

THE ENTERPRISE

AND PECOS TIMES

VOLUME XL. NUMBER 46.

PECOS, TEXAS, FRIDAY, JULY 1, 1921.

\$2.00 PER YEAR. \$1.25 FOR SIX MONTHS.

RED BLUFF SURVEY TO BE COMMENCED

Moved that the President of the Pecos Valley Water Users Association of Texas be instructed to notify the United States Reclamation Service that the association now has on deposit in the Pecos Valley State Bank of Pecos, Texas, the sum of \$5,000.00 which the association is prepared to turn over to the Reclamation Service for use in making a geological survey of the Red Bluff Reservoir site, and for such other purposes as may be necessary to determine the feasibility of the site as a location for a storage reservoir.

The above resolution was passed at a meeting of the officers and executive committee of the Pecos Valley Water Users Association of Texas at the Orient Hotel on Thursday afternoon, and is expected to mark the beginning of actual progress on the reservoir site.

The proposition on which the resolution was based was secured by the Pecos Chamber of Commerce from Secretary Fall of the Department of Interior through Congressman Claude B. Hudspeth and it met with practically unanimous consent of all the delegates present.

The action is the outgrowth of the original proposition made by the Reclamation Service to the association which was that the sum of \$10,000 be raised for the purpose of making a thorough survey to determine the feasibility of the site. In this survey, it was anticipated, that a sufficient number of diamond drill borings would be made to reveal the exact condition of the strata under the basin.

The survey to be attempted under the latter proposition is the preliminary survey necessary to the borings, and it is understood, may include some borings. Due to the failure of one of the districts to raise their quota of the fund, the full \$10,000 never was raised, although \$7,900 has been placed on deposit here by other districts. The financial situation affected the district which failed to complete their part of the contract, and it is understood that they still consider the sum as a debt and will deposit the cash as soon as their financial situation will permit.

This fact prevented the original proposition from being carried through, and the remainder of the fund with what additions may be made, will be used to complete the full survey if necessary. It is probably that an engineer will be employed by the districts to observe the survey made by the government men and file a separate report.

Those who have corresponded and talked with government officials in this matter are of the opinion that the use of the \$5,000 will cause the government to take a more active interest in the project, and that with the big fund which Congress is now considering under the McNary bill, that the government will later see fit to carry on what ever other investigations are necessary with their own funds and take whatever action is necessary to insure the success of the plans.

This latter feature was the one which caused the unanimous vote in favor of the foregoing resolution.

Judge Howell Johnson, of Fort Stockton, Judge O. W. Williams from Imperial and R. H. Grey of the Zimmerman project, told of talks they had with Congressman C. B. Hudspeth of this district when the latter accompanied Governor Harding of the Federal Reserve Board on his trip over this district, and they stated that Mr. Hudspeth had urged and advised the above action. As much depends on Mr. Hudspeth in carrying out the matter, his opinion carried considerable weight.

Secretary Fall, Senators Sheppard and Culberson and Mr. Hudspeth have been notified of the decision of the association, and from the word that had been received before the meeting, an early start of actual operations is expected.

It is expected that the Reclamation Service will draw up a contract to be signed by the officers of the association. The McNary bill which has received a favorable report from the Arid Lands Committee of the Senate provides a fund of \$250,000,000 for reclamation purposes, and due to the action of Pecos Valley associations in keeping the matter constantly before the government, it is understood that the Red Bluff project stands well up on the list of projects to be aided from this fund.

Those present at the meeting were: T. Y. Casey, president; William F. Meyer of the Porterville project, R. N. Couch of the Farmers Independent District, B. T. Biggs of the Cedarvale District; R. H. Grey of the Zimmerman project, and Judge O. W. Williams of the Imperial project.

Charles B. Dodson of the Barstow District and A. D. Cumming of the Grandfalls District were not present.

Others present were Cal. Barstow, and J. H. Miller of Barstow District, Judge Howell Johnson of Fort Stockton, W. H.

OH, LOOK WHO'S HERE!



MANY PHOTOGRAPHS OF DAVIS MOUNTAINS

Nearly 100 photographs of the Davis Mountain territory proposed for the State Park were taken during the past week by George H. Clements, secretary of the Toyah Basin Chamber of Commerce, and are to be used in furthering the campaign undertaken by his organization and the Pecos Chamber of Commerce for the designation of a State Park in these mountains.

The Balmorhea territory is now organizing to aid in the project, and the business interests of that territory have met several times during the past two weeks, looking toward the organization of a Commercial Club. Another meeting is to be held Saturday night, while an effort will be made to gather together all the boosters for the State Park idea at the Fourth of July celebration at Balmorhea next Monday.

The towns on the south side of the Davis Mountains, Alpine and Marfa have held meetings regarding the park, in an effort to further the program, and to provide a road to the park. They will be invited to the conference at Balmorhea on Monday, and an effort will be made to correlate all the interests of this territory and work on one central plan.

Continued publicity is being secured for the park plan, and it is anticipated that the agitation in this territory will result in the various communities banding together and sending representatives to the special session of the legislature in Austin during July in the interests of the plan.

GARAGE ROBBED

The garage at the residence of W. W. Dean was entered last night by thieves who stole two new auto tires. The thief jacked up the hind wheels of Mr. Dean's car, took one tire from them and the new extra one fastened on behind. Sheriff Kiser was notified and is trying to locate the stolen property.

TOYAH VALLEY TO HAVE CELEBRATION

The Toyah Valley neighborhood will hold a grand celebration at Balmorhea, Texas, on July 4, 5 and 6. The entire program will be under the auspices of George Alex. French Post No. 305 American Legion and will be as follows:

- First Day.**
9:30 Parade from main street to rodeo grounds.
10:00 Cigar Race.
10:30 Goat Roping.
11:30 Mule Race.
12:00 Free Barbecue.
1:30 Steer Bulldogging.
2:00 Big Cattle Roping.
3:00 Calf Roping.
4:00 Broncho Riding.
4:45 Steer Riding.
5:15 Pony Race—250 yards.
Second Day.
Same as above except last event.
5:15 Free-for-all Horse Race
Third Day.
Same as above except last event.
5:15 Roping, Horse Race—300 yards.

EXCURSION RATES

Round trip excursion fares from Pecos, Texas, to Toyahvale, Texas, account 4th of July celebration and picnic, July 4th, 5th, and 6th, 1921.

Fare: One and one-half times the regular one-way fare for the round trip.
Date of sale: July 4th, 5th, and 6th, 1921.

Browning, president, and Walter Sutherland, secretary of the Pecos Chamber of Commerce, and Dr. Jim Camp and R. S. Johnson of Pecos.

ANNUAL REPORT CARNEGIE LIBRARY

The Carnegie Library Association held their annual meeting at the library building June 3, 1921. Mrs. B. R. Stine, the president, called the meeting to order. Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The treasurers and librarian's reports as follows were read and accepted:

Treasurer's report from June 1, 1920, to June 1, 1921:	
Books and magazines	\$485.59
Express	17.72
Miscellaneous	42.90
Librarian	318.00
Total	864.21

June 1, 1920, cash on hand	\$256.59
Checks from city	600.00
Picture show benefit.....	11.60
Money from Librarian.....	119.60
Total.....	987.79

Balance on hand June 1st, 1921, \$123.58

Librarian report June 1, 1920, to June 1, 1921:

Circulation 9364—3765 more books loaned than in 1920.
Accessions 263, books, 49 donated.
Total of books to date, 2668.
Value of books and magazines, \$485.59, purchased 1920-1921.
Reg. during year, 200.
Total reg. to date, 1242.
Book rents and book fines, \$119.60.

Those who have so generously contributed to the welfare of the library the past year are:

A reading table—Dr. Jim Camp.
Books—Miss Buckels, Mrs. Barstow, Dr. I. E. Smith, Dr. Joseph Daniels, Miss Amanda Mae Bean, 100 books, 39 of which have been pressed into immediate use and the picture theatre (before being burned) contributed 70 per cent of an evening's entertainment, to amount of \$11.60.

The following officers were elected for the year:

Mrs. J. W. Parker, president; Mrs. W. W. Dean, 1st vice president; Mrs. Max Krauskopf, 2nd vice president; Mrs. David Tudor, recording secretary; Mrs. G. B. Finley, treasurer; Mrs. John Hibdon corresponding secretary and press reporter.

The president appointed Mrs. L. W. Anderson, Mrs. Harry Anderson, Mrs. J. W. Brooks as members of the execution board, and purchasing committee were elected as follows:

Mrs. G. T. Looby, Mrs. J. W. Brooks and Mrs. H. H. Johnson.
Ways and means committee: Mesdames Casey, Stine, Moore.

Motion made and carried to appropriate \$50 for the purchase of books this month.

Motion to adjourn, carried.
MRS. CASEY, Secretary.
MRS. STINE, President.

MARKET REPORT

The following prices wired to H. F. Anthony, Pecos, by Dagggett-Keen Com. Co., of Fort Worth are quoted from yesterday's market:

Cattle 3000, including 1500 calves, about steady, but very slow. Calves 50 to 75 lower. Beeves 3.00 to 6.25. Stock 3.00 to 4.00. Cows 2.00 to 4.25. Heifers 4.00 to 6.50. Canners 1.00 to 2.00. Bulls 1.00 to 3.00. Calves 1.00 to 5.75. Yearlings 3.50 to 7.50.

STORES TO CLOSE JULY 4TH.

All of the Pecos merchants have agreed to close their stores for the Fourth of July holiday on Monday, with the exception of the meat shops, which will be open for a short time Monday morning. Therefore it will be well to do your Sunday and Monday shopping on Saturday. The drug stores are to close for the entire day, and practically all of Pecos is to go to Balmorhea to celebrate the day.

BETTIE PREWIT VISITS HOME OF HIS BIRTH

W. D. Prewit, wife and baby and daughter, Annie Mae, left Thursday for the home of W. D.'s birth—Huntsville—for a visit of such duration as is pleasing to them, having a thirty day's layoff from his duties with the T. & P.

W. D. Prewit came to Reeves county 29 years ago after his physicians had advised him that he could live but a short time at best. Mr. Prewit attributes his restoration to health to Pecos River water, and although he is now 55 years of age he is active and spry and claims he can do as much hard labor as many men who are much under his tender years. Many of those early day settlers in this county returned to Huntsville but later came back. Not so with "Bettie." Pecos water cured him and he was afraid to return for fear the same disease which came nearly passing him over the divide would also return. So he remained in Reeves county where he has reared a splendid family and has done much hard work.

"Bettie" is in a class all of his own and is a hard worker, faithful to a duty and conscientious.

RESTAURANT SANITARY RULES OUTLINED

A new law has been enacted by the legislature of Texas providing sanitary rules and regulations for the conduct and operation of hotels, cafe's, restaurants and other eating places, which also applies to bakeries, meat shops and dairies. Persons, firms or corporations who conduct or operate above businesses must not employ any person who is infected with any contagious disease. Employers must have a medical inspection made of all their employes at intervals of time of not more than six months and if such inspection discloses any contagious disease, such person must be discharged. It is unlawful for such places to employ any person who has not in his or her possession a certificate from some reputable physician, attesting the fact that the bearer has been examined by such physician within one week prior to employment, and such applicant is free from any infectious or contagious diseases. It is unlawful to use any cracked or broken dishes, in such establishments, when proper sterilization of same would not be effective. All dishes and vessels must be thoroughly sterilized in hot water before used the second time. This law became effective on the 12th of last month and a violation of the statute carries a fine of from \$500 to \$1000.00 for the first offense. An inspection of hotels and eating houses and all other industries covered by the law, has been appointed. The inspector for this district will cover the territory along the Texas and Pacific railroad from Pecos to El Paso including both places.

THE POSEY TRAGEDY

There were no new developments in the Posey tragedy since our last issue. As predicted in The Enterprise no poison was found by the chemists at El Paso in the stomach of Frank Posey, one of the victims. The following telegram was received from the laboratory at El Paso by Max Krauskopf, J. P.:

El Paso, Texas, June 28, 1921.
"No poison found examination specimen of Frank Posey." Signed W. W. Waite.

The preliminary trial of Forrester, who it is said killed Posey will not be held until July 12th, when parties interested expect further details may become manifest.

PECOS OIL FIELD DEVELOPMENT CONTINUES TO LEAD OTHER FIELDS

The pound of the Bell drill in virgin formation this week is among the best, news of drilling operations. With a complete water shut off secured at 830 feet by underreaming through 100 feet of lime and anhydrite, filling this hole with mud and dropping the casing into this mixture, the shut off was secured, and the drill is moving steadily downward in search of the oil production that is believed to be within a comparatively short distance under the heavy flow of gas had from 1700 to about 1750 feet. The drill is working in a very hard substance, containing lime and gypsum, and the hardness is such that an average of but ten or twelve feet a day have been made with the standard derrick.

Arrangements for a new contract with Longwell & Son have been made by the managers of the Helen S. well, and the crew has been at work for several days cleaning out the hole and drilling from 1000 feet down. It is understood that the present rig is to be used for as great a depth as it is possible to go, and that then if production is not found to substitute a standard rig, and go after deep stuff. P. A. Cooney and August Sievers, of the Texas Drilling & Development Co., the owners, were in Pecos for the last week-end from Chicago making the necessary arrangements. James Southerd, the field manager of the company returned to Chicago for a month's vacation on Tuesday, leaving E. L. Anderson in charge of operations.

