



THE ENTERPRISE AND PECOS TIMES



VOLUME THIRTY-EIGHT, NO. 13.

PECOS, TEXAS, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1918.

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The Pecos Valley State Bank PECOS, TEXAS

F. W. JOHNSON, President
J. G. LOVE, Vice President
W. H. BROWNING, JR., Cashier
WALTER BROWNING, Assistant Cashier
C. N. HEFNER, Assistant Cashier

To Gradually Disman- tle Our War Machine

AMERICA WILL HAVE IMPORT-
ANT PART IN GUARDING THE
ENEMY UNTIL PEACE HAS
BECOME A REALITY

Signing the armistice with Ger-
many which brings the world war to
an end, does not mean that the great
American military machine will at
once cease to operate. America is
to play an important part in disarm-
ing and guarding the enemy, and un-
til this work is done even the move-
ment of troops to France will be
continued, although on a greatly re-
duced basis.

During the interval between the
cessation of hostilities and the con-
clusion of the peace conference, it
is assumed that the major portion of
General Pershing's expeditionary
forces in France must be retained
there. It is possible also for reason-
s of international politics that
some American garrisons may be
kept in disputed territory even after
the actual peace negotiations have
been brought to a close.

Troops which have seen the long-
est service in France probably will
be returned home as soon as possi-
ble to be replaced by new men now
in this country who will perform
guard duty overseas. There are now
more than one million men in camps
in the United States.

Even with hostilities ended, much
other naval work aside from that of
taking over and guarding German
and Austrian naval vessels remains
to be done. Removal of the thou-
sands of mines laid by the Allied
American and the German Navies
will form no small part of this
work and undoubtedly the fleet of
mine sweeping and laying craft sent
overseas by the United States will
assist in this gigantic task. The
greatest mine field is that put down
in the North Sea as a barrage
against German submarines. The
mines were manufactured in this
country and were laid largely by
American ships.

With the return of all German
submarines to their bases, Allied
American shipping once more may
sail the seven seas without fear of
molestation, and in disregard of the
regulations made necessary by Ger-
many's unrestricted warfare. There
will be no more running at night
without lights with its attendant dan-
ger of collisions and zig-zagging and
deviation from established shipping
routes.

Much of the shipping used for
war purposes will be freed for peace
time commerce and there will fol-
low a gradual relaxation of the re-
strictions as to food and other nec-
essities imposed upon the people of
the Allied countries. These changes
will not come immediately, however,
for it is the purpose of the American
and Entente Governments to assist
in feeding the enemy countries as
well as Belgium, Serbia, and Rou-
mania.

These considerations of world
peace, important as they are, must
be adjusted as they develop. They
could not be planned in advance as
has been the breaking up of the mil-
itary forces of the United States
and Great Britain and France, and
the orderly return of the millions of
these soldiers to their civilian status.

In this country the problem has
been taken up with reference to its
two chief phases. The strictly mil-
itary having to do with the demobil-
ization of the Army and its safe re-
turn to America, and the industrial,
which deals only with the infiltration
of the soldiers into the ranks of la-
bor after they have been released
from the Army. A third problem
of demobilization will deal with the
mobilized industries of the United
States.

The military authorities had un-
der consideration for some time the
subject of demobilization of the Ar-
my, but the plan which will be used
has not yet been officially approved.
Breaking up of the American Ex-
peditionary Forces now numbering

will begin in France, if this plan is
adopted. The program entails the
gradual breaking up of the large
military units into segments govern-
ed solely by the location of the in-

Public School Will Open Up Monday

ALL PATIENTS HAVE BEEN RE-
MOVED AND BUILDING FUMI-
GATED—PATRONS HELP IS
ASKED TO MAKE UP LOSS

The board of trustees have decid-
ed to re-open school Monday morn-
ing. The building has been thor-
oughly cleansed, aired and fumigat-
ed and there is no chance for infec-
tion from that source. However, no
pupil will be admitted from any fam-
ily where any member of such family
is still suffering from influenza.

Special care will be taken to pro-
tect the children from contracting or
spreading the disease.

The trustees feel that the school
may safely be opened and work re-
sumed. In behalf of the teaching
faculty we ask the hearty coopera-
tion of the patrons in the effort to
make up for the time lost on account
of the epidemic.

W. A. HUDSON,
ALBERT SISK,
O. J. BRYAN,
H. H. JOHNSON,
C. B. JORDAN,
M. W. COLLIE,
Board of Trustees.

On the same subject the Superin-
tendent, P. J. Rutledge has the fol-
lowing message:

The school board has set Monday,
November 18, as the date for the re-
opening of the public school in Pe-
cos. School was closed October 7,
and we have been without school for
six weeks or about one-sixth of the
school year. In view of the loss of
time we are confronted with the
problem of completing the session
in such a manner that the students
may make their grades.

An effort will be made to complete
the work of the year without extend-
ing the school time beyond the regu-
lar time for closing in May. More
intensive study will be asked. The
school will be taught five days a week
as usual until the Christmas holidays.
If it develops that the work is too
difficult with the more intensive plan
more time will be given. This may
involve teaching on Saturday later
in the year.

I believe the year can be complet-
ed without extra time if the pupils
and patrons will work with the teach-
ers to that end. Systematic study is
what it will take. There is little val-
ue in irregular study. If the stu-
dents keep up with their work no
hardship will fall on any one.

As stated above by the trustees,
every precaution for safeguarding
the children's health has been taken.

Schools all over the State have re-
sumed work with no serious outbreak
and it seems safe to start school now.
I would, therefore, like to have all
that are able to attend to start at
once.

P. J. RUTLEDGE, Supt.

—Pay the President—

Mrs. S. F. Kirksey arrived Satur-
day from San Antonio for a visit of
some length to her mother, Mrs. Ju-
lia Ward, but was called back to El
Paso Wednesday on account of the
illness of her daughter and husband,
Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Harris, both of
whom were stricken with the influen-
za.

Individual soldier's home.

The United States will be divided
into two districts each of which is
to be fed by one or more Atlantic
ports from Galveston to Bangor.
Commanding officers of divisions
will be instructed to detach, for in-
stance, men from the "first demobil-
ization district" which might mean
men from Maine and Massachusetts
and entrain them for a specified port
in France, where adequate shipping
will be waiting. These vessels will
proceed directly to the ports select-
ed for the first district and disembark
their passengers, will return on a
routine schedule to meet the next
detachment of soldiers for that
territory.

By carefully controlling the re-
tuning shipments of soldiers, the au-
thorities believe that they can, to a great
degree, regulate the flood of dis-
charged soldiers so that no single
section of the country will become
swamped.

H Y P O

H Y P O—stops Punctures, Slow Leaks, Insures against
Blow Outs. Valve Troubles and prolongs the life of
your tires, \$1.50 per tire installed. Takes less
than 5 minutes per tire to install with the Hypo In-
jector (Patent pending). Get the Hypo Habit. You
will sure like it. Our guarantee is Iron Clad. H Y-
P O saves time, money and worry

One of the most troublesome and expensive
parts about your car is the tires

You sometimes hesitate as to the kind of tires
to buy and whether one is worth repairing or
retreading

We are doing an Extensive Vulcanizing busi-
ness, and we have the machinery and experi-
ence to Give You Firstclass Work

If your casing is blown out or the tread worn off
we can repair or retread it and Guarantee to
Give You Satisfaction

We will Give you the Best Service we can. Send
Some Work And BE Convinced

Pecos Vulcanizing Co. Pecos, Texas

Hold Meeting in In- terest of War Work

INTERESTING PROGRAM OPENS
CAMPAIGN IN COUNTY—DIS-
TRICT QUOTAS FIXED WITH
\$6000 AS COUNTY'S SHARE

Pursuant to a call from the coun-
ty chairman J. A. Drane of the United
War Work Fund, a representative
body of our citizens met at the Baptist
church last night. J. A. Drane
opened the meeting with an address,
which was followed with prayer by
Homer L. Magee.

Several patriotic speeches were
made, among which were:

"The Keynote," by Rev. B. F.
Faust.

"Peace in Our Homes," by Mrs. J.
W. Brooks.

"Peace in Our Schools," by P. J.
Rutledge.

Reading by Virginia Bozeman.

"Peace in the Church," by Rev. W.
A. Knight.

"Joy of Service," by Mrs. T. Y.
Casey.

"Pecos Part," by W. A. Hudson.

"Uniforms," by Lieut. Peirrei.

"Social Revolution," by F. W.
Johnson.

Richard Lynn and Miss Ora Pruett
furnished instrumental music for the
occasion and Ralph Williams sang
"Keep the Home Fires Burning."

At the conclusion of the speaking
a collection was taken for the United
War Work Fund and about \$1000
was secured. Reeves county's quota
is \$4,500, but it is hoped that at
least \$6,000 can be raised in the

County to Have Big Peace Celebration

THANKSGIVING DAY IS SET FOR
BIG REUNION, BARBECUE AND
PEACE JUBILEE—BEEVES
ALREADY SECURED

Arrangements are now being per-
fected to have a big Thanksgiving
Peace celebration and barbecue at
Pecos on Thursday, November 28th.
It is proposed to make it a county
affair and have plenty to eat for the
entire county. Speeches and other
entertaining features besides the
eats will be provided.

Already nine beeves have been se-
cured and this will be supplemented
with plenty of mutton and goat meat
and, probably, more beef.

It will be a great holiday for the
entire county and each and every
citizen is urged to begin now to make
preparations to attend and help make
this the most joyful Thanksgiving
celebration ever held in Reeves coun-
ty.

county for this fund and it has been
suggested that the allotments for the
county be as follows: Toyah Creek,
\$1,200; Toyah \$1,000; Pecos \$3,800.

This was an enthusiastic meeting
and the committee at work on this
fund is doing heroic work and exert-
ing every energy to raise our quota.

All the newspaper advertising for
this campaign is the straight readers
which The Enterprise is doing free
for the good of the cause.

—Pay the President—

Carbon Paper—Legal size, for
sale at The Enterprise office.

1-4 off MILLINERY 1-4 off

We had just received a full shipment of new Mid-
Winter Shapes and Trimmings when the "Flu" struck
our town. A good part of the time since then we
have been trying to help care for the sick and left
our shop to care for itself.

We are now back on the job with all things ready to
sell you the very best in Mid-Winter Millinery at a
25 per cent reduction.

DON'T WAIT UNTIL THEY ARE ALL PICKED OVER

YOURS FOR SERVICE

Lillie Poe

1-4 off PECOS, TEX 1-4 off

TIME TABLES.

Pecos Valley Southern	
Southbound	
No. 1, lv. daily except Sunday 8:30	
Northbound	
No. 2, arr. daily except Sunday 1:20	
Santa Fe	
Mountain Time	
Southbound arrives.....	12:30 p. m.
Northbound leaves.....	2:00 p. m.
Texas & Pacific	
Westbound	
No. 1, arr.	5:55 a. m.
No. 2, arr.	2:17 p. m.
Eastbound	
No. 3, arr.	1:08 a. m.
No. 4, arr.	1:45 p. m.

Directory

W. C. T. U. meets on Third Friday in each month at 3 o'clock p. m. at the home of Mrs. R. N. Couch, Pres.

LODGE MEETINGS.

Masonic—Pecos Valley Lodge No. 738, A. F. and A. M. Hall, corner of Oak and Second streets. Regular meetings second Saturday night in each month. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.
B. G. SMITH, W. M.

Masonic—Pecos Chapter No. 218, R. A. M. Hall corner of Oak and Second streets. Stated convocations on first Tuesday night in each month. Visiting companions cordially invited.
W. A. HUDSON, H. P.

C. E. S.—Pecos Chapter No. 81. Regular meetings second Monday in each month. Members urged to attend and visiting members cordially welcomed.
LUDIE LOVE, Secretary,
SADIE COLLINGS, W. M.

W. O. W.—Allthorn Camp No. 208. Regular meetings second and fourth Tuesday nights in each month. Visiting Sovereigns cordially invited.
W. E. POER, C. C.,
MAX KRAUSKOPF, Clerk.

W. O. W. Circle—Meets the fourth Thursday in each month.
MRS. JOHN HIBDON, Guar.
MRS. C. C. COLWELL, Clk.

M. of P.—Meets in Castle Hall every Monday night. All members are urged, and visiting Knights in good standing are cordially invited to attend.
I. J. SIMS, G. C.
MAX KRAUSKOPF, K. of R. S.

I. O. O. F.—Pecos Encampment No. 23, meets 1st and 3rd Monday nights in each month.
H. C. ZIMMER, Chief Patr.
R. R. RODGERS, Scribe.

I. O. O. F.—No. 650, meets every Thursday night.
R. R. RODGERS, N. G.
R. G. MIDDLETON, Sec.

Rebekah—No. 263, I. O. O. F.
MRS. R. E. L. KITE, Noble Grand,
MRS. JOSEPHINE RODGERS, Sec.

THE COURTS.

Federal—Western District of Texas. Meets 4th Mondays in March and September. W. R. Smith, of El Paso, Judge; Joe Capoline, Pecos, Clerk.

Bankruptcy—Meets any time there is business of this nature.
BEN PALMER, Referee.

District—70th Judicial District.—Meets April 23, 1917, November 19th, 1917. Chas. Gibbs, Midland, Judge; T. T. Garrard, Midland, Attorney; S. C. Vaughan, Pecos, Clerk.

County—Reeves County. Meets 1st Monday in April, 2nd Mondays in July, October and January. Jas. F. Ross, Judge; S. C. Vaughan, Clerk; J. A. Drane, Attorney; Tom Harrison, Sheriff.

Justice—Meets in regular session every 3rd Monday. Opens any day for criminal cases. F. P. Richburg, Judge.

Mayor's—Opens any day for criminal cases. J. E. Starley, Mayor.

Commissioners—Regular meetings on 2nd Monday in each month. Jas. F. Ross, Judge; S. C. Vaughan, Clerk; Tom Harrison, Sheriff. J. E. Eisenwiler, Commissioner Precinct No. 1; A. W. Hosié, No. 2; C. C. Kountz, No. 3; Ed Kyle, No. 4.

OFFICIALS.

County—Jas. F. Ross, Judge; S. C. Vaughan, Clerk; Tom Harrison, Sheriff; and Tax Collector; LeGrand Merritt, Treasurer; W. W. Camp, Assessor; A. M. Randolph, Surveyor; F. P. Richburg, Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 1.

City—J. E. Starley, Mayor; A. G. Thompson, City Clerk; Ralph Williams, Councilmen. M. L. Roddy, Marshal. Monroe Kerr, Acting Secretary, Assessor and Tax Collector. Meets 3rd Monday night in each month at City Hall.

Text of President's Address to Congress

Washington, Nov. 11.—Terms of the armistice with Germany were read to Congress by President Wilson at one o'clock this afternoon.

Assembled in the Hall of the House where nineteen months ago Senators and Representatives heard the President ask for a declaration of war, they today heard him speak the words which heralded the coming of peace. The President spoke as follows:

Gentlemen of the Congress: In these anxious times of rapid and stupendous change it will in some degree lighten my sense of responsibility to perform in person the duty of communicating to you some of the larger circumstances of the situation with which it is necessary to deal.

The German authorities who have at the invitation of the Supreme War Council been in communication with Marshal Foch, have accepted and signed the terms of armistice which he was authorized and instructed to communicate to them. Those terms are as follows:

Military Clauses

Military clauses on the western front:

First—Cessation of operations by land and in the air six hours after the signing of the armistice.

Second—Immediate evacuation of invaded countries: Belgium, France, Alsace-Lorraine, Luxembourg, so ordered as to be completed within fourteen days from the signature of the armistice. German troops which have not left the above-mentioned territories within the period fixed will become prisoners of war. Occupation by the Allied and United States forces jointly will keep peace within these areas. All movements of evacuation and occupation will be regulated in accordance with a note annexed to the stated terms.

Third—Repatriation, beginning at once and to be completed within fourteen days, of all inhabitants of the countries above mentioned, including hostages and persons under trial or convicted.

