

Reeves County Record

Vol. 1—No. 18

PECOS, TEXAS, FRIDAY, MARCH 24, 1911

\$1.00 Per Year

EVERYONE IS SMILING

SINCE OUR LAST RAIN



Careful dressers and stylish people wear the

STETSON HATS

It gives them a distinguished and aristocratic air and helps them to success in society and business. In quality, too, it represents the perfection of hat making.

The Stetson name in every Stetson Hat. We have the latest Stetson styles in Soft and Derby.

The customers of our store are smiling with more than usual satisfaction, as they have assured us they have never in their experience in Pecos had such wonderful values offered them in high grade Clothing. Shoes and Furnishings. The Collegian Clothes have a snap and style

that meets with the approval of all of the young men. We have a large line of the season's latest suits for men and boys that are attracting more than usual attention.

Our shoes are more complete as new lines are daily arriving.

Ladies desiring those new Tan Walking Shoes will confer a favor by calling at once and see this week's arrivals. You should not delay in selecting your needs for early spring wear as the wise ones are now buying in advance of the season. In this way you will find just the article you desire. Remember we are headquarters for men's underwear. Two piece, Union Suits, Porosknit, Scrivens Drawers etc.



You will need a new hat, so be sure to see our line.

We offer a line of Straws in the dress hats which sell for \$1.50 to \$3.00.

In work clothing we offer you only the best.

RALSTON

"Authority Styles"

Shoe styles change from season to season. Buy Ralston "Authority Styles" and you can always have that satisfying feeling of knowing your shoes are correct in every detail. Comfortable as they are stylish.

\$4 Style No. 177. Gun-metal Calf. New "Hippo" Last. Our new Spring and Summer models are here. Come in and see them.

W. T. Read Merc. Co.

Will Bore For Artesian Water

Four-Sectioner South of Toyah Says He Will Go After Artesian Water —Work to Start at Once.

J. M. Scanlan, a four-sectioner about sixteen miles south-west of Toyah, in town last Friday, made the Record office a pleasant visit and in conversation with a reporter stated that he intended to go on down for artesian water.

He recently contracted with J. A. Cason for a 500 foot well and states that Mr. Cason has completed the well to that depth and fulfilled his contract. However, since the completion of the well to this depth Mr. Scanlan has decided to go on down for artesian water and made arrangements for heavier machinery which will be put over this hole. It is his intention to go on down until he strikes something.

Mr. Scanlan lives in a fine, fertile section of Reeves county and although the past two dry years have hit him hard he has not lost faith in the country of his choosing and is always praising and boosting instead of grumbling and knocking.

The Rain

Another splendid rain, a regular ground-soaker, has come to bless this entire section of country. The rain was of the soaking-in kind and on top of the recent rains has put a better season in the ground than has been enjoyed by this country at this season of the year for many seasons past. This insures an abundance of grass, good crops from both irrigated and dry land farms, fat cattle and horses and a happy, prosperous and contented people.

M. L. Swinehart came in Tuesday from his trip east where he attended the meeting of the greatest body of business men ever assembled for the promoting of the common good. Representatives of every business, profession and trade were there—all experts in their different lines—and the Commercial Congress at Atlanta has passed into history as a brilliant success. From Atlanta Mr. Swinehart went to New York and Washington, traversing eighteen States and the District of Columbia. He says the people everywhere are talking about Texas and particularly western Texas. He predicts a great tide of immigration to this part of Texas during the coming year.

District Attorney Will P. Brady has spent this week at home. He attended the meeting of the grand lodge W. O. W. at Mineral Wells as a delegate from Allthorn Camp. He reports about 3000 delegates in attendance and a very enthusiastic meeting. In the election of officers Mr. Brady was chosen as Head Camp escort over his San Antonio opponent by a vote of 1400 to 400, approximately. By private subscription about \$15,000 was raised for the tubercular sanitarium. It is the purpose of this grand order to raise \$100,000 for this purpose.

H. M. Riser left Saturday to visit his old home in Dallas.

Pecos Secures Summer Normal

A telegram from State Superintendent F. M. Bralley to Prof. J. S. Long yesterday states that Pecos has been selected as the place for the holding of the proposed Summer Normal. Thus Pecos and Reeves county have gained another victory over her competitors.

Dredging Machine On Its Way Here

The Dredging Machine of Goedeke & Brock Loaded Out of St. Louis Saturday to Arrive Soon.

The dredging machine ordered by Goedeke & Brock for the dredging of the Cowan springs at the V.H. headquarters was loaded out of St. Louis last Saturday, so writes one of the company. It requires two cars to transport this machine which will go to Toyah and from there be hauled on wagons to the ranch and as soon as the machine can be set up active operation will begin.

It is the purpose of this firm to dig canals where these numerous springs break out. The canals are to be twenty feet deep, ten feet wide at base and twenty feet wide at top. The length will total from one-half to three-fourths of a mile, taking in all the springs on either side of the hill. It is believed this will make a lake of water as great as the canals and that the supply will be unlimited.

These springs are much higher than the general level of the land surrounding them and the water will flow to these tracts by canals. This will develop a large area of the best land in Reeves county which will, ere another year rolls past, furnish homes for a great number of happy and contented people.

A recent purchaser of an 80-acre tract of land under these springs now has a force of Mexicans grubbing the entire tract, which work will be completed inside of ten days. The plow will follow and the entire 80 acres be put in alfalfa as soon as men with the best facilities can do the work properly. This land was purchased only a few weeks ago, and with such progressiveness shown by purchasers, in another year this splendid cattle ranch will be converted into farms producing a hundred fold more than formerly and furnishing homes and employment for hundreds of people.

Later—This machine has arrived and is now at Toyah.

Electric Theatre Will Give Benefit to the Band

Thursday night, March 30, the managers of the Electric Theatre will donate the proceeds of their show for the benefit of the Pecos Commercial Club Band. The pictures to be shown that night are high-class and moral and all who attend are promised a good time. The band will give a concert before the opening and between the first and second shows.

Prof. Carl Beck, director, is untiring in his efforts to give us one of the best bands in the state, and it is up to us to do our part. A band is one of the best boosters a town can have, and the stranger who is in our city on Friday night, when the band gives a free concert, will go back to his native town with words of praise for our city—where something is doing all the time.

The band hopes to see the largest crowd ever seen here at a motion picture show. Help the band and you help our city.

G. C. Sparks was over from Toyah on business Tuesday.

Greer Is Reported Still Alive

Corrizzo, N. M., March 20.—G. B. Greer, of Parsons, N. M., has received a letter stating that his son, John F. Greer, reported killed in the battle of Casas Grandes, is alive, although he received a flesh wound in the hip and was injured in the face by a glancing bullet. The letter, which was postmarked El Paso, said:

"I write this at the request of J. F. Greer whom I met during the retreat of Madero's army from the battle of Casas Grandes to San Diego, where he now is.

"He wished me to assure you that he was all right, although wounded. He was shot with a Mauser in the hip, inflicting a bad flesh wound. He was also slightly wounded in the face by a bullet striking a stone in front of him and glancing him in his face. "Another close shave he had was the cylinder of his six shooter being shot out of his belt; his horse was shot.

"But I am pleased to say he was still on the job, winchester in hand, belt empty, on a horse behind a Mexican who had but one eye left, holding him in the saddle, making a good get away.

"He reached San Diego safely, where his wounds were dressed, and the last time I saw him he was as good as new."

Big Ranch Sale.

Edward D. Miller sold his 100-section ranch near Sheffield to Raleigh White of Brady for \$90,000, and 700 stock cattle to Judge McKenzie of Pecos for \$30,000. Mr. Miller has his sheep flocks in the Glass Mountains of Brewster county and some \$30,000 worth of other stock which he will soon dispose of, and retire. He will ship 2,500 sheep to Kansas City this spring.—Alpine Guide

Try the Record for job printing

New News of Yesterday



by E. J. Edwards

Builder of Panama Railroad

Commodore Aspinwall's Efficiency in Carling for Returning Gold Miners When One of His Steamers Was Stranded.

