

The Pecos Enterprise

Largest Circulation of Any Weekly Paper in West Texas

AND PECOS TIMES

All the Authentic OIL NEWS of the Trans-Pecos Oil Field

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PECOS, TEXAS, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1922.

\$2.00 PER YEAR, \$1.25 FOR SIX MONTHS.

NEW MEXICO ANNUAL CONFERENCE IN SESSION WITH BEST TALENT OF CHURCH—BISHOP DICKEY PRESIDES

The thirty-third session of the New Mexico Annual Conference is now in full swing at the Pecos Methodist church, Bishop Dickey presiding. Preceding the regular opening of the conference on Wednesday the Rev. J. H. Walker of Deming, N. M., and formerly pastor of the Pecos church delivered a splendid sermon to a full church Tuesday evening at 8:00 o'clock. At nine o'clock Wednesday morning the conference was formally opened by Bishop Dickey in a masterly address appropriate to the occasion. Mayor Ben Palmer for the city of Pecos delivered the address of welcome in a splendid talk which was well received by the large audience in attendance, after which Mrs. John Hibdon delivered an address of welcome in behalf of the Woman's Missionary Society, which was well worded, admirably delivered and enthusiastically applauded. The Rev. Johnson, pastor of the Christian church then delivered an address of welcome in behalf of the other churches of the town, including the Methodist church, in a very forceful and masterly manner. A short response by Bishop Dickey elicited applause, after which the roll call and other business of the conference occupied the attention of the gathering.

There are present at this session approximately seventy pastors, twenty laymen and thirty-five visitors.

Prominent connectional men in attendance are:

Dr. T. D. Ellis, Louisville, Ky., Church Extension Secretary.

Dr. E. B. Chappell, Nashville, Tenn., Sunday School Editor.

Dr. R. L. Russell, Nashville, Tenn., Home Mission Secretary.

Dr. J. T. Curry, San Antonio, Texas, Centenary Field Secretary.

Dr. P. W. Horne, President Southwestern University, Georgetown, Texas.

Dr. W. E. Lyon, Abilene, Texas, Centenary Secretary.

Others—

A. T. "Jeff" Wilson, Texas Christian Advocate.

Rev. J. A. Phillips, Presiding Elder West Mexican Mission.

The forenoon are taken up with conference work while the different committees are busy with their tasks in the afternoons. Each day from 7:30 to 8 in the afternoon prayer service is held at the church after which comes a sermon by the best talent in the gathering. That last night by Dr. E. B. Chappell on "Christian Education" was one of the very best numbers yet given and one of the best and most practical sermons more than likely that was ever heard from this pulpit. "Christian Education," he says "should begin when the child is born" and his illustration of the training by a mother was very touching.

Eight years ago Pecos had the honor of entertaining the New Mexico Conference and the good that was then done has been lasting. The title will never come when the effects of this conference will die in the hearts of our people and we are glad they are here.

The conference will close Sunday night with the reading of appointments of the pastors for the various churches over New Mexico and West Texas.

MAJOR BOMAR RECEIVE LIBERIAL BIRTHDAY GIFT.

Judge Howell Johnson and Judge O. W. Williams, both prominent citizens of Fort Stockton, will have the grateful thanks so long as they may live of Major Thos. H. Bomar of Pecos. The immediate cause of thanks and heartfelt gratitude by Mr. Bomar was the generous gift by each of these gentlemen of twenty-five dollars in anticipation of his approaching eightieth birthday. These checks, each for twenty-five dollars, was received by Major Bomar some days ago and they were truly noble and christian acts, for he has been in most desperate straits and in dire poverty, to use his own expression, often going without a substantial meal for days yet he never flickered, he never whined nor flunkied, but went forward to his task with the same calm face and the importable coolness that he exhibited on more than one hundred battle fields under General John B. Gordon during the civil war on the battle fields of Virginia.

Major Bomar is showing the wear of years of useful toil and is quite feeble in body but active and alert in his thinking faculties and is as chivalrous today as when the days of the south was young—he is truly a gentleman of the old Southern type. May his last days be more pleasant, and the younger generation learn something of his gentlemanly bearing.

E. L. Collings left Thursday afternoon for Duncan, Oklahoma, to attend the bedside of a sister who is seriously ill.

THE DAVIS MOUNTAIN PARK WILL BE BENEFIT TO STATE

So much that is not informing has been said and written about the Davis Mountains Park that many persons have confused ideas of what it will be when established.

According to an article in the El Paso Live Stock Journal, written by a local ranchman, it will cover 1000 sections of good cattle country, practically one-half of Jeff Davis county, and be a place where all men from everywhere may come and shoot up or destroy every thing in sight without restraint or hindrance, regardless of protests from settlers whose lands have been taken for this purpose, without owners consent.

If I believed a park in the Davis Mountains would be like this, I would oppose it as strenuously as does the writer of said article, or any one else. But I have no such belief.

In the first place I do not think there is any necessity, or any general desire, for a park of such dimensions. True, some of the boosters from farther east were so excited away with our climate and scenery that they wanted the whole mountain range purchased and set aside for this purpose, but the whole mountain range is not for sale. A thousand sections would cover an area more than thirty miles square, or the size of an ordinary Texas county. I think one fourth of this would be a plenty.

When it comes to shooting or destroying things, the park is the place you don't do it. Your gun is sealed when you enter and the seal must be intact when you leave, or you are in serious trouble. If any one enters who does not know how to behave himself, the guards will teach him, for that is their business. And in regard to taking land without consent of the owners: I have never seen that done except in case of a public necessity, and a park is not a public necessity, for one, do not want to see one acre of land taken for this purpose without the owner's consent.

I have been informed by members of the park committee that there are for sale for park purposes at this time, in the heart of the Davis Mountains, at least seven ranches, and parts of three or four more. These ranches, and parts of ranches, taken together, form a solid body of land of between 150 and 200 sections or square miles in area. I believe this is room enough for a game preserve and to accommodate all the visitors that wish to come.

If these lands are not purchased by the state for the use of the public they will soon be absorbed by rich men and closed to all but employees, and possibly a few friends of the owners.

Now, I had the good fortune to see the Davis Mountains away back in 1881, before they had been either improved or greatly devastated by settlers. True, the best timber had already been taken, but the game had not been slaughtered, and because the grass had not been grazed or trampled out by overstocking the ranges, the valleys were not marred by the unsightly ravines, gullies and barren places that are so much in evidence today. Everywhere was tall green grass in its season, waving in the breeze like a field of wheat. I am in favor of the park because I do not want to see this section further devastated by the destruction of timber and turf, but in so far as is possible, restored to its virgin beauty. And I believe that by careful protection and judicious improvement we can, not only restore, but greatly add to the original beauty of this region.

By building stone and cement dams in the canyons, permanent lakes of pure water of any desired sizes and depth could be created, and water in large bodies is the most this country lacks. A half dozen lakes in these mountains, like the San Esteban lake, for instance, deep enough to avoid the danger of drying up in a protracted drought, would be one of the best possible improvements. They would greatly increase the value and beauty of the land; would attract many varieties of species of water fowl and after being stocked with the many kinds of fresh water game fish that grow to such perfection in this climate, would be literally a paradise for fishermen.

This section is already stocked with wild pigeons, two kinds of quail, bear, both kinds of our native deer and other game animals and birds, and with protection from

Farmer's Days

PECOS, TEXAS

Oct. 20-21, 1922

Special Inducement For Two Days
To All Farmers

Watch For Later Announcements

Pecos Chamber of Commerce

BADGETT WELL COMES IN AS GIANT SALT PRODUCER

The first big gusher in the Mitchell county blew in Sunday afternoon and has been producing from five thousand to ten thousand barrels all the week. The big gusher, however, is not producing oil, but rather a strong salt solution. The well is said by oil men of Colorado to be a mystery as it is the first of its kind known to the local oil fraternity.

Casing out the strong gas pressure, which was encountered at 1050 feet several days ago, drilling was resumed last week and Sunday afternoon when a depth of 1100 feet had been reached the big gusher came in. A solid stream of water and salt is being thrown from the well, going from fifteen to forty feet above the crown block. Several res surrounding the well is covered with salt and presents the scene of winter following a snow storm.

Rosering of the well is plainly heard for a mile away. The glistening white formation being hurled into space from the well is plainly visible for a distance of five miles. Dr. Chas. have been made, turning the solution into the Colorado river and it was claimed late Wednesday afternoon that the strong brine had reached Colorado in its flow down the stream. The well is fifteen miles northwest of town.

The crew at Smith No. 1 has been rigging up this week and it is understood that drilling is to be resumed at this well at once. Operations in the field are progressing at all unfinished wells and those wells under pump continue to hold up to initial production.

Interest is being centered around Rialto No. 1 of the California Company, five miles southwest of Colorado, and Foster No. 1 of the Magnolia Petroleum Company, three miles south of Istan, either of which would materially extend the field.—Colorado Record.

Hunters the hills would soon be full of them. Elk, buffalo, and antelopes could easily be introduced and would be in their element while many other kinds of game could be tried, some with assurance of success, others experimentally and a few good roads, neither difficult nor very expensive to build, would make it easily accessible to all.

After these features have been introduced I can think of no place more desirable in which to spend a few days or a few weeks every summer, camping, boating, fishing, swimming or just enjoying the cool fresh air and beauty of this 7000 foot altitude.

And who could be either harmed or offended by it? I believe that opposition to this project is based upon a misunderstanding of what the park would be, or it is unreasonable. I have no patience with the men who say, "the park will bring good roads and the roads will make taxes high and will bring people we don't want." I make no appeal to the one who says, "it may be a good thing for the public but will not benefit me." He who puts personal gain above the public good, is not the best citizen. Whatever benefits the general public will please me as a part of that public. I appeal only to those who stand for "the greatest good to the greatest number."

Yours with best wishes for every commendable public enterprise.

J. W. MERRILL.

To Whom It May Concern:—

The writer of this article has lived in Jeff Davis county about forty years. Is one of the most prominent men in the county. As present he is county judge. What he says is entirely reliable. The Fort Davis Chamber of Commerce vouches for every statement made in this article.

W. D. BLOYS, Secretary.

RIALTO THEATRE AND NEW HOTEL CHANGE HANDS

A deal has been closed whereby Glenn R. Hampton and Jack Wingate have come into possession of the Rialto and New Hotel—their lease on same running for one year. Joe Wasserman, who heretofore held the lease has gone east.

Mr. Hampton has had some thirteen years experience in the show business in large cities as well as small towns and understands the game from every angle. He knows good attractions and informs the Enterprise that he will use his best efforts to give as good shows as can be seen in the larger cities and at considerably lower prices than have heretofore been charged in Pecos. He is a genial, good fellow and a good mixer and with Jack Wingate they will make a team hard to beat either in the theatre or hotel business. The Enterprise wishes them success.

NEWS OF PECOS COUNTY OIL FIELD

It begins to again look as if Pecos county is going to receive increased oil development within the next few months, and from reports which have been submitted by some of the best geologists and the geologist for the Southern State Lease & Production Company, Pecos county in the near future should be in the center of the oil limelight.

Having seen, with our own eyes, oil gush out of a well drilled in the Fort Stockton field and can now go out and see oil running out of this well, the Pioneer is convinced that there is an abundance of oil somewhere in Pecos county, or this well, known as the Miracle well, would not continue to flow oil, if it was not being fed by a source that contains a vast supply of oil.

A crew of five rig builders, are this week erecting the standard derrick for the Southern State Lease & Production Company on block 3, of the John M. Odum ranch. This test well is to be the first real deep test in this territory and its progress will be watched with a great deal of interest, and it is hoped will satisfactorily prove for the company that the flattering geological report made on the location is a true one.

A letter received by the Pioneer this week from A. F. Luse, president of the Southern State Lease & Production Company contains some information that will be good news to many of the Pioneer readers. He stated that the company's well in the Pioneer field is holding up fine in production and that on October 1, leaseholders and contract holders will be mailed production checks amounting to 25c per acre and that the company hopes to keep this up every month, and that as fast as their other wells are completed production checks should get larger each month.

Another bit of news of interest also comes to the Pioneer through Mr. A. F. Luse, and that is, work will be resumed at once on well No. 3, on block C-3, in the Southeastern part of Pecos county which was started last year, and which was shut down on account of dry weather. This no doubt will be gratifying news to those who are interested with Mr. Luse in his three-well proposition in Pecos county.

Dave Humphrey, who has the contract to drill the deep test well on block 3 of the John M. Odum ranch, for the Southern State Lease & Production Company informs us that he is negotiating for the drilling work to be done on block C-3, known as Luse well No. 3, and that if he lands the contract, he expects to be at work about October 10th.—Fort Stockton Pioneer.

NEWS OF PECOS OIL FIELD MEAGRE—BELL TOYAH-BELL AND LAURA CARRYING THE LEAD

REEVES WILL PRODUCE MORE OIL THAN KOSSE, MEXIA AND CURRIE

After making a survey of the Kosse, Mexia and Currie fields in Limestone county, the above statement was made to the Enterprise by C. H. Willoughby. He continued, by saying that when drilling has been done over the vast productive pools in Reeves county and the several pools have been developed he is convinced that history, as recorded by the pipeline runs will verify the statement.