Fourth—Surrender in good condition by the German armies of the following equipment:

Five thousand guns (250 heavy, 2500 field), 30,000 machine guns, 3,000 minnewerfer, 2,000 airplanes (fighters, bombers—firstly D, seventy-threes and night bombing machines). These to be delivered in States troops in accordance with the detailed conditions laid down in the annexed note.

Fifth—Evacuation by the German armies of the countries on the left bank of the Rhine.

Provide Neutral Zone

These countries on the left bank of the Rhine shall be administered by the local authorities under the control of the Allies and the United States armies of occupation. The occupation of these territories will be determined by Allied and United States garrisons holding the principalities to the Allies and the United

States garrisons in thirty kilometers radius on the right bank and by garrisons similarly holding the strategic points of the regions. A neutral zone shall be reserved on the right of the Rhine between the stream and a line drawn parallel to it forty kilometers to the east from the frontier of Holland to the parallel of Gersheim and as far as practicable a distance of thirty kilometers from the east of the stream from this parallel upon the Swiss frontier. Evacuation by the enemy of the Rhine lands shall be so ordered as to be completed within a further period of eleven days, in all, nineteen days after the signature of the armistice. All movements of evacuation and occupation will be regulated according to the note annexed.

Sixth—In all territories evacuated by the enemy there shall be no evacuation of inhabitants; no damage or harm shall be done to the persons or property of the inhabitants. No destruction of any kind is to be committed. Military establishments of all kinds shall be delivered intact as well as military stores of food, munitions, equipments not removed during the periods fixed for evacuation. Stores of food of all kinds for the civil population, cattle, etc., shall be left in situ. Industrial establishments shall not be impaired in any way and their personnel shall not be moved. Roads and means of communication of every kind, railroads, waterways, main roads, telegraphs, telephones, bridges, shall be in no manner impaired.

Seventh—All civil and military personnel at present employed on them shall remain. Five thousand locomotives, 50,000 wagons and 10,000 motor lorries in good working order with all necessary spare parts and fittings shall be delivered to the Associated Powers within the period fixed for the evacuation of Belgium and Luxembourg. The railways of Alsace-Lorraine shall be handed over within the same period, together with all pre-war personnel and material. Further material necessary for the working of railways in the country on the left bank of the Rhine shall be left in situ. All stores of coal and material for the upkeep of permanent ways, signals and repair shops to be left entirely in situ and to be kept in an efficient state by Germany during the whole period of armistice. All barges taken from the Allies shall be restored to them. A note appended regulates the details of these measures.

Eighth—The German command shall be responsible for revealing all mines or delay-acting fuses disposed on territory evacuated by the German troops and shall assist in their discovery and destruction. The German command shall also reveal all destructive measures that may have been taken (such as poisoning or polluting of springs, wells, etc.) under penalty of reprisals.

Ninth—The right of requisition shall be exercised by the Allies and the United States Armies in all occupied territory. The upkeep of the troops of occupation in the Rhine land (excluding Alsace-Lorraine) shall be charged to the German government.

Tenth—An immediate repatriation without reciprocity according to detailed conditions which shall be fixed, of all Allied and United States prisoners of war. The Allied Powers and the United States shall be able to dispose of these prisoners as they wish.

Eleventh—Sick and wounded who cannot be removed from evacuated territory will be cared for by German personnel who will be left on the spot with the medical material required.

Disposition relative to the eastern front:

Twelfth—All German troops at present in any territory which before the war belonged to Russia, Roumania or Turkey shall withdraw within the frontiers of Germany as they existed on August 1, 1914.

Immediate Evacuation

Thirteenth—Evacuation by German troops to begin at once and all German instructors, prisoners and civilians as well as military agents, now in the territory of Russia (as defined before 1914) to be recalled.

Fourteenth—German troops to cease at once all requisitions and seizures and any other undertaking with a view of obtaining supplies intended for Germany in Roumania and Russia (as defined on August 1, 1914).

Fifteenth—Abandonment of the treaties of Bucharest and Brest-Lit-

ovsk and of the supplementary treaties.

Sixteenth—The Allies shall have free access to the territories evacuated by the Germans on their eastern frontier either through Danzig or by the Vistula in order to convey supplies to the populations of those territories or for any other purpose. Clauses concerning Eastern Africa:

Seventeenth—Unconditional capitulation of all German forces operating in East Africa within one month.

General Clauses.

Release Interned Civilians

Eighteenth—Repatriation without reciprocity within a maximum period of one month, in accordance with detailed conditions hereafter to be fixed, of all civilians interned or deported, who may be citizens of other Allied or associated States than those mentioned in clause three, paragraph nineteen, with the reservation that any future claims and demands of the Allies and the United States of America remain unaffected.

Nineteenth—The following financial conditions are required:

Reparation for damage done. While the armistice lasts no public securities shall be removed by the enemy which can serve as a pledge to the Allies for the recovery or reparation for war losses. Immediate restitution of the cash deposits in the National Bank of Belgium, and in general immediate return of all documents, specie, stocks, shares, paper money, together with plants for the issue thereof, touching public or private interests in the invaded countries. Restitution of the Russian and Roumanian gold yielded to Germany or taken by that power. This gold to be delivered in trust to the Allies until the signature of peace.

Naval Conditions

20th—Immediate cessation of all hostilities at sea and definite information to be given as to the location and movements of all German ships. Notification to be given to neutrals that freedom of navigation in all territorial waters is given to the Allied and associated powers, all questions of neutrality being waived.

21st—All naval and mercantile marine prisoners of war of the Allied and associated powers in German hands to be returned without reciprocity.

22nd—Surrender to the Allies and the United States of America of 160 German submarines (including all submarine cruisers and mine-laying submarines), with their complete armament and equipment in ports which will be specified by the Allies and the United States of America. All other submarines to be completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the Allied powers and the United States of America.

23rd—The following German surface warships which shall be designated by the Allies and the United States of America shall be forthwith be disarmed and thereafter interned in neutral ports, to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America, and are to be paid off and completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the Allies and the United States of America, only caretakers being left on board, namely: six battle cruisers, ten battleships, eight light cruisers, including two mine-layers (including river craft) are to be concentrated in German naval bases to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America, and are to be paid off and completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the Allies and the United States of America. All vessels of the auxiliary fleet (trawlers, motor vessels, etc.) are to be disarmed.

24th—The Allies and the United States of America shall have the right to sweep up all mine fields and obstructions laid by Germany outside German territorial waters and the positions of these are to be indicated.

Baltic Sea is Made Free

25th—Freedom of access to and from the Baltic to be given to the Naval and Mercantile Marines of the Allied and associated powers. To secure this the Allies and the United States of America shall be empowered to occupy all German forts, fortifications, batteries, and the defense works of all kinds in all the entrances from the Cattagat into the Baltic and to sweep up all mines and obstructions within and without German territorial waters without an question of neutrality being raised and the positions of all such mine and obstructions are to be indicated.

(Continued on Page 3)



The Cost of the Paint YOU DON'T BUY

Wind, Sun, and Rain work their ravages on your building; it's life is shortened; repairs are needed sooner; the appearance is shabby and reflects on your own energy and thrift; the value of the property decreases.

ADD THESE TOGETHER AND YOU WILL HAVE THE COST OF THE PAINT YOU DID NOT BUY

As a matter of mere SAVING it pays to paint.

The actual PRICE is so small in comparison with the RESULTS that the gain in that one item alone should make you act.

Our wide range of colors, as well as our high grade paints, will make your selection easy.



PECOS, TEXAS

Patriotic People Subscribe for The

Brotherhood Book

By REGINALD RIDDLE, The Canadian Poet
PECOS, TEXAS

PAPER BOUND, 50C. ; CLOTH, \$1.50
In Advance, delivery in about 60 days

A Book for the Nation, suitable for the Church, School, Home and Society, voicing the "Spirit of the Hour"—"Brotherhood, Loyalty, Patriotism and (American) Love!"

Subscribe for a Copy Today

ADDRESS

REGINALD RIDDLE
Care of The Enterprise, PECOS, TEXAS



Reasons!

Why you should use Cardui, the woman's tonic, for your troubles, have been shown in thousands of letters from actual users of this medicine, who speak from personal experience. If the results obtained by other women for so many years have been so uniformly good, why not give Cardui a trial?

Take

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Mrs. Mary J. Irvin, of Cullen, Va., writes: "About 11 years ago, I suffered untold misery with female trouble, bearing-down pains, headache, numbness... I would go for three weeks almost bent double... My husband went to Dr. for Cardui... After taking about two bottles I began going around and when I took three bottles I could do all my work." E-30

BLAST WITH W.S.S.



The constant saving and regular purchase of War Savings Stamps will clear the victory path.

AN UNIQUE VALEDICTORY

W. G. Cramer, editor of Burgettstown (Pa.) Call, because of the unheard-of prices for stock and materials an inability to get help, has decided to discontinue his paper. His valedictory is unique to say the least of it:

"With this issue the Burgettstown Call will pass out of existence. Ye editor, weary of squatting in the lap of luxury, has decided to make the 'supreme sacrifice' and go to work. Ever since Charley Schwab and other poor but loyal Americans laid money-making aside and started in on essential work, we have felt that we were profiteering in staying on here and roping in the sheekles just as in the ante-bellum days. Our conscience won't allow us to continue longer in this nefarious practice, and the only thing to do, as we see it, is to kill the old bird that has been laying the golden eggs. Hence the name of the Burgettstown Call is in the casualty list this week."

—Pay the President—

W.S.S. WILL KILL THE HUN VULTURE



Hooray for Banana Peel "Gets-It"

Only Real Way to Get Rid of Corns.

Which do you prefer—a corn that pulls or a corn that peels? Butchery or blessedness? Only "Gets-It" can get rid of your corn the peel-off way, the blessed way. You don't need a pull.



"Corns Never Trouble Me, I Use 'Gets-It'!" Why hump yourself up on the floor and with your jaws set and eyes popping from pain, jerk and gouge and cut your corns? Why irritate your toes with some salve or wrap your toe into a big painful bundle with some sticky tape or plaster? Life is too short. Use "Gets-It"—it takes a few seconds to apply and there's no fussing. Corns peel off. Wear new shoes if you want. Peel off the corn with your fingers—the whole thing, root and all, clear and clean, and it's gone! Only "Gets-It" can do this. Take no chances. "Gets-It" the guaranteed, money-back corn-remover, the only sure way, costs but a trifle at any drug store. Mfd. by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.

Legal Blanks

A new supply of Blank deeds at The Times office. Among them are the following.

- WARRANTY DEEDS. SPECIAL WARRANTY DEEDS. LEASES. BILLS OF SALE. VENDOR'S LIEN. RELEASE OF VENDOR'S LIEN. CHATTEL MORTGAGES.

Text of President's Address to Congress

Continued from page Two

26th—The existing blockade conditions set up by the Associated Powers are to remain unchanged and all German merchant ships found at sea are to remain liable to capture.

27th—All naval aircraft are to be concentrated and immobilized in German bases to be specified by the Allies and the United States of America.

28th—In evacuating the Belgian coasts and ports Germany shall abandon all merchant ships, tugs, lighters, cranes and all other harbor materials, all materials for inland navigation, all aircraft and materials and stores, all arms and armaments, and all stores and apparatus of all kinds.

Clear Black Sea of Hun

29th—All Black Sea ports are to be evacuated by Germany; all Russian war vessels of all descriptions seized by Germany in the Black Sea are to be handed over to the Allies and the United States of America, all neutral merchant vessels seized are to be released; all warlike and other materials of all kinds seized in those ports are to be returned and German materials as specified in clause 28 are to be abandoned.

30th—All merchant vessels in German hands belonging to the Allied and associated powers are to be restored in ports to be specified by the Allies and the United States of America without reciprocity.

31st—No destruction of ships or of materials to be permitted before evacuation, surrender or restoration.

32nd—The German Government will notify the neutral governments of the world and particularly the governments of Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Holland, that all restrictions placed on the trading of their vessels with the Allies and as German Government or by private German interests, and whether in return for specific concessions such as exports of shipbuilding materials or not, are immediately canceled.

33rd—No transfers of German merchant shipping of any description to any neutral flag are to take place after signature of the armistice.

Duration of Armistice:

34th—The duration of the armistice is to be thirty days, with option to extend. During this period, on failure of execution of any above clauses, the armistice may be denounced by any of the contracting parties on forty-eight hours' previous notice.

The war thus comes to an end; for having accepted these terms of armistice, it will be impossible for the German command to renew it.

It is not now possible to assess the associated countries, whether by the correctness of the great consummation. We know only that this tragical war, whose consuming flames swept from one nation to another, until all the world was on fire, is at an end, and that it was the privilege of our own people to enter it at its most critical juncture in such fashion and in such force as to contribute in a way of which we are all deeply proud, to the great result. We know, too, that the object of the war is attained, the object upon which all free men had set their hearts; and attained with a sweeping completeness which even now we do not realize. Armed imperialism such as the men conceived who were yesterday the masters of Germany, is at an end, its illicit ambitions engulfed in black disaster. Who will now seek to revive it?

The arbitrary power of the military caste of Germany, which once could secretly and of its own single choice disturb the peace of the world is discredited and destroyed. And more than that—much more than that—has been accomplished. The great nations which associated themselves to destroy it have now definitely united in the common purpose to set up such a peace as will satisfy the longing of the whole world for disinterested justice, embodied in settlements which are based upon something much better and much more lasting than the selfish competitive interests of powerful states.

There is no longer conjecture as to the objects the victors have in mind. They have a mind in the matter, not only, but a heart also. Their avowed and concerted purpose is to satisfy and protect the weak as well as the strong.

Food for the German People

The humane temper and intention of the victorious governments has already been manifested in a very practical way. Their representatives in the Supreme War Council at Versailles have by unanimous resolution assured the peoples of the Central Empires that everything that is possible in the circumstances will be done to supply them with food and relieve the distressing want that is in so many places threatening their very lives; and steps are to be taken immediately to organize these efforts at relief in the same systematic manner that they were organized in the case of Belgium. By the use of the idle tonnage of the Central Empires it ought presently to be possible to lift the fear of utter misery from their oppressed populations and set their minds and energies free for the great and hazardous tasks of political reconstruction which now face them on every hand.

Hunger does not breed reform. It breeds madness and all the ugly distempers that make an orderly life impossible.

Who Rules in Germany?

For with the fall of the ancient governments which rested like an incubus upon the peoples of the Central Empires has come political change not merely, but revolution; and revolution which seems as yet to assume no final ordered form, but to run from one fluid change to another, until thoughtful men are forced to ask themselves, with what government and of what sort are we about to deal in the making of the covenants of peace? With what authority will they meet us, and with what assurance that their authority will abide and sustain securely the international arrangements into which we are about to enter? There is here matter for no small anxiety and misgiving. When peace is made, upon whose promises and engagements besides our own is it to rest?

Let us be perfectly frank with ourselves and admit that these questions cannot be satisfactorily answered now or at once. But the moral is not that there is little hope of an early answer that will suffice. It is only that we must be patient and helpful and mindful above all of the great hope and confidence that lie at the heart of what is taking place.

Excesses accomplish nothing. Unhappy Russia has furnished abundant proof of that. Disorder immediately defeats itself. If excesses should occur, if disorder should for a time raise its head, a sober second thought will follow and a day of constructive action, if we help and do not hinder.

The present and all that it holds belongs to the nations and the people who preserve their self-control and the orderly processes of their governments; the future to those who prove themselves the true friends of mankind. To conquer with arms is to make only a temporary conquest; to conquer the world by earning its esteem it to make permanent conquests. I am confident that the nations have learned the discipline of freedom and that having settled with self-possession to its ordered practice are now about to make conquest of the whole world by the sheer power of example and of friendly helpfulness.

The peoples who have but just come out from under the yoke of arbitrary government and who are now coming at last into their freedom, will never find the treasure of liberty they are in search of if they look for them by the light of the torch. They will find that every pathway that is stained with the blood of their own brothers lead to the wilderness, not to the seat of their hopes. They are now face to face with their initial tests. We must hold the light steady until they find themselves. And in the meantime, if it be possible, we must establish a peace that will justly define their place among the nations; remove all fear of their neighbors and of their former masters, and enable them to live in security and contentment when they have set their own affairs in order.

