

NEW FIRE PROOF BUILDING APPROVED

The board of regents in session in Austin last week was authorized by Governor Colquitt to make immediate plans for the construction of a fire proof building to take the place of the old building destroyed by fire March 23. The governor stated that the board would first use the \$100,000 insurance money and when this was done he would issue deficiency warrants to complete the building.

The board will meet June 2 to discuss the plans for the new building. They will decide whether or not the building will be of the same size as the old one; whether it will be larger; whether smaller; or whether they shall plan for the group plan of small buildings which seems to be the latest method of school building. These four plans will be discussed with the architects and to the one who offers the best plans, will no doubt be awarded the contract of designing the new building.

President Cousins trusts that the board will not adopt any plan for the building at this meeting, but will simply employ the architect who seems best fitted for the work, let him come to Canyon and go over the plans with the faculty the members of which have many useful ideas to present to an architect, and then to hold a second meeting of the board for the approval of the plans and for the advertising of bids. Mr. Cousins believes that about thirty days will be required before the preliminary work can be done and actual work started on the building.

The board has decided that a \$25,000 heating plant will be built aside from the building and will be so constructed as to furnish light and heat for other buildings as they are added.

Governor Colquitt urged the board to build a smaller building than the one destroyed. However, he stated that it was his opinion that aside from the heating, lighting and plumbing a fire proof structure about the same size as the one destroyed could be erected with the insurance money. Since returning home he has sent to the members of the board a letter in which he states that building material has increased about 10 per cent since the old building was destroyed.

Mr. Cousins states that the board of regents was anxious to start on the new building. Especially was Mr. Fuqua strong in his request for immediate action. He furthermore stated that he did not believe at any time that any town would attempt to move the institution, and should Amarillo attempt it he would do all in his power to prevent the removal and would resign from the board.

Rev. Haynes Elected.

At the congregational meeting of the members of the Presbyterian-Christian church Sunday morning, Rev. A. B. Haynes was elected to serve as pastor for the local church for the coming year. Rev. Haynes has accepted the call. He has been pastor of the Presbyterian church for the past year and has met with eminent success. The people of the city generally are pleased at his election.

MEMORIAL DAY ON NEXT SUNDAY

Memorial Day will be observed in Canyon next Sunday. While the day regularly falls on Saturday this year, it was decided to postpone the exercises until Sunday. This will be the first Memorial Day ever observed in Canyon, and Mayor Wilson urges that all the people do all in their power to make it a success.

The exercises will be held at the Methodist church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. All of the churches will participate in the service. President R. B. Cousins will deliver the address. In the afternoon all who can do so are urged to visit the cemetery and decorate the graves.

Miss Khne will have charge of the music for the morning service and Friday night will have a rehearsal at the Methodist church to which she invites all of the choirs of the city.

Faculty Addition.

H. W. Stilwell was elected to the faculty of the Normal by the board of regents last week. Mr. Stilwell has been principal of the Amarillo high school and here as associate professor in the English department. He is highly qualified for the position and will make a splendid addition to the faculty.

D. A. Shirley was promoted from the rank of assistant to associate professor.

W. H. Blaine was elected as a member of the faculty, but will continue his work in the training school.

No other changes were made in the faculty as it is now constituted.

Band Organized.

A band has been organized in Canyon with the following officers:

C. W. Warwick, president.
Wm. Sydow, business manager.

Miss Fair Wiggins, director.
Miles Ackerman, librarian.

The first meeting will be held next Tuesday night. To far, twenty young people have signed the constitution and by-laws of the organization, which articles are drawn up with a view of making the organization, very strong and well managed. For instance, fines are levied for non-attendance of rehearsals; no smoking is allowed in the practice room; no visitors are allowed excepting with permission of the directors, thus eliminating loafers.

A few young ladies have joined the organization. Others are wanted, and the officers wish especially to invite those to join who have had experience.

The young people have pledged themselves to put in long hours of practice and a first-class band is expected to be the results of their efforts.

Judge M. M. Manning of Talladago, Ala., visited his sister, Mrs. John T. Wiley, over Sunday. He had been attending the General Conference of the Methodist church in Oklahoma City.

TRAINING SCHOOL OPENS ON JUNE 9

Since the temporary buildings can not be ready by June 2, it is thought best to postpone the opening of the training school for one week, opening June 9 instead of June 2. By that date the rush of registration of the Normal school will be over and everything in readiness for the summer's work. The Summer Training School will occupy only half day sessions for regular school work, while the industrial subjects will occupy places in the afternoon.

It is very desirable that all the children who attend the regular session attend the Summer session so that the pupils of each class may progress together. Credit will be given for the Summer work as in the other sessions. Special care will be taken that the children shall not be over worked. Of course where a child's health is involved or would be endangered by the Summer work he should be kept out of school.

SUMMER SCHOOLS A NECESSITY.

That we are allowing much of the school time of the children of this country to go to waste is now being recognized. There is no ground upon which to justify a policy that allows the school property of the country to lie idle three months in the year. No other business can succeed and allow its plants that amount of idleness. No other calling or profession than the teacher's, allows its members three months vacation. Children lose in the summer much that was gained in the regular session. There is nothing but evil that results from the long summer vacations which are spent on the streets by children in towns and cities and such is our home government in these modern days that when half grown boys are not in the schools they are on the streets, which are not temples of virtue for the growing youth. More time is wasted in the summer vacations by children in the South than served for the education of a large part of the men and women who obtained their education twenty-five years ago.

Honorable P. P. Claxton, Commissioner of Education for the United States is pressing the question upon the attention of the intelligent public, from the platform and in the press. Mr. Claxton occupies the highest educational position in the government of the United States. I quote three paragraphs from him, as it appears in the Texas School Magazine, May, 1914, page 10.

"Children who attend all of the school hours of the year are in school 900 hours, and out of school 4,200 waking hours; the average is 600 hours in school and 4,510 waking hours out of school.

"Probably five per cent of the school-children of the cities and towns and suburban communities go away during the summer to the country and summer resorts; ten per cent or less, have some useful occupation through the vacation months, and eighty-five per cent or more are at home without useful occupation. They spend the time in idleness on the streets and alleys without guidance, on vacant lots, or swelter in crowded houses and on superheated streets. Much that was learned in school at previous sessions is forgotten; many of the children become criminals, and still more, form habits of idleness.

"The schools, which are estab-

lished and maintained for the purpose of educating children in to manhood and womanhood, of preparing them for society and citizenship, and of giving them such knowledge and training as will enable them to make an honest living should provide some kind of instruction for the great mass of the children through what is now, in most cities, a long, wasteful vacation. I believe no one will claim that the addition of 400 to 500 hours to the number now spent in school would be a burden to any child. The addition of three school months of five hours a day would mean only 300 hours to the school year to children attending regularly and promptly, and only 200 hours to the average child on the basis of present attendance. This would give 1,200 hours for children attending the full time and 800 hours for the average child, of course much less than this for many.

"Possibly the school day in the summer session should be not more than four hours, that is, from 7 or 8 o'clock to 11 or 12 o'clock in the forenoon. School work can be much better done during these hours in the summer than in the present school hours of the winter months. Attendance is easier and buildings do not need to be heated. Where such a program is organized, it may be found necessary to change the school work, so as to give more laboratory and shopwork during the summer sessions than in the winter and less of the ordinary bookwork. Children attending the summer session under these conditions would, no doubt, be much happier and healthier than they are turned loose, with nothing to do, on the streets and alleys. It is a mistake to suppose that children do not like to work. All children do like to work at whatever is of real benefit to them until they learn to be idle."

The Training School offers its services for the summer to all people of Canyon, free. Write a note to the undersigned or Miss Lamb or 'phone one of us, so that suitable arrangements may be made to take care of the children who may wish to attend the training school.

Respectfully,
R. B. Cousins
President.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLOSED ON FRIDAY

The commencement exercises of the Canyon public schools were held Thursday and Friday night at the Methodist church. The baccalaureate sermon was preached Thursday night by Rev. A. B. Haynes and Friday night the commencement exercises were held.

The members of the senior class who were on the program Friday night were very fine in the delivery of their orations. This part of the program was followed by an excellent commencement address by Rev. T. G. Netherton of the Baptist church.

The closing of the public schools marks the close of one of the best year's school work the local school has ever enjoyed. Teachers and pupils alike have worked hard for the success of the work and their efforts have been highly rewarded. The teaching corps has been strong and excellently guided by the able superintendent, E. F. King.

Mrs. John Mathes of Amarillo visited at the parental C. Eakman home over Sunday.

MASS MEETING NEXT MONDAY

For various reasons the clean-up day for this week was postponed. A mass meeting has been called by Mayor Wilson for next Monday night at the court house for the purpose of discussing the clean-up proposition and for organizing for work. Every citizen of Canyon is expected to be at that meeting.

Why not Canyon challenge all of the towns of the Plains for a clean town contest this year? This proposition will be discussed next Monday night. Come and boost the proposition.

No Hits, No Runs.

Hud Prichard pitched a no hit, no run game against the stars of the Amarillo city league on the Normal grounds Monday, the locals winning the game by a score of 3 to 0. The locals made three hits, all of which developed into runs. Six errors were registered against the home team, all by the in-field men, while Amarillo made five. Prichard struck out 10 men and Alban 8.

The game was one of the best played that the local fans have had the privilege of witnessing. The locals were in their new suits and showed up fine as a team.

The two teams will play again Saturday in Amarillo.

Society Notes.

Mrs. C. N. Harrison entertained Tuesday afternoon and evening. The home was decorated with roses and lighted with candles. Silver moons were given as score cards. Forty-two was played. Refreshments were served of juno salad on lettuce leaves, Boston gingerbread with whipped cream, golden flakes, stuffed dates and mint punch. The guests of the afternoon were Mesdames Mount of Amarillo, Guenther, Morelock, Cousins, Blough, Reeves, Terrill, King, Rose, Jarrett, Garner, Chamberlain, Luke, Shaw, Culum, Park, Pipkin, Word, J. B. Gamble, J. D. Gamble, Ingham, Griffin, Keiser, Burrow, Foster, Coss, Anthony, Garrison, Warwick and Miss Gober.

The guests of the evening were Messrs. and Mesdames Terrill, Ingham, Park, McAfee, Miss Wade and Mr. Hawkins of Waco.

Tying Out Cows and Horses.

City Marshal Jowell reports that some people in Canyon are of the habit of tying their horses and cattle along the sidewalks so that the rope is stretched by the animals across the walk. This is prohibited by city ordinance and the next case of complaint, the offender will be fined.

Quarantine Removed.

News from Washington indicates the removal of quarantine for scabies in cattle in Randall and a number of Panhandle counties. The cattlemen are highly pleased as this will mean no more government inspections and dipping unless the disease is again discovered in the county.

Mrs. J. W. Rose left today for Bisbee, Arizona, where she will make her future home. She resigned her position with the Leader this week. Her many friends in the city are very sorry to see her and Miss Vinita leave Canyon.

LARGE FORCE WORKING ON NEW BUILDINGS

The temporary buildings for the Normal were started yesterday with a large force of men at work. The faculty members in charge have employed all the carpenters available and will rush the work to completion, which will probably take about two weeks.

Two buildings will be constructed 50x180 on the rear of the campus, just east of the athletic field. In addition to these, the barn at the president's home has been moved and will be converted into class rooms.

The board of regents decided not to accept the donation of money and labor offered by the Citizens for the construction of temporary buildings, stated that it was the opinion of the board that Canyon had done enough financially for the school.

The Normal will open next Monday morning as advertised. The work will be conducted in the public school building, the Methodist, Christian and Presbyterian churches until the temporary buildings have been completed. The first meeting of the year will be Wednesday morning at the Methodist church at 10:15.

The faculty is confident of a large number of students for the summer quarter, probably a good increase over the number of last year.

German Prizes Awarded.

The following members of the German classes in the Normal received prizes awarded by the Sons of Herman, at the close of the Spring quarter:

Third year's class—Mrs. Dorothy Dohrman; Fremont Mead and Miss Agnes Zihlman.

Second year's class—Miss Erna Guenther, A. N. Henson and Ohmer Kirk.

First year's class—Misses Elsie Lane, Lucy Lackey and Bertha Webb.

Mr. Schack, who has charge of this work writes from Waco stating that it was hard to decide between the contestants in some instances, and that the society would have been glad to have rewarded other students of Prof. Guenther's classes but the prizes were limited to two for each class, but there was so much good work that the committee took the liberty of dividing the prizes among three of each class.

He states that the German work of the West Texas State Normal surpassed that of any other school in the state, and this too in spite of the fact that there were but two German students taking the course here. This statement speaks well for the ability and efficient services of Prof. Guenther.

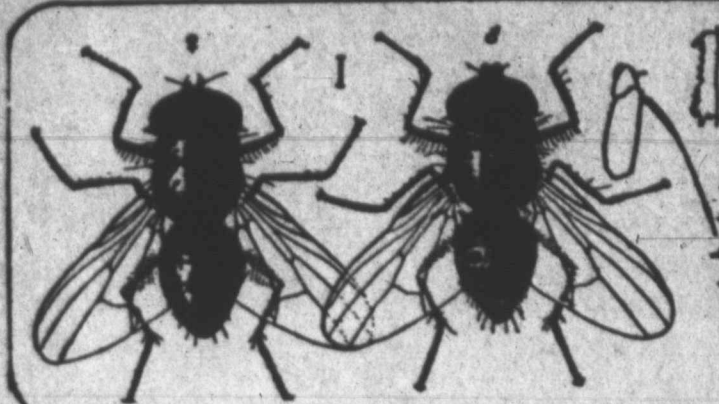
Keep on Walks.

