

The Pecos Enterprise

Largest Circulation of Any Weekly Paper in West Texas

AND PECOS TIMES

All the Authentic OIL NEWS of the Traps-Pecos Oil Field

VOL. XLII. NUMBER 12.

PECOS, TEXAS, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1922.

\$2.00 PER YEAR, \$1.25 FOR SIX MONTHS.

"THE GREATEST OIL FIELD IN THE UNITED STATES LIES IN REEVES COUNTY"—WILLOUGHBY

This statement has been made by the most eminent geologists in the United States and the presence of both oil and gas which exists practically throughout the county tend to strengthen this belief. Now comes the all convincing power of science supported by demonstrations that the most skeptical can hardly doubt.

The readers of the Enterprise are familiar with the Toyah-Bell well and to them it is well known that C. H. Willoughby, took the well over because the oil locating device which he owns said they would find a production of from 500 to 1000 barrels of oil. The way the well came in and the fact that its great vitality seems now to be as strong as when the oil first shot over the derrick is proof that seems undisputable that this well will yet make as good a well as Mr. Willoughby predicted when once the hole is cleared of the many obstructions now holding the well from blowing itself in.

Mr. Willoughby has in the past withheld the use of his instrument from all save his own interests but after making a trip through Mexico, Koss and the fields of North Texas and after Mr. R. G. Ferguson had gone through the fields of Montana and Wyoming including the famous Tea-Pot Dome and Cat Creek both of them say that no where is there a producing field that is as good as the Reeves county fields neither as to the volume of oil nor the area underlain by oil.

Realizing the unlimited benefits to be derived by the Reeves county citizens and the country as a whole it was decided that proof undisputable in addition to the drilling and finding oil in the Toyah-Bell well should be made at the earliest possible hour says Mr. Willoughby. The proposition was submitted to the Tatum Lease Syndicate who are drilling one well at the junction of Reeves and Culberson counties which is recorded to be on an oil pool by the instrument and were also drilling a well in the Toyah Shallow pool just 614 feet from one of the best producers in that field so the Enterprise is informed. On the 13th of October, a test was made of the well and pronounced dry. On October 28th the well was down 202 feet or 31 feet below the producing level and was abandoned and information comes that the driller says that no signs of oil were had. This hole stands as mute evidence of the work of the magnet and when it is remembered that only 614 feet separates this well from one of the best producers in that field it will be seen that the value of this instrument is unthinkable for when dry locations can be detected the great expense of drilling can be saved.

On the same date that this statement was placed in the Citizens State Bank, Toyah, Texas, Mr. Willoughby filed another statement that a location he made in the Northeast corner of section 45, block 58, P. S. L. Reeves county would find as good or better production as now exists in the shallow field. This location is strictly wildcat. Besides this fact there are dry holes on every side two of which are within sight of the new location and but a few hundred feet distant.

This test will be rigid and exacting since it is in the midst of dry holes which have already condemned the territory. The test is being put down by the Tatum Lease Syndicate, et al, who will own the production but Reeves county will gain the proof that this instrument is dependable and Mr. Willoughby announces that he will co-operate with one and all who are interested in seeing the real oil fields developed. This new test will be watched by people throughout the United States and if once more the instrument stands up to its present accurate record it is predicted that C. H. Willoughby's fortune is made and that Reeves county will very quickly be redeemed.

COUNTY COURT CONVICTS TWO ON CHARGE OF PETIT THEFT

John P. Wilson and Wesley Donaldson whom Sheriff Kiser arrested last week in Midland on charges of petty theft and placed in the Reeves county jail were tried this week in county court and both convicted, the punishment therefor being either a term of sixty days in jail or a total fine and costs of \$205. These are the same parties reported in last week's Enterprise as being charged with the theft of a tire and tube from the Johnson Battery station, a spot light from Jo Camp and other articles from Lang Buchanan.

Classified ads fill your needs.

GET TOGETHER ON HIGHWAY CARLSBAD-PECOS

Right now is no bad time to talk highway—really there is no bad time to talk it for good roads is the life of any town or community. Just now, however, the thought that a real, well constructed highway between Pecos and Carlsbad, New Mexico, would be a great asset to both these towns and a boon to the traveling public. It would mean that much of the travel going around both Carlsbad and Pecos would travel through them instead and it would put these towns in closer communication with each other. Just at this time it is understood Carlsbad is contemplating a highway which will put them in closer touch with El Paso—probably connecting with the Bankhead at Van Horn. The route through Pecos and connecting with the Bankhead at this point would mean more business for Carlsbad as well as Pecos and would cost each county less money to construct.

Coming to Pecos and connecting with the Bankhead here would mean more travel over this route for one reason, that the entire route would be along the railroad, the Santa Fe from Carlsbad to Pecos and from Pecos to El Paso the Texas & Pacific. In case of any trouble whatever relief could be had when on the other hand no relief could be had on the other route for many miles. This route would also cause many to come this way from Roswell and North who would connect with the Old Spanish trail or to Mexico and vice versa. Much of the road from Carlsbad to State Line is now graded and only needs hard surfacing to make it first class. The road from Pecos to State Line has already been designated as a State highway and it is believed that funds are easily available to put our portion of this highway in first class condition. The following statement issued by County Clerk S. C. Vaughan, the Enterprise believes, will bear out the above statement:

This is to certify that there is recorded in Road Minutes Book 2, page 102, Excerpts from a communication from the State Highway department of Texas designating State Highway No. 17, from State Line paralleling Santa Fe railway intersecting State Highway No. 1, known as Bankhead Highway at Pecos, Texas.

This is to certify that in Road Minutes Book 2, page 158, there is recorded a Bond Order for \$100,000.00 for Road District No. 1, Reeves County, Texas, voted for the purpose of building roads in Reeves county, Texas.

(Seal) S. C. VAUGHAN, County Clerk, Reeves County, Texas.

It occurs to the Enterprise that this is a good time for the business men of both Carlsbad and Pecos to get together and induce the county commissioners of each of these counties to take up this matter and push it to completion. It will mean as much to one town as to the other and the way the Enterprise looks at the matter, will be of inestimable value to both towns and the traveling public as well.

The Enterprise understands that in case Carlsbad decides to use the Van Horn route they can only build to the State Line there and that Culberson county is in no condition to build their part of the road from State Line to Van Horn, and in that case much of the travel would detour on that account.

CAPITALIST OF CHICAGO VISITS HERSHENSON PROPERTY HERE

E. G. Moniger, capitalist of Chicago, accompanied by his wife, father and sister-in-law, Mrs. Wright of Michigan City, Ind., arrived in Pecos Tuesday from Chicago by auto on their way to Los Angeles, California, to spend the winter. While in Pecos they were the guests of Robert R. Landrum, manager for the Hershenson interests, who showed them over the oil fields and the county in general, and the Hershenson property in particular, as they are investors in this property. They were much pleased with the country in general, and remarked especially of the splendid roads and highways that are now to be found in Reeves and Pecos counties, and of the excellent prospects for the bringing in of a large oil field here. They are greatly pleased with their investment, and hope to be back through here after the winter, unless an "oil boom" comes sooner.

History Made When Camera Clicked This Picture.



Thomas A. Edison made a pilgrimage to Schenectady, N. Y., last week, the first in 25 years. He was met there by Dr. Chas. P. Steinmetz, the only man in the world his equal in electrical knowledge. Photo shows Edison examining parts of tree and porcelain insulators shattered by Steinmetz a few moments before with his newest invention—a lightning making machine. It is the first picture of the two great inventors together. It is to be preserved. Edison is now 75 years old and Steinmetz is 57.

CONTRACT SIGNED FOR LONG DISTANCE CONNECTION HERE

Last week W. O. Biggs of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Co., was a visitor in Pecos and signed contract covering inter-company business with the Pecos and Northwestern Telephone officials. The Enterprise was aware that this had been or would be done, but parties interested were not ready to give out the information for publication.

Work will start on the construction of the line Monday at Big Spring and officials say it should be completed into Pecos by the 20th of the present month. The line will be copper and will be strung on the posts of the Western Union Telegraph Co., lines. It is also stated that when connections are made with Pecos from the east work will continue and connections made with El Paso on the West, and it is expected that this work will be completed by January first when Pecos citizens can talk to any part of the United States.

The Big Bend Telephone Company of Marfa, according to Manager Ralph Sparks of the Pecos and Northwestern Telephone Company, are now completing arrangements to build a copper line between Fort Davis and Balmorhea, which will put conversation from Marfa, Alpine, Valentine and Fort Davis through Balmorhea in first class condition.

The Southwestern Bell Company has designated Pecos as toll center, which means that all points in this portion of West Texas will come to Pecos to get on the line. It will also mean the stationing of some \$3,000 worth of equipment here by the Bell system, such as repeaters, etc., for handling this business.

The Pecos and Northwestern has ordered a new switch-board which will be installed within the next six weeks. This improvement has been contemplated for some time past. This addition, however, will make no material change in the service here except that it will be better, says Mr. Sparks.

Only one additional operator will be needed for this new service.

The benefits to be derived from this long distance service is incalculable, and when the Western Union is now used in many cases with very unsatisfactory service in many cases where an answer is desired, the phone will be used and the matter closed face to face, as it were, in a jiffy. There will be no place in the United States so connected with long distance phone where we cannot talk with as much satisfaction as we can over our local phones. It will put Pecos in a class with the larger cities in that respect and should draw more of the traveling public this way.

On Wednesday morning those who passed 4th Street thought the spooks had been at work and turned in some manner a real creek down that street. On investigation it was found that the well of A. G. Taggart had "blown in" and was flowing briskly. It is probably as strong a well as there is in Pecos.

Sell it with a classified ad.

WHEAT & MONCE TO START WORK ON WHEAT WELL

The arrival in Pecos this week of W. A. (Shorty) Monce with his family has again revived interest in the Pecos oil field. Mr. Monce is the man who put down the famous Toyah-Bell well and so sure is he that that well puts that section of the Pecos oil field out of the wildcat class and in the actually proven area that he staked his all in leases in that part of the country. He has waited for some one to bring in a real gusher in that section until waiting has ceased to be a virtue and to use his own language "I have come back to prove to the world that the oil is there and will remain until I bring in a gusher worth while." He and his family moved yesterday into the residence of Dr. I. E. Smith where they hope to remain until he is ready to leave Pecos and with his pockets bulging with gold.

Mr. Monce will be connected with J. J. Wheat with whom every reader of the Enterprise is acquainted by this time and they say that nothing will deter them from putting down a well and that in the least possible time. They are now casting around and getting things together, and expect to have the money in the bank with which to complete the Wheat well before the pit is dug, but at the same time they expect to have all machinery in place and be ready to go by the first of the year—and possibly in thirty days.

For the drilling of this well, which appears to have reached beyond the stage of guess work, gas for drilling will be used from the Bell well—the real discovery well—which the Enterprise is informed will be generously furnished by these good people "free gratis for nothing." This shows a spirit which is very commendable but is nothing new or surprising since Mr. Bell has at all times exerted his every energy and influence to help any in the field whose efforts were to put down a well. They—Wheat and Monce—already have the pipe with which to run this fuel to the site of the well which will be in close proximity to the Toyah-Bell well in Loving country. It is understood they have all other necessary machinery secured for operation with the exception of the boiler which will be purchased new, and that the work of getting this together and ready to go will be pushed as rapidly as possible.

Mr. Wheat and Mr. Monce both have no hesitancy in saying that the well will be put down and that in as short a time as is possible and that there will be no delays on account of having to wait to raise funds with which to move things. They also stated to the Enterprise yesterday that they really expect to put down two or even more wells but that nothing would be allowed to hinder in any way the continuous work on the Wheat well.

Frank S. Palmer was here from El Paso Saturday and Sunday to visit his parents, Mayor and Mrs. Ben Palmer and other relatives. Frank is looking well and apparently in better health than for several years.

TOYAH-BELL CONTINUES TO ACT—BELL MAKING FOOTAGE—LAURA WELL TO BE DYNAMITED

NOVEMBER 25TH TO BE PECOS' NEXT BIG TRADE DAY

Owing to the fact that Pecos' first Trades Day was such a phenomenal success although only a very few days was allowed in which to put it before the public, it was decided by the business men of the town to make it a regular affair and to hold these Special Trades Days on the fourth Saturday in each month.

The last one (and for that matter the first one) drew throngs of people from the country and every one who came not only had a good time but made a substantial saving on his every purchase. Every business man in town so far as the Enterprise knows put on special sales whereby the purchasing public saved about a third on many purchases—less on others and more than a third on still others. In fact most everything in the various stores was marked down a wee bit so that the purchaser could save some real money. The volume of business these close prices brought not only enabled the merchants to make some money but the purchasers saved much.

It is the purpose of those in charge to make November 25th—Pecos' Second Trades Day—even more attractive than the first one. On this occasion the merchants will give away two grand prizes costing \$75.00 each, to wit: A \$75.00 cooking range to the white's and a \$75.00 Phonograph to the Mexican population. For these gifts tickets will be given by the various business houses of the town with each one dollar cash purchase from this date until Nov. 25th when the gifts will be given out. In all probability other attractions, such as fire drills, ball games, etc., will be features of the day.

In all probability the merchants of the town will also offer individual gifts besides making special bargains on all lines of merchandise.

The business men of Pecos are going out after the trade of the farmers and stockmen of this trade territory and if low prices and other added inducements will get it they are "setting jake," for it is their intention to make the prices which coupled with courteous treatment will bring it in.

This very thing is exactly what put Pecos on the map in the first place and it is just what will bring it back into its own.

The pre-war prices on all articles offered will be as near as it is possible to make them.

FINE RAINS END WITH HEAVY FROST

Again on Saturday night Sunday and Monday Reeves county in common with practically all of West Texas and a good portion of the other portions of Texas was visited by a generous downpour of rain. Coming upon the heels of that a week ago it has put a fairly good season in the ground and has caused the grass to green up and the weeds to start growing. Of course we have not had nearly enough but what we have had will add to the wealth of West Texas wonderfully and has had a tendency to drive away the blues from many of our stockmen who had very poor prospects for a winter pasture for their stock.

The frost, while apparently heavy both Tuesday and Wednesday nights, did very little damage here in town. Some few gardens, both flowers and vegetable—were injured while others showed no signs whatever of the freeze—the gardens of the editor of the Enterprise being in the latter class.

THE SMOKE-EATERS FROLIC

The above is the caption of a play which will be put on at the Rialto theatre on Armistice Day, November 11th, by home talent, which promises to be the best yet produced on this stage. The players are the same that put on the American Legion Follies last year which was so favorably commented on by the public in general.

This play is being put on for the benefit of the fire department and should receive the hearty support of every citizen of the town. Aside from the fact that you will get your money's worth in real enjoyment, you will be helping the fire department in more efficiently protecting your property. Do not forget the date—November 11th—and don't fail to attend.

