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The Twice-a-Week Hale County Herald

PUBLISHED IN THE HEART OF THE IRRIGATION BELT OF THE SOUTH PLAINS

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The Herald
It's So.

VOLUME TWENTY FIVE

PLAINVIEW, TEXAS, FRIDAY, MARCH 13, 1914

NUMBER TWENTY-ONE

PORTLAND FIRE LOSS \$1,000,000

Docks, Steamers and Contents Are Burned To Water

FIREMEN HELPLESS

High Wind Adds to Ferocity of Flames; 400 Carloads of Grain Destroyed.

PORTLAND, Ore., March 13.—Fire to-day consumed \$1,000,000 of property in Portland's shipping district. The Columbia docks are smoldering ruins; many steamers are burned to the water's edge.

Flames were discovered in dock number two. A general alarm brought all of Portland's efficient fire-fighting force to the water front. By the time lines were laid and water was playing on the blaze dock number one had caught fire.

The Royal Mail Steamship "Glenroy" and the British steamer "Crickett" were at the dock, and both were in flames before they could be towed out of danger. Fire boats played a hundred streams onto the burning steamers. The flames dodged here and there. A high wind fanned them to frenzy, and within less than an hour the Cricket had burned to the water's edge.

At noon the Glenroy was burning fiercely. It carried 12,000 tons of wheat and barley. All of this—400 car loads—is burned.

The Cricket drifted before a high wind and plunged demagogically against the Montgomery dock. Immediately a strong force of firefighters gave battle to the flames here, and succeeded in partially checking the fire.

All property along East Water front between North and South Albina Ferries is burned. Plates on the steamer Glenroy are so badly warped from the heat that the vessel is regarded as a total loss.

3 MORE CHARRED BODIES IN ST. LOUIS

Monday's Fire Gives Up 14 Victims; Beheaved 16 More

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 13.—Three charred bodies were recovered to-day from the ruins of the Boatmen Bank-Missouri Athletic Club fire. The men were dismembered and burned beyond hope of recognition. It may be possible to identify them by means of their teeth.

Earlier, the body of Thomas J. Wright, auditor of the Lemp Brewing Co., was recovered. This makes fourteen bodies that have been taken from the ruins. It is believed that sixteen more bodies are in the smoking debris. Some estimates place the number higher.

Factory Girls' Damage Suits Compromised

NEW YORK CITY, March 13.—Claims growing out of the awful Triangle Shirt Waist Factory fire will not be brought into court. There were twenty-three suits brought by relatives of some of the girls. These were settled yesterday by payment of \$75 for each girl by the company.

The Company carried accident insurance. There were 149 girls killed in this fire.

"MONTANA BILL" BURIED FRIDAY.

Body Has Waited Call of Relatives in Va.

William R. Sturm, familiarly known as "Montana Bill," will be buried to-morrow afternoon in the Plainview Cemetery at 3 o'clock.

Since his death the body has lain in Paxton & Oswald's undertaking parlors waiting to hear from his friends or relatives, if he had any living.

As nothing has been received, it has been decided to bury his remains.

KERN WONT ASK PARDON OF WILSON

Senator Says Labor Men Should Serve Part Sentence

By United Press.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 13.—President Wilson will not save the labor leaders convicted of dynamiting. This was given out on high authority to-day. Their appeal has been affirmed by the Supreme Court.

Senator Kern, counsel for the convicted men, has refused to press his appeal to the President for pardon. The Indiana Senator has received a great many messages from labor organizations urging him to expend his influence in an effort to secure pardons for the men. Kern says that it is not wise to act on the appeal until the men have served a part of the sentence.

It is expected that labor men in the House will urge clemency. Ed Smythe, one of the dynamiters, reached Leavenworth yesterday. Twenty-three men were convicted.

Two Siegel Stores Manager Indicted

NEW YORK CITY, March 13.—The Federal Court to-day ordered two big New York stores of Henry Siegel and partners closed. This is the same line of stores a part of which went into receivership with liabilities of \$3,000,000 six weeks ago.

Henry Siegel, head of the Siegel stores, has been indicted on three counts. He is out on \$25,000 bond. One indictment charges Siegel and his partners with grand larceny in that they made false statements to the Bank of Commerce in order to borrow \$25,000. Another indictment charges that they received deposits when they knew their bank was insolvent.

Geo. Westinghouse Is Seriously Ill

NEW YORK CITY, March 13.—George Westinghouse, the famous inventor, is reported seriously ill in this city. He was born at Central Bridge, N. Y., October 6, 1846.

At an early age he developed talent for inventing. In 1868 he invented the famous Westinghouse brake. He has since made great improvement in railroad signaling.

Westinghouse was decorated with the Legion of Honor and other medals from foreign powers.

W. P. Oil Co. Violated Rate Law; Fined \$14000

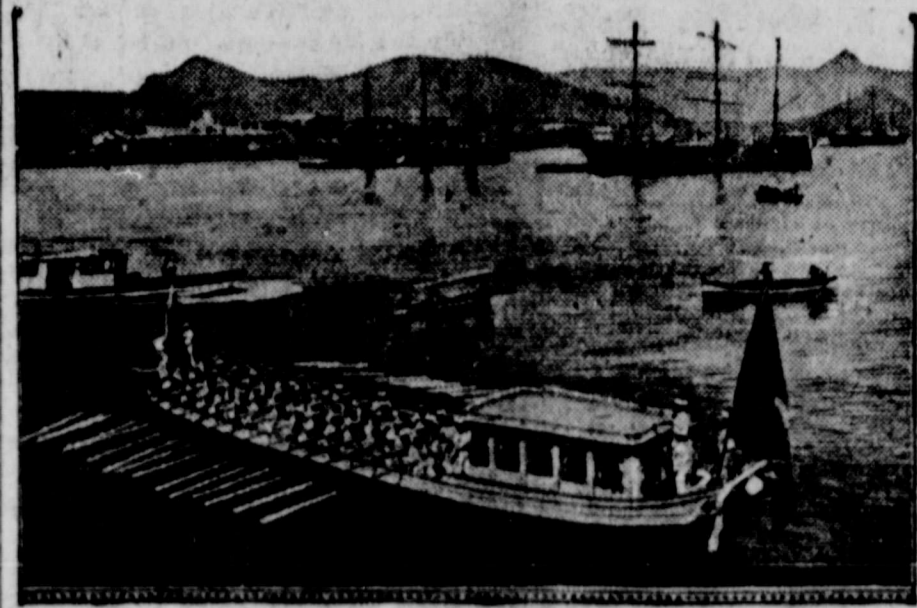
SHREVEPORT, La., March 13.—The Waters-Pierce Oil Co. was fined \$14,000 to-day. Charge was brought in the Federal Court, and the oil company was found guilty of violating the Elkins Law, in that it made rate concessions on oil shipments from Illinois to Southern Louisiana.

CAPTAIN W. T. MAXWELL.

Naval Officer Recently Appointed Governor of Guam.



HARBOR OF RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL



Rio de Janeiro and other Brazilian cities have been proclaimed in a state of siege by the national authorities, owing to the outbreak of revolutionary troubles. In this photograph of the harbor of Rio the president's state barge is seen in the foreground.

PAID \$1,000 DIDN'T TALK

Clarence DeKnight Was Promised \$4,000 When Panama Bill Passed

ATTENDED HEARING

Witness Says He Didn't Even Speak To Congressmen About Free Tolls

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 13.—How he received a \$1,000 fee and promise of \$4,000 more for doing absolutely nothing except attending Congressional Committee meetings and taking notes, was the astonishing story told the Senate Lobby Committee to-day by Clarence W. DeKnight. DeKnight is one of the anti-Panama tolls lobbyists.

The contract, DeKnight said, was made with former Rear Admiral Bowles, President of the Foreriver, Mass. Ship Building Company.

DeKnight appeared before the Senate Canal Committee when the Panama Act was under consideration. He said to-day that he never received the additional \$4,000 when the bill exempt-American ships was passed, although he understood that payment was to be made when the bill received favorable action.

Company Built Ships. He did not remember, witness said, whether this fee was contingent on the Foreriver Company's getting a contract to build Government ships, although the company did get such contracts.

DeKnight is still in the employ of the Foreriver Company.

The lobbyist said he never did talk with Congressmen or Senators about the Canal tolls. All that he did was to attend hearings and make notes of what was done.

DeKnight also identified contracts he had made for 50 per-cent of any increase in pay he might obtain for enlisted men.

Colquitt Wont Ask Wilson About Rangers

AUSTIN, Texas, March 13.—Washington has nothing to do with the disposal of Texas rangers. That is what Governor Colquitt says. The Governor was asked to-day if he would confer with President Wilson on his announced intention of increasing the force of rangers along the border. His reply was that Washington has absolutely nothing to do with the rangers; that he would consult no Federal authority.

Chinese Bandits Killed English Missionaries

LOA KO KOW, China, March 13.—Two women missionaries are missing here. They are believed to have been killed by bandits who raided the city two days ago. The women are from the British mission. They are Misses E. and J. Black.

HUERTA TAKES 2,000 REBELS

Villa Captures 2 Passenger Trains; 1 Freight With Ammunition

AIRSHIPS---BOMBS

President Tells O'Shaughnessy All Americans May Leave Torreon; Food 30 Days

MEXICO CITY, March 13.—Huerta to-day informed Charge D'Affairs O'Shaughnessy that he had ordered Federal generals to permit Americans and other foreigners to leave Torreon. The Mexican's decision not to let foreigners depart changed when he learned that Villa intends using bomb-throwing aeroplanes.

General Villa places much confidence in his air boats, which will carry high explosives to drop into federal ranks. He has studied these machines carefully, and will be sorely disappointed if they fail to aid him materially.

Fighting Continues. Fighting near Torreon continues with ferocity. The rebel lines are gradually lengthening around the city, and Federals fiercely defend every foot of ground.

Huerta says that the federals captured 2,000 rebels near Torreon. Two passenger trains, and a freight train loaded with munitions of war, were captured by the Constitutionalists near Carneros.

Villa says he has food for 30 days and ammunition for 15 days' fighting. He left 600 men in Chihuahua.

Woman Gets 6 Months For Slashing "Venus"

LONDON, England, March 13.—Mary Richardson was sent to jail to-day for six months. She is the suffragette who mutilated the "Valasquez 'Rokeby Venus'" Monday. The woman pleaded guilty.

Miss Richardson has promised a hunger strike. She declares that she is glad to be a martyr as a protest for the slow murder of Mrs. Pankhurst. The militant suffragettes are outraged, they declare, at the treatment accorded Mrs. Pankhurst. They characterize her "hunger strikes" as "slow murder."

The Rokeby Venus is valued at half a million dollars.

X-Ray Shows Diamond Thief "Didn't Swallow"

VICKSBURG, Miss., March 13.—An X-ray in the police department to-day disclosed a diamond in the stomach of a man giving his name as L. A. Powers. He was charged with the theft of two diamond ear-rings from Miss Lena Keller, of Memphis. The value of the stones is placed at \$2,000. The suspect had previously denied swallowing the diamonds.

COLQUITT MAY CALL SPECIAL SESSION

Governor Thinks Repeal of Terrell Law May Reunite Party

AUSTIN, Texas, March 13.—Governor Colquitt said to-day that he will confer with leading members of both Houses before deciding whether or not to call a special session of the State Legislature for the purpose of repealing the Terrell Election Law. A. M. Kennedy to-day laid before the Governor his result of a canvass of the legislators regarding this matter.

Kennedy says that not all of those who favor changing the Terrell law favor a special session. Some would let a plurality vote elect until the law may be amended in regular session.

Governor Colquitt says that as both pros and antis have nominated their candidate for Governor, "this means a split in the party, and as both factions seem to favor amending the law, to do so would probably reunite the party."

If a special session is called, Governor Colquitt says he will probably submit other matters for their attention.

LITERACY TEST TO STAND IN SENATE

President Has Said Will Veto Bill Unless This Eliminated

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 13.—The Senate Immigration Committee to-day decided to leave the "literacy" test feature in the immigration bill. This will send the measure to the Senate with favorable report.

