

Hale County Herald

PUBLISHED IN THE HEART OF THE IRRIGATION BELT OF THE SOUTH PLAINS

VOLUME TWENTY-FIVE

PLAINVIEW, TEXAS, FRIDAY, MAY 22, 1914

NUMBER THIRTY-NINE

SALTILLO EVACUATED MOVE ON GUADALAJARA

Rebels On West Coast Take Tepic
And Send Forty-Five Hundred
Men Inland

HUERTA WONT RESIGN

Dictator Forces Denial of Story That
He Authorized Mediators
To Eliminate Him

JUAREZ, Mexico, May 22.—The Constitutionalists to-day telegraphed here that the Federals evacuated Saltillo last night. No other report has been received. Constitutionalists headquarters are in high glee.

MAZATLAN, Mexico, May 22.—Five thousand Constitutionalists are marching on Guadalajara, after effecting the capture of Tepic.

MEXICO CITY, Mexico, May 22.—Huerta is incensed by the publication of the Associated Press story saying that he had authorized his delegates to the mediation conference to offer his resignation. After forcing a denial, the Mexican dictator said he was "determined to hold on until the end."

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 2.—Secretary Bryan to-day said that everything is working smoothly. There is no hitch in the Mediation Conference at Niagara Falls. It was authoritatively stated that Huerta had placed himself in the hands of his delegates, who have a right to eliminate him, if necessary.

The question of war or peace with Mexico may be settled in ten days is the belief of officials here. By that time the United States envoys at Niagara Falls will have done their work and President Wilson will perhaps have determined his next aggressive step.

The army and navy await his word. They are ready for immediate action.

High School Seniors Play Friday Night

Friday night you will find out "The Importance of Being Earnest," if you go to the Schick Opera House. High School Seniors have been hard at work on their play. Miss Kathrine Duckworth is directing it.

The cast is John Worthing, Bransford Pack; Algernon Moncrieff, Lee McGowan; Rev. Canon Chasuble, D. D., Robert Brahan; Merriman (Butler), Lane (Manservant), Everett Bryan; Lady Bracknell, Laura Knupp; Hon. Gwendolen Fairfax, Josie Rosson; Cecily Cardew, Kathleen Joiner; Miss Prism (Governess), Dorothy Bolton.

The play is in three acts, and is staged in London.

ALFALFA LUMBER CO. ENTERTAINS FRIENDS.

Moving Pictures Show Process of
Manufacture from Tree Through
Mill.

Thanks to the courtesy and progressiveness of the Alfalfa Lumber Company, the public had an opportunity last night of seeing the lumber business from start to finish.

From the felling of giant pines to the loading of the finished products, the pictures were a revelation of the immensity of the process.

The plants shown last night belong to the Long-Bell Lumber Co., and are a marvel of system and completeness. The crowded houses last night showed the appreciation of Plainview people for the opportunity of seeing these instructive pictures.

In addition to the lumber views, there was an Indian picture. It was not a feature, but was worthy of being one. One of the famous comedies featuring the Keystone police completed the show.

Alfalfa Lumber Co.'s guests were entertained at The Ruby.

B. C. Glenn, who has been attending Seth Ward College, returned to his home, in Tulia, to-day.

FIRST CHURCH HOUSE ON CALVARY GROUND

Two Baptist Churches Take Final
Action To Amalgamate Congrega-
tions; Officers Selected

REV. STREET IS PASTOR

First Church Building Will Be Moved
To Central Location; Preach-
ing At Wayland

First Baptist and Calvary Baptist Churches became one Wednesday night. The final session was remarkable for its harmony and the unanimity of opinion.

Both congregations will worship in the building of the First Baptist Church. As soon as the roads are dry this house will be moved to the lots owned by Calvary, and worship will be continued there until a new church can be arranged for. Plans are under foot for an edifice which will serve a united church for more than a decade.

J. G. Hamilton, R. M. Erick, D. W. McGlasson, W. A. Donaldson, J. C. Jones, H. L. King and W. I. Pool were made deacons of the united church. Murray Malone is Church Clerk; H. J. Dillingham, Treasurer. Mrs. E. R. Williams is organist and Miss Hattie Dillingham is pianist.

Rev. H. H. Street was called as pastor of the new church until August 1. Sunday School services will begin at 9:45 in the old First Church building. Sunday School will be dismissed at 10:40 o'clock, so that everybody can go to Wayland College, where the commencement sermon will be preached. Dr. F. M. McConnell, of Dallas, has been invited to preach the commencement sermon.

T. E. Richards is Superintendent of the united Sunday School. Other officers are: Assistant Superintendent, H. J. Dillingham; Superintendent of Classification, A. C. Hatchell; General Secretary, Charley Brown; Assistant to the Secretary, Miss Mary Braselton; Treasurer, Captain C. W. Tandy; Chorister, A. C. Hatchell; Pianist, Mrs. Prudie Wright; Organist, Miss Laura Knupp.

LATE NEWS FLASHES.

TAPPAN, N. Y., May 22.—"Robbers trying to get into station—going to shoot. Help"—This message, clicked to the West Shore Railroad depot at Haverstack, was never finished, because Clyde Hotelling, agent here, was murdered as he sent it. The robbers got only \$18.

SANDWICH, England, May 22.—The last two Americans, Weber and Evans, were eliminated to-day in the contest for British Amateur Golf Championship.

GREENSBURG, Penn., May 22.—Dr. Martin E. Griffith, of Monson, was convicted of voluntary manslaughter in connection with the death of William J. Robinson, a music teacher. Defense claimed that Griffith forcibly operated on Robinson on account of his assault on Mrs. Griffith.

NEW YORK CITY, May 22.—Vaterland, the biggest ship afloat, broke from her tugs and drifted down the river a mile to-day. All traffic was stopped. No damage was done. A thousand passengers were aboard.

WAYLAND WINS SECOND GAME.

Baptist Boys Retrieve Disaster of Day Before.

The Wayland boys recovered some of their glory yesterday in the game which they played with the Canyon Normal team. The score was 3 to 0 in favor of Wayland.

The game was called at four-thirty, with a good crowd present. The umpires were Black and Simmons; the batteries were Black and Wallace for Canyon and Hines and Street for Wayland. Hines struck out fourteen men and Black three.

Wayland's third baseman made the only error for the Baptists. He fumbled the ball badly once, but made up for it later.

IN THE FEDERAL TRENCHES AT TAMPICO



Scene in the trenches of the federal troops who put up a desperate but unavailing fight in defense of the city of Tampico.

SOUTH TEXAS FLOODED AND RAINS CONTINUE

Guadalupe River Rose Thirty Feet
In Five Hours; Colorado Bank
Full; No Lives Lost

KERRVILLE, Texas, May 22.—The Guadalupe River rose 30 feet in 5 hours this morning. Rain is believed to be the heaviest in 10 years, and is still falling. Property loss is heavy. There are no fatalities reported yet.

HOUSTON, Texas, May 22.—Railway officials regard flood conditions most serious. Reports from the lower sections are to the effect that all streams are overflowing.

Crop damages will reach an enormous figure. Many washouts are reported, and train schedules are disarranged. It is still raining.

COLUMBIA, Texas, May 21.—Corn and cotton have been injured by rains. The Colorado River is bank full and threatens to go higher.

Open Air Concert At Lake Plainview Last Night

The Plainview Band gave its concert last night at Lake Plainview. Open-air concerts have been given each week at the band stand in the Public Square.

The big lake is full of water, electric lights have been placed around it, and the boats are in commission. R. S. Charles, Manager, said to-day that the lake dropped only about one-eighth of an inch last night.

ORDER OF SERVICES FOR ASCENSION SUNDAY AT PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Following is the order of services at the Presbyterian church Sunday, May 24, 1914:

- Piano Prelude.
- Processional Hymn.
- The Lord's Prayer.
- Gloria Patri, The Choir.
- Anthem, "Stilling the Tempest."
- Hymn, by Congregation.
- Responsive Reading, Psalm 103.
- Apostle's Creed.
- Duet, Miss Buckheim and Mr. Banister.
- Scripture Lesson.
- Offertory, Piano and Violin.
- Hymn, Congregation.
- Address, Prelate.
- Anthem by the choir, "Lead On, O King Eternal."
- Recessional.
- Benediction.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Owing to the weather conditions the meeting of the Priscilla Club has been changed to Wednesday, May 27.

Dr. Z. Z. Hagood left to-day for New York, on business.

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY ALARMED ABOUT DIVORCE

Committee Recommends Nation-Wide
Campaign of Education On
Sacredness of Marriage

CHICAGO, Ill., May 22.—Social questions have been forcibly brought to the attention of the 126th General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church by committee reports.

The Committee on Christian Life urges effective action against the alarming growth of divorce. "The sanctity of marriage is being rapidly undermined," their report read. "Marriages are entered into with levity and haste, and the whole structure of the home is shaken."

"One of eleven marriages ends in divorce. The United States, next to Japan, has the highest divorce rate in the world. Such a situation is a disgrace to Christian America."

To correct the divorce evil, a Nation-wide campaign of education on "the sacredness of marriage and the evils of divorce" is recommended.

Becker Was Not Witness; His Case To Jury Friday

NEW YORK CITY, May 22.—Defense in the case of Police Lieutenant Charles Becker, on trial for instigating the murder of Herman Rosenthal, gambler, rested this morning, without placing Becker on the stand. The State called one witness in rebuttal, after which the court adjourned for noon.

Attorney Manton summed up for the accused man this afternoon. The case will go to the jury sometime tomorrow.

RACE MEET OPENS AT TORONTO.

TORONTO, Canada, May 22.—With a great crowd present the annual meet of the Ontario Jockey Club opened to-day. During the meeting will be run the King's Plate, estimated to be worth 6 thousand dollars, the Stanley Produce Stake with \$2,500 added; the Breeder's Stake with 2 thousand dollars added and the Maple Leaf Stake with 2 thousand dollars added.

DATE RECALLS OREGON'S RACE

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Navy officials recall that exactly sixteen years ago today the Battleship Oregon, reached Jupiter Inlet, Florida, after a remarkable dash around Cape Horn from San Francisco to take her place in the fleet that was to sink the Spanish battleships of the Spanish-American war. The Oregon steamed from San Francisco Bay on March 9, 1898.

Sam Nations and his mother-in-law left to-day for Westville, Oklahoma.

CROCKETT TO BUILD MODERN DAIRY BARN

El Paso Man Will House Fifty Fine
Milch Cows On Concrete
Floors

EIGHTY ACRES IN ALFALFA

Pig Breeding Pens And Silo Are A
Part of Irrigation Farmer's
Plan

J. O. Crockett, Vice President of the Mexico Northwestern Railroad, is proving his confidence in the Plainview country. Last fall Mr. Crockett bought 160 acres from the Texas Land and Development Co. He said then that this is the finest irrigation proposition he ever saw.

Mr. Crockett is here now with plans for a dairy barn 32 x 96 feet, with a hay mow above. The barn will have individual stalls for 50 cows. Concrete floors and overhead carriers for feed will be some of the modern features of his improvement.

A pig-breeding barn, with concrete floor and other modern improvements, is included in Mr. Crockett's plans. He will also build a silo. The fireless cooker will be 32 feet below ground and 10 feet above, by 18 feet in diameter. It will be of reinforced concrete or concrete blocks.

Mr. Crockett has 80 acres in alfalfa irrigated from a big well.

Mr. Crockett says he will handle only the highest grade cows. He is not sure whether all of them will be Jersey or a part of them Holstein. He says he will finish the barns before buying his live stock.

Our El Paso neighbor feels just like he did when he bought the irrigated quarter section—only more so. Mr. Crockett said then "I have seen most irrigated districts of the world, and I take off my hat to the Plainview country. It is the best of them all."

GRANDMA FROST DIES.

Floyd County Woman Was Eighty-Six
Years Old.

W. F. Garner was called to Floydada to prepare the body of Grandma Frost for shipment to Waco, where it will be interred.

Mrs. Frost leaves two sons, N. S. and R. D. Frost, both of Lamesa, and two daughters, Mrs. S. D. Wood, of Sierra Blanco, and Mrs. W. D. Moore, of Floydada. She died yesterday.

Mrs. Frost was eighty-six years of age, and her death was due to paralysis.

COLORADO COLLEGIANS IN FETE.

COLORADO SPRINGS, May 22.—Folk dances, an open air play, the election of a queen of May, and other feature smade up the program of the annual May Festival of Colorado College, held here today. The festival took place in Monument Valley Park, between Colorado Springs and Colorado City.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN ATHLETES COMPETE

DENVER, Col., May 22.—The Rocky Mountain Inter-Collegiate Track meet is to be held here this afternoon at Union Park. More than one hundred athletes from Colorado College, Colorado University, the State School of Mines, and The State Agricultural College are scheduled to compete. The meet is open to Wyoming, New Mexico and Utah Schools.

AMERICAN HOTEL MEN SAIL FOR HOME TO-MORROW.

BOULOGNE, May 22.—Two hundred members of the American Hotel Men's Mutual Benefit Association who have been touring the principle cities of Europe since April 14 today were banded here by the local business men. The American tourists planned to sail tomorrow for New York.

Miss Clara Silsbee went to Littlefield to-day for a visit with friends.

OKLAHOMAN SEES HERE WONDERFUL OUTLOOK

Within Five Years Shallow Water
Belt Ought To Be Fabulously
Rich, Visitor Thinks

HALE CO. A FEED LOT

Visitor Says Idaho Farmers Get Loans
of Fifty To Seventy-Five Dol-
lars An Acre on Lands

John W. Shartel, Vice President of the Oklahoma City Street Railway Co., and builder of interurban lines around the Oklahoma metropolis, was in Plainview this week. Despite the rain, he says that he lost only half a day in going over our irrigation proposition.

"Fine," is the way Mr. Shartel sums it up.

"Irrigated farming is an intricate business," Mr. Shartel said. "Every new industry is an experiment. You are experimenting here."

"Hold on; let me explain. Your water is proven. The fertility of your soil is known. You know, in a way, what crops you can produce most profitably."

"You are experimenting with the most profitable methods of handling water and of using your soil. Within five years you can do the work 50 percent cheaper than now. I have been irrigating a farm in Oklahoma, and I am charging \$1 out of each \$3 to experience."

Farming That Needs Brains.
"You have a proposition here on which the 'nestor' farmer will fall down. It takes brains, and it will require more money than a hit and miss system. But you have wonderful agricultural possibilities."

"Within five years you ought to have a wonderfully rich country. There is very little land waste, and this means dense population. I think your land will be too valuable for general live stock farming. There will always be land which is fit for nothing but grazing. Your country ought to make a great 'feed lot,' into which thousands of cattle will be brought for 'finishing off.'"

Asked about land loans, Mr. Shartel said: "In the irrigated districts of Idaho farmers can obtain loans of from \$50 to \$75 an acre on their farms. You may expect to do that here after you have produced four or five crops by irrigation."

