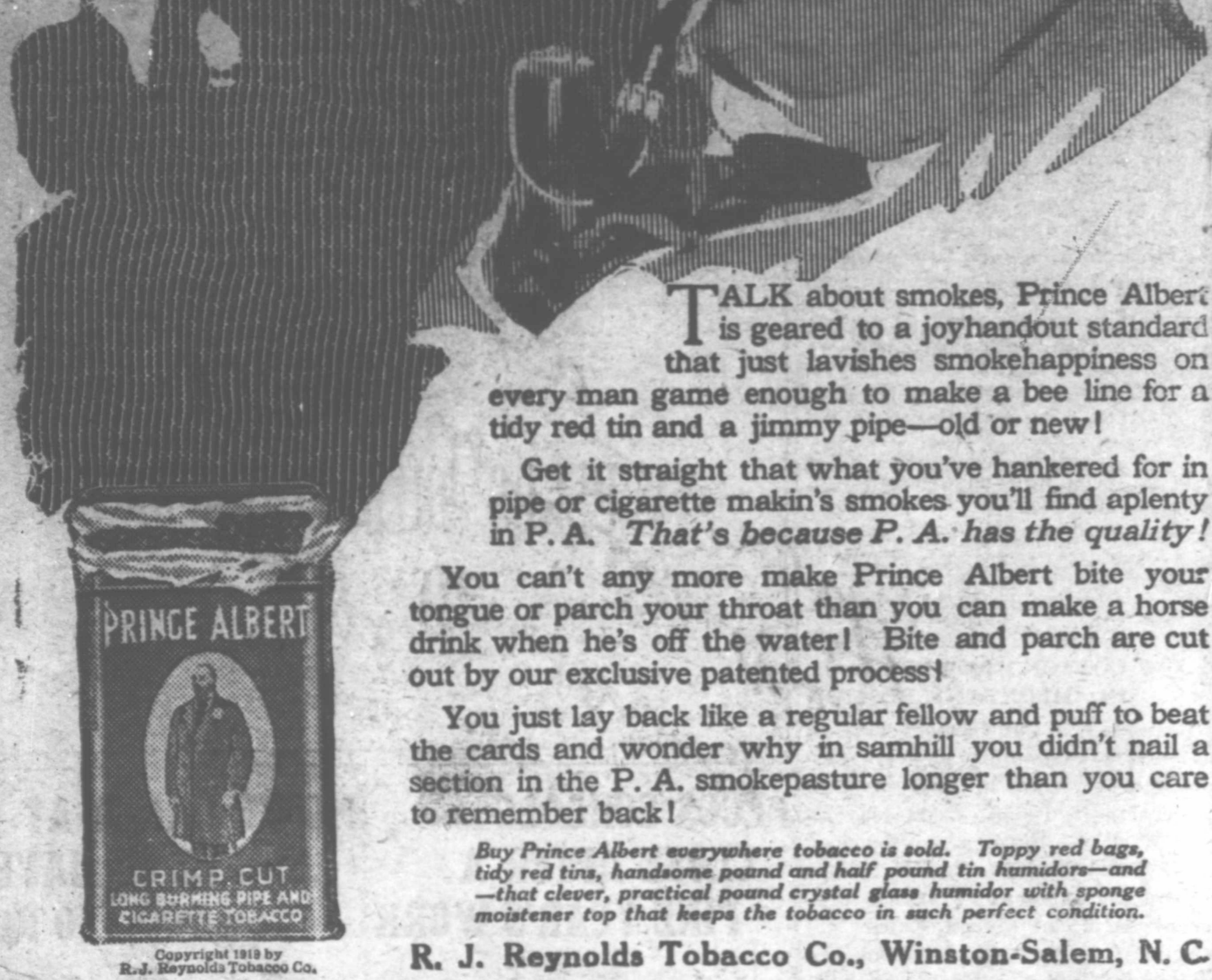


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BRIEF REVIEW OF THE SPLENDID RECORD OF THE NINETIETH DIVISION

Below is given in brief the record of the Ninetieth Division, a record which has been equaled by few divisions. The organization was in action seventy-five days without relief. In it were several men from Reeves county, and the following article, which was issued from headquarters in Prussia, will be of interest to many here:

Organization.

The 90th division was organized at Camp Travis, Texas, under the command of Major General Henry T. Allen. All of the first men in the division were from Texas and Oklahoma, those from Oklahoma being in the 179th brigade and those from Texas in the 180th brigade. From that time these brigades have been known as the Oklahoma and Texas brigades. The division insignia, adopted in France, symbolizes the native states of the first members of the division.

Like all other national army divisions in the States, the 90th sent away great numbers of men to fill up regular and national guard divisions and to form special organizations of

army corps and S. O. S. troops. In the early spring of 1918 the division was filled up with men from other camps, a large number coming from Camp Dodge, Iowa.

Moved to France.

The division commenced leaving Camp Travis early in June for Camp Mills, near New York. By June 20 all units had sailed from Hoboken. A few organizations went direct to France, but the majority of the divisions landed in England. The 358th infantry paraded before the lord mayor of Liverpool on July 4, and was given a banquet by that city.

Immediately upon arrival in France the artillery brigade was sent to a training area near Bordeaux. The rest of the division was moved by train to the Aignay-le-Duc training area, northeast of Dijon. Headquarters of the division, 179th brigade and 357th infantry were at Aignay-le-Duc. Headquarters of the 180th brigade and the 259th infantry were at Recey-sur-Ource. The 358th infantry was at Minot, and the 360th infantry was at Rouvres. The division stayed six weeks in this area,

training eight hours a day for the time when it should take its place in line.

Relief of First Division.

In the middle of August the division was ordered to relieve the first division, which held the Saizerais sector along the Moselle river, near Toul. The division was moved by train on the 18th and 19th of August from its training area to towns in the vicinity of Toul. The relief of the first division commenced on the 19th of August and was completed on the 24th, General Allen taking command of the sector at 8 o'clock on the morning of the 24th of August.

The sector was about nine kilometers in width, from Remenaerville to the point about a kilometer west of the Moselle river. The sector had been the scene of heavy fighting in 1915 when the French, with very heavy losses, had attempted to take the Bois le Pretre, but since 1915 had been what is known as a quiet sector. The front line on the left ran across broken country, just behind Fey-en-Haye and on the right ran through the woods of the Bois le Pretre. No Man's Land was wide and full of old trenches, wire entanglements and obstacles of every sort.

