

THE PECOS TIMES.

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PECOS, TEXAS, FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1914.

\$1.00 PER YEAR

COMMITTS SUICIDE BY DROWNING

af Oleson, of Swedish descent, 39 years old, committed suicide Friday morning by drowning himself in a pond of water known as the Saragosa Spring. Wednesday of last week some of his neighbors in passing this man's place heard an unusual noise in the house. They went in and found him to be in a demented condition. They summoned a physician and they give him some medicine. It appeared to be at himself and the next morning he was seen going in the direction of this pond of water and up to noon he had not returned home. In the afternoon at 3 o'clock Messrs. Will Rhea, R. E. and Gould went down the bank in search of him and about a mile below Oleson's house they came to this spring and found his hat and his gun lying near the edge of the pond. They began to drag the hole until about 5 o'clock that evening they found the body. That evening Mr. E. L. Collings of Pecos City was called for and he went out to the Oleson home and examined the body. This man had no family. A brother in Chicago was wired, but he could not come. The remains were interred in the Saragosa cemetery Sunday.

On Sightseeing Trip.

P. Holland Jr., E. H. Kemp and O. C. Payne, of Farm and Home and Holland's Magazine, and one Murray, manager of the Fire Company of Texas, reached Pecos Wednesday afternoon in automobile tour of West Texas, Plains and a part of New Mexico. The party left Dallas August 21 and turned north across the Plains to Amarillo; from Amarillo they went to Roswell and came down the Pecos valley via Carlisle to Pecos.

The object of their tour is to study general business conditions, with special reference to farming, ranching, get better acquainted with the sections traversed and gather data and photographs for use in the two publications represented. They report a most enjoyable tour, marred but little by bad roads. The 1500 miles traversed notwithstanding more than 100 miles of road have been in serious difficulty. The worst was between this point and Carlisle due largely to light travel and numerous small washes that made the road rough. Everywhere in the West they found great crops and the soil is the finest in years. They also, too, a feeling of optimism and optimism that explains the condition of the West in the face of several years of drouth.

Sold His Jennetts.

L. L. (Sunshine Jack Farm) Johnson was a Pecos visitor yesterday and made the Times office a pleasant call and informed us that he had sold his entire herd, 43 head of jennetts, also 3 fine jacks, to D. Olds of Angeles, and that he received them yesterday. The price for the bunch was \$9,250. Mr. Olds has taken them up to a ranch near Angeles, where he will keep them. Mr. Johnson has purchased a block of 32 lots in the Clarke addition and will soon commence construction of a nice residence on one of them in the near future. He says he feels sure that he is deserving of a rest from his hard labors of past years and will soon take a well needed rest, and in the future will only deal in jacks.

We are glad that Mr. Johnson and his estimable family have decided to locate among us and they receive a most hearty welcome.

Help the firemen with their entertainment fund by going to the fair grounds Monday night, Aug. 30, the day before the big fair opens.

Subscribe for the Times and get 10 votes in the Pony Contest.

SHOULD INCLUDE STATE BANKS

Austin, Aug. 19.—Gov. Colquitt and Commissioner of Insurance and Banking Collier today took action in the nature of a protest against the action of the secretary of the treasury at Washington in ruling that state banks were not eligible to membership in the national currency association.

There officials today wired the Texas delegation, Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, Carter Glass, chairman of the currency association, Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia, and Congressman Oscar Underwood on the subject. This is the text of the message: "We are advised that secretary of treasury has ruled that state banks and trust companies cannot at this time join the national currency association organized under the Aldridge-Vreeland act. This is great injustice to our state banks and we urgently request that immediate steps be taken by legislative enactment if necessary, in order that state banks may be rendered eligible for membership in such association; also think and urgently request an amendment to the original bill authorizing and permitting that at least 75 per cent of emergency currency issued be based on commercial paper, instead of 30 per cent as at present. Texas banks hold practically no bonds, hence if they are limited on 30 per cent of total emergency currency they may issue with commercial paper as a basis the relief will not be adequate to the present necessities for moving cotton."

Bonded Warehouses.

Austin, Aug. 19.—Attorney General Looney is to be requested to prepare a bill which will at least form a basis of an act for the consideration of the legislature on the question of pointed out that there is now no law the sole subject submitted by the governor in his call for the extra session.

It is now proposed to pass a law which will provide a system of bonded and public warehouses in the state which will be under the direct supervision of the state, a law which will authorize cities and towns to issue bonds for the establishment of public bonded warehouses where the farmers may store their cotton and obtain receipts which will be negotiable. It is pointed out that there is now no law which gives cities and towns such authority. The law which appears to be in contemplation is one that will provide for a uniform weighing and grading system of cotton and other agricultural products. In order to relieve the present emergency warehouses which may become available at a moment's notice.

Clean Up Pecos.

Marshal Kiser has a gang of men at work trimming up the shade trees on the streets and will also, as far as possible, do all he can to have the streets and alleys in good shape.

Now it is up to us citizens to help in this cause by cleaning up around our premises and putting everything in fine shape to show the visitors a nice clean little city. Let's all get busy and DO, and not fail in any way.

Foundation Being Built.

The foundation for the large standpipe for the waterworks system is being put in by the "cement man" H. C. Roberson, which insures a first class job. The tank or standpipe will be 100 feet from the ground and will hold 100,000 gallons.

Join the Bunch.

"It is better to be a 'hot air' booster than a 'cold blast' knocker. "In this good old town of Pecos it isn't necessary to resort to hot air—the plain facts tell a story which every citizen should be proud to relate—so boost at all times."—Br. cat.

Monday night, Aug. 30, the night before the Reeves County Fair opens, is Firemen's night at the fair grounds. De Kreko brothers and the firemen will get a percentage of all receipts. Kum.

Shooting, Scrapping and Cutting Scrapes

W. L. Jackson Killed.

Monday forenoon about 9 or 10 o'clock word reached Pecos that the Pandhandle and Santa Fe trains was bringing in two men, Messrs. A. F. Gibbs and W. L. Jackson of Mont Clair, who had been in a shooting scrape and both were badly wounded. As we were informed the things happened about as follows: Jackson had made a proposition to Gibbs to give him one-third of the crop being raised on his (Jackson's) land, if he (Gibbs) would finish caring for and gather in the crop when ripe. Mr. Jackson in company with Mrs. Jackson drove down to the field in a wagon where Gibbs was working. A short distance from where Gibbs was working Jackson shot and killed a rattlesnake. When they drove up Gibbs asked Jackson what he shot at him for and Jackson said he did not shoot at him, for he had nothing to shoot him for. Gibbs said that he did shoot at him and that he better get his gun and go to shooting, and then Gibbs opened fire at Jackson, who was still in the wagon. Jackson jumped off the wagon and grabbed his gun, which was in back of the seat, and fired a load of buckshot, two of which entered Gibbs' body and he fell.

As Gibbs fell, his son, A. F. Gibbs Jr., who is about 12 years of age, who was in the cane or maize and unseen by Jackson, opened fire on him with a gun and shot Jackson in the back, using a smaller gun than his father had.

The ball entered the back a little below the right shoulder and was cut out from the opposite side, only in front, but the attending physicians could not save him and he passed away Tuesday evening.

Another version is in part: that it dates back to the sale of Gibbs of lots and land at Mont Clair, and that Gibbs and his son saw Jackson coming and the father told the boy to go over to the field and hide for he was sure that Jackson had come to kill him and if the boy was there would probably kill him also, so he went over to the field. Jackson was out of the buggy or wagon and fired the first shot and after Gibbs fell, took a rest with his gun on the fence and fired the shot that killed Jackson.

Gibbs and his son A. F. had only been out here about three months, coming from Electra to this place. Mr. Gibbs and son Henry arrived Tuesday from Houston and are with Mr. Gibbs, who is being cared for at the residence of M. Gomez.

The above is as we have been told as to the occurrence which happened just across the state line in New Mexico. Sheriff Stewart came down Tuesday and took the boy, A. F. Gibbs Jr., to Carlisle and is holding him to await the session of the grand jury or a preliminary examination.

As we go to press, report indicates that Mr. Gibbs has a chance for recovery.

Santa Rosa Carving.

Tuesday morning about 10 o'clock Marshal Kiser and others were called to Santa Rosa, where a bunch of Mexicans were scrapping and carving one another up.

Those in the melee were Prefidential Flores and two sons, Felix and Octiannio and Jose Martinez.

The first and last named were somewhat slashed up, Martinez having the worst of it and at first it was doubtful of his recovery.

The whole bunch were arrested and jailed. Wednesday the examination trial was to be held before Judge Krauskopf, but on account of important witnesses being unable to attend, it was postponed for two weeks.

Deputy Kills Mexican.

Tuesday morning, the 18th inst., Deputy Sheriff S. C. Vaughan and County Attorney J. A. Drane were called to Balmorhea, where a Mexican had been killed.

J. K. Webb, deputy sheriff, had been ordered by Judge Meier to arrest a strange Mexican named Burro to another Mexican, the latter having found out the animal

had been stolen and made Rodriguez refund.

Mr. Webb deputized D. L. McCarter to go with him as Rodriguez was a stranger, and it proved a very wise precaution. They found Rodriguez and another Mexican together and attempted to arrest the former. He kept saying as he slowly advanced toward Webb, who had drawn his gun, and ordered Rodriguez to stop. "Me no stop; me no go with you," when suddenly he ducked and went under Webb's arms and grappled with him, and during the scuffle Webb's gun was discharged.

Mr. McCarter thinking the Mexican had the gun and was getting the best of it, shot the Mexican, killing him almost instantly.

It is thought that had he not done so, having taken advantage of Mr. Webb's leniency in not using his gun before he got so close to him, that Rodriguez might have secured the gun and killed one if not both of the officers. The other Mexican made no resistance whatever.

Mr. McCarter was taken before Judge Meier for a preliminary examination, being bound over to the grand jury on a bond for \$500. Dozens of Balmorhea's best citizens were ready and wanted to sign his bond, and he is complimented for doing his duty.

Negro Scrappers.

There has been considerable excitement in and near Pecos during the present week, having commenced Sunday evening when N. W. White and Will White, colored, and others were having a scrap down in the eastern part of town. Deputy Sheriff John Heard went down and found them scrapping Monday they paid into the treasury about \$14 apiece for their little set-to.

W. L. Jackson Dead.

W. L. Jackson, who was wounded Monday at Mont Clair and brought to Pecos for treatment, passed away Tuesday evening at the Savoy hotel.

He leaves a wife, two sons W. E. and R. L. and a daughter, Mrs. Chas. P. Smith of Jewett, to mourn his untimely death.

The remains were prepared for shipment by W. A. Collins of the Pecos Mercantile undertaking department and shipped to El Paso Wednesday, where they were interred Thursday in Evergreen cemetery, the Woodmen of the World lodge of El Paso of which he formerly was a member, conducting their beautiful funeral services at the grave.

Mr. Jackson was born in Murray county, Tennessee, in June, 1852, being therefore a little over 62 years of age. He was married to Miss Sarah M. Wood 35 years ago, and three children, all of whom were at the burial, were born to them. They had been living in El Paso for several years before they moved to Mont Clair in March about four years ago.

They have made many friends during their stay in Reeves county and all join in extending sympathy to the bereaved relatives.

W. E. Jackson, who is a lieutenant of the Maesa fire department in El Paso, arrived in Pecos Wednesday morning too late to see his father alive, and took charge of and made arrangements for the shipping of the remains to El Paso for burial. The Times acknowledges a pleasant call from Mr. Jackson.

Card of Thanks.

We desire, through the columns of the Times, to extend our heartfelt thanks to the many kind people of Pecos, who are nearly all strangers to us, and especially to the Woodmen of the World, who assisted us in many ways during our recent loss, the death of our husband and father.

Mrs. W. R. Jackson, W. E. and R. L. Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Smith. Bids the bobby horse at the fair grounds Monday night. It will help the firemen.

"YOU MUST GET TOGETHER"

P. M. Fogg, U. S. Reclamation Service Engineer, left Pecos Wednesday afternoon for Lawton, Ok., where he will take charge of a government reclamation project. He was accompanied by Mrs. Fogg.

"If I were to leave any single message for you," said Mr. Fogg, "it would be that you prepare to settle your differences on these water questions, and get together in the Pecos Valley. I don't know what action will be taken on my report, of course, or whether any action at all will be taken. I have made no recommendations at all, but have merely presented the facts as I have found them. At the same time, it is possible that, through the activity and influence of Congressman Smith, who seems to be willing to work for you, the government may be interested in the development of your resources.

"At the same time, I do know that you will never get the government, or anyone else for that matter, to take up this work like it should be handled, until you have in some way harmonized the conflicting interests of the valley. I don't know of any better way to do it than through the West Texas Reclamation Association that you have already organized. That includes a better representation of the various irrigation companies and business men than you could probably get into any other organization. I am glad to hear that the matter has been taken up with Congressman Smith. He will no doubt have a talk with Mr. Newell and tell you what they think is the best course to pursue."

Mr. Fogg was unwilling to make any statement for publication with reference to the contents of his report, but he showed a duplicate of it to a representative of the Times. It is a splendidly gotten up document, including several hundred pages and upwards of three hundred photographic views of the valley from the Carlisle project to the effluence of the Pecos with the Rio Grande at Moorhead. The Times feels that the data prepared is bound to demonstrate to the authorities who examine the report that storage is the only method of ever developing this great territory, and that favorable action may be looked for when the people of this section have complied with the requests that will no doubt be made upon them by the Department of the Interior.

Teachers Examination.

