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THE PECOS TIMES.

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VOLUME XXVIII. NO. 9.

THE PECOS TIMES: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1915.

\$1.00 PER YEAR

SAND LAKE THE SIGNAL GUN OF A NEW PROSPERITY IN PECOS COUNTRY

WILL IRRIGATE FULLY THIRTY THOUSAND ACRES OF LAND

lake Will Be Twenty-one Miles Around--Will Be Health and Pleasure Resort. Possibilities of Electric Power Are Considerable--More Than a Hundred People Join Auto Run Monday Morning--What They Saw and Might Have Seen--Shuck Your Coat and Get Busy!

gathered around the newly-started work on the big intake canal at Sand Lake Reservoir Monday afternoon, more than one hundred people from Pecos and Barstow recognized the fact that they were looking on the elements that are bringing a new day of prosperity to the Pecos Country. There were twenty automobiles, well filled even to the Willis Utility truck in which Mitchell hauled about fourteen people. There were no formalities on the occasion, and no attempt made to celebrate with any outburst of oratory. Perhaps that was as well, for the proposition was too big for words. The minds of these people were too busy trying to grapple the significance of their eyes were gazing upon. There was a canal on the bottom which the automobilists found they could turn their cars. A section of it had been thrown in the week's work that had been done by the twenty-five teams on the job. Yet A. D. Jameson, controller in charge, said that probably more than five thousand yards of earth had been moved. Five thousand yards is some dirt, but the tract calls for 1,307,000 yards of nothing of a trifle of 200,000 yards of stone! Those teams, then, will work 200 weeks, and not see the end of the canal in sight. But work has to be completed within eighteen months, which means almost 100 teams more will go to the job, and that two big excavators will get busy. "I want you to come out when we have those big 'drag-lines' working," Mr. Jameson said. "Come at night you'll see something that'll surprise you. We are going to keep busy day and night. It's as if it were noonday for 150 yards and one of those machines the first night you ever saw. We'll have our own dynamo on them, you know."

try to get hold of the size of this proposition that these Ward County people have taken it upon themselves to put through. First way: It is going to irrigate thirty thousand acres of land within a range of the town of Pecos. Thirty thousand acres where there are now more than eight thousand. About four farms where there is now one; about four families where there is now one; about four herds of produce to sell where there is now one; and then figures multiplied by two because of the fact that the WATER WILL BE THERE all the time. It is needed--what will it do? There will be room for ten thousand Pecos where there is now only one, for that is the rule of growth of towns; and there is prosperity here that has never before dreamed of. You need mean to say that a bunch of slow farmers has started doing as big as that? That's the burden of our song. Reader, if you were at Sand Lake Monday, you didn't have to use very much imagination to see things that we're just putting our statements down for the benefit of the non-resident

reader of the paper who can't get the perspective afforded by an actual trip to the Lake, and who might think we were boosting without regard for the conventions. Take G. B. Landrum's word for it: He had just ridden up through a portion of the basin of the lake, with both eyes open; he had gone into the canal that has been opened and that will suck the flood-waters of the old Pecos from their channel thirty miles above; finally he looked up and down the big ditch and said: "Well, I've changed my mind. I have been figuring on selling every darn thing I had in this country and pullin' out, but since I've seen what I have today, I'll be darned if it's a go. I'm going to stay in Pecos at least five years longer!" The crowd cheered, of course, but it wasn't exactly because one man had taken the stand that George Landrum took, but rather because he had voiced the thought that a better day had come and that a broader horizon has opened—a thought shared in common by the crowd. And take it from me, Partner, it'll be worth staying for.

"What was there to see?" you ask. What, indeed? "A mighty good round-up ground is going to be spoiled," said B. G. Smith, as he was whizzing through the basin and thinking of the round-ups that he'd seen in the old days. But B. G. wasn't regretting the fact a bit, for he says that business has already begun to pick up, and that he's going to be ready for all that's coming. What to see? Wait a minute: The commissioners have already made up their mind that there will be a pike road from the dam to Pecos, as straight as Surveyor Randolph can take it with the water tower to sight on. There will be fishing and boating and swimming, and a club house, and probably a hotel, and excursion rates on all the roads the year 'round to Pecos as a health and pleasure resort. But that's just the pretty trimming work that will be made possible by the bigger things that Sand Lake will do.

What about something like 'steen thousand horsepower of electricity that will be generated by the flow of water into and out of the lake? What about an electric railroad between Pecos and Barstow? And what would you say to cheap electricity for every one of hundreds of pump-wells all over these broad, rich flats where Nature has stored her underground reservoirs, with the idea that some day Man, in harnessing the overground floods, would play team-work on the job, and use the power to lift the water from below? Can you see the end of it? Can you put ten thousand people in Pecos within a few years? Can you get your feet warm, and your backbone stiff, and your eyes afloat with an honest desire to work—can you do something useful for somebody? Are you alive? Yes? Then there's room here for you, and you'd better stay; for Sand Lake isn't the only big thing that's going to be pulled off in the Pecos Country in the good year nineteen fifteen!

DAIRY PLAN ATTRACTS ATTENTION

Many Breeders Wish to Sell Stock. Circular Letter Being Mailed to Farmers.

The news items that have appeared in the Pecos Times, and in the various daily papers of the state about the Pecos' proposed adoption of the Moser dairy plan have attracted quite a bit of attention. Letters have been received from a dozen or more breeders of milk stock offering cows for sale, and at least two letters have been received from men (one at Roscoe, Tex., and the other at Runge, Tex.) who are thinking of moving here for the purpose of engaging in dairy and livestock farming.

Clarence Ousley, now in charge of the extension service of A. and M. College, at College Station, recently wrote the commercial club asking for five hundred copies of the letter recently sent out on the Pecos plan of securing and distributing brood sows for local farmers. The plan to help the farmers in the dairying line having come to his attention, he writes in part: "I am very much interested in the copy of the Pecos Times which you sent me, giving reports of a series of meetings of your business men and farmers interested in silos and dairying. This service (meaning Mr. Ousley's department) furnishes weekly letters of information to sixty diversification and marketing associations over the cotton belt, and whenever we hear of unusual activity, or concrete results accomplished in one community, we endeavor to get hold of the facts and place it before these associations for their information.

"The thought has occurred to me that perhaps you would like to write me a short, concise letter, giving the actual facts and results of the recent meetings, whether or not any tangible results were accomplished, and just what the plan of the Pecos Commercial Club is. If this statement is furnished, I will have it mimeographed and sent out to the officers of these associations. The statement should be held to one typewritten page (legal size), and in newspaper parlance, should have a 'punch' in every paragraph.

"Will be glad to hear further from you along this line."

The Times job department this week set a circular letter that will be mailed to the farmers of this section. The letter sets out as briefly as possible the plan under which the operations will be carried on, and has appended an application blank for the farmer to sign, giving certain information with reference to his needs, his resources, and other points. Farmers receiving these letters should sign the blanks and fill them out, returning them at as early a date as possible to the commercial club here as directed.

The business men will later be called upon to proceed with their share of the activity, and it is hoped in due time that shipment of the initial nucleus of dairy stock into the Pecos country under this plan may be made. It is safe to say that no proposition for the advancement of the agricultural interests of this country has ever met with more widespread or more favorable commendation than has this plan; and truly none could offer more for solid development along lines of proven business opportunity.

TOYAH VALLEY CATCHES STEP WITH PROGRESS SATURDAY

Vote for Organization of Irrigation District is 80-13--W. W. Stewart and T. M. Delaney Lead in Popularity--Saragosa Has But One Non-Progressive. Showing One to Be Proud Of--Substantial Set of Officers Chosen--Will Investigate Reservoir Sites.

Toyah Valley last Saturday went on record for the organization of Reeves County Irrigation District Number One by a vote of 80-13. As was predicted in these columns last week, sentiment proved to be overwhelming for this great step ahead. The Golden Valley, with her affairs in the hands of her own people, will fast come into her own.

W. W. Stewart led the bunch in popularity, receiving 67 votes. He was closely followed by T. M. Delaney with 61 votes; A. W. Wigley, 54; C. J. Ferguson, 47; and J. E. Meier, 38. Henry Lavalle, at present deputy county assessor under W. W. Camp, was chosen overwhelmingly as assessor and collector for the district.

The valley could not have made a better selection of officers to manage its affairs, and the wholesome determination of the people to do things in a large way and on a firm basis is indicated by the personnel selected. It might be well to state, in understanding the vote, that each man voted for five men for

director, and that, aside from the two or three men who led, the choice was widely varied. At Saragosa the Beautiful, sentiment was almost unanimous, the vote being 25-1 for the district. If this lone voter and the rest of the baker's dozen that opposed the organization will get in the procession and line up for better things.

It is to be presumed that the newly-elected directors will qualify at an early date, and that they will begin to shape and outline the policies of the district as a civil entity. The plans inaugurated in advance of the organization, call for the unification and conservation of all sources of water supply in the valley. This will probably be done by outright purchase by the district from present owners, and the people are to be congratulated that for the most part the titles lie with parties who are in sympathy with the efforts being made, and who are interested in the real development of the valley.

For the mere possession of all water titles and systems in the Toyah Valley, the people there

could well afford to vote bonds and pay present owners even more than what is generally regarded as the fair value of these titles and systems. Every farmer under the systems could testify that the possession and ownership mentioned, if it had been held by the farmers themselves during past years, would have meant incalculable benefits that have been lost.

There remains, too, the prospect of a wonderful help in a conservation way in the two reservoir sites that will probably be investigated at an early date. With such a means of storage to increase and stabilize the present wonderful water supply, Toyah Valley will come into her own at an exceeding rapid rate. Then will the people of the Golden Valley begin to reap truly golden harvests, as a result of their co-operative labors, and their efforts to promote peace and good-will among their fellows. Pecos and her people extend congratulations on the result of Saturday's vote. Pecos is as jubilant as are Saragosa, Brogado, Balmorhea, Pera, and Toyahvale.

KERMIT HAPPENINGS.

Dr. Ira Lane left for Midland today on a business and legal trip and will return Sunday or Monday next.

Emmett Lovett and family have returned to Kermit, after an absence of eight or ten months in Taylor county.

Bud Estes was a pleasant visitor this week. He had the misfortune of getting his finger dislocated and he came over to get it fixed. A few minutes work and the finger was in its normal condition and Bud went away rejoicing.

W. A. Priest went to Pecos this week to be present at the convocation of the Royal Arch Chapter of Masons.

Divide Texas? No, never! I have taken it on myself to find out what per cent of this county was or is in favor of a division. I have seen at least 80 per cent of the citizens and have failed to find even one man in favor of it.

Little Thelma Leeman is quite sick with la grippe and several complications.

W. A. Priest came in from Pecos and says the Masons over there kept him on the run and jump. Says he is all torn up but still in the ring. Dr. Ira Lane, the hustling life insurance agent, has returned after several days' absence.

Mr. Sam Hatley had the misfortune of losing his big fine mule a few days ago. That removes one more kicker out of the way.

R. P. HEAD ACQUITTED.

Mr. R. P. Head, the bankrupt banker of Balmorhea, who was being tried at Midland this week on an indictment, he being charged with receiving deposits of money when the bank was insolvent, was acquitted about 6 p. m. Tuesday.

There are other indictments against him but the witnesses were all discharged and it is presumed that he will not be tried any more during the present term of court.

OFF FOR THE NORTHERN AND EASTERN MARKET

Ben Farber, the hustling owner and manager of the El Paso Store, "home of low prices," left Tuesday evening for the Northern and Eastern markets—St. Louis and New York city—to purchase a large and attractive stock of merchandise for the spring and summer trade.

He expects to be gone about three or four weeks and when he returns will have some splendid special bargains for the people.

SARAGOSA SAYINGS.

G. M. Forbess, who has been here for the past two months, left last Thursday for Longmont, Colo.

A. Schloemer has rented his farm to John Oates and left last Thursday for Milwaukee, Wis.

M. C. Lucky has completed his residence on his farm and moved there last week.

Announcement was made last Sunday that Rev. C. A. Dickson, the Baptist pastor, would commence a protracted meeting here next Sunday, the 28th. He will be assisted by Rev. B. G. Richbourg of Putnam, Tex.

W. T. H. Baker, wife and mother, of Pecos, were here last week visiting their son R. L. Baker and family.

W. T. Wheat and Dee Davis received a carload of cattle from Fort Worth last week.

Thelma Cox was a Pecos visitor last Monday.

S. T. Hobbs of Pecos, the newly elected cashier of the Toyah Valley State Bank, at Saragosa, arrived Tuesday and assumed his duties.

David S. Butler went to Pecos last Friday, returning Tuesday.

W. T. Wheat, Dee Davis, H. Carpenter and Pink Harbert made a business trip to Pecos Monday.

Rev. C. S. McCarver of Pecos, was here Tuesday visiting his friends.

COURT HOUSE GUARDS ATTACKED; ONE DEAD

Graham, Young Co., Tex., Feb. 24.—At 2 o'clock this morning Tom Cherrymones and Riley Dollins, who were employed by the Commissioners' court to guard the records in the court house at this place, were attacked by five or six masked men and a great number of shots were fired by each side. As a result, Tom Cherrymones was mortally wounded and died at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The other guard, Riley Dollins, was unharmed.

Shortly after the shooting Pat Carlton and Pete Fry were arrested at the home of E. W. Fry in this city. Carlton had been shot through and through and is in a dying condition. Pete Fry had been shot a glancing shot through the forehead and is not seriously hurt.

Warrants have been sworn out against Pete Fry, Pat Carlton, H. M. Todd and a stranger who gave his name as John Lipsit from Fort Worth. All have been arrested and are now in jail except Carlton, who can not be moved. Attending phy-

sicians say there is little chance for his recovery.

The commissioners court hired the guards after an audit of the county's books. Warrants had been issued for former County Judge E. W. Fry, who is now representative for this district in the legislature, and he was arrested in Austin and brought here about Feb. 9. The complaint against him charged forgery. He made bond in the sum of \$15,000, as soon as he was brought here for his appearance before the coming term of district court, which begins here on the first Monday in March. Today Judge Fry's bondsmen surrendered him and he is now in jail.

No further trouble is expected.

Tom Cherrymones was about 40 years old. He was a well known gin man and had been a deputy sheriff at one time for four years. He is survived by a wife and small children.

Pete Fry and Pat Carlton are unmarried. Both have lived in and near Graham for a number of years.

S. R. Crawford, a prominent business man of Graham, who was a member of the legislature several years ago, reached Dallas yesterday evening. He left Graham on an early morning train and had heard but little of the shooting before leaving there. He said the shots had not awakened him. Last night he communicated with his home and learned of the death of Cherrymones and the surrender by his bondsmen of Judge Fry as is related in the foregoing.

ANTI-NARCOTIC ACT IS EXPLAINED BY WILSON

United States Attorney Wilson explained the operation and purposes of the new Harrison anti-narcotic act to an audience of physicians and pharmacists at the Medical College of Texas Christian University Tuesday night.

The purpose of the requirement that every licensed seller of certain narcotics enumerated in the bill keep a register of sales, he explained, is to assist federal, state and city officers in stamping out the habitual use of drugs.

