

### DUTCH LINER WILL CARRY GERMAN AMBASSADOR HOME

#### English Guarantee Safe Passage of Ship Bearing German Ambassador from Canada

By United Press.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—With personal messages for the Kaiser and reports for the Berlin foreign office, Baron Reudt Von Collenberg, former consul general to Canada, will sail from New York under safe conduct pledge for Berlin. He is going to Rotterdam on a Dutch liner. Safe passage has been guaranteed by England. He will carry a copy of designs for a peace treaty, and the peace efforts that are being made by the United States. He also carries a report on the German-American relief fund, which already exceeds a million dollars.

### MISS IDA McGLASSON ILL.

#### Acute Indigestion Has Rendered Popular Young Lady Unconscious for 48 Hours.

For nearly forty-eight hours Miss Ida McGlasson has been unconscious, as a result of an attack of acute indigestion and a stroke of paralysis. Reports this morning are that she is resting more easily than at any time since her illness began.

### DRILLING FOUR WELLS ADJOINING HALE CENTER.

The Green Machinery Company are drilling four twenty-two-inch irrigation wells on the Schler section adjoining the town section of Hale Center.

### BIRTHS.

Born, a boy to Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Klein, eight miles north of Plainview, September 28.

Born, September 28, a boy to Mr. and Mrs. Sam Hortlacher, of Hale Center.

### REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Paul Bryan to John Dodson, lots 4 and 5, block 10, in Nob Hill Addition, town of Plainview. Consideration, \$400.

Henry Schultz and Henry Neibuhr, of Madison, Wis., to Adolph C. Vost, of the same place, Survey No. 7, Block RF, in the County of Hale.

J. L. Oswald and wife to J. H. Lepak, lots 11, 12, 13 and 14, in block 13 of Highland Addition. Consideration, \$800.

Walter E. Winfield to Reuben M. Ellerd, block No. 38 in West Roswell Heights. Consideration, \$3,920.

J. M. Shropshire to C. W. Tandy, lot 5, in block 55, in the original town of Plainview. Consideration, \$1,400.

E. W. Suggs and wife to George L. Hoffman, of Ohio, southeast quarter of Survey No. 3, in Block D4. Consideration, \$2,000.

John Dodson to Walter Young, lots 4 and 5, block No. 10, in Nob Hill Addition, town of Plainview. Consideration, \$200.

### I. C. C. Will Begin Probe of Rock Island Next Week

By United Press.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—The Interstate Commerce Commission probe of the Rock Island Railway Company will begin October sixteenth.

### GERMANS LOSE TORPEDO DESTROYER IN NORTH SEA.

By United Press.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 8.—A German destroyer has been sunk by a mine or a torpedo in the North Sea. The crew was saved by a German cruiser. The details are being withheld.

### RAIN PREDICTED FOR FIRST DAY OF WORLD'S SERIES.

By United Press.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Oct. 8.—Unsettled weather and probably rain is the forecast for tomorrow, the opening day of the world's series. McGinnis has bruised his right hand, and it is possible that he can't play.

### BENEVOLENT LEAGUE NAMES STANDING COMMITTEES

#### United Charities of Plainview Doing Effective Work; Regular Meeting Wednesday at City Hall

Plainview's united charities, the Benevolent League, has named its standing committees for the year. This organization has done some effective relief work. The advantage and economy of a united charities organization are obvious.

Of the finance committee, Mrs. B. V. Ivey is chairman. The other members are Mrs. J. F. Garrison, R. M. Peace, Mrs. O. B. Jackson, Mrs. R. S. Charles and L. F. Cobb.

Mrs. W. Y. Price is chairman of the distributing committee. Mrs. E. E. Roos, Mrs. J. V. Guyton, Chas. Reinken, A. E. Harris and Mrs. L. C. Penry are members of this committee.

The committee on education and sanitation is: Mrs. H. C. Randolph, chairman; Mrs. Tom Carter, E. B. Miller, Dr. E. F. McClendon, Dr. C. E. Lindsay and Mrs. J. Walter Day.

Mrs. Fred L. Brown, chairman; Miss Luella Klinder, Mayor J. L. Dorsett, Col. R. P. Smyth, Mrs. T. B. Lipscomb and Mrs. E. T. Coleman compose the investigating committee. The county judge, mayor and pastors of the town are ex-officio members of this committee—Rev. S. A. Barnes, Rev. O. L. Halley, Rev. J. T. Highsmith, Rev. S. Park, Rev. J. S. Wicks, Mayor Dorsett and Judge W. B. Lewis.

The regular monthly meeting of the Benevolent League will be held at the City Hall, Wednesday, October 14, at 2 o'clock. The president, Mrs. Otis Trulove, urges that all who are interested in charity work attend, whether members of the league or not. The only object of the league is to help the needy. They try at all times to distinguish between those who are really needy and those who merely want help.

All citizens of the town are invited.

### MISSOURI STATE LIFE LOAN INSPECTOR HERE.

Wm. Doran, loan inspector for the Missouri State Life Insurance Company, is in the country around Plainview to-day inspecting land on which loans will be made. P. D. Hunsaker, local representative, is with him.

### W. J. KLINGER IMPROVING.

W. J. Klinger is improving from an attack of acute indigestion. Monday afternoon he became suddenly ill, and has been confined to his bed ever since. Part of the time fever has made him delirious. He rested well last night.

### JUDGE LEWIS CALLS MEETING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

#### Will Discuss Plans for Public Schools of Hale County for the Fall and Winter.

County Judge W. B. Lewis, ex-officio County Superintendent of Public Instruction, has called a meeting of the Board of Education of Hale County for Saturday, October 17. At this time plans for the public schools of the county will be discussed. Possibly the matter of observing Education Day, October 24, in the Hale County schools will be taken up.

J. A. Tarwater, of Runningwater; S. S. Sloneker, of Plainview; A. S. J. Martin, of Petersburg, and N. M. Akerson, of Hale Center, compose the board.

### WARREN TWINS WIN PRIZE.

Mrs. J. Walter Day, the superintendent of the Better Babies Contest, left for Kansas City before it was announced that the twin baby girls of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Warren, of Plainview, won the souvenir spoons given in the contest by the Mystic Club. One of these little girls scored 94½ points, the other 95½, making a fine showing for these twin babies.

### REV. W. M. PEARCE HERE.

Rev. W. M. Pearce returned yesterday noon to his home, at Bovina, Texas. Brother Pearce is the pastor at Bovina, a mission church in the Northwest Texas Conference of the Methodist Church. He has some half dozen appointments on his work.

### KAISER WILHELM AND GEN. VON MOLTKE



The photo shows Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany and the dismissed Chief of the General Staff, Field Marshal von Moltke. The Kaiser and his chief disagreed on the advisability of attacking England. Von Moltke wished to adhere to the plans already laid and to concentrate German forces against the Allies in France; the Kaiser to send airships to England.

### Fire from German Guns at Kio Chau Lessened Belgian Capital and Cabinet Have Been Moved to Ostend

By United Press.

TOKIO, Oct. 8.—German artillery fire on Kio Chau has lessened, indicating a shortage of ammunition. Two aeroplanes were shot down by the Japanese as they scouted over the land forces of the Japanese and British. The German concessions could be taken by storm, but the needless sacrifice of life precludes such action.

### FRANCE ORDERS BARBED WIRE OF UNITED STATES FACTORIES.

By United Press.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Oct. 8.—It is stated here that the government of France has ordered the immediate shipment of five hundred thousand reels of barbed wire.

### Germans Beach Gunboats and Cruiser Shelled by Japs

By United Press.

TOKIO, Oct. 8.—It is reported that the German unprotected cruiser Cormoran and two German gunboats were so badly damaged by Japanese fire at Hioa Chau they were beached to prevent sinking. Bombardment by Japanese and British warships has greatly damaged the forts of the harbor.

### BAPTISTS WILL WORSHIP IN WAYLAND CHAPEL.

On account of the removal of the church buildings, the Plainview Baptist congregation will worship at the Wayland College Chapel Sunday morning.

### BIRD SEASON OPENS NOV. 1.

The season for game birds will open November 1. After that date and until February first quail, doves, ducks and other game birds may be killed. A day's kill must not include over twenty-five birds, either mixed or of one kind. Possession at any time in the year during which killing of birds is prohibited is prima facie evidence of the guilt of the person in possession thereof. Turkeys may be killed from December first to February first. The season on prairie chickens is closed until 1917.

By United Press.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—The Belgian capital and the king's ministers have moved to Ostend, is the gist of a cablegram from the foreign office to the Belgian minister here.

### P. B. SNYDER SELLS BLACK EMMER FOR \$1.25 A BUSHEL.

P. B. Snyder has just marketed 105 bushels of Black Emmer, a grain related to speltz, which is grown on the Plains extensively. The seed were sold to the Texas Seed Company, of Dallas, Texas, at \$1.25 per bushel. In Russia and Germany this grain is grown extensively, and is used for stock feed and for gruel or porridge.

### Troops in Mine District Ordered Prepare for Winter

By United Press.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 8.—Secretary of War Lindley M. Garrison has ordered the Federal troops in the Colorado mining district to prepare for winter shelter. He said he did not necessarily mean that the troops were going to remain all winter.

### GENERAL LIGHT SHOWERS OVER SOUTH PLAINS.

Light showers fell over all the South Plains country yesterday as far north of Plainview as Happy and as far south as Lubbock. Lockney and Floydada had slight rain, and at Silverton the rain was very light. A slow shower for an hour was the extent of the rain here.

### INFANT CHILD OF JACK TESTMAN BURIED.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Testman was buried Monday afternoon at three o'clock. The funeral was held at the suite of rooms occupied by the family in the Hotel Ware. W. H. Mason read the Episcopal service for the dead, and Miss Laura Mastin sang. The interment was in the Plainview cemetery, under the direction of Flake Garner, funeral director for E. R. Williams.

### GERMAN RIGHT PRESSING ALLIED LEFT HARD; GERMAN CENTER SAFE

#### Teutons Hold Fortified Positions Sought by Russians and Throw Russians Back From Donajec River; Russians Hold Original German Line

### STRONG BRITISH EXPEDITION RUSHED TO ANTWERP

#### Advance of Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Germans Toward Antwerp Marked by Deadly Artillery Fire; Forts at Waelhelm and Wavre Nothing but Holes

By United Press.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—A STRONG BRITISH EXPEDITION HAS BEEN RUSHED TO ANTWERP FROM GHEENT WITH HEAVY GUNS. IT IS HOPED THAT THE CITY MAY BE SAVED FROM THE TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND GERMANS BESEIGING IT.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 8.—The crossing of the Nethle River by the Germans in besieging Antwerp was one of the most spectacular episodes of the war. The Belgians frustrated six separate attempts, in which the Germans lost heavily. Finally the Germans clustered their heavy field artillery at one point and simply built a wall of steel projectiles around their engineers. Later four sets of pontoons were hurriedly thrown and the Germans rushed across, carrying the Belgian positions at bayonet points. The Belgians strengthened their inner line of fortifications with a series of earthworks, on which they mounted heavy cannon. The fighting is continuous, with heavy losses on both sides.

### Belgian Forts Destroyed.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 8.—Antwerp continues the fiercest resistance to the besieging Germans. Her outer forts have been broken. Every village within miles is in flames. Antwerp itself is intact, but the Germans have range and can wipe it from the face of the earth at will. The garrisons in forts at Waelhelm and Wavre have perished at their posts. The forts are nothing but holes now. Towns of IJere and Cortich have been destroyed. Hove, Horezle and Vluex-Dieux are suffering heavily. Their inhabitants have fled, are separated and starving. Many remained in the houses, accepting inevitable death. The condition of the refugees is indescribably pathetic.

### German Right Presses French.

BERLIN, Oct. 8.—The French retreated a considerable distance along the German right. It was necessary for them to withdraw a considerable force from their center to reinforce their left in order to prevent disaster. The German offensive on their own right is constantly increasing. The French are being driven back and enveloped. The French are not attempting to assault the strongly-fortified German center.