Jim Wheat returned during the middle of the week from a conference with a number of the backers of the Pecos Natural Oil Company, which concern is now drilling the Toyah Bell and reports considerable interest in the project, and a determination to see the well drilled to whatever depth is necessary to get oil. The well has easily maintained its lead as the deepest in the Pecos territory and has passed the 3350 mark, working in a dark lime formation that is favorably regarded by oil geologists. A bailer and 3500 feet of sand line was dropped in the hole on Wednesday, when the line whipped loose from the wheel, but proper fishing tools were assembled and no difficulty was anticipated in removing the blockade.

The River well came into the race as the second deepest in the field this week by passing the 2250 mark, and was working in dark lime and salt formation with frequent breaks, which indicate that the greatest body of the salt had been passed, and that the drill was nearing the Delaware formation, in which the Arthur-Pitts geologists have predicted that oil would be found. Drue A. Christner of the U. S. Geological survey visited the River well this week to secure additional samples of the red salt formation, which previous analysis had disclosed as carrying a considerable amount of potash, and he has returned to his laboratory at Big Spring, where he will carry on further investigations. The original samples were not sufficient in quantity to permit a searching investigation. Mr. Christner brought an assistant with him, whom he is planning to station in this territory to obtain samples, while Mr. Christner may transfer his headquarters here in order to be nearer the greater number of drilling operations in this territory.

The Pinal Dome Operations in Loving county are proceeding, but difficulty is being experienced in shutting off the first flow of water

due to the anhydrite formation, which was found just below 830 feet. This formation has been drilled into about 100 feet, but due to its soluble nature no solid place has yet been found in which a water shut off may be made.

The company is drilling below 1900 feet in Pecos county in red rock salt formations. Field superintendent Kerr was in Pecos Wednesday after an inspection of the Loving county operation.

The Trans-Pecos continues to have excellent showings of oil bearing formations, and is being drilled steadily.

Work at the Laura has been resumed this week under the direction of George Livingston. Most of the time has been taken up in clearing out the caveins that have occurred since the fire, and is expected that the lost drill stem would be reached the latter part of the week, and actual fishing operations commenced. Not much difficulty is anticipated in removing the drill stem. The hole is down 2250 feet. Work has been resumed on the casing, much of which must be rethreaded before it can be placed in the well.

Henry Deutsch, attorney for the Federal Service Systems, was here this week arranging with President Alfred Tinnally of the Sunshine Oil from the office in Minneapolis, Minn., Corporation for the completion of the Laura. Mr. Tinnally stated that the well will be put down to 4600 feet if necessary, although that depth is not anticipated.

The Owens No. 2 in Culberson county is pushing along at a rapid rate, and is now reported to be practically at 2000 feet with about 300 feet of black lime which it is declared is regarded as very favorable. There is considerable talk about "shooting" this formation, due to the favorable showings, but the drill is being pushed downward to determine its depth. It is understood that the No. 1, has been temporarily abandoned, due to the difficulty in passing through the underground cave found at 160 feet.

The C. W. Gossert crew is reported to be drilling steadily on their location in Eastern Culberson county, but the condition of the roads has been such as to discourage visitors, and no accurate reports as to the depth have been received in Pecos.

The lost drill was removed from the 250-foot hole of the Toyah Shallow Oil Company near the El Paso-Saragosa early in the week, and drilling operations have been resumed at that point. Casing has been taken to the Cowan ranch well of the same company, and underreaming is to be resorted to there in an effort to carry a large casing down to a point just above the 505 foot level where an oil sand was touched.

All of this drilling operations is being carried on in the face of adverse financial conditions, and reports from other fields indicate that the Pecos development program continues to hold the lead of all programs outside the big producing fields, and that in these fields drilling is being This development program should put Pecos on the petroleum map in big letters by the time that industry opens as expected in the fall, and the industrial demands of the country begin to drain the supplies that are now being laid up by the big companies in anticipation of a big and rapid demand at the opening of new business.

JIM WHEAT RETURNS FROM KANSAS

Jim Wheat returned Wednesday morning from a visit of a few days to Arkansas City, Kans., where he went in the interest of the Pecos Natural Oil Co. Jim reports having received a hearty welcome at the hands of the stockholders of this company and the good people of Arkansas City. Jim brought back some money and says the stockholders promised enough more to clear the judgment before the time is up and sufficient money every other week to keep the drill moving until the hole has reached a depth of 4000 feet if they do not get oil sooner. Jim is now sure he will have his hands full if he reaps the harvests in store for him in Reeves county and has abandoned the Kansas fields. He is as sure the Topah Bell No. 2 will be a real oil well as he is sure of anything and since he is assured of the cooperation of those most deeply interested in the well he is just as happy as if he had good sense. Laying aside all foolishness, Jim Wheat is dependable, honest and trustworthy and The Enterprise is willing to bet on him coming through anything he undertakes and is glad to call him friend. May he and his good family live long and prosper.

THE TRANS-PECOS OIL CO.

The "Malite" well of the above company is getting along nicely, the lime and sand formation has a fine shows up better than the preceding shows up better than the preceding one.

Continuous hard work and good management, with a most competent driller at the helm is putting the hole down rapidly to a depth where we can expect something of much importance to occur almost any time.

The Enterprise is banking on this company to bring in a good producer.

ALLEGED BOOTLEGGER FINED

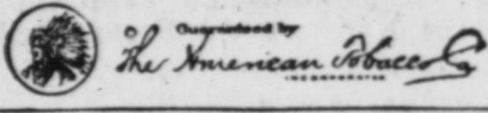
J. C. Teck a self confessed bootlegger was arrested for vagrancy last week and fined \$50.00 and costs, amounting to about \$90.00. This man registered at the Pecos Hotel and openly advertised his business, but said his extensive experience in the game and scientific handling of the hooch, made him immune from prosecution.

He was right as to bootlegging but Sheriff Kiser and Max Krauskopf classified him as an undesirable visitor and he was arrested for vagrancy. All the efforts of the officers to get evidence against this bootlegger failed. He acknowledged he had sold out all but two quarts which some one stole from him. He said his fine and left town.



Cigarette

No cigarette has the same delicious flavor as Lucky Strike. Because Lucky Strike is the toasted cigarette.



WHY IS MONEY TIGHT? HERE'S THE ANSWER

Why is money tight? Local bankers are asked this question every hour of every business day. Here is a story on it, giving the reasons from the bulletins of the Fidelity Bank and Trust Company of Kansas City:

"We have received the following from a bank located in one of the western states describing with some detail the change that has come over the condition of a typical country bank in an agricultural community in the past year and asking a common question:

"Where has all the money gone to?" This question has been asked of me at least a hundred times in the last six months and has perplexed me sorely. I read the banking and trade journals assiduously but nowhere have I seen offered a comprehensive or satisfactory answer to this question.

"Take for instance the case of our little bank which is a typical example of the banking situation in this agricultural section of the country. A year ago our deposits were \$915,000 and today they are \$573,000, a drop of \$342,000. A year ago our loans were \$875,000, and today they are \$618,000 or a reduction of \$258,000. A year ago at this time when we first felt the pinch of the present depression, we longed for the coming of fall so that we could realize on the coming crop and thus end the credit stringency. After having sold most of our crop, including hogs and cattle, we are today brooding \$165,000 as against \$30,000 a year ago. Besides returns from the crop, our customers have sold within the last twelve months, probably between \$75,000 and \$100,000 worth of Liberty Bonds. I reiterate that our institution is indicative of the general situation in this agricultural territory.

"Among the causes one hears for the scarcity of money are: Reduction of deposits through liquidation of loans, speculation, extravagance and foreign loans.

"Of course deposits have been reduced through liquidation of loans, but if that is a primary cause, why would not the loans and discounts of the banks stand at the same ratio today as they did a year ago? It is my understanding that banks in every section of the country have less deposits than they had a year ago and that they are borrowing more money than they did at that time. Speculation does not seem to offer the satisfactory explanation because it would appear to me that speculation was merely a shifting of funds from one person or one section of the country to another.

"If I buy something from you for one purpose of speculation, I pay for it, at least in part, and it appears to me that there is just as much money or bank credit, or whatever you may wish to call it, in existence after the transaction as before.

"I cannot clearly see how extravagance would effect a diminution of funds, but that it would merely bring about a shifting of funds from one person or class of people to another. Suppose the middle west spent half its income on automobiles and silk shirts. The purchase price of these commodities would be received by manufacturers in the east and would be dispersed to laborers and through the regular channels of trade. The funds in the hands of new holders might not be as productive as though it had been retained in the middle west and invested in cattle, silos and

farm machinery, but I cannot see how this shifting would bring about any diminution of funds.

"Foreign loans are advanced as a cause for the scarcity of money, but my understanding is that the proceeds of these loans were used to retire a current indebtedness owed in this country, or to purchase goods manufactured in this country, and that none of this money was exported to Europe.

"None of the above causes, therefore, seem to offer a satisfactory explanation of the loss of hundreds of millions of dollars that have disappeared over night.

"The conditions described result from the fall of prices which has taken place in the last year, and from the fact that the prices of all commodities have not fallen in like degree, and that bank deposits have not been replenished to make good the drafts on them pay outstanding obligations.

"During the period of inflation—that is, during the period when the banks were keeping down the rate of interest artificially, to help float government loans and making loans freely regardless of the restrictions which govern in other times—bank deposits have risen steadily with the loans. When a bank customer borrowed money, taking credit for it in his account, the bank's deposits were increased in that amount. And when he checked out that amount to pay for a Liberty Bond, or any other purpose, the check went into some other bank as a deposit and thus it became purchasing power permanently in circulation until that borrower—or some borrower—checked against a deposit that had been actually earned and saved, and thereby extinguished a corresponding amount of credit. We followed this process of inflating our deposits up to about Nov. 1, 1920. Some of our bankers were very proud over the "growth" of their deposits during that time, although they signified very little except that a carload of hogs, or wheat, or other products, was creating twice as big a credit entry as before the war.

"Over against the bank deposits and other current assets of every community there are always certain liabilities, at home and outside. Deposits are being drawn upon constantly for the payment of these, but replenished by the sale of local products. Our correspondent's locality probably has heavy fixed charges to pay every year on account of borrowed money, fire and life insurance, and other like regular items besides

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Instantly relieves Itching Piles, and you can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 60¢

making payments for the goods of every kind purchased outside.

"Money is only the medium of payments. The real source of the ability of that community to create bank deposits, make purchases and pay debts is in its farm products, and as the prices of these have fallen that ability has been diminished. The bank patrons went on drawing upon their deposits, which were not replenished as before. The rate of outgo from the banks of that locality has continued on a higher level than the rate of inflow, and deposits have been steadily depleted. There may be as much money in the state as before, but money is only a small change, used over and over, the original source of debt-paying power has dried up, and the common form of expression is that "money is tight."

Our correspondent found his deposits going down and naturally would slow up on making loans and ask his borrowers to pay up. The effect of this would be to cause his borrowing customers to hunt up his depositors and borrow from them thus depleting his deposits. So far as they drew on him to make payments in the neighborhood, his deposits might not be much affected, but if the balance of payments was against that locality his deposits would go down and he would have to find the means of making the settlements outside. A banker is a bookkeeper and settling agent for his community in its relations with the outside world. In this case the banker has borrowed \$165,000 in order to meet his obligations to patrons and make the settlements required.

UNCLE JOE PREUSSER

Uncle Joe Preusser and young son were over from Toyah Tuesday on business. Uncle Joe is improving his residence in Toyah and he and his wife will move from their ranch home into town. This is made necessary on account of the age of both these good people whose children have all grown up and are now living from under the parental roof for the reason that they have other occupations. The many friends of Uncle Joe will be grieved to hear that his eyesight is now so impaired that he

To Stop a Cough Quick

take HAYES' HEALING HONEY, a cough medicine which stops the cough by heating the inflamed and irritated tissues.

A box of GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE for Chest Colds, Head Colds and Croup is enclosed with every bottle of HAYES' HEALING HONEY. The salve should be rubbed on the chest and throat of children suffering from a Cold or Croup.

The healing effect of Hayes' Healing Honey inside the throat combined with the heating effect of Grove's O-Pen-Trate Salve through the pores of the skin soon stops a cough.

Both remedies are packed in one carton, and the cost of the combined treatment is 35¢. Just ask your druggist for HAYES' HEALING HONEY.



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\$15.00

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A New Low Price on a Known and Honest Product

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 50¢.

an barely get around much less distinguish his relatives and friends except by their voices. He has some hopes that an operation may in a measure restore his sight.

Uncle Joe Preusser is one of those old settlers who paved the way for the present generation and helped to make it possible for them to have

happy, prosperous homes in dear old West Texas, and all honor is due to this old gentleman from whom no man ever had a truer friend at the time when he really needed on. If you can claim Uncle Joe Preusser as your friend, you not only have a friend who will protect your good name with his brown and muscle when

necessary but when needed you can command all his earthly possessions. This is one of the reasons why this old gentleman is not today living in luxury. May God abundantly bless him in his declining years and when the end comes take him to that city whose street are paved with gold in the prayer of The Enterprise family.

DRILLING REPORT

Corrected to June 22, 1921.

The following drilling report was compiled and furnished The Enterprise by W. A. Bennett, and is accurate, according to best information, and will be of much interest to the public.

Table with columns: Company, Well, County, Sec., Township, Block, Depth, Remarks. Lists various drilling operations across different counties and townships.

The above list does not include many shallow wells in the Toyah field, and only those in actual operation in the Pecos Valley field. I know of no oil field that at the same stage of development (20 months) that had so many active operations, and the fact that migratory or seepage oil has shown to a remarkable amount proves beyond question that the big pools are surely here, and I am certain that some of these operations will go into them when they get deep enough, which may be anywhere from 2500 to 4000 ft. at Oil Company, Pecos County, putting on power to pump 29 wells on one line.