TAKING A SIXTY-DAY LAY-OFF

Jim Richburg, the accommodating, efficient brakeman on the Pecos Valley Southern mixed train is taking a sixty day layoff.

Thursday Jess Woods went out on his run, but today H. M. Mage has taken up the job and will run regularly hereafter.

BASKETBALL GAME AT BARSTOW

On last Saturday there was a lively and interesting game of basketball played between the girls of the Pecos schools and the girls of the Barstow schools on the home grounds of the latter. The best of order and good feeling was preserved throughout the game and the Pecos team and their officials were treated with absolute courtesy.

There was no "hurrating" of the teams or officials such as so often spoils games. The teams were fairly evenly matched as to age and size and there was not a marked difference in skill. The Barstow team did not have much opportunity to show what they could really do in good tossing as the guarding and team work of the Pecos girls kept the ball at the Pecos end of the ground a good share of the time, but the Pecos girls did not take full advantage of this as they only made six points from the field.

The game was fairly free of fouls and the two teams showed very equal in this respect; the Pecos team making fifteen fouls and the Barstow twelve. The game, however, did not go on fouls as neither side was able to take advantage of the free throws; Barstow making the only point which was made on a free throw. The final score was Pecos six, Barstow three.

When the Barstow girls come over to Pecos we assure them the same kind and courteous treatment which the Pecos team received while visiting them.

At the close of the game Barstow gave fifteen cheers for the Pecos team and the Pecos visitors returned them as heartily as they could for their scanty numbers.

The fact that this game was played absolutely without roughness, without an unkind feeling on either side, without discourtesy, and in the spirit of true sportsmanship, should convince anyone that basketball is not a rough, dangerous, ill-bred or unladylike game. Basketball played according to the rules is one of the safest, sanest and best of exercises for girls.

ADDING TO HIS HERD OF CATTLE.

W. B. Thorpe, one of Reeves county's hustling ranchers, and one who is always ready to improve his herd arrived from Fort Worth last Saturday with three carloads of two and three year old heifers which he had purchased.

They were a nice looking bunch and consisted of Durhams and Red Poll. They will make a splendid addition to his already good herd of cattle.

They were carried out to Balmorhea Monday morning by the Pecos Valley Southern train.

DO YOU FIND FAULT WITH EVERYBODY?

An irritable, fault-finding disposition is often due to a disordered stomach. A man with good digestion is nearly always good natured. A great many have been permanently benefited by Chamberlain's Tablets after years of suffering. These tablets strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. Obtainable everywhere. (Advt)

The most complete line of garden seeds at Green's ever offered.

PECOS SCHOOL ITEMS.

We desire to call attention again to the fact that it is strictly against the rules of the school for pupils to ask anyone who comes to the school ground or who passes them on the road to or from school with a car or other vehicle for a ride, or to ride without being asked, or if asked to ride to get on or off a vehicle while in motion. Drivers of vehicles will confer a favor by reporting any violations of this rule.

It is very easy sometimes for people to get a wrong impression from the report of a child. There are 9,000 square yards of play space in the school ground proper. About 1500 square yards of this are taken up by basketball and tennis ground. The remainder of this is practically all free to the smaller children and they are also allowed to play on the vacant lots north and northwest of the building. So the small children are not being crowded off the ground. The larger boys of the athletic association have grounds across the street west of the building and from these grounds and from the actual playing space of the courts they are and will be in the future excluded because it is dangerous for them to be playing where they might be run over or struck by the larger children. We have not had any accidents on the grounds so far this year—and we do not intend to have.

Special examinations for affiliation are now over. The result is in the hands of the state authorities. These out of the way, we will now settle down to regular tasks and try to finish the work of the year in good shape.

SHIPPED ANOTHER CARLOAD OF SHEEP.

Henry Lavelle, the sheep man from Toyah Creek, was in Pecos Monday with a carload of fat sheep which he shipped on to the Fort Worth market, consigned to the Cassidy-Southwestern Livestock and Commission Company.

Mr. Lavelle has had splendid success the past winter feeding sheep. He returned home Tuesday morning to Balmorhea.

IS IMPROVING HIS PECOS VALLEY LANDS.

Mr. C. E. Lee arrived in Pecos last week Friday and has gone right to work securing men to clear off about 30 acres of his land just across the river in Ward county, which he is going to put into cultivation this season.

He will also build him a residence so that his family can soon be here with him.

Mr. Lee had advertised for grubbers in the Times and there were some already awaiting his arrival and they are now at work. He made this office a short call upon his arrival.

The Times heartily joins in extending to Mr. Lee and family a most cordial welcome to the Pecos Valley and trust that they may never regret casting their lot among us.

Gas in the stomach or bowels is a disagreeable symptom of a torpid liver. To get rid of it quickly take HERBINE. It is a marvelous liver stimulant and bowel purifier. Price 50 cents. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. (Advt)

We have the D. M. Ferry, C. C. Morse, Webster's and Texas Seed and Floral Co. famous seeds. We can please you. O. J. Green. 9-3

Cheer up. Don't cry, old pardner, we will get you by. King Bros. Garage. 8

NEW BOOKS AT LIBRARY.

The following books have been received at the Carnegie library:

- "Simon the Jester," W. J. Locke.
- "The Wall of Partition" Florence Barclay.
- "To-Day's Daughter," Josephine Daskam Bacon.
- "The Witch," Mary Johnson.
- "Wife of Sir Isaac Harmon," H. G. Wells.
- "Old Rose and Silver" Myrtle Reed.
- "Old Reliable," Harris Dickson.
- "Marie-Claire," Marguerite Audoux.
- "Land of Long Ago," Eliza Hall Carter.
- "De Lavendar's People," Margaret Deland.
- "Freckles," Gene Stratton Porter.
- "The Harvester," Gene Stratton Porter.
- "Tweed," Henry Sydnor Harrison.
- "The Shuttle," Francis H. Barnett.
- "The White Sister" F. M. Crawford.
- "The Iron Woman," Margaret Deland.
- "The Crossing" Winston Churchill.
- "The Crisis," Winston Churchill.
- "The Old Peabody Pew" Kate Douglas Wiggin.
- "The Second Generation" David Graham Phillips.
- Juvenile.
- "The Mystery of Lost River Canyon."
- "In the Pecos Country."
- "Camp Fire Girls at Long Lake."
- "Camp Fire Girls on the March"
- "Camp Fire Girls in the Mountains."
- "The Boy Trapper."
- "Boy Scouts on the Open Plains"
- "Little Lord Fauntleroy."
- "Beautiful Joe."
- "Heidi."
- "Tom Swift and His Sky Racer"
- "Tom Swift and His Electric Rifle."
- "Motor Cycle Chums in the Land of the Sky."
- "Dog of Flanders."

TOYAH VALLEY STATE BANK'S NEW CASHIER.

S. T. Hobbs has been elected to assume the duties as cashier of the Toyah Valley State Bank at Saragosa, and went out the first of the week to assume his duties.

Mr. Hobbs is a young man of many good qualities and during his stay among us has won the friendship of our citizens and is capable of "making good" at whatever he undertakes.

The Times joins with his numerous other friends in wishing him success in his new position of trust and responsibility.

WENT TO MIDLAND.

The following named persons went from Balmorhea, Toyah Valley and Pecos to the District Court at Midland: W. S. Peck, A. W. Wigley, J. K. Webb, B. W. Van Doren, T. M. Delaney, W. E. Gould, Sol Mayer, J. F. Meier, Dr. J. H. Wolverton, E. R. Patterson and C. W. Amrine; Tom Harrison, sheriff of Reeves county; Clinton Ezell and R. H. King.

They are witnesses in the case of R. P. Head, former banker at Balmorhea, who was indicted by the grand jury. His trial came up in the Reeves county district court at the last December session for forgery and was moved to Midland and was called up last Monday.

THEY WANT SPACE IN THE TIMES.

New York, Feb. 20, 1915.

Dear Sir: We have faith in the recuperative powers of the South. It is only a question of time before you will have recovered from the cotton calamity.

Instead of curtailing our advertising during the coming year we expect to add at least 300 Southern papers to our list. We shall be very glad to include your publication. Give us your rates.

We enclose copy sheet of matter for you to publish, one of these items each week for twelve months. Very truly yours, F. W. DEVOE & CO.

When the bowels become irregular you are uncomfortable and the longer this condition exists the worse you feel. You can get rid of this misery quickly by using HERBINE. Take a dose on going to bed and see how fine you feel next day. Price 50 cents. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. (Advt)

YOU WILL FIND A COMPLETE LINE OF FRESH VEGETABLES AT GREEN'S. 9-3

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.



What Rigid Inspection Means

Maintaining the quality of a number of products with a large business and varying buyer's requirements is not always a simple matter. It can only be accomplished where the most careful inspection of all products is frequently made.

At Port Arthur, Texas, laboratories are maintained to permit of the continuous inspection of Texaco Products manufactured there, so that quality, for which they are famous, will be kept up.

These laboratories have further matters to consider, for they are the places where new ideas, methods and possibilities are thoroughly tried out and investigated with the object of providing the best possible means of manufacture and the most practical value.

Port Arthur laboratories are a part of Texaco Quality and Service by which these products made in Texas have been foremost in oil manufactures.

Quality and Service are available for you in your own town. Consult our agent. He can tell you what you need.

The product will please you.

The Texas Company
General Offices, Houston, Texas



MANY THANKS FOR YOUR KIND WORDS.

The following letter was received last week and we desire to extend our thanks to the writer for his kind words:

Pearce, Ariz., Feb. 19, 1915.

Dear Bro. Strickland, I inclose my check for \$1 for renewal of subscription to the Times. You are publishing a good paper and are presenting the advantages of your country in a substantial way and the Pecos people should back you up most substantially. Yours truly,

JOSEPH PESTAL.

ATTENDED THE BANKERS' STATE CONVENTION.

Mr. Woody Browning, cashier of the Pecos Valley State Bank of Pecos, left Saturday evening, going to Wichita Falls to attend the Bankers' convention that convened there the forepart of this week.

We don't know what they will do but as times are said to be getting better we hope that they will reduce the rate of interest or pay a per cent on deposits.

If a better cough syrup than Foley's Honey and Tar Compound could be found, we would carry it. We know this reliable and dependable medicine has given satisfaction for more than forty years; therefore we never offer a substitute for the genuine. Recommended for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, bronchial and la grippe coughs. No opiates. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. (Advt)

Phone 84 your grocery wants. Best goods at the lowest prices.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of H. W. GROVE. 25c.

When constive or troubled with constipation take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are easy to take and most agreeable in effect. Obtainable everywhere. (Advt)

Get your garden seeds from O. J. Green Grocery. 9-3

STUDIES IN THE INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES OF TEXAS.

"Studies in the Industrial Resources of Texas" is the title of a bulletin now from the press issued by the University of Texas. The pamphlet represents the work of the University Economics Club for the year 1913-14. Prof. Lewis H. Haney deals with the "Economic Comparison of Texas Soil Belts," in which work he is assisted by Alex. Spence, Alexander Deussen, instructor in geology, presents "The Climate of Texas in Relation to Its Crops," which is elaborately illustrated with maps and diagrams.

"The Population of Texas and Its Potentialities as a Labor Force" is the subject of a chapter by W. E. Leonard of the economic department of the university. A. B. Cox contributes a chapter dealing with

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A POUND FOR

RAGS

The Times office is in need of some good clean cotton rags—white ones preferred—and of good size. We will pay five cents a pound for them. Rush them to us and get your money. Phone 55.

WANTED—EVERY "WIGGS" FAMILY.

Every person in the county answering to the name of "Wiggs" is wanted to make himself or herself known to the manager of Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch and receive an invitation to witness the production of that play which is booked to appear at the Pecos opera house on Monday March 1.

One branch of the "Wiggs" family tree flourished on Kentucky soil for many generations, and if such an invitation was extended in many communities of that grand old state there would be no room left in the playhouse for the Smiths, Joseeses, and others who would enjoy this quaint story of a God-fearing people.

The invitation to every "Wiggs" is not an empty one, although it may be used in advertising the show, and thus far according to actual count something over 1,000 people bearing this name have responded on the Pacific coast alone.

Seats at City Pharmacy, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.

HERE DEMONSTRATING AN OVERLAND TRUCK.

H. M. Gillespie of El Paso was here the forepart of the week with an Overland truck auto, showing up its good qualities and usages for the local dealer of Overlands, O. Mitchell.

CONSTIPATION.

When constive or troubled with constipation take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are easy to take and most agreeable in effect. Obtainable everywhere. (Advt)

Get your garden seeds from O. J. Green Grocery. 9-3

STUDIES IN THE INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES OF TEXAS.

"Studies in the Industrial Resources of Texas" is the title of a bulletin now from the press issued by the University of Texas. The pamphlet represents the work of the University Economics Club for the year 1913-14. Prof. Lewis H. Haney deals with the "Economic Comparison of Texas Soil Belts," in which work he is assisted by Alex. Spence, Alexander Deussen, instructor in geology, presents "The Climate of Texas in Relation to Its Crops," which is elaborately illustrated with maps and diagrams.

"The Population of Texas and Its Potentialities as a Labor Force" is the subject of a chapter by W. E. Leonard of the economic department of the university. A. B. Cox contributes a chapter dealing with

Now Well

"Thedford's Black-Draught is the best all-round medicine I ever used," writes J. A. Steelman, of Pattonville, Texas.

"I suffered terribly with liver troubles, and could get no relief.

The doctors said I had consumption. I could not work at all. Finally I tried

THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

and to my surprise, I got better, and am to-day as well as any man." Thedford's Black-Draught is a general, cathartic, vegetable liver medicine, that has been regulating irregularities of the liver, stomach and bowels, for over 70 years. Get a package today. Insist on the genuine—Thedford's. E-70

the principal crops of Texas, importance and relation to the size and value of farms. The Seed Products of Texas" is the subject of a discussion by W. D. Wright. C. Lohman makes an extensive examination of the lumber industry of Texas.

"Irrigation in Texas," "The Railway Service in Texas," "A Summary of the Banks of Texas" and "The Wealth of Texas" designate chapters contributed by other members of the club.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury

Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good they can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price 75c per bottle. Beware of cheap imitations.

REMINGTON UMC

NEW CLUB SHOT SHELLS

"The Shell With a Nickname"

WE'RE proud of the fact that gunners have nick-named our black powder loads. To go around the country and hear them talk about "The Old Reliable Yellow Shells" feels as good as a cheery greeting and a slap on the back.

New Club Shells are really the premier black powder shells of this country—Standard for over 50 years.

The No. 2 Primer gives a snappy ignition—surer and quicker than you usually find in black powder shells.

For results in your shooting, rifle or shotgun—get Remington-UMC ammunition—with the Red Ball Mark on every box. Ask the best dealer in this community. He carries them.

Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
299 Broadway 14 New York

EIGHTH COURT OF CIVIL APPEALS AT EL PASO

Motions Granted—Dell Dublin vs. T. B. Jones, from Ector, appellee's motion to affirm certificate. Mrs. Annie D. Rogers et al vs. T. A. Ezell, from Reeves, appellee's motion for leave to file briefs. Submitted—Toyah Valley Irrigation Co. vs. W. E. Winston, from Reeves. Annie D. Rogers et al vs. T. A. Ezell, from Reeves. H. T. Collier et al vs. J. F. Harbour et al, from Reeves. Geo. W. Cloyd vs. T. Sacra, from Midland. Set for March 4—T. & P. Ry. Co. vs. Martin Bros., from Ector. W. C. Halbert vs. Toyah Valley bank from Reeves. Sam Holloway et al vs. Mary L. Purington, from Pecos. M. B. Gassaway et al vs. W. H. Browning, Jr., et al, from Reeves. R. D. Dees vs. G. Crane, from Pecos. Sam Holloway et al vs. Mary L. Purington, from Pecos. Smith Bros. Grain Co. vs. O. P. Jensen, from Ward. Smith Bros. Grain Co. vs. John Miller, from Ward.

TO END FEUD WITH NIPPON.

Tokio, Feb. 21.—Looking to the preservation and promotion of friendship between Japan and the United States, a committee of prominent Japanese is to meet a committee of Americans to discuss the relations between the two countries. The movement was started on December 17 last year when, as already cabled, the American Peace Society of Japan at its annual meeting voted to name a body of fifteen Americans resident in Japan to investigate and prepare a statement on the various questions existing between the two nations. The thought behind the project, which has now been taken up by the Japanese, is that Japan has no intention to make war on the United States and that the United States has no idea of making war on Japan. However, it is deemed imperative to discuss the existing problems frankly and fully, and if possible, suggest means of removing all misunderstandings.

NEW DRUG LAW MARCH 1.

Austin, Tex., Feb. 21.—The new federal drug law becomes effective March 1 and Collector of Internal Revenue A. S. Walker is extremely anxious that the large number of persons in this state directly affected shall become acquainted with its requirements. The following announcement was issued from the collector's office today: "During the past week, about 9,000 application blanks which are necessary to be used by persons entitled to register under the new Harrison narcotic law have been mailed from the office of the collector of internal revenue to physicians, druggists, dentists, veterinary surgeons, hospitals and other persons directly affected by the law. This completes the mailing list in the office. All persons who have not received the necessary application blanks should apply directly to the internal revenue office at Austin, Texas, and blanks will be promptly furnished.

"The collector of internal revenue will not receive remittance for registration under the law mentioned unless they are accompanied by the proper application duly sworn to as required by law. "The collector announces that under the provisions of the Harrison law only persons legitimately engaged in manufacturing, importing, selling or dispensing drugs affected by the narcotic law and who have an established place of business are entitled to register under that law. Under this ruling cocaine fiends and those persons who have conducted opium joints and engaged in the illicit handling of opium and cocaine are excluded from registration."

BODY OF FRANK JAMES

CREMATED IN ST. LOUIS. St. Louis, Feb. 21.—The body of Frank James, former outlaw, who died last Thursday, was cremated here today. Thousands of persons crowded about the crematory.

Robert James, son of the dead man, Jesse James' son and namesake of another of the bandit brothers, witnessed the cremation.

FIVE CENTS PROVES IT.

A Generous Offer. Cut out this ad, enclose with 5 cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., and they will send you our trial packages of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for coughs, colds, bronchial and la grippe coughs, Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets. For sale in your town by Pecos Drug Co. (Adv't)

Invigorating to the Pale and Sickly

Dr. Pierce's Great Peppermint Cure. This standard general strengthening tonic, cough and asthma cure, and relief for Malaria, enriches the blood, and builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 50c

ASK RELIEF FOR TENANT FARMER

Farmers' Union Officials Want a Law Enacted That Will Fulfill Its Purpose.

Fort Worth, Texas.—The most important problem that confronts the Texas Legislature in its 34th session is relief for the tenant farmer. Out of the 219,575 tenant farmers the Federal Census Bureau shows that 17,500, or less than 10 per cent, pay cash rent and we estimate that 60 per cent rent on the basis of one-third grain and one-fourth cotton and 30 per cent pay more than a third and a fourth. There are perhaps 65,000 tenant farmers in this State, who, in some form or other, pay a rental of more than a third and a fourth on land. To this number we may add the 17,500 cash tenants, for it is there the worst forms of rental extortion exist, although it might be difficult to prohibit, by law, a willing renter paying a willing landlord an agreed sum for use of property.

Abuses of Tenancy System.

There are many abuses growing out of our tenancy system which should be corrected and punished by law if they cannot be corrected peaceably. We will mention a few of them. Out of the 65,000 tenant farmers who pay more than a third and a fourth land rental, we estimate that 40 per cent, or 26,000, pay direct to the landlord and the remaining 39,000 pay it to brokers and agents who rent lands on a basis of a third and a fourth and then sub-rent at a profit, charging a cash bonus for the farm or advancing the rents beyond the price they pay. Such practices should be broken up by law for they constitute an illegitimate occupation. The owner of property should look after his business personally or hire some one to do so, paying them a reasonable sum out of his own pocket, and not become a party to an injurious system of speculation. We leave the legislature to deal with the iniquitous tenancy system, according to their wisdom.

Union Calls Upon Legislature for Building Material.

We believe a rural credit bill, properly drawn, permitting long time loans at a low rate of interest, will place a home within the reach of every tenant farmer and automatically eliminate many of the evils of farm tenancy, as well as help the home owner. We believe that agriculture will receive more substantial benefit from increasing opportunity than in multiplying penalties. We think it a greater legislative achievement to expand the area of opportunity than to increase the zone of crime. It is an important function of government to keep open and enlarge the avenues of choice, but no effort should be made to restrain freedom of judgment and action.

The farmers, like every other class of people, have the weak and incapable. There are some tenant farmers, who, if offered a home in the skies, would prefer to rent so they could move once a year, and no amount of constructive legislation will benefit them. We do not favor restrictive legislation that involves the entire structure of society in order to benefit the incompetent. Give the man who tries a chance and give it abundantly.

We invite the Texas Bankers' Association to appoint a committee to assist in framing a bill that is sound commercially and one they can recommend the securities to their customers. We have too many "still-born" laws on the statute books now and there is no use for the legislature to waste time creating securities which cannot be financed.

W. D. Lewis, President, Farmers' Educational & Co-operative Union of Texas. Peter Radford, National Lecturer Farmers' Educational & Co-operative Union of America.

PROSPEROUS MIDLAND MAN TAKES HIS OWN LIFE.

Midland, Tex., Feb. 22.—Using a high power rifle, H. T. Boone, a prosperous rancher living 15 miles southeast of Midland, shot and killed himself at his home. Mr. Boone's wife and three children were at the ranch, but not with Mr. Boone when the tragedy occurred. No reason is known for Mr. Boone's

MRS. ORNER BEING TRIED FOR MURDER SIXTH TIME

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 23.—The case of Mrs. Agnes Orner, charged with the murder of her 11-year-old daughter by poisoning, was called in the Twenty-fourth District Court Monday morning. Practically the entire day was spent in selecting a jury from the special venire of 200 men.

The crime of which Mrs. Orner is charged is alleged to have occurred on Feb. 10, 1911. Five trials have already been held, each resulting in a hung jury. The first trial was held in El Paso. On a change of venue the case was then transferred to Pecos, Reeves county. It was next tried at Midland, in Midland county, then taken to Marfa, in Presidio county, and finally tried at Van Horn, in Culberson county.

The defense has retained Judge T. A. Falvey and Victor Moore as counsel. The state is represented by District Attorney W. W. Bridgers and P. H. Marcum.

Testimony in the case of Mrs. Agnes Orner, charged with the murder of her 11-year-old daughter on Feb. 19, 1911, was taken in the Thirty-fourth District Court Tuesday morning.

Mrs. S. E. Erwin testified to having gone to the Orner home on Monday, two days after the child's death. "Mrs. Orner threw her arms around me," she declared, "and asked: 'Must I confess?'"

The first witnesses examined were Drs. C. P. and W. L. Brown, the physicians who attended the little girl, following the alleged poisoning. Both testified that the child had died of acute or arsenical poisoning.

During the testimony of Dr. W. L. Brown, attorneys for the defense stated that they would admit that the child died of acute or arsenical poisoning.

Mrs. N. B. LaRook testified to having seen the child on the morning of the day on which she died. The child appeared all right at that time, she said.

The jury, selected from a special venire of 200 men, is as follows: J. P. Ford, T. G. Graham, R. E. Harris, Ed Fancher, J. J. Wilcox, G. W. Bell, C. V. Murray, W. L. Kobald, L. D. Nicholson, J. E. Green, L. Hisler and Wm. Naumann.

BREAD MADE OFF FETERITA.

Nocona, Montague Co., Tex. Feb. 19.—Since the wheat flour is so high the feterita flour is being used extensively, a man was in town yesterday with a quantity of bread made of the feterita flour and exhibited it. The bread resembled graham flour and had a fine flavor. This can be had at about \$2.70 per 100, against \$1 for wheat flour. There will be a good deal of feterita planted in this section this year.

EXPOSITION BEST EVER.

Washington, Feb. 23.—Secretary Franklin L. Lane, who represented President Wilson at the formal opening of the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco yesterday, telegraphed the President today that it far exceeded all previous expositions.

Plans for President Wilson's trip to San Francisco next month were under consideration at the White House today, but a final decision on the itinerary is not expected for at least a week. According to the present arrangements he will reach San Francisco March 21.

"MRS. WIGGS" FLOURISHES DESPITE HARD TIMES.

It is only too well known that this is one of the hardest seasons ever experienced in the amusement business, yet "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch" flourishes "like unto the green bay tree," and there must be a reason for it somewhere. Can it be that people are retreating to the clean and wholesome and helpful, and knowing of the beneficial impressions left by reading the book desire to see and hear the characters on the stage? "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch" plays at the Pecos Opera House at popular prices, Monday night, March 1.

AS A SUPPORT for overworked, nervous, exhausted women,

nothing can do as much as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It regulates and assists all the natural functions, never conflicts with them, and it strengthens and builds up the female system in a way of its own.



Nursing mothers and women generally, will find it exactly fitted to their needs, and it relieves, and ensures healthy, vigorous offspring. Mrs. Lizzie Epperson, of 1220 Gould Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas, says: "I can recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to any woman suffering from female trouble or nervousness. I was very nervous and losing weight so fast I became alarmed over my condition. I could not do any housework. A friend told me about Favorite Prescription and I tried it and began gaining in weight at once."

COTTON POOL A DISASTER

Fort Worth, Texas.—Peter Radford, National Lecturer of the Farmers' Union, when asked by a representative of the press if the farmers of the South would apply for loans under the terms of the \$135,000,000 cotton pool, said:

"I do not know of a banker in Texas or elsewhere who is willing to lend money to the farmers at six per cent under the provisions of the pool, and I do not think many farmers would care to qualify for a loan. It is to be regretted that the officers of that movement are not frank enough to admit that the failure of the pool is due to inherent defects of the plan. It has not only failed completely, but it has indirectly cost the Southern cotton producers millions of dollars. I think it can be truthfully said that had the plan never been suggested, several millions of dollars would have been loaned against cotton in the South by many banks who subscribed to the fund in good faith, and naturally, with such a pledge becoming a liability they might be called upon to assume, they did not give consideration to making direct loans as the Southern bankers have always done, and as a result the pool cut off the local money supply and forced the cotton on the market. I have no doubt the promoters acted in good faith, but the movement has been a serious disaster to the South."

THE TEXAS TENANT FARMER.

Texas has more tenant farmers than any other State in the Union.

About 60 per cent of the tenant farmers of Texas move every year.

Only 8,000 of the 220,000 tenant farmers in Texas have not moved during the past ten years.

Only 99,734 or 24 per cent of the farms of Texas are entirely owned by the farmers operating them.

There are 314,263 homeless farmers in Texas, and only 55,000 of them are negroes, leaving 259,000 white farmers that do not own the soil they till or the homes in which they live.

There are 219,575 tenant farmers in Texas, and in addition to this number 28,348 farm land owners rent additional land, making a total of 247,923 farm land renters in this State.

More than 202,000 Texas tenant farmers operate on a share basis, while only 17,549 pay cash rental.

Nearly ten per cent of the tenant farmers in the United States live in Texas, while only five per cent of the nation's farm home owners reside in this State.

In 1880 only 38 per cent of the Texas farmers were tenants, 42 per cent in 1890, 50 per cent in 1900 and 53 per cent in 1910.

Less than eight per cent of the Texas tenant farmers pay cash rental.

During the past twenty years the number of all farms in Texas has increased 83 per cent, while the farms operated by tenants show a gain of 130 per cent. Farm home owners have increased only 50 per cent during this time.

Tenants constitute 53 per cent of the farm operators of Texas and cultivate 47 per cent of our tillable land.

The land and buildings on the tenant farms of Texas are worth only one-half as much as those on the farms operated by owners.

The land operated by Texas tenant farmers is equal in area to the State of Pennsylvania, Indiana or Maine.

Farm tenancy in Texas directly affects 1,500,000 people, which is equal to the entire population of the State of Arkansas, Louisiana or Oklahoma.

A heavy cold in the lungs that was expected to cure itself has been the starting point in many cases of disease that ended fatally. The sensible course is to take frequent doses of BALLARD'S HORE-ROUND SYRUP. It checks the progress of the disorder and assists nature to restore normal conditions. Price 25c, 50c and \$1 per bottle. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. (Adv't) Spring Barley at Prewitt & Wadley's.

EXHIBIT

Showing the aggregate amount received and paid out of each fund, and balance to their credit and debit. Also amount to debit and credit of each officer. Also amount of indebtedness of County, to whom and for what due, with dates of same, for the year 1914.

The following amounts have been received and paid out of each fund, leaving balances on hand or overpaid at the close of the year, viz:

Table with columns for Fund Name, Dr. (Received), Cr. (Paid Out), and Balance. Funds include Jury Fund—First Class, Road and Bridge Fund—Second Class, General County Fund—Third Class, Bridge No. 2 Fund—Second Class, Road District No. 1 Fund—Second Class, Court House and Jail Fund—Fourth Class, Jail Warrant Fund—Fifth Class, Jury Fund, Loving County—First Class, Road and Bridge Fund, Loving County—Second Class, General County Fund, Loving County—Third Class, Special Fund, Loving County—Fourth Class.

The following balances appear to the debit or credit of the several officers of the County at the close of the year, viz:

Table listing various county funds and their balances, including Tax Collector, general county fund, Tax Collector, road and bridge fund, Tax Collector, bridge No. 2 fund, Tax Collector, jail warrant fund, Tax Collector, jury fund, Tax Collector, road district No. 1, Tax Collector, court house and jail, Loving County, Tax Collector, general county, Tax Collector, jury, Tax Collector, bridge, Tax Collector, special, Tax Collector, occupation tax, Sheriff, fines and judgments, Tax Collector, district school No. 1, Tax Collector, district school No. 2, Tax Collector, district school No. 3, Tax Collector, district school No. 4, Tax Collector, district school No. 5, Tax Collector, district school No. 6, Tax Collector, district school No. 8, County Treasurer, jury fund, County Treasurer, road and bridge, County Treasurer, bridge No. 2, County Treasurer, road district No. 1, County Treasurer, general county, County Treasurer, court house and jail, County Treasurer, jail warrant, County Treasurer, Loving County, jury, County Treasurer, Loving County, road and bridge, County Treasurer, Loving County, general county, County Treasurer, Loving County, special fund.