President Wilson said that this test would cause him to veto the bill. He was particularly anxious that it be eliminated.

Investigate Futures. The House Rules Committee to-day appointed a sub-committee to draft resolutions for an investigation of trading in futures. The investigation will cover both cotton and grain.

Suffragettes Burn Another Scotch Castle

GLASGOW, Scotland, March 13.—Militants to-day burned an unoccupied mansion belonging to the Free Church of Scotland. The women left a note saying it was in revenge for the brutal arrest of Mrs. Pankhurst.

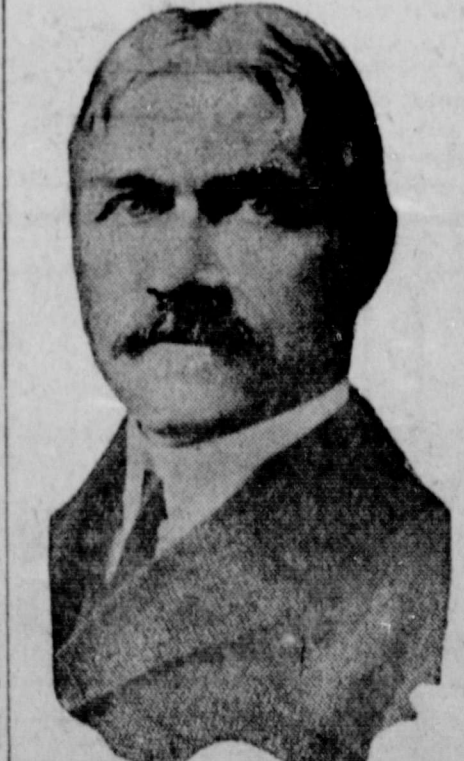
Suffragettes in England and Scotland have destroyed nearly half a million dollars' worth of property in two days.

WASHINGTON FORECAST.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 13.—West Texas—Fair for Friday; rising temperature.

WINTHROP M. DANIELS.

Princeton Professor Named For Interstate Commerce Commission.



NIX WAYLAND COLLEGE DEAN

Lockney Educator Was Educated At University Of North Carolina

GATES PRESIDENT

Committee May Sell Lots to Liquidate College Indebtedness; Remarkable Enrollment

Professor E. C. Nix, of Lockney, was elected Dean of Wayland College by the Board to-day. Rev. I. E. Gates will remain at the head of the west-side school.

Professor Nix was educated at the University of North Carolina. He has been teaching at Lockney eight years, and was re-elected last spring for five years more. He is superintendent.

J. E. Watson was re-elected in charge of the business college. A committee of five was appointed to select all other teachers.

To Sell Lots. The Board appointed John Ellerd, J. W. Boswell, B. L. Shook, D. W. McGlasson and I. E. Gates as a committee to arrange for taking care of the finances of Wayland. In order to do this, 540 lots around the campus will probably be sold. It is thought that these lots will liquidate the debt.

Dr. J. E. Nunn, of Amarillo, and Judge Geo. W. Foster, of Lamesa, were here to attend the Board meeting. C. V. Bryson was elected to fill out the unexpired term of W. E. Joiner as trustee.

307 Students Enrolled. Wayland College has enrolled 307 students this year. Last year the enrollment was only 175. Gates said to-day: "We are in better condition financially than we have been, and the outlook is brighter than at any other time. The students are enthusiastic about their work. We expect a large increase next year over this year's enrollment."

TEXAS ASKS 'KATY' FOR \$8,500,000

Suit Alleges Violation of Safety Appliance Law By M., K. & T.

LIVINGSTONE, Texas, March 13.—The State of Texas filed suit here to-day for \$8,500,000 against the "Katy" and Beaumont and Great Northern Railways. This amount is asked as penalties for alleged violations of the safety appliance laws by these companies.

It has only been four weeks ago since the State's Attorney General dismissed suits against the M., K. & T., asking penalties aggregating nearly \$100,000,000. This suit was dismissed on condition that the "Katy" would spend \$6,000,000 on improvements and extensions in Texas during the next six years.

Aviator Falls; Swims Ashore; Dies Exhausted

JAFFA, Palestine, March 13.—Nuri Bey, Turkish army aviator, fell into the sea near here to-day. His aeroplane became unmanageable and fell from considerable height. The aviator swam ashore, but died of exhaustion later in a hospital.

RUMORED AGAIN McADOO TO MARRY MISS WILSON.

President's Wife Won't Discuss Matter at This Time; Denied It Last Week.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 13.—The report that William McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, will marry Miss Eleanor Wilson, youngest daughter of the President, is being persistently renewed.

The members of the White House family and McAdoo himself refuse to discuss the rumor. This rumor was denied last week by Mrs. Wilson.

KINSMAN TOOK VERGARA BODY

General Bliss Says Texas Rangers Had No Part In Recovery

COST RELATIVE \$400

Ranchman's Body Held at Laredo; Administration Admits May Have to Change Policy

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 11.—Clemente Vergara's relatives removed his body from Hidalgo, Mexico, to Texas. They were assisted by hired Mexicans. This is the substance of a wire sent to the War Department today by General Bliss, commanding the American border forces.

Captain H. P. Howard, of the Fourteenth United States cavalry, reported to-day as follows: "Investigation shows that Vergara was removed from Hidalgo cemetery by relatives and hired Mexicans. Captain Sanders states positively that no rangers crossed the border. He met the body at the landing opposite San Enrique with an undertaker and convoy Sunday morning. This convoy brought the dead man's remains to Laredo." The body is held at Laredo awaiting request of the adjutant general.

No Sign of Torture.
There are no burns on the body. The neck is badly chafed, but is not broken. There are no signs of torture. There show to have been four shots fired into the ranchman's body.

Recovery of the body is said to have cost S. T. Hill, brother-in-law of Vergara, \$400.

Secretary Bryan says that Consul Garrett reported that Vergara's relatives recovered the body. He is awaiting a full report from the Consul. No new representations have been made to Huerta in Vergara's case by the National Government.

Still Serious Danger.

There is still serious danger that international complications may force the Washington administration to change its policy. This was admitted to-day by the President. It was discussed in a cabinet meeting. This is admitted to be the real reason for the retirement of John Bassett Moore.

May Not Answer Fall.

No conflict will arise between the Federal Government and the State of Texas over the recovery of Vergara's body, further than regarding Conquist's demand for punishment of the slayers of Vergara. The situation improved considerably when it developed that the invasion was by hired agents of the Vergara family.

Texas authorities, according to reports of General Bliss and Consul Garrett, knew nothing about the raid until the body was on Texas soil.

The cabinet is undecided to-day whether the charges made in the Senate yesterday by Senator Fall will be further answered or ignored.

ILLINOIS WOMEN ACTIVE WITH BALLOT

Suffragettes in Hundreds of Villages Participated for the First Time

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 11.—Illinois suffragettes manifested abundant interest in the ballot to-day. Women in hundreds of villages and cities throughout the Commonwealth participated for the first time in the selection of nominees for municipal offices.

In more than a hundred places where local option will be voted on April 21, women were very active about the primaries to-day.

10 BODIES FOUND IN ST. LOUIS FIRE

Search Continues; Bank Vaults Give Up \$1,500,000 Uninjured By Flames

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 11.—Ten bodies have been recovered from the Boatmen's Bank-Missouri Athletic Club fire yesterday. Five of these bodies are yet unidentified.

It is believed that the dead will number more than thirty. Anxious relatives crowd the police lines begging for some word.

Search was resumed this morning. It is believed that more than a score of bodies on the fifth floor of the Missouri Athletic Club are in the ruins. They were thrown to the basement by falling walls.

Efforts to secure the bodies was made exceedingly dangerous on account of smoldering debris and swaying walls. The register which was kept by the Athletic Club has been found invaluable as an aid in checking names of those who stayed in the club Sunday night.

A stir was created when a slight movement was discerned near a balcony on the second floor of the building. On chance that some one was alive, a ladder was quickly run up. It was nothing more than a fluttering piece of wall paper.

Vaults of the Boatmen's Bank were opened to-day. Their contents were not damaged. The bank had \$1,500,000 in vaults beneath the flames. No credence is given the rumor that explosions indicated an effort by yegmen to rob the bank.

COLQUITT OUT FOR SENATE?

Governor Tells Cattlemen He Has Plan to Protect Texans

WOULD UPHOLD HIM

J. N. Bassett Proposes Resolution But Association Votes to Keep Out of Politics

FORT WORTH, Texas, March 11.—Governor Colquitt is a candidate for the United States Senate. He will enter the race against Morris Shepard. At least the Chief Executive of the Commonwealth intimated as much this morning when he spoke to the Texas Cattle Raisers in convention here.

The Governor replied this morning to Senator Sheppard's speech in the United States Senate yesterday. The Texas Senator made a strong plea for non-intervention, and criticized Colquitt somewhat. It was in reply to this attack that he intimated that he would run for the United States Senate.

A motion in the convention to endorse Colquitt's candidacy caused great uproar. It was finally ruled out of order.

Texas Without Representation.

Governor Colquitt declared that he feared to turn himself loose for fear he would not stop until he had changed the policy of the Government at Washington. He asserted that during Culbertson's illness "Texas was without representation in the Senate."

Colquitt challenged Shepard to resign and both men go before the people as opposing candidates for the Senate.

Wound Right Wrongs.

The Governor declared that he had formed a policy for the opening of negotiations directly with Mexican authorities for righting wrongs to Texans. J. M. Bassett, of Crosbyton, proposed a resolution to agree with Colquitt in his defense of the people of Texas. Ed C. Lasater and Col. Ike T. Pryor, of San Antonio, opposed the resolution.

Mr. Bassett's proposal was finally ruled out of order on the ground that it is against the policy of the association to mix in politics.

BEST COUNTRY HE EVER SAW

Agricultural Expert Says He Is Coming Back to Plainview

FAVORS LIVE STOCK

A. K. Short Says Non-Resident Property Owners Should Be Taxed Heavily

"Intensive stock farming offers the largest possibilities for profit in the Plainview country," said A. K. Short today. Mr. Short is superintendent of the Experiment Station at Temple, Texas. He is a post-graduate of the Iowa Agricultural college and taught for six years at the Agricultural college of Arkansas. Prior to that time he was a breeder and feeder of livestock.

Mr. Short visited Plainview with Dr. A. C. Scott. His purpose was to purchase hogs for the state experiment farm at Temple. Nine registered Duroc Jerseys from the Helen Temple Farm are being shipped back to the state experiment station. Mr. Short says he thinks it is a high compliment to Hale county hogs and to Dr. Scott's herd in particular. "That is the best bunch of brood sows I ever saw," he added.

Live Stock Is Best

"Stock farming means the largest profits every year," Mr. Short said "and it adds to the value of the farm continually. For example, a man with a quarter of a section out here could feed 200 steers, if he irrigated and used the silo. If the owner would put back onto the land all of the manure in five years he could so enrich the soil that the land would take care of 400 steers. Rather nice profit, isn't it?"

"What do we need most?" A reporter asked Mr. Short. "People," the superintendent replied. "People and a little time for development."

"The thing which would be to the best advantage right now would be to get some big Eastern company to establish a branch here so the farmers could get 6-per-cent and 7-per-cent money for developing irrigation. That would mean a well on practically every 160 acres, yes, on every 80 acres. But the farmers can't afford to pay ten per cent and they must get the money on long time."

Get Cheap Money

"How can such a company be secured?" the reporter asked.

"By going after somebody and just staying with him. Bring one of those fellows down here and let him see what you have. It ought not to be hard then. It would be a fine proposition for him," said Mr. Short.

"And it would certainly help the country."

"There will be a great many dairies here too, the agricultural expert thinks

"You will live to see the time when this land around Plainview will not be in 40 acre or 80 acre tracts—but in five and ten acre truck farms. Of course that will take the fertility from the soil and you must use commercial fertilizer but that can be done. Fine stock farming will be developed a little further from the town."

"How about markets?" Mr. Scott was asked.

Would Tax Non-Residents.

"You have them in Ft. Worth, Dallas, and Oklahoma City. Ultimately you will go into Kansas City and St. Louis. You are not too far to send vegetables up there."

