

MEXICAN EMBASSY SAYS ITS REINFORCEMENTS AT TORREON

Senor Algara Thinks Villa Has Expended His Force And is Helpless Before Fresh Troops

REBELS SAY HE IS VICTOR

Juarez Advises Indicate That Constitutionalists Are Practically In Possession of Torreon

JUAREZ, Mexico, April 3.—Torreon is virtually in possession of Villa, but capture will not be "officially announced" until he is in absolute control. This is word given out by high Constitutionalists officials to-day.

They declare that all but two small remnants of the Federal garrison is dispersed, and indicated that Villa is withholding news of capture in order to take Federal reinforcements which are rushing toward Torreon. This will enable him to capture Monterey and Saltillo. No direct advices have been received from Villa.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—The Mexican Embassy here claims that Federal reinforcements from Saltillo will soon reach Torreon. Senor Algara, Mexican Charge D'Affairs at El Paso, says that a Federal column entered the town to-day.

The defenders are still holding out, he says, confident of ultimate success. He thinks that Villa has expended his entire force and cannot offer serious resistance to reinforcements.

Condemned to Die Prisoner Escapes With Five Others

CAIRO, Ill., April 3.—William Wilson, under death sentence, saved his way out of a steel cage in the Alexander County Jail here early to-day and escaped. Five other desperate men escaped with Wilson. Jail guards were at lunch in a near-by restaurant. The men broke out a section of the brick wall when they had gotten outside of their cages.

Steamers Collide Off Virginia Coast; One Is Badly Damaged

NORFOLK, Va., April 3.—Wireless here to-day advises that the steamer Robert M. Thompson and schooner Augustus Shady collided in a fog this morning off the Virginia Capes. The schooner was badly damaged. Her bow is stove in and reports indicate that the boat is leaking badly.

Siegel Creditors To Be Paid By Merchant's Western Relative

NEW YORK, N. Y., April 3.—Following a conference with the attorney for Henry Siegel and Frank Vogel, it is reported that the latter has relatives and friends in Chicago who will see that every creditor of the Henry Siegel Company is paid in full.

French Steamer Sinks on Dover Sands After Collision in Fog

DOVER, England, April 3.—The French steamer Maine sank on the Goodwin Sands to-day, following a collision with the Spanish steamer Jose Dearnamburu. All of the crew was rescued after an extended search by tugs. Heavy fog was the cause of the collision.

FIFTY THOUSAND OHIO MINERS IDLE.

Operators and Employees Cannot Get Together on Wage Agreement.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 3.—Fifty thousand coal miners are idle in Ohio to-day as a result of the inability of coal mine operators and the miners' union to come to agreement on working terms.

WOMEN'S CLUBS TO ISSUE SPECIAL NUMBER OF HERALD

Mrs. C. R. Hairfield Is Editor, Mesdames F. P. Powell and Hickman Price Assistants

DEPARTMENT EDITORS NOT NAMED

Civic League Also Takes Up Matter of More Trees; Merchants Want Flower Boxes

Mrs. C. R. Hairfield will be editor and Mrs. F. P. Powell and Mrs. Hickman Price, associated editors, of the "Civic Improvement" number of The Evening Herald. They were elected at a meeting of the Civic League held yesterday. Department editors will be chosen just as soon as the women have time to consult.

The Evening Herald has been tendered by the Managers to the Civic League for one issue. The date will be decided upon later.

There will be a department for nearly every phase of activity in Plainview. Special attention will be given to play grounds, to clean up, to eliminating flies, for flower gardens and other plans that might better Plainview. The plan has proven so successful in other live towns that the women in Plainview feel certain it will help here.

Trees for East Side School.
The Civic League took up the question of more trees for Plainview. Mrs. J. C. Goodwin, Mrs. S. C. Bowles and Dr. J. H. Wayland have offered to furnish trees for planting at the East Side School. The proffer was accepted and the Mothers' Club will see that the trees are set out at once.

The President of the Civic League reported that many merchants had expressed a desire to have flower boxes at their stores. These will be placed by the Civic League. Of course, merchants and professional men will water the flowers and care for them otherwise.

In the matter of the flower garden contest by school children, it was decided that contestants must signify their intention of entering by April 8. Packages of flower seed will be given each child who enters this contest, and prizes will be given.

The Committee reported that a drinking fountain has been installed at the West Side School. This cost \$85. It is being paid for by the various clubs of Plainview's women.

HUMPHREYS OUT FOR COUNCIL.

G. C. Keck Files Petition and Enters Contest for Mayor.

G. C. Keck is the third man to enter the contest as Mayor. The others in the race are present Mayor J. L. Dorsett and W. A. Nash. Mr. Keck has lived in Plainview 7 years. He was postmaster under Taft and served 5 months after Woodrow Wilson took office.

E. H. Humphreys is the tenth man to announce as Councilman. Mr. Humphreys is a successful business man. That is the kind we need in our municipal offices.

MEETING AT CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Rev. R. E. Mitchell Will Begin Services Sunday.

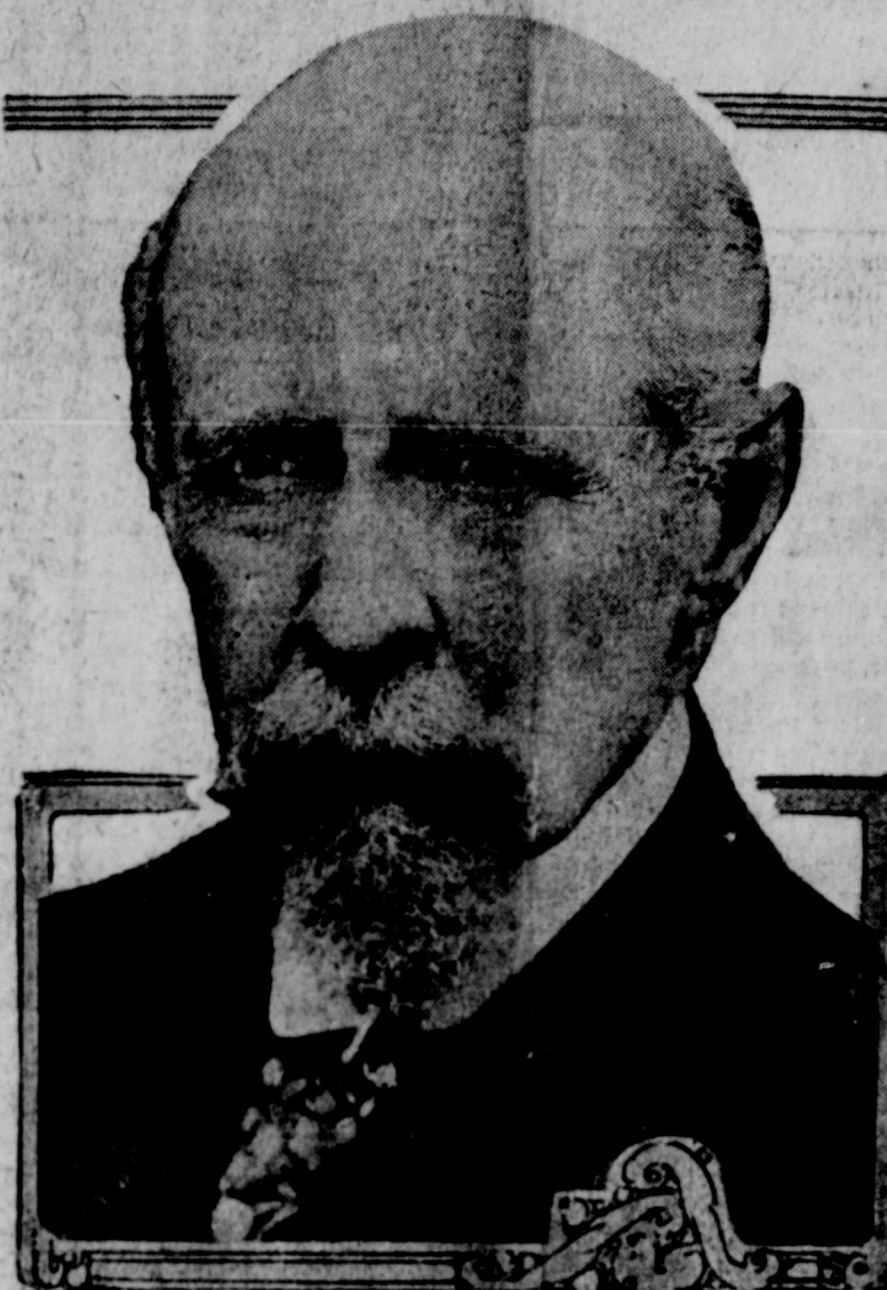
Rev. R. E. Mitchell, District Superintendent of West Texas, will be here Saturday to begin a meeting at the First Christian Church. The church has made a strong effort to get Rev. Mitchell to accept the pastorate of the Plainview Church, and he has agreed to come and hold a meeting, taking the matter under consideration.

The Christian people will be fortunate to secure his services, as from what we can learn he is a very competent man. He has held some of the leading pastorates in places like Pittsburgh, Penn., and Canton, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Carter have moved into the house occupied by R. P. and Mrs. Mayhugh, on West California Avenue. Mrs. Mayhugh and Miss Virginia left yesterday to visit Mrs. Mayhugh's parents, in De Leon.

Roland LeMaster, of Kress, died to-day, of pneumonia. Funeral services will be held at Kress and the body interred at the Plainview Cemetery tomorrow afternoon. W. F. Piper, of Paxton & Oswald, was funeral director.

Alvey A. Adee, Expert of State Department, May Quit Soon



FOLLOWING the resignation of John Bassett Moore as counselor of the state department at Washington the report was circulated that Alvey A. Adee, second assistant secretary of state, would quit about June 1. Mr. Adee has been in the state department for over thirty years and has the reputation of being the best posted man in the service on diplomatic relations and on decisions of international law. According to the report, Mr. Adee has become dissatisfied with conditions in the department under Secretary Bryan. This was also said by some to have been the real reason for Mr. Moore's withdrawal, although this was officially denied.

TROOPS PREVENT LOOTING AFTER ST. AUGUSTINE FIRE

Five Hotels Are Burned In Million Dollar Blaze And Many Relics Are Destroyed; Court House, Too

GUESTS ARE CARRIED DOWN LADDERS

Fire Fighting Apparatus From Jacksonville And Other Nearby Towns Sent To Popular Winter Resort; Big Hostelries Safe

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., April 3.—Five hotels have already burned and two persons are fatally injured by fire which broke out early to-day. The fire is still raging all along the bay front.

Hotels destroyed or seriously damaged are the Clairmont, Magnolia, Manson, Florida, Dennett House and Vedder. The County Court House, a score of dwellings and numerous business houses have been destroyed. Conservatively estimated, the loss is already \$1,000,000. This includes many historical relics which never can be replaced.

Guests Flee in Night Clothes.

The fire started in the kitchen of the Florida House, totally destroying the frame structure almost before the department started to fight. Guests fled in their night clothes, losing all personal effects.

An unknown woman leaped from the third floor. Her back is broken and she cannot live. A Libbey leaped from the second floor and broke his leg. Firemen carried dozen of guests from the hotels down ladders.

Fire-fighting apparatus from Jacksonville and other near-by towns was rushed to St. Augustine on special trains. Troops were called out to police the ruins and prevent looting. The burned area is inclosed within the section marked by the sub-treasury,

Hypolitha, St. George and Charlotte Streets. The Ponce De Leon and other big hostelries are some distance from the fire and are not in danger.

Racing Boats Are Lost.

The power house boat has been destroyed and many valuable racing craft turned loose. Not all of them have been recovered. The entire town was threatened for a time, but the fire marshal thinks the flames are under control.

American Arrested For Using Counterfeit Mexican Money

EL PASO, Texas, April 3.—Assistant Manager and Cashier of the Alvarado Mining Company have been arrested in Chihuahua. They are charged with circulating counterfeit rebel money. This is an American concern.

No names are given. Consul Letcher is attempting to secure release of the men.

FAMOUS AUSTRIAN MUSICIAN DEAD.

SALZBURG, Austria, April 3.—Robert Hirschfeld, the musician and composer, died here to-day.

FLIES ARE WORTH TEN CENTS A HUNDRED NEXT TWO WEEKS

Herald Will Give Two Dollars To Winner If Anybody Catches Five Thousand

EIGHT MILLION HERE LAST YEAR

Deliver Your Flies To Mrs. C. R. Hairfield And Mrs. L. Lee Dye Tuesdays

Flies at 10c a hundred. Pretty good price, isn't it? But it is a good investment, too. Because one fly captured now means a million fewer than would otherwise be two months later.

The price of 10c a hundred for flies holds good only two weeks. Get busy, boys, right now. It isn't hard to get a hundred flies. The price drops April 17.

That is the way Cleveland, Ohio, got rid of flies last year. Way up North, during the cold, rainy month of March this kind of an offer brought 10,000 flies a day. If every home cleans up, there need not be flies all over your food in Plainview this year.

Forty Bushels Last Year.

The women of Plainview bought forty bushels of flies last year—nearly eight million. Let's begin now, the women ask, and not have flies during the summer of 1914.

Mrs. C. R. Hairfield and Mrs. L. Lee Dye will take the flies which are trapped. Young people on the West Side should take theirs to Mrs. Hairfield between eight and nine o'clock Tuesday mornings; trappers on the East Side of Pacific Street take their flies to Mrs. Dye at the same hour.

If as many as 5,000 flies are turned in by any one trapper during the two weeks ending April 17, The Evening Herald will pay a prize bonus of \$2.

PROGRAMS FOR LAMAR MOTHER'S CLUB.

April 3rd.
Song—Elizabeth Hunsaker.
"Do Closing Exercises Help the School?"—Mrs. Meadows, Mrs. Morrison and Mrs. Beasley.
"Keeping School Interest in the Spring"—Miss Posten, Mrs. Hamilton and Mrs. Rucker.
Reading—Mrs. Tubbs.

May 8th.
"Summary of This Year's Work"—Miss Brandon.
"Plans for the Summer"—Mrs. Shipley and Mrs. A. G. Harrison.
"Plans for Next Year"—Mrs. Penry, Mrs. Flack, Mr. B. M. Harrison and Mr. A. G. Harrison.
Election of Officers.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

On account of the meeting of the Lamar Mothers' Club Friday afternoon, the regular meeting of the Needlecraft Club will be postponed till Thursday, April 9. The club will meet at that time with Mrs. F. P. Powell, 303 Adams Street.

INFANT DIED TUESDAY.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. F. Jordan died Tuesday at 11 o'clock, and was buried this afternoon. Flake Garner, funeral director for E. R. Williams, had charge of the funeral.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of St. Mark's Episcopal Church met Wednesday afternoon, with Mrs. R. E. Hulen. Work for the Easter Bazaar was accomplished and the date set for the bazaar, Saturday, April 18.

The next meeting will be with Mrs. E. H. Humphreys, Monday, April 6 at 3 p. m.

John Lind Coming From Vera Cruz For Rest in United States

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—President Wilson announced to-day that John Lind, his personal representative in Mexico, will sail from Vera Cruz to-morrow for a vacation in the United States. Lind has been in Mexico for about six months.

In making the announcement, President Wilson said that Lind would return to Mexico after his rest.

The length of the vacation was not announced.