Outstanding Indebtedness of the County at the Close of the Year 1914.

Table listing outstanding indebtedness with columns for Date, No. Warrant, To Whom Issued and for What Due, and Amount. Includes entries for Geo. Mansfield, jury service, A. H. Phillips, jury service, L. H. Boyse, jury service, A. H. Phillips, jury service, T. E. Gibbons, jury service, Walter Bolton, jury service, J. E. Dart, jury service, E. E. Hester, jury service, Theo. Andrews, jury service, Mr. Dawson, holding election, P. A. Harbert, interpreting, Dorsey Printing Co., blanks, etc., J. T. Lewis, holding election, D. A. Gathings, holding election, Max Krauskopf, merchandise, Max Krauskopf, contract work, Max Krauskopf, holding inquest, M. A. Stamper, holding election, Matt Grisham, jury service, Max Krauskopf, repair work, Pecos Mercantile Co., merchandise, Pruett Lumber Co., lumber, Pruett Lumber Co., lumber, Pruett Lumber Co., lumber, Sam Noling, road work, H. C. Meier, road work, Geo. C. Tucker, jury of view, Bird Henson, jury of view, R. P. Hicks, hauling, Toyah Valley Herald, printing, Toyah Valley Herald, printing, G. B. Finley, road work, Henson & Pugh, caring for indigent person, Alex Davis, Pruett Lumber Co., lumber, Pruett Lumber Co., lumber, Western Union, telegrams, Richburg & Miller, building fence, J. Loppo, road work, Sol Mayer, jury service, O. F. Woods, jury service, J. E. McAdams, jury service, J. E. Hudson, jury service.

Date of Warrant. March 1, 1907—Reeves County Bridge Bonds \$ 12,000.00 July 1, 1911—Bruce Walker Jail Building Warrants 12,000.00 April 1, 1914—Road District No. One 100,000.00

THE STATE OF TEXAS, COUNTY OF REEVES. I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct report for the year ending February 8, A. D. 1915, as required by Art. 935a, General Laws of Texas, Approved May 11, 1893. Given under my hand and seal of office, at Pecos, Texas, on this 26th day of February A. D. 1915.

THE PECOS TIMES

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.
Pecos Valley News, established 1887;
Pecos Weekly Times, established 1897;
Reeves County Record, established in
1910. Consolidated Nov. 23, 1912.

B. J. STRICKLAND
Editor and Manager.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE
One Year\$1.00
Six Months75

Advertising rates made known on
inquiry.
This paper is represented in New
York City for foreign advertising by
American Press Association, 225 West
39th St., New York City.
Entered as second class matter Dec
3, 1913, at the Postoffice in Pecos,
Texas, under Act of March, 1879.

THINK AS YOU PLEASE.

Give me sunshine or rain
Wherever I go,
But leave me not in
A land of ice and snow.

If it must rain or shine
And snow too,
Give me the sunshine
And let it snow for you.

There is sunshine and rain
Everywhere we go
But leave me alone
Where it doesn't snow.

With warm sunshine and rain
The grass doth grow,
But leave me not in the land
Of cold wind, ice and snow.

QUERY.

What is sharper than the ser-
pent's fang or more poisonous than
the sting of a woman's tongue.

CONDITIONS ARE GROWING EASIER.

Business is picking up through-
out the Southwest. The increase in
the price of cotton is enabling those
in debt to discharge all or a large
part of their obligations. While
money is still somewhat restricted,
still there is a large amount of free-
dom running through trade circles.
Conditions are rapidly growing bet-
ter, and will doubtless become nor-
mal in a short while. It is not like-
ly that conditions will return just
like they were before the depression,
and it is questionable whether
those conditions would be prefer-
able. More attention is going to be
given to all investments, and there
will naturally be a tightening all
along credit lines. This, we are
sure, will prove a blessing, as the
people are prone to go in left un-
necessarily when they can do so
with so much ease. Economy is still
playing its part in the business of
industry and commerce.

While many men are still unem-
ployed, yet the whole industrial
fabric is bending every nerve to
give work to all who want to work
and there is promise that this will
be done without delay. Bonds are
just now in greater demand than
they have been in for a long time,
and this will enable public work to
be resumed and pushed with vigor.
This work will include the building
of roads, paving of streets, building
and extending water works, sewers,
light plants, etc., and erecting pub-
lic buildings of all kinds.

With the placing of public work
in full swing, private enterprises
will be induced to start operations,
and before long there will be more
work than there will be laborers.
The public undertakings are usually
of large proportions and it takes
some time to get in shape to prop-
erly carry them forward. It was
hardly expected that work of this
kind could be started in January,
and much of it will not be started
before March, and new work is de-
veloping every day and the situa-
tion is being relieved most satis-
factorily.—Texas Industrial Rec-
ord.

THE SPLIT LOG DRAG.

The split log drag has contrib-
uted more toward the economic main-
tenance of public highways than any
implement of modern usage. It
does not require special acts of the
legislature, bond issues nor expen-
sive educational campaigns to make
it available as usually precedes con-
struction work. A drag can be
built or purchased for twenty dol-
lars and is easily operated by any
one who can drive a team. We
need more drags in this state.

AN OUNCE OF PREVENTIVE IS WORTH A TON OF CURE (S. W. English.)

It is said that the sword of Da-
mocles was suspended above the
head of that tyrant with but a
single thread.

Every man, woman and child
ought to think well of the lesson
taught by this example.

The fire demon is the sword of
destruction that ever hangs above
the heads of the people. If you
knew that by the mere snipping of
a thread all that you had saved
would be wiped out, wouldn't you
ever be on the alert to see that the
thread was not snipped?

More property is destroyed by
fire than by all other destroying
elements combined.

Storms come with the seasons,
and warning of their coming is gen-
erally given. Winds reach a de-
structive velocity at but rare inter-
vals and floods follow expected
courses.

But fires are catholic in their
field. They visit the just and the
unjust and everywhere there is food
for the fire demon he finds his vic-
tuals.

Be on the watchtower of your
own home all the time. He fattens
on your own folly. You can pre-
vent his paying you a visit if you
but will.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SWAT THE FLY.

Uncle Sam is waging a relentless
war on the deadly housefly and in
a late bulletin prepared by the de-
partment of agriculture, valuable
information is given on the best
means of combating this deadly
pest. The most effective way of ex-
terminating the fly, according to
the bulletin, is to eradicate his
breeding places. The breeding sea-
son of the fly begins early in March
and continues throughout spring
and summer months. All dirt
should be removed from the prem-
ises, stables cleaned and decaying
vegetables destroyed.

The fly has rightly been called
the undertaker's traveling salesman
and in addition to his regular line
of "typhoid bugs," he carries a side
line of tuberculosis, Asiatic cholera
and other disease germs. Now is
the time to "swat the fly."

CHEAP MONEY.

Cheap money is the fount that
makes the brook of industry flow
and without it the homeless farmer
can hardly hope for a home or the
manufacturing industry expect to
prosper. The farmers of the United
States owe \$5,000,000,000 and
cheap money will mean millions of
dollars in saving to the farmer.

GOOD ROADS.

(Homer D. Wade.)

No other citizen realizes the value
of good roads as does the farmer.

A community can safely be judg-
ed by the kind of highways it main-
tains.

The greatest chasm between the
producer and the consumer is the
mud hole.

Production must cease when the
transportation costs eat up the
profits.

There is something radically
wrong with the farmer who is op-
posed to good roads.

Without good roads, there can be
no development that will be perma-
nent and enduring.

Bad roads keep children away
from school and impair the effi-
ciency of church work in a commu-
nity.

The elementary principles in-
volved in improved highways are
social and domestic happiness and
business economics.

TRAPSHOOTING AT THE SAN DIEGO EXPOSITION

By far the most important trap-
shooting event to be held on the
Pacific coast during 1915 will be
the Pacific Coast Handicap Shoot
on the exposition grounds next
summer. The exposition trophy
will go to the winner of this year's
shoot, with two score additional
prizes. Crack shots from all parts
of the country compete annually,
and with the California expositions
as an added attraction, it is certain
that a large number of additional
entries will take part.

You need the service and we need
the money. King Bros. Garage. 8

STATE FINISHES EVIDENCE IN ORNER MURDER CASE.

The state completed the intro-
duction of evidence Thursday after-
noon in the case of Mrs. Agnes
Orner, charged with the murder of
her daughter, Lillie, in 1911.

Dr. M. O. Wright, one of the
witnesses for the state, testified
that he had been called to the house
the day before the death of Mrs.
Orner's husband, but found nothing
the matter with him. When he
got there again at 5 o'clock in the
morning, Orner was dead. An ex-
amination, he declared, revealed
that the man had not died of any
disease.

Dr. E. B. Rogers testified to hav-
ing held an autopsy over the re-
mains of Mr. Orner last summer.
He declared that he found substan-
tially the same amount of poison in
the liver as was found in the body
of Lillie Orner.

Lee Newman testified that Mrs.
Orner had told him after the death
of Mr. Orner that "she knew of a
poison that could not be detected."

GOVERNMENT ISSUES 1914 CROP REPORT.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 25.—The
crop reporting board of the federal
department of agriculture has just
made public its estimate of the
1914 farm crops of the United
States. Fourteen crops, covering
300,782,000 acres or 92 per cent
of the nation's cultivated area are
included in the report and the com-
bined farm value of all products is
estimated at \$4,946,000,000.

Although the 1914 production of
crops is 10 per cent greater than
the previous year the aggregate
farm value is \$20,000,000 less.

Both the wheat and the cotton
crops of the nation in 1914 were
the largest on record. The cotton
crop was nearly 16,000,000 bales
and the wheat production was ap-
proximately 891,000,000 bushels.
While the 1914 cotton crop was ap-
proximately 1,800,000 bales more
than the one of 1913 the value was
\$306,000,000 less. Cotton in 1913
averaged \$22.50 per acre against
\$14.14 in 1914. The yield per acre
in 1914 was 25 pounds more than in
1913, but the price per pound in
1914 was 6.8 cents and 12.2 cents
in 1913.

CARGO OF AMERICAN GOODS FOR ORIENT.

Galveston, Texas, Feb. 23.—A
cashier, some salesmen and an in-
vitation to the general public to
come aboard, is about all that Cap-
tain Henry Adecock needs to make
the steamer Inverclyde a first-class
department store. The most fas-
tidious of customers could be pleas-
ed from his large stock and they
could have the pick of a choice as-
ortment of goods from locomotives
and automobiles down to baby shoes
and all the other articles in be-
tween, up and down the scale.

The Inverclyde departed this af-
ternoon for ports of Russia, China
and Japan, via the Panama Canal.

A total of 2,300 square bales of
cotton valued at \$103,615 were
picked up at Galveston. The re-
mainder of the cargo that weighted
the big steamer low in the water
was taken aboard at New York.
The steamer was the tenth to leave
Galveston this season for Japan
via the Panama Canal.

Since the European war the
stocks of "knick-knacks" in the
Orient—generally procured from
Germany and England—have been
greatly depleted, and purchasers
are now entering the American
markets. "Made in America" is
stamped on practically every sepa-
rate piece of the tone of merchan-
dise shipped on the vessel. The
steamer will call first at Honolulu,
Kelung and Vladivostok.

The manifest, two dozen pages in
thickness, starts off with its list
of contents; the greater part of
them being packed in cartons of a
dozen each.

The locomotives and automobiles
were in knocked-down form.

HIGHER ORDERS.

"Remember," said the sergeant,
"no one is allowed to dismount
without orders."

Murphy was no sooner in the sad-
dle than he was thrown to the
ground.

"Murphy!" yelled the sergeant,
when he discovered him lying
breathless on the ground, "You dis-
mounted!"

"I did."

"Did you have orders?"

"I did."

"From headquarters, I suppose."

"No, sir! From hindquarters."

Pittsburg Chronicle.

BULL SERVICE.

I have my registered Hereford
bull, "Perfection," at my place in
Pecos, and will stand him for a lim-
ited time. Phone 290, J. W. Lytle.

PLAYS 92 CHESS GAMES AT ONE TIME; LOSES FOUR

Portland, Ore., Feb. 24.—Frank
J. Marshall of New York today estab-
lished a new and unique chess
record by losing only four games
out of 92, which he played simultane-
ously with 92 contestants. Ten
of the games ended in a draw. The
contest lasted six hours and 45
minutes. The previous record of this
kind was held by Jose Capablanca,
who lost five and drew 12
games out of the 65 played.

The above chess article is too un-
worthy of referring to for any good
chess player knows that there is no
two well matched chess players that
can play 92 games in six hours and
45 minutes. To do so would only
require 4 minutes and about 40
seconds to play a game.

Money saved is money made. Buy
your casings at King Bros. Garage.

TWO SPECIAL DAYS AT SAN DIEGO.

Two special days for 1915 at the
Panama-California Exposition, that
opened here new year's eve, are of
especial interest to Southern Cali-
fornia. These are Orange day and
Lemon day, which have just been
announced by the California Fruit
Growers Exchange, the former for
March 22 and the latter for April
5. Special preparations are being
made by the exchange to bring cit-
rus fruit growers to the exposition
on those days in particular.

Attention, ladies: Where are you
going Wednesday and Thursday?
To the Silk Sale at the Pecos Dry
Goods Company. 9

One more occasion of joy and
gladness has passed into history.
The grand celebration of George
Washington's 183rd birthday was
grandly and gloriously celebrated
last Monday night at the Music
Hall by seventeen of the fair dames
and maids of the fair and beautiful
city of Pecos, the queen of the West,
the homes of these patriotic ladies
that appeared so beautifully gown-
ed, and if I may be permitted to
say, they looked lovely and lovable
which was so becoming of the sev-
enteen ladies that represented the
first colonies that settled this North
America and later rebelled and took
up arms against their mother coun-
try, Great Britain, and marched
forward, fearing not to offer their
lives or to shed their blood for their
freedom and your liberty, and after
a long and a bloody war under the
leadership of General George Wash-
ington, the noblest of the noble,
they achieved a grand victory. Then
how becoming it is for the true
patriotic Americans to assemble to-
gether in order to celebrate the
birthday of the father of their
country and the lives of the braves
that followed their leader. For the
lack of being able to command lan-
guage to express our appreciation
of the play we can only say that it
could not have been better.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

SLUMBER PARTY.

On Friday, the 19th, the girls of
the "W. S. S." enjoyed some de-
lightful hours at the pretty bunga-
low home of Mr. and Mrs. Sewell
Johnson. They had been invited to
take possession from 6 p. m. Friday
until Saturday at ten, and they did
not fail to take advantage of every
opportunity for fun.

"Talk about good times; believe
me, we had the time of our young
lives." This was the undignified
remark of one of the juniors, but
no one expects much dignity from
a junior.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson have just
moved into their new home and af-
ter the house and all its dainty ap-
pointments had been inspected (es-
pecially noting the fact that a five-
pound box of chocolates stood open
and that there was fruit on every
table) the guests sat down to a sup-
per planned with special reference
to the appetites of school girls. The
hot biscuit received many encores,
but when the host claimed the
credit, Miss Junior was skeptical,
no man, she said, could make bis-
cuit as fluffy as those. After supper
the party went to the movies and
enjoyed "The Trey o' Hearts." Af-
ter that, more candy, more fruit
and very little rest for the neigh-
bors until a late hour. Before sep-
arating the next morning, several
hours were spent in taking snap
shots, which will be souvenirs of
Mr. and Mrs. Johnson's hospitality.

