

THE PLAINVIEW NEWS

Tuesday--TWICE A WEEK--Friday

Volume No. 13

Plainview, Hale County, Texas, Friday, March 28, 1919

Number 91

PEACE COUNCIL NOW DISCUSSING BOUNDARIES

MILITARY QUESTIONS OF HUNGARY AND RUSSIA RECEIVING ATTENTION

Paris, March 27.—The super-council of the president and premiers, now known as the council of four, divided interest and labor today between the "White House" and M. Clemenceau's private office, adjoining the war offices.

The Franco-German frontier was the chief topic of discussion, this following upon an agreement reached last night on reparation for war damages. It is understood that this agreement includes the vital point of the total amount of indemnity, which will not be announced at present, as likely to cause discussion and arouse hostility in enemy quarters.

It is noted as a coincidence that a German financial committee is being chosen to come to Versailles, where the settlement of this branch may include all interests.

The frontier question turns on the disposition of the Saar Valley coal regions and the west bank of the Rhine.

The territorial experts have said their last word and admit that the question now of political expedition, on which the super-council alone can pass.

Marshall Foch and General Tosker H. Bliss were called into the council during the afternoon, indicating that military questions including the serious situation in Hungary and Russia were receiving attention. President Wilson, who has been very silent since his return to Paris, believes the time is opportune for a settlement which will allay fears over the delay and show that the revision of the covenant of the League of Nations had proceeded at night sessions, without any delay to the other main questions.

Halbert's Weather Predictions

H. A. Halbert of Coleman gives the following forecasts for April:

1st.—Will be a major world period with the heaviest rains and overflows just north of the equator from the 2nd to 5th. Our chances fairly good for some April showers from south and southeast winds.

2nd.—While this is a minor world period yet it is our best for April and good rains can be depended upon from the 9th to 12th.

3rd.—Will be a major world period with our chances good for clouds and some showers brought about by favorable winds from 16th to 19th.

4th.—A minor world period with little or no prospects for clouds or scattering showers from 24th to 27th.

Government Auctions Cars

The federal government on Wednesday auctioned off sixty automobiles of various makes, from the cheaper ones to the largest sixes. They had been confiscated by federal officers from bootleggers caught carrying whiskey across the Texas-Oklahoma line. Some of the cars had many bullet holes in them, put there in fights with the bootleggers, says the Wichita Falls paper.

Got Fifty Replies from Adv.

Mrs. C. B. Harder put a want adv. in Tuesday's News, offering some furniture for sale. It cost 15c. The paper was put in the postoffice that night, and Thursday morning she told us to take the adv. out as she had had fifty answers to it Wednesday and had sold all the furniture.

News want ads. get results because the News is read by more Plainview and Hale county people than any other newspaper published.

Mrs. Brooks' Father Dies

W. T. Carraway, pioneer citizen of Coke county, died at his home in Robert Lee Saturday. He left seven daughters and one son, all of whom were at the funeral. Mrs. I. N. Brooks of this city is a daughter, and she and Mr. Brooks were at his bedside when the end came.

Lieut. Hedley of the army, has been here checking up the affairs of the S. A. T. C. at Wayland college, which was abolished in December. Lt. Freeman has been here since looking after matters connected with the corps, and he will continue here for a while.

WAYLAND COLLEGE WILL HAVE SURPLUS THIS YEAR

Has Paid All Bills Promptly From Funds First Time in History

Registrar G. E. Lewis of Wayland college tells us a wonderful and almost unbelievable story. He tells us that this year Wayland college has done something possibly never before done by a religious college—that it has made more than its running expenses out of its current revenue! And, even more astonishing, that it will have a surplus of more than \$500 after the term is ended! This is the first time Wayland has done this in its history of nine years; some years it has run as much as \$5,000 behind. If there is another religious college in the state that has ever made its own way, we have never heard of it.

He tells us that he has had ample funds the entire year to pay expenses and all salaries and other bills have been paid promptly on the days they were due. That the affairs of the college have been handled in a business, is evident.

So, Wayland college and Mr. Lewis and all others in the management of it, are to be congratulated.

Has Received \$7,865 School Money

County Judge Charles Clements recently received the \$7,865 apportioned to nineteen Hale county rural schools from the state special school fund. He was appointed by the superintendent of education to make the inspection, and found each of them measured up to the necessary requirements. The following schools participated in the distribution, and the amounts received:

Midway	\$300
Happy Union	500
Runningwater	500
Prairieview	500
Petersburg	500
Liberty	500
Westside	500
Halfway	500
East Mound	500
Iowa Avenue	400
Lakeview	400
Bellview	500
Anchor	400
Sunshine	200
Cousins	300
Wilson	340
Mayfield	225
Hale Center Independent	300
Abernathy Independent	500
Total	\$7,865

Hungary Joins Bolsheviks

The peace council in Paris was shocked Monday by the new republic of Hungary having joined the Bolsheviks, and sent greetings to the Russians. They threaten to declare war on the entente allies, and possibly have declared war on France.

The peace council is seemingly "up in the air" as to how best to handle the Bolsheviks. Some think it best to declare war on them, send armies and wipe out the whole business. Others think they should be recognized and made friends of.

Hale County Population Growing

Mr. Clark and family recently moved to Hale county from Post City, and located on the Callahan ranch. There are eleven children in the family, including a set of triplets and a pair of twins.

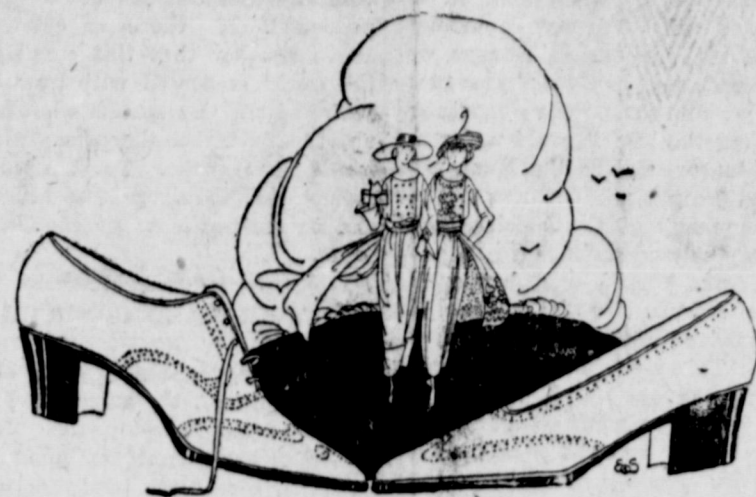
Recently the family was in Floydada, and the Hesperian published an item saying it had located in Floyd county. L. M. Springer says that claim is unfounded, for the family belongs to Hale county, and is in Ellen school district.

Income Tax Payments Four Billion

Washington, March 22.—With the announcement today that collections from the first 25 per cent installment payment of income and profits taxes last Saturday amounted to \$1,001,000,000 and might go higher with later reports, the last financial milestone preceding the Victory Liberty loan has been passed and it seems probable that the loan will be for approximately \$6,000,000,000.

Will Locate in Cameron County

C. E. Craig, formerly manager of the T. L. & D. Co., informs us that he and Mrs. Craig will move to Lyford, Cameron county, where he is interested in a land company and has other interests. The Rio Grande valley lands are now being advertised largely and inducements held out for homeseekers.



There is Ultra Fashion and Oh So Much Comfort in These New Sensible Heeled Oxfords and Pumps

This Season you may wear Cuban heels and not only have the satisfaction of comfort in every step but the peace of mind that your footwear is in perfect taste and style. We anticipated this heavy demand on Low and Medium heeled shoes and are showing a wide range of patterns.

Prices \$3.50 to \$8.50

Richards Bros. & Collier
WHERE PEOPLE WHO DRESS BEST TRADE

HOLLAND FAVORS NATION'S LEAGUE

The Netherland Government Favors The General League of Peace Plan.

Amsterdam, March 25.—Foreign Minister Jonkheer Karnebek today made the following statement concerning the League of Nations.

"The Netherland government, having received an invitation to attend the peace conference while it is designing the League of Nations, Dr. Loder, a member of the High Court of Appeals, and Professor W. J. M. Van Eysynal of Leyden University, have been sent to Paris in order to cooperate with Dr. John Loudon and explain the views of their government in this matter.

"I hold the opinion that the present draft for a League of Nations really deserves attention as a fair introductory to a period in the relations between nations, opening quite a new channel for the development of the mutual interests of humanity.

"I am one of those who think the equality of the rights of nations one of the most important means of increasing the confidence of the smaller powers in a League of Nations, and I feel that in this plan does not give entire satisfaction. Nevertheless I am much inclined to believe that the present scheme of the League of Nations will in no way hinder its future improvement and development on a larger scale.

"At the same time it might be considered the duty of the Netherlands, backed by their tradition of prospering the work of international law, to salute the coming of a League of Nations generally with great satisfaction and without too much criticism.

Conservative Oil Co. Changes

We are informed that a deal was made this week in which the interests of E. L. Dye, A. C. Hatchell and some other Plainview people in the Conservative Oil Co., were sold to other parties, and that Mr. Tracy of Tulsa has become president, taking Mr. Hatchell's place. This company was organized in Plainview last August, and put down a well in Burk Burnett.

Prices of Stock Cattle Soaring

Since the rains over the Plainview country, which insure an early and abundant pasturage, the prices of stock cattle and cows are rising rapidly. Cattlemen say there will be more grass than stock to eat it.

Will Open New Restaurant

J. B. Gilliland and Geo. Lynn have leased the building on Broadway, formerly occupied by Boyd Grocery Co., and will conduct a restaurant in it. They are well known, and will doubtless do a good business.

AMERICANS KILL FIVE BANDITS ACROSS LINE

Thieves Encountered 18 Miles From Crossing and Routed After Battle in Darkness

Marfa, Texas, March 23.—Troops of the Eighth United States cavalry under Captain Kloefer, returned here early today from a pursuit across the border of Mexican bandits, bringing with them thirty-head of cattle and two horses which had been driven from Nunez by the raiders yesterday. Captain Kloefer reported that he had overtaken the Mexicans eighteen miles south of Ruidosa and that five of them had been killed in the resulting skirmish. None of the Americans was hurt.

Two Mexicans were wounded in the fighting, making the casualties among the cattle thieves seven out of the total number of twelve. Captain Kloefer reported to Colonel George T. Langhorne, commander of the district, that he recognized the voice of one of the men as that of Eugene Garcia, a former Caranza captain in the vicinity of Ojinaga.

Paul Snyder is in Armenia

P. B. Snyder informs us that his son, Paul V. Snyder, is now in Armenia, connected with the American relief work in that country. He was in France and connected with the American relief work there, and joined the Armenian commission, and was sent east. He and 240 other relief workers took a ship load of supplies to the East, and are now distributing it out. They sailed from Marseilles, France, to Salonica, Greece and then to Constantinople, where part of them went to Armenia, others to Mesopotamia, and others to other sections of Asia Minor, with supplies.

Why Not Cop Big Prize?

Hale county should win the gold medal and \$1,000 for growing the best alfalfa in the United States. These prizes have been offered in a contest announced by the Farm Journal of Philadelphia, on five acres, and is open to all non-irrigation farmers in the United States.

Several times at big fairs and farm products expositions Hale county has won the highest awards on alfalfa, and there is no reason why the county should not make an effort to win these prizes.

Dogs as Weather Forecasters

Except for one or two cold spells, the past winter was very mild. It is recalled that the city marshal of Plainview last fall predicted a mild winter, because he had observed that the hair on the north side of the dogs was lighter than usual. As a weather forecaster the dog must be reckoned with from now on.

VOTE MAY 24 ON FOUR AMENDMENTS

Prohibition, Woman Suffrage and Governor's Salary Submitted.

There will be four constitutional amendments submitted to the people in the special election called for May 24. There can be no others submitted on that date by the present legislature, because of the limited time for complying with the law's requirements in the matter of advertising.

Governor Hobby has said that he will call the legislature in special session about June 17 to vitalize the amendments which may be adopted on May 24. The amendments are embraced in the following joint resolutions:

House joint resolution No. 1: To make Texas dry by prohibiting the manufacture, sale, barter, exchange and transportation of intoxicating liquors.

House joint resolution No. 19: Empowering the legislature to enact laws permitting the state to lend money to heads of families to acquire and improve rural homes for farming and stock raising. It is the governor's land for the landless platform.

Senate joint resolution No. 7: To permit women to vote in elections held in Texas. It is the equal suffrage amendment. It imposes the obligation of American citizenship to vote and requires women to otherwise be qualified electors.

Senate joint resolution No. 13: Increasing the salary of the governor from \$4,000 to \$10,000 each year. At this time there are several state officials who draw more salary than the chief executive of the state.

\$20,000,000 Roads Under Construction

Highway construction in Texas is at its highest tide since the impetus to good roads was given by state and federal aid for highway construction. It is estimated by engineers for the state highway commission that within a few weeks more than \$20,000,000 worth of state and federal aided highways will be under construction in Texas.

The work of road building is well distributed over the state, as shown by the table of projects under way at this time. It also is to be observed that the character of construction is good, in many instances going to concrete, which is the most enduring of highway so far attempted.

Good Roads Committee Appointed

The West Texas Chamber of Commerce has appointed committeemen for the good roads section in each county in the territory covered by the Chamber. The members of the committee in Hale county are Messrs. Comie Claxton, Hale Center; A. B. Martin, R. A. Underwood, P. B. Snyder, L. S. Kinder, E. Dowden, R. P. Smyth, E. H. Perry and T. J. Tilson of Plainview.

L. S. Kinder, chairman of the Board of City Development, has been asked to appoint delegates from Plainview to the National Good Roads convention to be held in Mineral Wells April 14-19, and will do so.

Wheat is Looking Good

L. M. Springer of the Ellen community was in this afternoon, and said he had never seen wheat looking finer than it is now, since the rains. He says the ground is muddy very deep, as he found while digging a post hole, and there is as good a moisture in the earth as the wheat crop of two years ago was made on. He says he looks for great prosperity on the Plains this year.

He says he believes the farmers in a few days, as soon as the ground dries up some, should go over their wheat with a harrow, and scratch the ground, so it will not form a crust.

Gasoline Price Coming Down

We note in the Dallas News that the price of gasoline is coming down in some places. The price in Memphis, Tenn., has dropped 8c a gallon in two weeks and is now selling at 15c. In New Orleans the prices has slumped to 19c.

The oil men in Plainview say they have had no notice of reductions, and are continuing to sell at 27½c a gallon.

People are Gardening

Fine spring weather is now prevailing, and people are beginning to make gardens.

SOLDIERS BOYS ARE COMING HOME RAPIDLY

EVERY TRAIN IS BRINGING THEM FROM SERVICE IN NATION'S DEFENSE

The family here received a message that Byrd Murphy had arrived in New York Monday. He served with the 89th aero squadron in France. He will likely get his discharge soon and come home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Hughes on Tuesday received a letter from their son, Lieut. Harold Hughes, written March 8th. He stated he was at La Mons, France, the last place soldiers are stationed before sailing, but said he did not know when he could sail. He is billing officer, and goes ahead several days to prepare quarters for his company.

Private Shaw, a member of the famous Rainbow Division, was here this morning. He lives at McKinney and was en route to Floydada. He was wounded in the Argonne battles, and is crippled. He came back to this country in February.

Sergeant James R. Gilbert returned Saturday from Ft. Bliss at El Paso, where he spend twenty-one months in the service. His brother lives near Halfway. While away he graduated as a first-class cook at Camp Travis and received the rank of Sergeant at the officers' training school at Camp Stanley, San Antonio.

Joe Peace arrived in New York from service in France on Monday afternoon, so a telegram to his father, R. M. Peace, stated. He will likely receive his discharge soon.

Privates Hammond and Scharborough arrived Tuesday from Camp Bowie, where they were discharged from the service. They recently returned from fighting in France, where each of them were wounded.

Ben Jordan recently returned from service in the marine corps and has taken a position with the Fulton Lumber Co.

Ernest Woolverton, Carl and Mel Feltnagle are expected to arrive from Camp Travis, where they were recently returned to be mustered out of service. They arrived some days ago there from New York, where they had come from France. These three boys went from here in the same draft, and were together in the same company for the entire war. Everett Woolverton recently returned from camps in Florida.

Jesse L. Taylor, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Taylor, has returned from service in France, with the famous 26th fighting division. He went thru without being wounded.

Demobilization Training Conference

Elmer F. Sansom will represent Hale county in the district Demobilization Training Conference to be held in Amarillo Monday under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association.

Through meetings of this kind, which are being held throughout all the United States, the War Work Council of the Y. M. C. A. plans to offer assistance to communities by making available the beneficial phases of war experiences and camp life to the end that the positive and helpful features may not be lost, but conserved for community betterment; also for the purpose of encouraging programs that will challenge the co-operation of those returning from war service.

Employment Service Will Continue

Though the United States employment service was discontinued throughout the country March 23, it will be continued at Amarillo and six other points in Texas, including Austin, Beaumont, Dallas, Fort Worth, El Paso and Texarkana, where funds have been raised locally to continue the offices.

Aspermont Postmaster Killed

Postmaster S. W. Thomas, formerly editor of the Aspermont Star, was shot and killed by S. S. W. Jackson, a prominent ranchman and farmer, in that town Tuesday morning. The shooting occurred in the postoffice, the bullet being fired thru the delivery window.

Why Not a County Fair?

Hale county up to three years ago each fall held one of the best county fairs of the state. Such a fair is a great booster for the Plainview country. Why not hold one next fall?

The Plainview News

Published Tuesday and Friday at Plainview, Hale County, Texas.

J. M. ADAMS, Editor and Owner

Entered as second-class matter, May 23, 1906 at the Postoffice at Plainview, Texas, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Subscription Rates	
One Year.....	\$1.50
Six Months.....	.85
Three Months.....	.50

There is one thing commendable about the Bolsheviks; wherever they get in the ascendancy they at once separate state and church.

On account of conflicting dates the meeting of the Panhandle Press Association, to be held in Vernon, has been postponed until April 18 and 19.

Of course we have known men to get really angry, but we never knew of one getting as mad as a Plains woman gets when a dust storm comes up about the middle of wash day.

Of course we are not supposed to know much about the matter, but it does seem to us the prices of the new dresses are mighty large considering that the dresses are cut so short at both the bottom and top.

People are sure getting smart these days—Canada is now talking to Ireland by wireless telephone, and a Yankee named Rogers has invented an underground and underwater wireless telegraph system.

A new epidemic known as "Sleeping sickness" has broken out in parts of the country. But this isn't what affects the crowd on the northwest corner of the square—it's "loafing sickness" and some of them have chronic and incurable cases, too.

Some of the American distilleries and brewers are preparing to move their plants to Mexico when this country becomes bone-dry. Talking about a concoction that would make a mouse fight a cat, how about a mixture of Mexican mesal and American rot-gut whiskey?

Hill county last week voted a two million dollar bond issue by a majority of sixteen to one. Almost every county in the black waxy belt of the state is issuing big sums of bonds to make piked roads. When it rains, (and it does often down that way), most all business and work comes to a stand still.

The British lion is having troubles with its "happy and contented family," also. Egypt is on the war path, and the entire country is in a state of insurrection, demanding independence, and pointing to Wilson's "self-determination of peoples" in justification of their plea. They should be told that this point is not to apply to any British, French or Italian colonial possession.

It is given out that the reason why Hungary has gone over to the Bolsheviks is because her people are hungry. If the peace council does not sign up peace very soon, and thus allow the people of the central powers and other starving nations to have food, the Bolsheviks is going to spread to them all. France is now acting like the dog in the manger, in blocking the proposal of the United States and England to sell food to the starving people of the enemy countries.

"We are not a politician, but it is easy to see that the taking over of the telegraphs and telephones and their operation in such an autocratic manner as is being done by Mr. Burleson, is going to cost the democratic party lots of votes in next year's presidential election. It has cost this country many billions of dollars and thousands of lives to fight autocracy across the waters, for them to vote for a party whose administration stands for it in this country.

Editor L. P. Loomis has sold the Slatonite to W. McDonald, formerly of the McKinney Courier-Gazette, and will go to a "larger field," though he does not say where that is. Loomis prints his valedictory in a three-column article that is a gem of rhetoric, for he knows how to weave words into poses. He came to Slaton on its natal day June 15, 1911, (the day the editor of the News came to Plainview to take charge of the paper), and through hard work, limited patronage and under adverse circumstances built up a paying business and a paper that is a credit and a valuable asset to the town and county. He is one of the best men we have ever been fortunate to know—clean, gentlemanly, brave, smart. We sure do hope that he will not move from the Plains country, and at least not so far away that we cannot see and hobnob with him occasionally.