BERLIN, Oct. 8.—Attempts of the French to recover lost ground have been frustrated. The German right is still progressing. In the east, Russians are falling in every attempt to break through the German lines.

### French Say Germans Retreating.

PARIS, Oct. 8.—The Germans are falling back north of Arras. There are clashes between large forces of cavalry from Arras almost to the north sea. Positions from which the Allies have been driven back between the Somme and Oise Rivers have been reoccupied and the Germans forced back. The situation along the Allied right and between Rheims and Meuse River is unchanged. The Germans unsuccessfully tried the offensive in the Wavre district. The French have repulsed every attack. Germans are trying to cut the Allies' communications. The official communique is the most optimistic of the week.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—The British warships off Ostend and other coast cities have prepared to assist the Allies in keeping the Germans from securing a sea coast base.

### Canadians in England.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—It has been announced that the Canadian expedition has arrived in England and has been sent to camps for training.

### Russians Retreat.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 8.—The official explanation of the withdrawal of the Russians from the Donajec River stated that the combined forces of the Germans and Austrians occupied the strongest positions and that a frontal assault would cost frightfully in men. Therefore, the Russians withdrew in order to force the Austrians to accept battle in the open country. The ruse has proven successful, and the battle is now in progress along lines more favorable to the Russians. The bombardment of Przemyel continues. A great breach is apparent. The dead lie unburied in the streets. Sorties of the Austrian garrison have been repulsed with heavy losses to them. On the Prussian frontier the fighting is most violent. The strongest strategic positions are occupied by the Germans.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 8.—The Germans have again heavily reinforced and checked the Russian pursuit. Russians now hold the original German line, extending from Lyck to Wirbalen. The Galician campaign has been retarded by heavy rains.

BERLIN, Oct. 8.—The Russians have been thrown back with heavy losses in an attempt to cross the East Prussian frontier toward Lyck. Generally, the situation is unchanged. A big battle is expected to develop soon, with the Germans on the offensive.

VIENNA, Oct. 8.—Russians attempting to reach Cracow have been driven back from Donajec River by the reinforced Austrian armies. Russian assaults at Tarnow have been repulsed. This flatly contradicts Russian claims. Austrians have taken the offensive.

### German Losses 300,000.

ROME, Oct. 8.—Berlin advices estimate the German casualties at three hundred thousand.

### Choral Club Sings "Martha" Instead of "Bohemian Girl"

At a meeting of the music committee of the Plainview Choral Club Tuesday night it was decided to present Flotow's "Martha" as the first offering of the club. "The Bohemian Girl" had been tentatively selected the evening before, but it was deemed best to reserve this for a later date. The scores have been ordered and will be here for the first rehearsal, next Monday night. All who sing are urged to be present at the first rehearsal. There is on membership fee charged, and all who enjoy singing are eligible.

### German Aviator Shells Paris Wounding Three

By United Press.

PARIS, Oct. 8.—A German aviator bombed the city to-day, wounding three pedestrians. He escaped.

Miss Thagley, of Floydada, is at the sanitarium. She has had an operation for appendicitis.

**THE FAMOUS 75'S OF THE FRENCH ARTILLERY.**

Experience Has Developed a Standard 3-Inch Weapon, While the Germans Depend Upon a Variety of Styles.

Arthur Bullard ("Albert Edwards") in the Outlook.

The French field gun, the famous 75, after which our American field gun is patterned, shoots very hard, and the projectile goes on a nearly straight line. It has been estimated that the fall of shrapnel is so slight that it explodes at the level of the eyes of infantry advancing in close formation the fragments which fail to find a billet in the front rank will be at the height of the stomach twenty-five feet beyond, and, striking the ground at fifty feet, will still be dangerous. They are deadly in the open field.

But the fact that they go so nearly straight is a grave disadvantage if the enemy is behind breastworks or any sort of shelter. To meet this situation the modern howitzer was developed. Its projectile is, with slight modifications, the same as that of the field gun, but, instead of shooting straight at the target, it is aimed high in the air and does not explode till it is over the enemy. It has by this time followed a wide curve, and is now coming almost straight down. When it explodes, it also throws its fragments in a sort of sheaf, straight ahead. They strike the ground at an angle of 45 degrees or steeper. It is evident that breastworks or stone walls are no protection from a howitzer. To be safe from them one needs a bullet-proof roof.

Between these two types of guns there is chance for an infinite variety. As a general proposition, the howitzer is much heavier than a field gun, because its projectile must be thrown over a wide curve to reach an enemy which the field gun reaches by a straighter line.

For every possible situation in war there is one type of cannon which is theoretically the best. But this type may be of little or no good in another situation.

The French theory of artillery is to pick out the best all-round gun and make that the principal weapon. With more active fighting in the last few years than any other European army, they have had much chance to experiment, and they have worked out their present 75—a caliber of about three inches. Our army has accepted their model. The English, dissatisfied with their guns in the Boer War, reorganized their artillery on nearly the same lines as the French. In the Balkan War the field artillery of the allies which proved most effective was of the French type.

Of course the French have also some howitzers and siege guns of large caliber, but their main reliance is on the 75.

The German army artillerists and the experts of the Krupp works have gone in for a large variety of guns—field guns of half a dozen calibers, and howitzers for shelling troops in trenches and for firing high explosive shells against permanent fortifications.

I recall some artillery maneuvers in the Forest of Fontainebleau. I sat on the grass by the roadside for an hour or more and watched the interminable string of 75s go by. There seemed to be just as many coming, so I tired and went away. It was my impression that 90 per cent of the guns in a French artillery division are of this one type. The German army maneuvers give quite the opposite impression—as though there were hardly two guns alike.

And, of course, as is always the case when two theories have not been put to the test, there is a great deal to say on both sides.

FOUND—Near Fulton Lumber Yard, ladies' black and white wool coat. Owner pay for this ad and get coat. —Adv. tf.

I am handling Plainview-raised apples at the old Nobles Brothers Building. Will deliver to any part of the city. Phone 186. G. C. KECK. Ad. 3t.

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—One brown horse, 16 hands high; weight 1,200; branded I. C. and left side neck, 7 half H connected left side. \$5 reward. Notify M. W. COFFEY, Hale Center. —Adv. tf.

WANTED—Twenty copies of The Herald of September 22. Phone. 72. —Adv. tf.

Three nicely-furnished rooms, connected. Electric light and bath. Phone 585. 308 South Pacific Street. —Adv. tf.

Scenes in Mexico Battlefields for ONE CENT EACH. THE R. A. LONG DRUG STORE. —Adv. tf.

Mexico Battle Scenes for ONE CENT EACH at THE R. A. LONG DRUG STORE. —Adv. tf.

**Shade Trees for the Plains**

By L. N. DALMONT, Proprietor Plainview Nursery, in Farm and Ranch.

The Plains country was once looked upon as a desert or a body of waste land that couldn't be utilized for the comfort of man, on account of its being destitute of timber and water. But we think that this was God's purpose, to reserve the best of His creation until the last, and bless the intelligent, enterprising man that has the energy to prepare the rest for himself.

There may have been times when the weary traveler has perished for water on the Plains, when he could have dug to it with pick and shovel in time to satisfy his thirst. And it is told that there was once some people passing across the Plains who were suffering for water. They were driving a pair of Spanish mules, and, having camped upon Runningwater Draw, found one of their thirsty mules pawing in one of the low places, and they noticed the sand seemed very wet. Going back to the wagon and getting a shovel, they soon dug to a plenty of good water, which quenched the thirst of both themselves and mules, and they all went on their way rejoicing. And since that time we have learned that the Plains country is one of the best watered districts found in the United States.

We might think that the Plains is not adapted to the growth of trees, by its being destitute of tree growth in its original state. But this can easily be accounted for when we consider that it was once a vast tract of land all covered with good grass, which would burn off at least once a year and destroy all tree and plant growth in its early life.

But we find that it is naturally well adapted to the growth of forest trees and also specially well adapted to most all semi-tropical fruit trees. And I don't think that there is any other place on earth where trees show up to better advantage than on the Plains.

We would recommend and strongly urge the people of the Plains to plant forest trees. We believe that if one-fourth of the Plains was planted in trees it would add to the value, the comfort and appearance of the country more than anything we could do. It would check the force of our hard winds, giving us more of the benefit of our moisture, also supplying us

with posts and fuel, and making one of the most beautiful countries on earth.

All varieties of hardy trees seem to do well, especially the black locust, box elder, soft maple, sycamore, ash, catalpa, elms, honey locust, tamarack and all the different varieties of poplar and willows.

We find it necessary to grow good, symmetrical trees; it is necessary to grow them close together, to supply them with moisture by both irrigation and cultivation, and commence pruning and keep them pruned while they grow until they are pruned the desirable height for shades. In this way they will make straight, smooth trees. But when they are planted out permanently they should have more room, so moisture and plant food can be supplied to grow a large tree.

We feel that the humblest home can be made to look homelike and cheerful by decorating its surroundings with beautiful shade trees and shrubbery, and that without a great expense.

Nothing looks more desolate to us than an expensive residence which is not surrounded with shade trees, flowers and evergreens.

We are sure the Plains country is being settled up with the best type of citizenship of any place in the world, and that all will lend a helping hand to push the wheels of progress on by beautifying their homes, by

Hens 10 cents per pound. Butter fat, 24c. PLAINVIEW PRODUCE CO.

That Carbo-Magnetic Razor Shaves without honing. THE R. A. LONG DRUG STORE. —Adv. tf.

BOARD AND ROOM—First house north of Christian Church. Phone 474. —Adv. D-tf.

Get a Carbo-Magnetic Razor. They need no honing. THE R. A. LONG DRUG STORE. —Adv. tf.

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**B. F. RUSSELL,**  
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 First National Bank Bldg.  
 ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦  
 PHONE 117  
 Life and Fire Insurance  
 ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦

planting orchards and decorating their lawns with beautiful and fragrant flowers, and shading the streets and walks with attractive shade trees, and in this way providing for ourselves and children more comfortable, healthful and cheaper ways of living.

**KANSAS CITY STOCK MARKET IN DETAIL.**

**Special to The Herald.**  
 KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS, Oct. 8.—Cattle receipts to-day are 32,000 head, and the market is steady to 10 cents lower on killing grades, steady to 20 cents lower on stockers and feeders. No prime cattle are here, but there is a place for some at recent quotations, up to \$11. Last week did not develop any important changes in the market, a slight tendency to weakness being evident on the bulk of the arrivals, cow stuff holding up good.

Good Kansas grass steers sold at \$8.00 to \$8.90 to-day, and when killers balked, Illinois feeder buyers stepped in and took the cattle. Many buyers are here wanting cattle that will make some showing in the beef classes in 60 days or less. Banks favor loans on this kind of a proposition, and high corn is against long feeds. Therefore, good feeders are selling steady. Plain thin steers that will require a longer feed are 10 to 20 cents lower, with a large number of that kind in the yards.

Thin Panhandle cows sold for the

FOR SALE—Underwood Typewriter, used two months. See RUSHING LAND COMPANY. —Adv. 3t.

**FOR SALE.**  
 Will sell our home and either two or four lots. If sold by the fifteenth, will sell at a bargain. Also good automobile at a bargain. —Adv. 4t. J. F. SANDER.

**NOTICE.**  
 The undersigned assume no responsibility for debts incurred by Mrs. J. G. Ehly. FRANK and CHAS. JUESCHKE. —Adv. 3t.

**How To Give Quinine To Children.**  
 FEBRILINE is the trade-mark name given to an improved Quinine. It is a Tasteless Syrup, pleasant to take and does not disturb the stomach. Children take it and never know it is Quinine. Also especially adapted to adults who cannot take ordinary Quinine. Does not nauseate nor cause nervousness nor ringing in the head. Try it the next time you need Quinine for any purpose. Ask for 2-ounce original package. The name FEBRILINE is blown in bottle. 25 cents.

country at \$5.65, and such cattle are strong. High-bred Colorado twos sold at \$7.60 to \$7.75 to feeder buyers, and plain Colorados, 1,100 pounds, to killers at \$7.00 to \$7.15, good killers \$7.50.

