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## WILSON ENDORSED

### Wilful Man Defeated--Politics Seems a Little Dry and a Little Wet

Indorsement by the Democrats of President Wilson's stand on the league of nations issue, approval by the Republicans of the Lodge reservations to the covenant and a gain of one vote by the "wets" in the house of representatives were the outstanding results of the party primaries held in half a dozen states last Tuesday.

The defeat of Senator Gore of Oklahoma, Democrat, for renomination by Representative Ferris was a distinct victory for the president on the score not only of support of the covenant without reservations but of unquestioning fealty to the administration.

#### One of Wilful Men Beat.

Senator Gore has fought the president on legislation the greater part of his term of office now expiring. He advocated the McLemore resolution to keep Americans off armed ships, he was one of the 12 "wilful men" who prevented adoption of the armed neutrality measure, he voted against the draft act and he voted for the peace treaty with the Lodge reservations. He also opposed the president's wheat price guarantee and other war-time food regulations legislation.

Representative Ferris stood with the president against the McLemore resolution, advocated the covenant without reservations and otherwise supported the administration at all times. Gore had been deprived of all federal patronage and the administration forces were solidly arrayed against him in the primary.

Such bitterness characterized this Democratic conflict that the Republicans are encouraged to believe they have a good chance of carrying Oklahoma for Harding and for the Republican nominee for senator, Representative Harold.

#### Long Nominated.

Another administration victory on the league was the nomination of Breckenridge Long, who recently resigned as third assistant secretary of state for senator from Missouri. He made the race in support of the president's stand on the league of nations and appears to have

defeated by a narrow margin Judge Priest, who was anti-league and supported conspicuously by Senator Reed, treaty irreconcilable.

Republicans in Missouri and Kansas upheld their senators in voting for the Lodge reservations. Senator Spencer in the former and Senator Curtis in the latter state easily defeating their opposition to renomination.

The liquor issue figured in many of the primary contests but the only change from the present complexion of the house on this question was recorded in Virginia, where the Democrats nominated J. T. Deal to succeed Representative Holland of the Norfolk district, who did not seek re-election. Deal ran on a light wine and beer platform. Holland is a "dry."

#### Governor Nominees Dry.

In Missouri Judge Priest embraced the wet cause while Long avoided committing himself on the issue. Senator Spencer defended his vote for the Volstead act on which he was assailed by his opponents. The Republican and Democratic nominees for governor are "dry."

In Oklahoma and Kansas, both banner prohibition states, the "wets" did not get a look-in.

In previous primaries Representative Shreve of Pennsylvania, a Republican and a "dry," and Representative Crago of Pennsylvania, Republican, both of whom are "wet," were defeated. Representative Small of North Carolina, who did not vote on the prohibition measure in this congress, also was defeated.

"The house will be strongly dry," said E. C. Dinwiddie, chairman of the international congress, against alcoholism, "but even if it were wet the senate, which will be dry, would block any modification of the law."

"I have carefully examined the records of the senators and I find in the two-thirds membership of the senate not up for election this fall, we can count upon almost enough senators to give us the necessary majority."

relief for the evils which now afflict the peoples of the state.

"Neither is the American party concerned about who carries the Democratic primary, as our nominee will defeat either the Waco man or the Washington man.

"The principle of the closed shop must be speedily adopted by the farming masses of the country to prevent the trusts and the profiteers from robbing the farmers out of a fair price for their products. The closed shop, as I understand it, is simply a union for the protection of any business or avocation.

"Notwithstanding what may have been said or circulated, I intend to support the candidacy of Hon. T. H. McGreggor for the reason that he has offered and pledged himself in a specific way to bring about an economical and practical administration of the state government.

"What is the cattle raisers' association but a union? The doctors have formed a union. The lawyers have a union. What is a license to practice law but a union card?"

"I want to see the farmers organize so that they can set prices and say to the food bears and the profiteers: 'We will not sell to you except at the price we have agreed upon, on our sacred honor!'"

The Farmer-Labor party failed to organize here yesterday. Only a few of the executive committee were here. Other committeemen sent word that they would not attend for fear it would disqualify them from voting for Pat Neff whom they regarded as a friend of labor.

The party will not put out a ticket in Texas but expresses sympathy for the party in other states.

Republicans Split--Lily Whites--Black and Tan.  
Dallas, Aug. 11.--Two Republican

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## PATRIOTIC CELEBRATION

### Splendid Program Arranged--September Second and Third--Two Days of Amusement

The committees have been appointed and a splendid program arranged for Marfa's patriotic celebration for the 2nd and 3rd of September. And best of all the finance committee has secured about \$2000 for the coming event. The following committees have been appointed, etc.:

#### Committees.

H. W. Reynolds, general chairman.  
Marshal of Day--Ira Cline, sheriff Presidio county.  
Committee on Arrangement--T. M. Wilson, chairman; W. P. Murphy, H. W. Reynolds, W. J. Yates, Frank Anderson.  
Reception Committee--J. S. Cook, chairman, and all citizens of Marfa.

Committee on Grounds and Military Parade--J. S. Cook, chairman; W. P. Murphy.

Committee on Arrangement of Grounds, Pens, Race Track, etc.--Frank Jones, chairman; John Highsmith, Will K. Colquitt.

Committee on Airplane Stunts--Frank Anderson, chairman; Lieutenant Bailey.

Barbeque Committee--John Highsmith, chairman; W. T. Davis, Bill Bishop.

Public Speaking--H. O. Metcalf, chairman.

Committee on Program--H. O. Metcalf, chairman; Rev. Harrison, W. R. Ake, W. B. Mitchell, J. C. Orgain, Bud Casner, Thomas Crosson.

Committee on Sack Race, Three-Legged Race, Potato Race and Boxing events--W. B. Prather, chairman.

Calf Roping--Tom Snyder, chairman; Burton Mitchell, W. W. Weatherford.

Committee on Dances--Jacob Baldwin, chairman; Hillman Davis, Ben Avant, Val Albritton, C. Davis.

Committee on Horse Racing--Tom Rawls, chairman; Frank Jones, Ben Pruett.

Committee on Bronc Busting--Gus Bogel, chairman; Buck Pool, George Jones.

Committee on Goat Roping--Lee Fischer, chairman; George Jones, Will Colquitt, Milton Gillett.

Committee on Drinking Water--A. M. Avant, chairman; V. C. Myrick, H. B. Lockley.

Committee on Relay Race--Lee Fischer, chairman; Wood Reynolds.

Committee on Roman Race--Not appointed.

Committee on Finance--Charles Pruett, chairman; F. A. Mitchell, Tow Rawls, Tom Snyder, A. C. Easterling, George Shannon, Lee Fischer, John Highsmith.

Advertising Committee--M. Wilkinson, chairman.

It is urgently requested, in the interest of this celebration, that all members of all committees meet at the Chamber of Commerce room Monday night at 7:30.

#### Program.

8:30 a. m.--Grand military parade, under command of Colonel J. J. Hornbrook, commanding Big Bend military district.

9:30 a. m.--Sack race, three-legged race, potato race, 100-yard dash, free-for-all; cash prizes; on Main street.

11 a. m.--Speech by Hon. Claude Hudspeth, M. C., at court house yard.

12 m.--Barbeque, in court house yard.

1:30 p. m.--Calf roping at Military Reservation.

4 p. m.--Relay race.

7 p. m.--Boxing match.

8:45 p. m.--Grand ball.

#### Second Day, Sept. 3.

9 a. m.--Goat roping.

11 a. m.--Bronc busting.

1:30 p. m.--Horse racing.

4 p. m.--Roman racing.

8:30 p. m.--Dance.

Note--All events of the second day, Sept. 3, will take place at the Military grounds at the Post.

#### Neff Club Organized.

Last Saturday evening, August 7, there was a Neff rally at the court house, and after a number of speeches by citizens, a Neff club was organized, with C. E. Mead as president and V. I. Cargile, secretary. The membership: F. W. Barton, Mrs. N. P. Barclay, John W. Christopher, V. I. Cargile, N. P. Barclay, N. L. Casner, R. H. Dixon, W. B. Walker, H. A. King, Chas. Radcliff, Van Adams, Jap Bishop, Rev. C. S. Harrison, John T. Hamie, Mrs. I. B. Stone, C. E. Mead, W. H. Cardwell, A. M. Avant, H. H. Kilpatrick, I. B. Stone, Mrs. S. F. Pearce, Mrs. W. H. Cardwell, Mrs. C. O. Thomas, Mrs. Karl H. Word, Mrs. A. M. Avant, Mrs. E. T. Laird, Mrs. C. E. Mead, Mrs. H. O. Metcalf, Miss Mamie Buchanan, Karl H. Word, Ben S. Avant, Mrs. R. R. Smith, F. W. Jordan, Mrs. Orrill P. McHenry, W. H. Allen, Mrs. Ethel Allen, Joe Humphreys, Mrs. T. W. Snyder, Mrs. Joe Humphreys, Charles Bowman, Julius Cohen, Parmey Peterson, Mrs. J. W. Martin, Maud E. Parr, J. D. Wease, Mrs. M. B. Chastine, Mrs. Orr Kerr, Mrs. J. W. Cooper, Mr. J. W. Cooper, Mrs. J. W. Kyle, W. A. Wells, T. C. Mitchell, Wm. Harper, L. C. Brite, Mrs. L. C. Brite, J. H. Lock, Mrs. L. J. H. Lock, Gladys Morton, J. W. Howell, Mrs. J. W. Howell, Mrs. John T. Hamie, M. Wilkinson, Mrs. M. Wilkinson.

#### A Delightful Entertainment.

Miss Marcelle Lively of Durant, Okla., was the honoree at a party given by Miss Hester Brite last Friday evening, Aug. 6. Bunco and several interesting games were enjoyed. A very exciting automobile race was perhaps the most fun. Many flowers were used in decorating the spacious rooms. Neopolitan ice cream and reception squares were served to those present. The invited guests were Misses Katherine Mitchell, Dorothy Mitchell, Luci-Belle and Penelope Snyder, Evelyn Fitzgerald and Gladys Williams, Alla D. Morris, Helen Stark, Grace Greenwood, Tom Collier, Tyler Wilkinson, Leota Gillett, Billie Rawls, Minnie Joe Farmer, Essie Aiken, Myrtle Rawls, Gertrude Pettit, Claudia Jones, Avant, Messrs. Lee Fischer, Hillsman and Clement Davis, Charlie and Kehoe Shannon, Jerry Ratcliff, Tommy Lamb, Burton Mitchell, Gus McCraeken, Frank and George Jones, Richard Gillett, Sam Carruthers, Carl and Julian Wease, Ellsworth Share, Will Colquitt, Milton Gillett, V. Albritton, John McDonald, William Wilson, Edwin McTate, Fred Morton, Leslie Porter, Wood and Jim Reynolds, Frank Rosson and Ben Avant. Messrs. and Mesdames Clay Mitchell, Loyd Mitchell, Henry Caulfield, Fletcher Lee Rawls. Those assisting were Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Pool, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Crosson and Mrs. W. P. Fischer.

## NEFF ON LABOR

### Again Defines His Position--Bailey Questioned--Introduced by Confederate Veteran

Waxahachie, Texas, Aug. 7.--Pat Neff, speaking here tonight, challenged Joseph W. Bailey, his opponent, to answer two questions:

"Do you indorse the National Democratic platform as adopted at San Francisco?"

"Will you vote for me if I am the gubernatorial nominee of Texas?" Neff declared that the Democratic voters of Texas are entitled to know how Bailey stands on these questions.

"If Bailey is a Democrat he must indorse the national platform," Neff said, "and should he indorse that platform he will be indorsing something he has been fighting for seven or more years."

Neff said he did not ask Bailey if he would vote for him for personal reasons, but believed that the Democrats should be informed as to whether he would support a Democratic nominee, which not only is a Democratic custom, but a Democratic pledge.

Upon his arrival here, Neff was met by a committee of his followers, including C. M. Supple, chairman of the Ellis County Neff-for-Governor club. Supple supported Thomason in the first primary. Neff arrived at 7:45 from his home in Waco. He went directly to the Chataqua Park auditorium, where he delivered his address.

B. F. Marchbanks, colonel in the Confederate army, whose son was killed fighting in France, introduced Neff. He was at one time county treasurer of Ellis county. Bailey's criticism of President Wilson and his attitude toward the sale of Liberty bonds during the war were condemned by Marchbanks.

"I have never abused an American president, Democratic or Republican," he said. "During the war my wife and I bought \$50 Liberty bond and the bank stood good for it and we paid it out. We didn't say, the bonds may decline and we would lose our money. I said let the bonds sink or swim, by boys and your boys are making a greater sacrifice than we would be making. And out of \$30 a month my boy received he bought bonds and sent them back home to mother. I'm not going to vote for any man who wouldn't help sell bonds for my boy who is buried in France."

Neff was given a big ovation by the 4500 persons who heard him. "It was eight months ago today in this city that I opened my campaign for governor," he said opening his address. "Since then I have gone into the nocks and corners of the state, taking my candidacy to the people. Up to the first primary it was a personal matter with the people as to whether or not I was elected governor. Up to July 24 there were three of us who were fighting the battles of Democracy, but tonight there is only one. The Democrats have selected me as their nominee. I come now as a representative and nominee of the Democratic voters of Texas, who have but one purpose--to put Baileyism out of Texas for evermore."

Neff said Bailey supporters, "after meeting defeat in the precinct conventions, are making a final desperate effort to keep Bailey from being sent back to Washington."

Ballots for or Against Democracy. He said that ballots cast Aug. 28 will be for or against Democracy or for and against Baileyism. The speaker severely criticised Bailey for attacking President Wilson, both in war and peace, and for his attacks upon achievements of the National Democratic party during the past seven years.

"In answer to these charges he made against the Democratic party," Neff said, "more than 500,000 Ivanhoes of Texas marched to the ballot box July 24 and registered a disapproval of his statements and acts from the Red River to the Rio Grande."

"From the treeless plains of the Panhandle to the towering pines of

East Texas, the voters went to their precinct conventions twice since May and inflicted a stinging blow to the man from Washington, D. C., and yet we are called upon again to register our disapproval of him, and if reports coming to me are true, this disapproval will be registered in figures that Joe Bailey will not forget, even after he returns to his Washington home.

"While at Washington Bailey gave out an interview in which he stated that he would not hold any office if he could not carry his own county," Neff said.

The speaker then recalled how Cooke county had gone overwhelmingly against Bailey in the precinct conventions and in the primary.

"And still Joe says he never changes his mind," Neff added.

Neff said that if Bailey would stick to statements he made about a year ago, he (Bailey) would not support or vote for James Cox, Democratic presidential nominee.

"Bailey said he would never vote for a man who held to the political convictions of Woodrow Wilson or Morris Sheppard," Neff said, "and now the Democratic party has placed a man for president who has the same political views of Wilson and Sheppard."