I, for one, do not doubt their purpose or their capacity. There are some happy signs that they know and will choose the way of self-control and peaceful accommodation. If they do, we shall put our aid at their disposal in every way that we can. If they do not we must await with patience and sympathy the awakening and recovery that will assuredly come at last.

—Pay the President—

The Strong Withstand the Heat of Summer Better Than the Weak

Old people who are feeble and younger people who are weak, will be strengthened and enabled to go through the depressing heat of summer by taking GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system. You can soon feel its strengthening, invigorating effect. 60c.

SENATOR SHEPPARD COM-MENDS WELFARE WORK

The following communication from Senator Morris Sheppard is addressed to the people of Texas by request of the President:

To the People of Texas: At the request of President Wilson the various organizations engaged in welfare work among our armed forces have united in a common effort to secure funds for the continuance of their activities. These organizations are performing an essential and glorious part in the conduct of the war for liberty and for humanity. They are brightening the lives of our boys at the front. They are carrying to the camps and trenches as much of the cheer, the inspiration and the comfort of home as is possible under the circumstances. They are keeping before our soldiers the principles and ideals which warriors of righteousness and truth should preserve and exemplify. They are providing our boys with pure and helpful forms of recreation which constitute a perpetual shield against the evils and temptations that in former wars debauched and ruined so many young men. They are moulding and stimulating character amid the crash and roar of battle, and they deserve our enthusiastic and universal support. It is more necessary today than ever to complete triumph that our boys feel our continued interest and be given every evidence of our increasing gratitude and love. Let everyone contribute to this campaign, not only as a duty but as a blessed privilege.

MORRIS SHEPPARD.

Now that the armistice is signed and peace likely to follow, the necessity of contributing to the Welfare Work is emphasized in the following communication from L. A. Coulter, State Director of the United War Work Campaign as follows:

"Demobilization will mean demoralization," he stated when questioned concerning the probable effect of peace on the war fund. "If an armistice is followed by arrangements for permanent peace, then all armies in the field will begin to demobilize. The men will not be keyed up by the activity of battles, and in their leisure moments will be seeking other excitement, which will be furnished them by the most evil agencies unless we see to it that the best agencies are on the job.

"With peace comes a double need of games and entertainments, and especially of school-room work, for we will be cheating the boys and the women workers if we keep them during the long period of demobilization without offering them instruction that will fit them to re-enter civil life.

"With the incentive of brilliant victory and the prospect of glorious peace, it is certainly time when the people of the nation, state and of every community should make a generous outpouring to help those on the field of battle for the coming year, who have done and given so much for us during the past months and years."

—Pay the President—

No Worms in a Healthy Child

All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle.

—Pay the President—

Little over a month is left! Get busy on your War Savings Stamp pledge.

—Pay the President—

LEMONS MAKE SKIN WHITE, SOFT, CLEAR

Make This Beauty Lotion For A Few Cents and See For Yourself.

What girl or woman hasn't heard of lemon juice to remove complexion blemishes; to also whiten the skin and to bring out the roses, the freshness and the hidden beauty? But lemon juice alone is acid, therefore irritating, and should be mixed with orchard white this way: Strain through a fine cloth the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing about three ounces of orchard white, then shake well and you have a whole quarter pint of skin and complexion lotion at about the cost one usually pays for a small jar of ordinary cold cream. Be sure to strain the lemon juice so that no pulp gets into the bottle and then this lotion will remain pure and fresh for months. When applied daily to face, neck, hands and arms it should help to bleach, clear, smoothen and beautify the skin.

Any druggist will supply 3 ounces of orchard white at a... has the lemons.—Advt.



Certain-teed Solves Every Paint Problem

If a surface needs painting or varnishing, it needs Certain-teed. There is no paint-surface on your place for which a Certain-teed Paint or Varnish has not been especially prepared; interior walls, ceilings, woodwork, floors and furniture, exterior walls, roofs, porches, outbuildings and porch furniture.

Certain-teed

Paints and Varnishes

In every case the Certain-teed product you use is made to withstand the particular wear or exposure to which it will be subjected. It contains just the proper materials, blended in just the correct proportions for decoration, preservation, covering capacity and long service.

Interior Enamel

Certain-teed interior enamel gives your woodwork a smooth, hard, even surface—a surface which collects little dust, and which is easily cleaned. It may be had in shades to harmonize with any interior color scheme.

Certain-teed Paints and Varnishes are made for all uses, in all colors, and in all sizes of cans. Any store that sells paints can supply you. If the dealer you apply to cannot supply what you want immediately, he can obtain it promptly.



Certain-teed Products Corporation Offices and Warehouses in the Principal Cities of America Manufacturers of Certain-teed Paints—Varnishes—Roofing

RECENT PATENTS ISSUED TO CITIZENS OF TEXAS

The following is a list of citizens to whom recent patents have been granted, compiled for The Enterprise by W. A. Redmond, patent attorney, Washington, D. C.:

Jerrell Bennett of Grapevine, a pencil lighting attachment. James Bergman of El Paso, tube mill.

Theodore Comoner of San Antonio, a cotton retainer.

H. W. Cardwell, of Texarkana, a wrist blotter.

Sampel H. Garrett of Ft. Worth, and M. J. Straude of Weatherford, derailing block.

Charles D. Golding of Houston, a truck.

Geo. F. Hollen of Waco, a cutter-box.

Phillip A. Montroy of San Antonio, automatic auto top.

Barton J. Parker of Houston, cement concrete construction.

W. J. Wilson of Buckholtz, a cultivator.

—Pay the President—

WHAT AN OLD GEEZER DID

There was an old geezer, he had a lot of sense. He started up a business on a dollar eighty cents. The dollar for stock and the eighty for an ad brought him three lovely dollars in a day, by dad. Well, he bought more goods and a little more space, and he played that system with a smile on his face. The customers, flocked to two-by-four, and soon he had to hustle for a regular store. Up on the square where the people pass, he gobbled up a corner that as all plate glass. He fixed up the window with the best he had and told them all about it in a half-page ad. He soon had'em coming, and he never quit, and he didn't cut down his ads one jot. And he's kept things humming in the town ever since and everybody calls him the merchant prince. Some say it's luck, but that is all bunk, why, he was doing business when the times were punk. People have to purchase and the geezer was wise—for he knew the way to get them was to advertise.—Alede (Ill.) Standard.

—Pay the President—

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days. Instantly relieves itching Piles, and you can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 60c.

Do your Christmas shopping early, and shop at the postoffice—W. S. S., you know.

—Pay the President—

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1918. A. W. GLEASON, (Seal) Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

LEGAL BLANKS

The following legal blanks are for sale at The Enterprise and Pecos Times office:

- Release to mortgage deed of trust. Transfer of Vendor's Lien Notes. Bills of Sale, large form. Warranty Deeds, single and Joint acknowledgements. Deeds of Trust. Quit Claim Deeds. Crop Mortgages. Bond for Title. Land Leases. Installment blanks—partial payment. Writs of Attachment. Affidavit to an Account. Chattel Mortgages, — short form. Chattel Mortgages — long form. Stock Bills of Sale, in books. Application to purchase additional land. Commission to take deposition in Texas. Installment Notes. Vendor's Lien Notes. Cattle Bills of Sale. Oil and Gas Leases. Contracts to sell cattle. Oil and Mineral Leases and Contract. Promissory Notes. School Land Deeds. Leases—City Property. Power of Attorney. Several others. Call around and look them over.

THE ENTERPRISE AND PECOS TIMES

JOHN HIBDON Editor and Owner

Entered as second-class matter October 22, 1915...

Subscription, \$1.50 a year In Advance



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war

PAY THE PRESIDENT

German efficiency has had a sufficiency.—Columbia Record.

We sent the boys overseas. Let's see them safely back home. Contribute to the Welfare Work Fund.

The Enterprise would certainly like to hear Germany's revised version of America's fighting qualities.

Germany believes in doing things in a decisive fashion. Not only has it had a change of heart but a change of head, to boot.

The bright prospects of many a young man have been shattered by the cruel war. Just think of Billy Hohenzollern's six sons.

"I'll not stand any nonsense from America when the war is over," said Kaiser Bill. He had to stand for a whole lot of serious business though.

It's going to be hard on the poor, patient German people, with all the other things they have to bear, not to have any more atrocities to look forward to.—Columbus State Journal.

Germany is protesting that the time allotted for their withdrawal to the Rhine is too short, having but fifteen days. If they keep up the same gait assumed since July when the Americans opened up on them they won't need but seven days.

Several of our Pecos ladies deserve especial mention for devoting their time and attention to the sick during the influenza epidemic. There were something like one dozen of these ladies who volunteered their services from the inception of the disease and these were going almost night and day. It is believed that all but three of these ladies themselves contracted the influenza and the three are still on the job when needed. Those who offered their services were overworked at times, nevertheless each and every one of them feel better for having done their utmost to care for the sick. Those who did not offer their services and did not go are not censured in the least by anyone, for there is and was no question as to its being a job to be dreaded because of the contagiousness of the disease. Their own consciences are now doing a plenty to them.

But, to get down to the matter for which this article was intended, and calling attention to only one of these faithful. This is done with the assurance that those who volunteered and get no personal mention will take no exception as they are made out of the right kind of mud and will not get angry if The Enterprise does single out Mrs. W. H. Drummond and say that of the whole lot there has not been one more faithful, harder worked, or who took more thought of the sick and less thought of her own comforts. She has been going from the start and is still going and spending her time and energy in the relief of the distressed. Mrs. Drummond has always had a warm place in the hearts of Pecos people for her unstinted charitable inclinations wherever there was sickness or distress, and during this epidemic there are many more who will feel under everlasting obligations to this faithful, unselfish and tireless worker.

Pecos is to be congratulated on the manner in which the influenza epidemic was handled. It is a mooted point whether or not the preventative measures, such as the gauze

masks, etc., prevented the disease's spread. The only evidence to prove or disprove their efficacy is the final result, and that is what Pecos is congratulating itself upon. Two deaths directly from influenza-pneumonia is the total casualties among the American population. In the face of these statistics, The Enterprise can be convinced of but one thing, viz: that preventative measures taken, even to quarantining against other towns, was the proper thing. The article reproduced elsewhere in this issue, clipped from the Carlsbad Current, is a mighty narrow view to take of a situation so serious as was ushered in by the epidemic. Taking into consideration the fact that such measures were not only for the protection of Pecos people but for safeguarding the health of the "well-dressed business men" from Carlsbad. The view of the editor of the Current is doubly shallow when it can be said to the credit of the Pecos authorities that they acted in good faith and with a view of guarding the health of native and stranger. The shotgun guard referred to in the article never originated in Pecos. Nor did Pecos protest its presence. Our people recognized the right of the people in Ward county to protect themselves, and, further, in Texas, the Constitution backed them up in the attempt to ward off the epidemic. Ward county's barrier to migration, either way, was effective, and instead of getting mad, Pecos rejoices with them in the absence of casualties. In like manner, Pecos people grieves with the bereaved of Carlsbad. If the quarantine thrown around the different towns in Reeves and Ward counties staved off but one case of influenza, and The Enterprise honestly believes that it did at least that much, then it was justifiable and our people are immune from criticism.

The "flu" seems to have flown, the war is over, a fine rain has fallen, school will re-open Monday. In other words, things are back to normal once more, with the exception that the cloud has a brighter lining. Our state of mind should be such that the churches will be packed Sunday at all services with hearts attuned to that beautiful sentiment "Praise God From Whom all Blessings Flow." In our moments of jubilation the soldier boys who brought about this glorious state should not be forgotten. More than ever will they need the leavening influences of the different welfare organizations. No longer does the call to battle stimulate their energies. Something must be found to take its place, and organizations like the Y. M. C. A. are the only ones in position to supply it. But they must have the funds to carry on the work. The people must supply these funds. Reeves county people are asked to make an offering to this end during the next few days. Dig deep—deep as the joy you feel over the fact that right has conquered over might and that the future of your loved ones is secure from a fate such as befell Belgium and France.

THE BROTHERHOOD BOOK

Owing to the epidemic and adverse conditions in general, the publication of this work has necessarily been delayed.

However, the epidemic is fast dying out and the war is over, making conditions much brighter for us all. If nothing further arises to prevent, the issue, this book will go to the local press next week and be ready to deliver in the near future when our exceptionally good book is promised the subscribers of said book.

About 500 orders have been received to date for The Brotherhood Book. The author wishes to extend his thanks to all, and to say if anyone should be dissatisfied with the delay—should they have paid in advance—as some few kindly did—their money will be cheerfully refunded. However, considering the conditions as they have existed, that would hardly be fair to the author. We ask you all to be considerate and to bear with us for a time, when eventually a good book that you will love will be your reward for waiting.

Thanking you one and all for your liberal patronage, I am,

Yours gratefully REGINALD RIDDLE, The Canadian Poet, Pecos, Texas.

Exchanges please copy—R. R.

—Pay the President—



WE REPRESENT UNCLE SAM

Table for Pecos Valley State Bank (No. 835) showing financial condition as of November 1, 1918. Includes Resources (Loans and discounts, U.S. Liberty Bonds, etc.) and Liabilities (Capital stock, Surplus fund, etc.). Total: \$586,431.25.

Table for First National Bank (No. 8771) showing financial condition as of November 1, 1918. Includes Resources (Loans and discounts, U.S. Liberty Bonds, etc.) and Liabilities (Capital stock, Surplus fund, etc.). Total: \$396,481.69.

Table for Recapitulation Resources showing Loans and discounts, Stocks and bonds, U.S. War Stamps, U.S. Liberty Bonds, Banking House, Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures, Interest in Guar. Fund, Cash on hand and due from other banks. Total: \$586,431.25.

NOTICE

If your car is cranky these cool mornings, look to your GAS. We have installed our new double-filtering, guaranteed measuring pump and are prepared to furnish high powered gasoline and never failing FREE AIR. GROVES LUMBER CO.

—Pay the President—

S. F. McCord of Aspermont, a prominent real estate man of that place, was in Pecos for a day or so this week. He took a trip out to the oil fields, Barstow, and other points while here. His visit was to look into the oil situation and if possible to secure some leases.

—Pay the President— Mrs. B. R. Stine returned Saturday from Lordsburg, N. M., where she was called on account of the death of a sister. Her mother, Mrs. McGregor, who accompanied her, remained for a longer stay with the family of her deceased daughter. Mrs. Stine stated that while the cases of influenza were not numerous in Lordsburg, they were very severe on account of the high altitude.

Table for Recapitulation Liabilities showing Capital stock paid in, Surplus fund, Undiv'd profits, Due to banks and bankers, subject to check, net, Individual deposits, subject to check, Time certificates of deposits, U.S. War Loan deposit, Cashier's checks, Bills payable and rediscounts, Bonds borrowed. Total: \$586,431.25.

Table for Recapitulation Resources showing Loans and discounts, U.S. Liberty Bonds, Banking House, Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures, Interest in Guar. Fund, Cash on hand and due from other banks. Total: \$586,431.25.

Table for Recapitulation Liabilities showing Capital stock, Surplus fund, Profits, net, Circulation, Deposits, Bills payable. Total: \$48,000.00.

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—Pay the President—

IRA H. EVANS, Agent and Attorney in Fact, AUSTIN, TEXAS.

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Our idea of a first-class slacker is the person who cashes his War Savings Stamps when he is not compelled to do so by circumstances.

—Pay the President—

Remember, peace or war, the U. S. Government has to pay its debts, and, consequently, expects you to pay that W. S. S. pledge you made.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

Whereas, A. M. Randolph, Engineer for Reeves County Drainage District No. One in Reeves County, Texas, has filed his report of the estimated cost of the proposed improvements, with the Commissioners' Court of Reeves County, Texas, showing such estimated cost of said levee to be \$10,787.00, the estimated cost of drainage canal No. 1 to be \$7,697.50; and the estimated cost of drainage canal No. 2 to be \$3,676.00, aggregating \$22,260.00; and, Whereas, the Commissioners' Court of Reeves County, Texas, at its regular session held November 11th, 1918, set said report for hearing on Tuesday, December 3rd, 1918, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at the Court House in Pecos, Texas.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, as required by law, to all persons interested in said improvements to be present at said time and place, then and there to object to any and all of said canals, drains, ditches and levees as shown by said report, if they so desire.