"You have one of the best pumped irrigation propositions I have ever seen, and I have visited all of them."

Heads Broken When London Police Take Mrs. Pankhurst

LONDON, England, May 22.—The police to-day arrested Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst and broke up a long column of militant suffragettes. The women were marching to Buckingham Palace to present a petition to King George.

There were scenes of violent disorder when several hundred women attempted to rush the police and rescues about forty prisoners. One thousand uniformed police were on guard.

Many women were injured. Policemen's heads were broken.

PRICE DAY GETS AUTO.

Sewell Grocery Gives Boy Who Was
Second a "Sunshine."

Price Day has gotten a little "Sunshine" automobile.

He entered the contest at Sewell's Grocery not long ago for the automobile, but was beaten just a little by John Howard Hamby.

Mr. Sewell decided that because there was so little difference in the standing of the boys, and because Price had worked so hard trying to get the auto, he would relieve Price's disappointment by getting him one. So the auto came in Saturday.

Orchard Insects

J. W. Neill Says It Is Deplorable That So Many Orchards Are Being Destroyed by Insects.

By J. W. NEILL.

It is a deplorable fact that so many of the orchards are being destroyed by insect pests, and the people seem to be of the opinion that it is dry weather and sun scalds. If these trees be examined closely it will be found that they have been killed by borers of which we have three distinct species, as follows:

The Round Head Apple Tree Borer. (Sapera Coudida).

The Flat Shot Hole Borer, (Scolytus Rugulosus and the Flat Head Apple Tree Borer (Chrysobothris Felmorta).

All of them may fall upon the same tree. A short history of their life and habits is necessary to thoroughly apply the remedy.

Round Head Borers. (Sapera Coudida).

The egg is laid by a long horned beetle, broad shouldered, a white stripe on each wing, and whitish underneath. The egg is laid in a small slit made in the base of the tree by the beetle in the months of May and June and even later generations in July.

In a few days the egg hatches a small, white, legless grub, and at once begins to tunnel, feeding upon the Cambian layer and a part of the outer sap wood. In the fall they make their way down below the earth's surface and winter in the root system and in the spring they tunnel upward; and in April or May they tunnel to the outer bark, making a curve, then back below the curve, pupate and turn to a beetle. This pupae is rather cylindrical in shape and completes a life's cycle in three years. Although they may be found in nearly all stages in the same tree, they will attack most any kind of a fruit tree and especially are they fond of the quince, pear, and apple. Like other borers they prefer a weak tree in preference to a healthy one, hence the orchard should be well cared for, as a healthy, vigorous tree, is more resistant. Trees should never be allowed to die in the orchard, not cut and dragged out, but should be burned at least by the first of April, while the insects are in the larval or pupal stage. Badly infested trees should be cut and burned but it is better to dig them up. Weak trees should be closely examined and the borers cut out; or probe into the tree with a wire, and with a small syringe squirt a drop of Carbon Bisulphide into the tunnel, then daub the hole up. The gas will kill them. To prevent the insects from attacking the tree a green or net made of mosquito bar should be placed around the tree extending upward about two feet and

then tied around the tree during the egg laying season. The tree should be white-washed thoroughly with one of the washes given at the close of this article.

Flat Head Apple Tree Borers

The egg is laid by a metallic colored beetle about a half an inch long, with a copper-colored underneath. The egg is usually laid on the southwest side of the tree where it is most exposed to the sun, or in the crevices of the bark from six to twenty-four inches from the ground. Not infrequently we find them on the crochets and even on the branches. The egg is laid during the months of May and June. The egg hatches in a few days and begins to tunnel into the Cambian layer, irregularly feeding on the inner bark and the outer sapwood, until the early winter when they tunnel into the tree, carefully filling in behind them with frass and excrement. At from one to three inches in the tree they turn around, with their heads toward the bark. There they change to a pupae and in about fifteen days to a beetle.

Then they come out, leaving an elliptical shaped hole which causes the people to believe that that is where the borer entered the tree. This species completes a life cycle in about one year. Like the round head borer they prefer a weak tree, and will attack any kind of a fruit tree. This insect probably causes more damage than any other because it is now over the greater part of the country. The beetles are now coming forth and will be for several days. Destroy all the badly infested trees by burning them. The others may be treated. Neglected and abandoned orchards are breeding spots and should be destroyed. No tree should be allowed to die in the orchard. Cut it out or probe in and kill the borers and follow the instructions at the close of this article.

The Shot Hole Borer

This is a very small, black beetle that will attack all kinds of fruit trees, mostly on the branches, but often on the trunks. It bores a small hole of the size of a pin head or even smaller, and for that reason it is sometimes called the pinhead borer. It goes into and through the Cambian layer and thence up or down the tree, making a tunnel or gallery from one to two inches long. Along this tunnel the female lays from seventy-five to a hundred eggs, which hatch in a few days. The insects then work in every direction, cutting all the bark loose. When the insects attain its growth it makes a short tunnel into the sapwood. It then pupates and turns to a beetle. It then comes out and is ready for another tree. There are three of these broods each year; in April, July and October. No tree can live when attacked by this insect. There is no remedy except to cut it down and then burn it.

I advise that a fire be built and the branches be sawed off early in the morning and the branches laid carefully on the fire. If the tree is chopped down many of the insects will be shaken off and will thus make their escape. By treating them early in the

morning they are chilled so that they cannot fly as easily as they would otherwise. It requires a close look to detect this beetle. During the first attack there is a small hole here and there, but when they leave the limbs look like they have been shot with small shot; hence the name, Shot Hole Borers.

THE SOUTH PLAINS BECOMING KNOWN AS A GOOD COUNTRY

Special to The Evening Herald

LUBBOCK, Texas, May 20.—The Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce recently returned from an extended trip through central and south Texas. On this trip he took in the Fireman's Convention at Victoria. He states that he found everyone interested in the South Plains country. Everyone wanted to know the prospects of for good crops. But they were especially interested in the irrigation proposition. When irrigation was mentioned a stream of questions came from everyone within hearing distance. All wanted to know about the big wells, whether the water could be exhausted, what was the quality and capacity of the wells, whether the land was right for irrigation purposes.

Crop conditions were not entirely satisfactory in the Southern part of the State because of the excessive rainfall. Everything was flooded and the crops seemed to be weeks behind. Cotton and corn were literally covered by an immense growth of weeds, and if there should be no more rain in this part of the country it will be several weeks before the farmers can get into the land.

One farmer told the secretary that during the winter months there were times when it took a six mule team to pull an empty wagon to town, and that many of the farmers lost the hogs they had butchered because of the fact they could not get to town to get salt to preserve them.

"In fact," he says, "everyone from this part of the state came back all the more satisfied with the Panhandle and the South Plains country."

Farm prospects in this part of the South Plains are more promising than for years. While this country produced excellent crops last year, the promise is that everything will be far better than last year.

Many of the farmers have succeeded in getting in considerable planting between the rains, and there is still a large acreage to be planted.

With the season now in the ground there should be a bumper crop on the South Plains this year.

UNDECIDED

Margaret: "How does your friend, Mrs. Brown, stand on the suffrage question?"

Anna: "She is doing picket duty."

Margaret: "Doing picket duty—what for suffrage?"

Anna: "Oh, no, she's on the fence."

To Prevent Blood Poisoning

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MISS ANNA MORGAN



Miss Anna Morgan of New York is known as the "Big Sister" of poor girls. Her pet philanthropy is the Vacation Savings Fund.

mination on all kinds of pests. With the present good rains look for a bumper crop.

It is not the amount of rainfall that makes the crop, it is the amount of rain the crop will consume.

While some parts of the state are being swept to the sea Hale county is just storing the earth full of water. You had better come to the plains where you can conserve both soil and water.

good majority. This is the third time the proposition has been submitted to the voters within less than four months and the victory this time was the result of an earnest campaign waged in the interest of the project by the local Chamber of Commerce and the papers of this place. The bonds will be disposed of as soon as possible and the road building started immediately.

THIRD ATTEMPT TO CARRY ROAD BONDS SUCCESSFUL

BONHAM, Texas, May 20.—The good road advocates in this precinct recently scored a conspicuous victory when they voted the issuance of 250 thousand dollars in road bonds by a

+++++
S. C. ROSS,
Veterinarian
Will practice in Plainview
First Monday of each month.
Permanent Office at—
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Long Distance Phone 50.
+++++

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R. F. BAYLESS, Agent, P. & N. T. Railway

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A YEAR'S CHANGE IN SUFFRAGE

Since The March in Washington the Way Has Been Smoothed

From the Chicago Record-Herald:

It is only a year since the suffragists in Washington forced their way laboriously through Pennsylvania avenue, jeered by the crowd and little aided by the police. Spring is here again, and woman voters, actual or would be try it once more in Washington.

The year has made its difference. The number of women voters in the West has been greatly increased; numerous street parades have familiarized the public with the new ideas and desires and have taught it how to better behave, and the police authorities make no more mistakes through indifference, negligence or antipathy. When they Washington marchers move toward the capital they are to be received by a congressional committee disposed in a large part to meet their views. They demand a constitutional amendment under different circumstances and in a changed atmosphere. The past twelve months has assuredly smoothed the way for the advance of the cause and has brought the end by whatever route, a little more plainly into view.

HINTS FOR FRUIT GROWERS

By J. W. Neill.

Every person having fruit or shade trees should examine them closely for borers or scale fungus disease. Have Mr. Tackett to examine them. This should be done from time to time. Any trouble should be reported to the Department of Agriculture for instructions on how to treat them.

Why not make the Farmers' Institute the biggest thing in Hale County? If you are not a member send in your name to President Daimont. Get in line for the cooperative movement the County Judges' Association launched at Amarillo which means war of exter-

Why Is Mexico?

Mr. Bailey has consented to write a series of articles for The Evening Herald. He writes from personal experience, after a trip through Mexico on motorcycle.

Heavy on the question mark—and the problem immediately resolves itself into one that would take a regiment of diplomats the rest of their natural life time and half of the next one to untangle.

But, bear lightly, using some thought from personal observation to deal with the situation we may arrive at some conclusion by the process of deduction.

Now, we can regard a nation as a people governed by a certain amount of restrictions plus a reasonable amount of liberties. These properties must correspond to the people's ideas of justice but more important is the enforcement of the law as it stands, in an honest unbiased manner before the masses. Perhaps the blame for diversion from honest methods falls upon the officials into whose care are entrusted the affairs of the nation but the opportunities for corruption reflect directly upon the nature and strength of the people.

Therefore, we must analyze the nature of the people, and in the case of the Mexican it is no boy's job.

For convenience, we may divide the people into two classes, the educated class and the illiterate class of peons. But, we cannot make a consistent study that way. There are thousands of Mexicans of both classes who are bandits by choice. Of these, Emiliano Zapata and his band are the most notorious.

Hundreds Educated

There are hundreds possessed of education and talent, who could have been the making of Mexico had they trained their guns in the right direction but who, for greed and gain have proved themselves traitors to all the fundamental principles of moral civilization.

There are illiterate Mexicans who have made a brilliant record, either like Pancho Villa, in dashing, daring military career or as successful business men and useful citizens.

And last, but not least, we find the Mexican with a real conviction, a real sense of humor, and a real purpose. He loves his comrade, reverses his flag and fights for the rights and memory of martyrs to his cause.

Educated and illiterate, rich and poor—their is a common cause. The laurels and sacrifice are shared alike. As a rule the leaders are from the educated class, and naturally, but no less loyal are the hordes of the sympathizers who follow on and on, apparently by instinct alone. Right will prevail—and to the right belongs the future of Mexico. In connection with these views come some real stories of real life.

A Name Not Known

Senator Miranda is not considered one of the leaders of the rebel movement, neither is he given a share of the credit for the success of his division. His name does not appear as a participant in the many brilliant campaigns in which he has figured. Yet this same Miranda is an invaluable man to the faction to which he has allied himself. He knows it too, and has no fear that his sacrifices will be for naught. He doesn't want notoriety; he does want a free, clean and prosperous country in which to live and let live.

Senator Miranda is still a young man. He was born near Ciudad Victoria, State of Tamaulipas, about 36 years ago. His father was well to do, and Miranda, the boy, was given a good education, including military training. He came into his inheritance in his early twenties and by thrift and nature/acumen built up an estate in a few years that provided both prestige and comfort. In 1905 he married the pretty daughter of a Spanish plantation owner and to them were born two handsome boys, now seven and four years of age.

Miranda, the man, loved his home; his wife and children are the pride of his heart. But too, he loves his country and though he took no active part in politics he had a keen interest in the welfare of the masses and always knew which way the wind was blowing.

At the outbreak of the revolution Miranda immediately linked his fortunes with Madero and proffered his services to the cause of the common people.

Generous of Money and Blood

It was not then that he was given a chance to show his metal and true worth, for while it was his military

training and position that gained him a commission in the army, it was the man who won the promotion and who made generous and repeated donations from his personal account to carry on the work in which he was risking his life almost every day. Though but an atom of the forces which he had pledged themselves to overthrow the dragons and free Mexico from the yoke he threw his all into the cause.

His heart, home, life comfort and wealth were all being sacrificed and with them his life if necessary. What more has any man to offer? As a reward Miranda was tendered a position on Madero's staff when the General took over the reigns of the government at Mexico City but no political honor compared with his dreams of home or lured him from the fragments of his shattered business.

He still owned considerable property and without delay set himself to the task of rebuilding it upon a sound financial basis.

When the war continued Miranda was literally forced by his never-wavering loyalty to again take the field, this time his love for the murdered Madero nagging him on with a spirit of revenge. Though it was his intention to recruit forces and lead them to their front he was finally persuaded by the pleading of a trembling wife to accept a less hazardous position which had been offered him with the division operating in his home state. He was not only the private secretary of General Blanco but to him were entrusted the duties of a business manager and financial agent. All revenues, whether from donations or from other sources was placed in his care and the expenditure of this money was left largely to his unselfish judgment and able direction.

Except for the quelling of minor disturbances there was little excitement for a time. Donations were small and brilliant victories were none at all. Appropriations for the maintenance of the army were not forthcoming so in to Miranda's jack-pot went more and more of his own money. Then the ravages of war began to strike home, and the depredations of the bandit marauders compelled him to abandon his estate and take his family away for safety.

It was at our hotel in San Antonio in May 1913 that we first met.

You may be sure that Senator Miranda was a hard nut for a cub but something about the man fascinated me and it took a week to convince me that a scoop was not coming my way.

His position gave him the liberty to spend much of his time with his family and, in fact, some of his duties brought him there. I grasped every opportunity to visit with him for, though he was never in a mood to divulge any of his secrets, he was an entertaining conversationalist at all times.

In some of my interviews I was made the goat but by meeting all of his questions squarely he took me more into his confidence and the suspicions he had harbored began to wane. By degrees, he told me the story of his life, of which I have repeated a part.

He explained his present duties and his mission there; he outlined some of the principles for which they were fighting and the obstacles with which they must contend in pursuit of their goal.