CHEROKEE INDIANS CLAIM LAND IN TEXAS

Austin, Texas, June 24.—In the records and papers prepared for submission to the supreme court of the United States by the counsel for the Cherokee Indians and Associated Bands endeavoring to recover approximately 1,500,000 acres of land in East Texas, the history of the dealings with Indians is clearly set forth. Records of treaties and activities of the Texas Republic are quoted and cited in the notice and motion to file the bill with the supreme court.

This notice was received by the attorney general and Governor Naff recently with the information that it would be presented to the supreme court on November 14, 1921, seeking permission to file it. The attorneys for the Texas Cherokees and Associated Bands are George W. Fields, Elizabeth N. Zolins, William Sulzer and S. I. Frankenstein.

The bill in substance claims that the Texas Cherokees and Associated Bands are the legal owners of the acreage they claim in East Texas by virtue of a treaty made with them when Texas was a Republic and by a declaration prior to that when Texas was fighting for her independence. The latter instrument, the Indians claim, was made with them in order to insure their friendliness in the war between Texas and Mexico. It is set forth in the original bill of the counsel for the Cherokees that "by reason of this neutrality and friendliness the said white people of Texas won their independence and freedom from the said Mexico."

The Texas Cherokees and Associated Bands are comprised of the following bands and tribes of Indians: Shawnees, Delawares, Kickapooes, Quapooes, Choctaws, Boluxies, Jawanies, Alabamas, Cochaties, Cadoots of the Naches, Tahovcattakes and Unatquos. The land that was given to them by the treaty was described as follows: "Lying west of the San Antonio road and beginning on the west at the point where the said road crosses the river Angelina and run-

ning up said river until it reaches the mouth of the first large creek—below the Great Shawnee Village—emptying into the said river from the northeast, thence running with said creek to its main source, and from thence a due north line to the Sabine river and with said river west, then starting where the San Antonio road crosses the Angelina river and with the said road to the point where it crosses the Neches river and thence running up the east side of said river, in a northwest direction."

The land in question constitutes what is now the counties of Cherokee and Smith and parts of Angelina, Rusk and Gregg.

Beside the declaration when Texas was seeking her independence and the treaty giving them the land after they had succeeded in gaining it, the opinion by Attorney General G. W. Terrell of the Republic of Texas given to President Sam Houston on September 10, 1842, is cited in the instruments.

It is recited in the bill that the Indians settled in East Texas in 1822 and that they were recognized by the Mexican government; that they continued to occupy the lands until after Texas had gained her independence when a military force invaded their country regardless of the treaties and declarations and drove them from their holdings, some of them fleeing to Mexico, to Canada and others to Oklahoma; some joining the roving tribes of the Western United States.

The fact that the only parties that can bring suit in the supreme court of the United States are the United States, foreign nations and States of the Union is accounted for in the bill by claiming that the Cherokees and Associated Bands were at that time a foreign nation and still constitute a foreign nation, that they were recognized by both Mexico and Texas Republic as a foreign nation and that the treaties of Texas have never been abrogated and are still in force.

The rights of the Indians to file the suit is supported by references to various histories and books of Texas. Thomas Jefferson's quotation as to the rights of the Indians in his orders to General Know on August 10, 1791, is cited. "The Indians have a right to their lands independent of the States within whose lines they happen to be; and no act of a State can deprive them of the same without their consent."

The attorney general's department started investigation of the case immediately upon receiving the notice. Texas will be represented before the supreme court by Attorney General Cureton and Assistant Attorney Generals Keeling and Taylor.

INDUSTRY OVER SOUTHWEST REPORT-ED AS PROGRESSING

Dallas, June 27.—Industrial progress in the Eleventh Federal Reserve district during the past month included excellent crop conditions, an accelerated movement of cotton, wool and wheat, and formation of plans for raising a \$50,000,000 fund for relief of the livestock industry in its present emergency, according to the monthly review of business and industrial conditions issued by the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas. Other salient phases of the report follow:

No radical changes in the ordinary indices of business conditions developed in this section last month, the report stated. Wholesale and retail sales and collections showed slight increases over the month of April. An increase was recorded in public spending, while bank clearings and building activities showed slight decreases.

Credit readjustment continued throughout the month, despite personal conditions and influences which have heretofore caused marked credit expansion.

Farm labor in the district is plentiful, despite the large exodus of Mexicans from Texas to the Southern republic.

Condition of the Texas cotton crop May 25 was 71 per cent of normal, as against 60 per cent a year ago. Reports from various sections state the plant is about two weeks late, on the average. Some fear was expressed for the safety of the crop on account of probable boll weevil damage, a danger which it is believed, has been increased as a result of the mild winter. Reports indicate many cotton fields in Central and North Texas are already infested with weevils, and it is believed that damage from this source will be greater this year than usual.

Last month's movements of cattle and hogs to Southwestern markets was far below the usual seasonal and sheep were the most liberal of volume, however, receipts of cattle any month this year. The calf supply was double that of the previous month. More irregularity than usual featured price movements at Fort Worth during May. During the first three weeks of the month outside buyers gave the packers considerable competition, and as a result prices showed marked strength in all divisions until the last week, when support from order buyers was lost and

local purchasers seized the opportunity to force prices to new low levels.

Lumber Demand Better.

The lumber demand improved further during May, according to

statistics submitted by thirty-two Southern pine mills in this district.

Wholesale prices were sharply arrested in their downward trend during the month, according to figures of reporting firms. The preced-

ing month had witnessed sweeping revisions, especially in drugs, but for May prices remained stationary in drugs, hardware, furniture and farm implements. Nominal decreases in dry goods were recorded.



Prince Albert's a new note in the joys of rolling 'em!

Talking about rolling your own cigarettes, we'll tell you right here that Prince Albert tobacco has 'em all lashed to the mast!

You've got a handful-of-happiness coming your direction when you pal it with P. A. and the makin's papers! For Prince Albert is not only delightful to your taste and pleasing in its refreshing aroma, but our exclusive patented process frees it from bite and parch!

And, for a fact, rolling up Prince Albert is mighty easy! P. A. is crimp cut and stays put and you whisk it into shape before you can count three! And, the next instant you're puffing away to beat the band!

Prince Albert is so good that it has led four men to smoke jimmy pipes where one was smoked before! It's the greatest old buddy-smoke that ever found its way into a pipe or cigarette!

Prince Albert is sold in tippy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors and in the pound crystal glass humidor with sponge moistener top.



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PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

Sunshine Oil Corporation

OF TEXAS

CAPITAL STOCK \$300,000.00

INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF STATE OF TEXAS, APRIL 17, 1918.

PIONEERS OF THE PECOS VALLEY

The President takes this opportunity of informing all shareholders, and leaseholders of the company, that work on erection of new derrick at the Laura well is completed. The hole is in first class condition and operations were resumed this week.

INFORMATION OF THE FIELD AND OUR PROPERTIES FURNISHED PROMPTLY UPON REQUEST

Head Office, Pecos, Texas

ALFRED TINALLY,

President and General Manager

THE ENTERPRISE

Pecos Valley News, established 1887; Pecos Weekly Times established 1877; Reeves County Record, established 1916; consolidated Nov. 23, 1912. The Enterprise absorbed Pecos Times June 1, 1917.

JOHN HIBDON
EDITOR, OWNER AND PUBLISHER
ADVERTISING RATES

Single, per inch, flat 50c
Readers, per line 10c
Classified wants, per word 1c
Minimum 25 cents paid in advance.

Copy must be in the office not later than Wednesday noon to insure publication in current issue.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year, \$2; Six Months, \$1.25.

Positively in Advance

No subscription taken for less than six months.

Entered as second class matter October 22, 1915, at the postoffice at Pecos, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Foreign Advertising Representative
THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION



Don't ask your acquaintances how they are getting along. Ask them how they're getting by.

The Shattuck Monitor says "Men are either anvils or hammers and generally hit or get hit—except those that stay in the back-ground and are bellows." Don't be a bellows, but get out and do something.

The recent rains have made the weeds grow as well as the grass. The weeds now growing on vacant lots in Pecos that can now be cut with a hoe or scythe will in another week or so take a strong man with a broadax to remove. Better get busy before some one gets sick and kicks in and clean up the town.

There is a limit to every man's ability and capacity. Some great, big-hearted fellows are full 45-70, while others are only 22's and 22 shorts at that. We have both kinds in Shattuck and you can tell it when you meet them—Shattuck Monitor.

Thank goodness, Pecos has nothing smaller than a 22 long and many of the 45-70's. Just keep your "shorts" in Shattuck Bro. Mitchell for they would not feel at home in Pecos.

Balmorhea and Toyah Creek citizens will entertain the people of Reeves and surrounding counties in a three days' festival on the 4th, 5th and 6th. These good people have never yet half done anything they have undertaken and those who attend are assured the best treatment it is possible to give. The Pecos Valley Southern is doing its best to make it a real gala day and to afford those who have no automobiles an opportunity to attend will run an excursion to the Valley early in the morning returning late in the evening. There will be nothing left off or undone to make the day one of pleasure and real enjoyment, so go along and have one good day at least, a real feast, and see one of the most beautiful valleys in the entire United States.

Recently The Enterprise overheard a gentleman remark that "the old shacks between the Enterprise office and station created an impression of the town which I cannot get away from." "They would be a disgrace," he said "to any back-woods town, much less Pecos." The Enterprise will add, that they are not only a rebuke to every citizen of the town but a menace as well. Some fine day when least expected they will burn and with them a good portion of the business district. Then our people will wish they had acted on the advice of The Enterprise for more than a year that they be removed. The Enterprise is informed that "there are several ways to have them removed." This fire-trap has already been condemned by the city, if this editor forgets not and there is only one way to remove them necessary. There being several, lets see that they are torn away before it is everlastingly too late.

It is so seldom that The Enterprise has an order from a resident of Reeves or adjacent counties to "stop any paper" that the editor was really shocked last week when a business man paid up and asked that his paper be "stopped for the present." This gentleman went on to compliment The Enterprise very highly and went so far as to say that "it is the best country weekly I ever saw," but "I do not have time to read it." Employees of The Enterprise within the past two or three months have contributed to this firm for labor and repairs considerably more than a hundred dollars. This is probably at least a part of the reason why that part of the firm is too busy to read the Enterprise. The Enterprise has decided that the only way to protect the interests of the paper in this matter is to employ only those loyal to the interests of the paper and those are the kind who now hold jobs in The Enterprise. When apprised of the action of this business man, these employees at once concluded that the only way in which they could work to the interests of the office would be to take their work else-where and more time to keep posted where and give this party less work through The Enterprise on home affairs.

THE WIND-AND-WATER SUP-PORT.

The following from the Trop Banner is timely and to the point. A paper cannot prosper without the support of its home people and unless a newspaper is prosperous its value to the town is measured by its value to the owner. A paper cannot be a real booster for its town, county and people where its owner is falling behind each month with his bills when he should be laying up something for a rainy day. Some few editors, like that of The Enterprise, put for a time more into the paper than they take out, but it is only a 'question of time when they wake up and then the people have on their hands a liability instead of an asset. The item above referred to is worth your while to read and is hereto attached as follows:

The first issue of the Overton Post is on the Banner's exchange table. Ezra Moss and Zora Moss are its editors. It is a 6-column, 4-page, all home print sheet, clearly printed and well edited, being particularly full of local news items. Overton had a paper, The Telegram, which suspended publication during the strenuous days of the late war, as did the papers in many other towns. The Post has acquired the plant of the former publication. The Banner exchanges with the new neighbor gladly. The Post can do a world of good for Overton, provided Overton will accord its patronage generous enough to permit it to make its editors a fair living and lay by something for a rainy day. If Overton is unwilling to do this, it stands to reason that the people of the town will have no right to expect a creditable paper of The Post. Business men in many places appear not to consider a newspaper a necessary factor to the progress and upbuilding of their home towns. They not infrequently appear to expect a paper to thrive and "whoop 'em up" for the town on a wind-and-water patronage. But where the heck can you find a good town that has not a good local newspaper, and how the heck do you expect a town to have a good local newspaper if the hometown folks do not support it generously?

AS YE SOW, EVEN SO SHALL YE REAP.

A. S. Koonce in the Alpine Avalanche writes editorially in that most welcome visitor to this office in regard to the recent race riot in Oklahoma and gives the exact idea that Teh Enterprise had in reference to the matter. His every utterance is better said than this editor could say it, hence his editorial is hereby reproduced and v'll be found good reading and is as follows:
The recent race riots in Tulsa, Oklahoma, and all similar outbreaks in recent years where there have been clashes between the white man and the negro, are the effects and not the cause—the effects of fanatical ideas advanced by so-called reformers. And the end is not yet. The greatest crime the white race ever committed against its posterity, and against the direct command of God, was when it insisted on placing the negro on a social and political equality with the white race, a position he was not created to occupy. It was a sad mistake to break the chains of slavery from the limbs of the negro and place in his hands all at once the ballot instead of the spelling book, in placing him on a pedestal and falling down and worshipping him and attempting to force the entire white race of America to bow down before the negro.

And the white race is today reaping what it has sowed and it will continue to reap that awful harvest of blood and crime until it turns about and separates the tares from the wheat, for as unchangeable as were the laws of the Medes and Persians is that law, "as ye sow, that also shall ye reap." Snakes eggs do not hatch out canary birds; neither do you gather grapes from thistles.

