

The Pecos Enterprise

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AND PECOS TIMES

All the Authentic OIL NEWS of the Trans-Pecos Oil Field

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SHERIFF OF EDDY COUNTY IS SLAIN BY A CONVICT

Carlsbad, N. M., June 5.—Saturday night, at Hope, a town of 400 or 500 people 60 miles northwest of Carlsbad, Sheriff George Batton was killed and deputy Stone Wilburn slightly injured in a gun battle between the officers and an escaped Texas convict named Bonilla, wanted at the penitentiary to finish serving a sentence of 12 years for murder. Bonilla, too was killed.

Sheriff Batton and his posse located the Mexican in a little shack near Hope and surrounded the house, demanding his surrender. Two women inmates answered the officers' demand, opening the door and inviting them to enter, saying no one was in the one room shack but themselves.

The women were ordered to light a lamp, which they did, and stepped outside. Batton and Wilburn entering, one by the north and one by a south door. Wilburn discovered the Mexican hiding behind a bureau, which had been drawn across one corner of the room. Wilburn fired, the concussion extinguishing the light, but striking Bonilla in the side the bullet coming out the back. Batton entered the door and fired five shots in the direction of the Mexican, all going high but in a space which could be covered by a hand.

Batton, however, was in the doorway, in the light of the new moon, and one of Bonilla's shots entered his abdomen and killed him instantly. Wilburn was shot in the side, but the bullet was deflected by a rib, and came out at the back.

Wilburn's last shot killed Bonilla, shooting away the jugular vein. The Mexican died instantly.

The bodies of the dead officer and Mexican were brought to Carlsbad, while Wilburn was rushed to Artesia and treated by Dr. F. F. Doepf, of Carlsbad.

Sheriff Batton was a popular officer, noted for his bravery.

His death is mourned by every citizen of Eddy county. He was buried Tuesday at Carlsbad by the local lodge of Woodmen of the World.

Said To Be Juan Lopez, Roswell, N. M., June 5.—According to advices received here tonight, the man who shot and killed Sheriff George Batton at Hope, today, and who later was killed, was Juan Lopez. Lopez had served two terms in the penitentiary, according to word received here.

SEVEN YEAR OLD GIRL SAVES HOUSE FROM BURNING

The house occupied by Mrs. F. W. Pihler caught fire from an oil stove on Tuesday night of this week about ten o'clock and but for the quick action and presence of mind displayed by little Doris Pihler, seven years old, the house would, according to the testimony of witnesses present soon after, have been destroyed by fire.

Mrs. Pihler was sick and the fire occurring in the adjoining room was discovered by her noting the light from the burning wall paper. She at once called to the children and little Doris ran into the room, dashed a bucket of water on the flames and ran to neighbors for help. This was a heroic act and showed rare presence of mind in one of such tender years.

The neighbors and fire department arrived in quick time but the little girl had done the work which saved the house from burning and is entitled to a medal therefor.

AT THE SANITARIUM

Mrs. Kyle Graham of Pyote has been at the sanitarium for several weeks under treatment and is improving.

Alfred Leeman, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Leeman, was operated on Wednesday of last week for appendicitis and is getting along nicely.

Joe Scott, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. Scott of Toyah, is at the sanitarium with his mother at his bedside suffering from an infected bone of the leg, an operation was performed Monday. He is doing fairly well.

Irene Kelsey of Toyah is also at the sanitarium having recently undergone an operation for appendicitis.

Lawrence Ashe, little son of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Ashe was operated on Tuesday for tonsillitis and is doing nicely.

All the patients are improving under the expert nursing of Mrs. J. L. Morrison.

BAPTIST CHURCH NOTICE

All regular services will be held at the Baptist church Sunday. The public is cordially invited.

J. M. GARNER, Pastor.

MAKING GOOD PROGRESS WITH RED BLUFF CORE TESTS

The first core drill hole at the Red Bluff reservoir site has been completed, and work on the second hole is to be started on Monday, according to information obtained by delegation of Pecos Valley farmers who visited the site of the operations on Thursday.

The party was accompanied by Vernon L. Sullivan, engineer of the Pecos Valley Water Users' Association. The work is being done by the U. S. Reclamation Service under contract with the association.

A study of the log of the first hole showed that the proposed center line of the dam is underlain by a thirty-one foot stratum of limestone, this in turn being underlain by a fourteen foot stratum of impervious red clay, which in the opinion of Mr. Sullivan would provide a sufficiently strong foundation for the dam, and an impervious bottom.

Underneath the clay was a 16 foot stratum of anhydrite, which is hard gypsum, and this was in turn underlain by thin layers of sands and clays.

Driller Treadway reported that the hole was watertight, as it had held water pumped into it under an eighty pound pressure during drilling operations, and he seemed to be much pleased with the prospects of the place as a dam site.

No definite conclusion as to the feasibility of the site can be drawn until the completion of the second hole, which is being drilled on the northeast side of the River, but this work will probably be completed within ten days.

Should the Reclamation Service object to the site because of the presence of the gypsum, Mr. Sullivan is of the opinion that by moving the center line of the dam either to the north or to the south a few hundred feet that the gypsum can be entirely escaped, and it is understood that he will recommend that additional holes be drilled in order that the full information regarding the site can be held available for government inspection.

If necessary, the dam could be constructed either to the north or the south of the present survey at some additional expense, the added expense being due to the longer line of the dam.

Mr. Sullivan continued to Carlsbad, where he is to confer with officials of the reclamation service regarding the proposition, and will return to Pecos either on Saturday or Monday.

Those who made the trip to the site Thursday were the following: R. H. Grey, and J. H. McKee of Buenavista, J. G. Haegy, and E. B. Barron of Imperial; J. H. Miller of Barstow; B. T. Biggs representing the Cedarvale district; R. N. Couch, representing the Farmers Independent district, Walter N. Sutherland representing the Pecos Chamber of Commerce, and R. R. Landrum and wife.

MRS. JAMES BRADY PASSES AWAY

The editor accidentally picked up a portion of an El Paso Herald this week which carries no date line but since the associated press date lines carry May 25, it is supposed to be of that date. In this part of the paper the editor noted the heading of an article which will bring sorrow into the hearts of many of the older residents of Pecos. It was an announcement of the death in Los Angeles, California, of Mrs. James Brady, mother of Judge Will P. Brady and Major James Brady, both well known here. Mrs. James Brady occupied the residence now owned by the editor while living in Pecos and she and her husband made of it one of the prettiest homes in Pecos. Both of these old people were greatly beloved by all who knew them in Pecos and their good qualities won for them friends in El Paso also as will be seen from the article above referred to which is here reprinted in full and follows:

Mrs. James Brady, aged 75, a pioneer Texan, died Wednesday afternoon in Long Beach, California. She was the mother of Mrs. Dan T. White, of El Paso.

With her husband, James Brady, she had lived in El Paso about 10 years.

Mr. and Mrs. James Brady were pioneers of Austin, Texas, and in that city, as in El Paso, Mrs. Brady was greatly loved. She was a member of St. Patrick's Cathedral parish in El Paso and was also very popular socially in El Paso.

For the past two years she had been a sufferer, her declining years making improvement impossible.

Almost a year ago Mrs. Brady went to Long Beach to join her daughter and two sons, who reside there.

Hope was entertained that this change of climate would benefit her failing health, but it did not.

Those who survive her are her husband, James B. Brady, of Long Beach, Calif.; Mrs. F. B. Wilder, William Brady and

SEE BEETHOVEN, THEN HIS SONATA



This remarkable photograph of the great composer is from a painting, symbolic of his masterpiece, the Passionate Sonata. Draw the lids of your eyes close together, glimpse through the eyelashes and you will see Beethoven. Open the eyes wide and you will see what was in the mind of the musician when he wrote his deathful harmony.

JACKSON NOT TO RUN FOR CONGRESS

The El Paso Herald states that Dan M. Jackson will not be a candidate for congress against Claude B. Hudspeth. While Judge Jackson is a fine gentleman and popular politician it is doubtful, in the mind of the writer if he could beat Hudspeth and if he could he would not be able to get the results for his people. Hudspeth has made a most excellent congressman and stands ace high with his constituents, thereby enabling him to get what he goes after. The Enterprise is for Hudspeth so long as he is able to "deliver the goods" as he has in the past against any opponent. The Herald article follows:

Judge Dan M. Jackson will not make the race for congress against Claude B. Hudspeth, he announced Wednesday.

"It would not be right for me to permit my personal ambitions to interfere with my duty toward my clients," Judge Jackson stated in a letter which he wrote to John J. Foster, of Del Rio, congressional executive chairman.

"With no more than five weeks to cover the 38 counties in the district it would necessitate the abandonment of cases in which I have accepted employment and received commensurate fees," he said.

Judge Jackson said the cases he referred to are three murder trials, one at Barstow, Ward county, June 19, one at Hillsboro, Sierra county, New Mexico, in July, and the other the McClure trial in El Paso, in which bills of exceptions and statement of facts are being prepared to be presented to the court of criminal appeals.

"The encouragement received from all over the district made me feel confident that with a proper campaign would receive the nomination for congress," Judge Jackson said.

"Had I launched my campaign 60 days earlier nothing could have arisen to deter me from the race. I could then have done justice to my campaign and my clients."

W. W. Dunlavey of Oklahoma City, was a Pecos visitor the forepart of the week. Mr. Dunlavey is interested in the Pecos oil field and was here looking after his personal interests. He holds lands in fee near the Bell and Toyah-Bell wells.

David Brady, also of Long Beach; Mrs. Dan White of El Paso and Judge John W. Brady, of Austin. She leaves also 10 grand children.

Burial services are to be held on Friday afternoon at St. Anthony's church in Long Beach. Interment will be in the Catholic cemetery in Los Angeles.

"The news of the death of Mrs. Brady brings keen regret to many El Paso people," declared Mrs. W. L. Brown, a neighbor.

"Those who were privileged to know her intimately grieve for the passing of a rare and beautiful character. Her noble life and her patience in suffering furnished an example of Christian fortitude, but it was her kindly smile and gentle manner which made her loved by all with whom she came in contact."

STORY HOUR PROVES GLOWING SUCCESS

On Wednesday afternoon the first of the series of story telling hours was held at the school building with about one hundred children in attendance.

This was a very encouraging number for the first meeting to those who have the matter in charge, and the number will doubtless increase from time to time. The spirit was good, every one entering into it with enthusiasm. Remember the place and the hour and to be punctual at the school building at five by the clock. Children in the kindergarten through the seventh grade come. The following is the program for next week:

Kindergarten—Stories on character building by Mrs. Dorothy Heard and Miss Mozell Bryan.

Primary—stories by Mrs. B. A. Toliver.

Music for the two above named departments by Mrs. J. C. Wilson, Miss Viola Ward and Miss Mozell Bryan.

Junior—Stories by Mrs. J. S. Cormack.

Intermediate—Stories of the Civil War by Capt. J. T. Tucker and Mrs. W. W. Dean.

Music for the two last named departments by Miss Sparks.

Story hour meetings were also begun Wednesday with the Mexican children at their school building with an encouraging number present.

Mrs. S. E. Wilson is superintendent of that work and Mrs. Ben Randalis has charge of the music. This is really and truly a missionary movement for these people at our very doors and it should have the hearty support of all our people.

Stories for these children will be told next week by Miss Margie Thurston.

The Mexican Mission work is progressing nicely. The Sunday school has an enrollment of forty-five. The interest is all that anyone could desire.

The story hour of Wednesday was conducted by Mesdames Ben Randalis, R. N. Couch, and S. E. Wilson, with Miss Mable Smith as story teller. Each child was given blue birds and butterflies to cut out and paint. The attendance was good, and the interest exceptionally fine, even some of the parents came.

The songs and stories are all rendered in English. This is a great work and the Lord is blessing our efforts.

BUNK PARTY.

Little Miss Christine Browning, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Browning, was at home to several of her friends at a bunk party Tuesday night of last week. The guests arrived at eight o'clock and were chaperoned by the hostess' mother to the picture show at the theater. After they returned home a number of games were played until they were ready for slumberland. Next morning a delicious breakfast was served.

The following were the guests: Mildred Browning, Elizabeth Lilley, Mary Wilson, Wylie Sue Cole, Jewel and Norabel Holbeck. At ten o'clock they bade their hostess goodbye and thanked her for the most delightful time they had had.

TOOLS AGAIN BLOWN UP IN BELL WELL—RIVER WELL MAKING TIME—OTHER OIL ACTIVITIES

THE BELL WELL

Miscalculations as to the strength of the gas in the Bell No. 1, caused the tools to be suddenly forced up in the hole faster than the cable could pull them and resulted in the tools being stuck 1,000 feet up in the casing.

This incident occurred late last week, when the cement plug which held down the gas was drilled out. The plug gave way under the pressure sooner than expected, and the particles of the plug being blown up into the hole after the tools caused the tools to be caught in the hole, and it will be necessary to loosen them before the hole can be cleared.

Work has been halted all week due to the summoning of the members of the crew to Houston to act as witnesses in the trial of a former employer, but it is understood that these men will return to Pecos on Saturday, and resume fishing operations.

Efforts to remove the jammed tools with the fishing instruments at the well were unsuccessful, and an additional fishing tool was ordered, which will be used by the crew immediately on their return.

Not much gas is escaping by the jammed tools, the hole being almost sealed by the jam, but little difficulty is anticipated in removing them when they are caught. Water was pumped into the hole to hold down the gas shortly after the accident. Some water also came into the hole following the accident, due, it is believed to the lifting of the casing when the tools were caught with a heavy pressure back of them.

Plans for the work on this well following the removal of the tools depends on the condition of the hole after the tools are removed. If the casing settles back and effects a water shut off as many expect, drilling will be resumed. Otherwise efforts will be made to shut off the water, and there are prospects that another cement plug will be placed in the well.

THE TOYAH-BELL WELL

Three thousand feet of the lost string of five inch pipe was removed from the Toyah-Bell well this week, and efforts are now being made to remove the remaining 1300 feet by short lengths.

The pipe was removed by catching it both inside and out, and pulling with seven lengths of cable. This caused the pipe to part at about 3,000 feet below the ground.