BARRY'S RESIGNATION MEANS ANTI STATE-WIDE MEETING OFF

Chairman of Committee Says He Withdrew Because Majority Opposed Ft. Worth for Meeting

SOUTH TEXAS FOR FERGUSON

Watson and Other Prominent Leaders Say Will Consider Convention a "Rump" if Held Now

DALLAS, Texas, April 3.—The Fort Worth Constructive Convention will probably be called off, according to anti-prohibition leaders here. The action of Bryan T. Barry, Chairman of the State Committee, is considered as killing the possibility of a convention. Barry's committee called the convention. Last night he withdrew from the committee, saying a majority of its members opposed Fort Worth.

Barry said to-day that he did not intend to call off the convention, but merely resigned. Others are free to hold the convention, if they wish, he said.

Senator O. U. Watson said that he and other prominent anti's will consider the Fort Worth meeting merely as a "rump" convention if held after Barry's announcement. Watson says South Texas has tacitly agreed to support Ferguson for Governor.

Roscoe Man Shot In Face On Community Rabbit Hunt

SWEETWATER, Texas, April 2.—While engaged in a community rabbit hunt yesterday, near Roscoe, Cecil Howard was shot in the face and shoulder. One shot passed through the cheek into the mouth and one went entirely through the nose. While his injury is very painful, it is not thought to be serious.

Many of these rabbits have been staged in the county recently, but this is the first accident of any nature.

Coaches Pitch Into Ravine; 20 Killed When Train Hits Buffaloes

natives were killed and fifty injured in a railroad collision to-day. Their train ran into a herd of buffalo on a bridge. The animals were scattered right and left, but their bulk derailed the train and it fell into a deep ravine.

O'BRIEN WILL GROW EARLY CROP NORTH OF LIGHT PLANT.

BATAVIA, Java, April 3.—Twenty He Has Secured Bees to Pollinize Blossoms, and Is Looking for Tract for Stock Beets.

Edw. O'Brien has secured the 6 acres just north of the light plant for his experiment with early melons. Mr. O'Brien has the plants growing at the green house, and will transplant them in a little while. This will bring on a crop after the early Southern market is exhausted and before the later yield comes on.

If Mr. O'Brien can get the land he wants also to put out 5,000 tomato plants and 5,000 cabbage plants. At this early date it is necessary to secure bees to pollinize the plants. Mr. O'Brien has secured two swarms of bees.

Mr. O'Brien is also looking for a tract on which to plant stock beets.

SCOUT DOYLE OPENS SCHOOL

PORSMOUTH, O., April 3.—A free baseball school was opened here to-day by "Scout" Billy Doyle of the Cleveland Naps. Any youngster who is a semi-pro or college and who is anxious to get up in the baseball world will be taken as a pupil. "It is a business proposition," said Doyle. "I am tutoring the youngsters and then placing them with some minor league clubs." Doyle plans to keep a string on all such youngsters for the Cleveland club. It is the Naps who will profit in the long run and incidentally Doyle will get credit and cash for producing likely looking youngsters.

J. R. Kerley came in to-day from Amarillo. Mr. Kerley is post office inspector.

G. H. Keck, of Colorado, is visiting his brother, G. C. Keck.

Violators Of Food And Drug Act Are Fined \$1,420

Frozen Eggs, Mince-meat, Nitro Glycerine Tablets, Cheese Oils, Flavorinas, Coloring Matter, Coffee and Cottonseed Meal Are Among The Products for which heaviest fines were imposed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2.—The Department of Agriculture has recently issued a large number of Notices of Judgment against shippers of products adulterated and misbranded in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The following fines were imposed:

\$200 and costs. A quantity of frozen egg product was shipped by Morton R. Craven, trading under the firm name of the Consolidated Egg Yolk Co., of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, into the State of New York. Examination of the product by the Bureau of Chemistry showed that it must have consisted in part of "spot eggs" as three embryos and one piece of mold were found. The odor was sour. A filthy condition and careless handling was indicated by larvae found. Adulteration was charged.

\$200 and costs. A quantity of mince-meat was shipped by the H. C. Christy Co., a corporation in Cleveland, O., into the State of Pennsylvania, which was misbranded. The label on the product made no mention of the fact that it contained commercial glucose which is not a normal constituent of mince-meat.

\$150. A quantity of oil of Cassia was shipped by Lehn & Fink of New York, into Texas, which was adulterated and misbranded. The article did not comply with the required standard of strength, quality and purity.

\$100. A quantity of the product called "Creamthick" was shipped by Oscar J. Weeks, of New York City, into the State of Missouri, which was misbranded. The label stated that the product was guaranteed to contain no gelatin, gum arabic, egg albumen or similar article. One of the ingredients shown by the analysis was shown to be an article similar to gum arabic, in other words, "Indian Gum."

\$100 and costs. Nitroglycerine tablets were shipped by G. D. Searle & Co., a corporation of Chicago, into Michigan, which were adulterated and misbranded. The strength of each tablet fell below the professed standard under which the drug had been sold and shipped. The added costs in this case amounted to \$15.49.

\$100.—One hundred boxes of cheese were shipped by A. H. Barber & Co., a corporation of Chicago, Illinois, into Georgia, which was misbranded. Examination showed that the weight of the cheese was fifty-one pounds short of the weight marked on the boxes.

\$100 and costs.—A quantity of lemon flavor was shipped by Charles H. Adams Co., Ltd., a corporation of New Orleans, La., into Texas, which was adulterated and misbranded. The product was so dilute and the flavor so weak that it would not impart when mixed with ice cream, jellies, etc., in reasonable quantities, any flavor of lemon whatever.

\$50 and costs.—A quantity of coloring to be used for confectionery was shipped by the Henry O. Ottens Co., a corporation of Philadelphia, Pa., into Tennessee, which was adulterated and misbranded. It contained a poisonous color, although the label might have led the purchaser to believe otherwise.

\$50 and costs.—Cheese was shipped

by Crosby & Meyers, Cincinnati, Ohio, into West Virginia and Tennessee, which was misbranded. The package in one case weighed twenty pounds and thirteen ounces, although it bore the numerals "22." In the other case the package was marked to contain twenty-one pounds of cheese, while it actually contained only nineteen pounds and six ounces.

\$50 and costs.—Cottonseed meal was shipped by the Buckeye Cotton Oil Co., doing business at Birmingham, Alabama, into Maine, which was misbranded. The label stated that it contained protein 39 to 41 per cent, whereas it contained less than thirty-four per cent.

\$50.—A quantity of coffee substitute was shipped by E. B. Muller & Co., of New York City, with a place of business at Port Huron, Michigan, from Michigan into Kentucky. The coffee substitute was adulterated and misbranded. It consisted of wheat, starch, cocoa shells, peanuts and legume. The combination was labeled "Arabian Blend" which might have led the purchaser to believe that it was real coffee.

Smaller fines were imposed as follows:

Apricot Cordial. Old 76 Distilling Co., of New Port, Kentucky, Adulteration and misbranding, \$25 and costs.

Eggs. C. Y. Tully & Co., of Coffeyville, Kansas, adulteration, \$25 and costs.

So-called Fruit Cider, National Fruit Products Co., Memphis, Tenn., adulteration and misbranding, \$25 and costs.

Apple Cider and Apple Juice, National Fruit Products Co., Memphis, Tenn., Adulteration and misbranding, \$25 and costs.

Sugar Butter. James E. Carpenter, Utica, New York, Adulteration and misbranding, \$25.

Mace. Halligan Coffee Co., Davenport, Ia., Adulteration and misbranding, \$25 and costs.

Buckwheat flour. Blair Milling Co., Atchison, Kansas, Misbranding, \$25.00 and costs.

Confectionery. The Max Glick Co., of Cleveland, Ohio, misbranding, \$25 and costs.

Feed. The Purity Milling Co., Manhattan Kansas, misbranding, \$25 and costs.

Condensed milk. Fred C. Mansfield Co., Johnson Creek, Wisconsin, misbranding, \$25.

Tomato pulp. John W. Rider, Scottsburg, Indiana, adulteration, \$25 and costs.

Macaroni and Vermicelli, P. Danassa & Co., Brooklyn, New York, adulteration and misbranding, \$20.

Lemon and vanilla flavorings, National Chemical Company, Burlington, Iowa, Adulteration and misbranding, \$20 and costs.

Extract of Peppermint, Victor Gantier & Co., New York, N. Y., adulteration and misbranding, \$13.

Lithia Water, S. A. Scammon, Temple, N. H., Misbranding, \$15.

Vinegar, Board Armstrong & Co., Alexandria, Va., adulteration and misbranding, \$10 and costs.

AN EASTER LILY.

A baby girl with new thought bright
Stands tiptoeing in grave delight,
To reach the stately lily's height,
Sweet lily, passing fair.

With upturned face she laughs in
glee:
"May I your Easter lily be—
Your Easter lily? Come, pick me."
Child lily, passing fair!

Soul flower from heaven's field of
blue,
The dregs of love's cup hold but
you—
Thy life hath proven heaven true,
Pure lily, passing fair.

For thou hast taught me, baby
mine,
Through parent love the love di-
vine,
Though but a little fragment mine,
My lily, passing fair.

Child flower, may God's great wis-
dom move
Through all thy life till ripe with
love,
He plucks thee for his home above,
God's lily, passing fair.

—Elise Kenyon.

Vinegar, The Eloma Manufacturing Co., Pueblo, Colo., misbranding \$10 and costs.

Strawberry Fruit Juice. Bruce & West Manufacturing Co., Cleveland, O., adulteration and misbranding, \$10 and costs.

Syrup, Western Reserve Syrup Co., Cleveland, O., adulteration and misbranding, \$10 and costs.

Tea Garden Erips, Pacific Coast Syrup Co., adulteration and misbranding, \$10 and costs.

Orangeade, Tobias Miller, San Gabriel, California, adulteration and misbranding, \$10 and costs.

Sweet Nubbins Pickles, Amazon Vinegar and Pickling Works, Davenport, Ia., adulteration and misbranding, \$10 and costs.

Maple syrup, A. J. Smith, Garrettsville, Ohio, adulteration and misbranding, \$5 and costs.

One hundred bales of hay which was condemned because it was not fit for the consumption by live stock was condemned in Arrindale, Virginia. The product was ordered sold.

Four cases of olive oil which was adulterated and misbranded, were condemned in Providence, R. I. The goods had been shipped in Inter-State Commerce.

Other products which were condemned and forfeited and which were ordered destroyed, were 153 cases of canned salmon, seventy-five cases of tomatoes. The salmon was alleged to have been adulterated and misbranded, being shipped by the Thlinket Packing Company, Portland, Oregon, from Washington to Virginia. The tomatoes were alleged to be adulterated being shipped by the John Boyde Co., Baltimore, Maryland, into Alabama.

TO MARK SITE WHERE WASHINGTON WAS VICTOR

TRENTON, N. J., April 2.—Twelve obelisks of granite will mark the route of Washington's movement around the British left at Trenton and thence to Princeton, one of the Revolution's most important strategies. The sons of the Revolution have let contracts for the erection of the markers which will be eight feet tall and set with the bronze legend: "Route of Washington's march by night from Trenton to Princeton and Victory, January 3, 1777. Erected 1914."

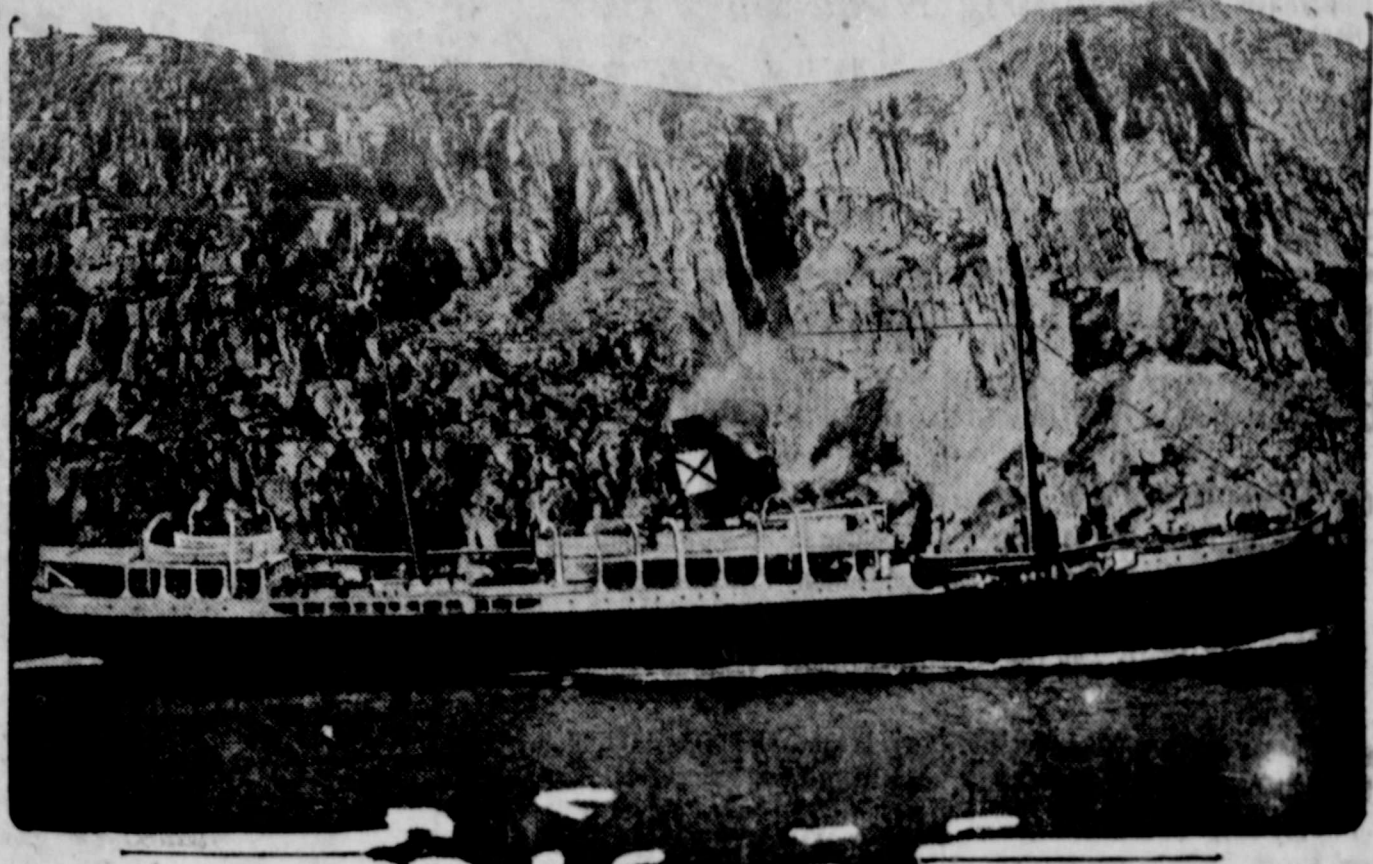
It is history that Lord Cornwallis retired on this memorable night and said: "We'll catch the old fox in the morning." However, in the morning, Washington was at the rear of Cornwallis, ready to meet the British force coming from New Brunswick. This force was put to confusion and fled. Washington's little force was too exhausted to follow this advance and retired to Morristown to winter quarters. The obelisks will be placed in position late in April or early in May. Some of the will stand in the fields while others will stand on the side of roads still in use. Eventually the Sons of the Revolution will put obelisks all the way to Morristown.