Those present were Misses Wini-
fred Hatch, Lillian O'Connor, Nan-
nie Mae and Warren Collings, Mar-
ion and Jane Looby, Mildred Obitz
Colon Prewit, Dorothy Somea, Stella
Weyer, Gladys Prewit, Thelma
Frame, Misses Mildred McCarver
and Dorothy Warn were unable to
come, much to the regret of their
friends.

All kinds of bulk pickles at O. J.
Green's.

Millinery Opening Delayed

On Account of sickness in the family, and
Delay in Arrival of Some of my Hats' Etc.
I am Compelled to Delay my Opening.
Watch for Dodgers Announcing the Same.

MISS FARNUM

Duroc-Jersey Hog Sale!

February 25th, 1915, 1:00 p. m.

25 Bred Sows---10 Gilts---15 Boars

All Hogs Registered. Write for Catalog

O. M. TROTTER, Ownr, Artesia, N. M.

Send all Mail bids to J. E. Robertson, First
National Bank, Artesia, N. M.

C. L. HEATH

Fire Insurance and Real Estate
City Property for Sale and Rent

PECOS, TEXAS

Phone 159

Notary Public

FARM FACTS.

(Peter Radford.)

Cheap money will solve many of
the farmers' problems.
There is not enough of the commu-
nity spirit among our rural dis-
tricts.

Success in farming depends largely
upon proper marketing methods.
Cheap money and co-operation.

Something is wrong in our mar-
keting system when a small crop
brings more money than a bountiful
one.

Co-operation between practical
farmers and proficient business
men will eliminate ignorance and
prejudice.

The highest duty of state and
federal governments is to place
agricultural education within the
reach of all.

The farmer cannot be helped un-
til he organizes, and the govern-
ment can best help the farmer
through organization.

By co-operating with his neigh-
bor the farmer can learn new
methods of culture and the inter-
change of ideas will benefit both.

The nation's menu must be made
up from the fields, pastures, or-
chards and gardens, and to farm in-
telligently the farmer must know
what is needed.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the United States District Court
for the Western District of Texas
In the Matter of Harry Gordon,
Bankrupt.

The creditors of said Harry Gor-
don are hereby notified that he has
filed a petition for a certificate of
discharge in bankruptcy, and that
the same, under an order of said
court, will be heard before Ben
Palmer, referee, at his office in Pe-
cos, Texas, at 10 o'clock in the fore-
noon, on the 31st day of March, A.
D. 1915, at which time and place
the creditors of said bankrupt may
appear and show cause, if any they
have, why the prayer of said peti-
tion should not be granted.

D. H. HART, Clerk.
By J. F. CAROLINE, Deputy.
Date February 20, 1915.

Give us a chance at that cash
grocery bill and save you money
Green's.

Open for Business

We have just opened up the
old Jones Garage. We
will thankfully appreciate a
portion of your business and
will guarantee you skillful
workmanship and a square
deal.

King Bros. Garage

THOROUGHbred
RHODE ISLAND RED and
WHITE LEGHORN

Eggs

\$1 per Setting, postpaid
P. O. PEIRCE
BARSTOW, TEXAS

Your copy of the new 1915 cata-
log of

Seeds

Bee keepers and Poultry supplies
Insecticides, Plants, etc., now ready
Send for it.

United Seed & Fruit Co.

Successors to

Farmers' Supply Co.
Roswell See Co.

Roswell, New Mexico

Announcement.

La Mode Millinery Parlor will give their
formal opening Monday, March 1st, 7 to 11
o'clock a. m. Everybody is cordially invited.

Mrs. W. R. Glasscock.
Bernice Richburg.

Eisle-Building.

Special Sale on all Our New Silks

WEDNESDAY
and THURSDAY

Remember, for Two Days Only you will have a chance to buy a new silk dress pattern at a reduced price, FOR CASH ONLY.

Pecos Dry Goods Co.

Mar. 3-4

Another Shipment

of the Celebrated



CARS

This is the second carload this year, making 12 Overland cars in so short a time. This is a record-breaker for all makes in Pecos.

There is a reason the word



spells it all. See me for yours now

O. MITCHELL

Dealer for Reeves, Pecos, Brewster and Jeff Davis Counties.

Office: Pecos, Texas.



Excursion Rates

To St. Louis and return \$12.35. Account Interstate Merchants' Bureau Meetings, Spring, 1915. On sale January 30 to March 21. Final limit March 31.

C. M. WILSON, Agent.
Panhandle & Santa Fe Ry. Co.

RAILROAD TIME CARD.

Texas & Pacific.
Westbound No. 3..... 2:47 a.m.
Westbound No. 5..... 1:48 p.m.
Eastbound No. 4..... 2:47 a.m.
Eastbound No. 34..... 6:10 p.m.

Pecos Valley Southern.
Southbound leaves..... 8:15 a.m.
Northbound arrives..... 3:15 p.m.
Daily, except Sunday.

Santa Fe Route.
(Mountain Time.)
Southbound arrives..... 11:30 a.m.
Northbound leaves..... 1:06 p.m.
Daily, except Sunday.

Jones Pays the Freight

Buy Monuments by mail. Save 10 to 20 per cent. write for drawings and prices.
ED. A. JONES, Roswell, N. M.

THE IRRIGATION DISTRICT IS ASSURED.

At the irrigation district election held in the Toyah Valley last Saturday the people of Toyah Valley voted 80 to 13 for the organization of Reeves county irrigation district No. 1.

The five directors elected, with the votes received by each, are as follows: W. W. Stewart, 67; T. M. Delaney, 64; A. W. Wigley, 54; C. J. Ferguson, 47; J. F. Meier, 38. Henry Lavelle was elected tax assessor and collector of the district.

The district includes about 12 miles of the upper Toyah Valley. The first work will be toward conserving and increasing the water supply. All the sources of supply will be brought under one head, if possible, and investigation will be made of two reservoir sites.

Everything passed off very quietly and nearly the entire community is well pleased with the large majority given the proposition. The people will now get busy and work for the advancement of the valley, which means much to Reeves county. The Times congratulates our good neighbors in what they have accomplished and feel sure that this is only the beginning of the "Garden Spot of the United States" coming into its own.

The long pole gets the persimmons. Spend your money where you can get the best service. King Bros. Garage.

THERE WAS ANOTHER SMALL BLAZE IN PECOS.

The Pecos Valley Southern engine which was doing some switching yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock, gave the fire alarm by continuous whistling, and soon the fire bell also took up the alarm.

It was learned that a small out-house about twelve or fourteen feet square back of the hotel Savoy was on fire. The entire fire apparatus was soon on the grounds and the chemical engines held the fire down some until the hose was strung, when the stream of water soon put it out.

We learned that there was nothing in the building and it is not known how it caught fire.

The loss of the building is probably about \$75, and the telephone and electric light were small losers by the burning of some of their wires off.

A full line of the famous Del Monte can fruits at Green's. 9-3

Hundreds of health articles appear in newspapers and magazines, and in practically every one of them the importance of keeping the bowels regular is emphasized.

A constipated condition invites disease. A dependable physic that acts without inconvenience or griping is found in Foley Cathartic Tablets. For sale by Pecos Drug Co. (Adv)

Fancy Seed Oats at Prewit & Wadley's. 8

WILL PASTURE SHEEP IN REEVES COUNTY.

Messrs. Kratz and Madero have rented Mrs. Kiser's land up near Orla and shipped a trainload of sheep up there Monday.

There were 38 cars containing over 6000 lambs. The Texas & Pacific brought them in from El Paso and the Santa Fe had a couple of engines here awaiting the arrival and went right out with them.

HOW MR. DAVIS GOT RID OF A BAD COUGH.

"Some time ago I had a very bad cough," writes Lewis T. Davis, Blackwater, Del. "My brother McCause Davis gave me a small bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. After taking this I bought half a dozen bottles of it but only used one of them as the cough left me and I have not been troubled since." Obtainable everywhere. All dealers. (Adv.) 8

Field Seed, all kinds, at Prewit & Wadley's. 9-2

Fancy German Millet Seed at Prewit & Wadley's. 8

THE CHURCHES.

METHODIST.

Regular services 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 9:45 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.

Subject for the night service is "Christ Before Pilate and Pilate Before Christ." A cordial welcome to all.

FREIGHT WRECK.

On Tuesday last at about 10 a. m. a special westbound freight train was wrecked at or near mile post 620, about ten cars were derailed; some of them were coal and some oil cars. All the ten cars left the track and was considerable damaged more or less the track was torn up for some distance. The passenger train No. 5 going west was detained for some 8 or 9 hours, until the company could build a shuffly track around the wrecked train, so that other trains could pass by the first train to pass was passenger westbound No. 5 due to arrive at Pecos at 1:18 p. m., but did not get in until 10:30 p. m. The wreck wasn't over 20 miles east of Pecos. No one was hurt.

COTTON GINNING ABOUT DONE FOR THIS SEASON.

R. N. Couch, the senior member of the ginning firm of Couch & Glover, informed us yesterday that they expected to clean up the cotton ginning for this year, today, Friday.

They have already ginned 836 bales and will bale three or four more today, which will put the number up to 840 bales which is equal to nearly 1000 bales of 500 pounds each. Last year they only ginned 408 bales, thus beating last year's output 432 bales.

A scald, burn, or severe cut heals slowly if neglected. The family that keeps a bottle of BALLAR'S SNOW LINIMENT on hand is always prepared for such accidents. Price 25c, 50c and \$1 per bottle. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. (Adv)

Don't forget to attend the Great Silk Sale March 3-4. Pecos Dry Goods Company.

ORIENT HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Thursday, Feb. 18—
C. M. Houghton, Barstow.
G. A. Smith, Snyder.
O. T. Simon, New Orleans.
Wm. Taylor, Waco.
C. H. Taul, Kent.
C. L. Ness, Hoban.
F. H. Curry, Balmorhea.
Len Wilson, Balmorhea.
A. B. Lattimore, Waco.
Miss Alma Hoffner, Grandfalls.
C. C. Dorr, Grandfalls.
W. A. Priest, Kermit.
A. E. Compton, Santa Fe.

Friday, Feb. 19—
Joe Tawater, Arlington.
J. W. Robb, Big Springs.
F. W. Crocker and wife, Toledo.
O. W. Marshall, Dallas.
Mrs. J. C. Mayfield, Lincoln.
L. Brown, Arlington.
Geo. W. Reiter, Pittsburg
W. T. Day, Sweetwater.
H. McPherson, Denver.
J. W. Dorr, Winfield, Kas.
N. T. Sherman and wife, H. M. Gillespie and wife, El Paso.
P. W. Tafel, Amarillo.

Saturday, Feb. 20—
R. E. Harris, Abilene.
R. E. Thomason, El Paso.
Mrs. W. G. Williams, Carlsbad.
Paul Copeland, Denver.
Fred F. Barnes, Denver.
J. E. Anderson, Wichita, Kas.
C. C. Covington, St. Louis.
J. B. Michner, Sand Lake.
B. B. Zuber, Dallas.
Al Popham, Saragosa.

Sunday, Feb. 21—
J. G. Love, city.
Miss Aileen Love, city.
H. T. Collier and wife, Hoban.
Vernor Brown, Sherman.
Jno. B. Viars, Dallas.
R. L. Tennant, Dallas.
Geo. T. Reynolds, Fort Worth.
C. P. Howell and wife, Toyah.

C. A. Neel and family, Roswell. Monday, Feb. 22—

R. P. Woodson Jr., Albuquerque.
Mrs. Fred Baker, Los Angeles.
Mrs. Will Ward, Los Angeles.
F. G. Manson, Kansas City.
Dr. Helms and family, Mexico City.

S. R. Hawks, Wichita, Kas.
C. F. Betts, Austin.
R. T. Robertson, Big Springs.
Tuesday, Feb. 23—
W. W. Hubbard, city.
C. W. Giffin, Sabinal.
Geo. A. Brush, Dallas.
Jno. Friley, Big Springs.
J. B. Driver, Big Springs.
J. G. Simpson, El Paso.
O. B. Williams, Richmond, Ark.
S. W. McKenely, Foreman, Ark.
Jno. H. Backrath, Fort Worth.

Wednesday, Feb. 24—
P. M. McMinn, St. Louis.
E. P. May, San Francisco.
Mrs. F. H. Curry, Balmorhea.
Miss Edwards, Coleman.
W. A. Gibbons, Texarkana.
J. J. Wheat, Grandfalls.
T. M. Delaney, E. R. Patterson.
J. F. Meier, W. E. Gould, C. W. Amrine, Balmorhea.
G. A. Howard, Marfa.
Jno. Hightower, Fort Worth.
Dan O. Martin and wife, Amarillo.
H. A. Bly, Sargent.

A child that has intestinal worms is handicapped in its growth. A few doses of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE destroys and expels worms; the child immediately improves and thrives wonderfully. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. (Adv)

Seed Peanuts and Popcorn at Prewit & Wadley's. 9-2

LODGE MEETINGS.

MASONIC—Pecos Valley Lodge No. 236, A. F. and A. M. Hall corner of Second and Oak streets. Regular meetings second Saturday night in each month. Visiting brethren cordially invited. W. W. Ruhlen, W. M.

MASONIC—Pecos Chapter No. 218, R. A. M. Hall corner Second and Oak streets. Stated convocations on first Tuesday night in each month. Visiting companions cordially invited. E. C. Canon, H. P.

W. O. W.—Althorn Camp No. 208. Regular meetings second and fourth Friday nights in each month. Visiting members cordially invited. H. A. Wren, Counsel Commander. O. H. Beauchamp, Clerk.

W. O. W. CIRCLE—Catawba Grove No. 19, Woodman Circle. Will meet every Wednesday afternoon at three o'clock in Woodman Hall. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend. Mrs. Nannie Adcock, clerk; Mrs. Irene Windham, guardian.

I. O. O. F.—Pecos City Lodge No. 650 meets every Thursday night at Zimmer Hall. Visiting brethren cordially invited. J. B. Davis, N. G.; P. L. Whitaker, Secretary.

UNDERTAKING.

G. R. MARTZ,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND
EMBALMER
Day phone 18. Night phone 7.

PAINTS, VARNISHES

A COMPLETE LINE OF
SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS,
VARNISHES AND STAINS
IN STOCK.
PECOS MERCANTILE COMPANY.

F. P. RICHBURG, J. P.

EX-OFFICIO NOTARY PUBLIC
All Kinds of Notary Work Done

W. A. HUDSON,

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Suite 16, Cowan Building.
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LAWYERS.