Dated this November 12, 1918. (Seal) S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk Commissioners' Court, Reeves County, Texas

—Pay the President—

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF TEXAS To the Sheriff or any Constable of Reeves County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon N. H. Thorpe by making publication of this Citation once in each

LEGAL NOTICES

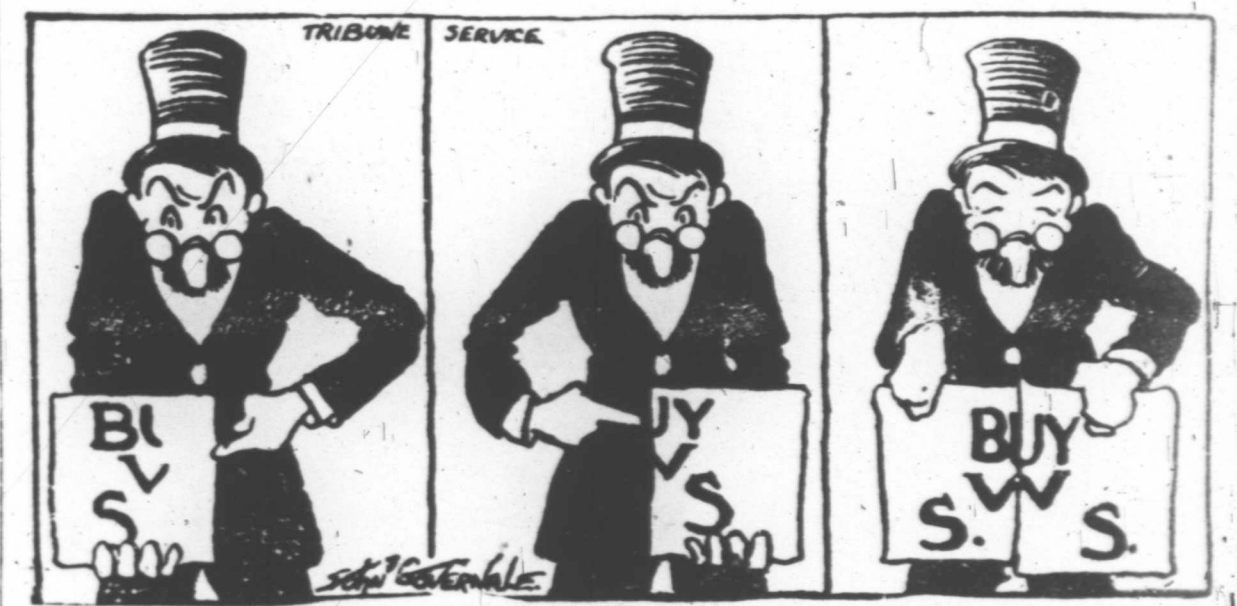
week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Reeves County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Pecos, Texas, on the 3rd Monday in November, A. D. 1918, the same being the 18th day of November, A. D. 1918, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 18th day of October, A. D. 1918, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 1813, wherein W. E. Bell is plaintiff, and N. H. Thorpe and Ira J. Bell are defendants, and said petition alleging that on February 10 1915, the defendant, N. H. Thorpe, by and through his agent and attorney in fact, Clif Q. Thorpe, made and executed to the plaintiff, himself, payable 90 days after date, a note for \$275.00, with interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, and said note is now owned by plaintiff. Plaintiff also prays for \$100.00 as attorney's fees and for \$156.75, State interest paid by plaintiff, and foreclosure of deed of trust item on the following described lands lying and being situated in Reeves county, Texas, to-wit:

Section two (2), in Block Three (3), Houston and Great Northern Railroad Company's Survey, Reeves County, Texas, containing six hundred forty (640) acres, except forty (40) acres thereof sold by N. H. Thorpe, to Alfonso Roscoe.

Herein fail not but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereof, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, this the 18th day of October, A. D. 1918.

(Seal) S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk District Court, Reeves County, Texas By Maggie Glover, Deputy. First insertion Oct. 25, 1918. Last insertion Nov. 15, 1918.



TEXAS & PACIFIC RAILROAD

A change of time tables will be made effective 12:01 a. m.

NOVEMBER 17, 1918,

and this advance notice of the time of the principal trains at important division points on this and connecting lines is issued for public information. Folders will be available at stations and Information Bureaus on day schedule is effective.

J. L. LANCASTER, Federal Manager

Table showing train schedules for West Bound (Read Down) and East Bound (Read Up) with stations like St. Louis, Memphis, Dallas, Ft. Worth, Abilene, Sweetwater, Pecos, Big Spring, El Paso.

CENTRAL TIME

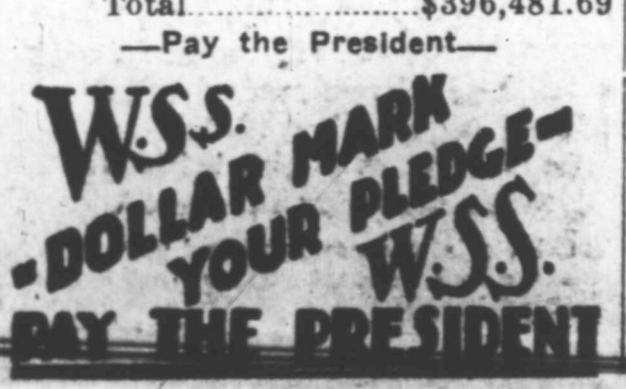
NOTE: Sleeping car on trains 25 and 26 discontinued between El Paso and Big Spring.

FOR SALE

H. & G. N. LANDS IN REEVES COUNTY

Surveys Nos. 45, 47, 53, 55, E. half of 61, and 63 in Block 4. Nos. 43, 46, 47, and W. half of 37, in Block 5. The surveys in these blocks are situated from 5 to 8 miles from Pecos City, in the arroyo belt of the Pecos River country and will be sold as a whole or in quarter sections. Also surveys Nos. 13 and 49, in Block 6, and Survey Nos. 5, 9, 13, and 15, in Block 7. Also surveys Nos. 31, 33, 35, and 37 (fronting on the Pecos River) and 39 in Block 1 and Nos. 11, 15, and 17, adjacent thereto, in Block 2, in the vicinity of Riverton, on the Pecos River Railroad. Also Surveys Nos. 1, 3, 5, and 19, fronting on the Pecos River, in Block 8, in the extreme northern portion of Pecos County, and partly in Reeves County. Also 11 surveys in Block 10; 16 surveys in Block 11, and 3 surveys in Block 12; none of these river lands. No local agents for these lands, which are handled direct by the Agent and Attorney in Fact for the owner, William M. Johnson.

IRA H. EVANS, Agent and Attorney in Fact, AUSTIN, TEXAS.



NEWS OF OUR VERY SICK—
FLU ABOUT CLEARED

A report from Dr. Bryan, County Health Officer, is to the effect that the influenza has about subsided in Pecos. No new cases have been reported in several days, and very few of those who have been stricken who are not entirely well.

John Brocat is still confined to his bed with a complication of diseases which are after-effects of influenza.

E. B. Kiser, who has been very ill for more than a week with the flu and mastoid troubles, is improving, and will likely be out again in a few days.

Mrs. Tom, Harrison, who underwent an operation for appendicitis recently, continues to improve.

Mrs. J. S. Johnson, who has been suffering from complications is also reported recovering nicely.

—Pay the President—

HAMILTON SECURES ROAD
CONTRACT IN CULBERSON

W. E. Hamilton of Mineral Wells, was in Pecos for a day or two this week seeing his numerous friends. He says the "flu" has been very light in Palo Pinto county. He reports his reservoir work at Mineral Wells progressing nicely.

Mr. Hamilton was out in this country at this time for the purpose of bidding on the construction of some road work. He reports he secured the contract for the construction of ten miles of highway the other side of Van Horn and will probably begin this work about the first of the year. Hamilton is a splendid workman, as is attested by his work in Reeves county and can be depended upon to do the work right and push it to a speedy conclusion.

—Pay the President—

A safe and sane Christmas. War Savings Stamps are not the kind of toys "Made in Germany" and you won't get tired of looking at them.

—Pay the President—

Carbon Paper—Legal size, for sale at The Enterprise office.

JOHN DOLL WOUNDED ON
ARM BY SHRAPNEL

That the casualty lists appearing in the daily papers are inaccurate or incomplete is evidenced by several letters received by relatives in this county during the past few weeks with the news that boys from here had been wounded in battle. The latest received was one from the Bureau of Communication, dated November 5th, by Mrs. S. E. Doll, of Pecos, reading as follows:

My dear Mrs. Doll:
We have a report from Evacuation Hospital No. 1, dated October 8th, about your son, Pvt. John L. Doll, of Co. L, 358th Infantry. He had a shrapnel wound in his right arm but was getting along well and having the best of care. He will write as soon as his arm is well.

It is a great comfort to know that our boys are so well cared for in our hospitals abroad and everything done to cheer them by the Red Cross Committees. You need not worry about your son and you will no doubt soon hear of his recovery.

Very sincerely,
W. R. CASTLE, JR.,
Director, Bureau of Communication.

—Pay the President—

CAP WILSON TAKES CHARGE
OF DAUGHTER'S RANCH

C. M. Wilson has resigned his position with the Santa Fe Railway at Carlsbad, N. M., and he and Mrs. Wilson are now on the ranch of their daughter, Mrs. J. P. Kennedy, near Alpine. It is understood that Mr. Wilson will look after the ranch interests of his daughter and they will make their home there.

His Pecos friends are wondering how he will like ranch life after having worked in railroad offices for more than thirty years. Here's hoping he makes as good on that job as he did on the railroad job—but if he does he will be going some.

—Pay the President—

"SAVE THE WASTE AND WIN THE WAR."

AT THE CHURCHES.

CHURCH OF CHRIST

Now that the ban is lifted after the epidemic, let us meet at the Lord's House for praise, thanksgiving and prayer. All the usual Lord's day services will be held as follows: Bible school at 10 a. m.

Preaching and Communion at 11 a. m.

Junior C. E., at 4 p. m.
Senior C. E., at 6:30 p. m.

Preaching at 7:30 p. m.
Nearly all our thought recently has been on two topics, namely: the influenza epidemic and the close of the war. In keeping with this general trend we want to speak Sunday morning on "The Problem of Human Suffering," and at night on "The Peace That Will Endure."

Come to these services. The house will be well ventilated and comfortable.

HOMER L. MAGEE.

METHODIST CHURCH

The quarantine is lifted. The regular program of services will be resumed at the Methodist church next Sunday, Nov. 17, as follows:

Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.
Morning worship, at 11 a. m.
Evening services at 7 p. m.

The influenza having apparently spent its course and the armistice being signed by the warring nations, makes it peculiarly appropriate that everyone spend Sunday in worship and thanksgiving at our places of worship.

JUNIOR PROGRAM

Junior Missionary Society prayer and self-denial program to be held at the Methodist church at 3 o'clock, Sunday afternoon, November 24th:

Leader—Alfred Stephen.
Subject—"Missionary Heroes."
Hymn—No. 386.

Prayer—Mrs. F. B. Faust.
Scripture Lesson—Heb. 11:1-3; 8-12; 13-16; 23-26—Raymond Norwood and Donald Runyon.

Hymn—No. 482.
"Life Story of Mrs. Lily Meekin"
—Dorothy Sisk.

Vocal Solo—Virginia Runnels.
"Life Story of Miss Maud Bonnell,"—Ida B. Hines.

Reading—Lillian Schermerhorn.
Prayer.

Offering for retirement fund—Amy Belle Schermerhorn and Janice McKellar.

Dismissal.

MISSIONARY PROGRAM

The annual prayer and self-denial program of the Woman's Missionary Society will be held at the Methodist church Friday afternoon at three o'clock, November 22, as follows:

Leader—Mrs. Albert Sisk.
Piano Solo—"Nearer My God to Thee," Mrs. Lillian Butler.

Prayer of Praise and Thanksgiving—Mrs. W. B. Boles.
Hymn—No. 516.

Scripture Lesson—John 15:16.
Hymn—No. 551.

Talk—"Missionaries as Pioneers in Civilization," Mrs. W. W. Runnels.

Vocal Solo—Mrs. Earl Collings.
Talk—"Life Story of Miss Lizzie Wilson," Mrs. Wm. Adams.

Talk—"Life Story of Mrs. Mattie Minor Wright," Mrs. J. P. Rutledge.
Prayer—Mrs. C. S. McCarver.

Offering for the retirement fund—Mrs. E. J. Moyer and Mrs. Elmer Wadley.

Organist, Mrs. H. N. McKellar.
Dismissal.

BAPTIST CHURCH

All services as usual will be held at the Baptist church next Sunday.

Sunday school at 10 a. m. and all other services at their regular hours. You are invited to be present.

W. A. KNIGHT.
—Pay the President—

STAMP YOUR W. S. S. PLEDGE



WAREHOUSE AT TOYAH
BURGLARIZED BY MEXICAN

The warehouse of the Reeves County Mercantile Co. at Toyah, was burglarized Thursday last week, the front door being broken into and several sacks of flour stolen. It is said that all criminals, no matter the precautions taken, leave a clew to their crimes. The instant case was no exception. One of the sacks had a small hole in it, sufficient to allow a liberal leakage of flour, and when the minions of the law arrived the trail was easily followed and led them to the home of Masiliano Alvario, where the booty was found.

The arrest of Alvario, Sr. by deputy sheriff Frank Seay followed, and Friday he was brought to Pecos and lodged in jail, charged with concealing stolen property. On Saturday Frank again visited Pecos, having in charge Alvario, Jr., charged with the burglary of the flour. They are now in jail to await the action of the grand jury.

—Pay the President—

VISITED COTTON PALACE
EXPOSITION AT WACO

Alex Armstrong returned the early part of this week from a visit to Waco and Crawford. Of his visit to the latter place the Crawford Advance says: "Mr. Alex G. Armstrong of Pecos, arrived in the city Monday to visit Mrs. Armstrong and other relatives and friends in Crawford. Mr. Armstrong spent many years of his life in Crawford, being postmaster here for many years, and his numerous friends were glad to see him. He has been at Pecos now for nearly two years, where he holds a responsible position in the postoffice. Mr. Armstrong is a great booster for Pecos and the western country, and says he likes living out there fine."

—Pay the President—

ITEMS MISSED BY THE EN-
TERPRISE—BLAME THE FLU

During the hardest of the flu epidemic and at the time Pat Moran, The Enterprise machine man was laid up, several live locals escaped the force which should have been mentioned, among which were:

The arrival at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Anthony, on October 27, of a daughter.

The arrival, on October 27th, at the sanitarium, of a boy who will in future manage the estate of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Meyer, of Porterville.

The arrival, on October 29th, of a daughter who has already assumed control of the household affairs of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Durdin.

—Pay the President—

FORMER CITIZENS OF TOYAH
ARE VICTIMS OF INFLUENZA

Word has been received of the death, at their home in Kansas, of Mrs. Frank Ewald, from influenza.

Mr. and Mrs. Ewald lived at Toyah for a year or so where they have many friends who will regret to hear this sad news.

It is reported, also that the wife of John Brummett, who lived at Toyah until about a year ago, is a victim of the influenza.

—Pay the President—

THE COUNTRY WEEKLY'S PART

The Pecos Enterprise is one of the forward-looking country papers of the State which is always found inspiring readers to new accomplishments in line with industrial and agricultural progress.

A recent issue of The Enterprise quotes from a Fresno (Cal.) paper the story of the award of first prize for the best war garden grown by the children in Fresno public schools. The young girl who won the \$30 in War Savings Stamps was formerly a citizen of Pecos, Texas, and then she wrote The Enterprise: "I read in The Enterprise in the spring where you insisted on children raising war gardens . . . and I wanted to write you that I won the grand prize of \$30 in Thrift Stamps. I also sold \$20 worth of vegetables and mother has canned all the beans and tomatoes we can use for the winter."