Austin, Tex., Aug. 15, 1914. To the County or Ex-officio County Superintendent:

Your attention is called to the fact that the regular examination for teachers certificates will be held at all county seats in the state the first Friday and Saturday, and Thursday preceding, in September. This examination is for both state and county certificates.

The following schedule will be adhered to in all examinations for 1914, except the two series of summer normal examinations:

Thursday Forenoon—History of Education, Physics, Solid Geometry and English Literature.

Thursday Afternoon—Psychology, Chemistry, Bookkeeping, Plane Trigonometry.

Friday Forenoon—Physical Geography, Physiology, Composition, Arithmetic.

Friday Afternoon—Texas History, Grammar, Descriptive Geography, Plane Geometry.

Saturday Forenoon—Spelling, Writing, Methods and Management, Civics, Reading.

Saturday Afternoon—U. S. History, General History, Agriculture, Algebra.

Respectfully yours, W. F. DOUGHTY, State Superintendent. The greatest single shipment made by parcel post in the history of the Southwest has just been consummated at Phoenix. The shipment consisted of 10,000 pounds of rolled barley, put up in 200 fifty-pound sacks, and consigned from the upper Salt river valley. The postage on the shipment was \$108, and the cost to the government for its transportation was \$52 in excess of the amount received.

ASSIST WORK OF MOTHERS' CLUB

The Mothers' Club of Pecos are certainly enterprising and hard workers for the objects they are helping.

They have taken charge of and will issue an eight-page, six-column Daily Times during the four days of the Fair.

Everybody should help them by advertising your wants, needs and what you have for sale. Also assist them in gathering the news. Do not fail to tell them of relatives or friends who are visiting you.

William Starley.

After months of suffering, William Starley, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Starley, peacefully passed out of this life Wednesday about the noon hour. Funeral services were held at the family residence Thursday, conducted by Homer L. Magee, and the body was laid to rest in Fairview.

It will be remembered, that after treatment by local physicians, the parents took the child to Dallas, then to Baltimore. For a time it was hoped that his case was yielding to the radium treatment, but this hope proved vain. Patiently the little fellow suffered, gradually growing worse till the end came. Heroically did parents and physicians labor to save him, but for the time being death has won.

But "the last enemy that shall be destroyed is death," and back from the clutches of death will our loved ones come. Such is the hope of the Christian parent.

The entire community joins in sympathy with the family.

SPECIAL SESSION OF LEGISLATURE

Associated Press reports Governor Colquitt today issued a call for a special session of the legislature to convene Monday, August 24, to pass a bonded warehouse bill to aid the Texas cotton raisers.

The governor stated that it was not his present intention to submit anything else to the special session, but he might change his mind.

Undergoes Operation.

Word was received yesterday that Sheriff Tom Harrison had been operated upon in one of the hospitals at San Antonio and was doing well.

It is hoped by Mr. Harrison's hosts of friends in this section of West Texas that the operation will prove entirely satisfactory and that he will soon be himself again and at his post of duty.

HOBAN HAPPENINGS.

Mr. Eisenwine and Mr. Courtney are on the Tudor roundup this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Johnson are visiting Mrs. Barnett over on Borrilla Draw.

Mr. and Mrs. Eisenwine returned Tuesday from a visit to friends up on the river.

Mrs. Shellenger and Mrs. Lewis returned Sunday from a visit to Saragosa.

Mrs. Calloway has been on the sick list this week.

Mr. Billingslea is putting up hay. Mr. Pattridge is attending the roundup.

Quite a nice shower fell in Hoban vicinity this week.

Convention Called.

I hereby call a convention for the 120th Representative District to convene at the court house in Midland, Texas, at 2 o'clock p. m. on the fourth Saturday in August, 1914, it being the 22nd day thereof. JNO. B. HOWARD, Chairman 120th Representative District, Midland, Tex., Aug. 13, 1914.

A big time waits for you at the fair grounds Monday night, Aug. 30. De Kreko Brothers shows in full blast. The firemen get a slice of the receipts.

REEVES COUNTY FAIR ACTIVITIES

Plans for the Reeves County Fair which meets for the fourth successive time on September 1, 2, 3, 4, are being worked out rapidly. Up to this time, most of the work has been of a nature hardly visible to those who were not actively engaged in the promotion of the fair, but nothing has lagged for the last few weeks, and the big show will be pulled off in good style. Everything, from the parade which will start things off Tuesday morning of Fair week, to the smallest exhibit is promising well.

Contract has been closed with De Kreko Brothers Carnival Company, and this big concern will be on the grounds bright and early. It is safe to say that it will be bigger and better than all of the amusement concerns exhibiting at the fairs of previous years put together. This company showed in Pecos under the auspices of the Fire Department in May. It was then just three weeks out of winter quarters, and has since more than doubled its attractions. Free attractions will be given daily before the grandstands between the races in the afternoons. This will help to vary the afternoon programs, and to give the people their money's worth all the way through.

Baseball will be an attraction of the fair. Three teams will compete for a purse of one hundred dollars, and the second team twenty-five. The three teams will be Pecos, Barstow, and Toyah. They will play Wednesday, Thursday and Friday mornings. The locals are warming up every afternoon on the old ball grounds, and the teams of the other two towns are whipping into shape for a lively contest. Pecos has not had a baseball team this season, and some little difficulty is being experienced in getting a fast bunch together, but under the efficient management of Earl Collings this will be done.

The Pecos tennis club, too, will hold a tournament during the fair. This will not be played off inside the fair grounds, of course, but will bring some good players into town, and will add to the general interest. Boost the fair to strangers, and get in behind the work that is being done. Prepare to make a good showing in the parade, and, if possible, decorate your business house or residence for fair week. It is your institution and deserves your support.

To Meet in El Paso.

Preparations are being made to entertain another safe convention in El Paso. On Oct. 9 to 11 the Presbyterian Synod of Texas will meet in El Paso. There will be 200 or more delegates, visitors, and prominent men from the general church organization here to attend this meeting.

The delegates and visitors will be entertained in the homes of the local Presbyterians and a program is now being arranged for their entertainment while here.

The sessions of the Synod will be held at the First Presbyterian church and a number of noted speakers will appear on the program during the convention.

A meeting of the general arrangements committee was held on Friday afternoon to make preliminary arrangements for entertaining the convention. Rev. Charles Leslie Overstreet presided at this meeting and outlined the plans for entertaining the convention and for the care of the visitors.

The committees that have been selected for the synod entertainment are: Finance, James G. McNary, E. M. Bray and James A. Dick; canvassing, H. B. Durkee, A. H. Anderson, J. L. Campbell, G. W. Soble, Miss Fink; reception, J. H. McBroom, Germany Graham, Paul Atkinson, Frank Murchison; assignments, H. T. Bowie, W. H. Scheff, Fred Norton; public comfort, I. W. Detwiler, E. P. Rankin; program, Rev. C. L. Overstreet; publicity, Norman Walker.—El Paso Herald.

Come to the Pecos Times office and get instructions about the work in the Pony Contest.

HEISKELL'S OINTMENT
Cures Eczema, Erysipelas, Barbers' Itch, Scalds, and all skin eruptions. Immediate relief in Ringworms, Sunburn, etc. Sold by all Druggists.

Send for sample and price list to JOHNSTON, HOLLAND and CO., 1730 Spring Garden St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Condensed War News

MONDAY.

London, Aug. 15.—Definite information has been received of a strong offensive movement by the French troops on the Franco-German frontier, extended from Lunville to Starrebourg. Official announcement is made that Blamont, Cirey and Avricourt were recaptured after a Bavarian army corps was driven out.

The retaking by the French of Thann, in Alsace, is officially announced and the wounding of Gen. von Deimling, commander of the Fifteenth German army corps.

The French war ministry prepares the public for a great battle, which will extend over a line more than 250 miles in length and in which several million men on either side will be engaged. This battle line will extend from Basle to Maestricht, and the people are warned that at some points the Germans may be successful, while at other points the French will have the advantage. It also is announced that no definite details of the battle need be expected for at least eight days.

Nothing is known of recent operations around the Liege forts. It is reported that Germany has sent a note to France and Belgium through a neutral power, accusing these two countries of having organized a popular war against Germany and declaring that any Belgian or French private citizen, not in uniform, who interferes with the German troops will be shot.

The Washington government has announced itself as opposed to the floating of loans in the United States for the benefit of any belligerent power. The United States government also has notified European powers that it will regard a neutral ship chartered for the sole purpose of bringing back Americans and has asked the powers for their declaration on the subject.

The United States ordered a destroyer to be sent to the relief of Americans in Europe, is due to arrive at Falmouth today.

Belgian dispatches report two companies of German infantry ambushed by Belgians. Fifty Germans are said to have been killed.

From Rome comes a report of an attempt to reconstruct the league of the Balkan Nations, with the object as assisting Russia and restraining Turkey.

Gen. Otto von Emmich, German commander at Liege, is dead. He has been succeeded by Gen. von der Marwitz.

The Petit Journal of Paris says it learns "on impeccable authority" that Japan is resolved to declare war on Germany.

Grand Duke Nicholas of Russia, commander in chief of the army, calls on the Poles to be loyal to Russia and promises them autonomy.

The Exchange Telegraph Company of London says 400,000 Austrian troops made a concerted dash on Serbia but were repulsed with heavy casualties.

TUESDAY.

French official reports assert that the French armies continue their forward march in Alsace, where many guns are said to have been captured from the Germans as well as many prisoners and the standard of an Alsatian infantry.

St. Petersburg reports successes by the Russian troops over the Austrians on the border where an Austrian dragoon regiment is said to have suffered severely in a saber engagement.

A naval battle between French and Austrian warships off Budua, Dalmatia is said to have resulted in the sinking of four Austrian ironclads while one was set on fire and another fled.

The standard of the famous Death's Head Hussars, the German crown prince's regiment, is said to have been captured by the Belgians.

Germany has followed England's example and that of other countries in acknowledging receipt of President Wilson's proffer of good offices. Russia has not yet replied.

The Japanese press regards the ultimatum sent to Germany as containing reasonable demands.

A large amount of bullion for the relief of Americans stranded in the British Isles was sent to London from the American cruiser Tennessee at Falmouth today.

The censorship put into effect by the British authorities over the movement of the empire's armed forces, afloat and in Belgium, is effective to a remarkable degree.

Equal secrecy surrounds the British warships believed to be holding the German fleet in check in the North Sea. Not one word has come through of the position of any

British or German battleship, cruiser or torpedo boat in these waters. So far as the general public is concerned, naval activities in European waters are a sealed book.

Four British battleships are reported to have chased two Austrian cruisers from Antivan, where they had established a blockade.

Japan informs Germans that they must quit Japanese and Chinese waters with their ships. United States may protest. Europe expects United States to preserve integrity of China if Japan enters the war.

Greece hears Turkey is about to attack her.

WEDNESDAY.

German troops appear today to be continuing their activities in Belgium. German cavalry patrols have been seen north of Antwerp and the entire civil guard of Antwerp has been called out to defend the city.

There is good reason to believe that a serious engagement, in which the German advance is opposed by troops of Belgium and France, has been going on since Sunday. No definite news of the progress of this encounter, however, has been received.

An official statement made in Brussels is to the effect that German incursion toward Brussels has been stopped. The Belgian position is described as excellent.

Other reports from Brussels say that trenches are being thrown up in the environments of the city.

An official communication from the Russian general staff at St. Petersburg says the Russian mobilization is now completed and that eleven members of the Russian imperial family are at the front.

Other reports from St. Petersburg by way of London set forth that the Russian armies began their general advance last Sunday.

It is rumored persistently at The Hague that the German crown prince, Frederick William, has been seriously wounded at the front and that Emperor William has hastened to the side of his son, who is said to be at Aix La Chappelle.

Dispatches from London, delayed by the British censor, announced officially the landing of the British expeditionary forces on the French coast.

Field Marshal Sir John French, British commander-in-chief, was given a rousing reception in Paris. The British army in France is believed to number between 100,000 and 120,000 men.

The Serbian premier is authority for the statement that Austrian forces have suffered a serious defeat in Serbian lines. He telegraphs London that 15,000 Austrians have been "annihilated" near Sabac, whence they fled in disorder.

Two German cruisers, evidently seriously disabled in an encounter with the enemy, have been brought into Hong Kong. The censorship maintained at this British port in China prevents the sending of the vessels' names or any details of the engagement which preceded their capture. The German cruiser Leipzig, which came into San Francisco yesterday for coal left early today with a supply that will carry her to the nearest German port in Samoa.

The Japanese cruiser Izumo is believed to be coming up the Pacific coast to observe the movements of the Leipzig.

The announcement from London and Paris that no war correspondents will be allowed in the field, coupled with Great Britain's request to Belgium to expel the correspondent now in the zone of operations, makes it probable that the story of the first great battle will be told only through official reports.

It is known that the German general staff regulations absolutely prohibit correspondents with the army.

It is known also that the Russian military regulations governing war correspondents have been made very drastic.

Relief committees in London as well as the American embassy are convinced that the number of Americans stranded in Europe have been greatly underestimated. The original total of 30,000 is believed to represent half the real number.

President Wilson addressed a statement to the American people warning them against the breach of neutrality which may spring out of partisanship.

British and German troops in Africa have come into contact in the German possessions of Togoland on the Gold coast, where some Germans are said to have been captured.

By special arrangement with the postoffice department, there will be an Atlantic mail service each Wednesday

and Saturday from New York and Liverpool, by steamers flying the American flag.

A Rome dispatch reports the loss of an Austrian torpedo boat off Pola, only one member of the crew being saved.

No authentic news has come to hand today concerning the reported French advance into Alsace-Lorraine in the direction of Straasburg.

Holland is reported as continuing her elaborate precautions along her frontier to enforce her neutrality, should occasion arise.