J. F. ROSS W. W. HUBBARD
ROSS & HUBBARD
LAWYERS
PECOS, TEXAS

CLASSIFIED COLUMN

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—Applications received for loans from \$100 to \$10,000 on improved and unimproved town property and farm lands. Interest 8 per cent straight. Interest payable annually or semi-annually. Time, one to ten years. Applicants for loans will please give description, location, and valuation of property offered as security for loan. State improvements and valuation of same. We want county representatives to receive applications for loans, appraise property, and serve as our exclusive representative. Attorney or real estate man preferred. Applicants for loans, and applicants for agencies positively required to furnish at least two character references and forward postage, five 2c stamps, for application blanks, full particulars, and prompt reply. Write Southern Office, Southeastern Mortgage Loan Association, Fourth National Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga. 9-4

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—"It wasn't the goose that laid the golden egg; it was the hen that layed in the winter." Set your eggs now for fall and winter layers. Thoroughbred Rhode Island Red eggs for sale; from prize winning stock; famous Langford stock of Nashville, Tenn.; notorious winter layers. Eggs this week \$1.50 per setting. Mrs. Irby Dyer, Barstow, Tex. 9-2

FOR SALE—Alfalfa Seed. H. C. Zimmer, Pecos. 9-4

FOR SALE—Alfalfa Seed. H. C. Zimmer, Pecos. 9-4

FOR SALE—100 tons of damaged alfalfa hay. W. I. Burkholder, Barstow, Tex. 9-3

FOR SALE—S. C. White Leghorn eggs; setting of fifteen \$1; safe delivery by parcel post guaranteed. J. A. Palmer, Balmorhea, Tex. 9-4

FOR SALE OR TRADE—320 acres on Pecos river, every foot subject to gravity irrigation. (N. E. half section No. 12, block No. 33, H. & T. C. R. Co. survey, Ward county). Irrigation can be had from the main canal. This is the great alfalfa country and can raise most anything. B. F. Morris, owner-604 Main Ave., San Antonio, Texas. 8-4

FOR TRADE—Good home in Pecos for horses, mares or males. C. L. Heath, Cowan Building. 8-4

FOR SALE—Milk and butter; will make deliveries anywhere in Pecos. Mrs. J. W. Lytle, Phone 290, Pecos, Texas. 4-8

WANTED.

WANTED—A good work horse. Lee, this office. 9-1

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—1000 acres improved land one and a half miles from railroad station, five and a half miles from Chickasha; 600 acres fine river bottom alfalfa land, balance high grade upland; does not overflow; six sets improvements; loan \$30,000, 6 per cent interest. Price, \$75 per acre. Want cheap grazing land, southwest Texas, clear. Major & Jenkins, Chickasha, Okla. 8-2

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Good business house between O. J. Green's grocery and Ben Farber's Dry Goods store for rent. Apply to J. H. Wilhite, or phone 81. 7-4

PRIVATE BOARD AND ROOMS—Write or phone 81. J. H. Wilhite, Pecos, Texas. 37-4

LOST.

LOST—Last Tuesday between my residence and town I lost a diamond sunburst about the size of a quarter dollar; has a diamond in center, encircled with large and small pearls by using one large and one small alternately. Finder call at Judge J. E. Starley's office and receive reward. 9

SMALL GRAIN AND ALFALFA AND HOGS

The growing of swine and the production of pork are industries that today are claiming increasing attention throughout the Northwest. Experiments with grains which may take the place of corn for feeding purposes are of the greatest interest to farmers in this region, because the small grains are often grown in abundance and form the basis of all rations. A great amount of wheat, barley, and rye is fed in the form of mill products, and is of course ground. In common practice, also, these grains are ground more generally than corn, as they are usually much harder. The greater liability of these small grains to pass through the animal undigested shows the correctness of such practice.

Chief among the small grains is wheat, and it appears to be the food best adapted for long-continued hog feeding. The advisability of feeding wheat or any other grain, however, depends upon market prices and economic conditions. It could hardly be regarded as economical to use wheat as stock feed at the high prices now prevailing. A bushel of wheat properly fed to reasonably well-bred hogs should produce approximately 13 pounds of gain in weight. The results of a number of feeding tests show that there is comparatively little difference in feeding value between wheat and corn for swine.

In comparing various rations in which corn, wheat, and rye were fed alone or in combination with each other, it was found that dry, ground wheat gave the greatest returns and required the least amount of grain to make 100 pounds of gain. Wheat should be ground, and mixed with some supplemental such as taurage, peas, or soy-bean meal. The results obtained from a number of tests have proved this to be a good practice.

In Great Britain and northern Europe barley takes the place of corn for pork production, leading all grains in producing pork of fine quality both as to hardness and flavor. Considerable study in the United States has been made of the value of barley as pig feed, and the results have shown that it compares very favorably with corn, but has a feeding value somewhat below that of wheat. What this grain may lack in feeding value, however, it more than supplies in its effect on the carcass. As a high grade pig feed it far surpasses any other grain and this fact makes possible the production of pork of the first quality in regions where barley is produced abundantly. Ground or rolled barley is best fed in combination with wheat middlings, skim milk, roots, alfalfa, etc.

Rye meal ranks a little below corn and about equal to barley meal as a feed for swine. Rye produces satisfactory pork, especially when it is fed with other grains. It is an extremely heavy, concentrated feed and will usually give best results when fed out to exceed one-third of a ration. In many sections rye is much esteemed as pasture, especially where the soils are rather light, and in such instances "hogging off" proves profitable.

Since economical pork production depends largely upon the consumption of a great deal of cheaply grown feed, the pasture should be managed so that the forage produced will be clean, tender, and palatable. Many successful hog raisers prefer to use such crops as alfalfa and clover for both pasture and hay at the same time. The number of hogs generally turned into a field is so limited that the usual crops of hay are made.

The newer irrigated sections have thousands of acres in alfalfa which may be utilized to great advantage by pasturing with hogs. Alfalfa, while adapted to the same territory as clover, has a much wider range of usefulness, for it succeeds with less rainfall and on lighter soils than clover. Where the land is to be used continuously for hog pasture for a number of years, alfalfa easily stands first. An acre of alfalfa will keep from 15 to 20 pigs during the summer, and with grain an addition will make very profitable gains and a high quality of pork.

Alfalfa hay is often used for feeding to hogs in the dry lot. It may be fed whole, chopped, or ground. The results of five years' work at the Nebraska station indicate that for fattening hogs the way to feed alfalfa hay most satisfactorily is without grinding or chopping. While the cost of producing pork may be reduced materially by the use of alfalfa hay, or alfalfa pasture, it is desirable to feed grain or other concentrated feed for a ration unless

supplemented with grain. Mature hogs, however, are maintained in apparently satisfactory condition on alfalfa alone.

Hog growers differ quite widely regarding the quantity of grain that should be fed while on pasture. Some feed a full grain ration; that is, all the hog will consume. Others feed a medium ration, one that is equal to about 2 to 3 per cent of the live weight of the hog. Still others prefer a light ration, one that is equal to about 1 per cent of the live weight of the hog. No definite rule can be laid down, as the amount of grain which should be fed with green pasture depends upon 1) the price of the grain, 2) the amount and quality of the pasture, and 3) the age at which the hogs are to be marketed. However, the feeding of 2 pounds of grain per day for each 100 pounds of live weight will usually give satisfactory results.

When the supplemental grain ration is expensive there is a great temptation to place the hogs upon an exclusive pasture ration. This seldom pays, because it takes as much concentrated feed in the end, and sometimes more, to fit hogs for market which have been in a pasture diet as is required for hogs fed grain while on pasture; however, mature breeding stock, or hogs which are nearly grown, can be carried on good pasture until cheap concentrated feed can be supplied.

Hogs feeding upon alfalfa require slightly less concentrated feed than when grazing upon nonleguminous pasture. When a farmer has more hogs than his pasture is capable of supporting, it will be more economical to feed a full grain ration, for the more grain a hog consumes the less he will feed upon the pasture. To finish hogs for market when 7 to 9 months old it is necessary to give them about all the feed they will consume in addition to pasture in order to make them reach the weight demanded by the market, 170 to 225 pounds.

Hogs that are to be marketed when 10 to 12 months old can be maintained on pasture combined with a light grain ration during the grazing season and fattened later. Slow daily gains will result, but most of the growth will be made from cheaply grown forage.

In the regions where the small grains and alfalfa flourish it is also possible to provide crops that may be hogged off during several months of the busy season. The crops generally used for the purpose are wheat, field peas, corn and barley. By supplementing well managed pasture with the proper grain rations and utilizing the ability of the hog to harvest grain crops for himself, the average cost of producing pork in the Northwestern States may be materially reduced.

"MADE IN AMERICA" POTTEYS

In connection with the interruption of our normal trade with European countries, the following extracts from the United States Geological Survey report on the pottery industry are interesting. Speaking of the prosperous condition of the industry in 1913, this report, published in July, continues:

"The year opened with bright prospects and sufficient business to keep the potteries busy, and through the spring and summer and well into the fall business was generally reported as unusually good. There resulted the largest production in the history of the industry. The underlying cause of this prosperity is no doubt the improved character of the American product in texture, finish, color, decoration, and prevention of crazing, some of the highest grades of American pottery equalling if not surpassing some of the best imported ware.

"The imports of pottery have always been more or less interesting. For many years the value of imported pottery exceeded the value of that made at home, but about the close of the nineteenth century domestic production caught up with imports and since that time has greatly exceeded them, the production of 1913 being nearly four times as great in value as the imports."

There was in 1913, however, a considerable decrease in the exports of pottery, but an increase should be expected in 1914 and following years by reason of the changes in the world's commerce that seem inevitable.

AFTER MANY YEARS.

J. L. Souther, Eau Claire, Wis., writes: "Years ago I wrote you in regard to great results I obtained from Foley Kidney Pills. After all these years I have never had a return of those terrible backaches or sleepless nights; I am permanently cured." Men and women, young and old, find this reliable remedy relieves rheumatism, backache, stiff joints and ills caused by weak or

sale by Pecos Drug Co. (Adv)

CHICKEN PREPARED MANY WAYS

In the Southern states chicken has always been a favorite food, both in country and town. This has perhaps been due to the ease with which it is raised, as well as to the fact that it unquestionably makes a delicious dish.

In general the rule for cooking chicken is the same as for the cooking of other meats. The older and tougher the meat, the longer and slower it should be cooked. The younger and more tender the meat, the higher the temperature and the shorter the period of cooking may be. No matter what the age of the chicken, sufficient heat should be used to prevent the escape of juices.

Chickens are classified on the market as broilers, fryers, roasters and fowls. Broilers are from two to four months old and weigh from one to one and a half pounds. Fryers are from three to six months old, and weigh from one to three pounds. Roasters are from four to twelve months old and weigh from three to four pounds, while fowl applies to all those over one year old.

All chickens may be roasted. The old ones should be boiled first or soaked in sour milk for 24 hours and then rinsed, but the young chickens are insipid boiled and the old ones unfit for boiling and frying.

Plain Stuffing for Roast Chicken—Two cupfuls dry bread crumbs, one-quarter cupful melted butter, two teaspoonfuls sage or poultry seasoning, salt, pepper, few grains cayenne, hot water to moisten. This recipe may be varied by using cracker crumbs, corn bread or rice instead of bread crumbs, or by adding oysters, nuts or raisins and nuts (blanched).

To Boil—Cook or broil over hot coals. Wipe the prepared chicken carefully, brush over the inside with cooking oil or melted butter, squeeze over the juice of a lemon, add sliced onions and bits of parsley, let stand an hour or more, then broil in a well-oiled broiler very slowly for 20 minutes, or until the thickest part of the meat seems cooked. Turn the chicken frequently. The skin browns very quick and the cooking is principally done on the flesh inside. Baste frequently with the oil or melted butter with lemon juice in which the onions and parsley have soaked.

To shorten the time of broiling over the coals and thus lessen the danger of burning, the broiling rack may be placed over a dripping pan in the oven. Baste the chicken frequently, and when nearly done, brown over the coals. Spread with creamed butter to which a few grains of salt, a dash of paprika, and a teaspoonful of finely chopped chives has been added.

To Fry a Chicken—Cut up, dip in milk, roll in flour and immerse in fat hot enough to brown a cube of bread in one minute. Fry until brown. Serve on a platter garnished with parsley. In the frying of chicken we rely on the action of the hot fat on the flour and milk to form an immediate coating, thus preventing the escape of any juice or entrance of any fat.

Fried Chicken, Southern Style—Coat as thickly as possible with flour. Cook the chicken slowly in the fat obtained by trying out one pound of salt pork fat. When tender and well browned make a white sauce with flour, the fat remaining in the skillet, and milk.

Grilled Chicken—Choose small chickens. Soak in cooking oil seasoned with salt and pepper for an hour or two. Coat with flour and broil over a clear fire till done. Into a saucepan put one cupful of water and an onion; let cook 15 minutes, take out the onion, and pour the sauce over thin slices of toast, on which arrange the chicken. Garnish with fresh parsley.

Panned Chicken—Cover with bits of butter and place in a moderate oven. When nearly done sprinkle with salt and pepper and dredge with flour. Return to the oven and broil, first on one side, then on the other. Keep hot while you make the sauce. Pour a cupful of hot milk into the pan, add one tablespoonful of grated bread crumbs and a few drops of onion juice. Stir the sauce vigorously; let boil one minute, turn over the chicken, garnish with parsley, and serve.

Braised Chicken—Truss a plump chicken, fry in the fat of salt pork, place on a rack in a deep pan. Into

How To Give Quinine To Children. FEBRILINE is the trade-mark name given to an improved Quinine. It is a Tasteless Syrup, pleasant to take and does not disturb the stomach. Children take it and never know it is Quinine. Also especially adapted to adults who cannot take ordinary Quinine. Does not nauseate. See the next time you need Quinine for any purpose. Ask for 2-ounce original package. The name FEBRILINE is blown in bottle. 25 cents.

Cane Seed at Prewit & Wadley's.

the fat put a carrot cut in squares, one-half onion, one-half bay leaf, and a sprig of parsley. Add two tablespoonful of butter. Allow the vegetables to fry to a delicate brown. Pour this over the chicken. Add two cupfuls of hot chicken broth. Cover and set in a moderate oven. Baste frequently, adding water to the stock if necessary. Lift the chicken to a hot platter, skim off the fat, thicken the gravy and season, then strain over the fowl—Farm and Ranch.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

The best scrap baskets are the simplest ones, closely woven and free from any contraptions of ribbons, etc.

Cookies should be put into a cloth-lined stone jar when hot, if you would keep them melting and crumbly.

A slice of potato is an excellent thing to clean white oilcloth which has become disfigured by hot cooking utensils.

If when you are baking anything, the oven gets too hot, put in a basin of cold water instead of leaving the door open.

A bill file with its point protected with a cork is a useful little object to hold a spool of carpet warp for crocheting.

Pots and kettles should not be scraped. Use a piece of sandpaper to remove any burned particles or discolorations.

If the teapot becomes musty, put a lump of sugar in it before putting it away. It will smell sweet when you want to use it.

When silver has become discolored with egg, dip a damp cloth in salt water and rub the silver; the stain will disappear.

It is a needless waste of fire to keep a stove red-hot all the time.

Sometimes merely bending new kinks into a hat will make it look like a new shape.

A good meat salad is made with chopped cold meat and cold boiled potatoes, onion and parsley.

Cream cheese and watercress will make a delicious sandwich for the lunch basket.

Father's or big brother's negligee shirts can be very well cut over into nightshirts for little boys.

To wash china silk waists, use lukewarm soap suds. Then rinse in two cool waters and roll in a Turkish towel for two hours before ironing.