In this particular instance the influence of the country weekly followed the little reader to California and there bore fruit:

There is no way of telling how many war gardens have been planted, how many dollars worth of vegetables have been sold, how many cans of beans and tomatoes have been put away, because of the influence of this one country newspaper. And the combined influence of the more than 1000 country weeklies in Texas for the welfare and prosperity of the State could not be estimated.—From the Houston Post.

—Pay the President—

"SAVE THE WASTE AND WIN THE WAR."

"FLU AT BALMORHEA IS
OF VERY LIGHT FORM

Commissioner C. C. Kountz, up from the head of Toyah Creek the first of the week attending Court, says there was the first of the week about sixty cases of influenza on Toyah Creek, but most of these were only light attacks and the situation in that part of the county was clearing up. His stock are all in fine condition for the winter and the range fairly good.

—Pay the President—

EASTERN STAR MATRON
WILL VISIT PECOS CHAPTER

Mrs. Flora Penix, grand matron of the Order of the Eastern Star of Texas, will visit the Pecos Chapter, No. 81, on the evening of November 21, and all members are invited to be present.

There will be a call meeting of the Chapter on Saturday, November 23, at 7:30 p. m. and all members are urged to come.

—Pay the President—

W.S.S.
DOLLAR MARK
YOUR PLEDGE—
W.S.S.
PAY THE PRESIDENT

Get the Genuine and Avoid Waste
MORGAN'S
SAPOLIO
SCOURING SOAP
Economy in Every Cake

Thos. H. Bomar
Consulting Civil Engineer
and Architect
PECOS, - TEXAS

M. A. DURDIN
Blacksmith
AND
Woodwork
All kinds of Repair Work Promptly and Skillfully done

Under New Management

The Pecos Hotel

I am now in full control of The Pecos Hotel and invite my friends and the public to call and stop here and promise them the Very Best that the markets afford in the Eats Line :

Mrs. Martha Adams

CASH ON AND AFTER SEPT. 1ST

I HANDLE THE VERY BEST MEATS TO BE HAD IN THE MARKETS AND HAVE TO PAY CASH ON THE DELIVERY OF GOODS, HENCE WILL, AFTER SEPTEMBER FIRST, HAVE TO CHARGE CASH OVER COUNTER.

Phone 1 City Market Pecos, Tex
OSCAR BUCHHOLZ, Mng'r

WE ARE AFTER YOUR BUSINESS

With The Right Price
Give us a Chance to Figure Your Bills for We Can Save You Money
Do It, and Right Now

THE PRUETT LUMBER COMPANY

Illustration of a cannon with a soldier standing next to it. Text: "Make that W. S. S. cannon roar this week. Load it to the muzzle by paying your W. S. S. Pledge."

Push Your Business
ADVERTISE WITH PRINTING THAT HAS THE ATTRACTION OF ARTISTIC ARRANGEMENT AND THE FORCE OF CLEAR, BRIGHT PRINT.
The Enterprise and Pecos Times Printing Plant can do the work and do it better than most printers and as well as any, even those of the larger cities. In fact it has a city equipment in a country town and offers the advantages of late faces of type and fine modern machinery, Producing the highest class of printing at the lowest cost.
Printing of the Better Class
Artistic designs, careful execution, absence of errors, good stock and prompt delivery; these characteristics of The Enterprise and Pecos Times printing are guaranteed in every order turned out at this plant. If you want these advantages and your printing at the right prices, call, write or phone for samples, prices, estimates or suggestions. Prompt attention to all inquiries and orders.
There is no use for you to send away for your loose leaf ledger bill heads, because you can get them at home, as we are prepared to furnish your needs in this line and guarantee satisfactory work. Try The Enterprise with your next order
The Enterprise and Pecos Times

HOHENZOLLERN TO HOLLAND AS REFUGEE

An associated press dispatch sent to Washington on November 10th, stated that William Hohenzollern, deposed kaiser of Germany, had arrived in Holland and proceeded to the town of Desteeg, near Utrecht, and a further message states that he will be interned there.

Historical data on the "man who started something he couldn't finish," is as follows:

He was crowned Emperor of Germany and King of Prussia on June 18, 1871. He became known as the "War Lord" through preparing for war for forty years, building up a big army and trying to build a fleet great enough to compete with that of Great Britain. His naval program caused the frantic building of more warships and bigger warships by the European nations, while his army policy produced apprehensions of war that were felt years before the present conflict broke out.

His remark to Ambassador Gerard, "I will stand no foolishness from the United States after the war," showed his feelings towards the United States even before this country broke relations with Germany and declared war.

Wilhelm was born January 27, 1859; he is the grandson of Queen Victoria, and a cousin of King George. In 1881 he married Princess Augusta Victoria, daughter of the Duke of Augustenburg. He had six sons. His utterances of recent years indicated he believed he was appointed by the German "Gott" to conquer the world.

His eldest son, who has also announced his intention to abdicate, is Frederick Wilhelm, born May 6th, 1882. His wife, to whom he was married in 1905, is Duchess Cecelie of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

The Crown Prince's aspiration was

to be a great military leader, but his campaigns ended in defeat. His army suffered terrible losses in the vain Verdun offensive and this year was repeatedly beaten by the Americans and French.

It used to be the kaiser; now it is just plain Bill.

Saturday night he was Wilhelm II, German Emperor and King of Prussia, sole arbiter over the field of seventy million men, women and children.

Commander-in-chief of the German Army and Navy, and as such, Supreme War Lord.

Overlord of four kingdoms, six grand duchies, five duchies, three "free" towns and one "Reichsland", Alsace-Lorraine.

Virtual owner of 208,780 square miles with a total frontier length of 4,570 miles. Also parts of the globe aggregating 1,027,820 square miles and 12,000,000 natives.

Saturday night and ever after he is: "Herr Wilhelm Hohenzollern—by the grace of his people.

—Pay the President—

There is just one commodity that you have a moral right to be extravagant with right now. That commodity is War Savings Stamps. Extravagance in W. S. S. is the kind of spending that any long-headed banker will aid and abet you in.

—Pay the President—

For Indigestion, Constipation or Biliousness

Just try one 50-cent bottle of LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN. A Liquid Digestive Laxative pleasant to take. Made and recommended to the public by Paris Medicine Co., manufacturers of Laxative Bromo Quinine and Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

—Pay the President—

How's the crop on your War Savings Card. Keep it growing with a steady flow or quarters—they're all the irrigation you'll need for a bountiful harvest.

Building Up American Army is to Continue

QUOTAS WILL BE DRAWN FROM REGISTRANTS WHO DID NOT ATTAIN 37TH BIRTHDAY ON SEPTEMBER 12, LAST

Austin, Texas, Nov. 12.—The following message was received today from Provost Marshal General Crowder:

"Wire all local and district boards the following message in full, including paragraphs one, two, three, and four."

The Secretary of War issued the following order to the Provost Marshal today:

"You will at once instruct State Headquarters and local and district boards immediately to discontinue all work connected with the classification of men who on September 12th, 1918, had attained their thirty-seventh birthday. You will further instruct said boards to continue to complete as expeditiously as possible the classification of all registrants who on September 12, 1918, had attained their nineteenth birthday and had not attained their thirty-seventh birthday. You will, finally, at the earliest appropriate moment direct all local and district boards to issue questionnaires to all registrants who on September 12, 1918, had attained their eighteenth birthday and not attained their nineteenth birthday and proceed with and complete, as early as possible, the classification of such registrants."

2. Further orders will be issued later covering the matter of sending out questionnaires to all classifying eighteen-year-old registrants.

3. In entering, pursuant to the foregoing instruments, upon what seems, in view of the mighty events of the day, to be the final work of this character to be done by the selective service system, I extend members of that system congratulations upon their truly great achievement of the past year and a half, achievements that have taxed to the utmost the time, the ability and the endurance of all those engaged in the work and that have furnished the army to which, in a large measure, must be given the credit for saving to the world both civilization and government by the people. To you, members of that system, must come a sense of duty well done. The country and the world knows that it owes to you a debt of thanks and gratitude which cannot be measured by words but only by the affection, the respect, and the esteem, now yours, of those among whom you live and from whom you have taken that which was beyond price.

4. In undertaking the completion of the work under the orders given, I bespeak of you the same interest and tireless energy which has characterized your work in the past period.

(Signed) CROWDER.

—Pay the President—

AN OUTSPOKEN EDITOR

J. H. Fitzpatrick, editor and publisher of the Western Liberal, Lordsburg, N. M., has an original way of stating things that always makes his paper interesting as the following notice, taken from a recent issue, will attest:

"Since the days of Horace the Latin proverb, 'Nothing but good about the dead' has been held as an axiom. But right here we are going to deal a blow. We are going to speak our mind freely on a dead one."

"He was an old-timer, it is true. He's been around Lordsburg many, many years. Everybody knew him, but nobody liked the old rascal. He has been the cause of more than one merchant going broke. The old scoundrel ought to have been hung and not let die."

"He used to pal around with that big, fat slob, John Barleycorn. The two of them used to stagger and swagger up and down main street to the utter disgust of everybody. Old John Barleycorn left here about October 1. He found the attitude too high and the climate too dry, so he beat it."

"The other fellow got so rank among the business places that they drove him out long ago. The two leading mercantile establishments hung placards about their places calling the attention of the public that he wasn't even permitted to enter their stores."

"Driven out of every other place, he made his way down to the newspaper office and there he met his end."

"He was always a grouch, constantly kicking on everything and everybody. "He was sitting by our desk cheering us with the information that we were editing a bum sheet—not near enough locals, not enough of this, and too much of that—for he was a constant knocker."

"To make it plain what a busy-body the old guy was, he leaned over our desk and picked up a letter, and as luck would have it was from the war industries board ordering us to make all subscribers to our paper pay in advance. When the old bird's eye lit on that he fell over dead. He died in his last bummer place, the newspaper office. Outside of the death of the kaiser, nobody's death could afford us more pleasure than this nuisance."

"By order of the war industries board he will be buried November 1, 1918, in the potter's field. There will be no mourning nor weeping, but great rejoicing over his too long delayed departure."

"We did not even intend to mark the grave of the old trouble-maker, but our printer, standing over the remains of one for whom he entertained an intense hatred, said: 'Oh, well, I'll just print a cheap pasteboard placard for him.' He did, and here it is:

**DIED, NOVEMBER 1, 1918
LONG TIME CREDIT, D. B.**

Killed By
Subscriptions Paid in Advance
Buried so deep he won't even hear the resurrection bugle."

—Pay the President—

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic restores vitality and energy by purifying and enriching the blood. You can soon feel its strengthening, invigorating effect. Price 60c.

—Pay the President—

Let your idle books help our soldiers—you can do your bit

HOW TO FIGHT SPANISH INFLUENZA

BY DR. L. W. DOWERS.

Avoid crowds, coughs and cowards, but fear neither germs nor Germans! Keep the system in good order, take plenty of exercise in the fresh air and practice cleanliness. Remember a clean mouth, a clean skin, and clean bowels are a protecting armour against disease. To keep the liver and bowels regular and to carry away the poisons within, it is best to take a vegetable pill every other day, made up of May-apple, aloes, jalap, and sugar-coated, to be had at most drug stores, known as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. If there is a sudden onset of what appears like a hard cold, one should go to bed, wrap warm, take a hot mustard foot-bath and drink copiously of hot lemonade. If pain develops in head or back, ask the druggist for Alaric (anti-uric) tablets. These will flush the bladder and kidneys and carry off poisonous germs. To control the pains and aches take one Anuric tablet every two hours, with frequent drinks of lemonade. The pneumonia appears in a most treacherous way, when the influenza victim is apparently recovering and anxious to leave his bed. In recovering from a bad attack of influenza or pneumonia the system should be built up with a good herbal tonic, such as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, made without alcohol from the roots and barks of American forest trees, or his Irontic (iron tonic) tablets, which can be obtained at most drug stores, or send 10c. to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for trial package.

YOUR W.S.S. PLEDGE IS DUE THIS WEEK PAY UP

We have those W.S.S. here for you.

Used 40 Years
CARDUI
The Woman's Tonic
Sold Everywhere

F. P. Richburg Land & Rental Agency

We Give a Few of Our Best Bargains

If you own vacant grazing land and wish to lease it, list it with us and give definite description so we can locate it. If you want to lease, see us and tell us what you want and where you want it.

In your description of lands be sure and give Section No. and what Survey, that is, whether Public School Land, T. and P. Ry., H. and T. C. Ry., etc., and sometimes it is designated by Townships. Be careful to give full description.

We have vacant lots for sale or trade. See us when you want any kind of city property.

We have several cheap residences we can sell on almost any terms you might mention.

When you want a large ranch come to see or write us.

We have some good North Texas farms and farm land to trade for ranch land. Also some small farms in Eastern Oklahoma to exchange for cheap lands.

Do you want a 40 or 50 section ranch, well improved about 15 miles south of Pecos in exchange for good farm lands of North Texas? Let us hear from you at any time we can serve you.

No. 280—300 acres at Patrol on Santa Fe Ry., about 10 miles north of Pecos. Most of this tract is in state of cultivation and 94 acres in alfalfa which yielded \$4500 last year. This is a splendid farm watered by the Pecos River and it has good drainage which insures it from becoming "subed". One 3-room residence and 3 or 4 small Mexican shacks. Price \$40 to \$100 per acre. There is \$4 per acre due to the State to be assumed by the purchaser. Terms can be arranged on some of this price.

No. 290—1 Section, No. 37, Block 56, Public School. \$1.50 State price right. This is in vicinity of the Toyah oil fields. Will sell cheap.

No. 302—Section No. 21, Block 71, Public School. \$2 to State, 3 per cent. \$3 bonus. This is near the sulphur fields. Other in shallow water belt. About 800 acres irrigable land.

No. 385—A one and one-half story house on northwest corner. 100 ft. lot with 8 or 9 rooms, and big porch and back screened porch. Well finished house. Large galvanized cistern. Good barn, garage, etc. Yard well set with grass. A splendid home. Price, \$3500.

No. 106—4-room house, 100 feet front, artesian well in yard. Grass, and shade, small barn, chicken pens, etc. All up in good shape. Price \$800 cash.

No. 110—4-room house on 75 ft. lot. Eastfront, S. E. corner. Place is well situated on Oak Street, and up in good shape. Pretty good out buildings. Entire lot fenced, a galvanized 30-barrel cistern and house guttered. Price \$1000. Half cash, balance on easy terms.

We have two 10 section and one 20 section ranches for sale in Reeves county. A good time to buy while it is yet dry. Think it will rain some day, then land will be higher.

Sections 11, 12, 13 and 14, Block 55, Public School Land, Reeves Co., Texas. This land has a four or five-room house, out buildings, barn, well and windmill, and is fenced with three or four wire fencing all around the farm. 40 acres has been broken out. This place is near where the Dallas people are now erecting a rig to drill a deep test well for oil and gas and is also near the shallow oil wells over northwest of Toyah. Price \$6000 cash. Party buying to assume State indebtedness of \$1.25 per acre.

No. 281—160 acres 3 miles northwest of Pecos, 1 mile northwest of the State Experiment Farm. All in good state of cultivation, watered by a large pumping plant. The entire farm is fenced with hog-proof woven wire. Has a \$3,000 residence and 1 tenant house. This is an extra good irrigated farm. Only \$100 per acre. Good terms.

No. 54, twsp. 7, 276 acres. \$1.50 to State, at 3 per cent. Has good well. Lies 3 miles west of Hoban, and joins the H. H. J. nes farm on the north. Think this can be bought for \$5.00 bonus.

5-room house on 100 ft. lot and S. E. corner. Weatherboarded and painted. Considerable out buildings, house nicely painted and screened porch. Plenty shade trees and good garden place. Price \$900; \$250 cash, balance monthly or in 2 or 3 acres, and S 1-2 of section 6. Block annual payments, 8 per cent interest. No. 282.—1 sections, No. 10, 630

No. 286.—A well located 4-room house close in; 50-ft. lot, east front and good terms. Price \$800. Part can be paid in monthly installments. If you want a pleasant little place don't fail to see us.