Since his departure from Berlin to the front, Emperor William issued a decree in which he said: "I am firmly confident that with the help of God, the bravery of the German army and navy and the unquenchable unanimity of the German people during these hours of danger, victory will crown our cause."

THURSDAY.

A great battle is believed in progress somewhere along a line extending throughout Belgium and Luxembourg. Dispatches give evidence of the presence of masses of German troops pushing their way to the front behind an impenetrable screen of cavalry, whose dashes in search of information as to the whereabouts of the allied troops have resulted in sharp clashes and heavy casualties.

The commanders of the allied forces of French, British and Belgians will not permit anything about their positions to become public.

Dispatches from Paris and London report fighting around Brussels. The Belgian and French allies are in contact with the advance lines of the German army.

Austrian artillery, of which the Germans are in great need, is being hurried across Germany to aid the kaiser's forces.

In Alsace-Lorraine, the French turning movement through southern Alsace appears from French reports to be progressing favorably. Leading Frenchmen point out to their countrymen that the decisive conflict is yet to come and that too much reliance must not be placed on reports of demoralization among the German troops.

It is again reported that a naval encounter has occurred in the North Sea.

Two large Austrian steamers were captured by the French.

A French official note confirms reports of a Serbian victory at Shabatz over an Austrian force of 80,000 men. The Austrians are said to have lost 3,000 killed and 5,000 wounded.

A Montenegrin army is reported within two hours' march of the fortified Austrian seaport of Baginza, in Dalmatia. The Montenegrins had already captured a number of towns in the vicinity.

An exhortation to the world by the pope calls for prayers for peace.

King Alfonso of Spain, with Premier Dato, are to confer with the French and British ambassadors at Madrid, concerning Spain's attitude.

Despite temporary reverses, which have delayed the movement, Germany's vast army, extending in a long battle line, is slowly but surely crushing back the allies into the heart of Belgium. This is indicated in dispatches published in the Cologne Gazette.

Heretofore the Germans have suffered most seriously in their operations by the lack of mountain artillery. Now, however, Austria is coming to Germany's aid with these guns.

Large contingents of Austrian troops, including mountain artillery have passed points along the Rhine on their way to the front.

The Austrian army has been divided for aid to the kaiser, defense against Russian invasion, and an aggressive war against Serbia.

WHAT EUROPE PAYS ITS FIGHTING MEN

The Russian soldier is the most poorly paid in all the world. A private in the ranks of the army of the czar gets \$3.78 a year, compared to \$180 to \$300 the United States pays its men of the ranks. England pays its privates \$86.15 a year; France, \$20.40; Germany, \$18.80; Austria, \$88.12. Remember, these figures are for a whole year and represent the total amount of cash paid the fighting men in that period.

A Russian major general gets only \$762 a year, or about as much as the United States pays its sergeant majors, the highest noncommissioned rank. Our major generals get \$8,000 a year. The other countries are much more generous with officers of higher rank and pay a minimum of about half the United States standard.

A better example of the Russian contrast is shown in what is paid an officer holding the title of gen-

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Molting time is lost time—there are no eggs with which to pay the feed bills.
Get it over—Feed a good full ration and be sure to include

Pratts Poultry Regulator

25c. pkgs. to 25 lb. pail at \$2.50.
It's a gentle, invigorating tonic—just what the hens need.
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and all Pratts Products are guaranteed—satisfaction or money back.
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VICKERS & COLLINGS
Pecos, Texas.

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Excursion Rates Daily

GEO. D. HUNTER, Gen. Pass. Agt.
A. D. BELL, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.
DALLAS, TEXAS.

AUGUST IS THE BIG MONTH AT THE WELLS

ABSTRACTS

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ELMO TRIMBLE, Manager.
PECOS, TEXAS.

Stop That Rheumatism.

Get a bottle of Hunt's Lightning Oil. This is the remedy that everyone is talking about because it stops the pain so quickly. For neuralgia and headaches there is nothing better. Ask your druggist. (Ad)

We advised you to purchase your Preserving Fruits and sugar early as all would advance; so they have, but we are headquarters for same yet. They will go still higher. Vickers & Collings. 33

Excursion Rates

Round trip tourist tickets to the principal points in the East, West and Northwest on sale daily.

C. M. WILSON, Agent.
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Trunks a Specialty

Democratic Platform as Adopted by Convention

Majority Report of Committee is Adopted by Delegates in Its Entirety.

The platform of the Democratic party of Texas as adopted at the state Democratic convention at El Paso Wednesday was the report of the platform committee in toto. Senator Bailey's effort to have the land plank stricken out and to add condemnation of national prohibition and national woman suffrage, embodied in the minority report of the platform committee, made the only fight against the platform it finally was adopted.

The platform embraced in the committee's majority report, is:

We, your committee on platform and resolutions, beg leave to report:

1. That we, the Democracy of Texas, in convention assembled at El Paso, reaffirm our faith in and pledge anew our devotion to the fundamental and time-honored principles of democracy as secured by the founders and fathers of this republic and as reannounced in the last democratic platform as made at Baltimore, and upon which our party secured control of the federal government, and from which has followed and will follow manifold blessings to all our people.

2. We cordially and heartily endorse the national democratic administration and congratulate the people of the United States upon the patriotic fidelity with which that administration has kept faith with the people and has passed into living laws promises made by our party in its national platform at Baltimore. We believe that, having so thoroughly and persistently kept the faith, that administration is entitled to and will receive the endorsement, support and assistance of all democrats, and these we gratefully pledge for all the democrats of Texas.

3. We cordially commend the wise, patriotic, firm and conservative policy of Governor Colquhoun who has kept faith with the people under trying circumstances, and express to him the gratitude and appreciation of a free and grateful people.

4. The people of Texas are to be congratulated in the fact that the democratic primary of July 25, by the nomination of J. E. Ferguson for governor, and the defeat of the demand for submission of a prohibition amendment, has guaranteed that, at least for a while the vexatious question of prohibition and regulation of the liquor traffic will not be seriously agitated nor led to disturb and annoy the people and distract their attention, energy and means from their own and the state's important business affairs, and to the end the determination of Mr. Ferguson, as expressed in his opening campaign speech, to approve any legislation upon that question is most heartily indorsed and approved.

5. "Civilization begins and ends with the plow." The prosperity of our people depends upon the prosperity of the farmer. Texas is essentially an agricultural state, an empire for a domain. Seventy-six per cent of her people live on farms, and under the doctrine of a square deal, patriotically applied by her legislature, her people will feed and clothe the world. In view of this, we demand as the first consideration of the incoming legislature, that laws to the following effect be passed:

LAND TENANT PLANKS.

(a) Fixing a maximum of rent to be collected on all lands rented in whole for agricultural purposes, and the same is obligated by the tenant when he furnishes, except the land, at not more than one-third of the value of the land and one-fourth of the value of the cotton raised on said land, and a maximum rent of not to exceed one-half where landlord furnishes everything except the labor; the tenant furnishes the labor; such law to provide penalties for actual attempted evasions.

(b) A law establishing an effect-warehouse system for this state adequate provisions for sampling, grading, weighing and storing on and other farm products, and the issuance of negotiable receipts for same with such restrictions and limitations as will safeguard at all times the interest of producer.

(c) Such laws as may be necessary to absolutely prohibit pools, mines and trusts from in any arbitrarily fixing the market price of any products of the farm providing imprisonment penal-

ties alone for their violation, and we recommend that such laws be passed only after a full and thorough investigation of existing conditions and with the knowledge of all the facts and conditions which make such laws necessary, in order that they may be effective. And we recommend that such investigation cover in its course the marketing, handling and manufacturing of cotton and all its products.

(d) We recommend to the consideration of the legislature the state's department of agriculture and demand that it be dealt with in such way as to make it of the highest benefit to our people.

(e) We heartily approve the interest taken by the farmers in the public affairs of this state and cordially indorse the demands of the great body of farmers for legislation, and we realize that the welfare of the state is cherished with high and patriotic purposes by the men of all republics who live upon the farms and the fields, and our state will grow and prosper so long as our farmers help to shape her destiny.

6. We commend to the consideration of the legislature that appeals and demands of the great bodies of organized labor, which have always been the faithful allies of the democratic party and which keep alive not only the spirit of liberty in our state, but also the healthy and wealth producing thrift and industry in our shops and factories.

7. We welcome the investment of outside capital in our state and assure to it the absolute protection of the law because we recognize that legitimate capital patriotically invested is essential to the upbuilding of his state, and so long as wealth obeys the law the people of the state will not only protect, but assist it under the law.

8. We demand that the facilities of various asylums for the insane be so enlarged as to furnish room for our insane, so that they will not be left at the end of the next year a single lunatic in a jail in this state for the lack of adequate conditions in our asylum.

9. We demand that the asylum for the blind be either so remodeled or a new one be built so as to make it modern, safe, fireproof and commodious.

10. We demand that the School for the Deaf and Dumb be made sufficiently commodious as to meet the requirements of the state. We also direct that the children who attend this school shall be taught some useful trade or occupation, by means of which they may earn a livelihood and become useful and producing citizens of the state.

11. A general diffusion of knowledge being essential to the preservation of the liberties and rights of the people, we demand that our educational system shall not suffer from faulty and insufficient financial support. We recommend that liberal appropriations for educational purposes be made by the legislature until educational institutions of Texas rank with those of any other state in the union.

To the end that the boys and girls in the country may have advantages equal to those enjoyed by the children in cities we demand immediate improvement of the country schools, including efficient professional, non-political supervision, and the establishment of properly equipped rural high schools, giving agriculture and other courses of study adapted to the needs of farming communities.

We demand further: (a) The increase of the constitutional limitations, thereby enabling districts to levy a tax sufficient to provide for necessary buildings and the maintenance of schools for nine months in each year.

(b) The submission of an amendment to the constitution which will provide that any county may levy, by a majority vote of the taxpayers, a county tax for the better maintenance of county schools.

(c) The passage of an act authorizing trustees of a district whose taxpayers so vote, to furnish to the children of the schools free textbooks.

(d) The passage of a law, carefully planned and limited to suit the conditions in this state, requiring attendance upon the public or other schools.

We are gratified at the growing demand for higher education and pledge the party to furnish to the young men and women of Texas facilities and opportunities not in-

ferior to those offered by any other state. To that end we demand that permanent and dependable provision be made for the support and development of the University, for the A. and M. college, the State Normal schools and the College of Industrial Arts, and that such steps as may be necessary be taken, by constitutional amendment or otherwise to provide for the erection of needed and permanent fire proof buildings for these institutions. We also demand that the legislature make appropriations for the support of summer sessions of these institutions, that the teachers of the state may have an opportunity to increase their professional attainments without undue expense.

12. We demand that hereafter all school books used in the public schools shall be printed in Texas, subject only to existing contracts.

13. We demand that in all departments of public works administered by the state, counties and cities, including the public schools, that hereafter the women employed in any capacity shall receive the same salaries as men employed in such capacity, where the service rendered is the same.

14. School fund of Texas is a sacred fund preserved by our fathers to educate our children, and we denounce in unreserved terms the suggestion from any source to divert that fund from that high purpose and we direct that that fund be continued to be invested as it is now, in order that it may be free from the folly of the politicians and safe from the hands of any others who would exploit it.

15. We reaffirm our faith in the democratic platform of 1890, declaring for a law prohibiting the further operations of land corporations and reasserting it as a sound principle of state policy and direct our legislature not to depart from that policy.

16. We demand that the difference between the A. and M. college and the University of Texas be fairly, equitably and cautiously adjusted, not forgetting that both of these great institutions are the property of the state and the source of gratification and pride of all our people.

17. We demand adequate appropriations for all the state institutions and direct that each and every appropriation be itemized and to be so expended as to secure to the state a dollar's worth of value for every dollar so expended.

18. We demand that the land office be so remodeled or overhauled as to make it fireproof in order that the valuable records which it contains may be safe.

19. We demand the construction upon land owned by the state of an armory to house the state's military stores, which are now kept in the basement of the capitol and which involve the safety of that building.

20. We recommend legislation looking to the creation of state highways to be built and maintained by the state with the use and by means of the labor of state convicts.

21. We urge and request the incoming administration in its entirety to give the penitentiary affairs its most patriotic and careful consideration in order that it may so shape these affairs as to make it self sustaining and humane in all its departments. We demand, however, that it never again return to the so-called lease system.

22. We recommend the passage of a law requiring all state officers to be nominated by a majority vote and direct that such law be so drawn as to make such nomination involve as little expense to those seeking such office as possible.

24. The democratic party recognizes its responsibility to the people for such legislation as will simplify and improve our legal procedure and thereby help to bring the administration of the law within this state to the highest possible efficiency. It realizes that in much of the current discussions of this question the merits of our system are overlooked and its past service to the state undervalued, but it appreciates the fact we face the need of a thoughtful revision of certain features of our remedial law. This is a great and a difficult work. It furnishes no field for mere experiment or the exploitation of immature theories, it should reflect alone the application of true principles of enlightened experience. We pledge the effort of the party to its serious undertaking and capable performance.

25. We recommend the submission by the Thirty-fourth legislature of a constitutional amendment exempting from taxation all factories engaged in the manufacture of cotton or worsteds or wollens in Texas for a period of not less than ten years.

26. We urge upon the legislature amendment of such laws now upon the statute books as will, in all re-

spects, preserve the public health of our citizenship; we urge that attention be given these matters and we reassert the imperative necessity for the passage of such laws as will insure our people from the ravages of disease and the evils of incorrect living. We urge that our health department be maintained, and if possible advanced to a higher degree of efficiency.