Lemon juice is invaluable in removing stains resulting from potato paring or fruit picking. First dip the fingers into salt, and then apply the lemon.

Let the member of the household who wishes to gain weight remember that the kind of food is more important than the quantity.

Brown sugar and water (one-third water) boiled until it will spin a fine thread makes a very good and pure-table syrup.

Stale macaroons should be pounded and used to flavor custard or various puddings.

To prevent honey becoming "sugary," keep tightly covered and always in a dark place.

Warm-up meat loses flavor; therefore the gravy should be very good and well seasoned.

String any spare buttons you may have on a cord, that they may be easy to get when you want them.

When eggs crack in boiling, add a teaspoonful of salt to the water and the whites will not come out.

To keep eyeglasses from steaming in cold weather, rub with vaseline and polish with a silk handkerchief.

When boiling rice, add a little lemon juice to the water. This makes the rice white and separates the grains.

Add a little salt to gasoline before using it to clean spots on fabrics and no ring will remain around the spot.

To make shepherd's pie, cut boiled beef into slices, season and brown; add a gravy to the meat, cover with mashed potatoes or biscuit crust, and brown in the oven.

Use a paper dishrag. It is far more sanitary than a cloth, is firm and cleans well. One lasts for about a month; can then be burned and another purchased in its place.

When making mush do not thicken it too much or the mush will be harsh and unpleasant to eat. Quit thickening before you think it thick enough and it will be about right.

CROUP AND WHOOPING COUGH.

Mrs. T. Neurener, Eau Claire, Wis., says: "Foley's Honey and Tar Compound cured my boy of a very severe attack of croup after other remedies had failed. Our milkman cured his children of whooping cough." Foley's has a forty years record of similar cases. Contains no opiates. Always insist on Foley's. For sale by Pecos Drug Co.

Groves Lumber Co.

All Kinds of Building Material
AT RIGHT PRICES
FIGURE WITH US
Yards at: Pecos, Van Horn and Carlsbad

SEE R. P. HICKS FOR
Dray and Transfer Work
WOOD AND COAL
OFFICE PHONE 42 RESIDENCE PHONE 181

LEGAL BLANKS

WE HAVE THEM NOW

The Times office has just received a new supply of different kinds of Blanks, the following being a partial list:

WARRANTY DEEDS, four different kinds.
LEASES, Real Estate.
RELEASES, Mortgage of Deed of Trust.
BILL OF SALE
INSTALLMENT NOTE, with Vendor's Lien.
PROMISSORY NOTES.
QUIT-CLAIM DEEDS.
RELEASES VENDOR LIEN
CHATTEL MORTGAGES, long and short form.
VENDOR'S LIEN NOTES
LAND APPLICATION BLANKS
OIL LEASE BLANKS

We will also send for other Legal Blanks as soon as we learn what is needed.

THE PECOS TIMES

PRIDE BEFORE A FALL.

"I wouldn't o' had no trouble wif de constable ner nobody," said Mrs. Erastus Pinkley, "if it hadn't been for woman's love o' dress."

"What has dress got to do with it?" asked the jailer.

"My woman folks wern't satisfied to eat de most of de chicken. Dey had to put de feathers in deir hats an' parade 'em as circumstantial evidence."—New Orleans Item.

NOTICE FOR BIDS.

Notice is hereby given that Commissioners' Court of Reeves County, Texas, will, at its regular March term, A. D. 1915, to be held on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1915, at the court house of said county, receive bids from any banking corporation, association, or individual banker desiring to be selected as the depository of the funds of Reeves and Loving Counties.

A certified check for the sum of five hundred (\$500.00) dollars must accompany each and all bids.

Dated this 10th day of February, A. D. 1915.

BEN RANDALS,
County Judge of Reeves County, Texas. 7-4

A Good Home

One and one-half miles from Pecos for sale on easy terms; 95 acres, two flowing wells, three-room house—all good land. Would trade in trade.

W. F. Gray

REAL ESTATE, PECOS.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pecos River Railroad Company will be held at the general offices of said company in Pecos, Texas, on Wednesday, March 3, 1915, at the hour of 12 noon, for the purpose of selecting a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and for such other business as may come before such meeting.

The annual meeting of the Directors of said company will be held on the same date and at the same place, immediately after the meeting of stockholders.

J. G. LOVE,
Secretary.

See me at the J. C. Freedy place, three miles south of Pecos.
FRANK LEAHY.

Dandy lot Poultry Supplies at Prewit & Wadley's. 8

PAYROLL OF CIVILIZATION MET BY FARMER

WANTS NO "DEADHEADS" ON LIST OF EMPLOYEES.

A Call Upon the Law Makers to Prevent Useless Tax on Agriculture.

There is no payroll in civilization that does not rest upon the back of the farmer. He must pay the bills—all of them.

When a farmer buys a plow he pays the man who mined the metal, the woodman who felled the tree, the manufacturer who assembled the raw material and shaped it into an article of usefulness, the railroad that transported it and the dealer who sold him the goods. He pays the wages of labor and capital employed in the transaction as well as pays for the tools, machinery, buildings, etc., used in the construction of the commodity and the same applies to all articles of use and diet of himself and those engaged in the subsidiary lines of industry.

The total value of the nation's annual agricultural products is around \$12,000,000,000, and it is safe to estimate that 95 cents on every dollar goes to meet the expenses of subsidiary industries. The farmer does not work more than thirty minutes per day for himself; the remaining thirteen hours of the day's toil he devotes to meeting the payroll of the hired hands of agriculture, such as the manufacturer, railroad, commercial and other servants.

The Farmer's Payroll and How He Meets It.

The annual payroll of agriculture approximates \$12,000,000,000. A portion of the amount is shifted to foreign countries in exports, but the total payroll of industries working for the farmer divides substantially as follows: Railroads, \$1,252,000,000; manufacturers, \$4,365,000,000; mining, \$655,000,000; banks, \$200,000,000; mercantile, \$3,500,000,000, and a heavy miscellaneous payroll constitutes the remainder.

It takes the corn crop, the most valuable in agriculture, which sold last year for \$1,692,000,000, to pay off the employees of the railroads; the money derived from our annual sales of livestock of approximately \$2,000,000,000, the yearly cotton crop, valued at \$920,000,000; the wheat crop, which is worth \$610,000,000, and the oat crop, that is worth \$440,000,000, are required to meet the annual payroll of the manufacturers. The money derived from the remaining staple crops is used in meeting the payroll of the bankers, merchants, etc. After these obligations are paid, the farmer has only a few bunches of vegetables, some fruit and poultry which he can sell and call the proceeds his own.

When the farmer pays off his help he has very little left and to meet these tremendous payrolls he has been forced to mortgage homes, work women in the field and increase the hours of his labor.

We will devote this article to a discussion of unnecessary expenses and whether required by law or permitted by the managements of the concerns, is wholly immaterial. We want all waste labor and extravagance, of whatever character, cut out. We will mention the full crew bill as illustrating the character of unnecessary expenses to which we refer.

Union Opposes "Full Crew" Bill.

The Texas Farmers' Union registered its opposition to this character of legislation at the last annual meeting held in Fort Worth, August 4, 1914, by resolution, as follows:

"The matter of prime importance to the farmers of this state is an adequate and efficient marketing system; and we recognize that such a system is impossible without adequate railroad facilities, embracing the greatest amount of service at the least possible cost. We further recognize that the farmers and pro-

ducers in the end pay approximately 95 per cent of the expense of operating the railroads, and it is, therefore, to the interest of the producers that the expenses of the common carriers be as small as is possible, consistent with good service and safety. We, therefore, call upon our lawmakers, courts and juries to bear the foregoing facts in mind when dealing with the common carriers of this state, and we do especially reaffirm the declarations of the last annual convention of our State Union, opposing the passage of the so-called "full crew" bill before the thirty-third legislature of Texas."

The farmers of Missouri in the last election, by an overwhelming majority, swept this law off the statute book of that state, and it should not be put on the statute book of Texas and no legislature of this nation should pass such a law or similar legislation which requires unnecessary expenditures.

This applies to all regulatory measures which increase the expenses of industry without giving corresponding benefits to the public. There is oftentimes a body of men assembled at legislatures—and they have a right to be there—who, in their zeal for rendering their fellow-associates a service, sometimes favor an increase in the expenses of industry without due regard for the men who bow their backs to the summer's sun to meet the payroll, but these committees, while making a record for themselves, rub the skin off the shoulders of the farmer by urging the legislature to lay another burden upon his heavy load and under the lash of "be it enacted" goad him on to pull and surge at the traces of civilization, no matter how he may sweat, foam and gall at the task. When legislatures "cut a melon" for labor they hand the farmer a lemon.

The farmers of the United States are not financially able to carry "dead heads" on their payrolls. Our own hired hands are not paid unless we have something for them to do and we are not willing to carry the hired help of dependent industries unless there is work for them. We must, therefore, insist upon the most rigid economy.

Legislative House-Cleaning Needed.

While the war is on and there is a lull in business, we think the legislature should take an inventory of the statute books and wipe off all extravagance and useless laws. A good house-cleaning is needed in Texas and economies can be instituted here and there that will patch the clothes of indigent children, rest tired mothers and lift mortgages from despondent homes. Unnecessary workmen taken off and useless expenses chopped down all along the line will add to the prosperity of the farmer and encourage him in his mighty effort to feed and clothe the world.

If any of these industries have surplus employes we can use them on the farm. We have no regular schedule of wages, but we pay good farm hands on an average of \$1.50 per day of thirteen hours when they board themselves; work usually runs about nine months of the year and during the three months dead time, they can do the chores for their board. If they prefer to farm on their own account, there are more than 14,000,000,000 acres of idle land on the earth's surface awaiting the magic touch of the plow. The compensation is easily obtainable from Federal Agricultural Department statistics. The total average annual sales of a farm in the continental United States amount to \$516.00; the cost of operation is \$340.00; leaving the farmer \$176 per annum to live on and educate his family.

There is no occasion for the legislatures making a position for surplus employes of industry. Let them come "back to the soil" and share with us the prosperity of the farm.

W. D. Lewis, President, Farmers' Educational & Co-operative Union of Texas.

Peter Radford, National Lecturer Farmers' Educational & Co-operative Union of America.

Y. M. C. A. WORK WITH COLLEGE STUDENTS

College Station, Texas, Feb. 8.—The work among College Students as carried on by the Young Men's Christian Associations is said to have tremendously affected the religious life of institutions of the country. Association work among college men is to have a large place in the program being issued by the State, Committee for the coming Convention of the Texas Young Men's Christian Associations to be held at the A. & M. College, College Station, Feb. 18-21.

Chas. D. Hurrey, of New York, associated with Dr. John R. Mott, is to lead several of the student discussions at the Convention. The leaders say the development of the work among college men has been remarkable, there being at present in America 773 student Associations with a total membership of over 72,000. It is stated that practically every leading institution in America now has its College Young Men's Christian Association. Only a few years since Dr. Patton of Princeton, one of the leading educators of the nation, made the statement that the "College Young Men's Christian Association practically has a monopoly of the organized christian work among students."

Bible classes, religious meetings, mission study classes, personal work and extension work in the communities where institutions are located are some of the features used most successfully in touching the religious life of multitudes of virile college students.

Many leading athletes are prominently identified with the Association of their institution. In Texas there are now twenty-four college Associations and practically all the leading institutions in the State have organizations. J. L. Hunter, assistant to Mr. Coulter, State Secretary of the State Committee, gives a large portion of his time to the work among college students. It is expected that at least 150 delegates from college Associations will be present at the State Convention. The A. & M. Association is one of the largest in the State. F. D. Steger is the paid secretary. The College recently completed a handsome Y. M. C. A. building and the sessions of the State Association will be held in that structure.

\$10,000 FOR BEST RESULTS IN FARMING, GARDENING AND STOCK RAISING

The Texas Industrial Congress has issued its annual announcement of \$10,000 in prizes for the best results during 1915 in farming, gardening, and stock feeding contests as follows:

Class A—Four crop model farms, an acre each of cowpeas, cotton, corn and kafir, milo or feterita; \$1500 in prizes.

Class B—Best acre of corn, \$1000 in prizes.

Class C—Best acre of cotton, no prizes offered this year.

Class D—Best acre of kafir, milo or feterita, \$1000 in prizes.

Class E—Best acre of peanuts, \$1000 in prizes.

Class F—Best steer not over 3 years old when finished, \$1000 in prizes.

Class G—Best baby beef not over 12 months old when finished, \$1000 in prizes.

Class H—Best hog not over 12 months old when finished, \$1000 in prizes.

Class I—Best acre-yields of wheat, oats, rye or barley on not less than 5 acres, \$1000 in prizes.

Class J—Best gardens, \$1500 in prizes divided into four parts of \$375 each for best rural and graded schools, best high schools, best home plots, and best vacant city lots.

Entry may be made without cost in any class a person is qualified to enter. The money prizes of the congress are worth earning, but its main prize of learning to produce the largest possible field crop or garden or greatest gain in live weight at the least expense is the most valuable and lasting of all. Every reader of this paper owes it to himself or herself to enter this contest and learn by actual experience how much he or she can do in comparison with others. Call at this office for the rules of the contest and an application blank, or write to the Texas Industrial Congress at Dallas, Texas.

HAS USED CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY 20 YEARS

"Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my household for the past twenty years. I began giving it to my children when they were small. As a quick relief for croup, whooping cough, and ordinary colds, it has no equal. Being free from opium and other harmful drugs, I never felt afraid to give it to the children. I have recommended it to a large number of friends and neighbors, who have used it and speak highly of it," writes Mrs. Mary Minke, Shortsville, N. Y., obtainable everywhere. For sale by all dealers. (Adv)

It is bad to get fooled. You can just as well get good service. Call at the King Bee Garage.

Pruett Lumber Co.

... ALL KINDS OF ...

Building Material

GENERAL OFFICE

PECOS, TEXAS

YARDS: BARSTOW, PYOTE, GRANDFALLS, TOYAH, SARAGOSA, BALMORHEA.

"DON'TS" FOR MOTHERS.

Don't forget that children, like plants, suffer seriously from want of sunlight.

Don't forget that children are more seriously affected by impure air than grown people.

Don't forget that little children are easily depressed by gloomy surroundings, and this lowers their vitality.

Don't let the nursery be used as a laundry nor a larder. Food should never be kept in it.

Don't forget that lowered vitality makes children more likely to catch any infectious disease.

Don't think that any room in the house will do for the nursery, as "it's only for the children." The sunniest, most airy and most cheerful room in the house should be given to the children if you want them to be healthy.

Don't think that money is wasted in buying pretty paper and brightly-colored paint for the decorations of the nursery. Money spent on brightening life at its opening will bear good interest in health and happiness.

Don't shake or scold a child who wakes up and cries out in the night. Often night terrors are a purely nervous affection and any harshness only makes matters worse.

Don't say "don't" to your little one. Remember to tell the child what he is to do, not what he is not to do.

HE COULD.

A man walked into a barber shop and removed his hat and coat. He was evidently in a hurry.

"Can you shave me if I do not remove my collar?" he asked impatiently.

"Yes, sir," said the obliging barber.

