

SUBSCRIBERS' EDITION

Sweetwater Daily Reporter

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS.

VOLUME V

SWEETWATER, TEXAS, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1918

NUMBER 74.

"Everything For Which America Fought Has Been Accomplished"-Pres. Wilson

LLOYD GEORGE TELLS NEWS TO LONDON

By Associated Press:

LONDON, NOV. 11.—IT IS OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED IN LONDON THAT THE ARMISTICE BETWEEN THE ALLIES AND GERMANY HAS BEEN SIGNED. ANNOUNCEMENT WAS MADE BY PREMIER LLOYD GEORGE WHO SAID, "THE ARMISTICE WAS SIGNED AT FIVE O'CLOCK THIS MORNING AND HOSTILITIES ARE TO CEASE ON ALL FRONTS AT 11 O'CLOCK TODAY."

PROCLAMATION!

Whereas, armistice terms were signed by the Warring Nations, and,

Whereas, it has been deemed proper to proclaim this the 11th day of November, A. D., 1918, a holiday, the reasons for same being well known to every man, woman and child of, not only America, but the entire world,

Therefore, I, J. S. Grisham, Mayor of the City of Sweetwater, do hereby proclaim this day a holiday and a day of rejoicing and earnestly request all schools, business concerns and offices to close their places of business and offices promptly at 12 m., and,

Further, respectfully request all citizens to assemble promptly at four o'clock p. m., in front of the east side court house steps for the purpose of celebrating the victory of America and her Allies.

J. S. GRISHAM, Mayor.

ARMISTICE TERMS LATER.

The Daily Reporter is making every effort to secure a full statement of the armistice conditions. If obtainable in time they will be printed in an edition of the Reporter which will be issued about four o'clock.

The Daily Reporter will endeavor to keep faith with the Sweetwater public by furnishing in some manner, either by extras or bulletins, up-to-the minute details of the world situation.

EAST WARD PARADE TONIGHT.

Mrs. Louis Polk announces that the children of the East Ward school will assemble at her residence at seven o'clock for a parade.

Every boy and girl, man and woman, in West Texas is invited to join in this parade. If you have a cow bell or a horn or anything that will make a noise bring it along.

WILSON CANCELS NOV. DRAFT CALLS

By Associated Press:

Washington, Nov. 11--By order of President Wilson, Provost Marshall General Crowder today directed the cancellation of all outstanding draft calls, stopping the movement during the next five days, of 252,000 men, and setting aside all November calls for over 300,000 men.

THIS IS A HOLIDAY

Early this morning Superintendent Clark declared a holiday for the schools. He knew the students who have contributed so much to the upholding of America's effort would be so full of the spirit of the day that their lessons would receive but scant attention.

Mayor Grisham issued a proclamation calling upon the business houses to close at noon and urging all the people to assemble at four this afternoon on the east court house steps.

Trent, Snyder and several other nearby towns kept the Reporter telephone wire busy. News of the signing of the armistice had reached them and they wanted confirmation. Enterprising newsboys with the Reporter extra were on the streets at five o'clock and the first news of the cessation of the war was carried to many people of these lusty-lunged youngsters. Newsbutches on the trains this morning bought large quantities of the Reporter extra.

All over the city, in every home and store and office, there was great rejoicing. The war is over. Your boy, your brother, your sweetwater, can not now fall a victim to the Hun bullet or the Hun poison gas.

EAST WARD CELEBRATES

At half-past nine this morning Mrs. Louis Polk and her assistants and every pupil of the east ward school marched from the school building through the business streets. A hundred flags were waved by the youngsters who sang as they marched. "It was a hard job to lick the Kaiser, but we done it," or words equally emphatic.

Citizens standing on the sidewalks raised their hats as the young Americans passed by. Many eyes were moist. Everybody seemed to realize that the future of the children had been made more secure by the great Allied victory.

NOTICE FROM SEC. McADOO

Secretary of the Treasury: McAdoo has requested that the following notice dated November 8th, be widely published in newspapers in this district, beginning Saturday, November 9th, and ending Monday, November 11, 1918. "All United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness of series I V D dated August 6, 1918 and maturing Dec. 5, 1918 are hereby called for redemption on Nov. 21, 1918, at par and accrued interest, pursuant to the provision for such redemptions contained in the certificates.

On November 21, 1918, interest on all certificates of said series will cease to accrue.

"W. G. McAdoo, Sec. of Treas."

By Associated Press:

Washington, Nov. 11—President Wilson issued a proclamation at ten o'clock this morning announcing that the armistice with Germany had been signed. The proclamation follows:

"My Fellow Countrymen: The armistice was signed this morning. Everything for which America fought has been accomplished. It will be our fortunate duty to assist by example, by sober, friendly counsel, and by material aid in the establishment of a just democracy throughout the world."

The President will read the terms of the armistice with Germany before a joint session of the congress today.

RALLY AT FOUR O'CLOCK TODAY

Sweetwater citizens will hold a great patriotic rally this afternoon at four o'clock celebrating the greatest victory of the ages—the success of right over might. America, with the allies, has occasion to be thankful in this most outstanding victory and hour of all the ages.

Our citizens should gather in great numbers this afternoon to do honor to this occasion. The meeting will be conducted in the court house yard and will begin at 4:00 p. m. The program will include prayer and praise, patriotic songs and addresses by our citizens. Let Sweetwater come together in the largest gathering of its history in this heroic hour.

The singing will be lead by the community choir. Mayor Grisham will preside.

The program follows:

Song—"Praise God from whom all Blessings Flow."

Prayer—Rev. G. S. Hardy.

Song—"My Country 'Tis of Thee."

Reading—Psalms 89:1-15.—Rev. LeRoy M. Anderson.

Prayer—Rev. C. A. Eagle.

Address—"America's part in the Victory."—R. M. Chitwood.

Song—"Star Spangled Banner"

Address—"Our Allies' part in the Victory"—Judge Ellis Douthett.

Prayer—Rev. T. Y. Adams.

Address—"The Program of America for the Future."—Judge Ed J. Hamner.

Song—Community choir.

Benediction—Rev. C. W. Clark.

WORLD WAR ENDED AT SIX A. M. TO-DAY

By Associated Press:

WASHINGTON, NOV. 11.—THE WORLD WAR WAS ENDED AT SIX O'CLOCK THIS MORNING, WASHINGTON TIME, WITH A RED REVOLUTION IN GERMANY AND WITH WILLIAM HOHENZOLLERN, FORMER EMPEROR, A FUGITIVE FROM HIS NATIVE LAND.

THAT THE ARMISTICE TERMS IMPOSED BY THE ALLIES AND AMERICAN GOVERNMENT HAD BEEN SIGNED BY GERMAN ENVOYS AT MIDNIGHT LAST NIGHT, AT FIVE O'CLOCK PARIS TIME, AND THAT HOSTILITIES WOULD CEASE SIX HOURS LATER WAS MADE BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT AT TWO FORTY-FIVE THIS MORNING. TERMS OF THE SURRENDER OF GERMANY WERE NOT MADE PUBLIC COINCIDENTLY WITH THIS ANNOUNCEMENT BUT THEY WERE TO BE GIVEN OUT LATER IN THE DAY.

THE MOMENTOUSNESS OF THE ENDING OF THE WAR WAS GIVEN THE CORRESPONDENTS VERBALLY BY AN OFFICIAL OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT. HE SAID, "THE ARMISTICE HAS BEEN SIGNED. IT WAS SIGNED AT 5 O'CLOCK A. M. PARIS TIME, AND HOSTILITIES WILL CEASE AT 11 O'CLOCK THIS MORNING, PARIS TIME." INFORMATION THAT THE ARMISTICE HAD BEEN SIGNED WAS TRANSMITTED TO THE WHITE HOUSE IMMEDIATELY AFTER IT WAS RECEIVED BY THE GOVERNMENT AND PRESIDENT WILSON WAS EXPECTING TO ISSUE A STATEMENT TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE TODAY.

By Associated Press:

WASHINGTON, NOV. 11.—MOMENTOUS NEWS THAT THE ARMISTICE HAD BEEN SIGNED WAS TELEPHONED TO THE WHITE HOUSE FOR TRANSMISSION TO PRESIDENT A FEW MINUTES BEFORE IT WAS GIVEN OUT. LATER IT WAS SAID THERE WOULD BE NO STATEMENT FROM THE WHITE HOUSE AT THIS TIME. HOSTILITIES WILL END AT 11 O'CLOCK THIS MORNING, FRENCH TIME, SIX O'CLOCK WASHINGTON TIME. HOSTILITIES WILL END AT THE HOUR SET BY FOCH FOR A DECISION BY GERMANY FOR PEACE OR WAR. IT IS REGARDED HERE AS CERTAIN THE ARMISTICE TERMS WILL INCLUDE RETIREMENT OF ALL GERMAN MILITARY FORCES FROM FRANCE, BELGIUM AND THE ARMIES OF OCCUPATION BY ALLIED AND AMERICAN FORCES OF SUCH STRATEGIC POINTS IN GERMANY AS WILL MAKE IMPOSSIBLE A RENEWAL OF HOSTILITIES, DELIVERY OF GERMAN HIGH SEAS FLEET AND A NUMBER OF SUBMARINES TO ALLIED AND AMERICAN NAVAL FORCES.

WOODROW WILSON.

Woodrow Wilson has won his fight in behalf of man. America did not enter the world war for selfish reasons; America entered the war for the sake of mankind.

Let us be candid. Three years ago full one-half of the people of the United States wanted America to jump into the big fight for what our nation might get out of it in future economic advantage. We wanted to be sure that we got what we could in enhanced trade relations.

Others of us did not think we had enough at stake to justify us in going in. Frequently men were heard to say that we should be unconcerned about the fate of Belgium and France and that we should let the nations of Europe live or die according as they were strong or weak. It was not our war. There were many victims of emotional sentimentality who gave free expression and advertisement to their doctrine that the cause of right did not deserve the price of a life.