The damnable doctrine of "equality of the races" is today yielding its fruits and the white man is gathering the yield. And such a harvest! "Cursed is he that goeth out after strange flesh" was an edict uttered centuries ago, and it is as true today as it was when first thundered from the mouth of Jehovah, and as time goes on and on, the white race will realize more and more the results of its disobedience to the commands and decrees of the Great Creator, for He hath spoken.

"As ye sow, even so shall ye reap."
If this be treason, make the most of it.

An Oklahoma market has reduced the price of meats as follows: "Flank boiling meat 10c; ribs 12 1/2c; roast 15c; chuck steak 17c; loin, t-bone and round steak 20 cents. Prices of pork reduced accordingly." Living in the very heart of the best cattle country in the United States, it is a mystery why the people of Reeves county still have to pay almost or quite twice these prices or forego the pleasure of eating meats. Those of us who can afford it are still paying 25 cents for a shave and 50 cents for a hair cut. Verily it appears that it takes some of our people a long time to find out the war is over.

THE TROXEL WELL

The following bit of verse was written some time ago—in April—and was lately handed The Enterprise. That the Troxel is now a real oil well is conceded, but since the shooting it has not been cleaned out and the amount of oil it will



What's the use of feelin' bitter, when yer schemelet fails to go? There's more virtue in a titter, than a barrel-full of woe. What's the use to act contrary, when agreement's all that pays? Heaven is gained by souls that's cheery—hell is full of grouchy jays. . . . What's the use of allers huntin' fer the shadders in yer path? . . . Ain't no happiness in gruntin'—Comfort never rhymes with wrath. . . . What's the use in bein' fearful of the fate that's on yer track? While tomorrow's smile is cheerful, what's the use in lookin' back? "Live, an' learn, an love, an' labor" makes a mighty sweet quartet. . . . How it links ye with yer neighbor! How it helps ye to forget! Ain't no scripiter, maybe,—Ain't no mandate ner decree . . . but, somehow—but, somehow—the way I view it,—It looks mighty good to me!

Yr. own
Uncle John.

produce is still a mooted question. Those who are in close touch with matters concerning this well, however, say, in their opinion, it will at least make a good pumper. Following is the verse alluded to above:

April 1921

After six years of lonesome waiting,
All the people in the land
Have been waiting for an oil well,
And now the Troxel is on the sand.
For the last few days it has been rumored
That they had passed nineteen hundred feet,
But this was only gossip
That was heard upon the street,
But now there is new hope
In this God-for-saken land,
We are going to have an oil well
The Troxel is on the sand.
P. and H., for the last few days
Have been going kind a easy,
They are afraid the people will know
Their new cable is gettin' greasy,
Cheer up everybody
To the oldest in the land,
We will never have a duster
As the Troxel is on the sand.

Now P. and H., when they come to town
And tell about their duster
They know darn well it is not so
For they are about to get a gusher,
Cheer up and don't get discouraged;
Never quit or disband;
The Troxel is straining for a gusher
Old Troxel is on the sand.

Last Wednesday evening
When the drillers were looking blue
The toolie thought he smelt some gas,
For formation had changed they knew.

Last Thursday morning
When the breakfast bell should have rung
The whole camp appeared excited
And from the boarding house they ran,
Now out they ran all in a bunch,
They had no time now to cook;
They all ran to the derrick
To have a little look.

At three o'clock Friday morning
When the drill was digging fast
They though they had better shutter down,
For the sand they haddent past.

Friday the digging was softer
And the jars were pounding ker flop;
Just a few more feet in the sand
And we hope she goes over the top.
—From a Ranger Scout.

TROXELS HAVE FINE TRIP TO ELECTRA

Mrs. C. R. Troxel who, with her husband, is in Electra in writing to the editor to state that she was "disappointed" at having missed a copy of The Enterprise and asking that it be mailed her, further says: "Electra is quite a city-sized little town; some paved streets, row after row of modern bungalows, green lawns and altogether quite an attractive town. We are at present with friends, so are not located permanently yet. Had a fine trip—weather ideal and country never looked so beautiful after the copious rains. Scenery between Big Spring and Abilene especially lovely, being up hill and down dale most of the way." The Enterprise is glad to note that these good friends are pleasantly located and sincerely hopes that they may enjoy the best blessings in this life.

DRESS CENSORSHIP AND THE JACKASS

Isn't it about time that the women folks of this country put a stop to the antics of the mountebank who plays the tin czar at Zion City, Ill.? We refer to this "Overseer" Voliva person, grand mogul of the old Dowie church of fanatics who are in the majority at Zion City. Voliva, having the votes behind him, has made a lot of tomfool rules for the conduct of women. One is that women must always wear their dress sleeves down to the wrists. Another is that the dress must run clear up to the throat. The material in women's clothes

must not be in the slightest bit gauzy.
A Mrs. Sarah Johnson, who is a perfectly respectable woman of Winthrop Harbor, Ill., stepped off the train at Zion City the other day. Her sleeves didn't quite come down to the wrists. Her waist didn't reach up to the middle of the throat and Voliva's chief of police thought that the dress goods might have been thicker. So he clapped her into jail.
This is a plain outrage. Another case of man harking back 2,000 years to the time when he had complete censorship over the female of the species. In our opinion Mrs. Johnson ought to plead not guilty to whatever charge this jackass of a Voliva makes against her and then appeal from his decision to the highest court of the land. We think that there are plenty of women in the United States who will be glad to help her finance such an appeal.
Incidentally, we hear that Mrs. Johnson is the recipient of many letters of encouragement from her angry sisters in Illinois. If you think she has been martyred by the prison cell treatment, why not write her?

The fellow who is sweltering in the heat should remember the worst is yet to come.



Ship and sail under the Stars and Stripes to all parts of the world

There was a long period when it was not true, but today it is proudly true once more—trade and passenger routes are so established that you can ship your goods, or you can sail, to any part of the world under the Stars and Stripes.
The program of routes is being carried out with an eye to the future as well as present needs of American exporters and importers and all American prosperity. See that the ships you use are owned and operated by American citizens or by the U.S. Shipping Board.

Operators of Passenger Services
Admiral Line, 17 State Street, New York, N. Y.
Matson Navigation Company, 26 So. Gay Street, Baltimore, Md.
Munson Steam Ship Line, 82 Beaver Street, New York, N. Y.
New York and Porto Rico S. S. Co., 11 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Pacific Mail S. S. Co., 45 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
U. S. Mail S. S. Co., 45 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Ward Line, (New York and Cuba Mail S. S. Co.) Foot of Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

Free use of Shipping Board films
Use of Shipping Board motion picture films, four reels, free on request of any mayor, pastor, postmaster, or organization. A great educational picture of ships and the sea. Write for information to H. Laue, Director Information Bureau, Room 911, 1319 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

SHIPS FOR SALE
(To American citizens only)
Steel steamers, both oil and coal burners. Also wood steamers, wood hulls and ocean-going tug. Further information obtained by request.

For sailings of passenger and freight ships to all parts of the world and all other information, write any of the above lines or

U-S SHIPPING BOARD
WASHINGTON, D. C.

CATTLE MOVEMENT
Finley & Anderson shipped one car calves to Witherpoon Commission Co. Fort Worth.
Mexican Bull Fighters brought thirteen bulls from El Evans for use in the Mexican bull rings.
Mack Camp sold a car of stuff to Jesus Gonzalez. This car went to Juarez.
Otto Hoefs of Saragosa sold 12 bulls to W. W. Luthy of Douglas, Arizona, and two to J. S. Corley of Pecos.
Hall and Lisle of El Paso loaded five cars stock cattle from the Browning pasture. They were shipped to Oklahoma.
Joe Gardener of El Paso bought two cars of Mexican four year old long horn steers from the Camp Brothers ranch. These are believed to be the only four year old Mexican steers in the United States. They will go to Wyoming to be used for roping purposes at carnivals.
H. F. Anthony sold for W. Courtney and C. M. Hall 125 yearlings to George Daniels of Toyahvale.

SARAGOSA NEWS
Mrs. Gorge Ward returned to her home in Pecos Saturday after a weeks visit with friends at Saragosa. Misses Floena Vaughan and Betty Watson came out from Pecos Saturday. They are the guests of Mrs. Martha Adams for a few days.
Otto Zuber returned home Friday from Arlington, where he has been for the past six months.
Joe Teague is reported ill with typhoid fever.
Miss Jimmie Conger returned home Sunday from Lockney, Texas, where she has been visiting friends and relatives. Miss Jewel Conger returned with her to spend the Fourth here.

LIFT OFF CORNS
Apply few drops then lift sore, touchy corns off with fingers

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it off. Yes, magic!
A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.
Freezone is the sensational discovery of Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.

NOTICE
All Land Lease Permit Holders and Royalty Owners
who are interested in development of the field in the vicinity of Section 8, Block C-20, public school lands, Reeves County, communicate with ARROHEAD OIL COMPANY, Pecos, Texas.
Permit Holders
If you want to block in your acreage and prove it up thru a well to be drilled in above vicinity advise us fully in your first letter what you have, give full description first letter.
ARROHEAD OIL COMPANY

WE ARE HERE TO SERVE YOU
With Power and Ice
Wiring and Repairing of All Kinds
Why Work?
Let Electricity do your work.
PECOS POWER & ICE COMPANY
PHONE: Office 41, Plant 151

Everything Served the Market Affords
AT THE
BOSTON CAFE
PROMPT AND EFFICIENT ATTENTION
RECOGNIZED AS THE LEADING RESTAURANT
ONE-HALF BLOCK WEST OF
PECOS VALLEY STATE BANK
JOHNSTON & CLAIR, Proprietors

NEW TOPS
Vulcanizing, Gas, Lube,
Free Air and Water
GOODRICH TIRES
Pecos Vulcanizing Co.

CLASSIFIED

(Advertisement)

FOR SALE

If you have Land for lease or Sale, list same with A. B. Clair, Orient Hotel, Pecos, Texas. 25-tf.

PIANO FOR SALE—6 1-3 octaves Good condition; height 4 ft; width 2 ft; length 4 ft 6 inches. Cheap for cash. Enquire at Enterprise Office.

FOR SALE—10 acres Pecos Valley land on Santa Fe, near Dixieland, Reeves county, Texas. \$175.—Henry Poll, St. Charles, Mo. 44-2t* Adv.

(Advertisement)

FOR SALE—I have for sale eight sections of land in block 94 and 8 sections of land in block 109 all public school lands in Culberson county. Anyone wanting to purchase, correspond with me. T. T. Moore, Rogers, Texas, Owner. 44-4t Adv.

OIL LEASES

NOTICE

ALL persons holding leases in section 13, block 3, H. & G. N. R. R. company's survey, communicate with R. L. Calderwood, 1226 Ruby Ave. Kansas City, Kansas. Giving the location and terms of lease. 44-3t. Adv.

OIL LEASES—Oil Leases in small or large tracks, near wells now drilling.—I. E. Smith. 46-tf.

(Advertisement)

I. E. Smith, M. D. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist, Pecos, Texas 46-tf

FOR RENT

SLEEP COOL—Large cool rooms, also, sleeping porch rooms. First class. Cheap; close in. Phone 137, Mrs. S. E. Wilson. 42-tf.

FOR RENT—Either rooms or light housekeeping apartments, all nicely furnished—Michigan, Phone Mrs. H. S. Ross for information. 41-tf.

FOR RENT—Light housekeeping rooms, also bed rooms. See Mrs. C. E. Brady on Hickory street, between second and third. 40-tf.

PAINTING AND PAPERHANGING

A. L. Oliver—Painter & Paperhanger. Paint any color, \$3.50 per gallon. Wall paper at lowest prices—Phone 381. 35-tf.

AGENTS WANTED

GET BUSY, keep busy. Is your job unsafe? Is it permanent? You want a life-long business. You can get into such a business selling more than 137 Watkins Products direct to farmers if you own auto or team or can get one; if you are under 50 and can give bond with personal sureties. We back you with big selling helps; 52 years in business; 20,000,000 users of our products. Write for information where you can get territory. J. R. Watkins Co., Dept 113 Winona, Minn. 43-4t*

GOVERNESS

WANTED—Position as governess by middle aged lady with ample experience and well qualified in every way. Will also take charge of house as housekeeper as well as care for children. Address, Mrs. R. Woodall, Pecos, Texas. 1t*

WORK WANTED

WORK WANTED—Will do any kind of wedding, yard or other work at a reasonable wage. Phone 137.—S. W. Main 1t*

THE CHURCHES

CATHOLIC CHURCH

Mass celebrated every second and fourth Sundays as follows: 8:00 a. m. for Spanish speaking population and ten a. m. for English speaking people of Pecos.

REV. J. R. CAMPOS.

DUBOSE SUNDAY SCHOOL

Sunday School is held every Sunday afternoon at 2:30 at the Dubose school house, up the river.

There are between forty and fifty in attendance each meeting. People from Pecos are cordially invited to meet with them when they can.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Sunday School at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. Subject: Eternal Satisfaction. The Christian Endeavor will meet in a union meeting with the Christian Society at the Christian church at 7:30 p. m. Preaching at 8:30 p. m. Subject: God's Love. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8:30.

MISSIONARY SOCIETY

The Womens Missionary Society of the Methodist church enjoyed a very delightful social afternoon Tuesday at the home of Mrs. Emma Boles. The ladies brought their hand work for passtime and Mrs. Ben Randalls who was the delegate from the Pecos auxiliary to the Womens Missionary society of the New Mexico conference that recently met in El Paso gave an entertaining and enterprising report of the work. Delicious refreshments of ice cream and cake were served. Mrs. Boles was assisted by her daughters, Misses Lena, Anna and Edna.

