any cost—save that of exposure—to experience once more the only pleasure life held in reserve for him: nearness to Grace Noir. She might be at the store, since all shops were to remain open late, in hopes of reaping sordid advantages from the gale of mankind. In a word, Littleburg was in the grip of its first street fair.

Before going down-town, Gregory strolled casually within sight of the Clinton boarding-house. Only Miss Sapphira was on the green veranda. Miss Sapphira, recognizing Gregory, waved a solemn greeting, and he felt reassured—for he was always afraid Robert would "tell." He pushed his way nearer.

"Is Miss Noir here?" Gregory asked in a strained voice, the confusion hid the odd catch his voice had suffered in getting over the name.

"No. She's down-town—but not at any show, you may be sure. She's left late at the store because—I guess you've heard Abbott Ashton has been away a long time."

"I have heard nothing of the young man," Gregory replied stiffly.

"Well, he's been off two or three weeks somewhere, nobody knows unless it's Bob, and Bob won't tell anything any more. Abbott wrote he'd



"But I Have Been Dying to Be Near You, to Talk to You."

be home tonight, and Bob drove over to Slimtown to meet him in the survey, so Miss Grace is alone down there." She nodded ponderously.

"Alone!" he exclaimed involuntarily.

"Yes—I look for Bob and Abbott now just any minute." She added, saying the crowd—"I saw Fran on the street, long and marry ago!" Her accent was that of condemnation. Like a rock she sat, letting the fickle populace drift by to minstrel show and snake den. The severity of her double chin said they might all go thither—she would not.

This was also Gregory's point of view; and even in his joy at finding the coast clear, he paused to say, "I



am sorry that Fran seems to have lost all reason over this carnival company. If she would show half as much interest in her soul's welfare—"

He left the sentence unfinished. The thought of Grace had grown supreme—it seemed to illuminate some wide and splendid road into a glorious future.

The bookkeeper's desk was in a gallery near the ceiling of the Clinton grocery store; one looked thence, through a picket-fence, down upon the only floor. Doubtless Grace, thus looking, saw him coming. When he reached her side, he was breathless, partly from the struggle through the masses, principally from excitement of fancied security.

She was posting up the ledger, and made no sign of recognition until he called her name.

"Mr. Clinton is not here," she said remotely. "Can I do anything for you?"

He admired her calm courtesy. If at the same time she could have been reserved and yielding he would have found the impossible combination perfect. Because it was impossible, he was determined to preserve her angelic purity in imagination, and to restore her womanly charm to actual being.

"How can you receive me so coldly," he said impulsively, "when I've not seen you for weeks?"

"You see me at church," she answered impersonally.

"But I have been dying to be near you, to talk to you—"

"Stop!" she held up her hand. "You should know that Mr. Clinton and I are—"

"Grace!" he groaned.

She whispered, her face suddenly growing pale. "Are engaged." The tete-a-tete was beyond her supposed strength.

"Engaged!" he echoed, as if she had pronounced one of the world's great tragedies. "Then you will give yourself to that man—yourself, Grace, that beautiful self—and without love? It's a crime! Don't commit the horrible blunder that's ruined my life. See what wretchedness has come to me—"

"Then you think, very slowly, "that I ought to let Fran ruin my whole life because your wife has ruined yours? Then you think that after I have been driven out of the house to make room for Fran, that I ought to stay single because you married unwisely?"

"Grace, don't say you are driven out."

"What do you call it? A resignation?"

"Grace!—we have only a few moments to be alone. For pity's sake, look at me kindly and use another tone—a tone like the dear days when you were by my side. . . . We may never be together again."

She looked at him with the same repellent expression, and spoke in the same bitter tone: "Well, suppose we're not? You and that Fran will be together."

In his realization that it was Fran, and Fran alone, who separated them, Gregory passed into a state of anger, to which his love added recklessness. "Grace, hate me if you must, but you shall not misunderstand me!"

She laughed. "Please don't ask me to understand you, Mr. Gregory, while you hide the only secret to your understanding. Don't come to me with pretended liking when what you call 'mysterious business interests at Springfield' drive me from your door, and keep Fran at my desk."

He interposed in a low, passionate voice. "I am resolved that you should know everything. Fran—is my own daughter."

She gave no sign save a sudden compression of the mouth; nevertheless, her surprise was extreme. Her mind flashed along the wires of the past and returned illuminated to the present entanglement.

He thought her merely stunned, and burst forth: "I tell you, Fran is my child. Now you know why I'm compelled to do what she wants. That's the secret Bob brought from Springfield. That's the secret Abbott Ashton hung over my head—the traitor! after I'd befriended him! All of my ungrateful friends have conspired to ruin me, to force you from me by this secret. But you know it now, and I've escaped its danger. You know it!"

"And does your wife know?"

"Would I tell her, and not tell you? It's you I've tried to shield. I married Josephine Derry, and Fran is our child. You know Fran. Well, her mother was just like her—frivolous, caring only for things of the world—irreligious. And I was just a boy—a mere college youth. When I realized the awful mistake I'd made, I thought it best to go away and let her live her own life. Years after, I put all that behind me, and came to Littleburg."

I married Mrs. Gregory and I wanted to put all my past life away—clear away—and live a good open life. Then you came. Then I found out I'd never known what love meant. It means a fellowship of souls, love does; it has nothing to do with the physical man. It means just your soul and mine. . . . and it's too late!"

Grace, with hands locked upon her open ledger, stared straight before her, as if turned to stone. The little fenced-in box, hanging high above eager shoppers, was as a peaceful haven in a storm of raging noises. From without, gusts of merriment shrieked and whistled, while above them boomed the raucous cries of showmen, drowned in their turn by the indefatigable brass-band. The atmosphere of the bookkeeper's loft was a wedge of silence, splitting a solidarity of tumult.