"And Bailey says that after the primary he will take the stump for Mr. Cox. I don't think any Democratic state would let him speak for Cox. He does not stand for the platform on which Cox stands."

"If Cox goes to the White House it would be on the National Democratic platform adopted at San Francisco. This platform is for woman suffrage, and Bailey is against that."

"It is for national prohibition, but Bailey is not."

"It is for the League of Nations, and Bailey fights the league."

"You can't name anything in the national platform that Bailey is in favor of."

Bailey's attitude toward prohibition was criticised by Neff.

"Some people are re thinking what this campaign has to do with prohibition," Neff said. "They probably do not know that the governor of Texas is charged with the enforcement of all laws. Bailey says if the prohibition laws are enforced reasonably the prohibition question would be settled."

"I wonder why he only favors just a reasonable enforcement of the prohibition laws. He never says anything about a reasonable enforcement of the murder or theft laws."

#### Can't Face the Women.

"I do not think we ought to elect a man governor who ridicules the women, berates the preachers and who is not in sympathy with the work of the churches," Neff said.

"Bailey said in a public speech that he had rather have the saloon in politics than women. Yes, that is Bailey's standard of your wife, your mother or your sister."

"He gave out an interview from his home in Washington stating that he was so opposed to granting suffrage in Texas because there were already too many ingorant voters in this state. Bailey can fool part of the people all of the time, and all of the people some of the time, but he can't fool any of the women any of the time."

"Therefore the women of Texas will march to the ballot box Aug. 28 and will present an unbroken army in opposition to Bailey and Baileyism."

"Because Texas ministers have no faith in Bailey and have the courage to say so, Bailey openly denounces them. And he warns the preachers that unless they stop talking about him they are going to hell."

#### Separate Church and State.

"He talks with much borrowed wisdom about the separation of the

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#### FERGUSON FOR PRESIDENT.

#### American Party Puts Out Full Ticket for State Offices.

Fort Worth, Texas, Aug. 11.--The American party, organized by James E. Ferguson a year ago, held its convention here yesterday with a representation of 271 delegates from 57 counties. The convention nominated a full ticket, headed by T. H. McGreggor, of Austin.

The all day session was held in the First Baptist church auditorium.

James E. Ferguson was endorsed for president of the United States.

The following were nominated for state offices: Governor, T. H. McGreggor, Austin; lieutenant governor, J. W. Green, of Montgomery; attorney general, B. D. Deshields, Jacksonville; treasurer, Joe A. Drozd, Hill county; land commissioner, W. B. Riley, of Quanah; railroad commissioner, Conductor Herbert Smith, Temple; comptroller, Wm. Blakesley, Austin; supreme court, Hugh B. Sort, of Center.

The repeal of the eighteenth amendment is demanded and it is recommended that congress pass a law permitting the sale of light wine and beer. To restore liberty and prevent unrest.

Repeal of the department of agriculture, the pure food bureau, the water engineers' board and the industrial welfare and market and warehouse departments is urged.

The open shop is recognized. The platform would limit the state university of a half million a year.

James E. Ferguson issued the following statement about his attitude on the party: "I am not concerned about the candidacy of either Neff or Bailey, for the reasons that I have failed to see that either of them offers any specific remedy or



## MOUNTAIN TOPS

### ABOVE THE FLOOD

By CHARLES AUBREY EATON  
Associate Editor of Leslie's.

What the flood was to Noah's generation the world war has been to the present. Then society became so putrid that it lacked sufficient natural forces to finally submerge a race gone rotten. We have had as yet no universal physical flood sent from Heaven to hide the ruin wrought by man, but the whole world seems to be enveloped in a spiritual fog which has blotted out the beacon lights of history and left the nations floundering helplessly without sense of direction.

The various ships of state are drifting aimlessly about in the fog and occasionally crashing into each other. In most cases the steering apparatus is broken; the fires are flooded and their is mutiny and plague aboard. Some of these crafts are already derelict and cannot outlast the fog. Others will limp along for a time, but sooner or later they will have to be towed into port, if there are any concerns left strong enough to do the towing. Doubtless in time the fog will lift, for wild gales are blowing from the far corners of the world, but storm and darkness will be the lot of all voyagers.

In the midst of this universal uncertainty and gloom where shall men find anchorage? Dare we hope for better days to come or must we believe that the race of man has failed?

It will not do to delude our minds with false hopes and sentimental postures of unreal greatness. "Things are what they are. Their consequences will be what they will be." The elemental laws of life are still in force. In the grim language of John Morley—there is still a relation between cause and effect—a difference between right and wrong. Blind leaders may seem to be leading the blind with loud trumpeting of progress, but their common destiny will be the ditch of ruin and failure. Truth alone is true and only the true can survive this greatest of all cosmic upheavals.

No man can ever be what he is not in his soul. He may deceive himself and his neighbors and even his enemies, but nature knows him for what he really is and, in due time, he will go to his own place. The professional deliverer may turn the tiny squirt-gun of his particular little theory upon a world in flames, but he will end by singeing his eyebrows and making himself and his dupes ridiculous. The partisan and seclary may learn nothing and forget nothing, but his little foolish temple wherein he would have all men worship the blind gods of ignorance and fear will be shaken to dust by the heaving earthquake of universal change. The heathen rage and the peoples imagine a vain thing but He that sitteth in the Heavens shall laugh and have them in derision.

We may not speak for others, but here in our own beloved land there are surely signs of slow-returning sanity. A few mountain tops begin to appear above the flood, certain proof that in time we may hope for days of sunshine and peace again.

In the first place there seems to be growing up a wholesome distrust of that slushy, wishy-washy sentimentality which has come in everywhere as a substitute for Christianity and common virtue. We are slowly beginning to see that a thing is not right simply because it is easy, or because it makes us feel good, or because the children cry for it. There is a tightening of the moral muscles which betokens returning health. Just as the Prodigal came to himself amid the swine troughs, so the American people are awakening to the grim truth that they cannot live forever on accumulated virtue and morality inherited from yesterday. Life is not one glad, sweet song. It never was intended to be a paradise for parasites. Rather, life appears once more in its real essence as a discipline, a burden to be borne bravely and wisely; a battle in which the soul finds itself and learns to discern between the true and false.

This new knowledge has been bought with a great price. Pacifism had the helm and, when the storm broke, we found ourselves drifting toward the rocks. The fragile thing masquerading as religion, when unmasked by the grim hand of war, revealed itself as a compound of moral inertia, intellectual barrenness and selfishness. The center and symbol of Christianity is the Cross, but the mechanical contrivance that was seeking to displace the Christian religion in the lives of men could not endure a cross of any kind. If a thing was hard it was wrong and must be evaded, denied and destroyed. It was permissible to weep over the wrongs and sorrows of the world, but not to fight

and sacrifice and suffer that these wrongs might be righted and these sorrows assuaged. We were told, in the name of religion, that the way to meet brute force was to surrender to it. All this was well enough while the tragedy was staged three thousand miles across the sea, but when the hateful thing cast its shadow over our own thresholds the American nation shook off the thralldom of the temptress and once more found its soul in honorable battle for the right.

Another hopeful sign of the times is the new openness to ideas and a corresponding distrust of catchwords.

Before the war about the only use we had for ideas was to make them run a machine or sell a line of goods. There was but a narrow market for these great fruitifying concepts that nourish the soul and feed the flame of life. In common with the rest of the world we substituted molecular activity for thought and adopted a slogan or a phrase in the place of a creed.

The same absurdity is still much in evidence everywhere. In Russia Trotsky does more with a mouthful of catchwords than with an army of trained men. The tyranny of the Czar broke down because it lacked imagination and was shy of slogans. The deotism of Trotsky is hailed as the very dawning of the Kingdom of God because he had the good judgment or good luck to mask its brutality and selfishness behind a sonorous slogan. "The proletarian dictatorship." Our Bolsheviks hypnotize themselves and their disciples with words. And this practice has been observed to obtain even in exalted governmental circles.

But as the nation girds itself for the great decisions for a Presidential election there is evidence that the rank and file of everyday folk among us are growing impatient of words and slogans. They are asking for ideas. And they want ideas that will bear the test of application to actual conditions and at the same time are capable of judgment by normal moral laws.

There is also evident a growing aversion to force as the final arbiter in social, industrial and political issues. There is strife in industry and strife in politics, but public opinion is weary of strife, and is beginning to look coldly upon leaders who seek to keep alive the German method. The best men on both sides in industry are seeking for some just and rational method of living and working together as partners in public service without the endless, stupid, and costly brawling which purchases a minimum of good with a minimum of evil.

And a majority of our citizens are not nearly so anxious for the defeat or triumph of a given political party as they are for getting the business of the nation done decently and in order by representatives who have something in their minds besides schemes for class, personal, or partisan advantage.

The times are complex, uncertain and difficult. Vast new energies have been liberated and are at work recreating the whole structure of civilization. But there is a fine new sense of honor which will not be satisfied with any public policy or program that does not fully and fairly express the moral and intellectual quality of the nation. We are not satisfied to appear before the world as eager only for our own advantage and indifferent to the call of duty. This deep and growing dissatisfaction is a hopeful thing. It cannot be safely ignored and in time it will find sane and full expression both here and wherever duty carries us.

#### The Goat as an Institution.

By T. A. McNeal.

Readers of Capper's Farmer who are familiar with the Scriptures know all about the story of the scapegoat, and if those who are not Bible readers will take the trouble to turn to the 16th chapter of Leviticus they will find what I consider an interesting study of psychology and story of considerable human interest. Aaron, as head of the Israelitish priesthood, was directed to take two kids of the goats for a sin offering and one ram for a burnt offering.

"And Aaron," continues the chapter, "shall cast lots upon the two goats, one lot for the Lord and the other lot for the scapegoat."

And Aaron shall bring the goat upon which the Lord's lot fell, and offer him for a sin offering.

"Bpt the goat on which the lot fell to be the scapegoat, shall be presented alive before the Lord to make him go for a scapegoat into the wilderness."

"And Aaron shall lay both his hands upon the head of the live goat, and confess over him all the

iniquities of the children of Israel, and all their transgressions in all their sins, putting them upon the head of the goat, and shall send him away by the hand of a fit man into the wilderness.

"And the goat shall bear upon him all their iniquities unto a land not inhabited and he shall let go the goat in the wilderness."

"I can imagine with what a sigh of relief many an Israelite saw that goat headed for the tall timber. Many a descendant of Abraham, fully conscious that he had been guilty of a lot of meanness, watched Aaron as he figuratively piled on the head of that innocent and unsuspecting goat all the sins of the tribes and then said to the keeper of the goat: "That cleans the slate for the present. Take this goat out into the woods and turn him loose."

It seemed to be an easy and satisfactory way of getting rid of a job lot of sins. Furthermore, the goat presumably did not mind it a great deal. It may have been annoyed somewhat at Aaron fussing over it and being led away from its accustomed feeding ground, but if the picking was reasonably good in the wilderness that would soon be forgotten. The goat no doubt struck up an acquaintance with the wild goats of the wilderness and probably was not discriminated against because it was loaded up with miscellaneous sins of the Israelites.

From this interesting custom came the expression, supposed to be slang, "making him the goat." I do not care to discuss the theological question concerning the wholesale and easy manner of getting rid of sins in the time of Moses and Aaron, but I call to mind to illustrate the fact that human nature has not greatly changed in 30 centuries.

Today the world is almost in a state of chaos. Civilization is trembling. Europe is bankrupt and blood-soaked, but when it is undertaken to place the blame, every individual high and low disclaims responsibility and makes somebody else the scapegoat to carry his sins.

I have the impression that the world would be in pretty fair shape if everybody, or if even a majority was only honest enough to judge themselves fairly, to acknowledge their own faults and then set out in earnest to try to correct them.

If there are troubles in the family it is at least highly improbable that all the fault is on one side. If you have failed in business and will make an honest, close analysis of the whole situation you will find, nine times out of ten, you are at least partly, and probably largely, to blame. If you have followed some one's suggestion and made a fool of yourself, you know you did not really have to do it. If you have ewested your money in foolish speculation you know that there have been almost unlimited warnings published against that kind of investment.

Our system of government is far from perfect. Society is not always just, but no man is compelled to be a criminal or even mean and selfish. If, instead of hunting for a scapegoat to bear our sins and follies, we would just be honest with ourselves we would not make many excuses for ourselves, but stand up like the poor publican and cry with humility, "God be merciful to me a sinner!"

There are in the world a good many people who do have to do a good deal more than their share of scapegoating, and these have a large share of my sympathy. They are generally partly to blame for being goats, but they are also sometimes the victims of the greed and power of others. Sometimes they are goats because of their own inherent good nature. I have known a few goats of this kind, and most lovable and generous people. I have known women who were actually so kind their neighbors constantly imposed on

them and in their selfish blindness did not seem to realize their petty meanness. If they were going away from home they would take their children to the good-natured neighbor and leave them to annoy her. They seemed to have the impression that they were doing her a favor, because, as they said, she loved children so much.

I have in mind also the case of Job Masters. He was well named, because the original Bible patriarch had nothing on him in the way of patience. Job was not a scapegoat according to the Levitical standard. Nobody tried to load any sins on him, so far as I recall, for Job was one of the most exemplary citizens in his community. But he was just a plain goat. His neighbors imposed on him shamefully.

He was handy about everything and as a result his neighbors called on him to perform all kinds of services and never paid him a cent. He knew more about butchering than any other man in the neighborhood. The neighbors would ask him to come and help them butcher and Job would leave his own work, to be accommodating. He never got a cent for it, either.

Came a time when Job's wife took a hand. She was a good-natured woman but there was a limit to her patience. She had heard the expression "making a goat of him" and it got her to thinking.

"Job Masters," she said, "I have learned something. I heard a man say today that some other man had been made the goat and I asked him what it meant. When it was explained I said, 'That fits Job Masters. He has been the goat,' and so I have decided that you are going out of the goat business."

"I heard something else, too. I heard that Sim Bevers told Jonathan Howard that Job Masters was shiftless and if he didn't tend to his farm better he would lose it. You have helped Sim Bevers do his butchering the last 15 years. If you ever got a cent for it I don't know when it was. You have got up in the middle of the night to doctor a sick cow for him and you never got a cent for that, either. You have quit your own work to help Jonathan Howard save his crop in harvest time and didn't charge him a cent.

"You have helped all the neighbors, just to be accommodating. As a goat, Job, you haven't used the sense of an ordinary billy goat. Henceforth, when you help the neighbors they are going to help you as much as you help them. It is all right to be accommodating, but I have discovered that what people get for nothing they don't seem to appreciate."

And it may be said that Mrs. Masters, being the stronger member of the Masters household, had her way and Job ceased to be the neighborhood goat.