No. 288.—Good 5-room house with screened porch and bath; garage, barns, poultry yards and pens and garden. East front. This is a weather-boarded house and up in good shape. Lot 100x115 feet. In good neighborhood. Price \$1500.

No. 291.—Corner lot with two 4-room houses on it. This property is in fairly good shape and is good rent property for colored people. Close in, almost always rented. Owner lives in Illinois and wants to dispose of it. Price, \$600 cash.

No. 293.—One section land 8 miles south of Pecos. This section borders on the Pecos River which makes it riparian land. Most of it is agriculture land. Price \$10 per acre.

No. 300.—1 section, No. 24, H. & G. N. Ry. survey. A splendid river section. Part has been cultivated. Price \$10 per acre. Good terms. Lies 10 or 12 miles from Pecos on the Pecos River.

No. 301.—E 1-2 of section 59, Block No. 4, H. & G. N. Ry. Co. survey. Situated between Experiment Farm and Sand Lake. Price \$5.00 per acre.

No. 375.—We have several small ranches for sale, ranging from 4 sections to 50 sections. Price from \$100 to \$3.00 per acre, most of it \$1.50 to State at 3 per cent interest. If you want a small ranch come to see us.

No. 376.—800 acres in Ward County, just across the Pecos River from Pecos City. 160 acres of this tract lies on the south side of the T. & P. R. R. track and borders on the river. There are some 150 or 160 acres of this tract in cultivation. A grain ditch and a canal pass through it. Will sell it in a body or in tracts. Price \$40 to \$80 per acres. We can make satisfactory terms. This tract lies on the Pecos and Barstow road for 1 mile or more.

No. 378. A 5-room one and one-half story on 115-foot lot. Northeast corner, good shades. A good place for a good house. Price \$1500. 1-2 cash, balance in three annual payments.

No. 379.—4 sections, Nos. 2, 4, 24 and 26, block 57, twsp. 2, T. & P. Ry. Co. survey. This land lies in the sulphur belt, between Orla on the Santa Fe and the Tinally sulphur mines. Price \$5.00 per acre, bonus.

No. 380.—1 section, No. 183. This section lies on the north side of the P. V. S. Ry., joining Verhalen. Splendid land. Price \$10 per acre.

No. 400.—A 6-room house and 100 foot lot, with barn, poultry yards and garden and lots of nice shades. This place is situated in the best part of town. An artesian well in back yard. A good bargain. Price \$1500, two-thirds cash, balance easy terms.

We have a number of cheap houses that we can give special bargains in. If you want a little home call and see us. If you have any property to trade let us hear from you.

F. P. Richburg Land & Rental Agency

Phone 11 Pecos, Texas

1 Ton of Beef Value \$400 Profit \$3.00 or 1 1/4%
1 Ton of Coal Value \$700 Profit \$25 or 3 1/2%

Why Compare Beef and Coal Profits?

Swift & Company has frequently stated that its profit on beef averages only one-fourth of a cent a pound, and hence has practically no effect on the price.

Comparison has been made by the Federal Trade Commission of this profit with the profit on coal, and it has pointed out that anthracite coal operators are content with a profit of 25 cents a ton, whereas the beef profit of one-fourth of a cent a pound means a profit of \$5.00 a ton.

The comparison does not point out that anthracite coal at the seaboard is worth at wholesale about \$7.00 a ton, whereas a ton of beef of fair quality is worth about \$400.00 wholesale.

To carry the comparison further, the 25 cent profit on coal is 3 1/2 per cent of the \$7.00 value.

The \$5.00 profit on beef is only 1 1/4 per cent of the \$400.00 value.

The profit has little effect on price in either case, but has less effect on the price of beef than on the price of coal.

Coal may be stored in the open air indefinitely; beef must be kept in expensive coolers because it is highly perishable and must be refrigerated.

Coal is handled by the carload or ton; beef is delivered to retailers by the pound or hundred weight.

Methods of handling are vastly different. Coal is handled in open cars; beef must be shipped in refrigerator cars at an even temperature.

Fairness to the public, fairness to Swift & Company, fairness to the packing industry, demands that these indisputable facts be considered. It is impossible to disprove Swift & Company's statement, that its profits on beef are so small as to have practically no effect on price.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.



It meets the FINAL TEST



THE final test is the tone test—the test of direct comparison with the singer's actual voice. Only one phonograph has ever met this test and that is

The NEW EDISON

"The Phonograph with a Soul"

Upwards of 1500 Edison tone tests have been conducted. More than 30 stars of Grand Opera and Concert have sung in direct comparison with their own RE-CREATIONS and challenged the audience to detect a shade of difference. Of the more than 2,000,000 people who have attended these tests not one could tell artist from instrument; not one could say when it was the singer he heard and when The New Edison.

Why has no other manufacturer ever held tone tests? Why has no other instrument been subjected to the final test? Visit our store, keeping in mind the familiar talking machine "tone," and your ears will tell you the reason

Brady-Camp Jewelry Co
Pecos, Texas Dealers



HEAR THIS CALL from OUR HOME TOWN BOYS OVER THERE

LETTERS from our boys in the trenches and from the women in canteen and other war work, all bring to us the same message—SEND US NEWS FROM HOME.

World news is all right, but OUR BOYS want NEWS OF THIS TOWN. They want the home newspaper. Publishers are prevented from sending their papers free to anyone, even boys in the service. Consequently a national movement has been started by Col. William Boyce Thompson of New York, who is acting as President of the Home Paper Service of America to give the boys what they are calling for. Every community is joining the movement. Let us see that our boys are not forgotten.

Send to the publisher of this newspaper whatever amount of money you can—5 cents or \$50.00. We will publish a list each week of those contributing, and the amounts contributed.

Every cent received will be used to send this paper to our boys at the front. If at the end of the war, there is any surplus, it will be turned over to the local Red Cross Committee.

There is no profit in this to the publisher—even in normal times, subscriptions are not sold at a profit. With war prices prevailing, and the high rate of postage on papers sent to France, our cost will scarcely be covered by our full subscription price.

Remember that over in France, some brave soldier or sailor from this town—perhaps even some splendid woman working within sound of the guns—is depending on you to "KEEP THE NEWS ROLLED."

"Over There"

THINKS TIME IS RIPE TO PUSH RED BLUFF PROJECT

It will be remembered that just previous to the declaration of war by the United States, things were shaping favorably for the construction of a dam at the Red Bluff site. The project had the support of all our representatives in Washington and prospects looked bright until the clouds of war darkened the horizon and the country's resources were all turned aside and employed in the prosecution of the war. Now that the mists have cleared and in the east the light of a glorious Peace is now visible the project should once more be brought before the people and their cooperation solicited for the ultimate completion of the wonderful work. At least this is the opinion of M. E. Hobart of Urbana, Illinois, who has been a long-time subscriber to The Enterprise, and who has interests in Reeves County. His letter to The Enterprise is as follows:

"As one interested in the future of the great Pecos Valley country, I am writing to urge the necessity of immediate action.

"About a year ago there was a special effort to get action from the National Congress in reference to the Red Bluff Reservoir. I understand that there was favorable action by the sub-committee, but the prosecution of the war was the big thing then and it got no further.

"But now things are different; the war is about over and the question of caring for our returned soldier boys is a very real and large one. I have just read that splendid article by John R. McMahon in the November 9th issue of the Country Gentleman: 'A Million Farms for Soldiers.' It strikes me right now is the time when every man in all the various Pecos River irrigation projects in Texas should get busy and all pull together for the construction of such a dam as will take care of all the storm waters that come down the Pecos River. That would solve the water question for all that great rich district.

"Now is the logical time to act—to get busy and get an appropriation for such construction. Let everybody boost, and boost continuously, and all together, and Congress will grant our request. But we must continue to pound until action is secured.

"Yours truly,
"M. E. HOBART,
"A Booster from Illinois."
—Pay the President—

W.S.S. PLEDGES NOW DUE PAY UP AND SEND BILL UP



—Pay the President—

CALOMEL DYNAMITES A SLUGGISH LIVER

Crashes Into Sour Bile, Making You Sick and You Lose A Day's Work Calomel Salivates! It's mercury. Calomel acts like dynamite on a sluggish liver. When calomel comes into contact with sour bile it crashes into it, causing cramping and nausea.

If you feel bilious, headachy, constipated and all knocked out, just go to your druggist and get a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone, which is a harmless vegetable substitute for calomel. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't start your liver and straighten you up better and quicker than nasty calomel and without making you sick, you just go back and get your money.

If you take calomel today you'll be sick and nauseated tomorrow; besides it may salivate you, while if you take Dodson's Liver Tone you will wake up feeling great, full of ambition and ready for work or play. It's harmless, pleasant and safe to give to the children; they like it.

Advertisement
—Pay the President—

USING A BROOM TO SWEEP BACK THE OCEAN

The Carlsbad Current of last week evidently had a considerable grouch from some cause or other. Maybe an epidemic had something to do with it. However, that is neither here nor there—this is no time or place for knockers of any description, and Pecos people have buried all the knocking tools they ever possessed. Considering the unprecedented drought and the effect of the war upon our country, which has hit nearly every town in the country alike, Pecos and her people are happy, contented and "getting by." It is not uncommon to hear a traveling man say: "Pecos is in better condition than any other town in West Texas!" Yes, Pecos has had the flu—had it where it hurt—but evidently has not had it nearly so bad as our sister city to the North, and probably due to the fact that every precaution was taken to stay its spread. The person who would take no precaution whatever to keep from taking the flu is either an ordinary fool or an idiot, when the disease takes such a hold as the Current's statistics give. Since, as is noted in one of the following paragraphs, "that no one would want to go uptown in Pecos," what's the use in kicking. Don't get it into your head that Pecos is jealous of Carlsbad—not in the least. Pecos could afford to give Carlsbad all the trade between the two towns and then not be hurt, and it's a cinch Carlsbad has had nothing in recent years that Pecos people could not get at home, except booze,—and now Carlsbad should be as dry as Pecos.

Here are three paragraphs taken from last week's Current. If the Current speaks the sentiments of its people they are evidently sore at Pecos because she continues to forge to the front, or else the editor had a sort of grouch. The paragraphs alluded to follow:

Its said that some "well dressed business men" from Carlsbad were not allowed to go up town in Pecos some days ago on account of their proximity to the flu. Remembering the age-old rivalry between the two burghs, one might say in a spirit of levity that no one from Carlsbad would want to go uptown in Pecos, but even at that these men were not allowed to do so. People in that city wear masks on their faces, and they had a shotgun guard at the bridge between Pecos and Barstow, and no one from Ward county could go across to Reeves.

A railroad conductor, in speaking of the work of the Pecos medical vigilantes, said, "They're the worse scared in this town than any on the whole T. & P. They won't let people from other towns come in at all." However, a man from Carlsbad did walk uptown unsuspectingly and found all the restaurants shut up, and "half the town down" as one merchant said. It appears that the Pecos vigilance committee wasn't able to do what the government couldn't do when it tried to keep the flu out of its cantonments.

The influenza situation as reported today by County Health Officer L. H. Pate, has been about the same for the past ten days. There has been 2,576 cases in Eddy county, 231 cases of pneumonia and about 98 deaths—28 of which were white and 70 Mexicans.

—Pay the President—

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW

Prepared for The Enterprise by the St. Louis Union Bank, St. Louis, Mo.

Despite the government's low marine insurance rate and the loss suffered through submarine raids off the American coast, less than two-thirds of the premiums paid to the marine section of the War Risk Insurance Bureau have gone to pay losses.

This was shown this week by a report that between September 2, 1914 when the bureau was organized, and October 15, 1918, \$1,846,497,000 insurance was written on ships and their cargoes, mainly those passing through the war zone, involving premium payments on 24,990 policies of \$45,825,000, and that losses were \$29,775,000.

Profit to the Government was \$16,050,000. All but \$305,442,000 of the insurance has been written since the United States entered the war.

Insurance policies aggregating \$187,398,000 have been written by the bureau on lives of merchant seamen since July, 1917. Premium payments amounted to \$783,000, losses \$281,000 and profit to the government \$502,000.

The cost of administering the ma-

Made in Germany Toys Not Wanted

DUTCH SHIP LADEN WITH TOYS NOW IN NEW YORK HARBOR —GOODS MAY BE REFUSED BY ALL PURCHASERS

A storm of scorn and indignation strong enough to remind many editors of our long-past Boston Tea Party, has been aroused by that Dutch ship which landed a cargo of German toys in New York. Toys "Made in Germany" for American children—"Such a delicate idea!" cries the New York Globe. Among the toys properly to be found among the cargo suggests the New York Herald would be one "designed to educate as well as please, called Little Bertha, consisting of a cannon together with wooden figures of hospital nurses, hostages and babies to serve as targets. Several children may play at this game, each shooting in turn and scoring one for hitting a hostage, two for a nurse and one for an infant. A great deal of fun is provided by a toy chopper with a real blade which lops off the hands of wax figures resembling Belgian children." A writer in the New York Times recalls the Lusitania and the Zeppelin raids over London with the toll of child victims, and the Norfolk Virginian-Pilot passionately declares that:

"To imagine the Hun in the role of maker of playthings which delight the hearts of children is as incongruous as it would be to think of a rattlesnake spitting attar of roses from its fangs."

Several authorities suspect, in the appearance of this cargo "under a gracious guaranty of its safety by the German Government," a German "test case" to sound American feeling about merchandise bearing the "Made in Germany" stamp. The 4000 cases of toys, valued at \$250,000 were purchased and paid for by seven American wholesale dealers, most of them with "old world names" as one commentator points out, in 1914, and the shipment has been held in Rotterdam ever since, pending the consent of the United States Department for their importation, and the guaranty of the German Government that the Dutch ship bringing them would not be torpedoed. If it was in the German reckoning to release this cargo as the opening wedge of an "economic invasion," not only have they failed utterly of their purpose, as the Baltimore Sun points out, but their attempt has furnished another spectacle of Teutonic brutality and stupidity in dealing with other nations. "The news demonstrates the fact," says the Hartford Courant, "that the mental processes of the Teutons are wholly beyond the comparison of other people. They may be surprised at the military successes of the Allies, but a greater surprise is coming to them when once more they attempt to resume trade relations with the world."

One of the consignees of the cargo promptly refused to accept delivery. "Long ago," announced the head of this firm, we eliminated these goods from our catalog, charged them off our books, accepted our loss, and forgot all about them. We feel that American children should have toys made in America, and we are therefore willing to accept any loss which may be occasioned by the refusal of this shipment."

Says the Manufacturers' Record, of Baltimore: "It is none too soon to begin the campaign against the importation of German-made goods. Imagine a moment, an American mother giving to her baby toys made by Germany while she thinks of the tens of thousands of babies murdered by Germany in the war. Every toy made in Germany and every other piece of goods of every kind will for generations bear a bloody stain that all the waters of all the oceans can never wash out."

The Hardware Age, of New York, says, editorially:

"America has fed starving Belgium. We fed and clothed and cared for her suffering people long before we became her proud pro-ally on the battle-fields. Thousands of orphaned Belgian and French children have been adopted into American homes. In the days to come are we going to force these children to play with German-made toys? God forbid! American toy manufacturers have stripped us of the last vestige of an excuse to purchase toys from the Huns. Our factories are making more toys than we can use."

STOCK AND HAY SHIPMENTS FOR THE WEEK

Saturday Collier & Love shipped two cars of stock cattle from Pecos to Hoban.

Popham & Bolton shipped three cars of cattle from Saragosa Saturday, consigned to the Cassidy-Southwestern Commission Co., Ft. Worth.

Sunday a train load of fifteen cars of sheep were received by the Texas & Pacific from the Santa Fe. The sheep belonged to C. W. Herrill and were shipped to Pyote from Carlsbad.

Saturday J. M. Cooksey shipped 4 cars of cattle from Odessa to Angeles.