TRUTHFUL ADVERTISING IS SLOGAN OF CLEVELAND

CLEVELAND, O., April 2.—"Promotion of Truthful Advertising" is the purpose of a distinctly new type of organization now being formed here by members of the Retail Merchant's Board of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce. W. J. Noble, of the board, explains the evils the organization is designed to abolish in the following interview:

"One of the evils to be eliminated is the affiliation of values, telling the people that an article is worth \$100 and selling it for \$37.50. This word value as used in this connection is one of the most deceiving words in advertising. You might as well advertise a loaf of bread as a \$100 value with the excuse that a starving cast away on a lonely desert island would value a loaf of bread at that sum. The time has come to call a halt on the scramble for preferment by one merchant trying to outdo the other in extravagant claims." A majority of the merchants are in favor of the movement.

WRECKED STEAMER ABANDONED AS A TOTAL LOSS



With her 11 passengers and crew of 36 saved, the steamer City of Sidney, which ran on the Sambro rocks, 38 miles east of Halifax, has been abandoned and is expected to become a total loss. The City of Sidney registered 1,684 tons and was built in Newcastle, England, in 1890.

WOODEN BUCKETS DISCARDED

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The old oaken bucket has been relegated to the ash heap by the Department of Agriculture which, on investigation, that its moss covered sides are full of microbes and that its iron hoops are anything but sanitary. Of 411 shallow farm wells examined in Indiana the water of 209 was very bad, forty-three doubtful and only 159 received clean health bills. In Minnesota seventy-nine wells were found to be polluted. Deep wells are not beyond suspicion for out of 177 examined, the waters of forty-five were found to be bad and sixteen were doubtful. Even in the bubbling spring, the last stronghold of the rural pest, the insidious germ has been found germinating and such sources of supply should be watched carefully.

"Twenty-five of the polluted wells in Minnesota were bad only because of poor surface protection and could easily have been made safe," reads a bulletin of the Department of Agriculture, which outlines a simple sanitary system for the farm house. "Practically all of the surface supplies were polluted. During these investigations twenty-three of the farmers examined showed a record of typhoid fever. The surface water supplies should not have been used for the household nor for washing the milk cans. They should not even be used for laundry purposes unless no other supply is available. Rain water from the roof is often polluted by dust, decayed leaves and foreign matter. The underground cistern should be of airtight construction to prevent the pollution from the soil. There should also be a suitable provision for the straining or filtering of the water before it enters the cistern. When the farmer figures on his water supply, the amount needed is a vital item, and to help him on this point the Department has prepared a table on water consumption. Each member of the family needs about twenty-five to forty gallons per day, probably depending on their individual tastes in bathing as the bulletin is silent of this subject. Each horse requires 12 gallons per day, a cow needs 10 gallons, a hog 2 1/2 gallons and sheep 2 gallons. For the family use of six a 200-gallon supply should be sufficient if the water is used for the house only. On a farm where water is supplied to a family of six persons, ten horses, twelve cows, twenty-five hogs and fifteen sheep the daily store should be 500 gallons, in addition to the supply the farmer deems necessary for fire protection.

Call The Herald For Job Printing

FOR TRADE:--I have some good property in Kansas City and farms in Missouri to trade for lands in Hale or Swisher County.

N. Pacific St. **J. WALTER DAY** Ellerd Bldg.

Screen Doors A WORD TO THE FLY

Mr. Fly, if you should be so thoughtless as to visit Plainview this year, in your effort to spread disease, we would remind you that you are not wanted here. If you will take this hint you may be saved the embarrassment of bumping your nose into the meshes of screens that people are putting up to keep you out. We are leading in a desperate campaign to keep you out of this town this year. Take our word for it, whenever you see any of OUR SCREENS, it is a sign to keep out and it is no use to try to creep in. Our screens are proof against flies; also BEWARE of our CARBOLIZED LIME.

McAdams Lumber Co.

COCHRANE'S STUDIO



We have the latest styles in finishing and try to make pictures that please. See our oil colored portraits. Artistic framing.

Kodaks to Rent

Where they make High Grade Photos



IF YOU ARE ON THE FENCE

In regard to your Groceries, kindly give us a trial and we know your custom will then remain with us permanently. Our chief aim is to supply the best qualities and the largest assortments at the most reasonable prices. We want your trade and we know we will get it steadily after your first purchase here. Don't forget to come in and let us get acquainted.

WRIGHT & DUNAWAY
PHONES 35 and 355



An Appreciative Easter Number
MISS VERNA PAGE,

Violinist

Ernest Gamble Concert Co.
SCHICK OPERA HOUSE

AMERICANS TO ATTEND PARIS MEETING

PARIS, April 2.—Hundreds of American business men are expected to attend the International Chambers of Commerce to be held here during the month of June. E. J. Shoninger, ex-president of the American Chamber of Commerce in Paris, returned here today after a trip through the United States where he was told that several hundred Americans would attend the Congress.

FLOYD COUNTY PIONEER GOING TO NORTHWEST.

A. C. Bowers, of Floydada, was in Plainview to-day, en route to Miles City, Montana. He will engage in stock farming. Mr. Bowers has lived in Floyd County twenty-four years.

BIRTHS.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Michale Boydston, of Petersburg, a girl, on March 24th.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Barrow, of Plainview, a girl, on March 21st.

Early Hatching Necessary For Winter Layers Says Experienc

By E. T. QUINSBERRY

Director Missouri State Poultry Experiment Station

MOUNTAIN GROVE, Mo., April 2.—

If pullets are intended for an egg-laying contest or are expected to be good winter layers they must be hatched reasonably early. This applies to all varieties. If you can so arrange your hatches so the pullets will mature and begin to lay in October and November, they will continue throughout the winter, as a rule. This has been our experience with our own stock and with those entered in the egg-laying contests for the past three years. If your pullets are going to lay or make a creditable record they must lay some winter eggs, and if they don't begin to lay in October and November, the chances are they won't be in to lay until towards spring. Some may, but the majority of them will not.

If your pullets are to lay eggs in winter, when eggs are the highest, they must be hatched early. A pen that lays well in the fall and winter will set you more than those that lay most of their eggs in the spring and early summer when eggs are cheapest. If you intend to enter any stock in a laying contest next fall, you had better hatch a few pullets at once if you have not already done so.

This experiment station expects to hatch all of its chickens before April 1, and more than 4,000 were hatched in January and February of this year, and the per cent of mortality has been very low. One of the best Leghorn farms in this country never hatches anything before April 15. If you intend to raise poultry it behooves you to try to get all out of it there is in it. If you are not equipped to hatch a few early chickens it will pay you to get a 120-egg or larger incubator and brooder. The best time to hatch Plymouth Rocks, Wyandottes, Orpingtons, Reds, Langshangs, and similar varieties, is in January and February, March and April. The best time for Leghorns, Anconas, Campines and similar varieties is in March and April. This is especially true if you want to win in the fall fairs and shows and expect many winter eggs.

Missouri Pen in Lead.
A Missouri pen carried off the honor in the egg laying contest last month. It was a Springfield, Mo., pen No. 32, Buff Orpingtons, and laid 205 eggs. The pen of white Leghorns from England still leads for the season by 109 eggs. The highest individual record thus far has been made by a White Wyandotte from Pennsylvania and a Buff Rock from Missouri, each laying 74 eggs. The average for all pens for the entire three months is twenty-nine eggs. The two leading hens have laid nearly three times as many eggs as the average hen in the contest and have laid as many eggs in the three winter months as the average Missouri farm hen lays in the whole year. The total number of eggs laid by the 1040 hen this month was 12,391 which makes a grand total of 29,613 eggs for December, January and February.

In order that you may have some idea as to what the hens have done for the past three years, we give below their average for this time.

YEAR	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Hen
1912	8	5	10	23
1913	8	10	12	30
1914	7	10	12	29

The low average of five eggs per hen in January, 1912, was caused by the unusually hard winter. The reason the average was less in December, 1914, than in previous years was because the contest was started in December and the hens were not accustomed to their quarters, change of feed, climate etc. Some of the foreign birds did not arrive until late in the month. The average for January and February the last two years has been the same. If you can nearly double your flock and still keep up your average, you are making some progress.

The hens in the last contest laid about twelve dozen eggs each, on an average, which if sold at 25 cents per dozen, equals \$3. The hens ate about thirty-three pounds of grain each and about thirty-eight pounds of dry mash. The feed cost on an average of two cents per pound. This made the cost of feeding each hen approximately \$1.42. This left a profit of \$1.58 per hen to pay the expenses of labor and other expenses incurred. Twenty-five cents per dozen is very conservative to put on selected and guaranteed strictly fresh eggs. The best pen of hens laid 2073 eggs or an average of 17 1/4 dozen, at 25 cents equals \$4.31, or at 50 cents per dozen would equal \$8.62 per hen. Each of these hens ate \$1.46 worth of feed and left a profit of \$2.85, at a low estimate, or a profit of \$7.16 a hen if the eggs had sold at 50 cents per dozen. The poorest pen in the contest just laid enough eggs to pay for their feed, and left nothing to apply on labor. There are many such hens in existence. One-half of the hens in existence are

kept at a loss. How to make them profitable is the problem.

National Egg Laying Contest

The 600 hens in the national egg-laying contest have made the highest average per laying-race section of the contest have made the highest average per hen thus far of any of the contests for the past three years. They laid 8187 eggs and their average per hen for the three months was twenty-three eggs each. The highest pen in the test are as follows:

- Pen 0—S. C. White Leghorns. England 610 Eggs
- Pen 86 Buff Orpingtons, Tex., 501 Eggs
- Pen 47 S.C. Reds, Missouri, 466 Eggs
- Pen 5 Anconas, Missouri ... 443 Eggs
- White Wyandotte hen 181 from Pennsylvania, was one egg ahead of Buff Rock hen 624 from Missouri, last month. This month they tied with seventy-four eggs each to their credit or an average of nearly twenty-five eggs each for the first three months.

National Utility Contest

The 160 hens in the National Utility contest laid in 1908 on an average of nearly 11 eggs per hen. These hens made a big gain this month over what they did in previous months. They laid more eggs in the 28 day in February than they did in both December and January combined. The highest pens in the experiment are as follows:

- Pen 92 S. C. Reds, Pennylvania 433 eggs
- Pen 86, Barred Plymouth Rocks, Michigan 372 eggs
- Pen 95, S.C. Reds New Hampshire, 293 eggs
- White Orpington Hen 888 from Kentucky has laid sixty-three eggs and made the highest record for this test. Hen 929 S.C. Red, from Pennsylvania is second with sixty-one eggs to her credit.

National S.C. White Leghorn Contest

At the close of the month the best in the national single comb white leghorn contest were laying on an average of fifty per cent production, or the 280 hens were laying about 140 eggs per day. At this rate they will lay nearly as many eggs in March as in the three previous months. The legghorns have been a mystery. They have bright red combs, are active and happy, have consumed a lot of feed but have never laid as they should. The same has been true with all legghorns for the past three years during the winter months. The English pen has been the exception. Most of the legghorns moulted this winter and four of the foreign pens were immature and are just now ready to lay. We expect the legghorns to lay from now on while the other larger breeds are broody. These hens laid 2296 eggs in February or an average of over eight eggs per hen. The highest pens in the experiment are as follows:

- Pen 79 S. C. White Leghorns Pennsylvania 414 Eggs
 - Pen 70 S. C. White Leghorns Missouri 355 Eggs
 - Pen 65 S. C. White Leghorns Missouri 354 Eggs
- The highest individual record in the experiment was made by a legghorn pullet, 702, from Missouri, and she has laid 59 eggs to date. Hen 68, from Nebraska, is second with 58 eggs to her credit.

EASTERN RAIL RATES EFFECTIVE

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Rate increases—by way of elimination of allowances to industrial lines—went into effect today on the Eastern railroads with the approval of the Interstate Commerce Commission. The result of this ruling means millions of extra dollars to the railroads. The allowances to the steel and iron industries lines alone amounted to 15 million dollars and the commission felt that by approving the elimination of this service that it would be paying the way to increased revenues without making the immediate change as requested. Further aid to the railroads is likely to develop at an early date in the way of an authorization for an increase of import business. Heretofore the railroads have charged higher rates for domestic business than for goods imported and transferred to the rail carriers. This was done under the plea that it stimulated trade. Now, the American shippers are objecting because they face keener competition since the new tariff law went into effect. The interstate commerce commission has indicated that it is rather agreeable to boosting revenues from this source instead of allowing flat increases on existing domestic rates.

CHICAGO EIGHTY-FOUR YEARS OLD TODAY

CHICAGO, Ill., April 2.—Eighty-four years ago today the Windy City was founded as a settlement that would make one of its smallest suburbs look like a flourishing metropolis. In 1884 Chicago was first surveyed as a town.

Thoughts for Easter

Because he lived this world begins to live today, and of its spiritual birth this day is the anniversary.—Edward Everett Hale.

A legend of the Greek church tells us that our Lord used to feed the robins round his mother's door when he was a boy; moreover, that the robin never left the sepulcher till the resurrection and at the ascension joined in the angels' song.

Across the sea the light brought joy to many a ship, and, glancing on the shore, ten thousand spires flashed the glad illumination and trembled to the rolling organ beneath that sounds forth the Christian's exultation. It is the Lord's day and the annual day of resurrection.—Henry Ward Beecher.

There are great merits about Easter as an annual feast day. It says to us: "Put on your best clothes, think your best thoughts and be as good and happy as you can. The Lord of Christendom is risen. The spring is coming back. Life begins again in the fields and parks and gardens. Let us be grateful to our Maker for life; let us rejoice in the present all we honestly can and take as hopeful a view of the future as common sense permits."—Edward S. Martin in "Times and Seasons."

New 'Backless' Gowns Too Frank, Make Philadelphia Women Gasp

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 2.—The fashionable women in Philadelphia in an effort to follow the Parisian vogue, adopted the green wig in a twinkling and accepted the skilnet hat without a murmur but today when the backless evening gowns were exhibited by models, there was evidence of revolt.

The exhibition of gowns was held at the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel and the grand ball room resounded with "Oh's" when Mme. Dianette Ledue walked out with nothing on her back but a string of beads and a draught.

The Funny Side of Life

Nipped in the Bud.
His eyes were long and languid, his cheeks of an interesting pallor, eyes all soul and mustache all scented.

"Were you ever in love?" he inquired of the other occupant of the railway carriage.

The individual red of feature and apoplectic of complexion, jerked himself into position where he could gaze to the new specimen with ease.

"I don't remember," he remarked at last.

"You have never known the rapture of dreaming of your love by night, of thinking of her by day, living for her dear sake alone?" vehemently inquired the youth. She is the—"

"Were you ever married?" broke in the red one.

"No, sir; but I hope to—"

"Well, then, let me paint another picture to—"

But the youth vanished before his eye and nothing but a lace-edged handkerchief and the faint odor of crushed violets betokened his sojourn.

A Novel Union

Many unimpeachable spouses have neglected their Sunday morning's dinner in order to attend church, to hear the banns read about several approaching weddings.

Rushing and knowing whispers and nods, and nudgings prevailed among the feminine portion of the assembly when came the momentous moment of the announcements.

The old pastor fumbled among his notes and found to his dismay that all important paper containing the names of the contracting parties were missing.

Quite Time, Too.

"Hallo, Paddy, how is it you are not working at your job just now?"