Judge C. E. Coss wishes to call the attention of the people to the fact that flowers have been planted along the walks in the court house yard and that the walks were made to walk on. Some people are careless about stepping off the walks onto the flowers.

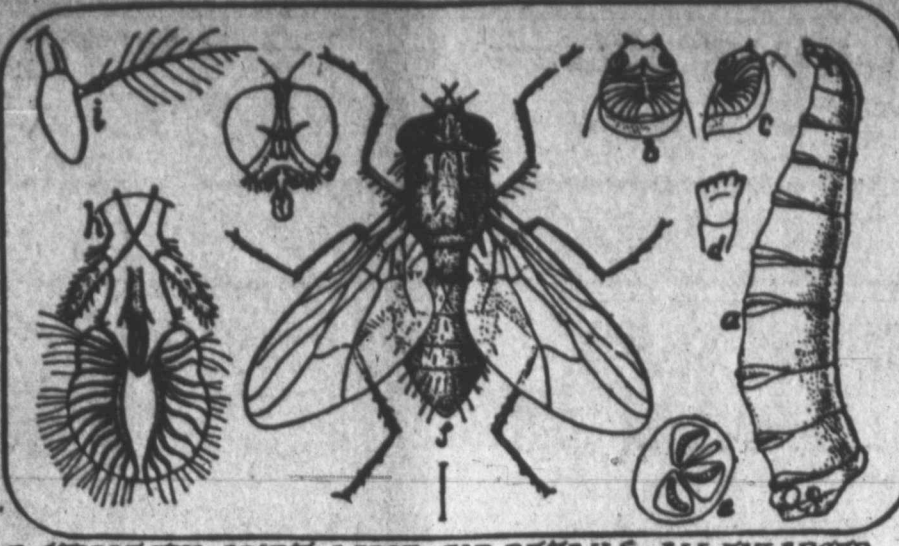
Judge Coss also wishes that all who pass around the building keep close to it so as not to walk on the blue grass more than absolutely necessary.

Judge Coss is getting the court yard in excellent condition and the people ought to be interested in keeping it thus.

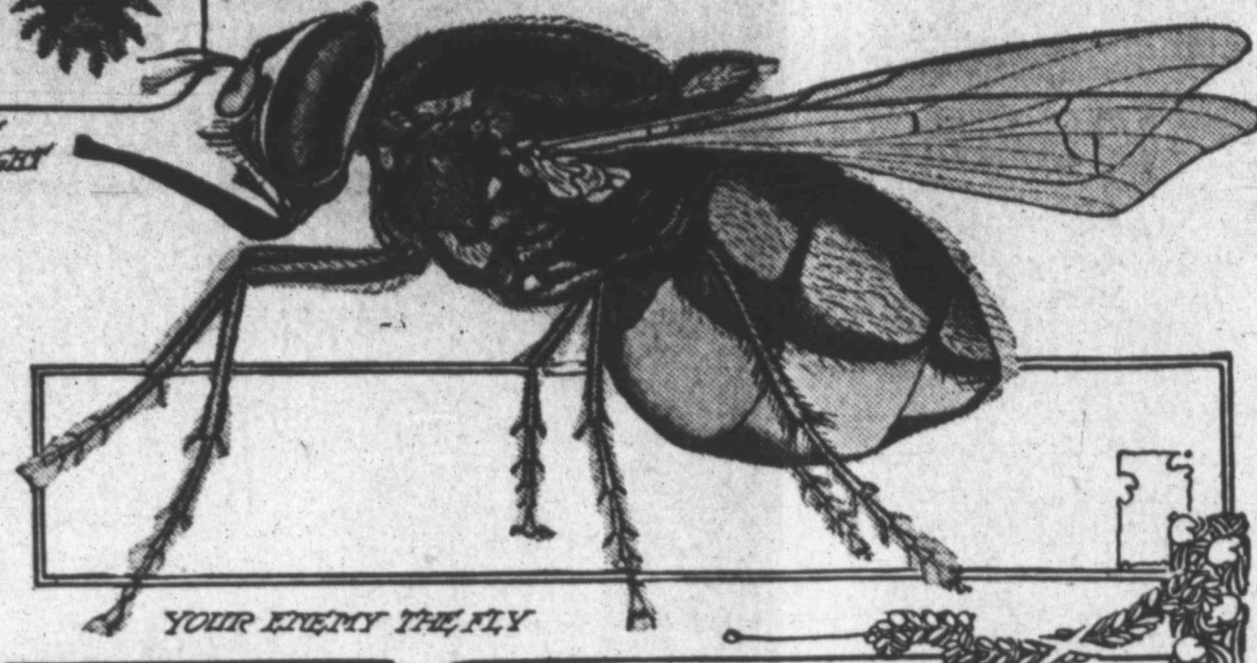
WAR ON THE FILTHY FLY



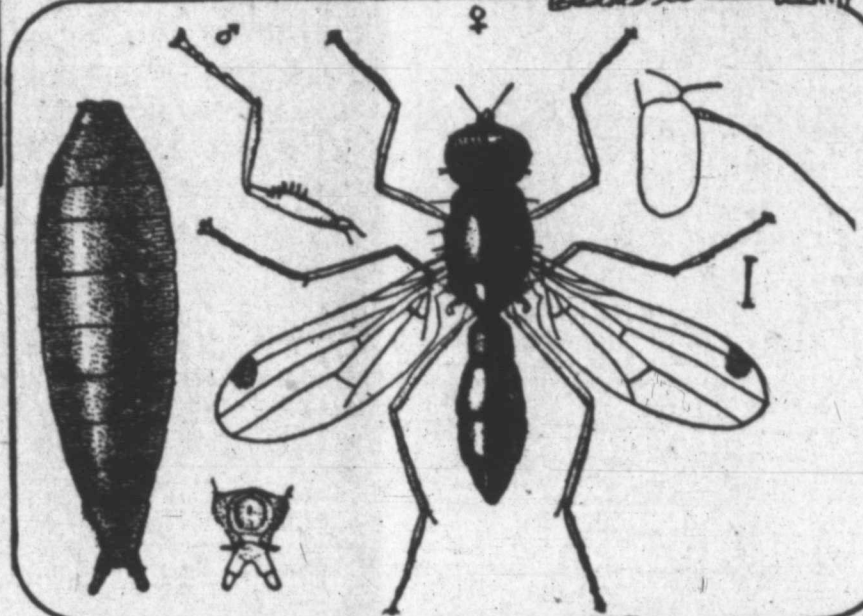
THE LITTLE HOUSE FLY: FEMALE AT LEFT; MALE NEXT, WITH ENLARGED ANTENNA; LARVA AT RIGHT, ALL ENLARGED



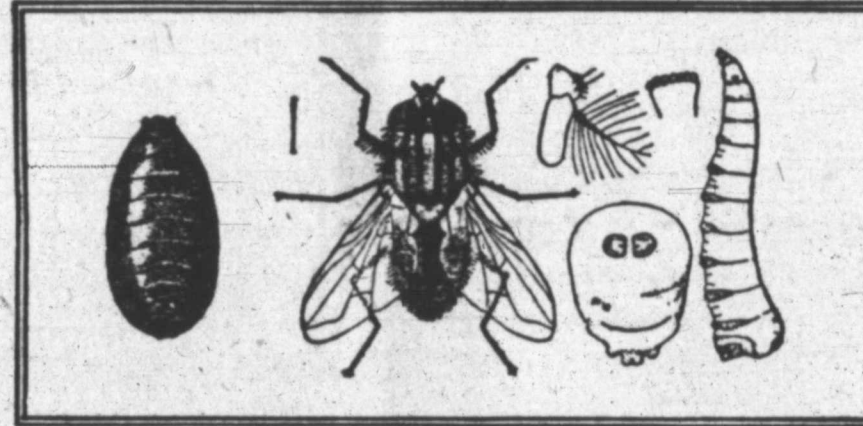
A STABLE FLY: ADULT, LARVA, AND DETAILS, ALL ENLARGED



A FLY WITH GERMS (GREATLY MAGNIFIED) ON ITS LEGS



THE DUNG FLY: ADULT, PUPARIUM, AND DETAILS, ALL ENLARGED



THE COMMON HOUSE FLY: PUPARIUM AT LEFT; ADULT NEXT; LARVA AND ENLARGED PARTS AT RIGHT, ALL ENLARGED

FAR FROM looking upon them as dipterous angels dancing attendance on Hygeia, regard them rather in the light of winged sponges spreading hither and thither to carry out the foul behests of contagion.—Sir John Lubbock.

Other names have been suggested for the house-fly to bring out some special characteristic or to indicate its nature as a carrier of disease. Accordingly, Dr. C. W. Stiles of the United States public health and hospital marine service suggested for it the name of "filth-fly" to indicate that it is hatched and reared in filth and that it abounds wherever filth abounds. Dr. L. O. Howard of the United States department of agriculture named it the "typhoid fly," from the fact that it is a ready carrier and disseminator of the germs which cause typhoid fever.

With the first advent of spring weather the house-fly appears. During the long winter months it has been hibernating. It was too cold for the fly to live and be active. Barring certain places where the temperature is high and food abundant, the fly is not seen during the winter months.

Soon after musca domestica has made its appearance it is in search of a place to breed. The female fly has got to lay her eggs. Nothing suits her better as a depository for her eggs than a pile of horse manure. She, therefore, makes her way to the stable, and that is the reason why stables are so densely infested with these insects. There they breed in countless numbers. In the absence of the favorite manure pile, any fermenting and putrid animal and vegetable matter will suit.

Whenever a fly is seen it is positive proof of the existence of some filth in the neighborhood. If it is much more filthy and much more dangerous to have flies in the kitchen and dining room than to have bedbugs in the bedroom.

Every open garbage can, every bit of exposed food, every stagnant bit of water means another nursery and refuge for the pest. And each individual fly is the breeding place for as many germs as there are flies in the average fly nursery!

Flies can carry various disease germs to man. By so doing they kill thousands of people, especially babies, every year; therefore, kill the flies and save the babies.

If flies have access to human excrement they not only feed upon it, but they lay their eggs in it. After a few hours the egg hatches out a maggot; this feeds in the filth for several (about five) days and then forms a pupa; after about five days the adult fly comes out of the pupal case, feeds on the filth, and carries disease germs from the filth to the house, depositing these germs on the foods. Thus flies carry disease to people. A fly drops his excrement about once every four and a half minutes and may spread germs not only in this way, but also with his feet, wings, and mouth parts.

Even if excrement containing fly maggots is buried under as much as six feet of sand, the maggots can crawl to the surface, bringing disease germs with them.

Thus it is clear that if flies are kept away from human excrement, not only will they decrease in numbers, but they will be prevented from spreading certain diseases, such as typhoid fever.

The germs that the fly happens to alight upon with its feet or to suck up with its food it is ready to carry away and deposit elsewhere. Just as often as not a fly will alight upon the worst kind of unmentionable filth, filled with all sorts of germs, and thence will make for a jug of milk or any other article of diet prepared for human consumption that happens to come in its way.

The fly is a ready carrier of the germs of tuberculosis, since these are found especially in the dried sputum expectorated by persons afflicted with that disease.

It is a ready carrier and disseminator of the germs of typhoid fever also. It carries these germs from the privy or other filth and deposits them upon all kinds of food in the kitchen. It may even pollute the entire water supply of a community.

Tuberculosis and typhoid, however, though the most important, are not by any means the only diseases which the fly can carry. Asiatic cholera, bubonic plague, bacillary dysentery, summer diarrhea of infants, anthrax, the tropical disease known as yaws, ophthalmia or pink eye of children, diphtheria and smallpox and certain parasitic worms—all these may be carried by the fly and the infection spread either through the medium of food or by direct contact with man.

Owing to the great prevalence and the large mortality in the United States caused by summer diarrhea of children, the fly as the carrier of the germs of this malady becomes at once a most important factor to consider in the efforts made to save child life, and no mother should be ignorant of this fact. The food given little children should be carefully guarded against coming in contact with the house-fly.

The remedies to be used against the fly may be divided into two classes: Those which the community may use through the agency of boards of health and those which the individual citizen should employ to protect his house against the entrance of these pests and to guard his household against contamination by them.

There is one duty that once understood can hardly be neglected. Any material known to contain germs of disease should be disposed of immediately so that no flies may come in contact with it. In the large cities this has been largely effected through the installation of modern systems of sanitary drainage. In the smaller towns and villages, where no sewerage systems exist, this can be accomplished by the use of the sanitary privy. This, however, is only partly successful. The ideal method would be to rid a place of flies altogether by destroying their breeding places. The horse manure of stables can be so handled and treated as to kill all the eggs, the larvae and the pupae found in them. If these were totally destroyed no flies could possibly exist.

The individual citizen must protect his own house against the entrance of the fly. Screening is the best method known; but in spite of all screening some flies will make their way into the home. These must be killed. An easy way to accomplish it is to take some soft, flat object such as a rolled-up newspaper and kill them by the simple means of striking them. If there be too many of these insects to go after in that manner, there are many excellent fly-traps and fly poisons that can be made to do effectual work. By all these methods combined flies may be got rid of.

One matter of moment and the only one which is in the hands of the housekeeper alone is the habit of keeping all foodstuffs carefully covered and away from the possibility of contact with flies.

The house-fly costs the United States \$350,000,000 a year. In other words, he deprives the American people annually of 170,000,000 years of

BEST WAY TO RID A HOUSE OF FLIES.