A very strong flow occurred at the well on Sunday, while small flows have occurred during the week when the casing was being lifted.

THE RIVER WELL

Drilling at the River well has continued uninterrupted during the week, the hole approaching the 4600 foot mark late this week and the prospects are considered excellent. The last 100 feet of drilling operations have been marked by small breaks in the gray lime formation, and this is generally accepted as an indication that the thick-bedded limestone will soon be drilled through and the horizon of the Delaware sands entered.

THE PECOS-ANGELES WELL

Operations at the Pecos-Angeles Oil Company's location have been halted by order from the manager, O. F. Scherer from the headquarters of the company in Los Angeles, until additional acreage can be secured to refinance the company. Mr. Scherer states that the company has lost a large amount of its holdings through the expiration of permits, and that they are unable to carry on drilling operations without a sufficient amount of acreage to justify the investment in the company's securities. Mr. Scherer is endeavoring to secure small tracts from the various lease owners in order that his company may be financially stabilized.

NEW OPERATIONS

The Chamber of Commerce has received a statement from the Mutual Operating Company of Pasadena, Calif., stating that they are planning to start drilling operations in the territory just north of the Texas-New Mexico state line, and west of the Red Bluff reservoir site. This company has a big acreage in that territory it is understood. A. H. Pease is the vice president, while Willis Wright, who has large holdings in the Pecos Valley is also interested.

THE LOS PECOS WELL

The Los Pecos No. 1, drilling with the only rotary rig in the field, had a small fishing job Wednesday caused by the drill pipe twisting off just below a coupling, leaving six hundred feet of pipe in the

SURPRISED WITH FORMATION AND PROSPECTS OF FIELD

Mr. C. B. Toles of Chaunte, Kansas, and Mr. T. K. Reece of Pittsburg, were two of the many interested parties in the Pecos district this past week. Mr. Toles, a geologist of wide experience throughout the United States says that while he has always believed firmly that this great valley would be developed into a wonderful oil field his examination of the cretaceous uplift in the foothills of the Davis Mountains and the splendid indications here by the Willoughby Petroleum Company have convinced him that nowhere in the state is there a more favorable looking oil country. Geological indications are perfect, the log and indications of early production in the Willoughby No. 1 well all point to the opening of a great field and after having made two visits to Pecos and covering the field from Loving county to the mountains Mr. Toles says he still thinks well of the Pecos district in general but that in his opinion the next great field will be in the limestone hills of Southwest Reeves county.

Mr. Reece who is one of the liberal financial backers of the Willoughby Petroleum Company, coming here from Pittsburg to personally look over the holding of the company and meet the man in charge, says he was delighted to make the inspection trip with Mr. Toles and surprised to find such great structural exposures. Mr. Reece also stated that his visit would result in a generous financial backing by his friends and associates.

Mr. Toles and Mr. Reece were with us long enough to see and know conditions and to meet C. H. Willoughby. They returned to their different homes armed with facts; they are now real boosters; their good opinion of the opportunities found and it is the editor's candid opinion that in spite of disheartening delays and handicaps such men as these will come, confidence will live and the drills will keep pounding until the gusher oil is found and Pecos will become the liveliest oil city in the State.

DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE CALLED TO MEET

A meeting of the Democratic executive committee is called to meet at the Court House on Monday, June 19th, at 3 p. m. Important business to be attended to such as making assessments, select by lot the order of names of candidates to be placed on ballot, etc.

C. W. TUDOR, Chairman.

BRIDGE CLUB

Mrs. Max Krauskopf delightfully entertained the members of the Bridge Club at her home Thursday afternoon of last week. The rooms were prettily decorated with vases of cape jessamines and sweet peas that lent a delicate fragrance to the balmy air. There were seven tables of players and the games were played with zest and enthusiasm, after which refreshments in two courses were served, a salad course and an ice course. The hostess was assisted in serving by her two young daughters, Misses Ione and Nora Hines. Those who enjoyed this very pleasant occasion were Mesdames J. B. Howard, Monroe Kerr, M. W. Collier, J. A. Drane, O. H. Beauchamp, Hugh Robertson, John Baker, W. A. Hudson, J. W. Moore, W. N. Sutherland, Dorothy Heard, W. H. Browning, Jr., E. J. Weyer, Donald Bell, J. E. Starley, Harry Woods, David Tudor, Carl Smith, R. E. Williams, Harry Anderson, Len Bell, Clay Slack, Chas. Manahan, W. W. Dean, Ethel Reynolds, Tom Jones, Marion Snow Hudson and Wingate.

hole. A tool was made in a short time at the well and the hole cleared up in less than a half day. They are now drilling day and night and making good progress. With their rotary rig they have been able to drill a 15 inch hole through all the cavity formation and many water strata found in the different wells without putting in a single joint of casing. The circulation of mud used by the rotary system of drilling keeps the hole from caving. However, Arch W. Bell, their manager, states it will be necessary for them to set a string of ten inch casing very soon, as they will be down to the hard lime formation, where it will be necessary for them to use a Hughes Rock Bit and which will enable them to drill a 9 3/4 inch hole to the depth of the Bell well, if necessary, to get production.

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LOCAL POST FILL
OUT CENSUS REPORT--DISCUSSION

The various bonus proposals now before Congress were discussed and explained at a meeting attended by about thirty ex-service men at the Legion Club rooms on Wednesday evening of last week where papers of the Legion census were filled out and will be forwarded to the National League headquarters.

The plans of the census is to determine the wishes of the ex-service men regarding the various bonus proposals and in this manner determine the probable cost of the bonus so that the figures can be placed before congress, and the exaggerated figures which the legion men claim opponents of the bonus are quoting, can be refuted.

The five options offered the veteran on the bill which has passed the House of Representatives, were explained by Walter N. Sutherland, who previous to the explanation told of the care that the Canadian nation had taken of their ex-service men. He said in part:

"Canada, a country with one-ninth the population of the United States, but with a far greater proportion of its man power in the war, paid each veteran on his discharge \$540 or more according to rank, and has recently increased this by a grant of \$2,000 cash to each man. In addition the Canadian government has agreed to purchase for every veteran who desires it, a 160 acre farm and loan him \$5,000 on long time notes to cultivate and improve it.

"This country has recognized the principal of adjusted compensation. Congress has appropriated three billion dollars for the purpose of reimbursing war contractors who were unable to complete their contract with the government because of the close of the war. It has appropriated the sum of five hundred millions of dollars for the purpose of reimbursing the railroads of the country for the losses during the war. But it has so far refused to adequately pay the four million men who gave up the prospects of big war time wages to serve the country in its most dangerous capacity, the great majority of them at \$1 per day."

Figures supplied by those Congressmen favoring the adjusted compensation Legislation place the total cost to the country of this legislation as four hundred millions of dollars the first year, two hundred million the second year, and one hundred million for the succeeding years.

"Congress is now appropriating \$250,000,000 annually to and for veterans of the war of 1861 without great hurt to the country, and without a popular outcry being raised. All this is being done without special means for raising revenue. Yet the opponents of the adjusted compensation legislation claim that special sales taxes and other burdensome taxes will be necessary if the bonus is allowed.

"The adjusted compensation is figured on the basis of the adjusted service pay which would be \$1 per day for each day served in America and \$1.25 per day for each day served overseas. The overseas pay starts with the day the soldier boarded the ship for Europe and ended when he again set foot on American soil."

If less than \$50 is due to the veteran he is paid in cash. This is the only cash payment under the present bonus bill. If he is entitled to more than \$50 he may have the choice of five options. A maximum of \$500 credit known as the adjusted service pay is made to those who did not serve overseas, while a maximum of \$625 is made to those who served overseas.

One of these features is the twenty-year paid up endowment insurance policy. Under this plan the veteran is given an insurance policy of three times the amount of his adjusted service pay, the face value of which is payable to his heirs upon his death, or to the veteran himself at the expiration of twenty years, absolutely without cost to the veteran. This policy has a loan value of 82 1/2 per cent of the adjusted service pay.

Another plan is that of land settlement. Under this arrangement the veteran is allowed to use his adjusted service certificate, which is one and one quarter times his adjusted service pay, as a first payment on land under any government reclamation project, such as the Red Bluff project, when lands are held for sale by the government, and is given forty years time to pay the balance.

This proposition is not available now in many sections of the country, but would be available in the Pecos Valley when the Red Bluff reservoir is constructed. Under the government plan of reservoir construction the individual land owner is limited to 160 acres of watered land, and if he is unable to dispose of the remainder of his holdings it is necessary that he agree upon a price under which the government will sell his lands. It is these lands that would be available for soldiers, and it is supposed that the government will pay the seller the value of his land and carry the loan itself, or arrange for the carrying of the loan.

If the veteran desires to purchase a small farm or a home for himself,

the government will advance the value of the adjusted service certificate, which is one and one quarter times the adjusted service pay, to apply on the purchase of the home or farm.

If the veteran desires to educate himself for a trade or profession, he is entitled to \$1.75 per day allowance for the time he is attending school up to the value of his adjusted service certificate.

Under these plans the veteran is not given a big sum in cash, but he is given investment or educational features, which will in a way compensate him for the time lost in his profession or business while in the service of his country.

WORLD'S CHAMPION TYPIST VISITED TYLER COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

Mr. Geo. L. Hossfeld of New York City, the worlds champion typist visited Tyler Commercial College, Tyler, Texas, April 18, 1922, and demonstrated to the student body his ability and accuracy as a typist. Mr. Hossfeld has a record of one hundred and thirty-six words per minute for an hour.

After the demonstration, Mr. Hossfeld spent the entire day in conversation with the faculty and students of Tyler Commercial college giving them special instructions as how to develop speed and accuracy on the typewriter as well as other information that will make the student a more efficient office assistant. The Tyler Commercial College never loses an opportunity of having men of Mr. Hossfeld's type and other successful men visit the school often, thereby giving the students and faculty inspiration and modern business ideas. Among these are many exstudents of the school.

Mr. Hossfeld says in a letter to the college:

New York, N. Y.
April, 18, 1922.
Tyler Commercial College,
Tyler, Texas.
Gentlemen:

In reference to the demonstration given at the Tyler Commercial College, I would say that it was a source of great pleasure to talk to the student body. The demonstration itself was one that I really enjoyed giving, and as I noticed, received great attention. This makes a demonstration.

After the demonstration, in walking through the college, I received many pleasant surprises. I could never perceive of such an institution and the wonderful system as portrayed in this college. It's equipment as I noticed, is second to none, and the attention given in the press rooms certainly did impress me. To my mind, a person who contemplates getting a complete business education, could never select a better school.

I shall always remember the courteous treatment accorded me and should the occasion arise, will certainly be pleased to again visit the college.

Yours respectfully,
GEO. L. HOSSFELD.

Young people who wish to secure the very best training possible where they will receive more for their money, should write Tyler Commercial College at once for full information concerning their course of General Business, General Railroad, General Banking, Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Business Administration and Finance, Cotton Clipping, Telegraphy, Penmanship, Wireless Telegraphy and Telephony. These courses may be had in one-third less time than at any other school. Tyler being located in the fruit and truck growing sections of the State enables young people to secure board at less cost than in other cities. You should enter now. Fill in and mail for large free catalogue.

Name _____
Address _____
(Advertisement)

Soft Answer Turneth Away Wrath.
—Wife—"My dear, you've forgotten again, today is my birthday."
Husband—"Er—listen, love, I know I forgot it, but there isn't a thing about you to remind me that you are a day older than you were a year ago."—London Opinion.

CALOMEL GOOD BUT AWFUL TREACHEROUS

NEXT DOSE MAY SALVATE, SHOCK LIVER OR ATTACK YOUR BONES

You know what calomel is. It's mercury; quicksilver. Calomel is dangerous. It crashes into your bile like dynamite, cramping and sickening you. Calomel attacks the bones and should never be put into your system.

If you feel bilious, headachy, constipated and all knocked out, just go to your druggist and get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone for a few cents which is a harmless vegetable substitute for dangerous calomel. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't start your liver and straighten you up better and quicker than any calomel and without making you sick, you just go back and get your money.

Don't take calomel! It makes you sick the next day; it loses you a day's work. Dodson's Liver Tone straightens you right up and you feel great. No salts necessary. Give it to the children because it is perfectly harmless and can not salivate.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Prepared for The Enterprise By
The First National Bank in
St. Louis.

May brought a decided change in the copper market, putting a stop to the downward course of prices and bringing a reaction to a new high for the year at 13 7-8 percent, with some suppliers reported as holding for 14 cent, a better price than has been obtained in some months. Sales for future delivery are the rule at present.

Mine production in the United States increased from 45,958,000 pounds in February to 55,706,000 pounds in March, as compared with 86,683,000 pounds and 91,046,000 pounds for the corresponding months of last year. Curtailment of output in 1921 began in April when production dropped to 46,946,523 pounds. Production reports for April of this year are not yet available, but on the basis of relative increase in mine activity may be estimated at 65,000,000 pounds or more.

April deliveries into consumption are estimated at 130,000,000 pounds and refinery output at 90,000,000 pounds, making an apparent reduction in stock of 40,000,000 pounds for the month. Stock on hand at the end of April are estimated at approximately 400,000,000 pounds. The March refinery output was estimated at 85,000,000 pounds and deliveries 135,000,000 pounds. March sales were estimated at between 150,000,000 and 180,000,000 pounds by different authorities, with 160,000,000 pounds as a probable fair average.

Superiority.—Booth Tarlington tells of an old colored man who appeared as a witness before one of our committees. In the course of his examination these questions were put to the man: "What is your name?" "Calhoun Clay, sah." "Can you sign your name?" "Sah?" "I ask if you can write your name." "Well, no, sah. Ah nebber writes ma name. Ah dictates it, sah."—Atlanta Chronicle.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

The following persons announce their candidacy for the respective offices subject to the action of the Democratic Primary in July:

For Associate Justice of the Court of Civil Appeals, Eighth Supreme Judicial District of Texas:
E. F. HIGGINS, re-election.
(of El Paso)
LEIGH CLARK.
(Of El Paso)

For District Judge:
W. A. HUDSON.
TOM GARRARD.
CHAS. GIBBS, Re-election.