Insurance means protection. Protection means quick payment of losses. That is our motto. If you lose, we pay. For lowest rates see E. L. Collins, Insurance.

"I'M GLAD I'M BACK IN PECOS"

Oh, I'm glad I'm back in Pecos, Where they call me "Brother Joe"; Just to find a kindly welcome From the friends of long ago; Where I smell the fragrant cypress Neath the open summer sky— Oh, I'm glad I'm back in Pecos, Just to see the alkali.

Oh, I'm glad I'm back in Pecos, Even for a little while; Just to find a bit o' heaven in each friendly kiddies smile; Where there's warmth in every hand-shake, Where there's fun in every eye— So I'm glad I'm back in Pecos Just to smell the alkali.

Oh, I'm glad I'm back in Pecos, Just to watch the lovers stroll Down the railroad to the river With full glory in their soul: For I live again in fancy, Dear old days that never die— And I'm glad I'm back in Pecos Just to taste the alkali.

Oh, I'm glad I'm back in Pecos, For 't was there I met by chance One who was the queen of women And was captured by her glance; It was there we did our courting— She was winsome, I was shy, Thus, I'm glad I'm back in Pecos, Just to feel the alkali.

Sure, and I'll remember Pecos, When in lowly prayer I kneel; And pray Heaven's richest blessings On her hearts as true as steel. When amidst the mists and shadows, We shall bid the world good-bye— May we all go home to Heaven From these plains of alkali. Joel Frank Hedgpeth.

WAR RISK INSURANCE

War Risk Insurance, that is, term or contract insurance, issued by the Government as a war-time measure under the provisions of the War Risk Act, is payable to the beneficiary designated by the insured, but should this beneficiary die the installments of insurance becoming payable after his death shall be distributed in like manner as the estate of the insured, descending to the soldier's heirs and not to the heirs of the beneficiary no matter whether a will may have been executed by that beneficiary to the contrary.

This is the substance of the decision handed down by Federal Judge Whitmer in the case of Cassarelo vs. United States recently tried in the District Court of the United States, Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Lawrence Siegle, while in service in the United States Army, applied for \$10,000 insurance designating as beneficiary "step-brother, Patsy Gillette."

The insured died October 29, 1918. A question as to the identity of the beneficiary arose, he having been known as Patsy Gilletti, Patrick Gilletto, Patrick Chiland and other variations of the original Italian name.

Before it had been established that the designated beneficiary was a full brother of the insured soldier, the beneficiary died. He left a will naming Savino Cassarelo as executor of his estate, empowered to collect the War Risk Insurance installments which had accrued, as well as those which should become due and to transmit these future installments to the beneficiary's wife and daughter.

To effect this the executor brought action against the United States.

As to the installments which had accrued prior to the beneficiary's death and remaining unpaid at that time, there was no dispute. They passed according to the beneficiary's will as they were already due the beneficiary's estate. The contest had to do with the installments not yet payable when the beneficiary died.

and it was claimed by the executor that these also were a part of the beneficiary's estate.

The court, however, decided, and thereby upheld an opinion of the General Counsel of the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, that a beneficiary under the War Risk Act is entitled to insurance installments only so long as he lives and that thereafter the insurance installments must be distributed to those persons surviving the soldier who would be entitled to the soldier's estate under the laws of intestacy of the soldier's State of residence.

PECOS AND FORT STOCK-

TON BALL GAME

With Murray pitching nearly airtight ball, Pecos triumphed over Fort Stockton to the tune of 10 to 2 on Wednesday at that place.

The Pecos boys played excellent ball, and their hard hitting drove Richards, the Stockton star, from the box in the sixth inning. Murray allowed but two hits.

The Pecosites were taken to Fort Stockton in automobiles of James Rainey, William J. O'Mara, Fred Hall and Walter Browning.

The Pecos team will play Balmorhea during the three days of the Fourth of July celebration on Monday next week.

Clem Calhoun has purchased a new car and contemplates giving his wife a complimentary surprise when she returns from East Texas.

CARD OF THANKS

Pecos, Texas, June 29, 1921. To the excellent people of Pecos and Barstow: We desire to take this means of expressing our gratitude for the thoughtfulness and kindness extended to us in our recent bereavement, the death of Frank Posey and wife.

Words cannot express our appreciation for the kindness and helpfulness shown us by every one. We cannot mention each one by name, but we feel that we must mention, The Masonic Lodges of Pecos and Barstow for their kind ministrations. The pastors of the churches for their sympathy and help; Dr. Camp for help and counsel and sympathy; Mr. John Hibdon, editor of The Pecos Enterprise; Pecos Mercantile Co., and Mr. Murry, and to every one who came to us to console and help in this trying hour.

With our torn and bleeding hearts, we thank you. MRS. ELLA POSEY, Mother, S. E. WILSON and WIFE, M. S. MAGEE and WIFE.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine



Beware! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve Bayer Tablets of Aspirin cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacid-ester of Salicylicacid.

MEET 'UNCLE JOHN,' FOLKS



Dr. J. J. Gaines (Uncle John)

Of the few men in America today who are writing human interest, homey poetry, Dr. John J. Gaines is excelled by none. Quaintly musical, full of the human tone, disdainful of the "highbrow," they strike the responsive chord that is so charming to the ears of the great mass of American people today.

This is the man and this is the poetry that will entertain our readers through the Autocaster service, in which this newspaper holds an exclusive franchise. We will, therefore, publish a poem, or prose poem, by Dr. Gaines regularly during the next year. Watch for it.

Dr. Gaines ("Uncle John") resides and thrives at Excelsior Springs, Mo., which he describes as being "as nigh to the center of the earth as you can drive a stake."

Unlike other well-known newspaper poets, Dr. Gaines is country made, country bred, and continues in the country town life. Our readers will soon realize that he is one of them—a plain American citizen.

BALMORHEA BUDGET

The alfalfa farmers have been busy the past week, putting up hay, but most of it is of a low grade, and there is not much market for hay of any kind. All the buyers seem to be "off the job," or afraid to take a risk.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Wagon entertained at their home last Tuesday night in honor of Mr. Wagon's sister, Miss Lola Wagon, of Brownwood, who is visiting here for several weeks.

Mr. Andrews of the circulation department of the El Paso Herald spent several days in the Valley interviewing our farmers this week.

B. R. Martin will sell his household goods at public auction Saturday, and himself, wife and baby will leave next week for California, where they will make their future home.

The Legion boys and various appointed committees are making the final arrangements this week for the big celebration that will begin next Monday, July 4th, and continue for three days. A big crowd and a grand time is expected.

Mrs. C. C. Whipp returned home last Saturday from an extended trip to Lubbock and other points east, where she has been visiting with relatives for several weeks.

Willis McCutcheon and family motored down from their beautiful ranch home in the Davis Mountains last Friday evening to attend the organization of the Toyah Valley Commercial Club.

A large number of the citizens of Toyah Valley met at the Irrigation office last Friday night to hear report of George A. Clements on his trip of investigation in the Davis Mountains, as to the proposed State Park and to complete its organization. Will B. Thorp was elected president, and Jas. H. Walker secretary.

VACUUM SWEEPERS

FOR RENT.

Electric Irons Repaired Electric Appliances of All Kinds. Housewiring and Fixtures. Telephone and I will call and give you an estimate on the cost of the wiring and fixtures that you have been figuring on having placed, probably the price will be much lower than you thought it would be. Telephone 66 THE ELECTRIC SHOP M. W. Collie

Another very enthusiastic meeting was held Tuesday night at the school house, when the Toyah Valley Commercial Club completed its organization, adopted the constitution and by-laws as presented by the committee and to hear the report of the second expedition of Mr. Clements into the canyons of the Davis Mountains. Mr. Clements is very enthusiastic over the scenic beauty of the Davis Mountains, and says that he has investigated a number of the beauty spots of America, and has traveled in foreign lands and that the beauty and grandeur of the Davis Mountains is not surpassed by any of the places he has ever visited, and he is quite sure that when the investigating committee from the legislature views these canyons that they will not hesitate to recommend an appropriation for the proposed State Park.

No Worms in a Healthy Child

All children troubled with Worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispeet the worms, and the Child will be in perfect health. Price 50c per bottle. 60c per bottle. (Advertisement)

TO THE TRADE
We will have nice Elberta peaches for delivery about August 1st, and a later variety about October 1st.—Chas. H. Leffingwell & Son, Barstow, Texas. 45-tf

CHEERFUL WORDS

For Many a Pecos Household.
To have the pains and aches of a bad back removed—to be entirely free from annoying, dangerous urinary disorders, is enough to make any kidney sufferer grateful. The following advice of one who has suffered will prove helpful to hundreds of Pecos readers.

Mrs. J. B. Prewit, Pecos, says: "It has been quite a few years since I have needed Doan's Kidney Pills, but before I tried them I had a pretty bad case of kidney trouble. I had sharp pains in the small of my back and severe headaches. I am glad to say Doan's Kidney Pills brought me the relief I wanted. Since then whenever I have felt any soreness across my kidneys a few of Doan's have fixed me up in fine shape." Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Prewit had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mrs., Buffalo, N. Y. (Advertisement)

HOW IS YOUR

Pep Pep Pep

BRACE IT UP WITH

Cream Cream Cream

One dish of our delicious ice cream will pep you up.
Another dish will make you step up.
And an occasional dish will keep you both peppy and steppy.

CITY PHARMACY

All of the latest soft drinks and dishes for the summer trade

Goodrich Tire Price Reduction

applies to all sizes—without reservation

The name of Goodrich on a tire means just one thing—quality. And that quality is always the highest that can be produced.

Each tire is specially designed for the service it must deliver. Goodrich Fabrics, in the popular sizes, have established themselves as unusual values from the standpoint of real economy. Silvertown Cords in their class have always held first place in the esteem of motorists, not only because of their symmetrical perfection of finish, but furthermore, by reason of their long life, complete dependability and satisfactory performance.

Your dealer will supply you at these fair prices:

SILVERTOWN CORDS		
SIZE	Anti-Skid Safety Tread	TUBES
30x3½	\$24.50	\$2.55
32x3½	32.90	2.90
32x4	41.85	3.55
33x4	43.10	3.70
32x4½	47.30	4.50
33x4½	48.40	4.65
34x4½	49.65	4.75
33x5	58.90	5.55
35x5	61.90	5.80

FABRIC TIRES		
Smooth	Safety	Safety
30x3 \$12.00	32x3½ \$20.25	
30x3 13.45	32x4 26.90	
30x3½ 16.00	33x4 28.30	

The anti-skid safety tread Silvertown Cord

20% Lower Prices

The Goodrich price reduction which took effect May 2nd was without reservation. It included Silvertowns together with Goodrich Fabric tires and Goodrich Red and Gray inner tubes.

THE B. F. GOODRICH RUBBER COMPANY
Akron, Ohio

Treasurer's Report of Reeves and Loving Counties

REEVES COUNTY

In the Matter of County Finances:
In the hands of M. A. Durdin, Treasurer of Reeves County, Texas:
Commissioner's Court, Reeves County, Texas; In Regular Quarterly Session, April Term, A. D., 1921:

We, the undersigned, as County Commissioners within and for said Reeves County, and the James F. Ross, County Judge of said Reeves County, constituting the entire Commissioner's Court of said County, and each one of us, do hereby certify that on this 9th day of May, A. D., 1921, at a regular quarterly term of our said Court, we have compared and examined the quarterly report of M. A. Durdin, Treasurer of Reeves County, Texas, for the quarter beginning on the 14th day of February, A. D., 1921, and ending on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1921, and finding the same correct, have caused an order to be entered upon the minutes of the Commissioner's Court of Reeves County, stating the approval of said Treasurer's report by our said court, which said order recites separately the amount received and paid out of each fund by said county treasurer since his last report to this court, and for and during the time covered by his present report, and the balance of each fund remaining in said Treasurer's hands on the said 8th day of May, A. D., 1921, and have ordered the proper credits to be made in the accounts of the said County Treasurer, in accordance with said order as required by Article 867, Chapter 1, Title XXV. of the Revised Statute of Texas, as amended by an Act of the Twenty-fifth Legislature of Texas, at its regular session, approved March 20, 1897.

And we each of us, further certify that we have actually and fully inspected the affidavit of Walter Browning, Cashier of Pecos Valley State Bank, the County Depository, showing to Reeves County at the close of the examination of said Treasurer's Report on this 9th day of May, A. D., 1921, and find the same to be correct; and the Clerk is ordered to record same in the Commissioner's Court minutes in full.

Witness our hands, officially, this 9th day of May, A. D., 1921.

JAS. F. ROSS, County Judge.
J. E. EISENWEINE, Commissioner of Precinct No. 1.
A. W. HOSIE, Commissioner Precinct No. 2.
C. C. KOUNTZ, Commissioner Precinct No. 3.
R. N. COUCH, Commissioner Precinct No. 4.

Report of M. A. Durdin, County Treasurer of Reeves County, Texas, of receipts and expenditures from February 14th, 1921 to May 9th, 1921, inclusive.