Mr. Willoughby is well known in the Pecos district and with the local people it is generally known that he is the sole owner of an instrument in which he has explicit faith and instead of exploiting it to the world has devoted some two years of his time without salary or any monetary recompense in his efforts to open a wildcat field. The instrument he says was his sole and only encouragement for going to below four thousand three hundred feet on the Toyah-Bell No. 2 well and although that well has never been cleaned of the various hindrances that have kept it from producing as all believe it would under favorable circumstances. The fact that it came in a gusher and is now producing a substantial amount of oil daily make one concrete instance in which the instrument proved to foretell production.

No locations have ever been made for others and every care is taken to guard the information Mr. Willoughby has regarding the drilling operations of others and only as a last resort did he go to Kosse and map the field when they have but one producer, the Jones-Humphreys well. This map is filed with substantial maps and the Citizens State Bank, Toyah, Texas. As there are but a few wells drilling at this time at Kosse the information is limited but these are designated as dry showings, light producers to real commercial production.

All inventions have met with scorn but back of them were just such men as Mr. Willoughby and with the present drilling being crowded at top speed at Kosse it will be but a comparatively short time until the drills will tell whether the device can be depended upon to map the dry limits of an oil field in advance and should this prove to be the fact the Willoughby Petroleum Company will no longer have to struggle for finances and Reeves county will soon burst into activity such as we have never witnessed and who can say Reeves county will not go down in history as Texas' greatest oil county?

BELL AND DOLAN TAKE OVER MANAGEMENT OF LOS-PECOS SYNDICATE

Arch W. Bell returned Sunday from California where he had been in the interest of the Los-Pecos Syndicate. He informs the Enterprise that while there he closed a deal whereby the head office of this company will be moved to Pecos and he and T. M. Dolan of Springfield, Ill., will be the sole promoters. He states that they will secure additional acreage for the Los-Pecos Syndicate and he and Mr. Dolan will assume entire management of the concern. Mr. Bell will leave the latter part of this week to assist Mr. Dolan in raising funds with which to proceed with the work. Mr. Bell states that they hope to resume work on No. 1 within thirty or sixty days and as soon thereafter as practicable will begin another well on the new acreage acquired and added to the Syndicate property.

Mr. Dolan has visited Pecos several time and is one of the livest wires which has visited this office and it is the opinion of the Enterprise that if the money can be raised at all to proceed with this work Dolan will raise it. He has the energy and knows how to go after the business in a way which means success.

BLACK-BUCHANAN.

John D. Black and Miss Margaret Buchanan were united in marriage Saturday at the Baptist parsonage in Pecos, the Rev. J. M. Garner officiating. The groom was reared in Barstow and has many friends there while the bride has recently returned from Mesa, Arizona. The happy couple were accompanied from Barstow by Mr. and Mrs. Harris Buchanan and Miss Ruth Slack all of Barstow. They will make their home in Barstow.

Mrs. Mary Owens is in Prescott, Arizona, where she will spend the winter with her son, Add Owen and family.

WILLOUGHBY NO. 1.

The well of the Willoughby Petroleum Company, No. 1, has shut down awaiting for the arrival of casing blocks now on the way. They hope to resume drilling on this well the first part of next week. This well is now at an interesting stage and while it is not deep it is expected that they will not have to go deep there to get a good well. The formations are such as to cause Mr. Willoughby to believe that they will get a good well at an early date if the work can be kept going.

TOYAH-BELL WELL.

The Toyah-Bell is still showing flattering signs of a real oil well notwithstanding the fact that it is full of casing and spurs, etc., which blocks the passage of oil, or anything else for that matter. Up to the forepart of the week under the pump every day for four or five days the well gave up from forty to fifty barrels of oil daily. Early in the week, however, pumping was temporarily abandoned in order that the boiler which had sprung a leak might be repaired before the damage was too great. This leak is of minor concern and it is expected that it will be mended and the boiler again put in use by the latter part of this week.

THE LAURA WELL.

Progress at the Laura well of the Sunshine-Federal interest, Granger and Gross drillers, has been retarded somewhat this week on account of minor breakdowns. The Enterprise was unable today to get in touch with any interested parties to get details.

THE BELL WELL.

Work progressed very satisfactorily at the Bell well until Tuesday afternoon when the crew stopped to change cables, the one in use up to that time having become so weakened that the management deemed it advisable to change to a stronger one. A cable was secured at the Laura well and is now being installed when drilling will be resumed.

TO BE A PRINCESS AT MAJESTIC PAGEANT

A good picture of Miss Jesse Seay of Pecos is published in yesterday's edition of the Dallas News. This charming young lady will be an attendant at the coronation of Her Majesty, Queen II. of Dallas, Saturday night, October 14, at the Majestic theatre.

The pageant will be featured as one of the swell functions to be held in Dallas this year, and as part of the program of the annual state fair.

A special seat sale for patrons of the pageant will take place Thursday, after which the seats will be put on public sale the Monday preceding the pageant. It has been announced that patrons who secure lower floor seats wear formal evening dress to be in full accord with the spirit of the coronation. Out-of-town patrons may secure seats from the box office of the Majestic.

At the personal request of Mr. Jack Harkrider, manager of the pageant to the editor of the Enterprise that a selection as a princess attendant be named, Miss Seay was named and selected to represent Pecos.

RADIO AT SAN ANGELO FAIR Giant Receiving Set Will Duplicate Programs Given Miles Away.

Maintaining its reputation of presenting the "first and best in all the West," the San Angelo Fair, October 17 to 21, inclusive, will conduct a radio show, in connection with which daily concerts will be at the fair grounds. Market reports, the cream of the world's news, addresses on current topics and music broadcasted from stations even in distant states will be "picked up" at the fair.

The San Angelo Radio Club will conduct his department and will exhibit both manufactured and home-made receiving sets, ranging in prices from \$50 to several thousand dollars. An expert will be in charge and will explain how the resident in city, town or remote rural district may be brought into closer touch with the world's affairs through this most modern application of wireless.

H. A. Wren, who has been connected with the Pecos Mercantile Company for years, on Saturday evening severed his connection with that firm and has purchased an interest in a produce house in El Paso where he will work and has already moved to that city. Mr. Wren is a splendid business man and a most estimable christian gentleman whom we can ill afford to lose. The Enterprise will keep him posted.

You get a whole year's reading of the Pecos oil field through the Enterprise for \$2. Send it to a friend.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

B. H. PALMER Successor to Hubbs & Palmer TAILOR AND CLEANER Parcel Post Business Given Prompt Attention PECOS, TEXAS

T. F. SLACK ATTORNEY AT LAW FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING PECOS, TEXAS

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J. A. DRANE ATTORNEY AT LAW OFFICE OVER PECOS VALLEY STATE BANK PECOS, TEXAS

ROY I. BIGGS LAWYER PECOS, TEXAS Office in Syndicate Building.

J. C. MURRAY FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER PECOS MERCANTILE COMPANY Phone: Day 18; Night 78

M. THOS. H. BOMAR AT HOME Corner of Sixth and Maple Streets

JOHN F. GROGAN DRILLING CONTRACTOR Phone 275 P. O. Box 547

JOHN HIBDON PRINTER AND STATIONER ENTERPRISE OFFICE PECOS, TEXAS

TRAIN SCHEDULES TEXAS & PACIFIC Westbound: No. 1, Sunshine Special, Arrives 5:55 a. m., 1:45 p. m. Eastbound: No. 2, Sunshine Special, Arrives 11:59 a. m., 7:29 p. m. PECOS & SANTA FE Daily Except Sunday. No. 91 Arrives: Mountain time 11:55 a. m., Central time 12:55 p. m. No. 92 Leaves: Mountain time 2:35 p. m., Central time 3:55 p. m. PECOS VALLEY SOUTHERN Motor Car: Leaves 7:30 a. m., Arrives 12:30 p. m.

ASPIRIN Insist on Bayer Package Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product prescribed by physicians over twenty-two years and proved safe by millions for Colds, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Headache, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Pain, Pain. Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proper directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetacidester of Salicylic Acid. (Advertisement)

Profiteering

We are told that we are facing a coal shortage. But the shortage of coal is not a reason for the increase of the price of coal. To increase the price of coal would make it possible for the rich to have coal, but it would make it impossible for the poor to purchase it. This country needs so many tons of coal. The rich and the poor alike need the coal. The shortage of coal should not cause the price to be increased. An increased price will prevent a just distribution of coal. The only legal and just thing that can possibly be done is to distribute the amount of coal we have among all the people at the same rate that they would have been charged for the coal had there been a sufficient quantity. The profiteer who takes advantage of the situation and raises the price of coal is an enemy of the people.



in this country. He has gone so far as to take advantage of the poor man's necessity or of the rich man's necessity to extract from him an excessive price for that necessity is at heart a thief. Whatever law there is that can reach him should be put into operation. There is a just profit that belongs to every man for his labor, his talent, his brain; but there has never existed and there will never exist a condition which entitles any man to excessive profits, to usury, or extortionate demands for service or for goods. The profiteer has existed too long

moistened and has escaped the judgments of law. But now the people are growing weary, restless, and revengeful. The time has come for the government to arrest every man who takes advantage of an emergency to practise extortion. This is certainly true of the hour in which we are now living. The government talked about seizing the coal mines. The government ought to seize not only the mines, but everything else that the profiteer is trying to use for the purpose of extorting from the people an unjust and unreasonable profit. The profiteer should not be allowed to do business. Let the government say to all profiteers: "Every time you raise the price unjustly, the government will take from you the right and the license to do business." This is the only way by which the suffering public can be quieted and put at ease. This is the way by which the government can restore confidence in its sovereignty, in its power, and in its justice.

HOMEY PHILOSOPHY for 1922

FINALLY our charming women-folk have bowed to the inevitable and given the gate to the short skirt. Soon a sight of a tapered ankle will be spoken of as something that existed in "the good old days." Women of course will be chided for their weakness. They have protested that the short skirt is healthy and comfortable, and tried to keep it in the mode, but what are the poor things to do when the wholesale dressmakers just won't make short skirts. The girls must buy what they are offered or nothing. And where's the harm? The change means more cloth used, more mill hands at work, more business in the stores. The much derided changing mood of our women folk has kept the wheels of industry moving many a year.

poem by UNCLE JOHN

I used to mourn about the trials of my ancestral pioneers—I've filled a million two-quart vials with briny, sympathetic tears. . . . I've wept, because of tribulations through which our early settlers went, when I would hear the moist orations, about the old log-cabin gent. I've Dangers—Past sobbed at how he slew the weasels, and and Present skinned his thumb an' cut his toe—an' suffered forty kinds of measles from wadin' miles of heartless snow. . . . O, each installment made me rive, and each recital fetched the brine, and I would set around an' snivel, about them old kinkfolks of mine. . . . But—times has changed, and I'm reflectin' along the lines of present dread. . . . I've saw some things I weren't expectin'—that any hour could knock me—dead! We've got the crazy benzine flivver—We've got the bull-necked road-hog, too.—We've got the germs that eat our liver—we've got the bug that starts the flu! My days an' nights is spent in terror,—I'll never reach a hundred years—I'll swaller down my bald-face error, about them happy pioneers! I've studied it from every angle—I've turned the subject inside out, and I have learnt, beyond a wrangle, that I'm the one to weep about!

The Story Of Good Old Indian Summer.



He Is Ushering War Back Into Europe.



The most recent picture of Mustafa Kemal Pasha, leader of Turkish troops who defeated the Greeks and dragged England into a new war in defense of Constantinople and the Dardanelles. Kemal Pasha has proved himself to be a military genius.

YOU ARE CORDIAL- LY SOLICITED

To visit our interesting and instructive exhibit at the Texas State Fair, Dallas, Waco Cotton Palace, Waco; Houston, and Louisiana State Fair, Shreveport, La. We want all of our thirty-five thousand former students, their friends and those interested in education to visit our booths in the Exposition Buildings, and see our wonderful exhibit, which has repeatedly won First Honors at State Fairs in four different States. Our displays are educational and interesting to old and young. We have demonstration on the most modern office appliance, all of which are taught in our school, exhibits of students work in Bookkeeping, Business Training, Shorthand, Typewriting, Business Finance, Penmanship, Cotton Classing, Telegraphy and Radio. Visit our booth and you will see why we have the largest Business Training School in America; you will understand clearly how we can make you a more practical and thorough stenographer, in three and one-half months with the Famous

RED CROSS HELPS RIO GRAND VALLEY FLOOD SUFFERERS

Information received at the headquarters of the Southwest Division of the American Red Cross in St. Louis yesterday stated that up to the present time a survey conducted by the Red Cross in the Rio Grande Valley has revealed 1,510 families affected by the flood. Henry M. Baker, director in charge of disaster relief, who is at McAllen, Texas, stated that disaster relief workers have been covering the different areas of the Valley and the above report was made by the workers at the close of their week August 12th. Eighty-four families have been assisted by the Red Cross, receiving a total of \$5,916.97 in rehabilitation, such as seed, feed, household goods, clothing, necessary medical attention and maintenance. It is estimated by the Red Cross workers that there are two hundred and twenty-five more families that must be assisted.

