

THE PLAINVIEW NEWS

Tuesday---TWICE A WEEK---Friday

Volume No. 14

Plainview, Hale County, Texas, Friday, May 23, 1919

Number 3

PRESIDENT WILSON CABLES MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

URGES EARLY RETURN OF RAILROADS AND WIRES TO THEIR OWNERS

Washington, May 20.—President Wilson in his message to congress today recommended repeal of the war-time prohibition law, so far as it applies to wine and beer only; announced definitely that the railroad systems and telegraph and telephone lines would be returned to private ownership; urged a revision of war taxes, particularly to abolish the manufacturers' and retail sales excises, and outlined generally a program respecting labor.

These were the "high spots" of the President's message, cabled from Paris.

Besides that, he again urged enactment of the woman suffrage constitutional amendment; recommended that the tariff laws be supplied with teeth to protect American industry against foreign attack; spoke for legislation to facilitate American enterprise through the expansion of shipping, and backed Secretary Lane's program for land for returning soldiers.

Of the Paris peace conference and the league of nations, the President merely said it would be premature to discuss them or express a judgment. He also avoided discussion of domestic legislation at length because of his long absence from Washington.

Congress heard an unique document; the only one of its kind ever transmitted across the ocean from a President on a foreign shore. For the first time in six years it heard a presidential message read by a reading clerk instead of assembling to hear the president deliver an address in person.

The recommendations for the repeal of war time prohibition and for return of the rail and wire systems, while not unexpected by some, contained the greatest element of surprise and provoked the most widespread comment of the many questions set before congress by the president.

In his reference to prohibition, the president did not enter extensively into the considerations involved. The demobilization, he said merely, "has progressed to such a point that it seems to me entirely safe now to remove the ban upon the manufacture and sale of wines and beers."

This ban, laid several months ago to become effective on July 1, could only be removed, the president said, by congressional enactment. His recommendation regarding return of the railroad and wire lines was the first authoritative declaration by the administration of its future policy and greatly surprised many members, who had interpreted the developments of the last few months to mean that Mr. Wilson eventually would propose some form of permanent government operation. On the contrary, the directness of the president's declaration on that point left no doubt that he was through with any possible scheme of permanent retention.

"The telegraph and telephone lines," said the message, "will of course be returned to their owners as soon as the transfer can be effected without administrative confusion. The railroads will be handed over to their owners at the end of the calendar year."

In the case of each the president asked for legislation to make easier the readjustments necessitated by the change.

In his recommendation for readjustment of taxation the president made it clear that he did not expect a fundamental readjustment of the democratic tariff rates that have been operative for the last six years. He asked for tariff changes only to protect special new interests like the dyestuffs industry. Some reductions were advocated in wartime excess profits taxes and the present taxes on retail sales, the president thought could be dispensed with entirely.

What will be the reply of the republican congress to these proposals became at once the topic of discussion everywhere about the capitol. In returning the railroads, it generally was conceded, the republican leaders will readily give the president their co-operation. But as to the prohibition and tariff and internal revenue taxation, the case was more doubtful.

These are problems on which no very clear sentiment apparently has

NOT HURRYING WITH PRO REPEAL BILLS

Dry Leaders Are Anxious to Have Enforcement Law Put Through Congress

Washington, May 21.—Notwithstanding President Wilson's recommendation for repeal of war-time prohibition in so far as it relates to wines and beers, the opinion seemed to gain ground at the capitol today that all repeal measures would be kept in committee until after July 1.

In the meantime, however, prohibition leaders planned to enact the legislation, which failed at the last session, for the enforcement of the war-time prohibition act and the constitutional amendment. Senator Shepard (dem.) of Texas, author of the war time act, said today he was confident enforcement legislation will be passed before July 1.

There was no disposition on the part of the majority leaders, it was said, to hasten consideration of a repeal measure, nor were they impressed with the argument that it might be well to test out the prohibition system of which hard liquors are to be eliminated when the whole country is to become dry by constitutional amendment next year.

The only apparent move was by prohibition leaders, who were outspoken in their opposition to the president's recommendations, regardless of party lines. They let it be known that they would oppose any substitute liquor bill and would make every effort to prevent favorable committee action on any measure which would delay national prohibition.

Will Work for Suffrage

A meeting of women will be held at the public library this afternoon, to lay plans for sending women workers onto the streets tomorrow to work for votes for woman suffrage. It is proposed to have women stay near the polls and give each man as he goes to vote a flower and ask him to vote for equal suffrage.

(Editorial comment)—The News is an advocate of woman's suffrage. The editor has been for many years advocating this principle. For the women to stand about the polls and give flowers to men, to our mind, will do more harm than good. The women are asking for equal rights with men at the polls; voting isn't a flowery or posey or buttonaire proposition, it is a serious business matter, and the quicker the women get away from the bouquet part of it, the better.

Airplanes to Land Here

Recently the secretary of the Board of City Development received a letter from the Air Service Motor Co. of Indiana, making inquiry and asking for information as to the possible landing of airplanes here. The company says the machines are to distribute parts of motor trucks which the company is selling over the country.

Misses Pool and Lane Accept

Miss Evelyn Lane has accepted a place as teacher in the Plainview public school, for another year. Miss Gula Pool of Hale Center has also accepted a place in the school.

been formed in either of the great parties.

The recommendations regarding labor were general but the president called attention to the need for a partnership between capital and labor and a genuine "democratization of industry."

On tariff revision the president said the United States should have the means of properly protecting itself when there was danger of discrimination against it by foreign nations. "Though we are as far as possible from desiring to enter upon a course of retaliation," he said, "we must frankly face the fact that hostile legislation by other nations is not beyond the range of possibilities, and that it may have to be met by counter legislation."

"Although the United States will gladly and unhesitatingly join in the program of international disarmament, it will, nevertheless, be a policy of obvious prudence to make certain of the successful maintenance of many strong and well equipped chemical plants."

Corporal Lawrence Gray is now at Camp Bowie, Fort Worth, and expects to soon be discharged so he can come home. He was severely wounded while serving with the army in the fiercest battles of Northern France.

SUITS AND DRESSES

Reduced Prices to Reduced Stock

Big selling has reduced the splendid lines of Ready-to-wear but there is yet a nice assortment of both Suits and Dresses. There appears to be no reason why you should not have one of these elegant styles to fit you and too at a delightful saving.

\$19.75 to \$23.50 Suits for \$12.50
\$25.00 to \$32.50 Suits for \$17.50
\$35.00 to \$37.50 Suits for \$22.50
\$17.50 to \$18.75 Dresses for \$14.65
\$28.50 to \$29.50 Dresses for \$22.40
\$32.50 to \$38.50 Dresses for \$27.50

The Special Sale of Millinery will continue through next week.

Richards Bros. Collier
 WHERE PEOPLE WHO DRESS BEST TRADE

Plows With Tractor in Armenia

Paul Snyder of Plainview has the honor of having plowed the first furrow ever plowed with a tractor in Asia Minor. Paul is with the American Red Cross relief expedition distributing supplies in Armenia, to the war sufferers, and in the shipment were farming tools and implements including a tractor. Paul, being a farmer, set up the tractor and put it to work. His father, P. B. Snyder, has just received a letter from Paul telling of interesting affairs in that far-away and ancient country, under the shadow of Mt. Arrarat, where Noah's Ark is said to have rested during the flood.

He says there are thousands of orphans in the country, who are being relieved by the American and other relief expeditions, their parents having been killed by the Turks.

Urges Panhandle C. of C.

S. D. Ramsey, secretary of the Amarillo Board of City Development and A. L. Stinnett also of that city were here Tuesday, and addressed a meeting of the directors of the Board of City Development at a noon luncheon at the Hotel Ware.

They pictured the importance of organizing a Panhandle chamber of Commerce, and urged that Plainview send a delegation to the meeting to be held for the purpose in Amarillo June 3.

Capt. E. E. Roos, just returned from service in France, also made a talk anent the war.

Sixty-Three Stars On Flag

We noticed while at Wayland college Tuesday the service flag hanging in the chapel has sixty-three stars on it, including two gold ones.

International Harvester Company

Line of heavy implements including:

- 15-30-4 cylinder kerosine burning tractor.
- 10-20-2 cylinder kerosine burning tractor.
- 8-16-4 cylinder kerosine burning tractor.
- 3-4 1 11-2 2 ton trucks.

New Racine separator.
 McCormick and Deering combination harvester thresher.

Tractor Disc and Mole board plows are now being handled by

B. F. Jarvis and P. B. Barber

To avoid confusion and wasteful delays during the harvest season we would appreciate your advising us of your needs at an early date. A postal card or telephone call will bring a representative of the Texas Harvester Co., to your farm at once.

Warehouse in the J. J. Ellerød Building
 Phone 60

WHEAT WILL MAKE SIXTY BUSHELS TO ACRE

That is the Estimate of Some Men on Graham's 140-Acre Field of Wheat

Some men estimate that a field of 140 acres of wheat which E. Graham has two miles north of town will average as much as sixty bushels.

Mr. Graham took the editor of the News and several others out to his place yesterday morning. The wheat is beginning to head out and is waist high, and very full and good. There is some rust in part of it, but it will not injure it at this stage. Considerable of the wheat was planted on land formerly in alfalfa.

There are many Hale county farmers who say they will make from forty to fifty bushels of wheat to the acre this year.

There is 100,000 acres of wheat in Hale county this year, and the yield is going to be tremendous.

Wants Products for Exhibit

The West Texas Chamber of Commerce, whose headquarters are in Standard, has written to Plainview for some samples of wheat and oats of this year's crop, for use in the display of products of West Texas in the special advertising train that is being prepared to tour the Northern states this summer. The products of the exhibit are to be marked with the county where grown and the name of the grower.

There is considerable complaint over the Plains over the declared intention of sending the train out soon instead of waiting until in the early fall, when a more complete showing of this year's products could be taken along.

County Court Jurors

County court will convene Monday, June 2nd, and the following jurors have been drawn to report. Tuesday, June 3rd:

J. M. Buchanan, I. M. Bailey, W. W. Laney, J. F. Norfleet, E. C. Reagan, L. S. Claitor, T. M. Fortenberry, R. D. Stansil, J. J. Barton, C. H. Williams, W. J. Mitchell, Jack Galloway, W. F. Brooks, T. H. Brown, Dan Hooper.

Joe Keliher Appointed Director

Joe Keliher has been appointed on director of the Board of City Development, to succeed C. E. Craig, who has moved to South Texas. Joe is one of the big wheat raisers of the Plains. This year he has in a thousand acres, and some people say he will harvest \$60,000 worth of wheat from it.

Will Erect Brick School Building

Recently the people of Westside school district voted a bond issue of \$6,000, with which to erect a brick school building. The trustees of the school were in Thursday and went with Judge Clements on a trip of inspection to the brick buildings at Happy Union, East Mound, Bellview and Fairview.

Have Bought Grocery Store

D. B. Shifley and son, V. L. Shifley from Abilene have bought the H. S. Avert stock of groceries on the north side of the square, and will continue the business. Messrs. Shifley and the wife of the latter have arrived. They are very pleasant people and are welcomed to the town.

\$204.50 For Salvation Army

The campaign for subscriptions to the Salvation Army fund was closed up in this county, Wednesday. The sum of \$184.50 was raised in Plainview and \$20 in Abernathy, a total for the county of \$204.50. Judge H. C. Randolph was chairman for Hale county.

Says Wheat is Rusting

Chas. W. Boyd, who lives in the western part of the county near the Lamb county line, is in town today. He says his wheat is being seriously injured by rust, and that other fields in that section are also being injured.

Fine Auto Hearse Ordered

Flake Garner is in Kansas City buying furniture for the firm of Garner Bros.

While there he has bought a fine auto hearse, costing \$9,500, which will soon be shipped.

Sterns Brothers of Leon, Kans., have bought 150 high grade cows from J. E. Johnson of Lorenzo, the price being \$95 a head.

CHAUTATQUA WILL CLOSE WITH TONIGHT'S PROGRAM

WILL CLOSE TONIGHT AFTER SUCCESSFUL SEASON OF ENTERTAINMENT

The fourth annual chautauqua will close tonight, after a very successful season of programs that have pleased the people.

A contract has been signed by fifteen local citizens for a six days' program for next summer, with the same bureau, the Redpath-Horner people.

On account of being sick Granville Jones, well known to many Plainview people, was unable to deliver his lecture on "The Creed of Democracy" Wednesday afternoon, and instead Dr. Chas. E. Barker delivered a lecture on "Happiness." The Harold Proctor Company gave a concert both afternoon and night, and at night Dr. Barker lectured on "How to Live to Be a Hundred Years Old." He denounced drugs and said nobody had ever would be cured of a disease by drugs, and especially he enjoined the people to prevent disease, rather than wait until it had fastened itself upon them. He urged clean lives, proper exercise, proper diet, and no worrying. His lecture was by far the most interesting and valuable of any of the course.

Yesterday afternoon Dr. Frank Loveland of St. Louis lectured on "The Perils of Democracy," and spoke of the menace of Bolshevism. The News next Friday expects to have an editorial on his lecture. Last night the largest audience of the week saw and heard the play "It Pays to Advertise." The company played it well. This afternoon Robert L. Finch will lecture on "Shifting the Gears," a reconstruction address. This afternoon and night the Premier Artists will furnish a musical program.

Missourian Dies at Sanitarium
 J. W. Jackson from Graham, Mo., died at the sanitarium here Wednesday afternoon. He had been stopping at the Nash Hotel for a week, and was that day moved to the sanitarium, dying at 5 o'clock. S. A. Jones, who came with him, left yesterday afternoon with the body for Graham, Mo., where the deceased will be buried, and where he has a widow and five children. He died of complications caused by an attack of the measles last fall, followed by influenza, then pneumonia and then mumps. He was very feeble when he arrived here.

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Theft of Liberty Bond Charged

Tillman Goldberg, said to be a returned soldier, is in jail, charged with the theft of a \$100 liberty bond from J. A. Testman, proprietor of the Ware hotel. Goldberg was some time ago clerk at the hotel, and it is alleged he stole the bond and sold it to a Dallas stock broker, who advertises to buy bonds. It required some clever detective work to uncover the case. Goldberg came from somewhere in the East.

Receivership is Asked

A suit has been filed in district court here against certain Plainview citizens, connected with the Conservative Oil Co., which put down an oil well in Burk Burnett, asking for judgment for \$13,000 alleged indebtedness on a note and contract, and for a receivership of the company. The suit is filed by W. E. Miller and the First National Bank of Burk Burnett.