JURY FUND—FIRST CLASS

Balance last report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	\$ 219.01	\$
To Amount received since last report	55.61	
To Amount transferred from other funds, since last report	500.00	
By Amount paid out since last report, Ex. "A"	62.25	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount received	.97	
Amount to balance	310.22	
Total	\$720.27	\$720.27
Balance	656.93	656.93

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND—SECOND CLASS

Balance last report, filed February 14th, 1921	255.58	
To Amount received since last report	55.61	
By 1 3-4 per cent Commission on amount received	.97	
Amount to Balance	310.12	
Total	311.19	311.19
Balance	310.22	310.22

GENERAL COUNTY FUND—THIRD CLASS

Balance last report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	8669.34	
By amount received since last report	26.17	
To amount transferred from other funds, since last report	2500.00	
By Amount paid out since last report, Ex. "C"	5154.28	
By Amount transferred to other funds, since last report	2500.00	
By 1 3-4 per cent Commission on amount received	.45	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount paid out	90.19	
Amount to Balance	3450.59	
Total	11195.51	11195.51
Balance	3450.59	3450.59

ROAD DISTRICT NO. 1—CHECKING ACCOUNT FUND

Balance last Report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	2554.44	
To Amount received since last report	11.16	
By Amount paid out since last Report, Ex. "G"	2640.41	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount received	.19	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount paid out	46.20	
Total	2565.60	2686.80

ROAD DISTRICT NO 1—SINKING FUND

Balance last report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	9013.41	
To amount received since last report	27.34	
By amount paid out since last report, Ex. "H"	2506.25	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount received	.47	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount paid out	43.85	
Amount to balance	6190.18	
Total	9040.75	9040.75
Balance	6490.18	6490.18

ROAD DISTRICT NO 2—CHECKING ACCOUNT FUND

Balance last report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	2368.91	
To Amount received since last report	16.56	
To Amount transferred from other funds, since last report	880.16	
By Amount paid out since last report, Ex. "I"	615.25	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount received	.29	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount paid out	10.76	
Amount to balance	2639.33	
Total	3265.63	3265.63
Balance	2639.33	2639.33

ROAD AND BRIDGE NO. 2—SINKING FUND

Balance last report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	3450.94	
To Amount received since last report	14.66	
By Amount paid out since last report, Ex. "D"	600.00	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount received	.25	
By 1 3-4 per cent Commission on amount paid out	10.50	
Amount to balance	2854.85	
Total	3465.60	3465.60
Balance	2854.85	2854.85

ROAD DISTRICT NO. 3—CHECKING ACCOUNT FUND

Balance last report, filed Feb. 14, 1921	1288.55	
By Amount received since last report	6.45	
By amount paid out since last report, Ex. "E."	1371.95	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount received	.11	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount paid out	24.00	
Total	1295.00	1396.06

JAIL WARRANT—SINKING FUND

Balance last report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	957.40	
To amount received since last report	.60	
Amount to balance	958.00	
Total	958.00	958.00
Balance	958.00	958.00

ROAD DISTRICT NO. 3—SINKING FUND

Balance last report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	1828.13	
Amount to balance	1828.13	
Total	1828.13	1828.13
Balance	1828.13	1828.13

ROAD DISTRICT NO 2—SPECIAL CHECKING FUND

Balance last report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	39,968.34	
To Amount received since last report	2912.15	
By Amount paid out since last report, Ex. "H"	120.50	
By Amount transferred to other funds, since last report	3000.00	
Amount to balance	39759.99	
Total	42,880.49	42,880.49
Balance	39,759.99	39,759.99

ROAD DISTRICT NO. 2—SINKING FUND

Balance last report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	5653.63	
To Amount received since last report	18.70	
By Amount paid out since last report, Ex. "I."	1253.13	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount received	.33	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount paid out	21.93	
Amount to balance	4396.94	
Total	5672.33	5672.33
Balance	4396.94	4396.94

STATE HIGHWAY NO. 1—CHECKING ACCOUNT

Balance last report, filed Feb. 14, 1921	398.52	
To Amount received since last report	885.92	
By Amount transferred to other funds, since last report	880.16	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount received	15.50	
Amount to Balance	388.78	
Total	1284.44	1284.44
Balance	388.78	388.78

STATE HIGHWAY NO. 10—CHECKING ACCOUNT FUND	
Balance last report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	54.13
By Amount received since last report	883.58
By Amount paid out since last report, Ex. "E."	433.87
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount received	15.46
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount paid out	7.59
Amount to balance	480.79
Total	937.71
Balance	480.79

STATE HIGHWAY NO. 17—CHECKING ACCOUNT FUND	
Balance last report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	447.29
To Amount received since last report	887.71
By Amount paid out since last report, Ex. "F."	57.40
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount received	15.53
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount paid out	1.00
Amount to balance	1261.07
Total	1335.00
Balance	1261.07

RECAPITULATION

Jury Fund, Balance	\$ 656.93
Road and Bridge Fund, Balance	310.22
General County Fund, Balance	3450.59
Road District No. 1 Checking Fund Balance	No Balance
Road District No. 1 Sinking Fund Balance	6490.18
Road District No. 2 Checking Fund Balance	2639.33
Road District No. 2 Sinking Fund Balance	2854.85
Road District No. 3 Checking Fund Balance	No Balance
Jail Warrants Sinking Fund Balance	958.00
Road District No. 3 Sinking Fund Balance	1828.13
Road District No. 2 Special Checking Fund balance	39759.99
Road District No. 2 Sinking Fund Balance	4396.94
State Highway No. 1 Checking Fund Balance	388.78
State Highway No. 10 Checking Fund Balance	480.79
State Highway No. 17 Checking Fund Balance	1261.07
Total	\$65,475.80

The State of Texas, County of Reeves:
Before me, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared M. A. Durdin, County Treasurer of Reeves County, who being by me duly sworn, upon oath, says that the within and foregoing report is true and correct.

M. A. DURDIN, County Treasurer.
S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk
County Court Reeves County, Texas.
Treasurer's report from Feb. 14th, 1921 to May 9th, 1921, Reeves County, Texas. Filed with the vouchers accompanying same, this 9th day of May, 1921.
S. C. VAUGHAN, County Clerk Reeves County, Texas.
Examined and approved, and vouchers cancelled in open Commissioners' Court this 9th day of May, 1921.
JAS. F. ROSS, Presiding Officer Commissioners' Court, Reeves County, Texas.

LOVING COUNTY

Report of M. A. Durdin, County Treasurer of Loving County, Texas, of receipts and expenditures from Feb. 14th, 1921 to May 9th, 1921, inclusive.

JURY FUND—FIRST CLASS

Balance last report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	41.18	
To amount received since last report	.55	
Amount to balance	41.73	
Total	41.73	41.73

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND—SECOND CLASS

Balance last report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	136.63	
To amount received since last report	715.14	
By amount paid out since last report, Ex. "B"	701.57	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount received	12.51	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount paid out	12.28	
Amount to Balance	125.41	
Total	851.77	851.77
Balance	125.41	125.41

GENERAL COUNTY FUND—THIRD CLASS

Balance last report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	16.93	
By amount received since last report	372.74	
By Amount paid out since last report, Ex. "C."	25.00	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount received	7.52	
By 1 3-4 per cent. Commission on amount paid out	.44	
Amount to Balance	356.71	
Total	389.67	389.67
Balance	356.71	356.71

STATE HIGHWAY CHECKING FUND

Balance last report, filed Feb. 14th, 1921	33.85	
To Amount received since last report	.36	
Nothing Paid Out		
Total	34.21	34.21
Balance	34.21	34.21

RECAPITULATION

Jury Fund, Balance	41.73
Road and Bridge Fund Balance	125.41
General County Fund Balance	356.71
State Highway Fund	34.21
Total	558.06

Treasurer's Report from February 14th, 1921, to May 9th, 1921, Loving County, Texas.
Filed with the vouchers accompanying same, this 9th day of May, 1921.

S. C. VAUGHAN, County Clerk Reeves County, Texas.
Examined and approved, and vouchers cancelled in open Commissioner's Court this 9th day of May, 1921.
JAS. F. ROSS, Presiding Officer Commissioners' Court Reeves County, Texas.

The State of Texas, County of Reeves:
Before me, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared M. A. Durdin, County Treasurer of Loving County, who being by me duly sworn, upon oath, says that the within and foregoing report is true and correct.

M. A. DURDIN, County Treasurer.
S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk County Court Reeves County, Texas.

(Advertisement)

SUNDAY LAWS ARE WRONG

In the last issue of the Alpine Avalanche appears the following editorial anent the Sunday law which is heartily endorsed by the Enterprise:

A reader of the Avalanche in California sends a long communication to this paper espousing the proposed Sunday laws. The communication is too long for the limited space in this paper. Did space permit the communication would be published if for no other reason than that we might show up the fallacy of such a law and expose asininity of the advocates of the so-called "blue laws" which certain so-called reformers would thrust upon the people.

It cannot be denied that a crisis, the most serious known to human history, confronts America—nay the world. One in which the religious faith of millions of people is involved. Professional reformers are seeking to bring upon the whole inhabited world a time of trouble, unless by education of the public and the exercise of common sense they can be checked in their course.

Certain religious organizations with un-American tendencies are clamoring for legal recognition of their own peculiar conceptions of righteousness and Christian conducts. To accomplish its purpose it is bringing pressure to bear on political leaders and therein lies the danger, for ignoring the rights of the multitude to worship God according to

the dictates of their own conscience, it does not hesitate to serve notice on legislators, both state and national, that if its religious measures are not enacted into law, the delinquent politicians will be boycotted at the polls.

One of two things is certain—either America's Constitutional guaranty of civil and religious liberty, and the principle of total separation of church and state must be maintained, or religious bigotry and tyranny will destroy our republican institutions.

The demand for so-called civil laws for the enforced observance of Sunday is a mistake when for fifteen hundred years such laws were openly recognized and openly administered as religious. There is no such thing as a "civil Sabbath," any more than there is a civil Lord's Prayer, or a civil Ten Commandments. Christianity itself repudiates the ideal of force to secure the observance of religious rites and customs. Compulsory Sabbath observance is contrary to the teachings and principles set forth by Jesus Christ. It has no virtue. God never ordained civil government for the purpose of making people religious. Loving obedience, not slavish conformity, is the fulfilling of His law. The Divine appeal is to the individual. Heart service is alone acceptable to Him.

Sunday laws are un-American and wrong.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE (Tablets.) It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 30c.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Prepared For The Enterprise By The First National Bank In St. Louis.

The sugar situation continues in an unsettled state. The course of prices of sugar stocks on the exchanges in recent weeks have been but a reflex of the unstable conditions prevailing in the trade. If anything conditions have of late been becoming more aggravated rather than improving in this line.

The basic difficulty in the sugar situation is the large stock on hand at the present time. The indications point to an extremely heavy carry-over. Especially in the case of Cuban sugars does the surplus threaten to assume huge proportions. The production of sugar in Cuba is expected to exceed 3,500,000 tons. One plant after another on the Island is closing down. Exports from Cuba this year have amounted to 1,569,000 tons, whereas during the same period of last year, 2,361,000 tons were shipped abroad.

At the latest date available it was shown that stocks on hand were more than double what they were a year ago. The adoption of the tariff has had effects contrary to those expected. It has resulted in a lower price for refined and raw sugars. The demand for sugar continues to be of a hard to mouth character with little prospect of any change on the part of consumers in the near future. This is quite natural, however, since everything indicates that there will be no difficulty whatever in obtaining supplies throughout the year. It is thus quite natural that buyers should follow a conservative policy and keep their stocks low in anticipation of lower prices. The principal refiners have reduced their quotations to 5.75 cents per pound, which is the lowest price since 1915.

If you've a house or farm for sale. Someone has got to tell the tale; How many chickens, ducks and pigs. And wagons, sleighs and other rigs. How many horses, steers and cows. Binders, mowers, drills and plows. And other things about the place, Omitted here for want of space. We tell 'em where your farm is located.

And at what price it is valued. We advertise your shop and benches. Your grindstone, tools and monkey-wrenches—

The acreage your farm contains. And how it carries off the rains. Preventing any chance of floods. That rust the beans and rot the spuds. We state what's under cultivation— And if you're near a shipping station. How much in orchard—age of trees— And prove your fruit can never freeze.

What you can always raise to eat— And if you're near the county seat. The moral of this little tale, Is, when you've anything for sale, You shouldn't hesitate to tell it! A little ad herein will sell it! —Orchard and Farm

A TONIC

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic restores Energy and Vitality by Purifying and Enriching the Blood. When you feel its strengthening, invigorating effect, see how it brings color to the cheeks and how it improves the appetite, you will then appreciate its true tonic value. Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is simply Iron and Quinine suspended in syrup. So pleasant even children like it. The blood needs QUININE to Purify it and IRON to Enrich it. Destroys Malarial germs and Grip germs by its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. 60c.

DODSON KILLING CALOMEL HABIT

Don't sicken or salivate yourself or paralyze your sensitive liver by taking calomel which is quicksilver. Your dealer sells each bottle of pleasant, harmless "Dodson's Liver Tone" under an ironclad, money-back guarantee that it regulates the liver, stomach and bowels better than calomel without making you sick—15 million bottles sold.

5 ACRES FOR \$50

Section-4, Block B-20, one mile from drilling contract; has been cut into 5-acre tracts, which will be sold at \$50 each.