For District Attorney, 70th Judicial District:
T. F. SLACK, Pecos.
BIRGE HOLT, Barstow.
B. FRANK HAAG.
B. W. BAKER

For County Judge:
JAS. F. ROSS, re-election.

For Tax Assessor:
F. P. RICHBURG.
W. W. CAMP, re-election.
TOLBERT GARRETT.

For County Attorney:
ROY I. BIGGS.
HARRY MACIER

For County and District Clerk:
S. C. VAUGHAN, re-election.

For Sheriff:
E. B. KISER, re-election.
E. G. DOTY.

For County Treasurer:
M. A. DURDIN, re-election.
C. B. JORDAN.

For County Commissioner Precinct No. 2:
A. W. HOSIE.

For County Commissioner Precinct No. 4:
R. N. COUCH, re-election.

For County Commissioner Precinct No. 3:
J. W. B. WILLIAMS.

For County Commissioner, Precinct No. 1:
JULIUS EISENWINNE.

TRAIN SCHEDULES

TEXAS & PACIFIC	
Westbound:	
No. 1, Sunshine Special,	
Arrives _____	5:53 a. m.
No. 5 _____	1:05 p. m.
Eastbound:	
No. 2 Sunshine Special	
Arrives _____	12:55 a. m.
No. 6 _____	8:29 p. m.
PECOS & SANTA FE	
Daily Except Sunday.	
No. 91 Arrives:	
Mountain time _____	11:05 a. m.
Central time _____	12:55 p. m.
No. 92 Leaves:	
Mountain time _____	2:35 p. m.
Central time _____	3:55 p. m.
PECOS VALLEY SOUTHERN	
Motor Car:	
Leaves _____	7:00 a. m.
Arrives _____	12:30 p. m.



So extra delicious
With fresh fruits

No other food has such an appeal on a hot day as Kellogg's Corn Flakes! They win fickle appetites, they satisfy hungry folks! As an extra-summer taste thrill, eat Kellogg's with the luscious fresh fruit now in season. Such a diet is not only ideal from a health standpoint, but it is refreshing!



You can eat Kellogg's Corn Flakes liberally at any meal because they digest easily. Let the children have all they want.

Insist upon Kellogg's Corn Flakes in the RED and GREEN package that bears the signature of W. K. Kellogg, originator of Corn Flakes. None are genuine without it!

Also makers of
KELLOGG'S
KRUMBLES
and
KELLOGG'S
BRAN, cooked
and krumbled

Kellogg's
CORN FLAKES

PEARCE BROS.
EXPERIENCED
RIG BUILDERS
GET OUR FIGURES ON COM-
PLETE RIGS, MATERIAL,
RIG IRONS, OR LA-
BOR CONTRACTS
PECOS, TEXAS
BOX 246 PHONE 69

F. J. KRAUS
Tinner and Plumber
All Kinds Of
Sheet Metal Work
and
Plumbing
WORK GUARANTEED
Estimates Free

Habitual Constipation Cured
in 14 to 21 Days
"LAX-POS WITH PEPSIN" is a specially-
prepared Syrup Tonic-Laxative for Habitual
Constipation. It relieves promptly but
should be taken regularly for 14 to 21 days
to induce regular action. It stimulates and
regulates. Very Pleasant to Take 80c
per bottle.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE
In The Pecos Enterprise. Rates 40
cents an inch or 10 cents a line for
readers.

No Worms in a Healthy Child
All children troubled with Worms have an un-
healthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a
rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance.
GRIEVE'S TASTELESS CHIL TONIC given regularly
for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, im-
prove the digestion, and act as a General Strength-
ening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then
throw off or diaphrag the worms, and the child will be
in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle.

MRS. D. A. DODDS

LANDS AND OIL AND GAS
LEASES—FIVE ACRES TO
FIVE HUNDRED ACRES

MRS. D. A. DODDS
PECOS, TEXAS

**H. & G. N. RY. LANDS FOR SALE
IN REEVES COUNTY**

Surveys Nos. 43, 47, 53, 55, E. half of 51, and 52, in Block 4; and Nos. 45, 49, 51 and 52, in Block 5.
The surveys in these blocks are straddled from 5 to 8 miles from Pecos City, in the northern half of the Pecos River country and will be sold only in whole sections.
Also, surveys No. 49 in Block 6 and Nos. 5, 15 and 16 in block 7.
Also, surveys Nos. 1, 4, and 5, fronting on the Pecos River, in Reeves county, and Nos. 29 (4 acre survey) Pecos county.
Also 12 surveys in block 11 and 2 surveys in block 12. None of these are straddled. All are in Pecos county.
All these lands are under lease for oil, gas and mineral purposes and any sale of same will be made subject to such lease.
J. G. LEVIE of Pecos is agent for the sale of all these lands straddled in Reeves County and application should be made to him for the possession of same.
There is an local agent for the sale of the lands in Pecos County, and parties desiring to purchase any of same should apply to the undersigned.

**EUGENE CARTLEDGE, Agent and Attorney in Fact.
AUSTIN, TEXAS**

ASPIRIN
Name "Bayer" on Genuine

Take Aspirin only as told in each package of genuine Bayer Tablets of Aspirin. Then you will be following the directions and dosage worked out by physicians during 31 years, and proved safe by millions. Take no chances with substitutes. If you see the Bayer Cross on tablets, you can take them without fear for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacturing Co. of Monroeville, Pa., U.S.A.

Letting Him Down Easy.—A rich man, lying on his death bed, called his chauffeur who had been in his service for years, and said:
"Ah Sykes, I am going on a long and rugged journey, worse than ever you drove me."
"Well, sir," consoled the chauffeur.
"There's one comfort. It's all down-hill."—American Legion Weekly.

IRRIGATION AND FLOOD CONTROL MEETING CALLED

That the West Texas Chamber of Commerce is one of the greatest organizations in the state and is destined to be of more benefit to the western portion of Texas than any other organization in Texas is evidenced by the interest taken. Probably not a meeting of such moment was ever held anywhere of a commercial organization that held last week in Plainview. The livestock bunch to gather in any town in the state was there and they were there for a purpose which will mean much to West Texas. One of the important actions of that body was that of the conservation of the flood waters of Texas for use in irrigation and for other purposes instead of allowing it to flow as heretofore all over the face of the earth and destroy crops, homes and people as it has in the past. The following written by Hamilton Wright, special correspondent of the Star-Telegram, appeared in that paper and is here reproduced: that the Enterprise readers may know what the West Texas Chamber of Commerce is doing in that line. The article follows:

The floods of Central and South Texas and the droughts of West Texas are to be deprived of their power for destruction through the united effort of all Texas if a State-wide water conservation and flood control congress to be called shortly either at Waco or Houston by the West Texas Chamber of Commerce secures the co-operation of the affected districts. The congress will be called at the suggestion of the Houston Chamber of Commerce which was conveyed in a telegram received here today.

The West Texas Chamber of Commerce with the co-operation of large city chambers of commerce, will seek to have every county in Texas having rivers which sometimes overflow and destroy crops and take toll of human life, to send delegates. Each of the counties so affected will be prevailed upon to send official representatives.

Hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of property and crops are annually destroyed in Central and West Texas, particularly along the Colorado and Brazos rivers, by inundations from floodwaters that have their origin in West Texas counties. The problem in those sections is flood control. In West Texas some years insufficient rainfall prevents realization of bumper crops. The problem in that section is irrigation. By the co-operation of the several sections—those suffering from floods and those suffering from insufficient rainfall—the two problems can be met by aiding West Texas in its fight for the construction of immense reservoirs, thereby holding great volumes of flood water so they will not race down bringing destruction. Much of the flood waters that now destroy property might be impounded. This impounded water may be turned to great benefit to West Texas, especially during dry years.

The session at Waco will take up this common problem with a view to alleviation of the flood conditions of the South and Central parts of the State and do the irrigating of West Texas.

The Pecos Enterprise, the big newsy newspaper.

JUDGE LEIGH CLARK

Judge Leigh Clark, candidate for Associate Justice of the Court of Civil Appeals at El Paso whose announcement appears in this issue of the Enterprise, was in Pecos several days this week, meeting the voters and shaking hands with many of his old time friends. Judge Clark has practiced law in El Paso, Texas, for many years and is well acquainted in this supreme judicial district and has many friends throughout the district, and especially is he strong in El Paso where almost every man, woman and child in that city know him. He has had a long and successful career as a lawyer and was, for eight years, a member of the firm of Clark, Fall, Hawkins and Franklin, Judge Fall now being secretary of the Interior. Asked if he was a Mason, Judge Clark said: "Yes, I am a Thirty-second Degree Mason, but masonry is too exalted, just as the Christian Religion is too sacred to be exploited for political aggrandizement."

For several years he represented the El Paso and Northwestern (now the Southwestern system) Railroad Company, promoted and was of Counsel for the El Paso Electric Railway Company, and the El Paso Electric Light Company, and other corporations, until finding corporate practice too exclusive, he resigned, and engaged in the general practice so as to come into close communion with the people.

In 1916 at the urgent request of the business men of El Paso, he consented to become a candidate for the office of District Attorney. He was elected and speedily suppressed the many obnoxious social booze clubs. During the war he procured the passage of a law making it a felony to transport or possess intoxicating liquor within ten miles of any military post, or military encampment, and many convictions were had under this law, primarily intended for the protection of our soldier boys. During, and continuously since the war, he has suppressed by injunction, road houses and disorderly houses, wherever and whenever evidence of their existence was obtained. At the request of Governor Neff, he suggested how the Deam Prohibition Law should be amended so as to render it easily enforceable. He prepared and submitted memoranda for the amendment, which drafted into a formal bill, was enacted into the present prohibition law of Texas. The record of the El Paso District Attorney's office under his administration is that of an average of one and one-half felony cases per day, for each working day of the court and this average has been maintained, notwithstanding some murder, and other cases have each required several days to dispose of. He has kept abreast with his civil practice for it is Civil Law in which he is best trained by study and experience, and by practice in all of the trial and appellate courts, including the Circuit Court of Appeals and Supreme Court of the United States.

Judge Clark is a high class southern gentleman of education and refinement, and is learned in the law, and his vast experience, as a practitioner of his profession, together with his extensive acquaintance and personal friends throughout the district renders him a strong candidate for the position which he seeks, Associate Justice of the Court of Civil Appeals of the Eighth Supreme Judicial district, and if elected, his sole ambition and purpose would be

to the jurisprudence of the State, and to administer equal and exact justice to all litigants, who might have cases before said court. He has a keen sense of justice and right, and if he should set in judgment upon the property rights, or personal rights of the people of this district, no one need fear but that he will get a fair and square deal. He is a man who commands the respect and confidence of all who know him, and should he be elected, he will receive, at the end of his term, the praise, and the encomiums of the people of the district, as his decisions from the bench will undoubtedly be of that high class of judicial purity as to be of lasting benefit to the State.

TRAVELING HAZARDS

The department of the traveling public has a greater influence on railway safety than is generally known, and the Safety Section of the American Railway Association in an appeal for the conservation of human life and limb gives some illuminating facts on the subject;

Of the 229 fatalities occurring in railway passenger travel during the year 1920, about two-thirds were cases in which the individual himself was in some way involved in the chain of circumstances. For example, 28 persons were killed by falling from coach steps, 18 by falling from moving trains, 64 by being struck or run over, and 10 met their death by deliberately jumping from trains while mentally deranged or to escape penal servitude. More startling still is the fact that 64 passengers were killed and 1,299 injured in getting on or off moving and stationary trains.

Once seated inside a railway car the traveler is in about the safest place in the world, and it's generally his own acts in gaining or leaving such position that create any substantial hazard. Notwithstanding the wonderful safety of passengers on the railways of the country, it is in the power of each of the billion travelers carried annually to make himself still more safe by being careful.

SULPHUR DUSTED ON CLOTHING PREVENTS CHIGGERS ATTACKS

Rare days in June and July and August—tempt nature's lovers into woods and fields and by the sides of babbling brooks. Frequently they return to undergo several days of acute torment due to attacks by chiggers, the tiny mites whose larvae attach themselves to the skin in any exposed spot.

The Bureau of Entomology of the United States Department of Agriculture has made a careful study of the habits of chiggers and methods of control, and suggests two ways of reducing the discomfort caused by chiggers.

The first step is to clothe the feet and ankles properly when going into the woods where chiggers are likely to occur, by wearing heavy high-topped boots instead of low shoes, thick stockings or even spiral puttees. The second method is to apply repellents either directly on the skin or on the hose and undergarments before starting out for a "hike" or a picnic. Flowers of sulphur is ordinarily used for this purpose. A hot bath with a thick lather of soap taken immediately after returning from an outing often kills chigger larvae on the body.

Palliatives such as sulphur ointment, alcohol, ammonia, cooking soda, dilute solution of iodine, or camphor are of use chiefly because of their scarific or mite-killing action, or because of their antiseptic quality, or for both reasons.

CAPPER TEARS OFF THE MASK

Senator Capper is making a gallant fight for the farmers in connection with tariff legislation, tearing off the mask of the American valuation plan, which he describes as a cloak to hide the enormous tariff imposed in the interest of certain manufacturers. These manufacturers, Mr. Capper explains, want still higher duties and the only way they expect to get them is to have them appear in the guise of higher values. Thus in one fell swoop, the Kansas Senator has punctured the spurious patriotic cry for an "all American tariff." The cheap appeal, he says, must not influence the decision of the lawmakers. There have been too many blunders made as a result of popular clamor aroused by some catch phrase. American valuation by increasing the height of the tariff wall, would limit the exportation of American agricultural products in exchange for the manufactured goods bought in foreign countries. It is the old battle—the manufacturer against the farmer—the battle that has been won by the manufacturer for years, because the farmers were unorganized. Conditions, however, seem to be changing. Senator Capper appears as a new Richmond in the field and unless all signs fail, he will win a victory for the men who produce the wealth of the nation. If American valuation is to be based as a method of concealing increases in protective tariff rates, then it is clearly inimical to the farmer and should have no place in our government system.

In the Artist's Studio.—Captain of Commerce—"D'you sell them?"

Artist (in hope)—"Oh, yes, certainly!"