The rear areas were heavily wooded and filled with all sorts of camps, dugouts, old gun emplacements and every kind of construction which had accumulated during three years of trench warfare. The regiments went into line in order from left to right—367th infantry (Col. Hartmann), 358th infantry (Col. Leary), 350th infantry (Col. Cavenaugh), 360th infantry (Col. Price). General O'Neil, commanding the 179th brigade, had his headquarters at Martincourt, and General Johnston, commanding the 180th brigade was at Griscourt. Division headquarters was established at Villers-en-Haye.

The 82nd division was on the right and the 89th division on the left.

On August 27, General Johnston became Major General and was given the 91st division. Brigadier General U. G. McAlexander, who had served with the 3rd division in the Marne, took command of the 180th brigade.

St. Mihiel Offensive.

When the division went into line, preparations had already begun for the St. Mihiel offensive. Artillery of all calibers was being moved into the sector every night and it was obvious to everyone that an operation of some sort was being planned. Early in September orders were received from the first army corps which outlined the operation and gave the 90th division its part in the attack. The first American army, which had just been organized under the personal command of General Pershing, was to cut off the St. Mihiel salient. The general plan was that the 5th corps would attack on the west base of the salient and drive east, and that the 1st and 4th on the east of the salient would attack north. When the 5th and 4th corps met, they would close the neck of the bottle, and the salient and the German troops left in it would be shut off. The advance of the 1st and 4th corps was to swing forward like a door, with the hinge of the door on the Moselle river. The divisions on the left of the advance would push forward the farthest, and by meeting the 5th corps, cut off the salient.

The 82nd division on the extreme right was not to advance at all and the 89th division on its left was given the mission of protecting the right flank of the advance and seeing that the hinge on which the whole attack pivoted was not broken off. This was an extremely important and delicate mission, as with the 82nd division standing fast, it was obvious that the 90th division, when it advanced, would leave its whole right flank open to the enemy.

The Attack Sept. 12-16.

The front of the division was narrowed for the attack by three kilometers which were taken over by the 5th division. On the three nights before the 12th patrols were busy all along the front clearing out the old trenches and cutting wire so that everything would be ready for the jump-off on the morning of the 12th. For the attack, the division was lined up same order that they held the sector. The infantry was supported by the 153rd artillery brigade (78th division). The plan for the first day was that the division, like the corps, would advance farthest on the left and pivot on the right.

A terrible artillery preparation opened at one o'clock on the morning of the 12th. At 5 o'clock the infantry went over the top under a rolling barrage and by 2 o'clock in the afternoon all objectives had been reached and the enemy completely disorganized, in spite of the immensely difficult country through which the advance had been made. The 357th infantry on the left had advanced a maximum distance of four kilometers through dense wood, wire and trench defenses of every description. All of the other regiments while their advance was not as deep as that of the 357th infantry, had accomplished their missions. During the night strong patrols were sent out all along the front to exploit the success of the day.

On the 13th the 180th brigade captured the Bois le Pretre with its maze of barbed wire entanglements and innumerable machine gun emplacements. The French are said to have had over 120,000 casualties in 1915 in attempting to take this piece of ground. On the same day the 179th brigade cleaned out the Vancheres woods and advanced their line to the vicinity of St. Marie farm. One of the battalions of the 357th infantry encountered two enemy regiments moving across our front to counter attack the 5th division and completely broke up their advance.

On the 14th the 179th brigade pushed forward on the left into the Bois de Rappes to the vicinity of La Souleuvre farm, while the 180th brigade captured Villers-sous-Preny and established a foothold on the heights beyond.

On the 15th the advance was continued. Vandiers taken, the Bois de Villeres and the Bois de Rappes cleaned up and the line established along the Huit Chemins ("White Chimney") road.

On the 16th the front line was pushed forward to the edge of the woods in front of Pranny where it remained until the division was relieved in October.

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Have just bought at a BIG reduction 25 pumps in original packages just like they left the factory.

They have never been used, but were left out in the weather for a while and were a little weatherbeaten.

We brought them in and have just gotten through re-painting and overhauling them and they are just as good as ever.

Originally cost a little over \$13.00 each at the factory, but we are offering them at \$9.00 each while they last.

Have handles and may be operated by hand or are arranged for windmill. Better come and get yours for they will not last but a few days at the price quoted above.

MILLER'S Second Hand Store

PECOS, TEXAS

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5 long-lasting bars in each package.

The biggest value in refreshment you can possibly buy.

A BENEFIT to teeth, breath, appetite and digestion.

The price is 5 cents.



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I am now in full control of The Pecos Hotel and invite my friends and the public to call and stop here and promise them the Very Best that the markets afford in the Eats Line

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Bevo is a part of the game -- it makes good sportsman and more enjoyable sport -- good fellowship, health and refreshment -- best to train on and gain on.