"O' struck."

"What did you strike for?"

"Well, it was loke this. Wan wak ago cum tomorry night Oi was put to wurk amongst a gang ov O'italians, all biler-makers, loike mesilf."

"Well, begorra, ivery mother's son av them Dagoes ate about half a dizin big anyans ivery dinner, an' all the

rest av th' day the' odor av them anyans would git into me oies, so that instead av drivin' bolts I'd be a thump-in' my fingers.

CHILD MAILED TO HER FATHER

Parcel Post Utilized to Send Home Little Girl Kidnapped

KEOKUK, Ia., April 2.—Just recovered from kidnapers, Alice Shippe, eight years old has arrived in Keokuk. She was shipped to her father by parcel post.

The little girl was sent from Lakontia, Ia., to Keokuk via Cedar Rapids and Burlington. She wore a tag with the following inscription:

"This is Alice Shippe. She is going to Keokuk where her father will meet her. If he should miss her, notify him so he can get her and take care of her as I just got her back from being kidnapped. This is by order of her mother."

PHIL BLOOM VS. EDDIE WALLACE

NEW YORK, N. Y., April 2.—Phil Bloom was picked to win over Eddie Wallace in their scheduled ten round fight tonight at the Broadway A. C. Brooklyn.

Let L. D. RUCKER PRODUCE CO. handle your GREEN and DRY HIDES.—Adv.

NEW CASH REGISTERS.
Duncan and Long Drug Stores Are Installing Improvements.
Duncan's Pharmacy and R. A. Long both have put in new cash registers. This will prevent overcharges and forgotten credits on account; also other misunderstandings.
This is just another evidence of the way Plainview merchants always keep right up to date.

DRS. NICHOLS & GUYTON
Surgery
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Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
First National Bank Building

S. C. ROSS,
Veterinarian
Will practice in Plainview
First Monday of each month.
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"I am an old man—and many of my troubles never happened."—ELEKT HUBBARD

THE white hair and wrinkled faces of our busy men and women tell of doubt, fear and anxiety—more than disease or age. Worry plays havoc with the nervous system—so that digestion is ruined and sleep banished. What oil is to the friction of the delicate parts of an engine—

DR. PIERCE'S Golden Medical Discovery

is to the delicate organs of the body. It's a tonic and body builder—because it stimulates the liver to vigorous action, assists the stomach to assimilate food—thus enriching the blood, and the nerves and heart in turn are fed on pure rich blood. Neuralgia "is the cry of starved nerves for food." For forty years "Golden Medical Discovery" in liquid form has given great satisfaction as a tonic and blood maker.

Now it can be obtained in tablet form—from dealers in medicine or send 50 one-cent stamps for trial box. Write R. V. Pierce, Buffalo.

DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS Relieve constipation, regulate the liver, and bowels. Easy to take as candy.

The American Adding Machine

The Latest Adder Costs But \$35

See our exhibit—ask for 10 day's trial



Here is a new price on a competent Adder. On a machine that is rapid, full-size and infallible.

The very latest machine, built by men who know, in one of the largest metal-working shops.

It is an individual Adder, to be placed on one's desk, close to one's books and papers. To take the place of the central machine requiring skilled operators.

It is also intended for offices and stores where costly machines are a luxury.

The price is due to utter simplicity, and to our enormous output. Seven keys do all the work.

Each copied number is shown up for checking before the addition is made.

The machine will add, subtract and multiply. With very slight practice anyone can compute a hundred figures a minute. And the machine never makes mistakes.

Countless offices large and small, are getting from these machines the highest class of service.

Now we make this offer so that offices everywhere may learn what this machine means to them.

Ten Day's Test

We will gladly place in any office one American Adder for a ten days' test.

There will be no obligation, and charges will be prepaid. Compare it with any non-lister—even the costliest. Let anyone use it. See if any machine can serve better than this. Just send us this coupon and we'll send the machine.

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Please send us an American Adding Machine for ten days' free trial.

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FOOTWEAR TROUBLE MOSTLY CAUSED BY SHORT SHOES

Retail shoe dealers say that much of the trouble of customers is because they purchase too short ones. When dealers have complaints they say they always look for run down heels, toes, or counters, linings puckered up under the toe cap or worn out at the heel, or breaks near the tips in the shanks. These almost invariably, they say give evidence of shoes too short. It is a hard matter to convince the wearer of this, especially the women, the dealers say.

Persons whose feet perspire should either have an extra pair of shoes and alternate or wear ventilated shoe trees. These persons should never wear a heavy calf skin or leather lined shoe. The acid in the perspiration eats through and stiffens the leather. During winter, the dealers say, they have a great many complaints from persons who have burnt their shoes. Unless the leather is burned to a crisp they say it is almost impossible to convince the dissatisfied wearer that the shoes are burned.

TWO SHORT SERMONS ON EGGS.

As the season for eggs for hatching is at hand, a few words from actual experience might be of interest:

In buying eggs, don't expect every egg to hatch.

Don't blame the eggs for the poor hatch you get from them in your first incubator trial.

Don't expect your poultryman to duplicate your order merely because you report a poor hatch.

Don't expect eggs shipped a distance to hatch as well as those from the hens on your own place.

Don't expect a prize stock from cheap eggs.

Don't be unreasonable in your demands.

On the part of the poultryman there is this to say: "In keeping several varieties, use every care that the eggs of the different breeds do not become mixed.

Fill orders promptly.

Aim to please your customers.

Be honest in all your dealings.

Gather your eggs several times a day during cold weather, to prevent freezing.

Keep them in a warm place, that they may not chill.

Never ship an egg over a week old. Agree to duplicate your hatches at half price.

Never ship eggs in boxes, as they are roughly handled by the express companies.

Always take a receipt from the express company.

Send a letter by mail the day you ship—better send it at least several hours ahead of the shipment—so that your customer will be on hand to receive the eggs when they arrive.

In conclusion, the receiver of eggs should at once unpack the basket and take out all the eggs. Then he should replace them, laying them on their sides, not to touch each other, and allow to rest for several hours. Many a hatch is spoiled by the failure to properly rest the eggs before submitting them to a high temperature of heat.

PEN THE HENS AND GET THE EGGS.

By GEORGE H. PELLARD.

As a cold-blooded business proposition, probably no plan is better than that of keeping the hens shut in all the time. They should be confined from the time they reach maturity until marketed as poultry, and fed as

stout a ration as they will stand without going wrong.

Aside from sentiment and pleasure in their appearance, this is the money-making way for villagers or suburbanites, who have a limited yard room and need to keep their premises free from the litter and soiling that are otherwise nearly inseparable from poultry keeping.

The fowls do not look as well as when on range—their plumage gets dull and they are less lively, but they will shell out the eggs and keep on shelling out, with less labor and less expense, than under any other system, unless it is the colony system, with free range.

Even then it is doubtful if the same number can be more easily cared for, or the ultimate profit be greater.

In keeping the hens on this plan, they should be separated into flocks of 25 to 35 and allowed from 4 to 6 feet square per bird.

Dry feeding entails the least work and therefore brings the best profit, as the egg yield is generally better than where fed on, the one-meal-at-a-time and the quick-lunch systems.

If the feed is properly proportioned and the supply is always ample, there will be no trouble in getting eggs, and lots of them, if the hens are in good health. We doubt if there is so much difference in the average egg-production of hens as is sometimes fancied.

With good feeding, which means the right kind as well as quantities, most hens will make good. Some will do better than others, but so far it seems impracticable to select only the best in this case.

The time taken in selection, and the fact that the hen should go at it a year old, makes labor of selection, together with the uncertainty of reproduction, more expensive than keeping the usual proportion of poor layers.

Trap-nesting is the only positive way of deciding the question, and that is a way which is impractical where large numbers are kept.

Kept housed all the time, the hens are subject to the most arbitrary feeding rules, and experience is showing that they will produce as many, or more, eggs as when on range.

It would require a corps of bell-boys and bookkeepers to release the hens and tabulate the returns.

Occasionally a hen will get to feather pulling or egg eating. In such a case a run of a few days outside will usually cure the habit; if not, dark nests or the axe will.

MADRID PARLIAMENT OPENS

MADRID, Spain, April 2.—What is expected to prove the most progressive and radical parliament ever convened in Spain opened its sessions today. Premier Dato today reiterated his prophecy that many social and political reforms will be passed by the parliament which convened today.

Miss Letha Shropshire returned today from visiting her sister at Floydada.

Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure. The worst cases, no matter how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00

ARE YOU A GAS "PROMOTERMAN"?

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2.—Are you a gas promoter? If so you ought to be taking the civil service exams today for Uncle Sam wants a few more like you for the navy yard service.

FOR SALE: Choice re-cleaned Feterita Seed, Phone 403, or leave order at Third National Bank. H. V. TULL. —Adv. Semi-23-25-27-pd.

Announcements

The following announcements are made subject to the action of the Democratic primary:

- For Representative. CAPT. T. J. TILSON.
- For District Judge. R. C. JOINER.
- For District Attorney. GEO. L. MAYFIELD.
- For District and County Clerk. B. H. TOWERY. W. H. BOX. J. W. PIPEKIN. S. S. SLONEKER. W. N. McDONALD.
- For Sheriff. J. C. HOOPER.
- For County Judge. W. B. LEWIS.
- For County Treasurer. JOHN G. HAMILTON.
- For Tax Assessor. J. N. JORDAN.
- For County Attorney. CHARLES CLEMENTS.
- For County Surveyor. T. P. WHITIS. O. HOLLAND. D. L. ALEXANDER. OTIS SHROPSHIRE.
- For City Secretary. B. L. SPENCER.
- For City Marshal and Tax Collector. J. F. WATSON. JOHN VAUGHN.
- For Public Weigher, Precinct No. 1. TOM THOMPSON.
- For City Attorney—LEE ROY PEARSON.
- For Mayor. J. L. DORSETT.

WANTED.

To exchange for Land in the Plainview Country some good rental or income properties in Kansas City, Mo. Texas. Price, 620 per acre. Write to C. E. NERSTA, Flatonia, Texas no junk.

Also a good, clean Stock of Merchandise and building to the amount of about \$22,000, located in a good town in Missouri, to exchange for clear, unimproved, cheap land. See E. E. WINN REALTY CO., Rooms 15-16, 1st Nat'l Bank Bldg., Plainview, Texas. —Adv. D-2 issues; Semi-1 issue.

FOR SALE—160 acres near Runningwater. Joins Syndicate tract. Every foot can be cultivated. See H. E. SKAGGS. —Adv. S-tf.

FOR SALE.

480 acres two miles east of the town of Cone, in Crosby County, Texas. Price, 620 per acre. Write to C. E. NERSTA, Flatonia, Texas —Adv. S-3 issues.

WILL TRADE 320 acres improved, deeded land in Eastern New Mexico for land near Plainview. G. G. BUCKNER, Allen, New Mexico. —Adv. Semi-Fri. and Tues.—pd. 45c.

TEAMS AND IMPLEMENTS for sale, or would trade for cheap land; also 80 hogs. RHODES BROS., Runningwater, Texas. —Adv. D and S-pd

FETERITA SEED FOR SALE—Hand-picked and threshed. See J. H. BUNTIN or EAST SIDE GROCERY. —Adv. S-4 issues.

THE KNIGHT-CAMPBELL PLAN

We take second hand instruments in exchange on new ones. If you have an old or a "silent" piano, we will gladly give you an estimate of its TRADE VALUE on one of our new pianos or Player Pianos. If you ever intend to trade, your present instrument has a GREATER TRADE VALUE TODAY than it will have a year from now, or at ANY other time.

Furthermore, if you trade now you get the use of the new instrument AT ONCE, instead of waiting.

Forty years' Success and Reputation behind your dealings with us.

THE KNIGHT-CAMPBELL MUSIC CO.

Denver, Col.

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SEED Sweet Potatoes, Seed Irish Potatoes, Onion Sets, Poultry Remedies, Spray Pumps. Everything in seeds you ought to plant.

C. E. WHITE SEED COMPANY Plainview, Texas

THE 1914 WAY

The new and best way of purchasing a piano is to secure an instrument which all can play.

The player mechanism in the MALCOLM PIANO does not interfere with its freedom of action when played manually.

A \$600 Malcolm Player Piano for \$477.00 cash, or special terms of \$15 cash, and \$10 monthly.

Note. The player mechanism used in this player is endorsed by the U. S. Government.

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It is hard to always select the very best combination of papers and magazines for spring and summer reading, but you will find these three hard to beat.

Look at the Saving, Too

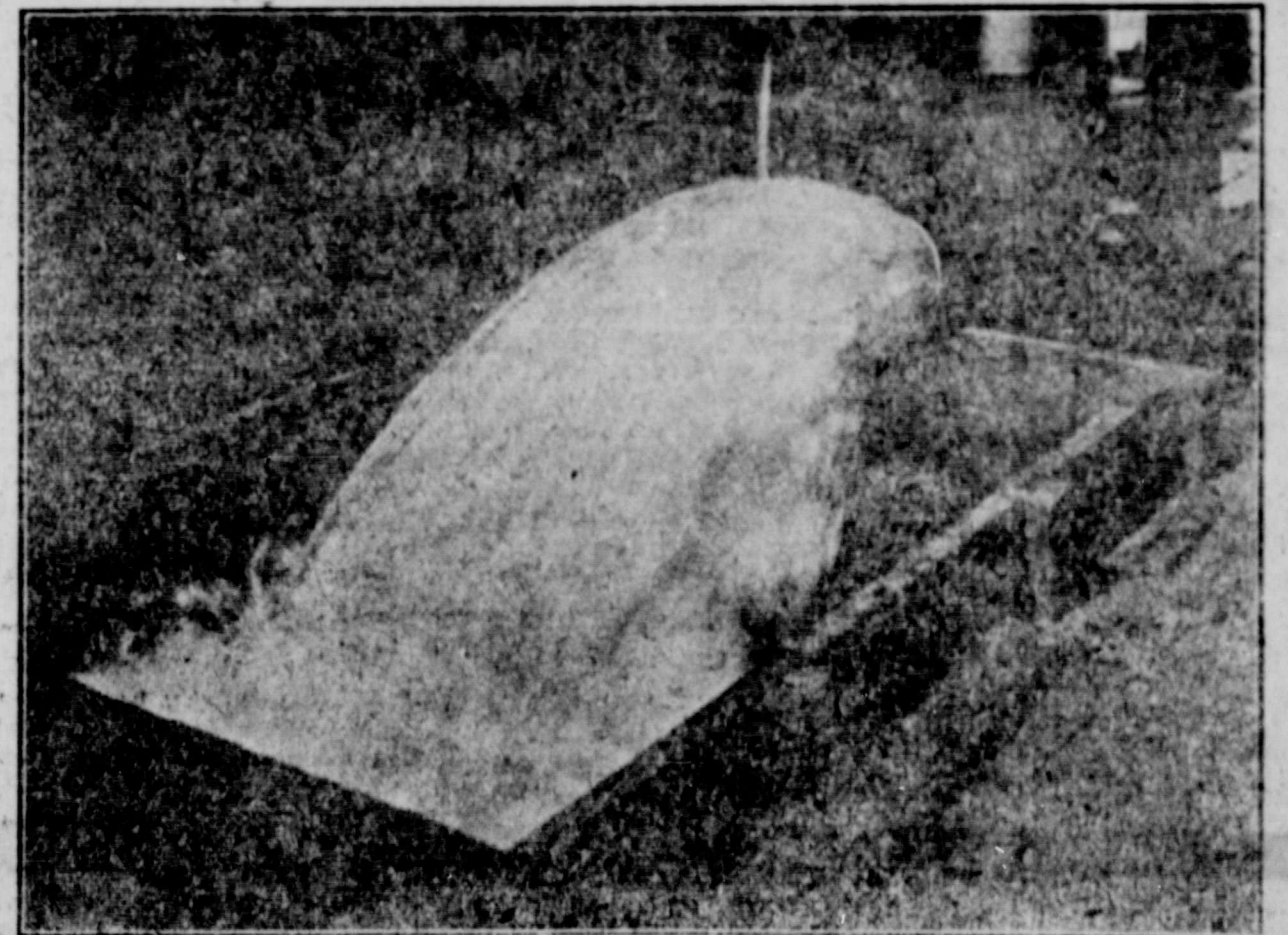
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Layne & Bowler Company

Important Southern States Owe Great Britain Tremendous Sums

LONDON, Eng., April 2.—Nine of the Southern states of the United States owe British bondholders a total of more than 75 million dollars not including interest on debts that have been in default from forty to seventy years, according to a report of the Council of the Corporation of Foreign Bondholders.