Finally America did enter the great war. President Wilson said America had gone in for the sake of humanity and that America would ask nothing for herself which she would not freely accord to every other nation great or small. The metropolitan press, joined by the greatest of Democrats and the greatest of Republicans, bitterly cursed the President and said he had not been elected President of humanity but President of the United States, and that he must play the old game and get for America a full share of the spoils of war. But the President persistently told all the world that these men did not represent the real America.

From the first it has been evident that the one leading objective in President Wilson's thought has been the destruction of the German military autocracy. He wanted not so much to win a series of battles and force Germany to lay her arms down for the time being as he wanted to destroy the form of government which has for so long dominated the Central Powers. He has accomplished his object. Today the German military autocracy has been cast down into the dust. The rioters and ruffians of Berlin have taken the royal palaces and Germany is in the grip of a revolution which may destroy the empire.

For six thousand years men have been trying to gain freedom. Man has fought hard for the measure of freedom which he enjoys today. Here in America we are enjoying the fruit of that long fight. We came from Europe a little handful of people to establish freedom; we went back to Europe a mighty army and we have made man's freedom secure there.

Throughout all of America's life she has been highly favored. But America can devoutly thank God for Woodrow Wilson as the chiefest of all her blessings.

He has given expression to the best things that stirred within the average American citizen. He has made the word America a synonym for justice, fairness, strength and good faith. Around our nation's name there is no lurking distrust in the mind of any man anywhere in all the world.

Now they are saying that those trucks the Kaiser is shipping out all have false bottoms. Seems as if they can't do anything without lying.

His Dream Of Empire Has Ended

By Associated Press:

LONDON, NOV. 9.—GERMAN WIRELESS MESSAGE STATES "GERMAN IMPERIAL CHANCELLOR PRINCE MAXIMILIAN ISSUED DECREE TODAY 'THE KAISER AND KING HAS DECIDED TO RENOUNCE THE THRONE. IMPERIAL CHANCELLOR WILL REMAIN IN OFFICE UNTIL QUESTIONS CONNECTED WITH THE ABDICATION OF THE KAISER AND THE RENOUNCING BY THE CROWN PRINCE OF THE GERMAN EMPIRE AND SETTING UP OF REGENCY HAVE BEEN SETTLED. FOR THE REGENCY HE INTENDS TO APPOINT DEPUTY ELBERT AS IMPERIAL CHANCELLOR AND PROPOSES THAT A BILL BE BROUGHT IN FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A LAW PROVIDING IMMEDIATE PROMULGATION OF SUFFRAGE AND CONSTITUTIONAL ASSEMBLY TO SETTLE FINALLY THE FUTURE FORM OF GOVERNMENT OF THE GERMAN NATIONS AND OF THOSE PEOPLES DESIROUS OF COMING WITHIN THE EMPIRE.'"

Washington, Nov. 10.—William Hohenzollern has arrived in Holland and is proceeding to the town of Desteeg near Utrecht, according to a dispatch received by an American army general today from the Hague.

SKETCH OF WILLIAM HOHENZOLLERN

A dream of world dominion obsessed the mind of Emperor William. Upon him and the tremendous military engine of destruction of which he was the embodiment, the exponent and the leader rests the responsibility of deliberately planning and bringing about the greatest conflict the world has ever seen.

It did not matter to the world that the Emperor's personal share in the swift events immediately preceding the war had been obscured. The world convicted him of organizing, directing and maintaining at the top notch of efficiency the great German military machine. It remembered that he signed the order for the German mobilization. It remembered that he stood sponsor for the terrorism and brigandage which, under the guise of warfare, ravished Belgium, laid waste the cities of France, depopulated and outraged Serbia and sent the Lusitania with her freight of women and children to a grave in the Atlantic.

Civilization will never forget that it was the minions of the Emperor who effectually shot to death Edith Cavell the English girl who befriended the Belgians in Brussels.

Against these his cry "I did not will the war" availed as nothing. Before the bar of humanity William was adjudged guilty of the greatest crime since the crucifixion. In him humanity saw the last of the autocrats, the final Caesar. Assertions that he was at heart peaceful, so persistently circulated for years as to give them the stamp of German propaganda, became branded as certainly false. He who had long proclaimed himself the prince of peace stood revealed as humanity's scourge, and against him and all that he represented rose the new world of democracy and freedom.

Many doubt whether William was entirely sane. He said repeatedly that he possessed a divine mandate to rule, that the Almighty was his "unconditional and avowed ally." It is not entirely clear whether such outgivings were the product of a disordered brain or were due to unbounded egotism and an effort to impress his subjects with the idea of reverent and unquestioning submission. His speeches to his armies in which he asserted he and they were "instruments of divine judgment upon Germany's enemies" were regarded by many outside of Germany as pieces of rhetoric, intended only to deceive his own people.

William's claim to close affinity with God was the burden of dozens of his speeches long before as well as after the beginning of the war. Of those, perhaps, none more clearly defined his claim than his notorious "divine right" speech delivered at Brandenburg in 1890, in which he said he regarded the German people as "a responsibility" conferred upon him by God and that it was "my duty to increase this heritage for which one day I shall be called upon to give account. Those who try to interfere with my task I shall crush."

Few statesmen realized that the de-

cluded Emperor in his "shining armor," maneuvering his armies and his fleets, building up the German military system, cementing the Central Empires and Turkey and fostering the preaching of the supremacy of autocracy was erecting a machine that one day would make war upon all civilization.

Yet the world was warned by some far-sighted men that the Emperor would one day bring catastrophe upon the nations. These men saw in him then and see him now as a mad inventor given in his youth the most dangerous of all toys—his army and navy.

They were his playthings. He developed them throughout the years to the point where he had to put them to a test. Like a crazed inventor, he feared the end of his reign would find his inventions untried; so grasped the first opportunity to wage a world war.

Meantime the German war party grew with William as its head, and the scheme of world dominion awaited the hour to begin its attainment. It came with the assassination of the Austrian Archduke, Francis Ferdinand, and his wife at Sarajevo.

Recalled from a yachting trip, William presided at a conference at Potsdam of representatives of the German and Austrian armies, navies and commercial interests. There, according to the best information obtainable, the decision was reached to make the assassination of the Archduke a pretense for the world war for which Germany had long prepared.

In the diplomatic exchanges between Germany and Austria on one side and Great Britain, France and Russia on the other William posed as one wishing for peace but driven to war. He signed the order for the mobilization of the German army and from that moment war was inevitable. Thereafter he drove on his armies relentlessly in the mad campaigns for victory, encouraging them with every device and sometimes appearing on the front to be proclaimed as personal commander in a great offensive.

Publication of the "Willy-Nicky" correspondence in 1917, placed the German Emperor in the light of an unscrupulous plotter. The telegrams disclosed that Emperor William had induced Emperor Nicholas of Russia to sign a secret agreement to which he was to force the adherence of France in the perfection of an offensive and defensive alliance against England. The treaty was discovered and repudiated by a Russian minister.

Falling in his attempt, the German Emperor set upon himself, the task of drawing England to his side against France and Russia. How well he thought he had succeeded in this may be gathered from a letter he wrote to President Wilson in 1914 in which he said King George had promised Prince Henry of Prussia, on July 29, 1914, that England would remain neutral in a war involving the Central Powers with France and Russia.

Perhaps the most direct and authoritative of the accusations against the Emperor and the Pan-Germans are contained in the published secret memorandum of Prince Charles Max Lichnowsky, who was German Ambassador at London at the outbreak of hostilities. The Prince unequivocally placed the blame for the war on Germany, and for his frankness was imprisoned in a Silesian chateau, permanently expelled from the Prussian House of Lords, which action was

sanctioned by the Emperor, and finally, was exiled to Switzerland.

Emperor William's domination over German statesmen, diplomats and the high command of the German army was emphasized by Dr. Wilhelm Muehlton, a former director of the Krupp works, the great German munitions factory, in his book on "The Devastation of Europe." In this he not only laid blame upon Germany for bad faith and criticized the German army for its brutality but asserted that in German Foreign Office "only he who did the Emperor's bidding was allowed to remain. They could not do better," he declared, "because of the character, the power, the vacillation and continued interference by the Kaiser." It was Dr. Muehlton who asserted the authenticity of the statement that Emperor William stated at a meeting of German army officers that he had plenty of prisoners and that he hoped the officers would see that no more prisoners were taken.

Maximilian Harden, a German liberal leader, declared the German ruler brought on the war because of his desire "for something like world rule."

William often proclaimed his innocence, and endeavored to put the onus of the war on the shoulders of the Entente Allies. In his speech from the throne after the war began he said:

"In pursuing its interest the Russian Empire stepped in the way of Austria-Hungary. Our duty as an ally called us to the side of Austria-Hungary. The situation arose not from temporary conflicts of interests or diplomatic combinations but is the result of ill-will existing for years against the strength and prosperity of the German Empire."

The Emperor, despite his previous expressions of good will for America, gave vent to his anger against the United States when it became evident no official action would be taken to stop the shipment of munitions and supplies to the Entente Allies by declaring to the American Ambassador, James W. Gerard, "I shall stand no nonsense from America after the war."

William's designs to spread German dominion in Asia found expression in his famous visits to Constantinople when he was proclaimed as protector of the Moslems. In this the world saw a cunning step toward achievement of the German ambition of German dominion from Berlin to Bagdad.

Friedrich Wilhelm Victor Albert was born January 27, 1859, and became Emperor William II on the death of his father, Frederick III, June 15, 1888. He came out of the University of Bonn fully prepared to enter the school of statecraft. Set to work in the government bureaus, he was early taught the routine of official business under the tutelage of the great Bismarck.