The London Lancet, the leading medical journal of the world, says that the best and simplest fly killer is a weak solution of formaldehyde in water (two teaspoonfuls to the pint). Place in plates or saucers throughout the house. Ten cents' worth of formaldehyde will last an ordinary family all summer. It has no offensive smell, is fatal to disease organisms, and is practically non-poisonous except to insects. Pyrethrum powder, which may be bought at any drug store, burned in the house, will also kill flies.

human life, or 4,000,000 lives of the present average length. For screens to obstruct his entrance into our homes we spend each year \$10,000,000. Yet his intrusion into millions of dwelling places remains unchecked. He is born and bred in the filth on which he feeds, and his pestilential progress from dunghill to dining room brings disease and death.

Flies kill more persons than wild beasts or poisonous snakes. Many of these animals and reptiles never get a chance to kill any human beings; but any one of the millions of flies found in most of our towns and cities, if he comes into a house carrying typhoid germs, has a chance of killing a whole family. Startling facts and unpleasant truths.

The earliest convincing evidence of the part played by house-flies in the dissemination of the typhoid bacillus was furnished by Drs. Vaughan, Veeder, Reed, Sternberg and Shakespears, who investigated camp conditions during the Spanish-American war. Dr. Vaughan, a member of the United States army typhoid commission, summarized his reasons for believing that flies were active in the dissemination of typhoid fever in these paragraphs:

"(a) Flies swarmed over infected fecal matter in the pits, and then visited and fed upon the foods prepared for the soldiers in the mess tents. In some instances where lime had recently been sprinkled over the contents of the pits, flies, with their feet whitened with lime, were seen walking over the food.

"(b) Officers whose mess tents were protected by screens suffered proportionately less from typhoid fever than did those whose tents were not protected.

"(c) Typhoid fever gradually disappeared with the approach of cold weather and the consequent disabling of the fly."

In organizing a fly-swatting campaign the following steps are most important:

1. To educate the people as to the deadly nature of the fly.
2. To kill off all winter flies—those hiding about the houses, awaiting their season to forage.
3. To do away with all breeding places for flies.
4. To trap all flies that happen to escape.

The extermination of the winter fly is a problem for the individual housekeeper. Don't let one fly escape. Hunt for them and kill them early, for the winter fly is the mother of all the summer's terrible swarm.

To do away with the fly breeding places is merely a matter of cleanliness. Clean houses, gardens and yards. Clean streets and alleyways. Discourage the fly in its breeding proclivities. Carrying out the fourth step, the sale of fly-traps should be encouraged in all stores. These are marvelous little wire screen-houses, which are baited with milk, wherein a fly, once trapped,

is doomed. They may be placed on porches, window sills, garbage pails—anywhere that flies are likely to congregate, but always outside the house. Then the fly has no chance to come inside and spread disease and dirt.

To sum it all up, swat the fly before he is born.

MEAGER MENU.
Jones—How did you like the treatment at the northern sanitarium?
Smith—Not at all; I had nothing but bacilli soup and vermifuge pie for two weeks."

LIFE.
"I understand you furnished all the life at the donation party?" she said.
"No, not me," he replied. "It was my brother who took the cheese."

ITS ADVANTAGE.
"Beauty has one advantage over ability."
"What is that?"
"Even the most cautious will take beauty at its face value."

HER THOUGHT.
"I can read your thoughts," he said with a smile.
"And yet you don't say good night and go," she replied.

There is No Feeling More Gratifying Than to Know You Can Get

What You Want
When You Want It
At the Right Price

You Can Enjoy That Feeling by Giving US Your Business

Canyon Lumber Co.
The House of Quality and Courteous Treatment

INSURANCE

Fire, Tornado, Hail, Automobile,
Burglar, Plate Glass, Bonds, Life,
Health, Accident.
None but the best companies, represented.

J. E. Winkelman

V-AVA

V-AVA cleans anything
but a guilty conscience

V-AVA will not injure the finest most delicate piano or mahogany finish, and is equally practical for cleaning mission, oak and painted surfaces.

V-AVA will thoroughly clean and polish woodwork, furniture, marble, metal, etc., and will not gum or veneer but will remove the dirt and grime, leaving a high grade polish.

V-AVA is an excellent cleaner for leather and burlap, and will not collect dust as readily as other preparations applied with a cloth.

V-AVA is a thorough deodorizer, disinfectant and a bug and germ exterminator.

"BRIGHTEN UP YOUR HOME"
A LITTLE V-AVA
ON YOUR DUSTING CLOTH
WORKS WONDERS

OUR GUARATNEE
Satisfaction Guaranteed
Or Your Money Back
COULD WE MAKE IT STRONGER

Once you've tried V-AVA you'll wonder how you ever got along without it. Order a trial can today and your only regret will be that you did not know about it sooner.

For Sale Exclusively by
Randall County News

New Indian Animal Stories

How the Chipmunk Got His Stripes

By JOHN M. OSKISON



Children, Color Up This Picture.

(Copyright, 1914, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Long time ago, when the spry little chipmunk darted across the camp ground in the yellow sunlight of a summer morning, the old men would call to the little Indian boys not to shoot their arrows at it.

"Ho! he is our friend," an old man would say, and when the boys asked why the chipmunk was their friend, the old man would tell this story:

It was in the days when man began to spread out over the earth and make himself the ruler of all the birds and animals and insects. Whenever man wanted a bird or an animal to eat or a worm to catch a fish, he just went and took it without asking.

So the birds, the insects and the small animals called a council to see what they could do to stop man from taking their lives. It was a carrier pigeon that took word to all that the council was to be held, and when she got back from her long travels, the carrier pigeon settled down in a patch of wild oats and began to eat. She was so hungry that all she would say to those who asked her if all of man's enemies were coming was:

"You will have to get extra seats, and put the thousand-legged centipede at the door to count them as they go into the council house!"

And sure enough when the grubworm, who was chief of the council, took his seat at the east end of the council house and looked over all who had come, he rubbed his hands in good humor at the sight of so many of man's enemies.

"Now, it is time for you to speak and tell what you think about man," said the grubworm. And first the frog got up and spoke.

"Look at me, brothers," he said (and he spoke in a low, sad voice), "I am ugly and crippled, and all over my back you can see sores. I can no longer run fast, but have to hop-hop along; I am no longer beautiful, and

my throat is twisted so that my song is no longer sweet and clear. Man has kicked me about so much that I am as you see me. I think that it is time to remove man from the earth."

Then the black-legged snipe spoke and told everyone why he wanted man killed.

"I suffer worse than the frog," said the snipe. "Man seizes me and runs a sharp stick through me and holds me over the fire until my very legs are burned black and crisp. You all know how hard it is for me to walk, how I have to go teetering along even on the smoothest sand. Well, if man had burned your legs and feet as he has burned mine, you would know why I vote to have man removed from this earth."

So, one after another spoke and said that they thought man ought to be killed, and after each one spoke the grubworm cried out:

"That was a good talk, brother!"

Finally, the little chipmunk got up and said that he would like to say a few words about man; and the grubworm told him to go ahead.

"I am the friend of man," said the chipmunk first, and at that the animals and birds and insects cried out:

"We won't have him here—put the chipmunk out!"

"Man likes me," said the chipmunk, "because I am yellow like the sunlight and go flashing across the camp like a happy boy's arrow. I do not want to be—"

But the chipmunk did not finish the sentence, for the animals and birds and insects all rushed at him to drive him out of the council. The first one to reach him was the hawk, and as the hawk swooped toward him, the chipmunk headed for the door.

But the hawk's sharp claws raked the back of the chipmunk as he ran and made stripes along his whole length—and those stripes are there to this day to show what the chipmunk suffered for speaking up for man.

SAVINGS BANK FOR SCHOOL

Pennies and Nickels Accepted by Teacher and Boy Officers of Savings Association.

Chicago.—More than one hundred children of the Wicker Park school proudly displayed "bankbooks." They are depositors of the first public school savings bank in Chicago.

At the start of banking hours—8:15 to 9 a. m. and 3:30 to 4:30 p. m.—a score of youngsters stood in line in order to deposit their marble and candy allowance in the care of their fellow pupils.

Thirteen-year-old Frank Koraleski, son of the county assessor, who has been appointed cashier, was kept busy taking the pennies, nickels and dimes



Her First Business Lesson.

handed to him by the boys and girls of the seventh and eighth grades of the school. He has an errorless record at the present time after receiving more than one thousand pennies and hundreds of other coins.

"How much interest do I get?" asked Annie Globert, a twelve-year-old miss of the seventh grade, as she handed two nickels and fourteen pennies and told her name to Milton Pohler, the clerk.

"Same as any regular bank," was the answer. "When you get five dollars we put it into a big bank and you get 15 cents more at the end of the year."

Philip Simon, the best writer in the school, is signature clerk. He does not expect any forgeries, but he will be on the watch for them, anyhow.

Miss Clara M. Utter, teacher of the eighth grade, is in charge of the bank, assisted by Principal Fred Smith. The bank has received the approval of Mrs. Ella Flagg Young, superintendent of schools, and is expected to be taken up by other schools in the city.

NO MORE PET ANTS WANTED

Department of Agriculture Appeals to Amateur Scientists to Taboo Like Imports.

Washington.—Those little pet ants recently brought to this country by Mrs. Charles W. Morse are made the basis of an appeal to travelers not to bring dangerous insects into the United States, issued by the department of agriculture.

"Tourists and amateur scientists are continually endeavoring to introduce additions to the flora and fauna of the United States which the United States is happy to be without," the department said.

"It is estimated that fully one-half of the pests that afflict farmers and stock have been imported from abroad, many, of course, by accident in the course of commercial shipments, but some brought in deliberately by misguided enthusiasts or thoughtless travelers."

QUEEN TO VISIT WHITE HOUSE

Eleanora of Bulgaria May Be Guest of President Wilson and Wife in May.

Washington.—William Caspar, special envoy of Queen Eleanora of Bulgaria was here to arrange for the proposed visit of her majesty to the United States. She is coming to investigate methods of hospital administration and relief work of the poor and sick. Mr. Caspar planned to visit Secretary Bryan to consult him relative to the attitude of the state department toward the contemplated visit of the queen, how she will be received and entertained. He hoped to complete arrangements so that she can sail for this country May 10 or May 27. During her stay in Washington, she may be a guest at the White House.

Knitted Socks During House Debate.

Washington.—An elderly woman sat in the house gallery during debate on the Panama tolls question and knitted socks. She plied her needle and yarn through the day, suspending operations only when the debate became lively.

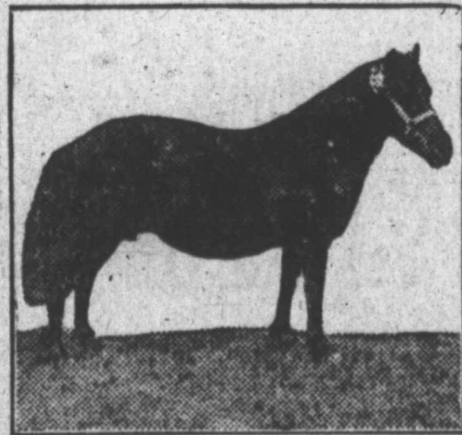
Minstrel Show in Prison.

Auburn, N. Y.—A minstrel show, with vaudeville features, in which all the performers were prisoners, was given at the state prison. Relatives and friends of the prison keepers formed the audience.

HIGH CLASS SHETLAND PONY

Illustration Given Herewith of Bellman, Thoroughbred Stallion, Which Won Championship.

Boys, when you are picking out a pony try and find one as nearly as you can like the one shown in the picture in this article. It is a perfect picture of Bellman, a thoroughbred



Bellman, Champion English Pony.

Shetland stallion which won the champion prize at the Royal Park stock show in London for the best Shetland pony stallion or colt.

A study of his lines shows almost perfect conformation. His head is of good proportion, bony, clear and his legs and body are all that could be desired.

A Commandment.

A teacher in a big elementary school had given lessons to an infants' class on the ten commandments. In order to test their memories she asked:

"Can any little child give me a commandment with only four words in it?"

A hand was raised immediately. "Well?" said the teacher. "Keep off the grass," was the reply. —Newark Star.

TRAIN BOYS TO RAISE HOGS

Department of Agriculture Gives Instructions for Pig Club—Some of Important Points.

In this time of the shortage of beef raise more hogs.

That's Uncle Sam's advice, given through his department of agriculture, says the Kansas City Star. To be sure the farmers won't forget it, he would train them as boys and boys' pig clubs are his means of education.

Any boy who has a pig can be a member. Uncle Sam has prepared a bulletin which tells him how to feed and care for his stock.

Some of the points to bear in mind are the following:

"The feeding and care are as important as the breeding in producing a good hog. Plenty of feed and care may make a good hog out of a runt, but lack of it will always make a runt out of a good pig.

"To make pork cheaply a permanent pasture and forage crops must be used.

"Young pigs must have a dry bed and plenty of sunshine.

"Begin feeding the pig as soon as he will eat, and keep him growing until he is mature.

"Always keep plenty of clean fresh water where the hogs may drink at any time.

"Quarantine all newly purchased animals for three weeks.

"Never keep a brood sow that will not produce more than four strong pigs at a litter.

"Always keep a mixture of charcoal, wood ashes, lime, sulphur, salt and coppers before the hogs."

Damp Money.

When is money damp? When it is due in the morning and mist at night.

Improved and
Unimproved Farms
PRICES REASONABLE
Terms to Suit Purchaser
Location and Quality
of Farms Cannot
Be Excelled
C. O. KEISER
Canyon, Texas
Keota, Iowa

The Highest Priced Texas Cattle Ever Sold on the Kansas City Market. Bred and Fed by C. O. Keiser, Canyon, Texas. Fattened on Randall County Products.