It is pointed out that only the most emergent cases are receiving attention at the present time, due to the great lack of funds. Each case is carefully investigated to find the family resources, liabilities, damage done by the flood, and the Red Cross Worker sits in consultation with the family to discover the actual needs. No awards are made by the Red Cross unless it is shown that the family actually needs assistance. "The cotton picking situation," said Mr. Baker, "has relieved our disaster relief problem greatly. We have been able to put nearly all the Mexicans and some Americans to work at cotton picking, consequently it has not been necessary to assist many of these families. If the disaster had occurred at another time of the year it would have greatly increased the problem." Mr. Baker is assisted in his work by the Rio Grande Valley Red Cross advisory committee, composed of a representative from every community in the valley. This committee consults with the director, passing on all difficult cases and establishing necessary policies and procedures. In this way every community is kept in close touch with the work.

Up to the present time receipts total \$11,477 of which \$10,000 was donated by the American Red Cross, and \$1,000.00 by the American Rio Grande Land and Irrigation Co., of Mercedes. "This donation of \$1,000.00 from the American Rio Grande Land and Irrigation Co.," said Baker, "is the most substantial that we have received so far and is greatly appreciated by the American Red Cross." The total disbursements for relief amount to \$5,616.97. "We are greatly handicapped," said Baker, "for the lack of funds. If the 225 families which still need assistance are to be properly taken care of we shall have to have an additional fund of close to \$10,000." The Red Cross is conducting its relief work in the Rio Grande Valley at the official request of the Rio Grande Valley Chamber of Commerce.

Many pathetic stories are coming to Red Cross headquarters from families that have been hard hit by the flood. At the close of the job all the books of the Red Cross Rio Grande Valley Disaster Relief will be audited by a valley auditing committee and the result of their audit published.

"TAKING OVER" PRIVATE PROPERTY

Washington dispatches report that the President wants to "take over" the hard coal mines and the railroads unless within a few days they should again be operated to the degree thought necessary. The phrase "take over," does not mean, of course that the Government would acquire ownership of those properties. It does not even mean that it would operate them. It means that the Government would compel their owners to operate them in the way it would order. It will be seen, therefore, that the phrase is not quite accurate as a description of what is contemplated. Instead of taking over the railroads, the Government would take over the control of them. It would not oust the present owners and managers of them. It would merely alter their status by making them its agents. The effect of "taking over" the hard coal mines and the railroads has only to be defined to make it manifest that there is no specific authority for doing what is under contemplation. In searching the Constitution for some citation of authority for doing what it would do, Congress would undoubtedly be compelled to take refuge in the "public welfare" clause. In doing that, it would tacitly acknowledge that it was goaded by that imperious necessity which the Germans taught us knows no law. That unexpressed plea would probably win all the popular approbation that the President would need, and so make the act practical. But if the owners of those proper could conjure up the temerity to resist his action it is to be doubted if that plea would be sanctioned by the Supreme Court.

If the Government should "take over" the hard coal mines and the railroads it would, of course, be only until such time as their owners should be able to give satisfactory assurance of their ability to operate them to the degree necessary to perform their obligation to the public. To be able to give that assurance, they would have to come to terms with their striking employees. Since those employees would become employees of the Government if it should "take over" those properties, and at wages and on conditions at least as favorable as those obtainable now from the owners of those properties, they would be under no inducement, and therefore in no haste to come to an agreement with the owners. They probably wouldn't do so unless offered better wages and working conditions than those afforded by the Government. Hence it will be seen that "taking over" the hard coal mines and the railroads would, by the test of its practical effects, be a process of compelling the owners of those properties to submit to the demands that they are now resisting. Or in other words, it would be a method of winning the strikes for the strikers. The proposal is no more attractive when viewed from the standpoint of justice than it is when viewed from the standpoint of legality. That the railroads and hard coal mines are not functioning to the degree that the public interest requires is, to say the least, no more the fault of their owners than of the striking employees. Yet the method which would be adopted to relieve the public from the consequences of those strikes would penalize the owners and reward the employees. A solution of the problem which had that effect would be far from satisfying, even though it yield the relief that it would be intended to give.—Dallas News.

Quit Making Faces At Your Meals!

Ironized Yeast Gives the Stomach Natural Digestive Power! There's one organ in the human body that "kicks back" when it gets weak, and that's the stomach. No stomach on earth can operate without vitamins and iron. The same thing is true about the nerves. There is hardly anything that can happen to the nervous system that is not at once reflected to the stomach. Weak nerves! Weak stomach! Nature has only one answer; more vitamins and iron! But remember that ironized yeast is not a mere mixture of yeast and iron, but a yeast ironized, which is a substance all by itself. This is why ironized yeast produces almost immediate results in cases of loss of appetite, aversion to food, belching, gas on the stomach, indigestion, "hump-or-lead" feeling after eating, dyspepsia, indigestion. There is only one ironized yeast in the world; it contains yeast, vitamins-with-organic-iron, the very natural food-power which every strong stomach and every strong nervous system possesses. The only ironized vitamin-ironized yeast is Ironized Yeast Co. Atlanta, Georgia. Ironized Yeast, and you'll enjoy eating, and digest thoroughly everything you eat. That's life! Sold and recommended by all good druggists, such as Pecos Drug Company.

IF YOU HAVE Malaria, Piles, Sick Headache, Constipation, Bowels, Dumb Arise, Sour Stomach, and Belching; your food does not assimilate, you have no appetite. Tatt's Pills will remedy these troubles. (Advertisement)

WARNING! All persons using the rifle range who are either members or not are hereby warned against using same without being accompanied by an officer of the club. This is government property and any one abusing it will be prosecuted to the extent of the law. PECOS CITY RIFLE CLUB, By R. W. RODDY, Secretary.

LET'S ALL PULL TOGETHER!

While the money is coming in to finance the Wheat Guarantee Well it is not coming in as fast as it should and I find it necessary to state that it is my opinion that all who are interested in seeing this well put down will have to come in and help raise the money. Since every cent sent in is to be used in sinking the well, it is obvious that the expenses of the promotion is heavy and since I am personally bearing all this expense I desire to raise the money quickly so that I may stop this expense. Therefore I am asking all who want to see

THE WHEAT GUARANTEE WELL!

started to send in all the money they can and at once. This cannot be a long, drawn-out affair—the money must be raised quickly and the well started. The sooner the well is started the sooner will you be able to realize on the well and on your property in the Pecos Oil Field.

I feel sure the money will be raised but to insure quick action it will be necessary for everyone interested to get busy. Owing to the fact that money is scarce and times are hard and some are holding back waiting for the other fellow it behooves us all who intend to get in on this proposition to do it now. Fill in the coupon below and send it in with your remittance today.

For the benefit of those who have hesitated to get in on this, I am again stating my proposition. Let me urge you, that if you intend taking shares, to do so now, and let's get the well under way. Read all this ad and get busy. Join me, and let's be the FIRST to bring in a paying well in Pecos.

ONLY 1,000 SHARES WILL BE SOLD

Each share will represent a one-thousandth interest in the well and lease. More than one share may be purchased but in no event will more than one thousand shares be sold.

EACH SHARE will be Forty-five Dollars, or, One Cent Per Foot, to be paid only one cent per foot as the well is drilled.

MY GUARANTEE PROPOSITION

You send to the Pecos Valley State Bank, Pecos, Texas, \$45.00 for each share you can purchase. This fund will be held in trust by the bank and paid out only as the well is drilled at the rate of one cent per foot for each share, only upon the sworn statement of the driller that he has actually drilled the number of feet for which he asks payment.

JUDGE J. E. STARLEY WILL BE ATTORNEY FOR THE WHEAT GUARANTEE WELL.



NO PROMOTION STOCK—EVERY CENT GUARANTEED TO GO INTO DRILLING

Not one cent of this money will be handled by me and I will pay out of my own pocket every cent of the promotion money. All I want is a well. I will put into the bank money for my shares just like you do. The well will be drilled under contract. The Toyah-Bell well has shown the contractor just what to expect so he knows what he can do.

Our success will mean a fortune for each share holder. One well will do that. Think of what five acres did at Mexia with a capitalization of thousands of dollars. Here you will have forty acres with only a capital investment of \$45,000.00.

Are you sure to win? I think so. WHY? Because the Toyah-Bell has proven the existence there of a great oil field. I base my opinion upon what I have seen and the opinion of geologists, drillers and practical oil men. We can't afford to stop or miss this great opportunity—what if Col. Humphreys had stopped when he drilled the discovery well at Mexia. It was his second well that made fortunes and so I am confident it will be with our second well—My Wheat Guarantee Well.

NOW IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY

Get in on this proposition at once for after the one thousand shares are sold no more subscriptions will be or can be accepted. Fill in the coupon below and mail to the Pecos Valley State Bank, Pecos, Texas, Wheat Well Trust Fund, and your certificate will be issued to you.

J. J. WHEAT, Pecos, Texas.

.....1922.

Pecos Valley State Bank,
Pecos, Texas.

Enclosed find for \$..... in payment for
..... shares at \$45.00 per share in the Wheat Guarantee Well and
forty acres of leases, the well to be drilled in Loving County, Texas, near
The Toyah-Bell Well. It is understood and agreed that this money is to
be held in trust by you and paid to the drillers of the Wheat Guarantee
Well, at the rate of one cent per foot per share of stock purchased by me
only upon the sworn statement of the driller that the foot for which he
asks payment has actually been drilled. It is understood and agreed that
in no event is this money to be paid until such affidavit is tendered in
writing and that I am to pay only one cent per foot per share for actual
footage drilled. You are to issue me receipt at once for all shares paid
for herewith.

Signed

THE ENTERPRISE

Pecos Valley News, established 1887; Pecos Weekly Times established 1887; Reeves County Record, established 1910; consolidated Nov. 23, 1912. The Enterprise absorbed Pecos Times June 1, 1917.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY JOHN HIBDON EDITOR, OWNER AND PUBLISHER ADVERTISING RATES

Display, per inch, flat, 40c. Classified, per line, 10c. Minimum, 25 cents paid in advance. Copy must be in the office not later than Wednesday noon to insure publication in current issue.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES One Year, \$2; Six Months, \$1.25. Positively in Advance.

No subscription taken for less than six months. Entered as second class matter October 22, 1915, in the postoffice at Pecos, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Foreign Advertising Representative THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION



This has been a busy week in Pecos as well as a profitable one to our people. Some 100 ministers of the New Mexico conference have been in our midst, some of them arriving as early as Tuesday morning. They are a fine bunch of Godly men who have shed the light of their Master upon us and the good spirit which has been manifest will be of lasting good to our community. True, it has cost us something to entertain them in dollars and cents—and time—but their presence, good fellowship and splendid messages have been worth much more. They have left us much more than we have spent and the good, should be of an enduring nature. May God bless them all and help them carry the message to others.

That splendid message delivered last night at the Methodist church by the Rev. E. B. Chappell of Nashville, was one of the finest, most logical and sensible the Enterprise editor has heard in many a day. He brought out the thought very vividly of the necessity of christian gentlemen holding the important parts in the walks of life if the future generations are to be nurtured in the admonition of the Lord. His message brings to mind the thought that not only should our business places be filled with christian gentlemen whose lives are such as would be well for our children to be emulate but office seekers should be christian gentlemen instead of bootleggers, gun men and thugs as many of them are. The idea should be inculcated in the minds of our young people that the desires of the Christian people of every city, town and village of our glorious country is to fill every office with a gentleman whose christian character is above reproach. The day and time when it takes a tough to be a peace officer is past in all civilized places and in the peaceful quiet and lawabiding city of Pecos, if this splendid sermon is to sink deep down into the hearts of our people as it should they will seek out and elect to office the best men of the town.

Pecos is noted far and wide for its beautiful trees, long stretches of paved cement sidewalks and hard surfaced graded streets as well as for its cleanliness. People from every point of the compass express great satisfaction and wonderment at its attractiveness in these particulars. On the other hand no less than one hundred strangers have expressed their disgust and stated to the editor of the Enterprise that their opinion of the town the first time after alighting from the train and beholding the row of deserted, dirty, filthy and menacing building just north of the Enterprise office was very bad and that on each visit they hoped that this would at least be removed. Apparently it is as much a fixture of the town as is the Pecos Mercantile Company, by far the largest and finest business in Pecos. Of more recent months it has been turned into a kind of catch-all and scrap of the town—in fact it is a veritable public privy and if it is to be kept as such our citizens should see to it that it is not allowed to menace the health of the people of the town as such. Private citizens of the town are compelled to keep their privies decent and in a manner sanitary and the city should not allow this property to be used as such without some sanitary restrictions.