Mr. Short says the non-resident property owners will hinder the development. He refers to those people who buy land for speculation and let it stand. These people, he thinks, ought to be taxed heavily. They leave local people to carry all the burden of development and they profit by it.

"It is the greatest proposition I ever saw," Mr. Short said as he left. "I am coming back."

For Weakness and Loss of Appetite
The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out Malaria and builds up the system. A true tonic & sure Appetizer. For adults and children. 50c.

SUFFRAGETTE CUTS VALESQUEZ VENUS

Art Galleries Close When May Richardson Slashes \$500,000 Painting

LONDON, England, March 11.—May Richardson, a militant suffragette, was arrested to-day. She is charged with mutilating a famous Valesquez painting known as "Rokeby Venus." The militant representative of her sex slashed the canvas a number of times with her knife.

Present market value of this picture is half a million dollars.

Numerous London art galleries are closed for fear of militant suffragettes. May Richardson carried her weapon concealed and did nothing to attract attention until she began slashing the masterpiece. The only way to guard against such attacks is to close the art palaces.

Roman Strike Ends Rioting Continues

ROME, Italy, March 11.—A general strike in Rome ended to-day. The workmen went out only yesterday. Speedy conclusion of the strike is said to be due to the overawing display of soldiers.

Rioting continues despite the fact that the general strike is broken. One striker was killed to-day and several wounded.

Special Session To Change Election Law

AUSTIN, Texas, March 11.—Legislators are being polled to-day privately by Chester Terrell's campaign manager to find out whether they desire a special session of the Legislature to change the Terrell election law to require a majority for nominations. A plurality is sufficient at present.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine. It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 50c.

Announcements

The following announcements are made subject to the action of the Democratic primary:

- For Representative. CAPT. T. J. TILSON.
- For District Judge. R. C. JOINER.
- For District Attorney. GEO. L. MAYFIELD.
- For District and County Clerk. B. H. TOWERY. W. H. BOX. J. W. PIPKIN. S. S. SLONEKER. W. N. McDONALD.
- For Sheriff. J. C. HOOPER.
- For County Judge. W. B. LEWIS.
- For County Treasurer. JOHN G. HAMILTON.
- For Tax Assessor. J. N. JORDAN.
- For County Attorney. CHARLES CLEMENTS.
- For County Surveyor. T. P. WHITIS. O. HOLLAND. D. L. ALEXANDER.
- For City Secretary. B. L. SPENCER.
- For City Marshal and Tax Collector. J. F. WATSON. JOHN VAUGHN.
- For Public Weigher, Precinct No. 1. TOM THOMPSON.
- For City Attorney—LEE ROY PEARSON.

REBELS BLOW UP 2 TRAINS

Huerta Wont Issue Death List of Dynamited Troops

STRICT CENSORSHIP

Government Will Blue Pencil All News About Fighting Around Torreon

MEXICO CITY, Mexico, March 11.—Rebels dynamited two Federal troop trains to-day. These were carrying reinforcements to the besieged soldiers in Torreon. Huerta's War Office refused to issue a death list. It is understood that casualties were small. President Huerta has ordered a strict censorship of all news concern-

ing fighting around Torreon. Two hundred Mexican refugees reached here to-day. These men asserted that they were allowed to escape from Fort Bliss by American troops. It was only necessary, they said, to pay small bribes. The soldiers concealed their flight, they added, by substituting Mexican refugees along the border who were anxious for free board.

The Mexican army has been ordered to take the offensive against all forces under command of General Carranza.

President Huerta sent to all Governors of States and to army officers the following order: "The Federal Government has begun a campaign against the rebels in the north. To that end you will see the necessity that all troops under your command assume actively the offensive, in order to bring to a finish a situation which so prejudices the republic."

STOMACH TROUBLE FOR FIVE YEARS

Majority of Friends Thought Mr. Hughes Would Die, But One Helped Him to Recovery.

Pomeroyton, Ky.—In interesting advices from this place, Mr. A. J. Hughes writes as follows: "I was down with stomach trouble for five (5) years, and would have sick headache so bad, at times, that I thought surely I would die. I tried different treatments, but they did not seem to do me any good. I got so bad, I could not eat or sleep, and all my friends, except one, thought I would die. He advised me to try Theodor's Black-Draught, and quit

taking other medicines. I decided to take his advice, although I did not have any confidence in it.

I have now been taking Black-Draught for three months, and it has cured me—haven't had those awful sick headaches since I began using it.

I am so thankful for what Black-Draught has done for me."

Theodor's Black-Draught has been found a very valuable medicine for derangements of the stomach and liver. It is composed of pure, vegetable herbs, contains no dangerous ingredients, and acts gently, yet surely. It can be freely used by young and old, and should be kept in every family chest.

Get a package today.

Only a quarter.



Effective March 1st DAILY PASSENGER SERVICE will be inaugurated over the Lubbock-Texico Cut-Off on the following schedule:
7:30 a. m., leave CLOVIS arrive 6:00 p. m.
7:55 a. m., arrive FARWELL leave 5:35 p. m.
11:15 a. m., arrive LUBBOCK leave 2:15 p. m.
This is now the short line to New Mexico, Arizona and California, and makes connections at Lubbock both going and coming. For further information apply to
R. F. Bayless, Agent P. & N. T. Ry., Phone 244



WE FILL ORDERS PROMPTLY
so as to be sure they are correctly supplied. Here you will find no mistakes made, so we never have to apologize for errors or delays in the delivery of goods. Busy house holds recognize the comfort and convenience of doing business with us, in consequence; and as we pride ourselves upon the high quality of all our Groceries, and price them with a view to small profit, there is little wonder that we lead all rivals in the amount of business transacted.

WRIGHT & DUNAWAY
PHONES 35 and 355

Overstocked on
Coal
A few more tons
\$5.00
TO
\$8.00

E. T. Coleman,

Coal and Grain Dealer

Telephone Number 176

Get Your Seed
Oats
and
Millet
while we've
got the selling
fever.

MEXICO TODAY

A Story of Victorious Huerta and His Bloody Usurpation of Power

VERA CRUZ, Mexico, March 10.—With the two Maderos and Suarez murdered, and countless others who opposed him "mysteriously missing," Huerta's dictatorship developed into a veritable reign of terror. Huerta's only hope of holding his blood-bought power was to shed more blood.

The House of Deputies, not realizing to what lengths the new president would dare to go, began to protest against Huerta's methods. One evening at 6 o'clock a cordon of soldiers surrounded the House of Deputies, while other soldiers entered and arrested 100 of the leading statesmen of Mexico. They were herded to jail like common prisoners, and they were hardly locked up in their cells before Huerta declared himself dictator of the country. He called an election. It was held. A new House of Deputies was chosen, every man of whom was Huerta's servant. At a previous make-believe election, Huerta had been chosen president, but the votes were so few and so obviously controlled that even Huerta himself didn't dare to call himself elected.

And so, with infinite craft, he ordered the new House of Deputies to declare that the election was void and that another election be held on the fifth of July, 1914, and that, in the meantime, Huerta be considered provisional president. This Congress also voted to Huerta dictatorial powers and then adjourned, leaving him in sole possession of the Government, in a situation that made his word and order as strong as any law that both Houses might pass.

In the meantime rebel victories multiplied; shortly, every Northern State was in rebel hands. Francisco Villa, who had been one of Madero's generals, took the field with Carranza. It is true that Pascual Orozco went to Huerta's side, but a blight seemed to

be placed on his former process, and defeats met him at every turn. How to get money and how to raise an army were Huerta's problems. He set about to do these things, but every dollar he raised by taxation only made him a new enemy, and every peon whom he forced into the army only gave him another soldier on whom he could not depend. By the seventh month of his rule he had built up a large army, and had distributed it about the country, but he could not pay it.

"You must pay these soldiers," he ordered the business men and farmers of the various districts, "or I will withdraw them." In many cases the business men and farmers chose not to have the Federal soldiers in their localities. They preferred, indeed, to have the rebels rule over them, for the Federals were men of a low class, many of them conscripted criminals turned loose from the jails, cruel, heartless and insatiable for money, women and alcohol. Neither could Huerta trust his officers. He said once in a burst of confidence to Nelson O'Shaughnessy, charge d'affaires in the American embassy: "I can't trust my officers. I only wish I had about 150 American captains down here. I'd clean those rebels out in a short time."

Graft prevailed in every corner of the army. "One trouble is that nobody in my army ever dies," said Huerta on another occasion. "Death never causes any change in the payroll. Five hundred soldiers may be killed in a battle, but the payroll never shows it." And so what money Huerta was able to gather together in various ways was vainly spent, in the main. It was like pounding sand into a rat hole; he didn't get his money's worth of military effort at any stage of the game. Even if the United States



—Berryman in Washington Star.

had recognized him, however, and he had been able to secure all the funds he wished for, Huerta could not have crushed the revolution against him. Proof of this is the fact that Porfirio Diaz, himself, with \$62,000,000 in his treasury and means of securing much more, was forced to yield to Madero's demands that he resign. Diaz knew that it was not money he needed, but men; and he knew that the time had come in Mexico when, among the oppressed millions, there were not to be found enough men to make up an army that would support oppressors.

During the months that Huerta was holding the Government by force, Fe-

lix Diaz, nephew of the former president, and accomplice of Huerta in the overthrow of Madero, was discovering the truth of the old adage, "Traitor to one, traitor to all."

Huerta sent Diaz on a mission to Japan to thank the government there for its participation in the Mexican centennial celebration of 1910. This was a laughable mission. At least four men, leaders whom the Maderos or Huerta desired to leave the country, had been started off for Japan, only to be stopped on the way, in Europe, with orders to remain in Europe. As soon as Diaz got his orders, he knew their significance. He was to be

thrust aside. But he started, nevertheless. He got as far as Victoria, British Columbia. Then he turned around and started back for Mexico, determined to make a fight for his rights. He landed at Vera Cruz. He placed himself under the protection of John Lind, a special representative of President Wilson, who had been sent to Mexico to endeavor to bring about Huerta's retirement. Within a few days he saw that his life was in danger. In the night he made his way to the American consulate and asked to be allowed to go to an American warship in the harbor. His request was granted, and, within two days, he was in Havana, Cuba. But Huerta's long arm followed him there. There assassins tried to kill him. He escaped with his life, though he was painfully injured.

value at the age of three years is \$112.23. The highest cost of raising a horse is in Rhode Island and Connecticut, being \$156.60 and \$150, respectively. When the Rhode Island horse reaches the age of three he has done \$4.00 worth of work, and the same figures apply to Connecticut.

The average cost of rearing these animals in Iowa and Illinois, the only two states which rank above Texas in number of horses, is \$30,000 in excess of Texas.

The expense incurred at and prior to the birth of a colt in Texas is \$23.27; other expenses in raising the animal until he is three years old are: Care and shelter, \$13.04; grain, \$19.90; hay, \$10.15; pasture, \$12.74; other feed, \$26.51.

HORSE RAISING IS INEXPENSIVE IN TEXAS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 9.—Horses and mules can be raised cheaper in Texas than in any other State. This fact has been known by many horse and mule raisers for a number of years, but only recently has it been verified by the United States Government. The Department of Agriculture has just issued a report showing the cost of raising horses in Texas until they are three years old. The total expense is \$82.47. During this time the value of the work done by the animal is estimated at \$112.23, and his

LOCKNEY BOY WINS PRIZE.

LOCKNEY, Texas, March 10.—Wallace McGehee, son of Wm. McGehee, of Lockney, was among the winners in the \$10,000 prize contest of the Texas Industrial Congress.

Wallace was in the contest for first prize on two acres of irrigated maize, winning seventh place and \$50. His unfamiliarity with irrigated farming was one of the causes of his failure to get better money.

He is in the running again this year, and declares he is going after first prize.

Mr. McGehee was among the first to put down a big well for irrigation near Lockney, and is well pleased with the results so far obtained.

J. M. SLATON, President W. C. MATHES, Vice President
GUY JACOB, Cashier

The First National Bank

Plainview, Texas

CAPITAL STOCK \$100,000.00
SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS 100,000.00

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT
Your business solicited, appreciated and protected.