Try It on the Most Difficult Things You Ever Bake

Double Value and Greater Strength



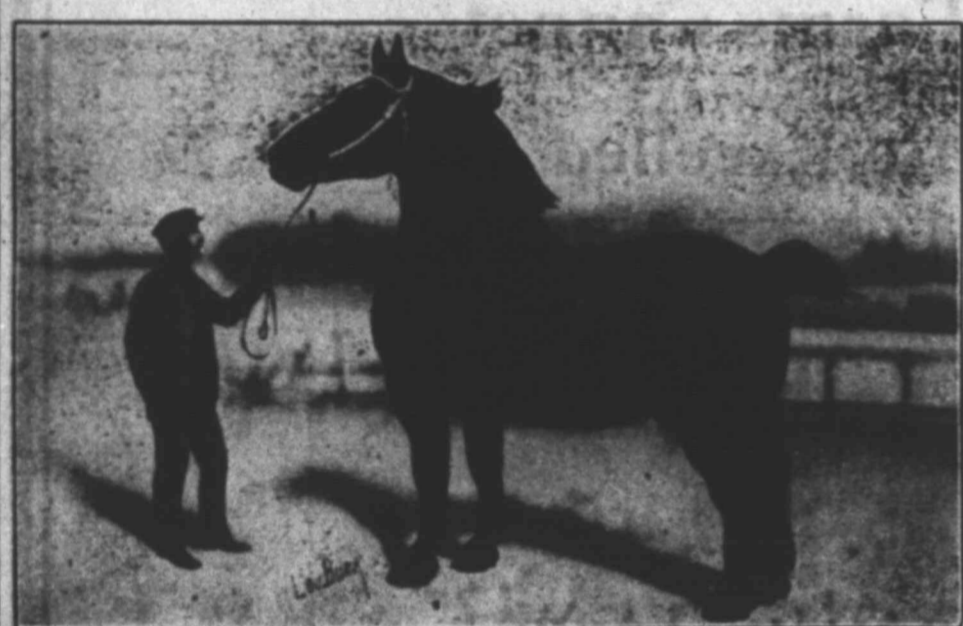
And Only One Cent an Ounce

In 10, 15 & 25 Cans At All Good Grocers

See the News Printery

FOR THE SUPERIOR KIND OF

Commercial Job Printing



BLACK PERCHERON STALLION
Kazarr 86854

Will make the season at my farm three miles northwest of Canyon. Terms: \$15.00 to insure colt to stand and suck. Parting with mares or moving them out of the county forfeits insurance and fee becomes due. Care will be taken to avoid accidents but will not be responsible should any occur.

Grant Belles

ANDY GREEN

The 1250 lb. Hambeltonian Stallion will make the season of 1914 at H. C. Roffey's residence in north Canyon.

Terms--\$12.50 to insure colt to stand and suck. See tabulated pedigree on posted bills, or apply to owner for further particulars. Phone 15.

H. C. ROFFEY

The Randall County News.

Incorporated under the laws of Texas
C. W. Warwick, Managing Editor.
C. O. Kelsor, President
Oscar Hunt, Vice President
C. W. Warwick, Sec'y-Treasurer
Directors: C. O. Kelsor, Oscar Hunt, C. W. Warwick, J. E. Winkelman.

Entered at postoffice at Canyon, Texas, as second class matter. Office of Publication West Houston street.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One year, in county	\$1.50
Six months	.75
Three months	.50
Two months	.40
One month	.25

Umbarger News.

James Johnson and little son had quite a narrow escape crossing the South creek Sunday. Mr. Johnson recently moved his family to the Von Holt farm south of the canyon. His son was visiting at the John Wilson home before the high water came, and Mr. Johnson became alarmed about him thinking he might attempt to cross the creek to return home. Mr. Johnson came across for him Sunday, and while attempting to re-cross, both came very near being drowned at the Gordon Cummings crossing. Lovd Garrison saw them and came to their rescue. It is reported that Ray Armstrong had quite a narrow escape, farther up the creek.

The Garrison alfalfa section south of town has again changed hands. Joe Garrison has made a good sale to a Virginia party. Mesdames Joe and Anthony Beckman very pleasantly entertained the young people at the Rehker hall Saturday evening. Dancing was enjoyed by all. During the evening refreshments of lemonade and cake were served by the ladies.

Joseph Friemel has returned home from San Antonio where he has been attending business college. He expects to return in the fall to complete his course.

The ball boys will play Wildorado this coming Saturday. Several of our people are planning to drive over to see the game, also for the carnival and barbecue.

James Black and Mr. Taylor of Canyon were in our town Sunday.

The farmers of our vicinity are looking forward to harvesting a bumper wheat crop.

A number of applications have been received by the school board. As yet no choice has been made.

Mrs. W. M. Lichtwald and little sons were Sunday visitors at the Pius Friemel home.

Mr. Cage of Canyon moved his family about six miles north of town on the old Easter farm, Tuesday. This is the second good family who have come to live in our vicinity from Canyon this spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Mc Elroy recently moved here from Canyon.

S. A. Moore and L. Bader were Canyon visitors Saturday.

Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure
The worst cases, no matter of how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00. (Advertisement)

Board of Equalization.

Notice is hereby given that the Commissioners' Court of Randall county will convene at the Court house thereof in Canyon on June 8, 1914, and from that day and every day thereafter until the work is completed to sit as a Board of Equalization upon tax matters.

Given under my hand and seal of office this 16th day of May, A. D. 1914.

(Seal) M. P. GARNER, Clerk.

For Weakness and Loss of Appetite
The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE STABLESS chili TONIC, drives out Malaria and builds up the system. A true tonic and sure Appetizer. For adults and children. 50c. (Advertisement)

It is easy to clean furniture of dust with V-AVA.

HOW CHILDREN GROW

Children grow by nourishment—overloaded stomachs or rich foods but qualities that are readily converted into life-sustaining blood; too often their digestive powers cannot process these qualities from ordinary foods which results in weakness, dullness and sickness. If your children are under-size, underweight, catch cold easily, are languid, backward, pale or frail, give them Scott's Emulsion which is pure medicinal nourishment. It sharpens the appetite, builds healthy flesh, firm muscles and active brains. Scott's is growing-food for children. Refuse alcoholic substitutes.

Happy Items.

C. S. Perrin left Saturday for Decatur after finishing a year's teaching in the Happy School.

Miss Gladys Neff returned Tuesday from Canyon. She will spend the summer at home.

Mrs. Wakefield and daughter Miss Ruth of Canyon are visiting at the Geo. Walker home.

The Young Folks class gave a most successful social Friday evening in the Woodman hall. A Fish Pond and ice cream were the features of the evening, proceeds to go toward the Orphan Fund.

S. E. Gurley was in Tulia Sunday.

Ellis Knox and wife moved to a farm near Happy this week.

The Mascenic lodge conferred the third degree upon two candidates Saturday evening after which lunch was served by the ladies of the Eastern Star, ten brother Masons from Tulia were in attendance.

Miss Angel of Canyon is visiting at the Mulkey home.

Miss Patterson a sister of Mrs. R. Caylor is visiting at the Caylor home, having been in attendance at the Normal of Canyon.

J. McElroy was a Canyon caller Sunday.

To Prevent Blood Poisoning
Apply at once the wonderful old reliable DR. PORTER'S ANTISEPTIC HEALING OIL, a surgical dressing that relieves pain and heals at the same time. Not a liniment. 25c, 50c, \$1.00. (Advertisement)

Wayside Items.

Henry S. Miller, near Fairview underwent an operation Friday at Dallas for appendicitis.

Crawford Evans sold two sec. of land including the home sec. and all stock on hand last week to Verner Gilham of Ark., Mr. Evans and family have been on the Plains nearly 24 years. He, in company with Mr. G. W. Cook left Monday for Mineral

CLASSIFIED ADS

For Sale—10,000 sweet potatoe plants 20c per 100. H. W. Geller. tf

Wanted—Table Boarders \$15 per month. Mrs. A. G. Appling. 10p2

For Sale—Four full blood Hereford bulls, 2 years old, all in excellent condition. Sixteen miles southeast of Canyon. J. O. Turner. 1t

For Sale—1 full blood Hereford yearling bull. C. Friemel, Umbarger, Texas. 10p2

For Sale—New typewriter desk 28 x 54 inches. Offered at a bargain rather than ship it back to Amarillo. Call at Canyon Lumber Co. King-Holand Furniture Co., Amarillo. tf

Lost—50 pound pig, black with white face, right ear marked. J. F. Hood. 1t

For Sale—Buck rake, very cheap. J. M. Gorman. 9p4

For Rent—Five room house, good barn and windmill, three blocks south of square. J. B. Kleinschmidt. tf

For Sale—1 bay mare, 12 years old weight 1000 lbs; 1 small horse 4 years old, weight 1050 lbs; 1 gray horse 8 years old, weight 1050 lbs; 1 bay pony 10 years old, weight 900 lbs; 1 black horse 8 years old, weight 950 lbs. Cash or credit. Canyon City Supply Co. tf

Dust Proof Windows—The one and only practical flexible metal weather strip. Never binds, rattles or rusts. J. W. Turner, Agent, Umbarger. tf

Wells, where he hopes to improve in health. They expect to leave for California in a month where their oldest daughter Mrs. Mattie Wann now lives. All regret to lose this estimable family but wish them good luck.

Miss Willie Beavers, Principal of Wayside school part session has been visiting around Wayside since school closed. She left Saturday for a short stay in Canyon after which she will visit Goodnight.

Quite a lengthy program was rendered Friday night at the close of the Fairview school, taught by Miss Lillian Leonard.

An enjoyable time Sunday evening at the singing at W. B. Walters.

Solitary Fly In April May Cause An Epidemic

SWAT the fly now! The torpid, lazy moving insects are beginning to emerge from their winter quarters. They are to be the progenitors of trillions of epidemic makers. The menace which annually faces mankind through the activity of these distributors of germs and disease may be reduced, but only through the striking of a telling blow at the insects before they have had a chance to develop.

The wonderful reproductive capacity of this breeder of pestilence is the reason advanced why householders should begin an immediate fly swatting campaign. A solitary fly in April may seem a harmless thing, but if left undisturbed it may cause an entire community to be gripped by pestilence.

Health experts are beginning to realize that if flies are to be destroyed they must be attacked when they are least able to combat their natural enemies, and this is in the early spring, when food is scarce.

The close relation of cleanup campaigns to the fly exterminating propaganda has begun to be appreciated, and for this reason many municipalities already have commenced or are preparing for sanitary crusades. It has been demonstrated that the more filth that is removed from a city the greater difficulty is placed in the way of the development of the insect disease spreaders.

Chance For Mighty Swat.

IT takes countless numbers of swats to make even the least impression on the billions of flies that infest the country. There's a better way. One can annihilate trillions of flies with one swat if one goes at it rightly. If there is a female fly enjoying the spring in your kitchen or attic or basement she is due to hatch out six or more hatches of eggs, over 100 eggs at a time, if she lives, and all of her youngsters are the most prolific creatures on the map. A fly expert has figured it out that from a single female fly trillions of the dreaded typhoid flies may claim descent in one season, provided, of course, that all the young flies grow up. By swatting Mrs. Fly now you save yourself the trouble of killing her descendants this summer.

SIMPLEST WAY TO KILL FLY.

THE London Lancet, the leading medical journal of the world, says that the best and simplest fly killer is a weak solution of formaldehyde in water (two teaspoonfuls to the pint). Place in plates or saucers throughout the house. Ten cents' worth of this liquid will last an ordinary family all summer. It has no offensive odor, is fatal to disease organisms and is practically nonpoisonous except to insects.

House Fly Engine of Destruction.

THE house fly costs the United States \$350,000,000 a year. In other words, he deprives the American people annually of 170,000,000 years of human life, or 4,000,000 lives of the present average length.

Best Diarrhoea Remedy.

If you have ever used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy you know that it is a success. Sam F. Guin, Whatley, Ala., writes, "I had the measles and got caught out in the rain, and it settled in my stomach and bowels. I had an awful time, and had it not been for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy I could not possibly have lived but a few hours longer, but thanks to this remedy, I am now well and strong." For sale by all dealers.—Advertisement.

"THE GREATEST KIDNEY REMEDY ON EARTH," SAYS A GRATEFUL WOMAN

I want to tell you how much good your Swamp-Root did me. About four years ago, I suffered from what the doctors called fistula and for two years of that time, I endured what no tongue can tell. I also had inflammation of the bladder and I tried doctors medicines without receiving any help. Someone told me about Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root.

After giving it a thorough trial, I received relief, so I kept on using it and today I am a strong and well woman. If I ever feel badly or out of sorts, I take Swamp-Root and it always straightens me out. I honestly believe that this medicine would cure all troubles you recommend it for and it is a pleasure for me to send my testimony and photograph to you. I think Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is one of the greatest medicines on earth.

Respectfully yours,
MRS. JOHN BAILY,
West Main St. Portland, Ind.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of July, 1909.
C. A. BENNETT,
Notary Public.

Letter to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will do for You
Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention the Canyon Weekly Randall County News. Regular fifty cent and one dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.
(Advertisement)

Jacks for Service

Terms: \$10 to insure colt to stand and suck. Parties parting with mare or removing same from county forfeits insurance and payment becomes due. Care will be taken to prevent accidents, but will not be responsible if any occur. Service only morning, noon and night. No business on Sunday. Three miles west and one north of Canyon.