27. Home owning being one of the essential foundations of an intelligent and prosperous citizenship, and a facility or place to borrow money at low and reasonable rates being one of the pressing needs of our thrifty and energetic citizens who want to own at least humble homes, therefore we, the democratic party in convention assembled, do recommend to our legislature that it give continuous and serious attention to the passage of such laws as might bring cheaper and more money into Texas to be loaned to those who desire to borrow money with which to buy homes, whether they be wage earners in the towns and cities or farmers in the country and we recommend that the legislature consider the passage of laws relating to the incorporation or formation of companies, societies and associations that will extend financial assistance to our prospective and ambitious home owners.

28. In view of the recent disclosures, the democracy of Texas strongly condemns the abuse of the present fee system of paying county and precinct officers, and we think that our civilization has reached that point where the guilt or innocence of non citizens should depend upon a money consideration accruing to any public official. We therefore recommend to our legislature that it give their best thought and attention to the question of whether the fee system of paying public officials should not be abolished in Texas and all officials be put upon a salary basis, commensurate with the services to be performed by such officials in their respective jurisdictions.

29. The democracy of Texas declares it to be the duty of the state government to adopt such means and establish such agencies as are lawful under the constitution of the state to enable citizens engaged in agriculture, horticultural and stock raising pursuits, to secure fair freight rates to the markets and to insure that consignments of such products are honestly handled, sold and accounted for, and to this end we recommend the establishment of a commission of transportation and commerce, possessing such lawful powers and charged with such duties as the legislature may prescribe.

30. The democracy of Texas in convention assembled desires to express their appreciation of and extend their thanks to Hon. Walter Collins and Hon. Charles J. Kirk, chairman and secretary of state executive committee, for the efficient and patriotic services as president and secretary of said state executive committee.

31. Except as herein before stated we do not deem it to be in the province of this convention to deal or treat with any national questions of legislation.

32. We demand the most adequate and liberal appropriation for the support and maintenance of the livestock sanitary commission of Texas. And we further demand adequate laws and liberal appropriation for the protection of livestock interests of this state and adequate laws for the destruction of predatory animals that prey upon livestock, and we call upon our legislature to make adequate appropriations for the continuance of payment of bounties so that the destruction of said predatory animals may be encouraged and continued.

The 20-Year Test.

"Some twenty years ago I used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Geo. W. Brock, publisher of the Enterprise, Aberdeen, Md. "I discovered that it was a quick and safe cure for diarrhoea. Since then no one can sell me anything said to be 'just as good.' During all these years I have used it and recommended it many times, and it has never disappointed anyone." For sale by all dealers. (Advt.)

Phone 156 for the freshest line of Fruits and Vegetables in Pecos. We have what you want. Vickers & Collings. 33

WOULD DO JUST AS WELL.

An orchestra leader was working over a new musical play at rehearsal with Charles Frohman, the theatrical manager.

"That's too loud," interrupted Mr. Frohman.

"I can't help it, Mr. Frohman," returned the leader: "it calls for tone."

"All the same," answered the manager, "make it thirty-five."

No Others Offer

YOU AS MUCH AS THE

Overland Cars Do

Not only in specification—not only in equipment—not only in past records for maintenance, endurance, service and comfort—but you are now offered a first class service station for any adjustments, repairs, new parts, etc.

No other car in this territory is attempting such service for you.

This guarantees to you a satisfactory investment in every respect. Still the price is 25 per cent the lower of any of them.

O. MITCHELL
DEALER

ACADEMY OUR LADY OF MERCY

STANTON, MARTIN COUNTY, TEXAS

For the refined and practical education of Young Ladies and Girls; also for Boys under fourteen years of age.

Apply for catalogue,
SISTERS OF MERCY,
Stanton, Texas.

PORTERVILLE POINTERS.

Cotton in the Porterville valley promises to make a bumper crop this year. V. C. Wells of Kentucky who never raised the fleecy staple before, is delighted with the condition of his 20 acres which experienced farmers in this section say will average a bale and a half to the acre.

A few of the farmers are experimenting this year with Egyptian cotton. The crop is doing pretty well considering the fact that it was put in very late in the season, and also that the seed were obtained from the Imperial valley of California (making a change of some 3000 feet in altitude) and are not perfectly acclimated as yet.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Preston opened their home for a dance last Saturday evening. Music was furnished by the Mexican string band, and until almost midnight the guests "tripped the light fantastic." Lemon punch was served throughout the evening and a delicious supper was partaken of before the guests departed. All who were so fortunate as to be in attendance report a most enjoyable time.

The Literary society has been reorganized and will meet twice a month throughout the season. This society aims to encourage study and self-culture as well as social pleasure.

Edgar Marshall of Poplar Bluff, Mo., nephew of Capt. J. B. Marshall came out last week for a visit. He is delighted with our country and will prolong his stay indefinitely.

An entertainment and box supper is planned for Friday night, August 28th, under the auspices of the Literary society. Everybody is cordially invited.

G. D. Prindle, the prominent merchant and "banker" of Porterville, is delighted with the crop prospects on his 10-acre alfalfa ranch. He has just completed the erection of a new barn with a 25-ton capacity, and says he will never be satisfied until he fills it with hay at one cutting.

Bathing in the Pecos river is a popular diversion here—there having been about two swimming parties per week for some time.

Dr. G. E. Arnold has returned to his home in Chicago, after a pleasant visit of inspection of his property here. While here he made quite a number of pictures of the alfalfa and cotton on his place.

Simmon's Liver Purifier.

The mild and pleasant liver medicine, is Simmon's Liver Purifier. Its action is thorough, but pleasant. Does not gripe or sicken like other medicines. Sold in 25c boxes by your druggist. (Advt.)

Try a can of our new Barstow extracted honey. Vickers & Collings. 32

Pay your account at Prewitt & Wadley's and get votes for your favorite.

MADAME GRACE CORSETS



Are the culmination of corset excellence—the product of intelligent and applied reasoning—honest and well directed efforts—the results could not be different than they are—corsets of stylish lines and fashionable proportions. Not a better corset can be made for the money. We carry in stock all of the latest, stunning, modish effects.

MADAME GRACE CORSETS
THREE DOLLARS UP
Pecos Dry Goods Co

ABSTRACTS.

CULBERSON COUNTY
ABSTRACT AND GUARANTY
COMPANY
VAN HORN, TEXAS.

Complete abstract to all property in Culberson County, Tex. Prompt service and courteous treatment.

J. P. DISMAN, Manager.

HUSBAND RESCUED DESPAIRING WIFE

After Four Years of Discouraging Conditions, Mrs. Bullock Gave Up in Despair. Husband Came to Rescue.

Catron, Ky.—In an interesting letter from this place, Mrs. Bettie Bullock writes as follows: "I suffered for four years, with womanly troubles, and during this time, I could only sit up for a little while, and could not walk anywhere at all. At times, I would have severe pains in my left side.

The doctor was called in, and his treatment relieved me for a while, but I was soon confined to my bed again. After that, nothing seemed to do me any good. I had gotten so weak I could not stand, and I gave up in despair.

At last, my husband got me a bottle of Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I commenced taking it. From the very first dose, I could tell it was helping me. I can now walk two miles without its tiring me, and am doing my work."

If you are all run down from womanly troubles, don't give up in despair. Try Cardui, the woman's tonic. It has helped more than a million women, in its 50 years of wonderful success, and should surely help you, too. Your druggist has sold Cardui for years. He knows what it will do. Ask him. He will recommend it. Begin taking Cardui today.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper. E66-B

THE PECOS TIMES

AMERICAN GOOD ROADS CONGRESS

Published every Friday.
Pecos Valley News, established 1887;
Pecos Weekly Times, established 1897;
Reeves County Record, established in
1910. Consolidated Nov. 23, 1912.

B. J. STRICKLAND
Editor and Manager.

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Six Months75
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1914 AUGUST 1914

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This calendar is published here to
be a convenience to you, and also to
remind you that you should look at
the date on your paper to see if your
subscription to THE TIMES expires
during this month. Do this AT ONCE,
as you can't afford to miss a copy of
THE PECOS TIMES.

Texas Turns to Real Issue

(El Paso Times.)

Texas has followed Alabama in
dropping political fads, says the
Washington Herald. Thomas H.
Ball is one of the big Democrats in
Texas, and he had the support of
the President, Secretary Bryan,
Postmaster General Burleson and
all the democratic organizations in
the state of Texas in his campaign
for governor. But he was beaten
at the democratic primaries last
Saturday by a man who had never
been in politics, who had never been
a candidate for anything, is only a
country banker and a few weeks
ago was unknown outside his own
neighborhood.

It looks like a political turnover
in Texas, and it probably is, but
only a partisan Republican would
go so far as to see in the defeat of
the administration candidate a vote
against President Wilson and a re-
pudiation of his policies by the
Democrats of Texas. The demo-
cratic explanation is that the
friends of Ball continued to hold
on to a political fad after it had run
its course.

Mr. Ferguson, the successful candi-
date, expressed the opinion that
Texas had had too much discussion
of the liquor question, that too
much talk about liquor was almost
as bad as too much liquor, that the
agitation about prohibition had
sidetracked all real political issues
and prevented the democratic party
from settling a number of grave
questions in which the people were
seriously interested, and which
must be settled to insure the pros-
perity and tranquility of the state.
He would have none of it. He
would leave to individual citizens
all questions of purity, morals and
religion, and to the various com-
munities the regulation of the li-
quor traffic, but he was opposed to
dragging it into state and national
campaigns, because intemperate
agitation of the temperance ques-
tion could not help settle the land
question, which is a live issue in
Texas, or the question of taxation
and the intelligent administration of
the affairs of more than four million
of busy people.

The Democrats of Texas seem to
have agreed with Mr. Ferguson, and
decided to drop hysteria and get
down to business. Texas is now
the fifth state in the union in popu-
lation, ranking along with New
York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Illi-
nois. It has passed the calow
state. Immigration has poured into
Texas from the north and west, and
with millions of acres of rich land
to make it the agricultural empire
of the world, with oil and gas to
build up great industries, with
great cities and big commercial en-
terprises, the people have some-
thing to think about other than
grandstand agitation to make the
whole world sober by law. So
Thomas H. Ball, with the support
of the administration and all the
politicians of Texas, was defeated
because the plain people of Texas
decided to confine politics to polit-
ical affairs and leave the liquor traf-
fic to be regulated by local com-
munities in harmony with the ma-
jority will.

Call in and subscribe for the Pecos
Times and Dallas Semi-Weekly
News. Only \$1.75 for both these
papers.

Evaporated apricots, seeded rais-
ins and preserves; new crop. Jno.
Lilley.

Official call for the Fourth Amer-
ican Road Congress, Atlanta, Ga.,
November 9-14, 1914.

Whereas, the rapid concentration
of population in our large cities and
the high cost of living are, in a con-
siderable measure, due to bad roads
which render farms inaccessible,
transportation uncertain and costly,
educational advantages limited, and
social conditions unattractive; and

Whereas, it is estimated that the
people of this country are annually
expending on public roads more
than \$200,000,000, a large percent-
age of which, by reason of lack of
system, ignorance of proper meth-
ods, and wasteful management, is
not accomplishing results commen-
surate with the outlay; and

Whereas, the National govern-
ment and the various state govern-
ments are now endeavoring to ascer-
tain the character of legislation
which will best accomplish a max-
imum of effective road improvement
and maintenance coupled with a
wise and efficient expenditure of
the road revenues; and

Whereas, the increasing use of
motor vehicle has brought about
problems of construction and main-
tenance of roads which are exceed-
ingly difficult and for the solution
of which the combined wisdom and
experience of trained specialists are
necessary; and

Whereas, the aroused public spirit
of the people in behalf of the move-
ment for better roads has found ex-
pression in the form of many or-
ganized bodies; and

Whereas, it is only by a correla-
tion and coordination of efforts, and
by an exchange of knowledge and
experience that the greatest good
can be accomplished;

Therefore, we, the undersigned,
representing the organized road
movement of America, hereby join
in calling the American Road Con-
gress to hold its sessions in the city
of Atlanta, state of Georgia, during
the week of November 9th, for the
purpose of giving careful considera-
tion to the subjects of road legisla-
tion, both national and state; the
administration of public roads
throughout America, including
states, counties, and the smaller
subdivisions thereof, and the pro-
vinces of Canada; the problems of
construction and maintenance; the
financial questions concerned with
road revenues and their expendi-
tures; the advancement of highway
engineering in educational institu-
tions; and other questions, the con-
sideration of which may be of
practical advantage to the betterment
of the public roads of America.

Signed by forty-seven Good Road
and kindred associations.

Mayor Canon of Pecos has been
requested by the Hon. A. B. Flet-
cher, president of the Fourth Amer-
ican Road Congress, and State High-
way Engineer of California, to name
three delegates to attend the ses-
sions of the congress at Atlanta,
Ga., during the week of Nov. 9th.

Forty-seven great organizations
are taking part in the congress un-
der the leadership of the American
Highway Association and American
Automobile Association. In his let-
ter to the mayor, President Fletcher
calls attention to the fact that prac-
tically every state highway com-
missioner will be present and take
part in discussing the important
problems of road construction and
maintenance, and that some of the
foremost men in public life will
devote their attention to the great
question of federal aid to road im-
provement, in an endeavor to work
out a policy which may be submit-
ted to the congress of the United
States with the support of the or-
ganized road movement of Amer-
ica. An important move bearing
upon state legislation will be made
at the session to be held under the
auspices of the American Bar As-
sociation, at which a joint committee,
appointed at the 1913 congress, will
report progress in compilation and
suggested revision of state road
laws. The creation of a commis-
sioner participated in by each state
to work out a revision of the road
laws will be urged. The National
Civic Service Reform League will
hold an exceedingly important ses-
sion on the merit system in road
administration.