THE TOYAH-BELL WELL

The Toyah-Bell just will not be downed. In spite of every obstacle it continues to occasionally flow over the top. On Sunday last it "cut up" worse than for some time when for ten minutes it spouted oil clear above the crown blocks. It is also reported on the streets that it spouted again yesterday. Our people are enthused over its actions and many believe it will yet come in of its own accord. However, it is understood, that an effort will be made in order to assist in cleaning it out. This the Enterprise believes, will surely bring it in a gusher and a good one.

THE BELL WELL

When asked for a report on the Bell well today Major W. E. Bell stated that "there is nothing new to report except that we are deeper than last week." The crew has been busy all the time drilling steadily without interruption from any cause and although progress is slow due to the hard formation they are in, they are going down steadily and the street report is to the effect that the formation is very encouraging.

THE LAURA WELL

Drillers Granger and Green of the Laura well of the Sunshine-Federal interests have been busy for the past two or three days preparing that well for a shot of dynamite in the hopes of blowing away an obstruction which is probably the casing and which has been causing trouble for the past two or three weeks. According to Mr. Heller, in charge there, a shot of from fifteen to twenty sticks is to be set off. This may clear the hole of this obstruction or may entirely ruin the hole but it is believed to be the proper thing to do as they will then either be able to go on down, begin a new hole or abandon the work altogether.

HERSHENSON WELL

Drilling at the Hershenson well is progressing satisfactorily, although slowly, due to passing through very hard lime rock of which, it is figured, there will be about 100 feet.

W. U. OFFICIALS VISIT PECOS AND MOUNTAINS

Officials of the Western Union Telegraph Company to visit Pecos this week were: F. A. Mohr, general manager of the Gulf Division, accompanied by P. D. Barnett, division manager; P. R. Napier, commercial manager; J. F. Wilson, district commercial superintendent. They were traveling in Mr. Mohr's private car.

The party was met in Pecos by J. W. B. Williams of Saragosa, and driven through Toyah Valley and into the Davis Mountains. All expressed themselves as being delighted with the beautiful scenery of that part of the Davis Mountains they saw and say it's the "Colorado of Texas," and if the State does not create a State Park here it will make a great mistake.

CATTLE MOVEMENTS

There was a large shipment of cattle from the valley this week. Mr. H. Oliphant representing The Standard Live Stock Commission Co., of Wichita, Kansas, shipped twenty cars of calves and steers to his firm on consignment to be sold to Kansas feeders. Mr. Oliphant has negotiated for other large shipments to be loaded out as soon as cars are available. The cattle movement and contracts for future shipments were made through H. F. Anthony of Pecos. The following ranchmen made up the train load:

W. L. Kingston, 3 cars; Chas. Spittgarber, 1 car; Mr. Cook, 1 car; Chas. Weinacht, 2 cars; Mrs. Wm. Meier, 2 cars; H. F. Anthony, 1 car; J. B. Heard, 2 cars; Jules Eisenwine, 1 car.

Car shortage is a great drawback to immediate movement of more cattle, but the railroad officials have promised to relieve the situation as soon as possible.

Mrs. J. W. Moore who spent the summer in Kentucky with her mother, returned home Tuesday of this week and was called back there on Wednesday by a message apprising her of the serious and sudden illness of her mother. The Enterprise will join the many friends of the family in extending sympathy and the hope that upon her arrival she may find her mother much improved.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

H. N. LUSK, M. D. OFFICE OVER CITY PHARMACY OFFICE TELEPHONE NO. 40

B. H. PALMER Successor to Hubbs & Palmer TAILOR AND CLEANER Parcel Post Business Given Prompt Attention PECOS, TEXAS

T. F. SLACK ATTORNEY AT LAW FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING PECOS, TEXAS

J. E. STARLEY ATTORNEY AT LAW OFFICE IN SYNDICATE BUILDING PECOS, TEXAS

J. A. DRANE ATTORNEY AT LAW OFFICE OVER PECOS VALLEY STATE BANK PECOS, TEXAS

ROY I. BIGGS LAWYER PECOS, TEXAS Office in Syndicate Building

J. G. MURRAY FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER PECOS MERCANTILE COMPANY Phone: Day 18; Night 78

MAL. THOS. H. BOMAR AT HOME Corner of Sixth and Maple Streets

JOHN F. GROGAN DRILLING CONTRACTOR Phone 276 P. O. Box 547

JOHN HIBDON PRINTER AND STATIONER ENTERPRISE OFFICE PECOS, TEXAS

TRAIN SCHEDULES TEXAS & PACIFIC Westbound: No. 1, Sunshine Special, Arrives 5:53 a. m. No. 5, Arrives 1:45 p. m. Eastbound: No. 2, Sunshine Special, Arrives 12:59 a. m. No. 6, Arrives 8:29 p. m. PECOS & SANTA FE Daily Except Sunday. No. 91 Arrives: Mountain time 11:55 a. m. Central time 12:55 p. m. No. 92 Leaves: Mountain time 2:55 p. m. Central time 3:55 p. m. PECOS VALLEY SOUTHERN Motor Car: Leaves 7:50 a. m. Arrives 12:50 p. m.

ASPIRIN Say "Bayer" and Insist! BAYER logo and text describing the product and its benefits for various ailments like colds, toothache, and headache.

WHY IS TEXAS WITHOUT TEXTILES? THE ANSWER

It has been the purpose of Texas Commercial News to keep its clientele of readers informed concerning the industrial growth of Texas and to time the favorable and the adverse conditions which surround industry in this State.

One industry wherein Texas is noticeably lagging behind is that of textiles. In a State that produces one-third of the total supply of American cotton spindles and looms are conspicuously absent. Texas grows an average of about four million bales of cotton of which it spins and weaves 72,000 bales, which is less than two per cent of the crop. Texas has the advantage of climate and fuel over every other section of the country and potentially is great in water power. The State is rich beyond almost any other portion of the American domain. Oil alone has given Texas an ever-increasing stream of liquid wealth which is now seeking permanent investment. Why then is it that Texas has no textile operations proportionate to its importance in power, production and wealth.

This question is answered in correspondence between James D. Dawson of Houston and John A. McPherson, representing J. E. Sirrine & Co., engineers, of Greenville, S. C. The answer is one that should be very carefully studied by Texans, especially by a committee of West Texans who at this time are studying textile manufacturing in the Carolinas and New England. Mr. McPherson says:

Referring to the correspondence that I had with you regarding the Texas industrial situation and especially regarding the effect of certain adverse legislation that exists in Texas on the industry, beg to advise the writer's opinion as to the present and future of the industry in your State.

The writer has made a personal study of the textile industry in Texas and for the past three or four years I have collected a very large quantity of data, statistics, and facts as to the possibilities of Texas as a cotton manufacturing State.

Based on the information obtained it was found that the State of Texas possessed practically every requisite for successful cotton manufacturing, with possibly two exceptions, and these were adequate capital and trained mill operatives. Our survey of the State showed that while abundant capital is available in Texas, it is very difficult to procure the very large aggregate of funds necessary to properly finance a textile plant, and also, if the mills are to be operated successfully, it is necessary to import some trained mill operatives into your State to organize and run the mills. You have existing a very large potential supply of labor; you have plenty of good, capable business men for executive management; well designed and laid out plans can be procured by the co-operation of capable textile engineering organizations; there are abundant sources of cheap

power and you are located in the heart of the raw supply and also in the heart of a great consuming center. Further, the climatic conditions of Texas, the mild and equitable seasons permits a low living cost and comparatively inexpensive housing conditions. It would, therefore, seem that the State, if it expects to develop industrially, must use special efforts to attract outside capital and outside men to assist the State in building up its industry.

It is a well known fact, which can be demonstrated by observation, that natural advantages will not of themselves attract industry, as there are many other sections of the country that have very favorable conditions and unless special local initiative effort and attractive conditions are provided for outside capital, no industrial growth will follow. We further found in discussing with outside financial groups and men interested in the textile industry a decided antipathy to investing money in Texas and invariably stated their reasons was the unfavorable standing which outside capitalists and corporations had in Texas courts. They invariably cited a number of very objectionable experiences that they had had in the past in their business relations in Texas and, without exception, they were absolutely indifferent and in a number of cases positively antagonistic to any investments in that State.

Further, it has been rumored that minimum wage laws have been enacted, or are being considered, and if such is the case they will, of course, be still further adverse to making any investments in that state. Of all detrimental laws that can possibly be conceived or thought of, we know of none that would injure the cotton manufacturing industry, and in fact, any industry, more than such a law. The framers of such laws seem to go on the theory that the operatives employed in manufacturing plants have to do so by necessity rather than by choice. The only reason for people working in cotton mills is because the conditions of wages and living are more attractive than those in which they were formerly situated, and the natural law of supply and demand will attract or repel help to or from the industry. To create a minimum wage law in Texas, where such laws are non-operative in other states, would simply mean that the industry in Texas would be practically paralyzed and put out of business, unless the minimum wage was set at a very low figure. The framers of such laws seem to lose sight of the fact that the wage of an employee is based on ability and, unless this ability is shown, the mills cannot use poor or inexperienced help at any price.

As an illustration of the effect that antagonistic legislation and demagoguery will have on the industry, we can cite you the states of North and South Carolina. A few years past one of our state administrations showed a decided animosity towards cotton manufacturing corporations of this State. A number of large mill corporations, that were contemplating locating in this State established their plants in North Carolina and, owing to the very favorable laws of that state towards the textile industry, North Carolina has developed its industry with tremendous strides. In the past ten

years the growth of North Carolina in the textile industry has been more than double that of the neighboring state of South Carolina, and this growth still continues in about the same proportion.

In conclusion, I would like to state that it is difficult enough to attract outside funds to a new state to assist in developing their manufacturing industries and if the cap-

ital encounters restrictive legislation, it will certainly not enter the state. We wish the effort of forward looking business men in Texas every success to make conditions favorable for textile manufacturing, and especially endorse every movement that will tend to make this great State a manufacturing commonwealth. — Texas Commercial News.

Habitual Constipation Cured in 14 to 21 Days "LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN" is a specially prepared Syrup Tonic-Laxative for Habitual Constipation. It relieves promptly but should be taken regularly for 14 to 21 days to induce regular action. It Stimulates and Regulates. Very Pleasant to Take. 60c per bottle.

Classified ads are inexpensive result-getters.

Richard Lloyd Jones tells How Wisdom will Win

QUITE to its amazement Wall Street woke up one morning recently to find Henry Ford the richest man in the world. What amazed them most was that he had grown rich in spite of them.

Time was when Wall Street refused to help Ford, when it looked upon him as a questionable risk and wanted eleven per cent. Now Ford is propping up the plutocrats of wobbly Wall Street with a loan of nearly \$200,000,000. With finer spirit he is letting them have it at four per cent.

Mr. Ford made his mammoth fortune in a clean and splendid way. It is no crime to be rich. It is not ethically wrong to acquire the greatest fortune if you have gained that fortune by helping men instead of hurting them.

John D. Rockefeller acquired a great fortune. Much of his fortune was made by the most despicable practices. He brazenly defied the laws of the land. He was not a man-helper. To gain his own ends he would cruelly crush. His ambition was to corner a commodity. He bought up hundreds of patents and suppressed them because they economized for the consumer on oil consumption.

Ford created something. He made an instrument that consumes more Rockefeller gasoline than all the oil-consuming devices known before. By his inventive mathematical and mechanical genius Mr. Ford caused an enormous increase in the Rockefeller wealth. Compared to him John D. was a one-cylinder affair.

Rockefeller is not a loved name. He is not revered. He is a very old man now. His face is crisscrossed with lines. Years ago a troubled conscience overtook him and he set out to square himself. It

is possible for a man to do that—that is, if our Christian faith is practicable.

Polluted water will run itself pure; so will tainted money. Rockefeller began his substantial philanthropies by the endowment of a theological school in Rochester, New York. Then he hurried a great university into one city and a hospital into another. Since then he has been bolstering up weak colleges, creating great pedagogical and research foundations, and splendidly subsidizing a benignant life-recessus work through bacteriological laboratories, hospitals and feeding stations the wide world over.

With all his undeniable iniquities, the Rockefeller who defied our courts will die. The Rockefeller who is trying to save life all around the world and after saving it to lift it up to higher and finer altitudes, is the Rockefeller who is going to live.

What will Henry Ford do with all his fabulous wealth? Unlike Rockefeller, he has not cramped his character to get his money. He is not burdened with Rockefeller's handicap. Mr. Rockefeller's handicap, Rockefeller may yet overtake Ford in the enduring race, unless Ford does more wisely with his greater wealth.

When wealth reaches beyond the proportions of supplying rational personal needs, it becomes not an asset but a responsibility.

Henry Ford has proven himself to be 100% the right-minded fortune builder. Future generations will measure him not by his ability to acquire but by his power to serve through spending.

The Rockefeller-Ford race for riches is over. Ford wins. Now the race for wise spending is on. In this great race wisdom will win.

poem by UNCLE JOHN

If there's ever a pastime a feller holds dear, it's gatherin' nuts in the fall of the year. The forest, arrayed in its purple an' gold, appeals to the hearts of the young an' the old. — A call that's resistless floats out from the trees, when the trophies drop down, at the loss of the breeze. O, there GATHERIN' ain't no pleasure that's any more dear, than GATHERIN' nuts in the fall of the year. — The big, juicy, shelled, from walnuts ranks—the shell-barks, a-shellin' the roaster's tanks. — The hazel machine-guns, in hid-away dell, bombard the invaders with many a shell,—all, army maneuvers, with nothin' to fear—campaignin' fer nuts, in the fall of the year. — Then, forward,—with buckets an' gunnysacks, too,—charge on, past the medder—the fortress in view! We'll pillage the stronghold of kernel an' pod, and win, by the grace of a bountiful God. — Each brown-fingered trooper busts loose with a cheer, when we go after nuts, in the fall of the year.

HOMEY PHILOSOPHY for 1922

DR. BASIL G. GILDER-SLEEVE, 91 years old, graduate of Great Scholars, once professor of Johns Hopkins University, in spiritual health, telling the world he does not mind to be 91. It is an ugly number. Ninety is divisible by 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, and 30, whereas 91, well, one must multiply the sum 13 by the sacred number 7, and this jags him. Then the mellowed sage says he grows no less old-fashioned with the years. He loves the classics, but he has learned there is really such a thing as a gentleman. An optimist? No, nor yet a pessimist. He has seen the country go to the dogs so often and come back that he is not in despair. The professor has learned much since he left college and absorbed the teaching of old man Time—don't grow excited.