J. P. ANDERSON

My jack will make the season at my place one mile southwest of Canyon. Fees \$10.00 insurance. Amount due when mare is known to be in foal or is traded or sold. This is less than we ever charged for the service of this excellent jack. He is finely bred, is 14 1-2 hands, standard measure, black with white points, an excellent breeder. Mules to show. For particulars see or write me.

Welton Winn

"VICTOR"

Dappled Grey Percheron Stallion 16 1-2 hands high, weighing 1500 pounds will make the season at my farm 2 miles east of Canyon.

Terms: Owing to the hard times I will cut the price to \$10 this year to insure a colt. Will handle with care but will not be responsible for accidents. For particulars see me.

J. D. KEY

Hedache and Nervousness Cured.
"Chamberlain's Tablets are entitled to all the praise I can give them," writes Mrs. Richard Oip, Spencerport, N. Y. They have cured me of headache and nervousness and restored me to my normal health." For sale by all dealers.—Advertisement.

Sixty Years the Standard
DR. PRICE'S
CREAM BAKING POWDER
 A Cream of Tartar Powder Made from Grapes
NO ALUM

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Shirley are attending the commencement exercises of the Hereford High school.

"Shorty" Burgan returned Tuesday from a short visit with his parents at Lockney.

Brightening up time! Get your paint, glass and wall paper of S. V. Wirt. Best line in the city. tf

Miss Willie J. Eakman has returned from Sweetwater where she taught this year.

Rev. Hicks, presiding elder, will preach Sunday night at the Methodist church and hold the third quarterly conference Monday morning.

MANY ARE GLAD OVER LIVER TONE

Former Sufferers From Constipation
 Now Improved Without Taking Unpleasant Calomel

Many, many thousand people who formerly suffered from constipation are delighted with the relief brought them by taking Dodson's Liver Tone instead of disagreeable and often dangerous calomel.

Calomel is a poison, a form of mercury, dangerous to many people and causing unpleasant after-effects for nearly everyone who tries it.

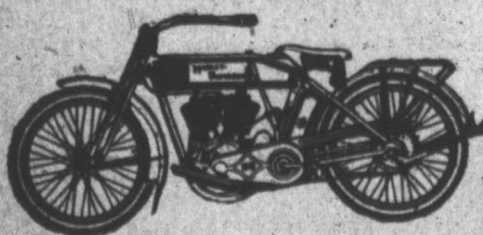
Dodson's Liver Tone is recommended as a perfectly safe and reliable remedy to take the place of calomel. This is exactly what it is made for and has been made for ever since the first bottle was put up and sold. It is imitated. So be careful to get the original.

Dodson's Liver Tone is sold and guaranteed by Holland Drug Co., who will refund purchase price (50c) instantly with a smile if you are in any way dissatisfied.

Dodson's Liver Tone is a palatable vegetable-liquid. Its action is easy and natural, with no gripe, no pain and the after-effects are agreeable. Dodson's Liver Tone does not interfere with your regular duties, habits and diet, and builds and strengthens instead of weakening you or "knocking you all out" for days, as calomel and strong purgatives so often do. Dodson's may do for you what it has for all these other happy thousands of people.

(Advertisement)

Harley-Davidson



It is the Motorcycle With Automobile Control.

The brake, the clutch and the step-starter can all be operated by the feet, leaving only the spark and throttle for hand operation, making the control the same as that of the highest priced automobile. Then there is the Free-Wheel Control, Folding Foot Boards, and nearly forty other refinements which help to make the Harley-Davidson the greatest motorcycle value ever offered. Call or telephone for demonstration.

Bowen Brothers

For Sale—10,000 sweet potato plants 20c per 100. H. W. Geller. tf

Rev. F. M. Neal returned from Oklahoma City Friday.

Mrs. C. E. Waldrop was in Amarillo on business Monday.

Mrs. Moriarty and children and the Misses Wiggins were Amarillo callers Monday.

Mrs. Reeves was in Amarillo his week where she met Mrs. Alexander who is on her way from the city of Mexico.

Mrs. Smith and her daughter Miss Smith of Corsicana were in the city on business from Friday until Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Lester returned Sunday from Plainview after a weeks visit with Mr. and Mrs. Knight.

R. B. Cousins and F. P. Guenther were in Amarillo on business Saturday.

Mrs. Garrison and Miss Stillman of Amarillo visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Henson Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Rambo spent Sunday in Amarillo.

Mrs. Fred Luke was an Amarillo caller Thursday.

Mrs. J. N. Haney left Thursday for Weatherford to visit friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Leverton left Saturday for Ft. Worth and Stephenville.

Ben Chamberlain and daughter of Clarendon visited over Sunday at the F. E. Chamberlain home.

W. P. Evans will conduct examinations for teachers at the court house Thursday, Friday and Saturday of next week. These are regular state examinations.

W. P. Evans of the high school faculty during the past year has been elected principal of the Kress schools and will move to that town during the summer to take up his work in the fall. He was very successful in the local schools and will be greatly missed.

A. S. Howren left Monday for Texline to join the state surveying party which will go over the grant made by the state to the Syndicate which built the state capitol building. It is claimed that the Syndicate received too much land and an appropriation was made to re-survey the lands. Capt. Howren surveyed this land for the Syndicate and will go with the party this time to see that his company is given justice by the state surveyors.

Rev. G. B. Airhart spent Wednesday with friends in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Scarborough are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Cochran.

Miss Winn left Wednesday for Panhandle where she will make a two weeks visit with Miss Elsie King.

Mrs. F. M. Neal entertained the members of the Methodist missionary society at the parsonage Tuesday afternoon from four until six. Dainty refreshments were served.



On account of the ball game between Canyon and Amarillo, round trip tickets will be sold on and good for only one day, Saturday May 30 for

70c

R. McGee, Agt. P. & N. T. Ry. Co.

Dr. D. M. Stewart returned Saturday from a short business trip to Seymour.

Misses Oacie Mills and Dru cilla Knight were in Amarillo Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Young were in Amarillo Saturday on business.

Miss Katie Gatewood is making a two weeks visit with relatives in Silverton.

Buy your harvesting repairs from Thompson Hardware Company and be ready for harvest. 1t.

Miss Jannie Cleveland of Amarillo is visiting at the F. P. Guenther home.

Misses McSpadden and Madison of Tulia made a three days visit at the home of J. T. Holland this week.

Dr. and Mrs. F. M. Wilson returned Saturday night from Oklahoma City.

B. Hollendsworth was elected scavenger of the city at the meeting of the city council Monday morning.

Mesdames Davis and Shinn and Mattie Gentry were Amarillo callers Monday.

NEAR DEATH BY SMOTHERING

But Husband, With Aid of Cardui, Effects Her Deliverance.

Draper, N. C.—Mrs. Helen Dalton, of this place, says: "I suffered for years, with pains in my left side, and would often almost smother to death.

Medicines patched me up for awhile but then I would get worse again. Finally, my husband decided he wanted me to try Cardui, the woman's tonic, so he bought me a bottle and I began using it. It did me more good than all the medicines I had taken.

"I have induced many of my friends to try Cardui, and they all say they have been benefited by its use. There never has been, and never will be, a medicine to compare with Cardui. I believe it is a good medicine for all womanly troubles."

For over 50 years, Cardui has been relieving woman's sufferings and building weak women up to health and strength.

If you are a woman, give it a fair trial. It should surely help you, as it has a million others.

Get a bottle of Cardui to-day.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," in plain wrapper. B.C. 136

Seeds

Have just been admitted to the mails on Parcel Post rates. Take advantage of the low rates and order your seed of the

ROSWELL SEED COMPANY
 ROSWELL, NEW MEX.

The nearer home the cheaper postage

Political Announcements.

For Representative 123rd District.
 T. J. TILSON.

For District Judge.
 JNO. W. VEALE.
 JAMES N. BROWNING.
 HUGH L. UMPHRES.

For District Attorney.
 HENRY S. BISHOP.
 A. S. ROLLINS.

For County Judge.
 C. E. COSS.

For Sheriff and Tax Collector.
 WORTH A. JENNINGS.

For County Clerk.
 C. N. HARRISON.
 T. V. (Vince) REEVES.
 JOHN W. BATES.

For Assessor.
 J. C. BLACK.
 G. G. FOSTER.
 J. A. TATE.

For Treasurer.
 W. T. GARRETT.

For County Attorney.
 W. J. FLESHER.
 RECTOR LESTER.

For Hide and Animal Inspector.
 J. V. YOUNG.



Lots For Sale.

There are lots of good tobaccos. Good luck to them!

But the man who once tries STAG is interested in no other tobacco.

He's reached the Promised Land!

Convenient Packages: The Handy Half-Size 5-Cent Tin, the Full-Size 10-Cent Tin, the Pound and Half-Pound Tin Humidor and the Pound Glass Humidor.

STAG
 For Pipe and Cigarette
EVER-LASTING-LY GOOD



Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Roffey were in Amarillo Friday and Saturday and bought a new piano.

Rev. J. A. Campbell was in the city Saturday night to conduct Catholic services.

See Thompson Hardware Company for header forks, weed hoes, garden rakes, rubber hose. 1t

J. E. Winkelman was released from quarantine Friday, having been confined to his room for thirty days with the small pox. Mr. Winkelman had the hardest case of small pox ever seen in the city. He is recovering his strength rapidly and will escape with very few marks of the pox on his body.

The fly, the pest which causes more sickness and disease in general every year than all other pests combined, is here again to cause us endless trouble and annoyance; also to carry filth from outside sources to our kitchens and bed rooms if screens are not used. The Canyon Lumber Company handles a complete line of high grade screen doors and would like to have your business. tf

Miss Sula Eakman is home from her school work in Amarillo.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY, & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, Inc.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Mrs. Jessie Cape of Abilene was in the city from Monday till Thursday.

Mrs. S. F. Hiatt of Amarillo was in the city Thursday on business.

Mrs. B. A. Stafford was in Amarillo Tuesday where she met her daughter Miss Ruth who is returning from her school in Memphis.

Local fans were greatly pleased to know that Pug Cavet got away with a game against the Philadelphia Athletics last Thursday, pitching six innings and being given the credit of the game. He is with the Detroit Americans this season.

Mrs. D. A. Shirley was in Amarillo Thursday.

Frank Smith and Chas. Stratton were in Amarillo Thursday on business.

Miss Ola Whittle is visiting with Mrs. Frank Crawford this week.

Cured of Indigestion.
 Mrs. Sadie P. Clawson, Indiana, Pa., was bothered with indigestion. "My stomach pained me night and day," she writes. "I would feel bloated and have headache and belching after eating. I also suffered from constipation. My daughter had used Chamberlain's Tablets and they did her so much good that she gave me a few doses of them and insisted upon my trying them. They helped me as nothing else has done." For sale by all dealers.—Advertisement.

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A handsome Boston Cooking Cup will be given FREE to every lady buying a 25 ounce 25 cent can of Health Club Baking Powder from your grocery man.

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It leaves nothing to chance.
 It measures your baking perfectly.
 It insures perfect baking.

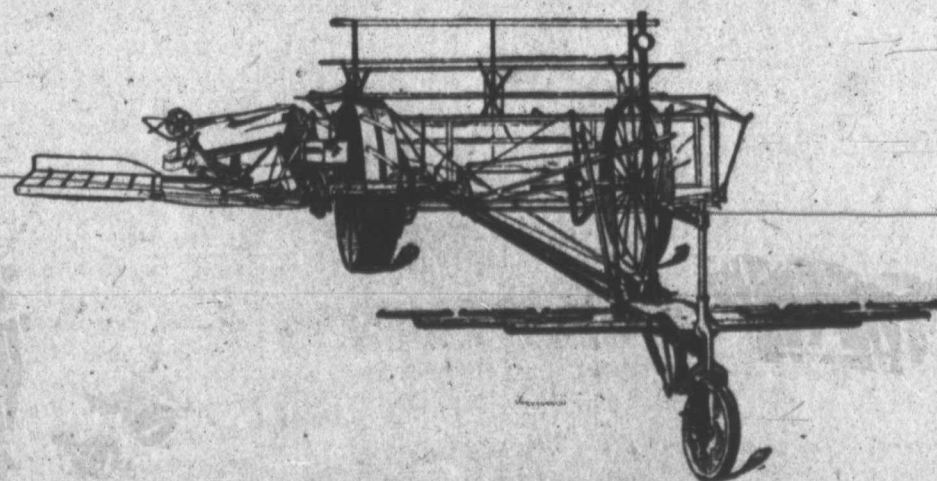
We guarantee every can of Health Club Baking Powder to give perfect satisfaction or your money will be returned to you by your grocer and you may keep the cup with our compliments.

Bring the label from a 25 cent can of Health Club Baking Powder to the Randall County News office and get the cup after you have written the name of your grocer on the back of the same. Call for Health Club Baking Powder at all grocery stores.

Respectfully,

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Push headers and Header binders, broad-cast binders, mowers, sulkey and buck rakes and twine.

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DUBUC AND CIOCOTTE EXCEL AS FIELDERS



Jean Dubuc of Detroit.

Because a man possesses French blood does it necessarily mean that he should be a good fielding pitcher? A glance at the American league percentages of 1913 would indicate truth in the foregoing statement. Jean Dubuc, with Detroit, and Eddie Cicotte, Detroit boy with Chicago, could become charter or honorary members of any Champlain, Mont-

worked in 39 games for Detroit and had 16 putouts, 107 assists and six errors. Dubuc had more chances per game than any pitcher in the major leagues and the two Frenchmen over more ground than any other hurlers.