Arthur Capper is the newly elected senator from Kansas. He is one of the really great men of that state, and is close to the people. In a signed statement Saturday he said: "I believe Kansas is overwhelmingly for a League of Nations. I am emphatically for it, because I believe it to be a great step toward an enduring peace which is the hope of the world and which the world must and will have." Capper rises above party, and even if thirty-eight republican senators have signed an agreement to oppose and vote against ratification of the League of Nations, he has the independence to snap his fingers in their faces and say he is for it. When the test vote finally comes, the treaty will go through the senate—for the people are for it.

BAILEY DENOUNCES DEMOCRATIC PARTY

Joseph Weldon Bailey, formerly senator from Texas, created a ripple of interest last week by making a talk at a banquet in New York, in which he denounced the democratic party, for its alleged departure from oldline democratic principles.

He declared that "the party has renounced and abandoned one democratic principle after another in such rapidity and bewildering succession that they have left us nothing except the name." He also said the constitution is now "regarded as an obsolete scrap of paper." And he further declared that he would "never again vote for the candidate of any party which constantly reduces our liberty and unnecessarily increases our taxes."

This denunciation was brought out in reference to the passage of the national prohibition laws and the near adoption of the woman's suffrage amendment—both involving additions to the constitution.

It is too bad that Mr. Bailey did not base his objection on other things than these two, for one has been made a part of the constitution in the lawful and right way, and if the other is added to the organic law of the land it will be in the same way, just as is provided by that instrument for such changes and additions.

He should have based it on higher things, for he went on to say: "The liberty we have thought worth fighting for and dying for, is the liberty of the individual—the right of every man to do for himself and with his own whatever he pleases, so long as he does not interfere with the right of other men to do the same."

"But in this day they tell us that it is better to be good than it is to be free and they have multiplied our penal statutes until the lawyers cannot carry even an index of them in their minds. We have restricted the rights of men until no civilized country on the globe interferes with the habits, the pleasures and the business of the people as much as this free government of the United States."

We have always been a most intense "anti-Bailey man," and ever since he first got into public life we have been fighting him, and right now there is not a single office within the gift of the people we would vote for him for. But, he is eminently correct in the quotation above, and there is not any man in the country who can stand up against him in his argument. One of the saddest things is the manner in which the people of this country are being robbed of their individual rights. It used to be a tenet of the democratic party that that country which is governed least is governed best, and that a man had a right to do anything that did not injure or transgress the rights of anybody else. But that has been so changed that today the individual is hedged about with every conceivable law, from his cradle to his grave. Its law, law, law, and it is regulation this and that, all through life. The government is taking over every phase of individual's existence, and there are those who want it to further and further extend its paternalistic powers by even taking the baby from the mother when it is first born and having the state to raise it in a government ward, "so the mother can go on about her work."

But, the democratic party is not the only sinner in this curtailment of individual liberty, for the republican party is also tarred with the same stick, and were it in power it would do as bad as has the democratic party—in fact, in some states the republican party has gone even further than any democratic state administration. Both are honeycombed with socialists, paternalism and Bolshevism.

The News editor is not a pessimist nor a Gloomy Gus, for he believes that in the end it will all work out for the best, for Jehovah reigns, and will bring things out right. But, at present it does seem that the world is considerably out of joint, and that individual freedom is losing out everywhere. Every man seems to want to make his neighbor to do just so and so.

Maybe, in time there will be a reaction. Let us hope so, at least.

A life-size bas-relief (statue) of Postmaster General Burleson was unveiled at a university in Washington city Friday. If Mr. Burleson would resign as head of the postal department it would be a great relief to the people of the country.

KANSAS SENSATIONALIST

Gov. Allen of Kansas poses as "the man of the people." He likes to pose in the spotlight. He is a sensationalist, and is doubtless wanting to get to the U. S. Senate after his term as governor expires. He is showing he is of very small calibre, in several ways. His attack on the manner in which the war department handled the soldiers in Europe was sensational, but has been proven to be rather flimsy, for the department was doing the best it could under the circumstances, and as the Huns were whipped people are not now worrying over many of the deficiencies of the army management.

But, Gov. Allen has broken out in another crusade for the white light that flames on the front page of newspapers. This time it is an attack on the cotton growers of the South for their campaign pledging that the cotton acreage be reduced one-third this year. He declares that by such a policy the cotton growers "are trading on the misery of the world," and says they are making as much money at 35c a pound as the Kansas wheat farmers are making from their wheat at \$3.25 a bushel.

It is evident that no cotton is grown in Kansas. Gov. Allen's viewpoint is crooked. He sees only in terms of wheat, and the government has guaranteed the price of wheat shall be \$2.26. The facts are there is a surplus of nearly eight million bales of cotton and it cannot be sold at 24c, because the markets of the world are not open to it. Hence, for the cotton growers to go on and this year cultivate a big acreage to cotton would so glut the markets that the spinners would have the cotton growers at their mercy, and would force them to sell at much less than the cost of production. The South has been at the mercy of the spinners and speculators in times past and they have not felt any scruples in forcing cotton down, in some years to 3c and 4c a pound, and only four years ago to 6c. Of course, low prices of cotton mean bankruptcy to the South, and the South must need hedge against such, despite Gov. Allen's charge of base selfishness.

Of course, some bankers and growers did gamble on cotton last fall and winter, when cotton dropped below 35c, and are now paying the penalty for such gambling, just as many speculators in oil are paying the penalty for their folly at gambling, but it is not these speculators that this cotton reduction plan is gotten up to benefit primarily—it is the small cotton farmer, those whose living depends on getting a fair price for cotton. This country is due him some consideration, in fact greater consideration than even the "naked people of the world" whom Gov. Allen is so much interested in just now—though of course he is not going to urge the Kansas farmers to reduce the price of their wheat half in order to feed these starving people of other countries.

That damnable bunch of intollerant superheated "patriots" are now in full cry against Speaker Champ Clark and are using every effort possible to defeat him for democratic leader because when the conscription bill was before congress at the beginning of the war he opposed it. Is every man who had the temerity to exercise the great American and God-given right to think for himself and to declare his opinions as to pending measures before they become laws, to be crucified by the bunch of "rubber stamps" who exalt their own patriotism though they never heard a gun fired, never were in a training camp, and doubtless bought few liberty loan bonds or war saving stamps? Clark had a right to oppose the conscription bill, and it was his patriotic duty to do so when it was pending in congress, if he thought it not best for the country, and anyone who would crucify Clark for having done so is not a real American, but is for autocracy and had he lived in Germany would have been a supporter of the kniser. Of all persons this side of hades, the most contemptible ones are the two extremes—those who are traitors to their country, and these intollerant superheated "patriots." Both deserve the supreme contempt of all really patriotic Americans.

The rain of Friday to Monday was worth fully a million dollars to Hale county, and it helped the feelings of the people several million dollars.

The farmers and stockmen of the Plainview country now wear broad smiles. A good rain makes a lot of difference in a community's feelings.

Fifty of the sixty-seven democrats members of the Missouri legislature

met last week and adopted a resolution asking U. S. Senator Reed to resign as he is opposed to Wilson's League of Nations plans. Senator Reed will not resign—in fact, of course not one of the fifty legislators expected him to do so. Don't they know it is both un-democratic and non-republican to resign a good fat office?

The socialists met in New York City the other day and protested the conviction of Eugene Debs, who was their presidential candidate for several times. They declared for a nation-wide strike beginning July 4th if he is not pardoned. That is the best way they can do—not to get him pardoned. If there is one thing above another that this country and the world is cursed with now is the strike spirit. No matter what comes up, the first thought of certain elements is to strike. To strike always means loss to all parties concerned, and to the public in general in most cases.

ROOSEVELT AND CHURCHGOING

Therefore, on Sunday go to church. Yes, I know all the excuses. I know that one can worship the Creator and dedicate oneself to good living in a grove of trees, or by a running brook, or in one's own home, just as well as in church. But I also know that as a matter of cold fact that the average man does not thus worship or thus dedicate himself. If he stays away from church he does not spend his time in good work or lofty meditation. He looks over the colored supplement of the newspaper; he yawns, and he finally seeks relief from the mental vacuity of isolation by going where the combined mental vacuity of many partially relieves the mental vacuity of each individual.

If toil is not exceptionally but habitually exhausting so that the man when released from it at nightfall of each day or at the end of the week can do nothing but sink exhausted into a kind of lethargy from which he rouses himself only to meet the task of the new day or new week, then there is something wrong in the social system so far as he is concerned; and the churches should take the lead in the effort to diagnose and remedy the wrong.

But if he has merely worked healthily hard, and is healthily tired, it will be from every standpoint an excellent thing for him to begin his Sunday by going to church. This means that he and all his family will have been up for breakfast later than usual, very possibly, and quite properly, but in time to avoid that feeling of slackness and of being at loose ends which will demoralize anyone who habitually begins the day by spending a couple of hours more than he needs in bed, and then by lounging around the house half-dressed and doing nothing.

A New Creed For Americans

I believe that the American republic as instituted by the fathers constitutes the finest system of government ever ordained among men and affords the machinery for the righting of grievances without resort to violence, tumult and disorder.

I believe that every inequality which exists in the social economic condition of the American people is traceable to the successful demands of the interested classes for class legislation, and I believe, therefore, that practical equality can be obtained under our form of government by remedial legislation in the interest of the American people and not in the interest of any body thereof, large or small.

I believe there is no justification in a government, where officials are elected and laws made by the people for a minority to threaten bloodshed and anarchy unless the majority shall submit to the will of the minority.

I believe that America belongs to American citizens, native and naturalized, who are willing to seek redress for their grievances in orderly and constitutional ways, and I believe that all others should be taught, peacefully if we can and forcibly if we must, that our country is not an international boarding house nor an anarchist cafe.

I pledge myself to the support of these principles by my voice, my

LASH-GRANT REAL ESTATE COMPANY

LOANS, INSURANCE, EXCHANGES, RANCHES, RENTALS

CITY PROPERTY, ABSTRACTS

626 North Broadway PLAINVIEW, TEXAS Phone 653

For exchange, 67 acres, well improved, west part Plainview. Owner wants section of land in New Mexico.

For exchange, 320 acres of land near Plainview, in wheat, will exchange for good farm in Iowa, prefer near Des Moines.

We have party with good car, three thousand dollars in oil stock and some cash, will buy 160 or 320 acre tract.

We have men coming from the East and North, if you want your land sold come in and list it with us.

For exchange, two good brick buildings, want good land.

For exchange, good mercantile stock, want land.

For exchange, good business property in Plainview, will consider some good business in Dallas of Fort Worth, prefer suburban home and grocery store.

We deal in oil leases and royalties, can trade your land for royalties and sell the royalties and get cash for you.

We have some good residence property in Plainview, will exchange for land.

We rent houses, make abstracts, write fire and hail insurance, make loans on large ranches.

The R. C. Ware Oil stock will soon be gone and ready to drill. Come in with that Liberty bond and get some of the stock before it is gone and while you can get it at par.

For exchange, 160 acres of fine land, three miles of court house. Owner wants half section, will exchange and pay some cash difference.

For exchange, 320 acres, well improved, near Plainview two good properties in Plainview, want some land near Mesa, Arizona, or in the vicinity of Phoenix, Arizona.

LASH-GRANT REAL ESTATE COMPANY

J. J. LASH J. W. GRANT MATT A. CRAM W. A. MORTER

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PLAINVIEW

CAPITAL \$100,000.00

SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS - - \$150,000.00

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT

Give us a trial and we will care for your business in a conservative business like manner.

J. H. Slaton, President. Guy Jacob, V-Pres. and Cashier

vote, and, if need be, by my fortune and my life, and I promise my country to train my children in this most holy faith.—Vice President Marshall.

"Money in Meat"

Publication of the annual report of Wilson & Co. of Chicago, the last of the five big meat packers to announce its figures for 1918 (reads as special dispatch) gives the total sales of the five Chicago packers as running upward of \$3,000,000,000 for the "past year. This is half a Liberty loan. Measured against the United States Steel Corporation, for the year 1917, the total volume of business done by all the United States steel companies for that year amounted to \$1,683,962,552.

Gross sales of the five packers are reported by them as follows: Armour & Co., \$861,000,000; Cudahy Packing Co., \$286,000,000; Morris & Co., \$470,000,000; Swift & Co., \$1,200,000,000; Wilson & Co., \$400,000,000; total, \$3,217,000,000.

In relatively recent times the lives of Presidents of the United States have been shorter than in the early days of the republic. Five presidents died at an age of less than sixty years, among them Lincoln, who was fifty-six when he was assassinated, and Garfield, who was only forty-nine; eight presidents died in the sixties, among them Roosevelt, who had recently passed his sixtieth birthday, and Washington, who died

NOTICE OF ESTRAY

THE STATE OF TEXAS,

County of Hale.

TAKEN UP by J. C. Homan and estrayed before E. A. Young, Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, Hale county: One red mottle face male calf, about one year old, marked under bit in each ear, and weighs about four hundred pounds. Appraised at \$30.

The owner of said stock is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take the same away, or it will be dealt with as the law directs.

Given under my hand and official seal this 10th day of March, A. D. 1919. JO. W. WAYLAND, County Clerk, Hale County, Texas.

at sixty-seven. But of the twelve who passed seventy Buchanan lived to be seventy-seven; Jackson, seventy-eight; and Van Buren, seventy-nine. John Quincy Adams died at eighty on the floor of Congress; Jefferson lived to be eighty-three and Madison to be eighty-five; and John Adams rounded out a full fourscore and ten.

Fifty-one million dollar's worth of new buildings planned for the year in Chicago are being held up because of the high price of building materials. This information was given members of the legislative commission investigating the high price of building material by four of the leading architects in Chicago.

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

I like to take my pen
And sit and dream
alone,
And grab a little
Thought
From out the Great
Unknown

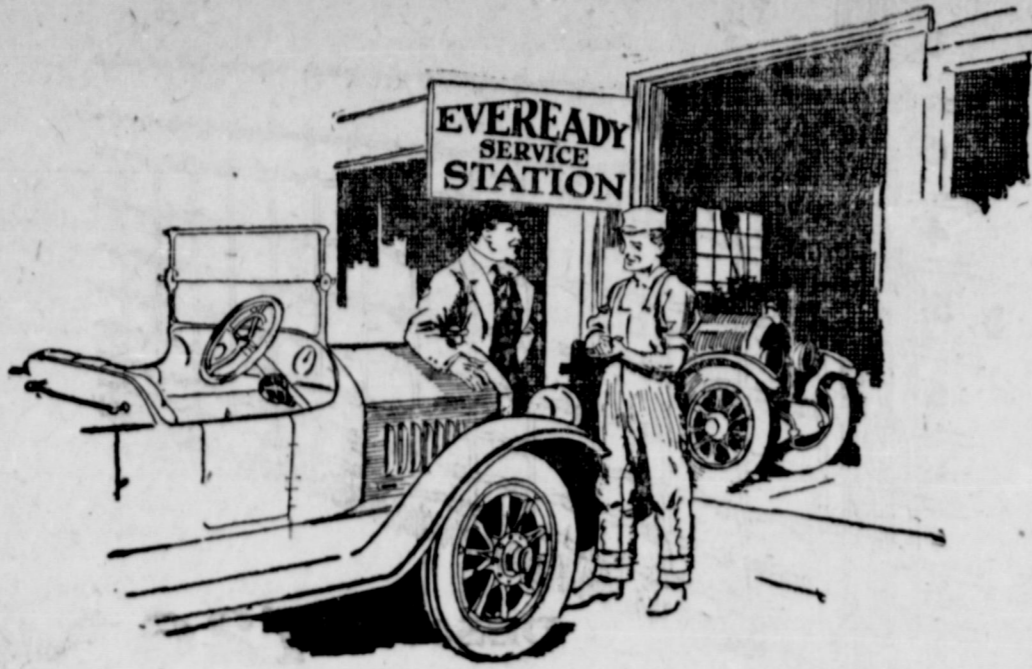


35c DOZEN FOR EGGS IN TRADE

Early Ohio Seed Potatoes 5 1-2c pound
Austin Dewberry Roots \$1.50 hundred
Giant Rhubarb Roots 75c dozen
Frost Proof Cabbage Plants 40c hundred
White Bermuda Onion Plants 25c hundred
Baby Chick Feed 3 1-2c pound up
Poultry Supplies-Incubator Supplies

C. E. WHITE SEED CO., PLAINVIEW

817,000 CARS WERE SCRAPPED IN 1917
and most of them were only middle-aged



Keep the ol' hoss
in harness

TO chloroform a good horse just because he's hungry would be a foolish thing.

But thousands of people are apparently just as reckless—dumping good cars onto the scrapheap because of a battery hunger they do not understand.

As this is not the year for extravagant waste, it's up to you to keep the old car in commission. Feed her—and she'll respond. The Eveready Storage Battery is the tonic she needs. No indigestion—no ruinous sulphation—just the everlasting "go" that is her natural gait when you treat her right.

Come in and read the Eveready Storage Battery Guarantee
—a year and a half—and we're here to make it good

SOUTH PLAINS BATTERY CO.
New Ellerd Building

We test and repair
all makes of batteries

EVEREADY

Our repair work
is fully guaranteed

PUBLIC SALE

Tuesday, April 1st, 1919

At my place, one mile northwest of Wayland College. Sale beginning at 10:30. I wish to rent my 140 acre farm, it is well equipped for a dairy farm, any one wanting to rent this farm, come to the sale and see it.

4 Head of Horses and Mules

- 1 Black Horse, 3 years old, extra good.
- 1 Bay Mare, 3 years old and good.
- 2 yearling Mules, coming 2 year old, good.

32 Registered and High Grade Jerseys

- 18 head of extra good Milch Cows, ages from 2 to 7 years old, and will give from 2½ to 5 gallons milk per day.
 - 10 head of yearlings and are out of extra good cows.
 - 3 Calves from good milk cows.
 - Yearling Male, eligible to register.
 - 1 2-year-old Registered Male, a dandy.
- This stuff is as good as there is in the country, and if you want good milk stock, don't miss this sale.

11 Head of Hogs

- 5 good Duroc Brood Sows.
- One choice Male, a choice selection from Helen-Temple farm.
- 5 Shoats, fall pigs.

Farm Machinery

- 1 Farm Wagon, 3 1/4-inch, with good long bed, all in good shape.
- 2 old Wagons with beds.
- 2 sets of Leather Harness. 1 Surry.
- 1 set Surry Harness. 1 Feed Grinder.
- 1 Hay Bailer. 2 one-row Listers.
- 2 Broad Cast Binders, one good one.
- 1 McCormack Mower, in good running shape.
- 1 three-section Harrow.
- 1 two-disc Plow, good. 1 Garden Plow.
- 1 two-row Cultivator, good.
- 1 Disc Harrow, good.
- 1 one-row Cultivator. 2 Hay Frames.
- 1 16-inch Walking Plow.
- 1 Hog Waterer. 1 Cow Tester, new.
- 1 Milk Separator, nearly new.
- 1 Grinding Stone.
- 1 Galvanized Stock Tank.
- 1 4-h. p. Power Engine and Pump Jack, good.
- 1 4-in. Cylinder with 60 ft. of 3-in. Pipe and Sucker Rod.
- Some 1-inch Pipe, some barb wire, a nice lot of Rhode Island Red Hens, and a good number of household articles too numerous to mention.

COME EARLY AND AVOID THE RUSH. FREE LUNCH

TERMS OF SALE—All sums under \$10.00 cash; all sums over \$10.00 8 months' time with bankable note bearing 10 per cent interest. 5 per cent off for cash.

A. L. WHITE, Owner

W. A. NASH, Auctioneer.

MANY REAL ESTATE DEALS BEING MADE

Buying and Trading in Hale County Lands Though This is Off Season

There are quite a good many real estate deals being made in Hale county these days, despite the fact that this is considered an off season in the land business. The following real estate transfers have been filed with the county clerk the past few days:

W. B. Jones and wife to Mrs. Oga Struve, sections 26 and 35, block JD and B, 213 acres; consideration, \$4,260.

C. L. Young and wife to W. A. Etridge, section 33, block D-6, 80 acres; consideration, \$150.

J. H. Sparks and wife to Geo. Nichols and Amos Bruce, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 146, Abernathy; consideration, \$150.