Quarantine supplies are highly mixed, and lack quality, steers at \$5.25 to \$6.75.

Veal calves are scarce, and sell up to \$10.50. There is a good healthy trade in all classes, and an entire absence of anything that indicates a shaky market.

Hog receipts are 8,500 head, fifteen hundred above the estimate. The market is steady to order buyers, who took a good many hogs at \$8.15 to \$8.37½. Packers paid 5 to 10 cents lower prices for the remainder, \$7.75 to \$8.30, their droves averaging \$7.90 to \$8.00. Fresh pork demand is strong, which holds up order buying prices. This trade took 39 per cent of all hogs received last week, and keeps prices here higher than at competing markets. Packers continue to predict lower prices. Sheep receipts are 23,000 to-day, and the slight bloom accumulated

Thursday and Friday was brushed off. Good killing lambs sold at \$7.20 and \$7.25, middle grades around \$7.00, feeding lambs \$6.50 to \$7.00, fat ewes \$4.25 to \$5.00, breeding ewes \$4.50 to \$5.50. Chicago has 55,000 to-day, Omaha 33,000, which gave buyers a talking point, but sellers here had less to resist than at markets more heavily supplied. Large numbers of feeding lambs and a good many breeding ewes are going to the country.

J. A. RICKART, Market Correspondent.

WANTED—Two rooms for light housekeeping. Phone 72. —Adv. tf.

R. M. Ellerd and J. J. Barton, of Bartonsite, left to-day for Haskell County.

**A BARGAIN.**  
 Splendid home and 15 acres of land in two blocks Seth Ward College for sale or trade for cattle or horses. This property can be had very cheap. JNO. E. BROWN, Stanley, New Mex. —Adv. tf.

**"Put Your Duds In Our Suds"**

**And We'll Do The Rest**

**Telephone No. 125**

**Flag a White Wagon**

**Plainview Steam Laundry**  
 REX LINDSEY, Manager

**Pony Votes on Advertising**

Votes are issued from the Herald office on all money spent for advertising and job work.

Votes are given on all orders for printing, letterheads, visiting cards, circulars, etc.

**750 VOTES**

are given with every subscription to the Evening Herald, at \$1.50 per year. There is no other way you can get as many votes on \$1.50 as by getting your friends to take The Herald and give you the votes.

**Herald Publishing Co.**

**PONY VOTES GIVEN ON HERALD WANT ADS**

**You Needn't Get Frightened**

about high prices on account of the war, because the East Side Grocery is here to keep the prices down.

All cash, no delivery, small expense—that's our system, and the reason why.

Come and let us "show you."

**Geo. S. Fairris, Prop.**



**Excursion to Roswell, New Mexico**

Account STATE LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCTS EXPOSITION, to be held Oct. 19th to 24th. Round trip tickets on sale Oct. 18th to 23rd good for return limit Oct. 26th at Fare of \$10.10 Round Trip. For further information phone 224.

**R. F. Bayless, Agent**

**SHORT HUMAN INTEREST**  
**STORIES OF EUROPEAN WAR**  
By United Press.

**Men Hesitate to Fight in Country of Mutual Political and Industrial Faith.**

ANTWERP, Sept. 20.—(By Mail to New York.)—A contributor to the Antwerp Socialist paper "De Volksgazet" who is a soldier with the Belgian army in the field, writes the following remarkable story:

Last Thursday we succeeded in making 13 German Uhlans prisoners of war. I was one of those ordered to guard them and to escort them from the theater of battle. First we did not speak to our captured enemies. They, too, were little inclined to talk. As I could understand and speak German, I was allowed to address the commanders to the prisoners.

One, a smartly built fellow, not too big, but broad shouldered, of manly and proud bearing, began to whisper all sorts of questions to me. He asked me where we were, what would happen to them, and whether the Belgian population were infuriated against the Germans.

At first I did not enter into any parley with the talkative Uhlans. Before answering any of his questions, I asked him who he was, whence he came, and what had been his business in his own country. Imagine my amazement when he told me that he had been a paid official of a trade union in one of the largest towns in Prussia. Thus I stood face to face with a leading comrade in the labor movement.

It was now time for me to make myself known and to listen to him. I shall now repeat as faithfully as possible what my captured comrade told me.

**Party Opposed War.**

"Our party," he began, "was fully occupied with an enthusiastic agitation against war when we were being mobilized. Countless meetings, and even riotous demonstrations, were taking place throughout the length and breadth of the country. Day by day our press published violent articles against the war. In the last resort, 'Vorwaerts' even addressed an appeal to the Emperor to preserve the peace. It availed us nothing. The Junker clique was bent on war. I am fully convinced that it is the Kaiser and his satellites that are the chief culprits in the European war.

**Social Democrat Leader Killed.**

"We then had hastily to make all preparation to march to the frontier. Wherever we came our army was enthusiastically cheered by the overheated population. This caused, my colleagues to go into raptures, but it made me feel sad. In the towns we heard nothing but 'Hoops' for the Kaiser and cries of 'To Paris,' and 'To St. Petersburg.' Of our destination we had no knowledge. On arrival at Cologne our regiment was divided into two. We proceeded to Aix-la-Chapelle, where we remained for two days. I had a dread presentiment that we were going to march against the French. The report reached us there that Juarez had been murdered and

**Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's**

The Old Standard Grove's Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

**National Feeders and Breeders Show**

Fort Worth  
October 10th to 17th

State Fair of Texas  
Dallas

Oct. 17th to Nov. 1st  
EXCURSION RATES VIA



Very Low Rates on Certain Days  
See Ticket Agent for particulars or write

A. D. BELL, GEO. D. HUNTER  
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. Gen. Pass. Agt.  
DALLAS, TEXAS

that the revolution had broken out in Paris.

"With a feeling of great anguish I heard the news of Juarez' death. In secret I wept bitterly. We loved him dearly, our great Juarez. He was the darling of the German Social-Democrats. He was the man who had drawn closer and closer the bond of fraternity between the German and French workers. They did not leave me much time to ponder over the great loss of the international leader. We had to advance, and to my horror—over the Belgian frontier.

"When that came clear to me, I finally settled it in my mind: I would not fight! Not that I am afraid, or a coward. Had I been sent to Russia, I would have fought to my last breath against the paid soldiers of the Tsar. But now I was told to become a treacherous invader in a friendly country and to deal out murder among a brave and industrious people. In Belgium, where the seat of the seat of the Socialist International is, in the country where Marx and Engels, driven from all lands, found a haven of refuge, in the country of the pioneers of the general strike—no, never! I have kept my word, comrade. Now I am your prisoner of war; they may do with me what they will, but I can rest content in this."

When we parted we grasped each other's hand, and he said his most fervent wish was to see a speedy conclusion of the war, so that he might

set to work again with all his might in the organization of the working class.

**Capturing a Spy.**

LONDON, Oct. 5.—An amusing story of the capture of a spy near Namur (Belgium), told by a soldier to a Belgian angler, has been received by the "Fishing Gazette." Belgian soldiers in a wood near Namur saw a man fishing and taking no notice of patrols that passed. Questioned as to what sport he had had, the answer was, "The beggars won't bite."

From the basket on which he was sitting came the unusual sound of a "coo-coo," and another spy was caught. "My friend," says the correspondent, "stated that the pigeons were fairly tender."

LONDON, Sept. 24.—(By Mail to New York.)—Tommy Atkins wear pajamas? Well, not if he can help it. And he will help it unless he is sick or wounded, and in that case he doesn't care. Out on the firing line and in camp, though, when he sleeps, Tommy Atkins is going to use his shirt as a night garment. That's final, he avers.

Which is all in answer to a rumour that has been kicked up because the British Red Cross Society and Queen Mary's Needlework Guild have included such things as "pajamas" and "men's dressing gowns" in their requirements for the war. Tommy At-

kins sniffed disdainfully when told that he was going to get pajamas. More than that, he laughed scornfully. Wear pajamas? Not he, if he knew it! What did he want the bloody things for? Might be all right for the officers, he thought, but not for him.

Aroused by the criticism offered, officials of the Red Cross Society and Woman's Guild stated that the pajamas were ordered for hospital service, and not for the soldiers in the field. The pajamas, they said, could be worn by the wounded while they were confined in the hospital.

One soldier, who has seen service through several campaigns, smiled grimly when pajamas were mentioned to him.

"They may be all right," he said, "but give me a good warm shirt. It's shirts that men want, and socks. They want good socks, too, seamless ones, so that they can turn them inside out without chafing their feet."

"I was three weeks in South Africa

without a change of shirts. We left Bloemfontein one day and didn't get a change for three months. Officers and men were in the same boat, and we did the best we could, turning them inside out from time to time.

"I'll tell you one thing the Red Cross could do very handily. That is to provide some boracic acid in the soldiers' supplies. The men could use this in their socks on the march and it would heal a lot of sore feet."

**DO YOUR PIGS SQUEAL?**

**Kansas Marks You Down as a Shiftless Farmer, Then; Well-Fed Pigs Most Profitable.**

Bruce Howe, of Potato Hill Farm, says that where you pass a farm and hear squealing pigs, it is a sure sign of a shiftless farmer. He told the Look Out Club last night that pigs should be stuffed from the time they are born until marketed, to get best

results. A fell-fed pig grows faster than a hungry one, and pigs that are doing well will sleep instead of squealing.

In old days, pigs were roughed through during the growing period, and then well fed for two or three months before marketing. The result was that in old times hogs were sold when a year or a year and a half old. Now they are sold when eight or ten months old.—Atchison Globe.

**BLEASE 46 YEARS OLD.**

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 8.—Gov. Cole I. Blease, famous for his policy of emptying the penitentiary through pardons to prisoners, to-day celebrated his 46th birthday anniversary. He was recently defeated for the Democratic nomination for U. S. Senator.

SEVERAL ROOMS for rent to young ladies for light housekeeping. Phone 270. —Adv. 3t.

**DOESN'T THIS MAKE YOUR MOUTH WATER?**

Cranberries	East Texas Pumpkin	Fresh Peaches
Colorado Celery	Yams	Bananas
Fresh Snap Beans	Rhubarb	Oranges
Fresh Tomatoes	Concord Grapes	Lemons
Sweet Peppers	Tokay Grapes	Apples
Hot Peppers	Grape Fruit	

**Fresh Salt Mackerel**  
**Fresh Fish and Oysters Weekly**  
A Full Line of Staple and Fancy Groceries

**Boyd Grocery Co.**

Phone No. 205

Prompt Delivery

**Land For Sale**

NO. 1.—15½ sections in a solid body located in the "Shallow Water Belt" surrounding Plainview. This entire tract is all choice, level farm land, with water 40 to 50 feet of the surface. Partially improved; fenced and cross fenced into several pastures; about 1,500 acres in cultivation and divided into several farms. The improvements consist of about 20 miles fencing, about ten wells with windmills and five farm houses. This is one of the most desirable Irrigation or Stock-farming propositions to be found in all the Shallow Water district, and the price is attractive. Can sell in tracts of 320 acres and up.

NO. 2.—5½ sections in a solid body 12 miles County Seat and in the Shallow Water Belt. This tract will run 90 per cent best smooth farm land, with water 35 to 40 feet of the surface on the level. There will be about 200 acres natural alfalfa valley land, with water 10 to 15 feet of the surface; about three miles living water fed by springs that never fail. The entire tract is fenced and cross fenced. Two sets of improvements, with wells and windmills, farms, etc. This is a proposition that can't be equalled in all Texas for irrigation or stock farming purposes. Can sell in tracts of 320, 640 or 1,280 acres, and at prices that will prove a good investment.