Gregory covered his face with his hands. "Do you despise me, you pure angel of beauty? Oh, say you don't."

"Without once turning back," she returned. "There's a train in something like an hour."

"For ever?" He was delirious. "And you are to be mine—Grace, you are to be mine—my very own!"

"Yes. But you are never to see Fran again."

"Do I want to see her again? But Grace, if we stay here until tonight, Bob will come and—er—and find us—I don't want to meet Bob."

"Then let us go. There are such crowds on the streets that we can easily lose ourselves."

"Bob will hunt for you, Grace, if he gets back with Abbott before our train leaves. Miss Sapphira said she was looking for him any minute, and that was a good while ago."

"If you can't keep him from finding me," Grace said, "let him find. I do not consider that I am acting in the wrong. This is the beginning of my life," she finished, with sudden joy.

"And if Bob sees me with you, Grace, after what he knows, you can guess that something very unpleasant would—"

Grace drew back, to look searchingly into his face. "Mr. Gregory," she said slowly, "you make difficulties."

He met her eyes, and his blood danced. "I make difficulties? No! Grace, you have made me the happiest man in the world. Yes, our lives begin with this night—our real lives. Grace, you're the best woman that ever lived!"

CHAPTER XXI.

Flight.

To reach the station, they must either penetrate the heart of the town, or follow the dark streets of the outskirts. In the latter case, their association would arouse surprise and comment, but in the throng reasonable safety might be expected.

After the first intense moment of exultation, both began to fear a possible search. Grace apparently dreaded discovery as shrinking as if her conscience were not clear, and Gregory, in the midst of his own perturbation, found it incongruous, that she

"Which Mrs. Gregory?"

"You know—Mrs. Gregory."

"Can I believe that?" Grace asked, with a chilled smile. "You believe Fran really cares for your wife? You think any daughter could care for the woman who has stolen her mother's rightful place?"

"But Fran won't have the truth declared; if it weren't for her, Bob would have told you long ago."

"Suppose I were in Fran's place—would I have kept the secret to spare man or woman? No! Fran doesn't care a penny for your wife. She couldn't. It would be monstrous—unnatural. But she's always hated me. That's why she acts as she does—to triumph over me. I see it all. That is the reason she won't have the truth declared—she doesn't want me to know that you are—free."

Grace started up from the desk, her face deathly white. She was tottering, but when Gregory would have leaped to her side, she whispered, "They would see us." Suddenly her face became crimson. He caught his breath, speechless before her imperial loveliness.

"Mr. Gregory!" her eyes were burning into his, "have you told me all the secret?"

"Yes—all."

"Then Mr. Clinton deceived me!"

"He agreed to hide everything, if I'd send you away."

"Oh, I see! So even he is one of Fran's allies. Never mind—did you say that when you married the second time, your first wife was living, and had never been divorced?"

"But Grace—dear Grace! I thought it all right. I believed—"

She did not seem to hear him. "Then she is not your wife," she said in a low whisper.

"She believes—"

"She believes!" Her voice rose scornfully. "And so that is the fact

Fran wanted hidden; you are not ready to put all my past life away—clear away—and live a good open life. Then you came. Then I found out I'd never known what love meant. It means a fellowship of souls, love does; it has nothing to do with the physical man. It means just your soul and mine. . . . and it's too late!"

"Not legally—but—"

"In what way, then?"

"Why, in no regular way—I mean—but don't you see, there could be no marriage to make it binding, without telling her—"

"You are not bound at all," Grace interrupted. "You are free—as free as air—as free as I am. Are you determined not to understand me? Since you are free, there is no obstacle, in Heaven or on earth, to your wishes."

His passage from despair to sudden hope was so violent that he gasped the desk for support. "What?—Then?—You—you—Grace, would you—but—"

"You are free," said Grace, "and since Mr. Clinton's treachery, I do not consider myself bound."

"Grace!" he cried wildly, "Grace—star of my soul—go with me, go with me, fly with me in a week—darling. Let us arrange it for tomorrow."

"No. I will not go with you, unless you take me now."

"Now? Immediately?" he gasped, bewildered.

"Without once turning back," she returned. "There's a train in something like an hour."

"For ever?" He was delirious. "And you are to be mine—Grace, you are to be mine—my very own!"

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than that, every attorney who has practiced before the Supreme court since that date—1800—has pledged his allegiance over the little volume. All, with one exception also, and that exception was Daniel Webster.

It is told even yet of the Supreme court of that day that Mr. Webster's fame as an orator had so preceded him that on the occasion when he came to argue his first case before the court the clerk, Mr. Caldwell, in his eagerness to hear the great speaker, forgot to administer the oath—Christian Herald.

Old-Time Coffee Drinking.

Coffee, like tea, was from an early date welcomed as a rival to alcoholic liquors. Writing in 1659, shortly after its introduction into England, Howell makes the comment that "this coffee-drink hath caused a great sobriety amongst all nations; formerly clerks, apprentices, etc., used to take their morning draughts in ale, beer or wine, which often made them unfit for business. Now they play the good fellows in this wakeful and civil drink! The worthy gentleman, Sir James Muddiford, who introduced the practice thereof first in London deserves much respect of the whole nation."



Coming FRIDAY APRIL 17 UNDER CANVAS W. A. Eiler's New Orleans MINSTRELS

Largest Colored Minstrel on earth. Big Band and Orchestra.