In 1850, following the discovery of gold in California, Commodore William R. Aspinwall, Commodore Vanderbilt's great rival in the waters about New York, retired from his great shipping firm and devoted all his time to building the Panama railroad, across the isthmus of that name, and establishing steamship lines to connect it at Aspinwall (now Colon) from New York and at Panama for San Francisco.

At enormous expense and great loss of life, Aspinwall completed his railroad in 1855, and among the homeward-bound gold seekers who had the distinction of being the first passengers carried eastward by the road was Mr. Dudley Jones, now a prominent resident of Little Rock, Ark., and the head of a large manufacturing corporation.

"In the spring of 1855," said Mr. Jones, recently, "I was a passenger from San Francisco to Panama on the big Aspinwall steamer Golden Gate—or was it Golden Age? There were eight hundred of us returning forty-niners, and a crew of one hundred men. We had a fairly good run down the coast and were about to turn north some two hundred miles below Panama when the ship, while passing between two islands, ran on the coral reef known as Quibo Island.

"When the sidewheeler struck I was sleeping on the upper deck only a few feet from where Commodore Aspinwall and two or three of his old captains were standing admiring the scenery and the bright moonlight and speculating at what hour next morning we would reach Panama. Instantly I was awake and saw everything that followed.

"It was a critical moment. Had the order been given to head for the mainland, the vessel would not have gone her length before sinking into deep water, with the loss of most of her passengers. Whether Commodore Aspinwall or one of his captains gave the right order I don't know, but while the big ship was seemingly rocking in her death throes, with clouds of steam pouring from her hatches, her nose was pushed by emergency means into the sandy beach which we could dimly see lying a few rods ahead, and in a twinkling a cable was made fast to one of the big trees fringing it.

"By the time this had been done as many of the passengers as could find

standing room had rushed to the deck. The big boat gradually settled down at the stern until she rested on the bottom with a slight list to port. The gold dust was rushed to deck and piled in the bow. It was in very strong boxes, each about six inches wide and fifteen inches long, and there was \$4,000,000 worth of it. Later boats were sent out from

Acapulco, or even to San Francisco. And perhaps we would have to wait till a steamer could be sent out from Panama to our relief.

"Here is where the presence of Commodore Aspinwall stood us in good stead. As soon as the Brother Jonathan anchored at a safe distance from the reef we had struck, he ordered us to be taken aboard her. It was a rush order, and it took nearly twelve hours of steady work on the part of both crews to transfer passengers, baggage and gold. It was just at dusk when the Brother Jonathan hoisted anchor and headed for Panama, to our intense relief and delight.

"At Panama, the next morning, we were quickly disembarked. The tide being low, we were landed a quarter of a mile out on a coral reef and walked into the city. That night found us loaded in cars headed for Aspinwall, the first east-bound train to carry passengers on the Panama Railroad. The road was far from being finished. The tracks were slippery, the locomotive light, and it had to be helped by a lot of negro laborers pulling at long ropes.

"I never saw Commodore Aspinwall after we left the wreck. Whether he stayed at Panama or went on with us to New York I do not know. And I never saw in any paper an account of our wreck or of the first east-bound passenger train's trip across the Isthmus of Panama."

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Great Engineer

would decide in favor of the present Panama canal project.

During a conversation that I had with Gen. Serrell in 1894, when discussion over the probable government canal across the Isthmus of Panama was attracting a great deal of attention, I asked the general how he had become interested in the construction of a canal along the San Blas route.

"My belief in the feasibility of the San Blas route is due to two of my earlier experiences as an engineer," was the reply. "In the first place, I was one of the engineers employed by Commodore William Aspinwall to make a survey of the Panama railroad across the Isthmus of Panama so as to shorten the route between the Atlantic coast and San Francisco in California gold days. That experiment made me very familiar with the isthmus; we went all over the San Blas route before deciding upon our final survey for the Panama railroad.

"In the next place, my experience with the Hoosac tunnel, one of the most exciting experiences of my life, led me to realize how easily the San Blas route could be constructed in spite of the mountain that towers in its pathway near the center of the isthmus.

"The state of Massachusetts had authorized the construction of a tunnel under the great Hoosac mountain. That meant tunnelling through solid rock about four and three-quarters miles, and at the base of a mountain some 500 feet in height.

"You can't imagine how exciting and apprehensive we were as the workmen from either end approached each other. At last one day the rocks were pierced from the east to the west, and the drills met with a deviation of only a little over an inch.

"Now, I said to myself, when I came to study this canal problem, if we could cut the Hoosac tunnel so accurately as that, we could easily tunnel the San Blas mountain, although we might have to cut the tunnel a hundred feet wide and a hundred and fifty feet high. That, sir, would be a simple question of draughting. But with that mountain tunneled in that way, any ship could pass through, we should have a perfect sea-level canal only 30 miles long, the mountain tunnelling being only five miles, and good natural harbors at either end.

"I suppose that if it had not been for my experience on the isthmus when surveying the Panama railroad, and my work as the engineer in charge of the Hoosac tunnel construction, I never should have thought of the San Blas interoceanic canal route. And I tell you," the great engineer added emphatically (and who dares to deny prophetically?) "that if our government decides upon the Panama or the Nicaraguan route, the day will surely come in the next century when an interoceanic canal will be constructed by private capital via the San Blas route. And whenever that time comes, let the government canal look out for competition."

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died in 1909, was one of the great engineers of the United States. He was associated with some of the most important and difficult engineering undertakings of the time between the early forties and 20 years after the war.

In the latter years of his life, which was much occupied with his pet project of building a ship canal across the Isthmus of Panama along what is called the San Blas route, which lay some miles nearer the South American continent than the Panama canal. He projected his canal from the Gulf of San Blas, on the Atlantic, to Pearl Island harbor, on the Pacific; and he claimed that it could be built at sea level and on a straight line, with no locks, less than 30 miles from ocean to ocean, and not be costly. He was almost heart-broken when it became apparent to him that the government

engineer completely to control a train—to bring it to a stop within the limit of safety.

"I asked him to show me his apparatus. He did so, and I was given authority to test it upon a specially prepared train on the Panhandle between Pittsburg and Steubenville, O. That was the way George Westinghouse's airbrake was introduced.

"About that time—within a few months anyway—there also called upon me an apothecary whose home was in Alexandria, Va. He told me that a railway accident had occurred near Alexandria which caused much damage by reason of the fact that the cars had clashed together and were telescoped, and he added that he had invented an apparatus which would make telescoping impossible.

"It told him to show me this apparatus, and he did. I gave orders that it be adjusted to several cars and then be severely tested. In that way the Janney coupler, perfectly supplementing the air brake, was introduced.

"Yet again, about the same time, J. Edgar Thompson, president of the Pennsylvania, told me that he wanted me to test the new steel rail which was then being first manufactured in England. I decided to put ten miles of those steel rails upon a section of the Panhandle a few miles out of Pittsburg. We gave the rails an exhaustive test, and we decided that with a slight improvement they would make very heavy traffic possible.

"These three features of modern railway equipment—the air brake, the Janney coupler, and the steel rail—which have made heavy and safe traffic upon American railways possible, were all perfected, as I now remember, within a year."

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Odd Railroad Coincidences

Westinghouse Airbrake, Janney Coupler and Steel Rails All Were Introduced in America About the Same Time.

"In my long career as a railway and business man I learned that whatever the emergency might be, however great the opportunity, there always came at the exact moment resources needed to meet the emergency or to grasp the opportunity," said the late James D. Layng, who for many years was associated with prominent railways of the west—the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, the Chicago and Northwestern, and the Big Four—in high official capacity. "I think, however, the most extraordinary demonstration of the truth of what I have just said was that which occurred in or near Pittsburg at the time I was with the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne and Chicago.