NO. 3.—640 acres improved land 4 miles of Plainview. About 300 acres in cultivation; fair farm house, well and windmill, sheds. Well located and can be sold at a bargain.

NO. 4.—320 acres unimproved land 10 miles north of Plainview; adjoining the Syndicate land. 100 per cent tillable and perfect for irrigation. Nothing more desirable. Prices reasonable; terms easy.

NO. 5.—307 acres land 8 miles southeast Plainview; adjoining Syndicate land. All choice land; water about 35 feet of surface. Ideal for irrigation; fenced, and about 100 acres in cultivation. Desirable, and the price is low.

NO. 6.—160 acres 10 miles southeast Plainview; adjoining the Syndicate land. All tillable and smooth; water about 35 feet of surface; fenced, and about 80 acres in cultivation. Prices reasonable and terms easy—6 per cent.

NO. 8.—80 acres unimproved land about 3½ miles of Plainview on corner two public roads; well fenced; 100 per cent best tillable land. Water about 45 feet of surface. This is one of the most desirable small tracts of land around Plainview. Will sell as a whole or in 40-acre tracts.

We have many other lands for sale, too numerous to mention. Will be glad to send prices and terms of these and other land bargains and descriptive literature to any one interested.

**Red Woven Pickets**

**JUST RECEIVED**  
**LARGE STOCK OF**  
**3 FT., 4 AND 5 FT.**  
**PICKETS, SUIT-**  
**ABLE FOR CRIBS,**  
**FOR MAIZE AND**  
**KAFFIR HEADS**

AT

**Fulton Lumber Co.**



The Sign of Service

**WE WANT YOU**

To open an account with us, whether you have a large or small amount to deposit. We want to show you what the Sign of Service really stands for.

WE PAY INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS

**Third National Bank**  
**OF PLAINVIEW**  
Capital and Surplus \$120,000.00  
A GOOD BANK TO BANK WITH

J. H. SLATON, President W. C. MATHES, Vice President  
GUY JACOB, Cashier

**The First National Bank**  
Plainview, Texas

CAPITAL STOCK ..... \$100,000.00  
SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS ..... 100,000.00

**SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT**  
Your business solicited, appreciated and protected.

**Attention, Cream Producers!!**

We are in the market for an unlimited amount of cream. Tests, weights and prices guaranteed. We want a live cream buyer in every town.

**Peerless Creamery**

D. M. MEBANE, Manager, Weatherford, Texas

**Otus Reeves Realty Co.**  
Plainview, Texas

# THE PLAINVIEW EVENING HERALD

THREE TIMES A WEEK

Published Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by—  
THE HERALD PUBLISHING COMPANY  
Corner North Pacific and Second Sts.

HERBERT S. HILBURN, Editor. E. B. MILLER, Business Manager.

Entered as second class mail matter July 1, 1914, at the Post Office at Plainview, Texas, under the act of March 3, 1879

\$1.50 a Year, 75c, 6 Months. Advertising Rates on Application.

## CO-OPERATION MEETING AN EMERGENCY.

The entire Nation has co-operated in a commendable manner to save the South financial embarrassment with its distress cotton. The Federal Government, though censured in some quarters in the South, has aided in the fullest possible extent. Manufacturers in the northern portion of the country have been liberal in purchasing, through their representatives, distress cotton at a price above local markets. Individuals in the cotton-growing district have aided in the "buy-a-bale movement."

Even this co-operation will not be able to save the situation entirely; for the amount of cotton bought will not equal the amount that has been bought in recent years by the European markets. The purchase price does not represent a balance in trade. However, other raw materials and manufactured articles which Europe demands in war time should more than maintain the balance of trade, and draw gold into the United States.

There is no question but that co-operation has relieved the distress cotton situation. All of the leading department stores in the cities have been pushing cotton goods through advertisements, in response to a request of the president of the National Federation of Women's Clubs. A substantial diminution of the supply of cotton goods is the result. At Abilene, Texas, the wholesale grocers are demanding the sugar be shipped in cotton sacks. The Postmaster General has announced that wherever practicable cotton twine will be used in the postal service instead of jute twine.

The "buy-a-bale movement," and the buy-cotton-goods campaign, indeed have relieved the distress cotton of the South. By co-operation it has been shown that the United States can independently care for her commercial interests in meeting emergency situations.

## THE UNITED CHARITIES OF PLAINVIEW.

The advantage of united charities for a long time has been recognized in the centers where there is a large call for help. With an executive committee who have time to investigate each case applying for aid, there is slight probability that funds will be misused. One investigation is sufficient to determine whether a person is worthy of aid from sources of charity. The individual man has not time to make an investigation of each case that applies to him for aid. If he gives without investigation he is very likely to throw away his funds, by giving to one who does not deserve. If he refuses all, there are just as many chances that he will refuse one who is deserving. If there is a united charities association he can refer those seeking aid to it, and an investigation will be made and the committee on distribution determine what should be given, in case the person should be helped.

The funds for the charity organization should include the amount that each one wishes to set aside for general charity work.

If you are interested in charity, call up the president or one of the committee members of the Benevolent League and see what they are doing and what help they need.

### TO AUTUMN.

Season of mists and yellow fruitfulness!

Close-bosom friend of the maturing sun;  
Conspiring with him how to load and bless  
With fruit the vines that round the thatch-eaves run;  
To bend with apples the mossed cottage-trees,  
And fill all fruit with ripeness to the core;  
To swell the gourd, and plump the hazel shells  
With a sweet kernel; to set budding more,  
And still more, later flowers for the bees,  
Until they think warm days will never cease,  
For Summer has o'er-brimm'd their clammy cells.

Who hath not seen thee oft amid thy store?  
Sometimes whoever seeks abroad may find  
The sitting carelessly on a granary floor,  
Thy hair soft lifted by the winnowing wind;  
Or on a half-reaped furrow sound asleep,  
Drowsed with the fume of poppies, while thy hook  
Spares the next swath and all its twined flowers;  
And sometimes like a gleaner thou dost keep  
Steady thy laden head across a brook;  
Or by a cider-press, with patient look,  
Thou watchest the last ooings, hours by hours.

Where are the songs of Spring? Ay, where are they?  
Think not of them; thou hast thy music too,  
While barred clouds bloom the soft-dying day,  
And touch the stubble-plains with rosy hue;  
Then in a wailful choir the small gnats mourn  
Among the river shallows, borne aloft  
Or sinking as the light wind lives or dies;  
And full-grown lambs loud bleat from hilly bourn;  
Hedge crickets sing; and now with treble soft  
The red-breast whistles from a garden-croft,  
And gathering swallows twitter in the skies.

—John Keats (1795-1821).

### SILVERTON

Broom corn is an excellent crop for this country as is demonstrated by Bert Northcutt who handed in several stalks, none of which were less than 36 inches in length, and which received first prize at the Hale county fair. He has six acres of this broom corn that is equally as good.

Miss Jo Haynes returned Tuesday from Plainview, Hale Center and other points. Miss Jo is jubilant over having received first prize on needle work at the Hale county fair.

Dr. E. O. Nichols, of the Guyton-Nichols sanitarium at Plainview was in Silverton on professional business Tuesday.

Mrs. Beulah Hancock of Plainview spent several days in Silverton on business this week.

Miss Stella Odum, who has recently accepted a position with the Plainview sanitarium, was among the visitors in this city Tuesday.—Silverton Star.

J. E. Pepper got in a bunch of eight prospectors from Wisconsin to-day.

### TULIA

Earle C. Keck, the hustling local agent for the Santa Fe, left Sunday for an extended vacation. He will first visit at his former home in Plainview, then to Galveston and other cities east.—Tulia Herald.

Mrs. George Reid received 17 prizes on her canned fruits and vegetables at the Hale county fair last week instead of nine as was stated in the Enterprise. Among the premiums were, \$8 in cash, a handpainted water pitcher, silver souvenir spoons, etc.—Tulia Enterprise.

### REHEARING WOMAN SUFFRAGE TEST CASES DENIED.

By United Press.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 8.—The Illinois Supreme Court has denied the petitions for a rehearing of the test cases involving the constitutionality of woman suffrage. In 1913 Illinois women were extended all the rights the State Legislature had power to bestow, namely for all offices not created by the State Constitution.

## WIRE COILS TO ENTANGLE SHELLS.



The Germans took thousands of coils of wire with them into France from Hamburg. The coils catch and smother shells from artillery aimed at the trenches in which the infantry hides. A dispatch to-day from Philadelphia states that the French government has ordered five hundred thousand reels of barbed wire to be used in fences and snares to impede the German Uhlans. Barbed wire is the best defense against cavalry invasions.

### AT THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.

Rev. W. F. Ledlow will preach at the Church of Christ next Sunday at 11 a. m. and at 7:45 p. m. Brother Ledlow is a very able preacher and is highly educated. He graduated at Polytechnic College with the highest honors and also at the State University, where he took his master's degree. He is a pleasant speaker and a man of extraordinary ability. His subject for Sunday night will be "The Divinity of the Bible."

You are cordially invited to attend these services.

Brother Ledlow will preach here on the second and fourth Sundays of each month. CHURCH REPORTER.

### CONFERENCE OF EDUCATION URGES "SCHOOL HOUSE DAY."

Suggests Program to Be Used on School House Day and on Education Day, Too.

Special to The Herald.

AUSTIN, Texas, Oct. 8.—The Conference of Education urges the observance of "School House Day," October 16, at every school house, and suggests the following program:

1. Learn the alphabet of "School House Day" and make the premises:
    - A. Attractive—Clean up.
    - B. Better—Maps, blackboards and desks.
    - C. Comfortable—Steps, doors, windows and stove.
    - D. Decent—Two Out-houses.
  2. Have an address or talk by someone on the school house as a social center, etc.
  3. Select delegates to attend the rally on "Education Day," October 24, at the county seat.
  4. Take some steps to form some sort of organization ("School Improvement Association," or "Parent-Teacher Association," or "Home and School League") to be affiliated with some permanent organization of the State.
  5. Have some social features—music, or picnic, or recitations.
- For "Education Day," October 24, at every county seat, the following program is suggested:
  1. Have an address on some school subject.
  2. Discuss Program of Conference.
  3. Select Delegates to "Annual Session of Conference."
  4. Discuss other kindred subjects as desired.

### AUTOMOBILE HAS DOBBIN ON THE RUN.

By United Press.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Oct. 8.—The automobile dealt poor old Dobbin a terrible blow during the last year in the State of Washington, according to county assessors' returns to the Secretary of State.

While the machines increased 50 per cent in number, the number of horses decreased 1,000. There are now 15,000 automobiles in the State and 256,876 horses.

## Today's Markets

STOCK YARDS, FORT WORTH, Texas, Oct. 8.—CATTLE—Receipts, 6,000, including 800 calves. The market is steady.

HOGS—Receipts, 4,000. Market is bidding 10 to 15 cents lower. Top, \$7.85; bulk, \$7.50 to \$7.55; light, \$7.30 to \$7.70; mixed, \$7.55 to \$7.75; heavy, \$7.65 to \$7.85; pigs, \$6.00 to \$6.50.

SHEEP—Receipts, 800. The market is steady. Daggett-Keen Com. Co.

Don't forget the Hallow'en Entertainment by the Presbyterian Ladies.—Adv. tf.

### TO MAKE A HOME.

To make a home you need not build  
An edifice of stately size,  
With tapestries and treasures filled  
And turrets reaching to the skies;  
The jeweled window, gilded dome—  
It is not these that make a home.

To make a home you need not wait  
Till fortune fills your lap with gold;  
A simple cot, an open gate,  
May more of cheer and comfort hold  
Than all a Caesar's castled Rome—  
For love, not splendor, makes a home.

To make a home, take some content,  
A little saving year by year,  
Some homely-fashioned ornament,  
A keepsake christened with a tear,  
A voice to greet you in the gloam—  
Such little matters make a home.