40 PEOPLE 40
Don't forget the date--Friday, April 17.

Alumni Will Hold Banquet.

Arrangements are being made by the Alumni Association of the Normal for the annual banquet to be held in the city May 16. Invitations are being sent out this week. The committee announces that all tickets must be sold by May 1st to those who wish to attend the banquet.

For Weakness and Loss of Appetite
The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out Malaria and builds up the system. A true tonic and sure Appetizer. For adults and children, 50c. (Advertisement)

Will Have Fire Alarm.

The Commissioners' Court granted a petition of the Canyon Fire Department to install some kind of a fire alarm at the Court House. This alarm has long been needed, and the Commissioners were glad to accommodate the fire boys with any use they may wish to make of the Court House. A petition will probably be circulated soon to raise funds for the alarm.

Teachers Here Next Year.

The Panhandle Teachers' Association held their annual convention at Memphis this year and voted to come to Canyon next year. H. W. Stilwell of Amarillo was chosen president of the association.

Normal Defeats Lowrey-Phillips.

The Normal baseball team defeated the Lowrey-Phillips team of Amarillo Monday on the home grounds by a score of 9 to 4. The locals had the better of the argument at every stage of the contest. This game adds another to the long string of victories for the locals this season. It begins to look more and more like the Panhandle championship for the locals.

Plans for Summer School.

The members of the Normal faculty are working hard to perfect plans for the summer quarter. While the unfortunate statement that the summer quarter would probably be held in Amarillo, published last week in the daily newspapers, has almost flooded the secretary's office with letters asking for information, it is believed that it will be possible to successfully refute the statement and that the attendance will be greater than last year.

Planting More Trees.

J. W. Raitkin has a contract with the Normal to plant 125 more trees on the campus. The trees set out last year are growing fine and this year water will be furnished all over the campus for irrigation purposes through the pipes in the new fence.

A CONFESSION

Hopes Her Statement, Made Public, will Help Other Women.

Hines, Ala.—"I must confess," says Mrs. Eula Mae Reid, of this place, "that Cardui, the woman's tonic, has done me a great deal of good."

Before I commenced using Cardui, I would spit up everything I ate. I had a tired, sleepy feeling all the time, and was irregular. I could hardly drag around, and would have severe headaches continuously.

Since taking Cardui, I have entirely quit spitting up what I eat. Everything seems to digest all right, and I have gained 10 pounds in weight."

If you are a victim of any of the numerous ills so common to your sex, it is wrong to suffer.

For half a century, Cardui has been relieving just such ills, as is proven by the thousands of letters, similar to the above, which pour into our office, year by year.

Cardui is successful because it is composed of ingredients which act specifically on the womanly constitution, and helps build the weakened organs back to health and strength.

Cardui has helped others, and will help you, too. Get a bottle today. You won't regret it. Your druggist sells it.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Specially Instructions on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper. NC 120

Political Announcements.

For Representative 123rd District.
T. J. TILSON.

For District Judge.

JNO. W. VEALE.
JAMES N. BROWNING.

For District Attorney.

HENRY S. BISHOP.
A. S. ROLLINS.

For County Judge.

C. E. COSS.

For Sheriff and Tax Collector.

WORTH A. JENNINGS.

For County Clerk.

C. N. HARRISON.
T. V. (Vince) REEVES.
JOHN W. BATES.

For Assessor.

J. C. BLACK.
G. G. FOSTER.
J. A. TATE.

For Treasurer.

W. T. GARRETT.

For County Attorney.

W. J. FLESHER.
RECTOR LESTER.

For Hide and Animal Inspector.

J. V. YOUNG.

CLASSIFIED ADS

Wanted—A few good setting hens. Call News office. tf

For Sale—A hundred egg, Belle City incubator. Call News office. tf

For Sale—35 head of good stock cows. Henry Schultz. 5 miles N. W. of Umbarger. 4p2

Pasture for Rent—Adjoining city, running water, good shade. 5c per day for horses, \$1 per month for cows. W. E. Bates. 2tf

For sale—Good windmill pump, tank and tank house. C. W. Warwick. tf

For Sale—P. & O. two row lister, one row McCormick harvester, 5 1-2 Foot broadcast binder, 1 row go-devil. G. G. Foster tf

Pasture for cattle—Fifty cents per month for cows, 35c for yearlings, 75c for horses. Will take up to 75 head. Henry F. Miller. 2p3

Dust Proof Windows—The one and only practical flexible metal weather strip. Never binds, rattles or rusts. J. W. Turner, Agent, Umbarger. tf

For Sale at a Bargain—Windmill and tower, tank and tank house, all together or separately, also three galvanized flues. Phone 68 or address Mrs. Adra Garrison, Canyon. tf

Electrically equipped motorcycles, "The Indian." T. V. Reeves, Agent. tf

Baby Beef Club.

To THE NEWS:

I visited the managers of the Panhandle State Fair Association last week in Amarillo in the interest of the Baby Beef Club and they assured me that they are willing and anxious to encourage the Baby Beef movement and would put up good premiums. The premiums will run about like this: \$25.00 for the best baby beef calf born between Oct. 1, 1913, and Jan. 1, 1914. Second best \$20.00. Third best \$15.00, fourth best \$10.00, next ten best \$5.00 each. The same premiums will apply on calves born after Jan. 1, 1914. The idea is to show what can be done by early development. The managers further agreed to put up a good premium on fat pigs, so that any boy or girl who could not fatten a calf might take a pig and shape it up for the Fair. In this way they will have an opportunity to win prizes and then can sell their pigs. I think the pig prizes will run about like this: \$10 best, \$7.50 second, \$5.00 third, \$2.00 each next ten best.

