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AND PECOS TIMES

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TO INSPECT DAVIS MOUNTAINS PARK

Pecos will have an opportunity to bring to the attention of the world the numerous opportunities of this area when Lieutenant Governor Lynch Davison, heading a committee from the house and senate of the State Legislature and a party of newspapermen visit here enroute to inspect the proposed sites for a State Park in the Davis Mountains within the next three weeks.

Both the senate and the house put their approval on the state park plan during the last week when they passed the resolution presented by Representative W. W. Stewart of this district authorizing the appointment of a joint committee to visit the site and report at the next session of the legislature regarding the feasibility and the advisability of the state park plan.

The resolutions were adopted without opposition on the floor of either chamber, and in response to a state-wide demand occasioned when the beauties of the Davis Mountain country were placed before the people of the state by means of the publicity campaign waged by the Pecos Chamber of Commerce in co-operation with the recently organized Davis Mountain State Park Committee.

"In the opinion of those who have engineered the movement there is no doubt but that the passage of these resolutions by the state legislature presages the establishment of a state park," Secretary Walter N. Sutherland of the Pecos Chamber of Commerce, said, on his return from a meeting of the committee at Fort Davis on Wednesday. "They feel that the resolutions sending the committees to this section means that the plan will be carried out providing the committee makes a favorable report, and no one who has visited the mountains doubts for a minute but that the report will be favorable."

"The results for Pecos, Balmorhea and the surrounding country will be far reaching, and one of the best will be that the attention of the remainder of Texas and much of the United States will be attracted to this section of the country for years and years to come following the establishment of the park. Pecos being on the Bankhead Highway will, when the highway is completed, be on the main route to the park, and aside from benefiting from the trade of the many tourists who will visit the park, will by having the country and opportunities, better known to the interests who are able to finance the various development projects here, be able to interest these people in the projects and develop the country."

"The establishment of a park in the Davis Mountains will undoubtedly increase the population of the Toyah Valley country and by building up that territory will extend the trade area of the Pecos supply houses."

Preparations for the entertainment of the distinguished visitors from the legislature who will be accompanied by a number of newspaper correspondents, are in the hands of a committee appointed at the Fort Davis meeting on Wednesday. This committee will meet in Fort Davis again next Wednesday, when it is expected that a date will have been set for the visit. The resolutions passed by the legislature stipulated that the visit should be made before September 1. Members of this committee are: Judge Merrill, Fort Davis, chairman; J. M. Fauncey, Alpine; J. C. Organ, Marfa; Walter N. Sutherland, Pecos; and William Rooney, Fort Stockton.

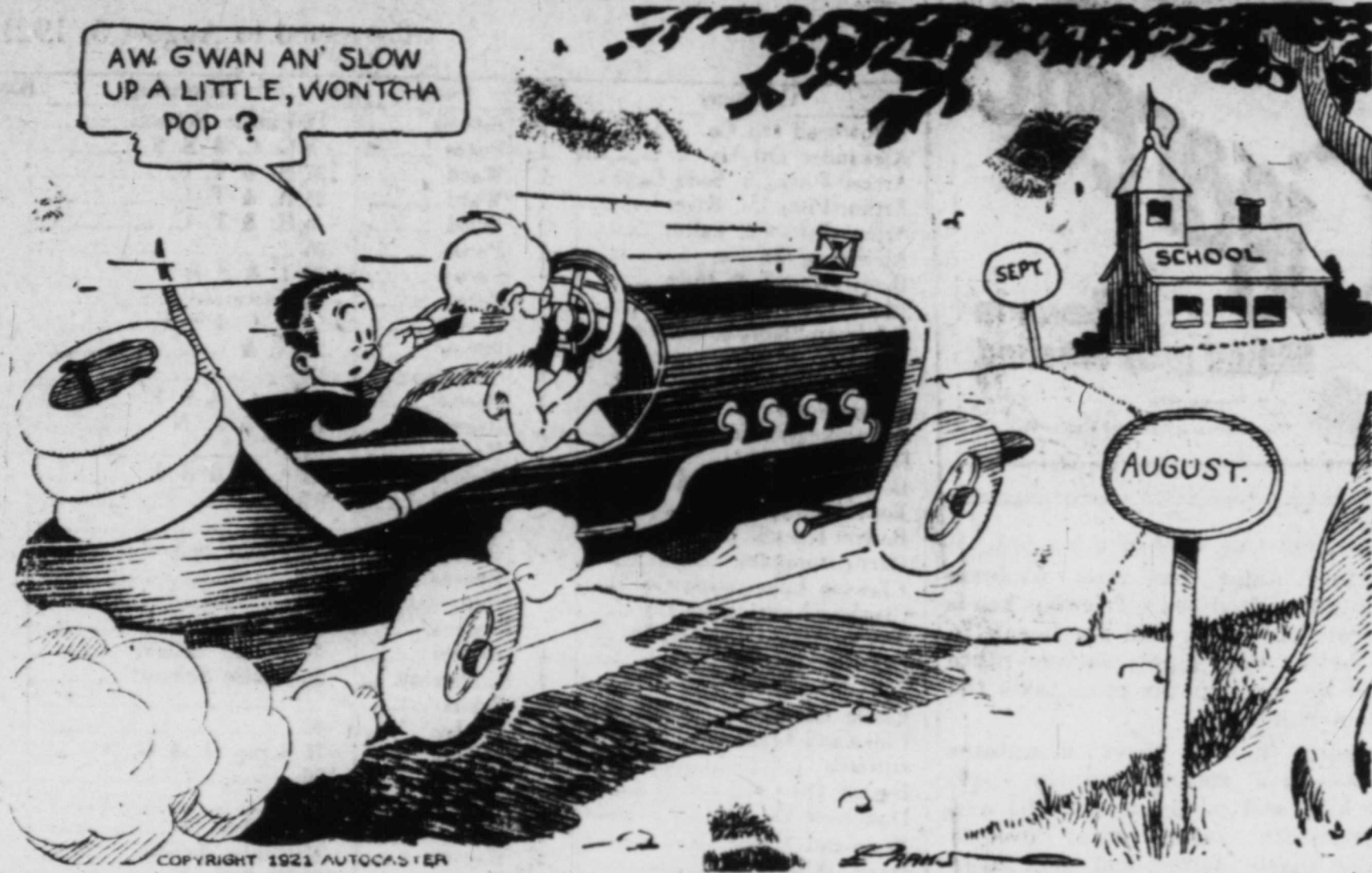
Tentative arrangements made at a short meeting of the committee at Fort Davis contemplate the arrival of the visitors at Pecos, from where they will be taken to Balmorhea and then to the mountains, probably visiting the Maderia Canyon on the Kingston ranch first, then paying visits to the Big and Little Ajuga Canyons, and then following a route through the Limpia canyon to the points of interest in the vicinity of Fort Davis and beyond.

The members of the party will probably board trains at Alpine for their homes. The plans of the committee in charge is not to select any particular site for the park, but to show the legislators and newspaper men the mountains as a whole and let them pass on the question of whether it is advisable to establish such a park. Then the committee can recommend to the house that appropriations be made sufficient in amount to provide for the purchase of as big an area as is thought necessary and provide for the selection of a site and for the upkeep of the park.

The park in the view of the committee should be located in the widest and most picturesque section of the park which is easily approached from all sides, and must be located on land which the owner will be willing to dispose of to the state.

It is pointed out that this offers an opportunity for some of the families of the mountains to establish a perpetual monument to their family name, as a gift of a park site, could

GOSH, WHAT A SPEED DEMON!!



undoubtedly assure the park carrying the name of the donor.

Present plans contemplate a park of from fifty to one hundred thousand acres.

Wild game now in the mountains would be preserved for future generations by means of the plan, for the state would establish a game preserve in the park area and cooperate with the ranchmen in prohibiting the indiscriminate hunting in the mountains to which many of the ranchmen rightfully object.

The members of the visiting committee will be treated with a real camping trip according to present plans of the committee members. This body contemplate having a chuck wagon to precede the party to the various camping grounds, and have the camp established for noon and night by the time the sight-seers arrive at the point.

Automobiles will be needed to carry the visitors from the various points of interest, and on the sight-seeing trips, although it is contemplated that some of the points will be visited by the party while on horseback. The present quota from Pecos is four automobiles, and Secretary Sutherland would be glad to hear from any local people who would be glad to go on the trip, and who would provide a car for the visiting party.

Delegations from Marfa, Alpine and Balmorhea attended the meeting in addition to the group from Pecos. No one was present from Fort Stockton or Pecos county, but that county was represented on the Executive Committee it was decided to include a representative from that point on the committee.

Judge James F. Ross, vice-chairman of the executive committee, presided in the absence of the chairman, Representative W. W. Stewart, who was at Austin. Others from Pecos were: T. Y. Casey, L. W. Anderson, Brawley Oats and W. N. Sutherland. The trip was made in Mr. Oats' car.

JULIUS EISENWINE BONATES FATTED CALF

This (Friday) afternoon those of the Christian church and other friends will enjoy eating the fatted calf at the ranch home of Julius Eisenwine. Mr. Eisenwine accosted the editor Monday morning and informed him that he (Eisenwine) "had donated a beef to the Christian church" and that they would consume same at his place Friday, also extending a cordial invitation to the editor and family to be present.

Julius Eisenwine does not possess the largest herd of cattle in the state but what he has are good ones—this year he has added to his herd ten registered Hereford bulls—and there is not a stockman in Texas with a bigger herd or more generous.

The members of the Christian church will furnish every other edible to make this affair one of the most elaborate of any held this season. The editor hopes some one will offer the Enterprise family a seat to this occasion.

CHANGE IN T. & P.

OFFICE FORCE

R. H. White, formerly ticket clerk at the Texas and Pacific station has been promoted to the position of cashier to take the place of James E. Cox, resigned, and Jimmie Ross is now holding the situation formerly held by Mr. White.

Jim Cox is a splendid bookkeeper and thoroughly understands the work to which he had been assigned and his many Pecos friends are sorry that he will be missed. It is hoped he will secure a situation which will not necessitate his removal from Pecos.

TENNIS TOURNAMENT IN PECOS

Battling for every point F. A. Bailey and Hinton Blackshere of El Paso won the honors in the doubles of the Pecos tennis tournament by winning three out of five sets from W. H. Browning and Walter Browning of Pecos on Saturday.

The El Paso visitors also wrenched the honors in the singles tourney from the Browning brothers, and after each winning a set in the finals, play was stopped because of the hard playing in other games during the day, and it was agreed that the two El Paso men could decide the supremacy in the remaining three games on the El Paso courts.

The battle for honors in the doubles attracted the greatest attention during the tournament, and the El Paso players were forced to the limit in order to carry away the prize, the score of the sets failing to express the relative abilities of the two teams. Time and time again duce was reached during the play and it was only the greater practice of the visitors that enabled them to carry away the numbers of games they won. Walter Browning in particular played a wonderful game.

Players were here from Carlsbad, Barstow and El Paso in addition to the Pecos players, the teams from Midland and Roswell and Hagerman failing to appear. The early rounds were played Friday and the four players who participated in the finals early showed that they stood well above the average of the other players. Many closely played games resulted in the early rounds the battle between Manahan of Pecos and Dyer of Barstow being particularly close, twenty games being necessary to decide the set which was finally carried off by Manahan by the score of 11 to 9.