Though devoted to his family, Miranda, the soldier, was always ready when called to the front and was working with a rusty machine gun when Matamoros capitulated.

I was at the hotel when he returned. His greeting was warm, as they always are, but his manner was more suggestive of a week spent behind a plow than a death-dealing machine gun.

It was upon Senator Miranda's next trip that I accompanied him to Matamoros, determined to confirm with my own eyes the tales of the suffering and sacrifice as related by my new friend or the more conflicting reports of a semi-barbarous people engaged in a savage warfare, with no goal, no reverence for their county, or fellow man, and no conception of a moral standard.

White Indian Runner Duck Eggs, 75c a setting. E. W. BYARS, Plainview. —Adv. Semi-4t.

FOR SALE—160 acres of patented land twelve miles northeast of Plainview. Price \$22,500. Can use good auto. Box 454, Plainview. S-8t

WANTED—A good horse to work this summer for his board. Good care taken. O. E. WINSLOW. —Adv. S.4t.

FOR SALE—Pump with electric motor. MRS. L. W. DALTON. —Adv.

KANSAS COLLEGE HAS NEW EXTENSION PLAN

MANHATTAN, Kansas, May 21.—Realizing that the rural life problems in Kansas included more than the pig or corn questions, the Kansas Agricultural College today has a new department—the Rural Service department—and has chosen Walter Burr, of Louisville, Kansas, to direct its work. President Waters today is hopeful that the department will be of real service to the rural life of the state.

Mr. Burr's Department finds plenty of work already outlined, much of which has been carried on heretofore in a limited way as the Division of College Extension. The Department of Rural Service will be expected under the rural welfare division to organize Community Welfare Clubs; organize social centers, literary societies, etc., co-operate with the churches for welfare work, cooperate with the women's clubs for welfare work, cooperate with the state board of health on rural health problems and to conduct social surveys in the rural communities; address religious conferences, promote musical organizations; address farmer's institutes, conduct rural chautauquas and write articles and pamphlets on rural life problems and correspond with persons interested in rural service.

The rural education division will supervise Boys' Agricultural Clubs and contests, girls' garden, bread and canning and other contests, Boys' and Girls' Study Clubs for the school year; outlining supplementary work in agriculture and domestic science; supervise field work in promoting vocation and revitalize rural villages and schools; plan and conduct boys' camps promote proper athletic relations in rural communities; address teachers associations, school officers' meetings, chautauquas, attend farmers' institutes; conduct two-day classes in vocational subjects for rural teachers.

Burr has had unique and valuable training and experience. He was educated at Knox College and the Pacific Coast Seminary; worked as a journeyman printer, was a college teacher and a lecturer in California; did welfare work in Kansas City, Kansas, and preached in Olathe, Kansas. His work will be mainly along the line of organizing Community Welfare Clubs, or social centers, co-operating with rural churches, welfare organizations and addressing educational and religious and welfare associations of all kinds.

After the first of September the Boys' and Girls' club work and all the work for the boys and girls will be in this department with a specialist in charge as assistant to Burr. By September 1915 it is expected that two additional assistants will be needed to take care of the many calls for this social and educational welfare department.

WORDS FROM HOME

Statements That May Be Investigated; Testimony of Plainview Citizens.

When a Plainview citizen comes to the front, telling his friends and neighbors of his experience, you can rely on his sincerity. The statements of people residing in far-away places do not command your confidence. Home endorsement is the kind that backs Doan's Kidney Pills. Such testimony is convincing. Investigation proves it true. Below is a statement of a Plainview resident. No stronger proof of merit can be had:

P. C. Russell, Moreland St., Plainview, Texas, says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills, procured from the Long Drug Co., for acute lameness in my back and sluggish kidneys. They have certainly helped me, and are the only remedy that ever gave me lasting benefit. I still use Doan's Kidney Pills when I need a kidney remedy, and always get benefit."

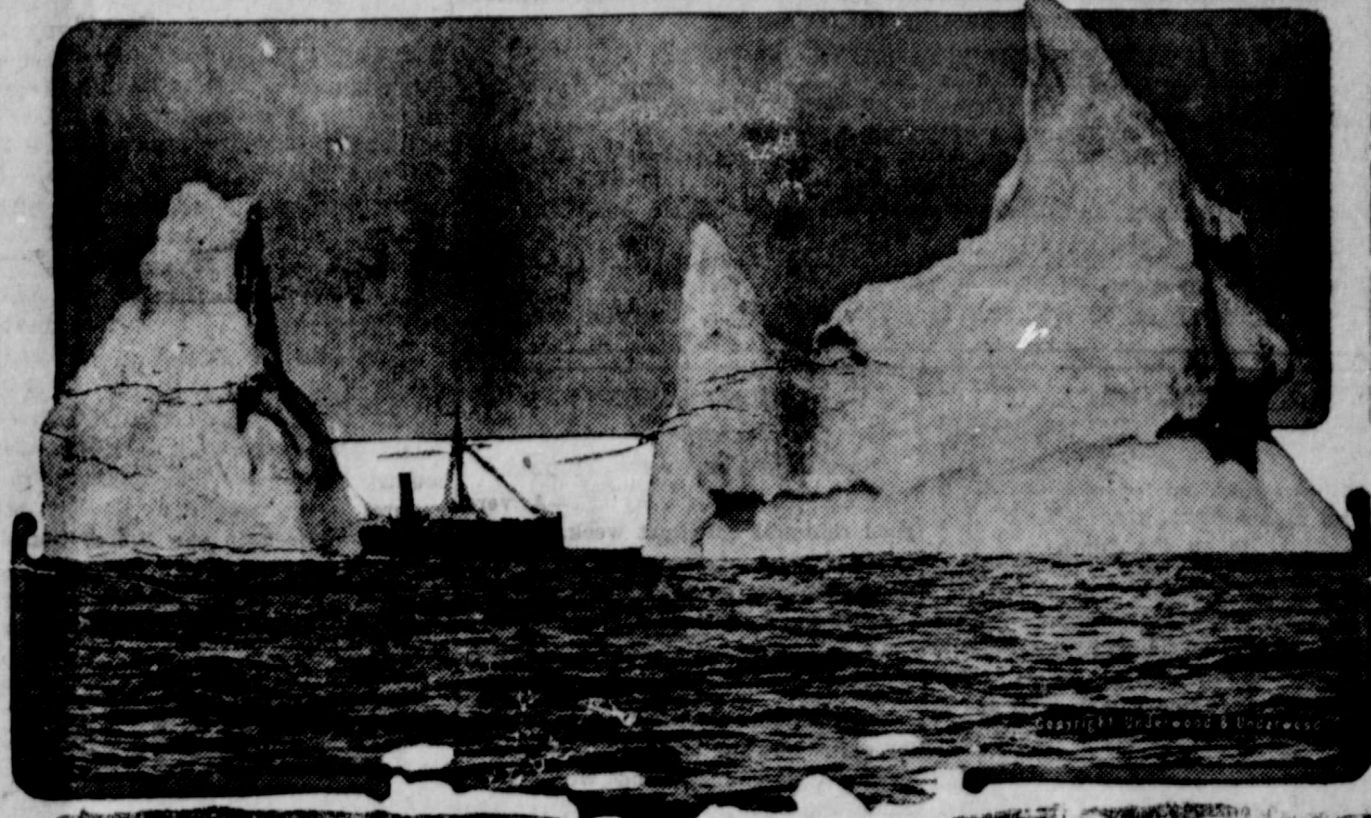
Price 50 cents, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Russell had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. —Adv. S-1

TAKE NOTICE.

Now is the hail season. You can't afford to go without hail insurance on your growing crops. You had better be insured now than to be sorry later. Now is the accepted time. Don't fail to see me at once. For all kinds of insurance see J. M. MALONE. —Adv. S-1t. Grant Building.

Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure. The worst cases, no matter how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00

GIGANTIC ICEBERGS IN PATH OF ATLANTIC STEAMERS



The United States revenue cutter Seneca, which is patrolling the North Atlantic, recently reported sighting these immense icebergs that were moving rapidly southward in the path of ocean liners. They were about one hundred and twenty-five feet high above the water line.

JACK AND JILL ACT DOWN MOUNTAIN SIDE

Mutual Actors See the Dramatic Value of Their Fall and "Do It Again for Camera."

Accidentally falling a distance of more than 120 feet—a sheer drop—down the side of a mountain during a rehearsal of "The Angel of the Gulch" Arthur Mackley and Vesper Pegg, two actors appearing in the Reliance and Majestic Mutual Movies, recently had a narrow escape from a serious injury.

In the rehearsal, Mackley, who played a tough denizen of the camp, engaged in a fight with Pegg, at the top of the Canyon. During the combat both fell down the mountain side, locked in each other's embrace. The canyon was so steep that Mackley and Pegg were unable to stop their descent and were hurled to the bottom of the mountain. So great was the fall that, despite the numerous cuts and bruises, Mackley, who recognized the dramatic value of the fall decided to repeat the action.

Mackley and Pegg painfully made their way back to the top of the canyon and with the camera in position, repeated the fall in detail, while the camera man turned his crank and photographed the lightning like descent.

Mr. Mackley is well known in the photoplay field. He played the sheriff in the Broncho Billy series and later produced the Alkali Ike comedies. He recently joined the mutual forces where, in addition to his duties as director he usually plays leading parts.

BILLINGS AND BILLINGS,
Chiropractors
Plainview, Texas
Hours: 10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 5 p. m.
Phone 131 O'Keefe Building

CLARENCE D. WOFFORD,
Dentist
Corner Rooms 5 and 6,
Over First National Bank.
Office Phone 143.
Residence Phone, 194

FOR SALE—25 good Jersey and grade Jersey cows and heifers and one fine registered sire from A. and M. College. Modern dairy wagon and dairy equipment. Will sell at once or any part to suit. Will pay you to investigate. Address MRS. H. D. WOOD, Box 154, Slaton, Texas. Adv.

FOR SALE—160 acres near Runningwater. Joins Syndicate tract. Every foot can be cultivated. See H. E. SKAGGS. —Adv. S-1t.

Let L. D. RUCKER PRODUCE CO handle your GREEN and DRY HIDES

PLAINVIEW NURSERY

Has the largest and best stock of trees they have ever had. Propagated from varieties that have been tested and do the best. Hardy and absolutely free from disease.

Garden plants in season. Agents wanted—to tell on commission. PLAINVIEW NURSERY. —Adv. S-June 3.

CALIFORNIA CROWNS A NEW SPEED KING

His Name is Alex Pabst and He Holds Title of Viceroy of Velocity for Fifteen Year Old Boy Drivers

California has crowned a new speed king. He is not as portly as "You Know Me" Barney Oldfield, nor as tall as Earl Cooper, but in Los Angeles he is just as famous as the cigar-chewing veteran and as much of an idol as the 1913 champion.

His name is Alex Pabst and he has the title of "viceroy of velocity" for boy drivers of fifteen years of age and under.

Driving a miniature Stutz in the two day speed meet held on the one-mile Ascot Park track at Los Angeles recently, Alex won both the Vanderbilt cup and the grand prix. This is a feat never before accomplished by even more experienced and seasoned drivers, such as De Palma, Harry Grant and Ed Pullen. The two trophies that Alex annexed stand sixteen inches high on an ebony base and have a diameter of fourteen inches and ten inches respectively. He stands ready to defend them.

The Stutz that Alex drove is an exact replica of the white car in which Earl Cooper rode to fame in 1913 and bears the same number—8—but it is one-half the size. It has a wheel base of sixty inches and a tread of thirty-six inches and is fitted with 20x4 inch tires of the aeroplane type. The motor is a Flying Merkel, twin cylinder, air cooled type and develops six horse power. The drive is by V belt and the steering gear is of spindle and flexible wire. The owner of the car, Walter M. Brown, general manager of the Walter M. Brown company, of Los Angeles, agent for the Stutz car and backer Earl Cooper, says that the little Number 8 is some car and that little Alex Pabst is some driver.

In winning the Vanderbilt Cup Alex covered fifteen miles in twenty-seven minutes and forty-seven seconds and against a strong wind. Alex made a garrison finish in this event, coming from behind on the thirteenth lap and passing the Peacemaker when the latter's engine lost an engine bolt and was forced to stop. The following day when the grand prix was run, Alex went out after a record and got it. He covered twenty-five miles in thirty-four minutes flat—an average speed of forty-five miles an hour and in addition to winning the grand prix, Alex established a world's record for every thing up to twenty-five miles in his class and defeated twelve of the speediest "foreign and American cars."

FOR SALE—From 1 to 50 registered HEREFORD BULLS; best blood in America. See stock 14 miles south of Plainview. L. H. and E. B. ROSSER. —Adv. S-pd. 75.

HISKELL'S OINTMENT
Cures Eczema, Erysipelas, Barbers' Itch, Pimples, and all skin eruptions. Immediate relief in Itching Piles, Ringworm, Sunburn, etc.
Price 50c. at all Druggists
Send for sample and book "Health and Beauty."
JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO.,
1750 Spring Garden St., Phila., Pa.

MUTUAL CAMERA MEN KEPT BUSY IN MEXICO

Continual Fighting Being Photographed by Photographers Who Must Be on the Jump

Information has been received at the Mutual Film Company's offices at 71 West Twenty-third street, New York, that its camera men who are in Mexico by virtue of the Mutual's contract with General Villa are very busy right now.

Several of them are at Monterey where General Villa's soldiers who have been participating in the fighting at San Pedro and Torreon, have joined their commander.

One camera man has gone to Tampico with General Pablo Gonzales and is filming the siege of that city. When that is over he will return with Gonzales' men and join Villa's main army at Monterey.

Other photographers have gone to Saltillo and are taking views of the city in advance of what is believed to be the Federal's last stand in North-eastern Mexico at that city.

1st

First in Everything

First in Quality
First in Results
First in Purity
First in Economy

and for these reasons Calumet Baking Powder is first in the hearts of the millions of housewives who use it and know it.

RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS
World's Pure Food Exposition,
Chicago, Illinois,
Paris Exposition, France, March,
1912.

NOT MADE BY THE TRUST
CALUMET
BAKING POWDER
CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO.
CHICAGO

You don't save money when you buy cheap or big-name baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical—more wholesome—gives best results. Calumet is far superior to sour milk and soda.

Gasoline and Coal Oil Stoves, Hay Tools, Lawn Mowers, Garden Hose, Deering Mowers and Rakes, Power Presses and Hay Ties.

Telephone Number 178 R. C. Ware Hardware Company Satisfaction Guaranteed

The Twice-A-Week Hale County Herald

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THE HERALD PUBLISHING COMPANY.

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BUFORD O. BROWN, Editor.
EDWIN B. MILLER, Business Manager.