John Deere Implements--Listers, Drills, Disc Harrows, Etc.
It's Time to Buy **R. C. Ware Hardware Company** Let Us Show the Goods

Crescent Oil Engine Pumping Units for Irrigation

The Crescent Pumping Units furnish ideal power and are especially suitable for Municipal Water Works, General Water Supply, Railway Water Tanks, Drainage and Irrigation and are designed and built to operate on low grades of Fuel Oils.

Comparative fuel cost of pumping 1,000 gallons of water with different engines:

COST	Alcohol Engine	Electric Motor	Gasoline Engine	Steam Pump	Spirit Motor	Distillate or Kerosene Engine	Crescent Oil Engine
Per Gallon of fuel	40c	3c	16c				
Per K. W. H.				\$3.00			
Per Gallon of fuel					13c		
Per Ton of coal						7c	
Per Gallon of fuel							3 1-2
Per Gallon of fuel							1-4c
Cost of pumping 1000 gallons against 100 ft. head	3 1-2c	2 1-4c	1 1-3c	1 1-4c	1 1-8c	3-4c	1-4c
Cost of pumping 1000 gals. per minute against 100 ft. head per day of 10 hours	\$21.00	\$13.50	\$7.98	\$7.50	\$6.75	\$4.50	\$1.55

For Further Information Address,

McDowell Gray, Sales Agent

WARE HOTEL PLAINVIEW, TEXAS
Samuel L. Moore & Sons Corporation, Manufacturers, Elizabeth, N. J.

Swisher County's Small Farms Revenue Makers

TULIA, Texas, Mar. 10.—Swisher is becoming a county of small farms. There has been a decided tendency here, just as in all other Northwest Texas counties, to handle too much land, but recently the acreage has been materially reduced with resulting increased production from each acre cultivated.

Irrigation is compelling farmers to develop comparatively small holdings. Even a casual trip over the county will convince one of the significance of sub growth. Here is another good farming section, the small farms becoming a positive revenue maker.

When irrigation becomes more thoroughly developed it is believed that the average farm will contain from 80 to 160 acres. It is claimed that as a result of intensive farming under irrigation that these farms will net many times more than the large farms and medium sized old-time ranches.

To own a profitable farm, rather than a large one is the ambition of many of the Swisher county farmers and not a few of them are making livestock a strong feature of their farming operations.

In these days of advancement with rural mail delivery, telephones, good roads penetrating every section of the county, there are constant, enduring and hungry markets, more accessible than heretofore, and country life is no longer isolated in the day of early homesteading.

A recent federal investigation made in fifty cities shows a marked decline in the average consumption of beef, mutton and pork, and this is doubtless because of the present high prices.

There is a dearth of livestock for food purposes, and the present situation rather than becoming better has been made more serious by the increased foreign immigration of recent years, because only a small portion of these became food producers and their wants add to the consumption and help elevate the prices.

Such being the case farmers in Swisher are every day appreciating the advantages to be gained from producing livestock. There is no substitute for breakfast bacon, mutton and roast beef and no better place can be found for the economical production of these meats than in Swisher county.

Swisher County's Irrigation Possibilities

TULIA, Tx., Mar. 12.—The recent general interest in Swisher county lands has precipitated a discussion as to the irrigation possibilities of the county. Along this line a well-posted resident of Tulia has this to say:

"The value of all lands are determined by the immutable law of 'supply and demand,' the demand being governed by the scarcity or abundant supply of undeveloped lands and the intrinsic value which controls the speculative value which actuates or controls the speculative buyer.

"Let me discuss intrinsic value. The culture of the soil and the method of farming in Swisher county has shown marked improvement since the first settlement many years ago. The net results from many crops exceed \$25 per acre, some crops yielding considerably more, everything depending upon 'the man behind the plow.'

"Not long ago through courtesy of a

neighbor who passed the winter in Egypt in entered into correspondence with the Secretary of Agriculture of the Government of Egypt. In reply to my question, 'What is the selling value of lands under irrigation in Egypt?' the writer stated:

"Lands under irrigation sell from \$450 to \$850 gold, with a safe average of \$500 gold.

"It should be understood by all who read or travel that there are no more cheap lands. By that I mean vacant lands at \$1 to \$10 per acre. That period is gone never to return. In the meantime the population of the earth is rapidly increasing. This means higher priced lands, smaller farm units and intensive cultivation.

"I will not deal with speculative value but will say that it is a foregoing conclusion that irrigated lands in Swisher County will soon sell for \$150 to \$200 per acre."

TO SUPERVISE WHEAT MARKET

Federal Control Is Urged By The Growers' Association

SAY MONOPOLY

Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce Opposed to the Interests It Is Supposed to Serve

WASHINGTON, Mar. 11.—"The Chamber of Commerce of Minneapolis, the largest primary wheat market in the world, is a private market, a monopoly opposed to the interests of the producers it is supposed to serve," Benjamin Drake of Minneapolis, counsel for a dozen growers' associations asserted today before the House Rules Committee.

Mr. Drake and representatives of the organizations of Northwestern Wheat Growers urged the enactment of laws establishing federal control of the public terminal grain warehouses, government inspection and grading of grain and prohibition of dealing in grain futures where actual delivery is not intended.

Enlargement of the scope of the pending Manahan resolution to direct an inquiry into the Chicago, Duluth and Minneapolis grain exchanges is contemplated by the Rules Committee as a result of a proposal that the New York and New Orleans cotton exchanges also be investigated.

Chairman Henry said yesterday that prohibition of trading in cotton futures as provided in a bill which passed the house but failed in the senate, originally extended to grain exchanges, although it was altered in committee after grain men had made a "strong showing." Mr. Drake recalled this today and charged that the Chicago Board of Trade maintained an organized lobby or "school for congressmen" which had accomplished this result. Growers he said, had no knowledge of the protest against the original bill.

Drake placed before the committee rules of the Minneapolis chamber which he said showed monopolistic tendencies and practices. He told of the collapse of the Farmers' Exchange of Minnesota, saying:

"The man who broke the exchange

is here today, representing the Chamber of Commerce."

The membership of the chamber had never increased since the organization he said and those limited memberships were owned by banks, elevators and milling companies to a large extent. Several milling companies owned big groups of memberships he said, a single company having more than twenty.

Representative Manahan called to the stand during the day Mangus Johnson, of Kimball, Minn., vice-president of the Equity Cooperative Exchange at Minneapolis; Ira D. McVickers, president of the Farmers and Grain Dealers Association of Iowa and Ira Chryst, president of the American Society of Equity, an organization of farmers.

Johnson said that fifty-six percent of what the farmers produce was eaten up in delivering to the consumers because of the middle men. He warned the committee that the question of the grain monopoly would become a national political issue if relief were not soon granted to the farmers.

Alleges Jackpot Found

To support his charge that the Chicago Board of Trade is dominated by an alleged trust of warehouse men, Samuel H. Greeley, told the committee that a jackpot of \$4000 was raised by the members last year to get legislation at Springfield to legalize dealings in puts and calls. Greeley named two members of the board, who had admitted he declared, of having participated in the collecting of the funds. He declared his belief that the board had been forced to throw open its doors to this "\$5 and \$10 bet game" and seek legislation because the warehouse men so controlled and manipulated the future and cash markets by their possession of stored grain that legitimate dealing was inhibited and floor traders driven to the put and call operations "to make a living."

WHY DO THE CONTINENTS POINT TO THE SOUTH?

One Scientist Asserted that Ice Continents at the South Pole Attract Oceans from the North

Everyone who has as much as peeped into geography knows there is a preponderance of land in the Northern Hemisphere and of land in the Southern Hemisphere. A French scientist, M. Adhemar, evolved an interesting theory to account for this fact. He affirmed that the immense cupola of ice that exists around the South Pole must affect the center of gravity of the earth and consequently attract the ocean southward. This

is sometimes taken to explain the remarkable predominance of oceans pointing southward.

The progressive increase of sea as one goes southward can hardly be the result of accident. Mr. Adhemar, maintaining that this is due to the alteration of gravity of the earth, believed that this alteration is going on constantly. Consequently he said, 11,160 year ago, when the northern hemisphere was at its coldest, the northern glacier consequently at its maximum and the southern at its minimum, the preponderance of water would have been in the northern hemisphere, and the submersion of the lower lands of Europe and America may have been due to an alteration, not in the level of the land but in that of the sea.

He conceived the idea that when the increasing ice counterbalanced the decreasing ice there is a sudden transfer of the center of gravity of the earth from one side of the center of the solid part to the other, and consequently a rush of water or deluge alternating from North to South, occurring every 10,150 years. It seems to Lord Avery, who dwells on the subject at some length in the "Prehistoric Times" that the alteration of the ice cupolas would be too slow, and consequently the change in the center of gravity too gradual to cause any sudden rush of water from one pole to another.

According to M. Adhemar theory, the year 1248 was that in which our northern hemisphere was at its greatest heat, and the southern at its greatest cold; and 655 years have since elapsed, we might expect to find some evidence of subsequent change. The great northern glacier is said to have retreated considerably since the time of Captain Cook, and the ice in Greenland is on the increase.—Kansas City Star.

RUNNING WATER

RUNNINGWATER, Tex., Mar. 12.—Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Monzingo left last week for points in Central Texas to visit for several weeks.

Miss Ethel Yowell will be hostess to the Priscilla Embroidery Club next Thursday.

Little Bill Baird has been sick with a cold for the past few days.

Mrs. Alphas Hursh and children visited the G. L. Phillips family recently.

The Hale county singing convention met at this place last Sunday. A large crowd attended and enjoyed the singing. L. D. Griffin was elected president for the coming year. The next meeting will be at Prairie View on the Second Sunday in May.

In conjunction with prayer meeting a Bible reading class has been formed, each member promising to read a chapter in the Bible each day in the week. At last Sunday night's meeting the following answered to roll call as having done so:

C. E. Lock, J. A. Tartwater, Mrs. C. F. Knight, Mrs. C. D. Phillips, Mrs. H. R. Tartwater, Misses Lois Morton, Lura Matlock, Winnie Edmondson, Cleo Knight and Minnie Locke.

Cleo Phillips and wife are spending a few days with Mrs. Phillips' father and mother near Auburn.

SPRING LAKE

SPRING LAKE, Tex., Mar. 12.—The handsome residence which Geo. Kennan is having erected on his farm just west of Spring Lake is nearing completion.

The work on the big irrigation well which J. B. Linville is having put down is progressing nicely. They have an abundance of water now but they are going them "one better." The underground river is only about sixty feet below the surface of this tract.

Chas. Wirmire, of Braymer, Mo. after a short stay here has returned home for his family, household effect and farming implements. He has been figuring on getting H. Packard of this place to break out 100 acres of sod on his place but had not let the contract when he returned to Missouri.

L. R. Cox, of Hurley, that notorious real estate man, was over on business Friday.

W. W. Pugh, of Olton, was over the first of the week. This is his initiative as a candidate for the clerkship of this county.

S. W. Downs has been awarded the contract to carry the mail Spring Lake Dimmitt route for four years.

Axtell & Axtell of this place begin on the seven hundred acres of sod they have contracted to turn for W. E. Halsell.

H. M. Packard has a contract to turn

G. C. Keck left yesterday to attend Federal Court at Oklahoma City.

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"CORRECT DRESS FOR MEN AND BOYS"

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Grant Building

Plainview, Texas



seventy-five acres of sod for W. E. Halsell.

We understand that G. M. Mahr has called a meeting of the citizens of this place to consider the proposition of raising a bonus to offer the railroad company that is planning to build south out of Hereford.

Dr. Stapleton, of Dimmitt, was called to see Mrs. E. R. Geist Friday, who is at this time much improved.

Frank Hudgins, of Plainview, wanted to secure about ten sections of this land for grazing purposes for a series of years but was unable to do so and returned to Plainview last Wednesday.

Rev. Foley, of Olton, visited his daughter who is teaching our primary room last Wednesday.

Geo. Doubleday, of Hurley, the Hotel Man, was over on business Friday.

The farmers are hustling their oats into the ground here.