Visits of the Stork

Born to Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Sullivan, Plainview, May 9, girl.
 J. G. McCaffree, Plainview, May 5, girl.
 C. H. Day, near Floco, boy; named Billie Bert.

Well Spudded in Yesterday

A letter was received from B. C. Holle saying that the Santa Anna Oil & Gas Association, owned by Plainview, would spud in on its holdings near Santa Anna yesterday.

Commencement At Hale Center

Prof. G. W. McDonald, teacher of mathematics in Wayland college, will deliver the commencement address to the Hale Center school Wednesday, May 28.

President Wayland College Here

Dr. E. B. Atwood, newly elected president of Wayland college, arrived yesterday from Albuquerque, N. M.

The Plainview News

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J. M. ADAMS, Editor and Owner

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TOMORROW'S ELECTION

It is conceded by all that prohibition and woman's suffrage will carry in tomorrow's election—if the people largely go and vote.

The only hope of those opposing these amendments is that there will be a very small vote.

Hence, the overconfidence and apathy of the people is the greatest danger.

Therefore, every person who favors these propositions should make it a point to vote, and urge upon every other man he sees to do likewise.

If these propositions should be defeated, those who failed to vote will feel like kicking themselves.

Don't fail to vote tomorrow. It won't take much time.

In a few weeks such terms as "tanked," "stewed," "half-shot," etc. will become obsolete in this man's country.

The News is adding new subscribers faster and faster each month. That is the acid test that we are publishing a local paper that the people want.

Hale county's water is said to be more than 98 per cent pure. It comes from an everlasting reservoir. It is health-renewing. Come to the shallow water belt of the Plains.

Some men say the women don't want to vote. This has been disproven in Texas. Last year 318,000 women registered in eighteen days before the primary in order to vote to clean up the state from an immoral menace that was threatening.

The premier thought of most of the lecturers in the chautauqua is "be happy and contented." That is the true philosophy of life. Why should people fret and worry? Most of the troubles a person has never happen. Look on the bright side of things.

Some Hale county farmers will harvest sixty bushels of wheat per acre. Hale county has 100,000 acres in wheat this year. Two million bushels should be a conservative estimate. That will bring nearly five million dollars into our county. That spells prosperity. That means great development. Come to Hale county.

The editor had almost given up hope of ever getting that million dollars promised him from his investments down in the greasy country, but all is lovely now, for he on yesterday received a letter from the agent who sold him the stock, saying that it will be forthcoming in a few days.

From the meager information so far received, the Brooklyn Eagle finds that a peace conference consists of sixty-seven crises, eighty-one clashes, and the deadlock. There are ninety-eight Texans in Paris, all in official capacity of some sort. Texans are fighters. Texans are peace makers. Hurrah, for Texas!

Editor J. C. Thomas of the Childress Post publishes a good newspaper. Editor Thomas is rated as one of the wealthiest members of the Panhandle Press. He has one of the nicest homes in Childress and rides in a fine car. He is also a good farmer. This year he has 100 acres in wheat that is said to be the best wheat grown along the Denver Road, and promises forty bushels an acre. At \$2.50 a bushel that is \$10,000 in hard cash. That's some money for an editor to have. Editor Thomas is to be congratulated.

The editor of the News has long been an ardent advocate of the general use and abundant drinking of buttermilk. At the chautauqua Wednesday night Dr. Barker, who was physical adviser to President Taft, when he was in the White House, said that over four hundred of the five million people of Bulgaria are more than 125 years of age, and over 4,000 are above 100 years of age, and it is due to the abundant drinking of buttermilk, as the lactic acid (kick, if you please) in the milk destroys the old-age germs. The editor of the News crudely stated this very thing at a press banquet in Amarillo last year, and was almost hooted down by such fellows as Editors Loomis and Satterwhite, who saw in the general use of buttermilk the effacement of "white mule" and other beverages to which they are attached. Not only does but-

termilk cause the Bulgarians to live long, but it is a fact that in Southern Tennessee there are more centenarians than in all the other states combined, and it is attributed to the general use of buttermilk—and you must agree that these Tennesseans are democrats, hence, it is worth while to the world for them to live a hundred or a thousand years. If everybody partook freely of the fruit of the churn there would be no need of doctors and druggists and little work for undertakers.

BUZZARD-MINDED PEOPLE

The Childress Index mentions that the case of R. S. Odom is on trial in district court there. Odom being charged with rape on his daughter. It adds "The case is attracting a large number of visitors."

Yes, all scandalous and sex-filthy cases almost invariably "attract a large number of visitors." Usually these visitors are older men and women, and the older they are the more prone they are to get on the front seats and put a hand behind each ear in order to not lose a single filthy detail of the evidence.

You will as a rule find few younger men and women present, for they are usually too ashamed to be there.

Down at Gatesville several years ago in the bar of the district court a girl shot and killed her trauder in the course of the trial, and stray bullets killed two or three old grey-headed men who were sitting on the front seats, who were there to hear the nasty details of her shame.

Take the case at Childress: Why should any person, especially an old man or woman who should be crying to purify their minds so as to fit into the enjoyments of heaven, wait for hours and hear the putrid details of a case in which an ungrateful father has outraged the virtue and wrecked the life of his daughter? It is a wonder that God does not strike such an unholy assemblage with bolts of lightning or a shower of brimstone.

We are told that everything we hear, everything we see, makes an indentation in the folds of the brain, which rarely ever is completely effaced. How much better it is then, how much happier it will make us in the days to come, if we can keep our minds from being furrowed with unholy, filthy and unhappy things.

The bible many times dwells upon the beauty of clean hearts and minds, and says only those who have such can expect to ascend to the heights celestial and bask in His presence. Hence, for happiness here on earth and to contribute toward reaching the better land, it is essential that we refuse to allow our minds to become sewers. It follows just as the night follows the day that if we think evil we are evil.

The tribe that is inhabiting the court room in Childress this week has a lot of brothers and sisters of the same kidney who live in and about Plainview, as court officers can tell you.

The News has contended several times that the major part of the fellows and committees that go over the country promoting roads and an auto highway are little less than grafters. It has observed the smooth way they have separated towns and citizens from their money, for membership in this or that highway association, or the expenses of this or that pathfinding committee. The News has observed with amusement and disgust spells made in public meetings right here in Plainview by itinerants that if such and such a town did not "come through" it would be "left off the route," thereby giving Plainview a gentle hint that if it did not also come through" with several hundred dollars, the route would be put through Runningwater, Aiken or some other place and "Plainview absolutely ruined." Such dire threats has almost invariably brought the "plums" down in the shape of hard cash.

There is no ancient, medieval or modern graft that the professional highway promoters and route associations are not up on. While we have looked upon the Ozark Trails promoters as being the best of the lot, the Colorado Record has the following to say about them: "Since the publication of the Ozark Trail Route book all those who helped pay the \$500 are now wondering what they bought. They wanted \$80 more to mention Colorado as being on the route, but our citizens did not care to 'throw good money after bad,' so from this route book no one would know that Colorado was on the route, except as it is designated on the map."

Thousands and tens of thousands of acres of row crops are being planted in Hale county now. It is a cinch that there will be a heavy yield of these products, and the price will remain high. That will bring lots of money into local circulation, and coupled with the big wheat crop will put more money into the pockets of Hale county farmers than ever before. The banks will in several months be bulging with money.

The News has the largest circulation in Hale County.

Dr. L. C. Edwards is a professor in Rice Institute in Houston. He made a speech the other day, in which he declared Lenin, the Russian Bolshevik, to be a statesman of the noblest ideals and the most sublime patriotism, and superior to George Washington. Dr. Edwards is doubtless an over-educated dandy. Too many college professors are in the same class. They run too much to theory, and too little to practice. Lenin's rule in Russia is enough to forever condemn his ideas of government. Dr. Edwards will soon be separated from his job as teacher in Rice Institute. It is easy to see his finish. Texans don't want such anarchial ideas taught. Texans will not permit such ideas taught in their schools.

BILL MUST BE PAID

There are a lot of erstwhile super-heated patriots who are now complaining about the high federal taxes, and the issuance of Victory bonds. Some of them did not buy Victory bonds, though a year or more ago they were wanting to crucify every person that in any way criticised any war policy that was being proposed at Washington. Prior to the war they were honing to tar and feather any pacifist and any man who cautioned against rushing into the war.

They demanded that the kaiser and his allies be smashed. They said they wanted every dollar of the resources of the country taken over in order to do the job up right. The kaiser was smashed good and proper, and it took sixteen billion dollars in actual expenses and ten billion in loans to the allies to do the smashing.

Now they are squawking and groaning because pay day has arrived. They are growing because of high taxes. They are squealing like stuck pigs because their pocketbooks are being touched. When you touch a man's pocketbook you very often dislocate his heart.

Did they expect that the government could pay the twenty-five billion war expenses without raising the taxes higher? Did they think that Uncle Sam could create money by a sleight-of-hand trick?

Whatever one takes out of the government must first be put there by the people. The people are you and me and the other fellows.

These growers had just as well get used to paying high federal taxes, for they have "come to stay for a long time. No man above forty years of age will ever see the day that he will not be paying taxes because of the war with Germany.

There is a debt of billions and it must be paid—and you and me and other fellows are going to have to pay it. So, brace up, smile, work a little harder, and dig, dig, dig.

"SIGN OR STARVE"

The Germans have refused to sign the peace treaty, and have been given another week to further consider the matter.

The Germans claim to sign will mean everlasting political and economic ruin for the German people.

While there may be some modification of the treaty it is understood that the Germans will have to sign on the dotted line. That it is a case of "sign or starve."

Germany is but reaping the whirlwind; she is but experiencing in a measure what she would have demanded of her foes had she conquered.

In the heyday of the war, when the German armies were triumphant and it seemed would crush the enemy, her statesmen began to announce harsh terms which Germany intended to force upon her conquered enemies. They were even worse than the treaty they are now called upon to sign.

When the Russian collapse came, she forced the Brest-Livostk treaty, which was many times worse and more humiliating than the present treaty is.

Germany forced upon Rumania a treaty that meant destruction to that country.

In her day of seeming triumph Germany was too fiendish, too grasping, too domineering, to now come forward and ask for mercy. It is solely by the grace of the United States that she will get mercy, for she does not deserve it.

Germany is but feeling the truthfulness of that old declaration made by the Prince of Peace, when He said "He who lives by the sword, shall die by the sword."

Most Americans hope that Germany will not be wrecked by the terms of the peace treaty. Germany should feel herself lucky that President Wilson is sitting at the peace table, for if he were not the terms would be far more exacting than they are.

The recommendation of President Wilson to congress that it repeal the ban against the manufacture and sale of beer and wine, (manufacture of which was stopped Dec. 1st and the sale of which is to be stopped July 1) was a great shock to the religious and moral people of the country. It is hard to understand why the presi-

dent should make such a recommendation. The national prohibition amendment will become effective in January; so why should the liquor traffic, which has been practically overthrown, be allowed to come back into power, and thus again entrench itself, for less than seven months? Why should it be allowed to spread snares in the footpaths of the returning soldiers and sailors? The great religious bodies are already demanding that congress refuse to repeal the law, and congressmen say there is no chance whatever of it being repealed. Mr. Wilson has made a serious mistake and a great blunder. The influence of Samuel Gompers, head of organized labor, is said to be the cause of the President's action. Gompers has entirely to much influence for bad with Wilson.

LEVELING THINGS DOWN

There is a certain element of political quacks in this country that advocate the leveling of people, and making them all equal in every way.

They do not advocate "leveling up"; they advocate "leveling down." They would have, in effect, every person live in the same kind of a house, eat alike, dress alike, work just so many hours a day, and receive just the same amount for that work.

They would destroy all property rights; would kill desire and incentive to have and to hold; to move upward; to progress; to be better and higher tomorrow than we are today.

While the Declaration of Independence declares "all men are equal" it means that they have the same rights politically; the same right to "the pursuit of happiness;" the same right to work, live, move and be, that any other person in the world has.

But, it does not mean that every person must be made into the same mould, cast into the same matrix; made to do exactly like every other man.

God never meant such to be. He never made two persons exactly alike in looks, in thought or in deeds. He confused their tongues at the tower of Babel.

Nature never meant for people to be alike; no two human noses are exactly alike; no two leaves on a tree are exactly alike.

The old saw which says "give every man a fair square race, and the devil take the hindmost," is mighty good philosophy.

"Equal rights to all and special privileges to none," is old fashioned democratic principle. That is all a man should ask for.

The man who works like the dickens for twelve or sixteen hours a day, deserves more than the fellow who don't work half that time and thinks that "the world owes me a living, anyway."

The fellow whose desire is to give full value and more each and every day, deserves more than the I. W. W. who has hatred for work and for every employer of labor.

The fellow who is always complaining that he does not get a fair deal, that he is not paid as much as he deserves, that is always wanting to "strike for our rights" isn't worth what is being paid him. He don't deserve a job; he ought to be fired.

For heaven's sake don't advocate leveling humanity; work like a trojan to get to the top of the mountain, and then you can view the light of God's sun without a cloud to obscure your vision.

Be a worker; not a shirker.
Be a booster; not a pessimist.
Today is better than yesterday; tomorrow will be better than today.

IN A MINOR STRAIN

There is \$85,000,000 on deposit in the banks at Dallas. This is \$850 per capita for the city. We were just wondering if Joe Taylor has his full share of this.

It would not surprise us much to hear that the Italians had presented a bill to President Wilson for the flowers they scattered along his pathway in Rome last December, when they thought he would stand for their selfish "aspirations."

The editor of the News never stops to ask for praise or commendation, but he keeps a-moving for fear of getting a knock or a swift kick.

Too many people seem to want to treat the returned soldiers as "sissies." A fellow who has gone through shot, shell and hades, as they did, wants to be treated like a full-grown man.

Over in New Mexico a fellow who was selling oil stock was recently killed. At the examining trial of the fellow who bumped him off, the magistrate said he had carefully looked through the statutes, and had been unable to find anywhere that it was against the law to kill an oil stock agent.

While we of course regretted very much the defeat of the democratic party in last fall's elections, and deplore the capturing of congress by the

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

It's no longer necessary to go into the details describing the practical merits of the Ford car—everybody knows all about "The Universal Car." How it goes and comes day after day and year after year at an operating expense so small that it's wonderful. This advertisement is to urge prospective buyers to place orders without delay. Buy a Ford car when you can get one. We'll take care of your order—get your Ford to you as soon as possible—and give the best in "after-service" when required.