At the death of his father, the imperial throne devolved upon William II who was then but twenty-nine years of age. Bismarck continued as Chancellor but not for long. Though the great statesman had made every effort to instill his young pupil with his own ideas of government and dip-

(Continued on Page 3)

LEIPSIK JOINS REVOLUTION

By Associated Press:

London, Nov. 10.—Leipzig, the largest city of Saxony, capitol Wurttemberg, Cologne and Frankfurt have joined the revolution, Copenhagen reports say. The Soldiers' Council at these places have decided to proclaim a republic.

CARD OF THANKS.

Our heartfelt thanks are extended to all who were kind to us during the illness and the funeral of our beloved husband, son and brother J. B. Wallace. To Rev. J. C. Moore, to the Woodmen of the World, to the Santa Fe employees both of Riverbank and Sweetwater, and all others, we especially thank for the beautiful floral offerings.

Mrs. J. B. Wallace.
Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wallace and family.

"Steel is cheaper than iron.
Father is better than Corn."

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Inspect the tube in your tire regularly. The tube is the heart of the tire and the motorist should pay as much attention to the quality of the tube as he does the tire.

Unfortunately many motorists don't realize this and they will shove a poor tube in a quality tire with the result that, very soon, the tube blows out and the tire goes with it, and the tire dealer is wrongly blamed. Look over your tubes, and see if the "life" is gone from the rubber, replace them with new ones. Don't try to make your tube last until they blow out for that is a shameful waste of money.

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Sweetwater, Texas.

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SLACK BOOSTS BRASS BAND

Sweetwater, Nov. 10.
Mr. R. M. Chitwood,
Editor Daily Reporter,
Sweetwater, Tex.,

We have a thriving up-to-date little city here, filled with a goodly number of busy business men, representing most any class of business one could think of, who employ men suited to these classes of occupations, who are skilled in other ways besides the one in which they are especially employed. The subject of a brass band has come to me quite frequently during the past seven or eight months, and especially on patriotic occasions, when a Red Cross meeting or W. S. S. drive is being pulled off.

How empty the occasion seems without the presence of a well trained brass band. Are there not enough musicians in this city, who have at some time in their lives blown a horn, in some brass band?

I believe I know of several who have said they were ex-bandmen, these men seem to be patriotic in many ways. I wonder if they could not be encouraged to the extent of producing a horn and getting together in some convenient vacant room and let's organize a band. Our soldier boys are coming back home some day soon, and we want to give them a first class entertainment.

I was living in a little town in North Dakota (a town much smaller than Sweetwater, by the way,) there was a brass band there, and when the word came that our soldier boys, who had served in the Spanish-American war, were on their way home, the band boys, who had remained at home, began rehearsals and by the time the boys arrived home we had a band, with which we welcomed them. Believe me there was some rejoicing. Not a soul in town slept that night. Barbecues,

KRUPP BERTHAS BELCH NO MORE

By Associated Press:

London, Nov. 10.—Essen, where the great Krupp steel works are located is reported to be in the hands of the revolutionists. Lieutenant Krupp Von Bohlen and Halback, head of the Krupp works and his wife have been arrested.

By Associated Press:

Copenhagen, Nov. 10.—The war ministry, has placed itself in the hands of Friedrich Ebert, Socialist leader who has been appointed Imperial Chancellor. The Chancellor issued a proclamation saying he plans for a peoples government and will endeavor to bring speedy peace.

torchlight parades, band concerts, and good things to eat were the order of the night, and the boys were surely ponderously welcomed home, in a manner they have never forgotten.

Let's see if we cannot induce some of these old time band men to get out their horns and polish them up and have a band once more and show our soldier boys what we have done during their absence.

If it is a matter of leadership that hinders, that subject can very easily be taken care of and a competent leader provided for. We have a saddle factory, a laundry, three barber shops, where you will nearly always find a band man located. We have grocery stores, and other classes of business that would gladly take care of a band man or two "as long as it did not interfere with their business." I know these men are patriotic enough to render any assistance they can to help such a project.

I could say considerably more along this line but time will not permit. Let's get busy.

J. G. Slack.

HIS DREAM OF EM- PIRE HAS ENDED

(Continued From Page 2.)

lonatic policies, the new Emperor soon found that he disagreed with his grandfather's former close adviser in many important respects. In 1890 the disagreement of the two men reached a crisis, a rupture came and Bismarck went. The relations between the two men remained strained for several years, but before Bismarck died peace was made between them.

With the passing of Bismarck the Emperor's real reign began. As a military man he was a stickler for efficiency, discipline and the observance of etiquette to the last detail. And of the details of all these components of army life and training he was familiar to the smallest point. It is related that during military reviews he was able to detect the slightest imperfection in the equipment or training of a regiment or squadron and called attention to the dereliction sharply. With the principles of tactics and manoeuvres, too, he was thoroughly acquainted.

Besides being well versed in army matters, the Emperor was thoroughly familiar with naval affairs, having a technical mastery of the details that go to make up the efficiency of a fleet. Study of naval problems was one of his pet occupations. His influence was potent in fostering the development of German commerce, art and science. His interference in these affairs as well as in statecraft often embarrassed German leaders and evoked from them admonitions to leave diplomacy to his chancellors.

In everything he was described as thorough and, withal, one of the hardest workers in the empire. His rising hour was six o'clock sharp and a long day's hard work, which frequently extended well into the night, followed. Stated hours were devoted to the task of informing himself on the progress of events at home and abroad through reading of the principal German and foreign newspapers. Before the war Emperor William often professed friendliness for America. He encouraged the foundation of exchange professorships by which prominent German educators visited this country and lectured in the colleges here while American college professors similarly filled chairs in German institutions of learning.

He was an enthusiastic yachtsman and despite his withered arm was able to take personal command of his racing yachts, and sail them with considerable success. He spent much of his time at his palatial hunting lodges and is reputed to have been the champion hunter in the world in the point of game killed. It was stated that the Emperor killed 61,720 pieces of game, more than 4,000 of which were stags.

He was a great reader—his private library in the Imperial palace at Berlin before the war was becoming one of the most interesting collections of books in the world. He posed as a dictator in music, painting, poetry and acting.

At one time it was announced that he had composed the libretto of a ballet to be given in celebration of his birthday. A private performance of one of his musical efforts is said to have been given in the Potsdam palace without notable effect upon the musical world.

Physically unimpressive—he was short and inclined to stoutness—William was fond of being photographed while striking a military posture, though taking good care to veil the deformity of his left arm, a disfigurement with which he was born, and of which he was extremely sensitive. He blamed his English mother for living a life of self-indulgence and cursed her repeatedly as being responsible for his deformity.

No description of the Emperor's personal appearance will be complete without mention of his full, bristling mustache. His photographs, which he distributed with a lavish hand, showed it with ends twirled up at belligerent angles.

He married Augusta Victoria, oldest daughter of Grand Duke Frederick of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Augustenburg on February 27, 1881. They had six sons and one daughter of whom the Crown Prince Frederick is the eldest. With the Crown Prince, his father clashed frequently and on one occasion virtually exiled young Frederick to Dantzig but soon recalled him and restored him to favor.

German mothers who wrote to the Emperor of the deaths of their sons killed in battle elicited from him no word of sympathy. He regarded their deaths as "glorious." Yet his own six sons, though holding high commands were so protected that the imperial family stood practically alone in all Germany in warding off the clutches of death.

"Steel is cheaper than Iron.
Fatner is cheaper than Corn."

CLASSIFIED ADS

WANTED—For rent two unfurnished rooms. Phone 445. 7-6t

FOR SALE—Mebane Triumph Cotton Seed, for planting, in car lots. Wire or write—L. P. Grinnan, Terrell, Texas. 4-6tpd

WANTED—To rent place from 100 to 160 acres. Plenty wood and water.—W. D. Anderson, Hillsboro, Texas, Route 7. 7-6tpd

Eggs 45 to 50 cents per dozen—now is the time to feed MO-EGGS and keep hens laying. We have it—The Sweetwater Seed & Grain Company. 1f

"Steel is cheaper than Iron.
Fatner is cheaper than Oats."

"Say Joe, where can I get a sack of this here Fatner?" "Fatner?" "Why shucks—just go down to the Sweetwater Seed & Grain Company, they've always got it."

NOTICE!

As the City Commission has made a change in the Pound-Keeper, if you are bothered with loose stock you are requested to call No. 636. 5-4t

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For it? What will it be??
Come here and look and let us help you select the most appropriate gift for your dear??
We will gladly show you whether you are ready to buy or not. Select them now and have them engraved free of charge. Anything in Jewelry, Watches, Diamonds, Chains, Ivory sets, Cut Glass, Silverware and Novelty Goods.
Buy the family a Victrola for Xmas. Only three left and I cannot get any more before Xmas.

P. T. QUAST,
Jeweler, Optometrist, and Music Merchant,
SWEETWATER, TEXAS.

NEW Serge Dresses

Just received a shipment of
these dresses in beautiful
models.

The Style Shop

Closing Out SALE

HAVING DECIDED TO CLOSE OUT OUR GROCERY BUSINESS WE WILL SELL YOU GROCERIES AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. NOW IS THE TIME FOR YOU TO SAVE MONEY ON YOUR GROCERY BILL.

CALL AND GET OUR PRICES AND YOU WILL BE CONVINCED.

Davis Cash Grocery

LOOK!

If you have shoe repair work of any kind. Soles sewed or tacked.
\$1.00
SEE

T. M. PRICE

Subscribe for the Reporter.

Cochran & Roy

Owners
BEALL ABSTRACT CO.
Complete set Abstracts of Nolan Co.
All Kinds Insurance

"Steel is cheaper than Iron.
Fatner is better than Oats."