To make a home, take simple things—  
A pleasant fire, an ample chair,  
A picture that to memory clings,  
A quiet beauty ev'ry where—  
To other towns you need not roam  
To buy the things to make a home.  
—Douglas Malloch.

## DOOLIN LOSES FIGHT WAGED AGAINST FATE.

Sorel-Topped Philly Manager Picks Best Players, Say Critics, but Fate's Against Him

By HAL SHERIDAN.

(Written for the United Press.)  
NEW YORK CITY, Oct. 8.—With the amazing record-breaking rush of the Boston Braves to the top of the National League after being a poor last the first of July, taking up all spotlights in this world of sport, some other mighty interesting features in connection with the annual baseball marathons have been overlooked.

One of these features—and one that deserves far more than ordinary mention is the work of Grover Cleveland Alexander, that pitching phenom who wiggles for the greatest hard luck club in the world—the Phillies. This year Alexander has been breezing along at the fastest clip of any pitcher in the National League loop, literally standing the batters in that organization on their heads.

Alexander, with a patched-up, very ordinary club behind him, has piled up the best pitching percentage in the league. His work has been marvelous, considering the support accorded him. He has been the one and only consistent winner for the Phillies. He has worked too, worked like a Trojan all year. Doolin, determined to keep

# The Rich-Lier Store

## ONCE A SEASON SPECIAL SALE

on Toilet Preparations, Peroxide, Soap, etc.

Saturday and Monday,  
Oct. 10th and 12th

4 ounce Peroxide, 12 bottles for \$ .15  
8 ounce Peroxide, per bottle .10  
16 ounce Peroxide, per bottle .15  
Household Ammonia per quart .15  
10c Size Bees Wax .05  
PALMOLIVE SOAP, 3 for .25  
Colgate's and Mennen's Talcums .15  
Babcock's Corylopsis Talcum .15  
Hinds Honey and Almond Cream .20  
Blue Seal Vaseline .05

Other Preparations at reduced prices for two days only. Every item guaranteed to be best quality.

We do not pay delivery charges on these goods at Special Prices unless sent out with other goods.

## Richards Bros. & Collies

102 N. Pacific St.

107 W. Main St.

his warriors out of the cellar, called on Alexander often and the big twirler responded with a victory almost every time.

Which causes us to pause and think what might have happened. Just suppose, for instance, that Tom Seaton hadn't jumped to the Brooklyn Federals. Seaton, with his class, would have added at least twelve more wins to the Philadelphia club's standing. And those same victories, marking off a like number of defeats, would have put the Phillies out in front of the Braves, where they could not have been headed.

Another thing that figures strong in the slump of the Phillies this year was the absence of Shortstop Mickey Doolan. He, too, fell for the big salary inducements held out by the Fed.

Baltimore got him. Doolin was in sore straits to plug the gap left by Doolan's departure. For the first three months of the season he kept trying out different ones there, and in the meantime the ones getting the trials kicked many a game away from him. These same games would have been won, in all likelihood, if Doolan had been in the line-up.

Reports now have it that Doolin is to be deposited this winter as manager of the Phillies. The rumor has floated often before. This time it really seems to be founded on fact.

Well, maybe Doolin hasn't made good. He hasn't if you simply look at the percentage table, showing where the Phillies finished, but if you've followed the career of the red-headed scrapping leader you know that he hasn't fallen down on the job through lack of ability.

Doolin takes the prize for being the most unlucky cuss that ever attempted to drive a ball club to victory. He knows baseball, knows it like a book. He knows how to play it and knows also how to teach others to play it. He can handle men so that he can get the most out of them. But when it comes to wrestling with Fate and putting that old joy-killer's shoulders to the mat, the sorrel-topped one isn't there. He admits that is out of his line.

And Fate has sure landed some terrific whallops on the fighting jaw of Doolin. In fact, this Fate person seems

to have taken a supreme delight in enough every season to keep out of the just scattering its punishment along so that it could hand the road-head running.

Ever since he has been at Philadelphia, Doolin has had a pennant-winning aggregation—in the spring. The critics are all unanimous in the spring in the verdict that on straight form Doolin's club should make a parade out of the pennant derby, with themselves so far out in front that there wouldn't be anything to it. And, just as regular, before the season was very old Old Man Fate would come along and soak Doolin in the jaw for the count of ten.

First Fate put over the wallop in the shape of injuries to players. He would see that just enough of Doolin's stars got hurt to seriously cripple the team. When they would recover, he would see that others jammed up, keeping the regular team shot to pieces all the time. Then next Fate showed himself by getting Doolin's star outfielder, Shortstop Magee, to slam an umpire, with the result that the outfielder was out of the line-up for some time. And his absence hurt.

Fate's latest turn was to lure Doolin's stars away via the Federal League. Doolin might as well give up until he finds some means of handing this Fate person a knock-out wallop. He is a loser on fall, as it stands.

### FOUR THOUSAND FANS IN LINE FOR WORLD SERIES TICKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Oct. 8.—Four thousand fans were in line when the World's Series ticket sale opened, at nine o'clock this morning. People lined all night, despite the rain. Fifteen women bought tickets.

### WOULD PUT SODA FOUNTAINS IN SALOONS TO OUST BOOZE.

By United Press.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 8.—The suggestion was seriously made at the Pennsylvania Ice Cream Manufacturers' Association convention that soda fountains be installed in all first-class saloons. It was declared that John Harleycorn could be defeated by sodas.

## WOUNDED BRITISH SOLDIERS IN FRANCE

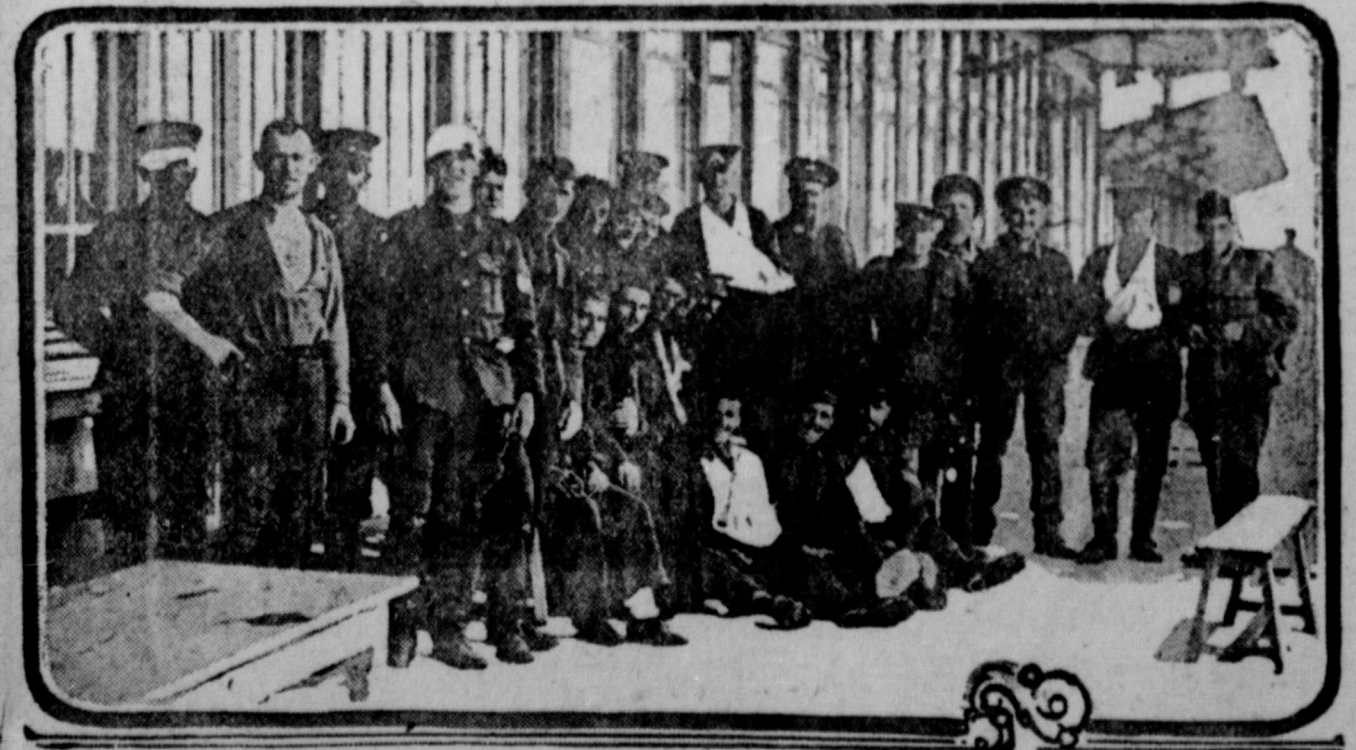


Photo by American Press Association.



# REINKEN'S

headquarters for the males of the human family in this vicinity. Why? Because

**REINKEN'S** sells Hirsh-Wickwire and Kirschbaum clothing for LESS and they are the BEST in the market. Suits \$15.00 up.

**REINKEN'S** sells Walk Over and H. B. Shoes--the best and nobbiest shoes in Plainview.



**REINKEN'S** sells Wilson Bros. Underwear with the famous Cooper Closed Crotch; and the best "long staple" two-piece cotton underwear in the market.

**REINKEN'S** sells Jack Rabbit Work Clothes--the BEST and LOWEST PRICED work clothes you can buy.



**REINKEN** wants your business. Come in and see him.

# Reinken's

PLAINVIEW, TEXAS

## TWO FOREIGN LEGIONS ORGANIZED FOR ALLIES

Veterans of Boer War, Aviators, and Australian Bushmen Join Legions Formed in London

By United Press.  
LONDON, Sept. 24.—(By Mail to New York.)—Two foreign Legions are being formed in London which probably will increase the fighting forces of the Allies by 5,000. One of them, headed by Chevalier Luigi Ricci, and numbering among its members many princes, it is expected will total 3,000 men. The other, which is expected to be 2,000 strong, is being organized by Captain Webber, a veteran of many wars.

"We have already enrolled 1,250 men," Chevalier Ricci said to-day, "and in a letter to the King we offered 3,000 men, a number which we shall easily reach by the end of the week."

"Lord Stamfordham has acknowledged the letter, and states that the tax like that on gasoline," said Underwood. "I'm sure I would not."

"But," his friend retorted, "you drive an electric car." The Alabama statesman, who drove, in fact, an electric runabout, joined in the laugh which followed.

Secretary of State Bryan has placed a ban on grape juice, the drink he helped make famous. Finding grape juice at his plate at all functions to which he has been invited, and grape juice in cases, the gift of admiring friends, piling up in his cellar, and making its way almost daily to his table, the Secretary's stomach finally rebelled.

This, his friends say, explains why "Villa Sorrento limeade," made from fruit picked from the Secretary's summer home in Florida, was dedicated at the diplomatic luncheon he gave the other day as the new Bryan soft drink.

But the Secretary is not looking for contributions of limeade. His grape juice experience demonstrated to his satisfaction that, whatever may be its effect in other kinds of drinks, a certain mixing of soft drinks is demanded.

King has forwarded our offer to the War Department. I hope that in a fortnight's time the King's Foreign Legion will be fighting for England and her Allies in Belgium.

"At a meeting of the officers of the Legion to-day the command of the Legion was offered to me, but, on account of my age—I was fighting with Garibaldi in 1866—I have refused the offer. I shall remain the honorary colonel, be in command of the home depot and feed the Legion at war with more men.

"We have asked the war office to appoint an English officer in command of the Legion. The Legion is composed of all nationalities except Germans, Austrians and Turks, who under no condition whatever will be allowed to join.

"Several Australian Bushmen and Canadian frontiersmen who served in the Boer War have joined our ranks, and we have enrolled two aviators, E. Bosizio and Gustave Manin. They both have machines. We also have had a large number of motor cars offered us.

"A meeting of the officers of the Legion will be held soon to arrange for a drilling depot."