Barker & Winn
Plainview, Texas

Sweet Potato Plants

25,000 each and every day of Southern Queen, Nancy Hall, Bradley Yam. Come and get plants at Right Prices and Quality. They are here--no waiting from now on.

C. E. White Seed Co. Plainview, Texas

HITCHCOCK PREDICTS APPROVAL OF COVENANT

Democratic Leader Says Enemies Are Divided and Can Not Defeat Measure

Washington, May 20.—Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, ranking democrat of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, predicted in a statement today that the senate would ratify the covenant of the League of Nations and that the necessary majority vote to amend it or separate it from the peace treaty would not be obtainable.

Senator Hitchcock has been the chief spokesman for the administration throughout the long senate controversy over the League of Nations and his statement generally was regarded as a reply to that issued last night by Senator Lodge, the republican leader, who said the league covenant was not acceptable to a majority of the senate.

"The supporters of the peace treaty in the senate are confronted by divided forces," said Senator Hitchcock.

"First, there are those who would like to eliminate that article of the treaty which establishes the League of Nations because they are radically opposed to any league of nations under any circumstances. Second, there are those who profess to support the League of Nations, but insist on amending some of the provisions to meet their own particular views.

"Either of these plans to succeed must receive the support of a majority of the senate. In other words, the opponents of ratification can beat the treaty by securing one-third of the votes of the senate to reject the treaty, but in order to amend it they must secure a majority of the votes of the senate.

"It would require a majority of votes, or course, to strike out the League of Nations article."

republicans, but we must acknowledge that there have been entirely too many democratic congressmen and senators of the "me, too" type whenever the administration proposed anything. A congressman should be a real congressman, not an administration blotter.

Ben Smith of the Lockney Beacon has it in for people who are too stingy to subscribe for the local newspaper, but borrow it from their neighbors. He says they are "human insects and their souls are so small they would not make a respectable cataract on a chigger's eyes." The Slatonite says it is going to get a list of people in Slaton who borrow their neighbors' Slatonite and publish same. Verily, this life is one doggoned worry after another.

gue of Nations article just as it would require a majority to change any part of the League of Nations. I do not believe a majority can be mustered for that purpose. It must be evident to everybody that while the senate can amend the treaty such amended treaty is a new treaty, whether it strikes out of the League of Nations provision or whether it amends the League of Nations provision. It could not possibly go into effect until all of the nations party to the treaty accepted the amendment. If one refused to accept it that would produce a deadlock and make peace impossible. For all to accept any senate amendment even if it were possible, would require a long period of time and that would greatly delay the advent of peace. I can not conceive it possible that a majority of senators will be able to unite on a program which would produce either of these enormous evils. The changes in the league constitution have removed the substantial and valid objections to its ratification and I believe it will be ratified."

MAN TARRED AND FEATHERED AWARDED \$50,000 DAMAGES

San Antonio, Texas, May 18.—A jury in the Fifty-Seventh District Court yesterday awarded damages in the sum of \$50,000 to W. E. Walker, formerly a shoemaker of Luling, Texas, in his suit against ten citizens of that town who, according to their own testimony at the trial applied tar and feathers to him a year ago, drove him out of Caldwell county and told him never to come back.

Kellar alleged that his business had been broken up and that he has suffered pain and shame at the hands of the defendants. The jury award comprised \$25,000 actual damages and an equal amount in exemplary damages. The defense gave notice that a motion for a new trial would be filed.

Mr. E. Dowden has purchased a 10-20 Titan tractor, and a McCormack Combination Harvester and Thresher through B. F. Jarvis and P. B. Barber, agents for the International Harvester Company's line of heavy implements.

Paid \$25,000 for 2-Month-Old Bull Madison, N. J.—Florham Leader, a 2-month-old Guernsey bull calf, was sold at auction here for \$25,000, said to be a new record price for an animal of its breed. Oaks Farms and Hugh Bancroft, both of Massachusetts, combined to make the purchase paying \$10,500 above the previous record price.

Another thing—why doesn't some scientific wizard invent some way to keep little expenses small.

Plants! Plants! Plants

Out Door Grown, Big Strong Hardy Plants. A Month Earlier Than Others, and Better

McGee tomato, Earliana tomato, Dwarf Champion tomato, Surehead, Early Allhead and Wakefield cabbage. Nancy Hill, Dooley Yam and Bradley sweet potato. Hot and Sweet pepper, everything you need in plants.

Everything You Need in Seeds. Prices Lowest Possible.

C. E. White Seed Co. Plainview, Texas

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

A. G. Smith and wife to Mattilee Smith, section 18, block C-3, 160 acres; consideration, \$8,000.

J. C. Arnett and wife to A. E. Pipkin, lot 20, block 94, Abernathy; consideration, \$770.

Mattilee Smith to S. D. and Ethel Jones, section 18, block C-3, 160 acres; consideration, \$8,000.

L. C. Johnson and wife to James H. Baggaly, lot 14, block 47, Isaac McCormick Homestead Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$900.

J. L. Cox and wife to Joe E. Keliehor, 160 acres; consideration, \$5,320.

C. C. Green to Thomas Gibbs, lot 1, block 12, Plainview; consideration, \$3,000.

J. F. McGinnis and wife to J. H. Baggaly, block 1, R. Holland Homestead Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$250.

J. F. McGinnis and wife to J. H. Baggaly, lots 12 and 13, block 3, Depot Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$250.

J. E. Penick and wife to W. L. C. Trammell, lots 9 to 16, inclusive, block 9, Depot Addition, Plainview; consideration, \$600.

W. H. Thompson and wife to J. W. Pool, lots 10, 11 and 12, block 37, Abernathy; consideration, \$1,000.

Rob E. Downey and wife to W. A. Richter, block 71, Abernathy; consideration, \$500.

J. T. Lowry and wife to F. W. Struve, section 4, block P and F, 80.45 acres; consideration, \$10.

Ralph Skidmore and wife to T. H. Anderson, section 5, block JK-3, 160 acres; consideration, \$10.

Local Farm Machinery Company

Mr. B. F. Jarvis has been in the experimental department of the International Harvester Company for the last fifteen years. During the past two years he has had charge of tractors which the company have had in Hale county.

The object of this work has been to find the weak points of the tractors and the plows working under actual field conditions in Hale county. Several changes have been made to fit the tractors for this section of the country. One of the most important changes being the enclosing of all working parts. A demonstration of these tractors will enable a person to see other changes which have been made to fit them for our local conditions.

Mr. Jarvis intends to make Plainview his home and will be at the services of purchasers of the International Harvester Company's lines of heavy implements.

Mr. P. B. Barber has lived in Plainview for the past three years and has been employed by the Texas Land & Development Co., as farm manager for their irrigated farms. He is therefore, quite conversant with local conditions and is competent to advise concerning the kind and usage of tillage implements.

In thirty days we will be in the

middle of the largest wheat harvest that this country has ever known and it is fortunate for the Plains farmers to have local men representing International Harvester Company's goods at this time.

Seven Days of Grace Granted

A period of seven days of grace has been extended to Germany by the representatives of the allied and associated governments in which the German peace plenipotentiaries may conclude their study of the peace treaty and formulate such replies to the various clauses as they desire.

The extension of time, which originally was to have expired at Thursday, was set forward to Thursday, May 29, at the request of the Germans who advanced the plea that more time was required for them to formulate arguments of much importance. With the request by the plenipotentiaries for more time comes from Berlin a statement of the German cabinet that Germany is unwilling to sign the peace treaty. The document is a reiteration, although in stronger words of the views of the foremost statesmen in Germany that the sealing of the compact would spell the ruin of the former empire.

Ourself, we may be eccentric, but some how we have never had an ambition to ride an airship to the Azores.

The News circulation "covers Hale County Like the Dew."

HALE COUNTY NEWS

HAL ECENTER

May 19.—Mrs. Claud Gentry and daughter, Dorothy Mae, returned home Sunday after a week's visit with relatives and friends in Abernathy.

Rev. G. H. Bryant returned from Kentucky last week.

J. P. Elliott made a business trip to Beaumont last week.

Rev. J. H. Bone went to Littlefield Saturday and preached the baccalaureate sermon Sunday morning.

Sunday was a big day at the Methodist church here. The Centenary Movement is creating new enthusiasm among the workers.

Miss Mavis Terry returned home from Hereford Saturday night. Miss Terry was one of the Hereford school faculty the past year.

The Mothers' club entertainment Friday night drew a good attendance. A. L. Kellar and family returned from Central Texas last week. Al says "the Plains are the best place yet."

The "Lightning Bug" has been over from Plainview installing "fixtures" and wiring residences. A number of our residences now are electric lighted, as well as the churches and business houses.

Hale Center has a good "Over the Top" reputation. The Methodist people "went over" in their Centenary drive Sunday.

S. O. Parker, Robert Claxton, John Payne and Bud Webb were all in from the ranch for the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Sanders are spending the week in South Texas.

Mesdames Horton and Wall attended the Panhandle convention of the O. O. F. at Amarillo this week.

Mrs. J. L. Reed and Miss Ernie Wall Venus Horton and Mary Belle Gandy were Plainview callers Monday.

HALFWAY

May 22.—We are having warm sunshiney weather now, which we think will help the wheat, for some wheat has the rust.

Misses Allie and Velmah Hooper spent the week end in Plainview attending the graduating exercises.

Several attended the Chautauqua at Plainview Sunday night.

The Red Cross met with Mrs. A. K. Kayser Tuesday and finished the sewing and knitting.

Mrs. Nine McComas and daughter, Miss Almira, and Mrs. Gus Miller and daughter, Miss Sadie, visited at D. H. Spence's at Westside Monday afternoon.

The farmers are getting along nicely planting their crops.

Miss Hazel Kaylor is on the sick list this week.

Mrs. D. D. Mauldin and little daughter, Ruth, of Mayfield, attended the Red Cross meeting Tuesday.

Rev. J. H. Hooker filled his regular appointment here Sunday evening.

RUNNINGWATER

May 21.—We are having nice growing weather now; wheat and gardens are fine; farmers are working early and late to get their planting done.

Mrs. Lois Moore returned home Saturday after a stay of several weeks in Oklahoma. Her friends are very glad to see her at home again.

Miss Otelia Graham is at home, her school at Cousins having closed last Friday. Miss Graham taught a four months' term at Lakeside, before the holidays, and has just finished a very successful four months' term at Cousins.

Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Morton, Mrs. Lois Moore and Mrs. Eakin attended the sale at Mr. Near's Tuesday. There were some fine horses and cows sold and all brought good prices. The 6-gallon Durham cow was bought by Roger Mayhugh of this place at \$180. Mrs. Dennis has been real sick this week.

J. F. Watson, superintendent of the Syndicate farms, is riding in a brand new jitney these days.

PRAIRIEVIEW

May 20.—After a long delay, the farmers are back in their fields again. Wheat is looking fine since it has had a few days sunshine.

Singing at the school house was well attended last Sunday evening. Most of the Liberty class was over and we had some fine singing. We are looking forward to a great day of singing next Sunday, as the Hale county convention will meet with us.

Wedding bells were heard in our community last Sunday evening. Mr. V. A. Johnston of Rannels county and Miss Lessie James were quietly married in Plainview. They will make their home in Oklahoma.

Misses Alma and Onie Williams of Gilmer, Texas, are visiting at the home of their uncle, W. G. Williams and family.

Several from here have been attending the chautauqua this week and report some good programs.

Mr. Booth of Lone Star was visiting at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Otto Sammann Sunday afternoon.

Miss McCollough, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. O. T. Whitfield returned to her home in East Texas last week.

COUSINS

May 20.—Lack Hobbs and Earl Botts made a trip to Plainview Tuesday.

Mr. Fortenberry and Mr. Drake left Monday for Fort Worth and other points for the benefit of Mr. Fortenberry's health. He will likely go to Temple while away.

Mrs. Emmitt Tipton and family visited at the Fortenberry home Sunday.

Donald and James Drake gave their school mates an ice cream party last Saturday evening. All report a nice time.

Our school closed Friday. The people all met and served ice cream and cake. The teacher treated the children to fruit. They also had a nice program, which was enjoyed by all.

S. G. Luttrell has gone to New Mexico on business.

Mr. Stevenson and family visited at Mr. Maston's one day this week.

Vent Hobbs has returned from Stratford, after being gone for some time.

Sam Jones has been gone to Muleshoe on business.

Justice for West Texas.

The following letter addressed to Governor Hobby by R. E. Huff, prominent member of the West Texas Chamber of Commerce and president of the Wichita Falls Chamber of Commerce, sets forth the principal reasons for a senatorial reorganization in order that West Texas may receive representation in the state senate proportionate to its population:

Dear Governor: On behalf of Wichita county and West Texas generally, I wish to ask you to submit to the next session of the legislature the question of reapportionment. The present apportionment is very unfair and unjust to this section of the state.

The population of Texas by the census of 1900 was 3,048,910. By the census of 1910 the population had grown to 3,896,542, showing an increase of 847,832, or 27.8 per cent for the whole state. Nearly half of this increase is shown to be in four senatorial districts, the Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth, which showed an increase of 412,459 in the ten years, or 108.8 per cent four times the increase of the rest of the state.

Counting as West Texas that part of the state lying west of the 98th meridian, and taking in the other two districts, the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth, which lie in West Texas as so defined, the population for these six districts amounted in 1900 to 558,015; in 1910 to 1,063,618, showing an increase of 505,603, or 90.6 per cent for the six districts.

The average senatorial districts in Texas on the basis of the 1910 census should have a population of 125,824. With the above figures before you, you can clearly see that West Texas, which is practically the territory covered by the above six districts, are entitled under a reapportionment on a basis of the 1910 census, to eight senators. Now we have been denied our senatorial rights for the past nine years, and we do not want this injustice passed on any longer, and then perhaps perpetuated after the census of 1920.

The present senatorial apportionment is based on a population of only 24,886 in El Paso county, whereas in 1910 it was 52,599, and by some special census that was taken last year it was probably doubled, though I have not the exact figures. Wichita county then had only 5,086, Potter county only 1,820, Taylor only 10, 449, and other western counties in like proportion.

I call your attention to the message sent by Governor Colquitt to the legislature in 1911, and to the figures given there, although he bases his figures on the number of voters, while I am calling your attention to the number of people. As the figures above show, the six western districts now have an average population of 177,269; while the population of the First senatorial district is only 83,326; of the Second, only 99,921; of the Third, only 101,551; of the Fifteenth, 106,847; of the Nineteenth, 82,724; I use these merely as illustrations.