P. D. Vore of Canyon City is down looking after his farm interests.

The daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Head married last week to a Mr. Nash after a continued courtship of about four weeks acquaintance.

KRESS

KRESS, Tex., Mar. 12.—Professor Graham went to Plainview Saturday.

Tom Bagley was a caller in Tulia Thursday.

Dick Blaze ordered a car of baled millet for Messrs. Merrill, Burke and F. Rousser and was in Saturday.

Mrs. J. Bush returned to her home last Wednesday after a two-month's visit in West Tennessee.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Overby visited Sunday with their daughter Mrs. May Rousser west of Kress.

Mr. and Mrs. Griffith motored to Plainview Friday.

The Missionary Society will have a meeting Tuesday afternoon at the M. E. Church.

Mr. Greenfield and Will Rousser ordered a carload of baled cane and millet which arrived in Kress Saturday.

Mrs. Griffith and sons and Miss Flossy Samuelson autoted to Runningwater Sunday to attend the singing.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Rousser visited with their son, Will Rousser and family last Sunday.

Tuesday: A strong wind from the north and lots of dust.

LAMESA

LAMESA, Tex., Mar. 12.—Buster Bowman, from Artesia, N. M., sold here at auction last Saturday afternoon, several head of horses and mules. W. N. Wright purchased a pair of mares five years old for \$167.50, Ernest Riggs a span of mules for \$90.00, L. C. Cumpston, one sorrel horse, four years old for \$25.00, Jim Riggs bought a horse for \$61.00, Claude Campbell, a four-year

old horse for \$16.00, W. N. Wright, a 10-year old mule for \$35.00

Clyde Adams has under construction a watch repair shop. He expects to fully equip his office for this kind of work.

R. I. Meyers, the Druggist, who a short time ago moved into his newly constructed brick building, has now under construction a nice residence in the East part of town.

J. F. Coner, Dawson county's sheriff is making a trip to Fort Worth. W. F. Robinson, a local attorney has gone to Plainview.

WILLIAMSON HAFFNER CO.
 ENGRAVERS-PRINTERS
 OUR CUTS TALK
 DENVER, COLO.

Primm Oil Engines

Sold During February

L. Claus & Sons, Tulia, two 80 H. P. Now Pumping

Vaughn Bros. will be pumping March 25

At Littlefield two 50 H. P. Primm Engines will be pumping April 10

P. C. Benedict

Manager for Texas Branch

Headquarters at the Ware Hotel, Plainview, Texas

Plainview, Texas, March 13, 1914.

Mr. and Mrs. Buyer: That old high cost of living problem bothering you again? Well it bothers us also but we've solved much of the difficulty for ourselves and for you in the grocery line.

You see we do it this way---we have no clerk hire, we cut out high rents by buying a modest store room on a side street, we decided that delivery men, teams and wagons were expensive luxuries, so decided to do without them, we buy for cash and get cash discounts from wholesalers.

Can't you see how we both benefit when we are able to sell you groceries for less?

Yours for less expense,

EAST SIDE GROCERY,
 Geo. S. Fairris, Prop.

SOCIETY

TRAVEL STUDY CLASSES TO STUDY NAPOLEON

The Travel Study Class will meet Saturday, March 15, in their club room to study Napoleon with the following program:

The life of Napoleon before 1795. His work under the Directory. The consulate: Napoleon as first consul.

He is made consul for life. What kind of government did he give France at this time?

How did the plots against his life lead to his becoming Emperor? Were these plots real or fictitious?

What spirit caused the Continental and English opposition to Napoleon. What part do Trafalgar and the invasion of Russia play in Napoleon's career?

How does the Continental Blockade help to bring about his downfall?

What relation did Napoleon bear to the religion of Europe.

What is the story of his private life with Josephine? How did she hope to hold him?

What were the results of Napoleon's second marriage.

The battle of Leipzig and the hundred days.

Waterloo.

St. Helena: Napoleon's last days.

MRS. GALE GOES TO ILLINOIS

Mrs. T. C. Shepard's Mother Returns Home

Mr. and Mrs. Scott Gale who have been spending the winter with their daughter Mrs. T. C. Shepard, 206 Alexander street, left today for their home at Oregon, Ill.

While here they have been the recipients of a number of social courtesies and have made many friends by their cordial manner who are reluctant to have them leave Plainview.

HENDERSON TO KANSAS CITY.

M. D. Henderson left today. He will visit Fort Worth and go from there to Kansas City. Mr. Henderson says that he is trying to line up another man or body of men to buy and develop Hale County land, like the Texas Land and Development Company is doing. Mr. Henderson was the man who turned Dr. Pearson's attention this way. Dr. Pearson said last spring that he came to see Hale County just because Mr. Henderson would not let him alone. He is glad now that he came.

MOTHERS CLUB

Central School Building 3:30 P. M. Programme

Invocation. Music. Reading.

Address, "The Influence of Disease Upon Civilization."—Dr. J. C. Anderson.

At the last meeting the time of the meetings was changed to the second Friday in each calendar month.

E. C. Reagan was in town today from Petersburg. He says that Petersburg hopes to secure the Q. A. & P. Railroad.

Mrs. R. H. McGee left today for Temple, Texas, where she will undergo an operation.

Mrs. Maud O'Bowman went to Lubbock today.

Joe Hess returned home from Oklahoma City today.

R. H. McGee left today for Oklahoma City on business.

J. E. Nunn, of Amarillo, was in Plainview today attending a meeting of the Board of Wayland College.

Rev. S. A. Barnes went to Lubbock today to hold Sunday School Institute and Quarterly Conference. His pulpit Sunday morning will be filled by Rev. O. P. Kiker, Presiding Elder. Rev. Barnes will return to preach his sermon on dancing Sunday night.

Oscar Hill went to Aubrey, Texas, yesterday. He received a telegraph message that his sister is very sick.

Dr. A. C. Scott, of Temple, went home today. He has been looking over Helen Temple Farm.

John S. Oglesby, who has been auditing the books for the county officials, left today for Dallas. He will stop at Snyder on his way home.

Miss Jewell Bayless came in today from Clovis to visit her brother, R. F. Bayless, local agent for the Santa Fe Railroad. Miss Bayless is society editor for the Clovis, N. M., Journal.

Mrs. J. D. Bedford of Amarillo is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McKee.

Rev. S. A. Barnes leaves today for Lubbock where he will hold quarterly conference and conduct a Sunday school institute on Friday and Saturday.

M. D. Henderson left today for Ft. Worth.

LAMAR SCHOOL NOTES

The Sixth Grade club are planning to celebrate San Jacinto day.

Mack Alexander is absent this week on account of a severe cough.

Joe Flack is back in school after being absent five weeks on account of illness.

Sallie Buchanan is absent this week day on account of illness.

Several of the Sixth grade are working hard for exemption from final examinations.

Olle Williams was absent Wednesday on account of a severe cough.

The following have been neither absent nor tardy in the First grade during February:

Gerald Burton.

Craven Hudgins.

Graden Nance.

Jack Winn.

Bertha Alexander.

Mary Francisco.

Jessie Francisco.

Lillie Francisco.

Sue Harrison.

Letha Fay Harden.

Lucile Whitson.

Ruby Lee Williams.

Roberta Tudor.

Violet Ketchum, Violet Alesworth and Willie Stanco have recently entered school.

Opal Fluke has reentered school after a long illness.

J. N. Donohoo has been sick for the past week.

Edgar McClelland is now out of quarantine.

The teachers have organized a tennis club.

Wednesday

HONORING MISSOURI GUEST

Miss Joe Keck Entertains for Miss Leona Cunningham

In honor of Miss Leona Cunningham of Cape Girardeau, Mo., Miss Joe Keck entertained yesterday afternoon with two tables of auction bridge.

Promptly at three the guests assembled and spent an hour or two in playing this most fascinating game.

Assisted by Mrs. E. E. Roos, Miss Keck served cake and sweets.

Present were Mrs. Charles Saigling, Mrs. E. E. Roos, Misses Cunningham, Laura Mastin, Alice Harrell, Bettie Knight, Alice Ware, Mae Kinder, Annie Maude Davidson.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH TO HOLD SPECIAL SERVICES

Rev. J. S. Wicks, rector of the Episcopal church will begin a series of sermons next Sunday at the Guild hall. The services will continue through Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday.

MYSTIC CLUB HOLDS BUSINESS MEETING.

An important business meeting was held Saturday afternoon by the Mystic Club, at the Woman's Club Room, with full attendance.

Following this, Mrs. E. Graham read an interesting paper upon "The Commercial Opportunities of South America."

A poem, "The Radiant Christ," by Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox, was read by Mrs. J. J. Bromley.

Mrs. John E. Brown, a recently-elected member, was present; also Mrs. H. A. Wofford, who is an honorary member of the club.

The next meeting will be March 21, with Mrs. Marshall Phelps as leader.

W. E. Risser is beginning the erection of a beautiful brick home on Archer street.

Mrs. J. Buckheimer and daughter are expected home this week from St. Louis.

Mrs. Lee Kimble was operated on this morning at the Guyton-Nichols Sanitarium.

W. W. Graham returned this morning from Amarillo where he was called to a sister who was seriously ill with appendicitis. She was much improved when Mr. Graham left for Plainview.

PRAIRIE VIEW SCHOOL TO HAVE PROGRAM

Program for Prairie View Literary Society for Saturday night, March 14, 1914.

Music.

Recitation, Florida Pullen.

Recitation, Hazel Ooley.

Declamation, "Der Drummer," (German) Otto Sammann.

Reading, Erna Boedeker.

Dialogue, "The Dutch Recruiting officer."—Otto and Willie Sammann.

Recitation, Helen Groff.

Reading, Minnie Leemaster.

Declamation, "Spartacus to the Glad-

iators,"—Earl Rapier.

Recitation, Mark Williams.

Recitation, Helen Groff.

Dialogue, "Seeing a Ghost,"—Three Girls.

Declamation, Hugh Bonds.

Recitation, "The Mountain Girl's Letter,"—Tobe McCay.

Dialogue, "A Mad Teuton"—Dutch Journal—Beulah Williams.

Dialogue, "Wonderful Eggs."

Declamation, "In Her Shweed Long Ago" (Dutch)—Fred Sammann.

Debate.

Play, "Jumbo Jim" (Comedy—Time one hour)—Characters: Mrs. Gobbleton, Lawyer Cheatham, Henry Merriville, Jumbo Jim, Mrs. Gobbleton, Adelaide, Hannah.

"GOOD OLD FASHIONED DINNER WITH MR. AND MRS. OTTO

Menu For High Noon Banquet Includes Twelve Course; Supper Too.

A good old-fashioned Christmas, Thanksgiving and Fourth of July sort of dinner was given Monday by Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Otto, 303 Eureka street. It was an all day affair.

The ladies went at 11 in the morning, the gentlemen came in time for the elegant 1 o'clock dinner.

The menu included twelve courses comprised of turkey, salads and all other good things known to the gastronomic art.

The afternoon was devoted to cards and fancy work by the ladies of the party.

After the sumptuous supper which was enlivened by the presence of the gentlemen the evening was spent in playing Five Hundred.

Those who enjoyed the generous hospitality were Messrs and Mesdames L. A. Knight, R. C. Ware, O. M. Unger, E. Dowden, P. J. Woolridge, H. M. Burch, Misses Annie Maude Davidson, Bettie Knight and Mr. Elliott Brooks of Oklahoma City, who is visiting his sister, Mrs. Woolridge.

HIS OIL CAN "BLEW" ALL AROUND WORLD.

Old-Timer Says 5-Gallon Tank Blew Away and Returned in Just One Year.

Appropriate to wind, for we do have windy days occasionally on the Plains, an old-timer told the following:

He said: "I was leaving for town one morning when my wife told me to take the five-gallon oil can with me and have it filled."

"It was before the days of delivery wagons in Plainview."

"She placed the can outside the door, but being in a hurry to reach the office I overlooked it."

"A strong wind was blowing from the southwest. In a short time my wife saw the can blown away by the force of the wind. It had my name painted on it, for five-gallon cans were hard to get in the pre-railroad days."