"In 1849 I assisted in making the first survey for any railroad west of Pittsburg. So enormously had the railway development of the mid-west been between that time and 1868, the year of the three coincidences I have in mind, that it had become apparent to all railway men that, unless there were some new inventions traffic would be congested, since railway equipment would not be sufficient to meet the demands made upon it.

"We had just been seriously concerned over the swift movement of trains between Pittsburg and Cincinnati—and especially because of an accident due to the inability of a railroad engineer to slow down a heavy freight train—when, one day, there called at my office a young man whom I knew, who said to me that he had an apparatus he had just perfected which would make it possible for a railroad

F. J. KRAUS

Sanitary Plumbing a Specialty

Gas Fitting and Sheet Metal Work

Am now prepared to do Hot Water and Steam Heating Work

All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished on all metal work.

Corner Second and Ash Sts. Phone 184

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FOR COMPLETE

Water Supply and Irrigation Plants

American Pumping Machinery, Machine Oil, Engines, Gasoline Engines, complete Irrigation and Water Supply Plants Designed and Installed. The Highest Grade Goods and Highest Grade Workmanship. Call or write us, or Telephone 44.

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Old Zimmer Opera House

Boarding House

Meals 25c Beds 25c

Board by the Week \$5.00

G. W. REID, Prop. Clean Beds and First Class Meals

Contractor and Builder

Am prepared to do any kind of work in the Building Line. Will take Contract or Day Work. Give me a trial.

W. A. BOYNTON

E. W. CLAYTON

Transfer, Wood and Coal

Heavy Man for Heavy Work

Phones: Office 156; Residence 195

FARMER JONES' SORGHUM MOLASSES—
Just the thing for your hot cakes
SNOW WHITE FLOUR—
The very best on the market

FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Especial attention is called to our line of Toasted Breads, Cheese Sticks, Saratoga Flakes, etc., for picnic lunches. Call and see what we have and settle the question of something for picnic lunch.

PHONE 156

For quick and prompt delivery

Ed Vickers

Reeves County Record

Published Every Friday at Pecos, Texas

Subscription \$1.00 a Year in Advance

HIBDON & LEEMAN
Publishers

Application for entry as second-class matter at the postoffice at Pecos, Texas, pending.

ANENT ELECTION OF TRUSTEES.

On Saturday, April 1st, the voters of this school district will be called upon to select from our citizenship two school trustees. The importance of electing men of good, sound business ability, judgment and integrity—men who have been successful in their own business affairs—may readily be seen when the great task before these gentlemen is thoroughly understood. The best results obtained from such offices that offer no compensation for services rendered must necessarily come from those most directly interested in the work. In addition to the other important duties of these trustees they will have in charge the building of our handsome new school building, contract for which will be let tomorrow.

Three years ago when A. H. Phillips was first elected trustee our school had an enrollment of 165 and one grade which included the entire school. Today it has an enrollment of 373, with much of her territory cut off, and is thoroughly graded, with splendid equipment, and is really in affiliation with the higher schools of the state. Of course the school finances are short and inadequate to run a nine months school, but in the language of the well known breakfast food producer, "There's a reason," and a good one. The present board consisting of J. F. Caroline, A. H. Phillips and Judge J. F. McKenzie, who have donated their time, energy and brainwork to rectify this matter, understand the situation better and know better how to handle this part of the business probably than any other men among us. They are all successful business men, men of executive ability and judgment—men who are conservative, honest, upright and capable of handling the situation. They are congenial and work together.

This work will require the untiring services of just such men as these and it occurs to the Record that to make a change at this stage of the game would be as foolish as "swapping horses in the middle of a stream." No men within the confines of this school district are more capable of handling the construction of the new school building. Under

the management of these trustees the school is the best Pecos has ever had and it is safe to say that if returned to this work they will continue to make it better. They are each directly and personally interested in the upbuilding of the school and have proven their willingness to devote their every energy to the advancement of the cause.

It will be remembered that Joe P. Caroline holds over. A. H. Phillips and J. F. McKenzie have consented to serve on this important mission if it be the wish of the people.

HELPING ONE ANOTHER

The Editor is short on cash, has little he can give, but if you ask for boosting space you hit us where we live. We love you each and everyone, and quite indorse the plan suggested by some others and the Hamlin Herald man:

If Bill Bailey is your neighbor and a good hard working man; if he does his best to live here on an upright, honest plan; if his wife and yours are friendly and his boys play with your boys—don't you think you ought to help him thru the world's turmoil and noise?

If he's fixed it up to serve you with the goods that you require; if his prices are but fair ones and not a penny higher than the prices in the city is it fair to your own town to send your money somewhere else, and keep Bill Bailey down?

The trade that stays with Neighbor Bill is what keeps up your town—pays the taxes, schools and churches, keeps the prices of living down. Think it over, turn it over with a fair, impartial mind and if tempted to trade elsewhere, just put the thought behind. Let us boost the town we live in, thus is our plain duty shown. The big city doesn't need us half as much as does our own. Join the booster aggregation, build the town and help it grow. All we need is cheerful workers who will give us just a show.

Every help you give your neighbor takes a burden off your back, for it helps him to repay in kind when your affairs are slack. Keep your money circulating where it brings the best return (unless you have enough of it to throw away or burn.)

"Helping Brother!" make the slogan throughout all our sunny land. O, there's always something doing for the helpful heart and hand. Why there's nothing half so joyous, half so satisfied and strong, as the man or woman helping weary brothers right along.—Alpine Guide.

Try the Record Job Shop.

Notice—All Masons are especially invited to meet at Masonic Hall Friday evening, 17th, at 7.30 for work.—W. A. Hudson, S. W.

Sheriff's Sale

The State of Texas, County of Reeves
Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain judgment issued out of the honorable district court of Reeves county on the 14th day of December, 1910, by the clerk of said court for the sum of nine hundred twenty-six and 50/100 dollars, with interest thereon from the 14th day of December, 1910, at the rate of 10 per cent per annum and costs of suit, under a judgment in favor of The Pecos Valley Bank in a certain cause in said court No. 718 and styled The Pecos Valley Bank, a partnership firm composed of W. D. Cowan, John Cowan, Sid Cowan, F. W. Johnson, B. R. Stine, J. L. Duncan, J. G. Love and W. H. Browning, Jr., vs. Charles H. Thorpe and J. N. Leven and placed in my hands for service, I, C. Brown, as sheriff of Reeves county, Texas, did on the 22nd day of February, 1911, levy on certain real estate situated in Reeves county, Texas, described as follows, to-wit:

Abstract No. 2738, survey No. 20, block No. C7, public school. Abstract No. 2739, survey No. 21, block No. C7, public school. Abstract No. 2740, survey No. 22, block No. C7, public school, and all situated in Reeves county, Texas, and containing 1920 acres more or less and levied upon as the property of Charles H. Thorpe and J. N. Leven and that on the first Tuesday in April, 1911, the same being the 4th day of said month, at the courthouse door of Reeves county, in the State of Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., by virtue of said levy and said judgment I will sell said above described real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said Charles H. Thorpe and J. N. Leven, and in compliance with the law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding day of sale, in the Record, a newspaper published in Reeves county.