Now I know that the argument will be used that we will have another census next year, and a reapportionment in the year following. But because there was an injustice perpetrated on the West for nine years, it is no reason why it should continue for another three years. There are many questions which come up affecting the interests of West Texas, where the wishes of our people are disregarded, and their interests adversely affected because we are denied the representation we are entitled to under the constitution and the law.

The constitution provided that the senate shall consist of thirty-one members, and shall never be increased above that number. It also provides that the legislature shall, at its first session after a United States census is taken apportion the state into senatorial and representative districts. Now while this has been disregarded, there is no excuse for the continued disregard of this constitutional provision upon the part of the executive and the legislature. There is no question more important than

A Sunrise Breakfast

Everybody knows that West Texas is noted for doing the unexpected. Not only the weather does unexpected things, but the people are always surprising you. And now for the next few years, go where you will in West Texas and you will hear the women talking about those wonderful Club Husbands of Stamford. Did you ever hear of an organization of men actually camping out on a stormy night in order to get breakfast for a woman's convention? Well, that is just what the Stamford Club Husbands' Union did!

And the next morning at exactly 7 o'clock sharp breakfast was served to 300 guests, delegates, visitors and friends. They sure did it, and did it up brown and to a crisp.

The setting for this beautiful scene was the Stamford lake, framed in automobiles of every make. It was a genuine living movie. Up and down the long table these town and rural women wandered, collecting tin cups, spoons, plates, forks, knives. Then came the grape fruit, with an all-night application of sugar, served in the purest paper cups that held just all you could hold. Following this came bacon, great piles of bacon, um! And the pure fresh air made you so hungry you thought you wanted the whole plateful until you saw big round kettles of scrambled eggs; and the coffee and bread and butter and all that goes to make a sunrise breakfast out among the wild flowers the brightest morning in your memory. There were no artificial decorations for this occasion. The wild flowers looked their loveliest, nodding and smiling at every one. No reception committee was ever so beautifully adorned as were the West Texas Plains on that bright on that bright May morning, when they and the Club Husbands of the city of Stamford welcomed the club women of West Texas to their sunrise breakfast.

But that was not the end of the feast. After the rattle of the tin spoons and cups had ceased and most of the bacon had disappeared the president of this new organization, Mr. Homer D. Wade, stepped to the top of a gilded soap box and with his "Chautauqua-apron" floating in the Western breezes, introduced the various officers. The first on the soap box was the pan man—the Mayor of Stamford. This speaker was followed by the chief cook and head waiter and other noted members. The last speaker introduced was Chester Crowell, publicity man for the West Texas Chamber of Commerce. For the benefit of the Fort Worth visitors and others whose homes are below the wind belt of West Texas, Mr. Crowell gave a very happy toast on "Our Weather." To all of these responses were made by our state president, Mrs. C. W. Conroy of Fort Worth; our district president, Mrs. J. U. Fields of Haskell and other visitors.

At 8:30 the breakfast adjourned to meet again at 12 p. m. in the city hall, to be served a second time by the pupils of the domestic science classes of the Stamford high school. Such eats as those girls, assisted by the boys (following in the footsteps of their dads earlier in the morning) did present to those hungry women. And all the while Stamford Juvenile Band entertained with wartime music, that not even a hundred and fifty women all talking at once could drown out. It just seemed to stimulate everyone in that hall to eat more and talk louder. It was all so free and natural; just like West Texas, and the big unconscious lesson that the people of Stamford taught us was: Use your own resources for everything.

In entertaining the First District of Texas Federation of Woman's Clubs, the women of Stamford used their homes for comfort and care. They used their husbands to serve the sunrise breakfast. They used their boys to meet the trains and help direct the guests to their new homes. They used their Juvenile Band to live up the lanches instead of spending several hundred dollars on outside talent and discouraging their own by indifference. They used their own men and women singers to help out the program. They used their own ministers to conduct the opening exercises of each session. They used their own church and city hall, rest room, lake and plains for our comfort. They used Jones county wild flowers for decoration. They used a few of the tiniest little tots to help entertain. They used their young women as pages and ushers. In fact, they gave everybody in Stamford a chance to do something to make our visit there long to be remembered. Yes, and they used their automobiles day and night for our convenience. In fact, everybody went away feeling that Stamford was one of the best organized and one of the most efficient towns in West Texas, and everybody seemed happy because everybody was doing something to make others happy.—Mrs. Phoebe K. Warner of Claude.

to provide for an equal representation to the people of all the state of Texas, and I sincerely trust you will promptly submit the question at the coming special session. Respectfully yours,
R. E. HUFF.

THE ADVERTISEMENTS Have Something to say to You

If a merchant or manufacturer could gather 5,000 or 10,000 or 100,000 prospective buyers into a large auditorium and talk to them daily—by word of mouth—he would have no need of advertisements. BUT HE CANNOT.

So he puts his words in type and talks to these same prospective buyers each day in the printed messages that you know as advertisements.

In this newspaper today you will find many such personal messages from merchants and manufacturers.

Some are large and some are small. They cover a wide range of subjects. They are worthy of your careful reading.

No merchant would spend his good money advertising if his merchandise were not of good quality and fairly priced. It wouldn't pay!

Don't miss the advertisements. They will save you money.

In Hale county the News has the largest local circulation of any newspaper published. "It covers Hale county like the dew."

SOCIETY

Coming Events Cast Their Shadows Before

In rooms that were fragrant and beautiful with roses of many colors, the Wednesday Bridge club met on Wednesday afternoon with Miss Josephine Keck at her home, 708 Denver Street.

After several games of bridge, the momentous part of the afternoon began with the singing of "O Promise Me" and "Faithful and True," by Mrs. Mildred Doland, accompanied on the piano by Mrs. Tom Carter.

During the singing of the latter song little Constance Wayland entered the room and approaching the hostess scattered a profusion of rose petals at her feet, a symbol, so her friends hope, of her future life.

Little Helen Anderson then came in with a basket of pretty souvenirs, each bearing the magic date "June 1919" and the names "Raymond," "Josephine." These were distributed by the tiny maiden, who wore a bridal veil, suspended from a wreath worn by Mrs. G. C. Keck, mother of the bride-to-be at her own marriage thirty years ago. For of course this event was but the prelude to a wedding. It was the happy way of announcing the marriage next month of Miss Keck to Raymond A. Pillier of St. Louis.

As a crowning assurance of the fact Virginia Sansom and Virginia Hinn came in drawing a basket in which lay a live Kewpie (little Bobby Doland). Photographs of the prospective bride and groom were fastened to the front of the basket.

After this the guests were invited into the dining room, where other and beautiful revelations awaited them. Lights shaded with pink and white bleamed upon a table centered with a cake upon which were the emblematic orange blossoms.

From the electric dome hung a wedding bell and on one side of the table was a miniature altar upon which rested a Bible. Around the altar stood a group of Kewpie dolls; a minister and a bridal couple, all appropriately dressed.

Mrs. Keck assisted by Mrs. Earl Keck served cake and ices in which hearts were molded. Upon each plate was a spray of pink sweet peas.

Miss Keck, who is deserved popular with young and old alike, met her friends in a beautiful gown of gray satin and Georgette crepe, embroidered with silver. Her coming marriage is the center of much interest and the announcement party on Wednesday is the first of a series of social affairs in her honor.

The guests included the members of the Wednesday Bridge club and a few intimate friends of the family.

Euglos Win Annual Debate

It seems that the party who informed us ament the inter-society debate at Wayland college Monday night, got his wires crossed.

It was the Euglosian champions who won the debate, and not the Philomathesians. The question of "Resolved, that the railroads of the United States should be owned and controlled by the Government," and the negative, championed by Delbert Jones of Snyder and Powers Exum of Shamrock had the affirmative and Chas. E. Smith and K. C. Lea, both of Falls, had the negative.

The judges were Rev. H. D. Heath, Judge H. C. Randolph and L. D. Griffin.

The next morning the Euglos had a burial service at the college, and interred an effigy of the rival society, in a coffin decorated with the Philo colors, blue and white. Some other interesting escapades were also pulled off at the college.

Red Cross Shipping Refugee Garments

The local chapter of Red Cross is packing the chapter's quota of refugee garments and knitted goods, which are now being brought in to be shipped to the headquarters, from where they will be sent to the destitute peoples of Europe and Asia.

There are two large boxes of knitted garments and five boxes of other garments. The goods for these garments were received some weeks ago, and the women of the society have knitted and sewed them together.

A Mother's Day Social

The Elks and their families will participate in a "Mother's Day Social" at the lodge rooms next Wednesday evening.

Dance at Elks Club

A number of young people took part in an informal hop at the Elks club Tuesday night, honoring Lieut. Harold Hughes, who recently returned from service across seas.

Miss Wynona Guest Entertains Seniors P. H. S.

Miss Wynona Guest entertained the senior class of Plainview high school at the home of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. L. Guest, Saturday night.

The rooms were decorated with red and white roses and sweet peas, these being the class colors, and in addition to the members of the class, a few friends were present. Forty-two and other games were played. Cake and cream were served.

Home Economics Club

The Home Economics club will meet Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. George Saigling. All members are urged to be present, this being the last meeting for the club year.

HUGH POTASH DEPOSITS FOUND IN TERRY COUNTY

West Texas Will Free United States From Dependence On Outside for Supply

During the past year experts have been quietly investigating the old extinct volcano out in Terry county, known for many years as the "alkali lake," and which has caused the death of many thousands of cattle which drank water from the springs and lakes.

Interested parties employed Dr. F. B. Porter of Fort Worth, president of the Fort Worth laboratories to make analyses of the many borings made in Terry county. Now, for the first time it is known that enormous deposits of potash exist in Texas and will soon be on the market at a much lower price than at present. And with this potash is salt, Glauber salts, epsom salts and other valuable mineral salts. The company will sell common salt far below present prices, and this will, they say, pay the expenses of getting out the potash, enabling them to sell potash at a very low figure.

Several hundred borings have been made, some places 25 feet, some 45, and a few even deeper, and the bottom has not been found, potash being

estimated that the world's largest deposit of potash is undoubtedly in these counties of West Texas—Terry, Upton, Gaines, Lynn and Andrews. The company expects to begin operations in a very short time. The company will sell straight potash not putting in the usual "commercial filler," which is simply soil, but will give farmers directions for putting in this filler from their own farms when they get the potash. This will be a great advantage and point of economy to farmers.

"There is enough potash in sight to supply Texas' needs for many centuries to come," said E. E. Hundley, one of the chief experts who, with J. W. Rea has been backing the enterprise.

"Any country not abundantly supplied with potash will starve and its animal life crumble to jelly," was Germany's declaration at the beginning of this war, "and we will starve America by cutting off her potash supply."

But this discovery in Texas will free our country from Germany or from any other country, for our potash supply—which is one of the chief needs of animal as well as of vegetable life.

On the crusted surface of some of the lakes may be seen the carcasses of cattle that died after drinking the water from the springs and lake.

Heretofore the world's greatest known deposit of potash was in Strassfur, Germany, in the form of sylvite, or kainit. America was satisfied to depend on this and import her needs, just as she did her dyes—being satisfied that Germany could make better and cheaper dyes than we could. But the war taught us to make better and cheaper dyes than Germany, and in larger quantities, and now, it seems, we are to have the largest supply of potash known on earth.

Potash is most used—and needed—of all plant food. While nitrogen is the most valuable of plant foods, it is at hand and the supply is constant. Likewise, phosphates are not so scarce. But potash has been the one thing heretofore that we had to import—and Germany supplied about 80 per cent of our needs. Potash is the main fertilizer for fruits, large or small, also for potatoes, white and sweet varieties. It is the most needed fertilizer for sandy lands. Lands with humus need potash and phosphates. Lime is next mineral needed; first being nitrogen, then potash, phosphates, lime—rarely the latter.

Unlike the most insoluble minerals, potash may be used weeks, and even months before actually needed by the plants, which is a great economy in time and labor for producers.

And all animal life depends upon potash, which they get from plant life. Carnivorous animals get the potash which plant-eating animals get from this source.

These facts emphasize the vast value to the United States of this discovery in West Texas.

Sergeant Jesse C. Clark, who served in the thirty-fifth division across seas, is here visiting his brother, J. Will Clark. In a few days he will go to Newton, Miss., to visit his parents.

"Something Real Classy"



That's the comment everyone makes who has seen our new "Jada Pumps" just received this week. Also a beautiful Black Kid colonial with black beaded buckles with the long graceful vamp and 2 1-4 inch full Louis heel. There is grace and charm to these beautiful pumps, suitable for most any event. Our new styles are arriving daily and there are interesting footwear fashions in the season's finest colorings of leather, individual in selection and calculated to appeal to the woman who would be well costumed.

Also remember our big stock reducing Shoe Sale continues and we are adding new numbers every day.

An early inspection would be both pleasurable and profitable to you.

WE FIT THE FEET
AAA to EEE

Carter-Houston's

OVERHAUL FARM IMPLEMENTS—BE READY TO GO

With the present high cost of farm implements, no farmer can afford to allow them to go to rack. A little attention at the right time will often preserve the usefulness of an implement for a whole year. Now is the time to go over every tool and see that every bolt is tight and that no parts are lacking.

We are advised that it is going to be very difficult to get extra parts unless they are ordered in advance so every farmer who needs new parts will do well to order them now. We all know how annoying and expensive it is to have to discontinue the use of a good implement simply because some part is lacking. It often occurs that the losses sustained while waiting for some part to come from the factory are sufficient to pay for a new machine. Wheat will be ready to harvest before we are aware and no farmer can afford to let it go to waste simply because implements are not in repair.

It is expected that a great many old implements, due to the high cost of new ones, will be overhauled and used this year. In order to avoid a great rush and disagreeable delay at the last moment farmers should inspect their old machines and take an inventory of the parts needed and place their orders for these parts at once. Implement dealers do not expect to sell as many new implements this year as they do when prices are lower, but if farmers will place their orders for parts now these dealers will be in a position to supply their wants and so by a little timely thought and friendly cooperation, a great deal of good will result.

The Rural News

Had you noticed the increasing amount of rural news of Hale county that the News is printing. Each week we print from ten to twelve news letters from different communities over the county. We have about twenty correspondents, and we want others in communities where we do not already have one. We furnish the paper free, also stamped envelopes and stationary to those who will act as correspondents.