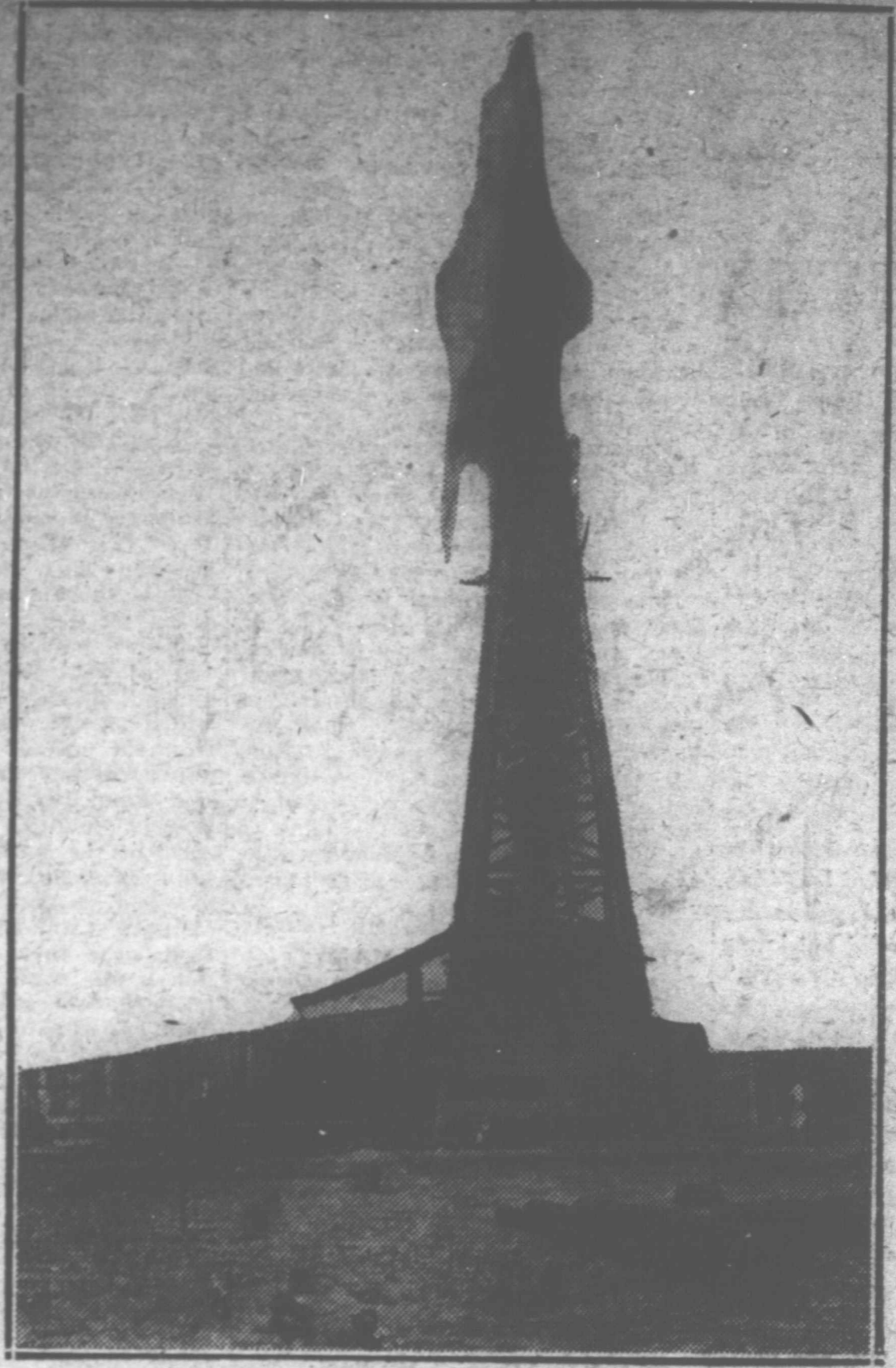
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DO you know that you have a good title? Many land owners think the title to their land is good, but you do not know unless you have it Abstracted down to date. The big oil boom is on in Reeves and Loving counties and you will be wise if you have your Abstract of Title ready for any emergency. Send us your order for Correct and prompt work.

Reeves County Abstract Co

PECOS, TEXAS

The 90th division was given the task of increasing the pressure on the enemy's retreat. The 90th Division played a great part in the first attack that was made on the entire front of the Army. The advance was rapid. Communication and supply became extremely difficult and the enemy, when his divisions became exhausted, threw in great numbers of reserve divisions, the advance slowed down and the first stage of the battle was concluded. During the second stage there was continued fighting along the line, but no concerted attack was launched by the entire army. The effort was rather on the part of individual divisions and corps to straighten out the line and reach a position from which a second great attack could be launched.

On the 4th and 5th of November the exploitation was continued and the hold on the river town strengthened. Halls, Wiseppe and Langville were occupied.

The divisions on the left of the 90th were meeting with equal success and were driving the enemy back to the Meuse River. With the breaking of the Freya Stellung by the 90th Division the vitally important railroad from Sedan to Montmedy was brought under our artillery fire and the enemy's hold on the river was broken. The 5th division on our right succeeded in crossing the Meuse at Dur sur Meuse and was forcing the enemy up the right bank of the river. It was evident that the enemy's retreat was becoming disorganized and if our pressure could be continued he would break.

On the 9th of November the 179th brigade crossed the Meuse at Sassey and by all night marching occupied Mouzay on the right bank of the river. The next day the 358th Infantry captured Blanc Fontaine and after desperate fighting secured a foothold in Stenay. At the same time the 357th Infantry on the right had advanced over rolling country, swept by machine gun and artillery fire and reached the heights overlooking Bazon and, later, occupied the town. On this day the enemy threw into the line against the 90th his last reserve division on the western front.

The 89th division on our left in the meantime forced a crossing of the river at Pouilly and was ordered to send troops to protect the left flank of the 90th division north of Stenay. When these troops were in position it was planned to pass the 180th brigade again through the lines of the 178th brigade to continue the attack in the direction of Montmedy.

Early on the morning of November 11, word was received that the greatest battle in which American troops had ever been engaged was ended by Germany's acceptance of the Allied terms and that hostilities would cease at 11 o'clock. Before that hour patrols from the 358th Infantry had forced their way into Stenay and completely occupied the town, the enemy having evacuated after the desperate fighting of the previous day.

From the armistice until the division started its march into Germany the only activity was patrolling along the old front line to collect returned prisoners of war and civilians, and to locate and guard abandoned and surrendered material of war.

Shortly after the conclusion of the armistice Major General Henry T. Allen left the division to take command of the 8th Corps. Command passed to Brigadier General J. P. O'Neil, who continued to command during the march into Germany and until December 30, when Major General C. H. Martin assumed command.

On the 23rd of November the 90th Division having been designated as one of the nine divisions of the Army of Occupation (of which only one other, the 89th, was a National Army division) moved forward toward Montmedy. The division marched from Stenay across Luxemburg to Rhenish Prussia, where as a part of the 7th Corps, it shortly before Christmas settled into winter quarters along the Moselle River in the vicinity of Berncastel, Germany, occupying the Kries of Daun, Wittlich and Berncastel. Here it was joined by the 165th field artiller brigade.

Summary

The average advance made by the division in the St. Mihiel operation was six kilometers, in the Meuse-Argonne, 22 kilometers. The division was under fire from August 20 to November 11, with the exception of 7 days occupied in changing sectors, seventy-five days without a relief. During this time it went over the top in two major offensives and seven minor operations and was still advancing when halted by the armistice.

The division captured 42 pieces of artillery, 36 trench mortars, 294 machine guns, 903 rifles, and immense quantities of ammunition and stores. It took as prisoners 32 officers and 1844 men. Casualties amounted to 37 officers and 1042 men killed; 62 officers and 1257 men severely wounded; 123 officers and 4671 men slightly wounded; 81 officers and 2094 men gassed. Of the gassed there were 17 deaths, and 1204 men were evacuated. Exact figures cannot be given on the missing for search is being made for all in this class and the number is decreasing daily.