The man took his seat in the chair, and the barber prepared for business. As he surveyed his customer he noted that the hair had all gone from the top of his head and that his hirsute adornment was limited to a fringe of hair above the neck. Then the barber spoke, as he drew the cloth around his customer's neck and fastened it at the back:

"And I think I could cut your hair if you did not remove your hat."—Columbus Dispatch.

STILL A MYSTERY.

Curious that not a single paper has told what kind of an automobile it was that Henry Ford gave young Thomas A. Edison.

UTILIZING A REBUKE.

A firm of shady outside London brokers was prosecuted for swindling. In acquitting them the court with great severity said:

"There is not sufficient evidence to convict you, but if anyone wishes to know my opinion of you I hope that he will refer to me."

Next day the firm's advertisement appeared in every available medium with the following well displayed: "Reference as to probity, by special permission, the lord chief justice of England."—Ex.

AN ACCIDENT.

Man—Hey! How come ye up in that cherry tree?

Boy—Please, mister, I just fell out of a flying machine.—Answers.

SOMETHING EASIER.

"And will your husband go back and fight for his country?"

"No ma'am. He'll stay right here an' let me support him."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives ease and rest. 50c.

Pecos Valley State Bank

Capital \$110,000.00
Surplus 55,000.00

WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS

Max Krauskopf

Sheet Iron and Metal Worker

SANITARY PLUMBING, ACETYLENE LIGHTS AND GENERATORS, GALVANIZED AND COPPER CORNICE, GALVANIZED TANKS AND CISTERNS, EAVE TROUGHS, CONDUCTOR PIPES, TIN ROOFING, VALLEY TIN, GALVANIZED IRON FLUES, EDWARD'S ORNAMENTAL CEILING.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY, WAGONS, HARROWS, CULTIVATORS, DISCS, JOHN DEERE WALKING AND RIDING PLOWS.

CALL ON ME WHEN IN NEED OF ANYTHING IN THIS LINE.

FOR SALE H. & G. N. LANDS IN REEVES COUNTY

Surveys Nos. 47, 55, W. half of 61, and 63, in Block 4. Nos. 43, 45, 47, and W. half of 37, in Block 5.

The surveys in these blocks are situated from 5 to 8 miles from Pecos City, in the artesian belt of the Pecos River country and will be sold as a whole or in quarter sections.

Also surveys Nos. 13 and 49, in Block 6, and Survey Nos. 5, 13, and 15, in Block 7.

Also surveys Nos. 31, 33, 35 and 37 (fronting on the Pecos River and 39 in Block 1, and No. 11, 15 and 18, adjacent thereto, in Block 2, in the vicinity of Riverton, on the Pecos River Railroad.

Also Surveys Nos. 1, 3, 5, and 19, fronting on the Pecos River, in Block 8, in the extreme northern portion of Pecos County, and partly in Reeves County.

Also 16 surveys in Block 10; 16 surveys in Block 11, and 3 surveys in Block 12; none of these river lands.

No local agents for these lands, which are handled direct by the Agent and Attorney in Fact for the owner, Thomas R. White, Jr., of New Jersey.

FOR PRICES AND TERMS, ADDRESS

IRA H. EVANS

AGENT AND ATTORNEY IN FACT, AUSTIN, TEXAS.

FOR SALE

951 Acres of Land, Mostly Level, under Sand Lake Reservoir, near Patrole. Price, \$10.00 per acre bonus. W. D. HUDSON, Pecos

Come, join our Brighten Up Club

This is paint month. Beautify the home besides preserving the life of the wood-work. Put on a little paint and save the carpenter and lumber bills.



Interior, exterior, automobile, buggy and wagon paints and varnishes, floor, shingle stains. In fact a complete line of paints, stains, varnishes and brushes.

Visit our Drapery Department.

Pecos Mercantile Company

Furniture and Undertaking.

And Still They Come!

The New

Spring Fashions

By express we are receiving, every day, new goods

We are showing all the new shades in Silks, Crepe de Chenes, Meteors, Poplins, and Messalines. Sands, Puttys, Battleship Grey, Belgium Blues, and various other shades

The New Ribbons Are Here

Approved 1915 Shoe Fashions

We are showing the approved styles in womens' footwear. Correct footwear is very important. Our new shoes are the last words in fashions

SEE THE SPECIAL WINDOW DISPLAY
New fresh, crisp patterns in dress gingham

Pecos Mercantile Co.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Pecos Abstract Co.

(R. C. Warn, Owner.)
Pecos City, Texas.

We know the title of every town lot and tract of land in Reeves and Loving counties.

Our abstracts are reliable.

DEEDS.

Tom Harrison, sheriff, to J. W. Parker, lot 2, block 30, N. Pecos, \$66.57.
A. F. Luse to J. A. Reynolds, 160 acres section 9, block 70, \$1600.
R. N. Couch et ux to Nazario Lara, 50 acres section 15, block 3, \$2250.
W. T. Manley to J. W. Craig, part block C-1, \$1 etc.
R. McFadden et al, trustee Mrs. W. G. Airhart, part section 1, block 58 and lot 8, block 20, Mt. Clair, \$150.
H. M. Carl et al to J. C. Smith, trustee, all tracts owned in section 207, 255, 265, 271, 266, 270, 256, block 13, \$3000.
Christian Dubach et ux to Emma C. Meierhoffer, 625 1-2 acres section 35, block 4, \$6500 etc.
L. E. Watson to J. G. Love, trustee, 220 acres section 1, block 52, \$314.51.
J. Z. Powell to E. M. Mann, trustee, S. 3-4 section 37 and S. 1-2 of E. 1-4 32, block 72, \$105.

PATENTS.

State of Texas to James M. Harvey, section 7, block C-20.
State of Texas to James M. Harvey, section 44, block 56.
State of Texas to W. R. Newell, section 34, block 50.

ADJUDICATION IN BANKRUPTCY.

Elmore Bruce Gilbert, bankrupt.

WATER PERMIT.

State of Texas to Mrs. J. L. Moore.
State of Texas to G. W. Stanchiff et al.

All of our new Silks will be on special sale for two days—next Wednesday and Thursday, Pecos Dry Goods Company.

We want your business. Green's Grocery.

Egyptian wheat at Prewit & Wadley's.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Rev. Homer L. Magee left last Monday, going to El Paso.
Mr. J. W. Jackson, from Troupe, Texas, arrived this week to take charge of the experiment station three miles west of Pecos in Mr. Stewart's place.
Misses Nellie and Beatrice Willcock left Friday for Balmorhea, where they will visit their cousins, Misses Frankie and Jamie Walker.
G. Lauchner from Kingston, Ok., has been in Pecos during the last ten days prospecting. He expresses himself as being pleased with the country and especially present outlook he believes that Pecos and Reeves county has a bright future.
R. B. Ehlinger and Mr. Dickie, two of the three fortunate purchasers of the Morris land, about three miles northwest of Pecos, a more desirable and valuable tract of land cannot be found in Reeves county. Mr. Ehlinger stated that not a foot of this land was for sale. He said that Pecos was a coming city.
J. W. Thornton, the tonsorial artists of Barstow, was over Sunday visiting with his cousin, W. F. Stephen and family.
Mrs. Frame and daughter, Miss Thelma, visited for a short time in Toyah Sunday.
Albert Kyle came down last Saturday for a week end visit with his family who are staying in Pecos for a short time.
R. P. Verhalen returned to his ranch home Tuesday morning after coming in to attend the Washington birthday entertainment given Monday evening under the auspices of the Euterpean Club.
Judge Starley went out to Balmorhea last Saturday to be there to assist in any way he could in the irrigation district election which was being held.
W. H. Drummond went out to Saragosa on a business trip and to circulate among his many friends out there.
Messrs. P. L., Ed. and Dewey Hullebeck were down last week Thursday from their ranch near Orla for a short visit with relatives and friends.
W. L. Dismuke of Saragosa was among the many visitors in Pecos last week Friday.
B. B. Fouch was up from Saragosa Sunday.
E. P. Stuckler, manager of the U ranch was here last week Saturday circulating among his numerous friends for a few hours, while on

his way to Midland, where he was a witness in the Head case. He reports that their range and cattle are in splendid shape and that they will have a good crop of calves.
Ray Arnold, Louis Fields, W. T. Peck and A. W. Wigley, prominent citizens from Balmorhea were among the many visitors in Pecos Tuesday.
Mat Grissom of Toyah was in Pecos Tuesday on a business trip.
Messrs. Ira Lane and Chas. Lassette were in Pecos Tuesday from Kermit.
E. W. Clayton was up from his grading work in the Big Valley, Tuesday, for a short stay with his family. He report that he will finish up his present contract down there this week, nothing happening to prevent.
Messrs. C. C. Dorr, Jim Crowley and Walter Snelson of Grandfalls autoed up to Pecos Tuesday, returning home in the afternoon.
C. R. Troxel, president and general manager of the petroleum company, with headquarters at Toyah, was in Pecos transacting business Monday and Tuesday. While in the city he made the Times office a short, pleasant call.
Editor Townley of the Ward County News, was a visitor in Pecos for a short time Monday and called in to see the Times force and exchange yarns. He is certainly very enthusiastic over the benefits to be derived by Barstow and Pecos from the building of the Sand Lake reservoir.
Messrs. W. T. Wheat, A. J. Carpenter and P. L. Harbert of Saragosa were visitors in Pecos Monday.
Hon. J. W. B. Williams, one of Toyah Valley's hustling farmers, was in Pecos the latter part of last week shaking hands with his hosts of friends.
I. T. Kesler returned home Monday last from the Bottlers' convention at Austin. Mr. Kesler reports that they had a large and an enthusiastic convention; everything was conducted in harmony and all were well satisfied.
Beau McCutcheon of the McCutcheon ranch—this ranch is not alone confined to the raising of fine cattle, horses and hogs, but are also engaged in raising fowls as well—shipped seventy fine turkeys by way of Pecos over the Texas and Pacific

to the El Paso market last Tuesday. El Paso has a great reputation but she has to get her living from other parts.
Mr. A. P. Miller from Cameron, Texas, is a new addition to Pecos community. He arrived Tuesday evening and is negotiating the purchase of some property near Pecos. Immigration is coming and prosperity is now here. They are still coming hand in hand.
C. W. Gilfin, an old-time Reeves county resident at Toyahvale, was in Pecos Tuesday from Sabinal, greeting his numerous friends.
Mrs. F. H. Curry of Balmorhea was in Pecos Wednesday while en route home from a visit to relatives and friends in East Texas.
J. J. Wheat, one of Grandfalls' hustling irrigators, was a Pecos business visitor Wednesday.
Messrs. T. M. Delaney, E. R. Patterson, J. F. Meier, W. E. Gold and C. W. Amrine were in Pecos Wednesday while on their way home from Midland, where they were witnesses in the R. P. Head case.
H. A. Bly, one of Reeves county's new citizens left yesterday morning for his farm-ranch near Sargent, after transacting business in Pecos for a short time. Mr. Bly is busily engaged in having considerable more ground grubbed out so that he can put in crops.
Messrs. J. T. H. Lipscomb and E. B. Kiser went out to Saragosa the forepart of the week to look after some business interests out there. They were accompanied by Mr. Grant Lauchner of Kingston, Okla., who is here on a prospecting trip and is well pleased with the appearances of things.
E. L. Stratton, the land man from Porterville, was down Wednesday on a business trip. We went on over to Barstow for a few days' stay.
W. S. Crow of Balmorhea was a business visitor in Pecos Wednesday.
A. J. Bangarner was down from his ranch Tuesday greeting his many friends in Pecos.
Col. C. H. Taul, one of Kent's prominent citizens, was among the many visitors in Pecos last week Thursday and Friday.
Messrs. C. L. Ness of Hoban, F. H. Curry and Len Wilson of Balmorhea, were in Pecos last week Thursday on business.
W. A. Priest of Kermit was over here the latter part of last week shaking hands with his numerous friends in Pecos.

W. T. Day of Sweetwater was here last week Friday interviewing our grocery merchants as to their needs in his line.
J. B. Michner was in from Sand Lake Saturday circulating among his many Pecos friends.
Al Popham, owner of the U ranch, was in Pecos last Saturday.
Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Collier were visitors in Pecos Sunday from their farm-ranch near Hoban.
Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Troyell, of Toyah were visitors in Pecos Sunday.
Stock Ingles came in from the ranch Wednesday and is stirring around amongst his friends.
Judge Ben Randals returned home yesterday from Austin. He had been looking after some legal business that had to go through the legislature.
Rev. Homer L. Magee returned home yesterday evening from El Paso. He was called up there to attend a funeral.
Rev. J. B. Cole came in home yesterday on train 6:10 p. m.
Ed. Doty is visiting Van Horn this week looking after some business.
Mrs. C. M. Wilson left Thursday for an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs. Pete Kennedy and family out on their ranch near Alpine, hence Cap is lonely and looks rather forlorn, circulating among his many friends.
J. M. Sullivan, who for several days past has been here looking over the Reeves county lands, left Thursday evening for his home in Waxahachie. Before leaving, he came in and subscribed for the Times, as he expects to return in the near future and wants to keep in close touch with what is going on here.
E. F. Fuqua, one of the Barrilla country's prosperous dry farm-ranchers is in Pecos for a few days on business. He reports that things out in his neck of the woods are in fine condition.—El Paso Herald.
Heinz and Beech-Nut goods—the best—at Green's. 9-3
MILLINERY OPENING DELAYED.
On account of sickness in the family and delay in arrival of some of my hats, etc., I am compelled to delay my opening. Watch for bills announcing the same.
MISS FARNUM.

YOUNG PEOPLES' MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

The Young People's Missionary Society will meet at the Methodist church on Friday evening, Feb. 26, at 7 o'clock. The following is the program for the evening:
Song, selected.
Scripture reading and prayer.
Installation of officers.
General business.
Study: Korea.
Location, etc.
The land and the people.
The beliefs of the people.
Social life and customs.
Hardships of missionaries.
Medical missionaries, hospitals.
Growth, present condition and outlook.
Short extracts on Korea.
Korean queries.
Song, selected.
Benediction.

"CAUGHT ON THE FLY"

To break a long jump, El Paso to Fort Worth, and, after jumping from Los Angeles to El Paso, Manager G. B. Landrum of the one house has contracted through T. P. Agent J. M. Frame to play the original company of the all-star cast of "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch" on Monday, March 1, 1915. The company is a superior one, so 'tis promised—and the local booking came through the Texas & Pacific general passenger office as a result of a change of routing, and landed for this railroad a big boost to the entire length of the system.
Only occasionally—in fact, seldom—does a regulation attraction play here, but when it does, there is always a public response well in keeping with the merits of the offering. Seats at City Pharmacy, 25c, 50c, 75c, 81c.

SEVENTY SEVEN YEARS OLD.

George W. Clough, Prentiss, Miss., who had suffered greatly with kidney trouble, writes: "Foley Kidney Pills are the only remedy that ever did me any good at all." Just think of the relief and comfort that means to him. Foley Kidney Pills are recommended for sleep disturbing bladder troubles, pain in sides or back, rheumatism, and kidney and bladder ailments. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. (Advt.)

Only One "BROMO QUININE"
Get the genuine, call for full name, LAXA-GIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of S. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. Stops cough.

If you want right now for DINNER, phone 84—Green's. 9-3

Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure. The worst cases, no matter of how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves pain and heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00