Miss Ruth Bumpas has gone to Dallas to visit her mother for a few days, and will then go to Denton to attend the summer school at C. I. A. She taught in the domestic science department of Plainview high school the past year.

CHURCHES

Methodists are Raising Centenary Quota

The Methodists throughout the South are busy this week raising the \$35,000,000 Centenary fund, and successful progress is being made, and it now seems that the amount will be considerably oversubscribed.

The local Methodist organization is working on the proposition, and will doubtless raise its quota.

Baptists Ask \$75,000,000

Atlanta, Ga.—The Southern Baptist convention adopted a program calling for raising of \$75,000,000 in the next five years for education, home and foreign missions, church buildings, sanitariums, state missions, and orphanages.

Plans were approved for a conference of Baptists of all North America to study Christian problems. It was decided to raise \$5,000,000 for ministerial relief fund. Reports recommended greater co-operation in the education of the negro.

Centenary in the Plainview District

The big drive begun last Sunday for our part of the \$35,000,000, which amounted to \$60,000. Many were anxious to begin. In some churches, the work was done rapidly.

According to reports the first churches that went over the top with their quotas were Murray School House, on Abernathy charge; Arney on the Dimmitt charge, and Carr's Chapel on the Floydada Mission.

Lockney claims to be the first charge over the top. Tullia Station, Hale Center, Bovina and Abernathy, all went over on the first day. Since the Kress and Happy, Dimmitt, Lockney Mission, Floydada Mission.

Others are nearing their amounts and will be out soon. Over \$40,000 reported to date. We must have \$60,000 to go over.

It looks like we will get our quota.

A. L. MOORE, P. E.

St. Mark's Episcopal Church
Sunday night at 8 o'clock, evening prayer and sermon.

WM. GARNER, Rector.

First Methodist Church
Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Mission Sunday.
Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8:15 p. m.

The second historical Sunday in the great drive. Do not fail to be present.

League at 7:15 p. m.

A cordial welcome to all.

The woman's missionary society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. E. B. Hughes Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

WESTSIDE

May 22.—The farmers are all very busy planting.

Rev. G. I. Britain preached here Sunday afternoon.

Sunday school was well attended Sunday.

Miss Mary Clark who attended high school in Plainview, has returned home.

Mrs. J. E. Woodward and son, Harold of Plainview, are visiting Mrs. I. A. Trobaugh.

Rev. Deffner spent Wednesday night in the home of Willie Rueter.

Miss Marie Branson who has been quite sick the past week, is improving some at this writing.

Miss Hazel McDaniel of Plainview is visiting in the home of R. R. Clark this week.

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Ball of Plainview were Westside visitors Tuesday.

M. C. Cornelius attended preaching at Olton Sunday night.

Identity of the Poor Man

It was a Kansas minister, of course, who asked the question of his congregation: "I would ask everyone who is still able to pay his debts to rise from his seat?"

The whole congregation arose with the exception of one man. The parson then asked that all who were unable to meet their bills should rise. Thereupon, the aforementioned solitary individual got up; a hungry looking, poorly clad man, whose features revealed the terrific struggle of one fighting hopelessly against the vicissitudes of the world.

"How is it, my friend, that you are the only one among all these people who cannot pay your debts?"

"Sir," answered the man, hesitatingly, "I am a publisher of a newspaper, and those who rose just now are my subscribers; and—"

But the minister interrupted hastily by saying, "Let us pray."—Capper's Weekly.

Mr. Deal of Kansas City, auditor for the Long-Bell Lumber Co., was here this week, looking after business connected with the Alfalfa Lumber Co.

ANCHOR

May 22.—We still have a fine season and the farmers are taking advantage by rushing their planting.

Rev. Stewart of Hale Center filled the appointment of Rev. G. H. Bryant at this place Sunday, although Bro. Stewart was with the ones that got stuck in a mud hole and had to help push his little Ford out on to dry land, he preached us an excellent sermon. Come again, Bro. Stewart, we welcome you gladly. R. E. Terry, K. Yates and wife and Mrs. Stewart were with him.

Mrs. M. H. Barrington was able to attend the entertainment given at the school house last night.

Our school closed last night, May 21st, with a fine program, well drilled and it did our teacher honor. At the close of the exercise of the smaller children the young folks gave the play entitled "The Iron Hand," which was well rendered. There were quite a number from Mayfield, Norflet, Bartonsite, Hale Center and Iowa Avenue. All expressed themselves as having a good time and well pleased with the program, which speaks well for our teacher and school.

Mrs. Carrie Hazlet, who has been here visiting here with her sister, Mrs. W. O. Ball, and also her son, Wallace Stewart, of near Hale Center, left Monday for her home near Seattle, Wash.

Mrs. Branford, who has been visiting in Abernathy, returned the last of the week to her daughter's, Mrs. W. O. Ball.

Mrs. Clyde Redman spent last week visiting her parents at Post, returning Saturday, bringing her sister, Mary Lee, with her for a two weeks' visit.

About People You Know

George L. Murphy, who was recently an employe in Plainview postoffice, later moving back to his former home in Cleburne to resume a position in the postoffice there, has become deputy county clerk of Johnson county.

Warren E. Gibbs, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Gibbs, has become a member of the glee club of the Southern Methodist University at Dallas, and the club is soon to make a tour of the state giving concerts.

R. E. Huston and family have moved to the quarter-section irrigated farm, known as the Wheeler place, nine miles north of Plainview.

Thomas Trammel, pioneer cattleman and banker of Sweetwater died last week.

SAVE YOUR WHEAT!

You can't afford to take long chances on wheat damage, under present conditions.

The J. I. Case Threshing Machine Co. have a manufacturing record of over three-quarters of a century. You can depend on a house like that to stay in the business and back up their customers with service---which is necessary to successful operation of Threshing Machinery. Let us figure with you.

Carter Motor Co.

Some Popular Misconceptions Concerning Tuberculosis (Consumption)

That it is hereditary. This is absolutely untrue.

That grown people are susceptible to it. Grown people break down with tuberculosis, but rarely "take it." The germs are implanted in childhood.

That a person who has tuberculosis should be shunned and avoided. Tuberculosis is different from some other contagious diseases in that one who has it, if careful, need not be a danger to others.

That it cannot be cured. Thousands on thousands of people are living and working today because of having taken the "cure" who otherwise would have been helpless or dead.

That medicine will cure it. Fresh air, good food, rest and optimism are the only medicines that should be used except on a physician's prescription. "Patent" medicines are dangerous.

That one with tuberculosis should "Go West and Rough It." Following this advice has killed thousands.

That no one will help or advise the tuberculosis. Call on your County or City Health Officer, Local Anti-tuber-

culosis Society, or write to the State Tuberculosis Sanitorium, Carlisbad, Texas, and you will be given authoritative advice.

May Reinstate Insurance

The Bureau of War Risk Insurance has announced that any man who held government term insurance, and who failed to continue payment of premiums after being discharged, thereby lapsing his insurance, may reinstate it, regardless of the time of default.

"All service men are urged to take advantage of this opportunity. Navy men may obtain fuller information and application forms by writing to Ensign E. P. Thornton, District Insurance Officer, No. 1 Canal Street, New Orleans, La., stating full name, rating, home address, date and place of discharge, amount of insurance and premium, and last month for which premium was paid.

Ex-service men of the army and marine corps are invited to request further information at the nearest chapter of the American Red Cross, or by writing to the Insurance Section, Bureau of War Risk Insurance,

119 D. St., S. E., Washington, D. C.

HOW ADVERTISING CUTS COST OF PRODUCTION

The average person knows that so-called "overhead expense" in business is directly dependent upon the volume of business a firm does and does not require a manufacturing expert, says a bulletin from the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World, to realize that quantity production in a factory enables the management to buy in larger quantities and therefore to better advantage, and to install labor-saving machinery.

George L. Sullivan, advertising manager of the Fisk Rubber Company, addressing the Pittsburg Advertising club recently, put the matter aptly, says the bulletin from the advertising association, when he said: "Advertising reduces the cost to the consumer by increasing the volume of business and thus cutting the cost unit of production in every large manufacturing plant which advertises extensively."

Try a News Want Ad.

PERSONAL MENTION

J. M. Lemons of Silverton was here Tuesday.

W. D. Arnett of Lubbock was here Wednesday.

John Fawver of Floydada was here Wednesday.

Mrs. E. H. Rudd of Kress was here yesterday shopping.

Theo. Shepard was in Floydada yesterday on business.

J. J. Cole came in Wednesday from the Wichita county oil fields.

J. J. Rushing returned this morning from the Eastland oil district.

J. I. Lamkin and G. Price Boyce of Abilene were here Wednesday.

Capt. and Mrs. E. E. Roos have been visiting in Amarillo this week.

Mrs. A. E. Allen and children have gone to Kansas to visit relatives.

Master Jim Oswald has returned from a visit with relatives near Lockney.

Miss Berry of Canadian is the guest of Mrs. Hattie Plemons and daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Jones went to Tulla Thursday to visit for several days.

Mrs. S. C. Ross and child went to Lockney Tuesday to visit for several days.

Miss Clara Hooper has gone to Denton to take a summer course in C. I. A.

M. and Mrs. E. H. Pery left Tuesday in their car for the Eastland oil fields.

Fred G. Hammond and J. H. Reagan of Floydada were in town Wednesday.

Mrs. Mary McKinnon McCaskell of Floydada is the guest of Mrs. Theo Shepard.

S. M. Lowrey, father of Mrs. Buttolph, left this morning for his home in Hartley.

Lloyd Fletcher of the federal department of justice is down from Amarillo today.

Mrs. L. H. Triplett of Groom is visiting her son, Frank, in the Center Plains community.

Mrs. Burton Thornton of Lockney, was here yesterday, en route home from a visit in Amarillo.

Mrs. Lee Shropshire came in Thursday from a stay of some time with Mr. Shropshire in Wichita Falls.

Miss Alma Sandford, teacher of English in Wayland college, left Wednesday for her home in Belton.

Mrs. S. E. Melton went to Lubbock Thursday to visit a sister a few days, after which she will go to California.

Ensign Chas. Meadow came in this morning from New York, having received his discharge from the navy.

Mrs. Wm. Bledsoe of Youngtown, Ohio, is expected to arrive today to visit her aunt, Mrs. John W. Alexander.

Mrs. Ida Hunter will leave in several days for Comanche and Stockton to spend the summer with relatives.

Rev. and Mrs. J. T. Burnett came in this morning from the north. They are en route to Lockney, their former home.

Miss Ethel Brewster and Glenna and Brewster Dillard of Lockney have been here this week visiting Mrs. J. O. Oswald.

Mrs. Dr. Smith and Miss Bernice Henry of Floydada were here Wednesday visiting the family of B. F. Yearwood.

Miss Flora Meadows will return home in a few days from Matador, where she has been teaching in the public school.

Mrs. James Stewart and two children have gone to Eastland, to be with Mr. Stewart, who is working in the oil fields.

H. C. McEntire came in Wednesday from Mineral Wells, where he and his wife have been since October. She will return soon.

A. W. Pratt of Aiken community was here Wednesday. He says he never saw such crops as are in his section this year.

Miss Ruth Ferguson of Hale Center was here yesterday visiting her sister, Miss Grace Ferguson, and attending the chautauqua.

Elmer McClain, who has been attending school in Wise county, has returned to his parental home in the Center Plains community.

Miss Fronia Johnson returned this morning from Ranger and Eastland, where she has been for three weeks, engaged in the oil business.

Miss Marie Barron, bookkeeper and stenographer at the Harvest Queen Mills has gone to Fort Worth and Mineral Wells to visit friends.

Mrs. J. R. Kerley and little daughter of Fargo, N. D., are expected in a few days to visit her parents and attend the Piller-Keck wedding.

Miss Johnnie Reaves underwent a surgical operation in a sanitarium in Lubbock Monday for appendicitis. She is recovering fast, is the report.

Miss Lucile Kinder left yesterday morning for Dallas to attend the commencement at St. Mary's college. She attended St. Mary's several years ago.

Misses Ressane and Zeldia Hulen expect to leave soon for New York city to visit their aunt, Mrs. DeGraffenreid, and possibly take employment.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Thompson and Mrs. John Wright, who live on a ranch in the southwestern part of Crosby

county, are here this week visiting friends.

Prof. and Mrs. Webb and children will spend the summer at Lubbock, near where he has a farm. He does not as yet know his plans for the coming year.

Mrs. E. M. Harp, son and daughter, and Miss Beth Pool of near Baronsite are here visiting Willard Harp and family and attending the chautauqua.

Mrs. H. T. McGee and daughter of Tucumcari, N. M., and Mrs. M. E. Barker of Chicago arrived Sunday and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Unger.

E. C. Lamb returned this morning from a trip to Houston. He says he never saw such fine crops as there are all along the line from here to the coast country.

Prof. and Mrs. L. F. Sheffy of Canyon Normal came in Wednesday to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Sheffy, and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Smith, near town.

L. F. Cobb and John W. Elliott left Wednesday for a trip to Galveston, to attend the state meeting of grain dealers. Mr. Cobb will stop at the Kosse oil fields enroute home.

F. M. Burns of Colorado City, head of the firm of Burns & Pierce, came in Sunday afternoon to spend a week here, looking after the firm's business. The firm also has a store in Tulla.

Lieut. Frank M. Dougherty of Gainesville was here this week, but left Wednesday for his home. He owns a farm over in Floyd county. He served with the army in France, and was discharged sometime ago.

Arthur W. Jones, well known Christian minister and prohibition speaker, came in this morning. He is now operating in the Eastland oil district, and came here to look at some land for which he is on a deal.

Will Stockton is this morning for Galveston to attend the state meeting of the bankers' association. R. A. Underwood will leave Saturday for Galveston. Mr. Stockton will visit a brother, who is in a military hospital at Fort Worth, having been wounded while serving with the army in France.

C. E. Craig came in this morning from Lyford, Cameron county, to stay a few days attending to business. He recently made a trip in a car from here to that place, and declares he never saw such good crops. Every section of Texas has bumper crops this year. In South Texas the people are eating roasting ears, and melons are ripening.

Effect of World War on History

If there ever was any doubt as to the relative value of history in the school curriculum, certainly such doubt has been removed by the world war. The history which is being made so rapidly today can be understood and interpreted properly only in the light of the past. Historical events do not take place singly today which affect small localities, or even the life of a nation as a separate nation as has been true of the past. The world today is living very close together in one great neighborhood and its people think and act in terms of each other's welfare, or in terms of each other's detriment. The degree to which they will think and act in each other's interest will be determined largely by their relation in the past.