President Fletcher calls attention
to the exhibits to be made by the
United States government, the
states, and more than a hundred of
the leading manufacturers of the
congress, which will illustrate every
known method, material and equip-
ment for road construction and
maintenance. He urges that the
city and county be officially repre-
sented, as the congress is in reality
a training school where a very great
amount of useful information can

be obtained through attendance at
lectures with leading specialists in
road and street work, and the col-
lecting of the many instructive bul-
letins which will be available for
distribution.

The headquarters of the congress
are in the Colorado Building, Wash-
ington, D. C., in charge of I. S.
Pennybacker, Executive Secretary,
and the exposition is in charge of
Charles P. Light, business man-
ager.

Constipation is the starting point
for many serious diseases. To be
healthy keep the bowels active and
regular. HERBINE will remove all
accumulations in the bowels and
put the system in prime condition.
Price 50c. Sold by the Pecos Drug
Co. (Advt.)

The big firemen's night will be
Monday night at the fair grounds.
Get introduced to the carnival com-
pany.

Good Wheat \$2.00 the hundred
pounds. Prewitt & Wadley. 31

ORIENT HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Thursday, Aug. 13.
J. D. McDonald, Waco.
Miss Temple, El Paso.
John A. Mings, Big Sandy.
Mrs. R. C. Barnes and daughter,
Fabens.
Fred W. Daves, Gainesville.
H. A. Owley, St. Louis.
J. A. Miller, J. B. Jones, Albu-
querque.

J. P. Bishop and wife, El Paso.
C. J. Emerson, Santa Fe, N. M.
E. E. Hackett, N. Y. City.
M. T. Eudaley, Grandfalls.
B. T. Van Horn, Toyah.
R. H. King, E. R. Patterson and
wife, Balmorhea.
Mrs. H. O. Patterson and daugh-
ter, Junction, Tenn.

Friday, August 14.
J. J. Wheat, Pyote.
P. R. Lynch, city.
Geo. Lyles, city.
G. W. Stover, Dallas.
Mrs. S. I. Campbell, Big Spring.
Geo. Price, Carlsbad.
Mrs. M. A. Norehow, El Paso.
E. F. Wieland, Detroit.
Max Strasburg, Denver.
Mrs. G. W. Ratliff, Denison.
Miss Ratliff, Denison.
J. G. Rooney, Fort Stockton.
Elmer Robison, Orla.

Saturday, August 15.
Mrs. J. C. Weid, Pecos.
W. T. Bush, Fort Worth.
H. Marx, Fort Worth.
G. H. Culp, Gainesville.
Joe Lockhart, Hoban.
Mrs. H. H. Jones and family,
Hoban.
Geo. H. Moore, Dallas.
J. N. Foby, H. N. Foby, W. C.
Payne, El Paso.
R. B. Mitchell, t. Louis.
T. A. Milner, Abilene.
M. L. Moore, Grandfalls.

Sunday, August 16.
R. L. Howell, El Paso.
J. W. Shin, El Paso.
Clay Cooke and wife, city.
Mrs. Ernest Ashburry, Winns-
boro.

Monday, August 17.
C. M. Chancy, city.
Dave Marks, Dallas.
J. R. Roberts, Chicago.
C. W. Wright, Denver.
O. T. Metz, M. E. Berry, J. W.
Kuffin, W. A. Suter, L. C. Wash-
burn, El Paso.
D. R. Harkey and wife, Carlsbad.
E. A. Powell, Dublin.
E. G. Jones, Dallas.
W. W. Greek, El Paso.
R. H. King, Balmorhea.
N. T. Reed, Kalamazoo, Mich.
H. C. Eggleston, St. Louis.
Gale Reid, Los Angeles.
R. S. Winter, Dexter, N. M.
J. H. Wolverton and family, H.
Russell, Balmorhea.
Ben Lemmons, El Paso.
N. K. Bateman, county.

Tuesday, August 18.
B. W. Van Horn, Balmorhea.
R. R. Mason, El Paso.
Earl Coffey, Tulsa.
F. A. Farrell, El Paso.
E. L. Brown, Lubbock.
R. T. Robertson, Oscar Cliett, J.
B. Driver, Big Spring.
J. E. Anderson, Wichita, Kan.
Mrs. S. W. Estes, Midland.
W. P. Strickland, Amarillo.
E. A. Powell, Dublin.
Queenie Steinbough, Sherwood.
Dean Mitchell, Portland, Ore.
J. A. Graham, Odessa.
B. H. Derrick, Waco.
Bertha Rubiolo, Grace Rubiolo,
Oakland, Cal.

Wednesday, August 19.
Nellie E. Wilson, Washington.
P. M. Marshall, Dallas.

DeKreko Brothers Carnival

Will be here All the Week of September 1st at the Reeves County Fair Meet

Oriental Show, Streets of Cario,
Edna the Smallest Lady in the World
Mexican Circus, Pit Show, Ten in One Show
Crazy House
Sadae Society Favorite, Lafland Show
The Largest Lady in the World
Merry-go-Round, Vaudeville Show
That Strange Girl Mable
Uniformed Band

Free Acts Every Afternoon and Night

Firemen's Night Is Monday Night On the Grounds

DeKrokeBrosShows

All the Week At the Fair Grounds



Buyers to Share in Profits Lower Prices on Ford Cars

Effective from August 1, 1914, to August 1, 1915; and guaranteed against any reduction during that time:

- Touring Car . . . \$490
- Runabout 440
- Town Car 690

F. O. B. Detroit, all cars fully equipped. (In the United States of America only.)

Further, we will be able to obtain the maximum efficiency in our fac-
tory production, and the minimum cost in our purchasing and sales
departments if we can reach an output of 300,000 cars between the
above dates. And should we reach this production, we agree to pay as the buyer's
share from \$40 to \$60 per car (on or about August 1, 1915) to every
retail buyer who purchases a new Ford car between August 1, 1914,
and August 1, 1915. For further particulars regarding these low prices and profit-sharing
plan, see the nearest Fort Branch or Dealer.

PECOS AUTO CO., Agents.

J. B. Towels, Powell, Tex.
C. W. Reed, Fort Worth.
Rev. Geo. H. Pruter, Tampico.
F. E. Kistler and family, Toyah.
R. E. Tucker, Loving, N. M.
R. B. Mitchell, St. Louis.
C. L. Ness, College Station.

Thursday, August 20.
F. P. Holland, O. C. Payne, C. H.
Kemp, Wayne Murray, Dallas.
N. I. Clifton, San Angelo.
M. C. Cheney, El Paso.
W. E. Ludlow, El Paso.
R. S. Deming and wife, Corpus
Christi.

Edna Wheat, Sonora.
E. J. Brady and wife, Barstow.
D. Stewart, San Francisco.
J. L. Machen, Abilene.
J. C. Bodham, El Paso.
E. B. Keeling, Dallas.
J. H. Myers, Mississippi.
Elizabeth Ruth, Balmorhea.

Read T. E. Brown's special bar-
gain prices on the 8th page, and go
and participate in the sale. 34

Case of L. L. Cantelou.

The case of L. L. Cantelou, Clar-
endon, Texas, is similar to that of
many others who have used Cham-
berlain's Colic, Cholera and Diar-
rhoea Remedy. He says, "After try-
ing a doctor for several months,
and using different kinds of medi-
cine for my wife who had been trou-
bled with severe bowel complaint
for several months, I bought a 25c
bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Chol-
era and Diarrhoea Remedy. After
using the second bottle she was en-
tirely cured." For sale by all deal-
ers. (Advt.)

La France Flour endorsed by the
crown heads of Europe and the
queens of America. For sale at
Vickers & Collings. 33

Come to the Pecos Times office
and get instructions about the work
in the Pony Contest.

THE DUNLAP PONY CONTEST

The Pony Contest in Pecos is
now on and is rapidly growing in
interest with those that have signed
up and entered the contest. Part-
ies who live outside of Pecos and
some from other towns have en-
tered the contest.
Every person, no matter who nor
where they live has a right to en-
ter the contest and are entitled to
receive the votes for every dollar
or cent that they spend with the
Pecos Times. The Times will give
500 votes for every dollar spent on
subscription, either new or old, and
will give one hundred votes for
each and every dollar paid to the
Times on new or old accounts, and
as a further inducement the Times
will give ten per cent off all mone-
y collected on accounts or subscrip-
tions, either new or old, to the one
who solicits and collects same.
A word to all persons who do not
want to enter the contest: You are
entitled to the votes, etc., and you
can give your votes to anyone who
is in the contest.

B. J. STRICKLAND,
Publisher of the Pecos Times.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

The State of Texas,
County of Reeves.

By virtue of a certain Execution
issued out of the Honorable County
Court of Reeves County, on the
20th day of July, 1914, by Willie de
Woods, clerk of said court, against

H. B. Dorsey and Mrs. Sarah Dor-
sey, for the sum of three hundred
twenty-eight and 05-100 (\$228.05)
dollars and costs of suit, in cause
No. 390 in said court, styled Clint
Mercenile and Banking Company
versus H. B. Dorsey and Mrs. Sarah
Dorsey and placed in my hands for
service, I, Tom Harrison, as sheriff
of Reeves county, Texas, did, on
the 15th day of July, 1914, levy on
certain real estate, situated in
Reeves county, described as follows:
to-wit: S. E. one-fourth of the N.
one-half of section No. 47, Block
No. 59, and also all of section No.
46, Block No. 59, public school
lands Reeves county, Texas, and
levied upon as the property of said
H. B. Dorsey and Mrs. Sarah Dor-
sey. And on Tuesday, the 1st day
of September, 1914, at the Court
house door of Reeves county, in the
city of Pecos, Texas, between the
hours of ten a. m. and four p. m.
I will sell said premises at public
vendue, for cash, to the highest
bidder, as the property of said H.
B. Dorsey and Mrs. Sarah Dorsey
by virtue of said levy and said exe-
cution.

And in compliance with law I
give this notice by publication in
the English language, once a week
for three consecutive weeks imme-
diately preceding said day of sale
in the Pecos Times, a newspaper
published in Reeves county.
Witness my hand, this 5th day of
August, 1914.

TOM HARRISON,
Sheriff Reeves County, Texas
By S. C. Vaughan, Deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

The State of Texas,
County of Reeves.

By virtue of a certain order of
sale issued out of the Honorable
District Court of Reeves County,
on the 5th day of August, 1914, by
Willie de Woods, clerk of said court,
against E. J. Lough, Chas. Lamou-
reux and D. E. Fritz, for the sum
of fourteen hundred sixteen and
59-100 (\$1,416.59) dollars and cost
of suit, in cause No. 1290 in said
court, styled Ira M. Cole versus
E. J. Lough, Chas. Lamoureux
and D. E. Fritz, and placed in my
hands for service, I, Tom Harrison,
as sheriff of Reeves county, Texas,
did, on the 5th day of August, 1914,
levy on certain real estate, situated
in Reeves county, described as fol-
lows, to-wit: The south half (S
1-2) of the southwest one-fourth
(S. W. 1-4) of the northeast one-
fourth (N. W. 1-4) of section num-
ber one hundred and seventeen
(117), Block No. 13, H. & G. N. R.
Co. survey, Reeves county, Texas,
subject to public roads and contain-
ing 20 acres more or less, and levied
upon as the property of said E. J.
Lough, Chas. Lamoureux and D.
E. Fritz. And on Tuesday, the 1st
day of September, 1914, at the
court house door of Reeves county,
in the city of Pecos, Texas, betwe-
the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m.
I will sell said premises at public
vendue, for cash, to the highest
bidder, as the property of said E.
Lough, Chas. Lamoureux and D.
E. Fritz, by virtue of said levy and
said order of sale.

And in compliance with law, I
give this notice by publication in
the English language, once a week
for three consecutive weeks imme-
diately preceding said day of sale
in the Pecos Times, a newspaper
published in Reeves county.
Witness my hand this 6th day of
August, 1914.

TOM HARRISON,
Sheriff Reeves County, Texas
By S. C. Vaughan, Deputy.

Classified Column

WANTED.

WANTED—Your votes for the Pony Contest. Will appreciate same. Barney Haygood. 32-3

WANTED—To rent or buy on easy terms a good 8 or 10-room house in Pecos. See W. F. Gray or Mrs. Lulu E. Grafius. 18tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A pair of choice brood mares about 1,200 pounds each; gentle to work single or double; one's colt took premium of yearling class and the other's for the suckling colt at the Reeves County Fair last year. H. S. Earle, half mile northeast of Pecos. 33*2

FOR SALE—A secondhand Ranger Bicycle; in first class condition; will sell it cheap. Barney Hubbs.

FARM FOR SALE—Owner leaving and must sell at sacrifice; free artesian water; natural lake; no encumbrance; clear title. Will consider trade. Address owner, P. O. Box 448, Pecos, Texas. 31tf

FOR SALE—Phaeton, same as new. Cheap. Call Mrs. Moorhead or Zummer Hardware Co. 31

LOOK AT THIS—Good six-room house, flowing well, 20 acres good land adjoining Pecos; very easy terms. C. L. Heath. 30tf

FOR SALE—Good 4-room house, two porches, good cistern, 100-ft. lot. Very close in. Price \$1,650. C. L. Heath, Pecos, Texas. 23tf

TWO 35-H. P. GAS ENGINES, stored near depot at Balmorhea, for sale or trade. High grade engines in good shape, at a bargain. Address W. I. Hargis, Jr., Snyder, Texas. 23*13

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nice 4-room house, shade, lot, etc. S. M. Prewitt. 34tf

FOR RENT—One cool south furnished bed room. Phones No. 44, No. 251 or No. 4. Mrs. W. A. Reynolds. 25tf

PRIVATE BOARD AND ROOMS—Write, or phone 81. J. H. Wilhite, Pecos, Texas. 16tf

Are You Bald Headed!