NEAR FAITH HEALING

Following the heels of near beer we are now to have near Christian Science. Evidently both medicine and the church have failed to withstand the inroads made by the advocates of faith and mind healing.

It is only a handful of years since Mrs. Eddy's pronouncement caused the world to ridicule, but from the trees brought to blossom there soon sprang innumerable offshoots and gradually the theory of "mind over matter" began to force its way.

Charlatans there were aplenty, but hit by hit the barriers of medical conservatism were broken down, and now there are signs of modification on the part of the churches.

The latest concession to the newer thought comes in the establishing in New York City of a psychomedical hospital to be headed by Dr. Edward S. Cowles,

expert on psycho-therapy and psychopathology just appointed to the Episcopal Church Commission on the Ministry of Healing.

The institution is to be backed by some of the most eminent ministers, physicians and sociologists in the United States. It will permit simultaneous treatment of physical and mental ailments.

Through medical experts and ministerial faith healers, Dr. Cowles says the hospital will be the means of breaking up the work of "half baked religious enthusiasts and faith healing pretenders."

There will be wards for philosophers, clergymen, medical experts, psychoanalysts, metaphysicians, sociologists, Christian Scientists, Emanuelists and every denomination of healers.

When the doctors find patients who fail to respond to treatment for physical ailments, they will collaborate with healers who will be given a chance to practice their curative theories.

Perhaps out of the compromise or amalgamation may come a greater longevity—for humanity which has been so battered from pillar to post by conflicting theories of religion and treatment of human ills.

ADVERTISING A HEALTH PRESERVATIVE

Milk contests conducted by the United States Department of Agriculture have been highly beneficial in a number of western states, sufficiently so to give the cue to local authorities where communities are interested in the character of their milk supply.

The movement is so simple it can be put into operation by the local health boards or the authorized health doctor of any village.

Samples of milk supplied by different dealers are taken occasionally without warning, bacterial counts are taken, and the milk scores are then made public in the columns of the home town newspaper.

It is found milk dealers do not like to be surprised and dirty milk found on their wagons, particularly when they know the results are to be published.

We learn that in Long Beach, Calif., the average bacterial count in the first contest was 118,238. In the last contest it was down to 11,823. The milk sold figured 71.56 and after the last contest the scale was raised to 90.67. It was the same in Los Angeles and Riverside.

It is quite evident that as soon as the surprise milk contests become a recognized factor milk dealers invariably improve their milk supply.

This means much to the child life of the nation.

The country generally would be better off if more government money were spent in work of this character and less in political log rolling.

This newspaper has persistently stood for the expenditure of government monies both locally and in the state and nation aimed at lowering the death rate.

The people's monies should be spent for their good. Advertising is the answer.

SECRET TEAPOT DEAL MAY COME UP SOON

Investigation of the secret "deal" by which a private interest has acquired lease to the Teapot Dome oil fields of Wyoming—the last of the sources of oil reserved for the United States navy—is promised in the next session of the present Congress. Senator LaFollette (Rep.) is expected to force the inquiry. The Republican pseudo-leaders of the Senate doubtless will try to dodge this investigation, but they will have difficulty in preventing additional speeches on the subject and a further advertisement of the clandestine methods by which the public domain was passed into the hands of a subsidiary of the Standard Oil Company without opportunity for competitive bidding.

Senator Kendrick of Wyoming has contributed largely to the exposure of Secretary of the Interior Fall's part in this transaction, which a Republican newspaper has called "a scandal of the first magnitude." Senator Kendrick and other Democrats of the Senate, with the help of some western Progressive Republicans, are expected to second and support Senator LaFollette's attack on the "deal."

In a recent speech Senator Kendrick showed that the secret leases were executed by Secretary Fall following inquiries from constituents of western Senators regarding the intentions of the Department of the Interior with respect to these oil lands. The Mammoth Oil Company, chartered under laws of Delaware by Harry F. Sinclair and others, is generally regarded as another name for the Standard Oil Company.

It is expected that the investigation, when it comes, will question whether the secret lease of these naval oil resources was made while Harry F. Sinclair was a guest at Secretary Fall's ranch near Three Rivers, New Mexico, at a time when negotiations between the Mammoth Oil Company and the head of the Interior Department were in progress.

Independent oil interest, which are complaining against what they allege is unfair competition, especially since the Mammoth Oil Company acquired control of the Teapot Dome deposits, are pressing for an investigation. Senator Kendrick shows that the royalties which

the Mammoth Company is paying under the terms of its leases are very much lower than those paid by independent concerns in adjacent fields.

In his latest speech on this "deal," Senator Kendrick said:

"There is every reason to believe that the government threw away from \$15,000,000 to \$20,000,000 in leasing the Wyoming naval reserve in the manner it did. Five per cent of this amount in a royalty to the state as provided by my bill, would have amounted to at least several hundred thousand dollars to the cool children of Wyoming."

TEXAS MARKET NEWS GIVEN BY RADIO

Sweet Potatoes:—This week's state markets carried over the good tone and general price range of the past week. Tuesday Porto Ricans in 50 pound crates in Fort Worth brought \$1.10 to \$1.20 in brokers sales of carlots delivered that city. On the wholesale market of Houston \$1.75 to \$2.00 per cwt. ruled the market, with Central Texas points paying from \$1.35 to \$1.50 per cwt. on a wholesale basis. Out of State markets have not been in so good demand and movement. Kansas City and St. Louis both reporting supplies too liberal, and practically no demand. In the former market bushels of Nancy Halls brought only 75 cents and in the latter 90 cents on a jobbing less than carlot basis. Chicago which has held to a fairly steady price for the past ten days. Tuesday a p-appeared slightly weaker around 85 cents to \$1.00, as against Monday's \$1.00 to \$1.15. Texas shipments have increased to an approximate average of 8 to 10 cars daily. The National movement has also picked up considerably and to October 3d this year 5741 cars have rolled from all points in the Nation as against last year's 5241 to the same date.

Poultry and Eggs:—Shippers of poultry to North Texas markets are receiving roosters 8 to 9 cents per pound; young chickens 22 to 23 cents per pound. South Texas quoted on a wholesale basis were as follows at the week's opening: Fryers 32 cent per pound; broilers 30 cents per pound; hens 25 cents per pound. Old roosters 13 cents per pound; turkeys 30 cents per pound and fresh eggs, candled 35 cents per dozen.

Grain and Hay:—Tuesday's Fort Worth cash market follows: No. 1 Export Wheat bids \$1.19, offers \$1.23; No. 1 Hard Wheat \$1.29 and \$1.32; No. 1 Soft Wheat \$1.32 and \$1.36; No. 2 White Corn, No. 3 White Corn, No. 3 Mixed Corn all \$1.83; No. 2 Red Oats 60 and 63 cents; No. 3 Red Oats 58 and 63 cents; No. 3 White Oats 5 1/2 and 53 cents; No. 3 Maize, per cwt. \$2.00 and \$2.05; No. 3 Kaffir, per cwt. \$1.95 and \$2.05; Malt heads per ton \$25.00 and \$28.00; Barley 68 and 71 cents. The market Tuesday appeared in slightly better tone with upward tendencies.

Prairie Hay of No. 1 quality, is bringing \$18.00 a ton in sale to retailers in State markets. Alfalfa \$26 to \$28, and Johnson Grass \$13 to \$14 a ton.

Live Stock:—The top packer purchases in Kansas City's Tuesday hor market was \$9.80 with 140 to 160 pound offerings \$9.15 to \$9.45; 175 to 240 pounders mostly \$9.40 to \$9.75, and with the bulk of the 250 to 300's bringing \$9.00 to \$9.40, a drop of practically ten to 15 cents from the previous days figures. Packing sows were 15 to 25 cents lower mostly \$7.50 to \$7.75 with the bulk of the stock pigs 10 to 15 cents lower around \$9.25 to \$9.50. Fat light native brought \$9.55. Light lights on the closing market were mostly 25 to 40 cents lower.

The cattle clearance from these market for the day was poor, feeders closing exceptionally dull. Best loads of steers brought \$11.25 to \$11.50 with one head bringing \$12. Calves, bulls, fat steers and stockers and feeders appeared steady to weak. Other killing classes were steady with the practical top on vealers around \$2.35 to \$2.25 and the bulk of the cows \$10.00. Most canners and cutters brought \$3.75 to \$5.00.

The market on killing classes of sheep was generally steady. Natives brought largely from \$12 to \$13 with odd lots of fat ewes ranging from \$5.50 to \$6.00. Feeding lambs brought \$13.25 and feeding weathers \$6.50.

Honey:—Local rains during the last 15 days of September have greatly improved the outlook in many sections of Texas. Other sections still dry are making it necessary for bee-keepers to feed weak colonies. Offerings in the State's Marketing Bulletin from Lampasas quote dark extracted honey at 6 cents per pound in 60 pound cans and light extracted in same sized containers at 12 1/2 cents f. o. b. that point. Other points are quoting less than carlots of sixes and tens, extracted between 9 and 10 cents per pound and chunk honey at 13 1/2 cents per pound. Colonies are building up in sections where rain has fallen.

Cotton and Cottonseed:—Spot markets of the State for the week's opening showed advanced from the previous week's close of between 10 and 15 points, with Galveston unchanged at \$20.00. Tuesday's spot markets showed further upward tendencies, the greatest advance being recorded in Dallas where Monday's \$19.30 was made \$20.00 on Tuesday. Other spot markets follow: Houston \$20.20; Galveston \$20.35; New York \$20.80; New Orleans \$20.00.

The trend of the cotton seed market of

the state has been distinctly upward all week, averaging around \$25 to \$28 a ton in street sales and \$32 to \$35 a ton in carlot sales. Representative points reporting are as follows: (Street Prices) Austin \$28; Texarkana \$30; Sherman \$30; Corsicana \$32; Marshall \$28; Waco \$30; Cleburne \$30-32, and Wichita Falls \$26.

E. L. STRATTON OPTIMISTIC OVER MONTANA PROSPECTS

Great Falls, Montana, September 30, 1922.

Dear Mr. Hibdon:—The speedometer on my car now marks over 3000 miles, since I left Pecos accompanied by Mr. Ferguson and we have seen some country, believe me. I only wish I had come up here a year ago and secured some of the choice oil properties I have looked over and added them to the assets of our Texas Company, for if I had we would have secured production long ago and been in shape to control money as a result that would have financed operations there and driven them to a successful conclusion before this.

We left Pecos via El Paso and remained a couple of days getting things in shape for the long run and while there met and conversed with many who had invested in the Pecos field and did not care to put in more money but were anxious to get in somewhere else on the principle of not carrying all of the eggs in one basket. You would be surprised to know the names of some of those people and the amounts they intimated they would raise for development up here if things looked favorable. Money may be scarce but there is plenty left in the country yet when the right inducements are offered.

We ran rapidly through New Mexico and Colorado as there is little or no oil possibilities in those states and we were anxious to view the situation in Wyoming where the government has set aside large tracts of the best prospective oil land in America, the output to be piped to the Atlantic Coast for the use of the navy. What surprised us most was the frequency of the oil fields and while they were not extensive or of great production, as in Texas, yet there has been oil developed in every county in Wyoming and the grade is of the highest in America and the depths from which it is obtained is so shallow that oil development looked like child's play and why the whole country had not been developed and over-developed long ago is a mystery. If the fellows drilling in Texas were up here they would be getting oil wells every day by the hundreds. Refineries are frequently found, pipe lines from various fields to the railroads, numerous and activity everywhere. Casper was the busiest town I have seen in a number of years and has a great future.

I have always been in favor of getting in on the ground floor and securing the big rise in values and Montana, just entering the oil producing era, was our objective. The formations in some small vicinities of not to exceed ten square miles are the most wonderful of any of which I have any knowledge or information. The Elk Basin field on the state line has more oil formations exposed than all of the state of Texas combined and the Devil's Basin in this state a close second.

Here in Montana money is scarce because of five short crop years and there is little local ambition as regards development leaving the field wide open for outside investors and developers. Wells have been brought in at 100 feet producing 1 to 10 barrels, at 1000 feet some 50 barrel wells, at 1500 feet production up to 250 barrels, and in the Cat Creek field east of here some wonderful 2000 barrel producers at 1300 feet. All of this oil is worth \$2.45 per barrel now on the pipe lines in spite of the low price of crude.

The preliminary work done by the government with the view of assisting the oil development is astonishing and the most elaborate of everything I have ever seen. Before coming I corresponded a great deal, advertised and asked for all possible information and as a result a number of properties were submitted. Out of them I have selected one which I shall promote. The government had one of its best men on the tract for several months and he was assisted by a couple of experts. They issued the most comprehensive report I have ever seen, made maps and plats of great beauty and accuracy in colors, work that would have cost a company or individual thousands and thousands of dollars. Then they set aside the property as a naval reserve. A local company secured title to all the deeded lands and have valid permits on all the government owned portion, a solid block of 12,000 acres and I expect to see every acre of it worth \$1000.00 or more inside of a year. All I have to do to handle this wonderful property is to drill a well of not to exceed 2000 feet deep and the cost will run from \$25,000.00 to \$50,000.00. I have had offered me other less attractive properties but selected this one which exceeds in profit making possibilities anything I have ever heard of in the oil game. Many of my friends are offering to come in for certain amounts and I

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box.