The twenty-second division to reach France, it stands tenth in the amount of artillery captured, thirteenth in number of machine guns captured and fourteenth in both prisoners captured and total advance. The division received five official commendations for its individual work in the St. Mihiel and Meuse-Argonne operations. The 90th won its place in the Army of Occupation by never failing to accomplish a mission and by never giving up a foot of ground to the enemy.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, etc. F. J. CENESEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We are handling GOLDEN GATE Brand Coffees, Teas, Spices, Extracts and Cake Coloring.—B. G. SMITH of Advertisement

occupied the town of Toul, which was taken by the 90th division. The 90th division played a great part in the first attack that was made on the entire front of the Army. The advance was rapid. Communication and supply became extremely difficult and the enemy, when his divisions became exhausted, threw in great numbers of reserve divisions, the advance slowed down and the first stage of the battle was concluded. During the second stage there was continued fighting along the line, but no concerted attack was launched by the entire army. The effort was rather on the part of individual divisions and corps to straighten out the line and reach a position from which a second great attack could be launched.

Relief of 5th Division—Capture of Bantheville

The 90th Division went into line near the end of this second period. The 179th brigade relieved the 10th brigade of the 5th division on the night of 21-22 of October. The 180th brigade was held in division reserve. The 3rd division was on the right and the 89th division on the left. At this time the front line ran from just north of Romagne and Cunel around the northwestern edge of the Bois des Rappes. The 89th division had pushed forward and occupied the Bois de Bantheville on the left so that the line of the 90th division formed a pocket a little over two kilometers in depth in the front of the Corps. In this pocket were the villages of Bantheville and Bourrut. The first mission of the division was to straighten out the line. The 357th Infantry attacked at 3 o'clock on the afternoon of October 23, captured Bantheville and high ground north and northwest of that town and established a line from the northeast corner of the Bois des Rappes over the high ground north of Bourrut to the northeastern corner of the Bois de Bantheville, where the line joined with the 89th division. The 358th Infantry in the Bois des Rappes at the same time extended its left to connect with the 357th Infantry north of Bourrut and the same night two companies of the 358th Infantry crossed the Andon Brook and established a line from a point about 500 meters southwest of Anreville, along the Aincreville-Bantheville road to the line held by the 357th Infantry. This extremely successful operation upon which the division was highly complimented by the Army and Corps commanders, resulted in giving the division an excellent position from which it could jump off in case of a great attack. This advance position was held until November 1, despite many counter attacks and continuous intense shelling.

Attack on November 1

With the capture of Bantheville by the 179th brigade, everything was in readiness for the great attack by the First American Army and the French Armistice on its left, by which it was hoped to finally break the enemy's line of resistance and change his retreat into a rout. This attack was ordered for November 1. On the night of October 30, the 180th brigade relieved the 179th brigade which had suffered heavy casualties during the eight days in line and was withdrawn into division reserve. The 180th brigade went into line and attacked with the 360th Infantry on the right. The 345 Machine Gun Battalion and the 343rd Machine Gun Battalion were in position on the front line from which they could cover the advance with overhead fire. On the morning of the first these companies fired more than 1,800,000 rounds and contributed largely to the very great success of the attack.

The plan of the attack was that the 360th Infantry on the left, on a narrow front and assisted by a concentration of all available artillery, should drive forward through the Carre farm and the immensely strong wooded position on the left of the sector up to and beyond Andevanne. With his attack a success the 359th Infantry on the right would be able to advance across the open ground west of Aincreville without disastrous losses. An extremely heavy artillery preparation opened at 8:30 a. m. on the 1st of November and at 5:30 a. m. the infantry went over the top. From the outset the fighting was desperate. The best veteran troops available in the German army were thrown in to stop the advance of the division, machine gunners sticking to the guns until wiped out. The 360th and 359th Infantry, splendidly supported by the 155th Field Artillery Brigade (80th Division) advanced practically without halt. Grand Carre Farm was taken and mopped up. The woods to the north were cleaned out, Andevanne and Cote 243 captured, and the line pushed a kilometer beyond by the 360th. Chasseigne farm and St. Marguerite farm were captured by the 359th Infantry and by late afternoon our troops were on or beyond their objectives. The Freya Stellung, the last known enemy position, was definitely and completely broken.

On November 2, the advance was continued against desperate resistance, Villers devt. Dun was taken and passed. Hill 321 was occupied and the Bois de Reaux was put within our lines before night. On the right the 359th Infantry advanced more than three hundred kilometers and one battalion, extending over into the sector of the 5th division of the right, advanced through the "punch bowl" all the way to the Meuse.

On the 3rd of November the 179th brigade passed through the 180th brigade and at 8 o'clock attacked with the 358th Infantry on the left and the 357th on the right. It was evident after a few hours that the attacks of the preceding days had broken the enemy's resistance and that he was completely disorganized. By night the brigade had penetrated the dense woods of the Bois de Tilly and

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Therefore Insist Upon Genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin"



Millions of fraudulent Aspirin Tablets were sold by a Brooklyn manufacturer which later proved to be composed mainly of Talcum Powder. Bayer Tablets of Aspirin, the true, genuine, American made and American owned Tablets are marked with the safety "Bayer Cross." Ask for and then insist upon "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" and always buy them in the original Bayer package which contains proper directions and dosage. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monosaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

JOHN HIRDON
Editor and Owner
Subscription Rates
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Positively in Advance

It occurs to The Enterprise that the graduates of the Pecos High School have neglected a very important part of their education. This year the graduating class, as did the class last year, ordered their invitations (or had them ordered) without consulting the local printer. The invitations arrived Saturday and the commencement program commenced Sunday. While the invitation is a very neat one, The Enterprise will vager the cost of the job and allow the graduates to select two of the judges from the best business men of Pecos, that the job printed in The Enterprise office would be the neater and prettier job and also would have cost the graduates one-third less than they paid. Some of the graduates have remarked "that we did not know you could print that class of work." A little inquiry and view of samples of the work turned out at this office would have been sufficient proof. But, this is not intended as a knock for the splendid boys and girls of the graduating class of the Pecos High School for 1918-19, but just to inform them. They have been given column after column of space during the year. Had this work which was placed with a mail order house been spent with the local paper, the profits would have helped pay for a half-tone cut of a group of the graduates which is lacking in this week's issue for the above reasons. Rake up The Enterprise for the past six months, count the lines occupied by the Pecos High School, multiply by five, cut off two figures to the right and you will have in dollars the contribution of The Enterprise to that institution, besides the money would have been spent at home and ere this it would have been back in your own pockets. How much has this mail order house contributed? The Enterprise makes note of this only for the fact that not only these graduates, but the entire people as well, may think over the matter cautiously and sensibly and see if they do not come to the same conclusion as the editor, viz: That they are crippling the one institution which has aid in doing as much or more for their advancement than any other—making it impossible for the paper to give the photographs and publicity to this class which it would be pleased and delighted to give.