Captain of Commerce—"Young man, come with me. I've been looking for a salesman like you for years."—Sydney Bulletin.

LEATHER BECOMES STRONGER WITH INCREASE IN HUMIDITY

The strength and elasticity of leather are greater when the air is moist than when it is dry, and for this reason, says the Bureau of Chemistry of the United States Department of Agriculture, it is important in making comparative tests of leather to be sure that all pieces tested are under the same humidity conditions. A good piece of leather tested in a dry atmosphere might appear to be weaker than a much poorer piece tested when the air was moist.

Tests made of more than 500 pieces taken from the most uniform part of the hide, alternate strips being subjected to dry air and damp air at a temperature of 70 degrees F., showed that an increase from 35 per cent relative humidity to 55 per cent increased the strength of the leather 13 per cent and the stretch 16 per cent. When the humidity was raised from 35 per cent to 75 per cent the average increase in strength was 42 per cent and in stretch 53 per cent.

It is apparent that control of the humidity in a room where leather is tested is necessary if the results are to be worth anything. The Bureau of Chemistry has devised such a room in which the amount of moisture in the air may be kept uniform and at any percentage of saturation continuously. It is the only testing room in the world where the conditions are controlled so well.

THE DEVIL'S WISH!

(The following is the effort of a local citizen and is given space for the sentiments which are in accord with the best of our citizenry.—Editor):

Lead to to the distill
Lead me to the distill
Matters not what it costs,
This thirst I'd like to quill.
I'd leave my wife at home, and ill,
Just to work at a distill.
It is against her will,
But in that business I like to drill.
Some good men I have to kill
And run from hill to hill.
If every good man I could kill,
I'd have booze on every window sill.

Tame Bird, Wild Parson.—Judge Priest—"Parson, that turkey you sold me yesterday wasn't a tame one as you claimed it to be, for I found shots in it."

Parson Brown—"Judge, dat was a tame turkey jest like I sed it was; dem shot was ment for me."—Judge.



Famed for its Goodness for more than 50 years



Budweiser

Everywhere

ANHEUSER-BUSCH, INC., ST. LOUIS

Pecos Mercantile Co.

Wholesale Distributors

Pecos, Texas

For Sale

You are reading this because you want to see what is for sale. Others will read it for the same reason. When you put in a "For Sale" adlet they read it, too. Use THE ENTERPRISE—the big, newsy paper with the circulation.

Arthur E. Hayes

THE PECOS LAND MAN

RANCHES

TOWN LOTS

OIL LEASES

Some Attractive Bargains

Just Now

OFFICE PHONE 44.

Which Is Most Important To You What Goes into a Can of Paint or What Comes Out of It?



A long time ago, Lowe Brothers found out that six different ingredients had to be used in making High Standard Paint, if their customers were to get the satisfaction and lastingness out of every can that they had a right to expect.

They found out, also, that a different mixing and

grinding process had to be employed.

You're not particularly interested in the manufacturing details, but you do want satisfaction and lastingness in paint.

That is what Lowe Brothers put into every can of High Standard. It is what you always get out of every can. Come in and ask for free literature.

PECOS MERCANTILE COMPANY

Lowe Brothers Paints - Varnishes

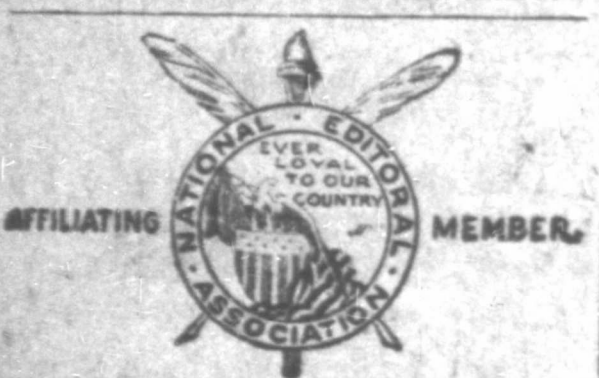
THE ENTERPRISE

Pecos Valley News, established 1887; Pecos Weekly Times established 1897; Pecos County Record, established 1910; consolidated Nov. 23, 1912. The Enterprise absorbed Pecos Times June 1, 1917.

JOHN HIBDON
EDITOR, OWNER AND PUBLISHER
ADVERTISING RATES
Monday, per inch, flat..... 40c
Sundays, per inch..... 10c
Classified wants, per word..... 1c
Minimum 25 cents paid in advance.
Copy must be in the office not later than Wednesday noon to insure publication in current issue.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
One Year, \$2; Six Months, \$1.25
Positively in Advance
No subscription taken for less than six months.
Entered as second class master October 22, 1915, in the postoffice at Pecos, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Foreign Advertising Representative
THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION



LEARN ABOUT THE FARMER.

Back of all legislation must stand united public opinion which always is to be trusted in this nation when the people have intelligent understanding. Most of our troubles come from imperfect knowledge and consequent lack of interest in public questions. For years this has been the case with the American farmer whose situation and importance until lately has not been even measurably sensed. As soon as the people generally in the great cities as well as in the smaller communities come to realize how much of the nation's prosperity depends on the farm when the wheels of reform will begin to turn with rapidity, and all the people will benefit.

Almost half our population is rural, living on six and one-half millions of farms which employ approximately thirteen millions of workers. The value of the annual production of these men is \$19,176,915,000, which is greater than that of mining or of any branch of manufacturing.

What a sad commentary it is upon our legislative intelligence when we realize that in spite of these stupendous and important figures, the income of each farm factory or farm mine, whichever way we choose to visualize it, averages only \$2,793.

The province of government is to create prosperity, the greatest good for the greatest number, to harmonize the laws under which we live so that reward shall come to the people in relation to their service. There are between the City Hall in New York and the Battery Wall—a distance that can be walked in ten minutes thousands of high binders in the world of speculation who have never done an honest day's work in their lives, but who make often in a day and quite frequently in a week as much if not more than the average farmer makes in a year. It is getting time for the public not only to seek information regarding the farmer, but to insist upon having it. When this demand is felt the information will be forthcoming, and when it is, equitable legislation for the farmer will lead a business development the like of which this country, great as it is, has never known.

ADVERTISING IS A PUBLIC BENEFIT

Government figures prove beyond dispute that business revival is marked—but by business revival is meant manufacturing and production. Retail trade has not yet caught up. Close analysis of this situation discloses that the retailers have lagged because they have failed to put into the minds of the people a feeling of confidence that prices have reached the bottom and that better times are at hand. It is amazing how few retail merchants in the smaller towns realize the value of educational advertising. They are so close to the picture they fail to see its perspective. They look for the immediate dollar and in grasping at the shadow they miss the substance. The value of advertising is cumulative. Indeed, that is its greatest worth. Eastman has actually advertised the word camera out of the dictionary and advertised the trademarked name Kodak into the dictionary.

The day of misleading advertising has passed. The public has come to see advertising in the light of news, and it is news. The merchant who advertises tells his story frankly to the public, knowing he will be checked up and courted investigation of his statements and prices. The advertisement of today is not the subject of suspicion. It is the merchant who is afraid to tell his story over his signature that the public regards with doubt, and properly so.

The boom in retail trade awaits only a little thought on the part of the merchant, plus the fundamental knowledge that advertising is an investment and not an expense and a duty owed to the public whose support is sought. The whole business structure of the nation depends on advertising. Increased business means greater production, lower first cost, a larger turnover, increased buying and consequently provides a saving to the buying public. The public should support merchants who

advertise because they are the constructive force that helps to keep costs down.

NEWS FOR HOME BUILDERS—BRICK TAX MULTIPLIED NINE TIMES.

It seems like a waste of space to quote Democratic objections to the pending Fordney-McCumber Profiteers' Tariff bill, which includes even salt in the articles of food taxed, and the medicines of the sick room, because the editorial columns of the Republican press throughout the country are filled with unqualified denunciations of the bill, extending even to unpleasant personal references to its sponsors.

The heights of profiteering and injustice were reached when sand was included in the list of things to be taxed and the duty on brick multiplied nine fold at a time when the housing situation, not only in the big cities but even in the small villages, is almost unendurable. The outrageousness of such procedure was so great that even Senator Calder, a hard-boiled protectionist and a builder, admitted that even the present duty might be taken off.

This outrageous attempt to add further burdens to tenants and to home-builders was thoroughly ventilated by Senator Robinson (Ark.) and Stanley (Ky.), among the most effective of Democratic spokesmen, but no disposition was shown by the hard-boiled protectionists to recede from the amendment to the brick schedule increasing the existing rate from 25 to 225 per cent on bricks.

RAILROADS RIDE FOR A FALL.

The railroads and the government are deadlocked again, and as a result the farmer is to be the victim. Experienced in contests with Washington, the railroad magnates flatly declined the proposal of President Harding, and on the heels of the decision, comes the Interstate Commerce Commission's order, lowering freight rates an average of ten per cent. The roads may now test the order in the courts, and so another long wrangle will begin. The reductions ordered will not affect farm products, and passenger tariffs remain as they are, so old High Cost of Living wins again.

The great wall of poverty from the railroad men, backed by figures to show that lower freight rates will be ruinous, was expected. It is always possible to make out a case of this kind. The packers, with millions on hand, plead poverty and fractional profits so tiny that they actually turn into losses at times. It is amazing where they get their millions out of their losses. Railroad bookkeeping systems are intricate and possibly misleading. If the railroads cannot stand a reduction below their present rates, which spell death to the farmer and high living prices to the public, then they must be very badly managed. We are prone to boast of our railroad systems when those of other nations are discussed, but the truth is, the cost of travel in this country is so outrageously high, that it is a serious handicap to business. So far as the freight rates are concerned, they are hardly open to discussion. They are a millstone around the neck of the producer. It is true the stockholders are entitled to a fair return on their investment, but summed up, either railroad management is incompetent, the valuation of the roads is excessive, or the roads are looting the public. The latter does not seem to be the fact if figures are to be accepted on their face appearance. The chief trouble seems to be that it is impossible to reach a fair valuation of the railroad systems because by the time the compilation is completed, the values have changed. And so the merry whirl goes on. The railroads are riding with a high hand again and unless they come forward with some much clearer explanation than they have to date, they are riding for a fall, and most likely will drop into the maw of the government.

THE PROFITEERS' TARIFF

Here are the latest utterances of leading Republican and Independent papers on the Fordney-McCumber tariff bill:

New York Herald (Rep.)—It is about a year since Congress passed the emergency tariff act to protect the American farmer from being undersold in his own home market by a flood of agricultural products from across the northern border. The results are roughly covered in the trade between the Dominion and the United States for the twelve months to April 1 last. They show that while the emergency tariff has been in effect we have lost nearly \$100,000,000 more in sales to Canada than Canada has lost in sales to us. And to that the existing emergency tariff is a gentle tap compared with the blow the Fordney and McCumber schedules could give to our whole foreign trade.

Indianapolis News (Ind.)—For the policy to which it is sought to commit the Republican party—the policy of price-raising—is very dangerous, and especially so in a year in which a congressional election is to be held. The question presented is difficult—whether to go through with a bad business, or to withdraw from it. The mistake was in turning the fortunes of the party over to Fordney, and men of his school. Probably not in the history of the country has there been a worse tariff bill than that reported to the Senate by Senator McCumber and

his committee, unless it be the one prepared by Mr. Fordney's committee, and passed by the House of Representatives.

Brooklyn Eagle (Ind.)—If the Republican leaders of Congress cannot see what is visible to Republican newspapers of distinction all over this country they are in a sorry plight. Those newspapers protest against the tariff bill not because they wish to make trouble for the Republican party, but because they know that persistence in folly by the party itself will inevitably lead to disaster at the polls.

Chicago Tribune (Rep.)—Absolutely no appreciation of a change in international trade relations brought on by the war was displayed. The tariff makers, led by Fordney and McCumber, had learned nothing and forgotten nothing.

Special interests appeared before the committee as always, argued their points for protection of their own industries through a prohibitive tariff, and for the most part got what they wanted. Each interest saw only as far as its own nose and disregarded all those around it. The potash interest obtained a high tariff to keep out importations of this commodity, thus raising the farmer's cost and reducing any probable advantage to be obtained from a high agricultural tariff. And the consumer pays the cost, while trade is destroyed. The bill reeks with such errors and injustices. The public is disgusted. Only the many individual interests which have been taken care of are satisfied.

The editor of the Enterprise has been of the job in a print shop practically all the time since he arrived at the age of thirteen. He has decided that this is long enough and intends to take a rest at least for awhile, therefore, in order to do this either all or an interest in the plant will be sold. If only an interest, to one who is capable of relieving the editor of a large portion of the work. The Enterprise will go on and continue to be one of the very best country weeklies in Texas. Some say "you can't sell," but this editor knows

just how to do it. All that is necessary to dispose of anything is to put the right price on it and Bing, it's done sold. That's what will be done when the announcement is finally made.