Witness my hand this 27th day of February, 1911. C. BROWN,
Sheriff Reeves county, Texas.
By S. C. Vaughn, Deputy. 16-3t

Sheriff's Sale

The State of Texas, County of Reeves.
Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain judgment issued out of the Honorable J. P. court of precinct number one of Reeves county, on the 16th day of May, 1910, by Max Krauskopf, J. P. of precinct number one of Reeves county, Texas, for the sum of one hundred and ninety-five and 80/100 (\$195.80) dollars with interest thereon from the 16th day of May at the rate of ten per cent per annum and costs of suit, under a judgment in favor of the Pruett Lumber Company in a certain cause in said court No. 628 and styled Pruett Lumber Company vs. Ike Johnson, and placed in my hands for collection, I, C. Brown, as sheriff of Reeves county, Texas, did, on the 27th day of February, 1911, levy on a certain real estate, situated in Reeves county, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: Abstract 2665, survey No. 43, block No. 58, public school land, containing 640 acres more or less, situated in Reeves county, Texas, and situated about nine miles northwest from Toyah, Reeves county, Texas, and levied upon as the property of Ike Johnson, and that on the first Tuesday in April, 1911, the same being the 4th day of said month, at the court house door of Reeves county, in the State of Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., by virtue of said levy and said judgment, I will sell said above described real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said Ike Johnson.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Record, a newspaper published in Reeves county.
Witness my hand, this 27th day of February, 1911. C. BROWN,
16-3t Sheriff of Reeves county, Texas.
By S. C. Vaughan, deputy.

I believe in the stuff I am handing out, in the firm I am working for, and in my ability to get results. I believe that honest stuff can be passed out to honest men by honest methods. I believe in working, not weeping; in boosting, not knocking; and in the pleasure of my job. I believe that a man gets what he goes after, that one deed done today is worth two deeds tomorrow, and that no man is down and out until he has lost faith in himself. I believe in today and the work I am doing, in tomorrow and the work I am going to do, and in the sure reward the future holds. I believe in courtesy, in kindness, in generosity, in good cheer, in friendship, and honest competition. I believe there is something doing, somewhere, for every man ready to do it. I believe I'm ready—right now.
—Eibert Hubbard.

Missionary Society will give a tea at the residence of Mrs. T. J. Sisk Tuesday afternoon at 3 p.m.

PRUETT LUMBER CO.

Always Ready and

"No Trouble to Figure Bills"

AND FURNISH YOU

Lumber as Good

As Ever Came Off a Pine Tree



GOODIES FOR THE GOOD

SWEETS FOR THE SWEET

For either kind of giving we have the best of candies. Candy so wholesome that children can eat all they want, if they can get it, with no fear of after effects. Candy so dainty that no girl on earth could resist a box of it or fail to think better of the giver.

CITY PHARMACY
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J. J. HAYSLIP Writes Fire, Life, Accident, Health, Automobile, Tornado and Windstorm INSURANCE
See the U. S. Health and Accident Policy

W. D. Cowan, Pres.
F. W. Johnson, V. Pres.

J. G. Love, Cashier
W. H. Browning, Asst. Cashier



The Pecos Valley Bank
OF PECOS, TEXAS.

(Unincorporated)

Capital Stock \$110,000.00

McKenzie-Brady Abstract Co. Abstracts Reeves, Loving, Winkler and Pecos Counties

Bargains at Racket Store

Read these prices carefully, reflect, use the gray matter in your cranium; figure the saving to you, and keep in mind that

A DOLLAR SAVED IS A DOLLAR MADE

then come to the Paint and Racket Store and make your purchases

Egg Beaters.....	5c	Ladies Corsets, Best	\$1.00
Better one.....	10c	Another grade.....	.75
Good Dinner Bucket.....	25c	Another grade.....	.50
Good Razor.....	50c	Another grade.....	.35
2-qt. enameled coffee pot.....	35c	Misses Best Corsets.....	1.00
3 1-pint enameled cups.....	25c	Another grade.....	.75
Good Teakettles	60c	Another grade.....	.50
Large Enameled Dish Pan.....	75c	Another grade.....	.35
Good Buggy Whip.....	25c	Ladies & Misses Kid Gloves	
Good Curry Comb.....	10c	\$3.00 grade at.....	2.00
2-qt. enameled milk can.....	40c	2.50 grade at.....	1.50
Large enameled slop pails.....	70c	1.50 grade at.....	1.00
10-qt. galvanized bucket.....	25c	Lace Gloves from 25c up.....	
Coffee strainers.....	5c and 10c	Silk Gloves, good grade.....	.75
Good pair hinges.....	10c	Mens Collars.....	.10
Good Hammer.....	15c	Childrens Bonnets.....	.26
Hammer Handles.....	10c	All Ladies Wool Suits Half Price	
Good dinner plates, set 6.....	60c	All Piece goods, wool, 1-2 price	
Breakfast plates.....	50c	All kinds of Buttons at your own	
Six good glasses.....	25c	price.	

These are only a few of the bargains in store for you. We have what you want and the price is low enough, too.

The Paint and Racket Store

F. W. WILLCOCK, Prop.

FOX TYPEWRITER

The machine that undoubtedly is the most perfect, most durable machine on the market. Being a mechanical expert and typewriter repairer, I have handled every machine made in the U. S. and say that none excel the light-running Fox. Let me demonstrate the Fox to you. Machines repaired and guaranteed

J. J. HAYSLIP, Agent

The South's Greatest Newspaper

The Semi-Weekly Record

FORT WORTH, TEXAS

In addition to subscribing to your home paper, which you cannot well afford to be without, you must have a high-class general newspaper.

As a trustworthy family paper, the Semi-Weekly Fort Worth Record has no superior. It isn't for any limited set of people; it's for every member of the family. If you don't find something of interest in a particular issue—well, the editor looks on that issue as a failure. In addition to printing all the news of the day in concise form, The Record has special features for each member of the family. The remarkable growth of The Record is the best evidence of its merits.

By subscribing through this office you can get the Fort Worth Semi-Weekly Record together with the Reeves County Record, both papers for only \$1.80, or a 6-page wall map will be included for only 15c extra.

Accept this remarkable offer today.

NOTICE TO FARMERS

PECOS COMMERCIAL CLUB

Expects to Arrange For A

Reeves or a Tri-County Fair

This fall and we will award prizes for best specimens of products put on exhibit. If for any reason this fair is not held, the exhibits will be collected in the office of the Commercial Club and prizes awarded just the same to the successful winners, and the same forwarded to different State Fairs to make

Reeves County Exhibit

These prizes will be made attractive and worth winning, and announcement is made of same at this early date so that all farmers may take notice and so prepare their soils as to try to win one or more of the prizes. Premiums will be awarded for the best specimens of Alfalfa, Fruits, Broom Corn, Sugar Beets, Vegetables, Cotton, Milo Maize, Kaffir Corn and all other Products.

Bring us Your Job Work

Church Announcements

METHODIST CHURCH

SUNDAY—9:45 a. m., Sunday School, C. S. McCarver, Supt. 11 a. m., Preaching.

4 p. m., Juvenile Missionary Society (1st Sunday only) Mrs. Ben Randal, Lady Manager. 4:15 p. m., Epworth League, A. J. Curtis, President. 8:00 p. m., Preaching.

TUESDAY—Missionary Society. 1st and 3rd Tuesday's, at 3p. m. Steward's meeting 1st Tuesday at 8:00 p. m.

WEDNESDAY—Prayer Meeting at 8:00.

FRIDAY—Teacher's Training Class at 8:00 p. m.

SATURDAY—Choir Rehearsal at 8 p. m.

Strangers welcomed.

HUBERT M. SMITH, Pastor.

Rev. R. S. Tooley will conduct a revival in Pecos beginning on April 9, under the auspices of the Methodist church. Those who have heard him speak of the worth of the man and the preacher in glowing terms.

H. M. SMITH, Pastor.

CHURCH OF CHRIST.

Bible School at 9:45 a. m. Preaching and Communion at 11 a. m.

Junior C. E. at 4 p. m. Senior C. E. at 6:45 p. m. Preaching at 7:30 p. m.

Prayer Meeting Wednesday. A hearty welcome extended all.

HOMER L. MAGEE, Minister.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

SUNDAY—9 a. m., Sunbeams. 10 a. m., Sunday school. 11 a. m., Preaching.