THE ENTERPRISE OBTAINS EXCLUSIVE AUTOCASTER SERVICE FRANCHISE

Advertisement for Autocaster equipment. Features include: 'Our Job Office Equipment Has Been Greatly Added to by Autocaster Cuts', 'We do posters, calendars, hand bills, office forms and all kinds of the job printing.', 'We do this work well, and just a lot better by reason of the fact that as the holder of the Autocaster franchise our job illustration and type equipment is constantly being built up.', 'Come in and see our Autocaster Stereotyping Machine working and you'll understand how we can furnish cuts without increasing cost.' Includes images of various printed materials like 'ABC 123', 'DEF 456', 'GHI 789', 'LISTEN', '100%' and illustrations of people using the equipment.

PERFECT HEALTH Tutt's Pills keep the system in perfect order. Regulate the bowels and produce A VIGOROUS BODY A sovereign remedy for sick headache, constipation.



Practical example of the use of First Aid in accidents as taught by the Red Cross. The picture shows assistance being given a housewife who has been severely burned while cooking.

H. & G. N. RY. LANDS FOR SALE IN REEVES COUNTY. Surveys Nos. 45, 47, 53, 55, E. half of 61, and 63, in Block 4; and Nos. 43, 49, 47 and W. half of 1, Block 5. The surveys in these blocks are situated from 3 to 5 miles from Pecos City, in the arid belt of the Pecos River country and will be sold only in whole sections. Also, surveys Nos. 49 in block 4 and Nos. 9, 12 and 15 in block 7. Also, surveys Nos. 1, 5, and 8, bounded on the Pecos River, in Reeves county, and Nos. 19 in this survey) Pecos county. Also 13 surveys in block 11 and 3 surveys in block 12. None of these are river lands. All are in Pecos county. All these lands are under lease for oil, gas and mineral purposes and any sale of same will be subject to such lease. J. G. LOVE of Pecos is agent for the sale of all these lands situated in Reeves County and applications should be made to him for the purchase of same. There is no local agent for the sale of the lands in Pecos County, and further dealing in purchase of same should apply to the undersigned. EUGENE CARTLEDGE, Agent and Attorney in Fact. AUSTIN, TEXAS

NOW IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY TO SAVE MONEY

During this present month of November The Pecos Enterprise will put on a special subscription price which will mean a saving to all its readers who act now. J. W. Gaddie of Whitesboro, writes:

Whitesboro, Texas, R. 6, Oct., 28, 1922.

Mr. John Hibdon, Editor,
Pecos, Texas.

Dear Sir:

Please find enclosed check for \$2.00 to renew for the best paper of the Southwest. Many thanks for your patience. With kindest regards, I remain,

(Signed) WM. R. GADDIE.

The above is a fair sample of letters received at this office almost daily and shows what its readers away from home think of The Pecos Enterprise.

For all renewals, new subscribers and those in arrears who send in their money which reaches this office before December 1st, 1922, you will receive

The Pecos Enterprise 1 Year For Each \$1.50

sent in. Quite a few are considerably in arrears on subscription and all these can be reinstated and a year in advance at \$1.50 per year if this opportunity is taken advantage of from Nov. 10 to 30, 1922, inclusive. This offer does not apply to six month's subscriptions. The price for six months remains \$1.25.

Furthermore, all who do not pay up and whose subscriptions have expired or will expire this month will be dropped from the list on December 1st. Look at the date opposite your names. That will tell you when you are paid to, thus: 10-1-22 means you are paid to October 1, 1922, and so on.

Remember that on December 1st all names will be dropped from The Enterprise subscription list who are not paid in advance. There will be no special favorites. You will be marked up or dropped. So it behooves all to act at once and make a saving of 50 cents on each yearly subscription to the Pecos Enterprise.

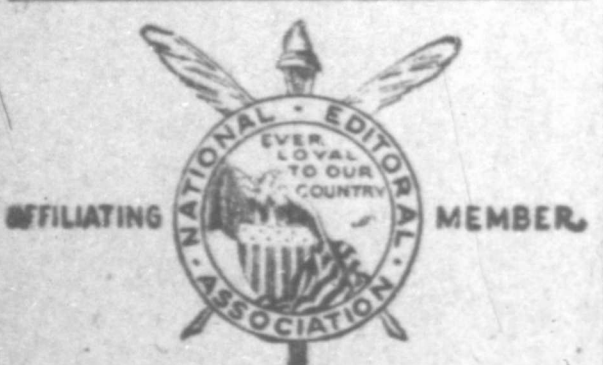
THE ENTERPRISE

Pecos Valley News, established 1887; Pecos Weekly Times established 1897; Reeves County Record, established 1910; consolidated Nov. 23, 1912. The Enterprise absorbed Pecos Times June 1, 1917.

JOHN HIBDON
EDITOR, OWNER AND PUBLISHER
ADVERTISING RATES
Display, per inch, 10c
Readers, per line, 5c
Classified wants, per word, 1c
Minimum, 25 cents paid in advance.
Copy must be in the office not later than Wednesday noon to insure publication in current issue.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
One Year, \$2; Six Months, \$1.25
Fraternal in Advance
No subscription taken for less than six months. Entered as second class matter October 22, 1915. In the postoffice at Pecos, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Foreign Advertising Representative
THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION



President Harding is inclined to the belief that the country is acquiring too many holidays and therefore announces that he will not proclaim Armistice Day—November 11th—a legal holiday. The position of the federal government was indicated in an order issued today by Postmaster General Work, who authorized the release of postal workers from their duties in cases of local holiday on Armistice day.

Pecos merchants and business men are going out after the business of this trade territory in a way which should attract the attention of the careful buyer. As the Enterprise understands the proposition they will—between now and Christmas—have two special trades days—on November 25th and December 23rd. On these two days very low prices will be made on many of the necessities of life (and that does not mean corn liquor which you cannot drink). Besides this there will be many bargains placed on the counters from day to day which should attract the attention of the careful buyer. Come to Pecos to do your trading and watch the Enterprise from week to week for some special bargains. The advertisements in the Enterprise for the next two months will probably be worth more to you than will the news columns.

The general election will be pulled off Tuesday of next week and shortly thereafter the agony will be over. In Texas the senatorial race is all that is attracting any attention and enough newspaper space is being used on this to answer for the entire ticket. As the Enterprise sees it the party and the two candidates have gotten things in the worst muddle of any political race in the history of the State. That the democratic conventions were dominated by the Klan will hardly be questioned by any sane voter, yet at that it will in all probability remain on top and whether or not any name is put on the ticket (and it is now almost assured that no name will appear on the ticket for U. S. Senator) there is little doubt but that the nominees will all be elected. Even if Mayfield is elected it looks as if his trouble will then just have begun, for there is a grave question, in that even, of his being seated. The people, as a rule, will be glad to see the matter settled in some way, but it would be too bad after all this muddle if we did not get representation in the senate after all. However it terminates the world will move on just the same and no one will per force starve or go nude on account of it.

LUBBOCK TO HAVE DAILY

Lubbock is a south plains town of, according to the last census, a little above 4,000 population. The entire population is evidently a set of wide-awake boosters, judging the town by the Lubbock Avalanche, the only paper published in that thriving city. Lubbock people realize that the only way to have the best is to give ample support and the only way to build a real city is to start out with one of the most essential necessities—a real live newspaper. In order to get and retain such an institution it is necessary to support it in a way which will enable the paper to give the best that is in it to its town. That the people of Lubbock have done this is evidenced by the fact that the Avalanche is soon to launch a daily and in doing so the paper has this to say of the effort and the loyalty of the citizenship of that town. We have met with almost a universal approval of the movement to start a daily paper in Lubbock. A few have knocked the proposition and threw cold water on the blazing fire of enthusiasm that the whole Avalanche force is entering into the work with. We know as well as anybody that there is a great deal of difference in the operation of a weekly, semi-weekly and a daily, but we have allowed for all of this and with the promise of the people of Lubbock behind us, to support the deal we feel confident of success. We know Lubbock people better than anybody else in the newspaper business, and while some of our ex-

changes are rather inclined to discourage us, we believe we know Lubbock well enough to be safe in launching an enterprise of this kind. We know of no other town in the United States we would undertake it in or trust to put over such a proposition, but we have confidence in Lubbock and the South Plains.

PUBLIC SERVICE OF VITAL MOMENT

Not in half a century has there been a greater demonstration of the worth of the home town newspaper to the people of America than came in the article dealing with public exploitation written by Edward Percy Howard, whose special articles reach this newspaper through our exclusive franchise for the Publishers Autocaster service.

Mr. Howard dragged into the sunlight the United States government report, and showed that the big city stores—where many simple country folk so foolishly look for "bargains"—are buying articles abroad, and selling them to their deluded customers at prices up to two thousand five hundred per cent in advance of their landed cost in America, freight, insurance, duty and all other charges included.

It was disclosed that a marble statue was bought in Germany, landed in this country at a total cost of \$7.95, and sold as a bargain in New York for \$68; table knives bought for 2-3 cents were sold for 30 cents; kid gloves bought for less than 28 cents sold to women at \$2 a pair; clocks bought for six cents are selling for \$2, and so on through more than a hundred articles in common use.

Not one line of this wild exploitation of the American housewife has appeared to date in any metropolitan newspaper so far as we know. Glittering generalities, a railing against "the interests" and "the trusts," are blazoned to the metropolitan newspaper reader in type as startling as it is insulting to intelligence; but when it comes to disclosing the extortionate prices charged by the drygoods houses, who are good advertisers, then the city paper editor like the Arab folds his tent and steals silently away. News must not clash with box-office receipts.

This newspaper, in common with other reputable country weeklies, has printed and will continue to print information that is helpful in the building of the community.

The only news withheld in these editorial rooms is that which would wound the heart of some one in our town and be pleasing only to those with a palate for silly village gossip.

HOW TO BUY WORLD PEACE

The Japs and the Germans glory in war. They teach their sons that the noblest deed in life is to die in battle. Every American mother believes, however, that service is greater than sacrifice. She believes in sacrifice when sacrifice is the last service her son can render. But she would have him so serve that he would be called upon to make the supreme sacrifice.

By falsifying a telegram the German Bismarck forced a wholly unwarranted war of conquest upon France. Ever since that crusade of conquest Germany busily prepared for "Der Tag," when she would rule the world. Austria, Russia and Italy were to be her quick assets. She would conquer France. Then England. With that accumulated power she planned to work out her already plotted scheme through the help of Mexico to invade our country across the Rio Grande. Thank God, all this was prevented.

Germany now says she cannot pay her indemnity. Germany whines.

France is fearful of Germany, as she has reason to be.

The German mark is practically worthless; but Germany is not bankrupt. Far from it. Germany is rich. The Germans are getting rich fast.

Gold is an arbitrary standard of exchange. The Germans are an ingenious people. They find it to their advantage to establish another form of exchange among themselves. They appraise commodities and exchange commodities direct.

Robert Brewer, the head of the Exchange National Bank of Tulsa, Okla., who has just returned from Europe, says: "You can't legislate paper money into power, but you can establish a commodity appraisal exchange for the whole world as Germany has done. Then we can make Germany pay her debts, not with marks but with products."

That is sound.

This done, America should follow the Borah plan of trading in our war claims for tight riveted assurances of peace.

If by this process we buy the peace of the world, we would get world peace at a bargain counter price, and our sons would be saved.

WEST TEXAS WINS

Publication of the agricultural prize awards at the Cotton Palace at Waco may be effected with considerable economy this year. All that is necessary is to print the name "West Texas" once and shove in a wheelbarrow load of ditto marks.

addition 33 first and 33 second place ribbons, a total of 990 points against 1,000 bestowed.

West Texas is coming into its own, with nothing new except a united endeavor. Its fertile soil produced as good stuff in previous years, but the new united effort has showed it to the world. Consolidation, enthusiasm, public spirit, publicity—these are the work of the West Texas Chamber of Commerce in West Texas—Fort Worth Star-Telegram.

IT TAKES MONEY TO BUILD TOWNS

With the heading, "A city that has low taxes usually hasn't much else," the Wichita Falls Times mentions the fact that the combined tax rate which Wichitans will be compelled to pay this year will be almost \$5 on the \$100. It isn't, as the Times suggests, a pleasant fact to contemplate, but there is a lot of truth, of sound reasoning in the way of city building in its additional statement, that applies to other towns than Wichita Falls. "But perhaps you emit a groan of anguish," it says, "ask yourself if you would be willing, as a Wichita Falls property owner, to do without the streets, parks, sewerage, schools, highways and water supply that account for about two-thirds of your tax bill?" Wichita Falls is a standing object lesson in the way of rapid growth, due largely to the efforts of its citizens and their willingness to foot the bill for those things which accelerate that growth. The tax rate in 1917 was \$2.78; in 1918, \$2.73; in 1919, \$3.13; in 1920, \$3.37; in 1921, \$4.03; in 1922, \$4.85. The fact that it went from the town class to the city class from 1910 to 1920 is fairly conclusive answer to the erroneous statement, rather frequently heard, that high city taxes deter new citizens from coming. One wonders if there is any reason for pride on the part of a city in a low tax rate, and if there isn't a mountain of truth in the Wichita paper's heading over its presentation of the case—"a city that has low taxes usually hasn't much else."—Denton Record-Chronicle.

BOOST YOUR TOWN

Don't let little personal grievances stand in the way of boosting your town. Don't let the knocker stand in the way of your boosting spirit. There is always one or more jayhawkers that carry the little hammer and are opposed to anything that is for the growth and advancement of the community.—Lynn County News.

Most of these Panhandle-Plains cities of today are just riding over these knockers. The boosters know that progress can't be made with these jayhawkers so they just put them out of the way and usually unmercifully. When boosters go to a Chamber of Commerce meeting, they soon realize the knockers and "it can't be done men." The pessimists are getting fairly well known in Amarillo just as they are in any other progressive city. When men become knockers to the extent that they are a detriment then the thing to do is to omit them from any booster meeting or trips. There is no need of paying any attention to these fellows who are gloom hounds. Nearly every citizen is opposed to paying any more taxes than is necessary. Yet there are certain persons that will vote against any tax issue, no matter how worthy or how necessary it is. The person who opposes absolutely every progressive move because it will cost a little money now and cannot see the future value needs to have it "poured on 'em" in these live Panhandle towns. In the accomplishment of things, business men have clashes of opinions in the most efficient methods to put over enterprises. If a man's method is not accepted, he should hold no personal grievances and work hard for the plan that the other decided was better.—Amarillo News.

HIGHEST FACTORY EMPLOYMENT SINCE 1920 IS AN ENCOURAGING FACT

Professional optimists have a sound basis for fresh rosy prophecies. Commerce department statistics for August—the latest available—show that "in almost every industry there was not only an increase over the production of the previous month, but in a great majority of cases the August output was the highest in many months, and often the best record since the depression at the end of 1920."