It is possible the peculiar delivery of each man has something to do with the fielding. Cicotte throws a knuckle ball and a spitter, while Dubuc places much dependence on a slow ball. It is difficult for batters to meet balls that are pitched squarely on the ends of their clubs and, failing to do this, the chances are they will knock rolling grounders to the infielders.

Dubuc, like Cicotte, uses his peculiar form of delivery in the pitches. Cicotte seldom resorts to a spitter or a knuckle ball when there are no strikes on the batter, but often when the count is two to one against the man at the plate Cicotte will float across the knuckle ball while Dubuc will "cross" the batter with a slow one. Or, if thinking the opposing player is waiting for a slow one, Dubuc will ship a fast pitch across either corner.

Frank Baker, the famous home-run hitter of the Athletics, has never had much success against Dubuc or Cicotte. These pitchers work to out-guess Baker, and instead of slipping a fast one over and trusting to the fielders, Dubuc and Cicotte come through with slow balls and curves. Neither takes chances on having the slugger hammer a fast one, and if other pitchers in the American circuit would follow suit Baker's employers would have fewer broken windows to pay for.

Dubuc and Cicotte claim that fielding came natural to them. While they worked to perfection, there never was a time when they could not be depended upon to take care of their position and to cover first or back up plays when the situation demanded.



Eddie Cicotte of Chicago White Sox

calm or Richelieu club, yet last season and the season before these men set the pace as fielding pitchers in the American league.

Cicotte worked 40 games with Chicago in 1913, had 10 putouts, 109 assists and but three errors; Dubuc

MOVE TO ORGANIZE A HOME

Owners of Minneapolis Baseball Club Favor Institution for Benefit of Needy Players.

Headed by Mike and Joe Cantillon, owners of the Minneapolis baseball club, players there have started a move to organize a national home for needy professional baseball players.

The Cantillons offer to donate \$1,000 in cash as a starter. The plan is to assess each professional baseball player five dollars a year, and as there are 7,000 men playing professional ball in America this would aggregate \$35,000 annually. To become a member of the home a player must serve one-year as a professional under contract, and must contribute the amount agreed upon.

The home not only would be open to the player, but also to his wife and children. All players will be placed upon their honor to not accept the hospitality of the home until in need of assistance.

Faculty Must Dig.

Hereafter faculty members and administrative officers of the University of Wisconsin will have to pay admission to witness university football, baseball and basketball games and track events, as the result of a ruling made by the athletic council. Only team managers, players, newspaper men and wearers of the varsity "W" will be admitted free.

Eastern Michigan League.

The Border league, a class D circuit including towns in Eastern Michigan and Southwestern Ontario, has changed its name to the Eastern Michigan league. It will be an eight-club circuit this year, the new towns being Ann Arbor and Mount Clemens, added to Wyandotte, Windsor, Port Huron, Ypsilanti, Pontiac and Sarnia.



Fort Wayne announces the purchase from Chattanooga of Shortstop Harry Brant.

Since being elevated to the captaincy, Sherwood R. Magee now takes three lumps of sugar in his Java instead of two.

The Washington club has released Outfielder Billy Allen, secured from Montreal, to the Indianapolis American association club.

Although the Phillie team is shot to pieces by Fed raids, the fact that said raids caused the acquisition of a gent named Irelan surely is some recompense to C. Doolin.

Jay Kirke is performing brilliantly for the Cleveland American association team. Few big leaguers have had anything on the former Boston Brave outfielder this spring.

The Reds have what is termed a "pretzel infield." Hoblitzel at first, Groh at second, Herzog at short and Niehoff at third are the regulars, with Marty Berghammer utility man.

Jimmy Callahan's Sox infield should work smoothly this year. Chase, Berger, Weaver and Lord form a strong inner work, while Blackburne and Aleock are available for any position except first.

Talent and Genius are Different

By NATHAN HASKELL DOLE

It is easy to juggle with words. The student of verbal chemistry would say that talent and genius are different forms of the same mental element. The skeptic declares in his audacity that

there is on such thing as genius. The practical man of affairs scornfully assures us that it is only concentrated hard work. Disraeli analyzed it and asserts categorically that patience is its essential constituent.

But the great mass of men and women, without defining, asserting, analyzing, know perfectly well that there is a difference, and they do not hesitate to use the words in every-day speech with fair accuracy. They instinctively respect anyone who has a talent, while they pity, permit to perish, or even persecute the man of genius, regarding him as impracticable, subversive and dangerous, perhaps insane.

The man of talent is likely to make a success of his life. The man of genius is apt to be out of relationship with his environment—ahead of his own times. The prophet is not without honor except in his own house. They used to stone him. The innovators in music and art have been rendered miserable by those who could not understand them.

Take concrete examples such as we have all seen. A youth has been apprenticed to a carpenter. "How is he getting along?" "Oh, he has a talent for his work." In other words, he uses tools cleverly. He needs not to invent any new methods; he plods, is patient, makes few mistakes. So with a hundred different callings. A plumber, a teacher, a preacher, a dentist, a doctor, an editor, a butcher. The very term "calling" signifies that a person has some distinctive talent, it may be, of a very high degree, yet it is always sane, always safe, always has its feet on the ground.

Not so with genius. Genius manifests itself generally in extraordinary and abnormal ways. The musical genius, even while lying in the cradle, plays on his toes as if they were piano keys and begins to compose before he can talk. He does not have to be taught about consecutive fifths. He avoids them instinctively. He will very likely end his days in an insane asylum, but his productions will some time or other be recognized as marvelous. The world will catch up with them.

Talent marries normally and leads a sound and sober life. Genius is inclined to set itself above common laws of morality. The love affairs of the great poets and musicians make racy reading. Fortunately most of us are born good, average, plodding human beings with sufficient talent to do something useful. It would be a terrible world if there were many more geniuses. They are sufficiently rare to permit the rest of us to adjust ourselves to a reasonable existence and they furnish us with a sufficient spice of excitement and enjoyment to make us worship them after they are dead. Probably a dead genius is better than a living man of talent; but a living genius may be more dangerous than a maniac. It is a great responsibility to be the parents of a genius, and as the offspring of mixed nationalities are more likely to have this abnormality there seems to be some instinctive reason for the almost universal prejudice against the union of alien races.

Nathan Haskell Dole

Dangers Cling to Alkaline Soaps

By A. A. MORSE, Philadelphia, Pa.

That many dangers cling to alkaline soaps is emphasized editorially by the London Lancet, in which attention is called to the large proportion of mineral ash and alkali in deodorant toilet

soaps. When these soaps, after being dissolved in water, touch the skin an excessive secretion of the acid sebum and sweat follows and the protective outer layer of the skin, the epithelium, is partially dissolved. This means intense irritation, which is apt to lead to skin complications.

In the cheaper soaps the cottonseed oil and rancid fats used are responsible for considerable irritation. Castor oil soap is found least irritating, but it dissolves rather too freely and is apt to become rancid. Coconut oil soap is decidedly irritating and palm oil soap is less so, while tallow soap is least irritating of all.

Dr. Frederick Gardiner, accepted as an authority on this subject, holds that many bad effects come from those soaps made chiefly of cheaper fats and cottonseed and coconut oils. Formerly tallow and olive oil were more used and the skin did not suffer.

The natural conclusion is that as little soap as possible should be used on the skin and that this should be least alkaline in quality. It should always be well rinsed off, so as to permit the least possible irritation.

Business Man's Key to Success

By J. B. GEHRING, Indianapolis, Ind.

The other day a big business man was asked for his key to success. After he had motioned his secretary from the room, he said:

"Because I've always accomplished everything I undertook every one calls me lucky. As a boy I was laughed at. I finally ran away to New York, and my first job paid \$3. But I gave \$6 worth of service. And that has been my key to success. I always gave more than I got. My employers knew that when I had a thing in hand it would be carried out successfully. Often during rush hours I stayed alone at the office until after ten. No one else knew it. I never had to tell my boss I wasn't paid enough, and never had to ask for a raise. It came unasked. Today I can command my own price. Do you call that luck or grit?"

Young man or young woman, if you aren't delivering the goods for your employer, then why aren't you? If you resigned tomorrow couldn't he get a hundred more of the same caliber, no better, no worse?

Why not lift yourself above the average? Do your work so that he would have to try a hundred before he could get another like you. Then you'll be in a class by yourself.

Best to Discard Threadbare Traditions

By W. M. KELLEY, Chicago

For the last decade the average American citizen has discarded the whip while he brought his child to the stage where the latter becomes self-dependent. But there is an element of people

here who beat their children unmercifully. Compare the children of these two classes of parents. Who is self-reliant, honest, fearless? Do you suppose the child who is habitually whipped becomes a power in this world? Most emphatically not.

Reformers who desire to make this world better should not start from the top. Reforming a hardened crook is difficult.

Here, then, is some advice for parents: If your son is a bit wayward, don't throw him out of the house. Find out the cause of his waywardness. Get your son and daughter interested in some wholesome topic or fad. Help them all you can, gain their confidence and, above all, discard these threadbare traditions, "Spare the rod and spoil the child" and "A child should be seen and not heard."

THE OLD

safest man is the man who has a bank account. When you establish yourself with a good bank, you feel secure and your mind is at peace. Banks have been the means of making more successful men than colleges. When you grow

RELIABLE

a snug sum in the bank is an insurance policy against hard times and hard work. Begin to save when you are young. OUR SAVINGS DEPARTMENT will help you start; then when you have accumulated \$50 or \$100 take a certificate of deposit drawing a little larger rate of interest. The time-tried and most

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The VALIANTS of VIRGINIA

By HALLIE ERMINIE RIVES

ILLUSTRATIONS by LAUREN STOUT

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SYNOPSIS.

John Valiant, a rich society favorite, suddenly discovers that the Valiant corporation, which his father founded and which was the principal source of his wealth, has failed. He voluntarily turns over his private fortune to the receiver for the corporation. His entire remaining possessions consist of an old motor car, a white bull dog and Damory court, a neglected estate in Virginia. On the way to Damory court he meets Shirley Dandridge, an auburn-haired beauty, and decides that he is going to like Virginia immensely. Shirley's mother, Mrs. Dandridge, and Major Bristow exchange reminiscences during which it is revealed that the major, Valiant's father, and a man named Bamson were rivals for the hand of Mrs. Dandridge in her youth. Bamson and Valiant fought a duel on her account in which the former was killed. Valiant finds Damory court overgrown with weeds and creepers and the buildings in a very much neglected condition.

CHAPTER IX—Continued.
He trudged away into the shadows, but presently as the new master of Damory Court stood in the gloomy hall, he heard the shuffling step again behind him. "Ah done neglect-fo' er fac'." "My name is Valiant. John Valiant."

Uncle Jefferson's eyes turned upward and rolled out of orbit. "Mah Lawd!" he ejaculated soundlessly. And with his wide lips still framed about the last word, he backed out of the doorway and disappeared.

Alone in the ebbing twilight, John Valiant found his hamper, spread a napkin on the broad stone steps and took out a glass, a spoon and part of a loaf of bread. The thermos flask was filled with milk. It was not a splendid banquet, yet he ate it with a great content as the bulldog at his feet gnawed his share of the crust. He broke his bread into the milk as he had not done since he was a child, and ate the luscious pulp with a keen relish bred of the long outdoor day.

It was almost dark when the meal was done and, depleted hamper in hand, he reentered the empty echoing house. He went into the library, lighted the great brass lamp from the motor and began to rummage. The drawers of the dining-room sideboard yielded nothing; on a shelf of the butler's pantry, however, was a tin box which proved to be half full of wax candles, perfectly preserved.

"The very thing!" he said triumphantly. Carrying them back, he fixed several in the glass-candlesticks and set them, lighted, all about the somber room till the soft glow flooded its every corner. "There," he said, "that is as it should be. No big blatant search-light here! And no glare of modern electricity would suit that old wainscot, either."

He dragged the leather settee to the porch and by the light of the motor-lamp dusted it thoroughly, and wheeling it back, set it under the portrait which had so attracted him. He washed the glass from which he had dined and filled it at the cup of the garden fountain, put into it the rose from his hat and set it on the reading-stand. The small china dog caught his eye and he picked it up casually. The head came off in his hands. It had been a bon-bon box and was empty save for a narrow strip of yellowed paper, on which were written some meaningless figures: 17-25-94-6. He pondered this a moment, then thrust it into one of the empty pigeonholes of the desk. On the latter stood an old-fashioned leaf-calendar; the date it exposed was May 14th. Curiously enough the same date



He Shuddered as He Stopped to Pick Up the Weapon.

would recur tomorrow. The page bore a quotation: "Every man carries his fate on a ribbon about his neck." The line had been quoted in his father's letter. May 14th—how much that date and that motto may have meant for him!

He rose to push the shutter wide and in the movement his elbow sent a shallow case of morocco leather that had lain on the desk crashing to the floor. It opened and a heavy metallic object rolled almost to his feet. He saw at a glance that it was an old-fashioned rusted dueling-pistol.

The box had originally held two pistols. He shuddered as he stooped to pick up the weapon, and with the crawling repugnance mingled a pang of anger and humiliation. From his very babyhood it had always been so—that unconquerable aversion to the

touch of firearms. There had been moments in his youth when this unreasoning shrinking had filled him with a blind fury, had driven him to strange self-tests of courage. He had never been able to overcome it. Analysis had told him that his peculiar abhorrence was no mere outgrowth of this. It lay far deeper. He had rarely, of recent years, met the test. Now, as he stood in these unaccustomed surroundings, with the cold touch of the metal the old shuddering held him, and the sweat broke in beads on his forehead. Setting his teeth hard, he crossed the room, slipped the box with its pistol between the volumes of the bookcase, and returned to his seat.