This association organized forty years ago to protect the interest of the holders of foreign securities and has for many years had eleven foreign states on its back list but this year the Republic of Guatemala, under pressure of the foreign office, has resumed payments after a default extending over fourteen years.

"The elimination of Guatemala," the report says, "leaves the unenviable distinction of defaulters to the Republic of Honduras, and the states of the United States of Alabama, Georgia, Arkansas, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, and West Virginia."

It has not been possible to obtain reliable information with regard to most of these debts, but it is understood that the loans were contracted for public improvements, and do not include confederate bonds or war debt. With the exception of Alabama's debt of which no reliable information is obtainable, the amounts owing British bondholders are as follows:

Arkansas	\$8,700,000
Florida	\$7,000,000
Georgia	\$12,700,000
Louisiana	\$6,000,000
Mississippi	\$7,000,000
North Carolina	\$12,600,000
South Carolina	\$6,000,000
West Virginia	\$15,239,370

Of these debts, the report of which is signed by Viscount Goschen, the new chairman says:

The Reports Showing

"It is indeed deplorable that these prosperous and progressive states of the Great American Union take no steps toward the settlement of their defaulted debts, and it seems, to say the least of it, an anomaly that the United States should insist on compliance with its obligations by a country like Santo Domingo, when so many of the states within its own borders are not meeting their own engagements."

"The excuses put forward by these states for non-payment are manifold but they may be generally classed under three heads."

"1. North Carolina pleads that her defaulted obligations were contracted while the state was being administered by Federal Government after the Civil War. The answer to this, of course, is that the bondholders have nothing to do with the relation between the states and the Federal government. One or the other must be responsible for the issuance of the loan in question and it is most unfair that the state should refer its creditors to the Federal Government and the Federal Government refer them back again to the state."

"Tennessee has for many years adopted the same attitude as North Carolina, but the former was wise enough to realize that no state can maintain its position in the world of credit which attempts to justify the repudiation of obligations by excuses which in the case of individuals, will not be tolerated in any civilized court of law, and therefore came to the settlement with the holders of its bonds."

"2. Louisiana alleges that there were irregularities of some kind or another in connection with the issue of most of her repudiated bonds. It would of course put an end to all own officials had acted incorrectly in credit if a state, on discovery that its own officials had acted incorrectly in the issue of a loan, repudiated all responsibility for the money obtained from the public. There is, however, one issue, or part of an issue, known as 'Baby Bonds,' concerning which, not even the foregoing excuse can be used. In this case, in spite of the fact that the bonds are expressed on their face to be issued by the State of Louisiana, in accordance with the state's constitution and although they are especially secured on arrears of taxes collectible by the state, which, it is admitted were diverted to other purposes, payment is denied on the astonishing plea that the bonds were not guaranteed by the state."

"3. Mississippi's excuse for not recognizing her defaulted debt is the very worst of all. Between 1831 and 1838 the state issued two loans, for which she obtained full value and the proceeds of which were invested in the establishment of two banks. So long as the banks flourished and made good profits, the interest on the loan was kept paid up, but when, owing to over-speculation, bad times came and the banks got into difficulties, Mississippi made this excuse for the ceasing of all further payments to the bond holders. For the state to repudiate its obligation to its creditors because the investment it chooses to make with their money does not turn out profitable is absolutely indefensible, and, as far as the council are aware, such

an argument has never been resorted to by even the most backward of the Spanish-American Republics."

The report intimates that a proposal is now before the foreign office to secure a settlement of the claim against Honduras, but very little hope is entertained of being successful. The amount due by Honduras, including interest is roughly 121 million dollars. As no interest has been paid since 1872 and the rate of two of the loans was ten per cent the amount is largely made up of unpaid interest.

KRESS

KRESS, Tex., April 2.—Mr. A. H. Gish of Lost Nation, Iowa, came to Kress last week to look after business interests.

Will Rousser and Harry Greenfield went to Kress Friday to haul cake and meal.

Low Knight was a caller in Kress Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Bush drove to Plainview Friday.

Henry Behrends and Mr. O'Neal of Auburn, were in Kress Monday after cake.

Bob Rousser, and son Grady, were callers in Kress Saturday.

S. Groff shipped a carload of hogs Tuesday.

A. H. Gish boarded the train to Plainview last Tuesday and will later go to Port Worth.

The Missionary Society will meet at the M. E. Church next Tuesday. The meeting was held with Mrs. T. E. Skipworth last week and she served a fine lunch.

Rev. Robinson of Canyon, preached a good sermon last Sunday morning and Professor Graham gave a good sermon on Sunday evening.

Mr. LeMaster is still on the sick list but is reported a little better today.

Millard Dustman was a caller in Kress Wednesday.

Rev. W. B. Wilkins will preach next Sunday morning and evening at the M. E. church.

Rev. Louis Ray of Runningwater was a caller in Kress today.

LIBERTY

LIBERTY, Texas, April 2.—The literary at Prairieview last Saturday night was well attended by the people of this community.

Joe Snyder, of Midway, is now at work for R. E. Huston.

Diak Miller left yesterday for Denver, Colorado, where he will make his future home.

Mrs. G. E. Duckwall and daughter, Louise, visited with Mrs. J. E. Groff last Thursday.

Miss Alma Boston spent Thursday night at the Ebeling home six miles west of Plainview.

M. L. Alexander and Mr. Hickman are very busy developing their irrigation well this week.

C. P. Seipp moved a house in Plainview Monday for Mr. Wilder.

Bruce Matsen is numbered among the sick list.

C. K. Ebeling and family were callers in this vicinity Sunday.

Quite a number attended the High School play in Plainview, this week.

W. M. Bryson is here from Sterling county transacting business matters.

The singing was well attended last Sunday. We are expecting a large attendance next Sunday. Rev. Brown of Kress will be here to fill his regular appointment.

MARGARET ALLEN TRIMBLE



Miss Trimble is the pretty daughter of South Trimble, former congressman from Kentucky and now clerk of the house of representatives. Miss Trimble is popular with the younger set in Washington.

MISS MARY COX WINS HERALD'S PIANO CONTEST

Mrs. Frank Jeffries is Second and Miss Irma Boedecker Wins Third Prize

The Herald Piano Contest came to a close last Friday afternoon as advertised and resulted in Miss Mary Cox winning the handsome Obermeyer & Sons Piano which has been on exhibition at the B & K confectionery establishment for some time.

The close of the contest marks a successful subscription campaign and the results are very gratifying to the managers.

The total vote of the contestants and the prize winners follow in order:

Mary Cox	209,319
Mrs. Frank Jeffries	125,594
Erna Boedecker	84,413
Beula Hoyle	48,975
Alimo Strange	46,300
Mary Dalmont	39,700
Ruby Hatcher	36,900
Emma Peppers	34,525

Aside from the large number of new subscriptions which have been added to the list, many renewals have been made and numerous collections on the back subscriptions have come in.

The business done on the merchants' coupons during the contest was satisfactory and the whole project as a business venture has turned out in a manner pleasing to all parties concerned. General satisfaction among all of the contestants is evident. The piano is a very meritorious instrument and fulfills every claim that has been made for it.

Our relation with the Publishers' Music Company of Chicago, who furnished the piano and the plan of the contest have been very satisfactory. This company has stood up to its contract throughout the time of the contest.

HURLEY

HURLEY, Texas, April 2.—The Hurley Truck Growers' Association was organized March 31, with the following officers elected: John W. Kropff, president; C. D. Cupton, vice president; Jesse Reeves, secretary and treasurer. A very enthusiastic meeting was held.

A large acreage of the following products was signed for: Tomatoes, sweet potatoes, cucumbers, beans, cabbage, pumpkins, beets and onions.

A canning factory, pickling station and cold storage plant are already assured.

A team was dispatched forthwith to Portales for a load of sweet potatoes to sprout.

Mr. H. S. Cox, of Plainview, was a Hurley visitor this week.

Mr. Shell, of Tulla, and Mr. Wm. M. Thurston made a trade for places in the edge of Hurley, and will engage in farming and truck raising.

News was received at Hurley of the death of Climar Coldren, March 30. Mr. Coldren has been a resident of the Hurley country for some time, and about a year ago suffered an automobile accident, from which he never fully recovered. The entire community regrets the loss of Mr. Coldren.

The "thud, thud" of the gasoline engines echoing from every direction, as the copious wells are pumped, make a music very thrilling from early morn till late at night.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Wilterding, a fine girl, Hazel Oleta.

GETTING EASTER CANTATA READY.

E. A. Bannister is Preparing Special Music at Presbyterian Church.

The beautiful Easter cantata, "The Resurrection Hope," to be given at the Presbyterian Church on the evening of April 12th, comprises the following singers:

- Sopranos—Miss Carter, Mrs. McKee, Mrs. Bellis and Mrs. Todd.
- Altos—Miss Wayland, Miss Buchheimer, Mrs. Joiner and Mrs. Lash.
- Tenors—Albert Hinn, Lawrence Gray, E. B. Miller and W. A. Morter.
- Bassos—Edward O'Brien, W. H. Mason, G. F. J. Stephens and J. E. Flamm.
- Miss Flora Mae Scudder—Pianist.
- E. A. Bannister, Director.

This will be a splendid service of song for thirty-five minutes. This beautiful cantata is rich, worshipful and dignified, and will please all lovers of good music. All members of the church and congregation should be present. Invite your friends who will not be in attendance at one of the other churches.

President Wm. Pearce and Rev. C. L. McDonald went to Lockney to-day to attend the Sunday School Convention.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine. It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 35c.

UNCALLED FOR LETTERS

The letters listed below remain in the office uncalled for for the week ending March 29th, 1914.

- Baker, E. C.
- Barnes, J. A.
- Bernal, Emiliane.
- Bingham, J.
- Byrd, Sam.
- Evans, Miss Ada.
- Heafner, C. S.
- Howell, Henry, (2).
- Hufker, Henry.
- Jalufka, Miss May.
- Pierson, Mrs. Pres. L. A. S.
- Stevens, Mrs. Bob.
- Tennant, Roger.
- Umphrey, Miss Ray.
- Ward, Buna.
- Westbefer, L. F.
- Whitzell, J. S.
- Wright, Miss Nora.

AUTOS ARE NOW REAL NECESSITY.

Men of Moderate Means Find That Time Saved More Than Offsets the Cost.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 2.—Of all the discussion of the street and highway accidents and fatalities that has appeared in print during the past year, except the statement emanating from the automobile interests, the first fair and sane statement of the subject coming from an authoritative source is made by Peter M. Hoffman, coroner of Cook county, Illinois, which embraces the city of Chicago.

"Automobiles now average two to one safer per mile than horse drawn vehicles," says Mr. Hoffman. "It is clear that comparisons made as to the danger of power and horse drawn vehicles must be estimated on efficiency as the number of miles traveled is the only rational basis on which to figure."

Statistics are Accurate.
His declaration is based on the study of this subject by the statistician of the coroner's office, Parker H. Sercombe, who has organized a complete synthetic system of statistical tables for municipalities and is engaged coordinating the accident statistics from the police records of Chicago with the fatality tables of the coroner's office. Regarding the results of this work, the coroner says: "I can guarantee the accuracy, although much of the information is from material gathered out-

side of this office. "Accurate figures compiled from Chicago and Cook county show that 1912 is the first year that the number of automobile accidents ever surpassed the number of horse vehicle accidents, and the mileage percentage of power vehicles as compared with the horse drawn vehicles shows that the automobile is two to one safer per mile than the horse drawn vehicle."

"The rapid increase in the number of automobiles in use during the past past four years and the corresponding decrease in the number of horse drawn vehicles is definitely shown not only in the decrease of the number of horse vehicle accidents and fatalities but in the increase of the automobile accidents."

Tables accompanying the coroner's statements show the number of passenger and freight vehicles of all classes, licensed and unlicensed, on the streets of Chicago in February with their daily mileage and the total daily mileage, accidents and fatalities for the last four years, and the average number of accidents per day and per 5,000,000 miles traveled.

AN IRRIGATED DISTRICT.

Properties Around Akin Look Like Oil Field.

If you haven't been out toward Lockney recently you don't know what is being done toward bringing the Plainview country under irrigation. Drive out that way and get an idea what all of the country is going to look like when it is developed.

The Texas Land and Development Company has done more work out there than anywhere else, except on the Experiment Farm. More than a

score of rigs may be seen on that many quarters; new houses stand close to each other; good barns and green fields all tell of prosperity. Irrigated farming like that gives social life in the country.

You must see it to appreciate how much work has been done.

PLANTS OF ALL KINDS.

I have Standard Varieties in any quantity of Tomato, Cabbage, Sweet and Hot Pepper, Cauliflower, Egg Plant and Sweet Potato Plants. Will be ready for delivery April 25. Special prices by the acre on Tomato, Cabbage and Potato Plants.

W. J. MARTIN, Portales, N. M.

CARD OF THANKS.

I wish to thank the kind friends who assisted me after the fire which destroyed my home.

L. E. SILCOTT, Olton, Texas.

SWEETWATER

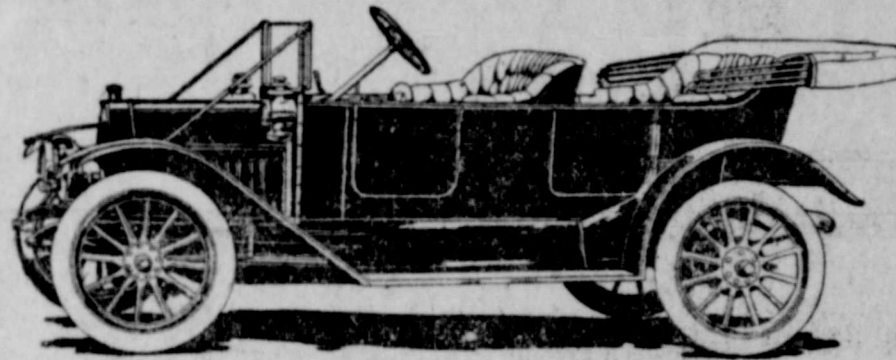
SWEETWATER, Texas, April 2.—The elegant new passenger station of the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient Railway Company has been completed, and the entire office force is now installed in the new quarters.