This is highly encouraging news, since, as economists assert, prosperity's return depends solely upon restoration of normal production. Common sense teaches the same thing, inasmuch as the activities of farm, factory, mine and foundry afford the Nation's wealth. When it is considered that the August record was achieved in face of the most critical period of the coal mine and railroad strikes, the report is all the more significant. Surely, now that the miners are working and the railroads running on a practically normal basis, the long-promised industrial revival is at hand.

Anyway, the country can go through the winter without organizing soup kitchens and breadlines. No campaign to furnish jobs through public works will be necessary. Factory employment, the Hoover report says, is the highest since 1920. It is pretty evenly distributed through all industries, and the un-

employment percentage is lower than for many years. This condition is doubly beneficial—it will stimulate all business through increased buying-power. There has been a decline in the prices of agricultural products, but manufactured articles have advanced. This, the report attributes to the law of supply and demand. Bountiful harvests have been reaped, excepting in cotton. Two years of curtailed activity have reduced stocks of factory products. However, the discrepancy between raw material and finished product prices is not so wide as to have a serious dampening effect.—San Antonio Express.

SHERIFF KISER CAPTURES HOLD-UP MEN

Sheriff Kiser got wind of a robbery and held up on a freight Wednesday night and as is his custom, got busy at once. As a result he has two coons in jail.

It appears five Mexicans who had been picking cotton further east were returning to the border with their earnings of about \$200 when, as the story goes, between Pecos and Barstow two negroes and a white man held them up and robbed them. On reaching Pecos the Mexicans were forced to get off but succeeding in getting on again before the train pulled out. The negroes were arrested but no clue of the white man could be had. In fact Sheriff Kiser believes there was no white man connected with the affair. One of the negroes had a pair of shoes belonging to the Mexicans and some money and after being placed behind the bars admitted his connection with the affair.

"Hey, the baby wants its bottle." "Takes after its father, eh?"

MONEY TO LOAN

On Ranches and large farms anywhere in West Texas or New Mexico. Also loan on Pecos or El Paso business property. Get your life insurance of same people who loan money in West Texas and New Mexico. Best Company, best Policy, with double indemnity and disability clause. B. T. BIGGS, Agent, Pecos, Texas.

Pure Linseed Oil and Turpentine Sherwin-Williams Paints, Varnishes, Enamels, Dry Colors, White Lead and Brushes. Pratt & Lambert's Auto Enamel. Groves Lumber Co.

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVES' signature on box. 3c.



Send Your Photograph!

WHEN did you last send your best friend your photograph? Surely there is no better time than now to visit our studio. We are ready to show you the newest styles at prices that are most reasonable.

PECOS CITY STUDIO

FINE LANDS FOR GOOD FARMERS

Some of the finest black cotton lands the sun shines on; fine fruit lands; fine lands for feed crop, oranges, dairying, poultry and hog raising. Prices right—terms to suit any good farmer. Ask for our new booklet, H. M. Madison, Gen. F & P Agt., S. A. & A. P. Ry., San Antonio, Texas. Summer Excursions till September 30th. Write Geo. F. Lupton, G. P. A., about them.

IT'S TOASTED one extra process which gives a delicious flavor



AFTER EVERY MEAL

WRIGLEY'S P-K



This new sugar-coated gum delights young and old. It "melts in your mouth" and the gum in the center remains to aid digestion, brighten teeth and soothe mouth and throat.

There are the other WRIGLEY friends to choose from, too:



Watch the little folks speed home for Kellogg's Corn Flakes



"Mudder, I always wins the race when I carry home Kellogg's Corn Flakes. I can't hardly wait till I have some quick, mudder!"

It's great to see child-enthusiasm for Kellogg's; great to see every one in the family enjoy their crisp crunchiness and wonderful flavor! To sit down before a heaping bowlful of these joyous oven-browned "sweet-hearts-of-the-corn" and some milk or cream—and fresh fruit, if it's handy—is just about the very last word in appetizing appeal! And, your good taste will prove that!

Kellogg's Corn Flakes ought to be superior—they are the original Corn Flakes! Kellogg's are never tough or leathery; never hard to eat; never a disappointment!

Be certain to get Kellogg's—the delicious kind of Corn Flakes in the RED and GREEN package—because none are genuine without the signature of W. K. Kellogg, the originator of Toasted Corn Flakes.

Kellogg's CORN FLAKES

Also makers of KELLOGG'S KRUMBLIES and KELLOGG'S BRAN, cooked and krumbled

School Days

We have everything needed in the way of school supplies: Pencils, Tablets, Crayolas, Inks, Papers, etc. Get your supply at the

City Pharmacy

SOCIAL EVENTS

BRIDGE CLUB

Mrs. Hugh Roberson was hostess to the Bridge Club Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. M. S. Hudson. There were four tables of players and high score was made by Mrs. O. J. Bryan. They only played until four o'clock that they might attend the reception at Mrs. Jim Camp's.

Home-made candy was served during the games at the conclusion of which a delicious salad course was served.

RECEPTION IN HONOR

OF MRS. C. A. JOHNSON

The ladies of the Christian church were at home to the ladies of the other churches at a most elaborate reception, Thursday afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock at the beautiful home of Dr. and Mrs. Jim Camp in honor of Mrs. C. A. Johnson, wife of the pastor of the church, who recently arrived from the old home in Indiana.

This naturally attractive home was made much more so on this occasion, and showed the work of master hands in the beautiful decorations of autumn flowers and foliage.

Promptly at the appointed hour the door was opened by Mrs. Camp and a cordial welcome extended as she presented the guests to the receiving line composed of Mrs. H. L. Magee, Mrs. C. A. Johnson, the honoree, Mrs. J. M. Garner, Mrs. L. L. Thurston, Mrs. Sparks and Mrs. Ed Vickers, president of the Aid Society. Mrs. B. R. Stine and Mrs. S. C. Vaughan directed the guests to the punch bowl which was presided over by Mrs. Monroe Slack and Mrs. J. E. Starley. Mrs. Carl Edkins and Mrs. W. R. Glascock, next ushered them to the guest book which was in charge of Mrs. Chas. Manahans. Mrs. J. N. Breen manipulated the Victrola in soft sweet strains of music. Mrs. E. E. Dooley and Mrs. Roger White escorted the guests to the dining room that was lovely in yellow and white chrysanthemums. Coffee was poured by Mrs. C. A. Young and Mrs. Tom Jones at the dainty tea table centered with a massive basket of flowers and elegant in the appointments. Delicious refreshment plates of salad and coffee were served and passed by Mrs. H. C. Glover, Mrs. R. C. Warn, Mr. Bob Lewis, Mrs. W. F. Howard, Mrs. Sam Prewitt and Mrs. Elmer Johnson.

An interesting program was given during the afternoon. Mrs. J. E. Starley sang beautifully with Mrs. Pat Wilson as her accompanist on the piano. Mrs. Lillian Butler with Mrs. C. B. Jordan as her accompanist sang in her characteristically charming manner and Mrs. David Tudor with Mrs. Wildie Rannels playing her accompaniment sang as she always does to the delight of her hearers.

The number, that perhaps elicited the most appreciative applause was the reading by Mrs. E. E. Dooley, who is an artist in her line.

The entire feminine membership

of the Christian church including Mrs. Betty Muck, Mrs. Dorothy Heard, Mrs. A. J. Bryant, Mrs. Jester, Mrs. C. C. Colwell, Mrs. Blake and Mrs. Ed Otto, assisted in entertaining the guests.

About 150 ladies called during the afternoon.

THE T. E. L. CLASS ENTERTAINS

One of the most delightful affairs of the season was that given by the members of the T. E. L. class of the First Baptist church on Halowe'en evening at the home of one of their most popular members, Mrs. Mable Beauchamp.

The entire home was most beautifully decorated in streamers of yellow and black. Spooky faces grinned from dark corners. Black cats and witches were used in profusion. The guests on arriving were given a most cordial welcome by a receiving line of real spooks—who in turn escorted them to the witches corner, where toil and trouble was measured out in most weird manner. Just here, when if ever a fellow did need a friend, he was led into a dark passage and given a helping hand (a glove stuffed and dipped in ice water.) This brought cold perspiration on the brow, and quivers up the back. Then as a recreation each one had to dive in a tub of water for apples. It was either duck and get an apple or be ducked.

One round of merriment after another filled the entire evening, such as ghost stories, passing the remains of the black cat (which had been killed) and the writing of ghost stories. The most original one being that written by Rev. Garner.

A most delightful refreshment plate of pumpkin pie topped with whipped cream a la jelly and hot chocolate was passed. Mr. H. H. Johnson, superintendent of Sunday School toasted the T. E. L. class giving his appreciation of their untiring efforts in building up the class and the great success they have attained. Mr. Walter Browning in a most clever way gave a toast to "fathers" who keep the "wee ones" on Sunday morning while mother attends Sunday school.

This brought to a close just one of the many delightful affairs planned by those charming hostesses in the near future. Those present were:

Professor and Mrs. R. B. Norman; Mr. and Mrs. L. Crossland; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Wilson; Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Turner; Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Sack; Rev. J. M. Garner; Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Johnson; Mr. and Mrs. Roy Biggs; Mr. and Mrs. Marshal Prior; Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Glascock; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Farker; Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McCasland; Mr. and Mrs. Walter Browning, Mrs. Stella Levy, Mrs. Ina Wilson, Mrs. Jim King and Mrs. Ora Beauchamp.

HOME MAKERS CLUB ENTERTAINED TUESDAY

The members of the "Home Makers Club" were hostesses to their husbands at a masquerade party Tuesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cavett. The receiving rooms were artistically decorated in the Halowe'en colors and symbols, also vases of autumn flowers lent enchantment and the lights were shaded which gave a ghostly atmosphere to the surroundings.

At eight o'clock the guests began to arrive in the guise of ghosts, witches, clowns and various other comic and bewitching characters. As they entered each received an electric shock on shaking hands with two electrified ghosts. The entertaining features were bobbing for apples, feeding the pumpkin face, guessing shadows and other stunts of a similar nature, all of which were enjoyed and furnished much amusement. However, the special entertaining feature of the evening was the reading of fortunes over a lighted candle by an old wise and versatile witch.

A quartet of male voices in giving old time favorite songs and present day popular jazz music meant much as an entertaining feature for the occasion for it was much enjoyed as was evidenced by the enthusiastic applause.

At a late hour the guests departed expressing the wish that this would be made an annual event of the club.

Delicious pumpkin pie topped with whipped cream and hot chocolate were served to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Young, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Roberson, Mr. and Mrs. Archie Ross, Mr. and Mrs. Roger White, Mr. and Mrs. Will Hudson, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Harlen, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Wilcox and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cavett.

HALLOWE'EN GAIETIES

Perhaps Pecos never witnessed so much merry making on any previous Halowe'en occasion as on this one. There were parties and parties in keeping with the occasion for the past week. On Tuesday evening when the ghosts were walking every where, the Junior and Intermediate divisions of the Christian Endeavor Society were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Johnson. Mrs. Johnson and Mrs. J. E. Starley being the hostesses.

The young people's Christian Endeavor members were entertained by Mrs. Jim Camp and Mrs. H. T. Collic at the home of Mrs. Camp.

The members of the Epworth League met at the Methodist parsonage with Miss Marjorie Thurston as the hostess.

The young people of the B. Y. P. U. gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Prewitt with Mrs. Vernon Hicks as the hostess and the junior B. Y. P. U. met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Cowan with Mrs. J. M. Garner in charge.

MASQUERADE DANCE

The people of Porterville and surrounding country enjoyed a most delightful masquerade dance Saturday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Newton. Mrs. F. Goodrich assisted in the entertaining. The decorations were in Halowe'en symbols and colors. Many of the guests were costumed in colonial attire representing ladies and gentlemen of that period and many of the costumes and impersonations were that of witches, ghosts, elves, etc.

It was an all night dance and a most delightful time is reported. Hot coffee, pumpkin pie and apples were served at intervals throughout the night.

MEETING AT ARTESIA OF WOMAN'S MISSIONARY SOCIETY

The district meeting of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Roswell district convened in Artesia on Wednesday and Thursday of last week.

It was ably presided over by our district secretary, Mrs. J. C. Jones, the estimable wife of our Roswell District Presiding Elder, Rev. J. C. Jones—and the one woman to whom Brother Jones pays some beautiful tribute every time he occupies the pulpit of the Methodist church here. We love him the better, for so doing.

It was not our good pleasure to arrive in Artesia in time to hear the sermon of Brother Davis on Wednesday evening, however, we know it was a splendid one.

The theme of the devotional with which the meeting was opened on Thursday morning might be summed up in these words: "Praise God from whom all blessings flow." The leader, after reading Mark 16 and adding a few timely remarks, turned the remainder of that service into one experience meeting. All who were present took part and unanimously received the sentiment of a realization of how graciously God blesses those who lovingly serve Him.

We were extended a most cordial welcome to Artesia and given to understand that the hearts and homes of those good people were open to us.

The luncheon served at the noon hour can be described with the one word, "Unexcelled." Undoubtedly those good women know the way to the woman hearts—the same route as the hearts of men, especially preachers—such tried chicken!

From first to last there was a wonderful showing, by reports of delegates, posters, maps and discussions of the work that has already been accomplished by this quarter in order that we may meet our conference pledge for 1922.

In the memorial service for our Council President, Miss Belle Harris Bennett, who God has called home, a deep and personal sorrow was felt and a realization of the loss our church and missionary cause has sustained in the passing away of the honored leader.

Inspiring and beautiful messages in songs were interspersed during the session, brought to us by little children, local and visiting women.

Two outstanding features of interest were letters—one from a Missionary's wife—giving a mental picture of the degradation and sufferings of women of the Orient. This was read by Mrs. Jones. The other was a copy of the daily letters written by Miss Howell while in the Orient visiting our Mission fields. These letters are sent to every conference president—or rather copies. This letter was like a silver lining to the cloud of the other one, for it told of the great changes made in lives of those people where Christ had been enthroned in their hearts. Both of these letters gave us a vision of the great needs and our wonderful opportunities for service for God and humanity.

Space would fail in which to tell of the good accomplished and the resolutions made that with the help of the Holy Spirit we would do more for our Blessed Master in the future.

—Contributed.

Ladies calling cards neatly printed at this office.

BROCAT'S BARBER SHOP

For Anything In the BARBER LINE

By First-Class Workmen HOT AND COLD BATHS

JOHN BROCAT, Proprietor.

SUCH A ROUGH GAME

She—"Why is the team leaving the field?"
He—"It is the end of the half."
She—"I'm not at all surprised. It is a wonder they haven't killed someone before this."

No Worms in a Healthy Child

All children troubled with Worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will catch the bug, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle.

A TONIC

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic restores Energy and Vitality by Purifying and Enriching the Blood. When you feel its strengthening, invigorating effect, see how it brings color to the cheeks and how it improves the appetite, you will then appreciate its true tonic value. Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is simply Iron and Quinine suspended in syrup. So pleasant even children like it. The blood needs QUININE to Purify it, and IRON to Enrich it. Destroys Malarial germs and Grip germs by its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. 60c.