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COLLEGE TEACHERS BETTER PAID THAN BEFORE

NEW YORK, May 22.—Some of the college and university professors are better paid nowadays than before, according to an annual report of the president of the Carnegie Foundation for the advancement of teaching, made public today. In the institutions that are associated with the foundation, the average salary of a full professor is 3 thousand dollars annually. According to the report, during the last five years the salaries have risen \$50 annually; those of the Junior professors show a gain of from \$125 to \$250, those of full professors show an increase of from \$125 to \$350 annually. The reports show a total endowment of \$15,325,000 and an expenditure for the year ending September 30, 1913 of \$658,491. Of this amount \$579,440 was distributed in retiring allowances to professors, and \$80,949 in pensions to their widows. Thirty-three allowances were granted during the year making a total in force of over 403.

Summer Work and Worry Saved

when you buy the wash suits for the little fellow instead of making them.

At our special prices for the coming week you can save money. Also, good wash suits at less than you can make them. Ages 3 to 5.

You should see our shoes and slippers for LITTLE boys.

We Do As We Advertise
Reinken's Satisfaction Store
"Correct Dress for Men and Boys"

HURLEY ITEMS

Special to The Evening Herald.

HURLEY, Texas, May 21.—A very good rain fell here last week, wetting down in some places as far as twenty to twenty-four inches. That will stop irrigating for a few days.

All the crops are looking fine at this writing.

Mr. Canaday of Illinois was a Hurley caller one day last week. He thinks this a fine country and we had so much rain while he was here and things were needing rain badly where he came from.

Mr. H. S. Cox of Plainview is at the home of his son to help put up a windmill.

There is a report current that Mr. C. C. Hays, president of the Fairview Land and Cattle company and of the Hurley Townsite Company, has sold his interests and shipped his mules to Fort Worth and is quitting the Hurley country. This is entirely false. Mr. Hays has shipped out a part of his mules but this was on account of his renting a part of his land and not needing the mules here. Mr. Hays is just as much interested in Hurley, and more so than ever before, and is spending all the time possible in the development of the country. He has been a great friend to Hurley and the community and the people here are ready to resent any false reflections on Mr. Hays personally or in a business way started by his opponents who are grabbing at straws and striving to accomplish their ends by resorting to any means.

CALIFORNIA RANCHMAN BUYS TEXAS BULLS

Special to The Evening Herald.

FORT WORTH, Texas, May 22.—A deal was closed here yesterday whereby G. S. Hoskings, an extensive cattle carload of registered Shorthorn bulls owner in California purchased a carload of registered Shorthorn bulls from the Hovenkamp Cattle Company. The amount involved in the transaction was not made public. The buyer of the bulls will use them for breeding purposes only. Mr. Hoskings contemplates making other purchases of Texas livestock before returning to the coast.

PROMINENT MANUFACTURERS ATTENDING BIG CONVENTION

NEW YORK, May 22.—With practically all of the prominent manufacturers in the United States present or represented by delegates the nineteenth annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers convened here today at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel for a two day session. The program called for a speech of welcome by City Mayor Mitchell and the attendance of other city officials as guests of honor of the association.

Tipping Over the Tip

From the St. Louis Globe-Democrat: An interesting and extraordinary feature of a St. Louis hotel which is soon to be opened is that, according to the published announcement it is to be tipless. It is stated that "strict rules against the custom will be enforced and that when the guests have paid their bills they must feel that they have fully met their obligations with the house."

LOUISVILLE RACE MEET OPENS

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 22.—The Douglass Park Race Meeting began here today and will continue for thirteen days. Many of the best horses of the East have been stabled here for some days. Still others arrived last night and today from Churchill Downs where the meeting closed yesterday.

VICE PRESIDENT MARSHALL SPEAKS AT CELEBRATION

CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 22.—Vice President Marshall was scheduled to make the chief address at this town's celebration of the Declaration of Independence. Charlotte prides itself on the fact that it and Maeklenberg county declared freedom from England just one year ahead of the signing of the 1776 declaration.

GENERAL SYNOD OF LUTHERANS MEETS IN AKRON, O., TODAY

AKRON, O., May 22.—With delegates present from all sections of the country the biennial convention of the general synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in the United States opened its session here today. Many subjects of great importance to the church are scheduled for discussion.

LUBBOCK

Special to The Evening Herald

LUBBOCK, Texas, May 21.—About seventy-five members of the Chamber of Commerce met at the banquet at the Howard Hotel last evening. At this meeting the annual report of the secretary was made and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, A. B. Lewis; Vice-President J. B. Cate; Board of Directors, W. S. Posey, C. E. Howard, Jno. W. Baker, K. Carter, E. L. Klett, L. B. Wright, Victor L. Cory, S. P. Robins and O. F. Poebler.

An enthusiastic meeting was held and plans were made for another year of work.

Mr. Henderson of Fort Worth, superintendent of the Southwestern Telephone company, was the speaker of the evening.

Special to The Evening Herald

LUBBOCK, Texas, May 21.—Lubbock is building sidewalks. This spring over 12,000 square feet have already been built, while at the present time 13,000 are under contract, with a great deal more being planned.

City Marshal Frye, in making an arrest last night, caught the fore finger of his right hand in the door of the jail and cut it off.

REPUBLICANS MEET IN WEST VIRGINIA

CHARLESTON, W. Va., May 22.—With several hundred delegates in attendance, the Republican State Convention was called in this city today by Chairman Thomas J. Sherrard. A change in the rules governing the election of delegates to the next national convention and changes in the basis of representation were matters scheduled for discussion.

In connection with the appointment of delegates to the present convention it was noticed that each district was represented by one delegate for each two hundred and fifty voters contributing to the combined vote of the Republicans and Progressives in the last general election.

MANUFACTURERS DISCUSS LEGISLATIVE ISSUES

NEW YORK, May 22.—Discussion of legislative issues affecting industry with James A. Emery as the principal speaker, was the important business before the second and closing session of the nineteenth annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers today.

C. J. Madzikhovsky, commercial attaché at the Imperial Russian Embassy at Washington, Manuel Gonzales consul general at Costa Rica in New York, and other prominent men spoke on export trade opportunities in Russia, South America and West Africa. An innovation has been planned for the banquet tonight when the wives and daughters of the attending delegates and visitors will be seated at the regular tables instead of in the galleries as heretofore. Among the speakers at the banquet will be Curtis Guft, former governor of Massachusetts, and later ambassador to Russia. One of the interesting side features during the convention has been an elaborate exhibit devoted to the various phases of fire prevention in the factories and all industrial plants.

Mrs. M. E. Scrimmes came in today from Goldsmith, Texas. She expected to go to Lockney to visit her son H. F. Scrimmes but as the Lockney train does not run on Sunday she remained over in Plainview.



We Fill Orders Quickly

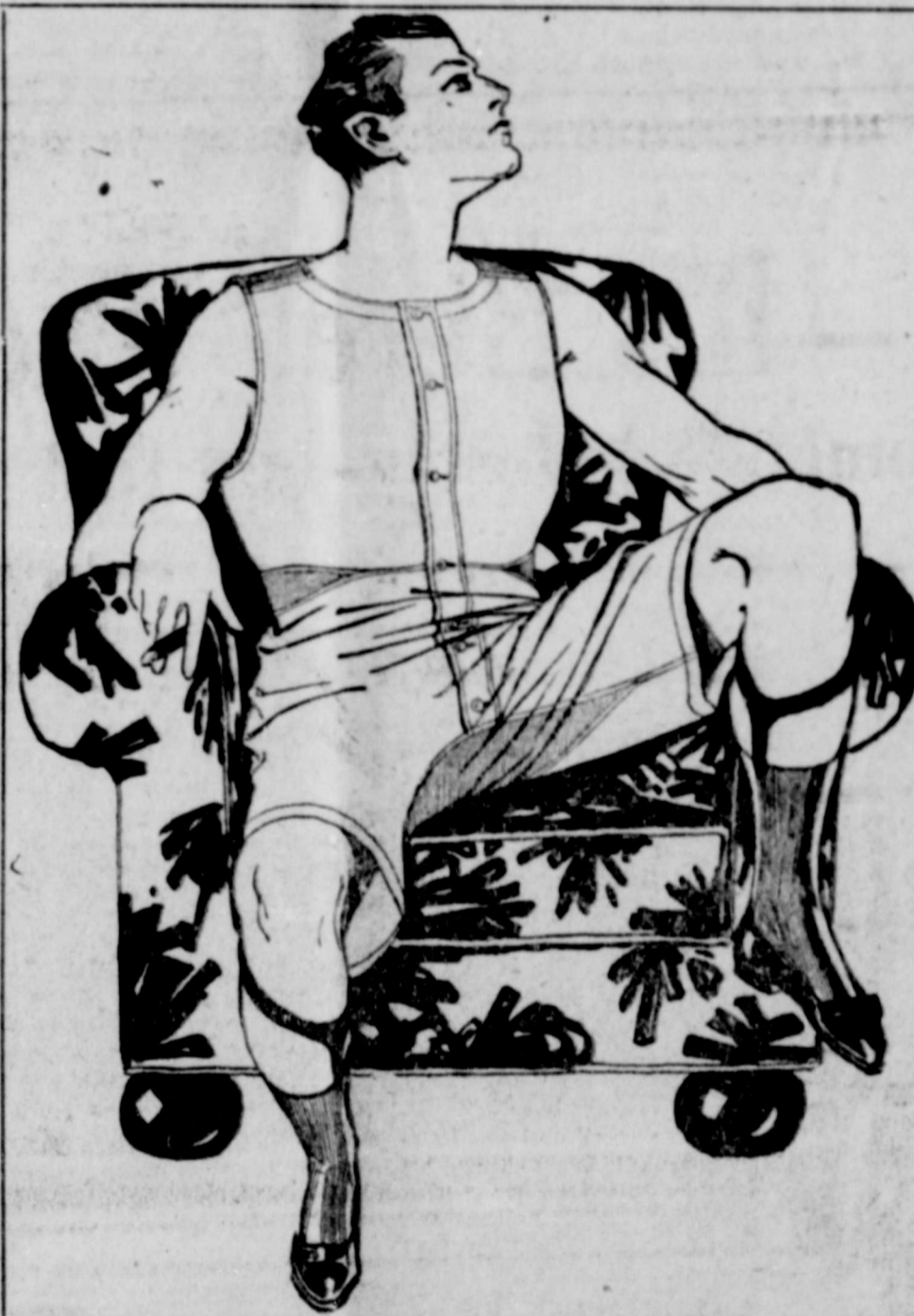
and deliver them promptly and carefully. And we give you just what you order too—in quality and quantity. We keep a full line of fine staple Groceries and guarantee them to be good and pure. Our Teas, Coffees, Sugar, Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Lard and canned fruit, fish, flesh and fowl are all warranted to be strictly of the best grades though sold cheap.

WRIGHT & DUNAWAY
PHONES 35 and 355



What counts isn't what you pay --but what you get for what you pay. The Ford buyer gets the most value for his money. Big production, skilled workmen and best materials make Ford quality high and Ford prices low.

Five hundred dollars is the price of the Ford runabout; the touring car is five fifty; the town car seven fifty—f. o. b. Detroit, complete with equipment. \$45 to Plainview. Get catalog and particulars from Barker & Winn, Plainview, Texas.



Time's Here

to lay by those clumsy "clingy" knitted undergarments and put on the lightest, coolest, most comfortable and most convenient underwear you can buy.

Comfort Asks
Economy Advises
Health Demands



Athletic Union Suits
With the "K. K. Closed Crotch"

Made in all sizes, to fit stout men with big stomachs, tall lean men,

short men, and men of regular build. Loose and easy fitting, giving the utmost of ease and real comfort.

Fit Like Trousers—

No unnecessary fullness or bagging in the crotch. Crotch is closed, with the opening extending down one leg.

Three Qualities: \$1.00 Pajama check nainsook, either no sleeves, knee length; or quarter sleeves knee length. Special—with 3-4 length covering knee - - - \$1.00
Also made in the following fabrics: Featherweight Madras, Pin Check, Panama Nainsook, Genuine Flaxon, Crepe Sheen, Kool Krape, Egyptian Nainsook, Amazon Silk Crepe, Milanese Silk. Price: \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and Upward.

Double Guarantee No Red Tape—If for any reason garments are unsatisfactory, return them to Goodknit factory or to dealer for adjustment. On sale in Plainview by

All GOODKNIT Union Suits come in Sanitary Sealed packages—2 in a box. Buy them by the box.
Out of town dealers address: GOODENOW-BROOKFIELD KNITTING CO., Sole Mfrs., Broadway & 42nd St. N. Y. C.

Carter-Houston D. G. Co.

No Matter How Small Your Purchases May Be We Want Your Drug Business

We are always pleased to have you visit our store and though you may not wish to make but a small purchase you will receive the same courteous treatment as though it were of the largest.

You will always find our stock up to the very latest in our line and our prices are the lowest—quality considered.

Duncan's Pharmacy
"The Store Where You Feel At Home"



Mrs. A. L. Haynie, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. W. W. White, returned to her home, in Lubbock, today.

The Canyon Normal baseball team, which played Wayland team Tuesday and Wednesday, went to Lubbock today.

Miss Ruth Watson left today for Gomez, where she will teach a class in expression this summer.

Rex Lindsay left today for Lubbock, Crosbyton and Lamesa, on a business trip.

Mrs. L. L. Power and children, of Dodge City, is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. J. O. Whitson.

Jim Ferguson, candidate for Governor, passed through Plainview today.

Robert Hendry went to Tulla today. He has been attending Seth Ward for the past year.

Miss Bettie Martin came in today from Lubbock to visit Mrs. Ben Sebastian.

Mrs. L. H. Triplett and Miss Hattie came in today from Hale Center to visit friends here.

Miss Lula Bell came in today from Throckmorton. She will go to Floydada to visit her sister.

Miss Elizabeth Baker came in today from Amarillo. She is visiting at Seth Ward College.

Mrs. J. E. Price came in today from Seattle, Washington, to visit her son, Hickman Price.

Miss Shook, one of the Seth Ward teachers, left today for her home, in Pearle, Texas.

H. S. Kenes came in today from Crosby County.

Mrs. W. B. Matthews and daughters, Mallitta and Mattie, of Lockney, passed through Plainview today en route to Belton for a visit with relatives.

Better Times Are Coming!!

Prospects for Crops Were Never Better
BUT MONEY IS SCARCE AT PRESENT

We must have it to meet our obligations. Therefore for 8 sales days

Beginning Saturday, May 23, Closing Monday Evening, June 1

and this is First Monday—we will offer our entire stock of goods at absolute cost, and many items for less. **NEW SHOES! NEW CLOTHING!!** and other lines of strong, salable merchandise such as hats, underwear, shirts, gloves, ties, belts, half hose, umbrellas, work clothes, etc.

Remember this is a new stock of goods—very little old goods in the house. In fact it would be hard to find a stock containing fewer old or shelf worn articles. This is worth your inspection. And after 15 years' business in Plainview the people know we do what we advertise. In addition to our line of Men's, Women's and Children's shoes, and Men's furnishings, we have a small assortment of gingams, percales, shirtings, laces, ribbons, embroideries, buttons, braid, veilings, linens, chambrays, flouncings, etc., to close out for below cost. We make a price of 5c a spool on 100 yard lengths spool thread.