Tuesday the following shipments from the Toyah Valley were brought in by the P. V. S., and transferred to the Texas & Pacific:

G. W. Chandler, Jr., three cars of cattle, consigned to the Clay Robinson Commission Co., at Fort Worth, from Saragosa.

C. G. Wright of Saragosa, two cars of cattle to the Cassidy Southwestern Commission Co., Ft. Worth.

B. B. McCutcheon & Bros. from Toyahvale, to the Cassidy Southwestern Commission, Co., four cars of cattle.

J. W. McCutcheon & Bros., from Toyahvale, to the Rhome Farmers' Commission Co., at Fort Worth, 4 cars of cattle.

Tuesday Seth Lewis shipped seven cars of cattle to E. M. Ross at Odessa.

During the past week two cars of hay were shipped out from Balmorhea, one to Pecos and the other to Blankston, Texas.

—Pay the President—

Stop! Look! Loosen! You feel so blamed good over the advent of victorious peace that you should let a little of the exuberance ooze out of your pocketbook for the purchase of War Savings Stamps.

—Pay the President—

Even if peace does come, don't delude yourself with the idea that the pledges to invest in Government War Savings Stamps are "scraps of paper." They are binding obligations.

—Pay the President—

As long as you live, even if you outdistance Methuselah of old, you may never have another chance to buy a War Savings Stamp.

—Pay the President—

PAY THAT W.S.S. PLEDGE. PUT YOUR DOLLARS IN THOSE MONEY BAGS OF VICTORY. INVEST IN YOURSELF.

THE BEST PROOF

Pecos Citizens Cannot Doubt It. Doan's Kidney Pills were used—They brought benefit. Time has strengthened the evidence.

Has proven the result lasting. The testimony is from this locality. The proof convincing.

W. H. Moode, painter, 606 E. 4th St., Big Spring, Tex., says: "The kidney secretions passed too frequently and I had to get up six or seven times at night. I couldn't lift without my back giving out. Black specks appeared before my eyes and I was subject to fluttering of the heart. I got Doan's Kidney Pills at the Ward Drug Co. and they cured me."

In a later statement, Mr. Moode said: "The cure Doan's Kidney Pills gave me has been permanent."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Moode had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv't.

—Pay the President—

THE THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION OF THE NEW YORK WORLD IN 1918

The THRICE-A-WEEK WORLD'S regular subscription price is only \$1 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and The Enterprise together for one year for \$2.50.

Practically a daily at the price of a weekly. No other newspaper in the world gives so much at so low a price. The value and need of a newspaper in the household was never so great as at the present time. We have been forced to enter the great world war and a large army of ours is already in France. You will want to have all the news.

P. D. Q. Transfer Company
J. S. JOHNSON, Mgr.
 Local Agent for
PIERCE OIL CORPORATION
Quality Counts

WSS
YOU PLEDGED NOW PAY

Interesting Local Items

If you want it now, phone 84. Advertisement

T. A. Dockery of Midland, transacted business in Pecos yesterday.

P. V. Hollebeke of Orla, was a visitor with relatives in Pecos Sunday.

Clifton Carter was a business visitor in Pecos from Midland Tuesday.

Lige Davis and Jax M. Cowden were over from Midland yesterday.

Fresh pig's feet at Green's. 5 cents each. Advertisement

I. W. Ross of Fort Stockton, was in Pecos for a few hours last Saturday.

W. M. McGarry of Balmorhea, was transacting business in Pecos Monday.

R. E. Tucker of Loving, N. M., was a business visitor in Pecos Monday.

Miss Margaret Compton of Saragosa, visited with friends in Pecos Wednesday.

Mrs. A. J. Cooksey and daughter, Mrs. Frank Rarey, were in from the ranch Tuesday.

Mrs. Lou Duncan and children returned Wednesday from a two weeks visit at the ranch.

Nice fresh grapes at Green's—Phone 84. Advertisement

Mesdames J. L. and R. A. Moore were in Pecos Monday from their homes near Brogado.

Mrs. J. O. Toliver returned Wednesday from a visit of several weeks to relatives at Hamlin.

H. W. Hinkle left Monday on a business trip to Lubbock, expecting to be absent for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Brannon and children of Fort Stockton, visited in Pecos last Saturday and Sunday.

W. A. Priest was down from his ranch near Kermit in Winkler county, Wednesday, on a business trip.

Nice line of dried fruits at O. J. Green's Grocery.—Phone 84. Advertisement

Commissioner's Court was in regular session Monday and Tuesday, with all members of that court present.

County Commissioner and stockman Sid Kyle has been busy for a week or so rounding up and branding his calves.

Mr. and Mrs. Sid Kyle spent some time in Pecos the past week, having autoed in from their ranch in Loving county.

J. W. Goode returned to his farm at Balmorhea Monday morning after having visited over Sunday with his family in Pecos.

H. F. Anthony returned Sunday evening from a trip to his ranch over in Pecos county, and reported that everything over there was in fine shape.

Deputy Sheriff Frank Seay of Toyah, was a business visitor in Pecos the forepart of the week and left \$1.50 with The Enterprise for a year's subscription.

Ladies' Shoes, all kinds, dyed and shined "By George" at Stephen's Barber Shop. Advertisement 7-11

Theo Andrews of Toyah, roadmaster on this division of the Texas and Pacific, was in Pecos a short time Wednesday, looking after the interests of the company.

Dr. O. J. Bryan was called to Ft. Stockton the early part of the week to see Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Moore, both of whom are sick with the "flu" but getting along nicely.

Max Kyle returned to Bryan Sunday, where he will again enter school at the Allen Institute for boys, after having visited with home folk during the epidemic of influenza.

C. E. Buchholz, accompanied by Judge Ben Palmer, left Saturday morning for the mines of the former out from Van Horn. They will probably be gone for two weeks.

Jno. T. McElroy of Odessa, president of the First National Bank of Pecos, was here Wednesday and Thursday looking after matters of business and shaking hands with his friends.

We now have our own delivery and will make prompt delivery of all your orders.—Green's Grocery. Advertisement

B. A. Toliver is again confined to his bed with fever. After having been up for two or three days he exposed himself to the cold west wind while taking an auto trip, with the above result.

Jim Scanlan was down from his home in New Mexico the forepart of the week. He visited in Toyah for several days and spent a few hours in Pecos Tuesday. He reports his horses and cattle as in fine condition.

A nice line of fruits and vegetables at Green's all the time. Advertisement

Mrs. Kirksey of San Antonio, was here this week visiting her mother, Mrs. Julia Ward and brother, Steve Ward. She left on the afternoon train Wednesday for El Paso for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Jesse Harris.

Joe Goode, who is now in the Navy and stationed at Brooklyn, N. Y., and Wynne Goode, also in the Navy, stationed at San Diego, California, arrived last week for a visit of a week with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Goode.

Finley Holmes, the big merchant, and one of the most progressive citizens of Toyah, was over Monday transacting business. Uncle Joe Seay and several others whose names The Enterprise failed to get were over in the same car.

We deliver any amount and appreciate your trade.—Green's. Advertisement

County Commissioner A. W. Hosie was over from Toyah the forepart of the week and reports everything in his little city as about normal again. Hosie is one of the leading factors which keep Toyah on the map—for without him Toyah would practically be blown up.

W. H. Browning, Jr., cashier of the Pecos Valley State Bank, left on the early morning T. & P. train Wednesday for Dallas to attend a meeting of the directors of the Cattle Loan institution of that place, he being one of the directors. He will probably be away until Monday.

Try some of our nice Grape Fruit and Pulverized Sugar for breakfast. Simply fine.—Green's Grocery. Advertisement

S. K. Lewis left Tuesday for Midland and from there went on to Fort Worth with cattle which he will sell in the markets there. Mr. Lewis says the range is good in some portions of the country around Midland, and that unless more fall rains come in Reeves county to bring up weeds he will not bring his cattle back this year.

B. T. Biggs returned Tuesday from a business trip of six weeks looking after his business interests over the country. Mr. Biggs has farms and rental propositions in Oklahoma and South Texas and was looking after these. He evidently found everything very satisfactory as he looks as happy as is his usual way of doing—but this may have been partly on account of the cessation of the war.

We are handling **GOLDEN GATE** Brand Coffee, Teas, Spices, Extracts and Cake Coloring.—B. G. SMITH of Advertisement

The families of Will and Sid Cowan are again in town after a month at their ranches.

Letha and Josie Prewit who have been visiting relatives at the ranch during the epidemic, are back home again.

Mrs. W. P. Morris of Arlington, arrived yesterday morning to attend the funeral of Mrs. Hubert Buchanan whom she had partly reared. Mrs. Morris is a sister of Mrs. Bean. —Pay the President—

Ladies' Shoes, all kinds, dyed and shined "By George" at Stephen's Barber Shop. Advertisement 7-11

W. M. Hopper of Toyah, was again called to San Antonio last week on account of the serious illness of his son, Joe, who is in the training camp there. Joe is reported as improving.

A Seal Skin Scarf, half yard wide and two yards long, brown crepe de chine lining, was taken from the cloak-room of the Orient Hotel about the 1st of October. Its early return will be appreciated.

M. D. Smith returned from Rising Star this week, where he and his family have been visiting for a month. He is again filling his old position at the Pecos Mercantile Co. Mrs. Smith and daughter remained for a longer visit with her mother. —Pay the President—

MRS. HUBERT BUCHANAN A VICTIM OF PNEUMONIA

Pecos people were again made to realize that "in life we are in the midst of death," when it was announced yesterday that Mrs. Hubert Buchanan had passed away at about 4:25 a. m., following an attack of influenza-pneumonia. The death of Mrs. Buchanan was rendered more pathetic by the fact that on Monday of this week a baby boy was still-born.

Mrs. Buchanan had resided in Pecos for many years where she was held in the highest esteem by a large circle of friends. Left an orphan at an early age, she nevertheless possessed a sweet sunny disposition, tempered, no doubt, by the sorrows of early childhood, and this trait it was that endeared her to all who knew her.

She was a member of the Baptist church, and lived a consistent Christian life. The funeral services were conducted at the residence yesterday afternoon by Rev. W. A. Knight, her pastor, and interment was in Fairview cemetery beneath a mound of beautiful flowers, silent testimony of loving friends.

She is survived by the heart-broken husband and two beautiful, bright eyed daughters, and to these The Enterprise with the entire community extends deepest sympathy. —Pay the President—

CORRECTIONS

In last week's issue of The Enterprise was published a list of Liberty Loan subscribers which was sent to it for publication. A letter from W. W. Stewart this week calls attention to the fact that the list as published contained errors in amounts subscribed, and omissions of names of several subscribers. With the letter he sent the necessary corrections, etc., which The Enterprise is glad to reproduce.

The following are corrections:
 B. B. Fouch bought \$400 instead of \$100.
 S. H. Smith \$600, instead of \$500.
 Miss Clayton \$200 instead of \$100.
 P. A. Harbert \$100, instead of \$50.
 Matt Zemlyack \$100, instead of \$50.
 I. L. Barlow \$150, instead of \$100.

The following are names of subscribers whose names did not appear on list sent The Enterprise:
 Joe Kingston \$300
 W. W. Stewart 250
 M. E. Harbert 100
 Chas. Splittgarber 100
 Miss Carpenter 50
 E. B. Conger 50
 W. A. Kountz 50
 J. F. Leonard 50
 Miss Mott 50
 Miss Gladys Prewit 50
 R. M. Stevenson 50
 C. W. Tucker 50
 C. G. Wright 50

—Pay the President—

Be in position to back up that resolution for New Year, 1919, by having bought all of the War Savings Stamps you pledged in 1918. —Pay the President—

Furthermore, the best Christmas present you can give this year is a package of those little green War

Smart New Fall Boots FOR WOMEN

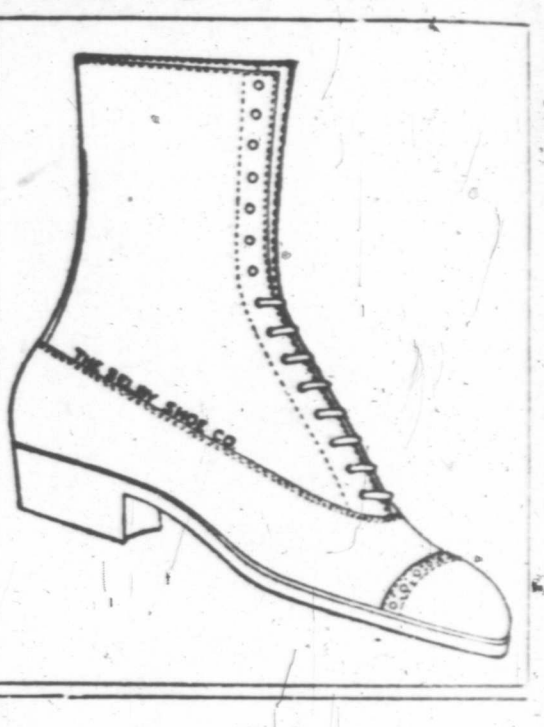
GREY . . . \$6.00 . . . BROWN
 TO
 BLACK . . . \$10.00 . . . CORDIVAN



These are Beautiful, Shoes that bid fair to be the Leading Styles for fall

Leather Louis and Military Heels

They have the Smart Low Heels and you can select from Dark Tan Calfskins, Havana Browns, Greys and Cordivans . . .



Pecos Mercantile Co.

A CHINESE VIEW OF THE SALVATION ARMY LASS

It was a Chinese artist, Paul Fung, of the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, who met the tastes of the Salvation Army in the matter of posters, and his "Sweetheart of the Allies," appearing in the Seattle paper on September 9, is pronounced by authorities as "the cleverest and at the same time the most sympathetic cartoon published in the United States during the fund campaign." The cartoonist depicts the Salvation lassie at the battle front, helmeted and officially garbed, with her plate of doughnuts and steaming jug of coffee, surrounded by shadowy shapes of the boys in the trenches. The Salvation Army, as one of the seven organizations which will participate in the united drive which began November 11, has as its particular poster "Oh Boy." The army authorities, however, have sent to the Seattle headquarters for a large number of reproductions of the Fung pictures to be used during the drive. It is said no drawing yet submitted has approached this one depicting the spirit of the work the Salvation Army is doing in the trenches. —Pay the President—

COMMISSIONERS IN REGULAR MONTHLY SESSION

The Commissioners' Court of the county met Monday in their regular monthly session with every member of that body present as follows:
 Jas. F. Ross, county judge; J. E. Eisenwine, commissioner Precinct No. 1; A. W. Hosie of No. 2, C. C. Kountz of No. 3, and Sid Kyle of No. 4; S. C. Vaughan, county clerk; J. A. Drane, county attorney; Tom Harrison, sheriff.

The returns of the general election were canvassed by the court and proper entries thereof made, and Monday, December 2nd, was the day set for the newly elected county officials to qualify for the respective offices. No election was held at Porterville on account of the influenza.

The jury of view on Highway No. 17 presented its report at this session and the same was examined and accepted. This road runs from Pe-

for this election will be set at a future date. This is in Road District No. 3.

Reports from the following were presented, examined and ordered filed: LeGrand Merriman, county treasurer; S. C. Vaughan county clerk; F. P. Rehburg, justice of the peace, Precinct No. 1.