C. G. Goodman to Rob. E. Downey, block 71, Abernathy; consideration, \$900.

Otto Stolley to R. E. Risinger, lots 10, 11 and 12, block 151, Abernathy; consideration, \$750.

J. T. Reese and wife to Geo. Hessling, section 32, block A-1, 160 acres; consideration, \$5,120.

J. H. Wayland and wife to Wayland Baptist College, section 27, College Hill; consideration, \$1.00.

J. R. Kennedy and wife to A. N. Kennedy, lots 5 and 6, block 57, Central Plains College Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$150.

P. D. Hunsaker to Mrs. A. E. Hunsaker, Hugh McClelland Homestead Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$1,000.

S. M. Barker to A. E. Barker, lots 4, 5 and 6, block 88, Alexander & Westmoreland Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$1.00.

I. F. Faulkner to Jno. E. Brown, lots 1 to 5, block 21, Central Plains College Addition, Plainview, section 1, block D-4; consideration, \$1.00.

J. F. Yates and wife to J. E. Brown, lots 8, 9, and 10, block 37, Central Plains College Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$35.00.

J. J. Barton to Jack S. Barton, section 26, Sabine County school lands, 616 acres; consideration, \$10.00.

Jack S. Barton and wife to S. R. Merrill, sections 25 and 26, Sabine County school lands, 616 acres; consideration, \$10.00.

C. G. Goodman and wife to O. M. Clark, lots 7, 8 and 9, block 75, Abernathy; consideration, \$250.

A. E. Bailey and wife to E. B. Shankle and others, Petersburg, 65 acres; consideration, \$396.

J. J. Lash and wife to Mrs. Anna W. Moreton, lot 4, block 91, Alexander & Westmoreland Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$2,500.

J. L. Moreton and wife to J. J. Lash and wife, block A-1, 250 acres; consideration, \$13,750.

M. J. Ewalt and wife to Dan Gandy, lot 12, block 93, Hale Center; consideration, \$775.

J. J. Ellard to Mrs. Louise M. Day, block A-4, 80 acres; consideration, \$10.00.

Virgil L. Hunsman and wife to J. C. Halsey, lots 7 and 8, block 23, College Hill addition, Plainview; consideration, \$1,850.

S. E. and Mattie Rhoads to L. D. Rucker, lot 3, block 14, McClelland Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$40,000.

Otto Trulove and wife to Lora E. Trulove, sections 14 and 15, Sabine County School lands, 1,152 1/2 acres; consideration, \$19,000.

Pierce-Peterson Oil Association to Pierce Oil Corporation, lots 21 and 22, block 6, Ellerd Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$2,000.

Grady Phipps and wife to E. B. Hittges, lot 4, block 22, Slaton Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$1,000.

R. W. O'Keefe and Sam. Wilks to Wilbert Peterson, lots 1 and 2, block 43, Highland Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$300.

R. W. O'Keefe to Wilbert Peterson, lots 13, 14, 15, and 16, block 43, Highland Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$400.

FOOD PRICES 73 PER CENT HIGHER THAN IN 1913

Washington, March 29.—Although food prices showed a decline of 6 per cent during the month ending last Feb. 15th, the prices were 9 per cent higher than those prevailing in Feb. 1918, and about 75 per cent higher than the price average in 1913.

Price statistics for last month, announced today by the department of labor, showed that twenty-six of the forty-two articles listed were cheaper in February than in the preceding month. The marked decreases were: Eggs 33 per cent and butter 19 per cent. Potatoes lead the twelve articles, showing an increase by and advance of 25 per cent.

Every sensible man was glad when the United States government picked out 58 anarchists to be deported, but it is not so pleasant to learn that England has two hundred and twenty American anarchists ready to send back to this country. The balance of trade seems to be against us.

TULIA

March 22.—County contests in spelling and contests among rural schools in reading and declamation will be held at the court house in Tulia Friday, March 28th, beginning at 3 o'clock, p. m. The athletic contests will be held Saturday, the 29th.

Miss Lva Luttoiph of Plainview, spent Saturday and Sunday in Tulia, visiting at the home of her friends, Judge W. F. Hendrix and family.

Miss Edith Duke, one of our accomplished teachers of music, spent the week-end last week in Plainview, visiting her cousin, Miss Lena Maude Smith.

C. E. Duke, cashier of the Tulia Bank & Trust company, was in Plainview last Sunday visiting his sister, Mrs. A. M. Smith. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have recently returned from Fort Worth, and will again make their home in Plainview.

W. H. Donaldson arrived in Tulia Saturday morning. Mrs. Donaldson and daughter, Sue Hayden, are in Fort Worth, where they will visit with relatives for a week or two, before coming to their home in Tulia. Mr. Donaldson has assumed his duties as cashier of the First National Bank.

Miss Lena Maude Smith of Plainview, was the week end guest of her cousin, Miss Edith Duke.

Judge and Mrs. W. T. Tomlinson, accompanied by their daughter, Miss Anna, left Tuesday night for El Paso, where they expect to spend some time for the betterment of Miss Anna's health.

Rev. G. S. Wyatt, pastor of the Methodist church in Tulia, returned last Friday from Memphis, Tennessee, where he was in the interest of the Board of Education of the Northwest Texas conference. He returned home by way of Hot Springs and Little Rock, Arkansas, where he visited a sister and brother.—Herald.

SILVERTON

March 21.—H. M. Seale had a rib or two broken and was bruised otherwise by a fall from a bluff on the cap rock a few days ago while getting wood. He slipped and fell several feet, striking against a rock.

Attorney J. E. Daniel and Mrs. Malcolm Daniel and little Josephine, went to Plainview Wednesday.

Joe Crane came in last Friday from California where he was mastered out of the Navy. He was on the ocean quite a bit and made a trip or two to Panama and other places of interest.

William J. E. Strange and Miss Ivah Dunn were married by Rev. Zora B. Pirtle at the parsonage Monday evening of last week.

Mrs. Myrtle Demie returned last Sunday from a six months stay at Albuquerque, N. M., and Nauden, California, to be at home a few weeks.

Last Monday morning while coming to town horse back, J. A. Cantwell's horse stumbled and fell throwing Mr. Cantwell from the saddle, but his feet hung in the stirrup and before he could get it loose, the horse got up and ran some distance, dragging him, and it lasted him a time or two, breaking him up pretty badly.

H. E. Stevenson sent six head of hogs to the railroad a few days ago which netted him \$267.74. One or two of them brought him about \$70 each. T. E. Hartschke sent 4 head which brought \$394, and he is feeding 70 head more.

Louis Osborn, brother of Mrs. Gilkerson, came in Sunday to make his home here. He has just returned from France where he was in active service seven months. He was "trapped" in the jungle from which he was several weeks recovering.—Star.

Burison, Free Mackay Postmaster General Burison has discharged President Clarence Mackay and all the other officers of the Postal Telegraph Company, because they refused to obey his order to raise the telegraph rates and because they raised the wages of the employees 10 per cent instead of 5 per cent. Mackay says Burison, while managing the telegraph companies under government control, is trying to ruin the Postal company and is favoring the Western Union Telegraph Company.

The First Lamb Club

A Dickens county Lamb club was organized in Spur at the recent sheep meeting, the organization being fostered by County Agent G. L. Crawford, C. C. French of A. & M. college Extension Service, J. E. Boog-Scott, prominent cattleman and member of the government board of the experiment stations, and J. M. Jones and C. M. Hubbard of the experimental station. The Dickens County Lamb club is the first of its kind in the state.—Spur Texas Spur.

The pool hall owners of the state have employed attorneys and will fight the enforcement of the closing law, which will force them to close May 1. They allege it is unconstitutional.

Owing to the great shortage of horses in Europe, and the demand for tonnage to this country, it is pro-

Store News

Did you know we always have all kinds of dried fruits in stock?—both places, Plainview Produce Co., or Gibbs' Cash Grocery.

We always pay highest cash prices for eggs; you do not have to trade it out. Try it and see—either place.

Did you know Gibbs' Cash Grocery is the easiest place in town to unload your produce and get your order when in a hurry.

Service is what we are always trying to give—either place—Phone 366 or 337.

All kinds of fresh garden seeds in the bulk at Plainview Produce Co.

"Farmer's Headquarters." Tell your friends to meet you at Gibbs' Cash Grocery, East side square.

It sure was some good rain. Now come in and buy good bulk garden seed from the place "Where Seeds Get Up and Grow"—Plainview Produce Company.

We have the gallon fruits and they are the right price—either place.

When you think of good things to eat think of—either place.

Plainview Produce Co.

Phone 366

GIBBS' CASH GROCERY

Phone 337

C. L. BARNES

DENTIST

Hale Center, Texas. Railroad fare returned to patient coming from Plainview.

COCHRAN'S PHOTO STUDIO

High Grade Portraits



ROOMS TO RENT

Southwest of Square.

C. F. SJOGREN

Auctioneer

KRESS, TEXAS

Phone or write me for dates or dates can be made at News office.

Dr. Norman B. Mayhugh

Osteopathic Physician

Suit 34, Grant Building

Phones: Office 428; Home 328

babble that the United States will get in France all its war horses now overseas.

The Plainview News

Published Tuesday and Friday at Plainview, Hale County, Texas.

J. M. ADAMS, Editor and Owner

Entered as second-class matter, May 23, 1906 at the Postoffice at Plainview, Texas, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Subscription Rates

One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......85
Three Months......50

There is one thing commendable about the Bolsheviks; wherever they get in the ascendancy they at once separate state and church.

On account of conflicting dates the meeting of the Panhandle Press Association, to be held in Vernon, has been postponed until April 18 and 19.

Of course we have known men to get really angry, but we never knew of one getting as mad as a Plains woman gets when a dust storm comes up about the middle of wash day.

Of course we are not supposed to know much about the matter, but it does seem to us the prices of the new dresses are mighty large considering that the dresses are cut so short at both the bottom and top.

People are sure getting smart these days—Canada is now talking to Ireland by wireless telephone, and a Yankee named Rogers has invented an underground and underwater wireless telegraph system.

A new epidemic known as "Sleeping sickness" has broken out in parts of the country. But this isn't what affects the crowd on the northwest corner of the square—it's "loafing sickness" and some of them have chronic and incurable cases, too.

Some of the American distilleries and brewers are preparing to move their plants to Mexico when this country becomes bone-dry. Talking about a concoction that would make a mouse fight a cat, how about a mixture of Mexican mescal and American rot-gut whiskey?

Hill county last week voted a two million dollar bond issue by a majority of sixteen to one. Almost every county in the black waxy belt of the state is issuing big sums of bonds to make piked roads. When it rains, (and it does often down that way), most all business and work comes to a stand still.

The British lion is having troubles with its "happy and contented family," also. Egypt is on the war path, and the entire country is in a state of insurrection, demanding independence, and pointing to Wilson's "self-determination of peoples" in justification of their plea. They should be told that this point is not to apply to any British, French or Italian colonial possession.

It is given out that the reason why Hungary has gone over to the Bolsheviks is because her people are hungry. If the peace council does not sign up peace very soon, and thus allow the people of the central powers and other starving nations to have food, the Bolsheviks is going to spread to them all. France is now acting like the dog in the manger, in blocking the proposal of the United States and England to sell food to the starving people of the enemy countries.

"We are not a politician, but it is easy to see that the taking over of the telegraphs and telephones and their operation in such an autocratic manner as is being done by Mr. Burleson, is going to cost the democratic party lots of votes in next year's presidential election. It has cost this country many billions of dollars and thousands of lives to fight autocracy across the waters, for them to vote for a party whose administration stands for it in this country.

Editor L. P. Loomis has sold the Slatonite to W. McDonald, formerly of the McKinney Courier-Gazette, and will go to a "larger field," though he does not say where that is. Loomis prints his valedictory in a three-column article that is a gem of rhetoric, for he knows how to weave words into poems. He came to Slaton on its natal day June 15, 1911, (the day the editor of the News came to Plainview to take charge of the paper), and through hard work, limited patronage and under adverse circumstances built up a paying business and a paper that is a credit and a valuable asset to the town and county. He is one of the best men we have ever been fortunate to know—clean, gentlemanly, brave, smart. We sure do hope that he will not move from the Plains country, and at least not so far away that we cannot see and hobnob with him occasionally.

Arthur Capper is the newly elected senator from Kansas. He is one of the really great men of that state, and is close to the people. In a signed statement Saturday he said: "I believe Kansas is overwhelmingly for a League of Nations. I am emphatically for it, because I believe it to be a great step toward an enduring peace which is the hope of the world and which the world must and will have." Capper rises above party, and even if thirty-eight republican senators have signed an agreement to oppose and vote against ratification of the League of Nations, he has the independence to snap his fingers in their faces and say he is for it. When the test vote finally comes, the treaty will go through the senate for the people are for it.

BAILEY DENOUNCES DEMOCRATIC PARTY

Joseph Weldon Bailey, formerly senator from Texas, created a ripple of interest last week by making a talk at a banquet in New York, in which he denounced the democratic party, for its alleged departure from oldline democratic principles.

He declared that "the party has renounced and abandoned one democratic principle after another in such rapidity and bewildering succession that they have left us nothing except the name." He also said the constitution is now "regarded as an obsolete scrap of paper." And he further declared that he would "never again vote for the candidate of any party which constantly reduces our liberty and unnecessarily increases our taxes."

This denunciation was brought out in reference to the passage of the national prohibition laws and the near adoption of the woman's suffrage amendment—both involving additions to the constitution.

It is too bad that Mr. Bailey did not base his objection on other things than these two, for one has been made a part of the constitution in the lawful and right way, and if the other is added to the organic law of the land it will be in the same way, just as is provided by that instrument for such changes and additions.

He should have based it on higher things, for he went on to say: "The liberty we have thought worth fighting for and dying for, is the liberty of the individual—the right of every man to do for himself and with his own whatever he pleases, so long as he does not interfere with the right of other men to do the same."

"But in this day they tell us that it is better to be good than it is to be free and they have multiplied our penal statutes until the lawyers cannot carry even an index of them in their minds. We have restricted the rights of men until no civilized country on the globe interferes with the habits, the pleasures and the business of the people as much as this free government of the United States."

We have always been a most intense "anti-Bailey man," and ever since he first got into public life we have been fighting him, and right now there is not a single office within the gift of the people we would vote for him for. But, he is eminently correct in the quotation above, and there is not any man in the country who can stand up against him in his argument. One of the saddest things is the manner in which the people of this country are being robbed of their individual rights. It used to be a tenet of the democratic party that that country which is governed least is governed best, and that a man had a right to do anything that did not injure or transgress the rights of anybody else. But that has been so changed that today the individual is hedged about with every conceivable law, from his cradle to his grave. Its law, law, law, and it is regulation this and that, all through life. The government is taking over every phase of individual's existence, and there are those who want it to further and further extend its paternalistic powers by even taking the baby from the mother when it is first born and having the state to raise it in a government ward, "so the mother can go on about her work."

But, the democratic party is not the only sinner in this curtailment of individual liberty, for the republican party is also tarred with the same stick, and were it in power it would do as bad as has the democratic party—in fact, in some states the republican party has gone even further than any democratic state administration. Both are honeycombed with socialists, paternalism and Bolshevism.

The News editor is not a pessimist nor a Gloomy Gus, for he believes that in the end it will all work out for the best, for Jehovah reigns, and will bring things out right. But, at present it does seem that the world is considerably out of joint, and that individual freedom is losing out everywhere. Every man seems to want to make his neighbor to do just so and so.

Maybe, in time there will be a reaction. Let us hope so, at least.

A life-size bas-relief (statue) of Postmaster General Burleson was unveiled at a university in Washington city Friday. If Mr. Burleson would resign as head of the postal department it would be a great relief to the people of the country.

KANSAS SENSATIONALIST

Gov. Allen of Kansas poses as "the man of the pee-pul." He likes to pose in the spotlight. He is a sensationalist, and is doubtless wanting to get to the U. S. Senate after his term as governor expires. He is showing he is of very small calibre, in several ways. His attack on the manner in which the war department handled the soldiers in Europe was sensational, but has been proven to be rather flimsy, for the department was doing the best it could under the circumstances, and as the Huns were whipped people are not now worrying over many of the deficiencies of the army management.

But, Gov. Allen has broken out in another crusade for the white light that flames on the front page of newspapers. This time it is an attack on the cotton growers of the South for their campaign pledging that the cotton acreage be reduced one-third this year. He declares that by such a policy the cotton growers "are trading on the misery of the world," and says they are making as much money at 35c a pound as the Kansas wheat farmers are making from their wheat at \$3.25 a bushel.

It is evident that no cotton is grown in Kansas. Gov. Allen's viewpoint is crooked. He sees only in terms of wheat, and the government has guaranteed the price of wheat shall be \$2.26. The facts are there is a surplus of nearly eight million bales of cotton and it cannot be sold at 24c, because the markets of the world are not open to it. Hence, for the cotton growers to go on and this year cultivate a big acreage to cotton would so glut the markets that the spinners would have the cotton growers at their mercy, and would force them to sell at much less than the cost of production. The South has been at the mercy of the spinners and speculators in times past and they have not felt any scruples in forcing cotton down, in some years to 3c and 4c a pound, and only four years ago to 6c. Of course, low prices of cotton mean bankruptcy to the South, and the South must need hedge against such, despite Gov. Allen's charge of base selfishness.

Of course, some bankers and growers did gamble on cotton last fall and winter, when cotton dropped below 35c, and are now paying the penalty for such gambling, just as many speculators in oil are paying the penalty for their folly at gambling, but it is not these speculators that this cotton reduction plan is gotten up to benefit primarily—it is the small cotton farmer, those whose living depends on getting a fair price for cotton. This country is due him some consideration, in fact greater consideration than even the "naked people of the world" whom Gov. Allen is so much interested in just now—though of course he is not going to urge the Kansas farmers to reduce the price of their wheat half in order to feed these starving people of other countries.

That damnable bunch of intollerant superheated "patriots" are now in full cry against Speaker Champ Clark and are using every effort possible to defeat him for democratic leader because when the conscription bill was before congress at the beginning of the war he opposed it. Is every man who had the tenacity to exercise the great American and God-given right to think for himself and to declare his opinions as to pending measures before they become laws, to be crucified by the bunch of "rubber stamps" who exalt their own patriotism though they never heard a gun fired, never were in a training camp, and doubtless bought few liberty loan bonds or war saving stamps? Clark had a right to oppose the conscription bill, and it was his patriotic duty to do so when it was pending in congress, if he thought it not best for the country, and anyone who would crucify Clark for having done so is not a real American, but is for autocracy and had he lived in Germany would have been a supporter of the kaiser. Of all persons this side of hades, the most contemptible ones are the two extremes—those who are traitors to their country, and these intollerant superheated "patriots." Both deserve the supreme contempt of all really patriotic Americans.

The rain of Friday to Monday was worth fully a million dollars to Hale county, and it helped the feelings of the people several million dollars.

The farmers and stockmen of the Plainview country now wear broad smiles. A good rain makes a lot of difference in a community's feelings.

Fifty of the sixty-seven democrats members of the Missouri legislature

met last week and adopted a resolution asking U. S. Senator Reed to resign as he is opposed to Wilson's League of Nations plans. Senator Reed will not resign—in fact, of course not one of the fifty legislators expected him to do so. Don't they know it is both un-democratic and non-republican to resign a good fat office?

The socialists met in New York City the other day and protested the conviction of Eugene Debs, who was their presidential candidate for several times. They declared for a nation-wide strike beginning July 4th if he is not pardoned. That is the best way they can do—not to get him pardoned. If there is one thing above another that this country and the world is cursed with now is the strike spirit. No matter what comes up, the first thought of certain elements is to strike. To strike always means loss to all parties concerned, and to the public in general in most cases.

ROOSEVELT AND CHURCHGOING

Therefore, on Sunday go to church. Yes, I know all the excuses. I know that one can worship the Creator and dedicate oneself to good living in a grove of trees, or by a running brook, or in one's own home, just as well as in church. But I also know that as a matter of cold fact that the average man does not thus worship or thus dedicate himself. If he stays away from church he does not spend his time in good work or lofty meditation. He looks over the colored supplement of the newspaper; he yawns, and he finally seeks relief from the mental vacuity of isolation by going where the combined mental vacuity of many partially relieves the mental vacuity of each individual.

If toil is not exceptionally but habitually exhausting so that the man when released from it at nightfall of each day or at the end of the week can do nothing but sink exhausted into a kind of lethargy from which he rouses himself only to meet the task of the new day or new week, then there is something wrong in the social system so far as he is concerned; and the churches should take the lead in the effort to diagnose and remedy the wrong.