Thus the world war by forcing the nations closer together has made history more real and more important. It is no longer a dry mass of facts, static and without life, but to the child it has become a real living, moving subject and he finds himself in an environment in which he can re-live it easier than ever before. It becomes easy and interesting now for him to see why the early Grecian peoples made repeated attempts to form a league of the city-states in Greece, why Rome attempted to maintain her mastery of the world, why nationalism has failed to keep the world at peace, and why the nations are still attempting to form some sort of unity that will insure peace and security in the future.

Not only is history more easily understood and interpreted as a result of the war, not only has it been made more real, but it has aroused a new interest in the past, not for the past's sake to be sure, but because it is here that an explanation of the present is to be found. The past has a new meaning for the child that it did not have before. His attitude toward his immediate environment is changed from a passive to an inquiring mind. He sees a man of his own acquaintance brought before the courts for trial and sees justice meted out to him by his fellow citizens. If he has merely a high school knowledge of history he traces this back to the habeas corpus act of the seventeenth century. He begins to inquire into his own town, city, or county government and he is at once led back to the local colonial governments of America, and to the county and municipal governments in England and on the Continent during the Modern and Mediaeval periods. And so it is with all of the institutions with which he is surrounded. Through

New Merchandise Just Received At Hamner's

New lot of the latest styles Ladies' Georgette waists, priced very low, choice of the lot

\$5.75

New lot White Voiles and Organdies marked low quality considered

New lot Madras and Mercerized Shirting. Look at our line of popular price shirtings.

Low Prices On Work Clothes Until June 1st

Boys' overalls up to 10

\$1.10

Boys' overalls, 11 to 16

\$1.25

Boys' unionalls, 5 to 10

\$1.85

Boys' unionalls, 11 to 16

\$2.25

Men's overalls

\$1.50

Men's overalls, best grade

\$1.75

Men's unionalls only

\$3.25

Prices on work clothes will be higher than the above prices soon.

Hamner's Dry Goods Store

Sells It for Less

the avenues of the past the present begins to have a new, a broader, and a deeper meaning. The child is thus led to see that he is not only a part of his immediate surroundings, but also that his group is one that goes to make up the state, the nation, and even the world. He becomes a world citizen and thus a part of the world. Heretofore history has been understood and interpreted in terms of national development, hereafter it must be taught and interpreted in terms of international development. The congress at Versailles is the sum of the hopes, the aspirations and the efforts of the nations of the past. The citizens of the future must study and analyze those national efforts and see the converging channels of national life as they flow into one common stream of humanity if they are to become intelligent and efficient citizens of this new world democracy.—L. F. Sheffy, Professor, Department of History, West Texas State Normal College.

News Want Ads Pay.
News Want Ads Pay.
News Want Ads Pay.
News Want Ads Pay.

FORTY CHARMING SILK DRESSES

have just arrived from New York, and are included in our 20 per cent reductions.

Get Yours Saturday

Jacobs Bros. Co.

**CITATION BY PUBLICATION
THE STATE OF TEXAS**

To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Lamb County—GREETING:

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED, That you summon, by making Publication of this Citation in some newspaper published in the County of Lamb, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in the nearest County where a newspaper is published once each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, August Anders, whose residence is unknown, to be and appear before the Hon. District Court, at the next regular term thereof, to be holden in the County of Lamb at the court house thereof, in Olton, on the first Monday in June, 1919, same being the 2nd day of June, 1919, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court, on the 7th day of May, A. D. 1919, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 53, wherein Frances E. Cooke is plaintiff, and August Anders is defendant. The nature of the plaintiff's demand being as follows, to-wit:

**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
LAMB COUNTY, JUNE TERM, 1919
THE STATE OF TEXAS**

County of Lamb
To the Honorable R. C. Joiner, Judge of the District Court in and for said County:

Now comes Frances E. Cooke herein styled plaintiff, complaining of August Anders, hereinafter styled defendant, and for cause of complaint, states to the Court as follows, to-wit: That the plaintiff resides in the county of Jackson and state of Missouri, and that the residence of the defendant, August Anders is unknown to the plaintiff.

That heretofore, to-wit, on the 18th day of March, 1916, one George W. Littlefield, made, executed and delivered to the defendant, Anders, his certain deed of conveyance, of that date, duly acknowledged according to the laws of the state of Texas, wherein the said Littlefield conveyed to said Anders, labor Number Three, league 660, containing 194.1 acres of land, situated in Lamb county, state of Texas, and as a part of the consideration for said conveyance, the said August Anders made, executed and delivered his ten certain vendor's lien notes, each for the sum of Three Hundred and Eighty Eight Dollars and Twenty Cents (\$388.20), each bearing interest from May 1st, 1916 until maturity at the rate of six per cent per annum, the interest being payable annually as it accrues, on the first day of March in each year, and providing that either of said notes could be paid in full at any time prior to its maturity, which said notes were payable on March 31st, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925 and 1926, respectively, and each of said notes containing the provision that if default shall be made in the payment of said note or any installment of interest thereon when due, then, at the option of the legal holder thereof, the whole of said note, principal and accrued interest and all notes executed by the said Anders to the said George W. Littlefield in part payment for said land shall at once become due and payable, and providing further that if said note shall be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection or be established or proven in any court, then the further sum of ten per cent of the principal and interest then due thereon shall be paid as an attorneys fee, each payable to the order of said George W. Littlefield and signed by said August Anders, and each of said notes providing that the principal and interest not paid when due to bear interest from date until paid at the rate of ten per cent per annum.

Whereby the said August Anders in law became bound to pay to the order of the said George W. Littlefield, said sums of money in said notes mentioned, principal, interest and attorneys fees, but to pay the same, or any part thereof, of the said defendant Anders has wholly failed and refused, and still fails and refuses so to do.

That thereafter and prior to the maturity of said ten notes or any one of them, the said George W. Littlefield, by his endorsement on each of said notes, transferred the same, without recourse on him, and for a valuable consideration, to the order of R. C. Rawlings, and that said Rawlings, for a valuable consideration and prior to the maturity of either of said ten notes, transferred the same, the first two of the said above described notes, by delivering to plaintiff, and notes number eight to ten by delivery and his endorsement thereon to the plaintiff, whereby the defendant, Anders, became liable and in law promised and bound to pay plaintiff the sums of money in said ten notes mentioned, together with the principal, interest and attorneys fees as therein recited, but to pay plaintiff the same or any part thereof, the said defendant has wholly failed and refused, and still fails and refuses so to do, to plaintiff's damage in the sum of Six Thousand (\$6,000) Dollars.

That in said deed from the said George W. Littlefield to the said defendant, Anders, above mentioned, an express vendor's lien was reserved to secure the payment of said ten notes, principal, interest and attorneys fees, as above described, and on the same day, the defendant, Anders, made, executed and delivered to Arthur P. Duggan, Trustee, his certain deed of trust, conveying the above described land to the said Arthur P. Duggan in trust to secure the payment of the above described ten notes, which deed of trust was duly acknowledged as required by law and duly recorded on the 30th day of January, 1917, in the Mortgage Records of Lamb county, Texas, in volume five, page 137; which deed of trust contained, among other provisions, the following:

"But in case of failure or default in the payment of said promissory notes, together with the interest thereon accrued, according to their terms and face, at the maturity of the same, then in any event said Arthur P. Duggan is, by these presents fully authorized and empowered and it is made his special duty, at the request of said George W. Littlefield or other legal holders of said notes, at any time made after the maturity of said promissory notes, to sell the above described property to the highest bidder for cash, at public outcry in front of the court house door of said Lamb county on the first Tuesday of any month, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., first giving notice of the time, place and terms of sale for at least twenty days successively next before the day of sale, by posting up written or printed notices of such sale at three public places in the County of Lamb, State of Texas, one of which shall be at the court house door of said county and by giving of such other notices as is or may be required by law and after such sale as aforesaid, to make to the purchaser or purchasers thereof a good and sufficient deed in law to the property so sold, with the usual covenants and warrants and to receive the proceeds of said sale and the same to apply to the payment of said notes and interest thereon accrued and the expenses of executing said trust, including five per cent commission to said Trustee, holding the remainder thereof subject to the order of said defendant, Anders."

And the said Arthur P. Duggan, Trustee, having declined to execute said trust, and having disclaimed any right, title or interest in said land above described, the plaintiff here now invokes the jurisdiction of the District Court of Lamb county. Wherefore, premises considered, the plaintiff prays that the defendant be duly cited by publication as required by law and that, upon hearing hereof, plaintiff have his judgment against said defendant, Anders, for the full sum now due, principal, interest and attorneys fees, due upon said notes, and all costs of court, and for a foreclosure of his vendor's lien upon the above described property, as evidenced by said deed and said deed of trust, and that said property be ordered sold and the proceeds thereof applied to the payment of said debt, principal, interest, attorneys fees and costs of court and for such other and further relief as in law and equity he may be entitled to.

HEREIN FAIL NOT, And have you before said Court, on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in Olton, Texas, this, the 7th day of May, A. D. 1919.

GUY WILLIS,
Clerk District Court Lamb County,
Texas.

**NOTICE OF ESTRAY
THE STATE OF TEXAS**

County of Hale
Taken up by J. E. Stewart and Estrayed before E. A. Young, Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, Hale county: One White Face cow about seven years old and weighs about 800 pounds, marked with upper and under slope in each ear, branded with small c and o on the left side and C on left thigh.

Appraised at Fifty (\$50) Dollars.
The owner of said stock is requested to come forward, prove property, pay taxes, and take same away or it will be dealt with as the law directs.
Given under my hand and official seal this 6th day of May, A. D. 1919.

Jo. W. WAYLAND,
County Clerk Hale County, Texas.

Citation on Application for Probate of Will

THE STATE OF TEXAS

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Hale County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cause to be published once each week for a period of ten days before the return day hereof, in a newspaper of general circulation, which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year in said Hale County, a copy of the following notice:

THE STATE OF TEXAS

To all persons interested in the Estate of J. D. McGown, deceased, Lee McGown has filed in the County Court of Hale County, an application for Letters of Administration upon the Estate of J. D. McGown, deceased, which will be heard at the next term of said Court, commencing on the First Monday in June, A. D. 1919, the same being the 2nd day of June A. D. 1919, at the court house thereof, in Plainview, at which time all persons interested in said Estate may appear and contest said application, should they desire to do so.

Herein Fair Not, but have you before said Court on the said first day of the next term thereof this Writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.
Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Plainview, Texas, this the 16th day of May, A. D. 1919.

Jo. W. WAYLAND,
Clerk County Court, Hale County,
Texas.

When In Trouble Call 314

FORD HOSPITAL

Johnie the Doctor

Patton House

Opposite Overall's Barn
Meals 35c Beds 25c and 30c
C. H. PATTON, Prop.

Dr. P. E. BERNT

DENTIST
Office over Third National Bank
Phone 330 Plainview, Texas

Died After Sleeping Eleven Days
McAlister, Ok.—Marie Cotran, nearly 3 years old, who had been sleeping eleven days, died here. The death is the second from sleeping sickness that has occurred here.

VICTORY BOND SUBSCRIBERS

The following is a complete list of subscriptions, taken the last days of the campaign, containing all those not already published in the News:

Plainview:	
Akers, W. H.	50
Armstrong, L. K.	50
Anderson, W. Oliver	50
Adams, Wm. A.	150
Anderson, Elmer R.	50
Anderson, Alex M.	50
Anthony, Will B.	50
Avent, A. E.	50
Avent, H. S.	200
Brahan, R. W.	100
Brown, Mrs. Fred L.	150
Bawden, E. H.	150
Bawden, Harold E.	50
Buntin, J. H.	50
Barron, F. S.	50
Beauchamp, H. L.	50
Burns & Pierce	500
Boswell, James W.	50
Barker, Lumer	400
Bickwell, Young	50
Brush, Wesley L.	50
Booth, Miss Trulah	50
Baughmore, J. C.	50
Carter-Houston	500
Crawford, Mrs. J. P.	100
Crawford, Fred	150
City of Plainview	2,000
Chamberly, N. B.	1,000
Carter, E. M.	300
Chambers, Allison B.	50
Donohoo, Carl M.	100
Dodge, Milo	300
Dye, E. Lee	500
Dickenson, Wm. H.	50
Donohoo-Ware Hardware Co.	500
Dickenson, Mrs. Herb (Lamb)	50
DeLaho, Jesse	50
DeLaho, Mrs. Jesse	50
DeLaho, Elmer Maxwell	50
DeLaho, Wilma	50
Duff, A. E.	50
Espy, W. J.	50
Floco Grain Co. (Floyd Co.)	200
Fritch, J. L.	50
Ferguson, W. S.	50
Gidney, Chas. C.	500
Gardner, C. A.	200
Goode, R. J.	550
Garrison, J. F.	100
Hammer, J. M.	50
Hunter, E. C.	50
Hooper, J. C.	100
Holbrook, Mrs. W.	50
Herald Publishing Co.	150
Hamilton, A. M.	50
Hunter, C. D.	50
Haydon, J. S.	50
Hebert, Florestine G.	100
Humphreys, Mrs. Lucy	50
Harrington, W. L.	200
Hodges, Ben	50
Hamilton, H. H.	50
Ivey, R. F.	50
Jenkins, R. F.	50
Jacobs Bros. Co.	500
Keliehor, Joe E.	100
Lewellen, G. W.	250
Lanford, A. L.	100
Lockhart, Miss Edna	100
Lockhart, Sherman	150
Mead, D. E.	50
Murphey, J. M.	50
Miller, Sidney P.	50
Mitchell, W. J.	50
Morford, E. J.	100
Martin, J. T.	100
Meadows, Frank, Jr.	50
McKallip, G. W.	50
McCallon, T. O.	50
McGregor, R. R.	50
Neal, L. B.	50
Neal, D. D.	50
Nicholl, R. C.	50
Otto, R. W.	100
C. O. Gus	100
Patterson, W.	50
Pappas, Geo. D.	50
Price, W. Y.	50
Patterson, J. W.	50
Qualls, R. H.	500
R. C. Ware Hardware Co.	500
Reinken, Chas.	250
Robinson, E. E.	50
Rucker, L. D.	100
Stevens, D. M.	50
Sewell, C. W.	100
Shepard, T. C.	100
Stoddard, A. M.	50
Shropshire, Lee	1,000
Storey, Robt. E.	100
Sebastian, B. E.	50
Sloan, H. R.	50
Testman, J. A.	100
The Style Shop	50
Trumbull, Mrs. J. D. (S. L.)	400
Texas Utilities Co.	1,000
Tandy, C. W.	150
Thompson, Bess	100
U. S. Fidelity & Guaranty Co.	1,000
Wayland, J. H.	100
Webb, Sam J. Jr.	50
Wilson, Chas.	50
Watson, J. E.	50
Ward, J. C.	50
W. O. W.	50
Weiss, E. E.	50
Anderson, Dr. J. C.	100
Bonner, M. M.	50
Clements, Solon	100
Carver, Miss Daisy	50
Duncan, Jamie	50
Elder, R. M.	500
Fairris, Geo. S.	50
Finnie, T. J.	50
Gilbert, Claude	50
Gidney, Dr. C. C.	100
Garrison, J. F.	100
Higginbotham, A. L.	50
Knookenizer & Boyd	50
Lash, J. J.	100
Long-Harp Drug Co.	300
Lipscomb, Paul J.	50
Lamb, Arthur J.	50
Miller, H. L.	50
McCain, C.	100
McGlasson-Armstrong	50
Perry, E. H.	100
Ross, Clem T.	50
Reimers, Henry	50
Roos, Capt. E. E.	1,000
Sansom, D. F.	250
Sansom, Elmer F.	250
Shelton, C. K.	50
Sheon, J. E.	50
Shepard, T. C.	100
Sewell, Lonnie	50
Third National Bank	4,000
Texas Co.	500
Vance, Herman	50
Ward, L. W.	50
Wayland, Dr. L. C.	50
White, C. E.	100
Williamson, Jas.	50
Yearwood, B. F.	50
First National Bank	4,000
Citizens National Bank	4,500
Reynolds, S. W.	100
Keck, E. C.	100
Towery, Ross	100
Coats, Alma	100
Lucas, John	150
King, J. C.	50
Turner, R. J.	50
Towery, B. H.	50
Ward, Geo.	50
Munger, W. A.	100
Maddon, Daisy	50
McDaniels, Eva	50
Rea, T. H.	50
Wright, C.	50