The feeders and breeders' show at Fort Worth December 1st will put good premiums on this same class of stock, and the same can be sent to Fort Worth. We believe that the railroads will give a low rate on all stock for exhibition at Fort Worth, at which point they will likely be sold.

The Hereford Association has given \$400 for premiums on calves showing strong Hereford breeding. The calves can be of any beef breed, but the \$400 given by the Hereford people is for calves showing Hereford blood strongest. These premiums are open to boys and girls alike.

Now, boys, get busy; get your pigs and calves as soon as possible and begin the work. We want to arrange a trip to Fort Worth for all who enter this contest whether they win or not. I will gladly help any boy to get suitable stock for the contest. Now, boys, let me have your names if you want to join.
WELTON WINN.

Mrs. John Rusk returned Friday from Denver, Colo., where she has been visiting for several months. She is stopping with Mrs. A. E. Brown for the present.

Brightening up time! Get your paint, glass and wall paper of S. V. Wirt. Best line in the city. tf

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Warwick attended the Panhandle Press association in Amarillo Friday and Saturday.

Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure
The worst case, no matter of how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

Man's Drink—
Woman's Drink—
Everybody's Drink



Coca-Cola

Vigorously good -- and keenly delicious. Thirst-quencher and refreshing.

The national beverage --and yours.

Demand the genuine by full name—
Nicknames encourage substitution.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY
Atlanta, Ga.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.



ANDY GREEN

The 1250 lb. Hambeltonian Stallion will make the season of 1914 at H. C. Roffey's residence in north Canyon.

Terms--\$12.50 to insure colt to stand and suck. See tabulated pedigree on posted bills, or apply to owner for further particulars. Phone 15.

H. C. ROFFEY

WHENEVER YOU NEED A GENERAL TONIC - TAKE GROVE'S

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is Equally Valuable as a General Tonic because it Acts on the Liver, Drives Out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. For Grown People and Children.

You know what you are taking when you take Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic as the formula is printed on every label showing that it contains the well-known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It is as strong as the strongest bitter tonic and is in Tasteless Form. It has no equal for Malaria, Chills and Fever, Weakness, general debility and loss of appetite. Gives life and vigor to Nursing Mothers and Pale, Sickly Children. Removes Biliousness without purging. Relieves nervous depression and low spirits. Arouses the liver to action and purifies the blood. A True Tonic and Sure Appetizer. A Complete Strengthenener. No family should be without it. Guaranteed by your Druggist. We mean it. 50c

Play Ball

We have every article you need for the game

BALLS BATS MITS MASKS

All kinds of athletic goods

Biggest stock in town

Holland Drug Company

"The Living and Leading Druggists"

Phone 90

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It is our purpose to handle any and all business entrusted to us in such a fair and liberal manner as to make patrons' relation with our bank satisfactory and profitable. We invite you to call

The First State Bank

THE GUARANTY FUND BANK

One Heaping Teaspoonful

of Health Club Baking Powder will do all that you could expect any baking powder to do—no matter what its price.

For Pies, Biscuits, Cakes, Waffles or Muffins—for any kind of home baking in fact—you'll find Health Club to be the strongest, purest and most economical Baking Powder obtainable at any price.

Order a trial can today for tomorrow's baking—then judge.

Sold in 10c, 15c & 25c Cans By all Good Grocers

LAYTON'S HEALTH CLUB
25 OUNCES
ONE SPOON BAKING POWDER
Only One Cent An Ounce

LAUGHTER WON A BATTLE

By JAMES LEWIS.

"How about an Indian story, colonel?" asked one of the Boy Scouts. "A story with a punch about some fight that you saw with your own eyes?"

The colonel reflected as he rubbed his stiff knee—the kneecap that was smashed by a ball from the rifle of a swarthy brave.

"Very well," he said. "I'll tell you about Olaf and Jens, two young Swedes we had with us when we went after some Indians that were on a rampage in Arizona. Olaf and Jens were good fellows, but Indian fighting was something new to them.

"How they got into the army I declare I don't know. They were always too far ahead, or too far behind, or too far to one side; and at first we had almost to hide them when we met Indians, for they didn't know enough to come in out of the bullets.

"We were in pursuit of the Indians, who were retreating through a very wild and dangerous region. We had marched steadily since sunrise, and we were dusty, dry, hungry, tired and cross. Moreover, we had good reason to suspect that Indians, and plenty of them, were near by.

"We approached a broad, shallow arroyo that was full of scrub trees, bushes, cacti and huge boulders. Our scouts, deploying cautiously, were just entering the fringe of low thickets on the edge of the arroyo, when a volley from behind the boulders and chaparral killed them to a man. The enemy had tricked us in spite of our watchfulness. They were on exactly their own kind of battle ground. We knew what sort of a murderous job it would be to oust them from those boulders and brush.

"We simply had to get into the arroyo, where we could hide ourselves and fight the Indians in their own style, so the men scattered, and, yelling like the Indians themselves, ran at top speed for the arroyo. More were hit on that short run than we could afford to lose.

"We made another dash, a short one, diagonally across the arroyo, and flung ourselves behind a low bank. Crawling and running on our hands and feet, we gradually made a flank movement, until we at last reached the rocks and had a fighting chance. Our loss was heavy by that time, and, so far as we knew, not a single Indian had been killed.

"After two hours of peep-and-shoot-quick fighting, night began to draw on. The Indians got bolder, too, and began to close in on us. If we showed an inch of hat brim, it was snipped off.

"Just then a big Missourian named Bill Humble suddenly bawled out: 'Look at the Swedes, will you? They've gone plum crazy at last!'