Captain Stannard Rogers, who fought in the Boer War, has been appointed adjutant of the Legion pro tem, and the names already enrolled include Prince Alexander Tschagadaeff, a Russian officer; Prince L. Ourousoff, formerly a captain in the royal bodyguard of the Czar; Count Anthony de Berch, a Russian officer; Count de Radionne, formerly in the Italian navy; Count de Montanba, a Portuguese; Captain Granville Baker, who fought in the Boer War; Colonel Vere Wright and Captain Gelese, Garibaldi veterans; Lieutenant F. Buberi, formerly in the English cavalry; Lieutenant A. T. Barberini, formerly in the Italian navy; Captain Text Voudt, of the Dutch army, and Captain Copinger Mahooney, late of the Munster Fusiliers.

YOUNG MAN of 20 years, attending college, wants place with family to do the chores for his board. —Adv. 1t.

### COLPORTEUR HERE.

J. C. Harris, Colporteur for the American Bible Society, will be here to supply the people with Bibles at cost. Located on square. Adv. 2t.

Remember the Hallowe'en Entertainment by the Presbyterian Ladies. —Adv. 1t.

### PLAINVIEW COMPLIMENTED BY OFFICER OF THE PEACE.

The report of the city nightwatchman to the Council is indicative of the peaceable, law-abiding spirit of Plainview citizens. Even during the Fair, when the town was full of visitors, there was nothing objectionable, except one case of drunkenness, which the officers handled with dispatch. Mr. Haynes' report follows:

"To the Honorable Mayor and City Council—

"Gentlemen: "Since last report I have found Bra-shears' store open several times, door to Hale County Abstract office once, Warren & Scudder's back door open once, Willis Drug Co.'s window and Reinken's window open, and sample room open several times while goods were in there.

"I arrested two boys for fighting, and let them go on promise to appear at City Court next morning, and by sanction of Mayor Dorsett.

"I have been of material assistance to the county officers in trying to stop the whiskey traffic. I got one case of soliciting, one card game, and put Mr. Hooper wise as to who to get to find out about the booze in the Plainview Hotel, and got a case of selling whiskey.

"During the County Fair we all worked hard to try to make a good reputation for the town. I have every reason to believe that we had at least one crook in our midst, but he was so closely watched by both city and county officers he, or they, were afraid to try anything. Only one drunk, no fights, and no accidents! And the news has been spread abroad that Plainview is the best town in Texas in that respect, and I think we all ought to be proud of it.

"Respectfully,  
"W. H. HAYNES,  
"Night Watchman."

### CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to express our heart-felt thanks to the friends and neighbors who so kindly extended their help and sympathy through the illness and death of our husband, father and grandfather, and for the many beautiful floral offerings sent in for the funeral.

MRS. J. D. SMITH,  
R. Q. SMITH,  
MRS. A. L. WILLIAMS,  
MISS LENA WILLIAMS,  
MISS ETHEL WILLIAMS.

## BRIDGE AT DINANT, FRANCE, DYNAMITED.

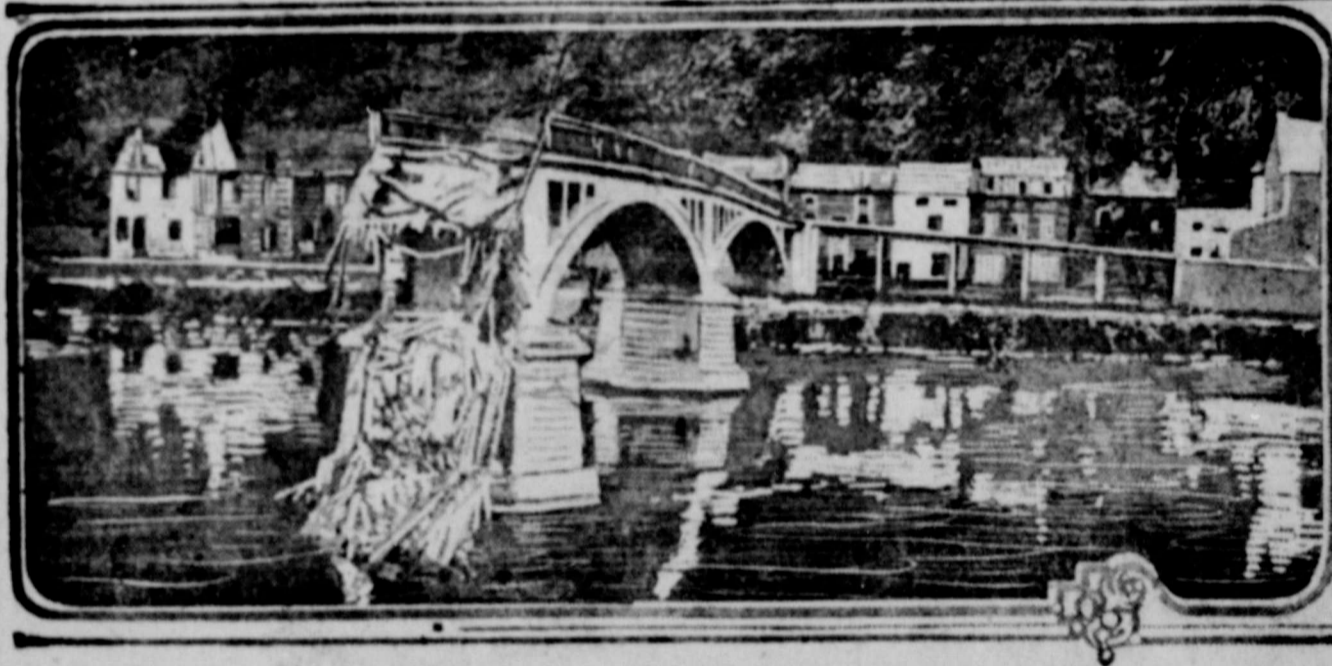


Photo by American Press Association.

### SENATOR OWENS WOULD SHORTEN SENATE DEBATE

Length of Debate Two Days After Motion to Introduce New Bill Is Plan

### CONGRESS TILL DECEMBER

Desire to Avoid a Repetition of Filibuster Like "Pitchfork Ben" Tillman's

By BURTON K. STANDISH.

(Written for the United Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 7.—After the end of the next session of Congress, if the predictions of Senator Owens, of Oklahoma are accurate, there will be no more tiresome, unending debates in the United States Senate. It will be possible, if the plan of the Oklahoma Senator is carried out, to make a motion at any time in the consideration of any bill to bring debate to a close within two days, half the time remaining after the motion is carried to be assigned to each side of the argument.

For obvious reasons no fight is being made at this session to put

through any such "radical" rule. A number of the older Senators are desperately opposed to any change, and would filibuster against it.

Under the present rules, if enough of them got together and continued to talk, it would be impossible for a vote ever to be reached, so that plenty of time would be lost to put through this time-saving rule. But time is just what there is a scarcity of at this session of Congress, which has already dragged along to almost record-breaking time length, and threatens to continue up until December, when the next regular session begins.

A striking example of what one Senator is able to do in the way of obstructing legislation was shown at this session in the action of Senator Burton, of Ohio, in opposing passage of the rivers and harbors "poik barrel" bill. Under the present rules a Senator may discuss a bill for a year continuously, if he is physically able to do so, nor is he confined to the subject under discussion.

They still tell the story of how "Pitchfork Ben" Tillman on one occasion, while filibustering against some measure to which he particularly objected, quoted a word in a peculiar sense. His use of the word was questioned, whereupon he had a dictionary brought in, and to prove that the definition of the words and definitions in that dictionary was to be accepted, read page after page of words and definitions to prove that the dictionary he quoted was an authority which could be accepted.

The principal defense of the present system is that no filibustering could succeed which did not have a tremendous popular sentiment behind it. It is pointed out that if Senator Burton did not have strong support to prevent the passage of the rivers and harbors bill, he would not have been able to resist the outcry which might have been aroused by the terrific waste of time for which he is responsible. It is pointed out that Senator Gorman, of Maryland, was cherished until he died (except on one or two occasions) by the people of that State because of his famous filibuster which prevented the passage of the Force bill. Senator Owens himself, who is leading the fight for cloture in the Senate, was recently taxed by Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, with having filibustered against the bill admitting Arizona and New Mexico as one State. He retorted that he was proud of his action on that occasion, and, as long as the rules permitted, he would not hesitate to take advantage of another opportunity to kill a piece of legislation he considered bad.

Here's "one" they're telling on Democratic Leader Oscar Underwood:

When debate was raging over whether gasoline should be taxed two cents a gallon in the "war tax" bill, Underwood was at the White House. A friend—an automobilist—butt-holed Underwood to protest against the proposed "gas" tax.

"You shouldn't mind paying a small

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Channel Cat Fish per pound . . . . .	20c
Fresh Mackerel per pound . . . . .	20c
Berwick Bay Oysters per dozen . . . . .	15c
Sweet Yams, 9 pounds for . . . . .	25c
Irish Potatoes, 9 pounds for . . . . .	25c
Fresh Green Cabbage per pound . . . . .	3 1-2c
New Turnips per pound . . . . .	3c
Fancy Colorado Celery . . . . .	12 1-2c
Fancy Lake Concho Cranberries per qt. . . . .	12 1-2c
Choice Maiden Blush Apples per dozen . . . . .	12 1-2c
California Tokay Grapes per lb. . . . .	12 1-2c
California Pears per dozen . . . . .	25c

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TELEPHONE NUMBER 17

**CROPS FROM FALLOWED LAND.**

**Texas Experiments Show No Benefit From the Practice With Corn and Cotton.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 8.—Significant experiments in the practice of fallowing land have recently been conducted by the U. S. Department of Agriculture at San Antonio, Texas. These experiments, in the opinion of the scientists in charge, demonstrate that the practice under such conditions as prevail throughout a large part of Texas is not advisable. In no case did the investigators obtain larger crops of corn or cotton from biennially cropped land than from annually cropped land. On the other hand, biennially cropped winter oats did show a slight increase. This increase, however, is probably not sufficient to offset certain other economic disadvantages inseparable to fallowed land. While the experiments were confined to one locality, it is believed that they throw valuable light upon the whole question of fallowing for the purpose

of storing in the soil an additional supply of moisture.

The practice of fallowing varies widely in different regions. At San Antonio the fallowing period varied from 16 to 19 months, according to a widespread belief, land cultivated for this period but bearing no crop, would retain so much moisture that any crop raised on it the following year would benefit materially. Some persons have even gone so far as to assert that the quantity of moisture would be practically double that in land cropped annually. If this theory could be substantiated its importance to semi-arid regions is obvious. Unfortunately the results of the recent experiments, which are contained in Department Bulletin 151 of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, entitled "Experiments in Crop Production on Fallow Land at San Antonio, Texas," do not bear out this contention.

The experiments dealt with three crops, corn, cotton and oats, and covered three years, 1911, 1912 and 1913. Some of the most important results are shown in the following table:

**Crop Yields from Plots Cropped Biennially, as Compared With Plots Cropped Annually and With All Plots Used for These Crops in the Rotation Experiments.**

YEAR AND CROP—	Biennial Cropping.		
	Actual.	Percentage annual cropping.	Annual cropping.
—1911.—			
Corn ..... bushels	3.2	59.2	5.4
Cotton ..... pounds	318.0	71.3	446.0
Oats ..... bushels	10.1	160.5	6.3
—1912.—			
Corn ..... bushels	24.7	92.9	26.6
Cotton ..... pounds	448.0	94.6	474.0
Oats ..... bushels	37.0	181.5	20.4
—1913.—			
Corn ..... bushels	30.7	92.8	33.1
Cotton ..... pounds	350.0	53.9	508.0
Oats ..... bushels	38.0	369.0	10.3
—Average, 1911-1913.—			
Corn ..... bushels	19.5	89.9	21.7
Cotton ..... pounds	372.0	78.2	476.0
Oats ..... bushels	28.4	231.0	12.3

The study of this table reveals the surprising fact that for corn and cotton, instead of increasing the annual yield, fallowing the land actually diminished it. While no explanation is offered for this totally unexpected result, the facts speak for themselves. In the case of winter oats, the biennial crop shows a very appreciable increase, but it is still doubtful whether this increase means real profit. Fallow land is not only unproductive, but its cultivation actually costs very nearly as much as does the production of a crop.