IMPORTANT
Photographs, carefully wrapped and carefully addressed, can be mailed as third class matter, one cent for each two ounces, to our soldiers in France. No special permit or order required. Photographs are useful gifts. It is the desire of the Government to promote useful giving. What more useful and acceptable gift could one conceive? Sit early this year for your photos as the usual rush comes about the 15th of Nov. and some will have to sit before the 15th if photographers have time to finish the work this Christmas.
WILLIS ART GALLERY

Higginbotham-Harris & Co.
Prices Right—Terms Easy
Everything in the Builders Line

Sweetwater Transfer Company

Meet Me At
Greene's Cozy Cafe
A Good Place to Eat. For Ladies and Gents.
We are not satisfied unless you are.

Burton-Lingo Company
LUMBER, PAINTS, ETC.
Prices and terms to suit conditions.

Fordson Tractor -- Made by Henry Ford
Dabney Motor Co., Local Agent

Getting Down To Facts

There are some women in this town whom we urge to come in and look at our suits and dresses that we still sell at war-time prices. We know we can save you money and help you invest the difference in Liberty Bonds.

There's a lesson in this experience for others who want to save, and we'll be glad to do our part any day; we'll show any lady that she can be fitted in a dress-suit or coat and we'll show her a saving in the bargain.

Sweetwater Dry Goods Co.
THE PRICE IS THE THING.

YOU HAVE BEEN HEARING

About our success treating pneumonia and the flu. **WE HAVEN'T LOST A CASE.** Extraordinary when you take into consideration the enormous number we have treated. Not a one of the patients we were treating when the epidemic came have even developed influenza. Not a one of the influenza patients we have been called to treat have developed a single complication. Could we have done better?

How Is Your Health?

With the closing of the war comes an age of wonderful prosperity. If your Health is at fault you are not fitted to reap the benefits. We guarantee you. Call on us for proposition.

GROGAN WELLS

Phone 531.

Superior French Kid GLOVES

We can match the shade of that suit or dress.—Distinctive Novelties and the more subdued models.



Our Banking Business is

Growing!

This we appreciate
There Must be a Reason

Our Patrons say to us that they are Satisfied. If you are not, Try Us. Service is what we have.

Continental State Bank

CLERK'S QUARTERLY REPORT CITY OF SWEETWATER

The following amounts have been received and paid out of each Fund, leaving balances on hand or overpaid at the close of the quarter ending 30th day of June, 1918.

GENERAL FUND.		DR.	CR.
To Balance, March 31, 1918		\$ 93.27	
To Amount Received		4,398.66	
By Amount Paid Out			\$4,436.96
By Balance			54.97
		4,491.93	4,491.93
Balance June 30th, 1918		\$ 54.97	
GENERAL STREET FUND			
To Balance March 31, 1918		3.89	
To Amount Received		547.93	
By Amount Paid Out			429.04
By Balance			122.78
		551.82	551.82
Balance June 30th, 1918		122.78	
WATERWORKS FUND			
To Balance, March 31, 1918		60.00	
Balance June 30th, 1918		60.00	
FIREMEN'S FUND			
To Balance March 31st, 1918		534.00	
By Amount Paid Out			534.00
		XXXXX	
MISCELLANEOUS FUND			
To Balance March 31st, 1918		302.55	
To Amount Received		37.49	
Balance June 30th, 1918		340.04	
IMPOUNDING FUND			
To Balance March 31st, 1918		31.85	
To Amount Received		16.10	
Balance June 30th, 1918		47.95	
SEWER BUILDING FUND			
To Balance March 31st, 1918		.02	
Balance June 30th, 1918		.02	
\$5000.00 OLD WATERWORKS. INTEREST AND SINKING FUND			
To Balance March 31st, 1918		61.63	
To Amount Received		9.28	
Balance June 30th, 1918		71.01	
\$10,000.00 CITY HALL BOND. INTEREST AND SINKING FUND			
To Balance March 31st, 1918		435.65	
To Amount Received		17.19	
By Amount Paid Out			250.00
By Balance			202.84
		452.84	452.84
Balance June 30th, 1918		202.84	
\$20,000.00 1ST STREET BOND. INTEREST AND SINKING FUND			
To Balance March 31st, 1918		873.08	
To Amount Received		34.38	
By Amount Paid Out			425.00
By Balance			482.46
		907.46	907.46
Balance June 30th, 1918		482.46	
\$25,000.00 2ND STREET BOND. INTEREST AND SINKING FUND			
To Balance March 31st, 1918		966.46	
To Amount Received		39.85	
By Amount Paid Out			626.60
By Balance			379.71
		1,006.31	1,006.31
Balance June 30th, 1918		379.71	
\$35,000.00 SEWER BOND. INTEREST AND SINKING			
To Balance March 31st, 1918		1,366.33	
To Amount Received		66.26	
Balance June 30th, 1918		1,422.59	
\$320,000.00 NEW WATERWORKS BOND. INTEREST AND SINKING FUND			
To Balance March 31st, 1918		3,610.56	
To Amount Received		543.86	
By Amount Paid Out for Liberty Bonds			2,000.00
By Balance			2,154.42
		4,154.42	4,154.42
Balance June 30th, 1918		2,154.42	
LIBERTY BONDS			
To Balance		2,000.00	
Balance June 30th, 1918		2,000.00	
\$50,000 SEWER BOND. INTEREST AND SINKING FUND.			
To Balance March 30th, 1918		1,961.13	
To Amount Received		80.48	
By Amount Paid Out for Interest			1,253.12
By Balance			788.51
		2,041.63	2,041.63
Balance June 30th, 1918		788.51	
Amount in all accounts		\$8,127.30	

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct report for the quarter ending 30th day of June, A. D., 1918, as required by the Charter of the City of Sweetwater, Texas. Given under my hand and seal of office, at Sweetwater, Texas, on this the 15th day of October, A. D. 1918.

W. H. BARTLETT,
City Secretary.

CROWN PRINCE IS NOW MINUS HOUSE AND LOT

By Associated Press:

London, Nov. 10.—Severe fighting is taking place on Berlin streets. The revolution is in full swing, and red guards occupy the greater part of the capital. The Crown Prince's palace has been seized. The Kaiser's abdication yesterday was received with great rejoicing.

By Associated Press:

Copenhagen, Nov. 10.—Berlin was occupied by forces of the soldiers and workmen's council on Saturday afternoon, according to a Wolff Bureau report here.



+ MEN WHO DRESS FOR STYLE +
 + AS WELL AS THOSE WHO +
 + DRESS FOR COMFORT WILL +
 + FIND EVERY SATISFACTION +
 + IN OUR MADE-TO-MEASURE +
 + SUITS. +
 + \$19 to \$65. +
 + ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN +
 + FALL HATS AND SHOES ARE +
 + NOW ON DISPLAY HERE AND +
 + AS CHOICE A LINE OF NECK- +
 + WEAR AND SHIRTS AS YOU +
 + EVER SAW. +



..Your Liberty Bonds..

that were paid in full with application have arrived and are ready for delivery.

The Government urges you to enlist your dollars for the duration of the war, and keep your bonds in a safe place.

Fire and Burglar Proof Safety Deposit Boxes available at this bank for that purpose rent for only \$1.00 and up, per annum.

Established 1901



The Most Successful Stock Raiser and Feeder

Buys his feed upon analysis, the feed value, the protein basis. The price is the least consideration if the feeding value is considered.

Cottonseed, cake, meal and hulls are the highest concentrated feed stuff on the market. The cheapest protein you can buy. Get the Government records and see. We have these feeds at Government prices, also Coconut meal and Sweetco mixed feed.

SWEETWATER COTTON OIL CO.

PHONE 95 SWEETWATER, TEXAS

Phone 356

MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM CO.

For Service
C. M. ELLIS, Agent.

W. R. SHOOK, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon.

Special attention given to chronic troubles and Tuberculosis.

PHONES:

Office—263 Residence—226

A MESSAGE

To Those Who Have Eye Trouble

If your eyes are bothering you, if you suffer with nervous headaches, it would be wise to call and let me examine your Eyes and tell you the trouble and remedy without any expense or obligation to buy, and if you have me fit you with Glasses you will get just what you need and at the lowest possible prices. All examination tests free, no guess work with me I know my business.

J. P. MAJORS Jeweler & Optician

Corn-Oats

Just think it over—at present market basis Oats must retail at above 3c per pound and corn above 4c—while oats are good, the quality of the Corn coming to Texas gets steadily worse.

The above at anything like these prices are more expensive and very inferior as compared with

Good Steam-Cooked Molasses Feeds.

We have the old standards: Perfexun, Peerless and Fatner—They show economical results, Mo-Eggs, the best poultry feed, in 50s and 100s. Alfalfa and Prairie Hay. Forty three per cent Cotton Seed Meal. Everything in Feed and Groceries—Domestic Lump Coal.

The Sweetwater Seed and Grain Company

TELEPHONE 61

EXTRA 5:00 P. M.

Sweetwater Daily Reporter

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS.

VOLUME V

SWEETWATER, TEXAS, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1918

NUMBER 74.

Germany Powerless

President Wilson Tells Congress Germany, Now Unable to Renew War, Must be Guided to Nations of Democracy

By Associated Press:

WASHINGTON, NOV. 11.—THE STRICTLY MILITARY TERMS OF THE ARMISTICE ARE EMBRACED IN ELEVEN SPECIFICATIONS WHICH INCLUDE THE EVACUATION OF ALL INVADED TERRITORIES, THE WITHDRAWAL OF THE GERMAN TROOPS FROM THE LEFT BANK OF THE RHINE AND THE SURRENDER OF ALL SUPPLIES ON WAR TERMS.

TERMS ALSO PROVIDE FOR THE ABANDONMENT BY GERMANY OF THE TREATIES OF BUCHAREST AND BREST-LITOVSKY ON NAVAL TERMS. THEY PROVIDE FOR THE SURRENDER OF 106 SUBS, 50 DESTROYERS, SIX BATTLE CRUISERS, 10 BATTLESHIPS, EIGHT LIGHT CRUISERS AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS SHIPS. ALL ALLIED VESSELS IN GERMAN HANDS ARE TO BE SURRENDERED AND GERMANY MUST NOTIFY NEUTRALS THEY ARE FREE TO TRADE AT ONCE ON THE SEAS WITH THE ALLIED COUNTRIES.