This station is a model of architecture, and would be a credit to any city. It is built of gray stone with green tile roof. In the main waiting room is an old-fashioned fireplace, to give a home-like appearance and relieve to some extent that homesick feeling of the weary traveler. The building is equipped with steam heating apparatus for real heat.

Now is the time to REPAIR winter's Wear and Tear of your Home. A Good Coat of Hughes PAINT, applied right, will give you Comfort there, and CARBOLIZED LIME scattered in the out-of-way places will give you Health there.

A combination that makes for Happiness.

A. S. McAdams Lumber Co.



READY

ALWAYS ready to go when and where you want it to.

Climbs any hill or negotiates any road.

Quick to answer the throttle.

Powerful because of the Buick overhead valve motor guaranteed to produce more power than any other types of the same size.

Buick 1914 Cars Fulfill Every Modern Demand

Four-cylinder and six-cylinder cars with long graceful lines—fully equipped with Delco electric cranking, lighting and ignition at no extra cost—left-hand drive and center control, priced according to size and power.

Buick service is back of every car. This means the great Buick factory and its branches in all large cities are ready on the instant to furnish whatever you may need.

Order now for Spring delivery--30,000 Buicks sold last year shows Buick Popularity, and the additional Equipment and the New Buick "Six" have made the demand even greater this year. Make sure of your Buick when you want it--Order Now.

Three sizes and six styles from \$950 to \$1985—but every one a Buick through and through, built and backed by the great Buick factory.

When Better Automobiles Are Built Buick Will Build Them

Plainview Machine and Auto Shop

E. E. ROOS, PROPRIETOR

EDITORIAL PAGE

The Twice-A-Week
Hale County Herald

BROWN & MILLER, Publishers

The Herald's Open Forum
and Public Service Depart-
ments.

FRIDAY, APRIL 3, 1914

More Than A Treat.

The closest business man "treats" himself occasionally. Perhaps it's a cigar; sometimes he's a fan; occasionally it is a day in the country. A lot of times the "treat" is injurious to his mind; also to his physical efficiency.

Thorough relaxation is a genuine benefit to the working man, the tired woman or the growing child. That is a value of the game and sometimes the play house.

Music is one of the best agents to secure relaxation. It makes you forget self, along with the worries that flit away. It inspires you to noble effort and fine inspiration. The world's musicians have wielded a strong influence upon the character of to-day.

Your children can't grow small and mean if they are surrounded with good books, good companions and fine music—unless you set a small example. These all exert a positive influence upon mental habits; they are a large force in character building.

Plainview has an opportunity to hear the Gamble Concert Party April 16. The Gamble Company is as fine as any town enjoys. Mr. Gamble, Miss Page and Mr. Schonert have appeared more than once at the best entertainments houses in New York, Chicago, San Francisco. They are not too coldly classical for you to appreciate. They are artists.

By going to hear them April 16 you afford yourself an evening of the finest entertainment. Your support helps make it possible to bring such musicians to the young life of Plainview.

A Better Understanding.

When the germ theory of disease was advanced the people scoffed. They shouted their disbelief when first told that mosquitoes carried yellow fever. United States army physicians proved that in Cuba, and everybody accepts it now.

The public was just as skeptical when scientists first said that flies are disease carriers. But we are coming to learn the truth concerning their death toll. We haven't yet comprehended that flies cost the people of the United States \$350,000,000 every year—a million dollars a day!

However, we are learning. In the recent inspection of local grocery stores, Mrs. L. Lee Dye notes a marked change in the attitude of merchants in regard to her inspection.

At first, business men everywhere regarded inspection as unwarranted interference with their rights. Now they see that the consumer has a right—indeed, that it is his duty—to find out where his food comes from. We are learning that cleanliness is an essential in business.

It is good business to clean up; then it is better business to tell the people that you are clean. Folks are going to demand clean food.

Plainview was honored last fall by the appointment of Mrs. L. Lee Dye as pure food and drug inspector for Plainview and vicinity. She is rendering a genuine service to Plainview business men, as well as to Plainview homes and citizens, by her insistence on cleaning up and keeping clean.

It is gratifying that our business men are co-operating with her. Dr. Carrick said our business section was not so clean last summer as the homes.

Armor Plate For Passengers

Americans are searching for mechanical devices to save their lives. Our fathers did this too. We haven't the time to use ordinary caution or common sense—to save them by hand, if you please.

After enormous political agitation, factories using dangerous machinery have installed many life safeguards. Undoubtedly factory owners are yet negligent at this point. It is just as true that employees take long chances every day.

Trolley companies are adopting vehicles hermetically sealed when in motion. This keeps impatient men and women from jumping on and off moving cars. Impassable guards are necessary to keep hurrying ferry passengers from throwing themselves into the water at the end of each trip.

Railroads account for an appalling slaughter every year. Analysis of the figures shows that most of those killed and injured were trespassers, who had not any business on the tracks. They took a chance.

We insist upon steel passenger cars. These are helpful after collision or derailment, which in a vast majority of cases is caused by human negligence—our mad rush to get somewhere. Wouldn't it be better to take an instant more of time or thought and prevent the collision?

Undoubtedly steel cars will finally be the only sort used on passenger trains. To supplant wooden passenger coaches now in use would require the construction of more than 5,000 cars a year during ten years. The shops can't turn them out this fast.

Automobiling is another point at issue. Humanitarian considerations have made us adopt speed limits—12 miles an hour in Plainview; 25 miles in the country. How much do we respect this limit? How many men in Plainview who drive automobiles do not break the speed limit every week?

Using steel cars is much like dressing up pedestrians and automobile drivers in armor plate, instead of requiring that each use common sense. Life-saving devices are good. So long as carelessness remains a large American characteristic, nothing mechanical will prevent a heavy toll of life and enormous financial losses every year.

ENGINEER GOETHALS IS NOW
CIVIL GOV. OF PANAMA CANAL

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2.—The Panama Canal centers upon another phase of progress to-morrow when canal government. Bylaws, all executive government will be established on Uncle Sam's long thin strip from ocean to ocean. Colonel Goethals, who has been chief engineer during the construction of the big ditch has been autocrat of its administration is to be the civil governor. Ever since the United States under took the building in the zone it has been technically under military rule. A commission form of government had practically all of the commissioners administrative authority but practically all of the commissioners were military officers. Colonel Goethals has been supreme in authority. During the building of the canal it has been said that the Goethals Administration was required if an employee wanted to requisition a pencil.

The new civil government comes automatically into effect tomorrow in pursuance with a proclamation issued two months ago by President Wilson. The Isthmian Canal Commission likewise dies. The Panama Canal Law approved August 24, 1912—the exemption from tolls of which is now under the consideration of Congress—makes the President the real ruler of Panama, through the governor and such other persons as he may elect. The President has told Goethals that he is to have free hand in the administration which is taken to mean that the governor will have nearly 2,500 jobs at his disposal. There is no civil

service on the canal either. To Get Canal Ready.

In his new job Goethals' foremost duty is to make the canal ready for use. He was given the place because it has been his ambition when the canal was finished and the construction forces through with their work that he might actually have some hand in the starting of commerce through the waterway. Of course, the task of arranging the administration in the zone is an enormous one, but that of drilling the canal employees in the work of making the canal a success from start to finish will be greater. On his recent visit here the Colonel made it plain that he intends to go slowly in the re-arrangement of the canal government. Bylaws, all executive order and regulation will be continued in force after tomorrow so that the switch from a commission to a one man government will be accomplished with no apparent wrench. The speculation was rife here today as to whether Goethals plans to continue the semi-Socialistic, paternalistic scheme of caring for the canal employees under the new government. Heretofore the employee was furnished by the government with a residence he was sold food supplies at cost given free medical attention and free schools while every effort was made to encourage the establishment of churches and recreation buildings. Needless to say, there were no taxes at all.

Goethals thinks the canal will be in running order by July 1—that is, it will be constructively complete. But the chief engineer wants his operating force, the men who handle the

giant locks, the towing locomotives and other delicate machinery to be thoroughly drilled in their respective jobs before the canal is thrown open to the commerce of the world. That may take several months.

FORD CAR CLIMBS LONG FLIGHT
OF STAIRS UP SNOW HILL

DETROIT, Mich., April 2.—An English motorist, Mr. Gordon Bennett, of the Central Motor Garage, recently put his Ford Model T through a spectacular stunt for the benefit of his fellow townsmen. It seems that a great deal of discussion had taken place relative to the car's ability to climb the long flight of stairs going up Snow hill. In consequence, arrangements were made to try the car on the task soon after daybreak on a recent Sunday morning.

With only a few yards start, Mr. Bennett covered the stairs as far as the first landing. Then with greater confidence the remaining portion of the journey was accomplished, stopping only twice, where acute angles made assistance necessary in turning the car.

MONSTER TRANS-ATLANTIC
AEROPLANE PLANNED

PARIS, April 2.—Alexander Dumas, famous engineer and aeroplane designer has announced his plans for a machine which he says will be able of crossing the Atlantic ocean. It will be the biggest ever attempted, being designed to carry a crew of ten, four motors of 200 h. p., each, 10,000 pounds of oil and gasoline, 10,000 pounds of provision and a wireless outfit carrying seven hundred miles. He thinks the journey would take one hundred hours, New York to Havre.

Call The Herald for Job Printing.

fine
feathers

An Easter Story of
England In the
Olden Days

In a pretty Elizabethan cottage surrounded by shade trees and a flower garden dwelt Miss Jessamine Sands and her fair young niece, Betty. The former was a noted housewife and tried her utmost to add this same good quality to Betty's lengthy list of accomplishments. The two ladies were considered heiresses by the villagers, for the rentals from the elder's farms brought no mean amount each month. Betty's father had left her several thousand pounds.

Miss Jessamine, being the head of the house and extremely religious, used the greater part of her income dispensing charity to the needy. Little Betty never could understand why they were considered wealthy, for she was supplied with a new dress and a bonnet only once every two years.

Betty sat beside a window mending a rent in a muslin frock. Two rows of red geraniums in pots of the same hue contributed a fascinating note of cheery brightness to the sitting room. Now and then she glanced from her work to the aristocratic profile of her aunt.

"What causes such unseemly restlessness this morning, child?" Miss Jessamine asked, busily threading a needle.

Betty's lovely face became dyed to match the flowerpots, and she stitched rapidly at the rent.

"I trust William has not asked you to drive again, for he has had you to Bradbury twice this week, which is quite often enough."

Judge Trimble and his family occupied the home adjoining the Sands cottage, and William, their eldest son, had been Betty's playmate ever since the little girl first came to live with her aunt.

"Aunt Jessamine, Phoebe Blackmore teased me about wearing the same Sabbath frock for two years and said it was a shame that I was not allowed to purchase a new one now and then since I am supposed to be an heiress."

"Phoebe is a gossip to talk to you of such things, and I disapprove of her frivolous ways. Your father left you well provided for, and I dare say you always appear genteel and neat when you walk abroad, and that is all that is required of a maid."

"Aunt Jessamine, next Sabbath is Easter. All the girls have new silk frocks and bonnets to match. I am past seventeen, and never have you given me a dress of silk. If I have means of my own I desire above all things, to visit London and buy the loveliest flowered taffeta I can find. Please say we will go."

"Since you are no longer content with the wardrobe selected by me I suppose we will have to purchase some London finery. Master William will think no more of you with all your fine toggery than he would if you attended church in your simple muslin frock."

The Easter morning chimes awakened Betty. By the time the last bell summoned the tardy worshippers to divine service she had donned her flowered taffeta trimmed with frills of lace and tied beneath her chin the broad ribbons of her poke bonnet. The vain little sinner gazed at her reflection in the mirror, and a smile of satisfaction radiated her countenance.

Aunt Jessamine could not conceal her astonishment and pride when the fair vision descended the stairs. "Well, well; fine feathers have certainly made my Betty lovely! Haste, child! Do not stop for posies."

William walked home with Betty from the church, while Aunt Jessamine remained to invite the pastor to dinner.

When they entered the garden William boldly clasped her hand between his own, saying: "Betty, dearest, I want you to know that I love you. This morning when your song floated into my heart I knew you were the one. Can you love me?"

The dainty maiden's frank blue eyes gazed into the brown ones as she archly said: "Was it the bonnet, William, that made you care?"

"No," he answered; "it was the girl beneath the bonnet."—Jean Douglas in New York Press.

FRENCH PLAN FLYING BOAT
RACES ON CHANNEL

PARIS, April 2.—The French Aero Club will hold a series of hydro-aeroplane competitions in the English channel in July. There will be several prizes. The details were completed today.

James Gordon Bennett, Famous
Owner of New York Herald



JAMES GORDON BENNETT, the famous newspaper owner, whose reported critical illness at New York was denied by him, much to the relief of his friends, was born in New York in 1841. He became managing editor of the New York Herald, founded by his father, in 1860. When his father died in 1872 he assumed full control. He soon established the Paris edition of his paper and spent most of his time in the American colony in Paris and in traveling. He never married. His many renowned newspaper enterprises, such as securing Stanley to Africa after Livingstone, earned for him much fame as a resourceful newspaper publisher.

"Lid On Tight As Far As Investigations Are Concerned" House Com.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The light district for looking out for the plain folks. And they are the people who cast the votes. Legislators are not quite as anxious to probe everything under the sun from Esperanto to the "Base Ball Trust" as they were once upon a time. Nevertheless the investigation epidemic remains sufficiently serious to give the House Rules Committee serious food for thought. This mental process has led them to the conclusion that if this searchlight business continues, Congress must evolve itself into nothing more than a vast equatorial body.

Hence, the edict has gone forth from the House Rules Committee, that here after the lid is on tight so far as investigations are concerned. In order to make good this resolution the committee has pigeonholed no less than forty-three investigation resolutions. Some of them have had action such as the Calumet and Colorado strike probes under the forceful effect of a House Caucus. Then there has been a probe of the Mulhall charges against the National Association of Manufacturers and others. But the majority of the investigation resolutions introduced in this congress have had no committee action and will never again see the light of day, according to authoritative information from the committee.

Edict Will Stand.

And the Rules Committee is a vastly powerful body, their edict will go, unless a bunch of Democrats, disgruntled by such course, force Congress into action by the caucus route. Every time some big question is before the public a flock of investigation resolutions pour in upon the rules committee. The forty-three resolutions above mentioned, represent only forty-three separate subjects, but the pigeonholes in the Rules Committee holds scores of duplicates.

Sometimes the investigation resolution is for the purpose of creating political capital. The Congressman sees in a popular subject, the chance to make himself solid with the folks back home and in goes a resolution. Of course, anything that effects the high cost of living is a live wire subject for the enterprising congressman, and even if beefsteak or bread remains just as high—or goes higher—Mr. Congressman gets credit back in his

Not Desire for Votes

Probably, however, the majority of such resolutions do not arise solely from the desire to get votes. Most of the investigations proposed have behind them a vital public interest, or a condition in which publicity means correction.

The House Rules Committee however, now takes the position that the majority of the petitions cover subjects that can readily be dealt with by other branches of the government.

For instance, there is now pending, a resolution to investigate the Rock Island Railroad, the Pere Marquette Railroad, the Chicago, Duluth and Minneapolis wheat markets. All of these matters could readily come under the purview of existing governmental bodies—the former under the Inter-State Commerce Commission, the latter under the Department of Justice and the Bureau of Corporations.