RECOGNIZES VALUE OF NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

The great world war has done much to bring into the public eye many things of great importance to the general public which have been dormant for ages past. Nothing has been more forcibly impressed upon the public, however, than the real value and importance of newspaper advertising and no man who is even a casual observer can fail to see that this is a day of newspaper advertising with real business men—men who do things. Hon. F. P. Clayton, director of publicity of War Loan organizations, writes The Enterprise as follows:

Dallas, Texas, May 20, 1919.
The Enterprise, Pecos, Texas:
The Liberty Loan campaign which has just closed was the hardest of all, and if it had not been for the splendid response of the newspapers, it would have been harder still. You have earned the thanks of both the government and the public for what you have done, and I want to add my expression of personal thanks and good will.

BUSINESS COURAGE.

He who lacks courage has no place in present day business. Spend money for advertising. Improve and beautify your salesrooms. Stick four-square to living prices. Promise and deliver the best kind of services. Borrow from the bank when necessary. Play fair with competitors. Be patient with obstreperous customers. Go after business in a way to make everyone take notice. Be steadfastly loyal. Fresh line of fruit and vegetables at the time at Green's.—Advt. The pessimist judges things by how they look when seen from the side out.

Mrs. E. F. Phillips born in Missouri in 1848. She is Pecos, Texas. Friday, May 28, 1919, at the ripe age of 71 years, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Chas. H. Ross, where she and her husband had made their home for the past seven years. She was married to E. F. Phillips in 1867, and to the union were born eleven children, seven of whom are living. She was converted in early life and became a member of the Methodist church and lived consistent to the teachings of her Savior to the end. She was a resident of Texas for forty-four years and much of that time was spent in the West, where, as a pioneer, she lived the sacrificial life for others that the great West might be what it is today. She had been an invalid for several years and death must have been a relief to the tired and worn body. Funeral services were held Saturday at 4:30 o'clock in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. H. Ross, by Rev. W. A. Knight, pastor of the Baptist church, immediately after which burial was made in Evergreen Cemetery. The children present besides Mrs. Ross were Mrs. E. E. Mosley of El Paso, and Mrs. Joe Seay of Dallas. The Enterprise joins the many friends of the bereaved in deepest sympathy and especially does our hearts go out to the aged and afflicted husband who gave up his companion of more than sixty years, but he has comfort in that all is well with his loved one and that he soon will be reunited with her in the great beyond.

STUDENTS RECEIVE MANY SOCIAL FAVORS PAST WEEK

(Contributed.)
Progressive 42 was the enjoyable pastime engaged in by a number of Pecos young people Saturday, May 17th, at the hospitable home of Mrs. E. C. Warn. As soon as the five tables on the porch were filled, the game began in earnest. Hilliard Camp won the largest number of games and was awarded the prize—a beautiful bouquet of red and white carnations. Carrie Wadley's card showed a striking deficiency in scores and she was awarded the "booby" prize—a brass button.

Delicious refreshments of ice cream and macaroons were served to Misses Jewell Cowan, Ora Pruett, Irene Prewit, Aileen Love, Carrie Wadley, Caroline Glover, Evelyn Slack, Mozelle Bryan, Ruby Mae Beauchamp, and Messrs. Jim Prewit, Therman Bryan, Hilliard Camp, Geo. Ross, Woody Cowan, William Kerr, Wycliffe Hefner, Edwin Vickers, and the host, Edward Warn.

At eight-thirty, Wednesday, the 27th, the Seniors were entertained at the home of Mrs. Will Cowan. The front room was artistically decorated with class colors, rose and white, and with pictures of advertisements. The last named was for a contest—the one getting the most names correct receiving a prize. Carrie Wadley got the piece of candy, and Jim Prewit the "booby" prize, a peanut. We next tried our fortune. An empty bowl, a bowl with clear water and one with soapy water, signifying an old maid, or bachelor, a happy life, and a wretched life, respectively, were placed before us. We were blindfolded and the bowl that you stuck your finger in sealed your fate.

The doors leading into the dining room were pushed back displaying the large table with a bowl of sweet peas in the center and thirteen places marked with attractive place cards. We were requested by Mrs. Cowan to keep our hands under the table. The menu was read aloud and the first course started mysteriously around the table. Lemon fruit was the first one, and was received with squeals, screams and laughter. When one did not know that it was a piece of lemon it felt like worms, frogs and fish. The other courses, equally as mysterious, were: olives, string beans, English peas, potato chips, mystery pudding, ice cream and cake. The potato chips were especially terrifying, being an Irish potato stuffed full of tooth picks. Then the first real course came, a delicious salad. Slips of paper were then placed face down at each place. They bore a letter and the one naming a bird beginning with the letter called out got the slip. Caroline Glover won the largest number and was given the first plate of the second course, which consisted of creamed chicken, potato chips, pickles, and a bread and butter sandwich. Then beginning at the head of the table with the letter "Q" we made a sentence concerning what grandpa keeps in his refrigerator. This progressed from "A" through the alphabet and the last course one had to remember it all. The last course consisted of ice cream and cake.

Before going home we joined our melodious voices in song and disturbed the neighbors into the wee small hours. The Seniors were again entertained by a last year's graduate, Miss Mabel Smith, Wednesday afternoon, at six o'clock at her home, with a dinner. All marched into the dining room to find the table loaded with dainties and as the dinner was served family-style, everybody ate all he could or, at least, all he thought he could. Each changed his mind, however, when banana ice cream, accompanied by a large piece of cake, was brought in. After this delightful affair was over Otis Moorhead took us for a ride in his beautiful new Nash, and serenaded until the darkness and that "inner voice" drove us home.

Nothing compares with Orange Peco for ice tea. At Collings & Son.—Advt. 41-12
The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Stomach. Because of its tonic and sensitive effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor tingling in hands. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVER, 30c.

The State of Texas, County of Reeves.
On this the 28th day of May, A. D. 1919, this court being in special session and all of the commissioners being present, came on to be heard and considered the petition of E. B. Daniel and fifty-three other persons praying that bonds be issued by said Road District No. Two (2) of Reeves County, Texas, in the sum of Fifty Thousand (\$50,000) Dollars, bearing five and one-half per cent (5 1/2) rate of interest, maturing thirty (30) years from date thereof, for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and operating macadamized, gravelled or paved roads and turnpikes, or in aid thereof.