The playing was enjoyed by good galleries, although the heat of the day kept a number of spectators from remaining for the whole series.

The results of the game follow:

Doubles.
Finals—Bailey and Blackshere vs. Browning and Browning, 6-1, 6-4, 2-6, 4-6, 6-4.

Semi-finals—Browning and Browning vs. Manahan and Wolfe, 6-3, 6-3. Bailey and Blackshere vs. Kerr and Roberson, 6-1, 6-0.

Second round—Bailey and Blackshere vs. Beck and Tudor, 6-2, 6-0. Bailey and Blackshere vs. Braak and Hicks, 6-3, 6-2. Manahan and Wolfe, vs. Midland team, default; Kerr and Roberson, vs. McAlpin & Palmer, default.

First round—Browning, vs. Morris & Perry, 6-1, 6-3. All other in first round by default.

Semi-finals—Hinton Blackshere, vs. Walter Browning 6-0, 6-4. A. A. Bailey vs. W. H. Browning, Jr., 6-0, 5-1.

Third round—Walter Browning, vs. Dave Tudor, 6-4, 6-0. Blackshere vs. Vernon Hicks, 6-0, 6-1. Bailey, vs. Braak, 6-2, 6-2. W. H. Browning, Jr., vs. Putnam Barstow, 6-3, 6-3.

Second round—Blackshere vs. Charles Manahan, 6-2, 6-0. Bailey vs. Morris, 6-2, 6-4. Braak vs. Hugh Roberson, 6-1, 6-1. Barstow vs. Monroe Kerr, 6-2, 6-0. Others winner by bytes and default.

First round—Blackshere vs. Wolf, 6-2, 6-2. Manahan vs. Dyers, 6-4, 11-9. Morris, vs. Beck, 6-2, 6-2. Bailey vs. Perry, 6-1, 6-0.

MRS. BEN RANDALS LOSER BROTHER

Mr. Ben Randals received a message Sunday morning announcing the death of her brother, Walton C. Smith, at his home in Washington, D. C. Mrs. Randals is a member of the Navy yards at Washington. The Enterprise extends sympathy to Mrs. Randals and family.

RODEO AT PECOS AUGUST 25 AND 26

Albert Cooksey informs The Enterprise that he is getting things shaped up for the Rodeo at Pecos on August 25 and 26 and that the prospects look good for the very best time yet.

Among the sports to be engaged in will be steer roping, steer riding, calf branding, goat roping, racing, etc. Albert says the boys are getting ready for the occasion and will be here from all over.

Watch The Enterprise for further announcements for Albert, who is assisting in ramrodding the affair promises the Enterprise a program and other data important to the public, which is now being worked out.

BALMORHEA BUDGET

Our little village was visited again Wednesday morning by the fire demon, and this time the Balmorhea Auto Company was consumed. Six cars were in the garage, besides the like stock of tires and accessories carried by Perry Wagon in connection with the Balmorhea Auto Company which was owned by A. L. Vanderen. The building was the property of B. W. Vanderen, and we understand that the property loss will run between eight and ten thousand dollars. We also learn that there was no insurance, except on one auto, a Mitchell Six, owned by Mr. McCormack, who was here on a visit to his son, editor C. B. McCormack, who had a thousand dollar policy on his car. This was one of the largest and best garages in this section, and the loss was very heavy on all concerned.

Mrs. J. B. Cortez, wife of Dr. Cortez, died Friday night and was buried in the City cemetery Saturday. The entire community extends sympathy to the bereaved ones.

The farmers of the Valley have about completed the third cutting of alfalfa, and unless some can be moved soon they are going to have to buy additional ground on which to stack this year's product, as most of them have their product, as most of them over their fields. Price still low and no demand, but it is believed that it will get better soon.

Crenshaw Brothers of Saragosa are erecting a nice building on North Canal Street, and we understand will put in an up-to-date restaurant, and cold drink stand.

Several new barns are in the course of construction and nearing completion in the Valley, among them are the ones being erected by W. W. Stewart, A. C. Schreyer and Perry Wagon.

Madame Rumor has it that the wedding bells are going to jingle in the Davis Mountains before many moons, when one of our prominent young ranchmen, and a neighboring ranchman's daughter will be united in marriage.

Several of our citizens went over to Fort Davis Wednesday to be present at the joint meeting of the State Park Association which was to convene there to discuss the further possibilities of the State Park.

O. J. NORWOOD RETURNS FROM EASTERN MARKET

O. T. Norwood, buyer for the Pecos Bargain House, who has just returned from the markets in the east, says Pecos is still the best little town on the map. On his return he stopped off in Wichita Falls to bring his family home who had been visiting in that section since he went to market, and says that town is even dearer than Pecos so far as the mercantile trading is concerned. He also says that the market for goods which will be here in due time and which will be marked down

WELLS SUCCESSFULLY MUD IN AND RESUME OPERATIONS

A ninety-two foot derrick has been erected in eastern Ward county by Tom Cook, of Wichita Falls and Duncan, Okla., and drilling with the big rotary rig is expected to start within the next few days. A water well has been drilled by the side of the derrick to furnish water for the operation.

Other drilling operations in that vicinity have shown that a red clay bed nearly 1,000 feet in thickness may be expected in that locality and rapid time is expected to be made through this formation. The government geological experts are also planning to watch the operations of this well closely because of the numerous potash discoveries in the Pecos territory and the belief that this well is favorably located for that mineral.

The rig is on the O'Brien ranch on Section 24, Block A Gunther & Munson survey.

The mudding off process of shutting water out of the hole in the Pecos territory as recommended by government experts has proven to be the most efficient method of accomplishing this result and successful jobs of this kind have been completed during the past week by the Pinal Dome Oil Company in eastern Loving county and the Helen S. near the Bell well. Both shut offs were made at approximately 1,000 feet, and drilling operations have been resumed on both wells. Drue D. Christner of the U. S. geological survey is at the Pinal Dome well this week watching closely for additional signs of potash, as the discoveries so far made in that well indicate that the strongest deposit yet discovered in this territory will be found there. As the most shallow potash in the West Texas salt bed has been found paralleling the Pecos river Mr. Christner and other government men are anxious that a core drilling outfit be used in testing out the formations.

A mud shut off was tried in the Laura well this week and it is believed that it will prove successful. The well was being bailed out today, and when the bottom is reached the drill will be sent down to drill up the rocks that have been piled into the bottom of the hole in search of the source of the oil which has been showing on the water in this well. In order to find the approximate location of this oil the bottom of the hole was filled with rock until the oil failed to show, and this was taken as an indication that the source had been plugged by the fill in. As the

flow of water came from above this point, the casing was set between the water stratum and the oil stratum. If necessary to obtain a paying production the well may be shot.

Gas interference with the settling of mud at the bottom of the Bell No. 1 has prevented a shut off from being obtained in that well after two attempts this week, in the opinion of the crew and additional mud was put in Thursday night and will be allowed to settle until Monday. This last mud was carried to the bottom of the hole by the bit, and it is believed that it will settle sufficiently to make the hole impervious to water. If the shut off is obtained as expected the drill will be sent to the bottom on Monday and the gas formations from 1995 feet on explored.

B. J. O'Reilly of the Trans-Pecos Oil Company reports that a solid formation for 85 feet has been found in the Trans-Pecos well in Ward county after the drill had penetrated several hundred feet of runny sands, and that these sands have been shut off with 8 1/2 inch casing. It is probable that Mr. O'Reilly will endeavor to carry ten inch casing to the bottom of this hole in order to be in position to go a greater depth if necessary.

C. W. Gossert has resumed operations on his well in eastern Culberson county and is drilling at between 100 and 200 feet with his core-cutting rotary drill. A sample of the core cut from the hole, which is ten feet in diameter is on exhibition in the office of Mr. H. F. Anothony. This rotary drill instead of pulverizing the formations cuts around them and allows the formations to be brought to the top just as they are in the ground. Other Culberson county operations are reported as quiet now, although it is understood that Tom Owens is to arrange in the near future for the resumption of operations on the Owens No. 2, and that Mac Sayles, who is now in full charge of the Lewis Jones outfit, is negotiating with operators regarding work being continued on that 650 foot hole.

C. H. Willoughby is in the field this week surveying the northern part of Block 55, township one, Loving county, where it is understood he is to start operations in the near future.

After a several weeks wait for a new cable the Toyah Bell No. 2 is again drilling, the cable reaching here on Thursday and being rushed out to the well.

LEGISLATURE ORDERS INVESTIGATION OF MOUNTAIN PARK

The district has probably never had a representative who looked more to the interests of his people than does W. W. Stewart, and none who came nearer getting results. A letter from him under date of August 6th, states that "we also got the Pecos Experiment Station reinstated." The following "is a copy of the resolution passed by the house today" which shows that he is getting action toward the establishment of the Davis Mountain State Park. Mr. Stewart is the author of this resolution which passed the house as above stated and which follows:

Be it resolved by the house of representatives of the State of Texas, the senate concurring:

Whereas, a movement has been set on foot having its object the designation of a certain area lying mainly in Jeff Davis county, and embracing a number of the picturesque canyons of the Davis Mountains as a state park, and

Whereas, it is desirable that the area aforementioned be taken under state control in order that the wonderfully scenic portions of the Davis Mountains be preserved and held for the benefit of the people of the State of Texas and made accessible to them in order that they may be spared the necessity and expense of seeking recreation, health and comfort in other states, during the summer months, thus saving to the state millions of dollars annually now spent elsewhere by the people of Texas, and

Whereas, in the proposed Davis Mountain State Park area may be found the "last refuge" of the big game animals, with which the State of Texas once was well supplied, it is desirable that such area be taken under state control in order that the deer, bear, mountain sheep, mountain goat, wild turkey, blue pigeons and other game animals and birds be preserved from ruthless slaughter and ultimate extinction, and

Whereas, as a further reason that the area indicated be set aside for state park purposes and taken under state control in order that the water originating in the canyons and high plateaus of the Davis Mountains

the judicious construction of dams which will form lakes which will not only serve to add to the attractiveness of the proposed park as boating and fishing resorts but will furnish water with which to irrigate thousands of acres of fertile lands in the valley below, thus adding to the taxable wealth of the state and make homes for thousands of contented settlers, therefore be it

Resolved, that as a preliminary to the designation of the area indicated as a state park as outlined in the foregoing preamble a joint committee consisting of five (5) members of the House of Representatives, three (3) members of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the president of the Senate and the Commissioner of the General Land Office, as ex-officio members, be named to investigate the feasibility of the project by means of a trip of inspection over the proposed Davis Mountain State Park site, and be it further

Resolved, that the committee named in pursuance of this resolution make the trip of inspection and investigation of the proposed Davis Mountain State Park area as soon after the adjournment of this special session of the Legislature as possible, and not later than Sept. 1, 1921, and be prepared to render its report to the first subsequent session of the Legislature which may be held and be it further

Resolved, that in cases of vacancies in the membership of the proposed committee of inspection and investigation the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the president of the Senate are hereby authorized to fill such vacancies from the membership of the respective bodies over which they preside, and be it further

Resolved, that the actual travel expenses incurred by the committee while making the inspection and investigation shall be paid from the contingent expense fund of the Legislature.