AMONG THE FINANCIAL TERMS INCLUDED ARE RESTITUTION FOR DAMAGE DONE BY THE GERMAN ARMIES. RESTITUTION OF CASH TAKEN FROM NATIONAL BANKS OF BELGIUM AND THE RETURN OF GOLD TAKEN FROM RUSSIA AND RUMANIA.

THE MILITARY TERMS INCLUDE THE SURRENDER OF FIVE THOUSAND GUNS, HALF FIELD AND HALF LIGHT ARTILLERY, THIRTY THOUSAND MACHINE GUNS, THREE THOUSAND FLAME THROWERS AND TWO THOUSAND AIRPLANES; THE SURRENDER OF FIVE THOUSAND LOCOMOTIVES, FIFTY THOUSAND WAGONS, TEN THOUSAND MOTOR LORRIES, THE RAILWAYS OF ALSACE LORRAINE FOR USE BY THE ARMIES OF THE ALLIED ARMIES AND THE STORES OF COAL AND IRON ARE ALSO INCLUDED WITH THE EVACUATION OF THE LEFT BANK OF THE RHINE, PROVIDED THE ALLIES HOLD THE CROSSING OF THE RIVER AT COBLENZ, COLOGNE AND MAYENCE WITH BRIDGEHEAD AND THIRTY KILOMETERS RADIUS IMMEDIATE REPATRIATION OF ALLIED AND AMERICAN PRISONERS WITHOUT RECIPROcity IS INCLUDED IN THE TERMS.

THE REPATRIATION WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS OF THOUSANDS OF UNFORTUNATE CIVILIANS DEPORTED FROM FRANCE AND BELGIUM IS ALSO REQUIRED.

RIGHT BANK OF RHINE AND THAT OCCUPIED BY THE ALLIES BECOMES A NEUTRAL ZONE AND THE BANK HELD BY THE GERMANS IS TO BE EVACUATED IN NINETEEN DAYS.

THE ARMISTICE IS FOR THIRTY DAYS BUT THE PRESIDENT SPOKE OF THE WAR AS COMING TO AN END, IN HIS INTRODUCTORY REMARKS TO CONGRESS.

THE GERMAN TROOPS ARE TO RETIRE AT ONCE FROM ANY TERRITORY HELD BY RUSSIA, RUMANIA AND TURKEY BEFORE THE WAR.

THE ALLIED FORCES ARE TO HAVE ACCESS TO THE EVACUATED TERRITORY EITHER THROUGH DANTZIG OR BY THE RIVER VISTULA.

UNCONDITIONAL CAPITULATION OF ALL GERMAN FORCES IN EAST AFRICA WITHIN ONE MONTH IS PROVIDED.

FREEDOM OF ACCESS TO THE BALTIC SEA WITH POWER TO OCCUPY GERMAN PORTS IN KATTEG IS PROVIDED.

THE GERMANS MUST ALSO REVEAL THE LOCATION OF MINES, POISONED WELLS AND ALL LIKE AGENCIES OF DESTRUCTIONS. THE ALLIED BLOCKADE REMAINS UNCHANGED DURING THE ARMISTICE.

THESE ARE THE HIGH SPOTS OF THE TERMS AS THE PRESIDENT READ THEM TO CONGRESS.

GERMANY'S ACCEPTANCE PRESIDENT WILSON SAID, SIGNALIZED THE END OF THE WAR BECAUSE IT MADE HER POWERLESS TO RENEW IT.

ALL PORTS ON THE BLACK SEA OCCUPIED BY THE GERMANS ARE TO BE SURRENDERED AND THE RUSSIAN WAR VESSELS RECENTLY TAKEN BY THE GERMAN NAVAL FORCES MUST ALSO BE GIVEN TO THE ALLIES.

An Associated Press Dispatch from Amsterdam says: "It is stated on good authority that William Hohenzollern, ex-Kaiser, will be interned in Holland."

By Associated Press:

Washington, Nov. 11—President Wilson made it plain that the nations which have overthrown the military masters of Germany will now attempt to guide the German people safely to the family of the nations of democracy.

Besides the surrender of one hundred and sixty submarines, the armistice requires all others to have the crews paid off, put out of commission and placed under the supervision of the allied and American naval forces.

The armistice terms include the immediate evacuation of Belgium, France, Alsace-Lorraine and Luxemburg. The evacuation must be complete within fourteen days after the date of the signature.

The German troops which have not left within that time become prisoners of war.

The occupation by the allies and the United States is to keep pace with the evacuation.

AMERICAN SOLDIERS WOULD NOT FOREGO ONE FINAL SHOT

With Americans at Sedan, Nov. 11.—Thousands of American heavy guns fired parting shot to the Germans at exactly eleven o'clock.

BLACKWELL GOES OVER.

Blackwell telephoned Chairman Ed J. Hamner that the town's full assessment for the war work fund was raised this morning. This is Blackwell's idea of the way to celebrate the Allied victory.

GERMANY BECOMING HOTBED OF REPUBLICS

Paris, Nov. 11.—The situation in Germany today so far as can be ascertained from news arriving throughout Switzerland may be named as follows: In Prussia the Emperor is gone and the Socialist government which is in undetermined form is in power. In Bavaria and Wurttemberg republics have been proclaimed. A republic has been formed in Schleswig-Holstein. Many of the principal cities of Germany are now in the hands of the revolutionists.

FREDERICK OF SAXONY HAS BEEN DETHRONED

By Associated Press:

Copenhagen, Nov. 11.—A semi-official telegram received here from Berlin says that the soldiers' council has issued a proclamation announcing that it has taken over the military administration and that its orders must be obeyed.

King Frederick August of Saxony has been dethroned, according to an official telegram from Berlin.

UNITED STATES ARMY NOT TO BE DISBANDED

By Associated Press:

Washington, Nov. 11.—The signing of the armistice does not mean the great American military machine will cease to operate at once. America must play an important part in disarming and guarding the enemy until work is completed, including even the movement of troops to France. Those who have been in France the longest will probably be returned home soon to be replaced by men now in this country who will perform guard duty. Even with hostilities ended much other naval work aside from that of taking over and guarding German and Austrian naval vessels remains to be done. Removal of thousands of mines laid by Allied, American and German navies will form no small part of the work and undoubtedly the mine sweeping and laying fleet sent overseas by the United States will assist in this gigantic task.

WOODROW WILSON.

Woodrow Wilson has won his fight in behalf of man. America did not enter the world war for selfish reasons; America entered the war for the sake of mankind.

Let us be candid. Three years ago full one-half of the people of the United States wanted America to jump into the big fight for what our nation might get out of it in future economic advantage. We wanted to be sure that we got what we could in enhanced trade relations.

Others of us did not think we had enough at stake to justify us in going in. Frequently men were heard to say that we should be unconcerned about the fate of Belgium and France and that we should let the nations of Europe live or die according as they were strong or weak. It was not our war. There were many victims of emotional sentimentality who gave free expression and advertisement to their doctrine that the cause of right did not deserve the price of a life.

Finally America did enter the great war. President Wilson said America had gone in for the sake of humanity and that America would ask nothing for herself which she would not freely accord to every other nation great or small. The metropolitan press, joined by the greatest of Democrats and the greatest of Republicans, bitterly cursed the President and said he had not been elected President of humanity but President of the United States, and that he must play the old game and get for America a full share of the spoils of war. But the President persistently told all the world that these men did not represent the real America.

From the first it has been evident that the one leading objective in President Wilson's thought has been the destruction of the German military autocracy. He wanted not so much to win a series of battles and force Germany to lay her arms down for the time being as he wanted to destroy the form of government which has for so long dominated the Central Powers. He has accomplished his object. Today the German military autocracy has been cast down into the dust. The rioters and ruffians of Berlin have taken the royal palaces and Germany is in the grip of a revolution which may destroy the empire.

For six thousand years men have been trying to gain freedom. Man has fought hard for the measure of freedom which he enjoys today. Here in America we are enjoying the fruit of that long fight. We came from Europe a little handful of people to establish freedom; we went back to Europe a mighty army and we have made man's freedom secure there.

Throughout all of America's life she has been highly favored. But America can devoutly thank God for Woodrow Wilson as the chiefest of all her blessings.

He has given expression to the best things that stirred within the average American citizen. He has made the word America a synonym for justice, fairness, strength and good faith. Around our nation's name there is no lurking distrust in the mind of any man anywhere in all the world.

Now they are saying that those trunks the Kaiser is shipping out all have false bottoms. Seems as if they can't do anything without lying.

His Dream Of Empire Has Ended

By Associated Press:

LONDON, NOV. 9.—GERMAN WIRELESS MESSAGE STATES "GERMAN IMPERIAL CHANCELLOR PRINCE MAXIMILIAN ISSUED DECREE TODAY 'THE KAISER AND KING HAS DECIDED TO RENOUNCE THE THRONE. IMPERIAL CHANCELLOR WILL REMAIN IN OFFICE UNTIL QUESTIONS CONNECTED WITH THE ABDICATION OF THE KAISER AND THE RENOUNCING BY THE CROWN PRINCE OF THE GERMAN EMPIRE AND SETTING UP OF REGENCY HAVE BEEN SETTLED. FOR THE REGENCY HE INTENDS TO APPOINT DEPUTY ELBERT AS IMPERIAL CHANCELLOR AND PROPOSES THAT A BILL BE BROUGHT IN FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A LAW PROVIDING IMMEDIATE PROMULGATION OF SUFFRAGE AND CONSTITUTIONAL ASSEMBLY TO SETTLE FINALLY THE FUTURE FORM OF GOVERNMENT OF THE GERMAN NATIONS AND OF THOSE PEOPLES DESIROUS OF COMING WITHIN THE EMPIRE.'"