Or does Dandruff, falling hair or itching scalp bother you? If so, our wonderful FERTILINE is what you want. It has grown hair on hundreds of bald heads. Money back if not satisfied. If your druggist hasn't sent you one dollar and we will send you a bottle by Parcel Post. FREE booklet explaining baldness.

LIGHTFOOT CHEMICAL CO. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

PERSONAL

J. G. Rooney of Fort Stockton is visiting Pecos friends Friday.

Elmer Robison of Ora was a Pecos business visitor last Friday.

Joe Lockhart of Hoban was among the many visitors in Pecos Sunday.

P. G. Lane of Barstow was over Wednesday shaking hands with his numerous Pecos friends.

J. N. Levin left yesterday on a visit to Chicago. He was accompanied by his sister, Miss Rosa, and his son, J. N. Jr. Miss Levin had been here for a couple of weeks visiting her brother.

Elise Wagner went out to Saragosa yesterday morning to see the school directors. She has been engaged to teach that school the coming year and will probably begin the first Monday in September. She returned home on the evening train.

Arthur Heath arrived Tuesday from Artesia for a week's visit with his father C. L. Heath and family.

Heath is the principal bookkeeper for the Joyce-Fruit Company at that place.

Mrs. D. L. Collie, who has been here visiting her son M. W. Collie and family for the past three weeks left yesterday for her home in Fort Worth.

R. H. King of Balmorhea was a Pecos visitor Monday.

Mrs. E. J. Saddler and son Roy of Fort Worth arrived in Pecos yesterday for a week's visit with her son, Mrs. M. W. Collie and family.

J. H. Wolverton and family of Balmorhea were Pecos visitors on Monday.

Charley Martin, J. N. Levin's right hand man, was a Pecos visitor yesterday from Crystal Water.

Howard Russell of Balmorhea was greeting his Pecos friends Monday.

H. R. Yount, who is representing the El Paso Bridge Company,

LAWYERS.

J. F. ROSS W. W. HUBBARD

ROSS & HUBBARD

LAWYERS

PECOS, TEXAS

REAL ESTATE INSURANCE.

C. L. HEATH

INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE AND RENTALS.

CITY PROPERTY A SPECIALTY.

NOTARY PUBLIC ALWAYS IN OFFICE.

PAINTS, VARNISHES

A COMPLETE LINE OF

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS,

VARNISHES AND STAINS

IN STOCK.

PECOS MERCANTILE COMPANY.

UNDERTAKING.

WALTER A. COLLINS

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND

EMBALMER

Day Phone 18. Night Phone 1.

PECOS MERCANTILE CO.

who are to put in the new bridge north of town, is in the city and overseeing the unloading of two or three carloads of bridge material.

Mrs. R. E. Erwin and daughter went out to their home at Verhalen this morning on the Pecos Valley Southern train.

Dr. Aronson of El Paso is here again looking after the needs of those who need to wear glasses.

B. W. Van Deren of Balmorhea was among the many visitors in Pecos Tuesday.

F. E. Kistler and family of Toyah were down Wednesday greeting their Pecos friends.

R. E. Tucker of Loving, N. M., was a Pecos visitor Wednesday.

E. B. Ross and family of Grandfalls came up Thursday to have their baby, which was ailing, treated.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Brady of Barstow were over yesterday visiting with relatives and friends.

Elizabeth Ruth of Balmorhea was a Pecos visitor Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Landrum returned Monday from their trip to El Paso.

Mrs. Lee Jordan and brother were in from the Lake ranch Thursday.

Miss Edna Wheat, from Senora is here visiting her cousin, Mrs. Beulah Johnson Wilson.

Mrs. E. W. Clayton and children returned Wednesday morning from El Paso, where they had been visiting for the past ten days and Ed is correspondingly happy.

Macy Haygood is now dispensing the cool, refreshing drinks and cream at the Pecos drug store cold drink fountain.

Beaurie Bozeman, who for some months past has been serving drinks and cream at the Pecos Drug Co.'s fountain, resigned his position and left Monday for his home at Waco.

During his stay here he made many friends among the Pecos young people, all of whom were sorry that he decided to leave.

Mrs. Jim Camp and son Keith left yesterday on No. 5 for El Paso.

Ray Camp went up to Toyah Thursday afternoon on No. 5.

Cut your lawn grass, also the obnoxious weeds along your fences. Boost Pecos by having a clean Pecos during the fair.

Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Bowles were Pecos visitors Tuesday having come in from the ranch to meet E. V.'s father. They report everything out on the ranch as being in excellent condition.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. P. Smith arrived Wednesday on No. 5 to see her father, who had been wounded, but instead was met by her mother and brothers who were there on their way to El Paso with the remains of Mr. Jackson. They went on to El Paso.

Ben Farber, the rusting manager of the El Paso store, made a business trip to Toyah Thursday afternoon.

Clyde Branon of Fort Stockton was a Pecos visitor Wednesday.

Bessie DeLaney of Crystal Water was visiting with Pecos friends on Wednesday.

Mrs. Henry Kerr arrived from El Paso Monday, where she had been visiting Mrs. Jere DuBose and family. She was accompanied by Mrs. Leah Chancey of Lufkin, who will remain in Pecos for a few weeks visiting her sister, Mrs. Haygood and family and other relatives and friends.

Judge E. S. Alley, after visiting his family for a couple of days, re-

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES

We have in stock a full line of Casings and Tubes, all sizes.

Storage Battery Charging

We have the largest and most complete stock of Automobile Accessories in the country.

Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention

TOYAH ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.

TOYAH, TEXAS

turned Tuesday morning to the C. C. Kountz ranch near Toyahvale, where he is doing carpenter work.

Dr. and Mrs. Henry Phillips of El Paso are here visiting relatives and friends. Mrs. Phillips is a sister of C. B. Jordan. The doctor is an army surgeon and has been assigned to service in the Philippines, to which place they will go in a few weeks or as soon as his leave of absence expires.

Mr. and Mrs. Belton Short and baby returned Tuesday from a trip to the Toyah creek country. Mr. Short had been called out to H. H. Jones new residence to do some tin work and his family accompanied him.

Zack Miles, the Beach Mercantile Company's efficient bookkeeper, came in from Balmorhea Tuesday afternoon on business, returning to his work Wednesday morning. Zack says that he likes it out there very much.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. A. Mings of Big Sandy, Texas, sister of O. Mitchell, and their son, Mitchell Mings, stopped a few days on their return from the El Paso convention, where Mr. Mings was a county delegate. Mrs. O. Mitchell's five-year-old daughter, Louise, returned home with Mr. and Mrs. Mings for a month's visit.

Isa Barlow, the accommodating ticket seller for the Pecos Valley Southern railway at Balmorhea, came in Tuesday and visited with his mother, Mrs. A. M. Randolph and other relatives and friends, returning home Wednesday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Steve Ward and children returned home Tuesday afternoon from their trip to El Paso.

W. A. Bowles, one of Uvalde's leading bee men, arrived in Pecos Tuesday afternoon for a month's visit with his daughter, Mrs. Seth Lewis, and son E. V. Bowles and families. Mr. Bowles has many old-time friends here who were sure glad to see him again.

Mrs. A. M. Mansfield arrived in Pecos Tuesday for an extended visit with her daughter Mrs. Van Havis and son George Mansfield and other relatives and friends. She had been visiting her children at Eagle Pass and El Paso.

Mrs. M. W. Collie and children, who had been visiting in El Paso, came home Tuesday on No. 6 and M. W.'s face is again wreathed in smiles.

Do not forget that we will have many visitors here during the fair, so give the whole city a most thorough overhauling and cleaning up.

District Attorney W. P. Brady returned to El Paso Wednesday afternoon after a few hours spent in Pecos.

Dr. D. W. Bozeman, the Rexall druggist, left Tuesday on a business trip to Dallas.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Wilcox and son Roy, who for the past month had been visiting relatives and friends in numerous places in Kansas, returned home Wednesday morning and Mr. Wilcox went back to work at his old job—punching tickets on the Pecos Valley Southern train Thursday morning.

Attorney J. A. Buck left Wednesday on a business trip to Snyder, Okla.

Mrs. Pearl Palmer, wife of L. K. Palmer, who has been visiting here for some time past with Judge and Mrs. Ben Palmer, and other relatives and friends, left Wednesday for Fort Worth, where she will visit with G. H. Ramsey and family for a short time, when she will go on to Dallas and join her husband, who has secured a position there and will make that place their home in the future.

Miss A. Luttenback of Hoban, Miss Laura Williams of Balmorhea, Mrs. Rudolph Hoefs and Master Carl Hoefs are guests of Mrs. Geo. Ward a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Glasscock, the efficient manager of the dry goods department of the Pecos Dry Goods Company, left Wednesday for St. Louis, where he will purchase a large stock of fall and winter goods for the Pecos Dry Goods Company.

Be sure and trim up your shrubbery and trees in your yards before the first of September.

Mrs. Will Glasscock left Wednesday for Wagoner, Okla., for an extended visit with her aunt, Mrs. J. W. Gibson.

Misses Vera and Mary Heath, who have been attending school at Knoxville, Tenn., arrived home Wednesday.

Dr. C. M. Mickle made a business trip to Pecos Wednesday, returning home the next day.

Mrs. C. A. Arden and daughter, Miss Mary and son Herbert, left Wednesday for their home at Colorado City. They had been visiting the past month with her mother, Mrs. Julia Ward and other relatives and friends.

H. C. Barstow left Wednesday on a ten days business trip to Midland, Big Springs and Colorado City.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Oakes, who for the past ten days have been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Phil Elkins and other relatives and friends, left Wednesday for their home at Marlin, Texas. Mrs. Oakes is a niece of Mrs. Elkins.

Mrs. D. J. Moran and children left Saturday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hart, at Toyah, for some time.

Mrs. R. N. Vawters and daughter Miss Gladys, have been visiting her daughter and sister, Mrs. R. C. Williams (nee Miss Vawters) for some time, returned Saturday to their home in Deming, N. M.

Mrs. C. A. Bickley and her two children from Cleburne, left Monday after a two weeks' visit with Rev. C. S. McCarver and family, her father, mother and sisters. Brother McCarver said that this was the first time that the family had been all together for a long time and that Mrs. Bickley's two children, one a boy and the other a girl, was all the grand children that they had.

G. I. Tripp of Toyah was a business visitor in Pecos last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Lynch, of Crystal Water, were visiting among their Pecos friends Tuesday.

S. Rinehart was up from Saragosa Monday shaking hands with his many friends in Pecos.

Messrs. J. L. Farley of DeSoto, Mo., M. T. Eudaly, Jim Wheat and A. J. Adcock, all connected with the Consolidated Reservoir Company, left Monday for Grandfalls after spending several days in Pecos on business connected with the big reservoir proposition they are putting through and report that they are getting along nicely with the work.

T. F. Wolfe, the bustling representative for the Semi-Weekly Dallas News and the Evening Journal was here Tuesday looking after their interests, and dropped into the Times office long enough to shake hands and say "Howdy."

F. J. Billingslea left Tuesday morning for his ranch near Hoban after having spent a day or so in Pecos among his host of friends.

Mrs. H. E. Moore of Grandfalls spent several days the past week in Pecos on business and visiting among her friends.

Lester Eddings, were in from the ranch Monday, guests of Mrs. Geo. Ward and family.

Sallow complexion comes from bilious impurities in the blood and the fault lies with the liver and bowels; they are torpid. The medicine that gives results in such cases is HERBINE. It is a fine liver stimulant and bowel regulator. Price 50c. Sold by the Pecos Drug Co. (Advt.)

Be sure and take advantage of T. E. Brown's special offers on the 8th page of this issue. 34

To Prevent Typhoid.

(M. M. Carrick, M. D.)

Typhoid fever is caused, like many other diseases, by a small germ which gets into the mouth from our fingers or on something we eat or drink, and which grows in the body and causes the disease.

To prevent typhoid fever at home get the well in shape. A good well must have a sound, tight top and a pump or an automatic bucket. A well with a leaky top or holes around the sides, or with a bucket which is touched with dirty hands and then goes into the well, is likely to give rise to typhoid fever.

Get the closet in shape. The discharge from human beings constitutes the most dangerous material on the farm in the summer time. It should be cared for as carefully as if it were a deadly poison. A good closet is the most important thing on the farm in the summer. A good closet should keep the material dry, off the ground, away from the flies, and should be cleaned as often as necessary. The material

should be carried away and buried or buried.

Flies carry typhoid fever germs on their feet. They are dirty and filthy insects and spread diseases. Screen them out of the kitchen, catch or kill those that get in, and keep them away from the food, especially the milk.

To avoid typhoid fever yourself: First, wash the hands before eating anything, and do not put them into the mouth. Second, do not drink any water that you do not know comes from a good well, unless it has been boiled just before drinking. Third, do not drink milk unless you know where it comes from, and know that it has been carefully looked after in a place where there is no typhoid fever. Fourth, if you are in a strange place, do not eat anything unless it has been recently boiled or otherwise heated through and through.

The fly has small feet, but a million typhoid germs can ride comfortably on one of them.

How to Cure a Sprain.

A sprain may be cured in about one-third the time required by the usual treatment by applying Chamberlain's Liniment and observing the directions with each bottle. For sale by all dealers. (Advt.)

Fly Traps for sale at T. E. Brown Furniture Store. Only \$1. 28

SARAGOSA HOTEL CHANGES HANDS.