JESS CRAFT INJURED AT SULPHUR MINES

While working at the mines of the Toyah Valley Sulphur Co., yesterday Jess Craft was in some way caught by a tractor and his left leg cut to the bone below the knee and near the ankle. It was quite a severe cut but Dr. Daniel gave him "first aid" and loaded him in his splendid Buick and brought him in to the company physician, Dr. J. H.



50 good cigarettes for 10c from one sack of

GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM TOBACCO

WILL F. EVANS GIVES EARLY EXPERIENCES

The following very interesting history by Will F. Evans appeared in the last Live Stock Journal of El Paso and will be read with interest by friends of Mr. Evans and others:

How would you like to make a round-trip of 1200 miles in a four-mule wagon in these days when the speed bug has the world hypnotized?

Not so very long ago, not nearly so long as it seems, we had no other means of conveyance, but the wagon, and the jolts we got from them, are not so much more of a shake-up than we get from a Ford.

The abbreviation of distance, made possible by the auto, had had the opposite effect on time, inasmuch as we now crowd as much into the short space of one year, as we did in ten years then, so ten years of an automobile age covers the events of a life time of activities in the days of wagon travel.

Some years ago when the state of Texas threw open its doors to all comers who could put up the first payment on eight sections of land, and the get-something-for-nothing people of the cotton belt began to swarm in on us, and to locate on our tanks and water holes, and even at our wells that we had dug with our own hands, we saw that we were doomed as ranch owners.

Nothing belongs to a man by right of discovery in these United States, for only the law and the long green can hold a man's land for him.

It nearly broke our heart to even think of leaving the Old West Texas home that we built from nothing into the best improved ranch in all the country, but it would not be nearly so hard to do that, as it would be to live amongst a bunch of squatters, and to see them appropriate what we had so long believed to be our own.

So we set out on a trip up into New Mexico to see if there was any new place under the sun, where we could make us a ranch to suit us that we could keep.

We had just gotten a new Hynes buggy, the first one in all the country, and mother and father went in that and some of the children in a four mule wagon, with me as the driver of these four wild Texas mules.

Our first night was at Van Horn, and we had a great time with old ranch friends, a family that came to the West with us in ox wagons in 1884.

The Diablo Mountains confronted us as we faced North and we passed through them, and around the Eastern base of these grey, rock-ribbed sentinels of the desert; by the old M. B. Huling ranch, now called the Figure 2 ranch, once the property of the Black Mountain Cattle Co., now owned by Jim Daugherty of Van Horn.

Spread like a great white desert, to the East, North and South lies the noted Salt Flats, with its lakes of salt that keeps an army of Mexican freighters busy digging and hauling salt to Western cattlemen.

On up across the Crow Flats where mile after mile of salt bumps, and chug-holes make a man sorry he is living, and when you try to drink any of the fluid that is pumped out of these shallow wells by wind-mills, you wonder why they call it water.

Rotten eggs, soda, sulphur, salt and just enough water to thin up the mess is what we tried to drink, but we had

some pure water along to drink, and for coffee.

In the distance the Western horizon was broken by the sharp outlines of Canidias Peaks and as we approached them near night fall on the second day out from Van Horn, our spirits rose wonderfully at the sight of rugged mountains again, after our long hike across the salt desert, the monotony of which nearly drove us wild.

We camped in a beautiful cove in between two high peaks, and there were many Indian paintings and fantastic drawings and carving on the walls of big caves nearby, that were very interesting to we children.

Again our course swerved back North, and again we traversed for a whole day, the repulsive Salt Flat.

Some one asked Mr. Huling how far North the Salt Flat reached, and he said, "By Gawd, they reach to Albuquerque, New Mexico," so we did not know when the country would ever change for the better.

The Sacramento Mountains began to appear to the North and East, and all the way to Alamogordo, our road lay around the base of these mountains, which are much higher than the Diablo Mountains and they are walled in by one big bluff, right above the other.

Cloudcroft, the wonder town of the highlands, nestled up amongst the clouds and the pines, lies near the summit of these mountains.

Alamogordo, means fat cotton wood in Mexican, and as we passed through this little town, the cottonwoods were a great deal more in evidence than the houses were.

A running creek comes out of the mountains and furnishes water for fine fields and beautiful orchards, and our route lay along up this water course, up into Frisnel Canyon, where we had some relatives that we were going to visit for awhile.

The railroad up to Cloudcroft winds its way around up and across and over this canyon, and a train came rattling down a grade just over the wagon roadway, and my mules that had never seen a train in close quarters before nearly carried our little outfit off the embankment with them, but you can always trust a mule to save his own hide in a tight place, so they were afraid to quit the road.

On up the canyon our road became a tortuous course following the high embankment of a mountain creek, with the water splashing on the rocks 30 feet below, while directly above us on our left, a sheer wall of granite rose hundreds of feet.

This wall suddenly arose right in our path and the road turned sharply back across a shaky unbanistered bridge that spanned this chasm, and the water going off over a fall beneath the bridge made such a roar, my lead mules that were already out on the bridge tried to turn back, but there was not enough room to get back, so they reversed themselves in the harness.

There we were with two mules pulling us over against the edge of the bluff, with the lines twisted around the hames, and them going backwards, with no way to control them, I wouldn't have given ten cents for that outfit then, but I would have given a thousand dollars if I had not been responsible for the outfit.

All the children had already jumped to safety in two seconds after the mules had reversed themselves, and mother was ringing her hands and weeping and pleading with me from the opposite bank, to "jump out son and let them go, you will be killed."

But I stayed with the wheel mules till I finally got them to back the wagon away from the edge of the bluff, where the right front wheel was already half way off.

There was no time at all for me to jump, for if I had given an ounce of slack on the lines, the dangerously balanced load would have gone off to destruction 30 feet below, and something told me I could save the outfit.

It was a bad scare, that we did not get over for a long time, and we were all weak and shaky all that evening.

We did not leave any love and regrets in Frisnel Canyon, and after a few days stay, we emerged out at the mouth of the canyon, glad we were living.

The little Mexican town of Tularosa, with its low flat topped adobe huts, and fine orchards and alfalfa fields was soon reached, and here we crossed the Rock Island and once again we were out on the Salt Flat.

We passed the Mal Pas Springs, bottomless holes of blue water so strongly impregnated with minerals that you can smell the obnoxious odor, even before you reach the springs, and you are glad to get away from them.

The white sands stretched for miles in all directions and the Lord surely must have gotten sick of the job in



Cigarette Flavor is sealed in by toasting

turning out this kind of a lay out.

Before night the San Andrea Mountains lifted their friendly heads up from the west, and we began to feel better that night, as our route would lie through the mountains the next morning.

Passing through these mountains we crossed a rolling country, part sand hills and partly rocky hills and some smooth valleys that later on became sharp ravines and then steep canyons near the Rio Grande.

We followed down one of these canyons till we came to the river bottoms with its rank smell of rotting weeds and foul back water in the sloughs.

We forded the river near the little town of San Marchail on the Santa Fe, and here we stayed all night and bought another stock of groceries, enough to last us for several days as we were going into an unknown country.

Leaving the river at San Marcial our course lay in a Northwesterly direction, and we began to notice a change for the better right away, as the turf to get firm and hard and was carpeted with a closely knit grass, the best stock grass there is.

The long, rolling hills, coming out from the Black Mountains and stretching off toward the river, formed a great view to the eye, and there were deep draws between the ridges that would have been the finest place in the world to dam up big bodies of water to take the place of wells which the residents told us were few and far between, as there had been many wells drilled and few had reached water.

When we reached the foot of the Black Mountains and turned north around the base of these heavily timbered mountains the scenery along the route was the most beautiful that I have ever seen, and it was just as good as it was pretty.

However, we had been learning a great deal about what a foot hold the Mexicans had in New Mexico and that the laws of the state were made for the Mexicans and by the Mexicans so we decided that we had rather live with the grangers than to have to play second fiddle to a Mexican.

We passed on up into the mountains where the pinons became very thick, so you could not see a hundred yards in any direction, and we knew that there surely must be lots of wild cattle, as well as wild game back in the timber.

We soon came to Clements' horse ranch, in a canyon that is black with timber, and where the horse pens are made of long peeled pine logs with the ends dove-tailed together between two juniper posts that are sunk deeply in the ground and tied firmly together, tight up against the rails with heavy wire.

Heavy gates are rigged up with cords and pullys in a system that is controlled from a watch tower at the house, so that when the watchman sees a certain bunch of wild horses come in that are wanted, he pulls the cord, and the wild mustangs are caught in a trap.

They can't get out either, as the pens are too high and well built for any horse to either tear down or jump.

There are thousands of horses on this range and they clean off the range as smooth as a billiard table, for a horse is like a sheep, he can bite grass flush off against the ground and when a cow comes along and tries to live on a horse or sheep range she just naturally starves to death as she has to have grass long enough to wrap the end of her tongue around to bite off.

Every where we went there were great herds of sheep of many thousands in a herd, and the sheepmen grazed their sheep anywhere they

took a notion to graze them.

As we turned Northeast from the Clements ranch, the timber disappeared and rolling hills and prairies lay before us for miles, till we reached the vicinity of Magdalena, when the country began to get mountainous again.

Magdalena was a small mining town then, struggled in the base of some big, rough and barren mountains, with several mining shafts dug back into the mountain side.

We stayed there all night and then headed Northwest for the Jim Medley ranch, where we had an old time

friend that was running this ranch for Mr. Medley.

This ranch is situated back in the heavy timber like the Clements ranch and the pinions, or short leaf pine are so close together that you can hardly ride a horse.

The old ranch house was the best

DRILLING REPORT

The following drilling report was compiled and is accurate, according to best information, and is furnished The Enterprise by W. A. Bennett, and will be of much interest to the public.

Corrected to August 5, 1921.

Table with columns: Company, Well, County, Sec., Township, Block, Depth, Remarks. Lists various drilling operations across different counties and townships.

The above list does not include many shallow wells in the Toyah field, and only those in actual development (20 months) that had so many wells that it is certain that some of these operations will go into them when they get deep enough, which may be any day. Great Oil Company, Pecos County, putting on power to pump 29 wells on one line.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE (Tablets). It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. E. W. GROVE'S Signature on each box. 30c. (Advertisement)



log house I ever saw, as the logs were hewn as straight and smooth as boards and lay flat against each other so no air could get in.

After a days visit and a rest up for our tired teams, we started back to Texas over a different route than which we came as the old timer seldom goes back over the same ground he came over.

This custom has been handed down to him for generations by the old frontiersmen and Indian fighters who never gave an enemy the chance to meet him coming back.

From Magdalena we went on back to the river and crossing at a little Mexican town called Santone, we headed East and all the country was beautiful rolling hills country, covered with fine gramma grass that had never been touched as there was no water for any kind of stock.

Sheering farther South, we soon came in sight of the White Mountains that were a hundred miles or more distant.

It is so high that the summit is covered with snow most of the year, and its sides are as perpendicular as it is possible for anything to be, excepting solid rock.

We stayed one night at the little mining town of White Oaks, and it was a wonderful picturesque location in a little dale with jagged peaks on every side.

We were loth to leave this little burg in the mountains, because of its pure air and because it was the geographical center of the best stock country that we had seen in all our travels.