A SATISFACTORY MONUMENT

When you buy a monument get one that will last. It's the only satisfactory way. The test of Time has proven the durability of our monuments. We have just received a splendid assortment of designs, and would like to have you see them; no obligations whatever. Will you look them over.

South Plains Monument Co.

Plainview, Texas

Higginbotham, A. L.	100	Center Plains:	
Moody Bros.	100	Halfway:	
Fiske, T. J.	100	Boone, John L.	50
Barntonite:		Clark, E. L.	50
Barnton, Jack S.	100	Dye, James W. Jr.	50
Way, Robt. L.	100	Gregg, W. B.	50
Rosser, C. B.	50	Heaton, W. M.	50
Barton, J. J.	100	Huguley, Puceli	50
Bellview:		Bickett, C. A.	50
Schrock, A. H.	200	McComas, Nine	50
Schick, Levi	100	Liberty:	
Happy Union:		Watts, Miss June	50
Buchanan, J. D.	50	Rundle, Edgar M.	50
Cousins:		Hutton, Edgar M.	50
Pepper, Doc C.	50	King, Charles E.	50
East Mound:		Watts, Miss June	50
J. B. Long	500	Rundle, Edgar E.	50
Wallace, W. H.	100	Hutton, Edgar M.	50
Eiring, J. C.	500	King, Charles E.	50
Hartley, W. R.	100	Prairieview:	
Cox, Bradford	100	Hauck, P. B.	50
Ellen:		Sammann, J. F. O.	150
Buchanan, M. B.	50	Sammann, H. H. Jr.	100
Buchanan, W. Y.	500	Gillmore, J. E.	50
Harlin, C. C.	50	Connelly, P. H.	50
Elder, J. B.	50	Connelly, Mrs. Patrick	50
Porter, A. H.	50	Iowa Avenue:	
		Campbell, E. T.	50
		Hudgins, E. B.	50
		Thomason, W. C.	50
		Mayfield:	
		Springer, Fred H.	\$100
		Springer, E. R.	150



The World Holds Nothing Better than a modern, thoroughly equipped farm, and it's smiles are always kindly for the successful toiler in It's Great Out-of-Doors.

Next to the importance of raising food crops in 1919, the matter of conserving them is the utmost importance.

The Intensive Activity

which characterizes America's program of reconstruction should prevail on every farm in the nation, and no farmer who heeds the world-cry for food should fail to protect his crops against the needs of a hungry and needy world,

As Urged by the Government

You have no doubt made plans for better and more bountiful crops for the year 1919. Have you also in mind the protection of your farm products after they are grown? See us for your Building needs.

Fulton Lumber Co.

Plainview, Texas

Do you own your own home? If not, why not?

ANNOUNCEMENT

Our summer classes will begin forming May 26th. Day and night sessions will be held in our quarters down town.

The following courses will be offered: Banking, Short hand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Telegraphy and associated branches.

Our motto is "All graduates placed in good positions."

**J. E. Watson
Mrs. J. E. Watson**

To Whom This May Come:—

We the undersigned do hereby and herein declare that we were personally instructed and trained by Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Watson. They are very kind, painstaking, and efficient instructors, always ready and willing to help their students. They taught us to be thorough and accurate and at the same time insisted and encouraged us to finish at the earliest possible moment, thereby impressing the fact that speed counts for much in a business office.

Mr. and Mrs. Watson are deserving of the good reputation they have established in Plainview and surrounding country in the past seven years. They hold an undisputed record of training more successful students than any other two people in Texas according to their age.

We have been, and are now holding positions in Plainview, and are delighted to have this opportunity of speaking a few words of commendation of our faithful teachers and proven friends.

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| Mrs. W. L. Braddy, | Anna Walter, |
| Kathleen Beauchamp, | Louise Duckwall |
| Daisy Carver | Della Ansley |
| Lou Ella Moon, | Morris Murphy |
| Lillian Stoneker, | Minnie Finch |
| Gertrude Bishop, | Jessie Prosser |
| Aline Dalmont, | Eva Buttolph |
| Mrs. R. H. McGee, | Frank Armstrong |
| Upai Thomas, | Bessie Caldwell |
| Gertrude Overall. | |

Petersburg:	
Martin, Virgil	50
Petersburg Hardware Co.	100
Richter, W. A.	250
Boyd, J. C.	50
Balley, Roy	50
Porter, T. J.	100
Hankins, Roy	50

Stoneback:	
Fearn, L. M.	200
Routzahn, M. P.	200
King, T. J.	500
Akeson, G. L.	100
Babb, K. W.	50
Hosier, John S.	50
Hosier, R. E.	100
Meester, M. J.	100
Meester, H. B.	100
Stanford, W. E.	100
Scaling, Sam T.	100
Koelder, Dick	50
Hofker, Herman	50
Bond, Mrs. J. H.	100

Snyder:	
Crisler, J. A.	100

Petersburg	
Curtis, H. V.	100
Armstrong, W. F.	50

Hale Center	
First State Bank	1,000

Abernathy	
First State Bank	750

Need of Education for the Home

The popular demand that our schools give training for the home is based upon the significance of the home in the life of every individual, and upon the value to society of a wholesome home life. The home is important in the life of the individual because the physical, mental and moral welfare of children, the chief product of the home, depends largely upon the conditions which prevail in that home. The home is also an educational institution and the place where characters are made or marred. The atmosphere and the teaching, conscious and unconscious, of the home determines in a large measure the child's attitude toward all other institutions and toward all the relations of life. But a good, wholesome home has a wider influence than upon the individual members of that household. The home maker's interest must go beyond her own home and include the welfare of the community.

In America the home is the most important of all institutions, and it means vastly more than the house. The house is not the home as the body is not the spirit. So housekeeping is not home making; the former deals with the material things and processes of the household, while the latter has to do with the spiritual things related to the members of the family. Home making is a profession or at least it may be made one and certainly ought to be so considered. To call any work a profession implies the existence of a certain body of related facts or principles—the inheritance of the ages. But when we begin to examine the province of home making we are at once struck with the immensity of the field. As the home is the unit of society, so home making relates to all human activities.

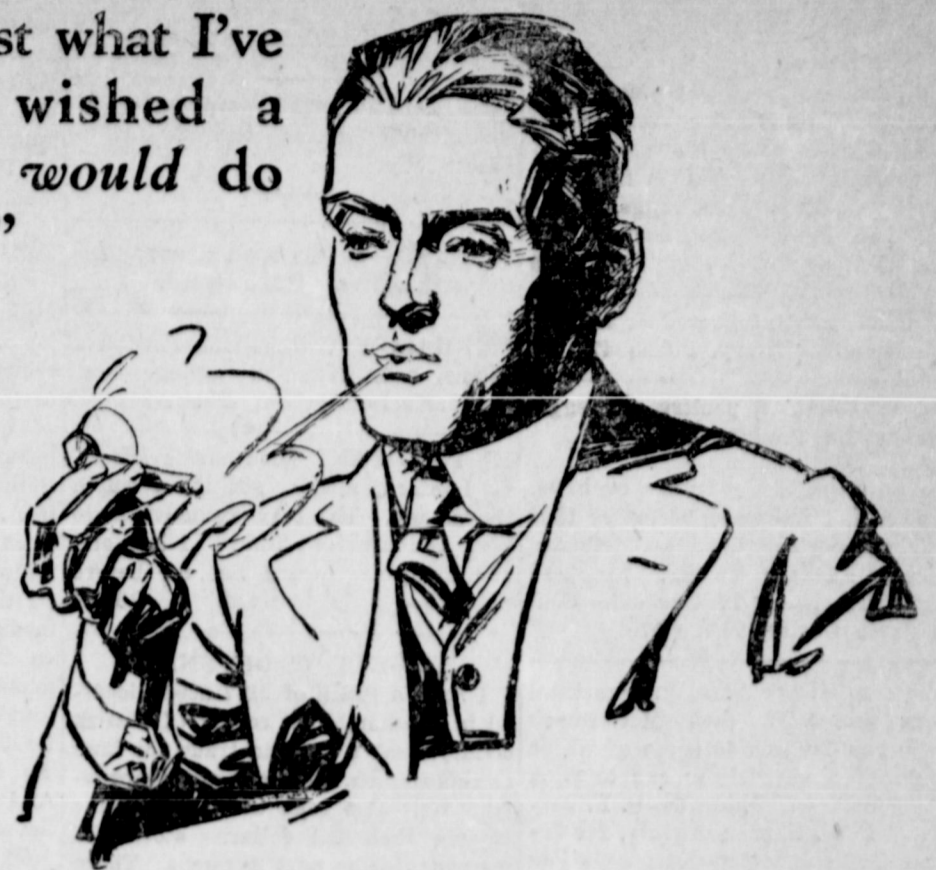
What should this training for home making consist of? The home maker should know the needs of the body and how to supply the daily food; she must have a scientific interest in the problems of housekeeping, sanitation, and hygiene; she must know how to furnish a home simply, beautifully, and in good taste; she must develop a love for work through the habit of working successfully; she must learn how to administer a home efficiently and economically; she must be educated for service in the home and in society; she must have a proper balance between theory and practice; finally she must have a keen sense of appreciation of her privileges, duties and responsibilities.

Where are our girls to learn these things so essential to an education for the home? Many mothers do not have time to teach these things. Thousands of mothers have not received this instruction and do not know how. The home life has shifted to the public school so many responsibilities that we must now look to the schools to furnish training for home making. The girl has become school-minded; she learns other subjects by the school route; so she should be given an opportunity in school to learn home making. If the school can increase her interest in and respect for the home and its activities, it will have rendered a very valuable service to society.—Jessie E. Rambo, Head of Home Economics Department, West Texas State Normal College.

An executive order recently issued by the president amends the federal civil-service rules so as to permit the U. S. Civil Service Commission to waive the physical requirements under certain conditions in favor of men who were injured in the military or naval service. The civil service regulations specify certain physical defects which debar from all examinations and other defects which will debar from certain examinations. These regulations are based upon the requirements of the service as established by the several department heads.

It has just about gotten so in this country that a baby is the only boarder who thinks his landlady isn't profiteering.

"That's just what I've always wished a cigarette would do — satisfy"



The feature of Chesterfields is that they begin where other cigarettes leave off.

In other words, besides pleasing the taste, Chesterfields go 'em all one better—they satisfy! Just like a long drink of cold water satisfies when you're downright thirsty.

No other cigarette can give you this new thing in cigarette enjoyment because none can copy Chesterfield's blend.

It's a blend of the finest TURKISH tobaccos from Xanthi, Cavalla, Smyrna and Samsoun and several varieties of the choicest DOMESTIC. And the blend itself—the skill with which these tobaccos have been proportioned — is a real discovery in cigarette making.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

Chesterfield CIGARETTES

—of Turkish and Domestic tobaccos—blended

They SATISFY!

Mayfield:		Westside:	
Avant, J. S.	50	Cornelius, M. C.	100
Avant, Mrs. J. S.	50	Douthit, T. A.	50
Gentry, S. O.	50	Chilton, John	50
Hooper, A. D.	100	Douthit, G. G.	50
Miller, W. A.	50	Hammer, Ira	50
Miller, Jacob A.	50	Finney, J. A.	50
Miller, Geo. L.	50	Roman, J. C.	50
Norris, W. J.	50	Johnson, J. D.	50
Severs, F. W.	50	Clark, Archie	50
Smith, W. B.	50	Allen, R. H.	50
Smith, Tom L.	50	Johnson, T. J.	50
Sturdevant, Barbara	50	Maxey, H. C.	50
Sturdevant, C. R.	100		
Springer, Fred J.	150	Wilson:	
Springer, E. R.	150	Vines, T. J.	200
		Robertson, Finis	50
McWhorter:		Cram, H. L.	50
McSpadden, C. A.	50	Gouldy, George J.	50
Donnell, C. E.	100	Rhea, Stant	100
Marquez, Juna	100	Landers, J. T.	50
McMillan, H. C.	200		
Medina, Jose	50	Lakeview:	
Hughes, D. B.	200	Wimberly, P. L.	50
Winn, Norman	100	Wimberly, Lewis	50
Rhodes, Oren	50	Landers, A.	50
Rhodes, Mrs. S. J.	50	Benefield, J. E.	50
Pool, Beth	50	McHagan, Ross	50
Carlson, Albert	100	McHagan, Arthur	50
Harp, W. D.	100	Ragland, Harry	100
Albers, R. E.	100	Ragland, Welcome	50
Shadden, J. S.	100		
Bettie, W. A.	100	Iowa Avenue:	
Benson, W. E. and C. D.	350	Campbell, E. T.	50
		Hudgins, E. R.	50
Sunshine:		Thomason, W. E.	50
Waide, C. W.	50		
McMinn, S.	100	Snyder	u
Hanson, Matt	50	Crisler, J. R.	100
Coffey, Walter	100	Brown, J. Hall	100
Beard, W. F.	50		

FORT WORTH RECORD

Daily and Sunday

Until Dec., 1st, 1919, and

PLAINVIEW SEMI-WEEKLY NEWS

for one year

Both for \$4.45

Take advantage of this offer at once and get the Record longest.