The Saragosa Hotel has changed hands. Clean rooms and full table. H. Crenshaw, Proprietor. 33-3

Come to the Pecos Times office and get instructions about the work in the Pony Contest.

Smart, New Street Hats

Call and Inspect Our Fall Millinery Latest Styles; Collars, Bags, Dress Trimmings, and Hair Ornaments

Our Opening Display is on September 9th and 10th

Remember the Dates and Don't Fail to Come and See Our Goods

Miss Farnum

We will be in Pecos during the Fair —



with a line of Saddles, Boots, Spurs, etc., We will sell or take your order for anything in the leather line.



A FULL STOCK OF

Cowboy Supplies



A. G. Hall Saddlery Co. BIG SPRING, TEXAS

Pruett Lumber Company

All Kinds of Building Material

YARDS AT

BARSTOW
PYOTE
GRANDFALLS
TOYAH
SARAGOSA
BALMORHEA

GENERAL OFFICE:

Pecos, Texas

Thrift as National Asset.

(Christian Science Monitor.)

The savings of residents of the United States, which they entrust to bankers of different kinds, show marked differences of confidence in banking systems as well as equally distinct sectional habits of thrift. To spend less than one might now in order to have something saved to spend tomorrow or years hence is a more deeply rooted habit among people of the East than it is of those persons who are called West-ers. To deposit money in a bank in the custody of a commercial bank is more habitual in the South and West than it is in the North and East, where a double system of commercial and savings banks exists, the latter having deposits that reflect in a startling way the profits coming to labor as well as to capital where diversified agriculture and industry exist side by side.

To account for these sectional differences of habit and of ideal is not an impossible task for a competent interpreter, given suitable time and place for the exposition. Suffice it to say here and now that as the country grows older these present differences will tend to disappear. Time will be on the side of the habit of thrift, because as population waxes and cost of living rises, frugality, now more characteristic of the longest settled regions, will be found necessary generally in order to maintain existence at traditional standards of living.

Nor is this the only factor at work now making saving a more generally approved and practiced habit. The nation, by its postal banks, has encouraged thrift where neither the mutual savings banks nor the commercial bank could. The success of the system indicates how general is the desire to be thrifty, if not in one way then in another. Still, compared with other peoples, the United States is a spending, not a hoarding nation, and it has carried its lavish use of earned but

fluid and uninvested capital to such a point that the inevitable reaction has come, and an American Society to Promote Thrift has been organized with an imposing list of officials and members. It is in this way that most American reforms get their first hearing and first push out into the arena of national life. The process of winning out sometimes is long, but the decision when made is final.

Calomel May Hurt Your Liver.

Every time you take this powerful drug you are in danger. Take Dodson's Liver Tone instead. Calomel is made from mercury, and while mercury has many valuable uses, it is a dangerous thing to swallow. If calomel stays in the system very long it salivates. Even when it works naturally, its after-effects are often bad.

The Pecos Drug Co., D. W. Bozeman proprietor, sells you Dodson's Liver Tone, which is positively guaranteed to take the place of calomel. Liver Tone stimulates the liver just enough to start it working, and does not make you sicker than ever—as calomel often does. You feel good after taking Dodson's and it won't force you to stop eating or working after taking it. It is as beneficial for children as for adults.

Try a large bottle for fifty cents under the guarantee that your money will be given back cheerfully if you're not satisfied.

A QUESTION OF HASH.

Replying to the home inquiry, "When will the tariff be settled?" the representative wrote:

"Leave it to me; I'll settle its hash."

And he got this rejoinder: "You'd better, for there's darned little hash on the tables of your constituents."—Atlanta Constitution.

THE RACERS ARE COMING

Race horse men from all over the state of Texas will be in Pecos, if one may judge from letters that are being received by the management of the Reeves County Fair Association. Ten running horses are planning to leave the "Short Ship Texas Circuit," at Hillsboro, the last week in this month, and to come direct to Pecos, to make the string of West Texas fairs, winding up at Abilene the first week in October, in time to go on to Fort Worth and Dallas.

Harness events will be better filled this year than ever before, and better purses are being offered in all lines. E. G. Doty will be one localite who will seek honors. He has two fast steppers, and has purchased a new cycle cart to help him win. Barstow and Big Springs horsemen will be represented and San Angelo, Quanah and Coraicana may be here strong. Practically all of these horses will make the full West Texas circuit of fairs.

There will be other races too, including a novelty race in which six prizes will be offered. It will be run six-eighths of a mile, and a \$25 purse will be given the winner at each eighth. Two cowboy relay races, with \$75 purses will be put on. Get ready for the big fair. Come prepared to have the time of your life.

Defending Country Boy.

(Boston Globe.)

Better educated, quicker witted, more willing, more initiative—these are some of the superiorities of the city lad over the country boy, according to F. R. Lund of the Massachusetts Agricultural College who is secretary of the Boston Placement Bureau. It is his work to find positions on farms for Massachusetts school boys and girls during the summer months.

This praise of the effete city youth is, we confess, a surprise. Mr. Lund ought to know what he is talking about, as he has ample opportunity to judge between the relative merits of the town and country boys.

There are certain reasons why the city boy should be more alert, quicker witted, and better educated than his country cousin. Everything is by comparison. The city boy goes to a school where there are many pupils of a wide divergence of ability. The competition is keener. It means more for a city boy to stand well in his studies. The schools are better equipped; the opportunities for learning more numerous.

The country boy is at a disadvantage. In a class of half a dozen pupils the standard of scholarship of the brightest pupil is probably much lower than that of the brightest pupil in a class of several hundred. It is a simple matter of arithmetic and the law of average.

Mr. Lund, however, probably did not ignore, but nevertheless neglected to state, that country life in the summer is a lark for the city boy. Everything on the farm is new to him. The work is different and therefore arouses his interest. He easily becomes enthusiastic. He is eager to work, largely because it is a change. New brooms sweep clean.

Naturally it is hard to arouse enthusiasm for farm work in a boy who has known all its trials since he was able to walk. It is an old story to him and this may account for some of the "sleepiness" of which Mr. Lund accuses the country lad.

Mr. Lund says that the city boy is better able to entertain the farmer and his family, but the question of vaudeville ability does not solve the problem of life on the farm.

The country boy has a harder row to hoe, but he is by nature as well equipped mentally as his city brother. His body is probably stronger and his habits stand a better chance of being cleaner. The triumphs of the country boy in the realms of finance, literature, art, business and statesmanship are too well known to need enumeration here.

The barefoot boy with cheeks o' tan has many sterling qualities. He can not be cheated out of ultimate success by the city bred lad any more than opposition and life in the country could injure Abraham Lincoln.

Headache Gone.

Rub a little Hunt's Lightning Oil on and the pain is gone almost instantly. For neuralgia and rheumatism it seldom fails to give instant relief. Don't suffer pain when this splendid remedy can be purchased at your drug store. (Advt.)

Purity in Wearables.

(Detroit Free Press.)

The pure food laws have done considerable good. For the most part they have been wisely enforced and have put some "food fakes" out of commission and insured purer products. Being so effectively applied to our eatables, it seems as if a pure fabrics act might operate advantageously in the prevention of frauds in wearables. Silk was once a durable fabric. A silk gown was almost an heirloom. Nowadays one expects it to survive for remodeling. The fabric so adulterated with tin that it breaks and cracks, sometimes even without the ordeal of wear. Shoddy is most ingeniously interwoven in woollens, and the process of manufacture disguises it until the goods meet the test of wear. Rubber is, of course, in such demand for automobile tires that we can not expect to have much of it used in footwear, and therefore our rubbers do well if they stay waterproof for three weeks.

Our pure food laws guard us against the rapacity of one class of manufacturers; we need laws to guarantee that the wearables we buy shall possess a reasonable amount of whatever staple they should legitimately contain.

Austria's Schwein Politik

The Servian people are Slavic by race, Asiatic in culture, four-fifths of the adults illiterate, Greek orthodox by religion, frugal, hard-working, independent, democratic and patriotic.

Given such a people in such a country, what are they to do for a living? Obviously not much except to grow grain and meat for export. Hogs can find their food in most of the oak woods and be fattened on the corn of the fields, but where can they be sold? Not to the southward, for the Mohammedans of Macedonia and the Jews of Salonica do not eat pork. But to the north just across the Danube is a big rich country inhabited mostly by Catholics who have no aversion to swine flesh except on one day of the week. Austria-Hungary is then the natural market for Servian products, and here they mostly go.

But whenever Austria wants to annoy Servia or to please Hungary, all she has to do is to raise the tariff rates on trans-Danubian produce or prohibit the importation of Servian pigs or poultry by quarantine rules on the ground of some suppositions disease. By the practice of such tactics, called by the German writers *schwein-politik*, Austria has reduced Servia to a condition of economic dependence from which Servia is striving to free herself by securing an outlet to the sea and so to the wide world market.

Pecos Teachers.

The teachers for the Pecos public schools for the session of 1914-15 have all been elected and the following assignment has been made for the opening of the schools:

F. F. Mace, superintendent, High School Science.

E. E. Layton, principal of high school, English and History.

Miss Nelson, high school, High School Mathematics and A and B Seventh Arithmetic.

Miss Ross, high school, Latin and Seventh A Grammar.

Miss Stamper, Seventh grade.

Miss Germany, Sixth grade.

Miss McCarver, Fifth grade.

Mrs. Cole, Fourth grade.

Mrs. Williams, Third grade.

Miss Cole, Second grade.

Miss Lagle, First grade.

The above assignment are subject to change at any time during the year, the right being reserved to shift a teacher from one grade to another if necessary.

It is too early to outline definitely the work or the policy of the school further than to say that as far as possible the work of last year will be taken up and carried on and that at the first but few changes will be made. If circumstances and conditions later show the advisability of changes, such changes will be made with as little friction as possible. It is my aim to make the schools of Pecos second to none in the state and to this end I earnestly ask the hearty co-operation of the patrons and of the citizens of Pecos.

F. F. MACE,
Superintendent of School.

If you sit in a cool draft when you are heated and get a stiff neck or lame back, you will be looking for something that will ease the pain. Fix your mind on BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT and don't be talked out of it, because it is the best pain relieving liniment you can get anywhere. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. (Advt.)

Go to the Pecos Times office and get instructions about the work in the Pony Contest.

Pecos Valley State Bank

Capital \$110,000.00
Surplus 55,000.00

WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS

ED. OTTO

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BUTCHER

FRESH MEAT ALWAYS ON HAND.

Phone 19

Desirable Residence for Sale

Near Public School building. Six rooms, bath, hall and three porches, back porch screened; electric lights. Lot 75 feet front, southeast corner; chicken lots and house, and all out-buildings; water; grass in front yard. For price, see

C. L. Heath, Pecos, Texas

Max Krauskopf

Sheet Iron and Metal Worker

SANITARY PLUMBING, ACETYLENE LIGHTS AND GALVANIZED AND COPPER CORNICE, GALVANIZED TANKS, TERNES, EAVE TROUGHS, CONDUCTOR PIPES, TIN ROOFING, TIN, GALVANIZED IRON FLUES, EDWARD'S ORNAMENTAL

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY, WAGONS, HARROWS, CULTIVATORS, DISCS, JOHN DEERE WALKING AND RIDING PLOWS

CALL ON ME WHEN IN NEED OF ANYTHING IN THIS LINE

SEE R. P. HICKS FOR
Dray and Transfer Work
WOOD AND COAL

OFFICE PHONE 147

RESIDENCE PHONE 181

The Remington Cubs get them with the center of the load

REMINGTON-UMC
ARROW SHOT SHELLS

SPEED—SPEED—and again, SPEED

YOUR object in shooting is to get your bird with the center of your load. Of course! Then shoot these Steel Lined Speed Shells.

They are the fastest shells in the market. Their speed is demonstrated beyond question by the one sure test in all ballistic matters—the Electric Chronograph.

Then, too, there is the experience of thousands of seasoned gunners who have been shooting the Remington-UMC Steel Lined Shells ever since they came out.

The steel lining is the thing. It grips the powder—holds it in compression—puts all the drive of the explosion behind the shot.

Your load travels quicker—you shorten up your lead. You cut down the guess work on lead and angles—you get more birds.

Your dealer carries these speed shells. Get them. Use them. Find the Red Ball mark on every box of shells and metallics you buy.

Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
299 Broadway New York

HOW TO HANDLE THE BROOD SOW

The brood sow is indispensable; she is the most important factor on the farm; she is a repeater and a multiplier; and if handled properly she will farrow two litters of pigs each year, consisting of from seven to twelve good, healthy pigs in each litter, and she will begin to breed at the age of one year old and continue to breed until eight or ten years old. And let us say that one-half are females; at the rate of two litters each year if the sow's pigs were only kept for breeders, it would only be a few years until the sow and her progeny would stock the universe. And if a few of the male pigs were kept for breeding and the balance relegated to the pork barrel the proceeds would defray the expenses of maintaining the sow and rearing the offspring, and besides go a long way toward the support of the owner in the way of buying food and clothes. Not only that, but they would go a long way toward paying for and improving the home and also educating the children.

The first and most important feature about the brood sow is a judicious selection. I would first decide on whatever breed I preferred. Then I would want her to be of good size, of reasonably good length, slightly arched back, good spring of rib, well rounded hams, straight under line, deep body, tail set rather high up, reasonably large bony bone sufficient to carry her weight, wide between the legs, standing well up on the toes, neck not too short, good jaw and not too flabby, neat head and ear, and of color typical of the breed which she represents. She should not have less than 12 teats.