"All the men stopped firing to look. We saw Olaf and Jens waging a hiterto unknown kind of Indian warfare. 'What were they doing?' asked one of the younger scouts, a bit impatiently.

The colonel smiled. "Olaf and Jens were hiding behind a big boulder and they were shooting straight up in the air as fast as they could load and fire.

"We watched them, so amazed that we almost forgot about the enemy. Bill Humble shouted at them: 'Here! What are you two doing?'

"Jens blazed away at the zenith, and asked: 'Wat ban matter?'

"Why are you crazy men shootin' up in the sky?' Bill yelled back.

"Vell," called back Jens, 've can't see dem Indian fallars, and ve can't shoot drough de rocks, so ve shoot up in de air so de bullets fall on dem.'

"A shout of deep throated laughter burst from the men who heard him, and the others took it up as the word passed along the line. In a few minutes everyone was laughing. Why, a man who had a bullet in his back grinned in spite of the pain.

"The way that laughter took the Indians was as strange as it was unexpected. They were suspicious and began to peep furtively round and over the boulders. One of them, a big hawk beaked savage, exposed himself, too much, and a soldier left off laughing long enough to shoot him.

"He happened to be the chief, and his braves, probably thinking that his end was caused in some way by the pale face laughter, broke from their hiding places and were soon going hotfoot down the crooked gulch."

The colonel paused and the scout who had proposed the story asked: "Was that all?"

"Well," the colonel answered, "it was about all. It was the last fight of any consequence. I don't suppose that the official records mention it, but Olaf and Jens really ended that war."

Edible Colors.

It is rather amusing to note the prevalence of colors that are "good to eat"—or would be if they tasted anything like their names. Ortongue is a very fashionable shade in tailors of velvet, and mustard yellow seems to harmonize appropriately, if not in hue, at least in name. Then there are the light tan shades, which seem to run to appetizing cognoments, like biscuit, café au lait, ginger and burnt bread. Burnt onion is not quite so appealing in fancy, though the color is a splendidly vivid one when used as a dashing note with a dark velvet suit. Tomato red and apple green are succulent tints, and oyster white has a rather appetizing sound withal.



Canton Four Wheel Riding Lister

An easy lift is secured by a balance spring on the lever. The bottom works on a single ball and it takes the ground the instant it is lowered. Long bearings on the axles prevent the frame from wobbling, and gives it the strength and rigidity needed for the best work. The Canton is one of those easy running machines you sometimes hear about, but don't always see, unless it is a Canton. We want you to see this lister before you buy. It's a dandy.

Thompson Hardware Company

Effects of Bad Candy.

Prof. Marquis had an excellent illustration of bad candy in the Green Hardware show window this week, having dyed the trimpings for an Easter hat from the colorings he procured from candies bought at local stores. These candies are for sale in all towns simply because people demand certain cheap stuff of this variety. The coloring matter is nothing but dye which when applied to a cloth cannot be boiled out. What will

it do for a person's stomach? If you eat candy, eat good candy.

Alumni Fund Growing.

Miss Lola Word, president of the West Texas State Normal Alumni Association, reports about \$50 having been received since notices were sent out to the members of the association last week. She believes that the \$500 will be raised without difficulty.

V-AVA at the News office.

25th Wedding Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Boehning will celebrate their 25th wedding anniversary at their home seven miles northeast of the city Saturday, April 25th. They have sent out a number of invitations to their friends to join them that day.

Miss Mary Lamb spent from Thursday till Monday at the Northwest Texas Teachers Association at Wichita Falls.

Y. W. C. A. Meeting.

The Y. W. C. A. met Saturday. This is their third meeting since the fire having not missed a single meeting on account of the calamity. A program was not rendered Saturday but the meeting was one of business. The Y. W. C. A. has arranged for a rest room at the old First State bank building. The room will be left open all day so as to be convenient for anyone who wishes to rest.

Mrs. Oscar Hunt left Thursday for Mineral Wells on a three weeks trip.

DECIDE YOURSELF

The Opportunity Is Here. Backed By Canyon Testimony.

Don't take our word for it. Don't depend on a stranger's statement.

Read Canyon endorsement. Read the statements of Canyon citizens.

And decide for yourself. Here is one case of it.

G. R. Turner, Canyon, Texas, says: "I am quite free from lumbago and every sign of kidney trouble since I used Doan's Kidney Pills. I procured this remedy at Thompson's Drug Store, (now Holland Drug Co.), and heartily recommend it."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Turner had. Foser-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. (Advertisement)

Society Notes

Monday night the Baptist Philatheas and Baracas had their regular class meeting at the B. T. Johnson home. The Philatheas met in regular session with sixteen members and four visitors. New officers were elected. Talks were made by the retiring president and other members of the class. The Philatheas served the Baracas refreshments of corn bread with cotton and whipped cream icing, pickles and butter milk. The icing was found by a few to be hard to masticate, but of course they were too courteous to leave it uneaten. Some called for the second glass of milk which came to them well saturated with salt. Contributed.

On Saturday afternoon Mr. and Mrs. David Thomas entertained the first and second grades of the training school with an Easter party, in honor of their little grand-daughter, Ruby.

On arriving, the children's first surprise was a cage of real, live Easter rabbits. After many games, contests and an egg hunt they assembled about a table beautifully decorated in green, yellow and white with a bunny's home as a center piece. Appropriate refreshments were served. At five-thirty each happy little guest was on his way home carrying a lovely nest of Easter eggs and bunnies.

A Guest.

Happy Items.

The children of the union Sunday school gave an Easter program Sunday.