Harking back to the original text, so to speak, I have wondered what Aaron really thought as he theoret-



#### NOT ALL TIRES

are worth vulcanizing. Some are too far gone to spend labor and money on. But it's the exception, not the rule, when we cannot save a tire by our up-to-date vulcanizing methods. Tubes, too. Yes, inner tubes can be successfully vulcanized by us. Bring your old tires and tubes to us for examination.

CASNER MOTOR CO.

tically piled the sins of that bunch of Israelites on to that unsuspecting and innocent goat. I have wondered if he did not say in his mind: "I can send this goat out into the wilderness but that isn't taking the meanness out of this outfit. They are just the same disobedient, stiff-necked and turbulent crowd they were before and no goat can relieve them of the consequences of their own meanness."

Mrs. Clarence S. McClellan and her four sons have recently been registered among the guests at the old Rennert hotel in Baltimore, Md. They are now in New York spending August on Long Island Sound.

#### AUTHORIZING ONE AND ONE HALF PER CENT AD VALOREM TAX BY CITIES AND TOWNS OF FIVE THOUSAND OR LESS POPULATION.

Senate joint Resolution No. 12.

Proposing an amendment to Section 4 of Article XI of the Constitution of the State of Texas by increasing the total tax rate that may be levied by cities and towns having a population of five thousand or less than one-fourth of one per cent to not exceeding one and one-half per cent, and making appropriation therefor.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 4. That Section 4, Article XI of the Constitution be so amended as hereafter to read as follows:

Section 4. Cities and towns having a population of five thousand or less may be chartered alone by general law. They may levy assess and collect such taxes as may be authorized by law, but no tax for any purpose shall ever be lawful for any one year which shall exceed one and one-half per cent of the taxable property of such city; and all taxes shall be collectible only in current money, and all licenses and occupation taxes levied, and all fines, forfeitures and penalties accruing to said cities and towns shall be collectible only in current money.

Sec. 2. The foregoing constitutional shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of the State at an election to be held throughout the State on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1920, at which election all voters favoring said proposed amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "For the amendment of Section 4, Article XI of the Constitution increasing the total tax rate that may be levied by towns and cities having a population of five thousand or less from one-fourth of one per cent to not exceeding one and one-half per cent of any one year," and all voters opposed to said amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Against the amendment of Section 4, Article XI of the Constitution increasing the total tax rate that may be levied by towns and cities having a population of five thousand or less from one-fourth of one per cent to not exceeding one and one-half per cent of any one year."

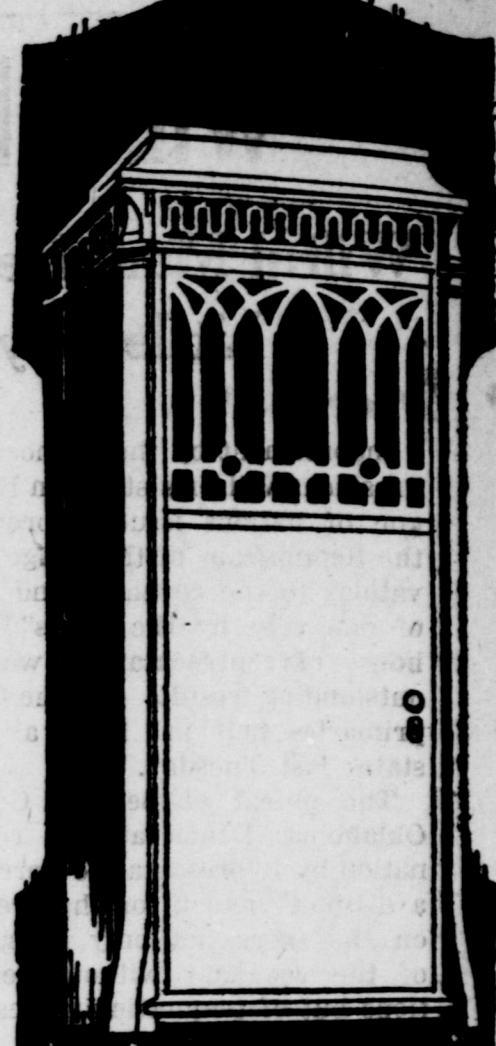
Sec. 3. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election, and to have the same published

as required by the Constitution and existing laws of the State.

Sec. 4. That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, I hereby appropriated out of any funds in the Treasury of the State of Texas not otherwise appropriated to pay the expenses of such publication and election.

C. D. MIMS,  
Secretary of State

(Attest—A true copy 7-23-41)



### Before Prices go up Come in for the details of our Budget Plan

If you are thinking about purchasing a New Edison, mark this. The New Edison today costs less than 15% over what it did in 1914. Mr. Edison has personally held prices down by absorbing more than one-half of the increased costs of manufacturing. He may not be able to do this much longer.

#### The NEW EDISON

"The Phenomenon with a Soul"

Our Budget Plan will take care of the payments.

Anderson's Gift Store

## Pecos & Rio Grande Telephone Co

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We solicit your patronage and ask your co-operation to make our service as effective as possible.

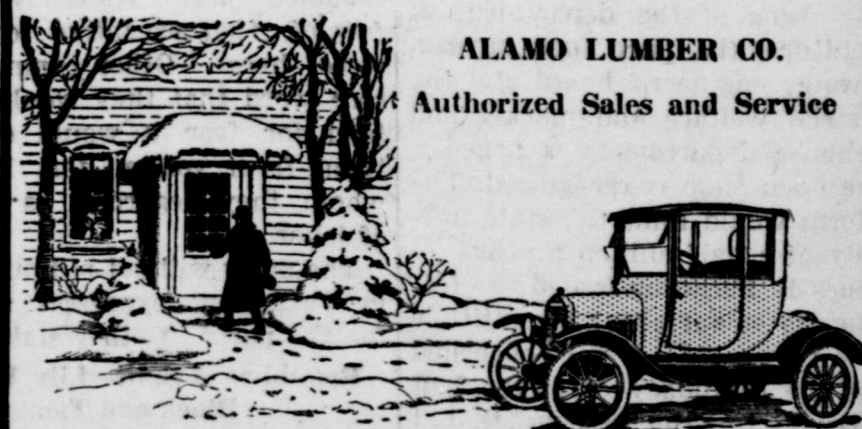
E. W. Gorom, Ge'l M'g'r  
J. W. COOPER, Local M'g'r.

# Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Probably there is no other car that every day in the year meets the demand of the physician as does the Ford Coupe, with its permanent top, its broad seat and deep upholstery, its sliding plate glass windows, by which in a minute the car is changed from a closed car to an open car. Equipped with an electric starting and lighting system, demountable rims with 3 1/2 inch tires all around and embodying all the established merits and economies of the Ford car. Let us look after your Ford car and you will get genuine Ford parts and skilled workmanship.

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### THE AMBURSEN DAM.

The San Estevan Near Marfa of This Type.

Cisco, Texas, is preparing to build a large dam across Sandy creek, and have decided to build a certain type. Mr. H. M. Nabstedt, engineer, of Kansas City, in a report gives some interesting information on this subject, as follows:

"It is not generally appreciated that there are various types of dams and that each dam site is peculiarly adapted to some one of the various types. In this case the solid gravity type dam was considered, but was found to cost about \$1,454,000. This large cost being due to very large excavation costs and the enormous amount of concrete necessary to give the structure sufficient weight to withstand the pressure exerted by the large body of water behind it. The solid dam depends entirely upon its weight and distribution of that weight to remain in place. The usual type of dam in Texas is the earth fill dam, which in this case was conservatively bid in at \$1,075,000. The foundation conditions in this case happen to be quite serious, due to the variations which have been discovered in material covering the site. This condition necessitates a core-wall of reinforced concrete which must be carried from the top of the earth fill to the impervious material or rock which lies some distance below the surface of the ground. The material to be used for earth fill must be selected and one can readily appreciate that a structure of this magnitude would require a tremendous amount of material. To prevent the fill on the reservoir side of the care-wall washing out it is necessary to riprap or pave the slope with stone. In structures of this kind it is generally best to provide a means for surplus water to escape. In this case this is accomplished by the use of a supplementary channel cut through an adjoining ravine. Another type considered was the rock fill dam. This is composed of a triangular shaped mass of rock which is faced on the upstream face with a strong facing of hand laid stone and upon this a facing of reinforced concrete and on the downstream side a great mass of earth fill to back up the mass of stone. This structure cost about \$1,015,000.

The structure chosen for this site and which is peculiarly adapted to it is known as the Ambursen or reinforced concrete or hollow dam. This structure will cost about \$915,000. While this structure is not at all common there have been constructed in the neighborhood of 150 of them varying in height from ten to 150 feet and in length from 100 to 1900. They may be found in all parts of Canada, the United States and in Porto Rico. They have been constructed for the United States government, for many of the largest financial interests and for many of the largest municipalities in the country. Notable ones within reach of Cisco are the Marfa dam in Presidio county; two dams on the Nueces river, about ten miles from Cotulla; the Anadarko, Okla., dam; the \$750,000 dam for Oklahoma City; the new Sand Springs dam near Tulsa; the Pawhuska, Okla., dam; the Cushing, Okla., dam, and the Branson, Mo., dam.

"Generally described the dam is a series of equidistantly spaced reinforced concrete piers roughly triangular in shape, with a sloping upstream edge at about 45 degrees. These piers or buttresses rest upon a solid rock foundation or upon a reinforced concrete floor upon a suitable earth foundation. The upstream edge of the pier is covered over with a reinforced concrete carpet or deck which serves as a water barrier and where this carpet or deck reaches the ground it is carried down vertically until an impervious foundation is reached. This wall, generally known as the cut-off wall, prevents any water from escaping through the earth foundation and is accordingly a very important part of the structure. This cut-off wall and the floor which sustains the weight of the structure requires utmost care and skill and should not be attempted except with experienced and skilled forces.

"As a rule some provision must be made to take care of surplus water. This is simply done in this structure by continuing the reinforced concrete carpet down over the downstream edge of the piers forming a channel for the water to pass through or over until it reaches the surface of the stream below and discharges without doing any damage to the structure. This section of the work is known as the spillway and should be more than ample to take care of the largest possible amount of water which might prove to be a surplus at any

time. Due to the inclined surface of the apron on the upstream side of the dam the water stored in the reservoir has a tendency of weighing the structure down instead of exerting itself to push out the structure as in the case of the solid dam. The Ambursen dam, therefore does not depend upon its dead weight alone to remain in place but instead every foot of water which the structure is called upon to store simply adds to the tendency to remain in place. The fact that the apron is supported by a series of piers spaced equidistant permits of a series of cells from which the structure derive the name of hollow dam. Due to the fact that the structure is hollow the foundation requirements are a minimum and the structure can be built upon earth, clay, sand or gravel. The excavation for foundation for the floor which is to sustain the piers is a minimum with a corresponding saving in cost of construction. Frequently the space within the dam is utilized for power house purposes or a highway may be provided for by providing openings through the various piers and spanning the space between the piers with reinforced concrete floors, until the foundation is reached on both sides, allowing for an inlet and outlet from the dam."

### TEN THOUSAND ATTEND FUNERAL OF PET CANARY BIRD

Newark, N. J., Aug. 3.—A crowd, estimated by the police at 10,000 persons, thronged the streets of the city Tuesday night to witness the funeral of Jimmie, the pet canary of Emidio Russomanno, 65-year-old cobbler. Police reserves were called out to preserve order and clear the streets for the funeral cortege. Jimmie, described by its owner as possessing "a song as sweet as the voice of Caruso," choked to death Sunday on a watermelon seed.

Leading the procession was a band of 12 pieces playing funeral dirges followed by a hearse bedecked with flowers and carrying a small white coffin in which the bird's body rested. The old cobbler, visibly affected, rode in a coach with a few intimate friends.

The cost of the bird's funeral, estimated at \$400, was contributed by the cobbler's friends. When Jimmie died, the old cobbler drew the blinds of his shop, hung out a sign "closed on account of Jimmie's death," put crepe over his door and went into deep mourning.

A tombstone in the shape of a cross with a canary bird in its center will be erected over the bird's grave near Branch Brook park, the cobbler said.

### Hot Springs.

Tourists in search of health or pleasure while traveling on the palatial Sunset express of the Southern Pacific railroad en route from New Orleans to various points in California, little dream when the monster iron horse pauses for a brief rest at Marfa, Texas, that this little way station is destined to become the detouring point for the greatest natural health resort the Old or New World has ever known. Fifty miles southwest of Marfa, just across the Rio Grande from Candelaria, Texas, in a great canyon, surrounded by majestic mountains and situated in the municipality of Ojinaga, district of Inturbide, State of Chihuahua, Mexico, are the famous Mineral Hot Springs.

According to tradition Mexicans and Indians have for centuries fought for possession of these wonderful curative waters, which bubble up from the earth and flow unrestrained over natural recesses, forming pools of various depths and temperatures, the medicinal qualities of which are fully described elsewhere in the analysis by Prof. F. J. Matzer of Columbia University, of the City of New York.

From time immemorial those who have known of the curative qualities of those boiling waters have carried their sick and halt to the banks of those magic springs and have camped there while bathing in and drinking of the life-giving waters. So great was the danger attached to this in times past that fortifications were built on the bluff above the springs, and overlooking one of the most picturesque valleys of the Rio Grande, where members of the party watched for the Indians while others bathed in the springs below.

The way from Marfa to the Springs is full of varied interest through a territory little known, and replete with the suggested history of the Southwest that was and is to be. It is on American soil all the way, though at Candelaria it touches an older civilization, that of the republic of Mexico. Here the traveler goes "across the line" into a country of quaint customs and manners.

### THE KILLING OF RANGER HULIN AND INSPECTOR JOE SITTERS

Joe Sitters was one of the noted border inspectors. For 10 years he with Jack Howard, an other fearless officer, had guarded one of the most lawless parts of the Big Bend, that territory between Candelaria and Pilaris, along the Rio Grande. Jack Howard, about two years previously while in company with Sitters with a prisoner, the noted Chico Cano, had been shot from ambush a few miles out from Pilaris and died in a few hours. Sitter was also shot down, but recovered.

The following article was written by Rangers Cummins, Trollinger and Mounted Inspector Craighead, who were with Rangers Hulin and Sitters when the latter two men were killed in a fight with Mexican outlaws:

"We, Rangers Trollinger and Mounted Inspector Craighead, with Inspector Joe Sitters and Ranger Hulin, left Valentine on the morning of May 21, 1915, for a scout on the river in and around Pilares.

"On the night of May 22 we camped at Pilares where, some of Villa's soldiers told us a band of Mexican bandits were hiding in the mountains on this side of the river with a big bunch of smuggled horses and mules.

"The next morning we picked up their trail and started out to try to get the horses. After trailing them all day we came upon part of the horses in the foothills near the mountains and they were guarded by three men. We had a running fight with them, but it being near dusk, they made their getaway into the mountains.