But if he has merely worked healthily hard, and is healthily tired, it will be from every standpoint an excellent thing for him to begin his Sunday by going to church. This means that he and all his family will have been up for breakfast later than usual, very possibly, and quite properly, but in time to avoid that feeling of slackness and of being at loose ends which will demoralize anyone who habitually begins the day by spending a couple of hours more than he needs in bed, and then by lounging around the house half-dressed and doing nothing.

A New Creed For Americans

I believe that the American republic as instituted by the fathers constitutes the finest system of government ever ordained among men and affords the machinery for the righting of grievances without resort to violence, tumult and disorder.

I believe that every inequality which exists in the social economic condition of the American people is traceable to the successful demands of the interested classes for class legislation, and I believe, therefore, that practical equality can be obtained under our form of government by remedial legislation in the interest of the American people and not in the interest of any body thereof, large or small.

I believe there is no justification in a government, where officials are elected and laws made by the people for a minority to threaten bloodshed and anarchy unless the majority shall submit to the will of the minority.

I believe that America belongs to American citizens, native and naturalized, who are willing to seek redress for their grievances in orderly and constitutional ways, and I believe that all others should be taught, peacefully if we can and forcibly if we must, that our country is not an international boarding house nor an anarchist cafe.

I pledge myself to the support of these principles by my voice, my

LASH-GRANT REAL ESTATE COMPANY

LOANS, INSURANCE, EXCHANGES, RANCHES, RENTALS
CITY PROPERTY, ABSTRACTS
626 North Broadway PLAINVIEW, TEXAS Phone 653

For exchange, 67 acres, well improved, west part Plainview. Owner wants section of land in New Mexico.

For exchange, 320 acres of land near Plainview, in wheat, will exchange for good farm in Iowa, prefer near Des Moines.

We have party with good car, three thousand dollars in oil stock and some cash, will buy 160 or 320 acre tract.

We have men coming from the East and North, if you want your land sold come in and list it with us.

For exchange, two good brick buildings, want good land.

For exchange, good mercantile stock, want land.

For exchange, good business property in Plainview, will consider some good business in Dallas or Fort Worth, prefer suburban home and grocery store.

We deal in oil leases and royalties, can trade your land for royalties and sell the royalties and get cash for you.

We have some good residence property in Plainview, will exchange for land.

We rent houses, make abstracts, write fire and hail insurance, make loans on large ranches.

The R. C. Ware Oil stock will soon be gone and ready to drill. Come in with that Liberty bond and get some of the stock before it is gone and while you can get it at par.

For exchange, 160 acres of fine land, three miles of court house. Owner wants half section, will exchange and pay some cash difference.

For exchange, 320 acres, well improved, near Plainview two good properties in Plainview, want some land near Mesa, Arizona, or in the vicinity of Phoenix, Arizona.

LASH-GRANT REAL ESTATE COMPANY
J. J. LASH J. W. GRANT MATT A. CRAM W. A. MORTER

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PLAINVIEW

CAPITAL \$100,000.00
SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$150,000.00
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT

Give us a trial and we will care for your business in a conservative business like manner.
J. H. Slaton, President. Guy Jacob, V-Pres. and Cashier

vote, and, if need be, by my fortune and my life, and I promise my country to train my children in this most holy faith.—Vice President Marshall.

"Money in Meat"

Publication of the annual report of Wilson & Co. of Chicago, the last of the five big meat packers to announce its figures for 1918 (reads as special dispatch) gives the total sales of the five Chicago packers as running upward of \$3,000,000,000 for the past year. This is half a Liberty loan. Measured against the United States Steel Corporation, for the year 1917, the total volume of business done by all the United States steel companies for that year amounted to \$1,683,962,552.

Gross sales of the five packers are reported by them as follows: Armour & Co., \$861,000,000; Cudahy Packing Co., \$286,000,000; Morris & Co., \$470,000,000; Swift & Co., \$1,200,000,000; Wilson & Co., \$400,000,000; total, \$3,217,000,000.

In relatively recent times the lives of Presidents of the United States have been shorter than in the early days of the republic. Five presidents died at an age of less than sixty years, among them Lincoln, who was fifty-six when he was assassinated, and Garfield, who was only forty-nine; eight presidents died in the sixties, among them Roosevelt, who had recently passed his sixtieth birthday, and Washington, who died

NOTICE OF ESTRAY

THE STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Hale.
TAKEN UP by J. C. Homan and estrayed before E. A. Young, Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, Hale county: One red mottle face male calf, about one year old, marked under bit in each ear, and weighs about four hundred pounds. Appraised at \$30.
The owner of said stock is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take the same away, or it will be dealt with as the law directs.
Given under my hand and official seal this 10th day of March, A. D. 1919.
JO. W. WAYLAND,
County Clerk, Hale County, Texas.

at sixty-seven. But of the twelve who passed seventy Buchanan lived to be seventy-seven; Jackson, seventy-eight; and Van Buren, seventy-nine. John Quincy Adams died at eighty on the floor of Congress; Jefferson lived to be eighty-three and Madison to be eighty-five; and John Adams rounded out a full fourscore and ten.

Fifty-one million dollar's worth of new buildings planned for the year in Chicago are being held up because of the high price of building materials. This information was given members of the legislative commission investigating the high price of building material by four of the leading architects in Chicago.

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

I like to take my pen
And sit and dream alone,
And grab a little thought
From out the Great Unknown

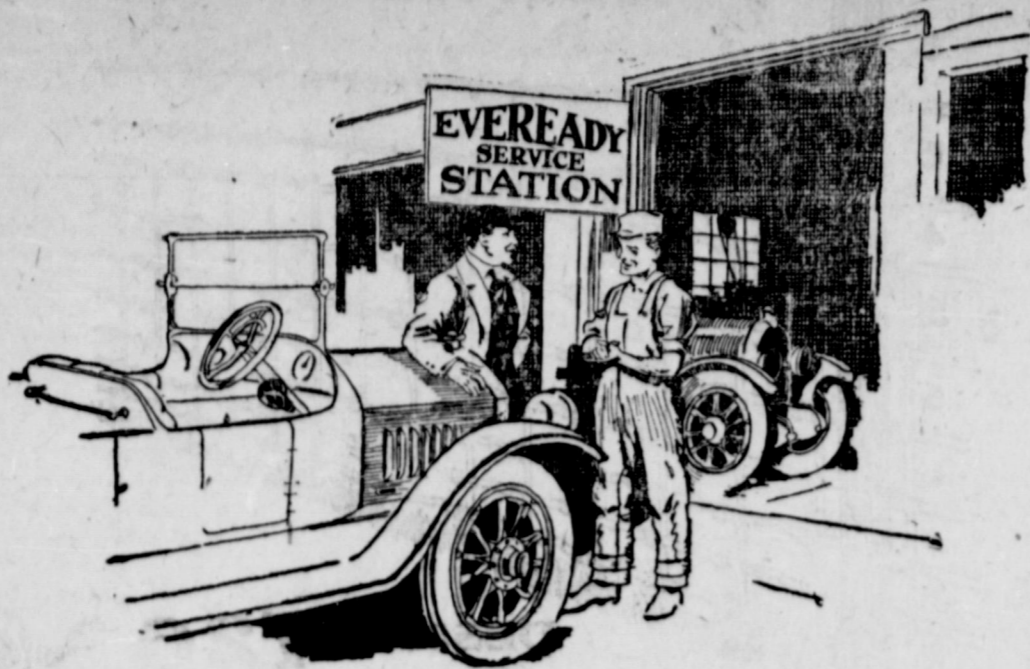


35c DOZEN FOR EGGS IN TRADE

Early Ohio Seed Potatoes 5 1-2c pound
Austin Dewberry Roots \$1.50 hundred
Giant Rhubarb Roots 75c dozen
Frost Proof Cabbage Plants 40c hundred
White Bermuda Onion Plants 25c hundred
Baby Chick Feed 3 1-2c pound up
Poultry Supplies-Incubator Supplies

C. E. WHITE SEED CO., PLAINVIEW

817,000 CARS WERE SCRAPPED IN 1917
and most of them were only middle-aged



Keep the ol' hoss
in harness

TO chloroform a good horse just because he's hungry would be a foolish thing.

But thousands of people are apparently just as reckless—dumping good cars onto the scrapheap because of a battery hunger they do not understand.

As this is not the year for extravagant waste, it's up to you to keep the old car in commission. Feed her—and she'll respond. The Eveready Storage Battery is the tonic she needs. No indigestion—no ruinous sulphation—just the everlasting "go" that is her natural gait when you treat her right.

Come in and read the Eveready Storage Battery Guarantee—a year and a half—and we're here to make it good.

SOUTH PLAINS BATTERY CO.
New Ellerd Building

We test and repair
all makes of batteries

EVEREADY

Our repair work
is fully guaranteed

PUBLIC SALE

Tuesday, April 1st, 1919

At my place, one mile northwest of Wayland College. Sale beginning at 10:30. I wish to rent my 140 acre farm, it is well equipped for a dairy farm, any one wanting to rent this farm, come to the sale and see it.

4 Head of Horses and Mules

1 Black Horse, 3 years old, extra good.
1 Bay Mare, 3 years old and good.
2 yearling Mules, coming 2 year old, good.

32 Registered and High Grade Jerseys

18 head of extra good Milch Cows, ages from 2 to 7 years old, and will give from 2½ to 5 gallons milk per day.
10 head of yearlings and are out of extra good cows.
3 Calves from good milk cows.
Yearling Male, eligible to register.
1 2-year-old Registered Male, a dandy.
This stuff is as good as there is in the country, and if you want good milk stock, don't miss this sale.

11 Head of Hogs

5 good Duroc Brood Sows.
One choice Male, a choice selection from Helen-Temple farm.
5 Shoats, fall pigs.

Farm Machinery

1 Farm Wagon, 3 1-4-inch, with good long bed, all in good shape.
2 old Wagons with beds.
2 sets of Leather Harness. 1 Surry.
1 set Surry Harness. 1 Feed Grinder.
1 Hay Bailer. 2 one-row Listers.
2 Broad Cast Binders, one good one.
1 McCormack Mower, in good running shape.
1 three-section Harrow. 1 Garden Plow.
1 two-disc Plow, good. 1 two-row Cultivator, good.
1 Disc Harrow, good. 2 Hay Frames.
1 one-row Cultivator. 1 16-inch Walking Plow.
1 Hog Waterer. 1 Cow Tester, new.
1 Milk Separator, nearly new.
1 Grinding Stone.
1 Galvanized Stock Tank.
1 4-h. p. Power Engine and Pump Jack, good.
1 4-in. Cylinder with 60 ft. of 3-in. Pipe and Sucker Rod.
Some 1-inch Pipe, some barb wire, a nice lot of Rhode Island Red Hens, and a good number of household articles too numerous to mention.

COME EARLY AND AVOID THE RUSH. FREE LUNCH

TERMS OF SALE—All sums under \$10.00 cash; all sums over \$10.00 8 months' time with bankable note bearing 10 per cent interest. 5 per cent off for cash.

A. L. WHITE, Owner

W. A. NASH, Auctioneer.

MANY REAL ESTATE DEALS BEING MADE

Buying and Trading in Hale County Lands Though This is Off Season

There are quite a good many real estate deals being made in Hale county these days, despite the fact that this is considered an off season in the land business. The following real estate transfers have been filed with the county clerk the past few days:

W. B. Jones and wife to Mrs. Oga Struve, sections 26 and 35, block JD and B, 213 acres; consideration, \$4,260.

C. L. Young and wife to W. A. Ett-ridge, section 33, block D-6, 80 acres; consideration, \$150.

J. H. Sparks and wife to Geo. Nichols and Amos Bruce, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 146, Abernathy; consideration, \$150.

C. G. Goodman to Rob. E. Downey, block 71, Abernathy; consideration, \$900.

Otto Stolley to R. E. Risinger, lots 10, 11 and 12, block 151, Abernathy; consideration, \$750.

J. T. Reese and wife to Geo. Hessling, section 32, block A-1, 160 acres; consideration, \$5,120.

J. H. Wayland and wife to Wayland Baptist College, section 27, College Hill; consideration, \$1,000.

J. R. Kennedy and wife to A. N. Kennedy, lots 5 and 6, block 57, Central Plains College Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$150.

P. D. Hunsaker to Mrs. A. E. Hunsaker, Hugh McClelland Homestead Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$1,000.

S. M. Barker to A. E. Barker, lots 4, 5 and 6, block 88, Alexander & Westmoreland Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$1,000.

I. F. Faulkner to Jno. E. Brown, lots 1 to 5, block 21, Central Plains College Addition, Plainview, section 1, block D-4; consideration, \$1,000.

J. F. Yates and wife to J. E. Brown, lots 8, 9, and 10, block 37, Central Plains College Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$35.00.

J. J. Barton to Jack S. Barton, section 26, Sabine County school lands, 616 acres; consideration, \$10.00.

Jack S. Barton and wife to S. R. Merrill, sections 25 and 26, Sabine County school lands, 616 acres; consideration, \$10.00.

C. G. Goodman and wife to O. M. Clark, lots 7, 8 and 9, block 75, Abernathy; consideration, \$250.

A. E. Bailey and wife to E. B. Shankle and others, Petersburg, 65 acres; consideration, \$396.

J. J. Lash and wife to Mrs. Anna W. Moreton, lot 4, block 91, Alexander & Westmoreland Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$2,500.

J. L. Moreton and wife to J. J. Lash and wife, block A-1, 250 acres; consideration, \$13,750.

M. J. Ewalt and wife to Dan Gandy, lot 12, block 93, Hale Center; consideration, \$775.

J. J. Ellerd to Mrs. Louise M. Day, block A-4, 80 acres; consideration, \$10.00.

Virgil L. Harmon and wife to J. C. Halsey, lots 7 and 8, block 23, College Hill addition, Plainview; consideration, \$1,850.

S. E. and Mattie Rhodes to L. D. Rucker, lot 8, block 14, McClelland Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$40.00.

Otis Trulove and wife to Lem B. Trulove, sections 14 and 15, Sabine County School lands, 1,152.2 acres; consideration \$10.00.

Pierce-Fordyce Oil Association to Pierce Oil Corporation, lots 2 and 3, block 6, Railroad Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$1.00.

Grady Pipkin and wife to E. B. Hughes, lot 4, block 2, Slaton Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$1,040.

R. W. O'Keefe and Sam Wilks to Wilbert Peterson, lots 1 and 2, block 45, Highland Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$300.

R. W. O'Keefe to Wilbert Peterson, lots 13, 14, 15 and 16, block 43, Highland Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$400.

FOOD PRICES 75 PER CENT HIGHER THAN IN 1913

Washington, March 20.—Although food prices showed a decline of 6 per cent during the month ending last Feb. 15th, the prices were 9 per cent higher than those prevailing in Feb. 1918, and about 75 per cent higher than the price average in 1913.

Price statistics for last month, announced today by the department of labor, showed that twenty-six of the forty-two articles listed were cheaper in February than in the preceding month. The marked decreases were: Eggs 33 per cent and butter 19 per cent. Potatoes lead the twelve articles, showing an increase by and advance of 25 per cent.

Every sensible man was glad when the United States government picked out 58 anarchists to be deported, but it is not so pleasant to learn that England has two hundred and twenty American anarchists ready to send back to this country. The balance of trade seems to be against us.

TULIA

March 22.—County contests in spelling and contests among rural schools in reading and declamation will be held at the court house in Tulia Friday, March 28th, beginning at 3 o'clock, p. m. The athletic contests will be held Saturday, the 29th.

Miss Lva Luttoiph of Plainview, spent Saturday and Sunday in Tulia, visiting at the home of her friends, Judge W. F. Hendrix and family.

Miss Edith Duke, one of our accomplished teachers of music, spent the week-end last week in Plainview, visiting her cousin, Miss Lena Maude Smith.

C. E. Duke, cashier of the Tulia Bank & Trust company, was in Plainview last Sunday visiting his sister, Mrs. A. M. Smith. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have recently returned from Fort Worth, and will again make their home in Plainview.

W. H. Donaldson arrived in Tulia Saturday morning. Mrs. Donaldson and daughter, Sue Hayden, are in Fort Worth, where they will visit with relatives for a week or two, before coming to their home in Tulia. Mr. Donaldson has assumed his duties as cashier of the First National Bank.

Miss Lena Maude Smith of Plainview, was the week end guest of her cousin, Miss Edith Duke.

Judge and Mrs. W. T. Tomlinson, accompanied by their daughter, Miss Anna, left Tuesday night for El Paso, where they expect to spend some time for the betterment of Miss Anna's health.

Rev. G. S. Wyatt, pastor of the Methodist church in Tulia, returned last Friday from Memphis, Tennessee, where he was in the interest of the Board of Education of the Northwest Texas conference. He returned home by way of Hot Springs and Little Rock, Arkansas, where he visited a sister and brother.—Herald.

SILVERTON

March 21.—H. M. Seale had a rib or two broken and was bruised up otherwise by a fall from a bluff on the cap rock a few days ago while getting wood. He slipped and fell several feet, striking against a rock.

Attorney J. E. Daniel and Mrs. Malcolm Daniel and little Josephine, went to Plainview Wednesday.

Joe Crane came in last Friday from California where he was mustered out of the Navy. He was on the ocean quite a bit and made a trip or two to Panama and other places of interest.

William J. B. Strange and Miss Ivah Dunn were married by Rev. Zora B. Pirtle at the parsonage Monday evening of last week.

Mrs. Myrtle Demic returned last Sunday from a six months stay at Albuquerque, N. M., and Needles, California, to be at home a few weeks.

Last Monday morning while coming to town horse back, J. A. Cantwell's horse stumbled and fell throwing Mr. Cantwell from the saddle, but his foot hung in the stirrup and before he could get it loose, the horse got up and ran some distance, dragging him, and it kicked him a time or two, bruising him up pretty badly.

R. F. Stevenson sent six head of hogs to the railroad a few days ago which netted him \$267.74. One or two of them brought him about \$70 each. T. B. Hardcastle sent 8 head which brought \$304, and he is feeding 70 head more.

Louis Osborn, brother of Mrs. Gilkeyson, came in Sunday to make his home here. He has just returned from France where he was in active service seven months. He was "gassed" in the lungs from which he was several weeks recovering.—Star.

Burleson Fires Mackay

Postmaster General Burleson has discharged President Clarence Mackay and all the other officers of the Postal Telegraph Company because they refused to obey his order to raise the telegraph rates and because they raised the wages of the employees 10 per cent instead of 5 per cent. Mackay says Burleson, while managing the telegraph companies under government control, is trying to ruin the Postal company and is favoring the Western Union Telegraph Company.

The First Lamb Club

A Dickens county Lamb club was organized in Spur at the recent sheep meeting, the organization being fostered by County Agent G. L. Crawford, C. C. French of A. & M. college Extension Service, J. E. Boog-Scott, prominent cattleman and member of the government board of the experiment stations, and J. M. Jones and C. M. Hubbard of the experimental station. The Dickens County Lamb club is the first of its kind in the state.—Spur Texas Spur.

The pool hall owners of the state have employed attorneys and will fight the enforcement of the closing law, which will force them to close May 1. They allege it is unconstitutional.

Owing to the great shortage of horses in Europe, and the demand for tonnage to this country, it is pro-

Store News

Did you know we always have all kinds of dried fruits in stock?—both places, Plainview Produce Co., or Gibbs' Cash Grocery.

We always pay highest cash prices for eggs; you do not have to trade it out. Try it and see—either place.

Did you know Gibbs' Cash Grocery is the easiest place in town to unload your produce and get your order when in a hurry.

Service is what we are always trying to give—either place—Phone 366 or 337.

All kinds of fresh garden seeds in the bulk at Plainview Produce Co.

"Farmer's Headquarters." Tell your friends to meet you at Gibbs' Cash Grocery, East side square.

It sure was some good rain. Now come in and buy good bulk garden seed from the place "Where Seeds Get Up and Grow"—Plainview Produce Company.

We have the gallon fruits and they are the right price—either place.

When you think of good things to eat think of—either place.

Plainview Produce Co.

Phone 366

--OR--

Gibbs Cash Grocery

Phone 337

C. L. BARNES DENTIST

Hale Center, Texas
Railroad fare refunded to patients coming from Plainview.

COCHRAN'S PHOTO STUDIO
High Grade Portraits.



KODAKS TO RENT.
Southwest of Square.

C. F. SJOGREN Auctioneer

KRESS, TEXAS.