Stop, Look, Listen!
Goodbye Blues

"Smoke Eaters' Frolic"
Big Minstrel and Vaudeville Show

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

Pecos City Fire Department

Practically Same Personnel as the American Legion Follies of '22.

NEW JOKES NEW SONGS NEW STUNTS

See and hear Black Patti Hondini, The Four Bullfighters, The great Sheik Chorus, The Black Hercules, The Mysterious Stranger and others.

A Laugh a Minute or Your Money Back. (Try and Get It)

Rialto Theatre, Pecos
Armistice Day, November 11th

Radio, Wire, Write, Walk or Phone for Reservation, Tom McClure, City Pharmacy, Pecos

Admission 50c, 75c and \$1.00

CLASSIFIED

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Best money making proposition, Commercial Art. Highest prices paid for sketches, easily and quickly learned. A scholarship in Federal School for sale by Mrs. S. E. Wilson, Phone 137, Pecos, Texas. 10-1f

WHY pay rent? A 5 room house \$200.00. Also farm 3 miles north; pike road. S. E. Wilson, Pecos, Texas. 9-4*

FOR SALE—Or will consider drilling contract; tracts forty seven and forty nine, section eighty-six, block thirty-three, of the H. & T. C. Survey Loving county, Texas. Located between the Toyah-Bell and Bell No. 1. The title is good and the rental is paid to January 1923. Write J. A. Law, 4284 South Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif. 49-1f

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT OR SALE—4 Room house close in. Reasonable. Apply to J. B. Sullivan. 9-1f

HOUSES furnished or unfurnished to rent. Oil land or leases for sale. I. E. Smith, Pecos, Texas. 4-1f

WANTED

WANTED—Land in the Pecos Valley. If you own land in Western Texas, or Eastern New Mexico, and want to sell write, Pecos Valley Land Guide, Pecos, Texas. 8-1f

EYE, ear, nose and throat specialist. Glasses fitted. I. E. Smith, M.D., Pecos, Texas. 4-1f

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LOST—THREE LARGE BAY MULES, BRANDED O ON LEFT JAW OR ON LEFT SHOULDER. NOTIFY JOHN WENDT. 12-1f

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Builder's Hardware, Full size Bolts for your Windmills, Anchor Post, Elastic Trough Roofing and Cistern Cement

Groves Lumber Co.

LUMBER for your every need. Lime, Cement, Corrugated Iron, Pipe and Pipe-Fittings.

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Free Delivery Phone 153

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Druggists refund money if PAGO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Instantly relieves Itching Piles, and you can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 60c.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 30c.

PS-ST, JUST LIKE THAT Jack Spratt set the meter back, His wife talked on serene, Between the two he touched a screw— Seven does were rushed to the scene.

GATES TIRES
The Tire with the Wider and Thicker Tread

Aren't These Motorists Wise?—

Cord tires at nearly fabric prices today offer a bargain of fully 50% more miles in the cord material.

Of course the cords are all in the Carcass of the tire and clearly, you must have a longer wearing tread on your cord tire if you want the extra miles out of the carcass.

That's why more motorists every day are buying the wider and thicker rubber tread. That's the Gates Super-Tread Cord.

MARSHALL H. PIOR

ONE OF THE FOURTEEN POINTS

Once upon a time, not so long ago, there was a president of the United States, who, in the midst of a great war, which he wished to bring to an end upon just terms that would contribute to the establishment of enduring peace, devised a plan for the termination of the conflict and settlement of the issues it involved. It was accepted by the nations engaged and the war was ended. The name of this President was Wilson, Woodrow Wilson. He was, and is—for he still lives—a Democrat. We mention this because there seems to be some Democrats in the State of Missouri who have forgotten this man Wilson, his Democracy and his achievements.

Now, this plan to which we refer had fourteen points, and we wish to call attention at this moment to one of the fourteen, which at the time it was presented aroused little interest because it dealt with matters that were outside of the field of our particular concern. This was the twelfth point of the series, and it referred to Turkey. It said as follows:

XII. The Turkish portions of the present Ottoman Empire should be assured a secure sovereignty, but other nationalities which are now under Turkish rule should be assured an undoubted security of life and an absolutely unmolested opportunity of autonomous development, and the Dardanelles should be permanently opened as a free passage to the ships and commerce of all nations under international guaranties.

This point did not figure in the treaty with Germany nor in that of Austria. Settlements of the Turkish questions was deferred until these larger and more pressing matters were out of the way. By the time the allies got around to the consideration of the treaty with Turkey the United States Government had withdrawn from participation in their deliberations and Mr. Wilson was confined to his bed, no longer an active factor in international affairs. Besides, the United States had not declared war against Turkey and was not concerned to the same extent in the Turkish settlement. The Treaty of Sevres, therefore, which was concluded in August, 1920 was drafted by the allies in their own interests, and they ignored both the matter and the principle of the twelfth point, which they had accepted in 1918. That treaty compelled the withdrawal of the Turks from Europe and provided for the division of the most desirable portions of the Ottoman Empire in Asia Minor among the allies, leaving to the Turks only the barren stretches of the central part of Anatolia, and even that under restrictions as to sovereignty. The natural result was a revival of militant nationalism among the Turks, which with them is usually expressed in fanatical ferocity, and this was spurred to intensive action by the Greek aggressions, secretly supported by Russia, the French and the Italians, the latter two because of their opposition to Greece, the Turks have been generally victorious, and have now, it seems, compelled the allies to accept their terms in order to avert another general war.

They have agreed to concede Turkish claims to Eastern Thrace up to the Marita River, including Adrianople, and the restoration of Constantinople to Turkish control. It is to be presumed that Smyrna, and the rich territory of which it is the capital, which is now in the hands of the Turks, will be permitted to remain in their possession. The straits, from the Aegean to the Black Sea, are to be internationalized, probably under the League of Nations. Except for this control of the straits the Turks will be restored to domain over virtually all the predominantly Turkish territory that they had in 1914, and the aims of the Turkish Nationalists will have been practically achieved.

The course taken by the allies has

promoted war rather than peace, has resulted in a great disaster, has brought about the triumph instead of the subjection of the Turks and has brought Europe again to the verge of a general conflict. All of which, it is safe to say, would have been avoided if the terms of President Wilson's twelfth point had been applied. That point, it will be observed, covers precisely the conditions on which agreement, as to the predominantly Turkish portions of the former Ottoman Empire, has now been reached, after these years of bloody and disastrous experience. Most of us were glad to see Turkey eliminated from Europe. Most of us would have been glad to see Turkish sovereignty wholly obliterated. But President Wilson was wiser. He sought enduring peace, not retribution, and that he was right in his position is proven by the action of the allies in laying the basis for peace upon the terms he laid down in 1918. The predominantly Turkish portions of the Ottoman Empire, which includes Eastern Thrace on the European side of the straits, with its ancient Turkish capital of Adrianople, are to be "assured a secure sovereignty," and the Dardanelles are to be made "a free passage for all nations under international guaranties." That is the substance of the present agreement as it is the substance of the twelfth point. Wilson would have granted this to the Turks as of right and they would have accepted it with an appreciation of its consideration that would have contributed much to permanent peace. They have won it at the point of the sword and owe no gratitude to anybody. Which was the better and which was the wiser way?—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

GET AN EDUCATION FOR WHICH THE BUSINESS WORLD PAYS CASH.

If you can't attend the Tyler Commercial College let the mail carrier bring it to you. Through the giving of thorough, practical and comprehensive courses of Telegraphy, Byrnes Shorthand and Typewriting, Byrnes Practical Bookkeeping, Business Administration and Finance, Penmanship, Lettering, Salesmanship and Radio both personally and by correspondence our school has grown to be the largest and the success of our students has been phenomenal. Mr. Byrnes, the author of these famous systems, is the originator of our practical methods of correspondence instruction, that has become so widely and favorably recognized.

Our faith in these methods is shown by our standing offer to refund every cent of tuition if at the completion of a course it is not satisfactory or as recommended. The fact that no one has asked for the refund is sufficient evidence that our courses are what you

should have to insure your future success.

Advantage of Our Course by Correspondence.

Less cost—not one-sixth of that required to attend school. No loss of time or salary. You "earn while you learn," save your leisure time that would otherwise be wasted; make just as much salary as if you were not studying at odd times. You study at home. The education comes to you. The gain is clear. Three months free use of a standard Typewriter with full Shorthand course. You use time you would otherwise throw away. Enter school for personal instruction at any stage of your work without paying any additional tuition. Fill in and mail coupon for large free catalogue.

Name _____
Address _____
Course Interested in _____
Extension Department, Tyler Commercial College, Tyler, Texas.
Name of paper _____
(The Pecos Enterprise, the big newsy newspaper.)

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Reeves County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Wm. Meyer by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, to appear at the next regular term of the County Court of Reeves County, Texas, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Pecos, Texas, on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 29th day of August, 1922, in suit No. 726, wherein Pruett Lumber Company, a Corporation, is Plaintiff and Wm. Meyer and Floyd Goodrich, are Defendants, and said petition alleging:

That heretofore, to-wit, on January 2nd, 1920, the said defendants executed and delivered to plaintiff a certain promissory note bearing date on the date and year aforesaid, being in the sum of \$201.53, due six months after date, bearing interest at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from date and further providing that if said note is placed in the hands of an attorney, after maturity, for the payment of an additional 10 per cent of amount then due, as Attorney fee.

Whereby defendants became bound and liable to plaintiff and promised plaintiff to pay him the sum of money in said note specified, together with all interest and attorney fees according to the tenor and effect thereof, said note being in words, and figures, substantially described as follows \$201.53

Pecos, Texas, Jan. 2nd 1920. Six months after date, I, we or either of us jointly and severally, promise to pay to the order of Pruett Lumber Company, at their office in Pecos, Texas, the sum of Two Hundred One & 53-100 Dollars, for value received, with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from date until paid. And in the event default is made in the payment of this note and it is placed in the hands of an attorney for collection, or if collected by suit or through the Probate Court, I hereby agree to pay all costs of collection, including ten per cent of principal and interest then due, as attorney fees; and it is agreed that all signers and endorsers of this note, either as principal or sureties, waive demand, protest, notice of protest and non-payment, and that

this note may be renewed from time to time without notice to them.

(Signed) WM. MEYER, FLOYD GOODRICH.

No. 795.

Second.

That thereafter on the 23rd day of December, 1920, the defendants executed and delivered to the plaintiff a promissory note in the sum of \$208.90 bearing date on the date and year last aforesaid, payable to the order of plaintiff at Pecos, Texas, due 6 months after date with interest at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from date until paid and further providing for 10 per cent additional on the amount of principal and interest due if placed in the hands of an attorney for collection or suit is brought on same.

Whereby defendants became bound and liable to pay and promised plaintiff to pay him the sum of money in said note specified, together with all interest and attorneys fees. That plaintiff has placed said note in the hands of H. G. Russell, an attorney, for collection, after maturity and contracted to pay him the 10 per cent stipulated in said note, the same being a reasonable, usual and customary fee. The said note is described as follows: \$208.90. Pecos, Texas, December 23rd, 1920.

Six months after date, I, we or either of us, jointly and severally promise to pay to the order of Pruett Lumber Company, at their office in Pecos, Texas, the sum of Two Hundred and Eight Dollars and Ninety Cents for value received with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from date until paid. And in the event default is made in the payment of this note and it is placed in the hands of an attorney for collection, or if collected by suit or through the Probate Court, we hereby agree to pay all costs of collection, including ten per cent of principal and interest then due as attorney's fees; and it is agreed that all signers and endorsers of this note, either as principals or sureties, waive demand, protest, notice of protest and non-payment, and that this note may be renewed from time to time without notice to them. (Signed) WM. MEYER, FLOYD GOODRICH. No. 811.

That said notes are now due and unpaid and defendant, though often requested, has hitherto failed and refused and still refuses to pay the same or any part thereof to plaintiff's damage in the sum of \$201.53 with interest and attorney fees, plus the sum of \$208.90 with interest and attorney fees. Wherefore, plaintiff prays the Court that the defendant be cited to appear and answer this petition and that he have judgment for his said debt, being the sum of \$208.90 and \$201.53, with interest and attorney fees and costs of suit and such other and further relief to which, in law or equity, he be justly entitled.

Herein fail not but have before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in Pecos, Texas, this 19th day of Oct. A. D. 1922. (SEAL) S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk, County Court Reeves County, Texas.

H. P. KERR, Deputy Number 726, in the County Court, Reeves County, Texas, Pruett Lumber Company vs. Wm. Meyer, et al Citation by Publication issued this 19th day of Oct. A. D. 1922. S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk, County Court Reeves County, Texas. H. P. KERR, Deputy 12-44

SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION LOOKS AFTER SOLDIERS

Red Cross Workers in That Section Assist, Care For and Entertain Men in Camps and Hospitals.

Approximately 30,000 able-bodied soldiers and more than 5,000 invalided soldiers and ex-service men in the hospitals in the United States have been assisted in obtaining compensation and in the solution of their other problems by the American Red Cross, according to E. S. Transue, director of war service of the Southwestern Division of the American Red Cross.

"Red Cross workers in the camps and hospitals in the Southwestern Division are rendering much-needed service to the men who are in the army at the present time," said Transue. "Those service men undergoing hospital treatment for one cause or another and ex-service men who have been hospitalized both in the army hospitals and hospitals operated by the Veterans' Bureau, are some of the men in need of this service.

"The army camps and hospitals in this division covered by Red Cross workers are located at Jefferson Barracks, St. Louis, Mo.; Camp Travis, Tex., including Ft. Sam Houston Hospital; Ft. Bliss, Tex., including Wm. A. Beaumont General Hospital; Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., including the U. S. Disciplinary Barracks at that point; Ft. Riley, Kan.; Ft. Sill, Okla.; Fitzsimons General Hospital, Fitzsimons, Colo.; Camp Furlong, New Mex.; Camp Harry J. Jones, Douglas, Ariz., and the Army and Navy General Hospital at Hot Springs, Ark.

"The Veterans' Bureau hospitals served by the Southwestern Division of the Red Cross are: U. S. Veterans' Hospital No. 26, St. Louis, Mo.; Veterans' Hospital No. 26, Logan, Tex.; U. S. Veterans' Hospital No. 35, Ft. Bayard, N. Mex.; U. S. Veterans' Hospital No. 67, Kansas City, Mo.; U. S. Veterans' Hospital No. 78, N. Little Rock, Ark.; and U. S. Veterans' Hospital No. 80, Fort Lyon, Colo.

"Of the 5,000 patients, approximately 75 per cent are undergoing treatment for tuberculosis and mental diseases. This makes the work one of considerable difficulty, inasmuch as it is often a real problem to provide proper recreation or to connect the man's present condition with his service.