The next day, May 24, we went into the mountains, Mr. Sitters being in command, divided our party, sending me three, Craighead, Trollinger and Cummins, up a canyon, while he and Ranger Hulin climbed a peak to get a view of the surrounding country. We were to try to get the horses, which were up against a bluff, while he kept a lookout for the Mexicans. As soon as we were well in the canyon the Mexicans began firing on us from all sides. They had allowed us to pass them where they were in hiding until we were entirely surrounded. As soon as the shooting began we dismounted, took our guns and cartridges and sought shelter behind the boulders and rocks.

"Our party tried five different times to get to where Mr. Sitters and Hulin were, but it was impossible, and Sitters waved and called to us to go back. We could see them, but were unable to see the Mexicans. After four hours of slowly working our way back over the mountain, under heavy fire, we gained a position back of where Sitters and Hulin had been last seen, but they had changed their position.

"We decided to try to get out as we were so badly outnumbered and were famished for water. When we had finally worked our way out of range of the Mexicans' guns the firing ceased and we knew Sitters and Hulin were either dead or had made their escape.

"We walked about five miles to a waterhole, suffering terribly from thirst. There were found four head of loose stock, which we drove to where we had left our pack outfit

that morning. We roped them with pack ropes and put our pack saddles on them. They were so poor we could not ride much, but walked and rode together until we reached the McGee ranch, which was about five miles further on.

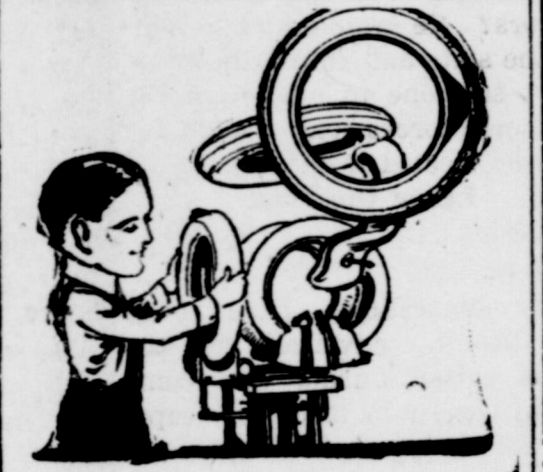
"We reached there about dusk and sent a Mexican with a note asking for help to the John Pool ranch, six miles away over the mountains. From this ranch the news was scattered over the surrounding country and a posse of 15 men was organized at Marfa, 40 miles away, and came to the Pool ranch in automobiles. There they were mounted and came to the McGee ranch, reaching there about sunup. A small party also came from Valentine.

"We reached the mountain pass where the fight occurred about 3 o'clock in the afternoon of May 25 and there found the mutilated bodies of Sitters and Hulin, lying about 30 yards apart.

"Sitters had made a brave fight, it being evident from the shells surrounding him that he had fired about 60 shots. Hulin was wounded early in the fight and was able only to fire one shot. We tied their bodies on a pack mule and took them back to the McGee ranch, where we buried them side by side in the same grave. It was impossible to bring them any nearer home.

"The bandits probably went back over the river, as we found no trace of them. They took our horses and saddles with them and rifled the pockets of the two men they had killed. Sitters' horse was killed and left with the saddle on. There were between 30 and 35 men in the band of Mexicans."

Advertise in the New Era.



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and money saved is money earned, you know. By our vulcanizing of your well worn treads and fabrics and of your inner tubes we can save you many dollars which will go toward the purchase of new tires and tubes when you actually must have them.

CASNER MOTOR CO.



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Ask the man who wears Anderson's Military and Civilian Clothing.

# Earl D. Anderson

## POST TAILOR

ACROSS FROM SALVATION ARMY HALL  
CAMP ALBERTS - - - - - MARFA, TEXAS

### H. M. BANDY LEAVES FOR ALPINE AUG. 16TH.

Owing to unforeseen circumstances having arisen, the church has reluctantly accepted the resignation of Brother Bandy as pastor. He will return to a former pastorate at Alpine, Texas, about August 16, to be absent from the Arizona work for a year. Coming to Globe two years ago, a few months after the church had been organized, Brother and Sister Bandy have labored unceasingly to build up the work at this place, and we point with pride to our present lot and building, which will be fully paid by the 15th of August. Providentially saved from Mexican bandits on the Brite ranch, and coming to Globe under the auspices of Mr. L. C. Brite, whose generosity to the work of the Christian church is well known, their coming seemed to be in direct answer to the prayers of those who had commenced the work here. Their unflinching honesty of purpose, high ideals, and untiring devotion to the Cause of Christ, have endeared them to all, and our best wishes go with them in their future work.

A generous gift of \$200 has just been received from Brother Brite, on condition that the balance due upon the indebtedness be raised by the church. A canvass is being made of the membership to complete the sum needed. Our church owes much to this generous friend and it has always been our regret that he has never been able to meet us, that we might thank him in person for his many kindnesses.—"Sunshine," Globe., Ariz.

Advertise in the New Era.

### Indian Alphabet.

Sequoyah, a half-blood Cherokee, inventor of the Indian alphabet and called the "American Cadmus," was born in the Old Cherokee nation in Georgia in 1763 and died in New Mexico in 1844, while in search of a lost band of Cherokees. His grave is unknown. In 1821 he invented the Cherokee alphabet, and since 1829 books and newspapers have been published in the Cherokee language, using the Cherokee characters. In 1832 he moved to the Cherokee Nation and lived at Muldrow, where he ran a trading post for years. The Cherokee alphabet contains 86 characters and is one of the most wonderful inventions considering the fact that its inventor was an illiterate Indian. The Cherokee Advocate was established at Tahlequah shortly after this alphabet was invented and has been published there since that time, using the Cherokee characters. This is the only newspaper many of the full-blood Cherokees can read. The translation of the Bible into Cherokee and the printed copies where the Cherokee characters are used have helped largely in the conversion of the Indians within the past half century to the Christian faith. The big sequoia trees of California were named in his honor and an effort was made to have his name given to the Indian Territory as a new state.

Dr. J. C. Darracott has moved his office to Room 1, over Candy Shop, (Palace Drug Store).

For Sale—Buick Roadster in first class mechanical condition. apply to New Era.

## MODEL MARKET

Headquarters For  
**Fresh Meat and Vegetables.**  
Phones 19 and 60

## MARFA STEAM LAUNDRY

SAM TOGO, Proprietor  
Located Opposite Quartermaster's Office

Open for business.  
All classes of laundry work done, and your patronage will be appreciated.  
Satisfaction guaranteed.

### Marfa Steam Laundry

## Marfa Electric and Ice Co.

Water—Electricity—Ice

## MARFA MARKET

Quality Meats and Vegetables  
Fish and Oysters in season  
Butter and Eggs

PHONES 75 AND 3

## The Marfa National Bank

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$100,000

Solicits your accounts on the basis of being able and willing to serve you well and acceptably.

### UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY



# THE NEW ERA

Published Every Saturday by  
New Era Printing Company  
(Incorporated)

Subscription, per Year .....\$2.00

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Display ad., run of paper, except first page, 25c per inch.  
One-half page or more, 20c per inch.

Ads in plate form, 15c per inch.  
Legal advertising, legal rate plus 20 per cent.

Classified advertising, 1 cent a word; minimum price, first insertion, 25 cents; after first insertion minimum price 15 cents.

Reading notices, 10 cents a line.  
Obituary poetry, memorial notices and resolutions, 10 cents a line.

Obituary notices, 5 cents a line, minimum charge 50 cents.  
Cards of thanks, 50 cents.  
Bank reports, 10 cents a line.

H. H. Kilpatrick ..... Editor  
M. Wilkinson ..... Business Manager

Entered as second class matter May 29, 1886, at Marfa, Texas, under act of March 2, 1879.

Marfa, Texas, Aug. 13, 1920.

Little drops of water  
And little grains of sand,  
Make the mighty ocean  
And the beautiful land.  
—Waterworks.

Little drops of water, constantly falling in the end wear away the hardest granite.

You cannot regulate everything and everybody by law—and we can have too many inspectors, too.

How many men are now doing the political thinking for Texas? From Bailey's speeches we judge there is only one during these days of the Progressive Democrats. Bailey, however, admits that the "progressives" have five sisters, who, if not thinking, are disturbing his slumbers to a certain extent.

### Unrest.

Unrest is divine, for it is universal. Fine specks float always in the sunbeam. The sunbeam beats always against the surrounding ether. The wave from the ocean never ceases to beat the shore. The earth turns ever to seek the light. For ages, no one knows how many, the planets have held their careless march from nowhere to nowhere, and the system of which they are part has gone its way about its central point, and that again about its own, and so on out into a space that is incomprehensible, because illimitable.

The mountains seem to rest, but they do not. Relative to us who have invented the ideas of relation and distance, they are where they were 10,000 years ago. But in those cycles they have traveled so far through space that the mind cannot grasp the computation.

Man never rests. He says, "I will lie down to rest," but he can not. The blood pulses on, the heart never tires until it stops. The nerves are wires, always kept busy as transmitting lines bearing into consciousness the things which life and nature entrusts to them. We sleep, and in our sleep we dream. The eyelids, to be sure, close and exclude the ether wave from beating against the shore of vision. But there are no earlids, no nostril valves to close against the vibration which through ear and nostril find their way to the soul.

We know a man who can awake at any hour with which he charges his mind before retiring. His brain has learned through systematic observation of time, how long an hour is, and that well-trained brain takes note of time even while he sleeps. Dreams are only ungoverned, unbalanced activities of the brain, dealing in playful, grotesque, sometimes dramatic way with life's phenomena remembered in sleep. There is no such thing as freedom from unrest.

If there were there would be stagnation. Unrest is a great news-maker. We do not mean by news such chronicle of events as the story of an earthquake or a conflagration in a great city. We mean the things connected with the activities of men. The affairs of the Mexicans interest us greatly, and we look daily for "news" from the "insurrectos." The Champagne riots threaten a new French revolution. The shop men of a great railway think they have a grievance and 10,000 ceases work. "News" is all this. And each of these things is due wholly to unrest in human souls. Madero is not satisfied. The peasants of a district are not satisfied. Each of these communicates dissatisfaction to others and there

is turmoil, upheaval, turbulence and general unrest. The law seems to be that only so are wrongs righted; only so is new advance made toward power.

Unrest is the germ of individuality. Let it obtain lodgment in a brain, and the man becomes a thinker, a planner, a creator, an inventor, a fomenter of discord, an uplifter of society. The labor unions are the organized propaganda of unrest. The "insurgent" or "progressive" in politics is the incarnation of the cry of unrest against crystallization. In business it is the same. The history of locomotion is no exception to the rule. The flight from London to Paris by an aviator in one unceasing flight is itself prophecy. It is possible that some day the real man which a human being is, will learn how to leave the body behind and go at will over the world seeing the realities of things. Why, when everything is thus in unrest should we expect religion, religious things, theology, theological things, to remain absolutely unmoved and unchanged and undisturbed by the spirit of unrest.—The Continent.

### Greed Throttles Patriotism.

It is apparent to the least observing that with each succeeding year we as a people are dividing more and more into classes and are caring less and less for the goodly and Godly doctrine of the Brotherhood of Man. This is lamentable, but looks awfully like it was true. Nothing can curb this but the checking of human greed, and that must begin in the cradle.

We are all American citizens, but no longer brothers with communal interests; we are capitalists and laborers, farmers and manufacturers—each class fighting desperately, not so much to promote the general welfare as in its own selfish interest; we are divided into classes social and classes industrial, and the lines of demarcation are becoming ever more strongly drawn. Patriotism is being throttled, to some extent, by greed, and fraternity by jealousy.

We no longer ask what a candidate can do to make our Union stronger; we do not inquire what he knows, if anything, about the science of government, but rather how deep a haul he can make on the treasury for the special behoof of our particular section; how large an appropriation he can secure for the improvement of Podunk creek, or the erection of some useless building; or how much protection he can secure for our products at the expense of the rest of the nation, and how many fat federal offices he can distribute among us!

We are all out for the spoils, and too willing to follow any demagogue who will lead us to the fleshpots. Our government is becoming too complex and cumbersome, and it is a wonder it does not break of its own weight. We should all study to simplify it, to dispense with many of our present offices and officers, state and national, instead of constantly creating more. The number of our tax-payers, and consumers outnumber the producers. They constitute a vast non-productive army and their support is a serious drain upon American industry. The remedy is that we must teach our children to produce, to help build, to avoid class hatred, to be more honest and less greedy.—Thinkograph.

### Labor and Capital.

Labor, capital and the law, are all today struggling for supremacy. That the cause of labor has the right, for its own protection and preservation, to organize, is clear. These organizations have greatly improved, properly so, the living conditions of those who live by the sweat of their brows. The man who works with brawn and the man who works with brain are brothers, and each should not only receive for his toil a compensation commensurate with living conditions, but each should have time to read, to think, to converse, to enjoy fireside and family. Without this leisure from the grind of daily toil, man, God's masterpiece, becomes "stolid and stunned." While labor organizations and capital combinations have their rights, they also have their limitations. No organization of men, be they miners, bankers or churchmen, should ever march forth beneath a red flag and with a stick of dynamite enforce by destructive power, its demands. The apostles of violence of both labor and capital should be forever silenced. We live in a land of law. It is the only king that wears no crown. Its mandates are supreme. I am opposed to anything, whatever may be its name, that defies the laws of my country. Differences between employees and employer

should receive an open, free, fair and honest discussion, and then be settled in peace around the council table, by ballots and not by bullets. The all-potent ballot in the hands of the people will not long permit unjust and unfair laws to oppress any class of our citizens. Broad as is this republic, there is beneath its flag no room for corporate power that would oppress labor, or labor that would wantonly destroy corporate property.—Ex. Neff's Speech.

### One Hundred Per Cent American.

We are living in a day of political and social unrest. No one can tell what tomorrow may bring forth. The future danger of this republic is from within and not from the invasion of a foreign foe. Patriotism and love of country should be taught at the fireside, in the school room and wherever people assemble, as never before. Let it be known that Americanism does not depend on one's place of birth. In one sense all of us are foreigners. My grandfather came from across the ocean to make his home in this land. You may have come later. We are all Americans if we believe in American institutions, are true to American institutions, are true to American ideals and bow in obedience to the mandates of American law. If while I am governor, the I. W. W.'s, who believe not in this republic, set their unhallowed feet where falls the light of the Lone Star and defy the law of the land, the entire civil and military power of the state will be mobilized on the field of action to uphold it.—Ex. Neff's Opening Speech.

### NEFF ON LABOR

(Continued from Page One.)

church and state. Do you know just what kind of a separation Bailey favors? He would like to separate the state and church in Texas and get someone to hold back the great moral forces long enough for him to be elected to office."