This is positively a **COST SALE**. Door opens 9 o'clock Saturday Morning. We are in the Grant Building next to the "B. & K."

WAYLAND DRY GOODS COMP'Y

BOISE PENROSE AN ISSUE AT PRIMARIES TODAY

HARRISBURG, Pa., May 22.—Fore-runner of the first election of a U. S. Senator in Pennsylvania by popular vote, thousands of voters of the state visited the polls in their respective communities today and cast ballots in the annual spring primaries. Five tickets were in the field, Republican,

Democratic, Washington, Socialist and Prohibition. The race for the nomination for United States Senator and Governor were the centers of general interest. Candidates for lieutenant governor, secretary of internal affairs, supreme court judgeships, superior court judgeships, and congress, district and at large, were in the field, however, and added to the general interest of the contest.

Boise Penrose held the center of the stage. He was seeking from the public directly, for the first time an endorsement of his year's work in the United States Senate. He was opposed for the Republican nomination by J. Benjamin Dimmick, of Scranton. Upon the same party's ticket for governor were Martin C. Brambaugh, of Philadelphia, Willard Ritter and Edward Wood, of Philadelphia and Joseph

Cauffield, of Johnstown. While candidates has been keen the nomination of Penrose and Brambaugh was considered the most probable from the beginning of the fight and it has at no time assumed the bitterness manifested in the Democratic ranks. Congressman A. Mitchell Palmer, of Stroudsburg, and Vance McCormack of Harrisburg, who have had throughout the support of the national ad-

ministration for the Senate and governorship, respectively have been actively opposed within the party. Henry Budd of Philadelphia has been pitted against Palmer and Michael J. Ryan of Philadelphia against McCormack. The Washington Progressive party practically united on Gifford Pinchot for United States Senator and William Draper Lewis for

Governor, according to many of the leaders. Charles N. Brunn, of Pottsville, was said to have developed a strong support for the latter nomination in opposition to Dean Lewis. For lieutenant governor the leading candidates of the three big parties were: Frank McClain, Republican, of Lancaster; William T. (Farmer) Creasy, Democrat, of Catawissa, and Percy F. Smith, Washington, of Pittsburgh.

Not Coming—It's Here! The Most Potent Factor in the Automobile Industry--and that Means in The World



Maxwell ²⁵/₄ \$750

It's actually here in Plainview, on our sales room floor, the biggest Automobile value in the world, a real Automobile fully equipped, a five passenger car for \$750 (F. O. B. Detroit). If you are in the market for a car you must not fail to see the MAXWELL. A high grade car at a low price. **Here Are the Specifications in Brief--1914 Maxwell "25-4":** The year's sensation, Four Cylinder, bloc-cast, 15 h. p. motor; magneto; weight 1600 pounds; 103" wheel base; 30"x3 1-2" tires all round; 3 speed selective transmission; full five passenger body; complete equipment, including tire holders, windshield, top, jiffy curtains. The Magnificent "50-6" is in a class by itself. Selling at a price that, considering the value, is as sensational as that of the "25", this six competes directly with cars selling for \$3000 and up. In appearance it bespeaks its interior excellence. The best balanced, most silent and sweetest running six made—at any price we firmly believe. A demonstration is a revelation.

J. W. PIPKIN, LOCAL AGENT. PLAINVIEW, TEXAS

EDITORIAL PAGE

FRIDAY, MAY 21, 1914

The Twice-A-Week
Hale County Herald

BROWN & MILLER, Publishers

The Herald's Open Forum
and Public Service Depart-
ments.

University Girls As Religious Workers.

Of the 756 women students in the University of Texas, 522 are members of the Young Women's Christian Association. More than 500 belong to regular Bible classes. These young women raised for the expenses of their Association this year \$2,400.

Some people are curious about what a band of college girls can do in the way of effective religious work. Here are some of the things that the University girls have been doing this year. They maintained a free kindergarten in a district in Austin where there are large numbers of poor children. They gave an entertainment once a month to the Old Ladies' Confederate Home. At Christmas they sent each of the old women a flowering plant.

In addition to an occasional entertainment in the Chapel of the Men's Confederate Home in Austin, on each Wednesday afternoon the girls read to the old soldiers in the ward for the blind and cripple.

Every sick University girl is regularly visited and flowers are sent to them.

They maintain an employment bureau for aiding poor girls to earn a part of their college expenses. They sent Christmas boxes to the Austin Orphans' Home, to the Deaf and Dumb, to various mission schools and to the children in many poor private families. They collected clothing for the Associated Charities of Austin. They did many other things, but at the same time it is well to remember that they have done full work as students, many of them being leaders in their classes.

The State of Texas is providing wooden shacks for the education of these young women!

A Time for Dragging Roads.

The road drag is our best inexpensive highway builder.

Its virtue lies in its puddling the road. The same principle applies here as in making ponds water-tight by puddling. When you spread layer after layer of oozy mud over the street it forms a cement which drains water off like pavement.

To be effective, dragging must be done when the road is muddy. The drag helps even after the sun has shone several days. It tends to break the clods and fills in some of the ruts. It does little to cement the roadway.

The Texas Land and Development Company dragged its roads all day yesterday. When other ways of travel become passable, drive out and look them over. You will find smooth, hard surfaces. The water drains off rapidly. There are no chug holes, no ruts, no low places around culverts.

North Pacific Street has been graded. At first it turned the water off quickly. The road was dragged after our rain in April. The street had become so dry that about all the drag could do was to fill up the ruts and smooth off some of the "chug-ups."

The drags went over our thoroughfares when April rains began. Again the roads were too dry. Pacific Street is becoming low here, with high places at irregular intervals. The drags have done much good, but they were used too late.

Last week's rains mired the roads. A drag could have filled up ruts yesterday. It would have spread the sticky mud in cement-like layers. To-day the clods are so hard that a drag can't even pulverize many of them. The drag doesn't cement the road at all.

Dragging is good. To effect most results it must be done when the road is wet. If you don't believe it, go and see the Syndicate road. Or go to Kansas or Iowa or Missouri and watch them drag.

Why couldn't our roads have been dragged yesterday as well as to-morrow!

Miss Oney Martin left for Matador to-day. She is a student of Seth Ward. T. A. Nolan, of Floydada, was up here to-day.

Frank Hall, who has been here for three months, left to-day for his home, at Alexandria, La.

Mrs. P. D. Hunsaker and little son went to Lubbock to-day to visit Mrs. M. E. Merrell.

A. J. Fonkon went to Happy to-day. Wallace Woods, who has been visiting Ben Kendrick, went to Amarillo to-day.

Miss Adie Ivoy, who has been nursing at the Guyton Sanitarium, went to Dalhart to-day.

O. S. Miller passed through Plainview. Mrs. S. L. Rushing, who has been attending Seth Ward commencement, returned to her home, in Floydada, to-day.

R. E. Haskins, representing the Southwestern Cigar Co., which makes the famous "Tom Moore" cigar, went to Crosbyton to-day.

Messrs. Will and Tom Tilson, Seth Ward students, returned to their home, in Floydada, to-day.

Miss Nellie McGuire, who has been shopping in Plainview, returned to her home, in Hale Center, to-day.

Mrs. R. E. Hadley and children passed through Plainview to-day en route from Lockney to Clyde, Texas.

W. J. Teaver, of Lockney, went to Lubbock to-day.

Chock Morgan went to Lubbock on business Sunday.

L. C. Bennett returned to his home in Phoenix Arizona Sunday.

F. B. Willis of Tulla came in today. John Meiterhans returned Sunday from a business trip to Amarillo.

Mrs. H. M. Haggard came in today from Happy.

Mrs. T. D. Lipscomb and daughter, Alm Lee, left today for Winesboro, where they will visit Mrs. Lipscomb's father who has been sick for some time.

W. H. Mason left Sunday for San Antonio where he will meet H. I. Miller President of the Pearson Syndicate.

R. J. Goode went to Canyon Sunday where he will visit his daughter Mrs. J. F. Prior and he will also attend the commencement exercises of the West Texas State Normal.

Dr. W. B. Catto, who has been visiting his mother, Mrs. W. M. Catto, and his brother, Keith A. Catto, left today for his home in El Reno, Oklahoma.

Rev. J. N. Suter preached in Canyon Sunday.

J. T. Tosh went to Amarillo Sunday for a visit with his family.

W. M. Rorex left Sunday for Panhandle where he will visit his uncle, Ike Rorex.

R. E. Meyers went to Tulla on business Sunday.

M. T. Dye, representing the Western Coffee Company, of El Paso, Texas, went to Amarillo Sunday.

N. H. Mussett, of Dallas, Texas, who represents the Platter Tobacco Co., went to Amarillo Sunday.

Otus Trulove went to Hereford Sunday where he will attend court.

Mrs. L. F. Collins came in today from Colorado City, Texas. She will visit with her son, W. W. Collins, who lives in Runningwater.

B. D. Witherspoon returned Sunday from Coleman where he has been visiting.

EL PASO CEMENT FOR U. S.

Hundred Thousand Barrels Going to Elephant Butte, Montana.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 21.—The secretary of the Interior has authorized the Reclamation Service to award to the Southwestern Portland Cement Company, of El Paso, Texas, for furnishing 128,335 barrels of Portland Cement, 21 thousand barrels of which will be delivered at El Paso, Texas, and the remainder at Elephant Butte, damsite.

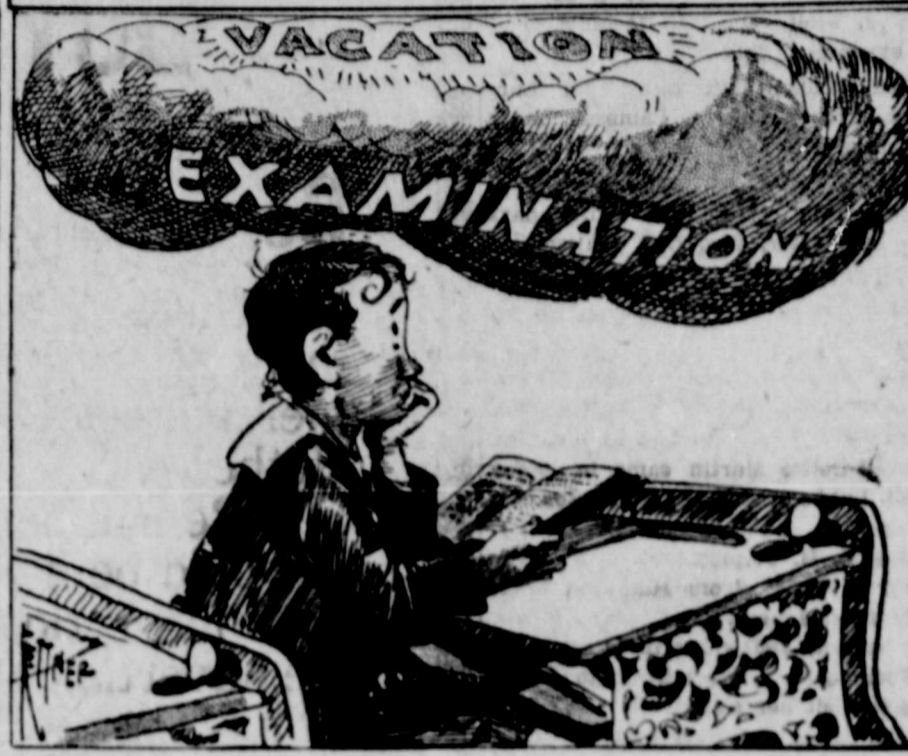
The contract price is \$1.40 per barrel, f. o. b. cars at El Paso.

The Great Elephant Butte dam which is one of the largest structures of the government is now about 60 per cent. completed, and more than 1 thousand men, working two and three shifts a day on several features of the work, are employed in its construction.

The dam is of cyclopean concrete, 1,200 feet high at the crest and 300 feet high, eighteen feet wide on top and 250 feet wide at the base. It will contain approximately 550 thousand cubic yards of concrete, of which to date there are 123 thousand cubic yards in place.

The reservoir will be forty-five miles long and will have 200 miles of shore line.

THE SILVER LINING



(Copyright.)

HURLEY ITEMS

HURLEY, Texas, May 21.—A very good rain fell here last week, wetting down in some places as far as twenty to twenty-four inches. That will stop irrigating for a few days.

All the crops are looking fine at this writing.

Mr. Canaday of Illinois was a Hurley caller one day last week. He thinks this a fine country and we had so much rain while he was here and things were needing rain badly where he came from.

Mr. H. S. Cox of Plainview is at the home of his son to help put up a windmill.

There is a report current that Mr. C. C. Hays, president of the Fairview Land and Cattle company and of the Hurley Townsite Company, has sold his interests and shipped his mules to Fort Worth and is quitting the Hurley country. This is entirely false. Mr. Hays has shipped out a part of his mules but this was on account of his renting a part of his land and not needing the mules here. Mr. Hays is just as much interested in Hurley, and more so than ever before, and is spending all the time possible in the development of the country. He has been a great friend to Hurley and the community and the people here are ready to resent any false reflections on Mr. Hays personally or in a business way started by his opponents who are grabbing at straws and striving to accomplish their ends by resorting to any means.

"AS YOU LIKE IT" CLUB WITH MRS. HARRINGTON.

The "As You Like It" Club will meet Thursday of next week, instead of to-morrow. This was arranged because of commencement exercises this week, and because of muddy roads. The club will meet with Mrs. Harrington.

J. J. SMITH WENT TO AMARILLO ON BUSINESS SUNDAY.

J. J. Smith went to Amarillo on business Sunday.

WHY MILITANTS READ SYLVIA OUT OF PARTY

LONDON, May 15.—Mrs. Pankhurst and Christabel couldn't stand for the "no rent" strikers. This is the real reason why the W. S. P. U. has read Sylvia Pankhurst out of the party. For weeks past Sylvia and her East London federation of suffragettes, as they call themselves, have been organizing a movement among the industrial population of the East End, as a protest against the present labor conditions as well as the argument for woman suffrage, to boycott the rent collector. This plan, on a given rent day, for all sympathizers with the cause in that section of the city, not only refuses to pay up but resists eviction by force. Several hundred of the tenants have already signed the anti rent pledge, to become effective when word is given, Sylvia having agreed to call out her "People's Army" if necessary for their protection.

"There was a no rent strike in Chicago a couple of years ago, you will remember," said Sylvia today. "There was only one eviction and when that took place the strikers came along and wrecked the building. There won't be even one eviction in the East End of London."

"It is untrue," she added, "that we have entered into an alliance with the Socialists or any other party. We remain non-party, as well as militant. We are, however, willing to co-operate with any organization or collection of individuals who sympathize with our cause. It is true that we have added red to the W. S. P. U. colors, but that is only to emphasize the revolutionary spirit."