OUTLINES AIMS OF GOVERNMENT

Hungarian Foreign Minister Tells of Assistance Given by Powers in Entente.

Paris, May 20.—Boranius, foreign minister of the Hungarian provisional government, is quoted by the Vienna correspondent of the Temps as saying:

"The entente knew of the formation of our provisional government and did not attempt to hinder it in any way. This fact seems to imply that the allied powers bears us no ill-will. Let us even hope that we may rely upon their assistance.

"We have also tried to get in touch with the neighboring state, Rumania and Jugo-Slavia. Our advances have been favorably received and we feel convinced that our provisional government will be on friendly terms with these states.

"Some Hungarian military contingents took part in the military operations against the Bolsheviki. We are going to try to increase their number; we have already called volunteers to the colors. We are also proceeding with the organization of public services. We do not intend to bring into discussion the question of a republic of a monarchy; we are only a provisional and temporary government and we have no other task to fulfill besides the restoration and maintenance of legal order in Hungary."

Ole Hanson, Seattle's mayor, in discussing the recent strike, said: "Maybe prohibition made the logger into a dangerous I. W. W., but in the recent strike it saved Seattle more money than was lost by the liquor interests when the state of Washington went dry. Not an arrest for violence in this city of 410,000 people, not a piece of property destroyed."

Few men can afford to support a saloon and a family.—Exchange.

Plainview Machine & Auto Shop

Phone 16

In Auto Row

Auto and machine repair work done by expert mechanics only—

W. J. LOHMAN
Give us a trial.

Farm Loans at Straight 8 Per Cent Rate

We can help you buy more land or extend your present indebtedness on your farm or ranch, at straight 8 per cent, for 5, 7 or 10 years time, options to suit your own convenience.

CITY LOANS

Let us show you how easy it is to buy, build or remodel your home, on easy monthly payments, with on or before privileges.

Claude B. Hurlbut & Co.

By F. J. Hurlbut Room 14, 1st Nat'l. Bank Bldg. Phone 658

WOOL GROWERS REJECT ALL BIDS FOR CLIP

San Angelo, May 18.—All bids entered Friday for the purchase of both long and short wool held in storage here by the Wool Grower's Central Storage company were rejected. The half dozen or more buyers here from the East remained over Saturday in order to negotiate further with the sales committee.

Wouldn't Swear in Berger

Washington.—When the name of Victor Berger of Wisconsin was called in the house Monday, as new members were being sworn in, Representative Dallinger of Massachusetts, republican chairman of the elections committee, according to prearranged plan, formally challenged Berger's right to be seated. Berger is appealing from a war time conviction under

the Espionage law.

Speaker Gillett directed Berger to stand aside when he appeared with his state delegation for the oath, and refused to recognize him when he tried to speak as a matter of personal privilege.

Mr. Dallinger will introduce a resolution for the appointment of a committee of nine members to consider the case.

Odom Gets 99 Years

Tuesday afternoon the jury in the case of R. S. Odom, charged with rape of his own 16-year-old daughter, reported a verdict of guilty, assessing defendant's punishment at 99 years in the penitentiary.

A sworn confession of the accused was used in the trial. He later swore that this confession was false.—Childress Post.

WANT COLUMN

Try a want-adv. in the News. Only 15c a word, minimum charge 15c a time.

FOR SALE—A first class mower, at a bargain.—Mrs. Cora Stevens.

We are heavy as ever in the market for poultry, hides, eggs, etc.—Panhandle Produce Co., east of Alfalfa Lumber Co. 45

MILK delivered at your door for 15c a quart.—Rees Dairy, Phone 478.

WANTED—Hides, poultry and eggs.—Panhandle Produce Co.

A full stock of Feedstuffs, on hand, we offer the following at prices that can't be undersold, Bran, Oats, Chops, Molasses Feeds, Meal and Cake, and Alfalfa Hay.—E. T. Coleman, Coal and Grain Dealer, Phone 176.

With a 10-20 Titan International Engine and a 12 foot McCormack binder you can cut 50 acres of wheat a day. We can deliver one to your farm tomorrow. Phone 60, B. F. Jarvis and P. B. Barber, Agents, for International Harvester Company's line of heavy implements. Phone 60.

MISS ETHEL McCURDY, Piano Teacher, Studio Presbyterian church. Phone 313.

LOST—\$50 Liberty bond of the 4th issue. Return to Dr. J. F. Owens for reward.

FOR SALE—Maize heads, Kaffir bundles, well headed.—4 1-2 miles southwest of town, Marv V. Tyler

FOR SALE—Five room house with two blocks of the square, with two lots, \$2,000, with \$500 down; house and two lots, \$1,350, \$300 down; or will sell the house only for \$350 all cash. Apply at the News office.

SUMMER SCHOOL—Begins Monday, May 26, 8 a. m. at the central building. Six dollars for six weeks.—J. J. Wilson, Miss Lacy Dalton, teachers. 2-2t-c

Use Simon Pure Nigger Head Nut Coal, the ideal and economical summer fuel. It costs no more than inferior Coals. E. T. Coleman, Coal and Grain Dealer, Phone 176. Between Depots.

CREAM WANTED—We test and pay for it here. Rucker Produce Co.

NOTICE
Native June Seed Corn.—Sansom & Son.

EGGS—Black Minoras, \$1 for 15.—F. B. Gouldy.

WOOL SACKS FOR SALE—L. D. Rucker Produce Co.

Fresh barbecue, and fresh bread every day at Green's Market. Phone 300.

WANTED—Green and dry hides L. D. Rucker Produce Co.

WE have put in a cream tester and test and pay for all cream at once. Bring us your cream.—Plainview Produce Co.

FOR SALE—Team gentle work mares Sansom & Son. 2-tf.

Whether you buy our machine or some other, you will need repair parts. The International Harvester Company has repairs for your machines, whether you bought it last year or fifty years ago. B. F. Jarvis and P. B. Barber, agents, Phone 60.

FOR SALE Feed Stuff of All Kinds SPECIAL

Pure Soft Wheat Bran, we believe the best in town. Delivery once daily. Phone 435. Near Northeast corner square.

PHONE 435—Carload of seed oats and cotton seed meal now on road and will be here in several days, also carload of seed kaffir and seed maize.

PLAINVIEW GRAIN CO.

HEMSTITCHING AND PECO done at Room 3 Elleri building. Mail orders given special attention.—Mrs. K. J. Clements, Plainview, Texas. Phone 637, P. O. Box 413. 3-tf

READ THIS—Several nice little homes for sale on easy payment plan. Will take some trade. Get one before school starts and save rent.—W. B. Knight.

FOR SALE—Bargain—An 8-20 tractor in first class condition.—G. Electric Co. 95

WANTED—To buy span of good gentle work mares.—Hugh Speed.

BUNGALOW Cottage for rent, five rooms, near Wayland college.—See McAdams Lumber Co. Phone 25.

IF YOU WANT good mules see A. L. Lanford, always got them worth the money. The only exclusive mule barn in Plainview, Texas. I buy and sell the year round. See me before you sell.—A. L. Lanford. 102-tf

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY
I have a ranch of 2177 acres, located in the northwest corner of Martin county, that I want to trade for land in this section, irrigated or unimproved. Will also take as much as five or six thousand dollars stock of merchandise as part payment. There is also 255 head of good white face cows, besides the young calves. Now is your opportunity to get a ranch. See me.—I. M. Bailey, Hale Center.

The News is agent for engraved visiting cards, wedding stationary, announcements, etc. Call and see samples when in need of anything in the engraving line.

LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS for rent.—Phone 336. 104-tf

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Reeves threshing machine and outfit.—A. M. Simpson, located at Whitfield. 102-1m

THE STYLE SHOP is receiving new goods every day or so, in order to keep up with the very latest fashions. Our lady readers should call there often, and see the new things in millinery.

If you have grains or hay to sell, remember I am in the market for all kinds of feedstuffs, and want a chance at your business.—E. T. Coleman, Coal and Grain Dealer, Phone 176, between depots.

Fresh barbecue, and fresh bread every day at Green's Market. Phone 300.

EVERYBODY KNOWS the reliability of the old J. I. Case line of machinery, but everybody don't know Bass Bros. of Kress, are their agents. See them. 1-3t.

REWARD, STRAYED OR STOLEN—Bay mare, 4 years old, with halter on when left, 14 1-2 hands high, blocky built, blemish on left hind leg. Two bay colts, 2 years old, one rope around neck and chain on foot, other star in face; both branded on right shoulder. Return to Germany's Store. Colts will be separated from mare.

NOTICE
Native June Seed Corn.—Sansom & Son.

FOR SALE—Team gentle work mares Sansom & Son. 2-tf.

Fresh vegetables at the Cash Grocery Co. every day.

FOR RENT—Three-room house, close in, electric lights, city water.—E. Thatcher, at Patton House. 99-tf.

CLUBBING RATES
Then Plainview News one year and the Dallas Semi-Weekly News one year \$2.25
The Plainview News one year and the Amarillo Daily News one year for \$8.25
Plainview News one year and the Kansas City Weekly Star \$1.85

FOR SALE—Oil lease on 320 acres of land due west of school house on town section at Tahoka, running half mile toward the oil drilling rig; will cut into smaller tracts; \$7.50 an acre. Inquire at News office.

WANTED—Men and women to take orders among friends and neighbors for the genuine guaranteed hosiery, full line for men, women and children. Eliminates darning. We pay 50c an hour spare time or \$24 a week for full time. Experience unnecessary. Write International Stocking Mills, Norris-town, Pa. 98

FOR SALE—Who will make me an offer on one \$50.00 share of stock in the "Horseshoe Bend Oil Association" Address P. O. Box 152, Seminole. 3-4t

Eggs and Butter Wanted.—we pay the highest market prices, cash or trade.—Cash Grocery Co.

LOST—Between Coleman's Grain house and McVicker place, one parasol and football headgear. Reward.—Notify News office.

Facts and Fancies About Philippines
(By Maximo M. Kalaw, Secretary of The Philippine Mission.)

Washington, May 11.—A certain lady at the St. Louis Exposition saw at a ball room a brown complexioned man clad in faultless evening dress, and accosted him with the inquiry, "I suppose you are Japanese, sir?" "The man addressed replied, "no, madam." "Then you must be Chinese," she said. "No I am not, I am a Filipino," he replied. "How's that?" asked the lady. "I thought they were all savages living in the woods."

"Well, I'll tell you how I came here" he said. "A month before I left the Philippines I was living in the woods, but the American Governor decided to catch as many wild men as possible, train them, and send them over here. So the American forces were immediately set in motion, we were taken from the woods and kept for a month at the governor's palace, taught how to dress and speak a little English, and then sent over here. So here I am, just as you see." And the St. Louis lady actually believed him.

That is what you would call fancies about the Philippines. The fact is, however, that the 10,000,000 Filipinos and their ancestors have been civilized and Christians for three hundred years; that the non-christian population, according to the census of 1918, is only 500,000.

Another fancy is that not until the coming of the Americans were school buildings seen in the Islands, roads built, or substantial houses erected. Do you know that for hundreds of years the Filipinos have had colleges and schools, and that the University of Santo Tomas is only twenty years older than Harvard? That as early as 1866 out of a population of 4,000,000 people, there were 841 schools for boys and 833 for girls? That in 1892, eight years before the coming of the Americans, there were 2,137 schools?

"To grant self-government to Luzon under Aguinaldo would be like granting self-government to an Apache reservation under some local chief." Thus spoke a former president of the United States during the Filipino-American war. Exaggeration could be an excuse at a time when the dignity of the American people demanded the extinction of Filipino opposition; but do you know that the Philippine Republic, before the American occupation of the Island, had the approval of prominent Americans who were on the spot, like John Barrett, Director of the Pan-American Union, who compared it favorably with the Japanese Government? That Admiral Dewey considered the Filipinos better fitted for self-government than the Cubans? That they had drafted a constitution at Malolos which elicited the approval of distinguished Republicans like the late Senator George F. Hoar? That before the coming of the Americans they had produced national heroes like the martyred Jose Rizal, who has been proclaimed by an Austrian writer, Ferdinand Blumentritt, as the greatest man the Malayan race has produced, and produced, and pronounced by a Republican Congressman, Representative Cooper, as the noblest victim that has ever fallen into the clutches of tyranny?

Possibly the geographical situation of the Philippines had something to do with the fanciful estimate the St. Louis lady had. The Philippines are just next door to Borneo, where scientists have hunted in vain for Darwin's missing link between the monkey and the supermonkey. They are close to Java, where the small country of Holland has ruled for hundreds of years through a system of native princes and royal families steeped in mediaeval ideas of government. Farther east is India with her teeming millions, divided up into scores of native states and by almost impassable caste barriers. But do you know that the Filipinos have not had for hundreds of years any caste system, blood distinction, or royal families, and that, unlike their Oriental sisters, they are the only Christian people in the Orient? People have pictured an ignorant

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viously a trifle nervous.

In one corner of the trench an artillery officer, acting as liaison officer with the infantry, was explaining some artillery methods to a group of coal-black privates.

"Now," he said, "suppose the Germans were to open artillery fire on us. Their first step would be to 'bracket' us. That is, if their first shell fell short, they would lengthen their range so that the second shell would be over us. The idea is to get one 'short' and then one 'over.' This will give them data to work out the exact range."

"Hol' on, Cap'n, hol' on!" cried one dusky soldier. "You mean to say dat if de first shell is a 'short' one de second one am sholy gwine to be an 'over'?"

"That is usually the case," replied the officer.

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"Well, dat suttinly wouldn't apply to me," said the doughboy, with firm conviction. "No, sir! It wouldn't make no difference to me where dat 'first shell landed, but as long as I has lighth of ma legs you can bet dat second shell is gwine to fall 'short.'"

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