Phone or write me for dates or dates can be made at News office.

Dr. Norman B. Mayhugh Osteopathic Physician

Suit 34, Grant Building

Phones: Office 428; Home 328

bable that the United States will get in France all its war horses now overseas.

HALE COUNTY NEWS

Additional Correspondents Wanted
The News is very proud of the dozen correspondents it has in Hale County. They get up their news letters in fine shape, and the subscribers appreciate these letters, also. We want a correspondent in each school district in the county, if possible, and will furnish stamps, envelopes and paper and send the News to some one in each community where we do not have a correspondent, if he or she will write us the news regularly.

HALE CENTER
Mar. 27.—S. O. Parker and Tom Claxton were up from Abernathy the first of the week.
Ross White went to Clovis, N. M., Thursday to spend a few days with his sister and family.
T. J. King and wife entertained their son and family from Amarillo a few days the first of the week.
Rev. J. H. Bone spent a part of last week with his congregations at Kress and Runningwater in the interest of the New Era movement.

We are glad to see C. R. Houston back to his place in the store.
Guy Whitacre was over from Plainview last week visiting friends.
T. A. Waide and Mrs. Joe Waide and family were in Plainview Friday.
S. Snyder of Roscoe is in this community buying feed stuff.
The play presented by the senior class of the Lubbock high school at the auditorium here Friday deserved a better attendance. The inclement weather and a misunderstanding as to time and place were responsible for the small attendance.

Nick Alley came in from a business trip to Dallas Saturday morning.
Ed Gentry returned from the oil fields Friday afternoon.
B. B. Johnson of Runningwater marketed hogs here Saturday.
Mr. and Mrs. Bert McWhorter and sons came up from Lubbock Friday on a dwerse guests of the W. N. Claxton and W. T. Lemond families.
R. F. Alley has returned from Kansas City and other points North where he has been transacting business.

This fine rain has produced miles and miles of smiles.
Mr. and Mrs. Henry McMillan were up from Alley on a shopping trip Saturday.
Mrs. T. E. Wall and daughter, Miss Erie, are in Dallas attending the General Assembly of the D. R. lodge.
D. C. Emdia went to Putnam Monday night for an indefinite stay.
R. C. Cox has moved his barber shop in to the Gentry room just south of the bank.

John Sears was over from Plainview Wednesday to see his parents.
Miss Grace Clark has resigned her position on our school faculty and has a position in Plainview. Miss Herm from Hermleigh is filling the vacancy in the school faculty.
Mr. and Mrs. Garrigus are here from Arkansas for an indefinite stay with their daughter, Mrs. Ed Gentry and family.

MAYFIELD
March 24.—Everybody is rejoicing over the recent rain.
Charlie Garrett has returned from a three months' visit with his sister at Hedley, Texas.
Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Stewart of Halfway have moved into our midst.
Mrs. A. D. Hooper and Mrs. J. S. Booher were shopping in Plainview Saturday.

Quite a number of people of our community attended the Gibson sale.
Misses Lena and Essie Hooper and Flo Benson visited the Rawls family from Friday until Monday.
Mr. and Mrs. Carrington and daughter, Mrs. Craton, have moved to their home at Hermleigh.
Mr. and Mrs. Ed Boyd have moved back to their farm.

Mrs. A. D. Hooper has been very busy taking the scholastic census.
J. E. Stewart attended church at Halfway Sunday.
W. B. Smith has been quite busy threshing the past week.
John Horlacker's new house has just been completed.
Mr. Sansom is very busy dipping his sheep this week.

Cliff Payne of Bartonsite spent Thursday night at A. D. Hooper's.
The trustees of our school have just put out several nice shade trees.
Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Hooper of Westside spent Saturday night at A. D. Hooper's.
Fielding Helm was called to Clifton to the bedside of his mother, who is very ill.

PETERSBURG
March 24.—We have had a bountiful rain, which insures us a crop of wheat to harvest this summer.
Mr. and Mrs. Roy Bailey and little Mildred are in San Angelo visiting their parents. The Misses Saxon and Joe Jay, have charge of the telephone business during their absence.
Willard Holly died at Burk Burnett of pneumonia last week, and his remains were brought here and buried last Friday. His home was near

Bledsoe. He had gone to the oil fields to work for a while and was taken ill soon after his arrival. He was twenty years old and a brother of Mrs. George Stagner of this place.
The young people had quite a pleasant time Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. McCarty, playing forty-two.

Willie Allen has been discharged from the army service at Panama Canal, and is now at home.
T. J. Allen, Fred Wiese and Walter Shankle attended the box supper at Allman Saturday night and report a fine time.

Roy Mahagan returned home this week from army service looking well and happy.
The Baptist fifth Sunday meeting will convene at the Baptist church here March 23rd. A nice program is out, and many good things are in store for those that attend.

Kenneth, the baby son of Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Gregory has been very ill with pneumonia, but is slowly improving.
The Red Cross auxiliary has begun knitting the refugee children's garments.

THIS OIL COMPANY IS TO HELP ORPHANS' HOME

An oil company to be known as the Orphans' Home Oil Company has been organized at the instance of a number of Wichita Falls oil men for the benefit of the Juliette Fowler Orphans' Home at Dallas.

Six tracts of land have been donated for this company and one tract has been purchased. The latter is four acres in block 61 in the Burk Burnett field. The other tracts are in Wichita, Montague, Clay and Hardeman counties.

Trustees of the company say no expenses will be involved for the sale of stock, commissions, promotion fees or salaries. Trustees of the company are R. H. Frizzell, J. C. Davis, H. Lester Moore, M. A. Bundy, S. J. McFarland, M. B. Keith, a trustee of the home; W. R. Ferguson and R. E. Shepherd. Mr. Shepherd, whose home is at Wichita Falls, is treasurer and fiscal agent.—Dallas News.

Will Sell Army Camps

Washington, March 25.—Army camps to be abandoned by the war department, including buildings, railroad tracks, sewage systems and other facilities, are to be sold to the highest bidders and April 15 has been fixed as the date for receiving bids. The plan is to sell entire camps for lump sums and big industrial concerns are regarded as the most likely purchasers.

In some cases state governments are expected to bid for the camps for use as national guard training centers. Such bids will be given preference. Thirteen camps to be sold on April 15 include all which the war department has definitely decided to dispose of. Others may be sold later. Camp Bowie at Fort Worth and Camp Logan at Houston are the Texas camps to be sold.

Why Don't They Get Up in the Morning?

Congress was on the way to repeal the "daylight saving law," when the session blew up in a puff of words. It worked well enough last year, except in the farming communities, where it was almost universally condemned as a "foolish notion." The farmers have protested vigorously to Washington, and the essence of their complaints are: "Why don't they get up in the morning if they want to save an hour of daylight?"
Get ready to handspike your clock Sunday, March 30.

Fours Out of Style

No 4-year-old steers can be bought in the Panhandle country, according to cattle buyers who recently made a trip through that part of the state. Those who own fours refuse to part with them at the prevailing prices, preferring to hold and market them themselves. There are plenty of 1s, 2s and 3s there, it is said, but they, too, are hard to buy except at prices considerably over those of last year. A good 1 is held at round \$60, and 2s and 3s cannot be had for much less than \$100 each and up to \$125. The range there is coming out fast now that spring is beginning to open, but pastures are considerably behind those farther south.—Oklahoma City Livestock News.

Utterly useless and uncalled for as it is, we assume that our time will have to be set up one hour next Sunday. The daylight saving law is still on the federal statutes, the government controls the railroads and the people will be controlled by the railroads in their time schedules. This law is one of the several congressional monstrosities that were foisted upon the American public during the stressful times of war and will have to be obeyed until congress grows sane enough to relieve us by repealing it.—Childress Post.

Panhandle has voted a bond issue of \$12,000 and will take over the waterworks system of the town.

AIRSHIPS MAY SAIL WITHOUT HUMAN PILOTS

Secretary of War Baker Tells of Wonderful Invention by American Genius

Under automatic control, an airplane capable of carrying a heavy load, and without any human being aboard to guide it, has made a trip of more than a hundred miles and landed within a very short distance of the point it was sent to reach.

This most wonderful mechanical invention in aviation development, intended as an instrument of war and one which has been kept secret until now, was mentioned by Newton D. Baker, secretary of war, during his speech Monday in Fort Worth, when he and General Peyton C. March, chief of staff of the United States army, were here to visit Camp Bowie on an inspection tour. Secretary Baker referred to the invention when impressing his hearers with the possible horrors of future wars if there is to be no league of nations.

The invention is an automatic guide for airplanes and was made in America, according to Mr. Baker. When the war ended the invention had been so nearly perfected that in actual test an airship without an occupant was successfully sent on a trip of over 100 miles. An airplane was first sent out under control of a pilot without making a landing, returning to its point of origin after locating the distant objective for the test. Then was sent under the automatic control the other ship to land at the designated point and it effected the landing so close to that point that had it been a shell it would have been considered a good shot.

Secretary Baker did not explain the exact nature of the invention, but he made it clear that the war department considers it one of the most wonderful pieces of mechanism for war's destructive purposes. The German seventy-five mile gun could fire only one size shot.

Such a device, the secretary said, will never be necessary to use in war if the league of nations is formed, for the league will save the world from a repetition of the horrible catastrophe through which it has just passed.—Fort Worth Record.

EMPLOYMENT OF ATTORNEYS DOES NOT EXPEDITE CLAIMS

Officers and enlisted men discharged from the service will not expedite settlement of their claims for arrears in pay by placing them in the hands of attorneys or claim agents, said a statement issued from Washington Saturday by the war department. It was explained that adjustment of claims thus presented was delayed "by reason of additional filing and handling of unnecessary papers of the intermediary."

"The claim of the soldier is all that is required," said the statement, "and such claims should be submitted directly by the discharged officer or soldier to the war department director of finance, who will give them as prompt and careful consideration as possible. Any fee paid by the soldier to an attorney or claim agent is a needless expense."

Claim for \$60 additional bonus authorized in the war revenue act, the department said, should be sent to the zone finance officer in Washington, and the application should be accompanied by a certified copy of the discharge certificate to be made by the nearest recruiting officer, a statement of all military service since the declaration of war against Germany and the address to which the check should be sent.

The local Red Cross has been assisting discharged soldiers and sailors in properly making application for the \$60 bonus, but this is not necessary. Discharge papers, together with a statement of applicant's war record should be sent by registered mail to Zone Finance Officer, Lemon Building, Washington, D. C. Nothing else is required.

Try to Save Modern Woodmen

Chicago, March 25.—A convention to save the Modern Woodmen of America met here today. A. R. Talbot, head counsel, described the situation as critical. In October, 1918, he said, the society had a general fund of \$10,000,000 in securities. This had dwindled to \$640,000 owing to the ravages of influenza and pneumonia, he explained. War claims also figured.

During the war the society by a special assessment raised a fund of \$6,000,000 out of which all war claims were met and there remains in this fund \$3,000,000, the speaker stated. The war claims, he said were as nothing compared to those due to influenza and pneumonia.
"A society which has done as much as this one has a right to live," continued Mr. Talbot. "It has made good for many years and has paid out \$200,000,000 to families of poor men."

H. C. Rush of Tulsa was in Plainview Wednesday.

GOOD FENCE THRIFT SENSE

The Pueblo Hog Fence is an efficient medium weight fence retaining all the high grade features of quality and workmanship which have made our heavier fences a success.

The Pueblo fence is made of the best wire, galvanized and treated by a special process to make it rust resisting and decay proof.

This is the fence to use in connection with barbed wire. The three wires above, as shown in cut, have been found to meet every requirement for a first class durable hog fence. This fence has enough spring to stand up under severe tension and not stretch out of shape.

We also have this same design, with seven bars, with six inch stays, and 23 inches high in the heavy weight grade. See this fence, get our prices and you will be pleased. If you are likely to use a considerable quantity of Hog Fence in the near future, see us on a special car load deal we are making up for some of our customers who want to save on the cost by getting it direct on arrival.

McADAMS LUMBER CO.
PROGRESSIVE FENCE BUILDERS
Plainview and 20 Other Good Plains Town

PRODUCTION OF MEAT BREAKS ALL RECORDS

An Aggregate of 23,366,000,000 Lbs. Produced in America During 1918

Washington, March 20.—Under the stimulus of wartime demands, meat production reached the enormous total of 23,366,000,000 pounds last year which the department of agriculture announced today, "undoubtedly never before has been attained in this country, and certainly not in any other country by long odds.

"Meat producers met the war situation magnificently in 1918," the department said. "They increased meat production in one year by 24 per cent and thus made possible an increase of national meat surplus in one year by 79 per cent and an increase in per capita consumption by 17 per cent. Notwithstanding the very high prices of meat in this country in 1918 and with the prices rising above 1917, a large fraction of the population must have greatly increased its meat consumption in that year.

Meat production showed an increase of almost 5,000,000,000 pounds last year compared with 1900. Beef production increased almost 1,000,000,000 pounds, totaling 9,777,000,000 pounds, pork production reached 13,011,000,000 pounds, an increase of more than 3,000,000,000 pounds over 1917 and of 40 per cent over 1900 production. Per capita of production was 93.2 pounds last year compared with 117.9 pounds in 1900; of pork, 123.8 pounds compared with 122.2 in 1900.

The national surplus of all kinds of meat was 2,458,000,000 pounds in 1900, while last year it was 3,027,000,000 pounds, or nearly double the surplus of 1917.

Forty grave diggers in San Francisco cemeteries have struck for a raise in their wages from \$4 to \$5 a day.

SUDAN SEED

We can use a few thousand pounds if delivered at once, your last chance to move it—Hurry it in at once.

C. E. WHITE SEED CO. Plainview

SUFFRAGE AMENDMENTS OMITTS TAX CLAUSE

Present Law Applies To Male Voters, Women Not Required To Pay Poll Tax.

Austin, Texas, March 24.—There is a provision in the proposed suffrage amendment to the constitution, which, if not changed by subsequent statute, would permit women to vote without the payment of poll tax, and the amendment, if adopted, is self-enacting.

Section 2 contains the language of the proposed amendment and has this clause: "And provided further that every voter who is subject to pay a poll tax under the laws of Texas shall have paid said tax before he or she offers to vote at any election in this State and holds a receipt showing such poll tax paid before the first day of February next preceding such election."

Under the present law a woman is not required to pay a poll tax, as Article 2942, Revised Statutes, says: "The poll tax required by the Constitution and laws in force shall be collected from every male person," etc. From the foregoing language it is seen that the present law applies spe-

cifically to male voters, therefore a woman is not "subject to pay a poll tax," as set out in Sec. 2 of the equal suffrage amendment.

A subsequent act of the Legislature could amend Art. 2942 so as to make it applicable to women and thus save the amendment from being attacked on the ground that it does not comply with the "equal and uniform" tax requirement of the Constitution. This could be done at the June special session if the equal suffrage is adopted on May 24.

Capt. Edmund G. Chamberlain of San Antonio is in bad, and will be courtmartialled in France. He was an aviator in the war zone, and was decorated with highest honors on account of heroic battles he had with German airplanes. Now, it is charged that he got the decorations by fraud, that he lied about the battles he said he was in, and that same was a fabrication throughout.

The farmers and stockmen of the San Angelo country are going back into the goat-raising industry on a larger scale than before the long drought. It is conceded that goats are more profitable in that section than cattle.

PERSONAL MENTION

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Nash went to Tahoka yesterday.

A. B. Martin left last night for Austin, to attend a meeting of the board of regents of the state normal schools. The board will advertise for contracts to build the new normal at Alpine.

C. K. Shelton came in from Fort Worth Wednesday to spend a few days with his family.

Rev. and Mrs. R. F. Jenkins visited their daughter in Amarillo, the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Craig returned Wednesday morning from a visit of more than a month at Lyford, in South Texas.

Mrs. John Teague and children have returned to their home in Clovis, N. M., after visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sam McLaughlin.

Rev. E. E. Robinson was in Amarillo Tuesday.

R. F. Ivey spent Wednesday in Lubbock on business.

E. B. Hughes left Wednesday for a trip to Kansas City.

Attorney W. W. Kirk had business in Amarillo Wednesday.

W. N. Baker and C. K. Shelton returned Wednesday from a stay of some time in the Eastland county oil fields.

Roy K. Sansom of Kansas City, cattle buyer for Curtis & Wright of that city, was here this week on business, and visiting his father, D. F. Sansom.

L. J. Warren returned Wednesday from a trip down in the oil districts.

Lowell Page of Lorenzo is here today. He is returning from a stay of some time in Denver. He says there is much snow in Colorado.

D. F. Sansom came in this morning from Sweetwater, where he is feeding a bunch of lambs.

Mrs. P. B. Randolph and little daughter returned yesterday from a visit in Plano and Dallas. Mr. Randolph met them down the state and came with them.

Mrs. J. B. Shaddix and child of Hughes Springs, Camp county, came in this morning to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Murphy.

Mrs. M. A. Bucy, who has spent the winter with her daughter, Mrs. A. VanHoweling, left yesterday for her home in Lamoni, Iowa.

Mrs. R. R. Hand and child have gone to Wichita, Kans., where her father lives, to stay until Mr. Hand, formerly county agricultural agent, locates somewhere.

Mrs. C. B. Harder and child will leave Saturday for Fort Worth, where Mr. Harder is, to make their home while the oil boom is on.

Mrs. A. B. Martin and little son left this morning for Coleman, to visit friends for several days.

Mrs. Kincannon and children left this morning for Snyder to visit her mother.

Miss Celestine Harp returned this morning from Amarillo.

P. J. Woodruff and family are moving back to Plainview from Gainesville, where they went some time ago.

J. E. Penick and family will leave tomorrow in their car for Cisco, where he has the contract to install an extension of the water system. They have many friends here who trust they will move back in time.

Frank P. Bain and Bland Burson of Silvertown are here today.

S. E. Cone of Lubbock was here yesterday.

H. F. Hill of Paducah and Paul Barrier of Floydada had business here

yesterday.

S. B. Merrill of Abernathy was here Wednesday.

J. R. Page of Lockney, J. D. Lamkin of Lubbock and B. W. Mitchell of Crosbyton had business here Wednesday.

Judge H. C. Randolph will leave tomorrow for a business trip to Austin.

John Haydon and Clay Barrow left this morning in a car for Burkburnett.

H. L. Ligon has gone to Eastland oil fields to work. Mrs. Ligon is over at Bovina visiting.

Mr. Steel, who is working at the Plainview Nursery, went to Amarillo yesterday.

J. F. Duncan and J. E. Nance left last night for El Paso, to sell stock in the Horseshoe Bend Oil Co. of near Burkburnett.

Chas. Vincent and Faris Frye have spent the past few days over in Oklahoma.

R. C. Ayers, the grain man, has returned from a business trip to North Texas, and a visit with relatives at Whitesboro.

Where Oil Comes From

Some of the principal facts in connection with the forming of oil pools and the causes thereof, as now understood, were presented to members of the Business Women's club of Dallas Saturday night by Dr. J. A. Udden, state geologist. In the thirty-minute period occupied by the speech Dr. Udden explained one of the theories in regard to the formation of oil, and the geological formations making for preservation of the oil particles.

"I served many years as a teacher," said Dr. Udden, as he arose upon introduction by Miss Charra Barlow, director of the club, "and during that time I interested myself as much as I could in practical geology. I found I could not keep up both after a while, and so I quit teaching and continued my work as a geologist. There are few studies which require such a long time to acquire a working knowledge as geology. In the short time which is given me tonight I should like to give you an idea of what sort of formation are found in your own state of Texas.

"You will find that practically the entire state consists of materials which were once laid down on the bottom of the sea as sediment. There are only a few places which do not consist of this kind of material. This material which once lay on the bottom of the sea is made up of formations, and after going through large number of these we come at last to the old land as it was before the creation of the Rocky Mountains. In some places these old land formations are not covered by others but rise to the surface of the earth probably because of some disturbance of the strata. This is true in the western part of the state. The Panhandle and the other side of that district is composed of this old land formation, and in this we find the granite and the sand. These old land formations were once buried in the sea from Alaska to the Gulf of Mexico and from the Mississippi River to California. In every formation which has been made in the sea there occurs the same process as that which is taking place at present in the ocean. In some places sand is formed, in others gravel is laid, and in others slime and mud accumulates. Meanwhile the microscopic shreds of animal life and the bodies of larger animals of the sea will mingle with the mud and the slime to make ooze. If this progress continues long enough some four or

five or six thousand feet of sediment may accumulate. Then some change sets in, and this formation is lifted out of the sea. It hardens and settles according to the direction given it by the disturbance. This is how the formations of Texas were built up. You can see that it has been the process of ages, and sedimentation is very slow, and that some of the layers are thick and others thin.