The country stayed fine all the way down to the Pecos river, but just as soon as you reach this crooked little branch of brine, you are going to bump over the hateful gyp mounds, get yourself punctured with mesquite thorns and imbibe the poison of a million mosquitoes.

When we reached Roswell, however, every thing was like a garden of Eden, with Blue river with its transparent waters winding about through the town, and great lover's lanes of cotton woods, fine orchards and alfalfa farms on every side, it was an oasis in the desert, restful to the eyes.

After leaving old friends we headed our teams to the South along down the Pecos valley, where the canals and the artesian water has transformed a great salt desert into a fertile region of much productiveness.

The cantaloupes grown in this gyp soil have the finest flavor of any I have ever eaten, while all kinds of fruits grow large and luscious.

The little town of Carlsbad, then called Eddy, was the next on our

route; it is a small edition of Roswell.

A few miles below here the farms played out and the natural ugliness of the Pecos country stood forth in all its repulsiveness, with its barren hills and gyp bumps and ugly wash-outs cut through the great mass of rotten soil, that takes the place of dirt along here.

Some times the road leads through spaces where great gaps in the earth on every side make you feel creepy.

It seems like the rotten soil is without a fibre to hold it together, and it breaks away from itself, forming bottomless crevices that are very dangerous.

Cattle, especially big steers, have been known to stampede at night because of the hollow ringing sound that is brought forth from the earth by the horses hoof beats as the cowboys are riding around them.

The next little town was Pecos, a little burg in the vast expanse of gyp and salt bumps, where the water flows out of the wells of its own volition, and is piped over town for irrigating of grass and ornamental cypress and cedars.

We had looped the loop when we drove up into the old EV canyon again, and it seemed pretty good to get back into God's country where the white man ruled.

The squatters that did not starve out and leave were the cream of the bunch, and the West Texas cattlemen have made good friends out of them.

STREET CARS AT ABILENE TO OPERATE AGAIN
Abilene, Aug. 7.—Sept. 10 the Abilene street railway system will resume operations after a lapse of about four years. The entire system has been rehabilitated and new street cars will be operated. Much of the track has been rebuilt throughout and all of it has been ballasted. The five miles of trackage extends from Simmons College on the north to the West Texas fair park on the southwest.

THE TEXAS COTTON CROP
By F. N. Gray, Cotton Statistician, Bureau of Markets and Crop Estimates, United States Department of Agriculture.

The condition of the crop on July 25, 1921, was 62 per cent of a normal condition, as compared with 72 on June 25, 74 on July 25, 1920, 67 on July 25, 1919, and 75, the average for the past ten years on July 25.

A condition of 62 on July 25, forecasts a yield per acre of about 127 pounds of lint cotton and a total production of about 2,418,000 bales of 500 pounds gross weight not including linters, allowing the usual 1

per-cent for abandonment of acreage.

The loss of 10 points since June 25, is reflected chiefly in the average of weevil, now prevalent in more than two-third of the cotton growing area of Texas. But for the attacks of that insect, and the injury resulting from excessive rainfall over a limited section, occasioned by the June hurricane, the condition would have been most promising; for rarely has the season been more propitious for plant growth and development, to which cotton has attained.

The south and southeast district show the greatest losses. In these two districts, the crop is now virtually finished under comparatively low conditions, and no improvement can be expected, account of the insects. Elsewhere, a very spotted condition obtains. In the northwest, where practically no injury has been wrought, the condition is very promising. The north district also is promising, except for several counties, where weevil have been destructive. In the black land strip of the center district, many counties of large production show splendid conditions, indicative of last year's big yields; but on the eastern border and in the cross timber belt where the soil is light and sandy, the insect has been

doing considerable damage. This is true also, of the bottom lands of the Brazos river, particularly that part of which was in the path of the late hurricane. The west center has lost considerably from both weevil and excessive rains in June. The north-east district has a fair crop, but more

deterioration has resulted in the east district.

All early planted cotton in the State, of which there is a large proportion, is equipped to withstand, by virtue of its tap root, drought and hot winds, because there is abundance of subsoil moisture. That

which was delayed until the month of June, when excessive rains prevailed, is spraddle rooted and naturally deficient in that qualification. This applies to the late planted cotton of the west center district and in a measure accounts for the comparatively large loss in that district



Come on along!

Fill up your makin's papers with P. A

Greatest sport you know to pull out your makin's papers and some Prince Albert and roll up a cigarette! That's because P. A. is so delightfully good and refreshing in a cigarette—just like it is in a jimmy pipe! You never seem to get your fill—P. A.'s so joy'usly friendly and appetizing.

Prince Albert will be a revelation to your taste! No other tobacco at any price is in its class! And, it rolls up

easily because it's crimp cut and it stays put.

It's the best bet you ever laid that you'll like Prince Albert better than any cigarette you ever rolled!

And listen! If you have a jimmy pipe hankering—by all means know what Prince Albert can do for you! It's a revelation in a pipe as well as in a cigarette! P. A. can't bite or parch. Both are cut out by our exclusive patented process.

Prince Albert is sold in tippy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors and in the pound crystal glass humidors with a sponge moisture top.

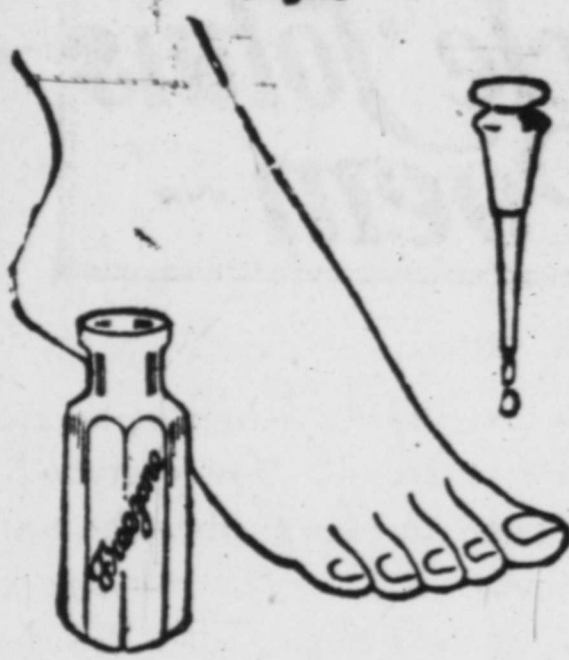


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LIFT OFF CORNS!

Apply few drops then lift sore, touchy corns off with fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic!

A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

Freezone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.

Sunshine Oil Corporation

OF TEXAS

CAPITAL STOCK \$300,000.00

INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF STATE OF TEXAS, APRIL 17, 1918.

PIONEERS OF THE PECOS VALLEY

The President takes this opportunity of informing all shareholders, and leaseholders of the company, that work on erection of new derrick at the Laura well is completed. The hole is in first class condition and drilling has been resumed.

INFORMATION OF THE FIELD AND OUR PROPERTIES FURNISHED PROMPTLY UPON REQUEST

Head Office, Pecos, Texas

ALFRED TINALLY,

President and General Manager

THE ENTERPRISE

Pecos Valley News, established 1887; Pecos Weekly Times established 1877; Reeves County Record, established 1919; consolidated Nov. 23, 1921. The Enterprise absorbed Pecos Times June 1, 1921.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

JOHN HIBDON
EDITOR, OWNER AND PUBLISHER

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Positively in Advance

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AFFILIATING MEMBER

A bill has been presented the legislature for passage "preventing of the catching of fish for sale out of the Pecos River or any of its tributaries in the counties of Reeves, Loving, Ward, Crane and Pecos." In the opinion of The Enterprise this would be a good law since it would stop dynamiting fish in this stream. Those who love the sport could go to the river and catch all they wanted for home use, and those who have been using unlawful methods heretofore for profit would have no occasion for doing so again. It is said many dead fish have been seen floating down the river recently and it is presumed some one has been using dynamite.

THERE IS NEVER A TIME TO SAY DIE.

Carlsbad people have been much depressed one way and another, during the past few months, mostly on account of low prices for what we have to sell; but there is never a time to say die. Compared with the misfortunes of others our burdens are usually very light. Here are three stories taken from a recent issue of the Shreveport Times which prove that all obstacles may be overcome if the effort is great enough:

If you at the age of 50 should become an invalid, flat on your back, unable to move hand or foot or turn your head, would you give up?

All these happened to Jesse Tyler Dingee, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Despite his handicaps, Dingee carries on a business of a size seldom attained by great men in good health.

From his couch, with a telephone strapped to his head, he dictates letters and keeps office forces on the jump in the three business concerns in which he is interested.

Successful? After five years of invalidism, he has just bought a \$50,000 house.

"That's because I still have my head," says Dingee. I have full use of my mind—which has always been the only really important part of the human body."

Why he discouraged?

Hal Ebrig, of Chicago, has been confined to bed for seven years. His left arm is the only part of his body he can move.

An automobile accident afflicted him with paralytic nerve shock.

Most men would have become bitter—given up the fight.

But Ebrig laughed at his handicap. Right-handed, he trained his left hand to handle a brush. His paintings sell for \$150 and upward each. He also has produced several successful songs, and orchestra numbers which he picked out on the piano with one finger.

"I'm successful," says Ebrig, because I didn't lose interest, will power and ambition."

Why he discouraged?

Harry K. Ronne, sightless and partly paralyzed, is known as "the wonder man" in Lushton, Neb.

Ronne went blind in 1903. Then came paralysis.

Handicapped, he trained himself to be a telephone operator. He makes connections rapidly. Says no two rings or buzzes sound exactly alike, hence he knows instantly what number is calling. Ronne is successful.

"That," says he, "is because there is no handicap so great that it cannot be overcome."

Why he discouraged?

Sometimes the battle for a living makes you discouraged.

Sometimes it seems that no matter how hard you try, everything goes against you.

Sometimes it seems that you never will get ahead.

But Dingee, Ebrig and Ronne have proven that if you keep the right state of mind and grit your teeth, you can overcome handicaps compared with which your present ones are mere shadows.

Pick up your load, brother. Tomorrow's a new day.—Carlsbad Current.

INTEREST EXTENDED ON SCHOOL LAND

Austin, Texas, Aug. 10—There will be no forfeitures of school land this year for nonpayment of interest and nine-tenths of the land list-

ed for sale on Sept. 1 is now withdrawn from the market. This is the result of the Governor filing the concurrent resolution today which postpones forfeiture until Aug. 25, 1922. The resolution had passed both houses and the Governor filed it without approval or veto.

Approximately 500,000 acres of land had been advertised to go on the market on Sept. 1 next and Land Commissioner Robison announced today that nearly all of it would be withdrawn; that nine-tenths of it was land on which the interest was due and being sold because of that.

Postponement of forfeiture was made in order that the delinquent owners might have another year within which to pay the interest and thereby reinstate the account on the books of the land office. This extension was made because of the low price of Western commodities, such as cattle, hides, wool and mohair. They are the products of West Texas, where is situated practically all of the land which had been listed for forfeiture and sale.

GENUINE LEADER.