Together with other practical experiments in raising actual crops, the investigators carried on a series of measurements designed to determine the comparative moisture content of annually and biennially cropped land. These measurements showed that there was only a slight difference in the moisture content at planting and harvest times, whether the land had been fallow for a long or only a short period. Fallow land shows a somewhat higher moisture content in the plants at planting time for oats, but

otherwise the variations were negligible.

Summing the whole matter up, the investigators state that the results of these experiments indicate that biennial cropping, at least for corn, cotton and oats, is not to be recommended for the San Antonio region.

In considering the application of these experiments to other sections of the country, it must be borne in mind, however, that climatic conditions at San Antonio are quite different from those prevailing in the dry-farming regions farther north. The mean annual rainfall at San Antonio is reported as 26.83 inches. This would seem to make crop production fairly certain; but the rainfall is so unequally distributed and long droughts so common that the beneficial effects of this rainfall are much diminished. On the other hand, the winters are mild, the thermometer seldom going below 15 degrees Fahrenheit, and plant life can grow practically throughout the year. When supplied with sufficient moisture the soil produces abundant crops.

**SOMETHING OTHER THAN COTTON FOR A CASH CROP.**

A war, world-wide in its effects, brings to the people of the Cotton States the question of readjustment. Until this year we supplied the world with cotton, bartering our great staple for even the necessities of life. Now we find ourselves unable to buy with our cotton because the European cataclysm has deprived us of a market for it. Many times the truth has been printed and spoken that any system

of farming that does not provide the farmer's living in products of the farm is unsafe.

It seems, therefore, that we must get back to the beginning with our farming. Each farmer's planting for next year must first of all provide for the home-grown living, enough food for the family and feed for the livestock. The farmer must raise his own meat. He must plan ahead far enough to raise everything he eats with enough left over of things that he can sell to pay for the tea and coffee

and clothes. After this comes the question of cash crops.

We cannot now use cotton as our cash crop. There is enough cotton in the world now to last two years, with the most of the spindles of Europe idle. We can raise cotton, but we cannot sell it. Therefore, we must raise something else.

The change from cotton will not be easy. Texas grew cotton last year on almost half of her cultivated land, and this cotton with the seed, was about 61 per cent of the value of the field crops, amounting to some \$295,000,000. This is a tremendous task, involving not only new problems for the farmer, but making necessary a complete readjustment of business and finance in the State.

If disaster is to be avoided, then the most profitable cropping systems for the several sections of the State must be worked out immediately and the campaign begun at once—not only among the farmers, but among the bankers, business men, landlords, and all those who advance money or credit on the crop before it is produced. Everybody concerned must thoroughly understand in advance what to do and why, so there will be no wavering when the next season comes around, resulting in going back to cotton. What we grow in the place of cotton may not bring us as much as the cotton did, but it must be made to bring us more than what it would at the reduced price it will sell for next year if we grow it. And it is possible to make these other crops, with war prices, bring as much as the cotton with peace prices.

For instance, the cash crop—that is, the crop other than the home-grown living—might well consist of wheat in sections best adapted to wheat growing; of corn where it will grow best; of the grain sorghums where they will grow best; and so on. And live stock should be grown wherever possible.

**A Reason for Live Stock.**

Cotton, of all our crops, costs the least to haul from the farm to the market—12-5 per cent of its value, according to Government figures. Corn, the field crop second in importance, costs 12-4-5 per cent, or about \$16,000,000 last year if it had all been hauled to town from the farms. The other field crops range all the way from 9-3-5 per cent for wheat to 26 per cent for hay. The haulage charge on hogs was only 2-4-5 per cent of their value, and for dairy products

and other live stock products it was largely incidental. This shows the importance of marketing our field crops, where possible, on the hoof.

These things will have to be remembered:

Cotton will, in all human probability, be low in price next year, with no decrease in the producing cost. Crops that are eaten—and live stock—will be very high. The cost of production of the food—and feedstuffs—will be no higher than usual, and that of the livestock will depend absolutely on the amount of foodstuffs we can grow per acre.

If the farmers of Texas can take to heart Colonel Exall's lessons—more vitally important now in our crisis than ever before—and plow deep this fall, plant cover crops for grazing in the winter and humus in the spring, select their seed with care, use barnyard manure and other fertilizers, cultivate with the soil mulch, and stay everlastingly on the job, they can produce corn and grain sorghums as cheaply as corn is produced in the Corn Belt, and thus either sell their crops at greater profit or convert them into beef and pork as against the Corn Belt States.

**DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION OPENS.**

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 8.—The Democratic State Convention of Rhode Island opened here to-day. A full attendance of delegates was certain before the sessions opened.

One of the most important features before the convention was the suffragist question. Prominent Rhode Island suffragettes had made an appeal to members of the State Central Committee, getting their promise to put the question of endorsing woman suffrage up to the State Convention.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 + H W A N T D +  
 + E A L +  
 + R A D S L +  
 + A L B R I N G E R +  
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 + T R Y T R Y T R Y +  
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Ladies' Hosiery 15c a pair-- 2 pairs for 25c.

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## RUINS OF TERMONDE, BELGIUM.



Photo copyright, 1914, by American Press Association.  
This general view of the city was made from a height and gives a birdseye view of the destruction wrought by German shells.

### "REASONS BEHIND THE WAR."

Germany Say the Psychological Moment, Says Professor Usher.

The Author of "Pan-Germanism" Asserts That the Kaiser and His Advisers Took Advantage of a Long-Sought Opportunity.

"Properly speaking, therefore, the true causes of the declaration of war upon Serbia by Austria lie less in the domestic relations of the two countries than in the general European situation in the fourth week of July, 1914."

That is the concluding sentence in an article, "The Reasons Behind the War," contributed to the October Atlantic Monthly by Prof. Roland G. Usher, author of the notable recent book, "Pan-Germanism." So many have given the reasons for the war from their own particular point of view or of interest, that a new interpretation of causes has to be fairly authoritative or distinctive to justify popular interest in it. Professor Usher speaks with the authority of a very thorough study of international affairs and especially of European affairs.

"The crippling of Serbia was, from the point of view of Austrian domestic politics, long decided upon," writes Professor Usher. "From the point of view of the interests of the Triple Alliance as a whole, it was highly desirable, and, if successful, would allow them to dominate the Balkans; but it was a movement of such a character, involving so great a change in the balance of power in Europe and affecting so gravely the interests of other nations, that it could not be undertaken, except at a time when the situation made the Triple Alliance willing to accept the issue of a general conflagration should the Triple Entente be also willing to undertake it."

The author seeks to make it clear that "if they (the Triple Alliance) were to fight at all, they must fight now. Next summer might be too late."

Now the actual offensive force of their rivals was proportionately less than it might be again for ten years, and their difficulties at home were collectively and individually greater than any of the three has seen for a generation."

There is reviewed swiftly the causes that made the moment disadvantageous to the nations opposed to Austria and Germany: In England the Ulster incident, the unrest in India and among other colonials, the financial troubles at home growing out of "the social legislation of funds." In France, the sensational disclosures of the bad condition of the army and other at least momentary weaknesses. In Russia, the lingering financial and other effects of the Japanese War. In the Balkans, the exhaustion from the two recent wars.

Also, "for the nonce factors at home were as favorable to the Triple Alliance as they were unfavorable to the Triple Entente. The new German army measures were practically completed; the Austrian and Italian armies strengthened and improved. The German fleet's efficiency had been enormously increased by placing all the modern ships on a war footing. No domestic difficulties of importance hampered the action of the three governments."

Along with the one pressing cause of the war (the Servian peril to Austria), Professor Usher sees several others that brought Germany most intimately into line with her ally. The hope of Pan-Germanism reaches "to the creation of a vast confederation of states including present Germany, Holland, Belgium, Denmark, Austria-Hungary, Italy, the Balkans, Turkey and Asia Minor—a great belt of territory reaching from the North Sea to the Persian Gulf, from the Baltic to the Mediterranean," as one of their slogans has it. \* \* \* Of this great scheme (supposing it to be, as many claim, the veritable secret policy of the Triple Alliance) the undisputed possession of the Balkans by the

Triple Alliance is the most important single factor."

Concerning the fear of the collapse of the Austrian empire, this is said:

"There was everything to gain, not only for the Triple Alliance, but for Austria herself, if the war could be at least begun by Francis Joseph. Victory would insure the future of the monarchy, and if defeat were the measure dealt by the Fates, better far that Francis Joseph himself should tide over the first moments of humiliation and readjustment, and that he should have charge of diplomatic negotiations which could not fail to be of the utmost delicacy and consequence."

The last possible contributing factor that the writer considers is Socialism, in connection with its antagonist Militarism. He says:

"In addition to these grave apprehensions were the fears that the growing Socialism in Germany, much of which would be elsewhere simple political discontent with autocratic government and the class system of voting, might force the rulers to share some of their powers with 'the mob.' Never has militarism in Germany been as strong as it is to-day. Witness the whitewashing and virtual acquittal of the offenders in the Krupp scandals and the Zabern incident, in the face of an overwhelming chorus of disapproval from every possible organ of public opinion. The moment was, from this point of view, also favorable."

### SKULLS AND JAWS TO FORM EXHIBIT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., Oct. 8.—One of the educational features of the hygiene display in the social economy exhibit of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition will be the largest collection of skulls and jaws of prehistoric and modern races of men and of skulls and plaster casts of the dental equipment of lower animals ever exhibited. These skulls will demonstrate that the soft foods of men of civilized races and of domestic animals have caused diseases from which many barbarous races and all the wild animals are immune. By means of plaster casts and stereopticon slides the causes of diseases of the teeth will be shown. There will be a large display showing the comparative maxillary anatomy of various animals, including man, and explaining why wild animals and savages seldom have toothache. The display will include a reproduction of the \$2,500,000 Forsythe Infirmary for children, in Boston, with its modern dental and hygienic equipment, and of a model hygienic dental office. It will occupy 600 square feet of space.

### OXFORD UNIVERSITY OPENS SESSIONS TO-DAY.

OXFORD, England, Oct. 8.—Oxford opened as usual to-day, despite a great decrease in attendance due to a big part of the student body having joined England's army. The total enrollment at the school is not expected to exceed 1,000.

The students absent on military service will suffer no loss in their standings as a result, it was announced. The time spent in serving their country will count as time in residence at Oxford if the undergraduates so desire.

American students entering Oxford for the first time are expected to receive a great deal more attention this year. They are expected to be more of a force in the school. All students will spend a part of each day in drilling for military service.

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"We are still operating the same pumps that you installed for us two years ago last July, and have not had a single breakdown. We have not spent 5c for repairs although we have been pumping every day."---Roy D. Roberts, Com. Pub. Utilities, Arkansas City, Kansas.

"A little oiling and wiping up is all the attention required. It gives perfect satisfaction."---J. Binsdorff, Vadalua, La.

"The pump appears to be in as good order as when you installed it for me seven years ago."---Josiah Berry, Roanoke, La.

"I have never had to shut down nor been delayed an hour, on account of the well or pump, in the seven seasons that it has been run."---L. E. Robinson, Roanoke, La.