4:30 p. m., B. Y. P. U. 8:00 p. m., Preaching.

MONDAY—8 p. m. Men's meeting.

WEDNESDAY—8 p. m., Prayer Meeting.

SATURDAY—8 p. m., Choir practice.

Ladies Aid meets twice a month on Monday's at 4 p. m.

Deacons meet twice a month.

J. B. COLE, Pastor.

Citation by Publication

The State of Texas. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Reeves County. Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the heirs of J. D. Shelton, deceased, whose names are unknown, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Reeves County, to be held at the courthouse thereof, in the town of Pecos, on the 4th Monday in April, 1911, being the 24th day of April A. D. 1911, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 16th day of February, 1911, in a cause numbered 745, wherein Mrs. J. D. Shelton is plaintiff and the unknown heirs of J. D. Shelton are defendants, the cause of action being alleged as follows:

Suit for the partition of the following described property, to-wit: Lots Six (6) in Block Seventeen (17) in the town of Pecos, Texas, as shown by the plat of said town, recorded in Book 2, Page 259 of the Deed Records of Reeves County, Texas; also Lots One (1), Two (2), Three (3) and Four (4) all in Block Twenty-nine [29] of the Deed Records of Reeves County, Texas, as shown by the plat of said town, recorded in Book 2, Page 259, of the Deed Records of Reeves County, Texas; also Lots One and Two [1 and 2] in Block Fifteen [15] in the town of Toyah, Reeves County, Texas; also Lots Three (3) in Block Sixteen (16) in said town of Toyah, Reeves County, Texas; it being alleged in plaintiff's petition that plaintiff and said unknown heirs are the sole owners of said property that plaintiff is the owner in fee simple title of an undivided interest in one-half of said property and said unknown heirs the joint owners in fee simple title of the other undivided one-half interest; it being alleged in said petition that said J. D. Shelton, deceased, died on or about the 10th day of Sept., 1910, in Pecos City, Texas, and at the time of said death he and plaintiff were lawful husband and wife, and that said property was the community of said plaintiff and her said deceased husband.

You are further commanded to serve this citation by publishing the same once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in a newspaper published in your county; but if no newspaper is published in said county, then in the nearest county where a newspaper is published.

Herein fail not, but have you before said court, on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, H. N. McKellar, Clerk of the District Court of Reeves County.

Given under my hand and the seal of said court, in the town of Pecos, this 16th day of Feb., A. D. 1911.

SEAL H. N. MCKELLAR, Clerk of District Court of Reeves County, Texas.

Issued this the 16th day Feb., A. D. 1911.

H. N. MCKELLAR, Clerk of District Court, Reeves County, Texas. 2-17-47

Bert Oakman of Little Rock, Deputy Head Consul M. W. of A., is in Pecos in the interest of that order.

See those boys spring suits at the W. T. Read Merc. Co's.

When in Mineral Wells, Texas, stop at the Panhandle House. First-class accommodations. Baking of the best, severed house style. Centrally located. Rates reasonable. Address 3-14 Ida S. Darter, Prop.

Will Larne, after an absence of some months, is visiting friends in the city.

Don't fail to go early and see the spring suits for men at W. T. Read Merc. Co's.

Say boys, how does those new Oxfords look to you? Some class to them.—W. T. Read Merc. Co.

TWO GOOD PAPERS

Subscribe to your home paper first, then take the El Paso Herald. All the Texas news, the southwest and the world at large is published day by day in the El Paso Herald. The Herald is the constant advocate of Texas interest, while the Reeves County Record keeps you in the closest intimacy with all the conditions of Pecos and the Pecos Country.

The Pecos Dairy

Sweet Milk 40c, Butter Milk 20 Whipped Cream 50c a quart Table Cream 40c a quart Butter, the very best, 35c lb. Eggs that are fresh at 25c doz.

Mansfield Bros.

Phone 74 Deliver.d Twice Daily

When You Think of

Lumber

Think of Groves Lumber Company

We Carry the Goods and Make the Price

Groves Lumber Co.

Pecos, Balmorhea, Carlsbad, Loving and Malaga

RALSTON

Shoes are Comfortable

because the anatomical last makes them fit the foot perfectly, in all positions.

Wear a pair and prove it. The style of the Ralston is seen at a glance.



Style No. 176. Sterling Pat. Colt. 'O-hio' Last.

\$4

Come and look over the Spring and Summer Styles.

W. T. READ MERCANTILE CO.

SETH LEWIS

Keeps Nothing But

Fed Beef, Country Pork and Chicken

Phone Early

Telephone 12

IN THE PUBLIC EYE

NEW MINISTER TO PORTUGAL



Henry Sherman Boutell, who has represented the Ninth district of Illinois in the national congress for the past 13 years, but who failed of re-nomination last year, has been nominated by President Taft as minister plenipotentiary to the new republic of Portugal, at an annual salary of \$10,000. He succeeds Henry T. Gage of Los Angeles, Cal., who recently resigned the mission because of ill health and to look after his private interests in southern California.

Mr. Gage was appointed minister to Portugal in December, 1909, and was in charge of the legation at Lisbon when the monarchy of King Manuel was overthrown and the republic of Portugal proclaimed in May, 1910. He returned to the United States soon after that event, and never has been personally accredited to Dr. Braga, provisional president of Portugal.

Since then the affairs of the American legation at Lisbon have been conducted by Mr. Lorillard, secretary of the legation.

At the state department it is declared that the appointment of Mr. Boutell to the Portuguese mission involves no change in the status of the diplomatic representative of this government at Lisbon, and makes no change in the diplomatic relations between the United States and the new republic.

MAYOR IS OUSTED BY WOMEN



The women of Seattle, Wash., exercising their political power for the first time, recently ousted from office Mayor Hiram C. Gill and elected as his successor George W. Dilling. While the women did not accomplish this work alone, they were in a large measure instrumental in bringing it about, so much so that the result would have been different had they not voted. Gill was elected mayor of Seattle a year ago by a majority of 3,300. Women were then denied the right of suffrage, but in November were clothed with that power. Almost from the start Gill's administration came in for sharp criticism.

As soon as the woman suffrage amendment to the constitution was adopted last November the movement to "recall" Gill under a provision of the city charter and elect a successor to serve the unexpired term took form and the women entered into the campaign with enthusiasm.

The campaign was a bitter one. Half the women of Seattle who were enfranchised in November qualified as voters by enrolling their names and to them is due the fact that in the recent election the majority of 3,300 given to Gill a year before was reversed and his opponent, George W. Dilling, was elected by a plurality of 6,231. The number of women registered exceeded 50,000.

NEGRO NAMED FOR HIGH POST



One of the leading negroes of the country is William Henry Lewis of Boston, who was nominated by President Taft to be assistant attorney general of the United States. From obscurity and from the lowly conditions of a slave he has thus risen to his present position of trust and responsibility. He was born of slave parents in Berkeley, Va., in 1863, while the Civil war was raging in all its fierce intensity. At the age of 23 he went to New England and entered Amherst college, where he made rapid progress in his studies and became captain of the football team. He was the class orator at commencement, and won two of the main prizes of the college. He then entered Harvard, where he upheld his record of proficiency in his studies and developed into an athlete. For two years he played center in the football team and was later one of the coaches. On being admitted to the bar he began the practice of his profession in Washington and during the administration of President Roosevelt was appointed assistant district attorney.

SILENT MAN OF THE SENATE



The silent man of the United States senate is Winthrop Murray Crane of Massachusetts. Mr. Kean, Mr. Penrose and Mr. Wetmore could not be called babblers, but they are noisy and disorderly compared to Crane, and their economy of speech becomes wasteful prodigality measured by his standard of conservation. Crane would prefer to talk with his hands if he could make himself understood that way. The Massachusetts senator hates any kind of a racket. One could not imagine him banging a door, wearing squeaky shoes or summoning a page by clapping his hands. No sound heralds his approach as he comes down the senate corridor. He does not walk, he glides about. When not gliding he is sliding, and when not sliding he is fitting. The only thing disturbed when Crane comes into the senate or goes out is the atmosphere—he makes a slight draft.