Classified ads are inexpensive retail prices.

will have the whole matter arranged in a short time.

We have seen but one first-class standard rig on our journey and that was a new derrick into which the machinery had not as yet been placed. All of the derricks are of the baby pattern, or water dilling outfits. In one place we saw small drills at work that looked like a fence post when you were half a mile from them. The work is so easy and costs so little and the price of oil here so great because of its quality that it would seem that any man or company knowing the first principles of the game could get production with a little backing and clean up a fortune in a short time. Think of getting a 200 barrel producer in 15 to 20 days drilling. What would Pecos have been by now had we been able to do that there?

This is the best city in the state I have so far seen and the natural headquarters for the oil men. The biggest producers lie to the east and the other mentioned to the northwest and all within easy reach. The Japan current to the west warms the air that comes through the mountain passes and when the blizzards sweep down from the north and freeze the rest of the state solid it is all over here in a couple of days when the wind gets in the west. They tell of 40 degrees below one day and the next 50 degrees above. Business will keep me here till the weather becomes cold and real winter sets in when I will re-

turn to Pecos and push business matters there.

Mr. Ferguson expects to return to Pecos in a short time.

With best wishes to yourself and family, I am,

Sincerely, E. L. STRATTON

J. Sewell Johnson visited his wife and children in the city the for part of the week.

BROCAT'S BARBER SHOP

For Anything in the BARBER LINE By First-Class Workmen HOT AND COLD BATHS JOHN BROCAT, Proprietor.

FIRE FIRE FIRE

We are Headquarters for you protection. Your shingle roof is a hazard; floors full of soot are dangerous. A hot, dry summer and fall indicate a cold windy winter with lots of fire. We have engaged the services of two good men to clean out and inspect your flues. Prices reasonable. It is better to be safe than sorry. Apply to E. L. Collings Ins. Co. 614

One Every 90 Seconds

40 Houses Each Hour Nearly 1000 Homes Daily



Every 90 Seconds Someone's House Burns YOURS is not fire-proof

FIRE PREVENTION measures, properly practiced, Precaution and Care, will help keep down this enormous average of fires;

But, some day your house may burn!

Insurance is the only safeguard.

You have REAL PROTECTION in any policy issued in the big, strong, old-line Companies of this agency.

"I Insure Anything Anywhere" If it's insurable.

W. W. DEAN PECOS, TEXAS

Lumber Special

We are making a special price on one by twelve common boards, suitable for coal bins, Etc.

Groves Lumber Co.

PHONE 173 FREE DELIVERY

School Days

We have everything needed in the way of school supplies: Pencils, Tablets, Crayolas, Inks, Papers, etc. Get your supply at the

City Pharmacy

EL PASOAN REVIEWS GOLD RUSHES INDIAN FIGHTS AND HIS CAPTURE; MAN HE SAVES BECOMES PARTNER

Seth Ferrel was at one time a citizen of Pecos and still has many warm friends here who will be interested in the following bit of history of this venerable old gentleman taken from a recent issue of the El Paso Herald:

Seth Ferrel, nearing his nineties and spending his last years with his daughter, Mrs. E. R. Ardoin, of Orchard Park, spent the greater part of his vigorous youth hunting for gold in the great western country and killing Indians who objected to the white man's intrusion.

And yet, in a memoirs written by himself in order to record some of the details of his travels, he says this about the Red Man:

"I have seen many very old Indians sit and cry like their hearts would break and say, 'I don't know any other place but this. I was born here and reared here and if we allow the white man to come and settle here, they will take our country away from us,' and oh, how true this is.

Rush To Gold Field.

"Poor old Red Man! May God pity him, although many times he has tried to take my life, so that I could not help but kill him in self defence. Many of them never got away from their hiding places; but I am sorry to acknowledge it today when I look back. But how many poor white people he has tortured and scalped with his tomahawk."

Seth Ferrel was born in Trumbull county, Ohio, September 2, 1835. When he was 24 years old he and some companions started west, leaving his father and mother in tears at the parting, and not returning home until 28 years later. His father then dead and his mother aged and infirm.

Riding horses, they started for the present site of Denver, Colo., where a rich strike was reported. At Nebraska City the crowd, mostly men, returning disappointed, was so great that Ferrel's party had to wait two days for their turn to cross on the ferry. On the other side Ferrel traded his horses for a team of oxen and a wagon loaded with provisions.

CLASSIFIED

FOR SALE.

HOME BARGAIN—Practically new seven rooms, hall, bath and city water—fine location. Cost over \$10,000.00 for immediate cash sale \$3750.00. J. E. Starley. 1t.

WHEAT FOR SALE—The very best for seed and chicken feed—2 cen's per pound Saragosa. Apply V. Zuber, Saragosa, Texas. 7-4t

FOR SALE—Or will consider drilling contract; tracts forty seven and forty nine, section eighty-six, block thirty-three, of the H. & T. C. Survey Loving county, Texas. Located between the Toyah-Bell and Bell No. 1. The title is good and the rental is paid to January 1923. Write J. A. Law, 4284 South Harvard Blvd. Los Angeles, Calif. 49-tf

FOR RENT.

HOUSES furnished or unfurnished to rent. Oil land or leases for sale. J. E. Smith, Pecos, Texas. 4-tf

FOR RENT—My residence of eight rooms and bath, recently vacated by Mr. I. J. Sims, for rent as long as nine months or a year, or would sell at reasonable figures while vacated. Write or wire to J. H. Wilhite, Midland, Texas. 3-4f

WANTED

WANTED—Land in the Pecos Valley. If you own land in Western Texas, or Eastern New Mexico, and want to sell write, Pecos Valley Land Guide, Pecos, Texas. 8-tf

WANTED to buy well located business lot in Pecos, suitable for grocery. Will pay cash. XYZ, care Enterprise. 5-3t

EYE, ear, nose and throat specialist. Glasses fitted. I. E. Smith, M. D., Pecos, Texas. 4-tf

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—At Conference supper last night—one silver knife engraved B. C. on handle. Return to Mrs. John Camp. 1t

TO PATRONS—If your child is having trouble in the Second Grade, send him to me from 9 to 12 o'clock at the home of Mrs. S. E. Wilson. Also High School tutoring at my home in the afternoon—Spanish and Math. as specialties. Mrs. J. J. McCasland. 8-3t

MISSCELLANEOUS

NOTICE—I will furnish polish, polish your stoves and put them up for \$1.00 per stove.—P. R. Payne. 7-2t

WE desire to school two or three young ladies for positions as extra operators. Any desirable young lady wishing this schooling can call at our office for further particulars. Pecos and Northwestern Telephone Co. 1t.

Profit On Whisky.

Roads were bad then on account of rains and when he met a man with a wagon load of whisky bogged to the hubs, he made an easy purchase of one barrel and, to use his words—

"I hauled it to Fort Kerney and sold it to the soldiers for a fancy price and made myself a fine profit."

Traveling up the Platte river, he and his companions saw buffalo herds that sometimes numbered as many as 5000 animals, and encountered numerous Indian tribes, among them Sioux and Pawnees.

The rains brought about much sickness and many of the dead bodies of prospectors were rooted from their shallow graves by starving coyotes. Mr. Ferrel relates, explaining that the Indians avoided this by placing their dead on high scaffolds.

Save Drowning Man.

When he approached Green river, a man and horse were struggling in the swift stream and Ferrel and a man named Witt jumped in and saved the drowning man—Stephen Maxon—who was Ferrel's companion for 20 years thereafter.

He then traveled into Idaho, where there was considerable gold and many Indians. After much meandering he and some others obtained a commission to transport merchandise for C. Jacobs & Co. Portland, Ore., to Bannock City, Idaho.

In 1863, while moving goods for this firm, bad roads forced them to take off some of the merchandise and send the balance ahead, storing what was left in tents. The government sent some soldiers there for protection, and soon other people came along and the gold were never moved. The present Boise City grew up on the spot.

Captured By Indians.

His narrative then goes back to 1860 when he and F. D. Pierce, a California "49er" and veteran of the war with Mexico started for gold in the Idaho mountains about 180 miles from Fort Walla Walla. The two were captured by the Indians, who informed them the land was theirs by treaty and they wanted no miners to enter.

Their Indian guards began to gamble after a few days and they escaped, but were run down again by Red warriors. Their big chief, who tented 60 miles away was sent for and he told them of the treaty and escorted them from the reservation declaring other chiefs might slay them. Meanwhile, they had found gold and had about \$30 worth, which they showed to the friendly chief.

Smoke Pipe Of Peace.

Before they left, they had a peace party and smoked the wampum with the chief and other warriors. The pipe was large and of black stone nicely polished with a bowl about the size of a teacup. He recalls this chief was named Wislemaker.

Back at Walla Walla, they decided to go for gold again in the Indian country and although they kept their plans secret, they became known. When he and Pierce reached the Indian country again, the Red Men agreed they would allow the party to enter, provided no more than two went to the gold mines.

Founding Pierce City.

Incidentally provisions were expensive their flour costing them \$30 per hundred pounds.

When they reached the Indian country they learned they had been followed. Sheriff Jim Buckley, of Walla Walla, being among the prospectors coming along. The whole aggregation was driven out by the Indians, who confiscated tools and supplies. Anzured, a party of 60 formed and had a good winter, gold findings averaging \$40 per day to each man. They then built a town, the present Pierce City, just before the spring of 1861.

He then describes a rush to the gold mines, and by way of incident tells how two highwaymen were hanged to the rafters of a shed in the new city. They had killed two miners and taken \$5000 worth of gold dust.

He Gets Married.

Ferrel made \$30,000 during the rush and there being no banks, he stored it in a store at Walla Walla.

A year before, Ferrel had settled a ranch six miles from Walla Walla and now bought a herd of cows, paying out \$10,000 in gold for them. The next winter was a severe one and the herd was wiped out by the cold. He then planted wheat oats and barley.

About September 1, 1862, there had arrived many families at Walla Walla among them a girl from the east named Hattie Scott. Here follows the story of Ferrel's marriage. He then had a good ranch, "a pretty good log house, three men working and a hired cook," and "he thought it best to get a wife." In November, they were married and lived happily on the ranch for 12 years, four children being born.

Then he moved to Washington, buying another herd, but Indians were too wild and after two years of losses, he sold the place and started for California, the family moving in a prairie wagon. After a typical

prairie and mountain trip, they reached Calusa, seat of Calusa county, California.

They bought a ranch and built a house. There they remained and prospered for seven years, then selling at \$45 per acre as against \$250 original cost, and came to Texas.

Children of Mr. Ferrel are Frank H. Ferrel, Gibson, N. M.; Mrs. J. H. Patterson, Midland, Texas; Mrs. George Hardin and Mrs. E. R. Ardoin, El Paso; and Mrs. William Reeves, Fredric, Iowa.

There are 27 great grandchildren.

Grandchildren are: Frank, Charles, Raymond and Guy Reeves, Galesburg, Ill.;

Paul, Inez and Pearl Reeves, Fredric, Iowa; Edwin, Herbert and J. H. Patterson, Jr., Midland, Texas; Mrs. Grace Champion and Mrs. Orvie Sanders, Beaumont, Calif.; E. R. Ardoin, Jr., El Paso; Frank F. and Seth T. Fry, Fort Stockton, Texas; Mrs. George Mansfield, Mrs. Leslie Dunner, Misses Julia and Theodosia Ardoin, El Paso; Jesse Lee, Frank and Bishop Patterson, El Paso; and Byron Patterson, Los Angeles, Calif.

Mrs. Ferrel, who died July 6, 1915, at Carlsbad, N. M., was the daughter of John Scott, of Walla Walla, a territorial representative of Washington.

FINE LANDS FOR GOOD FARMERS

Some of the finest black cotton lands the sun shines on; fine fruit lands; fine lands for feed crop, oranges, dairying, poultry and hog raising. Prices right—terms to suit any good farmer. Ask for our new booklet, H. M. Madison, Gen. F & P Agt., S. A. & A. P. Ry., San Antonio, Texas.

Summer Excursions till September 30th. Write Geo. F. Lupton, C. P. A., about them.