Washington, Nov. 10.—William Hohenzollern has arrived in Holland and is proceeding to the town of Desteeg near Utrecht, according to a dispatch received by an American army general today from the Hague.

SKETCH OF WILLIAM HOHENZOLLERN

A dream of world dominion obsessed the mind of Emperor William plunged the world into war. Upon him and the tremendous military engine of destruction of which he was the embodiment, the exponent and the leader rests the responsibility of deliberately planning and bringing about the greatest conflict the world has ever seen.

It did not matter to the world that the Emperor's personal share in the swift events immediately preceding the war had been obscured. The world convicted him of organizing, directing and maintaining at the top notch of efficiency the great German military machine. It remembered that he signed the order for the German mobilization. It remembered that he stood sponsor for the terrorism and brigandage which, under the guise of warfare, ravished Belgium, laid waste the cities of France, depopulated and outraged Serbia and sent the Lusitania with her freight of women and children to a grave in the Atlantic.

Civilization will never forget that it was the minions of the Emperor who officially shot to death Edith Cavell the English girl who befriended the Belgians in Brussels.

Against these his cry "I did not will the war" availed as nothing. Before the bar of humanity William was adjudged guilty of the greatest crime since the crucifixion. In him humanity saw the last of the autocrats, the final Caesar. Assertions that he was at heart peaceful, so persistently circulated for years as to give them the stamp of German propaganda, became branded as certainly false. He who had long proclaimed himself the prince of peace stood revealed as humanity's scourge, and against him and all that he represented rose the new world of democracy and freedom.

Many doubt whether William was entirely sane. He said repeatedly that he possessed a divine mandate to rule, that the Almighty was his "unconditional and avowed ally." It is not entirely clear whether such outgivings were the product of a disordered brain or were due to unbounded egotism and an effort to impress his subjects with the idea of reverent and unquestioning submission. His speeches to his armies in which he asserted he and they were "instruments of divine judgment upon German's enemies" were regarded by many outside of Germany as pieces of rhetoric, intended only to deceive his own people.

William's claim to close affinity with God was the burden of dozens of his speeches long before as well as after the beginning of the war. Of these, perhaps, none more clearly defined his claim than his notorious "divine right" speech delivered at Brandenburg in 1890, in which he said he regarded the German people as "a responsibility" conferred upon him by God and that it was "my duty to increase this heritage for which one day I shall be called upon to give account. Those who try to interfere with my task I shall crush."

Few statesmen realized that the de-

cluded Emperor in his "shining armor," maneuvering his armies and his fleets, building up the German military system, cementing the Central Empires and Turkey and fostering the preaching of the supremacy of autocracy was erecting a machine that one day would make war upon all civilization.

Yet the world was warned by some far-sighted men that the Emperor would one day bring catastrophe upon the nations. These men saw in him then and see him now as a man-inventor given in his youth the most dangerous of all toys—his army and navy.

They were his playthings. He developed them throughout the years to the point where he had to put them to a test. Like a crazed inventor, he feared the end of his reign would find his inventions untried; so grasped the first opportunity to wage a world war.

Meantime the German war party grew with William as its head, and the scheme of world dominion awaited the hour to begin its attainment. It came with the assassination of the Austrian Archduke, Francis Ferdinand, and his wife at Sarajevo.

Recalled from a yachting trip, William presided at a conference at Potsdam of representatives of the German and Austrian armies, navies and commercial interests. There, according to the best information obtainable, the decision was reached to make the assassination of the Archduke a pretense for the world war for which Germany had long prepared.

In the diplomatic exchanges between Germany and Austria on one side and Great Britain, France and Russia on the other William posed as one wishing for peace but driven to war. He signed the order for the mobilization of the German army and from that moment war was inevitable. Thereafter he drove on his armies relentlessly in the mad campaigns for victory, encouraging them with every device and sometimes appearing on the front to be proclaimed as personal commander in a great offensive.

Publication of the "Willy-Nicky" correspondence in 1917, placed the German Emperor in the light of an unscrupulous plotter. The telegrams disclosed that Emperor William had induced Emperor Nicholas of Russia to sign a secret agreement to which he was to force the adherence of France in the perfection of an offensive and defensive alliance against England. The treaty was discovered and repudiated by a Russian minister.

Falling in his attempt, the German Emperor set upon himself, the task of drawing England to his side against France and Russia. How well he thought he had succeeded in this may be gathered from a letter he wrote to President Wilson in 1914 in which he said King George had promised Prince Henry of Prussia, on July 29, 1914, that England would remain neutral in a war involving the Central Powers with France and Russia.

Perhaps the most direct and authoritative of the accusations against the Emperor and the Pan-Germans are contained in the published secret memorandum of Prince Charles Max Liechnowsky, who was German Ambassador at London at the outbreak of hostilities. The Prince unequivocally placed the blame for the war on Germany, and for his frankness was imprisoned in a Silesian chateau, permanently expelled from the Prussian House of Lords, which action was

sanctioned by the Emperor, and finally, was exiled to Switzerland.

Emperor William's domination over German statesmen, diplomats and the high command of the German army was emphasized by Dr. Wilhelm Muehlon, a former director of the Krupp works, the great German munitions factory, in his book on "The Devastation of Europe." In this he not only laid blame upon Germany for bad faith and criticized the German army for its brutality but asserted that in German Foreign Office "only he who did the Emperor's bidding was allowed to remain. They could not do better," he declared, "because of the character, the power, the vacillation of and continued interference by the Kaiser." It was Dr. Muehlon who asserted the authenticity of the statement that Emperor William stated at a meeting of German army officers that he had plenty of prisoners and that he hoped the officers would see that no more prisoners were taken.

Maximilian Harden, a German liberal leader, declared the German ruler brought on the war because of his desire "for something like world rule."

William often proclaimed his innocence, and endeavored to put the onus of the war on the shoulders of the Entente Allies. In his speech from the throne after the war began he said:

"In pursuing its interest the Russian Empire stepped in the way of Austria-Hungary. Our duty as an ally called us to the side of Austria-Hungary. The situation arose not from temporary conflicts of interests or diplomatic combinations but is the result of ill-will existing for years against the strength and prosperity of the German Empire."

The Emperor, despite his previous expressions of good will for America, gave vent to his anger against the United States when it became evident no official action would be taken to stop the shipment of munitions and supplies to the Entente Allies by declaring to the American Ambassador, James W. Gerard, "I shall stand no nonsense from America after the war."

William's designs to spread German dominion in Asia found expression in his famous visits to Constantinople when he was proclaimed as protector of the Moslems. In this the world saw a cunning step toward achievement of the German ambition of German dominion from Berlin to Bagdad.

Friedrich Wilhelm Victor Albert was born January 27, 1859, and became Emperor William II on the death of his father, Frederick III, June 15, 1888. He came out of the University of Bonn fully prepared to enter the school of statecraft. Set to work in the government bureaus, he was early taught the routine of official business under the tutelage of the great Bismarck.

At the death of his father, the imperial throne devolved upon William II who was then but twenty-nine years of age. Bismarck continued as Chancellor but not for long. Though the great statesman had made every effort to instill his young pupil with his own ideas of government and dip-

(Continued on Page 3)

LEIPSIK JOINS REVOLUTION

By Associated Press: London, Nov. 10.—Leipsic, the largest city of Saxony, capitol of Wurttemberg, Cologne and Frankfurt have joined the revolution, Copenhagen reports say. The Soldiers' Council at these places have decided to proclaim a republic.

CARD OF THANKS.

Our heartfelt thanks are extended to all who were kind to us during the illness and funeral of our beloved husband, son and brother J. B. Wallace. To Rev. J. C. Moore, to the Woodmen of the World, to the Santa Fe employees both of Riverbank and Sweetwater, and all others, we especially thank for the beautiful floral offerings.

Mrs. J. B. Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wallace and family.

"Steel is cheaper than Iron. Fatner is better than Corn."

SWEETWATER LAUNRY CO.
The Nicest Laundry in Texas
Satisfaction or your Money Back
Phone 42
Sweetwater Laundry Compy

Direct Your Friends to
"The Wright"
They will Thank You
Afterward

Telephone in Each Room
Private Baths

Inspect our Tubes and You will Save Big Tire Loss
Inspect the tube in your tire regularly. The tube is the heart of the tire and the motorist should pay as much attention to the quality of the tube as he does the tire.
Unfortunately many motorists don't realize this and they will shove a poor tube in a quality tire with the result that, very soon, the tube blows out and the tire goes with it, and the tire dealer is wrongly blamed. Look over your tubes, and see if the "life" is gone from the rubber, replace them with new ones. Don't try to make your tube last until they blow out for that is a shameful waste of money.
Sweetwater Vulcanizing Company

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Sweetwater, Texas.

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Attorneys-at-Law
Sweetwater, Texas.

Grisham, Babb & Grisham
Attorneys-at-Law
Sweetwater, Texas.

BEALL & DOUTHIT
Attorneys-at-Law
Sweetwater, Texas.

A. S. MAUKEY
Lawyer
Sweetwater, Texas.

GEO. T. WILSON
Lawyer
Sweetwater, Texas.

J. I. PAYNE
Licensed Embalmer and Funeral Director
Morgue in Connection
Phone 84

C. A. Rosebrough Phone 476 A. H. Fortner Phone 131

Dr. Rosebrough & Fortner
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Capital, - - - \$100,000.00
GUARANTY FUND BANK
This bank is under the supervision of the State Banking Department; also a member of the Federal Reserve Bank which places it subject to National examination. This gives a depositor THE BEST OF PROTECTION.