Just as the world seems to be despairing of the existence of a genuine world leader, Jan Christian Smuts looms on the horizon as a force of commanding influence. By training and temperament, character and experience, he would seem to be the heaven-sent man of the hour. No other can be named at all likely to have succeeded in the titanic task he has undertaken of bringing about a settlement of the Irish question. In Dublin he met the Irish leaders as man to man. Speaking with irresistible confidence and conviction, he succeeded in bringing about an immediate truce and assent to a conference destined to effect a final settlement of the unhappy differences between the two kingdoms that have been the source of such protracted bitterness and bloodshed. On his return to London, General Smuts repaired immediately to King George. There is something of prophetic illumination in the vision that realizes the whole situation has reached a point beyond the capacity of stubborn and stupid politicians to handle. The king reigns but does not govern in Britain. But the king is still the king.—Dearborn Independent.

HOW SOME INSECTS WALK ON WATER

The insects most frequently seen walking on water are the water-striders—narrow-bodied, long-legged true bugs that go sliding about the surface of ponds and small streams. In fact, a little girl who was watching them with me today misunderstood me and improved the name by calling them water-sliders. When moving, they slide on the front and hind legs, pushing with the middle pair. Usually only the middle and hind pairs of legs touch the water when the insect is at rest, but they dent the surface, as may be seen by looking very closely. Indirect evidence on this point may be had, if the insects are on a shallow pool with no vegetation and the sun be shining, by watching the shadows on the bottom. There may be a central shadow cast by the insect's body, but there are sure to be shadows of the dents made by the legs on the water. The shadows of these dents are each surrounded by a bright ring, due to refraction of the sun's rays as they pass through the curved surface.

Now try an experiment. Steel is much heavier, in proportion to its bulk, than an insect, and so would sink more readily. Take a small needle oiled by rubbing it on your hair and very carefully lay it lengthwise on the surface of water in a tumbler. It will bend down the surface of the water, but it will not sink. Wet a needle that is not oily and you cannot make it float.

The surface of even the cleanest water acts as though it were an elastic film, like the films of soap bubbles. Dry, not easily wet objects, pressing down on this film will bend it quite a bit before they break it. So it is with our water-striders—or sliders. Their feet, covered with a velvety pile that is not easily wet, are placed flat on the water, and the insects' weight is so little in proportion to the surface of "film" upon which the feet rest that they do not break through.

Some insects that live under the water also make use of this interesting physical fact. The larvae of mosquitoes—the all too common wrigglers or pole-dodgers, such as live in rain-barrels—are heavier than water. By dint of much effort they wriggle themselves up to the surface, and there they seem to stick by their tails. These tails are really tubes through which the insect breathes. The opening to this tube is provided with flaps and, as soon as the tip of the tube breaks the surface of the water, the flaps open out like the petals of a flower, and there floats the wriggler with its breathing apparatus open to the air. When it wishes to descend, it closes the flaps, and then, there not being enough surface spread out on the water to hold it up, the wriggler slowly sinks without any further effort on its part.—Frank E. Lutz in the Totem Board.

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 30c. (Advertisement)

NEW GUN MARVEL MAY SHOOT FIVE TONS 200 TO 300 MILES

Dr. Miller Reese Hutchinson, with working model of new marvel gun, invented by Rober Temple of Great Britain. The gun was demonstrated by Dr. Hutchinson in his offices in the tower of the Woolworth Building, New York City.

This new gun, with a velocity ranging from one to five miles a second, may be developed to hurl a projectile of five tons from 200 to 300 miles.

The working model shown here has many important uses in peace-time work. Being waterproof, it can be used by divers. Using steel rivets as "projectiles," it can be used to pierce thick sheets of steel plate. Underwater repairs to ships will be greatly facilitated.

In the demonstration the gun shot three inches long, with a diameter of half an inch, through a three-quarter-inch steel plate at a muzzle velocity of a mile a second. There was no noise, just a hissing.

Have you seen—Green's \$20,000.00 water melons? We don't charge to look at them. O. J. Green Merc. Co. (Advertisement)

Are you trading at Green's? If not why not? We both lose—O. J. Green. (Advertisement)

You can better buy more goods at Green's for your DOLLAR. Why? Because we are buying on today's market. No war prices here.—O. J. Green Merc. Co. (Advertisement)

NEAPOLITAN MAKES MARVELOUS CLOCK.

Constanzo Rienzi, who recently arrived in New York from his native Naples, is shown here with a most complicated clock which he constructed in three years of patient endeavor. Not a piece of metal was used—every bit of the movement, etc., being constructed of hard bamboo.

The clock indicates hours, minutes and seconds, rings every quarter hour, shows day of week and month. The calendar mechanism needs regulation only once in four years and the clock is so accurate that it does not vary a second in eight days. At noon it fires a small cannon, hoists a flag, blows a whistle and rings bells.

The maker has refused an offer of \$6,000 for his clock and offers 10,000 francs to anyone who can duplicate it even in metal.

Let us figure that next bill. We can show you where we can save you money. O. J. Green Merc. Co. It (Advertisement)

We deliver the goods and we sell them for less. Why pay more and lost time too. O. J. Green Merc. Co. (Advertisement)

Once a customer, always one. There is a reason. O. J. Green Merc. Co. It. (Advertisement)

The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. 30c. (Advertisement)



YOU KNOW BILL

Bill Jeeter was a husky lad as ever drew a breath; he got his growth along the lines of Liberty or Death! Most everybody prophesied he'd carve his way to fame, an' later, when the war broke out, we guessed he'd jine the game . . . but, strange to say, the other boys tore loose with all their might,—but Bill, he sorter lagged, you know,—he werent no hand to fight.

He stuck to the parental roof, with courage unsurpassed; too keefer to be over-hot,—too prudent to be gassed. . . . He allers read the papers though, an' critized the news, an' helt us fellers spellbound with his military views. . . . He cussed about the Kaiser, an' swore vengeance on the Turk,—but his daddy told me privately, he weren't much hand to work!

Bill lives around here, somewheres—there's a mortgage on his shack—We don't see very much of Bill sence the soldier-boys got back. . . . He simmered down, they tell me, from his ante-bellum pride,—you wouldn't give a nickle fer his good-fer-nothin' hide. It takes a hero nowadays to ride behind the band,—too bad that Bill has fizzled out, because he wern't no hand!

Yr. own Uncle John.



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Every Fisk Tire is a guarantee that you will get mileage at a low cost.

For satisfaction, safety and economy you buy a "sure thing" when you buy Fisk Tires.

You are safe when you buy a known and reputable product at a low price

Sold only by Dealers

TO THE NEAREST DRUG STORE—

When you leave the office with a prescription, you have given you the trouble is to take it to a drug store. Prescriptions are important and should be filled anywhere.

BRING your prescriptions to PRESCRIPTION SPECIALISTS. It happens that you may have to walk a short distance. It is better to be safe than sorry. Know that your prescription is filled with drugs of full strength.

CITY PHARMACY

DAILY REPORT

Of Filings with County Clerk of Reeves and Loving Counties furnished at \$1.00 per month. This report will be mailed daily. If you want this service send in your check at once.

S. C. VAUGHAN, County Clerk.

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WHY DON'T YOU USE THE WANT ADS?



CLASSIFIED

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—I have for sale eight sections of land in block 94 and 8 sections of land in block 109 all public school lands in Culberson county. Anyone wanting to purchase, correspond with me. T. T. Moore, Rogers, Texas, Owner. 50-4t

IF you have land for lease or sale, list same with A. B. Clair, Orient Hotel, Pecos, Texas. 25-tf.

PIANO FOR SALE—6 1-3 octaves Good condition; height 4 ft; width 2 ft; length 4 ft 6 inches. Cheap for cash. Enquire at Enterprise Office.

FOR SALE—Rabbits both grown and young, cheap to close out. Apply to Mrs. John Hibdon. 1t.

FOR SALE—Texas Pacific Leases, rentals paid to Dec. 1921, in Block 54, Township 4; Block 53, Township 4; Block 55, Township 5; Block 54, Township 5; Block 58, Township 6; Reeves County, write for prices and description.—J. E. Bowen, 1101 Montana, El Paso, Texas. 48-tf.

FOR SALE—Good House at a bargain. Wilhite home, Pecos, Texas. See I. J. Sims, Pecos or J. H. Wilhite, Midland, Texas. 52-4t

FOR SALE—305 feet of 4 inch Black Pipe, never been run.—I. E. Smith. 52-tf.

OIL LEASES—Oil Leases in small or large tracks, near wells now drilling.—I. E. Smith. 46-tf.

FOR RENT—Either rooms or light housekeeping apartments, all nicely furnished—Michigan, Phone 3.—Dr. I. E. Smith for information. 41-tf.

PAINTING AND PAPERHANGING—A. L. Oliver—Painter & Paperhanger. Paint any color, \$3.50 per gallon. Wall paper at lowest prices—Phone 381. 35-tf.

FOR RENT—Furnished apartments. Apply to Mrs. J. T. Hefner.

WANTED—Family washing at 25 cents per dozen. Apply at Santa Fe Section House. 51-3t*

WANTED—To buy good little milk cow. Must be gentle and easy to milk. Milk must be good quality. No use for large flow. Can't use your high priced cow. See S. C. Muck. 49-tf.

CHATAUQUA TALENT WANTED—Musicians, singers, readers, entertainers, dramatic talent, lecturers, platform managers, juvenile workers, story tellers, tent crews and agents; the managers are contracting for their programs with the 10,000 talented and trained people who will conduct their chautauquas next season. Earn a good salary, travel over the United States, Canada, Alaska, New Zealand, Australia and England. A list of chautauqua managers and booking agents sent free to any person sending the name and address of the President, Secretary and Treasurer of local chautauqua to The Billboard, 35 S. Dearborn St. Chicago, Illinois.

SALESMAN WANTED—IDLE? Big business is ready for you. Sell 137 products direct to farmers on credit. If you own team or auto are under 50, can give bond, we start you. Twenty million use our products. Good territory open. Write J. R. Watkins Co., Dept. 115 Winona, Minn. It's your life chance. 51-4t*

HEMSTITCHING. HEMSTITCHING and picotting attachment works on any sewing machine; easily adjusted; price \$2.50 with full instructions. Gem Novelty Co., Box 1031, Corpus Christi, Texas. 52-4t*

I. E. Smith, M. D. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist, Pecos, Texas 46-tf

Insurance means protection. Protection means quick payment of losses. That is our motto. If you lose, we pay. For lowest rates see E. L. Collings, Insurance. (Advertisement)

We buy your produce. Large or small lots and sell you goods for less. A trial is all we ask. Give it to us. (Advertisement)

BRAHMA CATTLE ON TEXAS RANCHES

The editor saw a herd of Brahma cattle on the King ranch on his recent trip to the Texas Press Association at McAllen. That these cattle are becoming more and more in favor with cattlemen is not questioned and since they are stockmen who read The Enterprise will be interested in the following brief history of the breed written by Edward M. Dealy, staff correspondent of the Dallas News, and published in last Sunday's issue of that splendid newspaper. The article in question follows:

According to Hindu legends, when Brahma, the creator, spit on his hands and began to make things, the first animal he molded out of the neutral clay was the hump-backed ox of India, or, to be more specific and technical, the Bos Indicus.

"Bos Indicus" does not mean a bit more than "Indian ox," but it does not harm to sling in a few of these latin terms, as it shows the writer is educated—or at least educated enough to look in the encyclopedia and copy these two words out of it, tongue in cheek.