To Stop a Cough Quick

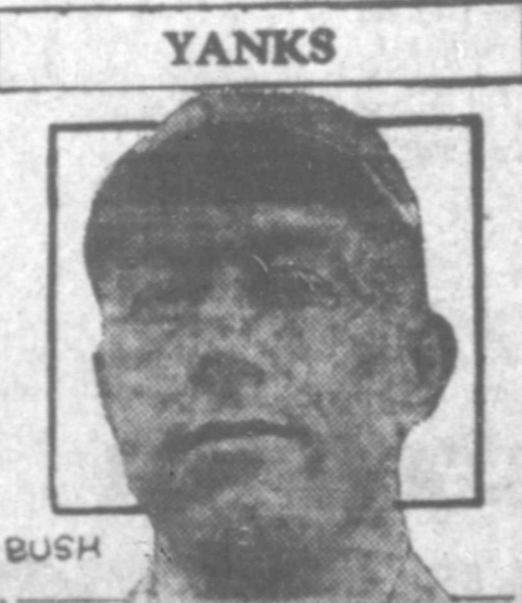
take HAYES' HEALING HONEY, a cough medicine which stops the cough by healing the inflamed and irritated tissues. A box of GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE-SALVE for Chest Colds, Head Colds and Croup is enclosed with every bottle of HAYES' HEALING HONEY. The salve should be rubbed on the chest and throat of children suffering from a Cold or Croup.

The healing effect of Hayes' Healing Honey inside the throat combined with the healing effect of Grove's O-Pen-Trate Salve through the pores of the skin soon stops a cough.

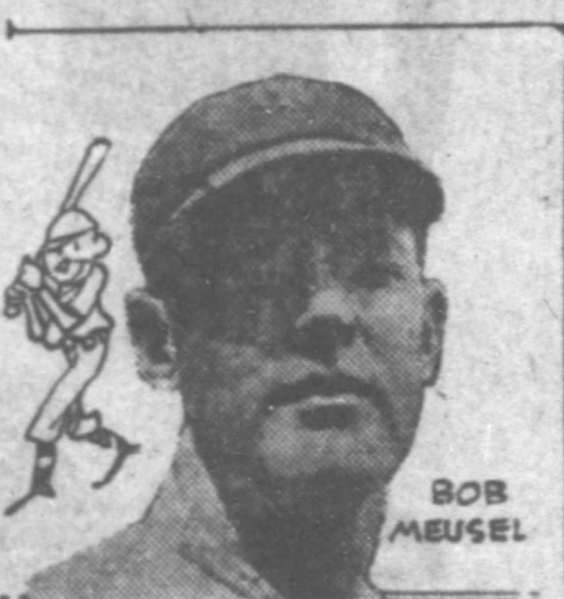
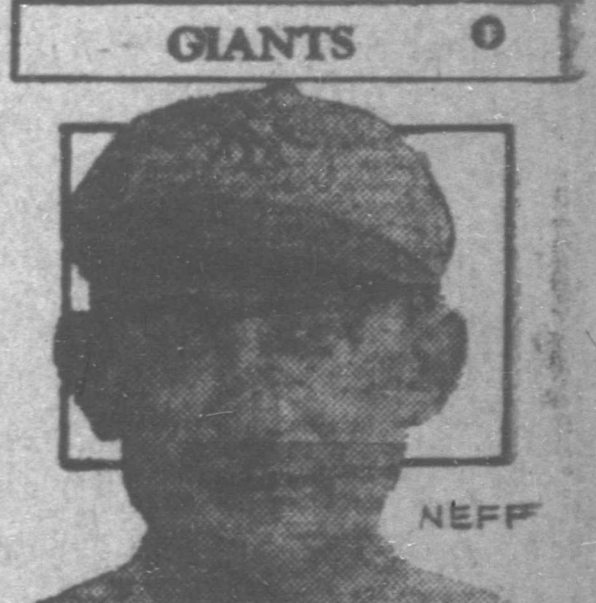
Both remedies are packed in one carton and the cost of the combined treatment is 35c. Just ask your druggist for HAYES' HEALING HONEY.

READ THE WANT ADS TODAY.

AMERICAN AND NATIONAL LEAGUE PENNANT WINNERS IN BATTLE TOGS FOR FIRST WORLD SERIES CLASH.



Huggins of the Yanks greets McGraw of the Giants.



"Gold! Gold!"

Back in the '40's it took months for the thrilling news of California's gold strike to cross the continent. Today, a few hours after so important a discovery, the entire story would be known to newspaper readers through the country.

In the early days, news spread by word of mouth. Today, the telegraph and telephone speed the message in to the newspaper office, it is rushed into type, the paper is printed and shortly the news becomes public property.

There are two kinds of news in the paper. One consists of the affairs of other people; their saying, doing and what they're going to do; things that have happened, may happen and didn't happen.

The other kind of news is about your affairs. That's the part you'll find in the advertisements. There's a lot of valuable news there about things you want or will want; things that have to do with your own personal comfort, convenience and every-day efficiency.

Every advertisement carries a personal message to some one. Many advertisements carry messages of vital interest or value to you.

That's why you can't afford to miss the advertisements.

Read them. The advertisements are decidedly valuable to you.

Richard Lloyd Jones says



CLOSE THE PORTS TO BARROOMS

Law-breaking has always been looked upon by the brewers and distillers as their particular privilege in this country. Bootlegging is not an invention of prohibition days. It is an old practice.

When national prohibition seemed remote or improbable, the booze people bitterly opposed county option. If a county went dry, they saw to it that the law was violated and the bootlegger booted the booze in.

When states began to go dry, the booze people then said they favored county option, but not state action. Still they saw to it that booze was smuggled in over the state line.

The nation went dry. That took in a lot of territory. Now the booze people say they are for state prohibition but not national. They are always somewhere behind the procession.

The liquor people have always broken the law.

Now they have found the government itself has broken its own law. That delights them.

Always tireless in their efforts to sustain their nefarious business, the liquor people herald the fact that they have the government itself in a hopeless illogical situation because barrooms are being conducted and booze sold on United States ships at sea.

They are right about this. The government has broken its own law. But the announcement of this fact is not going to bring the booze business back.

On the other hand, the booze people are beginning to wish they hadn't mentioned it. It promises to widen the dry territory rather than widen the wet.

The American Shipping Board has attempted to justify its toleration of infringement of the Federal law on American ships at sea by declaring that we cannot compete with European ships if we do not have barroom accommodations while the foreign ships do.

That brings the suggestion that disturbs the liquor people. The United States shall not admit to any of its ports any vessel under any flag that is equipped with a barroom or that retails spirituous liquors and beers.

Could that be done? There is not a nation in all the world today that can afford to suspend commerce with America. European and Asiatic countries alike are economically dependent upon commerce with America.

Already many European countries are observing the better banking and trade conditions and the lessening jail records in the United States since prohibition went into effect. Foreign countries are seriously considering following in our footsteps. To force their ships to go dry, as we can, will only emphasize the issue in foreign lands.

It is by no means improbable that this will be the next telling step toward making the whole world dry.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Prepared for The Enterprise By The First National Bank in St. Louis.

Building throughout the country reached the unprecedented high level of \$1,700,000,000 during the first half of 1922, against \$1,063,500,000 for the 1921 period. An unusually high proportion involved small operations with 40 per cent residential. Few skyscrapers or large industrial plants are being erected. Railroads and public utilities are doing only essential construction.

As a result of relatively little construction for public works, utilities and industrial plants, large contractors are not receiving their customary percentage of gross business. Their operations in many instances are as low as 33 per cent of normal. Labor in the building trade is inefficient and scarcer than ever. In New York City peak wages are still paid, a combination of all classes averaging \$1.09 an hour, against a country wide figure of 90 per cent, which is a decrease

of 12 1/2 from the high point.

Lumber production is rapidly approaching high figures of 1920, the banner year. For the first half of 1922 production of the seven largest lumber manufacturing associations was 5,026,559,542 feet against 5,672,417 in 1920 period and 3,851,238,236 for the first half of 1921. Orders booked are the largest in history—5,540,694,529 feet from January 1 to June 30 against 4,658,213,117 and 4,044,553,725 feet, respectively, for 1920 and 1921 periods.

Though Portland cement production is at a record rate stocks continue to fall off. Despite June output of 11,245,000 barrels, against 11,176,000 for May stocks declined from 12,833,000 barrels as of May 30, to 10,668,000 June 30. April 30 there were 14,470,000 barrels on hand. Prices are steady, averaging \$1.70 a barrel at mill, plus 40 cents for container. Present quotations represent an increase of about 10 cents since January 1. Average price for entire country in 1921 was \$1.87 and in 1920, \$2.02.

The Pecos Enterprise, the big new newspaper.

MISSISSIPPI MAN APPRECIATES ENTERPRISE

A. W. Woods of Harpersville, Mississippi, writes the Enterprise as follows: "I beg leave to call your attention to the delay of my paper. Two copies I have failed to get. I subscribed for your paper to keep myself informed about the oil business, as I have interests in Reeves county, but I find the paper full of information. I look forward to its coming expecting good reading matter. Your article on the work of the Southern Cotton Growers' Association is well worth the subscription price. Well pardon me and let me say that I get more information out of it than any paper I read. I find it reliable. So asking you again to pardon me for calling your attention to the matter and with kindest regards for you, I remain," etc.

Few people stop to tell editors any where that they get out a good paper or that their efforts are appreciated. An editor is just common clay, like the balance of the population of the country, and a little flattery once in a while is highly appreciated by him, and the Enterprise editor very much appreciates the above letter from Mr. Woods. He is sorry, however, that the paper is not delivered regularly. It is mailed here each and every week and the trouble is probably in your home postoffice. The Enterprise is always glad to know when the paper is not delivered as it occasionally occurs that the address is wrong and the trouble is in this office, but about nine cases out of ten is due to some new republican appointee who has not yet learned the ropes.

UP AND DOING

Are you taking part in the "Careful Crossing" campaign. You have seen the posters and when you looked at the pictures of that motoring party about to be struck by a fast train, you have imagined something of the horrors attendant upon such disasters.

Maybe you will ask how you can assist in impressing upon the public the necessity of using greater caution at the railroad crossings. There are several things you can do—all of them quite simple and elementary in character.

First of all, if you drive a car, you can be an example of what a careful driver should be. There are times and places when haste is necessary and commendable, but it is important to remember that circumstances alter cases.

You may be driving somewhere on an errand that is pressing, but whatever the business may be, the need of hurrying is only zero compared with the safety of yourself and your passengers at the railroad grade crossings. Most times, when you have to cross the track there is no train near enough to make a hazard.

Vigilance is necessary—every time, and the very occasion when you relax your vigilance may prove fatal to you. That is the way these crossing casualties happen. Read the papers and inquire of the witnesses of crossing catastrophes and you will find that if there had been reasonable care exercised by drivers, they would have been alive today. Talk about the posters and spread the news that at last people of this country are aroused and determined to make it decidedly unfashionable to risk human lives at railroad crossings.

There are drivers, not a small number of them, who are adopting the habit of stopping a safe distance back from the track until the train passes. This is a fine idea and often results in saving the engineer a lot of worry and anxiety. It takes but a minute to stop and when you do stop and look for approaching trains when you are nearing a grade crossing, you are doing so in the interest of your own life and the lives of those who may be riding with you in the car. Safety first rule should always be applied when approaching the grade crossing.

Cross Crossings Cautiously. Play Safe; it Pays.

Would you pick up a dime on the street? Then read the ads in The Enterprise. They guide you to merchants who save you dimes, and dollars, too. When it is worth advertising it is worth having.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

In The Pecos Enterprise, Rates 49 cents an inch or 10 cents a line for readers.

Classified ads fill your needs.

A TONIC

Grove's Tasteless Chilli Tonic restores Energy and Vitality by Purifying and Enriching the Blood. When you feel its strengthening, invigorating effect, see how it brings color to the cheeks and how it improves the complexion, you will then appreciate its true tonic value. Grove's Tasteless Chilli Tonic is simply Iron and Quinine suspended in syrup. So pleasant even children like it. The blood needs even Quinine to Purify it and IRON to Enrich it. Destroys Malarial germs and Grip germs by its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. 50c.

SLACK'S GARAGE

MARION SLACK, Mgr.
GENERAL OVERHAULING
AUTOMOBILE, ELECTRIC AND BATTERY
SERVICE STATION
Batteries RECHARGED, INSULATED, REBUILT, RESEALED

F. J. KRAUS

Tinner and Plumber
All Kinds of
Sheet Metal Work
and
Plumbing
WORK GUARANTEED
Estimates Free

R. P. HICKS

TRANSFER
Coal, Wood, Kindling and
Hay
PIANOS MOVED
Without a Scratch
Baggage Hauled Day or Night
PHONES—Residence 181; Office 42.

GALOMEL MAY TURN ON YOU NEXT TIME

Next Dose You Take May Salivate And Start World Of Trouble
Colonel's mercury; quicksilver. It crashes into your bile like dynamite, cramping and sickening you. Calomel attacks the bones and should never be put into your system.
If you feel bilious, headachy, constipated and all knocked out, just go to your drugist and get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tonic for a few cents which is a harmless vegetable substitute for dangerous calomel. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't start your liver and straighten you up better and quicker than nasty calomel and without making you sick, you just go back and get your money.
Don't take calomel! It makes you sick the next day; it loses you a day's work. Dodson's Liver Tonic straightens you right up and you feel great. No salts necessary. Give it to the children because it is perfectly harmless and can not salivate.
(Advertisement)

The Calomel That Does Not Affect the Stomach
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, Inc.

\$2.50 PER YEAR.