"There are three phases of the Red Cross program for service and ex-service men in the camps and hospitals—Home Service, Recreation and Medical Social Service. Our regular camp service program consists of what is known as home service work. This calls for co-operation between the Red Cross worker in the camp and governmental and chapter agencies in taking care of problems of the enlisted man in the army. Difficulties relating to allotments, allowances, insurance, compensation, state bonus, travel pay, etc., are all brought to the Red Cross by the enlisted man. The Red Cross also contacts the families through the chapters in case of distress, sickness or death.

"The recreational and entertainment program in the hospital brings movies for the boys, amateur theatricals, dances, parties and those many other things that the sick man longs for, but which he could not have were it not for the Red Cross.

"The Red Cross medical and social service program calls for a study of the individual needs of the man, to help him in solving his personal and family difficulties, to aid him by material assistance when he is without resources, to aid the doctor in his treatment of the patient by obtaining former medical or social histories which may lead to an accurate diagnosis and to interpret the whole situation to the Red Cross Chapter home service worker in the man's home community, so that not only will the proper attention be given to the family during the man's absence, but he may be free in mind and thus derive a maximum amount of benefit from his treatment.

"In carrying out our work for the ex-service man undergoing hospitalization the Red Cross has constantly borne in mind that the great object has been to play the right part in the period of adjustment through which the ex-service man must safely pass if he is to continue to be a good citizen. This work has required personnel who are not only sympathetic in the dealing with patients but who must have an understanding of the social problems of civil life.

"Just as it has always been recognized that the time spent in a government hospital is only a brief episode in the life of a patient, so has it been recognized that the activities of the hospital worker are only a part of the responsibility of the Red Cross to the ex-service man; that the hospital work can be successful only as it correlates itself closely with the work of the Red Cross as a whole. The hospital worker is the outpost detailed to special duty. It is his endeavor to interpret the present condition of the man in the hospital to the home people and as each of us, as individuals, watched the men who marched away to service, as each one of us helped to "keep the home fires burning" while the boys served in the front line trenches, so does it become our duty today to render a very definite service to these men, who are still fighting the great battle of humanity, begun in 1917, and in which to date no armistice has been declared. Through the Red Cross you are helping them to hold the line.

Sell it with a classified ad.

\$2.50 PER YEAR.

The Sunday edition of the El Paso Herald which contains 8 full pages of comics, 6 of which are in 4 colors; 2 pages of "Herald Junior" for boys and girls, and 2 pages of magazine features, together with 24 pages of news and other good reading matter, is now sold to mail subscribers at \$2.50 per year.

Every ranchman and every household in the Pecos Valley ought to have the big Sunday El Paso Herald, the greatest newspaper value for the money in the southwest." (Advertisement)

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MARION SLACK, Mgr. GENERAL OVERHAULING AUTOMOBILE, ELECTRIC AND BATTERY SERVICE STATION

Batteries RECHARGED INSULATED REBUILT RESEALED

F. J. KRAUS

Tinner and Plumber

All Kinds Of Sheet Metal Work

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WORK GUARANTEED Estimates Free

R. P. HICKS

TRANSFER

Coal, Wood, Kindling and Hay

PIANOS MOVED

Without a Scratch

Baggage Hauled Day or Night

PHONES—Residence 181; Office 42

CALOMEL SALIVATES

EVEN WHEN CAREFUL

Treachorous Drug Can Not Be Trusted And Next Dose May Start Trouble.

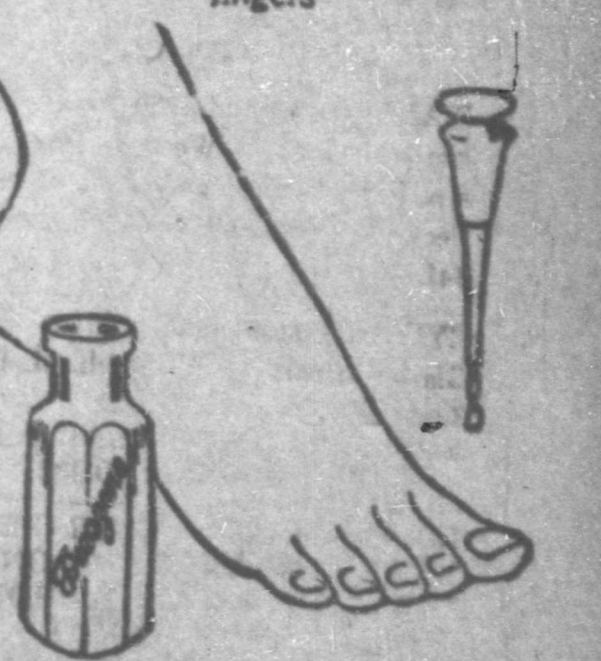
Calomel is dangerous. It may salivate you and make you suffer fearfully from soreness of gums, tenderness of jaws and teeth, swollen tongue, and excessive saliva dribbling from the mouth. Don't trust calomel. It is mercury; quicksilver.

If you feel bilious, headachy, constipated and all knocked out, just go to your druggist and get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tonic for a few cents which is a harmless vegetable substitute for dangerous calomel. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't start your liver and straighten you up better and quicker than nasty calomel and without making you sick, you just go back and get your money.

If you take calomel today you'll be sick and nauseated tomorrow; besides, it may salivate you, while if you take Dodson's Liver Tonic you will wake up feeling great. No salts necessary. Give it to the children because it is perfectly harmless and can not salivate. (Advertisement)

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Apply few drops then lift sore, touchy corns off with fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Frozone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic! A tiny bottle of Frozone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation. Frozone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful. (Advertisement)

Uncle John's Josh. WE USE WHERE A EUROPEAN STATESMAN SAYS WAR IS A GAME—WELL THEY CAN PLAY ALL GAMES—ON THEIR HOME GROUNDS— ON SALE

HOME SWEET HOME. Hard lines, Oscar, hard lines. by Terry Gilkison

OUCH!!!

LATER. SAY, JIMMIE, WHAT'S THE IDEA OF TRYING TO FOLLOW TO YOU—SOMETHING SOFT?

THE BEST THING I DO WORST IS SKATE, SO I WANT SOMETHING TO LIGHT ON!

WELL, WEARING A PILLOW LIKE THAT'LL SHOW YOU DON'T KNOW MUCH 'BOUT SKATING!

YES, POP! BUT IT'LL SHOW THAT I KNOW A LOT ABOUT PAVEMENTS!

HOME HABITS. HAVE YOU A HOME HABIT AROUND YOUR HOUSE? SEND IT TO US. WE WILL POINT IT. J.A.H. SAYS HIS HOME HAS A HOME HABIT—SHE ALWAYS LOOKS UNDER THE BED TO SEE IF ANY BURGLARS ARE THERE?

Hundreds of Thousands of WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARIES are in use by business men, engineers, bankers, judges, architects, physicians, farmers, teachers, librarians, clergymen, by successful men and women the world over. Are You Equipped to Win? The New International provides the means to success. It is an all-knowing teacher, a universal question answerer. If you seek efficiency and advancement why not make daily use of this vast fund of information? 400,000 Vocabulary Terms. 2500 Pages. 6000 Illustrations. Colored Plates. 30,000 Geographical Subjects. 12,000 Biographical Entries. Regular and India-Paper Editions. Write for sample page, illustrations, etc. Free. A copy of Pocket Maps if you name this paper. G. & C. MERIAM CO., Springfield, Mass.

(Legal Advertisements)

CITATION BY PUBLICATION.

The State of Texas. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Reeves County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon P. T. Hammond by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Reeves County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Pecos, Reeves County Texas, on the 3rd Monday in November, 1922, the same being the 20th day of November, 1922, then and there to answer a petition, filed in said Court on the 5th day of October, 1922, in a suit, numbered on the Docket of said Court No. 2262 wherein Mrs. P. T. Hammond is Plaintiff, and P. T. Hammond is Defendant, and said petition alleging in substance, that Plaintiff and Defendant were married on or about the 17th day of September, 1918, and on or about the 1st day of December, 1921, the defendant permanently abandoned plaintiff, and left her and went away to another State. That during the time that she and defendant lived together as husband and wife she faithfully discharged all of her marital obligations to him, but the defendant was cruel and tyrannical, unkind and harsh towards plaintiff, and abused plaintiff and used cross and rough language to her. That he failed and refused to support her, and she was compelled to do hard work to support him and herself, as well as two of his children. That defendant is a stout, strong, able bodied man and able to work and earn support for himself and plaintiff, but refused to do so. That plaintiff is a weakly, frail and delicate woman and in bad health. That defendant was extremely unclean and filthy and dirty. That on account of his treatment of her and also on account of his uncleanness, it renders their living together as husband and wife insupportable.

Plaintiff also alleges that there is no community property belonging to her and defendant, but that she owns in her own right Lots Nos. 2, 3 and 4 in Block 29 in North Pecos Addition to the Town of Pecos City. Also Lot No. 5, in Block No. 32 in the Town of Pecos City as shown by the original map or plat of said Town of Pecos City. Also Lots Nos. 11 and 12 in Block No. 3, in West Park Addition to the Town of Pecos City. All being in Reeves County Texas. That the defendant is claiming and asserting a community interest in said property, but in fact and in truth he does not own any interest in the same, but that all of said property was purchased with separate and individual funds of plaintiff and is now owned and held by her in her own separate and individual name and right.

Wherefore plaintiff prays for a divorce from the defendant and that said real estate be decreed to be her separate and individual property, and that defendant be adjudged to have no right, title or interest in the same.

Herein fail not, but have before said Court, on the first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness S. C. Vaughan Clerk of the District Court of Reeves County Texas. Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Pecos, Texas, this the 6th day of October 1922.

S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk District Court, Reeves County. H. P. KERR, Deputy.

No. 2262, in District Court, Mrs. P. T. Hammond vs. P. T. Hammond, Citation by Publication. Issued this 6th day of October, 1922.

S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk. H. P. KERR, Deputy.

9-4

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Reeves County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Katie Ruhnau and Frank Ruhnau, her husband, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Reeves County, Texas to be held at the Court House thereof, in Pecos, Texas, on the 20th day of Nov., A. D. 1922, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 16th day of October, 1922, in suit No. 2270, wherein M. S. Bolinger is Plaintiff, and Katie Ruhnau and Frank Ruhnau are Defendants, and said petition alleging in substance that defendants executed their two promissory notes each in the sum of \$500.00, each bearing date April 8th, 1920, payable to the order of M. S. Bolinger, at Pecos, Texas, being due and payable one and two years after date, respectively, each signed by Katie Ruhnau and Frank Ruhnau, each bearing 6 per cent interest per annum from March 10th, 1920, and 10 per cent attorney's fees if placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. That said notes were given as part of the purchase money for the West one-half of Section No. 36, Block No. 66, Twp. 2, T. & P. Ry. Company's survey, containing 320 acres of land, in Reeves County, Texas, and that said notes and in said deed of conveyance from plaintiff to defendant, Katie Ruhnau, the vendor's lien was retained upon the land above described to secure the pay-

ment of said notes. That said notes are past due and unpaid, and plaintiff's suits for the amount of said notes and for a foreclosure of his vendor's lien upon the land and premises above described, and for costs of suit.

Herein fail not but have before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in Pecos, Texas, this 16th day of October, A. D. 1922.

S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk, District Court, Reeves County, Texas. H. P. KERR, Deputy.

NUMBER 2277

In the District Court, Reeves County, Texas, J. M. Speed vs. T. W. Suttlemeier, et al. Citation by Publication. Issued this 20th day of October, A. D. 1922.

S. C. VAUGHAN, District Clerk. H. P. KERR, Deputy.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Reeves County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Lee V. McEntire, William Owens, L. J. Grossblatt, D. MacKenzie, I. S. Adams, C. S. Davis, G. R. Smith, and C. T. Bates, each individually, as partners in the El Paso Saragosa Oil Company, and as trustees of the El Paso Saragosa Oil Company, a trust estate, by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Reeves County, Texas, to be held at the court house thereof, in Pecos, Texas, on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1922, then and there to answer a Second Amended Original petition filed in said court on the 20th day of October, A. D. 1922, in suit No. 2244, wherein John J. Bush is plaintiff, and the El Paso Saragosa Oil Company, an unincorporated joint stock association, Dec Davis, Lee La Rue, S. T. Hobbs, Lee V. McEntire, William

(Legal Advertisements)

Owens, C. M. Honaker, J. W. B. Williams, S. C. Vaughan, I. S. Adams, L. J. Grossblatt, C. S. Davis, G. R. Smith, C. T. Bates, D. MacKenzie, and W. A. Hudson, individually, as trustees of the El Paso Saragosa Oil Company, a common law trust estate, and as partners composing the firm of El Paso Saragosa Oil Company, a partnership, are defendants; and said petition alleging that from May 1, 1920, to May 1, 1921, plaintiff performed labor as general manager and as field manager, for the El Paso Saragosa Oil Company, and the said defendants, and under a contract of hire with its officers and trustees, being the other defendants herein, at the price of \$300.00 per month during such period. That there was earned by plaintiff under such contract the sum of \$3600.00. That there was paid to him on such account the sum of \$663.02, so that there is still due and payable to him the sum of \$2,936.98. In addition thereto plaintiff alleges that he holds by proper and legal assignment, the account of Lee La Rue in the sum of \$1,100.00, due for labor performed in guarding the property of the El Paso Saragosa Oil Company from September 15, 1920, to April 15, 1922, at a contract price of \$60.00 per month. And that none of said account has been paid. That though plaintiff has made numerous demands for payment of said debt, defendants have failed and refused to pay the same to plaintiff's damage \$4,036.98, for which sum with interest and costs of suit plaintiff prays judgment, etc.

In the alternative plaintiff alleges that the plaintiff and all of the defendants name above on April 15, 1919, entered into a partnership agreement to carry on the business of dealing in mineral leases, drilling oil and gas wells, and carrying on the required development under such leases in an effort to discover oil and gas strata, under the firm name of the El Paso Saragosa Oil Company. That under such agreement the partners have acquired considerable property in leases, fixtures, well machinery and casing. That no equitable division of said property can be made except by sale of the property as a whole and a division of the proceeds among the partners according to their respective interests. That plaintiff is entitled to a dissolution and accounting of said partnership because defendants are not actively carrying on the business of the partnership according to agreement; that defendant S. T. Hobbs has failed to account for certain partnership moneys but has appropriated same to his own use and benefit; and that the partnership is in an insolvent condition. And plaintiff prays for a dissolution of the partnership, that a receiver be appointed, and that after payment of the debts of the partnership and the costs of this suit, the proceeds remaining be divided between the parties hereto, according to their respective interests, etc.

Herein fail not but have before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in Pecos, Texas, this 20th day of October, A. D. 1922.