"Well, now comes the strange part of the story. Just a year to the day there happened to be a strong wind blowing again from the southwest, and here came the lost oil can along with it, with my name still on it, and in a god condition. We concluded that it had made a trip around the world in its absence of a year."

"But this is proof, too, that wind blows at other places—in fact, all around the world."

COLLEGE PRESIDENT PREACHES.

Rev. G. F. Winfield Delivers Strong Sermon at Methodist Church.

Rev. G. F. Winfield, President of Meridian College, preached to a crowded house at the Methodist Church Sunday. His text was "Godliness is profitable for all things."

Brother Winfield took up a statement from a sermon of one of our great preachers—"All human action revolves around the center of selfishness." He disproved this by means of the law of psychology and by the Bible.

"Love," Brother Winfield said, "is the motive for the highest human action. Love cannot be selfish."

He stressed the fact that you must follow your Lord all the way. "Sometimes it will lead up the hill to Calvary. But just beyond is the Mount of Transfiguration."

The most important thing in life, the President said, is to acknowledge your Saviour here in earth every day. Then you will be sure to stand with Him in glory.

It was a great sermon. The audience kept Brother Winfield shaking hands nearly half an hour. He is doing a wonderful work at Meridian College.

Brother Winfield returned to Meridian, Texas, yesterday.

HOSTILE LOVE.

Ruth Cameron has the following in the Waco Times-Herald. She is speaking of two women who lived alone together for many years.

"They loved each other tenderly, and yet at times they irritated and were on each other to the verge of desperation. In short, there existed between them that peculiar hostile love which made them antagonize and criticize each other constantly, despite the fact that each loved the other more

than any one else in the world.

"It seems to me that this phrase is a perfect description of the feeling that so often exists between housemates. We love the father or mother, son or daughter, sister or brother, husband or wife, with all our hearts. The bare thought of death in connection with them fills us with a sickness of heart that is physical in its intensity. We would be capable of almost any heroic sacrifice for their sake, and yet, we aren't capable of the simple sacrifice of tolerance and patience. Their peculiarities wear on us, their little ways get on our nerves and we are filled with that hostile love that makes us continually cavil and carp and criticize, even though all the time they are very dear to us.

"Some one has said:

"We've a kindly word for the stranger, And a smile for the sometime guest; But for our own the angry tone, 'Though we love our own the best.'"

"And so it is in all too many homes. I know a conscientious, sensitive and high-strung girl who loves her mother with an unusual love and tenderness. And yet even into this great love the element of hostility creeps; and again and again she finds herself nagging and criticizing the dear mother. 'I'm so ashamed of myself,' she told me once, 'when I find myself scolding mother for some of her funny little ways. It makes her unhappy, but not half so unhappy as it makes me afterwards.'

"We are queer, solitary, self-assertive creatures, we human beings. They talk about the gregariousness of man, meaning that man was meant to live in families, but sometimes I wonder if we wouldn't be happier if it were possible for each of us to live a separate existence in a separate house."

"I think there are a great many homes in which the inability to keep from nagging the genuinely loved housemates is really a tragedy.

"Furthermore, I think in a great many cases the cause is that the people concerned see too much of each other. It is one of the bad tendencies of the age that most of us are afraid of being alone. I think we need more aloneness. We can't have a separate cell in which to live, but we can have a separate room, and that room our castle. No member of the family should enter another's room without knocking. There should be less familiarity and intimacy even between housemates, more respect for the desire for occasional privacy and aloneness."

"Rub any two objects together very hard and you get what? Friction. Well, isn't it the same with souls? The more freedom, and respect of privacy and personality that you find in a home, the less you will find of hostile love."

GOVERNOR REJECTS PAY RAISE.

BOSTON, Mass., Mar. 11.—Governor Walsh sent a letter to the legislative committee on public service committee yesterday afternoon in regard to the bill now pending to increase the governor's salary from \$8,000 to \$12,000 a year. The governor said that the people of the state chose him for their

chief executive at a time when the salary was fixed by law at \$8,000; that he knew that when he became a candidate, impliedly at least, that the sum fixed was that which he should draw from the public treasury during his term of office.

The governor also writes that if the committee sees fit to increase the salary, "I request that your recommendation become operative in some future year."

work of piping the product from Mexico to this city will begin shortly. Houston capitalists are behind the project and it is their intention to have the gas turned into the mains within the next six months.

The promoters say they will grant a low rate to manufacturers and other heavy users of the fuel. The work will represent an expenditure of \$500,000.

Incidental Music

Governor Eberhardt of Minnesota wrote a song while in the Dentist's chair. Probably a parody to the well known "Sorrow's Crown of Sorrow." Or, "Th Bridge of Sighs."

WILL BEGIN WORK IMMEDIATELY ON GAS PIPE LINE

WACO, Tex., Mar. 10.—Natural gas for Waco has been assured and the

Seed Sweet Potatoes, Seed Irish Potatoes, Onion Sets, Poultry Remedies, Spray Pumps and Everything in Seed You Ought to Plant.
G. E. White Seed Company
 PLAINVIEW, TEXAS

The Fly with spongy feet collects the invisible germs of disease—spreads them over our food and poisons us with typhoid.
The Mosquito with its bill injects into our veins MALARIA.
 WE ARE all exposed to such dangers—our only armor is **good red blood!** Let your stomach be of good digestion, your liver active and your lungs full of good pure air and you don't surrender to any of the disease-bearing germs. The best known tonic and alternative, that corrects a torpid liver, and helps digestion so that good blood is manufactured and the system nourished, is
Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery
 This famous medicine has been sold by medicine dealers in its liquid form for over forty years, giving great satisfaction. If you prefer you can now obtain Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery tablets of your druggist at \$1.00, also in 50c size or by mail—send 50 one-cent stamps, R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y., for trial box.
Questions of Life are fully and properly answered in the People's Medical Adviser by R. V. Pierce, M. D. All the knowledge a young man or woman, wife or daughter should have, is contained in this Big Home Doctor Book containing 106 pages with engravings: bound in cloth, sent free to anyone sending 21 one-cent stamps to prepay cost of wrapping and postage.

GROCERIES

PHONE YOUR ORDERS
 It is not necessary for you to come to our store to buy. Just call up on the phone and we will take your order and deliver it promptly, and you will find both quality and quantity just as good as if you had personally selected the goods. We are anxious to have you as a customer and are sure we will hold you as such after the first purchase.
WRIGHT & DUNAWAY
 PHONES 35 and 355

Are You Reading the Information Given in this Space?
 This is of course an advertisement, but we expect to give you in this space from time to time valuable information and figures taken from actual experience which will be worth your reading.
 You are carrying insurance on your life and your home. You can even protect yourself from loss on your crop from hail or storms— Why not take the next best step and take out a little insurance on your pocket-book and your financial progress, by having a plan to put the water on your land at the time it is needed?
 Get busy! Let us talk well with you. Don't go through another year depending on circumstances. Guarantee yourself something.
Layne & Bowler Company
 Plainview, Texas

EDITORIAL PAGE

The Twice-A-Week
Hale County Herald

The Herald's Open Forum

and Public Service Depart-

ments.

FRIDAY, MARCH 13

BROWN & MILLER, Publishers

A Dirty Front Door

Beauty is a large financial asset. The Egyptian queen knew the power of beauty. Modern woman is no less ignorant on the subject. Beauty of body, of mind, of soul is something divine.

Ugliness is repulsive. It is invariably associated with filth, slovenness, low mentality. It is contrary to natural laws.

Municipalities suffer from sloven housekeeping just as much as individuals suffer from careless dress. In fact, the financial loss is greater to the town, because it is something which is judged by its appearance, while the individual may offer something by mouth in palliation of his repulsive appearance.

In either case it is poor business judgment. It robs of large opportunities. Prospective investors judge a community by its appearance. Civic cleanliness directly affects the character of its youth.

Seth Ward College is just north of Plainview. Just to one side of a main road from town to the college there is a shallow lake. The place has been made nauseating by dumping trash, scarpings, off-scourings.

That dumping ground has become an offense to the residents of the college community. It tends to disgust visitors. Parents coming to see their children in college wonder if that is Plainview's contribution to the surroundings in which we ask them to send their youth.

Now, Plainview has done nobly by Seth Ward. We are doing ourselves an injustice when we allow that pile of trash and cans to remain where it is.

Plainview citizens ought not to dump their refuse onto the college community. If they persist, a petition to the County Commissioners is the next step. We believe that citizens would be willing to remove the rubbish already scattered there if they had assurance that not any more would be allowed on that public way.

The trash is outside of Plainview. It could hardly be in a more public place. We have there a dirty front door.

Civic Unsightliness

It isn't alone our front door that is dirty. We have imposed upon Seth Ward and exhibited our rubbish to every individual who drives that public way.

We have unsightliness in public places within the town limits.

On West Second Street about four blocks from Pacific there is a long half coil of wire rope used by house-movers. The block which they used for moving a house recently is there. The wire is across the sidewalk, and is a menace to every person who passes along that side of the street after night.

Last summer we enjoyed the music of an airdome on North Pacific and West Third Streets. It isn't pleasing to see the sheet-iron house from which the picture machine was operated standing there. That box on stilts was all right in the airdome. It is not objectionable wherever there might be need of it. The sheet iron is unsightly on Plainview's main street.

Just across on the other side of North Pacific Street is a large pile of boxes, crates, wooden spools which at one time carried telephone wire, and some cast-off work materials. Convenient, perhaps, if we should ever need it. It is unsightly. Every visitor must pass by those places. Wouldn't it be wiser to clean up those places?

These are little things. In the aggregate they are just the things which go far toward successful town building.

Hail to Nineteen Fourteen and Fifteen

Nineteen fourteen and nineteen fifteen will be years of returns for the great Shallow Water Belt of Northwest Texas.

This section will soon reap the material benefits of many of the marvelous corporate and private irrigation development projects that are now building.

Up to now money has been going out. The time is now nearly ripe for the current to change, which will mean money coming in.

Improved irrigated farms and undeveloped property that has not been placed upon the market will soon be sold. This, of course, will put more money into circulation.

Hundreds of thousands of dollars have been spent here this winter and spring by farmers and stockmen for feed because weather prevented them from raising crops. Most of this cash went into other states. But from now on abundant crops will be raised on irrigated tracts. These crops will be sold to feed native live stock or to Northern purchasers. This implies that either the money will be kept within our borders or that its volume will be increased.

Scores of concerns and thousands of people in other parts of the United States have cast their eyes upon our Shallow Water country as a future home.

Many good farmers are coming here this year. They are coming because of unrivaled opportunities to gain success, comfort, health and happiness.