The Sunday edition of the El Paso Herald which contains 8 full pages of comics, 6 of which are in 4 colors; 2 pages of "Herald Junior" for boys and girls, and 2 pages of magazine features, together with 24 pages of news and other good reading matter, is now sold to mail subscribers at \$2.50 per year.
Every ranchman and every household in the Pecos Valley ought to have the big Sunday El Paso Herald, the greatest newspaper value for the money in the southwest.
(Advertisement)

No Worms in a Healthy Child

All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILLI TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Worms will clear themselves out or die, and a child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 50c per bottle.

AFTER EVERY MEAL

WRIGLEY'S P-K

It's a DOUBLE treat — Peppermint Jacket over Peppermint gum.

10 for 5c

Sugar jacket just "melts in your mouth," then you get the delectable gum center.

And with Wrigley's three old standbys also affording friendly aid to teeth, throat, breath, appetite and digestion.

Soothing, thirst-quenching. Making the next cigar taste better.

THE FLAVOR LASTS

AFTER EVERY MEAL

HENRY FORD IS RICHEST MAN

Special to the Enterprise by Robert Fuller. New York, Oct. 5, Wall Street, the money mart of the world, has doffed its hat to Henry Ford and admits that he is now the richest man in the world.

The farmer boy of Dearborn, Mich., but now the world's greatest automobile builder, is credited with \$180,000,000 cash on hand and an estimated annual income, which for 1922 will total \$125,000,000 clear.

With earnings which average about \$100 a car, Henry Ford's company could be capitalized at \$2,000,000,000 and pay 5 per cent on the money.

Perhaps the most interesting thing about the Ford fortune, to the owners of his now famous car, is the importance of the replacement part sales. Wall Street says a profit of \$15,000,000 is made from this source to keep the millions of cars now on the roads in running condition.

Ford's taxes in 1921 were \$50,000,000. This year, with the excess profit tax abolished, he will pay only \$16,000,000 of his \$125,000,000 income.

Wall Street shakes a sad head when such news is passed out for consumption and admits that the former Michigan farm boy has won his own game and is a Wall Street unto himself.

Wall Street itself pays Ford \$7,200,000 annually in interest at 4 per cent on his millions which flow through there on loans.

These figures were furnished Wall Street in a ticker statement this week.

HOME SWEET HOME
Fanny is in Love
by Terry Gilkison
ARTCASTER

OH, WHAT A WONDERFUL MAN—AND HE'S TO BE OUR FOOTBALL COACH!

YOU STOP THAT RAVIN' AND GET THOSE DISHES WASHED AS YOU PROMISED YOUR MOTHER!

THE IDEA! I GUESS I'LL TAKE A LOOK AND SEE IF SHE IF SHE HAS HER MIND ON HER WORK!

HE LOVES ME—HE LOVES ME NOT—HE LOVES ME!

HOME HOWLS
HAVE YOU SENT US A HOME HOWL? IF NOT WHY NOT? HERE ONE FROM A.S. 'DIPKA 'SKY' WHO LEFT THIS CAKE OF SOAP ON THE FLOOR. I NEARLY BROKE MY NECK!

LUCKY STRIKE CIGARETTE
IT'S TOASTED

It's toasted. This one extra process gives a delightful quality that can not be duplicated.

THE ENTERPRISE OBTAINS EXCLUSIVE AUTOCASTER SERVICE FRANCHISE

Our Job Office Equipment Has Been Greatly Added to by Autocaster Cuts

We do posters, calendars, hand bills, office forms and all kinds of the job printing.

We do this work well, and just a lot better by reason of the fact that as the holder of the Autocaster franchise our job illustration and type equipment is constantly being built up.

Come in and see our Autocaster Stereotyping Machine working and you'll understand how we can furnish cuts without increasing cost.

TEXAS STANDARD FORM LEGAL BLANKS

THE ENTERPRISE HAS IN STOCK AND FOR SALE A COMPLETE LINE OF THE FOLLOWING BLANKS

- Contract
- Bill of Sale
- Warranty Deed
- Stock Mortgage
- Quit-Claim Deed
- Oil and Gas Deed
- Affidavit in Effect
- Chattel Mortgages
- School Land Deed
- Power of Attorney
- Vendor Lien Notes
- Transfer of Royalty
- Sale Option Contract
- Mineral Transfer Deed
- Affidavit to An Account
- 88 Form Oil and Gas Lease
- Permission to Take Deposition
- Assignment of Oil and Gas Lease
- 88 Form Producers' Special Lease
- Release of Mortgage or Deed of Trust
- Petroleum and Gas Prospect Application
- Mettalic and Non-Mettalic Mineral Application
- 88 Form Trans-Pecos Oil, Gas and Mineral Lease

THE ENTERPRISE IS PREPARED TO PRINT ANY OTHER BLANKS ON SHORT NOTICE

JUST SO IT'S PRINTING, THE ENTERPRISE CAN DO IT AND DO IT JUST A LITTLE BETTER THAN THE OTHER FELLOW. THERE'S A NIFTY, PLEASING APPEARANCE ABOUT EVERY JOB TURNED OUT OF THIS OFFICE—AND YOU AND THE ONE TO WHOM YOU WRITE OR SEND PRINTED MATTER KNOW IT IS AS GOOD AS THE BEST

THE PECOS ENTERPRISE

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days. Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure itching, blind, bleeding or protruding Piles. Instantly relieves itching Piles, and you can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 60¢.

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Apply few drops then lift sore, touchy corns off with fingers

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freeze on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic!

A tiny bottle of Freeze costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

Freeze is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.

(Advertisement)

Habitual Constipation Cured in 14 to 21 Days. "LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN" is a specially-prepared Syrup Tonic-Laxative for Habitual Constipation. It relieves promptly but should be taken regularly for 14 to 21 days to induce regular action. It stimulates and regulates. Very Pleasant to Take. 60¢ per bottle.

Uncle John's Josh

ALL THE CANDIDATES ARE TRYING HARD TO SAY ANYTHING IN THE MOST NUMBER OF WORDS—

(Legal Advertisements)

CITATION BY PUBLICATION.

The State of Texas, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Reeves County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Alfred Tinsley, E. F. Ducommun, L. C. Ducommun, Alfred Ducommun, Florence Livingston, G. G. Benson, Roy D. Barzun, E. H. Archer, W. S. Yates, E. Berry, J. S. Harvey, O. J. Ruckman, M. C. Cowart, O. O. Ringold, J. G. Nagula, L. H. Johnson, J. Russell Terhune, E. Clair, D. J. Brady, I. N. Glover by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Reeves County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Pecos, Texas, on the third Monday in November, 1922, the same being the 20th day of November, 1922; then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 29th day of June, 1922, in a suit numbered on the Docket of said Court No. 2248 wherein A. S. Chapman, P. C. Chapman, A. B. Reese, D. S. Jones, Ed Jones, S. T. Jones, Hy Frazier, S. A. Mahoney, E. M. Purcell, Mrs. Daisy P. Wright a feme sole, and Mrs. C. E. New a feme sole, are plaintiffs, and The Sunshine Oil Corporation, Alfred Tinsley, Jno. B. Howard, E. F. Ducommun, L. C. Ducommun, Alfred Ducommun, Florence Livingston a feme sole, C. E. Benson, Roy D. Barzun, E. H. Archer, W. G. Yates, E. Berry, J. S. Harvey, D. J. Ruckman, M. C. Cowart, D. O. Ringold, J. G. Nagula, L. H. Johnson, J. Russell Terhune, A. B. Clair, D. J. Brady, I. N. Glover and S. E. Johnson are defendants, and said petition alleging that on the 20th day of May, 1918, the defendants, John B. Howard and Alfred Tinsley entered into a written agreement with W. M. Johnson of Havensack, New Jersey, by the terms of which said W. M. Johnson, the owner of Section 17, Block 2, H. & G. N. R. Co. Survey, Reeves County, Texas, conveyed to said defendants, Tinsley and Howard, all the oil, gas, coal and other minerals in and under the land therein described, including said section 17, subject however to the reservation by said W. M. Johnson of certain royalties in case of production of oil, gas or other mineral, and further providing that if operations for the drilling of an oil or gas well be not begun on the land described therein within one year from the date of said lease, then said agreement shall be forfeited as to both parties unless the lessee or their successors or assigns shall say to the lessor on or before each of the anniversaries of said lease according to the date thereof, 10¢ per acre for the period operations are delayed, but such a royalty cannot be waived by such payments for a greater delay than three years without the written consent of the lessor, payments as provided in said lease shall be deemed complete, when made or tendered by a deposit of the amount to the credit of the lessor in the Austin National Bank, Austin, Texas, and further providing that if said lessee shall sink a well and discover oil, gas or other minerals within the limit of time provided in paragraph 4, then said instrument shall be in full force and effect as long as minerals are found and produced in paying quantities.

SECOND.

That in said instrument the said W. M. Johnson was designated as lessor and the defendants, Howard and Tinsley as lessee. That said instrument and conveyance include the following lands:

Sections 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, all in Block 1; Sections 11, 13, 15, 17, in Block 2; Sections 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, and 55 of Section 61, all in Block 4; the W 1/2 of Section 27, 43, 45, and 47, all in Block 5, all in the H. & G. N. R. Co. Survey, Reeves County, Texas.

THIRD.

That plaintiffs are the owners by mesne conveyance of the right, title and interest of the said W. M. Johnson in and to said section 17, Block 2, and in and to said agreement in so far as it covers said section.

FOURTH.

That after the execution of said agreement the defendants Howard and Tinsley transferred the same to the defendants, Sunshine Oil Corporation, subject to all of its provisions. That the other defendants are claiming some right, title and interest in and to said lease agreement.

FIFTH.

That the defendants, Alfred Tinsley, John B. Howard, or said Sunshine Oil Corporation or the other defendants, did not comply with the terms of said agreement heretofore set out but made default thereunder. That they did not on or before the anniversary of said lease pay to plaintiff or their predecessor the sum of 10¢ per acre for an extension of the time of drilling on said land and have not paid said 10¢ on or before the subsequent anniversaries thereof, nor did they on or before the anniversary of said lease, begin the drilling of a well on any of the land described therein nor have they begun such well at the time of the filing of this suit or paid or tendered any rentals.

SIXTH.

That three years has expired since the execution of said lease and plaintiffs and their predecessors have not agreed in writing for an extension of the time for drilling on said land.

SEVENTH.

That during the year 1920, the exact date of which is unknown to plaintiffs, the Sunshine Oil Corporation constructed a pretended rig and derrick on Section 15, described in said lease and pretended to drill what is known as the Grogan Well.

The same was not a bona fide effort to comply with said agreement, and said rig and machinery were not used for the purpose of drilling a well, but was neither designated nor constructed nor in condition to drill an oil or gas well on said land but was wholly built for such purposes; that after moving said derrick and rig on said Section 15, the said defendants did not drill said well with diligence to completion, but after a few months of ineffectual and unprofitable efforts they abandoned the work thereon at a depth of less than 500 feet and since said time have not proceeded further therewith, and no other well has been begun on said land by anyone at any time.

EIGHTH.

That defendants are claiming rights under said lease agreement to said Section 17, thereby clouding plaintiff's title and destroying the market value of their said land.

Premises considered, plaintiff prays that the defendants and each of them be cited to appear and answer herein upon final trial, they have judgment cancelling said lease declaring same to be void and forfeited and removing the cloud created thereby from the plaintiff's title, for costs of suit and such other and further relief to which in law or equity, they are justly entitled.

Herein fail not, but have before said Court, on the said first day of the next term thereof, one with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness Clerk of the District Court of Reeves County, Texas.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Pecos, Texas, this 18th day of August, 1922.

S. C. VAUGHAN,
Clerk District Court, Reeves County.

H. F. KERR, Deputy.
No. 2248 in District Court, P. C. Chapman et al. vs. Sunshine Oil Corporation, et al. Granted by Publication.

Witness this 18th day of August, 1922.

C. VAUGHAN, Clerk.
H. F. KERR, Deputy.

You get a whole year's reading of the Pecos oil field through the Enterprise for \$2. Send it to a friend.

Classified ads are inexpensive result-getters.

H. & G. N. RY. LANDS FOR SALE IN REEVES COUNTY

Surveys Nos. 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, E. half of 51, and 52, in Block 4; and Nos. 43; 44; 45 and W. half of 4 in Block 5.

The surveys in these blocks are situated from 5 to 8 miles from Pecos City, in the creosote belt of the Pecos River country and will be sold only in whole sections.

Also, surveys No. 49 in Block 6 and Nos. 9, 13 and 15 in block 7.

Also, surveys Nos. 1, 3, and 5, fronting on the Pecos River, in Reeves county, and Nos. 18 (a five survey) Pecos county.

Also 12 surveys in block 11 and 3 surveys in block 12. None of these are silver leads. All are in Pecos county.

All these lands are under lease for oil, gas and mineral purposes and any sale of same will be made subject to such lease.

J. C. LOVE of Pecos is agent for the sale of all these lands situated in Reeves County and application should be made to him for the purchase of same.