That is all. It is not seriously believed that Mr. Crane can walk through a door without opening it, and yet the faculty he has of appearing suddenly, noiselessly and unexpectedly in places where there has been no sign of him an instant before, almost invites the conviction that he is more an apparition than a man and a senator.

READY FOR SPRING

To all the People in the Surrounding Country

At your convenience we are ready to serve you.

Our preparations for the approaching season have been on a more elaborate scale than ever before.

Magnificent stocks have been assembled.

Many new lines have been added.

Our facilities for handling business have been increased.

Delivery service has been improved.

There seems from our point of view nothing left undone that would contribute to the interests of the people generally.

Advantages to be Gained

These are many. Deliveries are quicker. Smaller stocks may be carried. Purchases of goods only as needed may be made.

Why We Can Serve You Best

We have the goods—as comprehensive in their range of styles and qualities as may be found anywhere, adaptability to this State and section considered. We make the prices—buying of the same original sources of supply as other progressive houses, freighting by water to Galveston, saving every item of freightage possible.

Testing the Matter

Put us to the test—the approaching season will offer a most favorable opportunity. Come and inspect carefully and critically our various lines and learn at first hand the many advantages offered by us.

WORKING FIVE ACRES FLOW OF IRRIGATION WATER

Fruit Growing Is Practical Way to Make Money.

Planting and Cultivation of Young and Small Orchard Is Simple Matter and Not Expensive—Work Should Be Carefully Done.

In our fine western climate out-of-doors work is both healthful and practical for women to a degree not understood by those of the middle states. The sunny days and the dry ground eliminate the unpleasant elements of out-door work and open to women many avenues of profitable livelihood not available to them in the wet, muddy conditions of the states where the rain falls so many days of the year, writes Mr. Parker Earle, in the Denver Field and Farm.

My association of many years with business women of cities, and the knowledge gained of the grind of their confined lives in office and schoolroom has left an impression on my mind not easily gotten rid of during my practical orchard experiences of the past five years. The important question is: Why do not more women raise fruit for a living here where conditions are favorable? Application of the same business principles, which means success in other lines, means greater success, with less nerve-wearing conditions, in fruit growing.

The care of a small orchard, the harvesting, packing and marketing of the fruit does not require all of one's time and energy for every day of every month of the year. Some months are left for leisurely enjoyment and study for bettering conditions for the years to come. Fruit growing should be and is a practical way for women to make money. For instance, there is a home market in every town for strawberries. A small patch will yield a woman a modest living if she will investigate soil and varieties and grow, pick and market her berries with the same care and intelligence she must give to any interest to make it succeed.

An acre of strawberries, well grown and cared for, yields from 3,000 to 5,000 quarts, according to variety, which should net ten cents a quart. This crop is harvested and over in about a month and the season can be prolonged by raising raspberries or other small fruits on other pieces of ground. However, a more permanent business and one that in the end demands less labor, is the growing of tree fruits—apples, peaches, pears, cherries, plums and prunes. For women, the small orchard of five acres has many advantages over larger ventures, depending upon the kind of trees selected for planting an orchard. The number of trees on five acres will run from 500 to 1,000 or possibly 1,500.

The planting and cultivation of a young orchard of five acres is a simple matter and not expensive, although the work should be very carefully done. The heavier labor of cultivation and irrigation would call for the occasional services of a man and a team while the supervision and pruning of young trees can well be done by the owner herself.

As for the business management of the harvest and the marketing of the crop, the bright woman who has grown the orchard is just as capable as any neighboring orchard owner. And what can be expected from so little as five acres? Very little, certainly, for the first two, three or four years, and yet certain cherries, peaches, plums and dwarf pear trees begin then to yield small crops, fully as much fruit as they should bear. And from this time on one safely may expect increasing annual crops and that standard trees, pear and apple, shall be in full bearing in from five to eight years.

Care of Milker and Utensils.

Special care should be taken in regard to the condition of those who do the milking or have anything to do with handling the milk. Special clothing is advised to be worn during the milking. That the worker should carefully wash his hands before entering upon the duty of milking is taken as a matter of course. The milk vessels should be thoroughly scrubbed with hot water containing soda, and should then be scalded in boiling water, and without rinsing in cold water, should be turned upside down and allowed to stand in the air until needed for use, and in no case should they be wiped with a rag after scalding.

Must Keep Roads in Order.

Uncle Sam has given fair warning that he will not allow his carriers to deliver mail along routes where the roads are not kept in good order. The King road drag and the tile solves the problem every time.

Sows in Clover.

The brood sows will eat a lot of slover or alfalfa hay and be all the better for it.

Question as to Amount of Water Required to Irrigate Sixty Acres in Oregon Is Answered.

"Given four second feet of water for three days, 72 hours irrigates 60 acres of land. How many inches of water would it require per acre continuous flow for 15 days to furnish the four second feet for the three days, giving a period of 12 days between irrigations? Oregon has taken control of the waters of the state and in adjudicating the water rights it has asked us, the original appropriators, how much water we require. A corporation has contested our claims and their expert claims that three-eighths of an inch of water, continuous flow, is the solution to the above problem. We are skeptical."

The above question is answered by F. H. King in the Rural New Yorker in the following statement:

Four second feet of water for 72 hours, applied to 60 acres of land would cover it to a depth of 4.76 inches, and is equal to 1,036,800 cubic feet. We do not know the value of a legal inch of water for Oregon. For California one inch of water is defined as equal to one-fiftieth of a second foot. Court decision sets it at one-fortieth of a second foot for Arizona. Colorado specifies 38.4 miner's inches in one second foot. If the inch is taken at one-fortieth of a second foot it would require four times 40 or 160 inches, flowing continuously three days, or 72 hours, to equal four second feet continuous flow for 72 hours. Three-eighths of a miner's inch flowing continuously 15 days is only 9,720 cubic feet, or .044 inch of rainfall on 60 acres, at the California value, and but 12,150 cubic feet or .055 inch of rainfall on 60 acres at the Arizona value. If applied to one acre instead of to 60 acres the depth of water, expressed as rainfall, would be 60 times the values just given, or 2.67 inches, where the California inch is the standard, and 3.34 inches if the Arizona value of the inch is taken. In other words, three-eighths of a miner's inch continuous flow for 15 days is equivalent to 2.67 inches to 3.34 inches of rainfall on one acre; where the values of the inch are those stated. If three-eighths of a miner's inch flowing continuously 15 days gives to one acre the equivalent of 2.67 to 3.34 inches of rainfall, to apply the same amount to the acre in three days, continuous flow, would require five times three-eighths inch of water, or one and seven-eighths.

Treatment for Sore Eyes.

This trouble came on following a long drive, with no apparent cause, says the Veterinarian. They have been sore for ten days, and now there is a white scum over the eyeball. This may be a severe case of pink eye, but more likely is what is commonly called "moon blindness." If the eyelids are swollen and also the legs, with evidence of fever and perhaps sore throat, it is pink eye. On the other hand, if only the eyeballs are affected it is moon blindness. In either case, the eyes should be bathed two or three times a day with warm water, and a few drops of solution of boric acid, one dram to three ounces of clean boiled water put into the eye. Do not allow bright light to strike the eyes, but neither have the stall absolutely dark. If the legs are swollen, bathe two or three times a day with hot water, rub dry and bandage. Give in feed twice a day a heaping teaspoonful of saltpeter for five days at a time.

DAIRY NOTES.

The growth of the dairy business has been phenomenal in the last few years.

Milk is most conveniently pasteurized in the bottles in which it is delivered.