### Labor Question.

Discussing the labor question, Neff said:

"Many suggestions have been made, theories advanced and objections raised during this campaign in regard to labor and capital, and the respective rights of the employer and the employe. I am glad to state that my views in regard to labor and capital are in hearty accord with the declarations of principles set forth in our National Democratic platform. I believe that labor and capital each has the right to organize, each has the right to bargain collectively, each has the right to deal with the other at all times through duly selected representatives. I believe that every man who toils with either brain or brawn has the right to quiet work whenever he wants to, but when he quits his job let it be known that another American citizen has the right to do the work his neighbor did not want to do. Every man should be left free to make whatever contract he desires as to his employment, both as to compensation and hours of service. The employe should be left free to join the union, the open shop or the closed shop or stay out of all of them, just as he sees fit. The employer has the right to employ whomsoever he pleases and on whatsoever terms as to pay and hours of same are satisfactory to the two contracting parties. In the peaceful conduct of one's business and in the peaceful pursuit of one's trade the government should grant to each equal protection. When I am elected governor, neither labor nor capital shall rule in Texas. High above them both I shall place the law of the land. The law is supreme in Texas. Corporate power should never ascend so high that the strong arm of the law could not reach it, and labor should never descend so low that its voice could not be heard in the temple of justice. I am a friend to both capital and labor, to the employer and the employe. When I become your governor I shall have an open mind and clean hands as to each. Whenever trouble arises in our industrial life, I propose to go in person as your governor, and with a cool head and a warm heart hear the complaints of each, and thus around the council table in peace and as friends settle whatever differences may have arisen. If it is a public question the solution of which is of serious consequence I shall gladly invite three or more of the best men of the state, in whom all the people have confidence, to meet and counsel with us as how best to solve the problem. No! John Henry Kirby will not be invited. No man is a friend to Texas who as a candidate for governor preaches the gospel of hate and mistrust among different classes of our people. The candi-

date who does it is either an ignorant, a demagogue or a hypocrite.

"I am in favor of both capital and labor, and I shall go into the governor's office with clear hands as regards both. I take the responsibility of saying that Mr. Bailey as a candidate for governor is campaigning on a false issue and is making a camouflage campaign and seeking to ride into the governor's office on a counterfeit issue. The open shop and an imaginary eight-hour law have been injected into the campaign by Bailey. Unions have the right to exist under the laws of Texas. Bailey does not say he would repeal his law. He just denounces and passes on. He just abuses and offers no remedy. He proposes no new law. He doesn't say what he would do. He might as well declare for open communion in the Baptist church or infant baptism in the Methodist church. There is nothing he can do as governor in reference to maintaining the open shop or destroying the closed shop. Is there anyone can say Bailey has ever offered a remedy for the thing he condemns. When he injects the eight-hour law day he proves himself the greatest demagogue that ever ran for office in Texas. There is a law providing that the government employes shall work eight hours. I do not know if Bailey would repeal that. There is a law limiting the continuous time an engineer may be at the throttle to sixteen hours and I don't suppose even Bailey would suggest a repeal of that. There is also a law limiting the hours factories and corporate institutions may compel women to work to fifty-four per week. Is Bailey advocating the repeal of that law? He is on record against the child labor law. If he wants to repeal any of the three laws in Texas, why doesn't this brave, courageous candidate for governor have the courage to say so?"

Neff then ridiculed the idea of anyone proposing to apply the eight-hour day to the farm and gave a rendition of Bailey saying to the farmers that under such a law for the home they would have to crowd three meals into eight hours.

He asserted that Bailey might as well make an argument against a law making people work only at night, maintaining that he would have as much ground to do so.

"No man can be elected governor of Texas," he said, "who makes his campaign on a fictitious issue." Bailey, he asserted, thought of this issue only lately, not having referred to it in his Hillsboro speech upon his return to Texas, in the "fundamentals" outlined at Fort Worth, nor in his Gainesville speech, launching his candidacy for governor, but that he had only done so when he found his "fundamentals" were not taking with the people and that his abuse was nauseating to patriotic citizens.

Neff ridiculed the idea of Bailey's doing anything for the farmers, and charged him with taking the position that in order to keep boys on the farm, working conditions should be made so bad in the city that the farm boy would be disgusted with city life and go back to the farm. He asserted that the Neff plan to keep the boys on the farm was not to make life harder for the city

dweller, but more pleasant for the farmer. He assured his hearers they could believe it for it was in the Congressional Record that Bailey had actually declared in a speech in congress that it ought to be made a criminal offense for a man to run an automobile on the highways of Texas. When the laughter had subsided Neff said he wanted to see every boy in the country that can afford one, have an automobile, and if he can run it with one hand, and court the pretty girls, well and good."

He charged that Bailey had been able to find fault only with one plank of the Neff platform—the land plan, and that he has misrepresented that.

### At the Liberty Theater.

Commencing Monday, Aug. 16, the fall and winter season will open with high-class vaudeville and comedy farces. The management has secured for the opening attraction Mr. Cal. Cohen and Miss Tessie Torbett and company of all star performers. Mr. Cohen is a famous minstrel and producer, having been with Al. G. Fields and Primrose and West, having played all the big theaters in the country. Mr. Cohen is recognized as one of the funniest

black-face comedians in the country.

Miss Torbett, the dainty soubrette, with her songs and dances, has been a whirlwind success everywhere and has played to crowded houses in all her engagements.

The entire company has been selected with the greatest care and every act is worth the price of admission.

The management is greatly pleased to be able to open the season with a company of players of such merit and the assures the public that every performance will be worth seeing. Two performances will be given daily at 6:30 and 8 p. m. General admission 50c; children 25c. Change of program daily. (adv.)

**HAMMERMILL BOND**  
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**PRINTING**  
Will Save You  
Money

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TINNER AND PLUMBER

STORAGE TANKS, TROUGHS

RADIATOR WORK A SPECIALTY

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MARFA, TEXAS



### Our Window

For Birthday, Wedding Anniversaries  
And All Occasions  
Sardonyx—Birthstone for August

**Anderson's Gift Store**

JEWELER & OPTICIAN

MARFA, TEXAS

## Marfa Manufacturing Co.

(INCORPORATED)

**BLACKSMITH, MACHINE SHOP**  
and Garage

SAMSON AND ECLIPSE WIND-  
MILLS, GASOLINE ENGINES,  
PIPES AND WATER SUPPLIES,  
AUTOMOBILE CASINGS, TUBES  
AND ACCESSORIES

Marfa

Texas



**Just Arrived—**  
new Suits, Hats, and  
Dresses.  
**Milady's Shoppe**

## Popular Dry Goods Co.

---Sells For Less---

Men's, Ladie's Ready-to-wear



# Locals and Personal

Ferdinand Weber was in from Ruidosa last Saturday.

Mr. King of Presidio was in the city Monday.

Glase, Pineapple and Cherries. THE CANDY SHOP.

For Sale—Fresh sweet Bermuda onions, very fine. Phone 109.

Mrs. E. B. Quick returned Saturday from El Centro, Cal.

Bee brand fly powder gets the flies. Murphy-Walker Co.

T. M. Wilson returned from El Paso the first of the week.

Mrs. E. E. Share is visiting this week in El Paso.

For Sale—A bargain in nearly new high-grade piano. Call at New Era office.

Delicious Del Rio grapes have made their appearance in the Marfa markets.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Cardwell left Monday for a three days' trip to El Paso.

For Sale—Buick roadster in perfect mechanical condition. Cheap for cash. Call at New Era office.

J. E. Vaughan left Tuesday in his auto for San Angelo, where he will visit his mother and sisters.

We are making low prices on oil stoves. Several makes to select from. Murphy-Walker Co.

Mr. L. L. Felix is now working at the postoffice. He will probably decide to locate permanently in Marfa.

Mr. Ben Boyd returned this week from an eight months' trip to relatives in Arkansas.

For Sale—Extra good B. P. Rock cockerals, \$3.50 each. Mrs. J. W. Merrill, Fort Davis, Texas.

T. G. Webb of Alpine, representing the Gulf Refining company, was in the city several days this week.

Marfa Mattress Works. Marfa has now a full grown mattress factory. Elmo Roberts, proprietor.

C. C. Bonner left Tuesday evening for San Antonio; from there he will go to Honolulu to engage in Y. M. C. A. work.

For Sale—Thoroughbred Belgian Hares and New Zealand Red Rabbits. Call or write Geo. T. Grubb, Marfa, Texas.

Miss May Kranzthor, and brother, Gregory, of Los Angeles, are here on a visit to their grandmother, Mrs. Mary Young.

New Recruits. Monday a carload containing 46 new recruits for the Fifth Cavalry arrived in Marfa.

New line of wash gingham and voile dresses recently received. Prices moderate. Call and see them at "Milady's Shopp."

D. D. Kilpatrick has been appointed by the commissioners' court as justice of the peace in and for precinct No. 8.

W. T. Davis has resigned as county commissioner, and E. W. King of Presidio appointed in his place.

The salary of J. C. Fuller, county attorney, has been raised by the commissioners' court from \$40 to \$75 per month.

For Sale—Thoroughbred Belgian Hares and New Zealand Red Rabbits. Call or write Geo. T. Grubb, Marfa, Texas.

Mrs. R. E. Petross left Thursday morning on No. 9 for El Paso in response to information that her father is seriously ill.

Judge W. L. Davidson of the criminal court of appeals at Austin came in Wednesday with his family en route for Fort Davis.

New line of wash gingham and voile dresses recently received. Prices moderate. Call and see them at "Milady's Shopp."

J. B. Humphreys, in charge of the Evans ranch, was in the city Monday and Tuesday of this week.

Made to Order—Candy, Ice Cream and Sherbets.

THE CANDY SHOP.

Mrs. Charles Bailey, accompanied by her daughter Ruth, left Tuesday on a visit to eastern points.

Ben S. Avant, assistant cashier State bank, has left on a vacation to San Antonio and other South Texas Points.

On and after the 14th of August on Saturdays the Marfa Barber Shop will close at 9:30 p. m.

MARFA BARBER SHOP.

James Sloan has resigned as county commissioner and Edwin F. Hill of Shafter has been appointed by the county judge to fill the vacancy.

Thomas Rawls resigned on the 10th of August as county commissioner. F. C. Mellard has been appointed by Judge Miller to fill the vacancy.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to extend sincere thanks to all citizens and soldiers who on last Wednesday week saved our home from destruction.

MR. and MRS. F. M. KENNEDY.

To the ladies who brought cake on plates to the cleanup luncheon July 22, it stated that these plates can be found at the Casner Auto company.

Mr. E. R. Brown of El Paso is now holding down the linotype at the New Era office vice Mr. Joe Collins, on the river working for the government.

Mrs. W. C. Jordan and her sister, Miss Everitt, left Wednesday for El Paso. Being unable to find a house in Marfa they were forced to this move.

Mr. and Mrs. Hodges and daughter, and Mrs. Herne, of Corsicana, are here this week, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Morris and Mr. and Mrs. Kemp.

For Rent—Apartment consisting of dining-room, kitchen, living room, front porch, sleeping porch screened, and bathroom, bedroom. Phone 115.

Mrs. Hub Gunyon and her two little daughters, after spending seven weeks with her mother, Mrs. F. M. Kennedy, returned to her home in Deming, New Mex.

Rawls & Davis. Hillsman Davis has bought the interest of Julian Wease in the cleaning and pressing establishment. The name of the firm is now Rawls & Davis.

Somewhat Disfigured. Lujan, who has been in one hundred fights in the last 10 years, was slightly disfigured last Saturday night in an argument with Alberto Nichols. Alberto used a baseball bat.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Spencer attended the funeral services of the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Matthews, who died on Aug. 5th at Alpine. Mr. and Mrs. Matthews have many friends in Marfa who extend sympathy in their bereavement.

C. of C. Luncheon. The luncheon given by the members of the Chamber of Commerce will now be held every Monday at 12:30. Let every member come out. Always a good luncheon and an interesting session.

Tri Sigmas Entertain. The Tri Sigmas entertained the young men and visiting girls with a picnic supper one evening last week at the Skillman Grove camp ground.

Amusing games furnished much merriment. Bountiful repast, consisting of fried chicken, sandwiches, deviled eggs, potato chips, olives, fruit salad, ice cream cake and punch.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Evans chaperoned the twenty couples who were as follows: Misses Katherine and Dorothy Mitchell, Myrtle and Bill Rawls, Luci-Belle and Penelope Snyder, Hester Britte, Marcella Lively, Gladys and Mildred Williams.

Grace Greenwood, Helen Stark, Katherine Boyle, Evalyn Fitzgerald, Katherine Cox, Cora Walker, Leota Gillett, Mrs. Mattie Murray, Messrs. Lee Fischer, Clemmie Davis, Tom Lamb, Hillman Davis, Will Colquitt, Richard Gillett, Milton Gillett, Ben Avant, Fentzinaker, McCracken, Edwin McTate, Leslie Porter, Frank Rosson, Sam Carruthers, Ellsworth Share, Fentzinaker, William Wilson, Burton-Mitchell.

Back to the Farm. Glenn and Munsey Wilson, brothers, living at Alpine, came to Marfa this week looking for employment.

These young men are working to pay their way through the Texas University. Formerly in the south young men taught summer schools in order to make money for an education, but manual labor is now more remunerative, hence the change. These young men are representative of a growing class in America, who are not afraid of work. The salvation of America is in the cry: "Back to the Farm." The lure of the city will finally, if not checked, be the damnation of modern civilization.

O'Downie—McVea.

Mr. Archie O'Downie and Miss Dorothy McVea were united in marriage at the Baptist parsonage Sunday evening at 8:45, Pastor C. S. Harrison officiating.

They were accompanied to the parsonage by Mr. Sloan and Miss Gladys Johnson, who witnessed the ceremony.

Miss McVea has been in the employment of the Telephone company of this city and has a large circle of friends here. Mr. O'Downie is a member of the Fifth Cavalry.

Congratulations to the happy young couple.

Swimming Party.

Tuesday afternoon Misses Gladys and Mildred Williams, attractive nieces of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Holmes, entertained a group of young people with a swimming party and picnic supper. Leaving Marfa at 4 o'clock they drove to Antelope ranch and, after indulging in a refreshing swim, gathered under the trees and were served with a delightful supper consisting of sandwiches, potato chips, salad and watermelon.

Luncheon at the Park.

The luncheon given by the citizens to the soldiers Tuesday evening at the Park as a grateful remembrance of the splendid work did by them at the fire Tuesday week was a complete success. There were plenty of eats, drinks and smokes, and everyone had a good time.

At Barrel Springs Ranch.

Miss Leota Gillett entertained a group of friends at the Barrel Springs ranch last week. One day was spent in climbing Mount Livermore horseback. Those who enjoyed this delightful trip were Misses Marcella Lively, Hester Britte, Messrs. Lee Fischer, Will Colquitt, Milton Gillett, and Frank Jones.

League Program.