And it appearing to the court that said petition is signed by more than fifty of the resident property tax-paying voters of said Road District No. Two (2) of Reeves County, Texas, and that the amount of bonds to be issued will not exceed one-fourth of the assessed valuation of the real property of such Road District No. Two (2), of said Reeves County, Texas;

It is therefore considered and ordered by the court that an election be held in said Road District No. Two (2) of said Reeves County, Texas, on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1919, which is not less than thirty days from the date of this order, to determine whether or not the bonds of said Road District No. Two (2) of Reeves County, Texas, shall be issued in the amount of Fifty Thousand (\$50,000.00) Dollars, bearing five and one-half per cent (5 1/2) rate of interest and maturing thirty years from date thereof; and whether or not a tax shall be levied upon the property of said Road District No. Two (2) of said Reeves County, Texas, subject to taxation for the purpose of paying the interest on said bonds and to provide a sinking fund for the redemption thereof at maturity.

Notice of said election shall be given by publication in a newspaper published in said county for four successive weeks before the date of said election, and in addition thereto there shall be posted notices of such election at three public places in said Road District No. Two (2) of said Reeves County, one of which shall be at the courthouse door, for three weeks prior to said election.

Said election shall be held at Tahah Texas, and C. C. Cargill is hereby appointed manager of said election. Said election shall be held under the provisions of the Road District Act passed at the First Called Session of the Thirty-first Legislature, and amendments thereto, and only qualified voters, who are property taxpayers of said Road District No. Two shall be allowed to vote, and all voters desiring to support the proposition to issue bonds shall have written or printed on their ballots the words "For the Issuance of Bonds and Levying of the Tax in Payment Thereof," and those opposed shall have written or printed on their ballots the words "Against the Issuance of Bonds and the Levying of the Tax in Payment Thereof."

The manner of holding said election shall be governed by the laws of the State governing general elections. A copy of this order signed by the county judge of said county shall serve as a proper notice of said election and the county judge is directed to cause said notice to be published in a newspaper published in said Road District No. Two (2), if there be a newspaper published therein, and if not, then in any newspaper published in said county, for four successive weeks next preceding said election, and cause to be posted a notice thereof at three public places in said Road District No. Two (2), one of which shall be at the courthouse door, for three weeks prior to said election.

THE PEDAGOGUES

They were just two-country pedagogues
Away out West where there are no logs;
But in spite of this they did not freeze,
If they did encounter a cold north breeze.
They turned the blaze as high as it'd go
And then said "folks, just let it snow."
They had corn-bread for the snowy day,
For the people heard them say:

CHORUS.
Good-bye cake, good-bye pie, good-bye bread with your jam so high.
We may not know what the soldiers eat,
But you bet, by gosh, we'll save the wheat.
And, oh, our sweethearts don't you fear.
We'll do our bit as long as we're here,
We'll knit you socks and sweaters, too,
And that's about all we teachers can do.
Their bill of fare was very slim,
But the meatless days didn't bother them.
White Karo was their only sweet,
But it kept gettin' better the more they'd eat.
But they were brave and full of vim,
For they were doing all this for "him."
They ate peanut butter three time a day,
And the people heard them say:
Chorus—

MAGGIE WILSON,
Dunn, Texas.
DANCE AT TOYAH
A bunch of Pecos young people motored up to Toyah Saturday night and enjoyed a dance given there. Those who attended from this place were Misses Amy Langham, Lola Hines, Curtis Breedlove and Carolyn Sullivan; Messrs. Von Rosenburg, Chas. Hefner, Milton Wadley and Corp. Gant, and Miss Mary Holmes of Balmorhea, and Miss Enola Garrett of Porterville.
If you owe us, pay us—we need it.—Green's Grocery.—Advt.

Chesterfield Cigarettes advertisement. Includes text: "This is the package with the moisture-proof jacket", "that keeps Chesterfield's original flavor and freshness intact", "They SATISFY!". Features an image of a Chesterfield cigarette pack.

Pecos Bargain House advertisement. Includes text: "BIG VALUES RIGHT PRICES", "The market is again advancing, and with Peace signed, everything will be much higher. Buy your needs NOW.", "Pecos Bargain House".

TEXAS OIL LAWS advertisement. Includes text: "WITH FORMS", "RELATING TO PUBLIC LANDS AND RESERVED MINERALS", "BRIEF, CONCISE AND ACCURATE", "By Clay Cooke and W. W. Hubbard, Pecos, Texas", "PRICE, PAMPHLET FORM, \$1.00".

...and wife of ...
 ...
 Mrs. J. E. Jarrell of Toyah, was a business visitor in Pecos Tuesday.
 Mrs. C. C. Cargill was doing jury service this week. Mrs. Cargill came down with him Tuesday to visit with Pecos friends.
 F. A. Bessire, who runs one of Toyah's popular dry goods and grocery stores, was in Pecos this week doing jury service.
 Mac Kyle, son of Mr. and Mrs. Sid Kyle, is expected home the latter part of the week from Bryan where he has been in school for the past year at Allen Academy.
 Terry Downes, one of the carpenters on the Pecos Auto Co.'s new garage, was called into service by Judge Gibbs this week as a juror and was all dressed up same as on Sunday.
 Messrs. Chas. Nichols and O. P. Jensen, cashier and assistant cashier respectively of the Citizens State Bank of Barstow, were visitors in our city Saturday.
 Clay Cooke, who has a law office in Fort Worth as well as in Pecos, and who is also president of the Golden Rod Oil Co., left for Fort Worth Wednesday to look after his interests at that end of the line.
 Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Lowry and little son returned Wednesday morning from a ten days' visit to relatives in Dallas, Fort Worth and Roscoe. R. J. is again behind the counters at the Pecos Drug Co. looking happy and refreshed.
 Pecos citizens returning from Sweetwater say those good people are boosting the Pecos oil fields as much as our home people and that it is no trouble whatever to find a citizen of Sweetwater with a map of the Pecos oil field in his pocket.
 E. C. Krause, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Krause, is home again after spending about a year in France in the service of Uncle Sam. On the day following his arrival he again went up where he left off and went to work in the bakery of Geo. D. Coon. Eddie is looking fine and, like the other boys, he is delighted to again be at home.
 G. W. Smith was here from Toyah Wednesday and left \$1.50 for a year's subscription to The Enterprise. He says he just simply has to keep posted on oil developments and there is no other way to get the whole story reliably told except through the home paper. He is on the right track for once at least.
 J. T. Nance, brother of Mrs. R. G. Middleton, arrived in Pecos Saturday from El Paso for a few days' visit. W. W. Nance, another brother, came in Saturday from Eastland. These two sons and Mrs. Middleton are children of Mrs. M. A. Nance, who spent the winter with her daughter in Pecos. Mrs. Nance will accompany her son, W. W., as far as Midland when he leaves for his home Monday.
 Corporal Gant, accompanied by Misses Lola and Sue Hines, Mrs. J. R. Hines and Miss Amy Langham, motored up to Orla Sunday for a few hours' visit with Miss Vera Hines who is operator pro tem at that station. Miss Vera was on her way home from a visit with her mother when she was ordered to stop at Orla. Her friends here hope she may soon be free to come home, and will be glad to see her again.