There is no local agent for the sale of the lands in Pecos County, and parties desiring to purchase any of same should apply to the undersigned.

EUGENE CARTLEDGE, Agent and Attorney in Fact.
AUSTIN, TEXAS

PERSONAL

Mrs. W. E. Morton of Toyah attended the conference Wednesday.

Mrs. Tom Hart was a Pecos visitor for the early part of the week.

Phil Fryor came in Sunday for a few days' visit with Pecos friends.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Luckett were visitors from Toyah to the conference Thursday.

W. B. Humphries of Toyah was over in attendance upon the conference.

Prof. A. H. Smith was over from Toyah in attendance upon the Methodist conference this week.

Miss Maggie Glover left this morning for El Paso where she will spend a few days shopping.

Mrs. Boulan Wilson arrived home Thursday from Tempe where she had been visiting for some time.

Miss Floena Vaughan left today for Abilene where she will enter Draughan Business College.

Mrs. Joe Patterson will return to her home in Roswell today after a ten days' visit to relatives in Pecos.

Mrs. Wade Clifton has been over from Toyah practically all the week in attendance upon the annual conference in session here.

Mrs. C. E. Bucholz and daughter and Mrs. B. H. Palmer and little son left Monday for Midland for a visit to Mrs. Addison Wadley and family.

Miss Jessie Heard is teaching the public school at Frijole, Guiberson county, having opened her school Monday.

Mrs. William Boles and baby son are visiting her sister, Mrs. L. L. Bugg and other relatives in Big Spring.

Mrs. J. W. Hudgins went to Big Spring last week for a visit to her daughter, Mrs. L. L. Bugg and family and other relatives.

Charley Haughton and his mother were over from Barstow each day in attendance upon the Methodist conference this week.

Mrs. M. E. Ray was accompanied by her son, W. A. Runyon, to his home at Fort Worth the early part of the week. Information states that she stood the trip well.

Former pastors of the Pecos Methodist church in attendance upon the conference are: The Revs. H. M. Smith, J. H. Walker, J. H. Messer and Fred B. Faust.

Mrs. M. Rose has returned from a visit to brothers at Brownfield and Lubbock and is again back at her post as librarian at the Carnegie library.

Mrs. W. W. Ruhlen left Monday for Stamford for a visit with Mrs. J. L. Jones, who recently lost her husband, an account of whose death appeared in last week's Enterprise.

Mrs. White, Mrs. McKinney and Mrs. Davis, all of Balmornea, were Pecos visitors Thursday and attended the reception given in honor of Mrs. Dickey, wife of Bishop Dickey.

J. L. Mann came in from Carlsbad the forepart of the week, spent one day with his family, leaving the following day for Abilene, to attend the bedside of his son who is seriously ill.

Mrs. J. L. Moore of Brogado, spent a day or two in Pecos this week on business, the guest of the editor and wife. Wednesday night Mrs. Moore stated that her range is badly overstocked and the grass short. The continued drought has made it necessary for them to move some of their stock.

Among the visitors to the conference in session here this week and who are well known to and beloved by many of our people were the Rev. and Mrs. W. A. Fulbright. They are splendid people and talented and Enterprise readers have had the pleasure of reading several of Mrs. Fulbright's beautiful poems.

Eighteen students have submitted papers in the W. W. Dean Fire Prevention contest, for which prizes were offered this week. The papers will be judged and prizes awarded by a committee of judges, one prize going to the best from the High School, and one for the best essay from the Grammar School. These papers bear only a number, the students name not being known to the judges, this will insure absolute impartiality in the awarding of the prizes.

BIRTHDAY PARTY

Virginia and Lalovi Kesler entertained a number of their friends Monday afternoon from four to six in a joint birthday party, celebrating Virginia's tenth birthday and Lalovi's third. Thirty-nine guests helped to make the occasion a most enjoyable one, each one bringing a lovely gift.

Refreshments were served consisting of ice cream, cake and cantaloupe.

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 2c.

Mrs. P. T. Hammond and little daughter left Friday of last week for Little Rock, Arkansas, where they will make an extended visit with Mrs. Hammond's daughter, R. N. McCarthy and son, Al, will have charge of the Hammond Hotel during her absence.

Monroe Kerr returned the early part of the week from Fort Worth where he went to see his brother, Theodor, who is seriously ill and in a very bad way. Mr. and Mrs. Kerr returned last night from Carlsbad where they went to tell of the illness of the brother to brothers and sisters there.

The City Pharmacy has recently received a shipment of Italian briar pipes which will satisfy the most fastidious smoker at a moderate price. The editor walked into the City Pharmacy one day this week, smelt a splendid white clay pipe presented to him by that splendid Virginian and gardener who for years furnished vegetables and fruit to the people of Toyah and Pecos from his garden at the foot of Guadalupe Peak, 7,000 feet above the sea—W. M. Taylor—and Tom McCluar, the genial manager presented him with one of these pipe when he (the editor) has since been enjoying. Tom has them for sale worth the money, and not to give away, and since the editor is a "good smoker" placed a good advertisement in his mouth. Durned be the man who says Tom is not a good advertiser.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR PROGRAM
October 8, 1922, at seven o'clock Sunday.

"Folly of Procrastination."
Leader—Louise Starly.
Song—"To the Work"—No. 103.
Scripture—Matt. 25: 1-13; Eccl. 9: 10.
Talk By—Leader.
Special music—Misses Estelle and Hattie Durdin.
Talk—"What are the dangers of procrastination."—Edwin Vickers.
Talk—"What are some of the things to be gained by using the hoe."—Mary Magee.
Song—"Jesus is All the World to Me."
—Number 5.
Business.
Election of officers.
Benediction.

MRS. ROBERT MORRISON DEAD
Mrs. Robert Morrison passed away Monday night at a hospital in Carlsbad of appendicitis and complications. She was taken ill at Lovington and carried from there to Carlsbad. The body was prepared for burial, brought to Pecos Tuesday and allowed to lay in State at the home of Robert's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Morrison, until the 3:30 P. M. arrived Tuesday afternoon when it was taken to Odessa for interment.

Deceased was a young woman and devout member of the Methodist church as well as a loving wife and mother. She leaves to mourn her going her husband, Robert Morrison, and three or four children, her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Card and several brothers and sisters.

The Enterprise joins the many friends of this splendid family in deepest sympathy in this their sad hour.

PECOS LADIES GIVE RECEPTION HONORING MRS. DICKEY
One of the pleasing features of the Methodist Conference which is being held in this city was a reception Thursday afternoon from four to six o'clock at the beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Pruett in honor of Mrs. Dickey, wife of the presiding Bishop and other visiting ladies of the conference with the members of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist church as hostesses. The members of the Missionary organizations of the other churches of the city were also guests of the occasion.

Mrs. T. B. Pruett greeted the guests at the door with charming hospitality after which Mrs. A. C. Taggart escorted them to the receiving line which was composed of Mrs. John Hibdon, president of the society, Mrs. L. L. Thurston, Mrs. Dickey and other visiting ladies and members of the society.

Delicious punch was served from a block of ice decorated with purple grapes and green leaves, by the Misses Dorothy Sisk, Virginia Runnels and Marjory Thurston, three of Pecos' charming young ladies of the younger set.

A musical program was rendered by the gifted musicians and vocalists of the city which was greatly appreciated by every one present.

It was very fitting that this delightful social feature of the conference should be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Pruett, who are among the pioneers of West Texas and with their family have contributed so much to the social and religious life of Pecos.

There were 150 guests called during the afternoon.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC
I am going to ask the citizens of Pecos to help me build my swimming pool and play grounds at the Mitchell place. I am going to build a swimming pool; put in two Tennis Courts, and make other improvements. I will sell season tickets for one-half price as follows:

Adults \$5.00
Children from 12 to 18 years 2.50
Children under 12 years 1.50
This ticket will be good from May 1st, 1923 until close of season.

ALAMO PLAY GROUNDS.

FATHER OF JNO. B. HOWARD DIES AT LONGVIEW

The aged father of Jno. B. Howard died at his home in Longview on the morning of October 2nd. Jno. B. left for that place early in the week to attend the funeral. Mr. J. C. Howard, deceased, has visited this place before and while here made friends with all of our citizens with whom he came in contact. The Enterprise joins the many friends of Jno. B. in extending deepest sympathy in his hour of bereavement. A message to the press of the state has the following to say in reference to the death of Mr. Howard.

J. C. Howard, 74, native born Texan, died this morning. He was the first mayor of Longview, sheriff 14 years, city marshal six years, Confederate war veteran, member of the Christian church and for 50 years a Mason. He hunted down the Dalton gang who robbed a bank here in 1884. He is survived by: John B. Howard, Pecos, Texas; Luke Howard, Woodport, Ore.; Buck Howard, Longview, and Mrs. R. B. Emore, New York; Mrs. W. C. Hixon, Dallas, Texas; Mrs. J. D. Roach, Dallas; Mrs. J. S. Carter, Dallas; Mrs. C. K. Huffman, Longview; Mrs. A. A. Harlan, Galveston; Mrs. Tessie Howard, Longview; Mrs. L. V. Guild, Salt Lake. The funeral will be held today at Greenwood cemetery.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish through the columns of the Enterprise to express our sincere thanks to the good people of Pecos for their kind ministrations in words of sympathy, floral contributions and in other ways while the body of our loved one, Mrs. Robert Morrison, was lying in state at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Morrison waiting to be transferred to Odessa for interment. We pray heavens choicest blessings to rest upon each and all.

Robert Morrison and children.
W. L. Card and family.
J. L. Morrison and family.
Earl Card and family.
Jim Card, and family.
Fred Lawrence and family.
Mr. and Mrs. Chambers.

FIRE PREVENTION WEEK

I will give \$2.50 each for the two best essays written by High School pupils:

1st. On How to prevent and combat fires.
2nd. On Carelessness; the cause of 90 per cent of all fires.

Awards will be by committee appointed by superintendent.
Yours for Service,
E. L. COLLINGS, Ins. Co.

MASONIC SERVICE ORGANIZATION MEETINGS TO BE HELD

Dallas, Texas, Oct. 22.—The Masonic Education and Service Committee of the Grand Lodge of Texas is presenting to the various lodges of the state a series of programs based on the bulletins issued by the Masonic Service Association of the United States. Approximately one hundred of these programs have been presented in Texas since March.

The committee has announced the following district meetings for the purpose of completing the state organization at which all Masons are welcome and invited to attend:

Masonic Service Meeting Dates.
By order of the Grand Master, Brother D. Fank Johnson, of Brownwood, the following Masonic Service and Education meetings have been called for the purpose of completing District organizations:
Wichita Falls District No. 2; Tuesday, October 3.
Amarillo District No. 3; Thursday, October 5.
Plainview District No. 4; Friday, October 6.
Lubbock District No. 4; Saturday, October 7.
Midland District No. 5; Monday, October 9.
El Paso District No. 6; Wednesday, October 11.
Brownwood District No. 7; Saturday, October 14.
San Antonio District No. 8; Friday, October 27.
Houston District No. 9; Monday, October 23.
Galveston District No. 10; Tuesday, October 24.
Austin District No. 11; Saturday, October 28.

A representative of the committee will be present to explain the plan of organization.

Andrew L. Randall, Chairman; Judge James W. McClendon, Austin, vice chairman; John W. Howerth, Dallas, secretary-treasurer; Walter T. Smith, Galveston, and William W. Evans, El Paso.

Elmer Jones has moved his cattle to the Midland country and Mrs. Jones and the children who are visiting her mother, Mrs. G. T. Looby, will join him on the ranch in a few days.

THE DALLAS NEWS
THE NEWSIEST, THE BEST, THE MOST RELIABLE—THAT'S ALL
TOM McCLURE CIRCULATOR AT PECOS, TEXAS

YOU ARE INVITED

To inspect the new styles and stuffs ready to be fashioned into

Lamm & Co. Tailor-made Clothes

They are themselves exceedingly inviting. Once you take our measure as tailoring experts you'll be glad to let us take YOUR measure for your Fall Clothes.

Send your Cleaning and Pressing by Parcel Post—we will give you twenty-four hour service, and pay postage one way.

B. H. PALMER

Pecos, Texas TAILOR AND CLEANER Phone 177
Successor to Hubbs & Palmer

To Be a Helpful Bank

Always ready to go out of our way to accommodate a customer is a policy that has made lasting friends for this Bank.

— TRY US —

Pecos Valley State Bank

A GUARANTY FUND BANK
MEMBER OF FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM



Robert—Guess what it cost!
Frank—It looks splendid I guess \$45.00.
Robert—Only \$27.00, it's a Clothcraft Suit.
Charles—That's more like old times.

Yes--More Like Old Times

\$27.00

Its been a long time—back some years—since we've been able to offer men of Pecos clothes value like this. And bear in mind—these are clothes of quality; guaranteed in writing to give you satisfaction.

CLOTHCRAFT STANDARD SERGE NO. 5130

Pecos Mercantile Co.