The flood of resolutions however is dwindling. When the Democrats first came into power they wanted everything investigated. Appropriations galore, expenditures without end. Ah, they were made by Republicans and were not the proper matters for Democratic "Pitiless Publicity."

Then after their first enthusiasm, the Democrats forgot that the Republicans ever existed. Subsequent investigations would cover such subjects as the dissolution of the American Tobacco company, the American Woolen company, the Forest Service, the use of the Esperanto as an auxiliary language and so on ad infinitum.

PHILADELPHIA VOTING ON
\$12,000,000 LOAN

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 2.—Whether Philadelphia will receive funds for the monster improvements planned which include a municipal art museum, a great boulevard through the heart of the city, complete remodeling of the waterfront and other changes, is being decided today at a special election. Voters have been called on today to pass on a loan ordinance totalling \$12,000,000.

Mexican Assassinations Called Bloodier Than War

VERA CRUZ, April 2.—The most conservative description of Huerta's regime is told in one word, "pitiless." Mexico is a bloody land at best, but the historian of the future, when he writes of Huerta's deeds, will describe one of Mexico's bloodiest periods. The blood spilling of the open warfare is not so repulsive as the blood letting of the assassins, or the cold blooded, secret murder and burial of men in out-of-the-way places.

How many leading men of Mexico, of various parties, have silently disappeared from sight, can not now be ascertained. The whole thing is a subject that no one in Mexico dares to mention. The newspaper men who mystery would be subjected to Article would attempt to ferret out the mystery would be subjected to Article 33, of the Constitution, which provides that any foreigner who writes anything about Mexico shall be immediately deported.

But the truth is slowly coming out, nevertheless, through the opponents of Huerta and through some of their stories, secretly given to the writer, may be overdrawn, they are interesting as indicating the horror with which the average citizen of Mexico views Huerta's doings.

The story of the assassination of Serapio Rendon, however, is known to be true. How as a graduate of Cornell University in the United States and a member of the House of Deputies opposed to Huerta. One evening in August 1913 he was a dinner guest at the mansion of an American society woman. During the dinner he said: "I know that I will drop from sight some day, I fully expect it." At 11 o'clock he started for home but was seized on the way.

The next day a rurole offered for sale to Dr. Emilio Cardenas, in the village of Tlanepantla, a pair of spectacles in case that bore Rendon's initials. Dr. Cardenas, it happened, was a friend of Rendon's. He purchased the spectacles and questioned the rurole. "It belonged to a man who was shot last night," he said. "We were ordered to shoot but he tried to fight and so we gave him twenty bullets." Where he was buried is not known. His family does not even dare to seek information.

The story of the assassination of Belisario Dominguez surpassed belief of the man who does not know Mexico. Dominguez, a senator, had openly opposed Huerta. Mexicans here believe the story that Dominguez, who had to go to the hospital for a slight operation, was under the influence of chloroform, when word came to the proprietor of the hospital, Dr. Urrutia, who was then Huerta's right hand man, that Dominguez should be executed. The unconscious man, it is said, was taken into a vacant lot in the dead of night and shot. Dominguez was talented and wealthy.

Rafael Villacorta and Alfonso Escalona, two newspaper reporters who sympathized with Madero, met their death in a corn field in the suburbs of Mexico City. Huerta, it is said, when he first became dictator of Mexico, sought the whereabouts of several Madero senators. He tried to locate Bordes Mangel, a leading Maderista, and discovered that the two newspaper reporters, Villacorta and Escalona, had interviewed Mangel. They were arrested and ordered to tell where Mangel might be found. Escalona refused and was summarily sentenced to be shot. Villacorta, it is said, gave the facts on a promise that he would be released. On June 28 Francisco Chavez, the chief of police, sent the two men, in care of guards into a suburban town. On their way their guards said to them: "We are going to let you go. Run into that cornfield and we'll say you got away from us."

The young fellows, both delighted, jumped from the automobile in which they were riding and, waving their hand in "goodbyes," dashed for the cornfield. They had not gone one hundred feet when their guards shot them dead. In official parlance, they had been given the "ley de fuga," or "law in flight."

In the grim San Juan de Ulua prison at Vera Cruz there now lies Mrs. Gaudalupe Guille de Saldano, with a new born baby girl. Her crime is that she is a cousin to Adolfo Orive, a rebel. One evening last January during the dinner hour the police entered the Saldano home and took Saldano and his wife off to the penitentiary. An hour later she was taken to the train for Vera Cruz. Her destination was Quintana Roo, a district which is Mexico's Siberia. Women who go there are fed to the lust of convict soldiers. Quintana Roo, is a name of horror to the men and women of Mexico. It was the birth of her baby while she was being held for a passport to Quintana Roo that saved her. As time passed her aged mother traced her to prison and the authorities gave her permission to attempt a court procedure for the release of Mrs. Saldano. Since the husband and wife parted at the doors of the penitentiary that night in Jan-

uary, not a word has been heard from him. He is not in the penitentiary or in any of the jails of the city.

These are a few of the stories that the opponents of Huerta have been able to smuggle to the Americans through the United Press. These stories just scratch the surface of the conditions.

Dr. Urrutia, Gen. Blanquet and Gana, one of Mexico's famous bull fighters sat together at a banquet table one evening. "Look at the three matadors," said Huerta from across the table. He meant "killers" but it brought a laugh even from the two satesmen.

GREATEST SHIP OF WAR IS OFF FOR GUANTANAMO

NEW YORK, April 2.—Under the command of Captain T. S. Rogers, the super-dreadnaught New York, the largest and most formidable fighting boat afloat, today is sailing for Guantanamo, Cuba, testing grounds, where she will go through her paces, before becoming the flag ship of the great Atlantic fleet. The New York, sister ship of the Texas, still uncompleted, has ten fourteen inch guns, the largest on any ship in the world and is capable of hurling seven tons of explosives enclosed in steel a distance of fourteen miles once every minute.

The monster guns are arranged in five turrets, two forward and three aft, the turrets being so arranged that a full broadside can be fired from either side of the vessel. The secondary armament consists of twenty-one five inch guns. Alike in other details both the New York and Texas will each have two submerged torpedo tubes forward. Both are 573 feet long 95½ feet beam and have normal draughts of 28.6 feet. Each has a displacement of 28,400 tons when loaded and can make twenty-one knots an hour. The New York, built at a government yard, was finished four months ahead of the Texas, built at a private ship yard, officials of which say, the Texas will be completed in four months. Besides Captain Rogers, her officers will be Commander George Day, executive lieutenant, Lieutenant Commander W. B. Tardy of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, engineer officer, and Lieutenant John H. Newton, aid to the commander of the navy yard.

GOOD CROWD SEES MERCHANT OF VENICE "UP TO DATE."

High School Play Is Well Received; Proceeds Go to Benefit of Annual.

A well-filled house saw the High School students give the Merchant of Venice "Up to Date" Tuesday night. Their applause was positive evidence that everybody felt that he had his money's worth.

The play is a peculiar mixture of Shakespeare and up-to-date college life. Shylock wants to get even with Antonio, who is captain of the football team. A Latin pony is borrowed from Shylock by Antonio for his friend Bassanio. If it is not returned within one month Antonio is to forfeit a pound of hair cut off nearest the brain.

Finally Antonio is arrested during the Thanksgiving football game. There is the court room scene, and Shylock loses his revenge, because it turns out that Bassanio has no brain.

The young people deserve much credit for their work. They were trained by Miss Kathrine Duckworth, D. T. Dillingham, as "Gobbo," kept the crowd laughing constantly. His sallies were utterly without affectation. He makes a star clown.

SETH WARD PRESIDENT. ELECT VISITS COLLEGE.

C. L. McDonald Has Been Campaigning in Northwest Texas and New Mexico.

Rev. C. L. McDonald, President-Elect of Seth Ward College, came in to-day. He has been over considerable of Northwest Texas and New Mexico since he left Plainview, three weeks ago.

Brother McDonald says that he has already secured one student from Lake Arthur, N. M., for another year, and has the promise of others. He is going to Lockney to-morrow to speak at the Sunday School Convention.

SETH WARD PLAYERS GOING TO FLOYDADA.

The Bachelor Club Will Repeat Play Given in Plainview at Lockney Monday Night.

The Seth Ward boys are going to Lockney and Floydada to give their play. The Bachelors' Club has made a hit here with their humor, and they expect to "repeat" at the two neighboring towns.

Professor Crouch went to Lockney to-day. The boys will play in Floydada Saturday and Lockney Monday nights.

HOW TO PRODUCE GOOD SEED IRISH POTATOES

Department of Agriculture Tells Farmers How To Produce His Own Plants Of Good Quality

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2.—This is the season of the year when the farmers should pay particular attention to the seed potatoes, cautions the Department of Agriculture, and the use of high grade seed would increase the returns from the potato crop in this country by millions of dollars. A conservative estimate of the increase that might be expected from the use of high-grade seed is certainly not less than ten per cent. Such an increase based on the average production for the past five years would amount to 34 million bushels, having an approximate value of 21 million dollars. Of the many causes which operate to produce a low average potato yield in this country, pure seed is the important one. The American potato grower pays too little attention to his seed potatoes.

The European growers, especially, those of Great Britain and Germany pay strict attention to the quality and quantity of seed they use. This has led to the differentiation of the potato industry into seed and other crop specialties. The seed specialists make a business of producing high quality seed, while the crop specialists produce a high quality table potato. No such differentiation, at least to the same extent, occurs in this country. While it is true that in certain sections there is a well developed seed potato growing industry, but comparatively few growers of these sections pay strict attention to the selection of their seed potatoes and to the elimination of the diseased and unproductive strains, or to keeping the varieties grown, free from mixture of other varieties.

Selection Gets Results.

By far the most promising means of developing high grade seed potatoes is by the tuber-unit and the hill-selection methods. The former consists of the selection in the seed bin before planting time, a considerable number of the most perfect-shaped tuber of from six to eight ounces in weight. When planted these tubers are quartered, as dropped, into four or nearly equal parts as possible. This is done by splitting the bud eye cluster in each direction from seed to stem end of the tuber. The four pieces of each tuber are dropped consecutively in the row at a distance of from ten to twelve inches apart in the furrow. All tubers showing discoloration of the flesh or other evidences of disease should be rejected.

By allowing an additional space between each set of fours, the four plants from each tuber are definitely fecundated from the adjoining ones, and the grower can readily observe any variation in vigor and uniformity between the units planted. This method also enables him to detect any mixtures that may occur in the variety.

At digging time the product of each unit is separately harvested and a further selection made from the marked units of all those which most nearly approach the size, shape and smoothness desired. The selected tubers should be numbered with both the field and unit numbers and placed in small sacks. From each of the units retained, ten of the best tubers should be retained for next season's planting. It is desirable to maintain the study of each selection on the tuber-unit system the following season because it permits a more accurate comparison of the behavior of each.

The hill selection method consists of the marking of the most promising plants during the growing season. At harvesting time save only those which have the greatest promise. Keep the progeny of each hill separate and take the same data as outlined for the tuber unit. Plant on the tuber unit basis the following season. For the sake of uniformity a definite number of tubers—five or more—should be planted from each hill selection. From this point on the methods given the tuber-unit work should be followed.

The only requirement for the successful practice of the two methods of seed selection, are a reasonable degree of painstaking effort on the part of the grower, some twelve-inch garden labels, a small pair of balances, a sufficient number of small sacks and a safe place in which to store the selected tubers until next season's planting. In addition to this the grower should have a breeding plot in which each season's selections can be developed up to the point of field planting stock.

The selection of the field breeding plot need not necessarily be divorced from the general field. In most cases it can be more conveniently handled if it is a part of the regular field. All that is required is to set aside as many rows as may be required to plant the selected tubers. These should be preferably on one side of the field so that they can be more readily observed. The planting furrows may be opened and a fertilizer distributed with the potato planter by removing the disks and setting the plow a trifle deeper.

GUSTAV BAUCH



Gustav Bauch is an American railroad man who disappeared in Mexico and is believed to have been killed by the constitutionalists. Carranza has ordered an inquiry into his death, but Villa says he was slain by federal.

GAMBLE PARTY COMING AGAIN.

High-Class Musicians Delighted Plainview Last Year.

Music lovers are glad of the announcement that the Ernest Gamble Concert Company is coming again. Those whose good fortune it was to hear these artists a year ago will certainly avail themselves of an opportunity to hear them again.

These musicians are just returning from Panama, where they gave a series of eighteen concerts for Uncle Sam. They have been nearly all over the world during the past year. Mr. Gamble, Miss Page and Mr. Shonert are artists which appear in the largest cities of America. No better music is heard anywhere. When Plainview hears Ernest Gamble and his party we have just as high-class entertainment as Chicago, New York or London enjoys.

The Gamble party has appeared in all of these places under the most exclusive and most popular auspices.

RECITAL AT SETH WARD PLEASES

Miss Beulah Duensing Is Talented Young Violinist.

The crowd which heard Miss Beulah Duensing in violin recital at Seth Ward Wednesday night was smaller than it would have been if there had not been a high school play at the Schick Theater.

Miss Duensing is a talented young violinist. She was honor graduate in the literary department at Seth Ward last May.

She was well assisted by Miss Ruth Watson, expression, and Wiley Fort, baritone.

MRS. CHARLES E. McCLELLAND HOSTESS TO FIVE HUNDRED CLUB

Mrs. Charles E. McClelland was hostess yesterday afternoon for the Five Hundred Club. As substitutes there were Mrs. J. J. Roberts, of Hale Center; Mrs. R. E. Burch and Mrs. J. H. Slaton.

Salads and ices were served. The next meeting of the club will be with Mrs. George C. Keck, Tuesday, April 14.

CHARLIE ESPY HOME WITH BRIDE

Charlie Espy has returned from Brookfield, Mo., where he went for his bride, nee Miss Byrns Beaver, of that place. The marriage is a happy culmination of a friendship of three years' standing.

Mr. and Mrs. Espy are at home at 700 East First Street.

WOMAN'S MISSIONARY SOCIETY WITH MRS. T. E. RICHARDS.

Circle No. 3 of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church, with Mrs. J. T. Mayhugh as chairman met Friday afternoon with Mrs. T. E. Richards, 313 Jones Street.

Each one present handed in fifty cents for the treasury, and told in rhyme how the money was earned. Mrs. Richards served cream and angel's food cake to the following:

Mrs. J. T. Mayhugh, Pauline Shackelford, C. R. Houston, H. A. Wofford, J. N. Donohoo, Marshall Phelps, Roger Mayhugh, Lee Shropshire, Rose Frazier and G. C. Keck.

REV. STERLING PARK TO PREACH AT LUBBOCK.

LUBBOCK, Texas, March 28.—Rev. S. Park, of Plainview, will preach in Lubbock Easter Sunday. He has been invited by the Lubbock Commandery to conduct their Easter services.

BUZ-Z-Z BUZ-Z-Z BUZ-Z-Z

Have YOU ever heard that sound at meal time, around your kitchen door? If you buy your SCREEN-DOORS from us, the makers of this sound will have to remain outside, and if you use our CARBOLIZED LIME in their breeding places, you will miss that sound entirely. Why not begin NOW to swat that FLY in the most effectual way by using our CARBOLIZED LIME and have a pleasant summer?