"But where does the oil come from? That is a very simple matter and it is remarkable that the simplest theories always prove the truest. In the formations which have been created in the sea we have animal tissue everywhere. It is decomposed and settled in the mud at the bottom of the sea. Can you distill oil out of animal tissue? To be sure you can. The oil then is obtained from this animal material accumulated for ages and ages. But how does it happen that oil gathers more in one place than in another? It is the tendency of every little oil drop to flow upward, as it is heavier than water, and if the formation above it is correct it will form a pool. The material above it must be clay, which the oil cannot penetrate, or else it will rise to the surface of the water and disappear. In Dallas we find what may be known as a mono-cline where the land formations beneath the surface dip to the west. In such a case, you can readily see that the oil would be pushed to the surface and escape there. For this reason we do not have oil in and around Dallas. This formation extends as far as Bowie."—Dallas News.

Worthless Lakes Prove Valuable

There are three large lakes lying close into Brownfield, the combined area of which covers a dozen sections of land. Rich Lake lies about nine miles northeast; Sale Lake lies about eight miles east, and the Brownfield Lake lies about the same distance southeast. These lakes have always been a burden and dread to the cattle men, and thousands of dollars have been spent in fencing them so that cattle could not get to them, as a drink from them by a thirsty cow means death. They were considered absolutely worthless.

Some of the lakes contain epsom salts, glauber salts used in glass making and also potash, badly needed in Texas as fertilizer.

In an interview here Monday with Mr. Gurley, just before he left for home he said:

"We have made chemical analysis and have bought or leased all the lakes we want. In the course of the next ninety days, our company will begin the erection at Brownfield of a Meadow of mills and laboratories to cost in the neighborhood of \$500,000 employing some 500 men, with a daily shipping of 25 cars. We have all the capital stock subscribed, and no stock on the market, and have plenty capital to handle the business."—Brownfield Herald.

TODAY'S MARKETS

Eggs, per dozen	33c
Hens, per lb.	22c
Turkeys, per lb.	22c
Stags, per lb.	15c
Roosters, per lb.	11c
Butter, lb.	45c
Butterfat, lb.	55c
Hides, green 13c; dry	26c
Hogs, per lb.	15½c
Maize and kaffir heads, ton	\$32.00
Maize and kaffir threshed, cwt.	\$2.10
Alfalfa, ton	\$32.00

C. L. Young and wife to W. A. Ettridge, section 33, block D-6, 80 acres; consideration, \$150.



County Federation Elects Delegates

Representatives of the Woman's Federated clubs of the county met here Tuesday afternoon, with the president, Mrs. Nine McComas of Halfway presiding. The other officers are Mrs. O. B. Jackson, vice president; Mrs. D. F. Morgan, secretary-treasurer; Mrs. D. F. Sansom, parliamentarian.

Mrs. McComas and Mrs. George Saigling were elected as delegates to represent Hale county at the district convention of woman's federated clubs to be held in Stamford.

The Plainview clubs invited the county federation to hold an all-day meeting here the second Saturday in May.

Library Committee to Meet

The Public Library committee will meet at the library Wednesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. The committee hopes all members will be present.

Member U. of T. Glee Club

In the Dallas News a few days ago was printed a picture of the glee club at the State University, and in it appears the face of Herbert Poyner, son of Mrs. C. S. Stewart of near Plainview. He sings first tenor. He used to work at the Roos garage here. He entered the University in 1916, and has won many honors. He was sometime ago elected vice-president of the Pre-Medical Society at the University. He is making good, and his friends here are glad to hear it.

Will Direct Woman's Work

Mrs. A. G. McAdams of Dallas, wife of the president of the McAdams Lumber Co. of this city, has been appointed chairman of the Woman's Liberty loan committee of the Eleventh Federal Reserve District, which includes all Texas, New Mexico, parts of Louisiana, Oklahoma and Arizona. She will organize the women of this vast district, to do their part in the Fifth or Victory loan campaign, next month.

Red Cross Will Do Work for Refugees

The Hale county chapter of Red Cross will do some work making garments for destitute people in the war regions. The chairman of the chapter, Mrs. Tom Carter, has received notice that the chapter's quota is 1,500 garments, and the knitting of 280 pounds of wool, and this must be done by May 15th. The material will be given out to members and they will do the work at home.

Mrs. E. C. Hunter, chairman of Plainview branch, will call a meeting in a few days, and give out material to members of the branch.

Miss Margaret Harp and D. T. Dillingham Marry

Miss Margaret Harp and Mr. D. T. Dillingham, well known young people of Plainview, were married February 24th by the pastor at Lockney, the only witnesses to the ceremony being the preacher's wife and Miss Raye Fowler, who accompanied the couple. They kept the marriage a secret until Monday night, when the bride told her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Harp, on the return of her parents from a trip of several weeks down in the state. Mrs. Dillingham had continued to work in the offices of the

Donohoo-Ware Hardware Co. She left Tuesday for Clovis, N. M., where D. T. is employed.

Pavillion Opened

The "Radisson" Pavillion" opened Tuesday night, in the Ruby building. This place will be run on the invitation plan only, and will be strictly high-class in every way, and will be open twice a week.

Newman-Lindeman

Samuel Newman of near Providence community, and Miss Emily Sophie Lindeman of near Whitfield, were granted a marriage license on March 25th.

Lots of Old Clothing Being Received for Refugees

Mrs. R. E. Myers, chairman of the present drive in Hale county for old clothing, etc., for the destitute people across the waters, informs us that the people are responding liberally to the call. Over at the Liberty loan bank she showed us seven big grain sacks full of old clothing, two barrels of shoes, and a barrel of hats, caps and knitted goods, and additional contributions are being received rapidly. Some of the merchants have donated new but unsalable shoes, caps, hats and other articles.

The drive will close next Monday afternoon at 5 o'clock, after which no additional contributions will be received.

Have Raised County's Quota

Mrs. E. H. Perry and Miss Lucille Kinder have been soliciting for funds for the Young Women's Christian Association the past several days, and have raised the quota of \$125 set for Hale county. They asked for no contributions of more than one dollar.

Entertaining This Afternoon

Mesdames L. A. Knight, F. W. Clinkscales, Chas. A. and Robert Malone are giving a large reception at the Ware hotel this afternoon.

Announcement

The Civic League will meet next Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the city hall.

Delphian Club Program

The Delphian club will meet Saturday afternoon, April 5th, with Mrs. R. A. Underwood. The subject will be "Great Statesmen and Excavations in Greece."

Leader—Mrs. O. B. Jackson.
 "Compare the Lives of Artists and the Theistocles."—Mrs. A. B. Martin.
 "Cimon."—Mrs. T. E. Richards.
 "The Age of Pericles."—Mrs. T. Stockton.
 "Mycaena, Life and Culture."—Mrs. J. B. Scott.

Visits of the Stork

L. L. Mahagan, Petersburg, March 26, girl; named Oledene Laverne.
 A. M. Kruger, east of Plainview, March 17, girl; named Blanche Patricia.

T. L. & D. Co. President Here

R. C. Fleming and E. F. Feeney of New York City are here looking after matters connected with the Texas Land & Development Co., of which Mr. Fleming is the president and Mr. Feeney is an attache of the New York headquarters.

Win Two Prizes

The Partridge Wyandotte chickens of J. W. Richards won first and third places in the poultry show at Fort Worth Fat Stock Show, held last week. He entered only two birds, and they won over more than forty birds in their class.

We are asked to state that the "Radisson Pavillion" is not being conducted by Mr. and Mrs. Paul Ryden, as was published in Tuesday's News.

Ladies, watch the show windows at "The Style Shop," for specials on hats. You'll be interested. Westside of square, next to Burns & Pierce.

An Error in Advertisement

In a recent adv. of the Horseshoe Bend Oil Co. it was stated that the holdings of the company are in the southeast corner of the T. R. Roberts survey; it should have been "in the southwest corner."

J. H. Hall writes to us from Marlin that he is progressing well in getting ready to drill on some wildcat leases in which he and some other Plainview people are interested, and actual drilling will begin next Monday or Tuesday. He says the geologist reports show up fine.

R. B. McCorkle has accepted the managing editorship of the Amarillo Daily News. Mr. McCorkle was formerly connected with the Brownwood Bulletin.

The rainfall at Lubbock, was 2.31 inches; Knox City, 1.50; Claude 1.50; Memphis, heavy; Spur 2.50; Stamford 2.16; Tahoka, about 3; Garden City, 2.72.



Program for Missionary Day in the Baptist Sunday School March 30th, 1919

Opening Address—Supt. Richards.
 Song by Congregation—"Battle Hymn of the Republic."
 Music by Orchestra.
 "Why We Want Christ King"..... Haven Sawyers, Dorothy Rushing, Jack Skaggs.
 Chorus..... "Children's Mission." Beginners and Primary.
 Bible Drill..... Led by Miss Hunley.
 Chorus..... "Over the Sea." Primaries.
 "If Christ Were King"..... Six Primary Girls
 "What the Bible Teaches,"..... Five Junior Boys
 Chorus—"We've a Story to Tell to the Nations" Juniors.
 "Why Christ is Not King"..... Glodys Lovelady—Four Junior Boys.
 "Why Christ is Not Crowned"..... Five Intermediate Girls.
 Chalk Talk..... "Ready for Service" Mrs. Baker.
 Duet..... "Ready to Go" Jenice Stockton, Lucile Meadows.
 "Let Us Make Christ King"..... John Austin, Haven Ooley.
 Mixed Quartette..... "From Ocean to Ocean."
 Closing Remarks..... Pastor.

Program for H. G. Society

The H. G. society will meet at the Methodist church Wednesday, April 2nd at 3:30 o'clock.
 Subject—"Our Wesley Houses."
 "Work of Virginia Smith."—Miss Zelta Hulen.
 "St. Mark's Home."—Miss Martha McClendon.
 All members are cordially urged to be present.

The Methodist women are planning to hold an Easter bazaar.

Marriage and Divorce Statistics

Washington, March 20.—Approximately one out of every nine marriages in the United States is terminated by divorce, according to figures compiled by the bureau of census and made public today.

Excluding South Carolina, where all laws permitting divorce were repealed in 1878, the three lowest divorce rates in 1916, for which year returns are now complete, are shown for the District of Columbia.

North Carolina and New York, where the rates were 13, 31 and 32 per 100,000 respectively. The highest rates were returned for Nevada, Montana and Oregon, which show 607, 323 and 225 respectively.

In all states except Maine, West Virginia, South Carolina, Alabama, Mississippi, North Dakota, South Dakota and Colorado, the divorce rates were higher in 1916 than in 1906. In 31 per cent of the cases in 1916 the divorce was granted to the husband while the husband's rate in 1906 was 67 per cent.

Desertion is shown by the figures to have been the cause for about 38 per cent of the divorces. Among other leading causes were cruelty, infidelity and failure to provide.

Records also showed that the marriage rate in 1916 was 1,050 per 100,000, or nine times as great as the divorce rate of 112 per 100,000. The marriage rate in 1906, was 1,020 per 100,000, showing the marriage rate to be increasing considerably slower than the divorce rate.

Farm Accounts

Representatives of the Extension Service, after two years cooperative work with county agents and farmers in various parts of the State, have at last succeeded in formulating a set of farm records which is practical, and which does not involve an endless mass of heterogeneous facts and figures that tax a man's patience to the limit and prove valueless at the end.

We have no printed form book. It is about as easy and as practical to devise a farm account book to suit every farm in Texas as it is to make a suit of clothes that will fit every man in Texas.

We do have, however a system of farm accounting that may be adapted to any farm in Texas. The account is kept in a small single entry ledger. It gives labor, income and sufficient costs and returns on each crop grown and each class of livestock kept to be of practical help in the determination of what crops, what classes of livestock, and what combinations of livestock and crops are sources of greatest profits.

The farm management specialists with the help of the county agricultural agents are prepared this year to assist and to cooperate with the farmers who are interested in keeping farm records. All requests for this work should be made through the county agriculturally agent.—A. & M. College Bulletin.

Buy a News Want Ad.



You will find buying easy and pleasant when you see our spring assortment of Reinken's Clothes for "YOUNGER YOUNG MEN"

These clothes are specially designed for Boys like you—and they fit in with your clothes ideals. Well fashioned, close fitting suits with the Military touches you admire. Dashing fabrics \$17.50 to \$35.00 By all means look these over, the values are extraordinary.

REINKEN'S Clothing and Shoe Store

**SHIP BUILDERS COSTS
REDUCED FOR PEACE TIME**

**Prospects of Competition In Trade
Route Necessitates Lowering
Prices**

Washington, March 21.—Readjustment of ships building costs to peace time production is expressed by experts of the ship board to establish a basis price in the neighborhood of \$150 a ton for future contracts let to American yards.

Recent conferences here between General Manager Piez of the Emergency Fleet Corporation and representatives of the Pacific Coast builders were said to have developed virtual untimely of operation that the high cost of methods of production should be eliminated as quickly as possible to obtain sound British practice. Prospects of keen competition in world trade routes, the western men were told, made it necessary to hold construction costs to a figure which would permit the payment of dividends from competitive rates.

The Pacific coast representatives, it was stated agreed that a reduction in costs was necessary.

Cancellation of orders which had been placed for many thousands of tons of shipping was discussed at length.

The cancelled contracts will be replaced with new orders when the ways are empty, but the prices are expected to be considerably below those prevailing during the war which sometimes ran as high as \$350 a ton.

Government assumption of labor and material hazards also will be abandoned in the future.

Financial Horse Sense

Many blue sky-laws have been passed by well meaning Legislatures, but still the problem remains how to protect those hopeful citizens who are always looking for a gilt-edge slot through which to drop their money into some fabulous scheme which is to produce extra dividends almost up to the dreams of avarice.

Government can, perhaps, do something, but it can not be expected to guarantee investments, and unscrupulous promoters with a talent for selling paper securities seem always to find a legal room enough in which to maneuver. A stock selling scheme of a Delaware motor company has recently been credited with harvesting five million dollars from fifty thousand Eastern victims, and no knowing how much further the "good thing" would have gone had not the Government found a way to stop the imposture.

Laws may be passed to make the stock swindler's path somewhat more thorny, but the only thing that will really protect the investor, in the last analysis, must be the exercise of ordinary sense. Perhaps the most wonderful thing about the incautious investor is his dislike of advice from the best authorities on money in his own community. Consultation with a local banker will often develop the flaws in a proposed investment and the lack of standing of the company concerned. But this consultation the investor avoids, because he fears the advice will be against the investments he has set his heart upon.

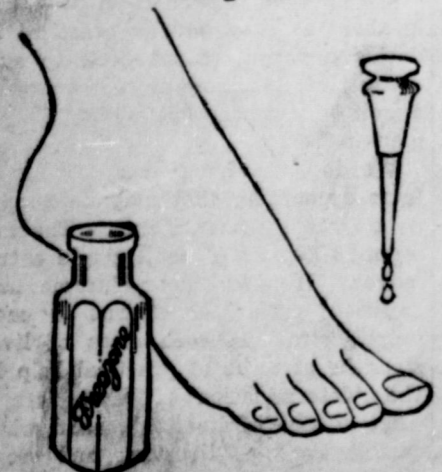
Valiant attempts have been made Government securities, the best in the worthless paper of the same general appearance. Despite these efforts many such exchanges have been made.

The problem is, how to educate the investor in the rudiments of the subject of investments and how to develop his natural horse sense. It is a hard one.—Minneapolis Journal.

Try a News Want Ad.

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Apply few drops then lift sore, touchy corns off with fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic! A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation. Freezone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.

Legislature Passes Laws

Austin, March 17.—The more important measures enacted into law by the regular session of the Thirty-sixth legislature are as follows:

Appropriation of \$4,000,000 for the support of the rural schools for the two fiscal years beginning Sept. 1, 1919; appropriation of \$1,000,000 to supplement the available school fund so as to insure a per capita apportionment of \$7.50; providing for a tax of 1-2 per cent on gross production of oil; prohibiting the giving of assistance to avoter in the preparation of his ballot, except when the voter is physically unable to write because of bodily infirmity, and then such assistance must be in the English language; increasing the salaries of the judges of the supreme court, court of criminal appeals the various courts of civil appeals and district judges; prohibiting the operation of pool halls for profit; prohibiting dancing exhibitions by women in carnival shows; declaring pipe lines common carriers and granting them the right of eminent domain and removing the restriction as to the size of pipe that may be laid by these companies; providing a budget system for the state government; minimum wage law and creating an industrial welfare commission; creating a woman's division in the state department of labor; amending the pink boll worm law so as to permit the growing of cotton in infected zones under proper regulations; providing for a mining law to conform with the federal statute and which will permit development of the hard metals of the state; increasing the salaries of district attorneys; limiting the campaign expenses of candidates for office; transferring the state quarantine stations on the gulf coast and along the Rio Grande in Texas to the federal government; authorizing counties to purchase seed for farmers in drouth stricken territory; increasing the compensation of jurors; authorizing the incorporation of garages, airplane, construction and drilling companies; permitting ousted foreign corporations to return to the state; prohibiting the name of an ineligible person on an official ballot; providing that sentences may be concurrent or cumulative; prohibiting the granting of injunctions to prevent drilling on land adjacent to that of the person seeking injunction; providing for appeals from injunction; forfeiting the interest of any beneficiary under a life insurance policy when such person contributed to the death of the insured; providing for appeals in contested election cases; regulating the practice of dentistry; prohibiting the sale under execution of property belonging to soldiers until twelve months after discharge; exempting soldiers from payment of the poll tax.

Four of the proposed amendments to the constitution, provided for in joint resolutions adopted at the regular session, are to be submitted to the people on May 24, 1919. They are: Woman's suffrage, statewide prohibition, increasing the salary of the governor from \$4,000 to \$10,000 per annum and authorizing the state to lend its credit to heads of families for the purchase or improvement of homes. Other joint resolutions proposing constitutional amendments which were adopted are: To abolish the fee system; increasing the special tax for Confederate pensions from 5 to 7 cents on the \$100 valuation; submitting the question of calling a constitutional convention; authorizing the state to issue \$75,000,000 road bonds; authorizing the city of Galveston to issue \$5,000,000 of bonds for grade raising; to permit towns of 5,000 population and less to increase tax from a quarter of one per cent to not exceed 1-2 per cent.

By Wireless 12,000 Miles

London.—The wireless girdle around the world is becoming a possibility of the near future. Experimental messages have been sent to Australia, a distance of twelve thousand miles, without relaying. The achievement was celebrated by the sending of messages from Australian statesmen in London to their own country.

The opening of commercial wireless service between England and Australia is only a matter of time and the permission of the two governments concerned.

U-Boats Are Being Sold.

Fifty-four German submarines held by the British have been sold, and others will be sold and the money distributed among the Allies on a scale to be adopted by the supreme war council.

To Preserve T. R.'s Birth Place

New York.—Theodore Roosevelt's birthplace, 28 East Twentieth Street, has been purchased for the Women's Roosevelt memorial committee to be restored as it existed during the former President's boyhood. With it was acquired the property adjoining it, formerly the residence of John E. and Robert Roosevelt, so that the birthplace mansion will be protected from encroachment.

**DEMOCRATIC PARTY IS
DENOUNCED BY BAILEY**

**Former Senator Says He Will Not
Vote With Those Who Reduce
Our Liberties.**

Newark, N. J. March 20.—Asserting that the Democratic party has "ceased to support Democratic principles," former United States Senator Joseph W. Bailey of Texas, declared in an address here tonight that he would "never again vote for the candidate of any party which constantly reduces our liberty and unnecessarily increases our taxes."

Mr. Bailey who was the principal speaker at the "Victory banquet" of the Road Horse Association, blamed the Democratic party for the passage of the prohibition amendment to the Constitution and for the near-passage of the amendment granting suffrage to women.

"I have been a Democrat all my life," he said. "A color Democrat, if you please, and I have never scratched a party ticket. But those who now control of the Democratic party have renounced, or abandoned one Democratic principle after another in such rapidity and bewildering succession that they have left us nothing except the name."

"Since Thomas Jefferson founded it, the Democratic party has always insisted that every State should exclusively control the local affairs of its own people, but a Democratic Congress immolated that time-honored doctrine upon the altar of national prohibition and a majority voted to repeat the sacrifice in behalf of woman suffrage."