Mr. and Mrs. Lynn came down on the Santa Fe Thursday from their ranch.
 Mrs. Maggie Ross left this week for Jal. N. M., where she will visit friends.
 Misses Vern and Lillian Eddins are visiting in town from the ranch this week.
 Lee Ligon was in from the ranch for a while this week and reports his stock looking fine.
 Mr. and Mrs. Will Kingston were in Pecos for a day or two this week visiting and shopping.
 Add Owen left Wednesday for El Paso and will bring back with him one of those new Nash cars.
 Perry Wagon was up from Toyah Creek for a day or two this week looking after business matters.
 Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Purcell of Midland, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Sid Kyle the early part of the week.
 Mr. and Mrs. John Camp and son, Jack, left Wednesday for a few days sojourn at the ranch to see the grass grow.
 Mrs. P. J. Rutledge and children will leave today for Denton, where Mrs. Rutledge will take a six weeks' course in kindergarten.
 Jas. H. Walker, formerly editor of Herald at Balmorhea, was a business visitor in Pecos Wednesday and called at The Enterprise office.
 Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stephens drove up from Big Spring in their car Friday for a visit of a few days to her brother, J. V. Hanson and family.
 Tatum Moore spent the fore part of the week in Pecos attending court. Mr. Moore is busy in the hay fields baling hay, and says the crops are heavy and very fine.
 Evy Bowles and family were in from the ranch for a day or so this week. Evy says he is keeping busy, but the grass is growing and his stock are fat and why should he worry?
 Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Tingle of Houston, arrived Wednesday. They own land here and will probably locate here. At any rate they are here to stay if conditions are favorable.
 Mr. and Mrs. Albert Moore were in Pecos the fore part of the week with their baby which they feared had pneumonia. The little one showed improvement and they have returned home.
 Mrs. S. K. Lewis and daughter, Ruth, are in town this week from Midland attending the commencement exercises at the Pecos High School. Seth has his cattle on range in that section and reports them doing splendidly.
 Lieut. R. R. Landrum of Marfa, was in Pecos for a day or two the first part of the week visiting relatives and looking after business. Lieut. Landrum is looking fine and appears to be happy.
 Felix Scholz, for ages past with the T. & P. shop force at Toyah, was over this week attending district court. Should Felix see this The Enterprise might be able to reduce the time period some for he looks as young and active as he did ten or twelve years ago.
 Miss Mabel Smith returned home Saturday from El Paso where she had been attending a business college for the past year. Miss Smith is one of Pecos' splendid young ladies, having many accomplishments. She is one of the Pecos High School graduates, of the Class of 1918. At El Paso she completed a course in bookkeeping and stenography. Her many friends are glad to have her home again.
 We make the price and deliver the goods.—Green's Grocery.—Adv.

Joe Jarrell is now the third trial operator at the T. & P. station, and Jim Cox is still in charge as agent and is filling the shoes—in that capacity—of J. H. Rowley to the satisfaction of the public.
 J. S. Johnson returned Saturday from Abilene where he attended a meeting of the local agents of Texas of the Pierce Oil Association. Mr. Johnson left on a business trip to Loving, N. M., yesterday, in the interest of his company.
 W. H. Browning, Jr., cashier of the Pecos Valley State Bank, left this week overland, accompanied by his wife, for Galveston, where they will attend the bankers' convention and take their annual vacation.
 Mrs. George F. Williams returned home Saturday from Porterville where on Friday she closed a very successful term of school. Judge and Mrs. Jas. F. Ross were present at the closing and the Judge delivered one of his characteristically interesting addresses.
 Get on our mailing lists and save money.—Green's Grocery.—Adv.
PIANO RECITALS
 Friday evening of last week the public was invited to the Baptist church to attend the recital given by the pupils of Mrs. Lillian Butler's splendid class in music, the first of the series of programs in the various departments of the school given incident to the closing of the schools for the year, and Tuesday evening of this week at the same building, the pupils of Miss Mildred McCarver's class gave an interesting recital.
 At each recital the house was well filled by an appreciative audience and each number was enthusiastically applauded. The recitations were so well done that credit is due to pupils for faithful study and to the teachers for efficient and faithful training. Each number of each class deserves special mention, but time and space prevent. There is much musical talent in Pecos and it is being developed by most efficient teachers. Mrs. Butler and Miss McCarver are artists in their chosen line, having studied under masters. During the summer Mrs. Butler will continue her studies in a conservatory in Los Angeles, and Miss McCarver will go to Chicago and study piano in the Chicago College of Music.
 Orange Peco for ice tea; has no equal. Try it at E. L. Collins & Son.—Adv. 41-42
ANOTHER WELL TO BE DRILLED IN PECOS FIELD
 I have just sold part of Section 22, Block 4, and a company now organizing in Illinois to drill a well. I have a few more 5-acre blocks in this Section for sale.—I. E. SMITH, Pecos, Texas.—Adv. 41-42
BIRTHS THIS WEEK
 A seven-pound daughter arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Don Carter Monday morning, May 26, 1919. Mother and babe are doing well. Mrs. Carter is a daughter of Editor Gilliland of the Baird Star, and with her husband recently moved to Pecos from Jal, N. M.
 Mr. and Mrs. J. Sewell Johnson are the happy parents of a new ten-pound daughter, born to them early Sunday morning, May 25th, 1919. May the young lady, who is now master of the situation, ever be a comfort and joy to the fond parents.
 Born to Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Jones at the Pecos Sanitarium, Tuesday, May 27th, 1919, a fine daughter.
 Get our prices on feed, bran, corn chops, maize, corn, barley chops, alfalfa hay, fancy pea-green.—Green's Grocery.—Adv.
UGH! CALOMEL MAKES YOU DEATHLY SICK.
 Stop Using Dangerous Drug Before It Salivates You! It's Horrible!
 You're bilious, sluggish, constipated and believe you need vile, dangerous calomel to start your liver and clean your bowels.
 Here's my guarantee! Ask your druggist for a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone and take a spoonful tonight. If it doesn't start your liver, and straighten you right up better than calomel and without griping or making you sick I want you to go back to the store and get your money.
 Take calomel today and tomorrow you will feel weak and sick and nauseated. Don't lose a day's work. Take a spoonful of harmless, vegetable Dodson's Liver Tone tonight and wake up feeling great. It's perfectly harmless, so give it to your children any time. It can't salivate, so let them eat anything afterwards.
 11 Advertisement
 Try Orange Peco once and you will use no other Tea. At E. L. Collins & Son.—Adv. 41-42
ARMY TENTS
 For Sale—\$22.00 Each
 These tents cost the Government about \$85.00 each and are complete with ropes, hood, pole and stakes. Guaranteed to be in first-class, serviceable condition. They are 16x16 and 11 feet high, and weigh about 170 pounds each. Price, f. o. b. San Antonio, Texas.
 ARMY SUPPLY CO.
 819 E. Commerce Street
 San Antonio, Texas.