A. G. McADAMS LUMBER CO.

BUZ-Z-Z BUZ-Z-Z BUZ-Z-Z

When Your Blood is Right,
Your Whole System is Right

If You Have Any Blood or Skin Disease
Do Not Delay until it is too late but Order

TODAY

The Hot Spring Remedy

a Complete and Positive Remedy

Eczema,
Erysipelas,
Acne,
Malaria,
Rheumatism.

and all other Forms of Blood and Skin Diseases.

Hot Springs Physicians pronounce this the Greatest Blood and Skin Remedy ever placed on the Market.

Full Course Treatment--Six Bottles--\$18.00
Single Bottle--\$5.00

We Prepare a Remedy for Every Disease

Our Treatment for Female Ills is the Greatest of its Kind Ever Offered Suffering Women

Write us your Troubles. All Correspondence Strictly Private.

Hot Springs Medicine Company

803 1-2 Central Avenue, Hot Springs, Ark.



Round Trip Excursion to Quanah, Texas account of Meeting Amarillo Presbytery, First Presbyterian Church to be held

April 7th to 10th

Tickets on sale April 6th, 7th and 8th at a fare of \$9.15 for the round trip final return limit April 11th. For further information phone 224.

R. F. BAYLESS, Agent P. & N. T. Ry. Co.

Call The Herald For Job Printing

Primm Oil Engines

Sold During February

L. Claus & Sons, Tulia, two 80 H. P. Now Pumping

Vaughn Bros. will be pumping
March 25

At Littlefield two 50 H. P. Primm
Engines will be pumping
April 10

P. C. Benedict
Manager for Texas Branch

Headquarters at the Ware Hotel,
Plainview, Texas

MANY FARMERS HEAR WOMAN'S PRACTICAL VIEWS

Better Rural Kitchen Facilities And Labor Saving Devices Remedy The Wages

DENVER, Colo., April 2.—Mrs. Bell Van Dorn Harbert, of Manzanola, may be termed the first farm woman in the world. The farm women of twenty-eight nations have chosen this practical farm wife to be their leader. Mrs. Harbert was elected president of the International Congress of Farm Women held at Ghent, Belgium last summer. The American delegate was chosen because of her practical ideas for farm women and because she knows how to put these ideas into appealing form in public addresses.

When Mrs. Harbert attended the Congress she had no idea that she was to be chosen for any office. She had been a leader in organizing a little coterie of Western Farm Women into an auxiliary of the Dry Farming Congress at Colorado Springs some three years ago. After this society had been organized Mrs. Harbert found other had been working along the same line.

Germany has Union of Women.

Germany has an organization of farm women for fifteen years and had united with farm organizations of other countries, forming an international congress.

The little association of women which had been organized at Colorado Springs, women whose lives had been spent on the non-irrigated farms of the west, affiliated with this worldwide organization, and Mrs. Harbert was sent as a delegate to the Canadian and American meeting at Lethbridge, Canada. Here she delivered an address on the model farm kitchen. The address which embodied her practical experience as a ranch cook, was copied and quoted all over the world, and she even received letters regarding it from the interior of China, showing what general desire there is with the farm women to make their lot an easier one.

On other farm topics Mrs. Harbert showed herself possessed of just as great a fund of general information. She was chosen president of the congress when she was not present.

Paul De Vuyst, director general of the Agriculture of Belgium, said the choice was made because it was deemed that in the Colorado delegate had been found the first real farm woman of the world.

Takes up Organization.

Mrs. Harbert has entered heartily

into the work of organizing the farm women. She has neglected her work on the ranch at Manzanola but she finds consolation in the fact that her husband has "become quite a farmer," as she puts it with a smile.

"It was understood when we were married," she said "that we were to go on my farm to live. But my husband had taken up with real estate and farm loans for an insurance company and not until I was called to this work has he assumed full charge of the farm duties.

"I pruned 1,100 cherry trees whose planting I superintended myself, just before I attended the farm congress in Belgium. I have made cherry-raising my specialty, though we have some apple trees and 160 acres in alfalfa. I am immensely proud of the fact that I won an award at the St. Louis Fair where I sent a crate of cherries, and I am also proud of the prize I won at the International Apple Show in Denver for making the best apple jelly and marmalade."

Having been practical herself in all things, Mrs. Harbert believes that by practical organized effort of the farm women they can do much to improve their condition.

Women Cause Rush to Cities.

"It is a strange thing that farm women who have worked harder than any other class are the last to organize. We are not organizing to strike but to help ourselves and to uplift and up-build. People have a wrong idea about life communitieshrdu cmfw ypvbgkjl this alarming decrease in the country life communities. It is not so much on account of the restlessness and dissatisfaction of the men as of the women.

"We have found out, through personal letters that seventy-five per cent of the farmers leaving the farms have done so at the advice of mother, sister, wife or daughter. The hard lot of the farm women is because of the depopulation of the country. For one thing, the work has been too hard. There are too few labor saving devices. The farm men have got all the machinery. The farm women put up with all the toll making inconveniences. At the first opportunity, she folds her tent and steals away to the city where she get electricity and hot running water in the kitchen, which she has dreamed about for years. As the exodus continues the high cost of living will go higher and the army of the unemployed will grow greater."

Urges Cities to Help.

"Make farm life fashionable!" is a slogan which Mrs. Harbert wants to see echoed all over the world. She says the city people can help in bringing about the much desired rural up-lift.

"It can't be done through patronizing or reaching down," said Mrs. Harbert, "but it must come through sisterly cooperation. City people can help a lot by buying produce direct from the farmer. They can help by establishing rest rooms for farm women."

Mrs. C. A. Brown was successfully operated on Wednesday for appendicitis at the Guyton-Nichols San-

SEALING STEAMER SINKS AND CREW ESCAPES ON ICE FLOES

New Foundland Picks Up Fifty Men Who Have Been Two Days On Ice

ST. JOHNS, N. F., April 3.—The steamer "New Foundland" brought to port to-day a story of disaster to the sealing steamer "Southern Cross." The boat carried a crew of 170 men. It is believed that, practically the entire crew perished after ice floes had crushed the steamer. The boat sank quickly. The "New Foundland" picked up 50 men. Most of the crew had already died and others were dying.

The suffering of these unfortunates is indescribable. They made their way onto the ice when the ship went down, and for two days they were adrift on ice floes with a blizzard raging around them.

The survivors could tell little of the disaster except that the ice crushed the ship like cardboard and the men ad barely time to escape over its sides when it went down. Rescue ships went to the scene to-day to seek other survivors or bodies.

GA. EXPRESS MESSENGER WINGS BANDIT WHO ORDERS SAFE OPENED

R. C. Fletcher on Sea Board Air Line Train Shoots After Being Covered By Robber; Escape Complete

ATHENS, Ga., April 3.—Express Messenger R. C. Fletcher fought off a train robber who boarded the Seaboard Air Line train at a water tank near Comer, Ga.

The first Fletcher knew was when a bandit who had him covered with a pistol ordered him to open the safe. Fletcher drew his own pistol, firing as he raised the gun. The bullet struck his assailant in the pistol arm, causing him to drop the weapon. The robber jumped from the train and escaped.

Senate Leaders Say Wilson Has Narrow Majority For Repeal

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—Estimates which have been carefully compiled by Senate leaders of both factions here to-day show that the administration forces will apparently have by a very narrow margin the necessary votes to pass the repeal on the Canal tolls measure.

rdmore Pipe Line to Erect Twenty Thousand Barrel Refinery

ARDMORE, Okla., April 3.—The Ardmore Pipe Line Company to-day closed a deal for the erection of a 20,000-barrel refinery and storage plant on its farm near here. This farm was bought recently.

German Specialists Called To Attend King Of Swede

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, April 3.—The condition of King Gustave has aroused much anxiety. Specialists of stomach and intestinal disease have been summoned from Germany.

STOCK MARKET IN DETAIL

KANSAS CITY, Stock Yards, April 1.—Cattle receipts here last week originated over widespread territory, Montana, Idaho, Utah and Arizona contributing besides the delegation from intermediate states and nearby territory. But with all this drag netting of the supply horizon, total receipts at Kansas City fell off more than 5 thousand head, from same week last year, about 25 per cent.

Prices on steers declined 10 to 15 cents, and stockers and feeders lost as much, but choice light steers and heifers sold stronger, and cows held steady. The stock market is sick, according to packers and report from better supplied markets indicate a most unsatisfactory state of trade, Chicago denominating their trade as suffering from semi-paralysis.

Supplies today are fairly liberal at all points, 12 thousand head arriving here. Prices on choice light steers and good heifers are steady but most of the cattle are around ten lower, some sales fifteen off. No prime natives are coming. Good to choice steers are selling at \$8.50 to \$8.85, bulk of steers are \$7.75 to \$8.50, hay and pulp fed Western steers are \$7.60 to \$8.40, meal and cake fed quarantine cattle \$7 to \$8 including six cars of 1040 pound steers today from North Texas.

Stockers and feeders sell at \$6.75 to \$7.75, a few sales up to \$8.15. Bulls and veal calves are off half a dollar from a week ago, and stock calves are lower, though some sold at \$8.40 today.

Hogs met reverses the latter part of last week but with some signs of returning strength Saturday. Receipts are running almost equal to last year, but weights average 12 per cent lighter this year. Sales are steady to five higher today. Top \$8.60, bulk \$8.20 to \$8.55. Packers are in need of material, but they use every device possible to keep the prices down, including the heroic method of staying out of the market.

Without genuine indifference, however, the prices cannot be kept down, and a return to better prices is the forecast.

Sheep and lambs have gotten away from buyers, the advance of fifteen to forty cents having been made since last Thursday. Lambs sold freely at \$8.25 today, ewes \$6.90 to \$6.20, and a big consignment of Texas mutton sold quickly at \$6.40. Texas goats \$4.50. Texas fed lambs, a new offering on the sheep house bill of fare this year, sold at \$7.85 Friday. Receipts are 12 thousand today and will be fairly liberal later this week. Circumstances that had no effect in preventing a strong to ten higher market today.

Chicago Shipping Clerk Confesses Killing Two Women; Would Kill Self

CHICAGO, Ill., April 3.—"Crazy Pete" Welter, shipping clerk, confessed to-day to having murdered Mrs. Catherine Morris and Mrs. Savannah Salians Monday. He says he doesn't know "why he did it." Welter made an attempt to take his own life. It is believed he will recover.

BAVARIAN AVIATOR KILLED WHEN PROPELLER BREAKS.

MUNICH, Bavaria, April 3.—Lieutenant Lankmeyer, army aviator, was killed to-day when the propeller of his aeroplane broke.

TO-DAY'S MARKETS

STOCK YARDS, KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 2.—CATTLE—Receipts, 1,000. Market is steady to strong.

HOGS—Receipts, 4,500. Market is 5 to 10 cents higher. Top, \$8.60; bulk, \$8.40 to \$8.55.

UNION STOCK YARDS, CHICAGO, Ill., April 2.—CATTLE—Receipts, 3,000; market strong.

Hogs—Receipts, 12,000. Market is 5 to 10 cents higher.

NORTH FORT WORTH, Texas, April 2.—HOGS—Receipts, 2,000; market 5 to 10 cents higher than yesterday's decline; quality common. Top, so far, \$8.60; light hogs, \$7.70 to \$8.40; mixed, \$8.30 to \$8.50; heavy, \$8.40 to \$8.60.

CATTLE—Receipts, 2,200, including 200 calves; steady.

SHEEP—Receipts, 2,000; steady. Daggett & Keen.

FRISCO POLICE CAPTAINS RETIRE

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 3.—Three of San Francisco's best police captains were retired today by Police Commissioner. They were Thomas Duke, Henry Colby and Marcellus C. Anderson. Colby and Anderson had been eligible for pensions for several years. Each will receive a pension of one hundred dollars a month.

LUBBOCK

LUBBOCK, Texas, April 2.—April Fool's day was celebrated variously in Lubbock. Late in the morning a false alarm of fire was given at the High School, and the children marched out in good order. When it was found to be a false alarm, the scholars marched back—with the exception of about forty boys and girls, who thought that they would continue the joke, and so marched down town instead of into the building. It is understood that this same forty will take a little longer vacation, at the instance of the trustees, who played the last joke.

One of the prominent attorneys of the city last night found a "man" standing near his door at his home, who, upon being challenged, gave no response. Upon this the attorney got his gun, to either make him walk or talk, but even a few shots failed to get a response. It is understood that the attorney will be taken before a "kangaroo court" by his brother attorneys, to show cause for his disturbance, inasmuch as those who made the "man" failed to give him power of speech or of walking.

This "man" appeared at a number of homes. Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Struck went to Lubbock Wednesday. Mrs. Pat Wolfarth, of Amarillo, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Carl Donohoo.

J. H. SLATON, President W. C. MATHES, Vice President
GUY JACOB, Cashier

The First National Bank

Plainview, Texas

CAPITAL STOCK \$100,000.00
SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS 100,000.00

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT
Your business solicited, appreciated and protected.

STOMACH TROUBLE FOR FIVE YEARS

Majority of Friends Thought Mr. Hughes Would Die, But One Helped Him to Recovery.


Pomeroyton, Ky.—In interesting advice from this place, Mr. A. J. Hughes writes as follows: "I was down with stomach trouble for five (5) years, and would have sick headache so bad, at times, that I thought surely I would die. I tried different treatments, but they did not seem to do me any good. I got so bad, I could not eat or sleep, and all my friends, except one, thought I would die. He advised me to try Theodor's Black-Draught, and quit

taking other medicines. I decided to take his advice, although I did not have any confidence in it. I have now been taking Black-Draught for three months, and it has cured me. I haven't had those awful sick headaches since I began using it. I am so thankful for what Black-Draught has done for me." Theodor's Black-Draught has been found a very valuable medicine for derangements of the stomach and liver. It is composed of pure, vegetable herbs, contains no dangerous ingredients, and acts gently, yet surely. It can be freely used by young and old, and should be kept in every family chest. Get a package today. Only a quarter.

HEISKELL'S OINTMENT

One application soothes and heals a rough, chapped skin, and when repeated, quickly effects a cure. Eczema, Erysipelas, Tetter, Ulcers and all skin diseases yield to its curative properties. 50c a box. At all Druggists. Send for free sample and book. "Heal and Thrive." JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., 1730 Spring Garden St., Phila., Pa.

Happy Bake Days



CALUMET BAKING POWDER

The cook is happy, the other members of the family are happy—appetites sharpen, things brighten up generally. And Calumet Baking Powder is responsible for it all. For Calumet never fails. Its wonderful leavening qualities insure perfectly shortened, faultlessly raised bakings. Cannot be compared with other baking powders, which promise without performing. Even a beginner in cooking gets delightful results with this never-failing Calumet Baking Powder. Your grocer knows. Ask him.

RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS
World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Ill.
Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912.

"You don't save money when you buy cheap or big-can baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical—tastes wholesome—gives best results. Calumet is far superior to ever milk and soda."

AN EASTER GREETING



Photograph copyright by Keystone View company.

Goodby, old shell, I'm going!
For loudly now the birds are singing;
Smiling flowers today are growing;
Happy bells are sweetly ringing.
I must join all nature gay
To welcome this glad Easter day.

Crescent Oil Engines

Two Cycle Valveless
Easy to Start Easy to Operate
Reliable Economical
Few Moving Parts Force Feed Oiler

Note Simplicity of Construction

For Further Information Address

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