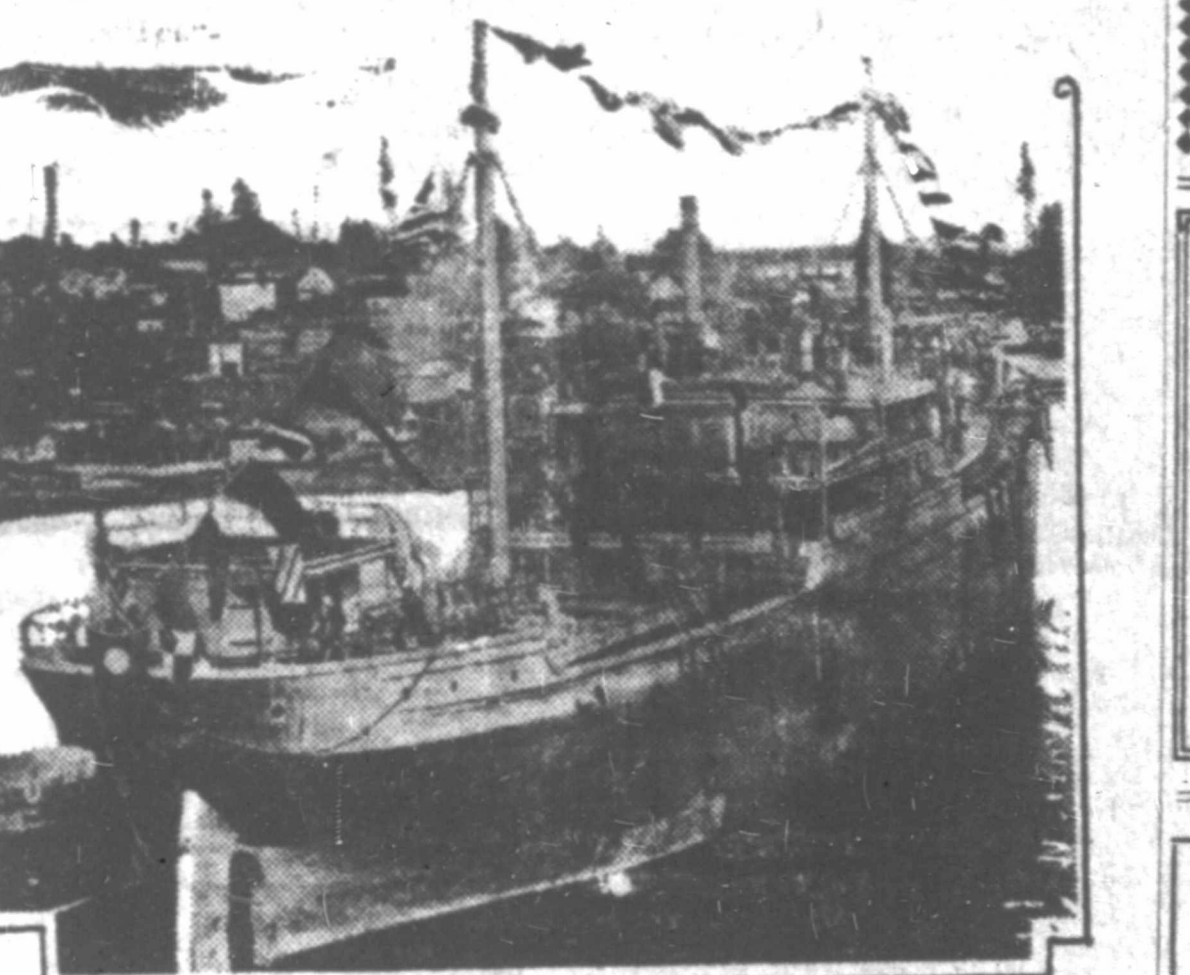
The work of the ladies of Pecos in training the children at the Story Telling hour at the public school building is a commendable one and that it is "taking" and that it is receiving the support it deserves is evidenced by the number of children taking advantage of the course. The Enterprise understands that those of our Mexican population are filling their school building at each meeting and showing marked interest. The editor is informed that the Mexicans are very desirous of learning and many of them have made it known that they would be pleased to learn sewing along with other things. This is a very fine opportunity of doing missionary work among the Mexican population and helping the "stranger within our gates." All praise to the ladies of Pecos who have this work in charge.

THEY ALL ADVERTISE

A hen is not supposed to have Much common sense or tact, Yet every time she lays an egg She cackles forth the fact. A rooster hasn't got a lot Of intelligence to show, But none the less most roosters have Enough good sense to crow. The mule, the most despised of beasts, Has a persistent way Of letting folks know he's around By his insistent bray. The busy little bees they buzz, Bulls bellow and cows moo, The watchdogs bark, the ganders quack, And doves and pigeons coo. The peacock spreads his tail and squawks, Pigs squeal and robbers sing, And even serpents know enough To hiss before they sting. But man, the greatest masterpiece That nature could devise, Will often stop and hesitate Before he'll advertise.

—The Connector.
Read the ads and know the fads.

Legion Uses Ship for Clubhouse



The American Legion of Seattle, Wash., paid \$3,500 for this wooden ship which cost the U. S. Emergency Fleet Corporation about \$700,000 to build. It is one of the fleet of partly finished wooden steamships which have been lying idle in Seattle harbor since the armistice. The former service men will refit the vessel as a floating clubhouse.

THE PROOF OF THE PUDDING IS IN THE EATING

Likewise

THE TEST OF INSURANCE IS IN THE PAYING

The recent immediate adjustment and prompt payment of the Krauskopf and Buchholz fire losses in Pecos, is just an instance of the established policy of looking after the interests of its customers and clients by the

W. W. DEAN INSURANCE AGENCY

Representing none but the largest, strongest, old-line companies with ample capital and large reserves, with most honorable record of payment of honest losses, I submit a few instances of payment of some of the losses in this agency during the past two years, as proof of your absolute protection if you have one of my policies:

- W. W. Stewart, Balmorhea, Barn and Hay, Fire Dec. 28, 1920, Paid Jan. 3, 1921.
- O. J. Green, Cotton, Fire Dec. 7, 1920, Paid Dec. 9, 1920.
- Otto Elder, Dwelling and Household Goods, Loss Dec. 21, 1920, Paid Jan. 10, 1921.
- Rev. C. S. McCarver, Dwelling, Fire Jan. 17, 1921, Paid Jan. 29, 1921.
- O. T. Norwood, Auto, Fire April 15, 1921, Paid April 16, 1921.
- C. M. Linton, Balmorhea, Hotel, Fire April 18, 1921, Paid April 25, 1921.
- C. E. Buchholz, small fire May 24, 1922, Paid May 29, 1922.
- Max Krauskopf, Dwelling, Fire May 24, 1922, Paid June 2, 1922.

I write 23 different lines of insurance, including Fire, Tornado, Hail, Life, Sickness, Accident with 17 others.

Over \$30,000.00 Paid In Losses Last 2 Years

Insurance Information Cheerfully Furnished FREE

"I Insure Anything Anywhere"

If it's insurable

W. W. DEAN, PECOS, TEXAS

Asparagus Shipped By Aeroplane



The first aeroplane load of asparagus to be shipped in America was sent last week from a hot house in New Jersey to the market in Frampton, Mass. The asparagus was on sale in Massachusetts three hours after it had been cut in New Jersey. Photo shows the arrival and unloading of the cargo.

SAY LISTEN

Lumber has commenced advancing. To those who contemplate building anything soon, better get busy as this is the day of surprises.

Pruett Lumber Co.

ROBERTS DAIRY
CREAM - MILK - EGGS
Cows Tuberculin Tested by Deputy State Veterinary Chas T. Bertrand. Fly Proof Milk Houses
EVERYTHING ABSOLUTELY SANITARY
Personal Inspection by the Public Invited
Two Deliveries Each Day Phone 97 1-1-1

THE DALLAS NEWS
THE NEWSIEST, THE BEST, THE MOST RELIABLE—THAT'S ALL
TOM McCLURE CIRCULATOR AT PECOS, TEXAS

PHONE US FOR ICE CREAM
We will send it to you packed in any size from quarts up
CITY PHARMACY

OUR SPECIALS ARE REAL BARGAINS

SPECIALS

- 4 Ivory Soap 25c
- 2 No. 2 Iris Peaches 40c
- 1 quart Iris Grape Juice 65c
- 2 dozen Parker House Rolls 25c

GIVE US A TRIAL
CASH MERCANTILE COMPANY

Uncle Johns Josh

WHEN THE WORLD SAYS AMERICA WHAT IT OWES IT; WHEN AMERICA SAYS ITS PEOPLE WHAT IT OWES THEM, ONE DAY OF ETERNITY WILL HAVE GONE BUY.



To Cure a Cold in One Day Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE (Tablets). It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 30c.

Self-Defense.—She—"I'm afraid, Don, that I will never see you in heaven." He—"Great guns! What have you been doing now?"—Sour Owl.

Get rid of that indigestion, stomach trouble and nervousness, build up your system and regain that lost weight. Take Tanlac. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. 1t.

GARAGE SALE

The Bankhead Auto Co., of Toyah, Texas, offers its plant and equipment for sale cheap.

For particulars see or write F. A. Bessire, Receiver, box 93, Toyah, Texas. 42-2t.

Let us help you get ready for the 16th and 17th by selling you a new hat for half price.—Miss Lillie Poe 43-1t.

1/2 PRICE MILLINERY, 1/2 PRICE

Beginning Monday, June 12th, we will sell all trimmed hats for half price except—Mid summer White and Sport stuff, they will be reduced one-third. MISS LILLIE POE 43-1t.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in the head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. 30c.

CLASSIFIED

WHY Pay Rent?—I will sell you a house for \$150. See me at once for quick sale. Phone 137, Mrs. S. E. Wilson. 43-tf.

FOR SALE—My Ford car, in good condition.—Mrs. D. A. Dodds. 1t

FOR SALE—Forty acres, block 4, section 37, about six miles north of Pecos. \$25 per acre.—C. C. Prude, Colorado, Texas. 43-4t

FOR SALE—Navajo saddle blankets of best grade in sizes up to 38x66 inches, in colors desired, sent C. O. D. postage paid at \$7.50 each. Money will be refunded if not satisfactory. New Mexico Rug Co., Box 2, Gallup, N. M. 32-22*

FOR SALE—Or will consider drilling contract; tracts forty seven and forty nine, section eighty-six, block thirty-three, of the H. & T. C. Survey Loving county, Texas. Located between the Toyah-Bell and Bell No. 1. The title is good and the rental is paid to January 1923. Write J. A. Law, 4284 South Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif. 28-tf.

FOR SALE—Texas Pacific Leases, rentals paid to Dec. 1921, in Block 54, Township 4; Block 53, Township 4; Block 55, Township 5; Block 54, Township 5; Block 58, Township 6; Reeves County, write for prices and description.—J. E. Bowen, 1101 Montana, El Paso, Texas. 8-tf.

REAL ESTATE, Oil Leases, Furnished Houses, and Auto for sale. I. E. Smith. 30-tf.

FOR RENT. WHY Sweater?—In hot, stuffy rooms? I have cool sleeping porch beds, and big, airy rooms close in. Reasonable rates. Phone 137, Mrs. S. E. Wilson. 34-tf.

FOR RENT—At a reasonable price, my furnished home for the summer. See me at the Pehler Laundry.—Mrs. F. W. Pehler. 41-tf.

FOR SALE—Good milk cow for sale cheap. See H. F. Anthony. 41-2t

FOR SALE or TRADE—Five room house, eight lots, clear. Make me an offer.—Mrs. Nannie Adcock, 1128 East 52nd Street, Los Angeles, California. 41-4t.

FOR RENT—Either rooms or light housekeeping apartments, all nicely furnished, Michigan. Phone Mrs. H. S. Ross, 117. 27-tf.

FOR RENT—Furnished house, 5 rooms with bath.—I. E. Smith. 39-tf

SWAT THE FLIES

Just now Pecos people are sorely bothered with flies and will be more so later on if the breeding places are not eliminated. Every citizen in Pecos should make it his personal duty to not only swat the fly but to use every means within his power to stamp out this evil and menace. The following sent out from Austin will give you some idea of what one single fly will produce and the way to exterminate the breed in Pecos. If one fly will produce as many others as this article says it will then if something is not done before long to stop them breeding Pecos will undoubtedly be one of the most despicable places known so far as the fly is concerned. Read the article carefully and let's all take a hand and see what we can do to save the day from flies. The article referred to above under an Austin date line follows:

A fly buzzed its busy way in the office of G. V. Ehlers, sanitary engineer of the state board of health. It came to rest upon the back of a pile of postage stamps on his desk. That proved to be a bad move on the part of the fly. Mr. Ehlers quietly folded a newspaper. Then followed a swish and the fly was no more.

"That means several million less flies in August," Mr. Ehlers remarked. "Experiments have shown us that a pair of flies born early in the season may give origin to millions by August."

"Communities can abolish the fly evil," he said. "The advice of the board of health is 'get them early.' Flies in a community means that there is filth of the worst kind and an utter disregard for public health."

Get Rid of Breeding Places.

"The first step toward ridding a community of flies is to get rid of the breeding places. Ninety per cent of flies breed in stable manure and it requires at least seven days for the fly to develop from the egg. During the fly season manure should be removed at least twice a week. Cities should have ordinances requiring that this be done."

"A solution of borax poured on the ground after the manure is taken away will destroy eggs and maggots. Making the solution is a simple process. One pound of borax to three gallons of water is strong enough."

"Fig pens should not be allowed within the town limits until they can be moved they should be subject to the same regulation. Garbage must be regularly collected, at least every two days, and must be kept in covered metal buckets, which must be cleaned with lye every week."

"Candy and food exposed for sale must be protected by netting. Refuse from markets, fish houses and meat shops must be removed promptly. Surface kitchen drainage must not be allowed. The fly usually stays near his breeding place, traveling not over a mile unless windblown."

Boy Scouts Can Help.

"To rid a community of flies requires the co-operation of every person in it," Mr. Ehlers said. "Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts and every citizen can help. An inspector, helped by the citizens in the small communities, could cover the town by working two days a week. His inspections would include stables, surface sewage, garbage and exposed food."

"The girls and boys can be helpful in putting up posters, circulating literature, make fly traps and use swatters. The board of health will furnish literature and plans for fly traps. The Boy Scouts and Girl Scouts or Campfire Girls can district the town and appoint patrols to help the inspector."

Business men are only too glad to furnish fly swatters free. A sticky fly paper is also good.

"House flies were eliminated in many of the army cantonments and it can be done in any community if the citizens will help. Without the aid of the citizens the governing body of the community can do little. Ordinances may be passed, but unless the citizens live up to them they are worthless."

Thousands of people who had lost hope of ever being well again have been restored to health and happiness by Tanlac. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. 1t.

IN MEMORY OF MY WIFE MATTIE M. LEEMAN.

Thou art gone dear, but not forgotten. Calm on the bosom of thy God, Fair spirit rest thee now; Even while with ours, thy footsteps tread

His seal was on thy brow. Dust to its narrow house beneath Soul to its place on high They that have seen thy look in death

No more may fear to die. Thy gentle voice now is hushed— Thy warm true heart is still, And on thy pure and innocent brow Is resting death's cold chill.

They hands are clasped upon thy breast, We have kissed thy lovely brow; We have no mother and loved one now— We miss thee from our home dear one.