D. A. DODDS, PECOS

H. & G. N. RY. LANDS FOR SALE IN REEVES COUNTY

Surveys Nos. 45, 47, 53, 55, E. half of 61, and 63, in Block 4; and Nos. 45; 47 and 53 in Block 5.
The surveys in these blocks are situated from 5 to 8 miles from Pecos City, in the arroyo belt of the Pecos River country and will be sold only in whole sections.
Also, surveys No. 49 in block 6 and Nos. 9, 13 and 15 in block 7.
Also, surveys Nos. 1, 3, and 5, fronting on the Pecos River, in Reeves county, and Nos. 19 (a strip survey) Pecos county.
Also 12 surveys in block 11 and 3 surveys in block 12. None of these are river lands. All are in Pecos county.
All these lands are under lease for oil, gas and mineral purposes and any sale of same will be made subject to such lease.
J. C. LOVE of Pecos is agent for the sale of all these lands situated in Reeves County and application should be made to him for the purchase of same.
There is no local agent for the sale of the lands in Pecos County, and parties desiring to purchase any of same should apply to the undersigned.
EUGENE CARTLEDGE, Agent and Attorney in Fact. AUSTIN, TEXAS

PEARCE BROS.
EXPERIENCED
RIG BUILDERS
GET OUR FIGURES ON COM.
PLEASURE RIGS, MATERIAL,
RIGS, IRONS, OR L.A.
OR CONTRACTS
PECOS, TEXAS
BOX 46 PHONE 69

BUSINESS DIRECTOR
CLEM CALHOUN
ATTORNEY AT LAW
SYNDICATE BUILDING
PECOS, TEXAS

HUDSON & STARLEY
LAWYERS
OFFICE IN SYNDICATE BUILDING
PECOS, TEXAS

W. W. UBBARD
LAWYER
OFFICE IN SYNDICATE BUILDING
PECOS, TEXAS

JOHN B. HOWARD
LAWYER
PECOS, TEXAS

J. A. DEANE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
OFFICE OVER PECOS VALLEY STATE BANK
PECOS, TEXAS

BEN PALMER
ATTORNEY AT LAW
OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK
BUILDING
PECOS, TEXAS

ROY L. BIGGS
LAWYER
PECOS, TEXAS
Office upstairs across street from Postoffice

J. A. DEE
MINING AND PETROLEUM
ENGINEER
REPORTS, ESTIMATES
Superintendent For Non-residents
DYAH, TEXAS

J. G. MURRAY
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND
EMBALMER
PECOS MERCANTILE COMPANY
Phone: Day 18; Night 78

MAJ. THOS. H. BOMAR
AT HOME
Corner of Sixth and Maple Streets

JOHN F. GROGAN
DRILLING CONTRACTOR
Phone 276

JOHN HILTON
PRINTER
ENTERPRISE
PECOS, TEXAS

3226,486,891.34 CLAIMS OF FORMER SERVICE MEN

FORMER SERVICE MEN

The Government has to date made a total disbursement of \$226,486,891.34 in meeting both the compensation claims of former service men disabled by reason of wounds, injuries or disease incurred in the world war...

For the month of May alone the total amount disbursed by the Bureau for compensation purposes was \$10,575,416, the monthly payments on disability compensation claims for that period amounting to \$9,145,288...

The increase in the number of claims filed with the Bureau has exceeded any estimate. The number of claims filed from the inception of the Bureau to May 1919 was 209,700 while on June 1, 1921, the number in file was 631,980 showing an increase during that period of 422,280.

MORE MALES THAN FEMALES IN TEXAS

Washington, June 26.—There are 6.9 per cent more males in Texas than females, according to a division of the population announced by the Bureau of the Census. The number of males, according to the 1920 enumeration in Texas, was 2,409,224, while the females numbered 2,254.

The number of women, compared with men, in Oklahoma has steadily decreased during the last thirty years. The last enumeration revealed 1,058,044 males and 970,239 females, or an excess of males of 9 per cent.

Excess of Males is 4 Per Cent.

For Continental United States the number of males was 59,900,376 and females 51,810,244, or an excess of 4 per cent in males. For the last 100 years the ratio has been about the same, the highest excess for males having been in 1910, when it was 6 per cent and the lowest in 1910, when it was 2.2 per cent.

BIG WOOL SALE TO HELP WEST TEXANS

San Angelo, June 27.—One hundred and fifty sheepmen in a half dozen or more West Texas counties, tributary to San Angelo, will derive benefit from the sale just made here by March Brothers of 656,000 pounds of 1921 Spring wool of 12 months' growth.

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas, County of Reeves. By virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 6th day of June, 1921, by S. C. Vaughn, District Clerk of said Court, against J. W. Alley...

Tract No. 1: The Northwest one-quarter of Section No. 128, Blk. No. 13, H. & C. N. R. Co., containing 40 acres more or less, together with all water rights belonging to same.

(Legal Advertisements)

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas, County of Reeves. By virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 7th day of June, 1921, by the Clerk thereof, in the case of W. D. Hudson versus J. Clark...

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas, County of Reeves. By virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 7th day of June, 1921, by the Clerk thereof, in the case of S. W. Pearce and R. H. Pearce, a co-partnership firm, doing business as Pearce Brothers, versus C. H. Willoughby, Trustee for Pecos Natural Oil Co. and Toyah Bell Oil Co.

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas, County of Reeves. By virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 9th day of May, 1921, by the Clerk of said Court against the unknown heirs of M. Brown and Mrs. M. Brown for the sum of Fifteen Dollars and Twenty-six Cents (\$15.26) and costs of suit, in cause No. 2114 in said Court, styled The Town of Pecos City versus the unknown heirs of M. Brown and Mrs. M. Brown...

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas, County of Reeves. By virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 9th day of May, 1921, by the Clerk of said Court against the unknown heirs of M. Brown and Mrs. M. Brown for the sum of Fifteen Dollars and Twenty-six Cents (\$15.26) and costs of suit, in cause No. 2114 in said Court, styled The Town of Pecos City versus the unknown heirs of M. Brown and Mrs. M. Brown...

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SHERIFF'S SALE

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SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas, County of Reeves. By virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 9th day of May, 1921, by the Clerk of said Court against the unknown heirs of M. Brown and Mrs. M. Brown for the sum of Fifteen Dollars and Twenty-six Cents (\$15.26) and costs of suit, in cause No. 2114 in said Court, styled The Town of Pecos City versus the unknown heirs of M. Brown and Mrs. M. Brown...

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned, W. W. Hubbard, acting under and in pursuance of the authority vested in him by virtue of the certain chattel mortgage given by the Texoland Syndicate, a Trust Estate, to the Armstrong Manufacturing Company, a corporation, executed and delivered May 15, 1920, and duly registered in Chattel Mortgage Register, Vol. 7, page 394, the said Armstrong Manufacturing Company having heretofore for value sold, transferred and assigned said mortgage and the promissory notes therein described to W. A. Chastain, the present legal owner and holder of same, and as substitute for said Armstrong Manufacturing Company under written appointment by said W. A. Chastain, which said appointment the said W. A. Chastain was by the provisions of said mortgage duly authorized to make in the event said company failed to act according to the said provisions and the said company having so failed to act...

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas, County of Reeves. By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 6th day of June, 1921, by the Clerk thereof, in the case of Pecos Land Company versus C. B. King No. 2136, and to me, as Sheriff directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell, within the hours prescribed by law for sheriff's sales, on the first Tuesday in July, 1921, it being the fifth (5th) day of said month, before the court house door of said Reeves County, in the City of Pecos, the following described real property, to-wit:

All of block No. fifteen (15), in West Park Addition to the town of Pecos City, Texas, and containing twelve lots, numbers one to twelve (1 to 12), inclusive, in said Reeves County, Texas, according to a map or plat of said addition of record in the Deed Records of Reeves County, Texas. Levied on, on the 6th day of June, 1921, as the property of C. B. King, to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$1395.09, in favor of Pecos Land Company and costs of suit.

(Legal Advertisements)

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas, County of Reeves. By virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 1st day of June, 1921, by the Clerk of said Court against Walter K. Perkins for the sum of One thousand five hundred seventy-six and 12/100 (\$1576.12) Dollars and costs of suit, in cause No. 1363 in said Court, styled Alphonso K. Klob, et al. versus Walter K. Perkins and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, did, on the 7th day of June, 1921, levy on certain real estate, situated in Reeves County, described as follows, to-wit:

SHERIFF'S SALE

All of Section No. 9, Twp. 8, in Block No. 50, T. & P. Co. survey, in Reeves County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said Walter K. Perkins. And on Tuesday the 5th day of July 1921, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the town of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of ten A. M. and four P. M. I will sell said real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said Walter K. Perkins by virtue of said levy and order of sale.

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas, County of Reeves. By virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 23rd day of December, 1920, by the Town of Pecos City of said county against The Pecos Land Company for the sum of Eleven Hundred Ninety-three 07/100 (\$1193.07) Dollars and costs of suit, in cause No. 2061 in said Court, styled The Town of Pecos City, Texas, versus The Pecos Land Company and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, did on the 9th day of June, 1921 levy on certain real estate, situated in Reeves County, described as follows, to-wit:

Blks. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16 and Lots No. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16, in Blk. 9, and Lots Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16 in Blk. 10 all in Clark Addition to the town of Pecos, Texas.

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas, County of Reeves. By virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 7th day of June, 1921, by the Clerk of said Court against E. C. Lamb, for the sum of Seven thousand three hundred eighty-four & 66/100 (\$7,384.66) dollars and costs of suit, in cause No. 2106 in said court, styled Jim Camp versus E. C. Lamb, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, did, on the 7th day of June, 1921, levy on certain Real Estate, situated in Reeves County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit:

SHERIFF'S SALE

All of lots Nos. ten (10) and eleven (11), in block No. fourteen (14), in the original town of Pecos City, Texas, according to a map or plat of said town of record in t' e Deed Records of Reeves county, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said E. C. Lamb. And on Tuesday, the 5th day of July, 1921, at the Court House door of Reeves county, in the State of Texas, between the hours of ten a. m. and four p. m. I will sell said real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said E. C. Lamb, by virtue of said levy and order of sale.

SHERIFF'S SALE

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in The Enterprise, a newspaper published in Reeves County, Texas.

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas, County of Reeves. By virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves county, on the 7th day of June, 1921, by the Clerk of said court against E. C. Lamb, for the sum of Seven thousand three hundred eighty-four & 66/100 (\$7,384.66) dollars and costs of suit, in cause No. 2106 in said court, styled Jim Camp versus E. C. Lamb, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, did, on the 7th day of June, 1921, levy on certain Real Estate, situated in Reeves county, Texas, described as follows, to-wit:

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State Of Texas, County of Reeves. By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the honorable District Court of Reeves county on the 6th day of June, 1921, by the Clerk thereof, in the case of Pecos Land Company versus C. B. King No. 2136, and to me, as Sheriff directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell, within the hours prescribed by law for sheriff's sales, on the first Tuesday in July, 1921, it being the fifth (5th) day of said month, before the court house door of said Reeves county, in the City of Pecos, the following described real property, to-wit:

All of block No. fifteen (15), in West Park Addition to the town of Pecos City, Texas, and containing twelve lots, numbers one to twelve (1 to 12), inclusive, in said Reeves county, Texas, according to a map or plat of said addition of record in the Deed Records of Reeves county, Texas. Levied on, on the 6th day of June, 1921, as the property of C. B. King, to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$1395.09, in favor of Pecos Land Company and costs of suit.

(Legal Advertisements)

PUBLIC NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership between T. H. Beauchamp, O. J. Green, R. N. Couch, J. B. Sullivan, Chas. Fitzgerald, S. M. Prewit, John Wendt, J. H. Price, E. L. Collings, H. C. Zimmer, R. F. Grissom and D. T. McKee was dissolved on the 28th day of May, 1921, by the mutual consent of all of said partners, said partners were conducting business under the firm name of Union Gin Company, and having incorporated said company under the same name, and as incorporated the business will be conducted as a corporation with O. J. Green as President and T. H. Beauchamp as Vice President, and with the following board of directors: O. J. Green, Chas Fitzgerald, H. C. Zimmer, R. N. Couch and J. B. Sullivan.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO INCORPORATE THE UNION GIN COMPANY.

To Whom It May Concern: Notice is hereby given that T. H. Beauchamp, O. J. Green, R. N. Couch, J. B. Sullivan, Chas. Fitzgerald, S. M. Prewit, John Wendt, J. H. Price, E. L. Collings, H. C. Zimmer, R. F. Grissom and D. T. McKee, composing the partnership known as Union Gin Company, intend to incorporate without change of the firm name, 30 days after this 1st day of June, A. D. 1921.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO INCORPORATE THE UNION GIN COMPANY.

To Whom It May Concern: Notice is hereby given that T. H. Beauchamp, O. J. Green, R. N. Couch, J. B. Sullivan, Chas. Fitzgerald, S. M. Prewit, John Wendt, J. H. Price, E. L. Collings, H. C. Zimmer, R. F. Grissom, D. T. McKee, Partners.

ARTHUR E. HAYS THE PECOS OIL MAN Phone 44 Office Upstairs in First National Bank Building I have moved and am now prepared to serve you better than ever in OIL AND GAS LEASES FOR IRRIGATED FARMS AND REAL ESTATE SEE ME!

MRS. D. A. DODDS LANDS AND OIL AND GAS LEASES—FIVE ACRES TO FIVE HUNDRED ACRES MRS. D. A. DODDS PECOS, TEXAS THE ENTERPRISE CLASSIFIED ADS GET RESULTS.