The public announcement of the split between Sylvia and her mother came after a secret conference she held with them in Paris, at which Sylvia insisted on utilizing her own way elements and conditions in the East End that made the work essentially different from that elsewhere in London.

HORACE EDMONDSON WINS PROHIBITION ORATORICAL CONTEST.

R. M. Ellerd Announces Similar Contest at Wayland Next Week; Final Try-Out July 23.

In the Prohibition Oratorical Contest held in the Auditorium at Seth Ward College yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Horace Edmondson won first place with his oration—"The Great American Parasite." Robert Hendry won second place with his "The Family, the Saloon, the Nation," and Gabriel S. Upton, third, with his "Our Greatest Foe."

The first prize was a set of Woodrow Wilson's "History of the American People"; second prize, "Dictionary of Thoughts," and third prize, "Profit and Loss in Man."

Reuben M. Ellerd, who donated the prizes above mentioned, was honored with the privilege of forwarding the prizes, which he did in a brief speech to the contestants and audience, in which he eulogized the contestants for the most excellent showing made by each of them in the study and presentation of this GREAT SUBJECT now demanding the attention of the people of Texas, and also in which he expressed regret that every citizen of Texas did not have the opportunity of hearing the orations as delivered. He expressed himself as profoundly thankful for his humble part in making the contest possible.

Mr. Ellerd followed this with the announcement of the college contest to commence at ten o'clock a. m. in Wayland College Chapel on May 26th, and the Final Contest, to be participated in by the winners of first place in these contests and the representatives of other schools throughout Hale and adjoining counties, which Final Contest is to be held at the Methodist Church on Thursday night, July 23rd.

CAMERON MAN SAYS THIS COUNTRY BETTER THAN PICTURE

L. C. Grant, of Cameron, Texas, says the Plainview country is better than a picture show. He was out yesterday with H. C. Whitworth, and, after spending half a day in the country, Mr. Whitworth tried to get his guest to go to a picture show last night. "I have seen enough pictures for one day," Mr. Grant replied. He is enthusiastic over the Shallow Water Belt.

H. S. McCune, representing the Royal Typewriter Co., went to Slaton to-day.

Miss Mattie Lou Spath, who has been visiting her uncle, Mr. W. Y. Price, returned to her home, in Sweetwater, to-day.

CANYON NORMAL SCHOOL WINS IN TENTH INNING.

Visitors Tie Up Score at Finish and Add Four Runs in an Extra Inning.

Canyon Normal School tied up the score with Wayland College yesterday in the ninth inning and followed with an avalanche of 4 runs in the tenth. Final score was 7 to 3. The game was clean and marred by few errors. The teams played again to-day.

For Canyon, Cleavinger pitched; Wallace received. Street caught Pressley for the West Side boys. Wayland got nine hits; the visitors secured five. Pressley struck out 7 men.

AFFIRMATIVE WINS DEBATE.

Seth Ward Boys Would Continue Monroe Doctrine.

The debate at Seth Ward last night attracted a large crowd of interested friends.

The subject for discussion was, "Resolved that the Monroe Doctrine be continued as a part of the permanent policy of the United States."

The question was ably handled by Horace Edmondson and Robert Hendry, for the affirmative, and Wildo McLaurin and B. S. Formway, for the negative.

The affirmative won. The judges were Judge L. S. Kinder, Judge W. B. Lewis, Judge J. E. Lancaster, E. C. Nelson, Jr., and George Saigling.

LUBBOCK

Special to The Evening Herald
LUBBOCK, Texas, May 21.—About seventy-five members of the Chamber of Commerce met at the banquet at the Howard Hotel last evening. At this meeting the annual report of the secretary was made and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, A. B. Lewis; Vice-President, J. B. Cate; Board of Directors, W. S. Posey, C. E. Howard, Jno. W. Baker, K. Carter, E. L. Klett, L. B. Wright, Victor L. Cory, S. P. Robins and O. F. Peebler.

An enthusiastic meeting was held and plans were made for another year of work.
Mr. Henderson of Fort Worth, superintendent of the Southwestern Telephone company, was the speaker of the evening.

READ THIS PAGE

If anybody knows any news of importance, for goodness sakes let's have it.—Barrymore Cor., Jerome (Iraho)

Wednesday

Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Griffin and daughter, who have been in Canyon and Plainview, went to Abernathy to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Harp and Miss Esther Lou went to the Saigling Ranch to-day.

W. C. Ferguson, who has been attending the commencement at Seth Ward, returned to his home, in Hale Center, to-day.

Misses Vyola and Lula and Mr. Lee Rushing, all of whom have been attending Seth Ward, went to their home, in Floydada, to-day.

H. I. Miller, president of the Pearson Syndicate, came in to-day to look after his interests in this section.

Rev. H. H. Street returned to-day from Nashville, Tennessee. He was a delegate from the Staked Plains Baptist Association to the Southern Baptist Convention.

Frank Griggs, representing the Loose-Wiles Co., left for Lubbock to-day.

Mrs. J. H. Naugh and children passed through Plainview to-day en route to Lockney.

Miss Francis Miller, a Seth Ward student, went to her home, in Floydada, to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Chamness and children passed through Plainview en route from Long Beach, California, to visit Mrs. H. M. Packard, of Spring Lake. From there they will go to Missouri to visit relatives.

Miss Ruth Moore, a Seth Ward student, returned to her home, in Kress, to-day.

Miss Nora Weatherbee, who has been teaching in Hale Center, returned to her home, in Bonham, Texas, to-day.

Mrs. J. B. Johnson, representing the Fuller Brush Co., went to her home, in Hereford, to-day.

Bert Hefner, a Seth Ward student, went to Floydada to-day.

Mrs. G. M. James came in to-day from Abernathy to visit her husband, who is under treatment here.

Sims Bonner, a Seth Ward student, returned to Itasca to-day.

Miss Rema Bates, who has been attending Seth Ward College, returned to her home, in Halsell, to-day.

J. H. Graver went to Missouri to-day.

W. E. Bay, representing the E. R. Roach Drug Co., of Amarillo, went to Lubbock to-day.

L. R. Maone, of Brownwood, representing the Mayfield Woolen Co., went to Lubbock to-day.

John P. Koal, of Lamesa, who has been attending Seth Ward College, left for home to-day.

That Man Huerta

This interview was given two weeks ago by a man who knows Huerta well.

When Villa said recently that Huerta was just a common drunkard he told only half the truth. Huerta is also a cruel tyrant, an ingrate, utterly selfish, vain and rapacious. He is a modern Nero, deliberately sacrificing his country to his own selfish aims.

This was said last week by a refugee just landed in Texas, who has lived in the City of Mexico for years, who knows Huerta personally, and who has recently returned from that country. The name of that man cannot be used because he has large property interest in Mexico and expects to return to that country when it becomes pacified. If it were known that he had given this interview it might create a prejudice against him in that country that would work harm on him when he returned.

"Let me say to you first that I have no personal quarrel with Huerta," the man said. "I have had many dealings with him, know him well and we have never quarreled. He has not injured me personally and I am not telling these things in a spirit of revenge. But you have asked me for a word picture of that man Huerta and if you will promise to keep my name out of it I will give it to you and I will say the truth, which everyone who has lived through the events of the past few years in Mexico City will know is the truth.

Huerta Planned Tampico Trouble

You have asked me for my opinion as to how the present trouble of this government with Huerta's government are to result. As to that no man can say at this time. Huerta is a wonderfully clever man. He has proven this by the manner in which he seized the reins of the government down there and latter in the manner in which he has outwitted our diplomats at every turn.

Huerta deliberately planned the Tampico trouble to bring on intervention by this country in Mexico. His own statement to O'Shaughnessy, the American Charge in the City of Mexico, proves this. You remember recently that O'Shaughnessy went to present the American demands and found Huerta at the club and invited him out. Huerta got into O'Shaughnessy's motor car and the two rode up and down while they talked together and O'Shaughnessy gave out the conversation. It was printed in the Star and other papers throughout the country. O'Shaughnessy said that Huerta said to him:

"To Take Wealth and Fly."

"I have tried for three months to get that — — — Wilson to fight and now I hope I have succeeded."

"Now, why does Huerta want to bring on war with this country? I'll tell you. When he first usurped the presidency and made himself despotic ruler of Mexico he hoped to be recognized by this country and other foreign countries. When at the end of three or four months he realized that

he could get neither recognition or credit abroad, he knew that sooner or later he would be forced out. He made up his mind then to hang on just as long as he could and in the meantime to accumulate all the money he could so that when he was forced out he could take his wealth and fly to some foreign country with his family and live in affluence as one of the richest men of the world.

"Huerta has said often times in his public speeches that the only way he could be gotten out of the presidency was to be carried out feet first. But he does not mean that. He means to hang to it until he is forced to retire. That time he saw coming rapidly with the advancement of the Constitutional army southward toward the City of Mexico. He knew that the closer they came to the City of Mexico the more his chances for getting out alive diminished. If he should attempt to retire in the face of the fight, quitting the fight in the face of the on coming army he would be killed like a dog by those who have stood by him through it all. He knew that if he waited for the Army to reach Mexico City he would be stood up beside a stone wall and shot. It was already too late for him to get out.

"You must also realize that Huerta is very vain. He loves to be in the limelight. He saw himself being put in the background by the advancing Constitutional army and the new hero it was making. He had to do something to place himself again as a great central figure in Mexico. And so he planned and carried out the Tampico incident in the hopes that it would provoke American intervention.

"Huerta is Safe."

"It worked out just as he hoped it would. America is now in Mexico and whatever happens, the life of Huerta is safe, unless he is assassinated. The American government is bound to see that Huerta is not killed if our troops get to Mexico City. If that event occurs, Huerta can resign under pressure with good grace, retiring as a hero who did what he could for his country, and he can take his family and go abroad and live like a king in Europe. In the meantime he is given an opportunity to pose as a hero.

"Huerta and his whole administration, from the highest to the lowest, have been engaged in the most wholesale graft the world has ever known. Huerta has not been trying to put down the revolution. He has been too busy grafting. I will give you a few instances of it. He has repeatedly stated that he carries 4 million men on the payroll of his army. The United States Government, after the most exhaustive efforts to learn of the size of his army has stated that there are not more than forty thousand men in it. We in Mexico do not believe that it is quite so large as that. He has never had more than 10 thousand men at any battle. Even at Torreon where he knew that a great battle was to be fought and where he should have concentrated his whole army in one desperate effort to defeat the Constitutionalists, he had only 7 thousand men.

"It is easy to understand where the difference between the pay roll of 4 million and 40 thousand men goes. "From 40 to 46 per cent is added to everything that is bought for the army and the government for the same reason. His son has deposited 400 thousand pesos in the Bank of Mexico in a single week. Huerta has already accumulated millions of dollars and the most of it has been invested abroad.

He Is Worth Millions.

"So you see, when mediation is effected, if it is, or when he is forced to resign through any means, he can do so honorably and go abroad to spend his vast wealth which is estimated how to be close to 10 million dollars.

"I have told you that Huerta is cruel. A commission of the leading citizen of Vera Cruz came to him to protest against the changing of the government of that city from civil to military. They were telling Huerta that it would result in bloodshed. He threw up his hands and said:

"That is enough. Stop right there. If that is the only argument you have you might as well not present it. It is of no consequence to me how many are killed. That don't bother me at all so long as they are standing in the way of the greater good of the country."

"Look at the manner in which Senator Dominguez was murdered last September. Dominguez was one of the wealthy and most influential men of the state of Chiapas. He was much beloved there and he was elected to the Senate and came to the City of Mexico and took his seat. He had made up his mind that Huerta was an enemy of his country and that there could not be any peace so long as he was president, and so Dominguez decided to sacrifice himself for the good of the country. He made his will, prepared for death, and then arose in the Senate and denounced Huerta not only as an assassin of good men but of his country. That night at 2:30 o'clock Senator Dominguez was called to his door and he has never been seen nor heard of since. Of course he was murdered and his body buried some-

CONE JOHNSON



Cone Johnson of Tyler, Tex., is Joseph W. Folk's successor as solicitor of the department of state at Washington. He is fifty-four years old and has served in the Texas legislature.

where as the carcass of a dog would be buried.

"The chamber of deputies passed a resolution demanding that Huerta tell what had become of Dominguez and the next day Huerta sent his minister of the interior to the chamber with a squadron of soldiers who waited at the door. The minister mounted the platform of the chamber and demanded in the name of Huerta that the resolution be withdrawn because it intimated that Huerta knew what had become of Dominguez. The chamber refused and the minister signaled to the soldiers, who arrested every member, except a few preferred friends, and marched them off to the penitentiary and they are imprisoned there yet.

His "Drinking Cabinet."

"Huerta is a drunkard. He drinks vast quantities of brandy and champagne and the habit has grown on him lately. I mean a drunkard literally. He gets drunk and stays drunk for ten days at a time and I know of my own personal knowledge that there are times when even his wife does not know where he is. I have met him drunk on the streets of the City of Mexico within the last three months and have shaken hands with him when he was in that condition and have seen him drunk, often at the cafes.

"Huerta prides himself on his Democracy and I never saw him wear anything but his snuff colored sack suit and his slouch hat, except upon feast occasions when he is required to dress in uniform. But on all other occasions he wears the old snuff-colored suit. He appears in that dress even at functions in his honor. He wore it when he was the guest of honor at the American embassy. I saw him wear it at a reception in his palace. On that occasion he stood in a corner with a window at one side of him and a large plate glass mirror on the wall at his right. His old slouch hat lay on a shelf at the bottom of the mirror and his aide sat at a small table beside him to take down notes of things as directed by Huerta.

One of the Bravest Men Alive.

Huerta walks about the street of Mexico City in that attire and unattended. He is absolutely unafraid of assassination. Whatever else may be said against Huerta it cannot be said that he is a coward. He is one of the bravest men alive and he is not afraid of God, man nor the devil. There is little danger of his being assassinated. Despots go along without being harmed. That is history and the more they mingle with the people the less danger there is to them.

"Huerta has a private sideboard in a room adjoining his office and he is in the habit of inviting his callers in there to take a drink. He has eight or ten cronies, men of no prominence at all, but who are endeared to him because they are heavy drinkers, too. This group is known as Huerta's drinking cabinet. He meets them almost daily and they spend hours and even days together in the private room of the Gambrian restaurant drinking brandy which is served to them in a silver teapot and poured into teacups. I met him once coming out of this place one Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

"You might wonder how he can stand so much drinking. If you met him you would not wonder so much

He is rugged and raw boned, iron framed and with a face the color of old leather, looking as if nothing could feaze him.

"He has a keen sense of humor, too, and is famous as a story teller and as being quick at repartee.