Aug. 15, 1920. Leader—Mrs. C. Peterson. Subject—"Receiving and Giving Praise." Prayer. Song No. 9, "In the Garden." Song, No. 28, "I Will Sing the Wonderous Story." Scripture Lesson—Thessalonians, 1st. 2-10. Address—"Receiving Praise." Mr. Orgain. Address—"Praising Others." Mrs. Metcalfe. Address—"Praising God," by leader. Song, No. 19, "Sunshine of the Soul." Song, No. 17, "Jesus Is All the World to Me." Benediction. Announcements.

St. Paul's Episcopal Church.

Rev. Clarence S. McClellan, Jr., B. D. Rector. SUNDAY SERVICES Church School at 10 A. M. (Other services omitted during the Rector's absence on his vacation)

Baptist Church.

We had two very splendid services Sunday. Mr. Bonner was with us, and that always insures a "pepy" service. We regret very much to lose Mr. Bonner, who left this week to assume his duties with the Y. M. C. A. at other points, probably in Honolulu. This community loses a most valuable "booster" and religious worker in the going of Mr. Bonner.

If we are not to have his assistance in our own local situation further, it behoves all of us to do our

best now. Let us have a good showing in our choir next Sunday.

Last Sunday night the pastor brought some very helpful lessons from the life of Esau. Next Sunday night he will discuss some other lessons that this rugged life suggests.

We invite you to be with us. C. S. HARRISON, Pastor.

Mexican Methodist Church.

The Mexican Methodist church, of which Rev. B. R. Soto is pastor, is now holding revival meetings under the direction of the Texas Mexican Mission evangelist, Rev. Basilio Soto, from Austin, Texas.

The meetings have been well attended, have had twelve conversions and many others are hearing the Gospel for the first time.

Rev. Basilio Soto is one of the oldest preachers, well-known in both frontiers since about forty years ago, and no doubt this work under his direction will bring many souls to Christ.

We extend a cordial invitation to our American friends and brethren.

A Parody of the 19th Psalm.

By Mrs. Mauer. At the monthly social meeting of the Ladies' Aid of the Baptist church last Wednesday afternoon, each lady was asked to bring up as a part of the program a parody on a chapter of Scripture.

There were many interesting parodies read. One on the 19th Psalm, by Mrs. Maurer, was of especial interest, as it sets forth the Bolshevik in its true light.

"The newspapers declare the glory of the Bolshevik, and the Associated Press showeth its handiwork. Day unto day uttereth his cussedness, and night unto night showeth destruction. There is no speech nor language where their propoganda has not gone. Their agents have gone out through all the earth. By them they have made for themselves a place in the sun, which is as the Kaiser coming out of his palace to saw wood, and rejoiceth as Babe Ruth to make a home run. His going forth is from Russia to the darkest Africa, and his circuit the circumference of the earth; and there is nothing hid from his frightfulness.

The law of the Bolshevik is vile, restoring anarchy. The testimony of the Bolshevik is sure, hoodwinking the simple. The precepts of the Bolshevik are diabolical, seducing men's hearts. The commandments of the Bolshevik are fearful, intimidating the ignorant. The fear of the Bolshevik is universal, enduring throughout this generation. The ordinances of the Bolshevik are rotten and Satanic altogether. More to be adominated are they than the Kaiser, yea, more than the Kaiser and the Crown Prince combined. Better also than the thoughts

of Joe Bailey for governor, and a wet candidate for president.

Moreover by them should the American people be warned, and in deporting them there is great satisfaction. Who can discern the depths of his infamy? Cleans us who are Americans from their hidden faults. Keep us back also from presumptuous sins of pride and anarchy. Let not them have dominion over us. Then shall we be true Americans, and shall be clear of blunders. In the words of our mouth and the meditations of our hearts be wholly patriotic, and let us in all things be true Americans.

A Parody on 1 Kings, chapter 17.

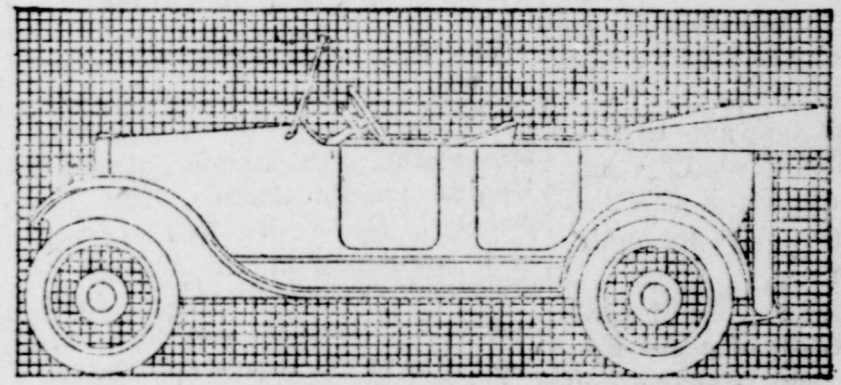
By Mrs. Joe Cooper. After Mayor Murphy, came also Mayor Orgain, who shut up the movies for six weeks and there was neither rain nor dew for three years and six months in Precidio county, and it came to pass in those days that County Clerk Fortner knew the wicked judge, K. C. Miller, would see like the mayor's office, and he commanded Mayor Orgain to hide himself by the Aroya Sotol, that emptieth into the Rio Grande. There he drank of the sotol furnished by bootleggers, and was fed by Uncle Sammie's airplanes until the rangers captured the bootleggers, and the airplanes were ordered away from Marfa. County Clerk Fortner then directed Mayor Orgain to the home of a poor Mexican widow at Lazitas, in the Big Bend country, and County Clerk Fortner commanded the widow to sustain Mayor Orgain,

and it was there that the frioles and tortillas never failed as long as the famine lasted, and when the widow's son died, Mayor Orgain buried him by the silvery Rio Grande, and the widow said, "By this act I know thee to be the mayor of Marfa."

A Parody of Luke, Chapter 14.

By Mrs. Kerr. And it came to pass that a certain ranchman went into a lawyer's house in Marfa on the Sabbath Day to eat bread, and, being criticised by his neighbors, he replied, "When thou givest a dinner, invite not your friends and neighbors and kinsmen, because they will outdo your dinner by giving a more elaborate lawn party. But rather invite the poor, the lame and the blind, for they can not outdo you in giving a dinner, nor will they make excuses as did the invited guests of a certain ranchman when invited to a barbecue. The first said, 'I have bought a houseand lot in Alpine and must needs go and see it.' And another said, 'I have bought five burros and must pay for them,' and another replied, 'I have married a wife and my mother-in-law will not let me come.' The ranchman being angry said unto his servants, go out into the mountains and canyons and bring in the cowboys, for none of those invited shall taste of my barbecue. And he said unto the cowboys, 'If ye hate not these invited guests, you shall not eat of my barbecue.'

## Fine Steels form the Sinews of a MAXWELL



Search for the sinews in a Maxwell and you discover new steels, fine steels, special steels, steels manufactured to Maxwell's own formulae.

JOHN T. HAMIC



1/4 off

Final Clean-up Of Womens' Summer Shoes ON SALE FOR ONE WEEK Beginning

August 14th

This is your last chance to buy SUMMER "REGAL" SHOES at a fraction of the original cost price

Livingston - Mabry Co.



**TWENTY YEARS AGO**

New Era, Aug. 1900.

**Life.**

A baby's cry—  
A child's brief joy and pain—  
A maiden's sigh;  
And then a love's refrain—  
A woman's tear;  
When shattered idols fall—  
And then the bier;  
When death doth end it all.

Miss Dixie Pool is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. G. Knight.

Sheriff Knight has gone up on the river with Captain Hughes.

The public school is to open the first Monday in September.

Misses Heyer and Noonan have gone over to Davis today to visit friends.

Mrs. Mayme Caples, of El Paso, is in from the ranch, where she has been spending the past several weeks.

Miss Penett Hurley, of Austin, sister of Mrs. W. G. Lempert, is here visiting, to remain a week or two.

Road Overseer Will Young is around collecting some money and summoning men to work the roads next week.

Mr. R. E. McMinn is in from the ranch and reports his cattle in a fine condition, but says he has lost some few with blackleg.

Miss Jessie Bogel has been visiting her friends, Misses Annie Humphreys and Eleanor Humphris this week.

The young folks took possession of Livingston's new drug store building last night and had a dance on the new floor.

Mr. R. C. Dayly, of Presidio, has been here for the past several days, undergoing an examination before the board to teach the public school at Presidio.

Any ranchman who wants to move to town this winter to send his children to school can get a fine bargain in a residence place by applying at this office.

If any of our numerous subscribers who owe a couple of years' subscription will send us a cord of wood they will get credit for \$4 and we will not feel hurt about it either. Wood is all the same as cash.

Those who have subscribed to the cemetery fund are requested to come forward and pay their subscriptions to the treasurer, Mr. F. E. Gillett, so that the work on the well and windmill can be commenced.

Marfa had quite a sensation this week in the shape of a family row. Ex-Roadmaster Hennessey was arrested and fined on a charge of assault on his wife. He was placed under a peace bond by Justice Shields. Mrs. Hennessey sought refuge at the house of a neighbor and is still there, while Mr. Hennessey has left the city.

There died at the home of Francisco Dias, Thursday, an old woman by the name of Sista Moncada, who is said to have been 95 years old. She was the grandmother of Mrs. Dias.

The school examining board, consisting of Judge Kilpatrick, Messrs. Kelley and Boynton, are in session today. The following applicants are before the board: Misses Minnie and Alice Campbell, Willie Ellison and Mr. R. C. Daly.

Prof. J. H. Taff, of Shafter, was here this week looking after his fences. He has gone to Valentine. The professor says there is nothing new under the sun and that things are very dull in his town.

We suppose the county campaign will open up about court time. There is very little election talk this year. The candidates seem to be laying low. Those who want a county office had better be letting people know about it for sure. Our announcement column looks mighty thin.

Mrs. Shirley, mother of Mrs. Dr. Murray, who has been here for the past several weeks with her daughter, left Thursday night for her home in Chihuahua. She was accompanied by the little daughter of Mrs. Hennessey, who will remain with her until her mother gets settled.

Captain John R. Hughes, of the Rangers, was in Marfa two or three days this week looking about to see what he could see. The captain has been under the weather for some months and wanted to get down in this section for the benefit of his health. A couple of his boys are now at Valentine and he has gone there, and will probably take a scout over the San Carlos country. Two rangers are also stationed at Polvo now.

**THE BLOYS CAMP MEETING NEAR FORT DAVIS, TEXAS**

In Heart of Davis Mountains—Eighty-four Miles Above Sea Level.

The Thirty-first annual meeting of this great Cattleman's Camp Meeting begins August 18th, at the old Skillman Camp Ground, 16 miles west of Fort Davis, on the old overland stage road, 24 miles east of Valentine and 20 miles northwest of Marfa, Texas.

This is a self-supporting camp meeting. Everybody very cordially invited to come and be with us six days in this great meeting. Free beef for all campers.

Arrangements for eating or getting eatables can be made with some of the regular camps by those coming from a distance, but it is highly necessary to bring tent and plenty of bedding.

Preachers—Dr. R. L. Irwin, Fort Davis; Dr. J. H. Burma, Dubuque, Iowa; Dr. Percy Knickerbocker, El Paso; Dr. Milo Atkinson, El Paso; Dr. S. J. Porter, Oklahoma City, and many other eminent ministers expect to attend, but the above have been selected to do the preaching.

Remember, the meeting begins on Wednesday night, August 18th, and closes Tuesday morning following. Will not every Christian who reads this notice stop and offer an earnest prayer for the Lord's blessings on this meeting. Please come and help us six days in this meeting. Help by your presence, your prayers and your co-operation.

BRO. L. R. MILLICAN, Allamore, Texas, Manager.

All former campers are urged to attend and especially all who have been converted during these years are very earnestly urged to attend or write us a line.

BRO. L. R. MILLICAN.

**Doctor McClellan in California.**

The Rev. Clarence S. McClellan, Jr., rector of St. Paul's and Episcopal missionary of the "Big Bend," is spending the summer at Santa Monica, on the Pacific, near Los Angeles. The rector has recently been preaching at the Church of the Good Shepherd, Ocean Park, and is the special preacher for August 15 at St. Augustine's Episcopal church in Santa Monica. He has been invited to San Francisco and also to be the special preacher at Tuolumne, Cal., in the Sierras near Yosemite. He was recently the guest of the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Spalding at Coronado Beach, San Diego. Mr. McClellan expects to be back in Marfa during early September.

**Many Thanks.**

We wish to express our thanks and appreciation for the valuable service rendered us by citizens and army men in saving our store from the recent fire.

JOHN E. MACDONALD,  
A. J. HOFFMAN.

I have secured the agency for the Purity Blackleg Vaccine and can meet your requirements. It stands the test.

Mac's Drug Store.

Carbon paper, both sizes, at The New Era office.

**REMINISCENT**

Diaz's Warning and Mexico's Day of Repentance.

By Sidney M. Sutherland, in Chicago Tribune.

One sunny afternoon in late May, 1911, Porfirio Diaz stood alone by the speaker's chair in the chamber of deputies in Mexico City. The seats were filled with deputies and senators, the galleries were crowded with supreme court judges, foreign diplomats, and the capital's aristocracy. They had thronged the building to hear the aged executive make his farewell address to the representatives of the people he had ruled for nearly thirty years.

In the midst of silence that was funeral, the heavy shouldered, white haired old man stared at the people and spoke, his voice low and controlled until he uttered the last few words.

**Weary After Thirty years' Rule.**

Thus edited, his remarks: "I am going away. I am old and tired. For thirty years I have ruled you. I could go on ruling you till I died. But I am weary and my strength is fading.

"When I took charge of you, you were a nation of savages, living in a desert. You are still savages, but you no longer live in a desert. I built your railroads, your electric lines, your telegraph and telephone systems, your buildings, your cities, your streets, your country. I developed your mines, your timber lands, your farms, your livestock, your nation.

"I did not build you a navy or develop an army because our neighbor on the north has a doctrine—the Monroe doctrine—which makes a fleet unnecessary, and because the only army I needed was a police force to stamp out banditry.

**Plans for Education.**

"Nor did I build or develop schools, because being a generation of savages I hoped in my first thirty years to crush the barbarism out of the adults and raise a generation of men and women who knew nothing of revolutions. I intended soon to start an educational campaign for the little children of today, which would put the next generation on a standard equal to any in the Latin world.

"When I took you in the palm of my hand, my people, and began to mold you into a semi-civilized nation, you had no money, you were torn and ruined by dozens of revolutions, you had nothing, not even hope. Now that I am going you need nothing; you have all. I could stay on and fight the so-called revolutionists at Juarez to the end of my days. As long as I could meet the army's pay roll I could count on the army's patriotism.