(SEAL) S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk, District Court, Reeves County, Texas. H. P. KERR, Deputy.

ENDORSEMENT

Number 2244

In the District Court of Reeves County, Texas, John J. Bush vs. El Paso Saragosa Oil Company et al.

Citation by Publication Issued this 20th day of October, 1922.

S. C. VAUGHAN, District Clerk. H. P. KERR, Deputy.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Reeves County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon W. J. McCarthy by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return hereof, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Reeves County, Texas, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Pecos, Texas, on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1922, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 24th day of August, 1922, in suit No. 2256, wherein J. L. Brown is Plaintiff, and Ramsey Oil Company, H. B. Ramsey, B. Ramsey, Mumm Reid, W. J. McCarthy and Mat Gresham are Defendants, and said petition alleging, The Ramsey Oil Company is an unincorporated Association and joint stock Company with its offices and place of business in Reeves County, Texas. H. B. Ramsey, Ben Ramsey and Mumm Reid, are temporarily residing in Reeves County, Texas, W. J. McCarthy is a non-resident of Texas. The Trans-Pecos Oil Company is an unincorporated association and a joint stock company. H. B. Ramsey, Ben Ramsey, Mumm Reid and W. J. McCarthy are stock holders and members of said Ramsey Oil Company and W. J. McCarthy is a stock holder in said Trans-Pecos Oil Company. Mat Gresham is a resident of Culberson County Texas. That the defendants are each engaged in drilling a well on Section 80, Block 1, W. & N. W. Ry. Company Survey, which vests them with the title to oil, gas and other minerals on said Section. That on the 1st day of October, 1921, they employed plain-

tiff to work on said well as a tool dresser for the agreed sum of \$8.00 per day payable monthly. The plaintiff worked on said well continuously from said date until July 9th, 1922, except when said well was closed or shut down by defendants, during which time he worked thereon 210 days. That said defendants, except Mat Gresham, are the owners of said lease and said well, dealt directly with plaintiff in said employment and in his said labors, he was under the direction of said defendants, except said Mat Gresham. That after said employment began, plaintiff, in consideration of the defendant's agreement to pay him on the 11th day of July, 1922, waived his said agreement as to payment of wages monthly and the defendant agreed to pay him on said date. That plaintiff, in his said work, repaired tools and equipments hereinafter described, used in drilling said well and in repairing, placing and removing casing in said hole to repair, perfect and construct said well, which said tools are furnished plaintiff by defendants for such purposes, to-wit: 3500 feet of 6 5-8 inch casing; 1 standard rig; bull wheel; rig iron; two drilling bits; one drilling stem; one set of drilling jars; one two room frame house; one cooking shack; one frame ware house; one frame office building; 610 feet of 8 inch casing; 400 feet of 12 inch casing; 400 feet of 10 inch casing; 1 steam engine, 12x12 cylinder, make, Ajax; one oil burning 66 horse power boiler; all situated on said section. That defendants own a well on said section, two hundred yards west from said well aforesaid with 400 feet of 10 inch casing therein. That plaintiff's work was skilled labor and is the work of a mechanic. That on August 11th, 1922, within the time required by law, under Article 5639A and other statutes of the State of Texas, for such purposes provided, filed an itemized, verified account in the office of County Clerk of Reeves County, Texas, in the Mechanics Lien Records of said county setting forth his account in detail and verifying the correctness of same and the allowance of all payments, offsets, and credits and specifying and fixing a lien on the above described personal property. That by virtue of the facts aforesaid, plaintiff is entitled to a lien under Article 16, section 37, of the Texas Constitution. That after said lien was filed, the defendant, Mat Gresham, seized and converted to his own use, the casing aforesaid, which was of the reasonable market value of \$3000. That the defendants paid plaintiff the sum of \$525, leaving a balance due of \$1159, which defendant have failed and refused to pay.

Plaintiff prays for judgment for said sum of \$1159, against said defendants with interest from the 11th day of July 1922, order of sale, commanding the Sheriff to seize and sell said property in satisfaction of said judgment, cost of suit and general relief.

Herein fail not but have before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in Pecos, Texas, this 14th day of October, A. D. 1922.

S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk, District Court, Reeves County, Texas. H. P. KERR, Deputy.

ENDORSEMENT

Number 2256

In the District Court of Reeves County, Texas, J. L. Brown vs. Ramsey Oil Co., et al. Citation by Publication issued this 14th day of October, A. D. 1922.

S. C. VAUGHAN, District Clerk. H. P. KERR, Deputy.

(Legal Advertisements)

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Midland County, Texas, on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1922, by C. B. Dunagan, Clerk of said Court, to satisfy a judgment in favor of The Midland National Bank in the sum of \$6,637.90, with interest and costs, against Thomas B. Jones and Will A. Martin, jointly and severally; and to satisfy a judgment in favor of Oklahoma Stock Yards National Bank against Thomas B. Jones and South Plains Cattle Loan Company in the sum of \$199,195.29, interest and costs, in a certain cause in said Court No. 1648 and styled The Midland National Bank vs. Will A. Martin et al, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, (to which Loving County is attached for judicial purposes) did on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922, levy on certain unencultivated real property situated in Loving County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: Sections 8, 9, 10 and 12 Block C-26 and Section 15, Block C-24, Public School Land, situated in Loving County, Texas, containing 3200 acres of land, more or less, levied upon as the property of Thomas B. Jones, Nora T. Jones, Will A. Martin and John I. Martin, and on the First Tuesday in November, A. D. 1922, same being the Seventh day of said month, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the City of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. by virtue of said order of sale and said levy, I will sell said above described real property at public venue, for cash, to the highest bidder as the property of Thomas B. Jones, Nora T. Jones, Will A. Martin and John I. Martin.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English Language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Enterprise, a newspaper published in Reeves County, Texas, (to which Loving County is attached for judicial purposes) did on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922, levy on certain unencultivated real property described as follows, to-wit: Sections 15, 16, 17, 21, 22 and 23 Block C-25; Sections 4, 16, 17 and the West 1/4 and the Southeast 1/4 of 22 all in Block C-26; Sections 37, 38, 47 and North 1/4 and Southwest 1/4 of 48 all in Block 76; Sections 11 and 19 in Block C-24 all being Public School Lands situated in Loving County, Texas, and Sections 8 and 9 in Block C-24 Public School Lands partly situated in Loving County and partly in Winkler County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said defendants. And on the First Tuesday in November, A. D. 1922, same being the Seventh day of said month, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the City of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. by virtue of said Order of Sale and said Levy, I will sell said above described real estate at public venue, for cash, to the highest bidder as the property of Thomas B. Jones, Nora T. Jones, Will A. Martin, John I. Martin and South Plains Cattle Loan Company, interest and costs, in a certain cause in said Court No. 1649 and styled The Midland National Bank vs. Chas. Brown et al, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, (to which Loving County is attached for judicial purposes) did on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922, levy on certain real property situated in Loving County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: Section 18 and 20 Block C-25 Public School Land in Loving County, Texas, containing 1230 acres of land, more or less, and levied upon as the property of Thomas B. Jones, Chas. Brown and Nora T. Jones and that on the First Tuesday in November, A. D. 1922, same being the Seventh day of said month, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the City of Pecos, Texas, be-

tween the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. by virtue of said Order of Sale and said Levy, I will sell said above described real estate at public venue, for cash, to the highest bidder as the property of Thomas B. Jones and Nora T. Jones, and Chas. Brown.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English Language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Enterprise, a newspaper published in Reeves County, Texas, (to which Loving County is attached for judicial purposes) did on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922, levy on certain unencultivated real property situated in Loving County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: Sections 8, 9, 10 and 12 Block C-26 and Section 15, Block C-24, Public School Land, situated in Loving County, Texas, containing 3200 acres of land, more or less, levied upon as the property of Thomas B. Jones, Nora T. Jones, Will A. Martin and John I. Martin, and on the First Tuesday in November, A. D. 1922, same being the Seventh day of said month, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the City of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. by virtue of said order of sale and said levy, I will sell said above described real property at public venue, for cash, to the highest bidder as the property of Thomas B. Jones, Nora T. Jones, Will A. Martin, John I. Martin, Oklahoma Stock Yards National Bank and South Plains Cattle Loan Company were defendants, and placed in my hands for service; I, E. B. Kiser, as sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, (to which Loving County is attached for judicial purposes) did on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922, levy on certain unencultivated real property described as follows, to-wit: Sections 15, 16, 17, 21, 22 and 23 Block C-25; Sections 4, 16, 17 and the West 1/4 and the Southeast 1/4 of 22 all in Block C-26; Sections 37, 38, 47 and North 1/4 and Southwest 1/4 of 48 all in Block 76; Sections 11 and 19 in Block C-24 all being Public School Lands situated in Loving County, Texas, and Sections 8 and 9 in Block C-24 Public School Lands partly situated in Loving County and partly in Winkler County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said defendants. And on the First Tuesday in November, A. D. 1922, same being the Seventh day of said month, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the City of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. by virtue of said Order of Sale and said Levy, I will sell said above described real estate at public venue, for cash, to the highest bidder as the property of Thomas B. Jones, Nora T. Jones, Will A. Martin, John I. Martin and South Plains Cattle Loan Company, interest and costs, in a certain cause in said Court No. 1649 and styled The Midland National Bank vs. Chas. Brown et al, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, (to which Loving County is attached for judicial purposes) did on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922, levy on certain real property situated in Loving County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: Section 18 and 20 Block C-25 Public School Land in Loving County, Texas, containing 1230 acres of land, more or less, and levied upon as the property of Thomas B. Jones, Chas. Brown and Nora T. Jones and that on the First Tuesday in November, A. D. 1922, same being the Seventh day of said month, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the City of Pecos, Texas, be-

Witness my hand this the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922.

E. B. KISER, Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.

SHERIFF'S SALE

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Midland County, Texas, on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1922, by C. B. Dunagan, Clerk of said Court, to satisfy a judgment in favor of The Midland National Bank in the sum of \$6,637.90, with interest and costs, against Thomas B. Jones and Will A. Martin, jointly and severally; and to satisfy a judgment in favor of Oklahoma Stock Yards National Bank against Thomas B. Jones and South Plains Cattle Loan Company in the sum of \$199,195.29, interest and costs, in a certain cause in said Court No. 1648 and styled The Midland National Bank vs. Will A. Martin et al, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, (to which Loving County is attached for judicial purposes) did on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922, levy on certain unencultivated real property situated in Loving County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: Sections 8, 9, 10 and 12 Block C-26 and Section 15, Block C-24, Public School Land, situated in Loving County, Texas, containing 3200 acres of land, more or less, levied upon as the property of Thomas B. Jones, Nora T. Jones, Will A. Martin and John I. Martin, and on the First Tuesday in November, A. D. 1922, same being the Seventh day of said month, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the City of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. by virtue of said order of sale and said levy, I will sell said above described real property at public venue, for cash, to the highest bidder as the property of Thomas B. Jones, Nora T. Jones, Will A. Martin and John I. Martin.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English Language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Enterprise, a newspaper published in Reeves County, Texas, (to which Loving County is attached for judicial purposes) did on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922, levy on certain unencultivated real property described as follows, to-wit: Sections 15, 16, 17, 21, 22 and 23 Block C-25; Sections 4, 16, 17 and the West 1/4 and the Southeast 1/4 of 22 all in Block C-26; Sections 37, 38, 47 and North 1/4 and Southwest 1/4 of 48 all in Block 76; Sections 11 and 19 in Block C-24 all being Public School Lands situated in Loving County, Texas, and Sections 8 and 9 in Block C-24 Public School Lands partly situated in Loving County and partly in Winkler County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said defendants. And on the First Tuesday in November, A. D. 1922, same being the Seventh day of said month, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the City of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. by virtue of said Order of Sale and said Levy, I will sell said above described real estate at public venue, for cash, to the highest bidder as the property of Thomas B. Jones, Nora T. Jones, Will A. Martin, John I. Martin, Oklahoma Stock Yards National Bank and South Plains Cattle Loan Company were defendants, and placed in my hands for service; I, E. B. Kiser, as sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, (to which Loving County is attached for judicial purposes) did on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922, levy on certain unencultivated real property described as follows, to-wit: Sections 15, 16, 17, 21, 22 and 23 Block C-25; Sections 4, 16, 17 and the West 1/4 and the Southeast 1/4 of 22 all in Block C-26; Sections 37, 38, 47 and North 1/4 and Southwest 1/4 of 48 all in Block 76; Sections 11 and 19 in Block C-24 all being Public School Lands situated in Loving County, Texas, and Sections 8 and 9 in Block C-24 Public School Lands partly situated in Loving County and partly in Winkler County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said defendants. And on the First Tuesday in November, A. D. 1922, same being the Seventh day of said month, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the City of Pecos, Texas, be-

Witness my hand this the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922.

E. B. KISER, Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.

SHERIFF'S SALE

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Midland County, Texas, on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1922, by C. B. Dunagan, Clerk of said Court, to satisfy a judgment in favor of The Midland National Bank in the sum of \$6,637.90, with interest and costs, against Chas. Brown; and in favor of Oklahoma Stock Yards National Bank on its cross action, in the sum of \$435.50, interest and costs, against the said Chas. Brown; and in favor of the said Oklahoma Stock Yards National Bank, on its said cross action, in the sum of \$199,195.29, against Thomas B. Jones and the South Plains Cattle Loan Company, interest and costs, in a certain cause in said Court No. 1649 and styled The Midland National Bank vs. Chas. Brown et al, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, (to which Loving County is attached for judicial purposes) did on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922, levy on certain real property situated in Loving County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: Section 18 and 20 Block C-25 Public School Land in Loving County, Texas, containing 1230 acres of land, more or less, and levied upon as the property of Thomas B. Jones, Chas. Brown and Nora T. Jones and that on the First Tuesday in November, A. D. 1922, same being the Seventh day of said month, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the City of Pecos, Texas, be-

Witness my hand this the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922.

E. B. KISER, Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.

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Witness my hand this the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922.

E. B. KISER, Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.

SHERIFF'S SALE

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Witness my hand this the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922.