"Huerta, like all Indians, is very vain of office and fond of notoriety and he has been spoiled by authority. In the beginning, when he became the president, he looked upon himself as a man of destiny, as the chosen man to stand as a buffer between the 'Colossus of the North,' as he calls the United States, and the Latin countries of South America. He has given up the idea now, and his whole energies are being given up to enriching himself at the expense of his country. He has not the slightest idea of statesmanship, but is a soldier pure and simple. He is cruel to the last degree. He never kept a single one of the pacts he has made. He has never kept a friend for a long time. He is too selfish for that. He is cunning, hypocritical and intensely suspicious. No man enjoys his confidence, and no minister no matter how faithful or servile, can serve him long without his distrust. "I once heard him say that if the United States should declare war on Mexico he would march an army of men across the Northern Border and once over that line all the Mexicans and negroes of the South would join him and that within sixty days he would be in the city of St. Louis with 200 thousand men.

"Now as to what will be the outcome. If this country would go in and intervene in true style I can tell you. But with our troops in Vera Cruz and the Latin countries of South America acting as mediators between Huerta and this country, who can tell?

Wilson tells us that any aggressive acts of Huerta will be resented. But what more humiliating acts can the Mexicans perform? They have torn down our flag and tramped it under foot in a hundred cities. They have wrecked our consulates. In the City of Mexico even the peons have spit in the faces of Americans to show their contempt for us. Order cannot be restored by the elements within Mexico. That is certain. Order must come from without.

U. S. NAVY MAY GET FUEL OIL FROM TEXAS

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 20.—The proposition of supplying an adequate supply of fuel oil for the United States

navy is one to be inquired into by the Government Commission, consisting of Indian Commissioner Cato Sells and Lieutenant Richardson of the navy who left here today for Texas.

The investigation is the result of a Senate resolution and the commission will spend some time in the Lone Star State before reporting on the feasibility of the government constructing, maintaining, and operating pipe lines for the transportation of the fields in Texas to the Gulf in order to supply the navy with fuel.

The Commission has already held extended hearings on the proposition in this city and the present trip is to secure first hand information.

TO KEEP YOUTH

and beauty—to prevent wrinkles and "crow's feet" and deep black circles under the eyes—nothing is as good as

Dr. Pierce's FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

Give it a fair trial for banishing those distressing pains or drains on one's vitality. This prescription of Dr. Pierce's regulates all the womanly functions. It eradicates and destroys "Female Complaints" and weaknesses that make women miserable and old before their time. Every girl needs it before womanhood. Every mother needs it. It is an invigorating tonic for the female system. All medicine dealers have sold it with satisfaction, to customers for the past 40 years. It is now obtainable in liquid or tablet form at drug stores—or send 50 one-cent stamps for trial box, to R. V. Pierce, Buffalo.

DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

STOMACH TROUBLE FOR FIVE YEARS

Majority of Friends Thought Mr. Hughes Would Die, But One Helped Him to Recovery.

Pomeroyton, Ky.—In interesting advices from this place, Mr. A. J. Hughes writes as follows: "I was down with stomach trouble for five (5) years, and would have sick headache so bad, at times, that I thought surely I would die. I tried different treatments, but they did not seem to do me any good.

I got so bad, I could not eat or sleep, and all my friends, except one, thought I would die. He advised me to try Thedford's Black-Draught, and quit

taking other medicines. I decided to take his advice, although I did not have any confidence in it.

I have now been taking Black-Draught for three months, and it has cured me—haven't had those awful sick headaches since I began using it.

I am so thankful for what Black-Draught has done for me."

Thedford's Black-Draught has been found a very valuable medicine for derangements of the stomach and liver. It is composed of pure, vegetable herbs, contains no dangerous ingredients, and acts gently, yet surely. It can be freely used by young and old, and should be kept in every family chest.

Get a package today. Only a quarter.

Crescent Oil Engines

Two Cycle

Valveless

Easy to Start

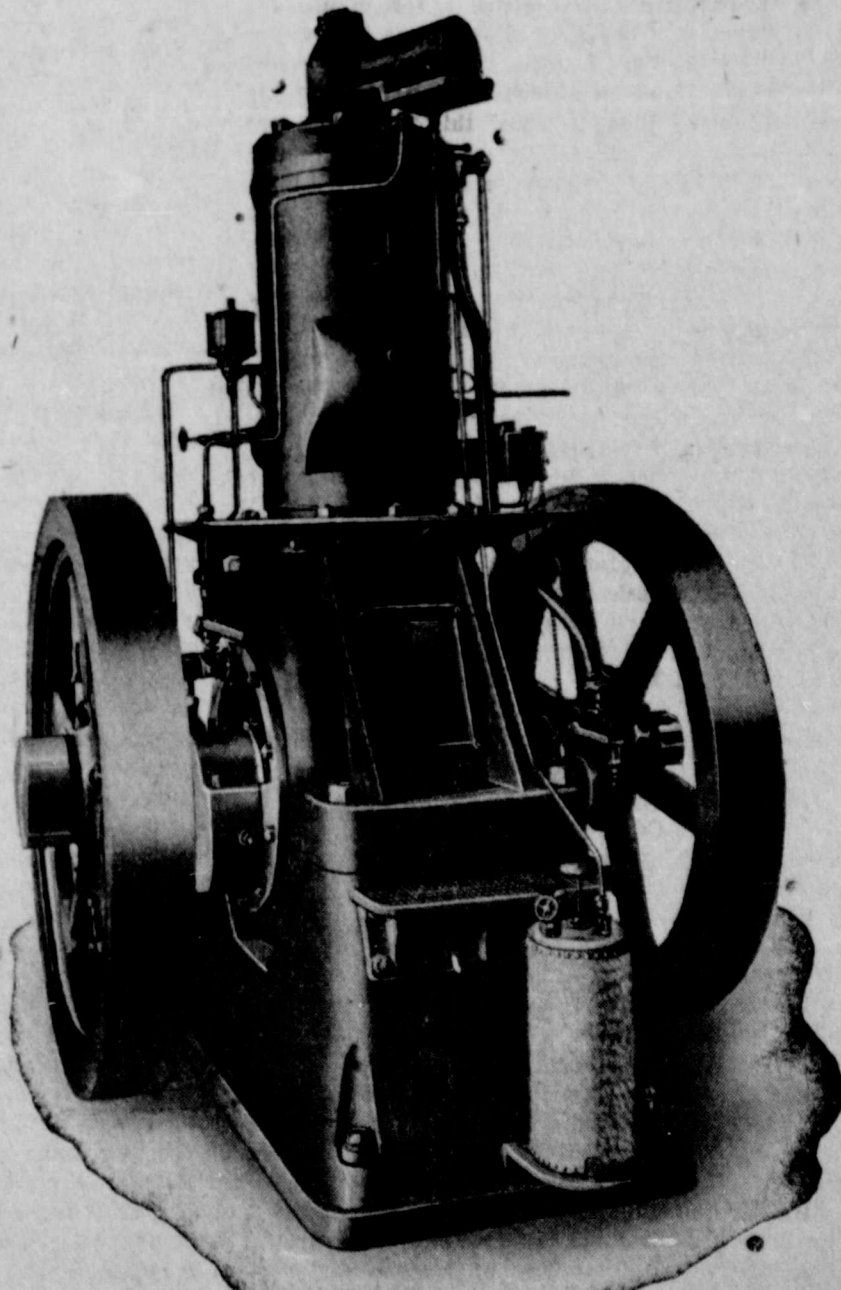
Easy to Operate

Reliable

Economical

Few Moving Parts

Force Feed Oil



Note Simplicity of Construction

For Further Information Address

McDowell Gray, Sales Agt.

Ware Hotel, Plainview, Texas

S. L. Moore & Sons Corporation, Manufacturers, Elizabeth, New Jersey

Announcements

The following announcements are made subject to the action of the Democratic primary:

For Representative. CAPT. T. J. TILSON.

For District Judge. R. C. JOINER.

For District Attorney—CHARLES H. VEALE. GEO. L. MAYFIELD.

For District and County Clerk B. H. TOWERY. W. H. BOX. J. W. PIPKIN. S. S. SLONEKER. W. N. McDONALD.

For Sheriff. J. C. HOOPER.

For County Judge. W. B. LEWIS.

For County Treasurer. MRS. LALLA DAVIS. JOHN G. HAMILTON.

For Tax Assessor. J. N. JORDAN.

For County Attorney CHARLES CLEMENTS.

For County Surveyor. T. P. WHITIS. O. HOLLAND. D. L. ALEXANDER. OTIS SHROPSHIRE. W. METHLEY, of Hale county.

For Public Weigher, Precinct No. 1 TOM THOMPSON.

For Commissioner, Precinct No. 1—W. J. ESPY.

For Commissioner, Precinct No. 2—M. S. HUDSON.

The Twice-a-Week Hale County Herald

Incidents of Occupation Of Vera Cruz By Americans

VERA CRUZ, May 21.—"Proposes Meditation in Difficulty between Mexico and the United States." That was the caption of a recent edition of the Mexican Herald over the story of Argentina, Brazil and Chili's offer to try to settle the Mexican difficulty, and retary of State Bryan's reply which Secretary of State Bryan's reply which to Rear Admiral Badger. The typographical error caused many a laugh in the American colony and "more watchful waiting" was predicted. The Mexican Herald is the first English newspaper ever published in Vera Cruz. Hudson, the owner, published his paper in the City of Mexico until he was forced to flee the capital. He immediately bought a press here and issued the first paper on Friday.

The publication of the A. B. C. offer caused much dissatisfaction among the naval men and American here. They immediately conjectured that the move meant a lot more delay.

The shooting by Mexican snipers of a sixteen-year-old Mexican girl in the street near the plaza was one of the most pathetic incidents of the two days' fighting. In the fighting the little girl's father was killed and she became separated from her mother. Two Red Cross men found her alone, frightened and crying, in a house which they searched. Placing the girl between them the two men started with her to a place of safety. On the way down the Avonido Independencia snipers fired on the party and the girl was instantly killed. So far as is known she was the only female killed in the fighting.

Another shocking incident was the killing on the third night of a twelve-year-old Spanish boy. At 7:30 that night the patrol went through the streets, warning all people to stay in their houses. The Spanish boy was told by his father to stay indoors but when the firing began his curiosity got the better of him. He was shot and killed, almost in his own doorway.

The U. S. S. Collier Orion has been the busiest ship in the harbor since the arrival of the Atlantic fleet. The Orion carried 10 thousand tons of coal, enough to fill the bunkers of five dreadnaughts.

As soon as the Arkansas took up her position she coaled and then the New Jersey and South Carolina emptied the bunkers of the other ships.

No matter what some of the Mexicans may think of the American marines, Senorita Maas, the beautiful and charming daughter of General Maas, federal commander of Vera, has the utmost confidence in their honesty.

When General Maas and his family fled into the interior, Captain Anderson of the Florida, in charge of all the marines, occupied the Maas mansion as his headquarters. All the rooms except those occupied by Anderson and his staff were locked up.

Two days later Senorita Maas came in from Solodad where her father is camped and went to her home. She asked the guard to allow her to enter her boudoir and was apparently surprised when he took out a key and unlocked the door. Evidently the senorita expected to find the whole house open and occupied.

Inside the room she went to a dressing table and unlocking a drawer (more surprises) drew out a jewel case. In it were rings, bracelets, and other gold and diamond jewelry well worth a fortune. Finding her jewels in tact the girl calmly put them back in the drawer and locked it again.

"I shall leave them here. They are safer with los Americanos that with me in these times," she said with a bow and a smile. "Thank you, senor," and she was gone, probably the most astonished young woman in Mexico.

The refugees from Mexico City have nothing to do but sit around the plaza and talk. Consequently they hear and disseminate and create some of the most amazing stories. Baron Munchausen had nothing on the nervous and frightened Americans.

On the third night after the landing of Fletcher's marines it was confidently believed around the plaza that Zapata would attack the town before dawn. Then came a story that Victoriano Huerta had resigned and that Senor Lopez Portillo y Rojas had succeeded him as provisional president.

This, it was said, would satisfy the American administration and end the trouble. Those are only samples of the astonishing yarns that were circulated and believed by the uninformed. "Already 500 million dollars of foreign-owned property, 60 per cent of it American, has been utterly ruined in Mexico. Railways have been destroyed. Mines have been flooded and abandoned. The damages are incalculable. The country is desolate. In all the

North scarcely any crops are planted this spring. The country is facing famine and starvation. It is pitiful.

The Beginnings of Huerta.

"Now let me give you a bit of unwritten history of the beginnings of Huerta. He was an Indian boy in the State of Jalisco, when General Corona, one of the famous generals of the Maximilian intervention, marched through there. Huerta, with other boys of the village, ran after the carriage of the great general. Corona wanted to send a message, and he turned to the boys behind the carriage and asked if one among them could write. Huerta said he could, and Corona dictated a message to him, and Huerta carried it to its destination. Corona was struck by his appearance and asked him what he wished to be.

"A great war general," answered Huerta.

"Come with me and I will make you one," answered Corona.

"He took the boy with him and put him in a military school, and for eighteen months Huerta never left the grounds. He studied hard and graduated with high honors, and went into the army. Up to the time of the Madero revolution he was constantly in military service. He was in many campaigns against the Indians, and he was a favorite of Diaz.

"When Diaz departed from Mexico he was escorted to Vera Cruz by Huerta. When Orozco rebelled Madero sent Huerta against him and Huerta defeated him and dispersed his army.

"I will pass over the events which led up to the arrest of President Madero in his palace. At the moment that arrest was being made Huerta and Gustavo Madero, brother of the president, were dining together, and Huerta arose and beckoned to some soldiers, who came in and arrested Gustavo and led him away and shot him. Could you conceive of a more cruel thing than a man dining with one he was planning to kill, sitting across the table from him, watching him swallow the last food he would ever eat, talking with him and jesting, playing with him as a cat would with a mouse, and then crooking his finger to the soldiers waiting at the door and ordering his dinner guest led away to death?

"The Murder of Madero. But the murder of President Madero was more cruel. Madero was confined in the palace with General Angeles. Huerta urged him to resign the presidency, and promised him safe conduct aboard a Cuban gunboat in Vera Cruz harbor if he would do it. To his urging was added the entreaties of Madero's family, who feared for his life. At last this arrangement was made:

"Madero was to write out his resignation and place it in the hands of Lascurain, the minister of foreign relations, who, together with Huerta, promised that it should not be laid before Congress until Madero was safely aboard the ship. To make Madero believe that he would keep that promise, Huerta had a special train ready in the depot, with steam up, and the wives, family, servants and baggage of President Madero and Vice President Pino Suarez aboard ready to start for Vera Cruz the moment the resignation should be signed.

"It was midnight, and Huerta had the Congress in session waiting, but Madero did not know that. Madero signed. Then Huerta forced Lascurain, threatening him with death, to go at once before the Congress and present Madero's resignation. The Congress accepted it. That automatically made Lascurain president, and he took the oath of office and appointed Huerta minister of the interior. Then Lascurain immediately resigned, and that made Huerta president. It was all done in twenty minutes.