Anyhow, because of the fact that the creator, Brahma, made the ox before he did any of the other animals, the Hindus look upon this Bos Indicus as sacred. Upon ceremonial occasions, the Brahma bulls are decked out gaily in rich trappings and caparisons and occupy a prominent place in the processions and the festivities. It is a heinous sin for a Hindu to kill one of these animals.

Not only that. When the Hindu priests turn these sacred bulls loose in the streets, no Hindu, under penalty of dire calamity, will molest them. The bulls can meander down through the bazars and shops of the Hindus and eat all the market produce and garden truck they desire from these same bazars and shops without fearing the visitation of punishment. The Hindu merchant who is forced to stand passively by and see his stock of merchandise devoured by a Bos Indicus may be as mad as hops, of course, and probably is; but just the same, he is afraid to interrupt the animal in its expensive feeding, because to do so would be to call down a curse from above.

Of course, there is another kind of wisdom displayed by the Hindu merchant who does not interfere with the Brahma bull who gets busy eating up his stock in trade. In addition to propitiating the deities by allowing these depredations to go unchecked, the merchant is also preserving the integrity of his own carcass. For the Bos Indicus are, in a manner of speaking, anything but peaceable when their ire is aroused. Goaded a bit in their destructive enterprises, they are apt to transfer their attention from the merchant's stock to the merchant himself, and then, unless said merchant is quick on his feet, he is "out of luck," as the saying goes, as the Brahma bulls are nimble and quick on their feet and are really very inconvenient to their opponents in a knock-down and drag-out fight.

All of which is merely introductory. Previously, of course, there were already some Brahma cattle in the United States and even in Texas. But these earlier inhabitants of the ranges were all "grade cattle" (that is, not purebred) and those in Texas were not directly imported, but had gradually drifted down from one of the Southern States.

The first Brahma cattle to be brought to the United States arrived in South Carolina in 1853 under the chaperonage of a man by the name of Davis. As the years passed, these Davis cattle drifted westward and southward until they were fairly numerous in the Southwest, along the Mexican border and in Mexico.

In 1904 the Hon James Wilson, the Secretary of Agriculture, made a visit to Texas, and during his stay here was entertained at the ranch of the late A. H. Pierce, near Pierce, Texas. On this ranch there were some of the grade Brahmas, and Secretary Wilson was impressed by their appearance and their seeming ability to withstand the ravages of cattle fever and other infectious diseases that depleted domestic herds. Hence he issued to A. P. Borden, the executor of the A. H. Pierce estate, a special permit for the importation into Texas, direct from India, of a herd of pure-bred Brahmas.

In June, 1906, the shipment, consisting of fifty-one head of cattle mostly young bulls, arrived in New York. They were held in quarantine off the coast of New Jersey all summer. At length, in November, 1906, they were shipped to the Pierce ranch. Here they and their descendants have had their headquarters ever since, although animals from this original herd are now scattered over ranches all over South Texas.

Concerning these cattle, Mr. Borden says: "They were imported because they are very resistant to cattle ticks and nearly all animal diseases. They have proven their worth by thriving where other breeds of cattle can not thrive. They fatten faster on a given amount of feed than any other brand of cattle, and will range

No Worms in a Healthy Child All children troubled with Worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then do the rest. The Worms and the Child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. One per bottle.

Our trucks and men will make their trips regularly to Toyah, Barstow, Saragosa and Balmorhea. Send your order by them or mail it.—O. J. Green Merc. Co. (Advertisement) 1t.

How do we do it? We sell for cash only, and we pay cash and discount our bills, you get the benefit. O. J. Green Merc. Co. (Advertisement) 1t.

A nice line of new Gingham at Green's. Get prices or have us send you samples. O. J. Green Merc. Co. (Advertisement) 1t.

Watch for Green's specials. They are live ones and every item is an eye opener. O. J. Green Merc. Co. 1 (Advertisement) 1t.

We trade at Green's, why? Because we get more goods and better goods for our money.—O. J. Green Merc. Co. (Advertisement) 1t.

Mrs. H. H. Johnson, Teacher of Kindergarten and Primary grades. Fall term begins Sept. 5th, 1921. Early registration suggested. For information, Phone 113. 51-2t (Advertisement)

much farther from water than other cattle and show no ill effects from so doing.

"I think the cross between the Brahma and the Hereford makes the best all-round cattle, but there are prominent breeders who favor the Brahma-Durham cross. Both are good. In the first cross, the hump almost entirely disappears, but when the female hybrid is bred back to pure Brahma the hump reappears and the when the female hybrid is bred back to a Brahma characteristics are all pronounced. In the next cross, the third generation, one can hardly tell them from thoroughbreds.

"Brahma cattle are to be found now all along the Gulf Coast from Florida to and including Mexico. The King, Kennedy, Lasater and Wilder ranches are all breeders of these cattle; also the McFaddin ranch at Victoria."

Regarding the original importation made by Mr. Borden, Dr. Mark Francis, a government veterinarian, wrote in 1906:

"I tested seven of the herd to see whether they were immune to Texas fever. We got no reaction from inoculation, and decided that the whole lot were immune to the fever. The Brahma cattle seem to be able to stand the mosquitoes, ticks, horn flies, liver flukes and parasites generally much better than the so-called improved breeds." It is also claimed for the Brahmas that they produce a greater percentage of dressed meat in proportion to their weight than do any other breeds of cattle.

The Brahmas thrive best in a tropical or semi-tropical climate. It is said that they do not do well in colder climates.

In color the cattle vary. Some are gray, some white, some black and others red. They are distinguished by the high fatty hump on their withers, by their large drooping ears, enormous dewlaps and other structural peculiarities.

Experiments in raising these cattle further north and west in Texas are now being made. At the Texas Agricultural Station No. 14, near Sonora, Texas, Superintendent E. M. Peters has a Brahma bull, the present of Mr. Borden, which he intends to cross with purebred Herefords to see how this hybrid will "work out" in this part of the State.

On several occasions, Mr. Borden's Brahma cattle have been exhibited at the Texas State Fair at Dallas.

Try 7 pounds of our new potatoes for 25 cents. They are sure fine.—O. J. Green Merc. Co. (Advertisement) 1t.

Mrs. H. H. Johnson, Teacher of Kindergarten and Primary grades. Fall term begins Sept. 5th, 1921. Early registration suggested. For information, Phone 113. 51-2t (Advertisement)

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO INCORPORATE

To Whom It May Concern: Notice is hereby given that Pecos & Northwestern Telephone Company, now composed of I. Sparks, as sole owner and proprietor, and heretofore and at present owning and operating a telephone exchange at Pecos, in Reeves County, Texas, under the said trade name of Pecos and Northwestern Telephone Company, intends to incorporate without change of firm name, thirty days after this the 11th day of August, A. D. 1921. I. SPARKS, Present sole owner and proprietor. 52-4t.

CHEERFUL WORDS

For Many a Pecos Household. To have the pains and aches of a bad back removed—to be entirely free from annoying, dangerous urinary disorders, is enough to make any kidney sufferer grateful. The following advice of one who has suffered will prove helpful to hundreds of Pecos readers.

Mrs. J. B. Prewitt, Pecos, says: "It has been quite a few years since I have needed Doan's Kidney Pills, but before I tried them I had a pretty bad case of kidney trouble. I had sharp pains in the small of my back and severe headaches. I am glad to say Doan's Kidney Pills brought me the relief I wanted. Since then whenever I have felt any soreness across my kidneys a few of Doan's have fixed me up in fine shape." Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Prewitt had.

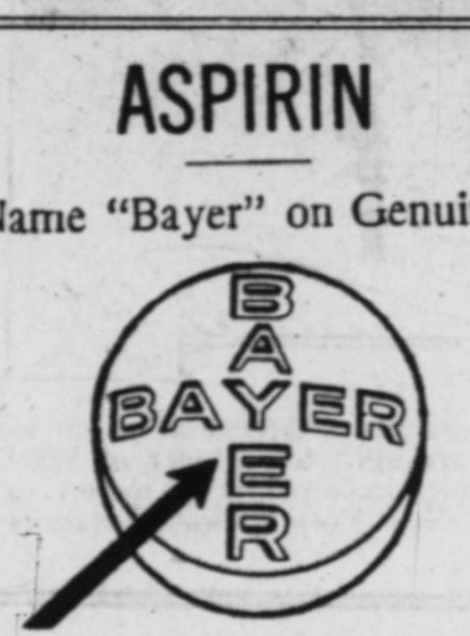
THE CHURCHES

CATHOLIC CHURCH Mass celebrated every second and fourth Sundays as follows: 8:00 a. m. for Spanish speaking population and ten a. m. for English speaking people of Pecos.

D. J. O'DONOVAN.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH Hereafter every two weeks on Thursday night at 8:30 and the same afternoon at 5 p. m., there will be a study class at the St. Marks Episcopal church. An invitation is extended to all. Next service will be held July 21st.

ASPIRIN Name "Bayer" on Genuine



Beware! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve Bayer Tablets of Aspirin cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacid-ester of Salicylicacid.

RAINBOW SALE

Planned on a wonderful scale of completeness—offering fresh merchandise—needed merchandise—and merchandise difficult to find today. Economies galore await everyone. Come early and again and again. TOLIVER & NORWOOD More Goods For Less Money SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, To SATURDAY, AUGUST 27

THE ENTERPRISE CLASSIFIED ADS GET RESULTS.

ARTHUR E. HAYES



THE PECOS LAND MAN OIL LEASES A SPECIALTY

When you are in the market for or want to know anything about

OIL LEASES, FARM OR RANCH LANDS OR TOWN PROPERTY

SEE ME Arthur E. Hayes

Pecos, Texas OFFICE PHONE 44.

ALL TITLES GUARANTEED Office Located in First National Bank Building

CITY FOLKS GO FARM HUNTING IN AUTO CARAVAN



Scene in Brooklyn, N. Y., when 25 families started for Idaho in automobiles, a 2,500 mile jaunt, to take up farms near Buhl, that State. Gov. Davis, of Idaho, helped them and arranged for a tract of 5,000 acres for them to farm. They had trailers for all their cars. All the 25 families have plenty of money to make a start. Note subway station; arrow pointing to it. This is the way all New York subway entrances look.

ENRICO CARUSO CLAIMED BY DEATH

Naples, Italy, Aug. 2.—Amid the scenes of his boyhood, in the city from which he went forth humbly years ago and conquered the world with a tenor voice, the like of which has never been known before, and which may never be matched again, Enrico Caruso died this morning.

Caruso had been in bad health for some time being forced to cancel engagements in America and return to his native home to recuperate. Sunday he underwent an operation for acute peritonitis caused by an abscess between the liver and the diaphragm.

Following the operation the famous tenor was very weak yesterday, the weakness of his heart action making it necessary to inject camphor into his system every two hours in order to keep him alive. Until a week ago Caruso was apparently making good progress in recovering from the long illness which began in New York last winter.

His wife and brother were at the bedside at the time of Caruso's death.

Has Interesting Career.

Enrico Caruso, for more than 25 years a celebrity in the world of song, the tenor with "the golden voice" idolized by millions in America and abroad, had an artistic career as well known as that of any famous statesman or military leader. He was born in Naples, Italy, February 25, 1873, the son of Marcellus Caruso, a mechanic who detested music but was persuaded to permit his son, when 11 years old, to sing in the churches of his native city. An unpromising pupil, for three years he studied under Guglielmo Vergine, pledging his teacher that when ready for a professional career he should pay him one-

quarter of his earnings for the following five years.