**Blessings on Successor.**

"But you have indicated that you want a change. Old Porfirio is a tyrant and must go. Very well; I am going. Take your Francisco Madero; erect triumphal arches for him; accustom your vocal chords to the cries of 'Viva Madero!' you who so long have shouted 'Viva Diaz!' Take him; obey him; help him; continue as I have started you, and may the Almighty bless you and him.

"But hear and heed my words"—and the old man raised his voice

to a hoarse roar as he shook a quivering finger at the wide-eyed audience—"listen to what I say. The time will come when you will get down on your knees and weep tears of blood for the only God you ever knew—Porfirio Diaz.

He struck his mighty chest a resounding blow, tossed upon the speaker's desk the paper bearing his formal resignation from the presidency, curled his lip at the panic stricken crowd, and turned and walked away.

**But One Avenue of Hope.**  
And did the old man's words come true? For more than nine years nearly 16,000,000 Mexicans at our back door have knelt upon their knees and wept tears of blood for another God like Diaz.

And in those nine years they have taken the treasure house of the world—Mexico—and looted it and sacked it and drenched it with blood and wrecked it beyond all repairing. I refer to any salvation at the hands of Mexicans. I have just returned from nearly three months' travel in and observation of that shattered country, and with full knowledge of the import of my words I say—the only redemption for Mexico, the only way in which order can be restored down there, the only manner whereby the nation, incalculably rich in all the resources mankind needs and incredibly devastated by greed and ignorance and the savagery of militarism, can be rescued and restored and extricated from the chaos and madness and barbarism in which it welters at present, is for the American army to go into that country and remove all those elements which combine to keep the country in the demoralization at present reigning there.

**No Man for Diaz's Shoes.**  
There is not today in Mexico any one man who can step into old Don Porfirio's shoes. Oregon measures nearest to the old man's stature, but no one man can do it, and no one man find enough capable Mexicans sufficiently disinterested to join their efforts in a genuine, sincere attempt to save the situation.

We have a supply of Type-writer ribbons for Remington, Underwood and Oliver machines. Call at The New Era for a new ribbon when in need.



**NEW TIRES COME HIGH**  
in these days. The purchase is a matter for serious consideration. The way to save the expense of new tires is to make the old ones last longer. If you have one or more damaged tires bring them here. Our vulcanizing can often save for further long service tires that otherwise would have to be scrapped.

CASNER MOTOR CO.

**Why Brunswick Tires Win Preference**

There are two main reasons—one, the name itself, which certifies superfine value—the other, that time tells the same story.

Thus reputation and performance unite in giving you all you expect—and more.

Yet Brunswicks cost no more than like-type tires. Many motorists would pay more readily, but the Brunswick idea is to GIVE the utmost, rather than to GET the utmost. And this has been true since 1845. You can appreciate what Brunswick Standards mean by trying ONE Brunswick Tire. It will be a revelation. You'll agree that you could not buy a better, regardless of price.

And, like other motorists, you'll decide to have ALL Brunswicks. Then you'll know supreme satisfaction from your tires—longer life, minimum trouble, lower cost.

THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO.  
Dallas Headquarters: 611 Main St.



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Stool's Dry Goods Store  
Ladies and Mens Ready to Wear  
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PRICES RIGHT  
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ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON ANY CLASS OF WORK.  
NO JOB TOO LARGE OR TOO SMALL  
FOR US TO FIGURE ON.

PHONE 152

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CLEANING AND PRESSING AS IT SHOULD BE DONE  
ALL WORK GUARANTEED

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TAILORS  
PHONE 104—YOU CALL, WE CALL

**Silk Arrivals**

New fall silks now on display, in all shades and colors.

Mens' silk neckwear in the new fall shapes and patterns.

Special Sale on Gordon silk hose 95c and \$1.75.

Mitchell-Gillett Dry Goods Co.



**RELATING TO THE MANNER OF COMPENSATION OF PUBLIC OFFICIALS.**

House Joint Resolution No. 7.  
A Joint resolution of the Legislature of the State of Texas, proposing an amendment to the constitution of the State by adding to Article 16 thereof a new Section, to be shown as Section 60; providing for the compensation of public officials.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:  
Section 1. That there is hereby added to Article XVI of the Constitution of the State of Texas, a new section to be known as Section 60 of Article XVI of the Constitution of the State of Texas, which shall read as follows:

Section 60. Compensation of Public Officials: All States, district, county and precinct officers within this State shall receive as compensation for their services a salary, the amount of which, the terms and methods of payment and the fund out of which such payments shall be made, shall be ascertained, declared and fixed by the Legislature from time to time; provided that the Legislature may make such exceptions as it may seem advisable.

This section shall supersede all other provisions of this constitution fixing and declaring the compensation of officers by salary, fees or otherwise and all provisions for salaries or other compensation for public officials, executive, legislative or judicial.

Sec. 2. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to cause to be issued his necessary proclamation for an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1920, at which election this amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of this State for adoption or rejection and shall make the publication required by the constitution and laws of the State. Said election shall be held under and in accordance with the General Election Laws of the State, and the ballots for said election shall have printed or written thereon in plain letters, the following words:

"Official Ballot" "For the amendment to Article XVI of the Constitution of the State of Texas, adding thereto Section 60, providing for compensation of public officials."

Those voters who favor such amendment shall erase by marking a line through the words "Against the amendment to Article XVI of the Constitution of the State of Texas, adding thereto Section 60, providing for compensation of public officials." Those who oppose such amendment shall erase by marking a line through them, the words "For the amendment to Article XVI of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing compensation for public officials." And the result of the election shall be published and declared according to the majority of the votes cast in such election.

Sec. 3. The sum of Five Thousand Dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the treasury not otherwise appropriated for the purpose of paying the necessary expenses of the proclamation of this amendment and the election to be held hereunder.

C. D. MIMS,  
Secretary of State  
(Attest—A true copy) 7-23-41  
-00-

**RELATING TO TAXATION BY SCHOOL DISTRICTS.**

Senate Joint Resolution No. 17.  
Proposing an amendment to Section 3 of Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas by exempting independent and common school districts from the limitation of a total tax of one dollar on the one hundred dollars valuation for any one year, and making an appropriation therefor.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 3 of Article VII of the Constitution be so amended as hereafter to read as follows: (Creating a new Section 3.)

Section 3. One-fourth of the revenue derived from the State occupation taxes and a poll tax of one (\$1.00) dollar on every inhabitant of this state, between the ages of twenty-one and sixty years, shall be set apart annually for the benefit of the public free schools; and in addition thereto, there shall be levied and collected an annual ad valorem state tax of such an amount not to exceed thirty-five cents on the one hundred (\$100.00) dollars valuation, as with the available school fund arising from all other sources, will be sufficient to maintain and support the public schools of this State for a period of not less than six months in each year, and it shall be the duty of the State Board of Education to set aside a sufficient amount out of the said tax to provide free text books for the use of children attending the public free schools of this State; provided, however, that should the limit of taxation herein named be sufficient the deficit may be met by appropriation from the general funds of the state and the legislature may also provide for the formation of school districts by general or special law without the local notice required in other cases of special legislation; and all such school districts, whether created by general or special law may embrace parts of two or more counties. And the legislature shall be authorized to pass laws for the assessment and collection of taxes in all said districts and for the management and control of the public school or schools of such districts, whether such districts are composed of territory wholly within a county or in part of two or more counties. And the legislature may authorize an additional ad valorem tax to be levied and collected within all school districts heretofore formed or hereafter formed, for the further maintenance of public free schools, and

the erection and equipment of school buildings therein; provided that a majority of the qualified property tax-paying voters of the district voting at an election to be held for that purpose, shall vote such tax not to exceed in any one year one dollar on the one hundred dollars valuation of the property subject to taxation in such district, but the limitation upon the amount of school district tax herein authorized shall not apply to incorporated cities or towns constituting separate and independent or common school districts created by general or special law.

Section 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of the State at an election to be held throughout the state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1920, at which election all voters favoring said proposed amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "For the Amendment to Section 3 of Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing that the limitation upon the amount of school district tax of one dollar on the one hundred dollars valuation shall not apply to independent or common school districts created by general or special law."

Section 3. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and to have same published as required by the Constitution and existing laws of the State.

Section 4. That the sum of Five Thousand (\$5000.00) Dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the treasury of the State of Texas not otherwise appropriated, to pay the expenses of such publication and election.

C. D. MIMS,  
Secretary of State  
(Attest—A true copy) 7-23-41  
-00-

I have secured the agency for the Purity Blackleg Vaccine and can meet your requirements. It stands the test.  
Mac's Drug Store.  
Carbon paper, both sizes, at The New Era office.  
Boys' shoes at special price, \$2.90 per pair, at H. W. Schutz's



**DO YOUR GARDENING**

with the right tools, etc., and it will be much easier, pleasanter and probably more successful. We have everything for the garden. Rakes, hoes, weeders, path edgers, garden hose, lawn mowers. If you have been working with poor tools, get some of ours and enjoy the difference. They cost no more so why not have them?  
MARFA LUMBER CO.

Call  
**THE CANDY SHOP**  
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For Ice Cream, Sherbets and home-made Candies

**SHOE SALE**  
Beginning Monday, July 26th  
HERE'S YOUR CHANCE  
to buy desirable, dependable  
SHOES, at PRICES  
Considerably under Regular Prices  
**Livingston-Mabry Co.**

**OFFICIAL DIRECTORY**

Congressman, sixteenth congressional district, C. Hudspeth, El Paso.  
State Senator, twenty-fifth senatorial district, J. M. Dudley.

**DISTRICT COURT**

Of the sixty-third judicial counties:  
County County Site  
Jeff Davis ..... Fort Davis  
Presidio ..... Marfa  
Brewster ..... Alpine  
Terrell ..... Sanderson  
Kinney ..... Brackett  
Maverick ..... Eagle Pass  
Uvalde ..... Uvalde  
Val Verde ..... Del Rio  
District Judge, Hon. Joseph Jones, Del Rio.  
District attorney, Hon. J. O. Henry, Del Rio.  
Court stenographer, Julian La Crosse, Del Rio.  
J. H. Fortner, district clerk of Presidio County.

**COUNTY COURT**

Hon. K. C. Miller, county judge, Marfa.  
J. C. Fuller, county attorney, Marfa.  
J. H. Fortner, clerk, Marfa.  
**COUNTY OFFICERS**  
Ira W. Cline, sheriff and collector.  
Amos Kerr, treasurer.  
H. W. Reynolds, assessor.  
F. W. Cook, surveyor.

**COMMISSIONERS COURT**

Hon. K. C. Miller, presiding officer.  
J. H. Fortner, clerk.  
T. C. Mitchell, commissioner precinct No. 3.  
W. T. Davis, commissioner precinct No. 4.  
C. T. Mitchell, precinct No. 2.  
C. D. MIMS, precinct No. 1.  
Thos. Rawls, commissioner precinct No. 1.  
Carl Word.  
J. B. Scott.  
H. Barnett.  
Grover Sutherland.  
George Chavis.

**Trustees Common School Districts**

Marfa District No. 1.  
C. T. Mitchell.  
J. W. Howell.  
H. O. Metcalfe.  
Ruidosa District No. 2.  
O. C. Dowe.  
J. Nunez.  
Frank Martinez.  
Shafter District No. 3.  
M. J. Jiminez.  
Eva Schepleigh.  
Jas. Sloan.  
Candelaria District No. 4.  
J. M. Ingle.  
J. J. Kilpatrick.  
Chas. Brite.

**U. S. POSTOFFICE**

Postoffice doors are open all time. General delivery window open from 8 a. m. to 10 a. m., and from 11 a. m. to 6 p. m.  
No letters registered after 6 p. m.  
No letters registered nor money order business transacted on legal holidays.  
Postoffice closed all day Sunday.  
Mail for Fort Davis leaves 2 p. m.; arrives by 12 m.  
Mail leaves for Shafter and Presidio every day except Sunday at 6 a. m.  
Mail for train No. 9 closes at 9:18 a. m., westbound. All other mails close at 8 p. m.  
ROBT. GREENWOOD, P. M.  
The smallest "Big Business" in Marfa is H. W. Schutz's.

**MURPHY-WALKER COMPANY**

**Stoves & Heaters**

February this year, we purchased a car of Stoves, Heaters, Baseburners, etc. We did this owing to the big advances going on and the continued advances in freight. We own this car of goods 45 per cent cheaper, than if purchased now, and on Sept. 1st the freight rates advance 25 per cent more.

If in the market for Ranges, Base Burners, Heaters, or other goods in the stove line visit our stove department, where you will find a nice assortment and you will receive the benefit of our cheap purchase.

**MURPHY-WALKER COMPANY**

THE BIG STORE---UP TO DATE IN EVERYTHING

<p><b>J. M. HURLEY</b> Furniture and Stoves Will Buy Second Hand Clothing Either Sex PHONE 143 AND I WILL CALL</p>	<p><b>MACHINE HEMSTITCHING AND PICOT EDGING</b> Covered Buttons made in the latest following styles: Acom, Bullet, Full Ball, Half Ball and Combination. MRS. H. B. HOUSTON, Uvalde, Texas.</p>	<p><b>MARFA LODGE No. 596</b> A. F. &amp; A. M. Meets the second Thursday evening in each month. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to be present. C. G. Hysaw, W. M.; J. W. Howell, Secretary.</p>
<p><b>DR. J. C. DARARCOTT</b> Room 1 Over Candy Shop (Palace Drug Store) Office hours 10 to 12. 5 to 6</p>	<p><b>J. C. MIDKIFF, M. D.</b> Fits All Styles of Glasses RELIEVES HEADACHES Prices Reasonable</p>	<p><b>MARFA CHAPTER No. 76</b> R. A. M. Chapter meets the fourth Thursday night in each month. Visiting companions are welcome. H. M. Fennell, H. P. J. W. Howell, Secretary.</p>
<p><b>MARFA BARBER SHOP</b> W. R. Ake, Proprietor. Soldiers' Trade Appreciated.</p>	<p><b>A. H. KARSTENDICK</b> Job Carpenter Work and Building. For First Class Work in the Building Line Call Phone 132-4 R.</p>	<p><b>HANS BRIAM</b> The merchant who has practically everything and will sell it to you for less. Marfa, Texas.</p>
<p><b>LIVINGSTON UNDERTAKING COMPANY.</b> W. G. Young, G. W. Livingston Coffins, Caskets, Funeral Goods. Licensed Embalmers</p>	<p><b>G. L. MAURER</b> Painter and Decorator Agent for HENRY BOSCH WALL PAPER Box 194 Phone 139 Marfa, Texas.</p>	<p><b>MEAD &amp; METCALF,</b> Attorneys-at-Law General Practice Marfa, Texas.</p>
<p><b>HURLEY'S TRANSFER And Storage.</b> Responsible Man With Truck. ** Phone 143 For Quick Service.</p>	<p><b>A HODGES</b> DENTIST Office over Hans Briam's Phone 182 My Instruments are kept ABSOLUTELY Sterilized I use no "Dope" in my Practice. Expert on all kinds of Gold Work.</p>	<p><b>CHAS. BISHOP</b> Drayage Light and Heavy Hauling Phone Union Drug Store</p>
<p><b>K. C. MILLER</b> Attorney-at-Law Office Over Post Office Marfa, Texas.</p>	<p><b>BIG BEND TITLE CO.</b> Abstractors We Have Complete Index of County Records. Marfa, Texas.</p>	



# POST NEWS

## Holland's Ranch.

Very little news occurred here during the past week. A few reels of moving pictures were shown here last Friday night. The films were broken in quite a number of places and caused quite a comment among the men, due to the fact that they had been charged admission to see the show.