The doctrine of reverence for the Constitution, he declared, had been altered until the constitution was regarded "as an obsolete scrap of paper."

"The liberty we have thought worth fighting for and dying for, he declared, "is the liberty of the individual—the right of every man to do for himself and with his own whatever he pleases, so long as he does not interfere with the right of other men to do the same."

"But in this day they tell us that it is better to be good than it is to be free and they have multiplied our penal statutes until the lawyers can not carry even an index of them in their minds. We have restricted the rights of men until no civilized country on the globe interferes with the habits, the pleasures and the business of its people as much as this rife government of the United States."

Best Argument for Good Roads

"The best argument for good roads are good roads themselves," said a prominent Texas banker the other day. "We have never foreclosed a mortgage on a farm situated on a rock road. The increase in farm values due to such a road is nearly \$10 an acre."

That banker was not an advocate of rock roads, but of good, permanent roads. Rock happened to be the best available road material in his community. What he meant was that good roads pay. Here are some of his arguments for good roads.

1. Good roads benefit more people than any other public institution. Saint and sinner, man and woman and child, young and old, rich and poor—all have a share in the benefits of good roads.

2. Good roads add to social advantages. They strengthen the country church, tend toward better living, bring a good class of people into a community, and help to hold a bigger share of the best boys and girls on the farm.

3. Good roads make it possible to have better school advantage. In the five states of the Union which have the best system of public highways the average length of school year is 180 days. In the five states that have given the least attention to road improvements the school year is less than half that long.

4. Good roads help in transporting farm products. The farmers of this nation are annually losing \$250,000,000 because of their inability to market their produce at certain times of the year.

5. Good roads reduce the cost of transportation. To haul a ton over good roads costs seven cents a mile; over ordinary country roads, twenty-five cents a mile. Mud tax and hill-climbing tolls, therefore, amount to eighteen cents a mile.

6. Good roads give a wider choice of time for marketing crops. If roads were kept in condition to permit travel and hauling at all times and in all kinds of weather, farmers would not have to rush their produce to market in seasons of good roads, but could haul it when prices were highest and when their crops did not demand attention.

7. Good roads tend to equalize farm business between different seasons of the year. Uniformity of the city prices depends much upon the conditions of the country roads.

Several cases of small pox have developed in and around Panhandle.

WILD CAT OIL

I will drill two wild cat wells in Bosque County, Texas. One on 6202 acres leased by an \$80,000 company already organized. The other will be on 5,000 acres which I will lease for one-eighth royalty and \$25,000 in stock in a \$100,000 company. About one-half of the \$75,000 to be raised has already been paid in cash. Shares are \$100 each and liberty bonds will be taken at face value.

Each company will sell 100 acres very close to the well of the other. If either well strikes oil nobody can lose. In this way a \$100 investment give a chance in two wells to be drilled on over 11,000 acres of land.

About ten wells will be drilled in Bosque this summer. Oil men are coming every day. Nobody can guarantee oil, but if a gusher should be brought in on this large acreage it would be worth ten million dollars. \$100 would become \$10,000. I will give my personal attention to the drilling of the wells and no commissions or promotion fees will be paid—in short there will be no expense except for advertising and organizing the company is an oil association which may be organized when \$60,000 is subscribed. Each stockholder will have an interest in all wells drilled on the 5,000 acres. If this appeals to you write me direct at Temple, Texas, or send your money to W. W. Lynch, cashier of Temple State Bank, who has agreed to act as trustee. Do not invest any more than you can afford to lose. Luck on a little will make you rich.

JAMES E. FERGUSON,
Temple, Texas.

**SLEEPING SICKNESS
APPEARS IN TEXAS**

Ballinger, March 21.—After a consultation today between local physicians here, it was announced that a case of "sleeping sickness" had developed here.

G. R. West, a farmer residing just outside of the city has been asleep for about two weeks, rousing up only when forced to do so to take nourishment and medicine. The man suffers no pain.

Stamford is to invest \$400,000 for a system of dam and reservoirs to supply the people of the thriving capital of Jones county with all the water they need. Mayor Penick is responsible for the innovation. It is said that the proposed dam of the clear fork of the Brazos river will impound 150,000,000 cubic feet of water. This will be caught in a rocky gorge which will make an ideal site for a reservoir. Mayor Penick is a \$6 a month mayor and he is said to spend for his city \$6,000 a year out of his own pocket.

Patton House

Opposite Overall's Barn
Meals 35c Beds 25c and 50c
C. H. PATTON, Prop.

Hay Goes to \$40 a Ton
The price of the best prairie hay advanced to \$40 a ton, the best alfalfa \$38 and the best timothy \$36, on the Kansas City market Monday.

Bad Taste in Your Mouth
When you have a bad taste in your mouth you may know that your digestion is faulty. A dose of Chamberlain's Tablets will usually correct the disorder. They also cause a gentle movement of the bowels. You will find this to be one of the best medicines you have ever become acquainted with.

Former Emperor Charles and family of Austria have been permitted to make their home in Switzerland.

For a Bad Cold
Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It has stood the test of time and can be depended upon.

Ford Hospital

JOHNNY, THE DOCTOR
WORK GUARANTEED AND APPRECIATED
Next to News Office

Dr. P. E. BERNT

DENTIST
Office over Third National Bank
Phone 330 Plainview, Texas

Dr. Kibby J. Clements
Osteopathic Physician

Office Rooms 26 and 30 Grant Bldg.
Phone 637

During February more than 113,000 persons, or about 11 per cent of the entire population, died in Petrograd, according to Russian police statistics just received in Paris.

"THE MAN IN THE MOON"

Is Not a Subscriber
Of the Plainview News

But, if he were it would be of no benefit to the merchants and business men of Plainview, for he could not do his family trading here.

The People of Hale County

Are Subscribers of the News

And they trade in Plainview, hence an advertisement in the News is the best investment a merchant or any one wishing to reach the people of the county, can make.

The News Has the Largest Circulation

It has more subscribers at Plainview Postoffice than any other newspaper published.

It has approximately ^{three times} as many subscribers on the rural mail routes out of Plainview as any other newspaper published.

It has decidedly more subscribers at the smaller post-offices and rural routes in Hale county than any other newspaper published.

It also has good lists of subscribers in the communities in adjacent counties, among people who trade in Plainview. All these circulation facts can be substantiated.

Any merchant in Plainview who does not advertise regularly in the Plainview Semi-Weekly News is losing money by not doing so, for the News gives the most service for the money.

Local Circulation Is the Thing That Pays

DOCTOR SAYS VINOL IS THE BEST TONIC

Honest Opinion Doctor Gave His Patient

Bedford, Ohio.—"I was in a pitiful condition, weak, nervous and run down so I could not do my housework. I had doctored for years and tried everything under the sun. A friend told me about Vinol. I asked my doctor about it, and he replied, 'It certainly is the best medicine that can be had today. I couldn't give you any better.' I took it, and today I am as well and strong as any woman could wish to be, and it was Vinol that saved me."—Mrs. Frank A. Horkey, Ash St., Bedford, Ohio.

We guarantee this famous cod liver and iron tonic for all such conditions. Long-Harp Drug Company

UGH! CALOMEL MAKES YOU DEATHLY SICK

Stop using dangerous drug before it salivates you! It's horrible

You're bilious, sluggish, constipated and believe you need vile, dangerous calomel to start your liver and clean your bowels.

Here's my guarantee! Ask your druggist for a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tonic and take a spoonful tonight. If it doesn't start your liver and straighten you right up better than calomel and without griping or making you sick I want you to go back to the store and get your money.

Take calomel today and tomorrow you will feel weak and sick and nauseated. Don't lose a day's work. Take a spoonful of harmless, vegetable Dodson's Liver Tonic tonight and wake up feeling great. It's perfectly harmless, so give it to your children any time. It can't salivate, so let them eat anything afterwards.

Comanche Profits from Oil

Comanche, March 21.—There are 5,229,920 acres in Comanche county and practically speaking every acre in under lease. Land owners have received on an average of \$20 per acre which is equivalent to \$10,598,400. After receiving the money they promptly paid their store accounts and may of them bought fine cars. Banks of Comanche carry deposits of more than \$1,000,000.

Try This For Sour Stomach

Eat slowly, masticate your food thoroughly. Eat but little meat and none at all for supper. If you are still troubled with sour stomach take one of Chamberlain's Tablets before going to bed.

A stock company has been organized at Fort Worth and will build a hotel to cost two million dollars.

Women!

Here is a message to suffering women, from Mrs. W. T. Price, of Public, Ky.: "I suffered with painful... she writes, 'I got down with a weakness in my back and limbs... I felt helpless and discouraged... I had about given up hopes of ever being well again, when a friend insisted I

Take CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

I began Cardui. In a short while I saw a marked difference... I grew stronger right along, and it cured me. I am stouter than I have been in years. If you suffer, you can appreciate what it means to be strong and well. Thousands of women give Cardui the credit for their good health. It should help you. Try Cardui. At all druggists. E-73

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists. 75c.

PRODUCTION OF OIL CREATES NEW CITY

Ranger Springs from Village to Thriving Center Within Eighteen Months

Staff Special in Dallas News.

Ranger, Texas, March 24.—Oil! In that one word is found the answer to the transformation of the town of Ranger, a few months ago a sun-baked village of West Texas, into a hustling, bustling city of 20,000 people, nearly every one of whom is pursuing energetically, sometimes frantically, the game which has poured a golden stream of wealth into the town.

Eighteen months ago Ranger was a prosaic, orderly little country town out yonder on the Texas & Pacific railroad. In the main it is still orderly, but prosaic—not at all. Life is lived in a whirl by the native residents and the fortune seekers who have swarmed in to assist in garnering the harvest. Streets are panned with people from break of dawn until far into the night. Business houses are swamped with the influx of trade. Homes that were deemed sufficient for an ordinary family are now harboring a score and as many more are clamoring for places to live.

The one unending theme is oil. During the first few months everybody was too busy thinking about oil to think anything about the human element in the premises. But now, this human element has forced itself into the foreground. It is demanding attention. The time has come when provisions must be made to consider humanity in connection with the consideration of the oil problem.

The one outstanding need of Ranger right now is sanitary provisions. This is an opinion concurred in by Mayor M. H. Hagerman, the first mayor of the city, by business men of the town and by visitors who have viewed the situation. Officials of the city are thoroughly cognizant of this fact and have set about to meet it in the most practical and quickest manner possible. The town of Ranger has just been incorporated and the new officers have found themselves with many problems on their hands, all of which are demanding attention, but the first big object they will tackle will be to provide ample sewerage facilities.

The town hasn't been incorporated long enough to vote bonds for improvements, but local bankers and oil magnets have told Mayor Hagerman to go ahead with his plans for sewerage and that sufficient funds would be ready to pay for the system whenever needed. Plans and specifications have already been drawn and Mayor Hagerman is ready to let a contract for the work at once.

The new waterworks system of the city is about half completed and pipe is in transit to put in a first-class distributing system throughout the city. Also plans have been made for paving the principal streets of the city and to light the streets. Main street is to be made a great white way, with an ornamental lighting scheme as pretentious as a city of five times Ranger's size.

Plans are being drawn for a city hall to cost approximately \$60,000 and to be located on a site donated to the city by the Hodge heirs. Residents of Ranger will vote in a short time on bonds to erect two grammar school buildings at a cost of \$50,000 each and a high school costing \$75,000.

"If we had the room," Mayor Hagerman said, "we'd have a city here of 40,000 people right now. But this oil business came on us unawares. We weren't prepared for it, but we are taking care of the rush in the best manner possible and in a comparatively short time we will have the situation in hand."

Building activities in the oil city are almost frenzied in their scope. Scarcity of material is retarding the work of course, as it is retarding every form of action in the oil field, but such supplies as can be procured are being converted into homes or business houses in the quickest time possible. One seven-story office building, another bank building of similar proportions, a five-story hotel and innumerable dwelling places are being erected. Where proper material can be procured construction is of a permanent nature; where materials are not of the proper kind temporary construction is in vogue to tide the town over until freight congestion is relieved and supplies may be procured.

That only the surface has been scratched is what experienced oil men will tell you in Ranger. Already the Ranger field proper has a daily output of around 75,000 barrels of oil, and development has just started. All along the railroad track, for miles and miles, loading racks for tank cars are scattered at frequent intervals, and pipe lines are under construction to carry the precious fluid into the refineries.

Recently the biggest well ever drilled in North Texas was brought in and added 12,000 barrels of oil per day to the total production. This is

the T. & P. Co.'s Norwood, some three miles northwest of the city, the well which the Dallas party of more than one hundred business men visited Saturday afternoon. Others of almost as large production are of recent completion, and hundreds of smaller wells have daily added to the amount of oil flowing out of the ground around Ranger.

How long will it last? The question is one that has been put hundreds of times and answered in as many different ways. Nobody knows for certain. They can't know. The answer is all hidden down below the surface of the earth some three thousand feet. But oldtimers know what other fields have done and their productions on precedents established in these oil pools. Here is what W. M. Little, superintendent for the Texas and Pacific Coal & Oil Co., says:

"The Ranger field will be good for fifteen years yet, I think. Right now the field proper, not including Stephens county nor the Hogg Creek district, with the Duke and Knowles wells, is making an average of 75,000 barrels of oil per day. There are thousands upon thousands of acres yet untouched and much of this stuff is located right where the heart of the pool may be expected to be found. My prediction is that within the next ten years 10,000 wells will have been sunk in the Ranger district. Of course, they won't all be Norwoods, nor Emma Terrells. Some of them may be better wells. No one can tell.

"For the next year we may expect more gushers. In ten years from now, though, there won't be any gushers. When the first head of gas blows off and the pressure is relieved, the wells will quit flowing. Then comes the pumps. I would imagine that the average production per well at the end of ten years would be between ten and twelve barrels per day under pump."

Already Ranger has reared its head above every other town on the Texas & Pacific railroad, from New Orleans to El Paso, with the exception of the former city, when you speak of railroad business done. It is ahead of Dallas. It outranks Fort Worth. It does twice as much business as half a dozen other towns of many times its size. This all is according to a statement made by a high official of the road. In January, 1918, the total receipts of the Ranger station for the railroad company were \$1,300. Two men handled the job and had plenty of loafing time. In January, 1919, receipts amounted to \$500,000 and fifty people were employed.

In the last four months railroad sidings have been constructed to accommodate 1,000 cars, exclusive of the miles and miles of trackage placed by the railroad company for its own use. Construction is going ahead as fast as material can be procured.

Some time they are going to have to build some sidewalks, pave some streets and improve country roads around this town of Ranger. They've been too busy up to this time to do this. Roads through the oil fields have been cut into gullies, washed out into ravines and generally torn up until they are well-nigh impassable even in dry weather.

Saturday, when the Dallas party visited the oil city, J. P. Pluvius took a hand in the trip and released a few scattering drops of water out of the clouds that hovered overhead. It wasn't much of a rain, just a sort of drizzle, but mud—some mud! In thirty minutes the city streets were gummy and by nightfall conditions were bad. Automobiles skidded about in a hazardous fashion, some of them slid off into ditches and some bogged in the mud. Somehow, the oil seems to have mixed into the surface dirt and the roads are very slippery.

But the Ranger folk don't seem to mind it. At the first sign of rain the women folk grabbed their rubber boots donned raincoats and went right ahead as if nothing was happening. The men folk took cognizance of the rain by dragging out the chains for their cars and nonchalantly tearing out across the field as if nothing had happened. Automobiling around Ranger is fraught with enough danger to make it spicy at any time, due to the ruts and holes which keep the car bouncing about like a rubber ball, but when it rains there is a real thrill in every foot you travel.

Ranger retains in full measure one characteristic of the Western town—its hospitality. Mayor Hagerman, M. A. Turner, head of the Chamber of Commerce—yes, the man who used to live here in Dallas—and many other prominent citizens of the city laid off for the day and gave their time to entertaining the Dallas party. They took the visitors through several sections of the oil field, through the Prairie Oil Company's big tank farm south of the city, where \$4,000,000 worth of oil is stored; out into the section where once stood the church house of what is now claimed to be the richest church congregation in the world; opened up the 12,000-barrel gushers for the edification and astonishment of the crowd, and showed them as much else of the wonders of Ranger as could be crowded into one wet day.

SEVEN GROUPS OF INTERESTS EXPRESS VIEWS

With Unanimity Oppose Railroad Administration's Five Year Extension Plan

Washington, March 14.—Adjournment of congress without legislation providing a solution of the railroad problem leaves this question as one of the principal heritages of the next congress. Advocates of various plans already have begun to promote propaganda for their respective theories and are prepared to urge congress to take up consideration early in the next session.

At the present time testimony taken before the senate interstate commerce committee of the present congress will be available. The new group of legislators will be confronted with recommendations of seven groups of interests. These are the railroad administration, railroad executives, railway labor, railroad security owners, interstate commerce commission, shippers and state commissions.

The railroad administration's endorsement of a five-year extension of federal management was opposed by all other interests except the labor group's opposition was qualified. All interests except the railroad administration and railway labor advocated return to private management as soon as congress has enacted legislation permitting a larger measure of unified operation and of stricter government control. The labor forces proposed government ownership with private management.

The varied views may be summarized as follows:

Railroad Administration—For five-year extension of government control, with alternative or early return to the roads to private management. Former Director General McAdoo regarded the five years as a period to test all theories; his successor, Walker D. Hines, regarded it as an interim course rather than a test, to give congress time to work out a permanent solution. Mr. McAdoo presented no permanent solution; Mr. Hines proposed eventual private management, with mergers of the numerous roads into six or more regional companies with more uniform financial strength, the government represented on the boards of directors, profits to be shared with the government and perhaps employes and the roads assured adequate returns on investments.

Interstate Commerce Commission—For private operation, with privileges of pooling equipment and facilities, co-operating in operating plans, mergers within limits, government regulation of securities issues, clarification of the twilight zone between state and federal authority, complete mergers in time of war or emergency, regulation of construction and development and co-ordination of inland waterways with rail lines. All this would be under the regulation of a government agency, presumably the interstate commerce commission.

Railroad Executives—For creation of a secretary of transportation to supervise all rate and operating matters, including mergers, pooling and co-operation, with interstate commerce commission the supreme court or review on rate questions and regional commissions to assist; legal assurance of adequate rates, rates to be initiated by companies; federal incorporation; opposed to return of roads to private management without legislation to provide these reforms and against five-year extension of federal control.

Railroad Security Owners—Government assurance of adequate return on investment (6 per cent suggested) with excess earnings to be shared with employes and used for property improvements; supervision of rates of interstate commerce commission; with regional commissions; return to private control to be directed by an association governed by the nine interstate commerce commissioners and eight railroad executives; against federal incorporation, or extension of control, and against turning the roads back immediately.

Railway Labor—For government ownership of properties and private operation by a single corporation directed jointly by representatives of employes, appointed officers and the government; earnings above a sum sufficient to pay cost of capital to be divided between the government and employes. Against five-year extension, but in favor of longer period than twenty-one months; against turning back roads immediately. For strict supervision by interstate commerce commission.

Shippers—For private management and a large measure of competition with authority for pooling equipment, common use of terminals; early restoration of state rate-making powers and authority of interstate commerce commission to suspend rates initiated by the railroad administration. Against federal incorporation, creation of a secretary of transportation and government ownership.

State Commissions—For most features of the interstate commerce commission plan, with adjustment of re-

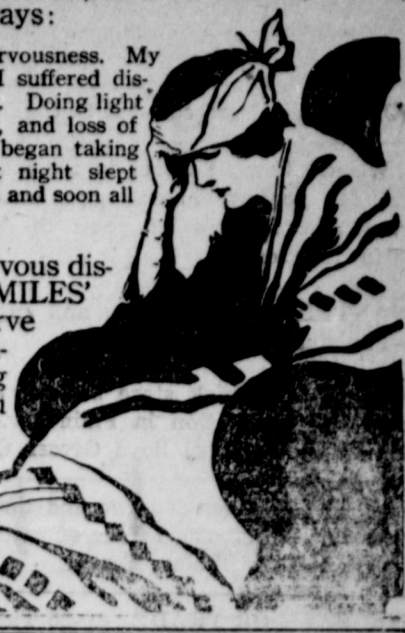
"Nervous Breakdown!"