VON HINDENBURG TURNS GERMAN ARMY OVER TO THE REVOLUTIONISTS

London, Nov. 11.—Field Marshal Von Hindenburg has placed himself and the German army at the disposal of the new peoples' government at Berlin, says a dispatch from Berlin via Copenhagen. The Field Marshal asked the Cologne soldiers and workers council to send delegates to German main headquarters at once. Delegation left Cologne Monday. Von Hindenburg stated he had taken this action in order to avoid chaos.

DARNSTADT IS REPUBLIC.

Copenhagen, Nov. 11.—Darnstadt has declared itself a free Socialist republic until a German republic is established, according to a Wolff dispatch from Berlin. It is reported the garrison of Dresden is in the hands of the provisional soldiers and the workmen council.

U. S. NAVY NOT TO BE DEMOBILIZED.

Washington, Nov. 11.—Secretary Daniels today announced that no immediate step would be taken toward demobilizing any part of the naval forces of the United States.

WILL RETURN MEN TO CIVIL LIFE.

Washington, Nov. 11.—Secretary Baker announced that so far as practical all men who have been called and who have not completed their training will be immediately turned back to civil life.

BRITISH SUSPEND RECRUITING.

London, Nov. 11.—The British Government has decided to suspend recruiting.

OVERTIME AND SUNDAY WORK SUSPENDED.

Washington, Nov. 11.—Orders stopping all overtime and Sunday work in government war contracts were authorized today after a conference with Secretaries Baker, Daniels and Chairman Hurley of the shipping board.

DRAFT CALLS SUSPENDED.

Washington, Nov. 11.—Preparations were made immediately after news of the armistice came for cancelling the November draft calls, under which three hundred thousand men are ordered to Camp between today and Friday. Some of the men were moving this morning and cannot be stopped until the general staff gives order. General March called the staff together to consider the question. Announcement is expected momentarily.

STILL FIGHTING IN BERLIN.

Basel, Switzerland, Nov. 11.—Fighting between the revolutionary forces and the imperial troops was still going on in Berlin Sunday morning. The struggle which began Saturday evening broke out afresh.

Higginbotham-Harris & Co.
Prices Right—Terms Easy
Everything in the Builders Line

IMPORTANT
Photographs, carefully wrapped and carefully addressed, can be mailed as third class matter, one cent for each two ounces, to our soldiers in France. No special permit or order required. Photographs are useful gifts. It is the desire of the Government to promote useful giving. What more useful and acceptable gift could one conceive than that of a photograph of yourself to send to a friend overseas? Sit early this year for your photos as the usual rush comes about the 15th of Nov. and some will have to sit before the 15th if photographers have time to finish the work this Christmas.
WILLIS ART GALLERY

Sweetwater Transfer Company

Meet Me At
Greene's Cozy Cafe
A Good Place to Eat. For Ladies and Gents.
We are not satisfied unless you are.

Burton-Lingo Company
LUMBER, PAINTS, ETC.
Prices and terms to suit conditions.

HIS DREAM OF EMPIRE HAS ENDED

(Continued From Page 2.)

lomatic policies, the new Emperor soon found that he disagreed with his grandfather's former close adviser in many important respects. In 1890 the disagreement of the two men reached a crisis, a rupture came and Bismarck went. The relations between the two men remained strained for several years, but before Bismarck died peace was made between them.

With the passing of Bismarck the Emperor's real reign began. As a military man he was a stickler for efficiency, discipline and the observance of etiquette to the last detail. And of the details of all these components of army life and training he was familiar to the smallest point. It is related that during military reviews he was able to detect the slightest imperfection in the equipment or training of a regiment or squadron and called attention to the dereliction sharply. With the principles of tactics and manoeuvres, too, he was thoroughly acquainted.

Besides being well versed in army matters, the Emperor was thoroughly familiar with naval affairs, having a technical mastery of the details that go to make up the efficiency of a fleet. Study of naval problems was one of his pet occupations. His influence was potent in fostering the development of German commerce, art and science. His interference in these affairs as well as in statecraft often embarrassed German leaders and evoked from them admonitions to leave diplomacy to his chancellors.

In everything he was described as thorough and, withal, one of the hardest workers in the empire. His rising hour was six o'clock sharp and a long day's hard work, which frequently extended well into the night, followed. Stated hours were devoted to the task of informing himself on the progress of events at home and abroad through reading of the principal German and foreign newspapers.

Before the war Emperor William often professed friendliness for America. He encouraged the foundation of exchange professorships by which prominent German educators visited this country and lectured in the colleges here while American college professors similarly filled chairs in German institutions of learning.

He was an enthusiastic yachtsman and despite his withered arm was able to take personal command of his racing yachts, and sail them with considerable success. He spent much of his time at his palatial hunting lodges and is reputed to have been the champion hunter in the world in the point of game killed. It was stated that the Emperor killed 61,730 pieces of game, more than 4,000 of which were stags.

He was a great reader—his private library in the Imperial palace at Berlin before the war was becoming one of the most interesting collections of books in the world. He posed as a dictator in music, painting, poetry and acting.

At one time it was announced that he had composed the libretto of a ballet to be given in celebration of his birthday. A private performance of one of his musical efforts is said to have been given in the Potsdam palace without notable effect upon the musical world.

Physically unimpressive—he was short and inclined to stoutness—William was fond of being photographed while striking a military posture, though taking good care to veil the deformity of his left arm, a disfigurement with which he was born, and of which he was extremely sensitive. He blamed his English mother for giving a life of self-indulgence and cursed her repeatedly as being responsible for his deformity.

No description of the Emperor's personal appearance will be complete without mention of his full, bristling mustache. His photographs, which he distributed with a lavish hand, showed it with ends twisted up at belligerent angles.

He married Augusta Victoria, oldest daughter of Grand Duke Frederick of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Augustenburg on February 27, 1881. They had six sons and one daughter of whom the Crown Prince Frederick is the eldest. With the Crown Prince, his father clashed frequently and on one occasion virtually exiled young Frederick to Dantzig but soon recalled him and restored him to favor.

German mothers who wrote to the Emperor of the deaths of their sons killed in battle elicited from him no word of sympathy. He regarded their deaths as "glorious." Yet his own six sons, though holding high commands were so protected that the Imperial family stood practically alone in all Germany in warding off the clutches of death.

"Steel is cheaper than Iron.
Fatner is cheaper than Corn."

CLASSIFIED ADS

WANTED—For rent two unfurnished rooms. Phone 445. 7-6t

FOR SALE—Mebane Triumph Cotton Seed, for planting, in car lots: Wire or write.—L. P. Grinnan, Terrell, Texas. 4-6tpd

WANTED—To rent place from 160 to 160 acres. Plenty wood and water.—W. D. Anderson, Hillsboro, Texas, Route 7. 7-6tpd

Eggs 45 to 50 cents per dozen—now is the time to feed MO-EGGS and keep hens laying. We have it—The Sweetwater Seed & Grain Company. 1t

"Steel is cheaper than Iron.
Fatner is cheaper than Oats."

"Say Joe, where can I get a sack of this here Fatner?" "Fatner?" "Why shucks—just go down to the Sweetwater Seed & Grain Company, they've always got it."

NOTICE!
As the City Commission has made a change in the Pound-keeper, if you are bothered with loose stock you are requested to call No. 636. 5-4t

**Fire Insurance
Automobile Insurance
Tornado Insurance
and Bonds**
M. L. HARP
Successors to Wight & Wight

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UNDERTAKING & FURNITURE CO.
Wants Your Business
We can make your old rug look like new with our electric vacuum cleaner.
We make your old oil cook stoves do perfect work. Let us clean it up and save oil—ask us about it.
We do all kinds of picture framing. Large stock of moulding. See us about your crating jobs.
We are pleased to order you anything we do not carry in stock, and can also save you money on these special orders.
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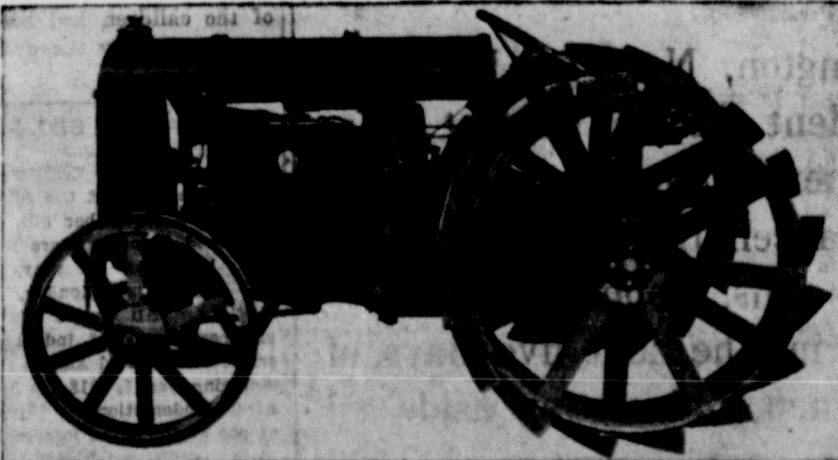
**Now is the Time!
This is the Place!**
To Select Your CHRISTMAS JEWELRY PRESENTS
For Her? For Him? For Them?
For it? What will it be??
Come here and look and let us help you select the most appropriate gift for your dear??
We will gladly show you whether you are ready to buy or not. Select them now and have them engraved free of charge.
Anything in Jewelry, Watches, Diamonds, Chains, Ivory sets, Cut Glass, Silverware and Novelty Goods.
Buy the family a Victrola for Xmas. Only three left and I can not get any more before Xmas.
P. T. QUAST,
Jeweler, Optometrist, and Music Merchant,
SWEETWATER, TEXAS.