"Meantime Madero was pacing back and forth in his room in the palace, where a guard kept him prisoner, waiting and wondering why Huerta did not come and take him to the train, where his wife was waiting. But Huerta ordered the train dismantled and the families of Madero and Suarez returned to their homes.

"Madero's Slayer Shot at the Front. The next night at 10 o'clock, as Madero, Angeles and Suarez were lying on their blankets in a corner of the palace room where they were confined, Madero and Suarez were told that they were to be taken to the penitentiary for safe keeping. They were hustled out into a motor car and rushed through the darkness, and when they neared the penitentiary the car stopped and they were taken out by the guard that accompanied them, Suarez, knowing that he was going to be killed, started to run, and was riddled by six bullets. Madero stood

still and bared his breast and told them to shoot. The leader of the guard ordered it to fire, but not a man there would shoot. They were awed by the bravery and the majesty of the man standing there in the darkness. The leader of the guard stepped up behind Madero and shot him. The bullet went in the back of his head and came out through the tip of his nose. I saw the body afterward, and can testify that there was only one bullet in it, and I talked with the chauffeur of the motor car.

"The leader of the guard who killed Madero was sent by Huerta to the front, and he was reported killed in the very first engagement he went into."—Kansas City Star.

THE SOUTH PLAINS BECOMING KNOWN AS A GOOD COUNTRY

Special to The Evening Herald

LUBBOCK, Texas, May 20.—The Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce recently returned from an extended trip through central and south Texas. On this trip he took in the Fireman's Convention at Victoria. He states that he found everyone interested in the South Plains country. Everyone wanted to know the prospects of for good crops. But they were especially interested in the irrigation proposition. When irrigation was mentioned a stream of questions came from everyone within hearing distance. All wanted to know about the big wells, whether the water could be exhausted, what was the quality and capacity of the wells, whether the land is right for irrigation purposes.

Crop conditions were not entirely satisfactory in the Southern part of the State because of the excessive rainfall. Everything was flooded and the crops seemed to be weeks behind. Cotton and corn were literally covered by an immense growth of weeds, and if there should be no more rain in this part of the country it will be several weeks before the farmers can get into the land.

One farmer told the secretary that during the winter months there were times when it took a six mule team to pull an empty wagon to town, and that many of the farmers lost the hogs they had butchered because of the fact they could not get to town to get salt to preserve them.

"In fact," he says, "everyone from this part of the state came back all the more satisfied with the Panhandle and the South Plains country."

Farm prospects in this part of the South Plains are more promising than for years. While this country produced excellent crops last year, the promise is that everything will be far better than last year.

Many of the farmers have succeeded in getting in considerable planting between the rains, and there is still a large acreage to be planted.

With the season now in the ground there should be a bumper crop on the South Plains this year.

JACK AND JILL ACT DOWN MOUNTAIN SIDE

Mutual Actors See the Dramatic Value of Their Fall and "Do It Again for Camera."

Accidentally falling a distance of more than 120 feet—a sheer drop—down the side of a mountain during a rehearsal of "The Angel of the Gulch" Arthur Mackley and Vesper Pegg, two actors appearing in the Reliance and Majestic Mutual Movies, recently had a narrow escape from a serious injury.

In the rehearsal, Mackley, who played a tough depyzen of the camp, engaged in a fight with Pegg, at the top of the Canyon. During the combat both fell down the mountain side, locked in each other's embrace. The canyon was so steep that Mackley and Pegg were unable to stop their descent and were hurled to the bottom of the mountain. So great was the fall that, despite the numerous cuts and bruises, Mackley, who recognized the dramatic value of the fall decided to repeat the action.

Mackley and Pegg painfully made their way back to the top of the canyon and with the camera in position, repeated the fall in detail, while the camera man turned his crank and photographed the lightning like descent.

Mr. Mackley is well known in the photoplay field. He played the sheriff in the Broncho Billy series and later produced the Alkali Ike comedies. He recently joined the mutual forces where, in addition to his duties as director he usually plays leading parts.

Dr. Daisy Pennock left to-day for Boosworth, Missouri, to visit her father. Her little son accompanied her.

M. L. Rudasill, representing the Kalamazoo Corset Company, came in to-day from Dallas.

Mrs. W. M. Pearce went to Amarillo to-day to visit her sisters.

CHICKENS ON THE FARM

Good Profits, Not Millions, From the Poultry Side Lines

From the Weekly Kansas City Star. By a Staff Correspondent.

Mr. and Mrs. Farmer how much annual profit are you receiving from the poultry on your place?

Are you getting eggs these winter months? If not, why not?

How many of your hen are "eating their heads off without making adequate returns?"

What attention are you giving them in the way of intelligent feeding, care in sickness and comfortable shelter, to justify their making any return at all?

What preparations are you making now for a money return from your hens the coming season?

On the farms in the middle west there are hundreds of thousands of hens annually devouring thousands of dollars worth of grain without making one cent's return for their "keep." It is no exaggeration to say that the rural poultry population might be cut down fully fifteen per cent with profit to the owners. In some flocks the proportion of the feathered drones is so large that it makes their keep an expensive luxury, rather than a money making or a money saving proposition.

Not The Hen's Fault. A hen that will not lay, either from constitutional "oneriness" or from old age, is worse than worthless so long as she is alive. The sooner she is dead the more satisfactory will she serve the one purpose for which she is fit. There are many hens loafing on the job today, however, that would be producing eggs and singing gaily at the work, if only their owners would give them a chance.

Following are some facts concerning the experience of a woman farmer who took up poultry raising as a side line while she specialized in fruit growing. It is no tale of great riches but a plain statement explaining the methods employed by a busy woman in making something better than "pin money" from a flock of hens, simply by using common sense and care in their handling. Her example is one that might be profitably followed by the farmers and their wives who now are receiving little or no result from the chicken yard and who must visit the market in town if they would enjoy the luxury of fresh eggs in winter.

The woman is Mrs. A. B. Crawford. Nine years ago she was overcome by the "back to the soil" fever, bought a thirty-one acre weed patch near Parkville, Missouri, and moved from Kansas City to the farm. She permitted her husband to accompany her but as he is a railroad man and a traveler, and has had nothing whatever to do with the agricultural activities, he figures no further in this story.

Knew She Didn't Know

Mrs. Crawford has lived in the city all of her life and knew nothing about farming, but she had one advantage. She knew she didn't know, which is a lot more than many of the people ever find out. Also she was endowed with a stock of the common variety of garden sense and plenty of energy. She worked hard, studied hard, and asked advice, some of which she took and some of which she rejected. As to her success we will consider only her work with poultry.

Mrs. Crawford started with twelve hens and a rooster—Barrd Plymouth Rocks. In lieu of practical experience she studied books and papers on poultry raising and adopted a system of handling her fowls. She at no time contemplated becoming a chicken raiser but she determined to make the side line show profit, or at least pay for the time and labor expended. After nine years she is handling five hundred fowls a year in connection with her other work. As to the profit she says that a hen that does not make a profit of \$1 a year is not doing her duty. And while her annual income from poultry is not imposing, it represents just about what any farmer's wife might enjoy through caring for her chickens in connection with other work.

Essentials For Chickens

"Every fowl on my place must be a worker," Mrs. Crawford said. The ones that don't work are pecked off forthwith to market. By careful culling and the introduction of new blood into my flock every three years I have brought my chickens up to a grade of excellence that means exceptionally heavy, robust, early-maturing chickens, bringing at all times top prices in the market. As to the essentials to success in poultry raising here are some of the things I have found out:

"Pure blood in fowls is as important as in cattle or hogs and I personally prefer a good strain of Plymouth Rocks. I have paid no fancy prices for breeding stock but have always insisted on well-formed, well-marked birds.

"Every poultry grower must use an incubator if he is to control his hatching time—broody hens cannot be depended on and are a nuisance out of season. I have practically bred the brooding tendency out of my fowls by persistently 'breaking them up' when they showed a tendency to set. There is little choice, so far as I can tell, between hot air and hot water incubators. I have the best results with a hot air machine of a standard make, having the heating lamp under the center of the incubator, thereby giving uniform heat throughout.

Failure from Carelessness

"Eggs used for hatching should not be more than a week or ten days old, and should be turned every day before they are put in the incubator as well as after. Failures with incubators are due principally to the lack of attention. The heat must be uniform which necessitates the placing of the machine in a place where there will be no sudden or radical change in the temperature. Care must be taken that the eggs have sufficient moisture. In very warm weather I sprinkle the eggs at various times and when they show a sign of hatching I cover them with a cloth wrung out of warm water. I use an incubator of 160 egg capacity and have four hatchings a year. The first setting starts about February 15, followed by two more in quick succession, and the fourth about July 15. The last is for autumn fry.

"The brooders I use are a standard type, simple devices any farmer can make. I have never found it necessary to use brooders artificially heated although I suppose they are satisfactory. I happen to have a heated room in my stable that I use in cold winter for the brooders and little chicks. Not more than forty chicks should be put in one brooder, as fowls young or old should not be crowded.

Feeding Newly Hatched Chicks

"While diarrhea is the bane of incubator hatched chicks and is sure to appear I have practically overcome it by giving them no food for the first three days after they are hatched—nothing but a little ordinary sand—unless they become too clamorously hungry. Then I feed them oatmeal flakes, browned, and put in their drinking water, a remedy prepared by a well known breeder. After the chicks are a few days old bran, shorts and cornmeal are added to the oatmeal and the last discontinued entirely after the chicks are two weeks old. The chicks from birth, adult birds as well, should be kept on an earth floor if possible.

"All cockerels not to be kept for breeding purposes should be marked when they reach a weight of about two pounds, that is, when they are about eight weeks old. Each year I market about one-half of my hens, reinforcing my flock with the pick of the year's hatch of pullets. That means that I seldom keep a laying bird in my flock for more than two years. The culls among the pullets are marketed a little later than the cockerels and the cull hens are marketed in June. The year's hatch of pullets begins to lay about five and a half months after hatching.

Weight in Good Blood

"One advantage in breeding a thoroughbred strain of fowls is the greater weight they attain. My hens average seven and seven and one-half pounds and the old cocks average ten and twelve pounds. Another advantage is that a superior strain of the fowls soon attracts attention and a large market demand for the birds and eggs for breeding purposes at prices much better than the regular market quotations. For settings of eggs from my regular pens I get seventy-five cents and for settings from the selected pens of breeders I get \$1.50.

"I market no broilers, that is, birds at a pound and a pound and a half—because such poultry is usually marketed dressed, and dressing chickens is too much like slavery to appeal to me. The only chickens I dress for market are those especially ordered by private customers, who pay top prices gladly for the privilege of knowing where their poultry comes from.

The Secret of Winter Eggs.

"My hens lay freely in the winter; in fact, the best months for eggs are February and March. The secret of winter eggs is proper food and housing. If they are provided the fowls will lay better than in hot weather. I do not use trap nests to determine the laying qualities of the individual hen. I am among the chickens so much that I can usually tell which ones are doing the laying and soon discover the loafers and dispose of them. I usually carry about one hundred and fifty hens through the winter, and these should be kept from the cocks at all times except when the eggs for hatching are being collected.

"My pens are built between rows of trees in my orchard and not more than forty fowls are kept in any one pen at any time. The houses are weather tight and draught proof, the roosting section and the nests being

completely closed in the bitter weather and ventilation is provided by a space er. Windows provide sufficient light over a door leading to a scratching and feeding pen adjoining. The door between is left open in mild weather but the fowls are never subjected to a draught. A chicken can roost in the open in bad weather with less injury than it can in an enclosed place where there are draughts of cold air. The scratching shed is enclosed on three sides and open to the southeast, with a cloth curtain that can be lowered and fastened down in cold and stormy weather. The floor of the shed is kept covered with a fresh litter in which the fowls scratch in search of food. I never permit my chicks to leave the covered shed in snowy weather nor do I ever keep a fowl that suffers a frozen comb or a frozen foot. Chickens do their best only when in perfect condition and it does not pay to waste time with cripples. No filth is permitted to accumulate in any part of the poultry house. The litter in the scratching shed is always fresh and clean.

The Feed in Cold Weather

"Variety is as fine a thing for the chickens in winter or summer as it is for human beings. In summer there is no lack of fresh, green food and there must be something of the sort in winter. I grow sugar beets for use in winter and alternate those with cabbages, a mass of alfalfa meal and other green vegetables that I can get.

"The standard grain ration for my chicks is soaked oats, corn and grit and wheat in equal parts, and in addition I keep before them a dry mash of bran, shorts, corn meal and a little meat meal, such as the poultry supply houses sell. Hens that are expected to lay in winter must of course, be supplied with sharp grit, charcoal and oyster shell, the last to supply lime. Meat scraps, ground bone and sprouted oats are also a fine tonic for egg making purposes and a little black pepper occasionally worked into a mash is a benefit."

It will be seen from the foregoing that Mrs. Crawford has not followed all the thousand and one rules for the scientific care of poultry laid down in books on the subject, but also has given her fowls careful attention and has provided such food and shelter as common sense would dictate as necessary for the good health of the laying hens. The time and work she has expended on them has been just about what the average farmer's wife might give to a like number of chickens and receive therefrom a substantial addition to the income from the farm.

Practical Side of It

The Crawford hens have practically not approached the world record for egg production, and Mrs. Crawford has probably not obtained the maximum returns possible from the number of fowls handled; but the Crawford family has had all the fresh eggs and fried or roast chickens it could use, winter and summer and enough have been marketed to bring in a very respectable addition to the bank account. She has bred up a fine, sturdy handsome flock of birds of superior weight and quality for table use—all while she was developing a twenty-five acre orchard and taking care of the many other duties that obtrude themselves even on a farm of only thirty-one acres.

TO-DAY'S MARKETS

TO-DAY'S MARKETS—

STOCK YARDS, FORT WORTH, Texas, May 21.—CATTLE—Receipts, 3,200, including 299 calves. Market is steady.

HOGS—Receipts, 1,500. Market is steady. Top, \$8.55; bulk, \$8.20 to \$8.40; light, \$7.75 to \$8.25; mixed, \$8.25 to \$8.45; heavy, \$8.35 to \$8.55; pigs, \$6.90 to \$6.75.

SHEEP—Receipts, 3,900. Market is 10 to 15 cents lower. Daggett-Keen Com. Co.

BARONESS BUYS SON

TO GET RICH ESTATE

VIENNA, May 22.—On the charge of passing off the infant son of her cook as her own, Baroness Zois today is awaiting trial at Graz, Styria. As she had only two daughters the family was not entitled to inherit an entailed estate belonging to an unmarried cousin of Baron Zois. Fearing that she would never have a son of her own she agreed to buy her cook's son for 2 hundred dollars and agreed to pay a nurse \$100 for arranging the deal. Discovery of the plot followed her attempt to get possession of the money. She was arrested and later tried to throw herself from the second story window but was prevented.

N. T. Tipton, one of the South Ward students, went to Amarillo to-day.