The bulldog, aroused from a nap, thrust a warm muzzle between his knees. "It's uncanny, Chum!" he said, as his hand caressed the velvety head. "Why should the touch of that fool thing chill my spine and make my flesh tiptoe over my bones? Why should I hate a pistol? Do you suppose I was shot in one of my previous existences?"

For a long while he sat there, his eyes dead, his eyes on the moonlighted out-of-doors. The very feeling that had gripped him had gone as quickly as it had come. At last he rose, stretching himself with a great boyish yawn, put out all save one of the candles and taking a bath-robe, sandals and a huge fussy towel from the steamer-trunk, stripped leisurely. He donned the bath-robe and sandals and went out through the window to the garden and down to where lay the little lake ruffling silverly under the moon. On its brink he stopped, and tossing back his head, tried to imitate one of the bird-calls but was unsuccessful. With a rueful laugh he threw off the bath-robe and stood an instant glistening, poised in the moonlight like a marble faun, before he dove, straight down out of sight.

Five minutes later he pulled himself up over the edge, his flesh tingling with the chill of the water, and threw the robe about his cool white shoulders. Then he thrust his feet into his sandals and sped quickly back. He rubbed himself to a glow, and blowing out the remaining candle, stretched himself luxuriously between the warm blankets on the couch. The dog sniffed inquiringly at his hand, then leaped up and snuggled down close to his feet.

John Valiant's thoughts had fled a thousand miles away, to the tall girl who all his life had seemed to stand out from his world, aloof and unsurpassed—Katharine Fargo. He tried to picture her, a perfect chataine, graceful and gracious as a tall, white, splendid lily, in this dead house that seemed still to throb with living passions. But the picture subtly eluded him and he stirred uneasily under the blanket.

After a time his hands stretched out to the reading-stand and drew the glass with its vivid blossom nearer, till in his nostrils, its musky odor mingled with the dew-wet scent of the honeysuckle from the garden. At last his eyes closed. "Every man carries his fate . . . on a ribbon about his neck," he muttered drowsily, and then, "Roses . . . red roses . . ."

And so he fell asleep.

CHAPTER X.

The Hunt.

He awoke to a musical twittering and chirping, to find the sun pouring into the dusty room in a very glory. He rolled from the blanket and stood upright, filling his lungs with a long deep breath of satisfaction. He felt singularly light-hearted and alive. The bulldog came bounding through the window, dirty from the weeds, and flung himself upon his master in a canine rapture.

"Get out!" quoth the latter, laughing. "Stop licking my feet! How the dickens do you suppose I'm to get into my clothes with your ridiculous antics going on? Down, I say! Hark! He broke off and listened. "Who's that singing?"

The sound drew nearer—a lugubrious chant, with the weirdest minor reflections, faintly suggestive of the rag-time ditties of the music-halls, yet with a plaintive cadence.

"Good morning, Uncle Jefferson." The singer broke off, set down the twig-broom that he had been wielding and came toward him. "Maw'nin', sub. Maw'nin'," he said. "Hopes yo'-all sleep good. Ah reck'n dem ar birds woke yo' up; dey's makin' seh ar 'ntration."

"Thank you. Never slept better in my life. Am I laboring under a delusion when I imagine I smell coffee?"

Just then there came a voice from the open door of the kitchen: "Calls yo'se'f er man, yo' triffin' reconstructed nigrah! Wen marstah gwine-ter git he breakus wid' yo' ramshacklin' eroun' wid dat dwag all dis Gawd-blessed maw'nin'? Go fetch some mo' sah-wood dis minute. Yo' heah!"

A turbaned head poked itself through the door, with a good-natured lead-brown face beneath it, which broadened into a wide smile as the owner bobbed energetically at Valiant's greeting. "Yo' de Lawd!" she exclaimed, wiping sooty hands on a

gingham apron. "Yo' sho' is up early, but Ah got yo' breakus ready, sub."

"All right, Aunt Daphne. I'll be back directly."

He sped down to the lake to plunge his head into the cool water and thereby sharpen the edge of an appetite that needed no honing.

He came up the trail again to find the reading-stand transferred to the porch and laid with a white cloth on which was set a steaming coffee-pot, with fresh cream, saltless butter and crisp hot biscuit; and as he sat down, with a sigh of pure delight, in his dressing-gown—a crepe Japanese thing redeemed from womanishness by the bold green bamboo of its design—Uncle Jefferson planted before him a generous platter of bacon, eggs and potatoes. These he attacked with a surprising keenness. As he buttered his fifth biscuit he looked at the dog, rolling on his back in morning ecstasy, with a look of humorous surprise.

"Chum," he said, "what do you think of that? All my life a single



He Craned His Neck, but It Had Passed the Line of His Vision.

roll and a cup of coffee have been the most I could ever negotiate for breakfast, and then it was apt to taste like chips-and-wet-stones. And now look at this plate!" The dog ceased yawning his ear with a hind foot and looked back at his master with much the same expression. Clearly his own needs had not been forgotten.

"Reck'n Ah bettah go ter git dat ar machine thing," said Uncle Jefferson behind him. "O! 'ooman, heah, she 'low ter fix up de kitchen dis maw'nin' en we begin on de house dis evenin'."

"Right-o," said Valiant. "It's all uphill, so the motor won't run away with you. Aunt Daphne, can you get some help with the cleaning?"

"He'p?" that worthy responded with fine scorn. "No, sub. Moughty few, in de town 'cep'n low-down yaller new-issue trash det ain' wu'f killin'! Ah gwine-ter go fo' dat house mahse' fo' long, hammah' en tonga, en git it fix up!"

"Splendid! My destiny is in your hands. You might take the dog with you, Uncle Jefferson; the run will do him good."

When the latter had disappeared and trulent sounds from the kitchen indicated that the era of strenuous cleaning had begun, he reentered the library, changed the water in the rose-glass and set it on the edge of the shady front porch, where its flaunting blossom made a dash of bright crimson against the grayed weather-beaten brick. This done, he opened the one large room on the ground-floor that he had not visited.

It was double the size of the library, a parlor hung in striped yellow silk vaguely and tenderly faded, with a tall plate mirror set over a marble-topped console at either side. In one corner stood a grand piano of Circassian walnut with keys of tinted mother-of-pearl and a slender music-rack inlaid with morning-glories in the same material. From the center of the ceiling, above an oval table, depended a great chandelier hung with glass prisms. The chairs and sofas were covered with dusty slip-covers of muslin. He lifted one of these. The tarnished gold furniture was Louis XV, the upholstery of yellow brocade with a pattern of pink roses. Two Japanese Hawthorn vases sat on teak-wood stands and a corner held a glass cabinet containing a collection of small ivories and falcons.

He went thoughtfully back to the great hall, where sat the big chest on which lay the volume of "Lucile." He pushed down the antique wrought-iron hasp and threw up the lid. It was filled to the brim with textures: heavy portieres of rose-damask, table-covers of faded soft-toned tapestry, window-hangings of dull green—all with tobacco-leaves laid between the folds and sifted thickly over with the sparkling white powder. At the bottom, rolled in tarry-smelling paper, he found a half-dozen thin, Persian prayer-carvings.

"Phew!" he whistled. "I certainly ought to be grateful that law firm that inspected the place. Think of the things lying here all these years! And that powder everywhere! It's

done the work, too, for there's not a sign of moth. If I'm not careful, I'll stumble over the family plate—it seems to be about the only thing wanting."

He thought a moment, then went quickly into the library and began to ransack the trunk. At length he found a small box containing keepsakes of various kinds. He poured the medley on to the table—an uncut moonstone, an amethyst-topped pencil that one of his tutors had given him as a boy, a tiger's claw, a compass and what-not. Among them was a man's seal-ring with a crest cut in a cornelian. He looked at it closely. It was the same device.

The ring had been his father's. Just when or how it had come into his possession he could never remember. It had lain among these keepsakes so many years that he had almost forgotten its existence. He had never worn a ring, but now, as he went back to the hall, he slipped it on his finger. The motto below the crest was worn away, but it showed clear in the marble of the hall-mantle: I cling.

His eyes turned from the carved words and strayed to the pleasant sunny foliage outside. An arrogant boast, perhaps, yet in the event well justified. Valiant had held that selfsame slope when the encircling forests had rung with war-whoop and blazed with torture-fire. They had held on through Revolution and Civil war. Good and bad, abiding and lawless, every generation had cleaved stubbornly to its acres. I cling. His father had clung through absence that seemed to have been almost exile, and now he, the last Valiant, has come to make good the boast.

His gaze wandered. The tail of his eye had caught through the window a spurt of something dashing and vivid, that grazed the corner of a far-off field. He craned his neck, but it had passed the line of his vision. The next moment, however, there came trailing on the satiny stillness the high-keyed ululation of a horn, and an instant later a long-drawn halloo-o! mixed with a pattering chorus of yelps.

He went close, and leaning from the sill, shaded his eyes with his hand. The noise swelled and rounded in volume; it was nearing rapidly. As he looked the hunt dashed into full view between the tree-boles—a galloping melee of khaki and scarlet, swarming the fresh green of a wheat-field, behind a spotted swirl of hounds.

"Confound it!" said John Valiant belligerently; "they're on my land!"

They were near enough now for him to hear the voices of the men, calling encouragement to the dogs, and to see the white ribbons of foam across the flanks of the laboring horses. One scarlet-coated feminine rider, detached from the bunch, had spurred in advance and was leading by a clean hundred yards, bareheaded, her hat fallen back to the limit of its ribbon knotted under her chin, and her waving hair gleaming like tarnished gold.

"How she rides!" muttered the solitary watcher. "Cross-saddle, of course,—the sensible little sport! She'll never in the world do that wall!—Yes, by George!" John Valiant's admiration turned to delight. "Why," he said, "it's the Lady-of-the-Roses!"

He put his hands on the sill and vaulted to the porch.

CHAPTER XI.

Sanctuary.

The tawny scudding streak that led that long chase had shot into the yard, turning for a last desperate double. It saw the man in the foreground and its bounding, agonized little wild heart that so prayed for life gave way.



SHOWED INSTINCT OF SWANS

Birds Had Learned the Trick of Ringing a Bell to Get Their Supply of Food.

During a recent visit to the cathedral city of Wells, in Somersetshire, a Scotsman correspondent was witness of a curious incident. The Episcopal palace is surrounded, just as in olden times, by a wall and a moat, the haunt of swans, ducks, and other aquatic birds. The moat is crossed at the entrance to the palace grounds by a drawbridge with a battlemented gateway with towers, in one of which is the gatekeeper's lodge. From a bracket fixed in the wall of one of these towers overlooking the moat a bell is suspended, with a cord attached.

One afternoon about five o'clock, while watching the movements of the various birds in the water, the correspondent heard the ringing of a bell, and on looking to see whence the sound came, he observed that one of the swans was vigorously pulling the cord evidently to attract attention. As no immediate notice was taken of its

With a final effort, it gained the porch and crouched down in its corner, an abject, sweated, hunted morsel, at hopeless bay.

Like a flash, Valiant stooped, caught the shivering thing by the scruff, and as its snapping jaws grazed his thumb, dropped it through the open window behind him: "Sanctuary!" quoth he, and banged the shutter to.

At the same instant, as the place overflowed with a pandemonium of nosing leaping hounds, he saw the golden chestnut reined sharply down among the ragged box-rows, with a sham-faced though brassy knowledge that the girl who rode it had seen.

She sat motionless, her head high, one hand on the hunter's foam-flecked neck, and their glances met like crossed swords. The look stirred something vague and deep within him. For an unforgettable instant their eyes held each other, in a gaze rigid, challenging, almost defiant; then it broke and she turned to the rest of the party spurring in a galloping zig-zag: a genial-faced man of middle age in khaki who sat his horse like a cavalryman, a younger one with a reckless dark face and straight black hair, and following these a half-dozen youthful riders of both sexes, one of the lads heavily plastered with mud from a wet cropper, and the girls chiefly gasps and giggles.

The elder of the two men pulled up beside the leader, his astonished eyes sweeping the house-front, with its open blinds, the wisp of smoke curling from the kitchen chimney. He said something to her, and she nodded. The younger man, meanwhile, had flung himself from his horse, a wild-eyed roan, and with his arm thrust through its bridle, strode forward among the welter of hounds, where they scurried at fault, hither and thither, yelping and eager.

"What rotten luck!" he exclaimed. "Gone to ground after twelve miles! After him, Tawny! You mongrels! Do you imagine he's up a tree? After him, Bulger! Bring him here!"

He glanced up, and for the first time saw the figure in tweeds looking on. Valiant was attracted by his face, its dash and generosity overlying its inherent profligacy and weakness. Dark as the girl was light, his features had the same delicate chiseling, the breeding, nobility and indulgence of generations. He stared a moment, and the somewhat supercilious look traveled over the gazer, from dusty boots to waving brown hair.

"Oh!" he said. His view slowly took in the evidences of occupation. "The house is open, I see. Going to get it fit for occupancy, I presume?"

"Yes." The other turned. "Well, Judge Chalmers, what do you think of that? The unexpected has happened at last." He looked at the porch. "Who's to occupy it?"

"The owner."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Worth Knowing.

Suppose a man leaves New York as noon on a given date and travels westward at such a rate of speed that the sun will always be directly overhead. After making a circle of the globe he will reach the starting point in New York just 24 hours after he left it. The question presenting itself is, at which one of his different stopping places while making the circuit of the globe in 24 hours, carrying noon with him to every station, was he first informed that it was noon of the following day. As he crossed the meridian of 180 degrees east, or west, of Greenwich the day would change. His first stop after crossing the meridian would be Yokohama, perhaps; there he would learn that it was the next day.