NEW
Serge Dresses
Just received a shipment of these dresses in beautiful models.
The Style Shop

Closing Out SALE
HAVING DECIDED TO CLOSE OUT OUR GROCERY BUSINESS WE WILL SELL YOU GROCERIES AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. NOW IS THE TIME FOR YOU TO SAVE MONEY ON YOUR GROCERY BILL.
CALL AND GET OUR PRICES AND YOU WILL BE CONVINCED.
Davis Cash Grocery

LOOK!
If you have shoe repair work of any kind. Soles sewed or tacked.
\$1.00 SEE
T. M. PRICE
Subscribe for the Reporter.

Cochran & Roy
Owners
BEALL ABSTRACT CO.
Complete set Abstracts of Notary Co.
All Kinds Insurance
"Steel is cheaper than Iron.
Fatner is better than Oats."


Fordson Tractor -- Made by Henry Ford
Dabney Motor Co., Local Agent

PEACE! PEACE!

“Everything For Which America Fought Has Been Accomplished”-Pres. Wilson

LLOYD GEORGE TELLS NEWS TO LONDON

By Associated Press:
 LONDON, NOV. 11.—IT IS OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED IN LONDON THAT THE ARMISTICE BETWEEN THE ALLIES AND GERMANY HAS BEEN SIGNED. ANNOUNCEMENT WAS MADE BY PREMIER LLOYD GEORGE WHO SAID, “THE ARMISTICE WAS SIGNED AT FIVE O’CLOCK THIS MORNING AND HOSTILITIES ARE TO CEASE ON ALL FRONTS AT 11 O’CLOCK TODAY.”

PROCLAMATION!

Whereas, armistice terms were signed by the Warring Nations, and,
 Whereas, it is has been deemed proper to proclaim this the 11th day of November, A. D., 1918, a holiday, the reasons for same being well known to every man, woman and child of, not only America, but the entire world,
 Therefore, I, J. S. Grisham, Mayor of the City of Sweetwater, do hereby proclaim this day a holiday and a day of rejoicing and earnestly request all schools, business concerns and offices to close their places of business and offices promptly at 12 m., and,
 Further, respectfully request all citizens to assemble promptly at four o’clock p. m., in front of the east side court house steps for the purpose of celebrating the victory of America and her Allies.
 J. S. GRISHAM, Mayor.

ARMISTICE TERMS LATER.

The Daily Reporter is making every effort to secure a full statement of the armistice conditions. If obtainable in time they will be printed in an edition of the Reporter which will be issued about four o’clock.
 The Daily Reporter will endeavor to keep faith with the Sweetwater public by furnishing in some manner, either by extras or bulletins, up-to-the minute details of the world situation.

EAST WARD PARADE TONIGHT.

Mrs. Louis Polk announces that the children of the East Ward school will assemble at her residence at seven o’clock for a parade. Every boy and girl, man and woman, in West Texas is invited to join in this parade. If you have a cow bell or a horn or anything that will make a noise bring it along.

WILSON CANCELS NOV. DRAFT CALLS

By Associated Press:
 Washington, Nov. 11—By order of President Wilson, Provost Marshall General Crowder today directed the cancellation of all outstanding draft calls, stopping the movement during the next five days, of 252,000 men, and setting aside all November calls for over 300,000 men.

THIS IS A HOLIDAY

Early this morning Superintendent Clark declared a holiday for the schools. He knew the students who have contributed so much to the upholding of America’s effort would be so full of the spirit of the day that their lessons would receive but scant attention.
 Mayor Grisham issued a proclamation calling upon the business houses to close at noon and urging all the people to assemble at four this afternoon on the east court house steps.
 Trent, Snyder and several other nearby towns kept the Reporter telephone wire busy. News of the signing of the armistice had reached them and they wanted confirmation. Enterprising newsboys with the Reporter extra were on the streets at five o’clock and the first news of the cessation of the war was carried to many people of these lusty-lunged youngsters. Newsbutches on the trains this morning bought large quantities of the Reporter extra.
 All over the city, in every home and store and office, there was great rejoicing. The war is over. Your boy, your brother, your sweetheart, can not now fall a victim to the Hun bullet or the Hun poison gas.

EAST WARD CELEBRATES

At half-past nine this morning Mrs. Louis Polk and her assistants and every pupil of the east ward school marched from the school building through the business streets. A hundred flags were waved by the youngsters who sang as they marched, “It was a hard job to lick the Kaiser, but we done it,” or words equally emphatic.
 Citizens standing on the sidewalks raised their hats as the young Americans passed by. Many eyes were moist. Everybody seemed to realize that the future of the children had been made more secure by the great Allied victory.

NOTICE FROM SEC. McADOO

Secretary of the Treasury: McAdoo has requested that the following notice dated November 8th, be widely published in newspapers in this district, beginning Saturday, November 9th, and ending Monday, November 11, 1918. “All United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness of series I V D dated August 6, 1918 and maturing Dec. 5, 1918 are hereby called for redemption on Nov. 21, 1918, at par and accrued interest, pursuant to the provision for such redemptions contained in the certificates.
 On November 21, 1918, interest on all certificates of said series will cease to accrue.
 W. G. McAdoo, Sec. of Treas.”

By Associated Press:

Washington, Nov. 11—President Wilson issued a proclamation at ten o’clock this morning announcing that the armistice with Germany had been signed. The proclamation follows:

“My Fellow Countrymen: The armistice was signed this morning. Everything for which America fought has been accomplished. It will be our fortunate duty to assist by example, by sober, friendly counsel, and by material aid in the establishment of a just democracy throughout the world.”

The President will read the terms of the armistice with Germany before a joint session of the congress today.

RALLY AT FOUR O’CLOCK TODAY

Sweetwater citizens will hold a great patriotic rally this afternoon at four o’clock celebrating the greatest victory of the ages—the success of right over might. America, with the allies, has occasion to be thankful in this most outstanding victory and hour of all the ages.

Our citizens should gather in great numbers this afternoon to do honor to this occasion. The meeting will be conducted in the court house yard and will begin at 4:00 p. m. The program will include prayer and praise, patriotic songs and addresses by our citizens. Let Sweetwater come together in the largest gathering of its history in this heroic hour. The singing will be lead by the community choir. Mayor Grisham will preside.

- The program follows:
 Song—“Praise God from whom all Blessings Flow.”
 Prayer—Rev. G. S. Hardy.
 Song—“My Country ‘Tis of Thee.”
 Reading—Psalm 89:1-15.—Rev. LeRoy M. Anderson.
 Prayer—Rev. C. A. Engle.
 Address—“America’s part in the Victory.”—R. M. Chitwood.
 Song—“Star Spangled Banner”
 Address—“Our Allies’ part in the Victory.”—Judge Ellis Douthitt.
 Prayer—Rev. T. Y. Adams.
 Address—“The Program of America for the Future.”—Judge Ed J. Hamner.
 Song—Community choir.
 Benediction—Rev. C. W. Clark.

WORLD WAR ENDED AT SIX A. M. TO-DAY

By Associated Press:

WASHINGTON, NOV. 11.—THE WORLD WAR WAS ENDED AT SIX O’CLOCK THIS MORNING, WASHINGTON TIME, WITH A RED REVOLUTION IN GERMANY AND WITH WILLIAM HOHENZOLLERN, FORMER EMPEROR, A FUGITIVE FROM HIS NATIVE LAND.

THAT THE ARMISTICE TERMS IMPOSED BY THE ALLIES AND AMERICAN GOVERNMENT HAD BEEN SIGNED BY GERMAN ENVOYS AT MIDNIGHT LAST NIGHT, AT FIVE O’CLOCK PARIS TIME, AND THAT HOSTILITIES WOULD CEASE SIX HOURS LATER WAS MADE BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT AT TWO FORTY-FIVE THIS MORNING. TERMS OF THE SURRENDER OF GERMANY WERE NOT MADE PUBLIC COINCIDENTLY WITH THIS ANNOUNCEMENT BUT THEY WERE TO BE GIVEN OUT LATER IN THE DAY.

THE MOMENTOUSNESS OF THE ENDING OF THE WAR WAS GIVEN THE CORRESPONDENTS VERBALLY BY AN OFFICIAL OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT. HE SAID, “THE ARMISTICE HAS BEEN SIGNED. IT WAS SIGNED AT 5 O’CLOCK A. M. PARIS TIME, AND HOSTILITIES WILL CEASE AT 11 O’CLOCK THIS MORNING, PARIS TIME.” INFORMATION THAT THE ARMISTICE HAD BEEN SIGNED WAS TRANSMITTED TO THE WHITE HOUSE IMMEDIATELY AFTER IT WAS RECEIVED BY THE GOVERNMENT AND PRESIDENT WILSON WAS EXPECTING TO ISSUE A STATEMENT TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE TODAY.

By Associated Press:

WASHINGTON, NOV. 11.—MOMENTOUS NEWS THAT THE ARMISTICE HAD BEEN SIGNED WAS TELEPHONED TO THE WHITE HOUSE FOR TRANSMISSION TO PRESIDENT A FEW MINUTES BEFORE IT WAS GIVEN OUT. LATER IT WAS SAID THERE WOULD BE NO STATEMENT FROM THE WHITE HOUSE AT THIS TIME. HOSTILITIES WILL END AT 11 O’CLOCK THIS MORNING, FRENCH TIME, SIX O’CLOCK WASHINGTON TIME. HOSTILITIES WILL END AT THE HOUR SET BY FOCH FOR A DECISION BY GERMANY FOR PEACE OR WAR. IT IS REGARDED HERE AS CERTAIN THE ARMISTICE TERMS WILL INCLUDE RETIREMENT OF ALL GERMAN MILITARY FORCES FROM FRANCE, BELGIUM AND THE ARMIES OF OCCUPATION BY ALLIED AND AMERICAN FORCES OF SUCH STRATEGIC POINTS IN GERMANY AS WILL MAKE IMPOSSIBLE A RENEWAL OF HOSTILITIES, DELIVERY OF GERMAN HIGH SEAS FLEET AND A NUMBER OF SUBMARINES TO ALLIED AND AMERICAN NAVAL