We miss thee from our home dear one; We miss thee from thy place. A shadow o'er our life is cast, We miss thy kind and willing hand, thy fond and earnest care, Our home is dark without thee, We miss thee everywhere.

Dearest loved one, thou hast left us, And our loss, we deeply feel, But 'tis God that hast bereft us, He can all our sorrows heal. Yet again we hope to meet thee, When the day of life is fled; When in Heaven with joy we'll greet thee

Where no farewell tears are shed. Farewell dear one, but not forever, I here'll be a glorious dawn, We shall meet to part, no never; On the Resurrection morn.

Though thy lovely form lies sleeping, In the cold and silent tomb; Though shalt have a glorious waking When the Blessed Lord shall come.

'Tis hard to break the tender cord, When love has bound the heart. 'Tis hard—so hard to speak the word We must forever part.

Dearest loved one, we must lay thee In the peaceful grave's embrace, But thy memory will be cherished. 'Till we see thy Heavenly face, So farewell, but not forever. Your husband, J. A. LEEMAN. Pecos, Texas, June 3, 1922.

If you are all run down, weak and nervous and feel out of sorts with everything bad and everybody, get back in line by taking Tanlac. Sold at Pecos Drug Store. (Advertisement)

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas, County of Reeves.

By virtue of a certain Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves county, Texas, on the 8th day of June, 1922, by S. C. Vaughan, Clerk of said court against H. S. Dunn, Christian Dubach, Laura E. Dubach, Unknown Heirs of Emma C. Meierhoffer, deceased, Reinhold Meierhoffer, Charles K. McKnight, Laura A. McKnight, Henry H. Murphy, Jesse D. Murphy, B. T. Biggs, Alfred Tinnally, Jno. B. Howard, Sunshine Oil Corporation, Pierre P. Freyman, Federal Service and Development Systems, Inc., Federal Service System, not Inc., a common law trust estate, with its trustees, Henry Deutch, A. W. Beisang, W. C. Heller, F. M. Rutten, and H. B. Baillie, as its trustees, Antonio De Pasquale, A. V. De Pasquale, Henry Deutch, Abner Davis, Trustee, W. A. Hudson, M. P. Carlock, El Paso Printing Company, Krakauer Zork Company, Ben Williams, Tom Simmons, Pecos Land Company, A. P. Foster, J. O. Childers, George A. Rathburn, Paul C. Krank, W. C. Best and R. E. Alston, for the sum of Eight thousand three hundred thirty-two and 50-100 Dollars (\$8332.50), with interest thereon from May 29, 1922, at 6 per cent per annum, and costs of suit, in cause No. 2231, in said court, styled L. H. Lamkin, Plaintiff, versus H. S. Dunn, Christian Dubach, Laura E. Dubach, Unknown Heirs of Emma C. Meierhoffer, deceased, Reinhold Meierhoffer, Charles K. McKnight, Laura A. McKnight, Henry H. Murphy, Jesse D. Murphy, B. T. Biggs, Alfred Tinnally, Jno. B. Howard, Sunshine Oil Corporation, Pierre P. Freyman, Federal Service

and Development System, Inc., Federal Service System, not inc., a common law trust estate, with its trustees, Henry Deutch, A. W. Beisang, W. C. Heller, F. M. Rutten, and H. B. Baillie as its trustees, Antonio De Pasquale, A. V. De Pasquale, Henry Deutch, Abner Davis, Trustee, W. A. Hudson, M. P. Carlock, El Paso Printing Company, Krakauer Zork Company, Ben Williams, Tom Simmons, Pecos Land Company, A. P. Foster, J. O. Childers, George A. Rathburn, Paul C. Krank, W. C. Best, and R. E. Alston, Defendants, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves county, Texas, did, on the 8th day of June, 1922, levy on certain real estate, situated in Reeves county, Texas, described as follows, to-wit:

All of section Thirty-five (35), block Four (4), H. & G. N. R. R. survey, Reeves county, Texas, less the right-of-way of the Pecos Valley Railroad, and the right-of-way of the Pioneer Canal Company—said rights-of-way heretofore deeded to said companies.—Said real property levied upon as the property of said Defendants. And on Tuesday, the 4th day of July, 1922, at the court house door of Reeves county, in the town of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of ten A. M. and four P. M. I will sell said Real Property at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said levied and said Order of Sale.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Enterprise and Times, a newspaper published in Reeves county, Texas.

WITNESS my hand, this 8th day of June, 1922. E. B. KISER, Sheriff Reeves County, Texas. By R. G. MIDDLETON, Deputy. 43-4t

LAND FOR YOU

And a way for you to buy it. We can furnish black, black loam or sandy loam soils. Land with plenty of rainfall, moderate rainfall, or irrigable. Land that is level, rolling or hilly. Land suitable for almost any crop, fruit, vegetable or livestock. Terms easy for real farmers. Some raw lands without cash payment to those who will improve them, and long easy terms of payment. Write for our new booklet.

H. M. MADISON Gen. F. & I. Agt., S. A. & A. P. Railway, San Antonio, Texas Write Geo. F. Lupton, G. P. A., about your summer excursion.

QUICK ACTION The Big Money comes from getting in ahead of production and not waiting until after a well shoots over the top when the man of ordinary means can't buy but the man of foresight reaps the big harvest. We have a few 5 and 10 acre tracts for \$100 and \$200 S. W. of the Bell well in Reeves County, Texas, on what is termed the Bell Structure, Texas & Pacific 5 year commercial lease 2 1/2 years to run, rentals paid up until October, 1922, title perfect. The Bell well struck gas at 2707 feet, resulting in an estimated daily flow of 10,000,000 cubic feet and reported blowing itself 7 feet deeper. Drilling was stopped to ream and set casing and hole otherwise put in shape to handle expected production. This delay coupled with the fact that circumstances forces the letting go of a few acres, and only a few, is your one real opportunity. Conditions as you see prohibit delaying, so send certified check with your reservation. Wire or write— W. T. WELLS, P. O. Box 473, Pecos, Texas

THE TEXAS T&P PACIFIC RAILWAY SUMMER EXCURSION RATES EAST-WEST-NORTH THE LOWEST IN YEARS LONG LIMITS—LIBERAL STOP-OVERS SEE YOUR LOCAL AGENT OR WRITE TO GEO. D. HUNTER GEN. PASS. AGENT DALLAS, TEXAS

If It's Lost a Classified Ad Will Find It. The Enterprise is read by thousands.

They Overlooked the Diamonds It is said that, "What you don't know won't hurt you." But: The farmers of Kimberly were a struggling, disheartened lot. The rocky soil gave them a scant living. Some left. Others died in poverty. And all the time their children were playing with diamonds. The poor devils didn't know. They thought the priceless gems were but rock. THEY WALKED ON DIAMONDS. THEY OWNED DIAMONDS. BUT THEY NEVER WORE A DIAMOND. THEY LACKED FORESIGHT. THEY LACKED CONFIDENCE. THEY MISSED THEIR OPPORTUNITY. DON'T BE LIKE THOSE KIMBERLY FARMERS. ACT NOW. WILLOUGHBY PETROLEUM COMPANY Toyah, Texas. Gentlemen:— I believe in your proposition. It has the ring of sincerity. I have long wondered why there was not invented some device which would locate oil underneath the ground, and now that you have announced such a device, controlled by the President of your company, but to be used for the benefit of stockholders in this organization, I have the utmost confidence that it should result in a large profit return for every dollar I am investing. Confident, therefore that you are destined to become one of the largest successes among independent oil companies throughout the country, I herewith enclose \$_____ in (full or part) payment for _____ shares of the capital stock of your company. I understand that with each and every 100 shares of stock purchased I am to receive one five-acre lease out of your drilling block, and that this lease is to be covered by a regular lease assignment. You will, therefore, please forward certificate (or receipt) that I may have concrete evidence of my stock ownership or part ownership, and keep me advised as to your progress, that I may look forward to unusually large profits when your first well comes in the producer you feel it should. Unless full remittance accompanies this application I will avail myself of your practical monthly plan. I understand that you depend on these monthly payments and will expect me to meet them promptly and should I fail to do so I will not expect more than the stock actually paid for at \$1.30 per share. Name _____ Address _____ City _____ State _____ Date _____

Uncle Johns Josh WHY 2 OUT OF 3 MOTOR ACCIDENTS OCCUR UNDER 15 MILES AN HOUR. MAGAZINE

R. P. HICKS & SON TRANSFER Coal, Wood, Kindling and Smelting Coal in stock 365 days in the year. PIANOS MOVED Without a Scratch PHONES— Office, 42 Residence, 181 and 258

Punchettes

by
REV. M. A. MATTHEWS
D. D., LL. D.

The universal cry is against high taxes. The cry should not be against high taxes, but against the corrupt use of taxes. The question of high or low taxes is to some extent governed by the valuation put upon property from the public treasury. Crush the socialistic, paternal spirit growing up in this country, whether in the form of the pork barrel or government ownership of public utilities. All such unconstitutional doctrines and practices are increasing the taxes to the breaking point.

The continued excessive tax burdens can be traced to certain abuses:
First: Extravagant, complicated governments. The office seekers, office holders, and tax eaters have multiplied government machinery to perpetuate themselves in office. If you would reduce the machinery and throw out of office the inefficient, rat-hole office hunting parasites you would reduce the cost of municipal, county, state and national government 30 per cent. Today, you have about sixty cents of every dollar of tax money invested in government, and the other forty cents is



represented by waste, fraud, inefficiency and graft.

The bureaucracy of this country is a curse to good government and a criminal expense upon the tax-ridden public. Simplify governmental machinery and put competent, trained, patriotic men in office and taxes will be reduced 30 per cent, within a short time.

Second: Destroy the spoils system. Elect or appoint men to office solely on the ground of merit. Then you will get an honest day's work for true love of country and a just consideration of the trust imposed.

Third: Teach the people they must support the government and not expect support.

Apportionment to School Increased

Austin, Texas, May 29.—State Treasurer C. V. Terrell announced today that there was sufficient money in the Treasury to the credit of the available school fund to make an apportionment of \$1.50 per capita or a total of \$1,946,986. Mr. Terrell will advise the State Board of Education Tuesday that the money is ready and the board will immediately order it remitted to the various schools. School heads believed that only \$1 would be available this month and the \$1.50 allowance will be a most agreeable surprise. There is yet \$3.50 per capita to be paid on the apportionment for the current year. It will be reduced to \$2 when Tuesday's action is taken.

A corrected calculation shows there are 1,297,991 enumerated scholastics in the State of Texas on which basis the State Board of Education made an apportionment of \$13 per capita, for a grand total of \$168,73,883. When the \$1.50 is apportioned Tuesday there will have been paid a total of \$14,277,961 on this session's whole amount, leaving \$2,595,982 yet to be paid.

10:30 o'clock after having been out 4 hours and 45 minutes. Six ballots were taken, according to E. B. Williams, foreman.

Judge C. A. Pippen complimented the jury "for its courage in rendering its verdict."

A TONIC

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic restores Energy and Vitality by Purifying and Enriching the Blood. When you feel its strengthening, invigorating effect, see how it brings color to the cheeks and how it improves the appetite, you will then appreciate its true tonic value. Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is simply Iron and Quinine suspended in syrup. So pleasant even children like it. The blood needs QUININE to Purify it and IRON to Enrich it. Destroys Malarial germs and Grip germs by its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. 60c.

SLACK'S GARAGE
F. M. SLACK, Manager
General Overhauling
Battery And
Electrical
Service
ALL WORK GUARANTEED
PECOS, TEXAS

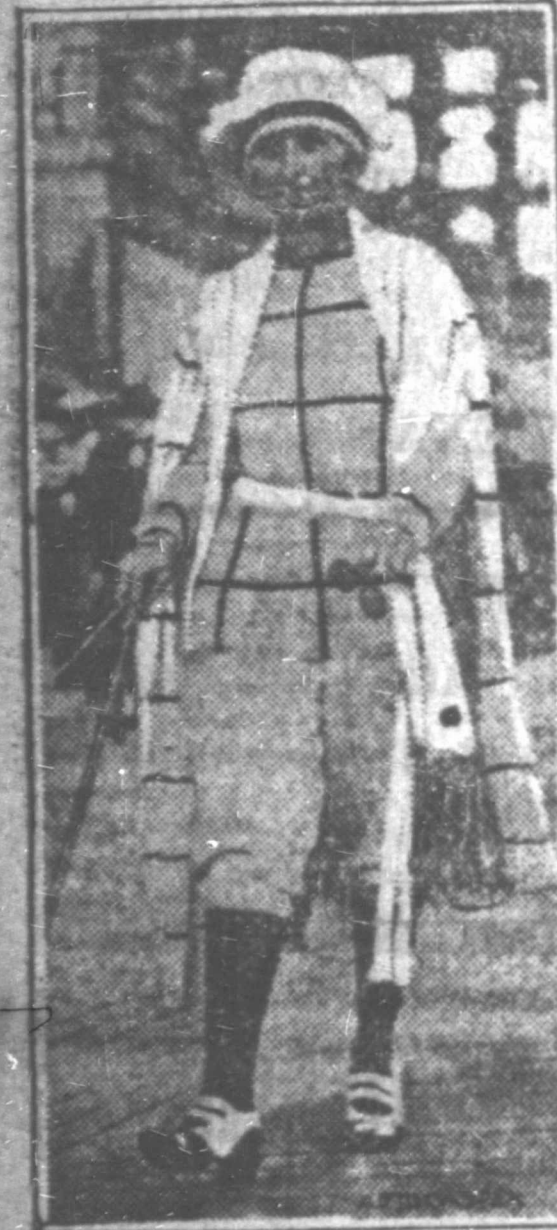
LIFT OFF CORNS!

Apply few drops then lift sore, touchy corns off with fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Frezzone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic! A tiny bottle of Frezzone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the callus, without soreness or irritation. Frezzone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.

TAXI FLAPPERETTE MAKES HER BOW



Miss Katherine Gilgore—who is she? No matter, she startled even Atlantic City, N. J., when she appeared in her black and white knickerbocker costume and was immediately dubbed "The Taxi Flapperette," as she strolled the famous boardwalk.