Production in Auto Tires

We have Kelly-Springfield and Good-year—the two leading lines. Prices all down on Tires and Tubes.

Remember us for Oil Cook Stoves
 Perfection, Puritan and Quick Meal

Ice Cream Freezers Garden Hose

We have the Goods. Prices Right.
 Yours for Service.

Pecos Mercantile Company

CLASSIFIED COLUMN

FOR LEASE
 TO LEASE—Will lease for gas and oil, Sections 32, 33 and 28 in Block 55, in Reeves County. Please make offer at once on what terms you will lease. Box 494, Gainesville, Texas.

WANTED
 WANTED—Section or more of land near Toyah, carrying mineral rights. Must be priced right and on easy terms. Immediate action necessary. M. H. FULLER, 105 E. 14th Street, Austin, Texas. 38-42

FOR SALE
 FOR SALE—228 ft. of 5-in., 48 ft. of 12-in., and 46 ft. of 8-in. casing. For price call at this office or see MRS. D. A. DODDS, Pecos. 28ft

FOR SALE
 FOR SALE—Two bulls, half Hereford and half Durham, ages 1 and 2 years, large bone, good dark color, with white faces. Bulls of extra good quality in every respect. J. B. WALLACE, Kent, Texas. 40*3t

FOR SALE
 FOR SALE—Steam boiler, 60 horse power, locomotive firebox pattern. In good condition; located near Toyah. Price \$400 if sold soon.—I. E. BROWN, Van Horn, Texas. 38*44

POSTED AGAINST TRESPASSERS
 All of the U ranch range is posted. Hunting therein or hauling wood therefrom is forbidden. Don't ask the management for permission to do either, it will not be granted.—E. P. STUCKLER.

JUNIOR MISSIONARY PROGRAM
 Program for Junior Missionary Society, to be given at the Methodist church Sunday afternoon at three:
 Subject—"How Nurses are Making the World Safe."
 Leader—Janice McKellar.
 Song—Missionary Hymn.
 Scripture Lesson—Mark 2:3-12.
 Prayer.
 Memory verse—Matt., 25:36, A-line Stephen.
 Roll Call—Answered with Scripture verse.
 "God so loved the world,"—Virginia Runnels.
 Song.
 "Clara Barton's Life of Service."
 —Dorothy Sisk.
 "A Nurse's Christmas in France."
 —Alfred Stephen.
 Closing song and Benediction.
 Habitual Constipation Cured in 14 to 21 Days
 "LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN" is a specially prepared Syrup Tonic-Laxative for Habitual Constipation. It relieves promptly, but should be taken regularly for 14 to 21 days to induce regular action. It stimulates and regulates. Very Pleasant to Take. 60c per bottle.

A Big Bargain In Pecos Oil Lots

We have subdivided a section of land into 10-acre tracts. This land is situated between the Pecos and Toyah Oil Fields. The lease is paid in full for five years. No annual rentals. Abstract title to the section. Price only \$40.00 each. Can buy as many as you want. Send your money direct to us. We will treat you right. Our price to all, \$40.00. We refer to any business firm or business man in Pecos. DON'T WAIT SEND TODAY.

F. P. Richburg Land & Rental Co.

THE BAPTIST CHURCH
 All the new members of the Baptist church are urged to be present Sunday morning as the memorial supper will be observed at that time. In the morning the pastor will preach on "Biblical Consecration." In the evening the subject will be "Dead or Alive." You are invited to attend all the services.
 W. A. KNIGHT, Pastor.

GIRLS, WHITEN SKIN WITH LEMON JUICE
 Make a Beauty Lotion for a Few Cents to Remove Tan, Freckles, Sallowness.
 Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply you with 3 ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Squeeze the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle then put in the orchard white and shake well. This makes a quarter pint of the very best lemon skin whitener and complexion beautifier that is known. Massage this fragrant, creamy lotion daily into the face, neck, arms and hands and just see how freckles, tan, sallowness, redness and roughness disappear and how smooth, soft and clear the skin becomes. Yes, it is harmless, and the beautiful results will surprise you.—Advertisement.

Thos. H. Boman
 Consulting Civil Engineer and Architect
 Pecos, Texas

W. A. HUDSON,
 Lawyer
 Suite 16, Cowan Building,
 Pecos, Texas.


BEN PALMER
 Attorney at Law
 PECOS, TEXAS
 Office in First National Bank Building

W. W. HUBBARD
 Lawyer
 OFFICE IN SYNDICATE BLDG
 Pecos, Texas.

JOHN B. HOWARD
 CLAY COOKE
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Patronize the Sanitary Barber Shop AND Bath Rooms
 MAX RITZ, Proprietor
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UNDERTAKING
 J. G. MURRAY
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 Pecos Mercantile Company
 Day 18—PHONES—Night, 78



Ford
 THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The Ford Sedan is a splendid car for the farmer because it is good and comfortable every day in the year. It has all the utility of the touring car. The wife and children enjoy the refinements and comforts. It is easy for women to operate, is always reliable, as well as economical. Your early order is solicited because the big Ford Factory is a good ways from normal production, and with us, it is first come, first supplied. Sedan, \$775; Coupe, \$850; Runabout, \$500; Touring Car, \$525; Truck Chassis, \$550. These prices f. o. b. Detroit.

Pecos Auto Company
 PECOS, TEXAS