CANADA'S TELESCOPE

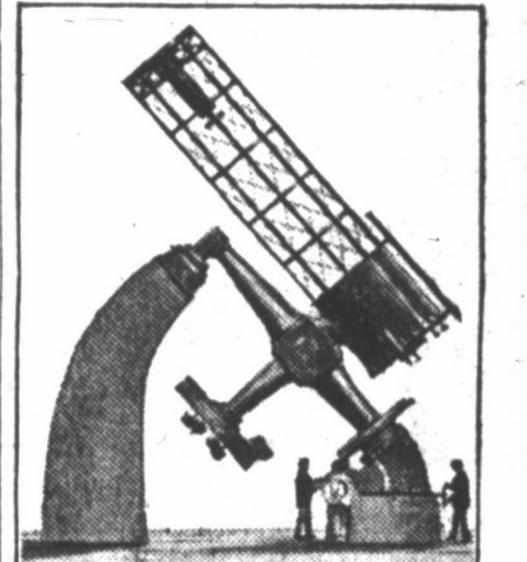
Canadian Government Soon to Have Powerful Instrument.

Referred to as "The Largest Telescope in the World" and Will Cost Nearly \$100,000—Its Location Not Yet Determined.

Ottawa, Can.—The Canadian government will soon possess a more powerful reflecting telescope than any now in existence. It has been referred to in the newspapers as "the largest telescope in the world," but this description is misleading for two reasons; first, because its aperture, 72 inches, is to be the same as that of the famous Parsonstown reflector, built by Lord Rosse in 1842; and second, because by the time the Canadian instrument is completed it now seems likely that the 100-inch reflector which has long been under construction for the Mount Wilson solar observatory will also be ready for use. The Canadian telescope will, however, be a much more efficient instrument than Lord Rosse's. Not only will the mirror be much superior, but the mounting will enable the telescope to be worked to the full advantage. The Parsonstown reflector has an altazimuth, not an equatorial, mounting and is operated under such difficulties that comparatively little use has ever been made of it.

Contracts for the new telescope have just been awarded to J. Brashear for the mirrors and other optical parts, and to Warner & Swasey for the mounting. The disk for the principal mirror will be made by the St. Gobain glass works, in Paris, but all the grinding and figuring will be done in this country. The total cost will be nearly one hundred thousand dollars. Inasmuch as the instrument is intended primarily and notoriously for work of no immediate practical benefit, viz., the spectrographic measurement of radial stellar velocities, this sum represents a very notable contribution to pure science on the part of a government.

The telescope will have a parabolic mirror of 72 inches, clear aperture and 30 feet focal length, with a central hole ten inches in diameter. The mounting is to be similar to that of



Powerful Reflecting Telescope of the Canadian Government, 30 Feet Focal Length.

the Ann Arbor and Melbourne reflectors, with a skeleton tube at one side and nearly midway between the bearings of the long polar axis, the balance being restored by the declination motion mechanism and by counterweights at the other side. Both polar and declination axis will be carried entirely on ball or roller bearings, in place of the usual plain bearings for collimating and a complicated system of counterweighted rollers for relieving the friction. The construction will also be simplified in other respects, e. g., all fine circles will be omitted, as will the slow motion arm in right ascension. It is characteristic of twentieth century technique in astronomy that, although the new telescope will have a full set of oculars for visual observations, no program of visual work is contemplated. Nowadays the camera takes the place of the human retina. The main purpose of the instrument will be the measurement of motion in the line of sight of stars fainter than the fifth magnitude; a task beyond the light-gathering power of nearly all existing telescopes. For such work the telescope will generally be used in the Cassegrain form; the light from the main mirror, converging toward a focus, will be received by a second hyperboloidal mirror of about nineteen inches aperture and ten feet focus, placed about twenty-three feet above the main mirror. The light passes thence down through the hole in the main mirror, and the star images are formed about three feet below the latter. Here the spectrograph will be placed. For the fainter stars of low dispersion the spectrograph will probably be placed at the prime focus. An investigation of the atmospheric conditions in different parts of Canada is now in progress, to determine where the telescope will be located.

Both Prayers Are Answered. Denver, Colo.—Hyman Schuster prayed for a boy; his wife for a girl. The stork brought triplets—two boys and a girl.

Want Bathers to Wear Coats. New York.—Coney Island tax payers do not want bathers to walk around in bathing suits, and ask that they wear coats.

Her Discovery. "Oh, George, I've got splendid news for you." "That so?" "Yes, something that will save you a lot of money." "What is it?" "I've discovered that your last winter's overcoat will go again this year."

Can You Doubt It?

When the Proof Can be so Easily Investigated.

When so many grateful citizens of Canyon testify to benefit derived from Doan's Kidney Pills, can you doubt the evidence? The proof is not far away—it is almost at your door. Read what a resident of Canyon says about Doan's Kidney Pills. Can you demand more convincing testimony?

R. T. Holton, Canyon, Texas, says: "I still use Doan's Kidney Pills when I need a kidney remedy. They always do me a great deal of good. I am pleased to endorse them."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Holton had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Screen Wire and Screen Doors



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The Telephone Saved a Life

When one of our men was badly injured by the threshing machine we telephoned the doctor, who told us how to patch the man up. The doctor then started for our place in a hurry. When he arrived the man was pretty weak, and without the doctor's advice the results might have proved serious. Thanks to the telephone, the man pulled through.

Every farm should have Bell Telephone connection.

Write our nearest Manager for information.

The Southwestern Telegraph & Telephone Company



8% Money

On Improved Farms. No Commission Charged For Placing Loans. C. P. Hutchings AMARILLO, TEXAS

Severe Attack of Colic Cured.

E. E. Cross, who travels in Virginia and other Southern States, was taken suddenly and severely ill with colic. At the first store he came to the merchant recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Two doses of it cured him. No one should leave home on a journey without a bottle of this preparation. For sale by all dealers.—Advertisement.

COUNTY TREASURER'S QUARTERLY REPORT

In the matter of the Quarterly report of W. T. Garrett, Treasurer, Randall county, Texas, in the Commissioners' court, Randall county, Texas, May term, 1914.

On this 13 day of May A. D. 1914, in Regular Quarterly Session of the Commissioners' court of Randall county, Texas, came on for examination the Quarterly Report of W. T. Garrett, Treasurer of Randall county, Texas, for the Quarter beginning on the 1st day of February A. D. 1914, and ending on the 30th day of April A. D. 1914, filed herein on the 7th day of May A. D. 1914 and the same having been compared and examined by the Court, and found to be correct, It Is Therefore Ordered by the Court that the same be and is hereby approved; and it appearing to the Court that during said time and the said County Treasurer had received for account and credit of, and paid out of each of the several County funds, the amounts set forth, and leaving balance to each of said funds as follows, to wit:

JURY FUND	
Amount balance to credit of the Jury Fund as per last report	\$5,299.96
Amount received during quarter,	1,051.54
Total "Cr." as shown by current report	6,351.50
Amount paid out and disbursed during the quarter	948.78
Leaving and showing to credit of said Jury Fund on April 30, 1914, a balance of	\$5,402.72
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND	
Amount balance to credit of the Road and Bridge Fund as per last report	\$5,839.96
Amount received during quarter	1,917.38
Total "Cr." as shown by current report	7,757.34
Amount paid out and disbursed during the quarter	1,091.58
Leaving and showing to credit of said R. and B. Fund, on April 30, 1914, a balance of	\$6,665.76
GENERAL FUND	
Amount balance to credit of the General Fund as per last report	\$5,146.17
Amount received during quarter	2,781.26
Total "Cr." as shown by current report	7,927.43
Amount paid out and disbursed during the quarter	1,821.54
Leaving and showing to credit of said General Fund, on April 30, 1914, a balance of	\$6,105.89
COURT HOUSE AND JAIL FUND	
Amount balance to credit of the C. H. & J. Fund as per last report	\$2,911.96
Amount received during quarter	825.48
Total "Cr." as shown by current report	3,737.44
Amount paid out and disbursed during the quarter	323.41
Leaving and showing to credit of said C. H. & J. Fund on April 30, 1914, a balance of	\$3,414.03
SINKING FUND	
Amount balance to credit of the Sinking Fund as per last report	\$ 9,710.90
Amount received during quarter	2,369.16
Total "Cr." as shown by current report	12,080.06
Amount paid out and disbursed during the quarter	2,765.22
Leaving and showing to credit of said Sinking Fund on April 30, 1914, a balance of	\$9,314.84
ESTRAY FUND	
Amount balance to credit of the Estray Fund as per last report	\$156.72
Amount received during quarter	27.25
Total "Cr." as shown by current report	183.97
Amount paid out and disbursed during the quarter	.68
Leaving and showing to credit of said Estray Fund on April 30, 1914, a balance of	\$183.29
CEMETERY FUND	
Amount balance to credit of the Cemetery Fund as per last report	\$5.04
Amount received during quarter	0.00
Total "Cr." as shown by current report	5.04
Amount paid out and disbursed during the quarter	0.00
Leaving and showing to credit of said Cemetery Fund on April 30, 1914, a balance of	\$5.04

And that said amounts were received and paid out of each of the respective funds since the filing of the preceding Quarterly Report of said County Treasurer, and during the period above stated, and that the said separate amounts as therein shown are correct. It Is, Therefore, Further Ordered by the Court, that the said detailed report be, and the same is hereby, in all things approved, and the Clerk of this Court is hereby ordered to enter the said report, together with this order, upon the Minutes of the Commissioners' Court of Randall county, Texas, and that the proper credits be made in the accounts of the said County Treasurer in accordance with this order.

Witness our hands, this 13th day of May A. D. 1914.

C. E. Coss, County Judge.
 H. T. Shelnett, Commissioner Prec't No. 1.
 E. W. Neece, Commissioner Prec't No. 2.
 R. H. Caler, Commissioner Prec't No. 3.
 M. S. Park, Commissioner Prec't No. 4.

WHENEVER YOU NEED A GENERAL TONIC - TAKE GROVE'S

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is Equally Valuable as a General Tonic because it Acts on the Liver, Drives Out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. For Grown People and Children.

You know what you are taking when you take Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic as the formula is printed on every label showing that it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It is as strong as the strongest bitter tonic and is in Tasteless Form. It has no equal for Malaria, Chills and Fever, Weakness, general debility and loss of appetite. Gives life and vigor to Nursing Mothers and Pale, Sickly Children. Removes Biliousness without purging. Relieves nervous depression and low spirits. Arouses the liver to action and purifies the blood. A True Tonic and Sure Appetizer. A Complete Strengthening. No family should be without it. Guaranteed by your Druggist. We mean it. 50c.

Another Good Rain

Seven sixteenths of an inch rain fell during last night. The fall was slow and steady for several hours. The clouds are heavy this morning and indicate more moisture.

This rain on top of the three inches of last week makes the wheat crop look mighty good. It was the common estimate of the farmers that the crop would average about fifteen bushels over the county without more moisture, and these little rains such as last night will do much to insure a large yield.

John A. Wilson is getting his binders and headers shaped up ready to begin cutting wheat as soon as the crop is ready. Mr. Wilson does not believe in waiting until the crop is ready to cut in order to get the machines ready. He is confident that the crop will be large this year.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Johnson and baby of Howe are visiting at the parental B. T. Johnson home. They left today for Portales to visit at the J. C. Compton home.

Miss Truett of Whiteright is visiting at the B. T. Johnson home.

The Fifth Sunday meeting of the Tierra Blanca Baptist association begins in Friona today. Among the Canyon people who will appear on the program are the following: Mrs. B. T. Johnson, Rev. T. G. Netherton, B. T. Johnson, W. H. Younger J. L. Prichard, Rev. J. T. Burnett, who is pastor of the Friona charge.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben F. Hodges of Farwell visited at the home of Jess Christian Tuesday.

Mrs. R. S. Pipkin spent Wednesday in Amarillo.

Misses Tenie Thompson Grace and Docie Leverton were in Amarillo Wednesday.

Miss Lamb is spending a few days in Amarillo this week.

Misses Winnie and Thelma Reid visited from Saturday until Wednesday in Amarillo.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine. It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 25c (Advertisement)

TEXAS FACTS

TEXAS LEADS THE NATION IN—

- Livestock.
- Land area.
- Wild game.

Railway mileage.

Uncultivated area.

Number of cattle.

Number of Farms.

Number of mules.

Number of goats.

Number of Turkeys.

Number of cowboys.

Number of counties.

Production of cotton.

Production of pecans.

Production of mohair.

Number of cotton gins.

Agricultural production.

Production of livestock.

Production of seed oats.

Number of farm laborers.

Production of polo ponies.

Production of watermelons.

Number of colonies of bees.

Number of asses and burros.

Number of cotton compresses.

Production of butter on farms.

Number of farm home-owners.

*All Man's Drink—
All Woman's Drink—
Everybody's Drink*

Coca-Cola

Vigorously good — and keenly delicious. Thirst- quenching and refreshing.

The national beverage — and yours.

Demand the genuine by full name—
Nicknames encourage substitution.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY
Atlanta, Ga.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

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ING HAND**

To all worthy customers of this Bank. In extending accommodations our customers are first considered. They are entitled to this consideration if worthy.

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It takes both to make a successful Bank. We extend every courtesy consistent with good safe conservative banking.

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The First State Bank

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try a HOTPOINT electric iron 10 days free

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- convenient
- clean
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