After examining and allowing current expenses the court adjourned until December 2nd. —Pay the President—

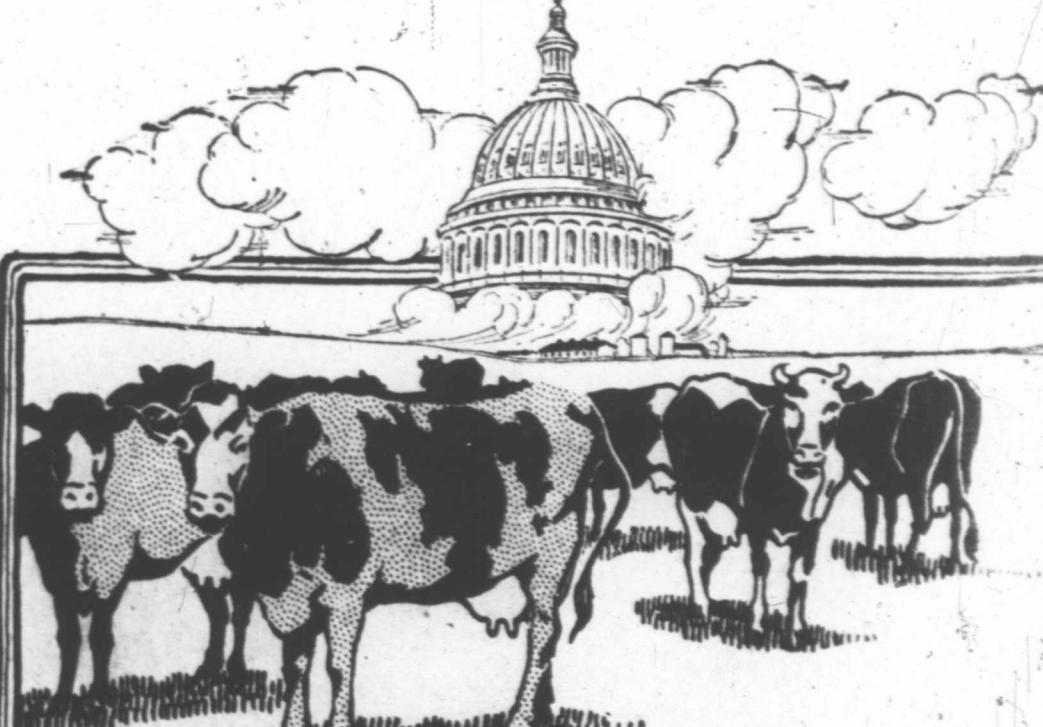
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Patronize the Sanitary Barber Shop AND Bath Rooms

MAX RITZ, Proprietor
 Opposite Postoffice



Helping You With Your Live Stock

The Federal Reserve Banking System, established by the government, stands back of the stock raiser. Through our membership in it we can help our patrons carry live stock which they are raising or fattening for future sales.

Farmers' notes, with not over six months to run, given for raising or carrying live stock can be rediscounted by us with our Federal Reserve Bank, thereby increasing our ability to extend to our patrons such help as they may need.

If you contemplate raising or fattening live stock for market come in and talk with us. We can help you!

MEMBER SYSTEM

Enterprise & Pecos

The Shakes That Does Not Affect the Head... of the tonic and laxative effect. LAXATIVE... better than ordinary... of these... from the... and... from the... and... from the... and...

P. D. Q. Transfer Company
 J. S. JOHNSON, Mgr.
 Local Agent for
PIERCE OIL CORPORATION
 Quality Counts

WSS
YOU PLEDGED NOW PAY

Interesting Local Items

If you want it now, phone 84. Advertisement

T. A. Dockery of Midland, transacted business in Pecos yesterday.

P. V. Hollebeke of Orla, was a visitor with relatives in Pecos Sunday.

Clifton Carter was a business visitor in Pecos from Midland Tuesday.

Lige Davis and Jax M. Cowden were over from Midland yesterday.

Fresh pig's feet at Green's. 5 cents each. Advertisement

I. W. Ross of Fort Stockton, was in Pecos for a few hours last Saturday.

W. M. McGarry of Balmorhea, was transacting business in Pecos Monday.

R. E. Tucker of Loving, N. M., was a business visitor in Pecos Monday.

Miss Margaret Compton of Saragosa, visited with friends in Pecos Wednesday.

Mrs. A. J. Cooksey and daughter, Mrs. Frank Rarey, were in from the ranch Tuesday.

Mrs. Lou Duncan and children returned Wednesday from a two weeks visit at the ranch.

Nice fresh grapes at Green's—Phone 84. Advertisement

Mesdames J. L. and R. A. Moore were in Pecos Monday from their homes near Brogado.

Mrs. J. O. Toliver returned Wednesday from a visit of several weeks to relatives at Hamlin.

H. W. Hinkle left Monday on a business trip to Lubbock, expecting to be absent for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Brannon and children of Fort Stockton, visited in Pecos last Saturday and Sunday.

W. A. Priest was down from his ranch near Kermit in Winkler county, Wednesday, on a business trip.

Nice line of dried fruits at O. J. Green's Grocery.—Phone 84. Advertisement

Commissioner's Court was in regular session Monday and Tuesday, with all members of that court present.

County Commissioner and stockman Sid Kyle has been busy for a week or so rounding up and branding his calves.

Mr. and Mrs. Sid Kyle spent some time in Pecos the past week, having autoed in from their ranch in Loving county.

J. W. Goode returned to his farm at Balmorhea Monday morning after having visited over Sunday with his family in Pecos.

H. F. Anthony returned Sunday evening from a trip to his ranch over in Pecos county, and reported that everything over there was in fine shape.

Deputy Sheriff Frank Seay of Toyah, was a business visitor in Pecos the forepart of the week and left \$1.50 with The Enterprise for a year's subscription.

Ladies' Shoes, all kinds, dyed and shined "By George" at Stephen's Barber Shop. Advertisement 7-1f

Theo Andrews of Toyah, roadmaster on this division of the Texas and Pacific, was in Pecos a short time Wednesday, looking after the interests of the company.

Dr. O. J. Bryan was called to Ft. Stockton the early part of the week to see Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Moore, both of whom are sick with the "flu" but getting along nicely.

Max Kyle returned to Bryan Sunday, where he will again enter school at the Allen Institute for boys, after having visited with home folk during the epidemic of influenza.

C. E. Buchholz, accompanied by Judge Ben Palmer, left Saturday morning for the mines of the former out from Van Horn. They will probably be gone for two weeks.

Jno. T. McElroy of Odessa, president of the First National Bank of Pecos, was here Wednesday and Thursday looking after matters of business and shaking hands with his friends.

We now have our own delivery and will make prompt delivery of all your orders.—Green's Grocery. Advertisement

B. A. Toliver is again confined to his bed with fever. After having been up for two or three days he exposed himself to the cold west wind while taking an auto trip, with the above result.

Jim Scanlan was down from his home in New Mexico the forepart of the week. He visited in Toyah for several days and spent a few hours in Pecos Tuesday. He reports his horses and cattle as in fine condition.

A nice line of fruits and vegetables at Green's all the time. Advertisement

Mrs. Kirksey of San Antonio, was here this week visiting her mother, Mrs. Julia Ward and brother, Steve Ward. She left on the afternoon train Wednesday for El Paso for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Jesse Harris.

Joe Goode, who is now in the Navy and stationed at Brooklyn, N. Y., and Wynne Goode, also in the Navy, stationed at San Diego, California, arrived last week for a visit of a week with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Goode.

Finley Holmes, the big merchant, and one of the most progressive citizens of Toyah, was over Monday transacting business. Uncle Joe Seay and several others whose names The Enterprise failed to get were over in the same car.

We deliver any amount and appreciate your trade.—Green's. Advertisement

County Commissioner A. W. Hosie was over from Toyah the forepart of the week and reports everything in his little city as about normal again. Hosie is one of the leading factors which keep Toyah on the map—for without him Toyah would practically be blown up.

W. H. Browning, Jr., cashier of the Pecos Valley State Bank, left on the early morning T. & P. train Wednesday for Dallas to attend a meeting of the directors of the Cattle Loan institution of that place, he being one of the directors. He will probably be away until Monday.

Try some of our nice Grape Fruit and Pulverized Sugar for breakfast. Simply fine.—Green's Grocery. Advertisement

S. K. Lewis left Tuesday for Midland and from there went on to Fort Worth with cattle which he will sell in the markets there. Mr. Lewis says the range is good in some portions of the country around Midland, and that unless more fall rains come in Reeves county to bring up weeds he will not bring his cattle back this year.

B. T. Biggs returned Tuesday from a business trip of six weeks looking after his business interests over the country. Mr. Biggs has farms and rental propositions in Oklahoma and South Texas and was looking after these. He evidently found everything very satisfactory as he looks as happy as his usual way of doing—but this may have been partly on account of the cessation of the war.

We are handling GOLDEN GATE Brand Coffees, Teas, Spices, Extracts and Cake Coloring.—B. G. SMITH 7-1f Advertisement

The families of Will and Sid Cowan are again in town after a month at their ranches.

Letha and Josie Prewit who have been visiting relatives at the ranch during the epidemic, are back home again.

Mrs. W. P. Morris of Arlington, arrived yesterday morning to attend the funeral of Mrs. Hubert Buchanan whom she had partly reared. Mrs. Morris is a sister of Mrs. Bean. —Pay the President—

Ladies' Shoes, all kinds, dyed and shined "By George" at Stephen's Barber Shop. Advertisement 7-1f

W. M. Hopper of Toyah, was again called to San Antonio last week on account of the serious illness of his son, Joe, who is in the training camp there. Joe is reported as improving.

A Seal Skin Scarf, half yard wide and two yards long, brown crepe de chine lining, was taken from the cloak-room of the Orient Hotel about the 1st of October. Its early return will be appreciated.

M. D. Smith returned from Rising Star this week, where he and his family have been visiting for a month. He is again filling his old position at the Pecos Mercantile Co. Mrs. Smith and daughter remained for a longer visit with her mother. —Pay the President—

MRS. HUBERT BUCHANAN A VICTIM OF PNEUMONIA

Pecos people were again made to realize that "in life we are in the midst of death," when it was announced yesterday that Mrs. Hubert Buchanan had passed away at about 4:25 a. m., following an attack of influenza-pneumonia. The death of Mrs. Buchanan was rendered more pathetic by the fact that on Monday of this week a baby boy was still-born.

Mrs. Buchanan had resided in Pecos for many years where she was held in the highest esteem by a large circle of friends. Left an orphan at an early age, she nevertheless possessed a sweet sunny disposition, tempered, no doubt, by the sorrows of early childhood, and this trait it was that endeared her to all who knew her.

She was a member of the Baptist church, and lived a consistent christian life. The funeral services were conducted at the residence yesterday afternoon by Rev. W. A. Knight, her pastor, and interment was in Fairview cemetery beneath a mound of beautiful flowers, silent testimony of loving friends.

She is survived by the heart-broken husband and two beautiful, bright eyed daughters, and to these The Enterprise with the entire community extends deepest sympathy. —Pay the President—

CORRECTIONS

In last week's issue of The Enterprise was published a list of Liberty Loan subscribers which was sent to it for publication. A letter from W. W. Stewart this week calls attention to the fact that the list as published contained errors in amounts subscribed, and omissions of names of several subscribers. With the letter he sent the necessary corrections, etc., which The Enterprise is glad to reproduce.

The following are corrections:
 B. B. Fouch bought \$400 instead of \$100.
 S. H. Smith \$600, instead of \$500.
 Miss Clayton \$200 instead of \$100.
 P. A. Harbert \$100, instead of \$50.
 Matt Zemlyack \$100, instead of \$50.
 I. L. Barlow \$150, instead of \$100.

The following are names of subscribers whose names did not appear on list sent The Enterprise:
 Joe Kingston \$300
 W. W. Stewart 250
 M. E. Harbert 100
 Chas. Splittgarber 100
 Miss Carpenter 50
 E. B. Conger 50
 W. A. Kountz 50
 J. F. Leonard 50
 Miss Mott 50
 Miss Gladys Prewit 50
 R. M. Stevenson 50
 G. W. Tucker 50
 C. G. Wright 50

—Pay the President—

Be in position to back up that resolution for New Year, 1919, by having bought all of the War Savings Stamps you pledged in 1918. —Pay the President—

Smart New Fall Boots

FOR WOMEN

GREY . . . \$6.00 . . . BROWN
 TO
 BLACK . . . \$10.00 CORDIVAN



These are Beautiful Shoes that bid fair to be the Leading Styles for fall . . .

Leather Louis and Military Heels

They have the Smart Low Heels and you can select from Dark Tan Calfskins, Havana Browns, Greys and Cordivans . . .



Pecos Mercantile Co.

A CHINESE VIEW OF THE SALVATION ARMY LASS

It was a Chinese artist, Paul Fung, of the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, who met the tastes of the Salvation Army in the matter of posters, and his "Sweetheart of the Allies," appearing in the Seattle paper on September 9, is pronounced by authorities as "the cleverest and at the same time the most sympathetic cartoon published in the United States during the fund campaign." The cartoonist depicts the Salvation lassie at the battle front, helmeted and officially garbed, with her plate of doughnuts and steaming jug of coffee, surrounded by shadowy shapes of the boys in the trenches. The Salvation Army, as one of the seven organizations which will participate in the united drive which began November 11, has as its particular poster "Oh Boy." The army authorities, however, have sent to the Seattle headquarters for a large number of reproductions of the Fung pictures to be used during the drive. It is said no drawing yet submitted has approached this one depicting the spirit of the work the Salvation Army is doing in the trenches. —Pay the President—

COMMISSIONERS IN REGULAR MONTHLY SESSION

The Commissioners' Court of the county met Monday in their regular monthly session with every member of that body present as follows:
 Jas. F. Ross, county judge; J. E. Eisenwine, commissioner Precinct No. 1; A. W. Hosie of No. 2, C. C. Kountz of No. 3, and Sid Kyle of No. 4; S. C. Vaughan, county clerk; J. A. Drane, county attorney; Tom Harrison, sheriff.

The returns of the general election were canvassed by the court and proper entries thereof made, and Monday, December 2nd, was the day set for the newly elected county officials to qualify for the respective offices. No election was held at Porterville on account of the influenza.

The jury of view on Highway No. 17 presented its report at this session and the same was examined and accepted. This road runs from Pecos to the State Line.

A petition for a bond election for \$10,000 for roads at Balmorhea and Saragosa was presented and allowed.

for this election will be set at a future date. This is in Road District No. 3.

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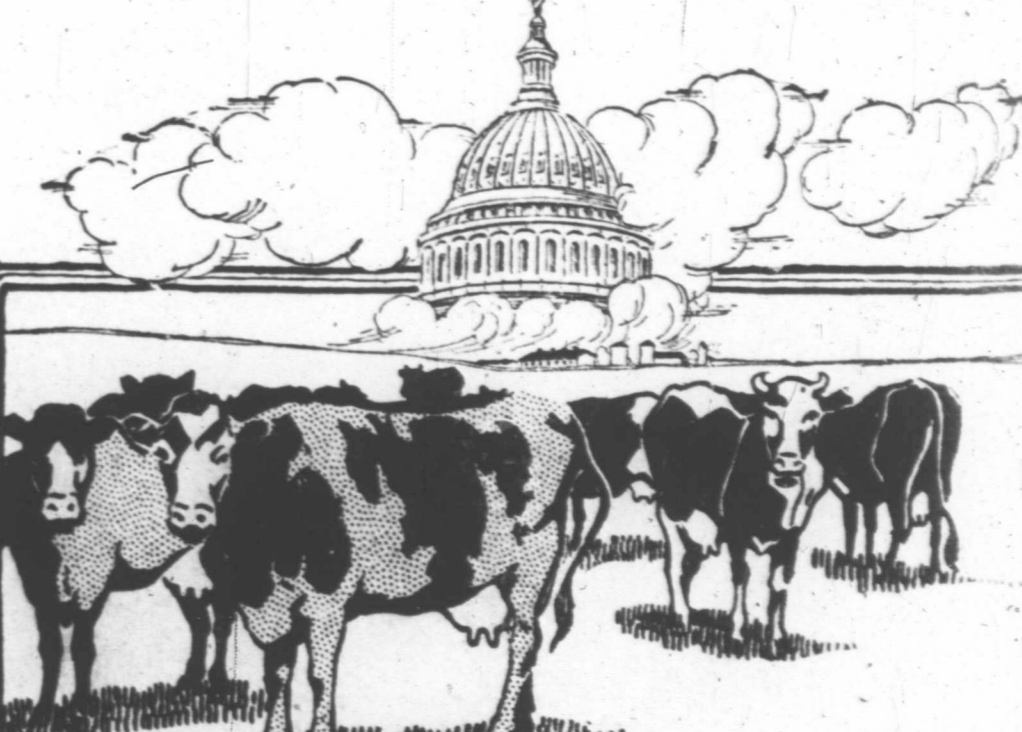
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