EFFICIENCY The word efficiency is yet in its infancy. Only within the last few years has it been used to any extent. It was first applied when it was discovered that a particular workman could do a job, not only better than the average man, but could do it in less time with a greater degree of accuracy. Skill, speed and accuracy are responsible for the coining of this word efficiency, and they are made possible through the employment of the latest types of machinery. TWO WAYS OF DOING A THING THE NEW WAY THE OLD WAY When printing was done by hand it required six times as much time as by machinery. Type was laid in cases, became worn, the printing surface scratched; rules were bent, nicked and battered and in a few months the office could not possibly do first-class work. Neither could they afford to buy new. The Linotype has done away with this method. REASONS FOR QUALITY PRINTING THE two Linotype machines in THE ENTERPRISE office are capable of handling any work that falls to them in the shortest possible time—with no exceptions. The now Model 14 is one of the best equipped machines in the State—this is fact. Without the machines we would have to employ four times as much labor, our floor space increased and additional rent; we could not give you new material with every job; our methods of production much slower, but everyone knows the difference between machine and hand work—it is a short story: Either the hand work costs you much more or the job is done in a hazardous way to meet the low price of the machine work. THE ENTERPRISE has the only machines in the county and the best skilled workmen on the market.

OVER 600 FEET OIL IN TROXEL WELL

Your Opportunity—

2 1-2 ACRE LOTS, well located, at \$100 each, IN FEE—YOU ABSOLUTELY OWN ALL OF IT. Terms: \$25.00 Cash, Balance, 30, 60, 90 days.

IT'S YOUR MOVE—SHOOT 5 Year Lease, 160 Acres, \$10 per Acre Want Drilling Contract On Close-in

Section, on Cottonwood Draw

R. C. WARN, PECOS, TEXAS

OIL DEVELOPMENT IN STOCKTON FIELD

Fort Stockton Pioneer. J. W. Grant, manager of the Grant Oil corporation, jumped business cares for a brief time and is spending a vacation period in the east. Harve Bordner, connected with the drilling of a 1,600-foot well on the Sherbino ranch, section 55, block C4, G. C. & S. F. railway survey, came in from San Angelo this week.

The Pinal Dome Oil company, operating a standard rig on the Devlin ranch, section 208, Burleson survey, has made hole to the depth of 1,670 feet and is now drilling in a salt stratum.

The Twin Cities Oil & Gas company, with a standard rig on the Kokernot ranch, southeast of Fort Stockton, is working in a granite-like rock impregnated with pyrites or iron, the bit being down around 2,225 feet. The drilling is exceedingly hard, with only about 12 inches of hole made during a tour.

Harry Odneal, live-wire oil lease broker, consummated the sale of an oil lease of the Livingston ranch to Fort Worth parties this week. The deal, involving 10,240 acres, is of some magnitude, and is encouraging in that it goes to show that the Fort Stockton field is going to receive a strong play for oil in every part of the country.

The Polk Prospecting company working with a national machine, quarter-mile south of the Grant Oil corporation shallow wells, section 18, block 140, T. & St. L. railway survey, has made hole to the depth of 1,060 feet, and the showings are such that manager Mason feels confident that the company has an oil well in the making.

The positive assurance was received this week that Fort Worth parties will arrange for the drilling of three wells in the Fort Stockton field, work to start very shortly. The information is deemed absolutely reliable, but the authority requests the holding of definite details until the operators arrive on the ground and perfect the closing of certain matters.

Ed Richey, the general manager of the brokerage firm, W. E. Richey & Co., returned this week from a business trip that embraced San Antonio, Houston and Fort Worth. "Business conditions show signs of general improvement," says Richey, "and things in the Fort Stockton field may be expected to move in a very pleasing way in the course of three or four months."

An unverified statement rife is that the Atchison Oil company, which made a lease on the Sachse ranch some time ago, is coming into the field with a standard rig preparatory to making a 4,000-foot test. The Atchison company is well convinced that oil is in the Fort Stockton field in abundance, and while the company's manager and geologist were both disappointed in their failure to get oil at a shallow depth they are not the least bit worried regarding the ultimate ending of their operations in this field, it is surmised, else they would not be arranging to put down a deep test.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Baptists	2	1	667
Christians	1	1	500
Methodist	1	2	333

The Baptists took the lead in the second round of games in the church league by taking the Methodists to hand by the tune of 6 to 5, in a close game Thursday night. Oren Hicks was on the box for the water-hounds while Pruett and Wadley performed for the sprinklers.

The Baptists and Christians clash next Thursday evening.

The score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Baptists	1	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	6	9	6
Methodists	0	1	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	5	8	6

Umpires, Vogles and Tudor.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, 30c. (Advertisement)

Go to El Paso to celebrate the 4th and see the valley.

PECOS ABSTRACT CO.

WARN BUILDING. An Abstract of Title is of value, unless you can RELY on it.

Our Abstracts Be Relied

PECOS CITY, Opposite First Nat.

1921

Will your funds be protected during 1921? They will if deposited in this bank — a State Guaranty Fund bank.

The non-interest bearing and unsecured deposits of this bank are protected by the State of Texas State Bank Guaranty Fund.

THE PECOS VALLEY STATE BANK

GUARANTY FUND BANK
Member Federal Reserve Bank

PRUETT LUMBER CO.

Twenty-five years experience in Pecos should give us an idea about how to supply your wants. We are always on the job. Lumber prices have hit the bottom. Now is the time to get ready for the next oil boom which is expected daily.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDING MATERIALS.



Takes the nervous strain out of Dressmaking

Have you sometimes had to rip out a carefully sewed seam and do the work all over again?
Have you ever taken sleeves out and put them in again three or four times before they were right? Many women have.
Have you bothered over a collar, trying to make it right until you wished you had never started the garment?
Have you fussed over revers, trying to attach them right and make the right connection with the collar?
You need the Deltor, the Butterick invention that has revolutionized dressmaking.
The DELTOR takes the nervous strain out of dressmaking.
It tells you explicitly what to do and how to do it.
It leaves nothing to chance from the moment of laying the pieces on the goods for cutting, all through the putting together and up to the last finishing touch.

THE DELTOR

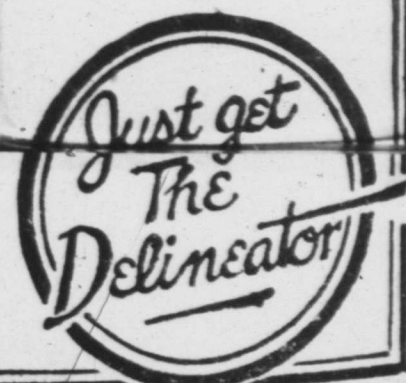
is simply a picture-story of each step in making a garment.
It covers cutting, putting together and finishing.
It is prepared for each new Butterick pattern and enclosed in the envelope with the pattern.
It shows how to lay out each piece of the pattern on whatever width goods you use.
It guards against cutting any piece on the wrong grain of the cloth.
And with the pieces cut, its directions for putting together are so plain, clearly shown, so carefully worked out, that collars and revers and sleeves and everything else go together in a way that seems like magic.
Only it isn't magic but accuracy, perfect planning, simply followed out by you.

The DELTOR has eliminated all risk. It means wonderful economy in the cost of your clothes.
It means style — style that reflects the last word of fashion — style carried out with a note of authority that stamps the garment instantly for its up-to-date character.
It means the lovely French finish for everything you make, as the Deltor carefully explains just how to get that matchless French effect in finishing—special directions for every pattern.

The Deltor is furnished exclusively with Butterick Patterns
Ask at our Butterick counter

PECOS MERCANTILE COMPANY

Agents for Butterick Patterns with the Deltor



PERSONAL

B. Lofton left last Friday for Abilene. The family will follow later.

J. G. Love of the Pecos Valley State Bank was shaking hands with friends in town Monday. Jack is looking fine, thank you, and will soon be down town regularly to boost Pecos and her people. The entire town will hail the day when the above comes true and will give him a real reception.

Jesse Williams of Saragosa was in Pecos this week on business.

Will Miller and wife from El Paso are here visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Miller this week.

Mrs. Lillian Butler and little son, David, went up to El Paso last week for a few days visit returning home Thursday with Rev. and Mrs. Joe Hedgepeth and party.

Mrs. J. O. McMillian left last week for her home at Clovis, after a visit of several weeks to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Otto.

W. F. Stephen carried his family via automobile to the home of Mrs. Stephen's parents at Tokio last week where they will spend the summer. Mr. Stephen returned the latter part of the week.

Rev. and Mrs. Joe Hedgepeth and son of Pomona, California and Mrs. Hedgepeth, mother of Rev. Joe of Phoenix, Arizona, arrived Thursday via automobile for a visit to Mrs. Hedgepeth's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Pruett and family. Bro. Joe was once pastor of the Methodist church here and was very much loved, not only by the membership of his church, but by the people generally and the return visits of Rev. and Mrs. Hedgepeth are looked forward to by their friends and the friends of the Pruett family with many happy anticipations of renewed acquaintance.

W. W. Camp was in El Paso the latter part of last week on business, returning home Sunday morning. Mr. Camp says the way the banks are demanding the cattlemen to kick in with borrowed money is going to put many of them to the wall. "The \$50,000,000 to be loaned to the stockmen for present relief will come about as near filling the demands in order to save the stockmen and will go about as far as would a birds egg towards filling the City Pharmacy" says Mr. Camp.

C. W. Goedeke one of our prominent stockmen, came in Wednesday from a business trip to El Paso and left Thursday, with his daughter who had been visiting Pecos friends, for the ranch. Charlie stays so close to the ranch nowadays that he is almost a stranger in Pecos.

Nora Hines and Ione K. Krauskopf left Wednesday to visit relatives at Cisco.

S. M. Leeman, son of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Leeman, came in last week for a visit with his parents. He has until recently been connected with a newspaper at Comanche, Oklahoma.

Mrs. W. W. Runnels and children, Virginia and Robert, returned this week from a most delightful visit of a month to a sister of W. W. at Texarkana.

Ed Vickers has been seriously ill from an attack of acute indigestion for the past week, but is slightly improving this morning.

Mrs. L. L. Hoefs and sons, R. D. and Ralph, left this morning for Long Beach, and other places in California. Mrs. Hoefs has quite a number of friends there and hopes to be able to remain several months for the benefit of R. D., also a much needed rest herself and for "Fatty Arbuckle's" pleasure.

There appears to be a sort of epidemic of dysentery among the smaller children of Pecos. The little son of Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Palmer is very low with this disease. Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Hicks also have a child ill with the same complaint.

Dr. W. B. Lynd expects to leave soon for Los Angeles, his home, to spend the summer months. He left today for Ranger on business and will go from there to other points in Texas including Dallas. He will return to Pecos the latter part of next week and spend a few days here before going on to California.

FURTHER REDUCTION IN PAY EXPECTED

Chicago, June 27.—Extension today of its wage reduction order, effective July 1, to practically every large railroad in the country, by the United States Railroad Labor Board, will make a reality of the estimated \$400,000,000 annual saving expected when the board's 12 per cent cut is applied to all employes on all railroads. The decision was drawn up as an addenda to the wage reduction order of June 1.

No change from the average 12 per cent reduction granted 104 carriers on June 1 was made. The board's order covered 210 roads, and involved all classes of employes on virtually every railroad known as a class 1 carrier, which was not included in the board's original reduction order. The class 1 group includes every big road in the country.

Change in Marine Pay.
The only change in the rates of reduction made by today's decision was in the case of railroad marine workers.

Rates established for these employes included the following:
New Orleans: Captains, \$200; pilots, \$200; mates, \$120; chief engineers, \$195; assistant engineers, \$170; firemen, \$111.50; deck hands \$106.50; water tenders, \$116.50; oilers, \$95.

Natchez, Miss: Chief masters, \$185; masters \$161.80; engineers, \$154; car checkers, \$89; firemen, \$3.60 a day; tug deck hands, \$3.25 a day; coal passers, \$3.10 a day; watchmen, \$3.20 a day.

Immediately following the announcement of the board's wage cut on June 1, roads from every section of the country poured in their applications to the Labor Board for authority to make similar reductions. A hearing set for June 6, included a total of 164 roads and in the next two weeks sixty-one more submissions were made and included a hearing for June 20. A few roads which had not included all classes of employes in their first petitions for reductions came in with the remaining classes in the last hearing.

Roads Cover All Employes.
Many of the roads which asked reductions for only part of their employes at the original hearing in May came back with applications to cover all employes in these later hearings.

While no definite returns have been announced from the referendum being taken by all the railroad unions or acceptance or rejection of the 12 per cent cut, it was expected that conferences here on July 1 would agree to accept the board's decision without any interruption of traffic.

TUBERCULOSIS CAUSED BY WAR WILL BE FELT IN 1924

Austin, Texas.—The greatest loss to the Nation from tuberculosis caused by the war will be felt in 1924, said Dr. F. C. Smith of the U. S. Public Health Service in an address at the Annual meeting of the National Tuberculosis Association held recently in New York.

Within the next three years, he said, approximately 50,000 will have received treatment for the disease.

Of 133,716 ex-service men who have been sent as patients to the hospitals since the War Risk Act was passed, 35,150 were tuberculous, said Dr. Smith. Half of these had been under treatment since March, 1919, in hospitals owned or controlled by the Public Health Service.

David R. Lyman, M. D., urged that something be done to remove the limitations under which the Public Health Service is struggling at present. He said that it was a habit of

fortunately no one was injured. expediency and not national welfare the basis of appointments to positions of importance. The overwhelming amount of paper work required in government service and the interdepartmental dickerings at Washington hindered their service.

The greatest hinderance to the successful execution of the plans of the Public Health Service are first, untrained Medical Staff, second, an almost total lack of co-operation from the men themselves, third, the failure of the public at large to understand the real nature of the problem.