TO NAME GOAT MEAT

Dr. B. Youngblood, Director of the Texas Agricultural Experiment Station, A. and M. College, has accepted the appointment on a committee to decide on the most appropriate name to designate the meat of the goat. The Sheep and Goat Raisers' Association of Texas is conducting a contest in which a prize of a high class Angora buck is being offered by Mr. B. M. Halbert, a prominent Angora breeder of Sonora, Texas, to the person suggesting a name for goat meat which will be accepted by the committee as the most appropriate.

In comment Dr. Youngblood said: "I think it is very desirable to decide upon an appropriate name for the meat of the goat. The meat of the sheep, the pig, and the cow have long had designations which have

no doubt assisted in popularizing those meats commercially, as well as served to conveniently designate the meats when writing or speaking of them. I am glad to see the Sheep and Goat Raisers' Association giving immediate attention to an appropriate name for goat meat which has been growing, and will continue to grow, into popular favor as a wholesome, nutritious table delicacy. There is a popular misconception, due to lack of information, that the meat of the goat is not so palatable as other meats. The facts are that this meat, when properly dressed and prepared, is not only the equal of other meats, but is considered by many people, who know how to prepare it, as superior to mutton or beef. The Spanish-American people are especially favorable to goat meat; and having established partiality for it, furnishing a brisk demand in these sections of the State where they have settled.

"The ranchmen of West Texas have learned the art of properly killing and dressing the goat for table use, and the delicious dishes which they enjoy and in which the meat of the goat figures conspicuously, are well known to all who have partaken of West Texas hospitality."

The name will be selected by the committee at the Sheep and Goat Raisers' Convention in June from those submitted to Mr. James T. Elliott, editor of the Sheep and Goat Raisers' Magazine, San Angelo, Texas. Other members of the committee are: R. H. Martin, president Sheep and Goat Raisers' Association of Texas, Del Rio, Texas; Robert Davis, president American Goat Breeders Association, Rio Frio, Texas; Jack A. Broome, chairman, Show and Sales committee, San Angelo, Texas.

SODERMAN WILL TAKE CASE TO HIGH COURT

Dallas, May 27.—Motion for a new trial for D. E. Soderman, who last night was found guilty of manslaughter and given a five-year sentence in the State penitentiary, following his trial for the fatal shooting of Jay Clay Powers, well known hotel man, actor and playwright, in Powers' hotel here April 18, will be filed shortly, attorneys for Soderman announced.

In the event a new trial is denied, they say appeal will be made to the Court of Criminal Appeals at Austin. The verdict against Soderman was delivered after the jury had deliberated nearly five hours. The penalty is the maximum that can be assessed for the crime of manslaughter. The jury rendered its verdict at



WHY

HOME TRADE FALLS OFF

It Always Slumps When Business Is Unbusinesslike

Most business men have this failing—they are swept off their feet when business booms.

We hit prosperity. Then starts the trouble. Everybody buys everything in sight and the merchants are caught in their own trap. They start advertising to beat the band. A riot of selling follows, the merchants OVER ADVERTISE and OVERSELL THE MARKET. Demand for goods keeps up and then comes the trip to the bank to borrow—for expansion. Then What? shortage and rising prices—a riot of buying before prices tilt to the top and a wild spree of advertising to keep the game going.

Suddenly there comes a halt. Buying slows up, and timid unbusinesslike merchants curtail advertising and the buying halt continues. Then advertising is stopped and business becomes stagnant.

When trade needs no stimulus the merchants buy space like drunken sailors, but when trade needs a strong push, they contract.

If business spent one-third the money in advertising when trade is booming and three times the money when trade is poor, business would find stability.

Now is the Time to Advertise Extensively

Don't throw chips on a blazing fire. The wood is needed when the fire is low. Advertising now means a real service to the buying public. The people want to know where and what they can buy economically.



Merchants Get Busy.
Make Your Drive Now





Uncle John's Poem

ONE INEXORABLE LAW

This fact stands out beyond dispute: Cause and effect are absolute.

We violate life's perfect laws, which constitutes the active cause,—it may be passive, or neglect, which brings the swift and dire effect,—effect commensurate with the cause, so strict are life's unvarying laws!

Man's wilful sins may be forgiven, that mar his errant road to heaven,—though scarlet-red, or black, we know forgiveness makes us white as snow—But—violate life's least command, forgiveness lends no helping hand—and grim effect will follow cause, in this most stern of human laws.

If you should ask me why it's so, I'd have to say that I don't know!

MUSCLE SHOALS AGREEMENT REACHED

Washington, May 27.—A proposal for development of the Government's nitrate and power projects at Muscle Shoals, Ala., was finally agreed upon today by the House Military Committee, after more than three months' continuous investigation and study of the offers made by Henry Ford, the Alabama Power Company, Frederick Engstrom and Charles L. Parsons.

While the proposal was held in strictest confidence, it was learned that the Gorgas, Ala., steam plant was eliminated from the property to be disposed of. The committee plan otherwise follows closely the terms offered by Henry Ford.

The proposal was drafted by the committee and members said it represented a plan it would submit to all persons and interests for acceptance, regardless of whether they already had made an offer for the Muscle Shoals properties.

A copy of the committee's draft was given to W. B. Mayo, chief engineer for Ford, who said he would leave here today for Detroit. The purpose of his visit, it was explained, was to confer with the Detroit manufacturer and ascertain whether Ford was willing to accept the terms laid down by the committee. After the conference Mayo said he would return.

It was understood that the elimination of the Gorgas steam plant which Ford included in his proposal, would be Ford's objection. Mayo and other witnesses who represented Ford during the investigation declared repeatedly that Ford held the Gorgas plant to be necessary to his scheme of developing the shoals properties and also repeatedly declared he would not agree to its elimination.

Principal changes in the language of the Ford offer and other amendments made by the committee, it was understood, called for:

1—Capitalization of the company to be created for operation at Muscle Shoals on a basis of \$10,000,000 or more. Paid in cash.

2—Manufacture annually of 40,000 tons of fixed nitrogen which shall be mixed with other necessary ingredients to make a properly balanced commercial fertilizer for sale to the public at a net profit not exceeding 8 per cent of the cost of production.

3—Creation of a supervising board of seven members with power to examine books of the operating company and prevent the selling prices of fertilizers from exceeding the 8 per cent profit allowed the company for manufacturing fertilizers.

Puzzle: Find Pop.—Colonel B. Franklin, Vice-President of Strathmore Paper Company, is responsible for the following story: A gentleman having business with a back-country farmer inquired of the farmer's boy where the old man was to be found. "He's out in the pig pen doctoring a sick shoat," replied the boy, and added as an illuminating after-though, "Pop's the one with a hat on."—Christian Intelligencer.

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas, County of Reeves. By virtue of a certain Order of Sale, issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves county, on the 5th day of June, 1922, by the Clerk of said court against H. Robbins, et al., for the sum of sixty-two thousand seven hundred and sixty-one (\$62,761.67) dollars and sixty-seven cents and costs of suit, in cause No. 2109 in said court, styled William Ikins versus H. Robbins, Genevieve Robbins, J. G. Love, T. Y. Casey, L. W. Anderson, W. D. Cowan, Mrs. Zemula Johnson, Mrs. B. R. Stine and W. D. Johnson, Executor, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves county, Texas, did, on the 5th day of June, 1922, levy on certain Real Estate, situated in Reeves county, described as follows, to-wit:

The S $\frac{1}{4}$ and NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of section No. 181; all of sections Nos. 162, 176, 177, 178; an undivided one-half interest in and to sections Nos. 293, and 303; the E $\frac{1}{2}$ of section No. 292, all in block No. 13, H. & G. N. R. R. Company's survey, and an un-

divided one-half interest in all the unsold town lots and blocks of the townsite of Saragosa, Texas, situated on section 96, block 13, H. & G. N. R. R. Company's survey, said Reeves county, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said defendant H. Robbins. And on Tuesday, the fourth day of July, 1922, at the Court House door of Reeves county, in the town of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of ten A. M. and four P. M. I will sell said real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said H. Robbins, by virtue of said levy and said order of sale.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Enterprise, a newspaper published in Reeves county.

WITNESS my hand, this 5th day of June, 1922.

E. B. KISER, Sheriff Reeves County, Texas. By R. G. MIDDLETON, Deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas, County of Reeves.

By virtue of a certain Order of Sale, issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves county, Texas, on the 5th day of June, 1922, by the Clerk of said court against William H. Barry, et al., for the following sums of money, to-wit: In favor of Virgil B. Mays for the sum of \$6119.95, with 7 per cent interest per annum from May 30th, 1922, and in favor of said Virgil B. Mays for the sum of \$489.65, with 6 per cent interest from said date, and in favor of Albert Peterson, intervenor, for the sum of \$373.91, with 7 per cent interest from said date, and all costs of suit, in cause No. 2141 in said court, styled Virgil B. Mays versus William H. Barry, et al., and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves county, Texas, did, on the 8th day of June, 1922, levy on certain real estate, situated in Reeves county, Texas, described as follows:

All of section No. One (1), in block No. Six (6), H. & G. N. R. R. Company's survey, and containing 640 acres, in said Reeves county, Texas, and levied upon as the property of the defendant, J. C. Shirley. And on Tuesday, the fourth (4th) day of July, 1922, at the Court House door of Reeves county, Texas, in the town of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of ten A. M. and four P. M. I will sell said real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said J. C. Shirley, by virtue of said levy and said Order of Sale.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks, immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Enterprise, a newspaper published in Reeves county, Texas.

WITNESS my hand this the 7th day of June, 1922.

E. B. KISER, Sheriff Reeves County, Texas. By R. G. MIDDLETON, Deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas, County of Reeves.

By virtue of a certain Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves county, on the 8th day of June, 1922, by S. C. Vaughan, Clerk of said court against Unknown Heirs of R. E. Lunsford, deceased, for the sum of five thousand five hundred seventy-three and 33-100 (\$5573.33) dollars interest from May 29, 1922, at the rate of 8 per cent per annum and costs of suit, in cause No. 2154 in said court styled John I. Bush versus Unknown Heirs of R. E. Lunsford, deceased, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser as Sheriff of Reeves county, Texas, did, on the eighth day of June, 1922, levy on certain Real Estate, situated in Reeves county, described as follows, to-wit: That certain 100 acres tract of land out of section 219, block 13, H. & G. N. R. R. survey, Reeves county, Texas, deeded to R. E. Lunsford by John J. Bush by deed of date January 23, 1919, and levied upon as the property of said Unknown

Heirs of R. E. Lunsford, deceased. And on Tuesday, the fourth day of July, 1922, at the Court House door of Reeves county, in the town of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of ten A. M. and four P. M. I will sell said real property at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said Unknown Heirs of R. E. Lunsford, deceased, by virtue of said levy and said Order of Sale.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks, immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Times and Enterprise a newspaper published in Reeves county, Texas.

WITNESS my hand, this 8th day of June 1922.

E. B. KISER, Sheriff Reeves County, Texas. By R. G. MIDDLETON, Deputy.

CITATION

The State Of Texas. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Reeves County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon C. J. Waddell, P. O. Benjamin, Parlin & Orendorf Implement Company, a corporation, Swift & Company, a corporation, by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Reeves County, Texas, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Pecos, Texas, on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1922, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 10th day of May, 1922, in suit No. 2246 wherein Pecos Mercantile Company is plaintiff, and Robert L. McKnight, P. O. Benjamin, C. J. Waddell, The Pecos Valley State Bank, Pruett Lumber Company, Parlin & Orendorf Implement Company, Swift & Company and Groves Lumber Company are defendants, and said petition alleging in substance as follows:

On September 16th, 1913, defendants Robert L. McKnight and P. O. Benjamin executed and delivered to plaintiff four notes each in the sum of \$1000.00 due May 1st, 1914, bearing 10 per cent interest from date and 10 per cent attorney's fees. At the same time, to secure said notes defendants McKnight and Benjamin executed and delivered to A. G. Taggart, Trustee, for plaintiff, a deed of trust upon the West half of Section 75, Block 4, H. & G. N. Ry. Co. survey, in Reeves County, Texas. That on September 16th, 1913, defendant McKnight executed a deed of trust to secure said notes upon Water Tracts Nos. 11 and 12, out of Section 201, Block 34, H. & T. C. Ry. Co. survey, in Ward County, Texas. That on December 20th, 1917, none of said notes had been paid nor the interest thereon, and on said date defendants McKnight and Benjamin owed plaintiff \$6,889.92, being amount of the notes above described and interest and an open account due plaintiff by defendants. That defendant Benjamin conveyed to defendant McKnight said West half of Section 75, Block 4, in Reeves County, and McKnight assumed all said indebtedness due plaintiff. That on said December 20th, 1917, plaintiff and defendant entered into two extension agreements in writing whereby the due date of the indebtedness above described was extended to June 18th, 1918, and also the liens on the lands above described and at said time new notes were executed and delivered by defendant McKnight to plaintiff evidencing all of said indebtedness, same being seven notes each in the sum of \$1000.00 except the seventh which was in the sum of \$889.92, all bearing date December 17th, 1917, due one hundred and eighty days from date, each bearing 10 per cent interest per annum from date and 10 per cent attorney's fees if placed in the hands of an attorney, payable in Pecos, Texas, to order of plaintiff, and fully described in the extension agreements above referred to. That said extension agreements were recorded April 4th, 1918, in the Deed Records of Reeves and Ward Counties. That said notes are due and unpaid, and plaintiff sues for the amount of same.

Plaintiff alleges that defendant C. J. Waddell held certain Vendor's Lien notes against said land in Ward County at the date of the execution of the deed of trust referred to, amounting to approximately \$8000.00, and that on November 1st, 1920, all of said notes became barred by the Statute of Limitations, and his lien expired. That plaintiff's lien became the first lien upon said land. Plaintiff sues for a foreclosure of both his deed of trust liens and a decree that said lands be sold in satisfaction of his judgment and costs and that any right or title claimed by any of the other defendants herein named be forever barred.

HEREIN FAIL NOT but have before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF SAID COURT, this the 10th day of May, 1922, at Pecos, Texas.