\*\*\*

The baseball team hasn't had very much luck in obtaining a game with troops stationed in Marfa, so no games were played for a number of weeks.

## Troop I.

Sergeant Sells is expected back from California where he has been spending his two months' furlough. We received a card from him and he says he sure hates to leave the sunny seashore this time of the year.

\*\*\*

Corporal Ellis left for Kenton, Ohio, for a month's furlough.

\*\*\*

Sergeant Shroat, who was recently transferred to the cavalry detachment school, Fort Riley, Kan., is back with us for a short while.

## Troop Q.

We don't know who saved Marfa, but G troop got the credit. Thank you, Mr. Longhorn cafe.

\*\*\*

Johnny Hawker is very much interested in the price of wheat since he received his diploma from the school for farmers at Fort Clark. It takes more than a piece of paper to grow wheat, John.

## Troop L.

Yesterday we were marched to town to attend the party and a feed which the people of Marfa gave in appreciation of what we did during the fire of a few days ago. As can be expected we were sure warm, and when we got there and listened to a few short talks, they said to go ahead and make ourselves at home. We did, and enjoyed everything, especially the drinks. But we think we could have enjoyed ourselves a little more if it had not been that blouses had to be worn.

\*\*\*

Again this month we wonder when payday will get around. Maybe the payrolls got lost or the train was held up or something, but we are flat broke and need the money. Of course it will not last long, but we would like to have the satisfaction of spending it just the same.

\*\*\*

Private Arlan had a narrow escape Saturday morning when the full pack review was being pulled off. His horse became excited and reared, falling over backwards. With a full pack on his saddle Arlan did not have much chance of getting off and both horse and Arlan went down together, the horse on top. The young man in question is in the hospital now and says he is delighted to get a chance to "goldbrick" for a while.

\*\*\*

## Station Hospital.

Staff Sergeant Guy R. Walthers, who is absent on furlough at his home in St. Louis, lost his mother, who died from cancer of the stomach. She had been operated on but died from complication of infection of one of the large veins.

\*\*\*

Lieutenant James A. Simpson, M. C., a new officer on duty at this hospital, with his family has located in Marfa.

\*\*\*

Mr. Laurence Boogher, director of military relief of the American Red Cross, was in Marfa last Wednesday on a tour of inspection. He stamped his O. K. on the Red Cross activities at this station.

\*\*\*

Mr. D. J. Schuberth severed connections with the A. M. C. His successor is Mr. Hurbert Humphris of Marfa.

\*\*\*

Durham and Matthews owned a car. When they got it all together, it never saw so far—they blamed it on the weather.

\*\*\*

Sam M. Guyton returned to duty here after two months' of detached service with troop B, Holland's ranch. It looks natural to see Sam back at the desk again.

\*\*\*

Corporal Jessie H. Smith, 90th Aero squadron, who was seriously ill with appendicitis, was brought to the hospital by aeroplane. He has been operated on and is doing nicely.

\*\*\*

We are losing some of our most

valuable men. Private Charles E. Smith leaves us this week for his home in Grant, Neb., by reason of being honorably discharged. Cook Burroughs is the next on the list for discharge. He is to go to his home at Pelzer, S. C.

\*\*\*

Staff Sergeant Daniel M. Towns is attending the athletic school at Fort Clark, Texas. He promises the boys some rare treats at calisthenics during drill period when he returns, if given the opportunity.

\*\*\*

## Q. M. D.

John O'Keefe, a civilian working in the personnel office, quartermaster corps, has opened his heart as well as his pocketbook and bought an Overland in which he and his wife can be seen riding around Main street 12 or 15 times each night.

\*\*\*

It is the desire of the men of the quartermaster and motor transport to thank the citizens of Marfa for their kindness in presenting the soldiers with such a fine luncheon.

## WHAT THE VOTERS WANT TO KNOW—

Why does a pair of shoes for the youngest boy, who kicks out a pair every few weeks, cost \$7 and \$9?

Why does a man living near the soft coal mines pay more than twice as much for coal as a few years ago?

Why is labor leaving the farms and demanding \$6 and \$8 a day for work it used to do for \$1?

Where is the salaried man getting off under this abnormal arrangement?

When is there going to be economy in government expenditures?

Why do school teachers receive less money than window-washers and cooks?

When are taxes going to be reduced?

When will the Federal government cease encroaching upon the rights of the states?

Where can a fellow get a drink without being catalogued as a criminal?

When will war laws be repealed? How long before rents will come down and houses spring up?

What will either candidate do to make better conditions and the United States a better place to live in?

Washington, Aug. 8.—Evidence accumulates that, despite the leaders of both parties, the people seemingly will not have the League of Nations as the paramount issue in the campaign this summer.

The two parties have spoken. Senator Harding has announced his views, Governor Cox has informed the public that he is in accord with President Wilson, and the party politicians continue to discuss the relative advantages of the viewpoint of the party nominees.

Reports that come to Washington are unanimous that there is little interest in the League of Nations. As a campaign issue there are many other questions much nearer and dearer to the hearts of the voters.

## Prohibition and H. C. L.

Prohibition and the cost of living apparently are commanding most of the attention. In the large cities folks want to know how the two candidates feel toward modifying the drastic provisions of the Volstead law, and what the possibilities are for loosening up on one-half of one per cent. They want to know when the price of shoes is coming down, and whether coal will continue to sell for \$12 and more a ton this winter, if it is to be had at any price.

By and large the people are thinking about economic questions here at home rather than international affairs. They refuse to see how the League of Nations and its possibilities affects domestic affairs.

**Average Voter Knows Nothing.** Despite all that has been printed and said on the league, the average voter knows nothing of it other than it is an alliance with European nations calculated to make war an impossibility in the future. As to the difference between the Republicans and the Democrats on the league they know nothing.

A very capable nonpartisan observer, who has just returned from a "swing around the circle" in the several states gives the questions cited above as the problems nearest to voters' hearts.

## He'll Make Hit.

If one candidate will come along and give unequivocal answers to some or all of these questions, meanwhile making passing reference only to things more remote

from the average American fireside, he'll make a hit in this campaign.

At least, that's the way they talked on the sleeping cars, in the corner stores, in the clubs and at the lamppost conventions in several of the states.

## FERGUSON FOR GOVERNOR

(Continued from Page One.)

tickets were nominated at state conventions held here today.

The "Lily White" faction, attended by 500 delegates, nominated John C. Culbertson of Wichita Falls, manufacturer of Wichita trucks, for governor, on a platform which endorsed the "open ship," but favored collective bargaining. It also endorsed the Esch-Cummins transportation bill, arbitration of labor disputes by force, as in the Allen law in Kansas, and laws to put Texas gulf ports on an equal basis with eastern ports.

## League of Nations Opposed.

It opposed the Democratic stand on the war and the League of Nations, the unionization of city, state and national government employes and government ownership of railroads.

Benefits of a two-thirds form of government in Texas and other southern states were pointed out.

## The Lily White Ticket.

Other candidates in the Culbertson ticket are: Howard H. Smith, Beaumont, lieutenant governor; Eary Wharton, Houston, attorney general; Frank G. Gross, San Antonio, treasurer; C. T. Starling, Dallas, judge of the court of criminal appeals; Ed N. Mulkey, Jr., Fort Worth, land commissioner; Virgil A. Smith, Kennedy, commissioner of agriculture; O. H. Baum, El Paso, railroad commissioner; Albert A. Lindsay, Wynnboro, school superintendent; C. C. Harris of San Angelo, associate justice of the supreme court; Phil E. Baer, Paris, state chairman; R. B. Creagor, Brownsville, vice-state chairman.

An attempt to nominate Will H. Atwell of Dallas for governor from the floor of the convention, after the committee's report was in, failed when Atwell's friends said he could not accept, and his name was withdrawn.

Atwell is in Honolulu on his vacation.

## Black and Tans Nominate Whites.

A "Black and Tan" convention, attended by about 100 delegates, mostly unseated by the regulars, nominated a state ticket headed by Hickson Capers, printer of Dallas. It declares for a League of Nations, federal land grants for soldiers, endorses prohibition and strongly condemns lynching as "murder."

On the ticket with Capers are E. E. Starnee, of Fort Worth for lieutenant governor; George W. Burkett, Houston, attorney general; Andrew McCampbell, Fort Worth, comptroller; L. L. Boyd, Kemp, land commissioner; Prof. J. Washington, Seguin, school superintendent; C. P. Zimbri, Dallas, state treasurer; Harry Beck, Dallas, state chairman, and Rev. William Johnson, Dallas, vice-chairman. All are white.

Negotiations are in progress for fusion between the regular Republican organization and the American party, which is holding sessions in Fort Worth, on the national ticket, with each party naming half the

electors, according to a statement of leaders here.

In this manner, the leaders pointed out, they hope to secure half the Texas electoral vote for Harding and Coolidge, the Republican presidential and vice presidential nominees.

## WEST TEXAS OIL DEVELOPEMENT.

High points in recent oil development in West Texas have been the contracting for two new tests in Howard county, two in Martin and one in Mitchell, showing of oil in the Corder well in Pecos county and in Lamb & McGraw's test in Presidio county. Pecos county is talking about a new railroad that may be extended south from the T. & P., and about the new townsite of Newell, that has been laid out in the southeastern part of the county. All eyes centered this week on Glasscock county, where the General Oil company's McDowell No. 1 is to be placed on the pump during Big Spring's two days celebration, opening Saturday, marking the opening of a prospective productive field.

In Pecos county, the Bethlehem-Texas Oil syndicate has drilled below 2100 feet after shooting a 35-foot sand, ending at the 2040-foot level, which failed to increase the showing. The Reilly-Texas Acreage company's well on the Npelke ranch is still shut down at 3200 feet for fishing tools. The Circle Oil company on the Harral ranch is drilling around 3400 feet in hard lime.

C. E. Menzie has run six-inch casing to 3745 feet in his well on Sherbino Brothers' ranch in preparation to completing it. He has rigged up a 23 star machine on section 55, block C-4, G. C. & S. F. company survey, adjoining section 54, on which his deep test is located. Promising sands encountered in all between the 1600 and 2200-foot levels are to be explored. The Texas Top Oil company on the White-Baker ranch is drilling around 675 feet, working on day shifts at present. On the J. M. Montgomery ranch the Alexander Oil Syndicate has drilled past 900 feet. An unconfirmed report gives the depth below 1000 feet.

The El San Pedro ranch, owned by Mrs. Mary J. Devlin & Son and comprising 7500 acres, and one section each of the Braddish ranch, the Diamond Y ranch and J. M. Livingston's ranch, have been leased by the Pinal Dome Oil company of California, which will sink a deep test on section 108 on the El San Pedro ranch. Work will be started within ninety days.

In Brewster county, Hargus No. 1 of the Alexander Oil Syndicate is down around 3900 feet, says one report; another gives the depth at only about 2600 feet. No. 2 Skinner 600 feet northwest of the first Skinner test, which was recently abandoned, has been spudded on section 65, block 2, six miles north of Marathon. No. 4 Yarbrow, nine miles east of Marathon, is down nearly 300 feet.

The Twin City Oil and Gas company in down 1500 feet on the R. L. Kokernot ranch near Hovey. The James P. Wilson well, 53 miles south of Alpine, has been placed on the pump, says a report, after ten-inch

# Quick Tire Service

We are again prepared to give you the best tire service in town.

Don't throw your old tire away until you let our tire Vulcanizer inspect it.

# Casner Motor Co.

casing was landed to 1756 feet and the drill went down 35 feet more. Lamb & McGraw have drilled to almost 1800 feet on the Mitchell ranch, section 277, two and a half miles southeast of Marfa. Mr. McGraw is head leader of the New York baseball club in the National League. This firm is contemplating sinking a well in Pecos county.

The Marathon Oil company, on the Gager anch, 20 miles southeast of Marathon, has drilled past the 1500-foot level. The Hercules Development company at Gage No. 2, eight and a half mile southwest of Marathon, has drilled to between 1500 and 1600 feet.

The Ryan Petroleum Corporation, on the Henderson ranch in Crockett county, has drilled past the 400-foot mark and the well is believed to be nearing its end. Work at the Plateau Oil company's test on the F. F. Friend ranch, 20 miles southeast of Ozona, has resumed work at 250 feet, after having a drill bit repaired at Ranger and a stem straightened here.

## A Wonderful Climate.

There is no doubt but what we have a wonderful climate here, likewise the soil of Marfa and vicinity will produce with plenty of water a variety of crops. Still Marfa is bound to keep up with the procession and now our climate and soil is responsible for another curious phenomenon in the crop line.



## THE CLOTHS WE SHOW

are exclusive in pattern as well as splendid in quality. You cannot find their like elsewhere. Come in and make a selection and we'll tailor it into as smart a suit as any man ever wore. You have undoubtedly heard of the high class of our tailoring work. You may not have heard of the low prices we ask.

LEWIS THE TAILOR  
"Nuf sed."

We were greatly surprised a few days ago to learn, probably due to a peculiar quality of the ozone, which effects people differently, one of our citizens is experiencing a rather strange physical growth. With a full set of false teeth and bare on top as a billiard ball, having reached the period of middle life, several days ago he was elated to find a wisdom tooth sprouting out. In years long passed he had on various occasions cut wisdom teeth, but it now appears that the true wisdom tooth only comes with advanced age—and some never cut any at all. Old New Era.

Mrs. J. O. Childers attended last week the funeral services at Alpine of the little son of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Mathews, formerly of Marfa. The body was shipped to San Angelo for interment.



SINCE the plates and insulators inside a battery cannot be seen, the trademark on the outside is particularly important. The Thread Rubber circle of the Still Better Willard means that the battery won't have to be torn down for re-insulation.

# Marfa Manufacturing Company



# SATISFACTION

Can you think of a better advertising medium for our business than our long list of satisfied customers.

Only by fair dealings, coupled with quality and service, have we been able to double our business each succeeding year.

IF YOU ARE NOT OUR CUSTOMER ASK YOURSELF WHY

# ALAMO LUMBER CO.

# Purity Blackleg Vaccine

It Stands The Test  
MAC'S DRUG STORE