Considerable of the dirt that enters the milk during milking time comes from the cows.

The clothing and the hands of the milker must be kept clean.

Bacteria cause rosy milk and are usually found in the milk utensils and not in the cow's udder.

Uncleanliness in the milk is a very serious obstacle to the making of either good butter or good cheese.

Dairying takes a little more care than is necessary in beef production perhaps, but really the labor is no greater.

Germs are everywhere and it is impossible under practical farm conditions to keep them entirely out of the milk.

Uncleanliness counts more in handling milk than it probably does in any other product, whether of farm or factory.

Get a dairy sire of proved merit, and then keep him as long as you can. This will make for uniformity in your dairy herd.

When the milking is done in stables, millions of bacteria often enter the milk every minute during the time it is exposed.

An authority once remarked that at a hundred points constant care is required in milking if the milk is to be kept uncontaminated.

Company
HOUSE OF OPPORTUNITIES

I'D RATHER BE A PRINTER

By W. ALLEN HELLER.

I'd rather be a printer,
With ink spots in my hair,
Than to be a wealthy miser
With money everywhere.

I'd rather be an editor,
And sit up late at night
Writing up a story
For the paper Friday night

Than to be a dazzling lawyer,
Whose thoughts must needs
run high,
For 'tis he who saves the criminal
From being doomed to die.

I'd rather be a printer,
And a stickin' type all day,
Than to be a happy farmer
In the field a pitchin' hay.

I'd rather be a printer
And a mover of the press,
Than to be a pious preacher
With a thousand souls to bless.

I'd rather be an editor
And spread the news abroad
Of a crooked politician
Whose wealth was gained by
fraud.

Yes, I'd rather be a printer
And an editor, by Joe,
Than to be an ugly rascal
With my pockets full of dough.

Masons Confer Degree

On Saturday night Masons at the hall in this city conferred the Council Degree on six candidates. The following were among those present from a distance: Deputy Grand High Priest Judge Bryan of Midland, J. H. Knowles Com. on Masonic work, of Midland, Dr. Curtis and four others of Midland, also three companions from Ft. Stockton, six from Barstow and others from different points were present and took part in the exercises, after which a banquet was given, which was very much enjoyed.

That genial, jolly deep well digger J. D. McAdams, with his estimable family, are spending the week in Pecos. He has been operating in Pecos county for some time. The little son, four or five years old, has learned to whistle, and is a little gentleman of the true American type. He is as full of business as his father when he puts his feet under the table but like his father he does not put in his full time eating. Mac entertained the dinner party with stories which were well received but when the little gentleman showed a desire to use his whistle the father remonstrated with the son, saying in an undertone something about "too long in the cactus," etc. Mac, be "asy" on the whistle—no use including the boy, for it's easy to surmise you'll do that—for he's a "chip from the old block" and has got to do something.

Maurice Eric, the little son of E. J. Moyer, died at the family residence Tuesday and the body was laid to rest in the city of the dead beside that of his sainted mother in this city Wednesday. The funeral services, conducted by Rev. Smith, were held at the residence. He was afflicted with that terrible malady which took his mother a few years ago, tuberculosis. Another instance God has silently claimed His own. The bereaved have the sympathy and prayers of Pecos' best citizenship.

Charley Thomason of Hot Springs, is here visiting his aunt, Mrs. C. F. Thomason, and hopes by the change to regain his health.

Watch Pecos Grow

Warrants are being prepared now to furnish funds for the erection of the jail and the construction of the vault and addition to the courthouse. Judge Leavell informs the Record that these warrants will be ready within the next ten days and that actual construction work will be begun within sixty days. Warrants to the amount of \$15,000 will be issued for this improvement.

It is safe to say that within the next sixty days work will begin on the new T. & P. depot also. This building will cost between \$10,000 and \$15,000 and will be a handsome, modern structure.

With these and the new school building, work on all of them to commence within sixty days, there will be plenty of work for every man in Pecos and then some more.

There are now several additions to residences being made and the noise of the saw and hammer is now actually making music in the air.

A. N. Edwards, president of the Commonwealth Trust Co. of St. Louis, and Mr. Nelson, president of the Missouri State Life Insurance Co., also of St. Louis, were visitors in Pecos this week. The gentlemen represent the controlling interest in the Barstow Irrigation Company.

M. A. Weinberg, representing the El Paso Herald, circulation department, made a pleasant visit at the Record office this morning.

Miss James, who is holding down four sections about sixteen miles south of Toyah, was called to Carlsbad, N. M., Saturday to attend her mother who is reported seriously ill. The Record acknowledges a pleasant visit from this estimable young lady who is proving her worth in actually living on her four-sections.

Dr. B. H. Bennett has purchased the A. J. Curtis ice cream plant and together with his own well equipped plant will make one of the best in this part of the state. He is now prepared to fill all orders for ice cream in any quantity desired.

M. M. Leeman was in from his Loving county ranch Wednesday and reports everything in his country in a prosperous condition. Grass is growing, stock are mending and the people prosperous and happy. Only a light rain fell there Tuesday night.

A telegram from F. L. Vandergriff, head advertising man of the Santa Fe railway system, who is now at Deming, N. M., states that he will be in Pecos tomorrow for the purpose of getting data for a general write-up of this country.

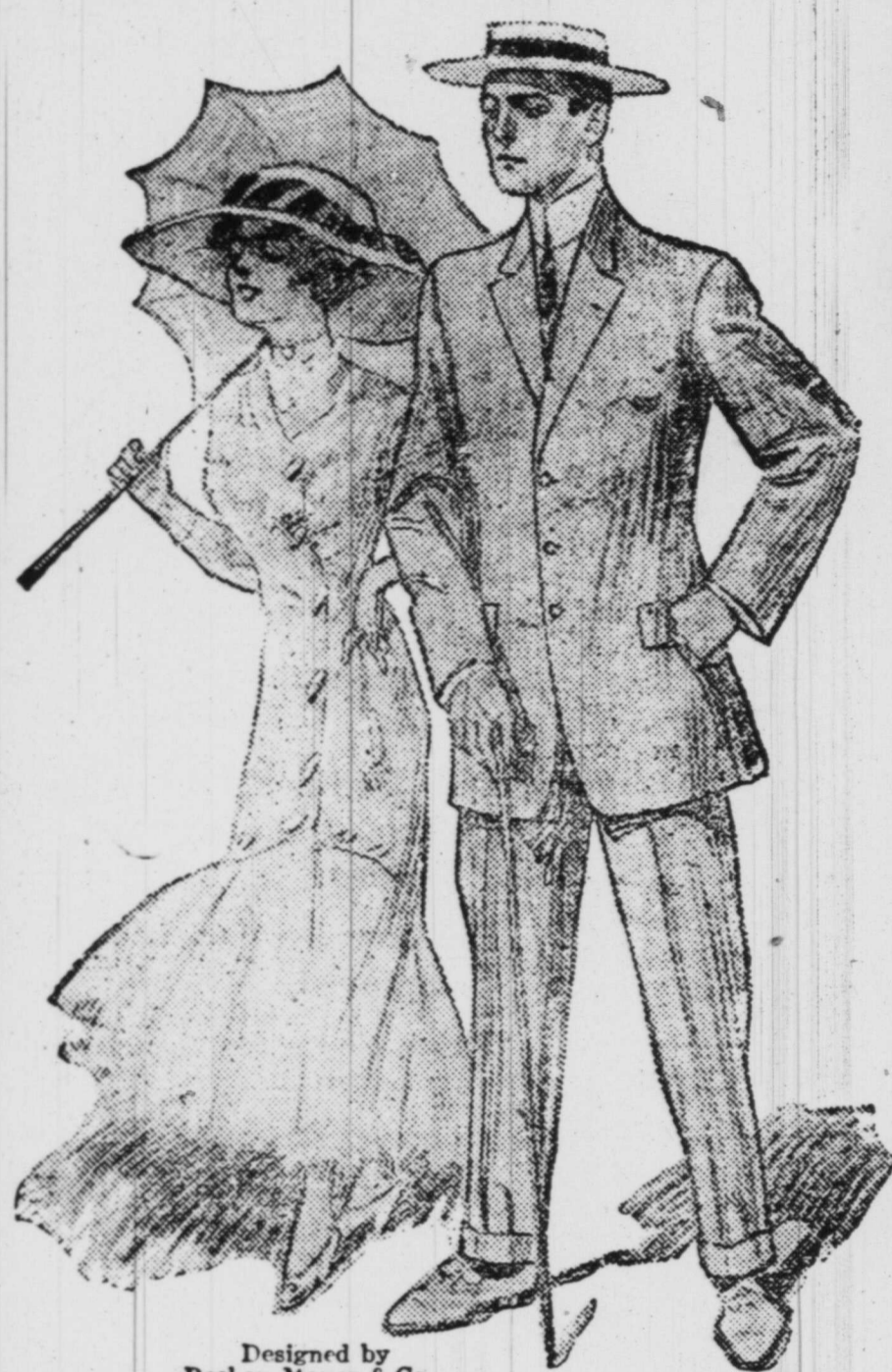
J. C. McClure, a photographer who at one time lived in Pecos but who has resided at Mineral Wells for the last six or eight years, was killed at the latter place last week by a horse falling on him.