C. G. Innes, Bill Anderson and W. F. Miller are in Tulia this week attending court.

Mr. and Mrs. W. White drove to Tulia Monday where he will attend court the remainder of the week.

On account of the cold weather the "measure social" was postponed until Friday April 17.

Mrs. Robinson of Lubbock, special deputy of O. E. S. was in Happy Thursday reviewing Happy chapter.

J. W. Temple and son of Plainview was in the city Monday.

Rev. H. C. Hagan returned Tuesday from Presbytery.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry F. Miller Thursday night.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular, free. P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Men's Clothing



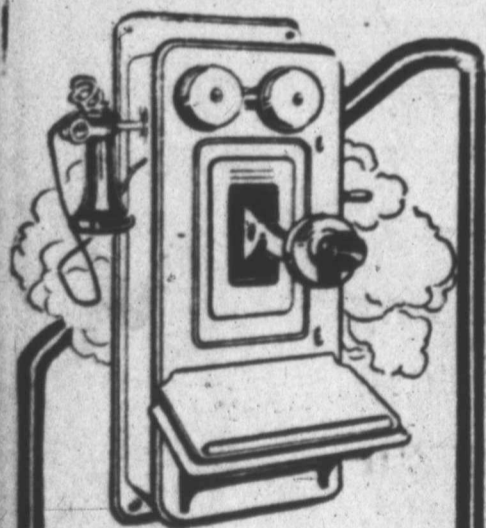
Splendid showing of Benjamin styles. We've never seen a handsomer lot of fine garments. Everything that's new and up to the minute in styles, weaves and fabrics can be seen. A suit for every taste and every pocket-book in live, snappy patterns. The Benjamin makers have excelled their previous efforts both in tailoring and design.

You can't go clothes-wrong here.

Every garment in the goup is guaranteed for wool, wear and service.

Benjamin Palm Beach suits for only \$8.50.

The Canyon City Supply Co.
DRY-GOODS, CLOTHING & GROCERIES
CANYON, TEXAS



THE MODERN WEATHER PROPHECY

Recollect last spring when that late frost struck your orchards and produce? You'd have given a mint to have had fair warning.

A Rural Bell Telephone will summon help when frosts threaten, besides being profitable in countless other ways. Our nearest Manager will cheerfully furnish information or write to.

THE Southwestern Telegraph and Telephone Co. DALLAS, TEXAS



OFFICIAL WESTERN LEAGUE SCHEDULE

	AT DENVER	AT LINCOLN	AT TOPEKA	AT WICHITA	AT ST. JOSEPH	AT DES MOINES	AT SIOUX CITY	AT OMAHA
DENVER.....	BE April 17 to 19 20 July 2 3 4 Aug. 15 16 17 18		April 21 22 23 24 June 20 21 22 23 Sept. 26 27 28	April 25 26 27 June 24 25 26 27 Sept. 22 23 24 25	May 24 25 26 27 July 22 23 24 25 Aug. 27 28 29 30	May 20 21 22 23 Aug. 22 23 24	May 12 13 14 15 July 5 6 7 8 Aug. 22 23 24 25	May 16 17 18 19 July 9 10 11 12 Aug. 19 20 21 22
LINCOLN.....	May 7 8 9 10 May 22 23 24 25 Aug. 7 8 9 10	SURE April 17 to 19 20 July 2 3 4 Aug. 15 16 17 18	April 25 26 27 28 June 16 17 18 19 Sept. 22 23 24 25	April 21 22 23 24 June 20 21 22 23 Sept. 26 27 28	May 20 21 22 23 Aug. 22 23 24 Sept. 1 2 3 4	May 24 25 26 27 July 22 23 24 25 Aug. 27 28 29 30	June 4 5 6 7 July 9 10 11 12 Aug. 19 20 21 22	May 12 13 14 15 July 5 6 7 8 Aug. 22 23 24 25
TOPEKA.....	April 29 30 May 1 2 June 23 24 May 1 2 Sept. 5 6 7	May 3 4 5 6 June 24 25 26 27 Aug. 11 12 13 14	TO READ April 17 to 19 20 July 2 3 4 Aug. 7 8 9 10	May 7 8 9 10 July 21 22 23 24 Aug. 15 16 17 18	May 22 23 24 25 July 5 6 7 8 Aug. 22 23 24 25	May 16 17 18 19 July 9 10 11 12 Aug. 19 20 21 22	May 24 25 26 27 July 12 13 14 15 Aug. 22 23 24 25	May 20 21 22 23 July 17 18 19 20 Sept. 1 2 3 4
WICHITA.....	May 2 4 5 6 June 17 18 19 Aug. 11 12 13 14	April 29 30 May 1 2 June 20 21 22 23 Sept. 26 27 28	April 17 to 19 20 July 2 3 4 Aug. 7 8 9 10	SPORT May 7 8 9 10 July 21 22 23 24 Aug. 15 16 17 18	May 16 17 18 19 July 9 10 11 12 Aug. 19 20 21 22	May 22 23 24 25 July 5 6 7 8 Aug. 22 23 24 25	May 20 21 22 23 July 17 18 19 20 Sept. 1 2 3 4	May 24 25 26 27 July 13 14 15 16 Aug. 22 23 24 25
ST. JOSEPH.....	June 12 13 14 July 11 12 13 14 Sept. 19 20 21	June 3 4 5 6 July 27 28 29 30 Sept. 15 16 17 18	May 12 13 14 15 June 4 5 6 7 Sept. 12 13 14	May 21 June 1 2 3 July 25 26 27 28 Sept. 8 9 10 11	SECTION May 7 8 9 10 July 21 22 23 24 Aug. 11 12 13 14	May 16 17 18 19 July 9 10 11 12 Aug. 19 20 21 22	Aug. 25 26 27 28 June 23 24 25 Sept. 22 23 24 25	April 21 22 23 24 June 20 21 22 23 Sept. 5 6 7 8
DES MOINES.....	June 3 4 5 6 July 17 18 19 20 Sept. 15 16 17 18	May 21 June 1 2 3 July 13 14 15 16 Sept. 19 20 21	June 12 13 14 15 July 25 26 27 28 Sept. 8 9 10 11	May 12 13 14 June 16 17 18 19 Sept. 12 13 14	May 8 9 10 11 June 16 17 18 19 Sept. 26 27 28	FOR June 16 17 18 19 July 5 6 7 8 Aug. 22 23 24 25	April 21 22 23 24 July 2 3 4 Aug. 15 16 17 18	April 25 26 27 28 June 24 25 26 27 Aug. 7 8 9 10
SIOUX CITY.....	May 21 June 1 2 3 July 21 22 23 24 Sept. 12 13 14	May 16 17 18 19 July 25 26 27 28 Sept. 8 9 10 11	June 3 4 5 6 July 19 20 21 Sept. 19 20 21	June 12 13 14 15 July 25 26 27 28 Sept. 15 16 17 18	April 17 18 19 20 June 24 25 26 27 Aug. 7 8 9 10	April 29 30 May 1 2 June 20 21 22 23 Sept. 5 6 7 8	LIVE June 23 24 25 July 12 13 14 15 Aug. 22 23 24 25	May 7 8 9 10 June 16 17 18 19 Aug. 11 12 13 14
OMAHA.....	June 4 5 6 7 July 25 26 27 28 Sept. 8 9 10 11	June 12 13 14 15 July 21 22 23 24 Sept. 12 13 14	May 21 June 1 2 3 July 29 30 31 Aug. 1 Sept. 15 16 17 18	June 3 4 5 6 July 19 20 21 Sept. 19 20 21	April 29 30 May 1 2 July 2 3 4 Aug. 15 16 17 18	April 17 18 19 20 June 23 24 25 Sept. 22 23 24 25	May 2 4 5 6 June 23 24 25 Sept. 26 27 28	SPORTS. June 16 17 18 19 Aug. 11 12 13 14