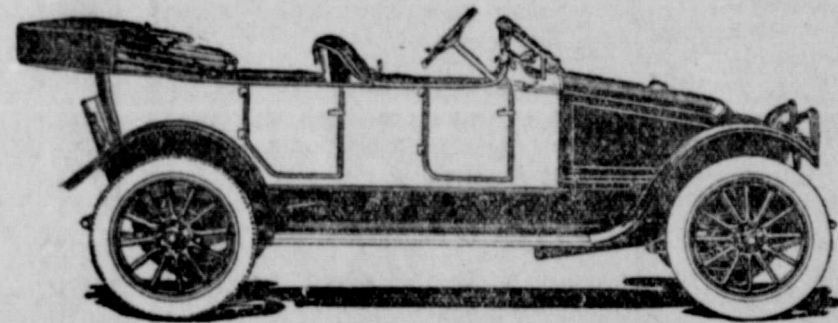
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of a Franklin is attested to by the thousands of users who average more than 400 miles per gallon.

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of but one model and that model for the last four years means a great deal in quality and value in the car.

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# SOCIETY

## PEN WOMEN ENTERTAIN GUEST AT LUNCHEON.

Showing their appreciation of the occasion by an attendance of over 100 guests, the Pen Women of Dallas entertained with a luncheon, honoring Eliza Calvert Hall, the famous Kentucky author, at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

In the Louis XIV. room and facing the guests in the Japanese and American rose rooms, Eliza Calvert Hall sat at a large center table with prominent club women, writers and associate members of the Pen Women's Association. Palms and flowers furnished a beautiful setting to the splendid intellectual and social gathering of the ladies of Dallas.

At the close of the luncheon Mrs. Obenchain, whose nom de plume is Eliza Calvert Hall, read from her book, "Aunt Jane of Kentucky, to the great appreciation of all present. As she finished reading she was presented with a bouquet of pink carnations by Miss Elsie Griffing, corresponding secretary of the Pen Women's Association, in the name of Mrs. Mamie Wynne Cox, who was unavoidably absent.—Dallas Journal.

## MRS. McCORMACK HONORS SISTER WHO VISITS HER.

### Guest List for Going-Away Party of Dallas Visitor Includes Fifty Names.

Mrs. Charles McCormack was hostess yesterday afternoon at a "going-away" party for her sister, Mrs. S. J. Murray, who is leaving for her home, in Dallas. Nine tables were arranged for progressive Five Hundred and Forty-Two. Around these were gathered the intimate friends of the hostess and her sister.

In the series of games, Mrs. J. L. Vaughn won high score in Forty-Two and Mrs. J. O. Wyckoff in Five Hundred. In a cut, Mrs. Vaughn won the souvenir, a handsome box of candy.

A dainty sweet course was served by Mrs. McCormack, assisted by Mesdames J. W. Willis and F. W. Clinkscals and Miss Marguerite Harlan.

The guest list comprised Mesdames S. J. Murray, D. H. Sansom, Elmer Sansom, J. L. Vaughn, L. G. Wilson, B. O. Sanford, L. A. Knight, L. S. Kinder, C. C. Gidney, R. West LeMond, Chas. Saigling, J. C. Anderson, W. L. Harrington, R. W. Otto, J. C. Woodriddle, R. C. Ware, R. W. O'Keefe, F. W. Clinkscals, David Tudor, L. Lee Dye, J. W. Willis, J. R. DeLay, J. O. Wyckoff, J. D. Hanby, J. Buchheimer, J. M. Waller, R. S. Charles, J. W. Longstreth, E. Dowden, L. C. Wayland, G. C. Keck, C. A. Malone, J. H. McKee, E. L. Spencer, Murray Malone, Andrew McMillan, J. F. Garrison, E. Graham, H. C. McIntyre and W. E. Armstrong and Misses Edna Mayhugh and Marguerite Harlan.

## ELKS GIVE DANCE.

The dance given Tuesday night by the Elks was largely attended. The Mae I Orchestra furnished music for those who danced, while the older set enjoyed Forty-Two.

## PHILATHEAS ELECT OFFICERS.

The Philathea girls of the Methodist Church were delightfully entertained on Wednesday afternoon of last week by their teacher, Mrs. S. A. Barnes.

A pleasing musical program was rendered, followed by a short business meeting, in which the class was re-organized and plans for the coming year were discussed. The following officers were elected:

President—Miss Nelle Sansom.  
Vice President—Miss Myrtle Wade.  
Secretary—Miss Celestine Harp.  
Treasurer—Miss Edna Harrington.  
Superintendent of Social Service—Miss Letha Shropshire.  
Chairman Reception Committee—Miss Jo Keck.

Home-made candy was passed during the afternoon, and at the end of the business meeting a delicious salad course was served.

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Baracas of the Methodist Church will entertain the Philatheas of the same church Friday night at the home of Rev. and Mrs. S. A. Barnes, 115 Grover Street.

Miss Joe Keck leaves Saturday for Galveston, where she goes as a delegate to the Grand Chapter, which meets at that city next week. Miss Keck will represent Plainview Chapter No. 37.

Thomas Gibbs has been ill for ten days.

O. H. Hargett came in from Amarillo to-day.

T. H. Rowan came in to-day from Kansas City.

Mrs. G. W. Brown is visiting friends near Silverton.

J. P. Howard has returned from a week's outing trip in Crosby County.

C. E. Trotter, who has been visiting friends in Plainview, went south to-day.

Guy Gibbs has been ill with typhoid fever for two weeks, but is improving now.

Misses Childress and Burns, of Lockney, are shopping in Plainview to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Counts and little daughter left to-day for Roaring Springs.

J. E. Conner went to Lubbock to superintend the installing of the new lighting system.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. White, of Lockney, are leaving to-day to make Colorado their home.

Miss Willie Young returned Saturday from points in Mississippi, Oklahoma and Arkansas.

Mrs. George H. Brooks, of Oklahoma City, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. P. J. Woodriddle.

A. A. Hatchell, an old resident of Plainview, but now of Georgetown, Texas, is here visiting relatives.

Mrs. F. E. Webb, a trained nurse, came in yesterday from Amarillo to nurse W. J. Klinger, who is very sick.

Mrs. L. A. Moody, of Wichita Falls, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. John Ligon, left for Hale Center to-day.

Miss Pauline Hansmeyer came in yesterday from Norman, Okla., to spend the winter with Mrs. Pauline Shackelford.

Rev. and Mrs. J. W. Winn have returned from Lubbock, where they attended the bedside of their grandson, Ireland Vaughn.

Mrs. H. R. Morrow, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. H. Humphreys, leaves to-morrow for Los Angeles, Calif.

Judge L. S. Kinder has so far recovered from his recent illness that he is able to be in Floydada this week attending court.

Mrs. M. F. Brashears and her daughter, Mrs. Rosella Rushing and two children left for Wort Worth to-day to visit relatives.

Mrs. Dora Hughes and Mrs. Alice Payton, who have been visiting their brother, S. M. Underwood, left yesterday for Kansas City.

Homer Faulkner has returned from Whiteflat, where he has been conducting a meeting. He will preach at the Pentecostal Mission Sunday.

Lester Henderson and family were the guests of Mrs. J. M. Shafer on Wednesday, en route from Lubbock to their home, in Amarillo.

Mr. and Mrs. Ashton Wilterding returned yesterday from Lubbock, where they have been visiting Mrs. Wilterding's sister, Mrs. Chas. Vaughn.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Stewart and children, and their sister, Miss Johnnie May Stewart, of Canyon, are the guests of T. H. Rowan and family.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Irwin, who have been in Gordon, Nebraska, for a year, returned to Plainview to-day with the intention of making this their home.

Mr. and Mrs. Carroll McGlasson, of the Twin Grove farm, near Kress, spent the early part of the week in Plainview visiting friends and relatives.

## MORNING PRAYER AND LITANY ST. MARK'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Sunday, October 11, 11 a. m.  
Processional Hymn—"Ancient of Days."  
Venite, Old Chant.  
Gloria, Old Chant.  
Te Deum, Woodward.  
Jubilate, H. Tours.  
Litany Hymn—"Saviour, When in Dust, to Thee."  
Sermon Hymn—"Lord of All Being, Crowned Above."  
Offertory—Solo by Mrs. Grady Lindsay.  
Recessional Hymn—"Christ Whose Glory Fills the Skies."

# SAVE YOUR NERVES

What is the use of anything? Nothing--when your feet ache--and you are irritable and all fagged out from the tortures of ill-fitting shoes.

At such a time remember "Queen Quality" the shoe that has made life worth living for thousands who have been distressed like you.

And besides there is a bond of sympathy between its prices and your purse.

## Queen Quality SHOES

### What "Queen Quality" Signifies

YOU have no doubt seen the portrait of "Queen Louise" many times. It suggests daintiness, beauty, grace—above all, *quality*. It is because of this that her picture was chosen to represent Queen Quality Shoes.

Millions of women know by the experience of years that "Queen Quality" stamped on a shoe means beauty of

design, correctness of style—and *real comfort*.

This ease and comfort is due to the exceptional flexibility of the sole. The shoe yields to every motion of the foot. It can be perfectly fitted and "breaking in" is never necessary.

A full line of these famous shoes now on exhibition.

Sole Agency

## PLAINVIEW MERCANTILE COMPANY

\$3<sup>50</sup> to \$5<sup>00</sup>



\$3<sup>50</sup> to \$5<sup>00</sup>

Mrs. S. J. Murray and two children, of Dallas, who have been spending the summer with her sister, Mrs. Charles McCormack, left for home to-day. While in Plainview Mrs. Murray was the recipient of many social courtesies.

## MRS. R. W. OTTO ENTERTAINS BRIDGE CLUB AND GUESTS.

The first meeting of the Bridge Club for the season was with Mrs. R. W. Otto, Tuesday afternoon. The membership of this most popular club was supplemented by the following guests: Mesdames H. M. Burch, E. E. Roos, G. H. Brooks, of Oklahoma City; R. B. Tudor and J. R. DeLay and Misses Laura Mastin and Annie Maud Davidson. Mrs. H. M. Burch won high score for the guests and Mrs. R. W. Brahan for the club.

The next meeting will be with Mrs. P. J. Woodriddle, Tuesday, October 19th.

Mrs. Otto, with her usual whole-souled hospitality, served delightful and elaborate refreshments, assisted by her mother, Mrs. William Otto, of Oklahoma.

## UNVEIL STATUE IN HONOR OF KEARNY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 8.—With imposing military pomp, an equestrian statue to Maj. Gen. Philip Kearny, hero of the Mexican and Civil Wars, the gift of his natal state of New Jersey, was unveiled to-day in Arlington National Cemetery. It was the first equestrian statue permitted to be raised in the famous burial ground.

Secretary of War Garrison, also a New Jersey citizen, granted a special dispensation to permit the Kearny statue.

The statue, the work of Sculptor Edward C. Potter, of Greenwich, Conn., was contributed to by New Jersey citizens generally, through the Kearny Monument Commission, created by the last State Legislature. Many prominent officials participated in the dedication ceremonies to-day. New Jersey militia, including crack cavalry troops and many army troops, participated. General Kearny was killed during the Civil War at the Battle of Chantilly, Va., in 1862. His body was first interred in Trinity Church cemetery, New York, and reinterred fifty years later among war heroes of Arlington.

Mrs. H. T. Potts, who has been visiting the families of her brothers, R. H. B. E. and W. J. Mitchell, returned yesterday to her home, in Wichita Falls.

W. E. Knight, a carpenter in Kinley, Kansas, is in the Plainview country looking after landed interests. Mr. Knight owns land in the Running-water neighborhood.

## STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF AUGUST 24, 1914.

of the Plainview Evening Herald, published tri-weekly at Plainview, Texas, for October 1st, 1914:

NAME OF—	POST OFFICE ADDRESS.
Editor, H. S. Hilburn	Plainview, Texas
Managing Editor, H. S. Hilburn	Plainview, Texas
Business Manager, E. B. Miller	Plainview, Texas
Publisher, E. B. Miller & B. O. Brown	Plainview, Texas
Known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders, holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities:	
Tom Shafer	Plainview, Texas
Equitable Life Insurance Co.	San Antonio, Texas
	E. B. MILLER, Business Manager.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of October, 1914  
GUY JACOB,  
Notary Public, Hale County, Texas.  
(My commission expires June 1st, 1915.)