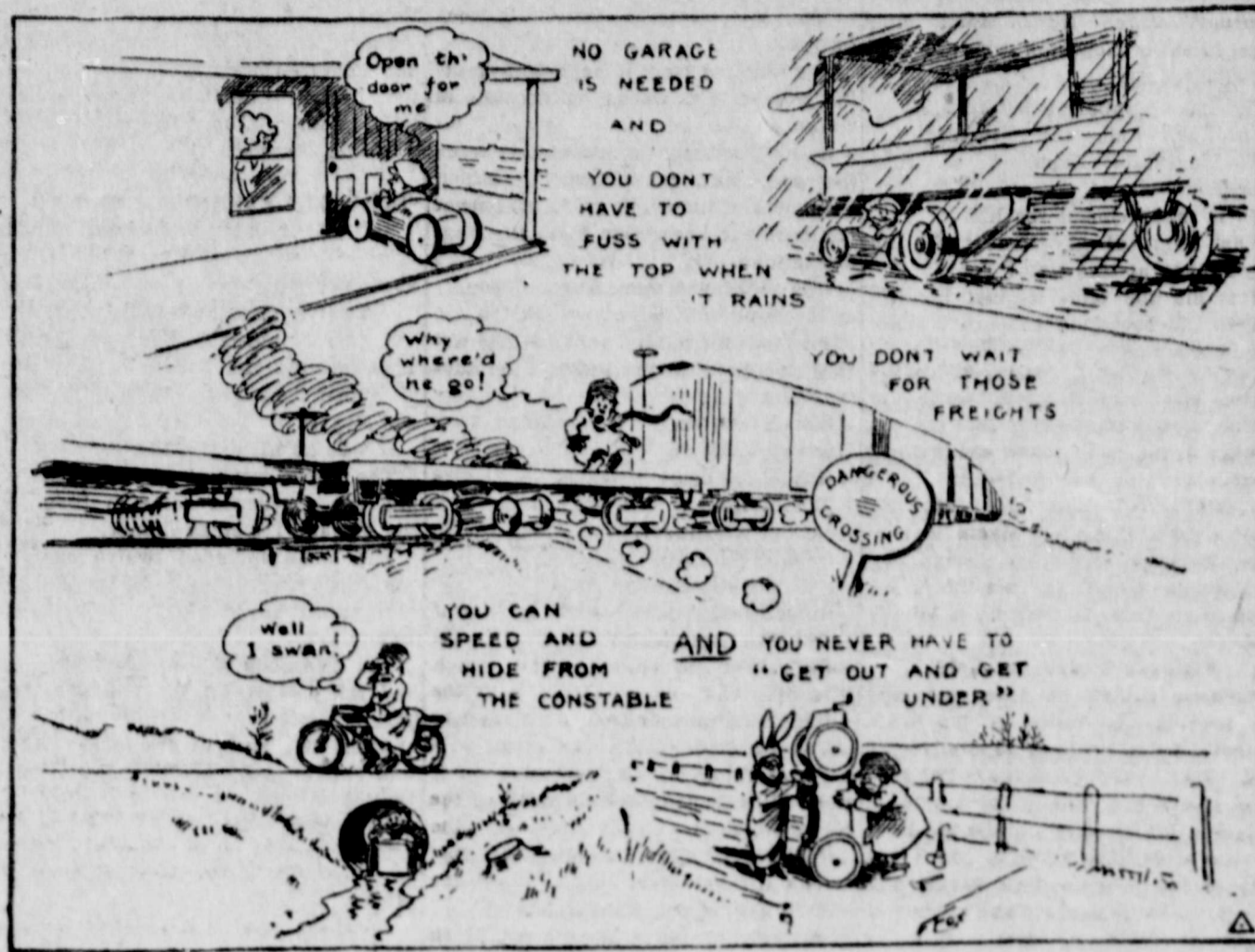
Heretofore the savings banks only have been permitted to loan money on real estate. By the new law, National banks that enter the regional system may do so, and consequently there will be more money for development. Bankers are now waiting for the regional banks to be located. When this is determined, the money market will resume its normal condition.

The regional banks mean greater activity in farm lands, affording the small farmer a greater opportunity to get money to develop his farm along irrigation or other lines. As a result, there will be a remarkable move in farm lands.

All over the Shallow Water Belt there are wonderful locations for farms. In Hale County, Swisher County, Floyd County, Lamb County, Lubbock County the opportunities are being more realized than before.

These counties and others are all adjacent to Plainview. All Hail to Nineteen Fourteen and Fifteen!

WE THINK WE WILL BUY ONE OF THESE CYCLE CARS.



-Fox in New York Evening Sun

CITIC LEAGUE WANT FLOWERS

Women Endeavor to Beautify as Well as Clean Up

ASK NEW MEMBERS

If You Have Ideas for Town Betterment League Will Help Make Them Healthy

Mrs. C. W. Billings and Miss Pauline Milwee added their names to the Civic League roll at its last meeting. This gives us twenty-five on this year's list to date. The President hopes that last year's members, and many more, will enroll as soon as convenient.

The first question discussed was the fountain for West Side School, which is happily settled by the clubs contributing eleven dollars each toward their purchase. Miss Fowle reported the plan of the flower committee, which the League voted to accept. A prize of \$2.50 will be given for the prettiest back yard and a prize of \$5.00 for the best-kept premises, including alley and the owner's half of the road.

Prizes for Flowers.

In both cases neatness as well as attractiveness will count. For boys and girls of sixteen ten prizes of one dollar each will be given for the best-grown bed of any of the following varieties: Pansy, nasturtium, sweet peas, verbona, phlox, petunia, marigold, aster, and balsam and cypress. The vines may be grown as a background for the beds, on fences or other support.

The Plainview Floral Comocny of

fers, through the League, a prize of \$2.50 for the best window box grown in the business section. A committee will make regular tours of inspection to grade the contesting plots. This is necessary in perfect fairness to all.

All May Contest.

Persons desiring to enter any of the contests must report by April 1st to one of the committee, viz: Mrs. L. T. Mayhugh, Mrs. A. W. McKee, Mrs. J. J. Lash. The contest closes October 1st. One packet of seed will be given to any child desiring it. Any child may try for all the ten prizes.

Any one having plants, shrubs or seeds to give is asked to notify any member of the committee.

A change is being considered in the Rest Room, by removal to one better lighted, larger and more suitable in every way. It is planned to have a matron in charge, who will not only care for the room, but will be helpful in various ways to those using it. Many mothers would find it a convenience to have small children cared for while shopping, and possibly a cup of hot coffee would not come amiss many times. An effort will be made to make the place comfortable and convenient.

Plans for Sanitary Work.

Plans for sanitary work, planting and all the usual activities are under consideration and will be reported when perfected. The Civic League is still on the job and, as they have almost daily requests to do this, look after that or take up the other thing, we are asked to suggest that the right and reasonable way is to give your name (and 50 cents), and then present your request and help get the thing you want. If the League is a good and needful organization, as so many seem to think, it needs the help of all believers. Faith is all right, but without works it doesn't reach far. Here's to a year when every citizen co-operates to make Plainview the cleanest, most attractive and most up-to-date city of its size and possibilities in Texas or anywhere else.

LEAGUE SECRETARY.

IS TESTING CHEAPER FUEL FOR OIL ENGINES.

McDowell Gray Begins Series of Experiments to Determine Value of Unusually Cheap Fuel Oil.

McDowell Gray, representing the Crescent Oil Engine, begins to-day a series of experiments to test the value of an unusually cheap fuel oil.

Reduced Crude Fuel Oil is the trade name of the oil Mr. Gray proposes to use in this test. It is of from 24 to 26 degrees Braume gravity, about 270 degrees Fahrenheit flash point, and is undoubtedly the heaviest as well as the cheapest oil ever used in this district. It is what is known by oil refiners as a residual oil, and is the residue left in their stills after the gasoline, naphtha distillates have been taken out by distillation.

In the past this oil has been used for road oiling and as a fuel under boilers, but by continued improvements oil engine designers have at last brought out an engine that will burn this oil satisfactorily.

To build an engine to consume this heavy oil satisfactorily required years of study and costly experimentation

in order to overcome the many troubles encountered. Carbonizing of the cylinders was the biggest stumbling block in the way of its successful use, and it is only within the last year that engine builders have been able to eliminate this source of trouble.

The advantages obtained from the use of this oil are numerous, but by far the most promising feature is the extremely low cost of operation. This low cost of operation is brought about not only by the fact that the oil itself is so much cheaper in price, but its nature is such that considerably more power is developed for each gallon consumed, reason for this being the large number of heat units contained in the heavier oils. The heat units contained in ordinary engine distillates now being used varies from 15,000 to 17,000 B. T. U. (heat units) per gallon of oil, while reduced crude fuel oil will contain from 18,000 to 20,000 B. T. U. per gallon. Inasmuch as the power developed per gallon of oil consumed is directly proportional to the heat unit content of the oil used, it is readily seen that the heavier fuel oils will develop a great deal more power for each gallon consumed.

In fact, oil engine efficiency is based on the percentage of heat units which are actually turned into useful work, and will vary from 20 to 26 per cent. In other words, 20 to 26 per cent of the B. T. U. contained in any oil will be developed into power.

The history of the development of an engine to burn the heavy grades of fuel oil, while very interesting, would take up more space than we care to give to this subject, but its success is due in a great measure to the scientific application of the theory of hot-ball ignition, as it is only by the hot-ball method that sufficient heat can be maintained in the cylinder of an engine to explode or ignite these high flash point oils.

It has been proven that in order to successfully burn heavy grades of oil the use of moving parts must be eliminated as far as possible, and that the spark plug, magneto, etc., do not furnish sufficient heat to cause an explosion of the heavy oil.

The ability to use this heavy, cheap fuel oil means cheaper water for farmers, and we certainly wish Mr. Gray the best of good luck in his endeavor to make use of it as an aid to irrigation.

HALE CENTER, Texas, March 10.—Mr. Warren Smithee sold 130 head of cattle this week.

Mr. Sam Smith moved from Hale Center to Plainview this week. Mr. Smith is a good citizen.

The boys and girls of the Hale Center School spent an hour of pleasant work Friday afternoon preparing ground to plant trees on the school grounds.

The Mothers' Club met Friday afternoon. Dr. Underwood read an interesting paper on the subject of school hygiene. Mr. Horton interestingly discussed the subject of compulsory education. Dr. Underwood, Mr. Joe L. Ferguson and Mr. Robert Alley joined the club at this meeting.

SNYDER, Texas, March 10.—Fall oats and wheat are holding up well through the dry weather, but spring oats are suffering for rain.

It is the consensus of opinion among farmers here that there is a fair crop of fruit not killed by the cold.

DEAN WILLIAMS ARRIVES IN AUSTRALIA ON WORLD TOUR

Has Studied Newspapers in Many Lands---Says Office of Moscow World is One of The Finest He Has Seen Abroad

Prof. Walter Williams, dean of the faculty of journalism at the University of Missouri, Columbia, who, on June 1, left home for a twelve months' tour of the world to study its newspapers, was on January 20 in Sidney, Australia. He had already visited England, Ireland, Scotland, France, Germany, Russia, Holland, Greece and several other countries. From Australia he will proceed to China and Japan.

In the course of an interview Prof. Williams gave the Sidney Herald reporter some of his impressions of the journalism of the various places he had visited. He said that one of the finest newspaper offices he had seen was that of the Moscow Word.

"I suppose I have met more journalists and seen more newspaper offices," he continued, "than any man in the world, and for having everything up-to-date, for comfort for the writers employed, for salaries, and indeed everything connected with the literary and news side of the paper, I have seen nothing finer than that Moscow newspaper office. Thirty years ago, the proprietor told me, he walked into

Moscow without a rouble in his pocket, and to-day the paper he established has a circulation of 200,000—the largest circulation of any paper in Russia. It is one of the world's great newspapers."

What Makes a Paper Great?

"And which is the world's greatest newspaper, in your opinion?"

"That is a question," he said, "which it is very difficult to answer. Most men would say the Times, of London, no doubt; but what do we mean by the greatness of a newspaper. You have to judge a paper by the part it plays and the influence it wields in the affairs of the city, or country, in which it is published. The Times, for instance, has a limited circulation among a certain class. It has a powerful influence on that class, but on that class only.

"Recently I was talking to Lord Northcliffe, the proprietor, or one of the chief proprietors, of the Times and the Mail, and he said he thought they had made a mistake in reducing the price of the paper from 3d to 2d. I

agreed with him. They had not brought the price down low enough to compete with the other papers, and if it was more money they wanted they could have got it by increasing the price, even to 6d, for the people who take the Times would take it at any price.

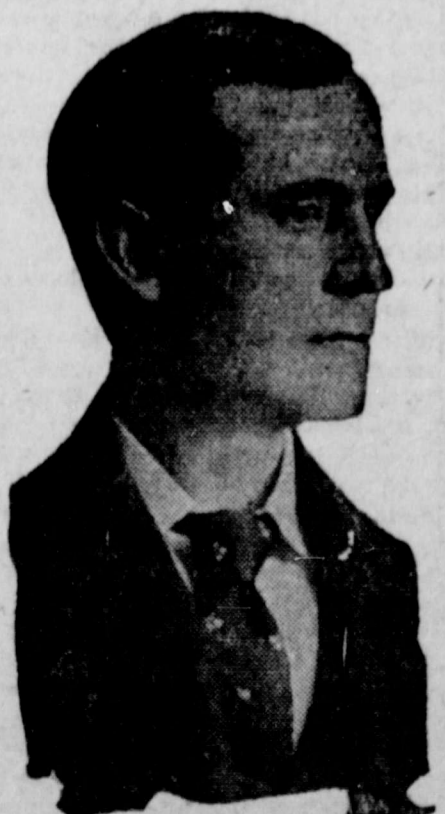
Two Great World Papers.