Mrs. I. E. Brown has been installed as bookkeeper at the Brown & Martin garage, which was necessitated by the large amount of business handled by this prompt and popular firm. Brown & Martin know their business and have the auto business in Pecos "grabbed."

E. R. Patterson and L. W. Booton both merchants of Balmorhea, were in Pecos on business Monday.

J. J. Hayslip has secured a position in the hardware department of the Pecos Mercantile.

It's Your Duty to See the New Spring Styles, and Our Pleasure to Show Them to You.



Designed by
Becker, Mayer & Co.
Chicago

Our Spring Line of New Dry Goods

Is brimful of new, crisp styles, elaborate in range of pattern and color.

They are such attractive patterns and styles that they are surely going to sell fast, so you had better come and see them now.

We are showing the newest Dress Goods, Silks, Wash Goods, Ready-to-wear Apparel, etc.

We Need
You--You
Need Us

PECOS DRY GOODS CO.

The
Best Ser-
vice House

CALENDARS CALENDARS

If you contemplate using Calendars for advertising purposes during 1912, don't place your order until you have inspected the line now on display at the Record office, and get our prices.

Having just as nobby a line as that carried by any traveling salesman, and at less cost to us, there is no reason why you should not favor us with this 1912 order

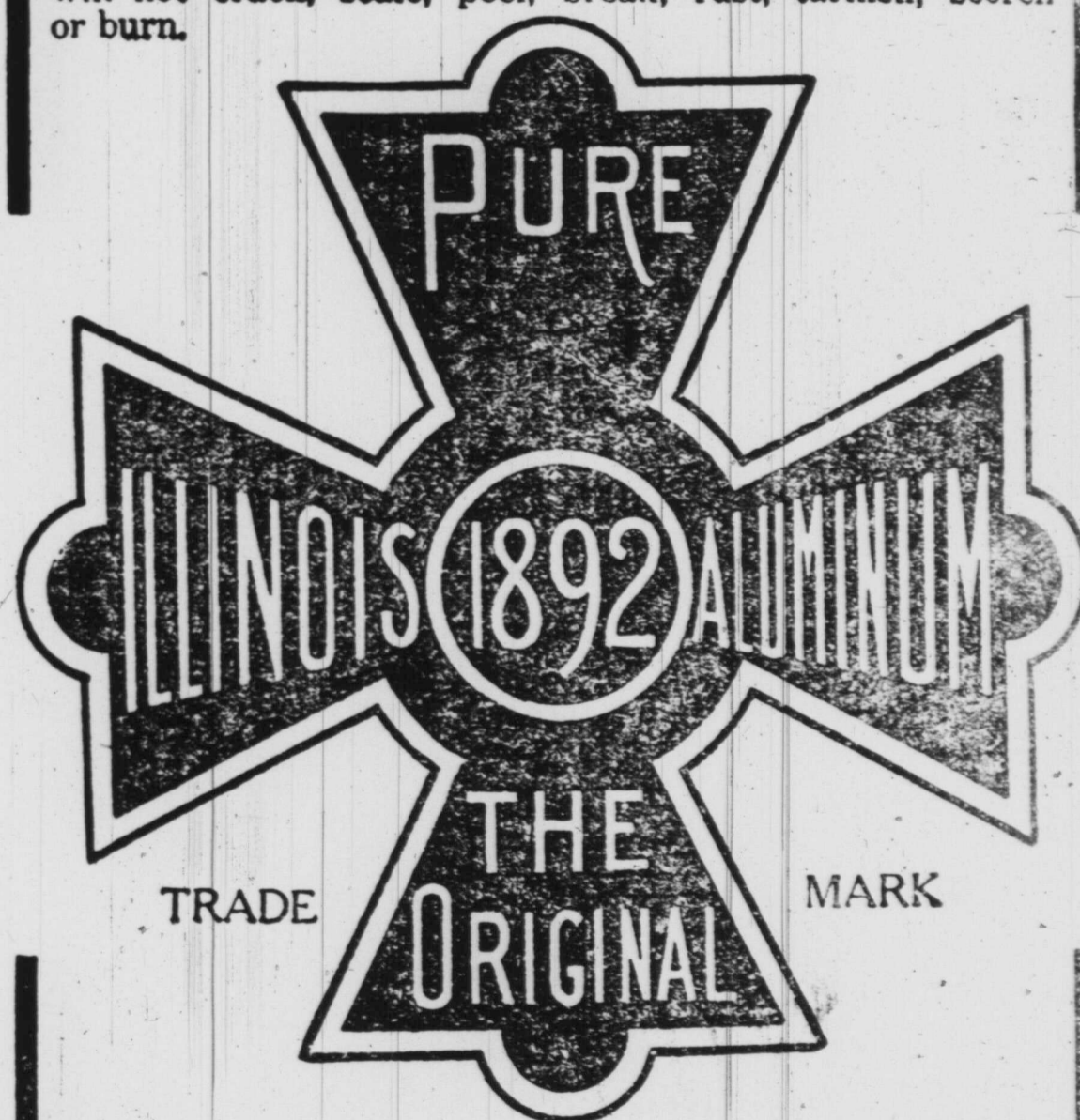
The band concert at the Music Hall Friday night was well attended and netted the boys something like \$40 clear of expenses. Those who attended were entertained and well pleased.

HOUSEWIVES

Do you want to know about a wonderful new time, health and money-saving kitchen convenience?

Then you should see the complete line of "1892" Pure Spun Aluminum Cooking Utensils now on exhibition at your dealers.

This ware is guaranteed by the makers for 25 years. It is absolutely pure, wholesome and thoroughly hygienic, will not crack, scale, peel, break, rust, tarnish, scorch or burn.



It is light weight, easy to handle and easy to clean; makes kitchen work a delight instead of drudgery; saves your money, time, fuel; protects your health against metal poisoning and serious troubles resulting from chipping of small particles into the food, which is one of the dangers from the use of the old style enameled wares.

You buy patent carpet sweepers, egg-beaters, dish-washers, clothes-wringers and many other time and labor saving conveniences, but there is nothing that will prove a greater practical household blessing than the "1892" Pure Spun Aluminum Ware.

Lose no time in seeing for yourself what it will do. Your money back if this ware fails to do what is claimed for it.

Zimmer Hwd. & Imp. Co.

For Sale

Mustard Greens, Lettuce and Sweet Milk. Phone 81.

J. H. WILHITE.