E. B. KISER, Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.

(Legal Advertisements)

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Midland County, Texas, on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1922, by C. B. Dunagan, Clerk of said Court, to satisfy a judgment in favor of The Midland National Bank in the sum of \$6,637.90, with interest and costs, against Thomas B. Jones and Will A. Martin, jointly and severally; and to satisfy a judgment in favor of Oklahoma Stock Yards National Bank against Thomas B. Jones and South Plains Cattle Loan Company in the sum of \$199,195.29, interest and costs, in a certain cause in said Court No. 1648 and styled The Midland National Bank vs. Will A. Martin et al, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, (to which Loving County is attached for judicial purposes) did on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922, levy on certain unencultivated real property situated in Loving County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: Sections 8, 9, 10 and 12 Block C-26 and Section 15, Block C-24, Public School Land, situated in Loving County, Texas, containing 3200 acres of land, more or less, levied upon as the property of Thomas B. Jones, Nora T. Jones, Will A. Martin and John I. Martin, and on the First Tuesday in November, A. D. 1922, same being the Seventh day of said month, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the City of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. by virtue of said order of sale and said levy, I will sell said above described real property at public venue, for cash, to the highest bidder as the property of Thomas B. Jones, Nora T. Jones, Will A. Martin and John I. Martin.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English Language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Enterprise, a newspaper published in Reeves County, Texas, (to which Loving County is attached for judicial purposes) did on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922, levy on certain unencultivated real property described as follows, to-wit: Sections 15, 16, 17, 21, 22 and 23 Block C-25; Sections 4, 16, 17 and the West 1/4 and the Southeast 1/4 of 22 all in Block C-26; Sections 37, 38, 47 and North 1/4 and Southwest 1/4 of 48 all in Block 76; Sections 11 and 19 in Block C-24 all being Public School Lands situated in Loving County, Texas, and Sections 8 and 9 in Block C-24 Public School Lands partly situated in Loving County and partly in Winkler County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said defendants. And on the First Tuesday in November, A. D. 1922, same being the Seventh day of said month, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the City of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. by virtue of said Order of Sale and said Levy, I will sell said above described real estate at public venue, for cash, to the highest bidder as the property of Thomas B. Jones, Nora T. Jones, Will A. Martin, John I. Martin, Oklahoma Stock Yards National Bank and South Plains Cattle Loan Company were defendants, and placed in my hands for service; I, E. B. Kiser, as sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, (to which Loving County is attached for judicial purposes) did on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922, levy on certain unencultivated real property described as follows, to-wit: Sections 15, 16, 17, 21, 22 and 23 Block C-25; Sections 4, 16, 17 and the West 1/4 and the Southeast 1/4 of 22 all in Block C-26; Sections 37, 38, 47 and North 1/4 and Southwest 1/4 of 48 all in Block 76; Sections 11 and 19 in Block C-24 all being Public School Lands situated in Loving County, Texas, and Sections 8 and 9 in Block C-24 Public School Lands partly situated in Loving County and partly in Winkler County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said defendants. And on the First Tuesday in November, A. D. 1922, same being the Seventh day of said month, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the City of Pecos, Texas, be-

Witness my hand this the 5th day of October, A. D. 1922.

E. B. KISER, Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.

SHERIFF'S SALE

PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Thorpe of Balmorhea, were Pecos visitors Wednesday.

Geo. F. McKenzie and son, Geo. F. Jr., of the Toyah Creek country were Pecos visitors this week.

Judge Ray Walker of Barstow was over Thursday visiting relatives and transacting business.

E. B. Daniel, cashier of the Citizens State Bank of Toyah, was a business visitor in Pecos Thursday.

W. I. Burkholder and family were in town from their farm below Barstow trading on Thursday.

R. v. and Mrs. J. M. Garner and children went out to Mrs. Sid Kyle's home Thursday to visit a few days.

G. A. Easterbrook and City Clerk Earl Easterbrook with others, are in the Mountains hunting.

Mack Camp came in from El Paso Tuesday and will spend a few days in this section looking after his ranch interests.

A. W. Hsieh and daughter, Miss Marine, were in town Thursday from their home in Toyah shopping and seeing their many Pecos friends.

Edwin and Willie Hoefs of the Barilla country were in town Thursday with cotton to be ginned and marketed.

Dr. Henry Leeman of Windon was a visitor Monday of his uncle, Dr. J. A. Leeman. He was enroute home from El Paso.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Scott of El Paso were the guests last week for a few days of his sister, Mrs. Clinton Ezell and family.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Wasson are the happy parents of a nine pound daughter, named Norine, born to them Tuesday, October 10, 1922.

D. G. Webster of Dallas, chief clerk to W. H. Abrams general agent of the T. & P. lands, is visiting in Pecos.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Dodson are the happy parents of a daughter, born to them Monday at the Morrison sanatorium.

Mrs. Ben Randals returned Saturday from Artesia where she was in attendance upon the Conference of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Roswell district.

Mrs. W. A. Whittenburg returned Wednesday from a three week's visit to her daughter, Mrs. D. O. Medley and family at Crows nest ranch in the Davis Mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Pope of Toyah were over today—J. J. shaking hands with friends and shopping and Mrs. Pope visiting with Mrs. Wm. Garlick.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Dooley will return today to their home at Imperial after a visit to their many friends in Pecos who are always glad to see them.

County Surveyor A. M. Randolph, who has been ill for some time is able to be out occasionally nowadays but is yet feeble and under the weather.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Wallace of Kent were in Pecos Wednesday shopping. They are prosperous ranchers of the Kent country and well known to most of our people.

Mrs. W. M. Woody returned this week from Dallas where she went to attend the State Fair and to visit her daughter. She had been gone about a month.

Mr. and Mrs. Woody Browning and little daughter, Mildred, left Thursday for a week-end visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Z. Means at Valentine.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Murray who has been critically ill with a complication of typhoid pneumonia for some time is reported as improving.

Mrs. W. W. Hubbard and Mrs. Birge Holt of Barstow visited in Pecos Thursday and were in attendance at Mrs. Roberson Bridge party and the reception at Mrs. Jim Camp's.

County Tax Assessor W. W. Camp on Thursday of this week received a telegram from Ray Camp in Fort Worth announcing the arrival in their home of Ray Camp, Jr. The many Reeves county friends of these splendid young people will join the Enterprise in congratulations.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Jackson at Ralls, Texas, Wednesday, October 18, 1922, a 6 1/2 pound daughter, christened Myrtle Joyce. Mr. and Mrs. Jackson are well and favorable known to the Pecos people and have at one time been superintendent of the experiment station here.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Penn and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Pearce of Florence, Alabama, friends of Mrs. Mary Bostright were in Pecos over night this week on their way to California by automobile route. They had encountered mud, slush and bad roads almost all the way and had then been on the road nearly ten days. They were delighted with the sunshine and good roads of West Texas.

B. F. Seay of Toyah was a business visitor in Pecos Thursday.

Jno. B. Howard and Hugh Roberson, accompanied by friends from east of here, left this week for the mountains in quest of deer and bear. When Jno. and Hugh start out on a trip of this kind they usually bring back with them concrete evidences of success and since there is reported to be plenty of both deer and bear in the mountains this year it can reasonably be expected that they will not be disappointed on this occasion.

Miss Ora Pruett, one of the most popular of Pecos' society young ladies, returned this week from California where she spent the summer. While in California Miss Pruett came near being bitten by a big rattler and stricken with appendicitis: was delivered to a sanitarium off the mountains in a record run, was operated on and had a serious spell, but her many Pecos friends are glad to have her home again looking and feeling well after her summer's experiences.

THE CHURCHES

METHODIST PASTOR INVITES YOU TO ATTEND CHURCH

I presume that it pays to advertise from the fact that after I made special effort to advertise last week I had on Sunday morning, though it was a day of bad weather and a high day in another church in town, fifty Methodist families present, wholly or in part, besides those who were not members of my church.

I am glad to say that the interest was good. The second installment of "High Lives and High Living" will be given next Sunday 11 a. m. and the third at the 7:30 p. m. hour.

The morning theme will be entitled "Discovering Men" while the evening discourse will set forth "The Standard that Reaches to the Sky."

I extend an invitation and an appeal to you, dear reader, to get into the church going habit and secure the blessings it affords. I do not ask you to leave your own church to attend mine, if you are of another denomination. But if you are a Methodist or if you are not connected with any church, or if your church is not represented in our town or if it has no services conflicting we solicit your presence. Thus do I understand the spirit of Christian brotherliness and thus I would act.

The Lord give us a heart to seek unto Him for "all things pertaining to life and godliness."

L. L. THURSTON, Pastor

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

All of the regular services will be held at the Presbyterian church on next Sunday. The regular days for service at the Presbyterian church now are the first and third Sunday.

It is hoped by the pastor that all the members will be present at these services. Let's all get together now and try to do some real work. There is nothing to keep us from having a successful year of work, if we will just take advantage of the opportunities that are given us. Let's try to have every member present at all these services. Nothing could be more encouraging to the pastor than to see a full house at all the services next Sunday.

Also a most cordial welcome is extended to any who may wish to visit with us. We are always glad to have visitors. We promise you a most hearty welcome. Come and be with us. The week from November 5th to 12th has been set apart by the General Assembly as church paper week. During this week the ladies of the church are to make an every-member canvass for the purpose of placing a church paper in every home. This is a very worthy cause, and should demand our attention. No home should be without one of the church papers. It is the only means that you have to keep up with the church work in other places. Certainly every good Christian should know what his church is doing elsewhere. So when these ladies approach you on this subject, be ready to give them your subscription, and you will be of great service to them.

WEEK OF PRAYER AND SELF DENIAL PROGRAM

Week of prayer and self denial program to be held by the Woman's Missionary Society at the Methodist church Tuesday and Wednesday, November 14 and 15:

Tuesday at 3 O'clock. Leader—Mrs. Albert Sisk. Scripture lesson, by leader. Prayer—Mrs. Emma Boles. Voice Solo—Mrs. David Tudor. Talk on Colegio Buenavista Havana, Cuba—Mrs. J. W. Parker. Piano Solo—Miss Willie Leeman. Prayer—Mrs. S. C. McCarver. Collection.

Wednesday 3 O'Clock. Leader—Mrs. Oram Green. Scripture lesson by leader. Prayer—Mrs. L. L. Thurston. Piano Solo—Mrs. Lillian Butler. Talk on a school for the French Mission field—Mrs. Ben Randals. Piano Solo—Mrs. Lucy Mitchell. Prayer—Mrs. Thos Ashe. Collection.

The French work in Louisiana and Buenavista work, Havana, Cuba, are the specials for which the collections are to be used this year.

SAYS IT WILL BE LARGEST MONEY MELON EVER CUT

The largest money melon ever sliced open and handed around in this section will be cut by the U. S. Government January 1, 1912, for owners of 1918 War Saving Stamps—this is less than two and a half months off, announcement was made today by Postmaster Parker of Toyah.

War Saving Stamps of the 1918 Series, bought in 1918 for four dollars and a few cents, mature for payment at \$5 each January 1, and each stamp will then have netted every owner not less than 75 cents or 4 per cent compounded quarterly, he pointed out.

"Locally many individuals, business firms, and organizations own goodly amounts of 1918 War Savings Stamps, and they get in on the 'melon cutting.' In this Federal Reserve District, according to information I have received from Federal Savings Director Hume of Dallas, our people own more than \$100,000,000 of 1918 stamps," the postmaster said. "Watch out for the sharper who offers to buy your 1918 stamps. He is after your profit. Remember, too, these stamps are not legally transferrable from one person to another. It is better

to be safe than sorry; see your postmaster before listening to the person who wants to buy your stamps. Don't let the sharper 'do' you out of your rightful profit."

Persons will be allowed to exchange their War Savings Stamps of the 1918 Series for Treasury Savings Certificates, registered against loss or depreciation in any way, which yield about 24.95 per cent interest in five years; or they will be allowed to cash them in for \$5 a piece.

"Owing to the popularity of Treasury Savings Certificates, we expect a great many 1918 stamps owners will exchange their matured stamps for Treasury Savings Certificates after January 1," he declared.

Mrs. Clinton Ezell has installed an electric washing machine and an electric ironer and is prepared to give prompt and efficient service. Table linens, bed linens and blankets are washed at six cents a pound. Family washing is done at thirty cents a dozen. Twelve ladies' handkerchiefs, six men's handkerchiefs, three pair of hose, each are equal to one garment. Your patronage solicited. 12-5t

See the new 3 h. p. Fairbanks-Morse Pumping Engine with Bosch-Magneto at— Groves Lumber Co. Eclipse Windmills and Well Supplies

(Advertisement)

HOOTCH, MAN, HOOTCH

They had to carry Carrol to the carriage The carriage carried Carrol to his door, The reason they had to carry Carrol to a carriage Was because Carrol couldn't carry any more.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, 30c.

To Stop a Cough Quick

take HAYES' HEALING HONEY, a cough medicine which stops the cough by healing the inflamed and irritated tissues. A box of GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE for Chest Colds, Head Colds and Croup is enclosed with every bottle of HAYES' HEALING HONEY. The salve should be rubbed on the chest and throat of children suffering from a Cold or Croup. The healing effect of Hayes' Healing Honey inside the throat combined with the healing effect of Grove's O-Pen-Trate Salve through the pores of the skin soon stops a cough. Both remedies are packed in one carton and the cost of the combined treatment is 30c. Just ask your druggist for HAYES' HEALING HONEY.

THE DALLAS NEWS

THE NEWSPAPER. THE BEST. THE MOST RELIABLE—THAT'S ALL TOM McCLURE CIRCULATOR AT PECOS, TEXAS

RIALTO THEATRE

Home of High Class Entertainment

Saturday, November 3
MATINEE AND NIGHT
JOE MOORE AND EILEEN SEDGWICK IN
"THE WOLF PACT"
A THRILLING STORY OF THE CANADIAN NORTHWEST
CENTURY COMEDY "HENPECKED"
MATINEE 3:30-10c and 20c

Monday and Tuesday, Nov. 6th and 7th
HARRY CAREY IN
"THE KICK BACK"
A CRASHING CATAPULT OF SWIFTLY MOVING ACTION
ALSO SNUB POLLARD COMEDY
All Children Under 12 Admitted Free When Accompanied by Parents

Wednesday and Thursday, Nov. 8th and 9th
"NOMADS OF THE NORTH"
A JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD PRODUCTION—NUF SAID
PATHE NEWS AESOPS FABLES

Friday Night and Saturday Matinee Only
NOVEMBER 10 AND 11
LON CHANEY IN
"THE TRAP"
CENTURY COMEDY—"BATH DAY"
SATURDAY NIGHT
"SMOKE EATERS FROLIC"

COMING:
The First Real Million Dollar Picture—"FOOLISH WIVES"
Harold Lloyd in "NEVER WEAKEN"

To Be a Helpful Bank

Always ready to go out of our way to accomodate a customer is a policy that has made lasting friends for this Bank.

TRY US
Pecos Valley State Bank
A GUARANTY FUND BANK
MEMBER OF FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

SALE OF FURS

Friday, Nov. 10

IS THE TIME TO SELECT YOUR FUR COAT, CAPE, SCARF or COATEE

FROM ONE OF THE LARGEST LINES MANUFACTURED IN THE UNITED STATES

Byron F. Le Matire is stopping at our store with a very complete line of Furs, and will be glad to have you make your selection at a discount of

25%

A Cash Deposit will hold any garment until you are ready for it. We will be glad to show you this beautiful line.

Pecos Mercantile Company