When your nerves fail your whole body suffers—headaches, stomach disorders, sleepless nights, make you miserable indeed. The experience of Mrs. H. G. Redman, of New Haven, Conn., is an example. Read what she says:

"For months I suffered from extreme nervousness. My nerves were completely unstrung and I suffered distressing pains across stomach and chest. Doing light housework left me completely fatigued, and loss of sleep made nights long and tiresome. I began taking DR. MILES' NERVINE and the first night slept soundly. I continued using the medicine and soon all the unpleasant symptoms were gone."

Thousands of sufferers from nervous disorders have found relief in DR. MILES' NERVINE. This wonderful nerve soother is non-alcoholic and contains no harmful or habit-forming drug. Your druggist can tell you of its merits and effectiveness. Keep a bottle always on hand.

SOLE BY ALL DRUGGISTS (N-4)



relationships between federal and state authorities; against extension of control and creation of secretary of transportation.

Little Men Best Fighters

Small, undersized men stood the battle strain in Europe better than the big fellows, says P. Gibbs, England's noted war correspondent, now in this country. The big John Bull Englishman of the sergeant-major type, he says, broke up much quicker under shell shock than little men of nervous temperament. By nerve control they stood the strain much better. According to Gibbs, the bravery of soldiers is not absence of fear, but control over fear. There is no soldier, he says, who did not experience fear constantly. Their apparent heartlessness in the midst of death, he explains, is simply an armor put on to save themselves.

GREAT MASS OF PROOF

Reports of 50,000 Cases of Kidney Trouble, Some of Them Plainview Cases

Each of some 6,000 newspapers of the United States is publishing from week to week, names of people in its particular neighborhood, who have used and recommended Doan's Kidney Pills for kidney backache, weak kidneys, bladder troubles and urinary disorders. This mass of proof includes over 50,000 recommendations. Plainview is no exception. Here is one of the Plainview cases.

W. N. McDonald, insurance agent, 304 W. Main St., says: "About a year ago I strained my back and my kidneys became weak. My back was always sort of weak and I had a dull ache through the small of it. I had heard a lot about Doan's Kidney Pills and I got a box at Long's Drug Store. They helped me right away and two boxes cured the complaint. I haven't had a return symptom since."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. McDonald had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

A White Wyandotte pullet owned by A. F. Egger of Paris laid twenty-six eggs during February—the highest record in the state.

Forgot What He Needed

From the Republican, Mt. Gilead, Ohio: The editor had an interesting experience some time ago, when a young gentleman came to this office and asked for a copy of the Morrow County Republican. He scrutinized it carefully when a copy was handed him, and then said: "Now I know!" "What is it you are looking for," we inquired. "My wife sent me after a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and I forgot the name. I went to several stores and the clerks named over everything in the line on the shelf except 'Chamberlain's.' I'll try again, and I'll never go home without Chamberlain's Cough Remedy." The Republican would suggest to the proprietors of the stores that they post their clerks, and never let them substitute. Customers lose faith in stores where substituting is permitted, to say nothing of the injustice to makers of good goods and the disappointment of customers.

The horses recently sold by the Government at auction at the camps and remount stations, according to newspaper reports, brought an average of \$75. They cost an average of \$177.

A Texas Wonder

The Texas Wonder for kidney and bladder troubles, gravel, diabetes, weak and lame back, rheumatism and regularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1.25. One small bottle is two months' treatment, and often cures. Send for sworn testimonials. Dr. E. W. Hall, 2026 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo. Sold by druggists. —Adv.

We are not fearful that the Monroe Doctrine will not be properly safeguarded in the League of Nation constitution. We cannot believe that the American delegation at the peace table will agree to allowing anything to the contrary.

For safety sake ask for "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin."

TALCUM SOLD AS ASPIRIN TABLETS

Millions of tablets sold to dealers by a Brooklyn manufacturer who was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary for selling talcum powder tablets as Aspirin Tablets—Beware!

When you seek relief from Headache, Neuralgia, Earache, Toothache, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Colds, Grippe or Influenza Colds always insist upon the genuine



Proved safe by millions

Adults—Take one or two tablets, anytime, with water. If necessary, repeat dose three times a day after meals.

20-cent package—Larger sizes also. Buy only original Bayer packages.

American Owned Entirely!

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacturing of Monaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

OVER-EATING

is the root of nearly all digestive evils. If your digestion is weak or out of kilter, better cut less and use

KI-MOIDS

the new aid to better digestion. Pleasant to take—effective. Let KI-moids help straighten out your digestive troubles.

MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE
MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION

GIRLS! WHITEN YOUR SKIN WITH LEMON JUICE

Make a beauty lotion for a few cents to remove tan, freckles, sallowness

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply you with three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Squeeze the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle, then put in the orchard white and shake well. This makes a quarter pint of the very best lemon skin known. Massage this fragrant, creamy lotion daily into the face, neck, arms and hands and just see how freckles, tan, sallowness, redness and roughness disappear and how smooth, soft and clear the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless, and the beautiful results will surprise you.

AN UP-BUILDING FORCE

Regardless of climate or environment, Nature's heretofore wear and tear system and there is irregular need for an effective aid to restore strength and vitality.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

A systemic strengthener, free from alcohol, nourishes and replenishes the needs of the body naturally. Scott's may be used daily, in any climate, with benefit and strength to the body. Take Scott's Emulsion—it builds up the body.

Scott & Bowne, Elmfield, N. J. 10-11

WANT COLUMN

Try a want-adv. in the News. Only 15¢ a word, minimum charge 15¢ a time.

FOR SALE—Ford car.—T. O. Collier.

We are heavy as ever in the market for poultry, hides, eggs, etc.—Panhandle Produce Co., east of Alfalfa Lumber Co. 45

WANTED—Hides, poultry and eggs.—Panhandle Produce Co.

FOR SALE—Brick store building in good corner location in Plainview.—See W. E. Boyd, at Boyd Grocer Co.

FOR SALE—Over 200 two and three year old steers. Good class of cattle. G. W. McIlroy, Tolar, Texas.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—10-20 Titan farm tractor, almost like new.—J. P. Marlin, Rt. A, Plainview. 90-8t.

CREAM WANTED—We test and pay for it here.—Rucker Produce Co.

FOR SALE—Single Comb White Leghorn Eggs, \$1.25 for 15; \$5.00 per 100.—Mrs. R. P. Fraser, Phone 179-3r. 82-16t-c

BEAUTIFUL STUCCO BUNGALOW Home in Seth Ward College addition, 8 lots, well improved for poultry raising, small dairy and gardening. Will sell on good time or lease.—Jno. E. Brown, Plainview, Route B. 88tf

LOST—Nine calves, branded cross on left hip. Notify J. W. Skipworth, Jr., Kress. 90-1f.

FOR SALE—160 acres near Halfway, terms.—R. A. Underwood. 39-tf

Haircuts 25c, at Ben's Sanitary Shop Home of "5-in-1" Hair Tonic.

DWELLING for rent, also business house. Apply to Speed Oil Co. 74-tf

WANTED—To lease two or three sections of grass.—Sansom & Son, Plainview. 91-tf.

EGGS—Black Minor as, \$1 for 15.—F. B. Gouldy.

FOR SALE—Registered Duroc-Jersey gilts and boars, Sept. pigs. Orion Stock, Dam; Okla. Col. 2nd, Sire.—John Knight, Canyon Texas. 88-7t.

FOR SALE—One Success Sulky plow, with sod attachment. Also 1 two-horse planter; also one Shetland pony to sell or trade for milk cow.—S. S. Sloneker, Phone 276. 90

FOR SALE CHEAP—A few good work mares, two good spans of mules (one team large enough for oil fields) Stuff at Overall's barn.—W. M. Wilson. 90-2t.

READ THIS—Several nice little homes for sale on easy payment plan. Will take some trade. Get one before school starts and save rent.—W. B. Knight.

J. W. Stovall is now holdin down a chair at Ben's Sanitary shop, and wants his friends to give him a call.

FOR SALE—1 row P. & O. Lister. Inquire at City Dairy, southwest of cemetery. tf.

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY

I have a ranch of 2177 acres, located in the northwest corner of Martin county, that I want to trade for land in this section, irrigated or unimproved. Will also take as much as five or six thousand dollars stock of merchandise as part payment. There is also 255 head of good white face cows, besides the young calves. Now is your opportunity to get a ranch. See me.—I. M. Bailey, Hale Center.

FOR SALE—Millet and Sudan Grass Seed, also some jacks. Will give good terms on same.—H. B. Tatum, Box 412, Plainview. 88-4t-p

Remember the sales feature of the Spring Rabbit Show to be held in Plainview May 5 and 6, which will be held the second day of the show. The judging will take place on the first day, and there will also be a rabbit dinner. For full information apply to F. W. Vanderpool, secretary, Plainview. 89-tf.

FOR SALE—Span 1350lb. coming 7 and 8-year-old Horses, good ones.—Sansom & Son. 91-tf.

FOR SALE—Team of good heavy work mules, a Ford Car (1916), and a Kentucky 12-hole drill used one year.—Frank Zeleny, Plainview. Stuff 10 1-2 miles northeast of town, half mile north Prairieview school.

WANTED—Pasturage for about 60 rams.—Sansom & Son. 91-tf

WANTED—First class milk cow.—Jack Leslie, at South Plains Monument Co.

FOR SALE

Feed Stuff of All Kinds

SPECIAL

Pure Soft Wheat Bran, we believe the best in town. Delivery once daily. Phone 435. Near Northeast corner square.

PLAINVIEW GRAIN CO.

Carl Stoker is now with Ben's Sanitary Shop, and wishes his old friends to call and see him.

FINE S. C. RHODE ISLAND RED eggs \$1.00 for 15; \$5.00 per 100.—Phone 9034-3rings; 12 miles west of town on Olton road.—Mrs. Basil Huguley. 882t.

WANTED—Green and dry hides.—D. Rucker Produce Co.

We are in the market for Dry and Green Hides. Highest prices. ALLEN & BONNER, Coal and Grain Dealers.

OIL AND GAS LEASE BLANKS for sale at the News Office.

TWO MILLION Nancy Hall potato slips for sale at \$3.50 per 1000. Begin delivery about April 20th.—Pate Bros. Stephenville, Texas. 91-4t

FOUND on streets of Plainview, a letter dated Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 31, 1871, and signed "Your brother, Morton." Owner call at News office.

CARS FOR SALE—Ford touring car, Dodge touring car, Hup touring car, Hup roadster—used cars, for sale at bargains. Mechanically right.—Shepard Motor Co. 1t

Hulen, the tree doctor, is now pruning trees. See him and have your trees fixed up.

Ladies, don't fail to visit "The Style Shop" often, for new millinery goods are arriving almost daily. They are Fashion's newest creations. West-side square, next to Burns & Pierce.

FOR SALE—Almost new 18-inch Case thresher separator, run about 15 days. Will sell cheap or trade for good car. Inquire of P. B. Synder, Plainview, Phone 9036-12. 91-4t-p.

WILL SELL my Percheron Stallion at auction on public square in Plainview Monday, the 7th of April at 2 p. m. This horse is eight years old, black, seventeen hands high, and a good horse in every respect. For further information write or phone R. R. Gilbreath, Kress, Texas. Terms five months' time, bankable note bearing ten per cent interest. 5 per cent off for cash.

FOR SALE—Sand, gravel, lawn manure and garden soil. Phone 611.—Roy Irick. Fri.

CLUBBING RATES

Then Plainview News one year and the Dallas Semi-Weekly News one year \$2.25
The Plainview News one year and the Amarillo Daily News one year for \$8.25
Plainview News one year and the Kansas City Weekly, Star \$1.85

Cash Grocery Company

W. S. Pork & Beans, No. 1 size .. 10c
W. S. Pork & Beans, No. 2 size .. 15c
1 gallon Pickles 90c
1 gallon Apricots 65c
1 gallon Apples 45c
1 gallon Yellow Free Peaches 75c
1 gallon Grapes 60c
Red Label Karo \$1.00
Blue Label Karo 90c
Quart Jar Prepared Mustard 40c
Pure fruit preserves and jellies in all sizes.

CASH GROCERY CO.
Phone 101

Up to the time of the signing of the armistice there were 191,631 horses with the American Expeditionary Force. Of these only 39,845 had been shipped from this country directly for our service. The balance had been received from France, England and Spain.

Thirty-five thousand, six hundred and sixty-seven horses and mules are reported to have died from disease or wounds in the spruce of the United States before the armistice was signed. The total casualties were 42,311.

IS HIT BY SHELL WHICH KILLS FOUR OF UNCLE SAM'S MEN

Y. M. C. A. Man Returns With Story of Finding Huns in French Uniforms.

Under shell fire and gas for three weeks, the buildings in which he ran his canteen hit six times, and finally knocked out by a shell which killed four men, wounded thirty and put him in a hospital for two months, Guy A. Willis, a Grand Rapids lumberman, has returned on crutches from France with some evidence of the zeal with which the Y. M. C. A. canteen men worked with the troops in the St. Mihiel and Argonne drives.

Willis was attached to the Three Hundred and Fifty-fifth regiment, Eighty-ninth division. In the Toul sector, which the division held until the St. Mihiel drive began, Willis' Y. M. C. A. outfit had a canteen near Mont Sec, at Beaumont, and one of his pleasant jobs was to drive almost daily around the famous Dead Man's curve on trips to get supplies for his canteen. Willis entered Benny, in the St. Mihiel drive, three hours after the Germans had been thrown out of it.

In a shell-wrecked building he found a German kitchen with three big cauldrons. For several nights he made cocoa—hundreds of gallons a night—which was rushed in cans, shell cases,



GUY A. WILLIS.

palls and whatever else came handy out to the boys. Three times shells crashed through what was left of the roof of the building in which the Y. M. C. A. had set up shop, but they kept on at their work and ran the canteen there for three weeks, until they were shifted to the Argonne.

While at Benny Willis was busy in the canteen one night when two officers entered. They wore uniforms of the Fifth French artillery. The canteen was full of doughboys getting cigarettes and chocolate, and the Frenchmen, who seemed in a great hurry, picked up several pieces of chocolate and started to go out. Then they hesitated and turned back toward the counter. As they did so a doughboy heard one of them say to the other, "Wie viel?" (How much?).

A group of eight or ten doughboys entered at that moment, and in the crowding and jostling and dim light the soldier who had heard the remark lost sight of the officers for a moment. When he looked for them again they had vanished. Headquarters was telephoned that spies had been in the canteen, but the pair made good their escape in the darkness.

In the Argonne drive Willis was at work in a first-aid station when Captain Baker was wounded in the barrage. Willis went back through the barrage, serving as a litter bearer, and helped carry wounded down through the mud for four kilometers to the ambulances.

Two days before the last drive in the Argonne Willis went back into the village of Romagne to get supplies for a first-aid station. As he entered the town the Germans opened up on it with a battery of 88s, and the second shell sent over landed in the street within twenty-five feet of him. The shell killed two soldiers on a truck, setting fire to the gasoline tank and cremating one of the men. Two others were killed and thirty wounded, one of whom was Willis, a piece of steel being driven through his foot.

The field hospital to which he was taken had been shelled ten minutes before he arrived, and four hospital attendants and several engineers had been wounded. A few minutes later some German airmen came over and bombed the place, one of the bombs ripping a piece of cloth from under the head of a doughboy two stretchers away from the Y. M. C. A. man. The doughboy was not even scratched.

YOUR CORSETS

Before purchasing it for Spring, we would like to show you the Warner and Redfern Models—they are very attractive and will give style to any figure, and, moreover, you will like to wear a Warner's or Redfern because of its comfortable support.

\$1.50 to \$6.00

Jacobs Bros. Co
THE ONE PRICE CASH STORE

SOLDIER BOY KICKS AGAINST Y.M.C.A.

Serves It on Toast With a Garnish of Scotch Blessings, but the Captain "Stumps" Him.

"If every kick and knock against the Y. M. C. A. service overseas could have been handled as an American captain I know treated one case in his company there would be more in the air of what the 'Y' did and less of what they failed to do," said John M. Currie of Melrose, Mass., who is just home from operating Red Triangle huts in the Calais and Ypres sectors. The censor one evening came across a letter from a boy to his folks back home, in which the "Y" was panned and served on a toast with a garnish of all the Scotch blessings and reverse English the boy had on hand. Now the censor is a pretty tired man, and I should not have blamed him if he had let that letter go. But there was an extra strong touch of exaggeration in it that roused the censor's sense of justice.

So he sent the letter to the captain of the boy's company and the captain called the boy in. This is the conversation that followed:

"Did you write this letter?"
"Yes, sir."
"Read it over—is there anything there you'd like to change before it is sent?"
"No, sir."

Then there was a short pause, in which the captain studied the boy and the boy set his jaw stubbornly. Finally:

"Where did you get this letter?"
"The 'Y', sir."
"Who gave you the paper?"
"The 'Y', sir."
"It's warm and cozy, and something like home there, isn't it?"
"Yes, sir."
"Where do you get your cigarettes, candy, etc.?"
"The 'Y', sir."
"You're always sure of finding what you want there?"
"Yes, sir."
"You go to the movies and a real show occasionally?"
"Yes, sir."
"Who runs them?"
"The 'Y', sir."
"Doesn't cost you a cent, does it?"
"No, sir."

There was another pause, and the boy's face was redder and his expression softer. Then:
"If you don't mind, sir, I'd like to see that letter again."
Without a word he took it from the officer's hand, tore it once across, and dropping it into the basket made his salute, turned on his heel and walked out.

A remarkable bird found in Mexico is the bee martin, which has a trick of ruffling up the feathers on top of its head into the exact resemblance of a beautiful flower, and when a bee comes along to sip the honey from the supposed flower it is snapped up by the bird.

Wilbarger county on Saturday voted against a proposed bond issue of \$50,000 to build a county memorial hospital.

Otis Trulove and wife to Lem B. Trulove, sections 14 and 15, Sabine County School lands, 1,152.2 acres; consideration \$10.00.

FIGHTING PARSON GETS WAR CROSS

John Clifford, Wearing Y. M. C. A. Uniform, Proves Himself Real Hero.

There have been many war heroes, but there is certainly no more conspicuously heroic figure than John H. Clifford, Baptist minister in time of peace, but real fighter in time of war, who has been awarded the croix de guerre for extraordinary heroism in action.

John Clifford, as a Y. M. C. A. worker, braved the red wrath of war. He has been in the firing zone as much as the hardest infantryman and was decorated for a most unusual exploit. He was one of three men who braved incessant enemy shell fire



DOC CLIFFORD.

while rescuing Col. Albertus W. Catlin, commanding officer of the Sixth regiment of marines. The trio carried the colonel to safety on a stretcher.

Mr. Clifford went over the top many times and came near being killed on several occasions. He is fifty-one years old and was born at Oxford, England, and has preached the gospel in many parts of the world. When given a chance to serve with the Y. M. C. A. in France he knew that it was a good thing, and he jumped at it. His home is at Tucson, Ariz.

According to the very best information obtainable, we pass this way but once, and when we step into the valley of the shadow of death, all our earthly possessions will be left behind. Not a cow nor a sheep nor an acre of ground nor a dollar of money will go into the grave with us. Why then should man race through life in a mad fight for gold, brushing all the better things aside, when at last it must be unloaded at the tomb? Would it not be better to smile a little and do a few good deeds as we go along? Would it not be a better plan to put a few flowers into the hand of a sad-hearted human being, struggling along the road of life, than to clinch an Almighty dollar until cold death forces us to relinquish it?—Ex.

Many of the most prominent socialists of the United States, including Upton Sinclair, Charles Edward Russell and J. G. Stokes, have signed a petition to President Wilson to pardon Eugene V. Debs, who was recently convicted of violating the espionage law and given ten years in the pen, because of a speech made several months ago.

Forty thousand acres of land has been leased in Foard county and a test well is already down considerable ways on the "Y" ranch, fifteen miles west of Crowell, and evidences of oil have been struck.

PRINTING

Exceptional Facilities Enable Us to Guarantee Our Work

The kind you ought to have and when to have it, that is when you really need it. We have contracted the habit of satisfying our customers. Our work is of the highest quality and our services are always at your instant disposal. We are especially prepared to turn out letterheads, billheads, notehands, statements, folders, booklets, envelopes, cards, circulars, and many other jobs. Come in and see us next time you need something in the printing line.

Frost Proof Cabbage Plants. Giant Rhubarb Roots. White Bermuda Onion Plants. Seed Sweet Potatoes. Everbearing Strawberry Plants. Austion Dewberry Roots. Early Ohio Seed Potatoes. 35c dozen for your eggs in trade.

C. E. WHITE SEED COMPANY
PLAINVIEW, TEXAS