S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk of the District Court, Reeves County, Texas. By H. P. KERR, Deputy.

TEXAS STANDARD FORM LEGAL BLANKS

THE ENTERPRISE HAS IN STOCK AND FOR SALE A COMPLETE LINE OF THE FOLLOWING BLANKS

- Contract
- Bill of Sale
- Warranty Deed
- Stock Mortgage
- Quit-Claim Deed
- Oil and Gas Deed
- Affidavit in Effect
- Chattel Mortgages
- School Land Deed
- Power of Attorney
- Vendor Lien Notes
- Transfer of Royalty
- Sale Option Contract
- Mineral Transfer Deed
- Affidavit to An Account
- 88 Form Oil and Gas Lease
- Permission to Take Deposition
- Assignment of Oil and Gas Lease
- 88 Form Producers' Special Lease
- Release of Mortgage or Deed of Trust
- Petroleum and Gas Prospect Application
- Mettalic and Non-Mettalic Mineral Application
- 88 Form Trans-Pecos Oil, Gas and Mineral Lease

THE ENTERPRISE IS PREPARED TO PRINT ANY OTHER BLANKS ON SHORT NOTICE

JUST SO IT'S PRINTING, THE ENTERPRISE CAN DO IT AND DO IT JUST A LITTLE BETTER THAN THE OTHER FELLOW. THERE'S A NIFTY, PLEASING APPEARANCE ABOUT EVERY JOB TURNED OUT OF THIS OFFICE —AND YOU AND THE ONE TO WHOM YOU WRITE OR SEND PRINTED MATTER KNOW IT IS AS GOOD AS THE BEST

THE PECOS ENTERPRISE

PERSONAL

J. L. Mann went up to El Paso last week on business matters.

Mrs. H. F. Shellenberger visited her mother in Fort Stockton last week.

Mrs. G. C. Parker is the guest of Mrs. Albert Cooksey at the Cooksey ranch this week.

Richard Lynn left yesterday for Toyah where he will spend a few days with friends.

Mrs. J. R. Hines and daughters are in Balmorhea visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. F. Gantt.

Mrs. G. B. Finley went to San Angelo Wednesday for a visit to her mother and other relatives.

Mrs. L. W. Anderson and children left Saturday for Dallas where they will spend a month with relatives.

Mrs. H. E. Curtis went up to Plainview last week where she will spend the summer with her son, O. O. Curtis and family.

Donald Runyon went to Fort Worth last week where he will probably spend the summer with relatives.

Rev. L. L. Thurston went up to El Paso Tuesday to attend the teacher training institute a few days. He will return Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Sisk and daughter, Dorothy, went to El Paso Wednesday driving through the country in their car.

E. S. Lewis and family of Fort Stockton, spent Sunday with Mrs. Lewis' mother in Pecos, Mrs. S. A. Shellenberger.

Mr. and Mrs. Clay Slack and little son, Dick, left the early part of the week for the ranch where they will spend the summer.

Mr. Earl Collings and baby son, left Wednesday for San Diego, California, where they will spend the summer with her parents.

Mrs. A. A. Sessions arrived this week from her home at Wells, Texas, for a visit to her daughter, Mrs. J. L. Morrison and family.

Bert Ross came in the early part of the week from the A. & M. College at Bryan where he had been in school since the first of the year.

Miss Irene Prewit, who taught at Van Alstyne the past year, is visiting a friend at Stephenville before coming home.

Sol Shellenberger of the Leon Valley near Fort Stockton, was in Pecos last week visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Shellenberger.

Mrs. J. O. Toliver returned Tuesday from Stephenville, where she had been visiting relatives for some time.

Mrs. Jas. F. Ross and younger children will spend a good portion of the summer at their delightful farm home near Balmorhea.

Herschel Thurston arrived home Tuesday from Clarendon where he has been a student in the Clarendon College the past year.

Mrs. C. K. McKnight left Wednesday for her old home in Bushnell, Ill., where she will spend the summer with home folk.

Mrs. Fenton Alley returned to her home at Belin, New Mexico, Tuesday, having been away from home for the past few months visiting relatives. Besides her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Prewit, in Pecos, she visited relatives in San Antonio and her brother, Jim Prewit at A. & M. College, Bryan.

Mrs. P. J. Rutledge and children left Wednesday for Canyon where they will join Mr. Rutledge who is teaching in the State Normal there.

Marian Wadley, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Addison Wadley of Midland, arrived in Pecos Wednesday for a visit to her grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Buchholz.

Mac Kyle returned home recently from the Terrell school at Dallas where he graduated this year. He is on the ranch with his mother, Mrs. Sid Kyle.

Mrs. W. H. Browning, Jr., and little daughter, Mildred, and Mrs. J. W. Brooks left Saturday via automobile for Lampasas where they will visit Mrs. Brooks' parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Hines and little daughter of Fort Worth, were in Pecos last week for a visit to his mother, Mrs. J. R. Hines and family.

Mrs. Charles A. Young and baby daughter returned Saturday from Temple and Killeen where she had been visiting home folk for the past two months.

Misses Jessie Heard and Myrtle Rhulen, who were students at C. I. A., Denton, the past year are visiting relatives down in the central part of the state before returning home.

Edwin Warn will arrive home Tuesday from Rice Institute, Houston, having completed his third year in school there since his graduation from the Pecos High School.

Miss Clara Rutledge left Wednesday for Weatherford where she will visit relatives before going to the State University at Austin where she will study during the summer.

Miss Gladys Thurston left last week for Las Cruces, New Mexico, where she will study in a State Normal this summer. She will teach this fall and winter in the school at Tucumcari, N. M.

Jim Prewit, who has completed his third year at A. & M. College, Bryan, will remain through the summer and study. He will graduate next year, and it is predicted by his friends with highest honors.

Mrs. Sarah Cox accompanied her daughter, Mrs. Luetta Matney, and little grandson to their home at Carlsbad, N. M., Tuesday. They had been visiting in the home of Dr. J. A. Leeman.

Mrs. H. L. Magee and daughter, Mary, left Monday for a visit during the summer to relatives in Missouri. They will be joined at Fort Worth by Miss Julia Magee who has been a student at T. C. U. the past year.

Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Stewart and children will leave the early part of next week for Hot Springs, New Mexico, where Mrs. Stewart and the children will spend the summer with her parents. Mr. Stewart will go to Las Cruces with the household good where they will reside in the future.

Felix Scholz and son, Herbert, and Terry Downes of Toyah were in Pecos Wednesday looking after business matters. Felix was filling an engagement with Dr. Magee and Terry and Herbert were over principally to see the sights. Herbert is now living in Shreveport, La., where he has employment and is here on a visit to home folk. He will end his vacation in a few days and return to his work.

Let us help you get ready for the 16th and 17th by selling you a new hat for half price.—Miss Lillie Poe. 43-1t

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure itching, blood, bleeding or protruding Piles. Instantly relieves itching Piles, and you can get relief soon after the first application. Price 6c.

Mrs. Tom Crum and children went out to the Lake Ranch Wednesday to spend the summer with Mr. Crum.

Hillard Camp will return from T. C. U., Fort Worth, the early part of next week where he has been in school the past year.

Mr. and Mrs. Seth Lewis, and their daughter, Baby Ruth, have moved out sixty miles from Midland on the ranch where they will spend the summer.

Mrs. Elmer Wadley, and little daughter, Janice, were in from the ranch for a few days this week visiting her mother, Mrs. W. B. Boles.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Love and daughters, the Misses Aileen and Margaret, left Wednesday for Canyon where Miss Aileen will enter the West Texas State Normal for a six weeks course. Jack will go on to Amarillo on business before returning.

W. D. Bozeman and family left Saturday for a visit to relatives in Waco and Fort Worth. They went by auto and will camp and fish on the way there and home. They anticipate a most delightful trip and their many Pecos friends hope it will be just as pleasant as they desire it to be.

Rev. Garner calls attention to the Paisano Encampment—July 22-30 inclusive. A good place to spend your vacation. Drs. Truett, Gates, Brooks, Hardy, Brown, Sandefer, Governor Neff and Judge Latimore are among the speakers.

Misses Francis Miller, Mabel Patrick, Velma Dodson, and Bessie Mae Sewell returned to their homes at Barstow last week from C. I. A., Denton, where they had been in school. Miss Velma Murdock of Toyah, and Miss Zara Sims of Pecos, who were also in C. I. A., returned home Sunday. The Pecos Valley was well represented at that school the past year.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Oates and little grandson, Harrison Beauchamp, and Mrs. E. L. Oates of Snattuck, Oklahoma, left Tuesday via automobile on a camping and fishing trip en-route to Fort Worth, Rome and Decatur, where they will visit relatives. They expect to be gone three or four weeks.

BAPTIST LADIES SOCIETY
Mrs. J. M. Garner, assisted by Mrs. E. L. Collings and Mrs. Frank Joplin, entertained the Baptist Ladies Aid Society at the parsonage Tuesday afternoon at their regular monthly social meeting. A very delightful time is reported in pleasant conversation interspersed with music and readings at intervals. Refreshments of delicious ice cream and cake were served.

HOME FROM SCHOOL
Misses Alice Morrison and Zara Sims came in Sunday from C. I. A., Denton, where they have been in school the past year.

Misses Mozell Bryan and Francis Hubbard returned Sunday from Belton where they had been in school at Baylor Academy and from which they graduated last week.

Miss Anna Boles reached home yesterday from Texas Woman's College, Fort Worth, where she had been in school the past year.

JOINT BIRTHDAY PARTY
George Ross and William Kerr, two of the recent High School graduates, and business manager and editor-in-chief respectively, of the Whirlwind 1921-1922 Pecos High School held high carnival Monday evening, June 5, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Prickett in celebration of their birthday anniversary. George having reached the nineteenth mile stone and William the eighteenth. The impersonations in costumes and mannerisms of all the boys and girls were that of nine and ten year old children. Dancing was the pastime and in that were contests for the best dancers, etc. Music was furnished by the Victrola. Delicious fruit punch was served throughout the evening and a liberal supply of stick candy and "all day suckers" were provided for the make-believe children of nine and ten.

The presents presented the two little boys were in keeping with their ages and the packages were opened in the presence of all that they might rejoice with them at their good fortune. Those who enjoyed this merry occasion were:

Misses Mozell Bryan, Francis Hubbard, Anna Mahala Murrey, Dorothy Sisk, Jane Dean, Alice Morrison, Callie DeRacy, Genevieve Ratcliff, Evelyn Slack, Zara Sims, Virginia Runnels, Louise Wadley, Ruby Mae Beauchamp, Annie Lou Cole, Evelyn Somes, Callie Ross, Mary Stine, Mattie Lee Wilson, Mary Kathryn Heard, Lucile Prewit, Joetta Cowan, Frankie Wilson, Winnie Duncan, Gussie and Eva Richburg, and Messrs. Edmond Caroline, Charles Weyer, Pat Moran, T. B. Pruet, Jr., Francis Warn, Hubert Holloway, Jim Seay, Walter Rhulen, Brenton Root, Cliff Sims, Keith Camp, Raymond Norwood, Frank Joplin, Adam Ross, Cecil Wheat, Jimmie Harrison, Harold Sims, Joe Brown, George Ross and William Kerr and Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Sutherland, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Dean, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Manahans, Mr. and Mrs. Monroe Kerr, Mr. and Mrs. Hussey, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Prickett and Mrs. Sewell Johnson.

Let us help you get ready for the 16th and 17th by selling you a new hat for half price.—Miss Lillie Poe. 43-1t

SAVE FLAPPERS' SOULS



Mrs. Mattie Crawford, woman evangelist, sometimes called the Female Billy Sunday, has launched a campaign designed to bring salvation to the flapper. "The little flappers are flapping their souls away," she says. "They must send them to the laundry of the Lord, and let their hair grow. The tiny modern Delilahs are having the tables turned. The flapper has lost her moral strength with the loss of her locks."

To Stop a Cough Quick
take HAYES' HEALING HONEY, a cough medicine which stops the cough by healing the inflamed and irritated tissues.
A box of GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE for Chest Colds, Head Colds and Croup is enclosed with every bottle of HAYES' HEALING HONEY. The salve should be rubbed on the chest and throat of children suffering from a Cold or Croup.
The healing effect of Hayes' Healing Honey inside the throat combined with the healing effect of Grove's O-Pen-Trade Salve through the pores of the skin soon stops a cough.
Both remedies are packed in one carton and the cost of the combined treatment is 25c.
Just ask your druggist for HAYES' HEALING HONEY.

Read the ads and know the facts.

\$2.50 PER YEAR.
The Sunday edition of the El Paso Herald which contains 8 full pages of comics, 6 of which are in 4 colors; 2 pages of "Herald Junior" for boys and girls, and 2 pages of magazine features, together with 24 pages of news and other good reading matter, is now sold to mail subscribers at \$2.50 per year.
Every ranchman and every household in the Pecos Valley ought to have the big Sunday El Paso Herald, the greatest newspaper value for the money in the southwest."
(Advertisement)

To Be a Helpful Bank

Always ready to go out of our way to accommodate a customer is a policy that has made lasting friends for this Bank.

TRY US
Pecos Valley State Bank
A GUARANTY FUND BANK
MEMBER OF FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM



BLUE SERGE



At business. For the outing. In the evening. Wherever informal clothes are correct, you can wear a Kirschbaum "True Blue" Serge. A fine worsted weave; smart design; superb tailoring; modest price.

\$35

A new suit for one that fades!

Pecos Mercantile Co.
PECOS

\$5.00 for aName

I want a suitable name for what was formerly the Ritz Barber Shop, of which I am now sole owner. Simply suggest a name, write it on the first line of the coupon below, and your own name on the next line, and mail to John Brocat, Pecos, Texas.

A. G. Taggart, H. R. Anderson and W. W. Camp will decide the winner.

RULES OF CONTEST

Contest is open to all.
Each person may suggest one name only.
Contest is now open, but all suggestions must reach me not later than Thursday, June 22.

PLEASE WRITE PLAINLY

JOHN BROCAT,
Pecos, Texas.

I suggest.....
as a name for your barber shop.

Signed.....

Address.....