RECORDS OF PLAYERS

HUSKY TASKS THAT CONFRONT AMBITIOUS YOUNGSTERS.

George Gibson of Pittsburgh Worked in 140 Consecutive Games During Season of 1909—Other Interesting Figures.

Each season ball players individually and as a team start out with the determination of smashing some of the old records and establishing new ones for themselves. Here are a few of the records—taken from Spalding's 1914 Guide—which show the rather husky task that confronts the players of this era who have record-breaking ambitions.

In 1909 George Gibson, the Pirate catcher, worked in 140 consecutive games. In July, 1908, Roger Bresnahan, then with the Giants, did not have an assist or put out in a ten-inning game. An average of .990 for the season was turned in in 1904 by Joe Sugden of the Browns, in 1906, by Jack O'Connor of the Browns, in 1907 by Frank Dowerman of New York, in 1909 by Forrest Cady of the Red Sox and also by George Gibson of Pittsburgh.

In the pitching line, Charles Radbourne, with Providence, in 1883 worked in 37 consecutive games and won 23. In 1884 he pitched 72 games in one season—a record that was duplicated in 1889 by John Clarkson, then with Boston. Keefe, pitching for the Giants in 1889 and Marquard, pitching for the same team in 1912, are tied with 19 consecutive victories in one season.

Charles Sweeney, pitching for Providence against Boston in 1883, struck out 21 batsmen. Amos Rusie, in 1892, gave 261 bases on balls in one season. In 1875, Al G. Spalding pitched 63



George Gibson, Veteran Pirate Catcher.

games and got an average of .899 for the season. In 1904 "Rube" Waddell, then with the Athletics, struck out 343 batsmen in one season.

Frank Chance, in 1910, while first basing for the Cubs, took unto himself the remarkable average of .996 for the season. Jiggs Donahue, former first baseman of the White Sox, holds the other three records in the first basing line. In 1907 he accepted the highest number of chances—1,986, in 1905 he had 23 chances in one game, while in 1906 he has but one chance in the game—an assist. In 1905 Lajoie of the Naps turned

NOTES of the DIAMOND

Jack Knight can't say: "I never had a chance."

Pitiner Thompson of Georgetown college has signed with the Yanks.

Jimmy Williams, former Oriole and Brown, is said to be the only player to get six hits in one game.

CAREER OF CICOTTE OF THE WHITE SOX



Eddie Cicotte, One of Comiskey's Stars.

Edward V. Cicotte, the Chicago White Sox pitcher, was born in Detroit June 19, 1884. While playing semi-professional ball in Detroit in 1905 he was tried out by the Detroit Americans and then sent to the Augusta (Ga.) team, with which organization he finished the season. He began the season of 1906 with Indianapolis, but

was traded to Des Moines. The next season found Cicotte twirling for the Lincoln team, and his good work in the Western league that year caused the Boston Americans to buy his release. He joined Boston in the spring of 1907 and was one of the mainstays in the box for the Red Sox until traded to the White Sox.

In the record fielding percentage for second basemen—.990. Lobert of the Phillies holds the third basing record, having acquired .976 in 1912. Turner of the Naps grabbed .973 while short-stopping in 1910. Lajoie in 1908 accepted 988 chances, Collings of the Red Sox accepted 601 chances at third in 1899 and Allen, the Phillies shortstop, accepted 955 chances in 1892.