He made his debut in "L' Amico Francesco" at the Nuovo theater, Naples, in 1894, later toured Italy and Sicily and was engaged for four seasons at La Scala, Milan. Subsequently he sang in St. Petersburg, Moscow, Warsaw, Rome, Lisbon, Paris, London and leading cities of Germany. When he came to the Metropolitan Opera House in New York on November 23, 1903, the critics did not go into ecstasies over him. One of them wrote, on the opening night: "Signor Caruso (as the Duke in 'Rigoletto') has many of the tiresome Italian vocal affectations and when he neglects to cover his tones, as he always does when he becomes strenuous, his voice becomes pallid."

It is interesting to observe that when Caruso made his Naples debut he sang the title role four times for which he received 100 francs, a pair of stage shoes, a suit of fleshings and a neckerchief. Some years later Maurice Grau, the impresario, negotiated with him to sing in America for \$700 a month but thought the salary excessive and the deal fell through. Grau was quick to perceive the opportunity he had lost and finally engaged Caruso for 50 performances at \$1,000 a night. But Mr. Grau became ill and Caruso, when singing in Lisbon, received word that again he must abandon his hope of singing in America. Heinrich Conried, who followed Mr. Grau at the Metropolitan, however, cabled Caruso an offer to cross the Atlantic and his ambition at last was realized.

Although no official statement of his earnings was ever made public, it is known that Caruso, at the height of his Metropolitan career, was receiving an average of \$3,000 for each performance. On special occasions, such as his 1920 season in Havana, he was paid \$10,000 a night. The list of Italian and French operas in which the noted tenor's name figures since he first sang in New York revealed an amazing versatility. In 16 years he sang no less than 549 times in one season, 1907-8 making 51 appearances, a great test of endurance for any voice. He was unsparing, if not reckless, of his vocal powers. No grand opera tenor in America, from the days of Brignoli, Campaini, Ravelli, Tamagno and Jean de Reszle, it is recorded, exerted so long in popular favor.

Caruso, after his strenuous opera seasons sometimes had trouble with his throat, which he usually overcame with a little rest and care and at certain intervals, rumors that "Caruso will never sing again," were frequently printed. In the winter of 1920, however, he suffered a serious affliction when a small blood vessel in his throat burst while he was singing in "E'Isis d'Amore" in the Brooklyn Academy of Music. Recovered from this mishap, Caruso was stricken with pleurisy.

During his indisposition, Caruso was the object of devoted attention by his wife, formerly Miss Dorothy Benjamin, of New York, whom he married in 1918. One child was born to them. Caruso had a son by a former wife, a singer named Ada Ciachetti, with whom he had been associated in opera at Treviso and Bologna.

Caruso's repertoire in America included the following: (Italian) "Aida," "Rigoletto," "La Boheme," "L'Afoicaine," "La Favorita," "La Huguenots," "Ferdora," "Adrienne Lecouvreur," "Cavalleria Rusticana," "Pagliacci," "L' Amore dei tre Re," "Un Ballo in Maschera," "Lodoletta," "Marta," "L' Elisir d' Amore," "Manon Lescant," "Madama Butterfly," "La Franciulla del West," "Lucia Lammermoor," "La Gioconda," "Il Trovatore," "Don Giovanni," "Germania," "Iris," "Lucrezia Borgia," "Tosca," "La Forza del Destino." (French) "Les Pecheurs de Perles," "Armide," "Faust," "Julien," "Le Froquet," "Carmen," "Samson et Delila," and "Manon."

The famous singer was the guest of honor at a silver jubilee celebration, on the 25th anniversary of his operatic debut, in November, 1919, at the Metropolitan, at which prominent New Yorkers, including the mayor and other officials, spoke of his great artistic achievements. He received an illuminated parchment from 35 families holding boxes in the \$7,000,000 "Golden Horseshoe," a flag from the city of New York, several medals and numerous gifts from his fellow artists.

Mr. and Mrs. Caruso resided in New York City during the opera season. They had a summer home on Long Island and another residence, Ville alle Panche, at Florence, Italy.

WARNING AGAINST LIQUOR PROFITEERS

Austin, Texas, Aug. 6.—David H. Morris, Federal prohibition director for Texas, says there are some liquor permit holding physicians and druggists in this State who are profiteering and today he issued a warning against such practice. Director Morris fixed the maximum charge by physicians for liquor prescriptions at \$2 and druggists who fill such prescriptions shall not have more than 100 per cent profit, and this profit shall not include any overhead expense.

For instance if the druggist's whisky costs him \$6 per gallon, he must not dispense for a greater price than \$12 per gallon. Director Morris says that this action is taken by him as a result of numerous complaints against profiteering by certain physicians and druggists. The order to physicians and druggists become effective Sept. 1.

FRIEND IN CANADA CHEERED BY ENTERPRISE

The Enterprise editor hopes the day will never come when he will not show a feeling of pride in such letters as the following from E. M. Hart who lives in Canada. It is presumed that this E. M. Hart is a lady in as much as she is needlework and since she has been ill and is compelled to do this kind of work the editor suspects she needs the money worse than he and for the \$1.00 has given her credit for a year's subscription and hopes she will enjoy every issue of The Enterprise. It is the hope of the writer that she may fully recover and see the flush during the balance of these days to come, the letter follows:

TWENTY-TWO STOLEN AUTOS AWAIT OWNERS

San Angelo, Aug. 7.—With identification here of two stolen automobiles, Frank Duckworth, Tom Green county sheriff, announced today that another machine here and 21 cars at Baird, Breckenridge, Ranger, Llano, Potosi, Eldorado and Christoval are being held pending inspection by persons whose motors have recently been stolen.

Duckworth, after several weeks sleuthing, believes he is about to break up the strongest organized band of automobile thieves that has yet operated in West Texas. The officer has discovered that motor numbers were shaved off, new ones stamped on, the machines registered and then sold with apparently clean bills.

W. R. Perry of San Angelo, who bought a Dodge and a Ford identified as stolen, says he lost \$1,500.

Charges of auto theft are pending here against S. H. Rouse of San Angelo and Drew Garrett, both of whom furnished bank. Rouse then was taken in charge by Goldthwaite authorities to face a similar charge there.

5 ACRES FOR \$50

Section 4, Block B-20, one mile from drilling contract; has been cut into 5-acre tracts, which will be sold at \$50 each.

D. A. DODDS, PECOS

PEARCE... EXPERIMENTAL RIG BUILDING... GET OUR FIGURES... PLETE RIGS... RIG IRONS... BOR CONT... PECOS, TEXAS... BOX 248

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

CLEM CALHOUN ATTORNEY AT LAW SYNDICATE BUILDING PECOS, TEXAS

HUDSON & STARLEY LAWYERS OFFICE IN SYNDICATE BUILDING PECOS, TEXAS

W. W. HUBBARD LAWYER OFFICE IN SYNDICATE BUILDING PECOS, TEXAS

JOHN B. HOWARD LAWYER OFFICE IN SYNDICATE BUILDING PECOS, TEXAS

J. A. DRANE ATTORNEY AT LAW OFFICE OVER PECOS VALLEY STATE BANK PECOS, TEXAS

BEN PALMER ATTORNEY AT LAW OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING PECOS, TEXAS

ROY I. EIGGS LAWYER PECOS, TEXAS Office upstairs, across street from Postoffice

J. G. MURRAY FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER PECOS MERCANTILE COMPANY Phones: Day 18; Night 76

ARROHEAD OIL COMPANY who are interested in development of the field in the vicinity of Section 8, Block C-20, public school lands, Reeves County, communicate with ARROHEAD OIL COMPANY, Pecos, Texas. Permit Holders If you want to block in your acreage and prove it up thru a well to be drilled in above vicinity advise us fully in your first letter what you have, give full description first letter.

H. & G. N. RY. LANDS FOR SALE IN REEVES COUNTY Surveys Nos. 45, 47, 53, 55, E. half of 61, and 63, in Block 4; and Nos. 43; 45; 47 and 49 in Block 5. The surveys in these blocks are situated from 5 to 8 miles from Pecos City, in the northern part of the Pecos River country and will be sold only in whole sections. Also, surveys No. 49 in block 6 and Nos. 9, 13 and 15 in block 7. Also, surveys Nos. 1, 3, and 5, fronting on the Pecos River, in Reeves county, and Nos. 19 (survey) Pecos county. Also 12 surveys in block 11 and 8 surveys in block 12. None of these are river lands. All are in county. All these lands are under lease subject to sublease. J. G. LOVE of Pecos is agent for the sale of all these lands situated in Reeves County and should be made to him for the purchase of same. There is no local agent for the sale of the lands in Pecos County, and parties desiring to buy any of same should apply to the undersigned. EUGENE CARTLEDGE, Agent and Attorney in Fact. AUSTIN, TEXAS

In which we double-cross a master mind



TALK ABOUT dime novels. THEY SENT Jim down. TO TEXAS to investigate. SOME OIL wells there. WHICH THEY might buy. IF JIM said O.K. AND HE was to report. BY WIRE in secret code. NOW—ENTER the villain. A SLIPPERY crook. GOT WIND of it. AND TRAILED Jim down. COPIED OFF his code. AND BRIBED a boob. IN THE telegraph branch. SO THE crook could get. THE EARLIEST word. AND CORNER stock. AND WORK a hold-up. IT LOOKED like easy coin. BUT JIM got wise.

AND THREW away his code. AND WHEN he sent. THE FINAL dope. HE FOILED the villain. THE MESSAGE just said. "CHESTERFIELD." AND HIS directors knew. THAT ALL was well. WITH THOSE oil wells. FOR OIL men know. THAT "CHESTERFIELD" means. "THEY SATISFY."

YOU'LL know you've "struck it rich" when you discover Chesterfields. You'll say "they satisfy." A wonderful blend—the pick of Turkish and Domestic tobaccos—put together in the Chesterfield way—that's why "they satisfy." And the Chesterfield blend can not be copied!

Did you know about the Chesterfield package of 10?



LIGETT & MYERS TOBACCO CO.

COOL ORGANDIES RULE AGAIN



Woman cannot resist the cool, refreshing appeal of organadies for summer wear. This year the delicate tints prevail, in orchid, copen and flesh colors. As shown here, its plain texture is relieved by polka dots and trimmed with neat knife pleated ruffles. This new model is an advanced showing in the Bush Terminal Sales Building at New York.

DODSON KILLING CALOMEL HABIT

Don't sicken or savorate yourself or paralyze your sensitive liver by taking calomel which is quicksilver. Your dealer sells each bottle of pleasant, harmless "Dodson's Liver Tone" under an ironclad, money-back guarantee that it regulates the liver, stomach and bowels better than calomel without making you sick—15 million

OVER 600 FEET OIL IN TROXEL WELL

Your Opportunity—

2 1-2 ACRE LOTS, well located, at \$100 each, IN FEE—YOU ABSOLUTELY OWN ALL OF IT. Terms: \$25.00 Cash, Balance, 30, 60, 90 days.

IT'S YOUR MOVE—SHOOT 5 Year Lease, 160 Acres, \$10 per Acre Want Drilling Contract On Close-in

Section, on Cottonwood Draw

R. C. WARN, PECOS, TEXAS

PERSONAL

Miss Zara Sims, who is taking a summer course at C. I. A.,—Denton, is expected home in about two weeks.