"Nor are you to take it that the papers that are most often quoted in other countries are necessarily the greatest in the countries in which they are published. They may be quoted simply because they make a feature of international politics. The Cologne Gazette and the Neue Frele Presse, of Vienna, however, are two of the world's great papers.

"What is journalism? Journalism in Russia is a different thing from what it is in Germany, different in Germany from what it is in France, different in France from what it is in England, different again in England from what it is in the States. German newspapers are not at all particular about what sort of matter they publish, nor do they care much whether their news is a day, a week, or a month old. They are wanting in enterprise and energy.

"I like the French journalism. I like it for its cleverness and for its lightness of touch. They have in France what is known as 'cafe journalism.' You see the people devouring the Temps, the Figaro, and other papers in the cafes and in the streets, and discussing an article by this man and another by that man. For in France they have signed journalism."

JUDGE A. G. DAYTON.
Federal Jurist Under Fire From West Virginia Miners.



Sweetwater Man Turns Out Finest Saddle in The World

S. D. Myres Gets Order From 101 Ranchman for
Equipment to Cost \$10,000

SWEETWATER, Texas, March 10.—Sweetwater is again in the front. She has had a great deal of merited publicity with reference to her railway facilities, her splendid streets and civic activities in many other lines. But now comes Sweetwater making her bow to the world and introducing one of her native sons as the man who has produced the finest saddle in the world.

S. D. Myers of Sweetwater is known all over the United States where the saddle, spur and the lariat hold dominion, as one of the very best makers of high grade hand made saddles but it remained for Joe C. Miller of the 101 Wild West Shows to place an order that enabled Mr. Myers to produce the acme of quality, design and real artistic beauty in this line when he gave an order in 1912 for a \$10,000 saddle.

Eighteen Pounds of Gold
Eighteen pounds of silver and gold are used in the finish of the saddle all metal parts being of solid silver or gold. Two hundred and sixty-one precious stones are used in the mounting including 161 genuine cut diamonds of various sizes, one genuine blood ruby of two and one-half karats and four three karat garnets and numerous sapphires of varying sizes.

Horn Sterling Silver
The horn is of solid sterling silver

Inlaid in colors and artistically engraved.

The four corners of the jockey housing are each supported with a large silver shield, carved in wreath design, the wreath surrounding a large five point star, in the center of which is set in platinum, a three-karat garnet. Along the points of the star are numerous diamonds of varying sizes and at the point is a one-karat sapphire.

The four corners of the skirts are supported by similar shields, except that in the center of the five point star is a gold steer head with genuine diamond eyes and ruby nostrils, (not lips). Around the top of the cantle is a silver shield so designed as to give it the shape of a rope, and on the back of the cantle is a large silver shield covering the entire back.

Blood Red Ruby
In the center of the shield is another large five pointed star with a three-karat blood red ruby in the center. The star and ruby together with the numerous diamonds that are enmeshed in it are set out in bold relief by a jet black morocco background.

At the front, on the shoulder of the swell, is another silver shield with the figures "101" inlaid in gold. The stirrups also have silver shields where the "101" again appears in gold.

All leather parts of this job, even the lacing, is hand stamped, and it is so artistically done that it has a soft, velvety appearance rather than the hard sharp edges that usually result from the stamper's tools.

From the top of the shapely horn to the tip of the long, graceful strings, which are hand stamped, there is a certain fascinating grace and beauty, that pays a tribute to the maker and his efficient corps of helpers.

REV. S. A. BARNES SAYS TODAY:

"Quoting Mrs. A. B. Simmons, World's Champion Whist Player: 'Card Playing and Dancing Are the Two Greatest Evils of the Day.'"

Rev. S. A. Barnes, took his text for the sermon on card playing from the 16th verse and 17th Chapter of Corinthians: "Wherefore Come Ye, Out from Among them."

Brother Barnes said in part: "In the Methodist discipline, number 11, you will find this: 'Must avoid diversions which cannot be taken in the name of the Lord.' This is interpreted to mean such popular amusements as theater going, dancing, and card playing."

"Now with this rule and practically the whole Christian world in accordance with the rule, backed up by the scriptures, I come to discuss this question:

"Card playing is one of the most baneful influences that disturbs the peace and harmony of the church and of society. Theater-going is not doing the harm to the church that card playing is because the personnel of card playing is unlike that of theater going."

Card Players Not Immoral.
"Card players are not immoral. They stand for high ideals and the best thing materially in the town. They are to wives, and mothers and daughters of our best citizens and occasionally to please their wives some of the men pretend to enjoy the game. Some are members of this church; some of others."

"Granting that it is possible for you to play cards and it not hurt you, no man or woman can put a stumbling block in the way of another and stand blameless before Almighty God. And a few people can play cards without being hurt—without becoming gamblers, in one respect or another."

"I have seen the results of card playing, have heard the wail of the old and young—their sighs for time wasted and heaven lost through its influence, and I said it's wrong."

Most Fascinating Game
"No gambler ever intended to become a gambler. It is the same with the drunkard. I have it from the lips of hundreds of men that card playing is the most fascinating game of the ages. You cannot get away from it. You cannot throttle it."

The preacher said there are games of chance and games of skill. Football, baseball, checkers and chess, are the games of skill. Card playing is pure chance. Card playing is more harmful than crokinol or parchesi or 42 because of its association.

Card playing has always been the text book of the saloon. Since cards have been outlawed they have been substituted for cards.

Card Playing Outlawed
Card playing has been outlawed in

DEVELOPMENT COMPANY STARTS SECOND DRILL

Pearson Syndicate is Working in Swisher County; Has 39 Wells To Date

The Texas Land & Development Co., has started its second drill. This one is in Swisher county. The other one is in the Akin neighborhood.

R. S. Charles, local manager, said this morning that work would begin around Hale Center when work at Akin is finished. The Texas Land and Development company has thirty-nine wells now.

COMMISSIONERS DISCUSS COUNTY BOUNDARY QUESTION.

Matters of Importance Come Up Before This Term of Hale County Court.

The County Commissioners are discussing to-day the question of boundary line between Hale and Lubbock Counties. A representative of Lubbock County is here. This line will perhaps be re-surveyed this spring.

Election managers were appointed by the Commissioners for the coming county and State primaries. Judge W. B. Lewis says that some other matters of importance will come up at this meeting. The Commissioners are still busy with road improvement.

MAY FILE ARGUMENTS FOR REGIONAL BANK

WASHINGTON, D. C., Mar. 10.—Citizens desiring to secure location of a regional bank may file their claims until Monday. After that date nothing will be received. The secretary of the Treasury says that arguments may be filed in person or through the mails. None will be accepted after March 9. It is expected that soon thereafter a list of the reserve cities will be announced.

English Captain Killed In Aeroplane

SALISBURY, England, March 11.—Captain Cyril R. Downer was killed to-day when his aeroplane fell here. Captain Downer only recently began flying.

May Try Railroad President For Wreck

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 11.—The charge of manslaughter against former President Mellen, of the New Haven Railroad, was cancelled to-day by Judge Tuttle, of the Superior Court. The charge was made on grounds of the wreck at Westport, Conn. Mellen may yet be tried if State's Attorney Judson files a new bill of particulars.

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One application soothes and heals a rough, pimply skin, and, when repeated, quickly effects a cure. Eczema, Erysipelas, Tetter, Ulcers and all skin diseases yield to its curative properties. **50c. a box. At all Druggists.**
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"INSTITUTES OF BEAUTY" WIPE OUT OLD AGE IN PARIS

PARIS, France, March 10.—Numerous "institutes of beauty" have sprung up in Paris with the rapidity of mushrooms. They are to fill an old want. They are to make old women young.

To-day there are no elderly ladies in Paris; there are no women of faded cheeks and lusterless eyes; wrinkles are entirely a thing of the past. All are vivacious and so like each other that selections of beauty has become impossible.

Society has proscribed old age. The idea of growing old gracefully belongs to a bygone generation. Women of all ages wear the same costumes and the same colors. They have the same opinions and the same ardor of enjoyment. Only in the provinces does one find to-day elderly ladies who inspire confidence.

In Paris the ravages of time are removed by the institutes of beauty, and these are in such demand that every hairdresser's shop has put up a sign.

"Institut de Beaute." Even some barber shops are hanging out shingles bearing those magic words, for the beauty doctors are not all women. Institutes of beauty, promising youth and freshness, are frequently conducted by men. And the tale of how Marshal De Richelieu combatted old age is known in every institute.

The Marshal's skin got too big for his face as he grew old. To prevent it from wrinkling, he used to have it pressed up and tied on the top of his head every morning.

Every night when retiring he had veal cutlets applied to his sunken cheeks so as to give them freshness.

Alfred Capus, the playwright, is responsible for Cais feminine vanity. For in a play now running at the Theater des Varietes he introduces an institute of beauty.

So effective does he show it in repairing the ravages of time that similar institutes have grown up in might, and the women of Paris crowd them.

KING PETER'S TWO SONS TO HAVE AMERICAN MANNERS

PARIS, France, March 10.—Mme. Groultch, formerly Mrs. Mabel Gordon Dunlop, wife of the ex-Servian Minister in London, who passes a part of every season in Paris, is settling in Belgrade with her husband, who has just been appointed Servian Secretary of Foreign Affairs.

Mme. Groultch, who before her marriage was a Virginia belle, met her husband in Athens, when both were students there. She has been most prominent in Europe lately in hospital

work on behalf of her adopted country, which work she carried out in company of friends, including princess Helen of Servia, now the wife of a Russian Grand Duke.

In Belgrade Mme. Groultch will act as a sort of social guardian for King Peter's two youngest sons, with whom she is a great favorite. The young princes, who were brought up without a mother, have lacked some of the courtly graces, but while they were in London Mme. Groultch smoothed away many of the rougher edges.

Post Will Recover From Appendicitis

ROCHESTER, Minn., March 11.—A successful operation for appendicitis was performed this morning on C. W.

Post, the cereal manufacturer. The breakfast-food king was stricken while in Arizona last week. A special train carried him across the continent at a speed of 80 miles an hour. He was being carried to Minneapolis for operation. The cost of this train to Mr. Post was about \$4,000.

COCHRANE'S STUDIO

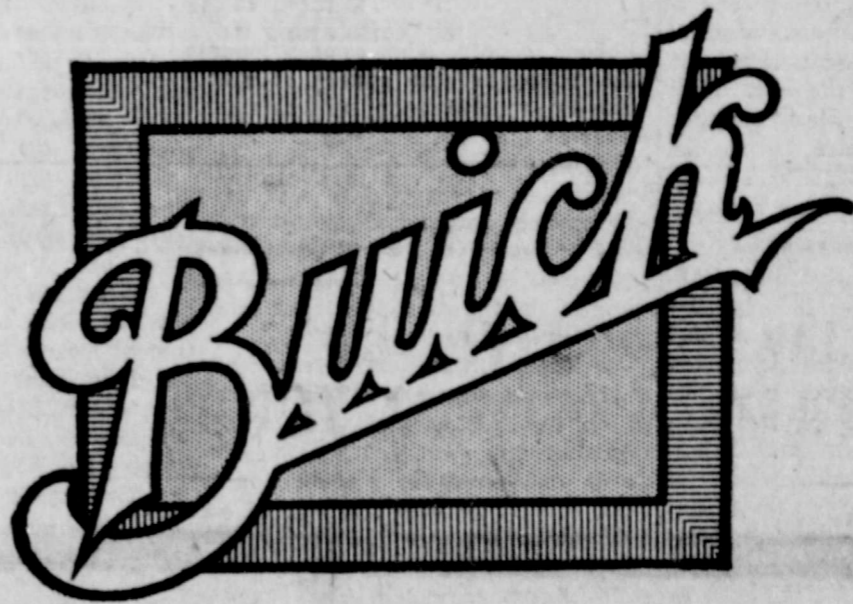


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