In the outfielding line, Frank Schulte of the Cubs hung up a record of .992 in 1908 in right. Patsy Dougherty of the White Sox (1906) and Fred Clarke, Pirates (1907), are tied with .987 at left fielding, while Harry Bay, Cleveland (1904), Amos Strunk, Athletics (1912), and Tommy Leach, Cubs (1913), are tied with .990 at center fielding.

Clarke of the Pirates made four assists from the outfield in one game in 1910 and had ten putouts in one nine-

inning game in 1911, both being record performances. George McBride, the Washington shortstop, enjoys the distinction of being the only infielder who ever went through a game without having had one chance to clutch the ball.

In the clubbing line, Hugh Duffy's record of 438 for one season, made in 1894, is the mark the star batters must shoot at. Ty Cobb of the Tigers made 248 hits in 1911. Brown, playing with Louisville in 1892, was at bat 658 times in one season. The Phillies, back in the late '90's, made 36 hits in one nine-inning game off John Wadsworth of Louisville.

Olympic Committee Meeting Called. The International Olympic committee has summoned a congress of representatives of all national Olympic committees to meet in Paris from June 13 to 24.

Fred Snodgrass has signed a three-year contract with the Giants.

Ralph Glass, one time member of the Red Sox, and former pitcher of the Dartmouth nine, has been signed to pitch for the Topeka team of the Western league.

Christy Mathewson will stay with McGraw for awhile longer. McGraw has promised Matty the job of coaching the pitchers when Big Six has become too old to pitch.

OUTFIELDER GEORGE BURNS

Justified McGraw's Confidence Last Year by His Timely Hitting and Clever Fielding.

No ball player in either major league has developed faster and none has a brighter future before him than Outfielder George Burns of the New York Giants and his refusal to listen to the siren song of the Federals is another testimonial to the fact that young players of intelligence know where their future lies, says the Sporting News. Burns came to the Giants late in the season of 1911 from the Utica team of the New York State league. For his release \$4,000 in cash is said to have been paid. Following McGraw's method he was allowed to



George Burns.

absorb baseball on the bench in 1912, being used in only 29 games, but his advancement was so rapid that when the 1913 season opened he was assigned a regular berth and McGraw revised his outfield almost entirely to make a place for him. Burns justified the confidence placed in him. He played in 150 games, hit for .286, stole 40 bases and scored 81 runs, some record for a lad in his first real season. Burns was born in 1892 and makes his home in St. Johnsville, N. Y. He is stockily built, but fast on his feet, hits the ball hard and is possessed of a powerful arm, as indicated by the fact that only three outfielders in his league last year had more assists than he.

Cincinnati May Go Inane.

Would Cincinnati know how to act if the Federals put a winning team in its midst? For years the Reds have been supplying their rivals with the best of material. At one time or another in the last decade Herrmann has sent Mathewson Huggins, Oakes, Mowrey, Mitchell, Paskert, Lobert, Bridwell, Phelan, Humphries, Overall, Bescher, Grant, Fromme, McLean, Crawford, Dubuc, Donlin, Seymour, Steinfeldt, Tinker and Brown—all good men and true—to fight for other teams. It has been the grandest recruiting station for stars in the land.

Field Meet for Women.

A field meet for women students, similar to the meets given by eastern colleges, was held at the University of California, February 14. Representatives of each of the four classes participated. The events were the 100, 220 and 50 yard dashes, 100-yard hurdle race, eight-pound shot-put, broad, standing and running jumps; hop, step and jump, high jump, three-legged race and relay race.

In a Class by Himself as Runner.

C. W. Hart of London recently covered the distance between Brighton and London three times, making a total of 156 miles. He accomplished the feat by continuous running. Hart states that in April he intends to run 1,000 miles in 15 days, averaging 66 2/3 miles a day.

Blossom Giving Exhibitions.

George F. Blossom and the Jap. Koji Yamada, are putting on a tour for exhibition purposes together; but will be back in New York in time to enter the 14.1 tournament for the first title at that form of billiards, April 23.

Rich Kentucky Derby.

The Kentucky derby this year is expected to set a record. Close to \$15,000 will be the object of the riding jockeys at Churchill Downs.

THE

safest man is the man who has a bank account. When you establish yourself with a good bank, you feel secure and your mind is at peace. Banks have been the means of making more successful men than colleges. When you grow

OLD

a snug sum in the bank is an insurance policy against hard times and hard work. Begin to save when you are young. OUR SAVINGS DEPARTMENT will help you start; then when you have accumulated \$50 or \$100 take a certificate of deposit drawing a little larger rate of interest. The time-tried and most

RELIABLE

bank is the one to do your business with. In judging a bank, always remember that capital and surplus give security to the depositor, by forming a fund that stands between the depositor and any possible shrinkage in the securities of the bank. The Capital and Surplus of this bank form a margin of safety that assures absolute security to those who intrust their money to us.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CANYON

CAPITAL \$100,000.00
SURPLUS \$10,000.00

S. A. Shotwell & Co.

Wholesale and Retail

Coal, Grain, Hides and Field Seeds

Best Grades of Nigger Head and Maitland Coal

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Plainview Nursery

Has the best stock of home-grown trees they have ever had. Propagated from trees that have been tested and do the best; are hardy and absolutely free from disease. We have no connection with any other nursery.

L. N. Daimont, Mgr. N. J. Secrest, Gen. Agt.
Salesmen—Roy Terrell, Jeff Pippin, Jim Celsor.
If you want trees that will give satisfaction and good results send in an order or see salesman.