Mrs. T. A. Arnold of El Paso came in Monday for a visit with her parents, Judge and Mrs. J. W. Wadley and her sister, Mrs. J. P. Gillardi.

Charlie Manahan this week moved his jewelry shop into the rear of the Pecos Valley Bank—the directors room or that formerly occupied by J. G. Love.

Dr. J. A. Daniel was in from the properties of the Toyah Valley Sulphur Co., yesterday and says everything is working along smoothly out there and that they are making headway.

Mrs. J. J. Wheat is home from a month's visit to relatives in Oklahoma and Jim is again looking happy, has quit dragging out his tracks with the seat of his pants and acting like a real man.

Mrs. Beulah Wilson left last Monday for an extended visit to California. Her first stop will be at Colton where she will visit friends, then she will go to Long Beach, Los Angeles, and other points, and plans to be gone two or three months.

Mrs. J. L. Moore of Toyah Creek, was a business visitor in Pecos for a day or two this week. Mrs. Moore is one of the very best business women in Texas and has one of the most hospitable of homes where many of her friends are delighted to visit.

Lloyd Chancey and mother, Mrs. M. B. Chancey of Houston, came in this week for a visit to Mrs. Chancey's sister, Mrs. Haywood and Henry Kerr and family. The Enterprise acknowledges a pleasant visit from Mr. Chancey, who is a very pleasant gentleman.

Mrs. I. J. Sims and three children returned from Mineral Wells where they have spent the past two months Thursday. They were there for the benefit of the health of the children and the Enterprise is glad to note that the famous Mineral Wells waters have had the desired effect and that they are all very much improved.

I. O. Hansen, a prominent stockman of the Pyote country, was a business visitor in Pecos Wednesday and stopped in to see the Enterprise. He is feeling the effect of the money panic and low prices on cattle the same as the rest of us.

A postal card from Rev. C. S. McCarver, dated at Graham, Texas, Aug. 6th asks that his paper be changed to Amarillo and adds: "Do you know being away from home makes me appreciate The Enterprise very much. Hot, oh how hot here. No place like home."

Mrs. J. W. Wadley returned last week from a month's visit to relatives in Frederick, Oklahoma City and other Oklahoma towns. She was accompanied home from Frederick by her daughter, Mrs. J. P. Gillardi and little son, who will spend two weeks here visiting relatives.

Mrs. W. H. Browning, Jr., and daughter, left this week for a visit with her parents in Valentine. Before their return they will attend the Bloys camp meeting which will commence on August 16th and continue six days.

Jim Cox is in El Paso this week looking after business matters.

John Camp and son, Jack, spent the forepart of the week on business in the vicinity of Kent.

M. H. Fior is having erected an adobe vulcanizing and filling station on the corner lot just South of J. A. Hardy & Son's shop.

Rev. J. M. Garner and family left Monday for Sandy, in Llano county where he will hold a two weeks revival meeting.

Mrs. H. F. Anthony and baby returned Monday from Dallas where they have been the guests of Mrs. S. W. White, sister of Mrs. Anthony. W. White, sister of Mrs. Anthony. They were accompanied home by her mother, Mrs. J. D. Martin.

W. G. Smith left Tuesday for East Texas after a few days visit to his parents, Dr. and Mrs. I. E. Smith. He will stop in Dallas for a short visit to his brother, Carl, before going to Houston.

Mrs. I. Hershenson and son, of Chicago, arrived in Pecos Monday and have been looking over the country. They drove through the country in their car and report a most delightful trip all the way. They expect to remain in Pecos for the next two or three weeks and will be with Mrs. Moorhead. They both made The Enterprise a very pleasant visit yesterday and stated: "We have come all the way from Chicago in our car to pay up our subscription for The Enterprise and when this time is up just drop a card and another \$2.00 will come at once." They have interests here and are very pleasant and congenial people.

Sol Eppler, Joe Kilburn and Joe Kilburn, Jr., of Cisco, the former two gentlemen uncles of Mrs. Max Krauskopf, came in this week for a visit to the Krauskopf family. They in company with the Krauskopfs left Thursday afternoon via autos for El Paso where they will see the sights for a few days. These are splendid gentlemen and Max and his family will leave nothing undone to make their visit both pleasant and profitable.

Bradley Chambers came in Tuesday night from Fort Bliss where he had been stationed for more than a year in the service of Uncle Sam, having received an honorable discharge from the army due to the reduction in the army forces. His discharge papers indicate he has been a good soldier and faithful to his duties and should be a pleasant remembrance through the years to come to himself, his relatives and friends. Bradley attended the public school both in Pecos and Toyah and is a nephew of Mrs. John Hibdon. He will leave in a few days for the home of his father in Palo Pinto county where he will visit for a few months and help pull his father out of the weeds and possibly assist in gathering the crop. He expect to leave about the first of the year for Kentucky where he has a fine farm, inherited through his grandmother, and will probably raise tobacco next year together with the other crops raised in that section of the country.

Freddie Kraus gets honorable discharge from the service of Uncle Sam on the fifth of the present month, after a service of eleven months and four days. He was attached to the 12th Squadron (Severance) of the air service. Freddie volunteered as a private and during his service was advanced to corporal and clerk. His discharge says he was at no time A. W. O. L. or absent. His Major who mustered him out gave him an absolutely clean slate in which he, his relatives and friends should feel a just pride. Fred is steady and reliable and all he needs to become a real man and one worthy of trust and the respect of the very best people anywhere is to keep up his army record, and The Enterprise believes he will.

FILLING STATION GOSSIP. Lew McCall says that motorists who come through Columbus en route for Kansas City have about the following conversation when they stop at the filling station here: If it's a Cadillac, the driver says: "How far is it to Kansas City?" "One hundred and forty miles," is the reply. "Gimme twenty gallons of gas and a gallon of oil," says the driver. Then comes the Buick and the chauffeur says: "How far is it to Kansas City?" "One hundred and forty miles," is the reply. "Gimme ten gallons of gas and a half-gallon of oil," and he drives on. Along comes a flivver and the driver uncranks himself, gets out and stretches, and asks: "How far is it to Kansas City?" "Oh, about one hundred and forty miles." "Is that all? Gimme two quarts of water and a bottle of 3 in 1, and hold this son-of-a-gun until I get in."—Columbus (Kans.) Advocate.

EPITAPH. Here lies a man by the name of Blake. Tread softly as you pass; He thought he had his foot on the brake But he had it on the gas.

Habitual Constipation Cured in 14 to 21 Days "LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN" is a specially-prepared Syrup Tonic-Laxative for Habitual Constipation. It relieves promptly but should be taken regularly for 14 to 21 days to induce regular action. It stimulates and regulates. Very Pleasant to Take. 60c per bottle.

PATERSON-LANGHAM.

A wedding to take place this week and which was a sort of surprise to the many friends of the happy couple, was that of Mr. J. W. Paterson and Miss Amy Langham which took place Wednesday evening at nine o'clock at the home of the bride's pastor, Rev. Magee who performed the impressive ceremony. There were present the Magee family and a few intimate girl friends of the bride.

Mr. Paterson came to Pecos a few years ago with a crew of entomologists, sent out by the government to exterminate the pink boll worm and while here won one of Pecos' fairest daughters. He is a splendid young man and has made many friends in Pecos.

Miss Amy was reared in Pecos, and has her home for some time with her sister, Mrs. S. C. Vaughan. She is a splendid young woman, bright, pretty and accomplished, and held in the highest esteem by our people.

The Enterprise joins the many friends of this happy and popular couple in wishing them bon voyage on their matrimonial sea, and prosperity along the way.

CHESTER SMITH COOK

The Enterprise family yesterday received the following announcement:

"Announcing the arrival of Chester Smith Cook on August 7th, 1921. Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Cook. Weight 9 pounds."

Dr. and Mrs. I. E. Smith are now grandparents, the youngest being the son of their daughter who with her husband have visited in Pecos several times and who have many warm admirers here. They are a splendid people and The Enterprise sincerely hopes that the young gentleman may always be a blessing to the world. The Enterprise extends warmest congratulations to the fond parents as well as to the grandparents.

We are not successful farmers, but we can sell the goods, if we do sell some of them below cost, as our competitors say. O. J. Green Merc. Co. (Advertisement) 1t

We took our loss a long time ago on our war priced goods. We are ready for business now. O. J. Green Merc. Co. (Advertisement) 1t

Mail your order early. We will please you, you will be surprised at the saving you will make. Quick turn-over, small profits. O. J. Green Merc. Co. (Advertisement) 1t

FORD OWNERS.

Do you have to use a set of dry cell batteries to start your motor or do you jack up a rear wheel and crank it until you are blue in the face? Call and let us explain how we positively guarantee to relieve you of this trouble in from 15 to 45 minutes, without removing a single part of your motor.

In addition to overcoming above mentioned troubles we guarantee you a Smoother Running Motor Better lights More Power Increase your gasoline mileage Keep spark plugs cleaner Start motor on the mag at any time.

To accomplish this seems to be impossible, but it is something new and it may be the means of saving you an overhauling job, only to find afterwards that you are having the same trouble.

We can save you money. We will be glad to explain the matter to you. If we do not do you any good we charge you nothing.

In addition to above mentioned matter we are in the general repair business. We handle all kinds and makes of automobile troubles. We have been repairing automobiles 15 years.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. PECOS MOTOR SERVICE COMPANY, Phone 56, Pecos, Texas.

Phone 84 your grocery wants. Every order special attention and 2 deliveries. You will get it at once. O. J. Green Merc. Co. (Advertisement) 1t

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Instantly relieves Itching Piles, and you can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 60c. (Advertisement) 1t

We are entitled to a part of your business, from several stand points. Think it over and give us your order. O. J. Green Merc. Co. (Advertisement) 1t

We want your business. A trial is all we ask.—O. J. Green Merc. Co. (Advertisement) 1t

To Stop a Cough Quick take HAYES' HEALING HONEY cough medicine which stops the cough, healing the inflamed and irritated throat. A box of GROVE'S OTEAL SALVE for Chest Colds, Head Croup is enclosed with HAYES' HEALING HONEY. It should be rubbed on the chest of children suffering from cough. The healing effect of the side the throat combined with the cost of the medicinal treatment. Just ask your druggist for HAYES' HEALING HONEY.

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Our Abstract Can Be Relied On PECOS CITY, TEXAS Opposite First National Bank

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KEEP SMILING WITH KELLYS

More people are now using Kelly Springfield tires, because they have learned that "KELLYS" are becoming the most popular tire on the market. They have learned that "KELLYS" will eliminate your tire troubles. They have learned that "KELLYS" will give you the maximum mileage at a minimum cost. They have learned that "KELLYS" have a heavier fabric and a thicker tread. They have learned that "KELLYS" when figured in price per pound are cheaper than ordinary casings. They have learned that "KELLYS" are now selling at practically the same price as ordinary casings. They have learned that "KELLYS" are to be relied upon and that a guarantee goes with every tire sold. In justice to yourself and your pocketbook, let your next tire be a "KELLY."

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Twenty-five years experience in Pecos should give us an idea about how to supply your wants. We are always on the job. Lumber prices have hit the bottom. Now is the time to get ready for the next oil boom which is expected daily.

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