Now after the sow has been selected she should be bred, not under eight months old, to a boar of the same breed, and as near the same type as possible, in order that she may produce a uniform litter of pigs, which is most desirable to theatcher or packer when buying them in wagon or earload lots. When bred she should be only in moderately good flesh. After the sow has been bred, and one uninterrupted service is enough, she should be placed in a pen to herself for at least three days. Then she should be turned into green pasture where she has plenty of room for exercise and fed on a ration of one part corn, kaffir or maize chops and two parts of wheat bran or shorts, in sufficient quantity to gradually build her up until about one week

before she farrows. Then she should be placed in a small lot in which is a small house about eight by nine feet with a door in the south end and a window in the north end, and fenders around inside the pen about eight inches high and about ten inches from the wall in order to prevent the sow from lying on the pigs. I prefer an A shaped house, because it is more economical.

Her feed should be reduced principally on an all-wheat bran mash. A little oily substance would be good, until she farrows, and she should have all she can eat until then; but after farrowing she should not be fed for 24 hours, but have all the water she can drink. Then feed a small amount of wheat bran mash, and gradually increase until the pigs are 10 days to two weeks old, when she may have full feed consisting of one part corn chops and two parts shorts made into a slop.

Be shy of putting in too much bedding before the sow farrows; if the weather is warm she will not require any bedding at all. At the expiration of 112 days keep your eye on the sow, as a short time before farrowing she will become restless and inclined to make a bed. It is well to be present as the youngsters arrive and put them into a tub or barrel until all the pigs are farrowed, then detusk and ear mark them and place them to the sow and see that they all nurse, and by this time they will be inclined to bunch up and keep from being trampled by the sow.

When the pigs have arrived at the age of three weeks they will begin to eat. Then have a small pen adjacent to the pen of the sow and a creep hole in order that the pigs may be fed away from the sow, giving them some nutritious food such as you have at your command, but never feed more than they can clean up each time, feeding twice a day. At the same time feed the sow liberally in order that she may give nourishment to the pigs. She should have green pasture of whatever kind is adapted to your soil and climate while the pigs are nursing. At the age of two and one-half or three months old the sow should be removed from the pigs and turned into green pasture with the other brood sows and let the pigs remain in their accustomed place of being fed. By this means they will not fret and decline while being weaned.—M. Hart, in Progressive Farmer.

Fly Traps for sale at T. E. Brown Furniture Store. Only \$1.

Come to the Pecos Times office and get instructions about the work in the Pony Contest.

Rules for the Dunlap Pony Commercial Contest

Rule 1. Any child not over sixteen years of age who is not a child grandchild of any of the participating merchants or their employes may become a contestant in the Dunlap Pony Commercial Contest by enrolling his or her name at the offices of business of all of the merchants who are joint participants in the contest.

Rule 2. For all money paid to any of the participating merchants during the progress of this contest, whether on old accounts or on cash business, 25 votes shall be given for every 25 cents so paid; 10 vote coupons and 5 vote coupons may be used at the discretion of the merchant.

Rule 3. The only exception to the above rule is that in case a newspaper is participating, said newspapers may give out 500 votes for every dollar paid on new or old subscriptions, but said newspaper shall be regulated by the number of votes for all other revenues of its business.

Rule 4. Under no condition shall a schedule mentioned above be changed nor shall any additional votes be awarded by any merchant at any time during the progress of the contest. No coupons except those printed by the Dunlap Pony Commercial Contest shall be considered valid.

Rule 5. A sealed ballot box shall be placed in the store or office of each participating merchant for the collection of said votes. Said box shall be opened by said merchant in the presence of three witnesses within three weeks from the date on which this contest starts. The contents contained in said box shall be counted by him or by parties selected by him and the result of said counting shall be kept a secret.

Rule 6. Said ballot box shall be opened every three weeks thereafter during the progress of the contest

and the result thereof kept a secret.

Rule 6. Said ballot box shall be opened every three weeks thereafter during the progress of the contest; the ballots counted in like manner and the result thereof kept a secret.

Rule 7. As an incentive to the early casting of votes and to facilitate the counting thereof, the following bonuses shall be given. The votes cast for each contestant during the first period shall be increased by 50 per cent. In other words, if Contestant A has 100,000 votes and Contestant B 90,000 votes, 50 per cent shall be added to the vote of each so that A will be credited with 150,000 and B with 135,000 votes.

Rule 8. The votes cast for each Contestant during the second period shall be increased by 40 per cent the votes cast for each contestant during the third period shall be increased by 30 per cent; the votes cast for each contestant during the fourth period shall be increased 20 per cent; the votes cast for each contestant during the fifth period shall be increased 10 per cent; the votes cast for each contestant during the last period shall not be increased at all.

Rule 9. At the conclusion of the contest three disinterested judges shall be selected by said merchants, who shall tabulate the results certified to them by each participating merchant and shall award the Grand Prize of the Shetland Pony, Vehicle and Harness to the child who has received the greatest number of votes.

Rule 10. Each merchant agrees to carefully keep his records and not to divulge the contents thereof to any contestant, to any of their friends or to any other participating merchant. By so doing no one will know who is in the lead at any time.

Democratic Nominations.

Pecos, Tex., Aug. 17, 1914. To the Honorable Willie-de Woods, County Clerk of Reeves County, Texas.

Dear Sirs:

In accordance with Article 3125 of the election laws of the state of Texas, I, C. W. Tudor, Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, in and for Reeves County, Texas, do hereby certify to the county clerk of Reeves County, Texas, that the following is a true and correct list of the candidates who have received the highest vote for county and precinct offices in the democratic primary held in said county, on Saturday, July 25, 1914, and at the second primary held Aug. 8, 1914, for the election of a county judge, and that they have been and are hereby declared to be nominees of the democratic party for such offices:

- For County Judge—Een Randals.
- For District and County Clerk—Willie-de Woods.
- For County Attorney—J. A. Drane.
- For Sheriff and Tax Collector—Tom Harrison.
- For County Treasurer—Mrs. Mildred Middleton.
- For Tax Assessor—W. W. Camp.
- For County Surveyor—A. M. Randolph.
- For Commissioner Precinct No. 1—R. N. Couch.
- For Commissioner Precinct No. 2—A. W. Hoise.
- For Commissioner Precinct No. 3—C. C. Kountz.
- For Commissioner Precinct No. 4—J. B. Sullivan.
- For Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1—E. P. Richburg.
- For Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 2—John Hibdon.
- For Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 3—J. F. Meier.
- For Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 4—Doc Davis.
- For Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 5—J. V. return.
- For Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, Loving County—A. G. Kutz.
- For Constable Precinct No. 1—E. C. Loper.
- For Constable Precinct No. 2—No return.
- For Constable Precinct No. 3—R. H. King.
- For Constable Precinct No. 4—Bob Prunty.
- For Constable Precinct No. 5—Burd Henson.
- For Constable Precinct No. 1, Loving County—B. H. Hopper.

Chairman Democratic Executive Committee—C. W. Tudor.
Executive Committee, Precinct 1—W. P. Morris, H. B. Link.
Executive Committeemen Pre 2—No return.
Executive Committeemen Pre 3—W. W. Stewart.
Executive Committeeman Pre 4—Jim Mayfield.
Executive Committeeman Pre 5—R. N. Sewell.
Executive Committeeman Pre 6—No return.
Executive Committeeman Pre 1, Loving County—Albert Kyle.
Executive Committeeman Pre 2, Loving County—M. M. Leeman.

Done by order of the Executive Committee, this the 17th day of August, A. D. 1914.

C. W. TUDOR, Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, Reeves County, Texas, and ex-officio Chairman of Loving County, Texas.

I, Willie-de Woods, clerk of the County Court of Reeves County, and also County Clerk of Loving County, (which county is attached to Reeves county for judicial purposes) do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the names of the candidates nominated at the primary elections held on July 25, 1914, and August 8, 1914, respectively, in Reeves county, Texas, as furnished me by C. W. Tudor, chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of Reeves county, as same appears on file in my office, this the 17th day of August, 1914. In testimony whereof I hereunto set my hand and affix my official seal this the 17th day of August, 1914.

WILLIE-DE WOODS, County Clerk Reeves County, Tex., and also ex-officio Clerk of Loving County.

Not Strange After All.

You may think it strange that so many people are cured of stomach trouble by Chamberlain's Tablets. You would not, however, if you should give them a trial. They strengthen and invigorate the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. Mrs. Boise Rish, Wabash, Ind., writes, "Nothing did me the least good until I began using Chamberlain's Tablets. It is decidedly the best medicine for stomach trouble I have ever used." For sale by all dealers. (Adv.)

We appreciate your trade. Preview at the Grain Store.

FINDS SKELETON OF BOY WHO LIVED 2000 YEARS BEFORE CHRISTIAN ERA

London, Eng., Aug. 17.—Prof. Keith of the Royal College of Surgeons has been investigating the history of a skeleton dating from about 2000 B. C., which was recently found during excavations by J. Reid Moir at the base of the Red Crag at Thorington Hall, Whorstead, near Ipswich.

It is the skeleton of a 12-year-old boy. His stature must have been much the same as the average height of a modern boy of the same age, but the large size of the head is remarkable.

Close to the skeleton was an urn about 10 inches deep and 6 inches in diameter. This was a food vessel for the use of the boy on his arrival in the next world.

The vessel is of a type which was only made in the late Neolithic and early bronze periods. It is decorated all around with marks pierced by thumb nails, a method of decoration which is very ancient.

Prof. Keith said: "We are trying to get hold of people of every period going as far back as we can. We are trying to follow the English people right back beginning with the Roman period. We shall then be able to describe the people who lived in any period and the changes that came over them. So far there has been very little change."

A GENTLE REBUKE. Not all the worms that turn are as gentle and tactful in their turning as the one that a German paper recently described.

A quiet, patient little man had been pushed about and trodden on by the other passengers on a crowded street car. For a long time he suffered in silence. Then in a meek voice he addressed an awkward youth standing next to him:

"Young man," he said, "I hope you will not think me rude, but may I ask your age?"

The youth stared at him for a moment and replied "Eighteen." "Eighteen," repeated the little man softly. "Now, really, young man, don't you think that you are old enough to stand on your own feet?"—Youth's Companion.

GO TO CHURCH.

No Man Too Busy to Give an Hour Each Week to God.

Go to church. Is there a man in any community who is too busy to spend one hour each week in church?

There are one hundred and sixty-eight hours in every week. No man is too busy to eat during the week. No man is too busy to snatch a few hours of recreation in every week. No man is too busy to sleep during the week. Yet there are men who will declare that they are so busy they can't afford to give one hour in every one hundred and sixty-eight to worship in God's house. In church you will find spiritual food and rest.

Of all excuses for lack of attendance at church the "too busy" one is the flimsiest. Why isn't he honest and admit that he doesn't want to go to church? Isn't it a fact that a man has a better feeling within himself and the world in general after he has spent an hour in the house of God?

One of the finest sights of the Lenten season was the noontday crowds in the churches located in the business and financial districts of New York City. There might be found some of the greatest men in the country. It is a hopeful sign of the times. None of these really big men was too busy to give several minutes daily to the worship of God. Incidentally, these big men by their example preached powerful sermons.

Don't hide behind the "too busy" pretext. It is too thin. If you have an important business or social engagement you will find time for it. God asks you to meet him for at least an hour every Sunday. Can't you arrange your engagements so that you can meet him? The visit will not be a disagreeable one. Surely you are not ashamed to be seen in church? You no doubt have been seen in worse places. Go to church!—Ex.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CHENEY, & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Subscribe for the Times and get 500 votes in the Pony Contest.

Scrubs Fatten Quickly

You want your pigs to eat as much as possible when you fatten them. Give them a great variety of feed, keep the appetite keen and the digestion in good order, and you will obtain the desired result; especially if you mix with the grain ration a dose of


Bee Dee STOCK MEDICINE

Whets the appetite—Helps digestion.

I put some scrubby-looking hogs in the pen to fatten and gave them Bee Dee STOCK MEDICINE in their feed. I soon had fine, healthy-looking hogs, which netted me over 500 pounds. H. Kisner, Danlevie, W. Va.

25c, 50c and \$1. per can. At your dealer's. P. B. 4

"Seal Brand" The Coffee of Universal Appeal



In the camp—the pot of gold at the end of the long trail—because of its rich, full, satisfying strength.

CHASE & SANBORN'S SEAL BRAND COFFEE

In 1 and 2 pound cans. Never in bulk. Ground, Uground or Pulverized.

SOLD BY
Vickers & Collings
Phone 156

FOR SALE

H. & G. N. LANDS

IN REEVES COUNTY

Surveys Nos. 47, 55, 61, 63, in Block 4. Nos. 43, 45, and three-fourths of 47, in Block 5. The surveys in these blocks are situated from 5 to 8 miles from Pecos City, in the artesian belt of the Pecos River Country and will be sold as a whole or in quarter sections. Also surveys Nos. 13 and 49, in Block 6, and Survey Nos. 13 and 15 in Block 7. Also Surveys Nos. 31 and 35, fronting on the Pecos River in Block 1, and Nos. 11 and 15, adjacent thereto, in Block 2, in the vicinity of Riverton, on the Pecos River Railroad. Also Surveys Nos. 1, 3, 5, and 13, fronting on the Pecos River, in Block 8, in the extreme northern portion of Pecos County, and partly in Reeves County. Also 16 surveys in Block 10; 16 surveys in Block 11, and 3 surveys in Block 12; none of these river lands. No local agents for these lands, which are handled direct by the Agent and Attorney in Fact for the owner, Thomas R. White, Jr., of New Jersey.

FOR PRICES AND TERMS, ADDRESS
IRA H. EVANS
AGENT AND ATTORNEY IN FACT,
AUSTIN, TEXAS.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE

Loper & Short

Tinners and Plumbers.

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